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NOVA SCOTIA
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HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

REPORT FOR
$187 \%$.

HALIFAX, N. 8 .
Printed by the Nova Scotia Printing Company,
1878.

# HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE， 

HALIFAX，N．S．

TWENTIETH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDエロAエ SUPERINTEINDEINT．

PRINTED BY ORDER OF THE WORKS DEPARTMENT，


HALIFAX，N．S．：
Printed by the Nova Scotia Printing Company， 1878.


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## NOVA SOOTIA HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE,

HALIFAX, N. S.
1877.

Commissioner of Public Works and Mines.
Hos. Robert robertson, m. P. P., M. E. C.
Board of Commissioners,
george g. dustan, Esq., J. P., Chairman. PETER ROSS, Esq., J. P.
DOMINICK FARrell, Esq., J. P.
Visitors, ex offleio.
The LIEUT. GOVERNOR, The CHIEF JUSTICE, The PROVINCIAL SECRETARY, The PRESIDENT OF THE LEGISLATIVE

COUNCIL, The SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF
ASSEMBLY, and the heads or authorized
representatives of all Christian
Churches in the Province.
Medical superintendent.
JAMES R. DeWOLF, M. D., Edin., L. R. C. S. E., \&c. \&c.
Assistant Physician.
D. A. FRASER, M. D.

Bursar and Accountant.
MR. A. S. HUNT.

## Storekeeper.

MR. GEORGE DOWNIE.

## Housekeeper.

MRS. R. D. DICKSON.

## Supervisors.

MRS. GEORGE DOWNIE. MR. JOHN H. McNAB.

Engineer.
MR. R. D. DICKSON.

## REPORT

## MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT.

To the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works and Mines: $\}$
SIR,-I have the honor to submit the following Report upon the condition, progress and requirements of the Hospital for the year 1877, together with a brief retrospect of the past nineteen years.

The professional results are highly satisfactory, not only as regards the current year, but also for the whole period under review, as will appear from the following summary.

The admissicns for 1877 have been ninety-four (94), and the discharges eighty ( 80 y, leaving three hundred and fifty-one ( 351 ), on our register at the close of the year.

The whole number under care during the twelve months was four hundred and thirty-one (431), and the daily average three hundred and forty-seven (347).

Of those discharged forty-eight (48) were considered as recovered, seven (7) more or less improved, and twenty-five ( 25 ) died.

The summary for the whole nineteen years gives a total, including one hundred and eighty (180) re-admissions, of twelve hundred and seventy-five (1275) under care. Of these nine hundred and twentyfour (924) were discharged, as follows :-Two hundred and sixty-five (265) died; twenty-one (21) have been removed unimproved; ninetythree (93) benefited to a greater or less extent; and five hundred and forty-five (545) have been discharged as recovered.

The mortality rate on the average number for 1877 has been seven per cent. (7.2), the mean of all former years has been six per cent. (6). Reckoned on the whole number under care, the rate for the current year has been less than 6 per cent. ( 5.8 ).

The reeovery rate, which last year was unusually high, again presents an average of fifty per cent. on the admissions (51.06), the
mean of all former years having been forty-three per cent. nearly, (42.7).

In the recoveries this year the number of both sexes has been the same, twenty-four (24) of each, while of those who died, fourteen. (14) were men, and eleven (11) women.

The tables covering the whole period from the opening of the Hospital, show a higher recovery rate for women than for men, (44 to 42 ), and also show that women are less liable ( 5.5 to 7.3 ), to die insane. These statistical results corroborate the views expressed on this subject by recent authors of repute.

## Admissions.

The admissions have been more numerous than in any previous year since 1875, immediately affer the completion of the Hospital. Besides those actually received, there were frequent applications made for persons whom it was not in our power to accommodate.

Judging by the eagerness with which admission is sought, the Institution has not lost public confidence. Many of those applied for, were cases of long standing.

During the temporary absence of the Superintendent in the Autumn, two cases, entirely unsuited, were rushed in, one in the last stage of disease and in advanced years; the other a hopeless and harmless idiot, who can receive no benefit beyond the food and shelter which ought to have been provided elsewhere.

We have been charged with refusing, on insufficient grounds, to receive patients here, whereas no individual has ever been denied admission whose case presented the slightest prospect of improvement; nor were any excluded who were considered dangerous to themselves or others, even though hopelessly insane.

## Recoveries.

The high recovery rate which it has been our good fortune to attain to, extending as it does over the whole period since the Hospital was opened, has suggested to some the idea that a single patient was often made to register several cases of recovery. It has been more than insinuated that our returns were not indicative of actual results.

In order to settle this point, I have gone carefully over the re-admissions and find that out of five hundred and forty-five (545) recoveries, only sixty-one (61) have been discharged more than
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once. Some of these have had periods of home enjoyment varying from three to five years or more

It is owing to our system of discharging " on probation," that we have so few relapsed cases to register here, and the proportion above enumerated will be acknowledged as exceptionally low, and as being consequently all the more satisfactory in a professional light.

## Deaths.

The mortality rate, although less than in several previous years, was slightly-about 1 per cent.- in excess of last year.

There were twenty-five deaths in all; four having succumbed to debility and old age, and two to the exhaustion consequent upon Mania and Melancholia. One died froin Heart Disease, one from Disease of Kidney, and one from Cancer. Three died from Epilepsy, three from Paresis, four from Apoplexy or Paralysis, and six from Pulmonary Phthisis; one of whom had recovered from his insanity.

It is satisfactory to note that no suicide, nor any serious accident, occurred; all the deaths were from natural causes.

Extending over a period of nearly twenty years the low rate of six per cent-6\%-on the average number under care, will be acknowledged as a very gratifying result.

## Decease of Non-Resident Officers.

During the past year we have been deprived by death of one of our respected Chaplains, Mr. Hunt ; and our worthy Bursar, Mr. Thos. McCulloch ; as well as of our esteemed Clerk of Works, Mr. Reid.

The Rev. A. S. Hunt, Superintendent of Education, who, for more than ten years past, has officiated here on the third Sunday of every month, was summoned, after a short illness, to a better world. During the whole period of his ministrations at the Hospital, he imparted hope and encouragement to the desponding, sympathy to the suffering, and most excellent counsel to those able to profit by it. He is greatly missed, not only by the patients, but also by the officers and attendants.

Mr. McCulloch, who had long been in delicate health, was suddenly prostrated by recurrence of Pulmonary Hoemorrhage, from which he never rallied. The loss to the Hospital was serious, since he was admirably adapted for the post he occupied, by his thorough knowledge of business, his gentlemanly deportment, his unwavering
conscientiousness, and his strict impartiality. These and many other good qualities, had endeared him to all within the sphere of his acquaintance.

The Hospital has sustained a further loss this year in the demise of our active and efficient Clerk of Works, Mr. H. B. Reid. The constantly recurring need of repairs in a building so extensive as this, gave scope for careful oversight, and unremitting attention. Mr. Reid's visits to the Hospital were very frequent, and his duties were never neglected.

To the bereaved families of these respective officers, we tender, on behalf of our household, the warm sympathy of all, and the most sincere condolence.

