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## The Disciple of Christ

Is devoted to the furtherance of the Gospel of Chist. and pleads for the un on of atl be hevers in the Lord Jesus in harmony with His own prayer recorded. in the seventeenth chapter of John, and on the basis set forth by he Aposile Paul in the following terms: "I therefore, the prisoner in the Lord, beseech you to walk worthily of the calling wherewath se were called, with all lowhess and meek. ness, wilh long suffering, forbearing one another in love; giving diligence to kecp the unity of the Spizit in the bond of peace. There is one body and one Spirit, even as also ye were called in one hope of your calling ; wae Lord, one faith, one baptism, one God and Father of all, who is over all, and through all, and in all."-Eph. iv. 1.6.
This paper, while not claiming to be what is styled an "organ," may be taken' as fairly Tepreseating. the people known as Disciples of Ctrist in !his country.

## Editorial Motes.

R. S. McArthur, a leading Baptist minister of New York, says:
" I'hoid most'firmly that baptism is the ca:holic and apostolic ordinance, and that all substitutes for baptism, such as sprinkling and pouring, are comparativeiy recent in origin, limited in observance, and I hope will be but temporary in practice. If ever there is to be organic chuscla union, it must be. gin with baptism. All dennminations -Protestant and Roman, Greek and Anglican-recognize immersion as true Scriptural baptism. If they wish to lave organic union, let them go back to the original apostolic baptism."

Mr. McArthur is right. All propositions for union that do not include apostolic bapusm are foredoomed to fail.

Here is a nice distunction emphasised, and one that preachers would do well to meditate upon :
"That was a very fine speech you n.ade the other night," said one Pi.ts burger to another.
"I didn't make it the other night," replied the latter. "I delivered it the other night, but it took me a month to nake"

There is an impression somewhat prevalent that a scientist is necessarily an unbelicuer in Chrisuanity, if he is not a rank atheist. The testimony of Prof. Bonney given below shows such impression to be mistaken :
"I have frequently fuund on becoming intimate with scientists, pho are not
usually regarded as men of faith, that their religous convictuons are nearly as deep as ny own. In fact, I should say the bulk of the scientific men I know were religious-minded and very many of them are sincere Christians."

The question of 'ecclesiastical cooperation" being still an open one, and no arrangement made as yet by the churches for give and take. all our peo ple settling in the newer parts of the West should remain loyal to theiz own denomination. "A word to the wise is sufficient."
The above is quoted from the letter of a Methodist minister in the Northwest to the Christian Guardian. That is to say, as things are, Methodists must everywhere remain Methodists. If thi "give and take" system were adopted, then a Methodist might be come a Presbyterian, a Congregationalist, etc., or perchance a Baptist. In other words, that the distinctive features of Methodism are not such as a person should maintain in any and all circumstances. "A hint to the wise is sufficient."

The sutjoined paragraph clipped from the Daily Globe, shows what has been remarked before, that the Roman Catholic Church is not the only church that will bear watching in Canada :
"The Mayor, backed up heartily by the principal members of Councii, has set about his tank, and at the first turn finds that he has to fight for the very smallest of the refurms proposed-the abolition of the License Department. It tosik three hours yesterday to passthe uy. law carrying into effect this change, although Council at a former meeting thad agreed to the principle in less than three munutes. The reason was nut difficuli to fation. Mr. Awde who is a prominent member of a west end church at which several Alderman worship, used all the influence possible to defeat the proposition. Ald. Preston, the most persistent in fighting the by law, sits in the same church with Mr. Awde, but it seens to us he ought to have accepted the Mayor's assurances that the change would mean a large saving to the cily. Ald. Preston should renmember that there will be no
reform, no retrenchment, if Aidermen reform, nu tetrenchment, if Aidermen
approach questons from the standpoint of personal friendship insicad of public duly. The incident does not stand lalone. Church influence in civic affairs, If exercised unchecked, may become as
vicious as ludge influence. It is only
vanurable and respected clergymen of the city practically threatened to get his brother pastors to use their influence in defeating the Chairman of Works at the polls because the Works Department had threatened to dispense with the services of a clerk, no longer required, who was connected with his church. That sort of intimidation must be stopped, and will be, even if in the process some of the pastors have their feelings hurt. It must be understood that neither political, social nor church influence can place or keep men in office where there is no need for their services. There are many changes to be made at City Hall this year, and it will add vastly to the difficulties of an already arduous task if the reform element has to carry its measures in the face of a powerful church and society lobby."
A man who lives right, and is right, has more power in his silence than another has by his words. Character is like bells which ring out sweet music, and which, when touched, accidentally even, resou:d with swett music.

