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# ANADA 

LumbervanWeekiy Edition

The Lumberman Montiliy Edition, 20 nages) si.0o per year (The Lumberman Weekly Edition, every Wednesday

Vol. 1.

## TORONTO, ONT., AUGUST \%, 1895

Canada Lu uaberman

## C. h. MORTIMER

odfederation Life Building - TORONTO.

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Brath Offics: Movitizal.

Weekly Lumberman, publshed every Weducshing:
onaints relin ble and un- , date marhet condition and pencio int the ryincigal nlenufaciurins districs and Akly mediam of information and communication be ter Condiantimber and lumber manufacturer anis Gabrend
Tabrand
 Gaber and moded authing induverice comenins levieus with prominent mrembervof the trode, and araczer sketcher and pantraite of leading lumbermen sipecial articles on scchmal and wechanac-l subjects as manufacturers of lumber products
tio Subacription price for the two editions for one ras, Sx.en

## HANTED AND FOR SALE

Adverticements will be inserted in shis deffriment at more consecauthe inserions are arderedia discount of pier cent. will be allowed. This montice shows the Cith of the line and is set in Nonpareil tyTe, and mo pas is allowed beynd the hend line. Advertise. maday to insure incertion in the current weeks issue.

CHINGLES-IN AND AN ESINCH-PINE alld cetar: incar bith Apply tu K. K. Wlalk sas.

## VANTED.


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FOR $\operatorname{sALE}$.
inf Mill stie for sine, consisting
 inurn, shipmens bod.

## FOR SALE.

50 FT, OF SECOSND HAND 1 IN. STEFL


J. W. Howri © Sons, Fenclon Falls.

## Lumber Wanted

QUANTITY OF TAMARAC SAWN TO
A. 3V. IEPBURN

Picton, Ont.
Mughess Ca , of Brandon, Man., have deadded 20 open a yard at Winnipeg. The perwent culting of priecs at the former place is id to have inflacneed them to this decision.
Tne Moodurille Land and Saw Mills Co.'s tid, in Vancouver, B. C, and timber and foleer al Mroodycille, are under scizure by the orincial govemment, for nonpayment of timtrucs.

## current trade conditions. ovtakio.

"Lemmik must improve," was the confident response of an Ontario mill man, when answering the familiar inguiry, how is trade? It wats admuted that at present business wasdull. "Indeedthings are $q$ - ite dull," said this mill man. But it cannot be expected, that with iron advancong as rapidly as it has done during the past few months, and apparently still on the ascendam, that lumber can continue to remain dull. There is no use in t.llking about present trade, for there is not much of it doing anywhere. The belief, nevertheless, is that the fall will show marked improveinent. Crops, unfortunately, in Ontarto are not going to show up sery encouragingly, and this fact may miliate agamst rural trade, but the smallness of the crop will, as compared with the past twelve months, be partly offset by better prices. The new cut is commencing to show itself on the piling grounds, and is awkwardly crowding in some districts. The caution to proceed slowly is not so casily heeded, for inerest on the standing umber is a scrious item with large owners. I'rices are nominally firm.

Quearc AND New brunswich.
The movement in shipping is quicter at Quebec and New Brunswick ports, wheh creates dullness in the lumber trade. In New Brunswick where shipments to Europe are slow, deal shipments to the American market are large. The complaint is that the lowness of water in the streams in New Brunswick is interfering with the inanufacture of lumber. It is the expectation of New Brunswick lunbermen, that another season they will reap substantial benefit from the new trade relatoons made with France, and a reference to this subject in anothet column has in. terest to exporters.

## remitish colembia.

Lateradvices from the Pacific Coaststate that there has not been an actual arrangement effected among lumbermen leading in an absolute adsance in pitces of lumber. At the same time prices are decidedly firm and stiffening, and it would appear, even without conrerted action, that the upward trend of trade will itself effect a measure of reform in this direstion. It would be a mistake, however, when the situation is so favorable, that lumbermen should not unite and make a profitable advance a rertainty. The mills at Vancouver and other points are buss; and in some cases running nigh: and day staffs. Kates for charters are sumewhat ligher, owinf to the seneral increase in busmess. Lumbennen in British Colum-
bia are encour.ged by the splendid crop reports from Manitoba and the Northwest, which are almost certain to quicken business, and produce an enlarged demand for lumber.