## Industrial Occupation.

The question is often asked,-and not unfrequently in an exceedingly dubious tone-"do you get your people to do any work ?" With strangers the prevalent idea seems to be that the patients do not employ themselves so steadily or efficiently as would be desirable. When however, these persons have once visited the Hospital, and witnessed the industry manifested in its daily routine, they confess themselves greatly enlightened on the subject.
"From early morn to dewy eve" they find working parties carrying out their several missions. From the time the fireman is aided by his willing co-laborer at dawn, until the last item of work for the day has been accomplished, the industrious patients have been steadily at work in their various departments.

Either within or beyond the building, singly or in groups, the inmates, male and female, who are willing to work, are usefully employed. Gratuities are given to encourage industry, and commendation is bestowed upon the deserving, but no forced labor is exacted

## Remuneration of Industrious Patients.

It would be only just and fair to recompense the quiet industrious patients, either by periodical money payments, or by allowing their earnings to accumulate, and paying them the interest of that sum annually, should they become able to leave the Hospital.

I have advocated this in a previous report, and am convinced
that, within certain restrictions, it could be so carried out as to be advantageous to the Hospital, and beneficial to the patients.

Thus did we write in our report for 1861, and the remarks were supplemented by quotations from the best authorities, including Sir James Coxe and Dr. W. A. F. Browne, Commissioners in Lunacy for Scotland.

It had even before that period been proved in continental asylums, that this plan could be satisfactorily carried out, but no record is given, so far as 1 am aware, of its having been introduced, except in a very limited way, into British or American Asylums. Gratuities are awarded it is true, and extra diet is allowed to industrious patients, but a fair and impartial system of payment for labor according to valuation has not been arrived at, until quite recently.

Dr. Orange, Superintendent of the State Asylum for insane criminals, at Broadmoor, England, was the first to carry the scheme into practice systematically; and he has found it to work admirably. He states as follows:-
"A change in the character of the inducement held out to patients, with a view of leading them to employ themselves usefully, was made in 1874, and this change has been attended by a considerable increase in the amount of profitable work performed."
"In 1875 the issuing of beer in the forenoon and afternoon as a reward for work, was discontinued, and a scheme was introduced instead by which a small portion of the money value of the work actually done, is credited to the workers, to be expended for them, according to their individual tastes, in procuring trifling luxuries of a harmless nature."

The estimated value of the work in the mechanical departments, increased by more than one hundred per cent., and " notwithstanding the allotment of sums of money to the working patients, the annual cost of maintenance has undergone reduction to a very appreciable extent."

Dr. Orange submits blank forms of the account books in which the work and its value are registered, and he gives explanatory remarks. The value is estimated by piece work when practicable. No cash passes into the patients hands; they fill in a requisition which is countersigned by the Superintendent, and a strict account is kept of every item.

That this system is worthy of adoption and ought to be generally acted upon, is proved not only by this successful experiment at Broadmoor, but also by previous examples elsewhere, as noted above.

Because a man is deprived of the light of reason, it does not follow that his right to compensation for work performed, is thereby forfeited. It may be granted that the earnings of patients only average about one-fifth of the value of hired labor ; but whether the ratio of remuneration be large or small, it ought to be carefully estimated and impartially distributed; for no one will deny that "the laborer is worthy of his hire."

## Lunar Influence.

The very word "lunatic" derives its meaning from the supposed mysterious influence of the moon upon those bereft of reason. In what way does this subtle force manifest its operations? Simply, in my opinion, by interfering with sleep, in the same way that any artificial light would do. The insane are especially susceptible to irritation. The mental disorder causes restlessness and excitability, and predisposes the system to be more keenly affected than at other times, by external impressions.

We have fonnd many of our patients restless and noisy on moonlight nights. Following this loss of sleep, they are subject to irritable feelings through the day; and another still more restless night is experienced, succeeded by a day of discomfort and disquiet.

The remedy for all this was very simple, and consisted merely of a dark blind to the bed room window. The exclusion of light produced a satisfactory result, and very rarely failed in inducing natural sleep.

The above we believe to be the true explanation of the theory of lunar influence.

## Occurrences of the Year.

In addition to the concerts and customary entertainments alluded to under the head of Acknowledgments, we have had sundry variations from ordinary routine that are worthy of being placed on record.

## VISIT OF THE ADMIRAL.

His Excellency the Naval Commander-in-Chief honored the Hospital with a visit, leisurely inspected the wards, the heating arrangements, the laundry, and other parts of the estabishment, and was kind enough to express his opinion as follows:-
"The inspection of the Asylum for the Insane at Dartmouth has much gratified me. I have visited several similar Institutions, and know of none that surpasses it in cleanliness and good order, or in the evident care bestowed on the well-being of the patients in all respects."
(Signed), A. Cooper Key,
Vice-Admiral,
Commander-in-Chief,

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## Marriage of Attendants.

Two worthy and estimable attendants, who had been long in the Hospital service, were united in the bonds of matrimony in our Chapet on the 5th of July. The friends of both parties were here as guests, and the attendants and patients were assembled not only at the marriage ceremony, but afterwards at a social gathering in the ward which had been' recently under the charge of the bride. The greom continues in our employ, and is often entrusted with special duty, as a mark of well deserved confidence. We have at present a greater number of married attendants in our service than at any time previously.

## Christmas Dinner and Decorations.

This festive season has invariabiy been marked in this Hospital by good cheer and kindly consratulations. Excluded from the outer world we are here drawn closer to each other; and these joyous occasions are hailed with no small delight.

Christmas of 1877 was notable with us for its rational and yet enthusiastic enjoyment. Our wards had been elaborately decorated with evergreens, in the shape of wreaths, mottoes and festoons, presenting in some instances an appearance not only tasteful but even artistic. A penerous rivalry prevailed as to which of the various wards should "bear the palm."

The customary Christmas fare was participated in throughout the entire Hospital, and every inmate appeared conscious of the day's observance. Several of the senior patients from both sides of the house, accepted the Superintendent's invitation and dined with his family, enjoying a happy remuion here, even though far from their
own home and friends.

## Recognitions from Abroad.

It is gratifying in no small degree to learm by exchanges that our Institution is well and favorably known cven in places far remote. The Witness, of Sydney, New South Wales, speaks highly of our Hospital, and the writer states he has had personal observation, and he tenders his congratulations on our success. From Madras we received the Official Report of the Surgoon-General, who makes specia
reference to the class of cases admitted in the Nova Scotia Hospital for the Insane. The late Surgeon-Superintendent at the Cape of Good Hope referred pointedly to our Annual Report, and procured the publication of his own Report in imitation of our example. From Trinidad we receive grateful acknowledgments, and our counsel is sought by the Surgeon-General as to the organization of a new Asylum there. From Edinburgh we have the kindest notice in the Scotsman, whose Medical editor speaks of our management as " exceedingly creditable." From Pittsburg, Penn., a " tourist's note" comes to us of the most cheering character. From British Columbia we have acknowledgments and eulogies, as also from Bermuda and P. E. Island. Other sources of pardonable pride might be enumerated, but we content ourselves with these evidences of our general reputation for a true devotion to the best interests of the insane.