Phillifs Brooxs.
We have pleasure in passing around the following paragraph :-
"It is not at all probable that the persons who are in error on the subject of bapusm will sooner see their error by saying to them in effect: 'You have been baptized.' This course has been tried. Barton W. Stone tried it. He gave up this plan of showing men their error, and bringing them out of it, on the subject of baptism. The Campbells started out on this platforn. Their original thought was to treat the 'form of bapism' (?) as a matter ifindifference. This method did not please them and they gave it up. The 'Christian denomination' hold on to this plan, with the fundamental principles of the Disciples, and they do not number as many as they numbered fifty years àzo. The Free Baptists are trying it. Result: Increasing weakness year by year. Has the time come for the Disciples to take up a plan that has been tried and failed? The Bapists of England have tried and are trying this method of bringing their Pedr-Baptist brethren out of their error. They do not succeed. In this coun'ry Baptists and Discipies have tried to lead Pedo-Bap. tists out of their cirors by saying what God $i, 1$ His word says as to the action of baptism, and all the world knows the result. Their growth has been and is phenomenal. Has the time come for the Discipe to abandon a plan for
leading Pedu-Bapists out of their errors
successful and adopt a plan that has been tried and falled? Loyally to the Word of God ts the only zuay to rical success in our work."-B. B, TyLER in Christian Evanyelist

## How does this from the Ausiralian

 Christian Pioncer strike you?A speaker in a recent American Bapust Cunvention said, "Many Bıptists are not only holding their own, but considerable of the Lord's also." We fear this is true of others beside Baptists.

Build up, Soul, a lofty stair;
Build a room in healthier air.
Here there is no rest;
Better climbs to best.

## -Lucy Larcom.

It seems to me that fire minutes of real thankfulness for the löe of our dear Saviour is worth a year of hard reasoning on the hidden parts of our redemption.

Dean Alford.

## A Royal Christening.

but not according to the playerBOOK.

From the daily papers we learn that the second son of the Duke of York Whs christened a few days ago. The royal infant was sprinkled with water brought from the river Jordan. Now we beg loyally to point out that the ceremony was not conducted according to the Praver-book. For the "Book of Common Prayer" does not authorize "sprinkling," as all who are well acquainted with that volume know very well.

Turning to that part of the Prayerbook which contains instructions for the "Publick Buptism of Infants," we find these words: "And then naming it after them (if they shall certify him that the child may well endure it) he shall dip it in the water discreetly and warily." "But if thes centify that the child is weak, it shail suffice to pour water upon it.' Now, there is provision for "dipping" and "ppuring," but none for "sprinkling" So as we , aid, the "rnyal christening" was not according oo the Praycr-book. And that was not the worst of it either. It was not according to the New Testament, which not only does not authorize "sprinkling," but does not authorize the baptism of infants, whether they be royal or plebeian:

## Gentributions.

## At Rest.

perer anderson.
nd Whosoever drinkeih of the water that I-shall give him shall never thirst."
"Shall nèver thirst"-O how our souls have thirsted
Fot something stable, in this whirl of change,
Whẹre all research seemed labor worse than wasted,
And nothing certain, far as thought might range.
When young we follow far the light of reason,
Deeming that truth alone shall be our guest ;
That blind assent to old beliefs is treason,
That we are stronger, braver than the rest. -