Wn:a stati.
Business is more in expectancy than in actual evidence. The opmion is express. ed that by the middle of the month the prommed recival in lumber will commence to ansert thelf, and this period is looked forward to with interest. In the west it is belie sed that there will be a good demand for coarse lumber, which is good news for eastern manufacturers, and will relieve them of an over plemtitude of stock in these lines. Where ciops are likely to be pientiful, the outhouk is fasorable for enlay ${ }_{n}$ ed busmess. Contrarmise, where poor, there will be a shrinkage in the call for lumber. In all white fine markets, trade at present i- quiet, but with stocks very hight at distrbuting centres, there must be activity soon, if any business whatever is done. The same marked care and caution is to be noted of trade "herever one lioks.

## forshan.

Tiade is fickle in Great britain. No sooner hardly is a report recelved of an apparent improvement, than comes word that it is ioubtul whether the hardening that had taken place is possessed of any real backbone after -ill. The hope has been that British trade was improving, but according to late reports, no onc is just so sure that this is really the case. In the Londo: market, deals are reported to remain a drug, due to some extent to the fact that large quantities of inferior soods are being continually thrust on the market. Batiens are firmer, and operations are underway for Autumn delisery; whilst flooring is strong. A steady trade is doing at Liverpool. At Glas;ow, the imports of Canadian timber so far have been light, and this is believed to have had a favorable intluence on the ma.ket. Trade as a whole in Great B-itan, as might be expeeted, has been affected by the elections, politics rather than business, being uppermost for the time being.

## harinwoons.

It cannot be said that there is no move. ment whatever, in hardwoods, for some trade is doing, but it is light, as in other lines, with a favorable outlook for a litte later in the season.

The seamer Eckdale, will load luniber at the Sound, B. C., for South Ilustralia.
Mark Kelvin tahes lumber from Montreal to Buenos Ayres or Muntecide, at $\$ S .25$.
The Traveller will load deals at st. John, N. B., for Liverpool, at 33 g gd.

## STOCKS AND PRICES.

cavibi.
Two car loads of sill lumber for shoreham, Minn., and at car of rough lumber for Mamioba, were shipped from the Koyal Cilt Mills, Nen Vestmmster, 1 . C., a few days diso.

The steamer Vian Allan has cleared l'ort Arthu for ${ }^{1}$ jwego, $\lambda$. Y'., with a cargo of lumber consigned to the standard Uil Co., Uswego. It is the first shap. ment east from mills from West Algoma.
At the annual sale of mixed ard unmarked logs a: Fredericton, N. B., a few days aro $j \infty 0,000$ spruce logs sold at $\$ \$ .05$ a thousand, 30,000 pre logs it $\$ 2.40$, and cedar logs brought $\$_{5} 55$ a thousand.
The Vermillion anmber Co., operating ne tr Three Rivers, Que., have sold the entice output of the mill for the season, $12,000,000$ feet. Serenty pel cent. is for the British market, and the remainder will be held in Montreal.
J. Willard Sinith, St. John, N. B., has sold wer $4,000,000$ of Alen. Gibson's cedar shingiles this season. He has also been receiving considerable supplies from Chas. Miller, to meet the dem:and. The shingles were sold in the provinces, a large nu:nber bein; sent so Nova Scotia.
The report of supervisor of cullers of timber for Quebec says, that the timber measured and culled at the openiang of the yeat to the end of July and compared with the previous yeat, was as follows. Waney whte pine, 1S94, $1,25 \pi, 252$ cubic feet $1 S_{5} 5,7: 0,7, \mu$, white pine, $1894,450,-$ 515 feet, 18y5, 3.027: red pine, $1843,27,-$
 fec:, $1 \mathrm{~S}_{5} 5,--6,024$, elm, $1 \mathrm{Sy}_{4}, 312,680$
 1S95. 122, cil. birh and maple, IS94, 130 , 500 fect, $1895,=06,637$. These figures, it will be noted, are unfatorable to $1 \mathrm{SO}_{5} 5$.
Exports for the week from St. John, N. B., were represented by $1,323,173$ fect of deals shipped to licar lintan, and ti000,000 feer of long lumber, 000,00 shamiles, $1,+62,753$ lath, and 965 cords of wood for Limted states ports.
The following lumber shipments were made from St. John, N. B., during the past week: Yer sch. Wendal Burpee, for Stamford, by Sistsan, Cutler \& Coo, 27, 151 deals, 300,000 laths, 450,000 shingles. Sch. James 5 . Wiley, for City Island, by Hilyard Ibros., $309, \infty \infty_{3}$ deals; sch. Centennial, for City Island, by Stetson, Cuticr \& Co., 107,952 deals; sch. Olivia, for Boston, byChas. Maller, $1,300,000$ shugles; sch. Maggie J. Chadwick, for New Haven, by Stetson, Curler \& Co., 95,210 deals, 251,909 plank ; sch. Ella Maud, for Nicw York, by Randolph \& Baker, 273,000 laths.