## Case of Purpura,

We seldom allude to individual cases, and decidedly prefer to discuss professional subjects elsewhere than oin the pages of our Annual Report. Exceptions occur, however, and we note this case as one worthy of record.
H. H., No. 1092, a native of Newfoundland, was admitted Dec. 27, 1875. Age 22, no occupation, elucation limited, owing to ungovernable self-will, with an impediment in his speech due to arrest of development of the organs of voice, and arched palate. His gait was slonching and his eyes downeast. He was reported to have been weak-minded for years. An attack of measles three years prior to admission is stated as the supposed cause of the outbreak which led to his being sent here as "dangerous." No special functional disturbance required our attention, the habits and disposition of the patient improved. In February, 1877, after a visit from his uncle, who had formerly been a patient here, he manifested uneasiness and home-sickness, which increased until May, when he attempted his escape by removal of his window sash and lowering himself to the ground by sheets and blankets tied together. In this attempt he failed, the knots becoming loose, and he fell a distance of probably eight or ten feet, spraining his ankle in the fall. This mishap necessitated absolute rest for a while, and we noticed that his appetite flagged, and he became fnuch depressed in spirits. In June he was able to move about, and by the middle of July appeared to have quite recovered from his lameness. At this time Epistaxis set in, accompanied by headache and flushed face. This continued at intervals for two days, when a purple tumor about the size of a cherry was noted attached to the gums of the upper jaw. The bleeding at the nose continued drop by drop, and blood was found to exude freely from
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the tumor in the mouth. Rigors now set in, and purple blotehes covered the extremities. The breast and upper arms were studded with dark red pin-pointed spots. Blood exuded not only from the mouth and nostrils, but passed freely from all the natural outlets, and the drain upon the system was such as to cause syncope whenever the head was raised from the pillow. The skin now presented a blanched and wasy appearance, and debility amounting to prostration supervened. Contrary to our expectation a favorable change occurred, and by careful nursing and suitable diet, with moderate stimulants following the use of the mineral acids, he gradually rallied, and in a fortnight from the first occurrence of hemorrhage he was out of danger. He has since improved mentally, and although not entirely recovered in that respect, has probably attained to as much selfcontrol and regard for propricties as can be expected in his case. He is at present at home.

## First Appropriation from "The Bell Fund."

This Fund was originally a donation, and subsequently a bequest, from the late Honorable Hugh Bell, who appropriated to this Institution his first year's salary as Mayor of Halifax. Before his decease a friend added two hundred pounds to the original sum, and when the Hospital was about to be opened, Mr. Bell wrote to the Board of Commitsioners, who replied to his communication by the following Resolution:-
"Resolved, That the Commissioners in acknowledging the receipt of a letter from the Honorable Hugh Bell, dated 15th inst., informing them that he places at their disposal the sum of $£ 590$, would express the warmest thanks for the donation; and in accepting it they pledge themselves to appropriate the interest in accordance with the views and wishes of Mr. Bell, as expressed in his letter, viz, to allow the sum, both principal and interest, to accumulate for the present,--say until it reaches $£ 600$,-the interest of this sum then to be appropriated annually either in the purchase of books, or in some other way by which additional comfort and pleasure will be afforded to the inmates of the Hospital."*

Mr. Bell had by his will directed that "the interest for the first four years should be for a Library," and in a subsequent letter explanatory of that bequest, he states, "it would be best to let this remain for the present and accumulate to a larger sum, to be used at a future day, when the Institution is in full operation, and when a better judgment may be formed as to the mode of employing it."
The Library having become greatly diminished by

The Library having become greatly diminished by long-continued

[^0]use, applicalion was made for a grant from this Fund, and the sum of £20 Stg., was approprinted to replenish our stock of books. These were imported fron London, and are now in daily request throughout the Hospital. It is with a view to the future appropriation of the interest of this Fund, that especiel attention is now called to the matter.

A few other books were purchased in Halifax, and besides these we received handsome donations for our Library; which are severally noted under the head of Acknowledgments

## Mrs. Uniacke's Legacy.

Since the date of last Report the sum of flve hundred dollars ( $\$ 000$ ), N. S. Currency, has been handed over by the Executors of this estate, and deposited at interest to the credit of the Hospital. The fact of this being a Provincial Government Hospital, is no reason why generous and noble-hearted philanthropists should refrain from looking upon it in its true light as a charitable Institution. This view of the Establishment has been presented in our Reports on more occasions than one, and if the time should ever arrive when its management will be confided solely to a board of Trustees or Managers, who will give their gratuitous attention to its administration, separate and apart from Governmental control, divesting the Hospital of every sort of political influence ; then, it may safely be affirmed, the truly benevolent and humane character of the Institution will be guaranteed, and gensrous donations and bequests will follow, even more frequently than now.

## Legal Disabilities of the Insane.

It is at present a somewhat tedious and by no means inexpensive proceeding to take out letters of guardianship, in order to the settlement of matters of business, where insanity has deprived persons of their right to manage their own affairs. The practical difficulty in this matter, however, is greatest where no one can be found duly qualified to act as guardian. Again a hardship is felt where the property of the insane is in a great measure withheld, and small pittances doled out to those entitled in all honesty to comforts and conveniences such as they have formerly been accustomed to.

In Ontario the Inspector of Asylums becomes by operation of law the Committee of every lunatic who has no other Committee, and who is detained in a public Asylum in that Province. This leads to the
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collection of a larger revenue for their Asylums from private sources, and furnishes full protection to the estates of such of the insane as have no other legal guardian.

## Acknowledgments.

As in former years, the pleasant duty now devolves upon your Superintendent of returning thanks for the numerous favors showered upon the Hospital and its inmates by generous and worthy contributors.

First on the list I would refer to the unfailing kindness and constant attention of those Ministers of the Gospel, who, month after month and year after year, devote their time and talents to the consolation of our stricken hotushold. Our Chaplains are deserving of all praise for the regularity of their attendance and the judicious manner in which they present "the simple truths of the great salvation, as displayed in the Divine love to man."*

The Rev. Prof. McKnight, D. D., has officiated in our Chapel on the first Sunday of every month for upwards of eighteen consecutive years, and retiring, is now succeeded by Rev. P. M. Morrison, of Dartmouth. The Venerable the Archdeacon has performed Divine Service here on every second Sunday of the month for many years, and continues to do so. The late Rev. A. S. Hunt also held a regular monthly service for more than ten years past. Early in the past winter Mr. Hunt made a generous donation to the Hospital of upwards of forty volumes of excellent books. His lamented decease is elsewhere alluded to. Ministers of the Methodist Church have uniformly given their attendance on the last Sundays of the month. In this way a succession of religious services has been maintained heretofore from week to week, with unbroken regularity.

The Roman Catholic employees and patients attend Mass at Dartmouth. In event of sickness among members of that Church, the very Rev. Canon Woods, P. P., has for the whole period of his incumbency given the most cheerful and prompt attention, administering the consolations of religion, and performing the last sad offices.

The Rev. J. Bell, Rector of Christ Church, Dartmouth, has also frequently ministered to the sick and the dying.

We are under many obligations to our Organist, Mrs. Harrington, who presides over the musical portion of our Sunday Services with great regularity.

For an Organ Recital on two occasions,--to the former of which all the contributors were invited,--we are indebted to Professor Bird, Organist of St. Matthew's Church, Halifax.

[^1]We are for the third time under obligation to J. Sandifer, Esq., of London, for a most acceptable and valuable addition to the Hospital Library. His contributions have in all amounted to upwards of five hundred volumes of interesting, well-selected books, constituting heretofore the chief part of our Library. We are indebted also to Mr, Sandifer for other very considerate favors.