A:ld so we follow her perplexing phases To precipices that the soul appal,
Or, through entangled wilds and thorny mazes
To some impenetrable endless wall;
Or tread great circles, charmed by the delusion
That we indeed are gaining ground at last,
Until to break the spell of our illusion,
We reach some point we long ago had passed.
And still with fevered baste-while ve are able-
We never falter in the fruitless quest,
Till all the springs of life grow slow and feeble,
And all its channels "dry as summer dust."
Till, O how infuitely dark and dreary
Becones the world's great thirsty desert wild;
And we are weary, 0 how weak and weary,
Humble and helpless as a little child.
And we are human, like our fellow. mortals;
Not strong enough to live and die alone,
INot brave enough to pass alone the portals
That lead through darknesss to a land unknown.
And ther the Friend we never sought has sought us,
His touch has healed the heartache, stilled the pain,
And of the living water He has brought
Which they who drink sball never thirst again.
The channels of our lives are flowing over
With trust in God, pity and love for man;
f.nd if His plan we may not all discover,
We know that we are wozen in that plan.
The maddening old unrest no longer moves us;

Though much remains whereof we cannot tell,
We know the pitying Friend who found us loves us,
We know our Father reigns, and all is well.

## No Harm Can Come To-morrow.

anna d. bradley.
To day, in my reading, I became inspressed as never before with the abundant provision which has been made for you and me for all time to come.
Sometimes we, the children of the King, do become greatly burdened with keen anxiety for the morrow. We wonder if we will be able to accomplish this or that. We wonder if we will succeed in accumulating sufficient for our old age. We wonder if we will be able to properly educate our children. We wonder if this trial or that happiness will be ours. We wonder so many things concerning the ::orrow, while all the time we are but wasting our strength in needless anxiety, for our future is all the care of One who never slumbers nor sleeps.
The King, our Father, has pledged to us His protecting care, not for an hour or a day, but for a great while to come. Let us read a few of the promissory notes which we hold, and see for how long.
Listen, "I will never leave thee nor forsake thee." Does not that "never" extend over a long while? Does it not seem to imply that you and I need fear no evil, since $H e$ is with us all the way?
And now listen yet again while He puts words in your mouth and mine which drive away despair and give hope and courage for all tine to come.
"Surely goodness and mercy shall follow me all the days of my life, and I will dwell in the house of my Lord forever." Will this promise be exhausted when this poor hutle day is done? Rather does it not mean that you and $I$, for all our lives, will have all that we require, and, when we are called away, that wherever our Lord shall be, we will also be there with Him.
Here comes another promise, freighted heavily with such rich mercy. 'Nu good thing will I withhuld from them that walk uprightly." bumetimes these "good things" may come in shapes which you and I do not prefer, but He who sees the end from the beginning says: "Child of my ceaseless, watch ing care, be not afraid. My love is about you all the way. Oh trust to Me, and remember that 'blessed are they who have not seen, but yet have believed.'"
Who knows? Perhaps we often lose
the grcatest blessings intended for u: because we will not trust except where we can trace. Why is it that you and I so often say-by deed, if not b) word-" Except I see I will not believe"?
"Cast all your care upon Him, for He careth for you." Dear brother, sister, here is a most gracious provision made for every burden which, to-day or at any future time, can ever come to you or me. Through all the to-mor rows which may be ours He cares for us, and wants to bear our $\epsilon$ very burden.
And now listen yet again: "As thy day is, thy strength shall be." This looks forward to a great while to come. It pledges us that divine strength wi.l always be granted us to bear every divinely given burden.
How precious are these and scores of kindred promises! He who loves us pledges to us no transient blessing. It is not here :o-day and gone to-morrow. It is not a gift that will decay as the years grow old and die. So often our faith is small ; yet this Friend, so tender and so true, does not grow weary in his love, but still again reminds us, "Even to old age, I am He; and even to hoary hairs I will carry you. I have made you and I will bear you I, even I, will carry and will deliver you."
Do we still tremble because of the possible trials that may be ours? How dare we, when all the time He is whisperng, "When thou passest th:ough the rivers I will be with thee; the floods shall not overflow thee."
Oh, let us no longer wound the gracious heart that loves us, and that wants us to trust to Him. The rather let us say boldly to every danger that may threaten us, "The LORD is my Shepherd, I shall not want. Though I be called to pass through the valley and the shadow of death, still will I fear no evil ; for I know in whom I have believed, and I am persuaded that He is able to keej in sweet security all that I have committed to $H$ is hands. Through every to-morrow the Jord is my Shepherd."