## UNITED STAIRS

The South End Lumber Co., Bay City, is shipping 300,000 feet of fine lumber to Toledo.

There is a great scarcity of good pine grades, especially 2 inch No. 2 cuts, at Buffalo.

There is a call at Boston for Michigan 4 inch pine uppers that runs in advance oi available supply, and holds prices up to $\$ 61$ to $\$ 62$.

Two cargoes, comprising $370,000,000$ feet of lumber, 40,000 shingles and 800 cedar posts, were shipped a week ago from Alpena, Mich., to Canada.

The lumber record of Duluth for the past week is a large one. The sales amnunted to $22,500,000$ feet, no single transaction amounting to more than 5, $\infty 0,000$ feet, and prices, it is reported, were firm. The demand for piece stuff at Duluth is said to be exceptionally good, and there is a lecided call for Norvay $2 \times 12$ in., twelve feet lengths. Prices of this grade and size have advanced 500 during the past ten days. There is also a good call for No. 2 boards. Among the sellers were: Duncan, Brewer \& Co., 5,000,000 feet to the Hurd Lum. ber Co.; the Cranberry Lumber Co., Rich ard Lumber Co., Merrill \& Ring and C. S. Murray.

## Canadian lumber in great britain.

Recênt shipping records tell of the landing of the following Canadian lumber goods at Liverpool: For. R. Cox\& Co., a shipment of pine deals, boards etc., from Montreal ; pine deals, from Montreal, for Watson \& Todd: birch logs and planks, from St. John, N. B., for Lightbound, Rigby \& Co.; spruce deals, from New Brunswick, for Lumley, Lloyd \& Co.; and pine deals, $S$ quality pine deals, ind ist quality spruce deals, from Quebec, for John Kendall \& Co.; Buenos Ayrean, from Montreal, with 1,540 deals and 2,270 deals and ends for Edmiston \& Mitchell.

The arrivals at Glasgow include : Sarmation, from Quebec, with 15,440 deals ordered. Bohemia, from St. John, N. B., with 53,000 spruce deals and battens, 19,280 spruce deal ends, 1,760 spruce scantlings, 7,325 spruce boards, 190 pieces birch timber, 1,030 birch planks, and 860 birch ends, for Singieton, Dunn \& Co.; Tritonia, from Montreal, with 1,950 pieces oak, for R. Hanailton \& Co.; 3,640 deals and 3,310 ends, for Allison, Cousland \& Co.; 11,760 deals and 1,150 deals for Sinlgeton, Dunn \& Co.; 1,980 deals, for McDowell \& Nielson; 410 deals, for J. A Stewart; 290 deals, for Bryce, Junor \& White, and 12,030 deals and 1,675 ends ordered.