The British American Book and Tract Society has kindly contributed monthly packets of illustrated and other papers and magazines.

Miss Sutherland, of Dartmouth, has also favored us with several series of interesting magazines and reviews.

Mrs. Montagu has sent regularly an increased supply of illustrated and other Australian and English papers.

The Messrs. MacKinlay generously gave a handsome discount from the price of books purchased from their firm.

The Directors of the Halifax Steamboat Company, and their obliging Agent, Captain McKenzie, have again placed us under obligation for a delightful excursion in the steamer Mic-Mac, early in the Autumn.

George G. Dustan, Esq., Chairman of Commissioners, has favored the patients, as on many former occasions, with sleigh drives and other marks of thoughtful attention.

The Rev. W. H. Heartz, of Halifax, kindly favored our household with a most interesting lecture, illustrated by colored diagrams, descriptive of scenes in the life of the Saviour.

A Magic Lantern Exhibition, with dissolving views and appropriate comments, was given by C. Sidney Harrington, Esq., aided by J. Godfrey Smith, Esq.

We are indebted to C. Edgar DeWolfe, Esq., of Windsor, for a dramatic reading much enjoyed.
M. G. Black and John P. Muir, Esqrs., with their respective friends, favored us with a delightful Concert, vocal and instrumental.

Professor Currie, P. E. Scott, Esq., and members of the " Variety Entertainment Company" gave one of the pleasantest treats in the way of songs, glees, readings and recitations.

Dr. Mitcheson, of the steamship Faraday, E. S. Crawley, S. S. Thorne, and G. H. McKenzie, Esqrs., with a number of lady friends, gave us two very interesting theatrical performances.

The members of the Poplar Grove Institute favored ns with most enjoyable readings, recitations and music; Mrs. Tidmarsh kindly presiding at the piano-forte.

Thanks are due to members of our staff for excellent music on several very pleasant gatherings, including a wedding party, Halloween, \&e This last is always celebrated here.

Acknowledgments are also tendered to Dr. Fraser, Assistant Physician, and A. Hunt, Esq., Bursar, for essential aid in preparing the professional and financial tables appended to this Report.

We are indebted to the Press, as heretofore, for liberal supplies of daily and weekly papers. No kind of reading is so eagerly indulged in at the Hospital as that afforded by the newspapers, and the continued kindness of the proprietors in forwarding these is gratefully acknowledged. We would be under still further obligations if
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members of the "fourth estate" would visit the Institution more frequently, and thus be in a position to know from actual observation the state and condition of our various wards and dormitories, and to see for themselves the working of the whole establishment.

The following papers are regularly received :-
"Acadian Recorder," (daily).
"Alliance Journal.,
"Cape Breton Advocate," (Sydney).
"Christian Messenger."
"Colchester Sun," (Truro).
" Colonial Standard," (Pictou).
"Eastern Chronicle," (New Glasgow).
" Gospel Banner," (Augusta, Maine).
"Halifax Reporter and Times," (daily).
"Journal of Agriculture."
"Morning Chronicle," (daily).
"Morning Herald," (daily).
"News of the Week," (Port Hawkesbury).
" North Sydney Herald," (Cape Breton).
"Nova Scotia Farmer," (Annapolis).
" Presbyterian Witness."
"Summerside Progress," (P. E. Island).
"Weekly Journal,", (Annapolis).
"Weekly Monitor," (Bridgetown).
"Wesleyan."
" Western Chronicle," (Kentville),
" Windsor Mail."

## Requirements.

The grounds surrounding the Hospital, especially at the frontage on the harbor, require still further grading and terracing, and general improvement. A working plan is being prepared with that object in view.

A new wash-room, in a better position than the one now in use, is a desideratum.

Repairs are urgently called for in several portions of the South side of the Hospital. Painting is needed in some of the wards, and new flooring must shortly be provided. The stair-way walls require the adoption of some means to check the decay due to the absorption of moisture.

An additional supply of hair mattrasses is very much needed, as has been formerly stated. They are preferable to straw beds, not only on the ground of comfort and convenience, but also on the score of economy.

A better style of dishes for conveyance of food to the various wards is recommended.

Platform scales are much needed for weighing hay and straw, coal, \&c., \&c.

## Conclusion.

In bringing the Twentieth Report of the Hospital to a close, we are fully conscious of our inability to express the earnestness of our desire for the welfare of its inmates.

Commencing in 1858 with a single patient, and adding to our numbers one by one, it has been our good fortune to see the building brought to completion, and to have witnessed many happy recoveries. This affords a satisfactory retrospect of work performed and of attention bestowed upon those unable to care for themselves,

With full trust in the Providential oversight of the Supreme Being, we confidently commit to Him the future welfare of the Institution.

JAMES R. DEWOLF, M. D. Edin., Medical Superintendent.

STATISTICAL TABLES.
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## LTST OF TABLES, \&c.

## Medico-Psychological Assoclation Tables.

Table 1. The Admissions, Re-Admissions, Discharges and Deaths for the year 1877.
2. The Admissions, Re-Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths from opening of Hospital.
3. Mean Annual Mortality, and Proportion of Recoveries.
4. History of Annual Admissions.
5. Causes of Death.
6. Length of Residence.
7. Duration of Disorder on Admission.
8. Ages on Admission and Discharge.
9. Civil Condition.
10. Assigned Causes of Insanity.

## Other Tables.

" 11. Monthly Admissions.
" 12. Alleged Ages, etc.
" 13. Civil Condition.
" 14. Former Residence.
" 15. Former Occupation.
" 16. Re-admissions.
" 17 County, Provincial, and Private Patients.
" 18. Cost of Provisions.
" 19. Expenditure for Labor.
" 20. Garden Produce.
" 21. Articles made by Patients,
22. Income and Expenditure.

## Appendix.

Form of Certificate.
Statement on Application.
TABLE 1.
Showing the admissions, Re-admissions, Discharges, and Deaths for the year 1877.

| In Hospital 1st January, 1877..... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  | Males. | Females. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 164 | 173 | 337 |
|  | x. | \%. | \%. |  |  |  |
| Admitted for the first time during the year. Re-admitted during the year. | 40 | 36 | 76 |  |  |  |
|  | 11 | 7 | 18 |  |  |  |
| Total admitted. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  | 51 | 43 | 94 |
| Total under care during the year. |  |  |  | 215 | 216 | 431 |
| discharged or removed. | $\pm$ | p. | T. |  |  |  |
| Recovered. | 24 | 24 | 48 |  |  |  |
| Not improved |  |  | 7 |  |  |  |
| Died........ |  |  | 25 |  |  |  |
| Total discharged and died during the year |  |  |  | 42 | 38 | 80 |
| Remaining in Hospital Dec. 31st, 1877 |  |  |  | 173 | 178 | 351 |
| Average number resident during the year |  |  |  | 171 | 176 | 347 |

TABLE 2.