## The Time for Building

Up the system is at this season. The cold weather has made unusual drans upon the vital forces. The blood has become impoverished and impure, and all the functions of the body suffer in consequence. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the great builder, because it is the One True Blood Purifier and nerve tonic.

Hood's Pills become the favorite cathartic with all who use them. All druggists. 25 c .

## Those Bibles. SPECIAL.

The Bibles have come and have been distributèd.
They are beautiful. books. even tetter than promised. The people are delighted with them.
And what is still more gratifying to announce, the offer is still open. The Bagsters have generously promised to send more than the 5000 at first ordered.
We strongly urge our friends to seize the opportunity still open to them to procure one of these splendid Bibles. Remember the Bible, the Disciple and the Templar for $\$ 2.50$, or with the cover of the. Bible leather lined $\$ 3$.
But note that, after this, every order must contain an additional Ten Cents, to pay postage on the Bible. Otherwise the Bible will be sent by express, not prepaid, which will mean 25 cents to the purchaser.

## How a Woman Paid Her Debts.

A lady in Lexington made the following statement: "I am out of debt, and thanks to the Dish Washer business.
" In the past six weeks I have made $\$ 530$, and teel like giving.other ladies the benefit of my experience. Dish Washers are in general demand, and anyune can sell them, with an immense profit to the seller.
"The machine is lovely. With is you can wash and dry the family dishes. in two minutes. I believe that in two years every enterprosing family in the United States will have a Dish Washer. You can get full particulars by addressing, The Mound Caty Dish Washer Co., St. Leuis, Mo.
"There is big money in this business for any bright lady or gentleman. I am going to make the most of this opportunity, and expect to clear $\$ 4000$ the coming year. I need the money, and why not make it ?

Miss C."


Higher, Step by Step.
Study the steps. Last year only one church reached the $\$ 500$ step in its offering for Foreign Missions, but more will go as high this year. Only one church reached the $\$ 400$ step. Note that 4 churches are to be found on the $\$ 300$ step ; 8 on the $\$ 200 ; 48$ on the $\$ 100 ; 87$ on the $\$ 50 ; 186$ on the $\$ 25 ; 617$ on the $\$ 10$ step.

Do not fail to note that 1402 churches passed under the $\$ 10$ stepthat is, 1462 churches gave less than $\$ 10$ each for Foreigh Missions; and only 1001 churches gave $\$ 10$ or more. Hugher, step by step!
All Scripture teaching, the deep need of the heathen world, the crying necessities of our mission stations, are all beckoning us on to higher steps. Will you not take them?
Will you not make a special effort to take your church one step hiylher this year? Try to make an average of $\$ \mathrm{r}$ per member. List year the Hyde Park Church, Chicago, numbering 35 mem bers, gave $\$ 80.65$-more than $\$ 2$ per member.

See that every member of your church is asked for a definite amount.
Do not fall below your full apporsionment.
The missionary force is larger than one year ago, and the receipts must be corre:pondingly increased.
No less than $\$ 50,000$ from churches as churches, in the March offering, should satisfy us. Make an effort to reach $\$ 50,000$ in one day.
Kcep in mind our watch-word: An offering from every church; a gift from every member.
Remember, Higher, slep by step 1
Let every church be ready, Monday
morning, March 2nd, to forward its full apportionment, or more, to
A. Mclear, Cor. Sec.,

Box 750, Cincinnati, Ohio.

## London.

The annual meeting of the church in London was held in the church building on Tuesday, the 14 th ult., the pastor, Bro. George Fowler, presiding.
Reports from the Sunday-school, Y . P. S C. E., Junior Endeavor, Ladies' Aid and Woman's Missionary Auxiliary; were submitted, which showed all these departments of church work to be in a prosperous condition, especially the Sunday-school, which has dcubled its membership during the year, the usual attendance being now about 160 and the nembership roll, 213.27 fron the schoul obeyed the $G$ spel.
The church treasurer's report showed a balance on hand after paying salaries, current expenses and interest on mortgage.
The Board of Deacons reported that about $\$ 200$ had bi en either subscribed or collected toward the reduction of the mortgage, and recommended that a commitee of five, to be selected from the different organizations in the church, be appointed to assist the dea cons in looking after the debt. The recommendation was adopted.