## TIMBER TRADE WITH FRANCE.

It is pleasing to note that there is a growing interest in the possibilities of development of the timber trade between France and Canada, since the ratification of the new treaty. Mr. Edward Jack, of Fredericton, N. B., who is a correspondent of one or more of the French forestry journals, takes a hopeful view of the outlook. He says that he has always found those whom he has mat in France particularly well disposed with respect to Canada. "In fact," says he, "i am satisfied that France has a more kindly fecling towards Canada than the United States has, and in view of the treaty just entered into
between France and the Dominion, would it not be weil that the proper authorities send a person to France for the purpose of investigating the character, sizes and descriptions of Canadian timber, which would suit the Fiench market? As bearing upon this subject, I translate from L'Echo Forestier, '́published in Paris) the following. "Ariong the events of the last year there is one that particularly interests the wood trade, that is to say the conclusion of the Franco-Canadian treaty. By virtue of this convention, Canadian woods will be subjecterl on their entry into France to the mininum tariff, and can in consequence compete more readily with the woods of the north. This treaty has not yet been put into effect, but according to information received, Canadian woods have already been offered in the market. Taking into arcount the difference in the duties, which in certain cases, will be equivalent to a seduction of about 13 per cent. in value, we are of the opinion that if the woods of Canada could be submitted to a more careful classification their introduction into France would be far more extensive. ${ }^{\text {B }}$

## SITUATIOR IN THE EAStERN STATES.

It is believed that conditions are slightly improved in New York, over what they have been for some weeks past. Current consump:ion is drawing gencrously on coarse stocks, and whilst prices do not stiffen they are not declining.
More than average activity exists in the lumber market at Tonawanda, and the trade are in better spirits than at many other points. Prices are holding their own, and with a very reasonable demand for lumber. Receipts are equal to those of a year ago.

Not so much is said of lively trade at Buffalo. Business, in fact, is just a little slow. Stocks are light, and prices are nominally firm.

It is something to say that trade at Albany for the month of July was ahead of the same month in 1894, but it fell short of the corresponding month in 1893. Stocks are light in the distributing yards, and when business starts it ought to mean that there will be a good call for luniber.

Everything is dull in the Boston market, with particular weakness charaçerising the spruce market. Frames can be bought at various mills at $\$ 14$, while cargo spruce is selling from $\$ 10$ to $\$ 12$.

Receipts of lumber at Philadelphia are on the increase, the June figures show an increase of $2,000,000$ feet compared with May, and $7,000,000$ fect in excess of June, 1894. But it has to be said that compared with June, $1\{043$, thete is a decrease in the receipts of $7,000,000$ feet.

## THE SITUATION.

REPLECTED THROYGH CORRESPONDESGE of "reExLY
Emlie Dube, Riviere Du Loup, Que.: "Very litle movement of stocks just now. Demand is slow for everything. Spruce deals for export are the only thing movang. Stocks in this distnct are large, and some parties are making efforts to realize on them, but not meeting with much success. Prices hold firm. Shingles: Large quantities made in this section; no large stocks; prices are firm, and should be bigher soon, according to correspondents in Boston and vicinity."

Cook \& Goetz, Dashwood, Ont.. "Very little movement of stocks, inch solt elm being in largest demand. Sold all our elm, bass, and sycamore, to F. G Rumball, London. Stochs are somewhat heavy in this district, with prices advancing. $F$. G. Rumball shipped from here per sch. Dauntless, 170,000 feet soft elm, to Cleveland, Ohio."

## DRESSED LUMBER CASE.

A large amount of evidence' was taken at the second hearing of the dressed lumber case before the Board of General Appraisers, in New York, which will require about two weeks for the stenographeif to transcribe. Then time will be given to the attorneys on each side to prepare their briefs and file the same, after which the Boarl will take the proper time to consider the question. In the meantime dressed lumber, according to the ruling of the Appraisers, will have to enter into the United States from Canada at a duty of 25 per cent. ad valorem. A great deal of interest was taken in the case and nearly all the leading lumber concerns in the eastern states were represented. Expert testimony was furnished on both sides.

## michigan condifions.

The lumber trade of Michigan is deplorably dull, and nothing like it has been experienced since the panic in 1893. The cut of the Saginaw river saw mills will almost certainly aggregate the smallest for years, some placing it as low as 250,$\infty, 0,0 \infty$ fect. Various causes are assigned for this dullness, and among others that the eastern market has been glutted with Canadian stock. At the present time the pilings are being rapidly stocked up, and to the extent ol raising the query, what is best to be done?