TABLE 4.
Showing the History of the Annual Admissions since the opening of the Mospital, with the Discharges and Deaths, and the mumber

| Year. | Admitted. |  |  |  |  | Of each year's Admissions, Discharged, and Died in 1877. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total Discharged and Died of each year's admission to 31st December, $18 i z 7$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | New Cases. <br> M. <br> F. |  | Relupsed Cases. |  |  | Recovered. |  |  | Relieved. |  |  | Died. |  |  | Recovered. |  |  | Relieved. |  |  | Not improved. |  |  | Died. |  |  |
|  |  |  | M. |  |  | M. | F. |  | M. | F. | T. | M. | F. | T. | M. | F. | T. | M. | F. |  |  | F. | T. | M. |  |  |
| 1859 | 39 | 31 |  |  | 70 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1860$ | $32$ | 31 |  |  | 63 |  |  |  |  | . | $\cdots$ | 1 | . . | 1 | 13 | 7 | $\begin{array}{ll} 7 & 20 \end{array}$ | 6 | 3 | 9 | 2 | $1$ | $3$ | 10 | 12 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ |
| $1861$ | 33 | 20 | 5 | 2 | 60 |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  | 21 | 12 | 233 | 7 | 1 | 8 | 2 |  | 2 | 6 | 11 | 17 |
| $1862$ | 25 | 11 | 6 | 1 | 43 |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | . |  |  | 1 | 11 | 17 | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ | 3 | 2 | 5 | 5 |  | 5 | 11 | 9 | 20 |
| $1863$ | 30 | 15 |  | 2 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 18 | 5 | $23$ | 3 | 1 | 4 |  |  |  | 4 | 4 | 8 |
| 1864 | 21 | 20 | 2 | 3 | 46 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . | 13 | 8 | - 21 | 3 |  | 3 | 1 |  |  | 11 | 5 | 16 |
| 1865 | 17 | 20 | 7 | 2 | 46 |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  | 9 | 10 | ) 19 | 5 | 2 | 7 | 2 | 1 | $3$ | 5 | 4 | 9 |
| 1866 | 20 | 19 | 1 | 2 | 42 |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |  |  | . | 8 | 10 | 18 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 1 |  | 1 | 4 | 5 | 9 |
| 1867 | 23 | 16 | 2 | 2 | 43 |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  | 12 | 13 | 35 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | $1$ | 2 | 4 | 3 | 7 |
| 1868 | 35 | 41 | 5 | 5 | 48 86 |  |  | 1 |  |  | . |  | 1 | 1 | 9 | 4 | 413 | 3 | 2 | 5 |  | 1 | 1 | 8 | 3 | 11 |
| 1869 | 35 | 32 | 6 | 6 | 86 79 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 12 | 7 | 19 | 3 | 3 | 6 | 1 |  | 1 | 14 | 11 | 25 |
| 1870. | 32 | 17 | 11 | 10 | 79 |  |  |  | . |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 17 | 16 | 33 | 2 | 1 | 3 |  | $\cdots$ |  | 15 | 9 | 24 |
| 1871 | 29 | 23 | 15 | 10 9 | 66 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 20 | 15 | 35 | 4 |  | 4 | 1 | . | 1 | 8 | 5 | 13 |
| 1872 | 34 | 29 | 10 | 4 | 77 |  |  |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  | 21 | 19 | 40 | 1 | 2 | 3 |  |  |  | 10 | 4 | 14 |
| 1873 | 28 | 33 | 8 | 5 | 74 |  |  |  |  | . |  | 1 | $\cdot$ | 1 | 25 | 18 | 43 | 2 | 2 | $4$ |  |  |  | 9 | - | 14 |
| 1874. | 26 | 26 | 8 | 7 | 74 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 16 | 20 | 36 | 5 | 1 | 6 |  |  |  | 8 | $\stackrel{\square}{9}$ | 17 |
| 1875 | 61 | 40 | 8 | 6 | 114 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | $\cdots$ |  |  | 2 | 2 | 12 | 15 | 27 | 5 | 1 | 6 |  |  |  | 6 | 5 | 11 |
| 1876. | 37 | 38 | 8 | 6 | 114 | 5 | 2 | 7 | 1 |  | 1 | 5 | 2 |  |  | 18 | 49 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 1 |  |  | 10 | $\stackrel{0}{7}$ | 17 |
| 1877. | 40 | 38 36 | 11 | 7 |  |  | 10 | $\begin{aligned} & 19 \\ & 19 \end{aligned}$ | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | 25 | 44 | 3 | 2 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 10 | 19 | 1 | 1 | 2 |  |  |  | 3 | 1 | 4 |
| Total. . . | 7 | 8 | 22 | 8 | 1275 | 4 | 24 | 48 | 4 | 3 | 7 | 14 | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

TABLE 5.

| ${ }^{\text {TraOL }}$ |  | ホに馬 क－ | $\cdots$－ $8 \rightarrow \pm$ ¢ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 容 | 8 | のal－－ | ！ |
|  | $\dot{\text { \％}}$ | －ーm－！ | $\vdots \infty \quad$ ： |
| ¢ | $\stackrel{3}{ }$ | － | $\vdots$ ！の－！ |
|  | ม่ | ツーの－！ | ！er ：！！ |
| $\stackrel{\text { 犬. }}{\substack{0}}$ | $\stackrel{1}{4}$ | －${ }^{-} \quad \vdots \vdots$ | बi |
|  | $\dot{\sim}$ | $\vdots \vdots$－ | ！－ハ ！： |
| － | $\stackrel{1}{ }$ | －$\vdots \vdots \vdots$ ： | ！- の $\vdots \vdots$ |
|  | $\dot{1}$ | 引 ${ }^{\text {－}}$－ | －－－ |
| ¢ | $\Sigma$ | の）${ }^{-1}$ ！ | $\vdots$ ¢ の $\vdots \vdots$ |
|  | ม่ | －${ }^{-1}$ ¢ | \ $\rightarrow$ ¢ ¢－ |
| ¢ | $\stackrel{1}{2}$ | カース－！ | $\vdots$ ¢ ¢ ！： |
|  | $\dot{\square}$ | लact 6 | －－の！－－ |
| 適 | $\stackrel{3}{4}$ | －$\vdots$－ | ！$\quad$ の |
|  | ม่ | －${ }^{1}$ ！－ | $\rightarrow-$－ |
| － | $\stackrel{3}{4}$ | $\vdots \vdots$ ー | $\vdots \quad \infty \quad \infty$ |
|  | 安 | $\vdots{ }^{\text {¢ }}$ の | － 10 atin |
| 相 | $\stackrel{3}{4}$ | $\vdots \vdots \vdots$ | $\vdots \quad$ ¢ $\quad$ ！： |
|  | मे | の $\vdots \vdots$ | $\vdots$－$\vdots$－ |
| $\underset{\sim}{\infty}$ | $\stackrel{\square}{2}$ | $\vdots \vdots \vdots \vdots$ | ！ |
|  | $\dot{1}$ | －$\vdots \vdots \vdots$ | $\rightarrow \quad$－ |
| 適 | $\stackrel{1}{4}$ | $\vdots \vdots$－ | $\vdots \quad \vdots \vdots$ |
|  | ม | ¢ ${ }^{\text {ar }}$ | ：$:-$ |
| 卤 | $\stackrel{3}{4}$ | ！$\vdots$－ | $\vdots \quad \vdots \vdots \vdots$ |
|  | $\dot{\sim}$ | ！：$\vdots$ ！ | －： |
| $\underset{\sim}{\dot{\sim}}$ | $\stackrel{1}{\circ}$ | $\vdots$－－ | $\vdots$ ！$\quad$－$\vdots$ |
|  | $\dot{\sim}$ | ： $0^{1-}$ | －－： |
| 芯 | $\stackrel{1}{ }$ | $\vdots \vdots \vdots \vdots$ | ！ー ー $\vdots$ |
|  | ＊ | $\vdots \sum^{\text {® }}$ の | $\vdots \quad \vdots \quad$ ！ |
|  | $\stackrel{\text { c }}{ }$ | $\vdots \vdots \vdots$ | ！－ |
|  | $\dot{3}$ | ${ }^{\circ}{ }^{-1} \quad \vdots \vdots$ | － |
| 淢 | $\stackrel{4}{4}$ | $\vdots \vdots$ ！ | $\vdots \quad \vdots \vdots$ |
|  | $\dot{1}$ | ！－ー $\vdots$ | － |
| 亩 | $\stackrel{\square}{\circ}$ | ！－－ | $\vdots \quad$ ： |
|  | － | $\vdots \vdots \vdots$ | $\vdots-$ |
| © © | ～ | ！： | －－ |
|  | ： | $\vdots \vdots \vdots \vdots$ | $\vdots \quad \vdots \quad \vdots$ |
|  |  |  |  |


TABLE 6.