Bro. Fowler reported that during the year he had preached 100 sermons, a tended 130 prayer-meetings, made 1,200 calls, conducted 10 funerals, solemnized 4 marriages, and that there were 85 baptisms, 94 recelved into membership, 2 awaiting baptusm, 4 baptized who had not taken member. ship. Present net membership, about 200.

After the transaction of business,


## In Advanced Years

The strength and pure blood neocesary to resist the offects of cold seacons are given by Hood's Sarsaparilla.
"I have for the last 25 yourm of my life been complaining of a weaknees of the lunge and colde in the head, mpocially in the winter. Last fall I was agaln attacked. Readinǵ of Hóod'a sarsaparille I was lod to try it. Xam now taking the afth bottio with good results. I can poeltivoly say that I have not spent a winter as free from coughs or pains and diflecult breathing spalle for the last 25 years as wion last who tar. I can lie down and sloep all night Without any annoyance from congh or pain in the Iangs or anthmatic difliculty."⿹. M. Cramerre, J. P., Cornhill, N. B.

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

## Is the Only

True Elood Purifier
Prominently in the pablico eye today.

journed to the lecture room, where refresbments were served and a social time spent.
The church has made rapid strides during the gear ; one gratifying feature has been the large number of promising young men who have obeyed the Gospel and taken membership.
Bro. Fowler's Bible class for young men, organized two months ago with a membership of four, now numbers twenty-two.
Our church building is now altogether teo small to accommodate our Sunday evening's audience. Several times recently hundreds havc been unable to find seate, and were obliged to go elsewhere, although every available foot of space has Leen utilized.
Our Sunday-school room is also over crowded every Lord's day, notwithstanding that three of the classes are held in the church building.

It has become a matter of absolute necessity that we enlarge our building with as litule delay as possible.

## F. M.

Saul of Tarsus was not large in stature, but he was a giant for God wherever he went.


This diagram represents the heathen darkness and Protestant Christians in Japan. The total population of the empire, is $44,000,000$. Each square in this diagranı represent: © 13,000 souls. There are 72 squares. The black squares represent the millions in midnight darkness. The little white square represents the Protestant Christians.
The need in India, China and Africa is even greater than in Japan.
To change the black squares into white ones is the work of the church. This is the meaning of the viarch offering.
We ask all to remember especially the following:

1. That every church should tike the offering promptly on time. We will be glad to nave every church that raises its full apportionment telegraph us, Sunday night. Telegram prepaid. Each church that raises its full apportionment, or more, will constitute the Roll of Honor for the next annual report. Last year 546 churches raised as much or more than they were asked. We expect no less than rooo this year.
2. Last year 2403 churches made offeringe. We must reach 3000 contributing churches this year.
3. Hundreds of churches will give this year that did not do so last. if all will give now that did then, we are sure of a great gain.
4. Our work in heathen lands cannot go forward faster than the receipts from the churches will permit. We cannot enter Africa this year if we do not have the funds. Two young men are ready to go, but their full support has not been provided.
5. We ask each church that gave last year to make a gain of at least 25 per cent. this year.
6. Now is the time to help. Do not talk about " educating" and "growing" as a thing of the future. Now is the time of our missionary salvation. We made a good gain last year. Let us try to gain now, Churches, as churches, must not fall below $\$ 50,000$. This is a very modest request. Now is the
time to re-enforce the workers. Let every church do its best. Now is the time for an advance movement. God will bless us a thousand fuld if we will heed his voice as he calls us furward.
7. Sometimes the offering is delayed. Let it be sent promptly, Monday morning, March 2ad, if the cffering is all ready. In some cases the matter of remitling is deferred for weeks and even munths, and sometimes money raised for this cause is diverted to other purposes.
Remember our Watch-word. An offering from every church; a giff from every member.
Send to A. McLear, Cor. Sec., box 750, Cincinnati, Ohio.

## The $\mathfrak{F}$ unday $\mathfrak{m c h o o l}$.

Cuximitraz: James Iediard, Geo. Fowler, Mis: ..
The Owen Sound Sunday-school held its annual sleighing party last week. A good crowd present, a pleasant ride, and an unlimited supply of cuffee and buns. The whole thoroughly enjoyed.