## RAFTING.

Thiee rafts were entered at the custom house, Bay City, Mich., on grd inst., from Canadian points. One was for the Minnesota Lumber Co., containing 3,763,086 feet, valued at $\$ 37,000$, from Spanish River, Ont. One for James T Hurst, containing $2,000,000 \mathrm{ft}$., valued at \$20,000, from Spanish River, Ont., and the other from Holland-Emery Lumber Co.. contaning $2,350,000 \mathrm{ft}$, valued at $\$ 18,000$, from French River, Ont.
Thompson Smith's Sons, Alpena, Mich., have received a $2,000,000$ feet raft from Canadian shores.
Last week rafts from Canada aggregating $10,000,000$ feet were on the way across the lake to the Saginaw nver.

The Boscobel with a raft for the Hol-land-Emery Lumber Co:, from French River, and the Sweepstakes with 31,000 logs, from Little Current, have arrived at Bay City, Mich.
About 73,000,000 feet of lumber has been rafted at the booms below Fredericton, N. B., this season, and it is thought there are $30,000,000$ feet to be rafted. The water in the St. John is very low and. the work has been slow.

## SHIPPING MATTERS.

Lumber freights from British Columbia or Puget Sound are quoted as follows: Valparaiso for orders, 425 Gd ; Sydney, 35 s ; Melbourne, 42s 6al; Port Pirie, 415 3d; United Kingdom, calling at Cork for orders, 67 s 6d $10 \mathrm{7os}$; Shanghai, 50 s ; Tientsin, 55 s ; South Africa, G2s 6d.
musiness difficulties and changes.
Urangle's siw imill, at Dobbugton, Unt. together with 70,000 feet of lumber, was destroyed by fire on the 5 th inst. Loss, $\$ 2,500$; partly insural.
The James shearer Ca , sash and down manufacturers, Montreal, and the Shearer a. Brown Co., Lid., lumber contractors, Montreal, are both applying for charters.

- The big mill of Stetson, Cuther \& Co., at Indiantown, N. B., is expected to commence operations at once. There are plenty of log, to go on with.
F. N. Mercier, a lumber dealer and barge owner, of Quebec, has filed consent to assign. llis troubles were in a measure, attributed in the suspension of La Banque du Pcuple.
The saiv and planing mill of Messrs J. Piggott 太 Sons, Chathanm, Ont., was entirely destroyed by fire a week ngo. The loss will amount to $\$ 20,000$; insurnnce $\$ 10,002$.
The Anderson Furniture Co., Led., which will manufacture and deal in lumber and furm. ture of all kinds, has been inco!porated. The company will aequire the business now being carried on at Woodstock and Walkerville, under the firm name of Anderson \& Co. The capital stock is put down at $\$ 250,000$, diviled in 2,500 , shares of $\$ 800$ each.


## AUSTRALIAN CONDITIONS.

Fraser\&Co., Latt., Melbourne, Australia, in their July lumber report, say: The general tone of the market has improved within the past few weeks, and the trade have shown considerable disposition to purchase a large proportion of stocks remaining in first hands, and by doing so have enhanced the value of nearly all descriptiens of timber which finds its way to this market. Holdings, however, were not of any magnitude and supplies now in the yards of the various sawmillers of the classes in most general demand will do little mote than meet the actual consumption of the next few months. The lines referred to having improved in value, are flooring, lining, and weatherboards, Oregon lumber, and to a smaller extent, Baltic deals; whilst advanced rates are being secured for Kauri pine, owing to the Kauri Company having arranged a trust or combination annong the exporting mill, in New Zealand.

## LUMBER FREIGHT RATES.

Lunakk freighe rates for pine on the Grand Trunk Rallway bave been made 2 fixture, as betow. Of any pended change due notice will be given lumbermen. General instructions in shipping by Grand Tiunk are embodied in these uords in the tarif schedule: Onluc. ber in carlouds, minimum weicht, 39,000 lbe per or, unless the marked capacity of the car be less, per whit case the marked eapocity curt noi less thin a 000 ltal will be charged, and must por le exceeded. Should we impracticable io load carain deceipions his be impracticabte to land certain descripions of listt umber up to 30,000 libs to the car, then the actual weight only will becharged for, but not less than 24. $\infty$ libs. The rates on lumber in the tariff will dot be higber from an interreediate point on the straight rua than from the first named point legind, to the samedes. sination. For instance, the rates from Tara or liep. worth to Guciph, Brampton, Weatm or Toronto, would not be bigher than the specific rates namped from Wiar ton to the same points. The rates from Cargill and Southampsor so points cast of Listowel und south and west of Straford will be the same as from Kincardine, but in no case are higher rates to bo charsed thin as per mileage calle published on parcet of tariff.
Rater froon leadinglumber points on pine and aiber
onwood lumber, shingles etc are as Glencairn. Croemore, Aurom, Barric and other poind