TABLE 7.

Showing the Ages of the Admissions, Discharges and Deuths, during the year 1877.

| AGES. | THE ADMISSIONS. |  |  | the discharges. |  |  |  |  |  | the deaths. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Recovered. |  |  | Removed, Relieved or otherwise. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | m. | F. | т. | M. | F. | т. | m. | p. | т. | м. | F. | т. |
| From 15 to 20 years. . . . . . . | 4 | 3 | 7 | 1 | 1 | 2 |  | 1 | 1 | . . . | . . . |  |
| " 20 to 30 " | 13 | 10 | 23 | 8 | 11 | 19 | 3 |  | 3 | 1 |  | 1 |
| " 30 to 40 " ........ | 14 | 13 | 27 | 6 | 7 | 13 | .... |  |  | 4 | $\ldots$ | 4 |
| " 40 to 50 " | 7 | 5 | 12 | 6 | 1 | 7 |  |  |  | 4 |  | 4 |
| " 50 to 60 " | 7 | 5 | 12 |  | 1 | 1 |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 6 |
| " 60 to 70 " $\ldots . .$. | 3 | 5 | 8 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 1 | . . | 1 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| " 70 to 80 " | 2 |  | 2 |  |  |  | . . . |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |
| " 80 to 90 " ..... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unknown and re-admissions.. | 1 | 2 | 3 |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  | 1 | 4 | 5 |
|  | 51 | 43 | 94 | 24 | 24 | 48 | 4 | 3 | 7 | 14 | 11 | 25 |

TABLE 9.

|  | THE ADMISSIONS. |  |  | the discharges. |  |  |  |  |  | the deaths. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Recovered. |  |  | Removed, Relieved or otherwise. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | M. | F. | T. | M. | F. | т. | M. | F. | T. | M. | F. | т. |
| Single | 27 | 18 | 45 | 17 | 10 | 27 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 6 |
| Married . | 21 | 25 | 46 | 6 | 12 | 18 | 1 |  | 1 | 6 | 6 | 12 |
| Widowed. | 2 |  | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Re-admitted, or not ascertained. | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 3 | 5 |
| Total. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 51 | 43 | 94 | 24 | 24 | 48 | 4 | 3 | 7 | 14 | 11 | 25 |

TABLE 10.

Shouing the probable causes, apparent or assigned, of the Disorder, in the Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths, of the yeur 1877.



TABLE 12.
Alleged Ages of all Admitted.


TABLE 13.
Civil Condition of all Admiteed.


Forme
$\bar{\square}$

Halifax
Colchest
Cumberl
Pictou
Antigon
Guysbor
Invernes
Richmor
Victoria
Cape Br
Hants
Kings
Annapo
Digby
Yarmo
Shelbu
Queens
Lunenl
Newfo
New
P. E.

Barba
Unite
Engla
Irelan
Scotle
Germ
Norw
Swed
India
H. M

Unk

TABLE 14.
Former Residence (corrected by separation of Re-admissions).


TABLE 15.
Former Occupation, so far as ascertained.

|  | 187\%. |  | 1859-1876. |  | Total. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | M. | F. | M. | F. | M. | F. |
| Architect's Wife. . |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |
| Barrister . . . . . . |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |
| Baker's Wife | 1 | 1 |  | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| Blacksmith and Wife | 1 |  | 7 | 7 | 8 | 7 |
| Barbers. . <br> Basket M |  |  | 3 |  | 3 |  |
| Brewer. |  |  | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Book Binder. |  |  | 3 | i | 1 | i |
| Brass Founder |  |  | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| Butchers and Wive |  |  | 3 | $\ddot{2}$ | 3 | 2 |
| Carriage Maker and Wife |  |  | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Carpenters and Wives.. | 3 | 1 | 24 | 22 | 27 | 23 |
| Clerks, Bookkeepers and Wives.... | 1 |  | 15 | 2 | 6 | 2 |
| Officers of Customs................ |  |  | 2 |  | 2 | 2 |
| Cabinet Makers and Daughters..... | 1 |  | 5 | 3 | 6 | 3 |
| Colliers and Wives. | 1 | 1 | 9 | 3 | 10 | 4 |
| Coopers............ |  |  | 7 |  | 7 | . |
| Coachman and Wife |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | $\cdots$ |
| Dressmakers. |  | 1 |  | 5 | 1 | 2 |
| Engineers and Wives............. |  | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Farmers, Wives, Sons and Daughters | 12 | 7 | 204 | 102 | 216 | 109 |
| Fishermen, Wives, Sons and Daughters | 4 | 6 | 35 | 12 | +39 | 188 |
| Gardener and Wife... |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Gentlemen and Wome Governess. . . . . . . . |  | 1 | 10 | 25 | 10 | 26 |
| Gold Miner. | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | i | 1 |
| Grocer and Wife | 12 |  | 1 | 2 | 1 | 9 |
| Hotel Keepers. | 2 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Hostler . . . . |  |  | 1 | $\ldots$ | 1 | $\ldots$ |
| Lumbermen |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| Laborers and Wives, Servants. | 5 | 17 | 67 | 102 | 72 | 119 |
| Masons, Wives and Daughters....... |  | 17 | 13 | 14 | 13 | 119 |
| Ministers, Wives and Daughters...... | 1 |  | 3 | 2 | 4 | - |
| Millers and Widows................. |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Merchants and Wives Milliners | 1 | 1 | 10 | 5 | 11 | 6 |
| Moulder's Wife |  |  |  | 2 | .... | 2 |
| Physician, Wife and Daught |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |
| Priest. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Printers. |  |  | 1 | i | 1 | $\cdots$ |
| Painters............... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1 | .... | 6 | 1 | 9 | 1 |

Pension Pedlars Plumbe Reporte School Ship C Sexton Seamer Soldier Shoem Saddle Seams Studer Shipw Surve
Shop
Sail 1
Tailor
Tann
Team
Tobac
Trade
Teleg
Wool
Whee
Wasl
Watc
Watc
Wea

## TABLE 15.-Continued.

Former Occupation, so far as ascertained.