I am pleased to have two bref and very interesting artucles for the column this issuc-one from Bro. Cunningham, of St. Thomas, and the other from Bro. Lhamon, of Toronts. Don't miss reading them.
J. I.

## The Young Men.

Dear Bro. Lediard: You have asked me for some hints on "How to keep the young men in the Sundayschool."

I believe it is agreed that there is no harder task before the S. S. worker than this, and therefore no more difficult question could be asked. But I must be brief.

1. Organize a class especially for young men.
2. Don't coax them to attend, or make them believe you are tickled half 20 death when they do come.
3. Get hold of two or three of the leaders, and others will want to follow.
4. When they come, introduce them to each other, if unacquainted.
5. In class, let them do most of the talking.
6. Appoint a committee to look after absentees.
, 7. Miss them when they are absent.
7. Visit them in their tomes.
8. Invite them to your home as a class.
9. Have them undertake some spe. cial work as a class.
10. Be interested in what interests
11. Get them into the church before they are joung men.
12. Teach them something.

By the use of sume such methods as these, our young men's class has gruwn from two to twenty-fur, strenteen of whum have becume Christans.
luuls, IV. D. Clinningham. St. Titumas, Dec. 14, '9.5.

## A Great Surday-school.

Dear 13ro. Lediard : Several months ago you requested me to write something for your Sunday-school department in the Discipi.p. I have not forgotten the request, but pressure of other work, and perhaps the lack of something to say, have stood in the way of an answer up to date. Since coming to Warren, however, I have felt that the latter obstacle, at least, has been removed. My delight in this great Sun-day-schoul and my study of it have given me, I think, something to say that will interest you.
The enrollment is about 600. The average attendance, about 400 . It is a great sight when the doors are thrown up, uniting, the auditorium and the lec-ture-room, to see both well filled with little folks and half grown boys and girls and young men and women, and fathers and. mothers, all intent upon Christ's disunctive work-that of being teachers and learners in His school.
The music is led by an orchestra composed of the following pieces: piano, two horns, clarinet, and three violins. I am told that the music has had much to do in building up the school. I have seen soldiers march, but I have never seen a military parade that interested me so much as the filing out of these t.undreds of young people, class by class, to their various rooms, keeping time to the music of this orchestra. At the close of the lesson the music of the orchestra calls them back again io the auditorium and lectureroom for review. Each class retires and returns, accompanied by its teacher. The attendance cards are m.de out and the collection taken before retiring to the rooms for the study of the lesson.

The teacher's class meets on Friday evenings, and is led by Mr. E. D. Snider, the superintendent, an enthusiastic and inceproachable young business man of the city. The pastor, Bro. J. M. Van Horn, altends these meetings and gives valuable help.

I suppose that yesterday was an àverage day with the schoul. Perhaps the severity of the weather kept some of the little folks away. But here is the secretary's report for the day. Officers, 13; teachers, 24 ; senior department,

125 ; intermediate department, 146; orchestra, 7 , primary department, 57 ; visitors, 20. Total, 395.

The conditiuns of a great school are, ist, a great church. This church has 800 mentbers. 2nd, A church building adapted to the work. This school is furtunate in its building. There are three parlurs and eight class-rooms, besides various hall ways that may be used for classes, and the auditorium and gallery. 3rd, Good music. 4th, A live, business-like, consecrated superintendent. $\mathrm{j}^{\text {th, }}$ l'cachers of like charactet, who consider it a joy and a privi lege to teach. Fraternally,
IV. J. Lhamon.

Warren, Ohio, Ficb. 17, 1896.

## Children's ratork.

Mrs. Jas. Lediard, Supt., Owen Sound, Ont. to whom communications for this department should be addressed.

## The Superinitendent Abroad.

Yes! very much abroad indeed, and having adventures, too, some of them not altogether pleasant either. I have been neatly tipped out of the cutter into a suow-drift, but as the good brother rather prided himself on the fact that he only did it once, I had to forgive him on the spot, and be thankful that no one was hurt. I have walked. miles and miles and miles up snowy lanes, that in June will only measure a few rods. I have been into pitch-holes so deep and steep that the first impres. sion was that I was going to be able to solve the problem as to what is in the interior of the earth; but before I could take any comfort out of the fact, the motion was reversed, and $I$ felt as though I was being "carried to the skies," but not on "flowery beds of ease" by any means.
On the other hand I have had the privilege of being at some very pleasant meetings of both women and children. have shaken hands with the friends of many years, and have received a hearty welcome and the utmost kindness from them all; and this has more than compensated for the superabundance of snow and its numerous disadvantages. Still, I have promised faithfully never to start on a tour in February agam, and I intend to keep my prom. ise, for a variety of reasons.