Powassen an
function an
Kincardine and


mees on hardwoods avernge about from ic, to ac. per soo
tbe higher than on sonwoods Fur rates on railway Tbe higher than on sonwoods Fur rates on railway
lics, mabogany, rosowood, walnut, cherry, and uther raluable woods, appllcation must be made to the district Oreight agent. roods may be illustrated as follows : Cache Ray, Nort bay, Sturgeon Falls and Warren, to Torunh, ioc Al oors, Cook's Nills, Massey, Spanish River and Whiteh:o Toronto, i3c., Otiawa to Turontu zoc From on the Lake Éric and Deroit River, Eric and Huron Toronto, Hamitton and Buffalo, and Mlichigan Central Railways, the rate is 3 3/se. per 100 lbs Requlations apply as to minimuns sise of carload of 39,000 lbs., and Lamber freight rates on the Canada Atlantic Rail way are as follows: Otawa to Toronto, 10 cents per



Montreal, $\$ 2$. so per M1 $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{I}}$. ( 3, wo lbs. and under per $M$ to Queber, $\$ 2 . j 0$ per Mi fi., Ulawa to Bufalo, in cents per 100 lbs ; Oitawa to Port Huron and Detroit, 12 cents per 10 libs, Otawa 10 New 3 ork Give carlonds or Over Si.0n per M fri; Amprior to New York, $\$ 3$ so per 11 ft.
Oitawa to Bosion, Portand and comnon points, local is cents, exports ijcio per suo lba. Arnuriot so Dosion, Portland and conimon points, locai in cents; export is cents per soolbs, Oitawa to Burlaggun, o cents ped
 St. John, N. B. and common points. 24 cents per 10 lbs. Ottawa to Halifax, N. S. and commor poingt,
asy/ cents per 100 lbs. Minimum carload weight for $231 /$ cents per 100 llis. Ninimum carload weight for
shipment of lumber, lath, ahingleg, etc. is 30,000 lbs. sminment of quamer, lath, ahingles, etc. ic olo,000 lbs, When yuoted per MI ft. the minimumi carload chinged is 10 NI t ., lumber not exceeding 300 libs. 10 the .t feet Ottawa rates apply un slupmenis frum Rukland and
Hawkestury.
gudificariun up harlinwd rate
IIE Grand Trunk Railway and Canadian Pacific have made the rates on hardwixods trum certam ponts to over the signature of Mr. Johin Earls W.D.F.A., of the G. T. K.i and given in reply to a letter from Toronto haruwooc men :
clusion that, on and afler Jan. ist, 1895, a modification will ve made in the preseat arrangements fur hardwoud lumber, to the effect that the rate will be 7 Yac. per 200
los from our Northem and Northwestern Jranches to Torvato and IIamilton. This ate, huwerer, ill nut apply from main line points and the straight run be-
tween Toronto, Samia and Windsor alto that so far as tween Toronto, Samia and Windsor, alco that so far as
rates on common lumber to points like Gueluh. Galt, rates on conmmon lumber to points hixe Guelph. Gale, shipping stations the rate will be ethe, same on hardwood an on pint." On the oid principle, we suppose, that hall the luaf is tetter thath curne. hardwuxi men have
sorarthing, possibly, to be thankful for, thoush there
is no guou reasun why the rates generally ga hard.
wood should not be as low as on pine. It is undertood that the C. I'. R. rate will be made unifurat at ?tac from same points.

## FOR SALE

Folr farlong and other hardwoods. UR1, w IU at

## IXI, $\infty$

Having Brown Ash 12, 14 and 16 ft. firsts and reconds, inch lass firsts and seconds 22 feet, or any other Hardwood Lumber, can sell same for cash ly ad dressing

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Manupacturers
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