|  | 187\%. |  | 1859-1886. |  | Total. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | M. | F. | M. | F. | M. | F. |
|  |  |  | 2 | 5 | 2 | 5 |
| Pensioners and |  |  | 5 | 2 | 5 | 2 |
| Pedlars and Wives...... Plumbers, Tinsmiths, and |  |  | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| Plumbers, Tinsmiths, and |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| Reporter.... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 2 |  | 10 | 11 | 12 | 11 |
| School Teachers, Wives \& Daughters Slip Coptains, Wives, Stevedores.... | 1 |  | 7 | 8 | 8 | 11 |
| Ship Captains, Wives, Stevedores.... |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |
| Sexton... | 4 |  | 38 | 21 | 42 | 21 |
| Seamen and Wives. . | 1 |  | 13 |  | 14 |  |
| Soldiers and Marines | 1 |  | 17 | 4 | 18 | 5 |
| Shoemakers and Wiv |  |  | 2 |  | 2 |  |
| Saddler. |  |  |  | 7 |  | 7 |
| Seamstresses | 1 |  | 6 | 1 | 7 | 1 |
| Students |  |  | 2 |  | 2 | $\ldots$ |
| Shipwrights |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | - |
| Surveyor |  |  |  | 2 | .... | 2 |
| Shop Keeper |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| Sail Maker. |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |
| Tailors Wife. |  |  |  | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| Tanners and Wives. |  |  | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Teamsters and Wife |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| Tobacconist |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| Trader. |  |  |  |  | 1 | . $\cdot$. |
| Telegraph Operator |  |  | 1 |  | . 1 |  |
| Wool Sorter . . . |  |  |  |  | . 1 | .... |
| Wheelwright. |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |
| Washerwomen |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 |
| Watchmen and Wive |  |  |  |  | . 1 | 1 |
| Watchmaker. |  |  |  |  | . | 1 |
| Weaver |  |  |  |  |  |  |

TABLE 16.

|  | $\cdots$ | $\square$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 6 | $\cdots$ |
| 'setu!̣ asy pequitupy | キ * | $\infty$ |
| 'sautur mos pentupur | $15 \quad 12$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | $\cdots$ | N |
|  | N 4 | $\stackrel{-6}{60}$ |
| 룰 | $\underbrace{\infty}_{0} \quad \infty$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \infty \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |
| *228I | \# | $\infty$ |
| '928I | $\infty$ | $\stackrel{\infty}{9}$ |
| *¢t81 | $\cdots \cdots$ | 9 |
| **281 | $\infty \quad 1$ | $\stackrel{19}{19}$ |
| -8t8I | $\infty$ | 9 |
| \%28I | $\bigcirc$ | $\pm$ |
| 'IL8I | 200 | $\underset{\ddagger}{ \pm}$ |
| -028I | $\Rightarrow$ | $\sigma$ |
| -698I | $\bigcirc 0$ | $\stackrel{\text { a }}{\sim}$ |
| -898I | 15.12 | $\theta$ |
| *298I | C 0 | * |
| '9981 | $\cdots$ as | $\omega$ |
| -998I | - N | $\bigcirc$ |
| *981 | $\cdots$ ¢ | 15 |
| '8981 | : Na | 6 |
| \%981 | ¢ $\quad \mathrm{H}$ | $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{ }$ |
| ${ }^{\text {-198I }}$ | 15 O | N |
|  |  |  |

Annapo
Antigor
Colches
Cape B
Cumbe
Digby Guysb
Halifa
Hants
Invern
Kings
Lunen
Pictou
Queen
Richm
Shelb
Victor
Yarm
Provi
Priva
Fund
(Not

TABLE 17.
Meintenance of Patients in Hospital, December 31st, $187 \%$.

TABLE 18.
Cost of the Principal Items of Provisions for the year 187\%, as purchased and issued.

| ARTICLES. | Quarter ending March 31. |  | Quarter ending June 30. |  | Quarter ending Sept. 20. |  | Quarter ending Dec. 31. |  | Contract Prices. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1876. | 1877. |  |  |  |  |
| Flour. | 157 | \$110.5 75 |  |  | 11.5 | \$ 83375 | 14.5 | \$1051 25 | 156 | \$1131 00 | 8 | 600 | \$ | 7 | 2.5 |
| Butter | 23581 | 51867 | 1739 | 382 58 |  |  | 2228 | 49016 | 2153 | 47366 |  | 20 |  |  | 22 |
| Tea | 822 | 26765 | 723 | 23859 | 826 | 27258 | 680 | 22440 |  | 31 |  |  | 33 |
| Brown Sugar | 3807 | 34901 | 3068 | 27612 | 3740 | 33660 | 2860 | 25200 |  | $07!$ |  |  | 9 |
| White " | 421 | $47 \quad 56$ | 50 | 600 | 379 | 4548 | 67 | 804 |  | $10^{1}$ |  |  | 12 |
| Coffee | 135 | 37.65 | $120 \frac{1}{2}$ | $30 \quad 94$ | 1442 | 4046 | 95 | 2660 |  | $25^{-}$ |  |  | 28 |
| Chocolate | 152 | 3800 | 149 | 3725 | 1.51 | 3775 | 156 | 3900 |  | 25 |  |  | 25 |
| Beef. | 17627 | 132758 | 16284 | 122840 | 18193 | 136447 | 13779 | 103343 |  | 08 |  |  | $7 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| *Pork | 2700 | 18909 |  |  |  |  | 2370 | 16625 |  | 07 |  |  | 7 |
| Mutton | 845 | 6337 |  |  | 2618 | 19636 | 3940 | $295 \quad 51$ |  | $06{ }^{\text { }}$ |  |  | 7 2 |
| Veal | 58 | 435 | 99 | 742 | 114 | 855 |  |  |  | $05^{2}$ |  |  | $7 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| Peas | 800 | 3100 |  |  |  |  | 200 | 700 |  | 04 |  |  | $30^{2}$ |
| Molasses | 451 | 17920 | 641 | 25656 | 414 | 16.560 | 425 | 16992 |  | 37 |  |  | 40 |
| Rice. | 1321 | 5977 | 672 | 3024 | 1120 | 50 40 | 86 S | 3908 |  | 04? |  |  | $4!$ |

TABLE 18.-Continued.
Cost of the Principal Items of Provisions for the year 18\%\%.


TABLE 19.
Expenditure for labor, as shown by the Pay Lists; also for Salaries, 1877.

> January
> \$ 66541
> February
> 65817
> March.
> 65066
> Salaries.
> 135000
> $\$ 332424$
> April. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 64390$
> May................................................. . . . 62428
> June.
> $\begin{aligned} & 62418 \\ & 67912\end{aligned}$
> Salaries
> 165000
> 359730

July............................................ 864879
August................................................. 66044
September.......................................... 67179
Salaries.... ............................ . . . 135000
333102
October. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ 66407
November. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 66182
December. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 67840
Salaries. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 174597
375086
$\$ 14,00342$
The expenditure for labor and salaries, as shown above, is at the rate of $\$ 40.36$, per patient, being considerably lower than for several years past.

The cost of provisions has been somewhat in advance of last year's rate, owing to the higher price of many contract articles; flour for instance, was $\$ 6.00$ per bbl. in 1876 , and $\$ 7.25$ in 1877 .