Missionary work in the country is surrounded with difficulties, and our sisters who are keeping on in spit- of them show a degree of perseverance which should be encouraging to the rest. The day for the meeting comes along, and sn many things may occur to hinder attendarce. Either the wea ther or the roads are bad, or both; or
else no horse is available, and, with the very iest intentions, our sisters often find it impossible to get there. It is a comfort to knuw that God docs not ask us to du impossitilities, but ducs enjoy seeing His chijdren bravely avercom ing difficulties in His strvice. I expect lo go back home the better for the trif in every way, with a futd of experience and help which will prove of great use to me in the work to which I shall re turn, if all is well, in a few days.

It will be a pleasure to all the read ets of this column to have a letter from oûr dear Miss Rioch again. It speaks for itself.
J. E. L.

## Deae Culldren:

You will be wishing to know how the little' ones in the poor school did at their examinations, and how many earned the Bibles fur learning the Sermon on the Mount off by heart. As I told you not long since, most of the bigger children of last year had left the school to go to work, so that left only a very few who were really old enough to attempt so great a task. The result was that only one boy won the prize. He learned most of it by hiniself at home, and could sing it off. The children always. sing their recitations here, chapter after chapter without hesitating. When at the closing exsercises of the school he was presented with the Bible, I thought, well, if anybody ever earned a book, that surely was the one. The child is only eight or nine years old.

In their other examinations they did much better, as far as seeing results is cincerned. The books some of you were making for them have not yet arrived, so other pizes were substiluted; but they were not received with quite se much pleasure, things from America being thought so much prettier.
You will ail be glad to learn that the new school will soon be built. Have at last secured the land and the men are at work on the foundation, which consists of about a dozen rocks placed at intervals for the logs of the house to rest and rock on in an earthquake. We expect to be in it not later than. March. How glad we will be when it is finished, you cannot imagine.
Will write you all about the opening in my next.
Dear children, don't forget to pray for us every day; we need it so much.

Wishing you a bright and happy new year, I remain,
Yours lovingly, Mary M. Rioch.

## "Alfred the Truth-teller."

In the days of one thousand years ago England was divided into a number of small kingdoms, and, naturally. there was much fighting between the kings for the overlordship. This fight. ing wais largely stopped by the incur-
sion of a people from the northern peninsula of Europe, commonly called the Dunes, who saited across the North Sea and swu,uped down upon the land with black flags flying from their mast. heads.
They were cruel foes, these heathen Danes. Wherever they went, they left woe, ruin and death in their track. At first, when they had their fill ot plunder, they would go away home for a time; but at last they krew so bold, they "sate down in the land," as the Saxon chronicle says. They helped themselves to horses, cattle, and the best of everything, moving to a fresh place when they had taken all there was to be had. Even this danger fiom a common foe did not make the little kingdoms much more kindly. No king would help arother if he could help it.
In the year 848 A.D, a son, Alfred, was born to Ethelwulf, King of the West Saxons, and Osberga, his wife, who was to be the deliverer of the people from the Danes.