Notwithstanding this increase, the amount paid for labor, salaries, and provisions for 1877, was five dollars per patient, below the average of the five previous years, namely, $\$ 94.42$, as compared with $\$ 09.67$.

| Cost per Patient. | 1872 | 1873 | 1874 | 1875 | 1876 | 1877 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provisions. | 5577 | 5515 | 5446 | 5714 | 5218 | 5406 |
| Labor and Salaries. | $45 \sim 20$ | 4687 | 4485 | 4525 | 4147 | 4036 |
|  | 8100 | 10202 | 89931 | 10239 | 39365 | \$94 42 |

For a more detailed statement of the whole cost for the year, see Table 22, which includes Dietary Articles, Medicines, Furniture, Fuel, and Repairs-and covers every item of expenditure.

## TABLE 20.

Field and Garden Produce, 1877.


TABLE 21.
Articles made by the Female Patients, $187 \%$.


## TABLE 22

> Showing the Amounts received from Counties and other sources, during the year 187\%.-(Income).


Provist
Bee
Dry
Flo
Cor
Bar
Tea
Cot
Mi
Sus
TABLE 22.-Continued.
Expenditure, 187/7.
Provistoss : ..... $8 \quad 552944$
Beef, Mutton, Veal ..... 95174
Dry Fish and Herring ..... 412175
Flour ..... 48686
Corn Meal and Oatmeal ..... 40206
Barley, Rice and Peas. ..... 100322
Tea .......................... Broma ..... 162829
Milk ..... 132081
Sugar ..... 1865007
Butter ..... 22714
Biscuits ..... 16536
Cheese ..... 210 है
Apples ..... 87911
Potatoes ..... 18636
Tobacco ..... 4485
Arrowroot, Sago, and Corn Starch ..... 3072
Currants Soda, and Baking Powder ..... 5938
Hops and Malt ..... 1388
Pepper and Mustard ..... 3102
19
45
Cinnamon, Ginger, Allspice and Nutmegs ..... 1157
Eggs ..... 5644
Poultry and Sausage ..... 355
Gelatine and Lemons
Gelatine and Lemons* Pork and Potatoes raised on Farm not included in Table.2034178House and other Expexses:
Coal and Truckage ..... $\$ \quad 512306$ ..... 33610
Soap and Potash Soap and Potash ..... 2851
Starch and Blue.......
Candles, Oil, Fluid, \&ce ..... 14503
10568
Buckets, Brooms and Baskets ..... 24298
Earthenwar ..... 15628
Tinware and Repairs ..... 402951
Bedding and Clothing ..... 27340
Furniture ..... 67342
Boots and Shoes ..... 19270
Stationery ..... 4725
Funeral Expenses ..... 20471
Farm Implements ..... 16990
Ferriage and Cab Hire ..... 125000
Hay and Straw ..... 38842Oats and Feed.$\overline{\$ 1336695} \$ \overline{2034178}$Carried Forward

## TABLE 22.-Continued. <br> Expenditure 187\%.

| Brought Forwerd. . . . . . . . . | \$13365 95 | \$20341 78 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Seeds . . . . | $15 \quad 50$ |  |
| Smith Work. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 22 139 |  |
| Blacking and Matches. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 13911 |  |
| Incidentals . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 4070 1092 |  |
| Salaries and Wages : $\quad 1359540$ |  |  |
| Commissioners. |  |  |
| Officers... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |
| Pay List. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $\begin{aligned} & 549597 \\ & 790745 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Medicines, \&C: $\quad 1400342$ |  |  |
| Drugs. |  |  |
| Wine.... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 27187 |  |
| Recreation. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $\begin{aligned} & 2750 \\ & 8508 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Repairs, Insurance, \&e: - 38445 |  |  |
| Lumber. |  |  |
| Carpenters Wages. | 186 <br> 438 <br> 18 |  |
| Engineer s Laborer. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 43820 390 |  |
| Hardware. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 39000 |  |
| Repairs. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 54066 323761 |  |
| Insurance | 323761 |  |
| Return Maintenance. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 57000 |  |
| Advances to Patients . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3929 |  |
| Medical Certificates. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 4070 |  |
| Medical and other Books, . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3500 |  |
| Postage. . . . . . . . . . | 3916 |  |
| Commission Expenses. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 65 791 |  |
| Labor at Ice. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 7294 |  |
| Duty on Organ. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 5550 14636 |  |
|  |  |  |
| Total............................. . 85418242 |  |  |

The annual cost for each patient for 1877 has been as follows :-
For Food

" Salaries and Wages..................... 40 . 40 . 85
" Medicines
111
Repairs and Insurance
$\$ \quad 13926$

Equal to $\$ 3$ per week per patient
$\$ \quad 15614$

STATEMENT TO BE FORWARDED TO THE MEDICAL SUPPERINTENDENT, WHEN application is made for the reception of a patient.

1. Name of patient (in full),
2. Where born,
3. Son (or daughter) of,
4. Residence County of,
5. Age Last Birthday,
6. State as to marriage,
7. Number and age of Children,
8. Occupation, (or that of Father or Husband).
9. Natural Disposition,
10. Habits in Health-as to Temperance, etc.
11. Education.
12. Religion.
13. Age at first attack,
14. Insanity, how first manifested.
15. Number and duration of attacks.
16. Where under treatment, and when.
17. What relatives similarly affected.
18. Supposed cause, Remote,
19. " " Recent,
20. Duration of present attack.
21. State as to sleep,
22. Appetite for food,
23. State of bodily health.
24. Whether subject to Epilepsy,
25. Any faltering of Speech, or loss of power.
26. Present habits and propensities.
27. What Delusions.
28. Whether Suicidal (attempted or threatened), and how.
29. If dangerous to others, how.
30. Pecuniary Circumstances, (or to whom chargeable.)
31. Post-office address of nearest friend, and degree of relationship.
32. Other Particulars.

I Certify that to the best of my knowledge the above partioulars are correctly stated; and
 on the day of , (being within one month from this
mind, as a patient into the Nova Scotia Hospital for the Insane.

## Name.

Address.

## Date,

Degree of relationship (if any) or other circumstancess connected with the patient,
N. B. - If any of the particulars in this statement be not known, the fact to be stated. No patient to be sent to Hospital until a reply shall have been received to this statement.

## CERTIFICATE

(a) Name in full.
(1) Qualification.
(c) Locality,
(d) Name in full
(c) Residence
(f) Occupation.
I, the undersigned ${ }^{\text {a }}$
being ${ }^{\text {b }}$
hereby certify that I, on the
and in actual practice,
18 at $^{\text {c }}$ in the County of seperately from any other Medical Practitioner, person ally examined ${ }^{\text {d }}$
of e (f)
and that the said
is a person of unsound mind, and a proper person to be taken charge of, and detained under care and treatment; and that I have formed this opinion on the following grounds, viz:

1. Facts indicating insanity observed by myself:*
2. Appearance.
3. Conduct.
4. Conversation
(g) state the information and froin whem.
5. Facts, indicating insanity, communicated to me by others: ${ }^{\text {g }}$

Name

Place of Residence

Date

[^2][^3]
[^0]:    * Extract from the Minutes of the Commissioners, December 31st, 1858,

[^1]:    *Rev, Goorge Sutherland, New Scuth W'ales, author of "Christian Payohology."

[^2]:    N. B.-Two Certificates (dated within one month of the commitment) are required in every cose The second should not be signed by the father, brother, son, or assistants of the Medical Practitioner, who
    has signed the first Certificate.

[^3]:    The facts upon which (from parsonal obsorvation) the opinion of insanity has been formed, should
    be specifled.