Ethelwulf had his four sons-Ethelbald, Ethelbert, Ethelred, and Alfred -taught to be brave soldiers and daring huntsmen. They learned to read, t00, a great accomplishment in those days. That happened in this wise: Osberga, the queen mother, offered a prize to her sons, an illuminated and jewelled book of poems. He who learned to read firt 'should have the book. Alfred, though he was the youngest, won the prize. He was then $t$ twelve years of age.
Alfred grew up " more peaceful than all his brothers," beloved of the people and of his parents ; but his prominent position did not make him vain. He always remembered his own littleness and God's greatness. He always carried in his bosom a little book containing psalms and prayers, in which he read whenever he had a quiet moment. "One who knew and loved him well" (his friend Asser) "has written that so strong were his passions, yet so much stronger his dread of sin, that he entreated God to strengthen him against himself by any màlady, however painful, only that it might not make him imbecile or contemptible in his royal duties." And whatever was the cause, we know that Alfred suifered for many gears with a terribly painful complaint that no one understood or could relieve, but it never hindered him in his duy.
When he was twenty he was married to Elswitha, "a venerable and pious lady." Three years later he became king. He had helped his brothers, who had all held the throne before him, to fight the Danes, but they had not been able to subdue them for very
long, much less to drive them out of the country.
For some time after Alfred's succession he could make no headway aganst his foes. He was driven from his palace and was forced to take refuge in the hu of a swineherd named Denewulf. The swineherd's wife seems to have keen a qui $k$-tempered, roughongued woman. She set the king to watch the batley meal scones she was haking before the fire. Naturally he forgot them and they scorched. She scolded him angrily, telling him that though he was too proud to turn them, he would be glad to eat them. I think the king must have laughed a little to hims. lf, sad as he was. Of course she didn't know he was King Alfred.
All the winter of 878 Alfred, with his wife and two children and a few friends, hid from the Danes in the marshy istand of Athelney. When spring came the people had gathered strength and inspiration from the rourage of Alfred, whom they had mourned as dead, and there was fierce, terrible fighting. They were well matched, the English and Danes, for they were of the same stock and spose much the same language; but the English fought for their homes and their God, and they conquered.
The Danes agreed to settle down in he country, and to become Christians. In time they became good Englishmen. In all his dealings with the covenantbreaking Danes, Alfred was generous and true. It was from them he won his title of "Alfred the Truth-teller."

Comparative peace being restored, Alfred set himself to build up his king. dom. For the remaining twenty-three years of his reign he was engaged in hard, practical work for his people. He built a fleet, improving upon the model of the Danish ships, and all men capable of bearing arms were trained as soldiers. He endowed schools, enforcing the education of the nobles. "The lad must bide at his book till he kens it," he said. His own two children he trained himself so well that his daughter Ethelfed was as accomplished and brilliant a ruler and soldier as his son Edward.
He arranged in a code, or list, the laws that had been framed for his people, bl: put the ter commandments first. He instituted trial of a criminal by jury instead of the old way by ordeal.
Alfred is salled "the father of English literature." In those days books were written in Latin, and few had time or opporlunity to learn it. The king, anxious that his people should be enlightened, translated all the books he had into English. He caused a chronicle to be kept of the events of the
umes-realiy the first English history.
He knew all about the training of horses and dogs, and the care and feeding of cattle and swine. He disdained no knowledge. His people loved him greatly, and feared him too, tor they obryed his laws.
En ${ }_{6}, r$ nd has had many a brave wacror to rule suer her, but Alfred only is called the Great. He was Great because he was Good. 'This was the atm of his life.
"I have desired," said he, "to live worthily while I lived, and after my life to leave the men who should be after me a remembrance in good works."

Agnes.

## North American Life Assurance Company.

The annual statement for 1895 of this solid and progressive Company has just been published, the official returns to the Dominion Guvernment having been promptly mad: on the 3rst of December last, at the close of its year's business. The report shows that substantial and sulid additions have been made to the insurance in force, assets, net surplus, the movements of which items from year 12 year indicate prog. ress or the reverse of a company.
There are $f$ sur items in a life insurance company's statement from which a very good idea can be obtained of its progress or retrogression. If these items are carefuily compared at the end of certain years, the company's record and standing can be ascertained. The items referred :o are cash income, assets, net surplus and insurance in force, and at the end of the last three quinquennial periods of the North American were as follows :

Cash Insurance Net Incos..e. Assets in Force. Surplus $1885 \$ 153.401$ \$ $343,746 \$ 4.849,287 \$ 36,001$ $1890 \quad 354,6091,034,32510,076.554127,149$ $\begin{array}{llll}1895 \\ 581,47^{8} \\ 2,300,518 & 15,442,444 & 495,218\end{array}$
Durins the last quinquennium it will be observed that the cash income has increased by 64 per cent., the assets by 122 , the insurance by 53 , and the net surplus by $2: 9$.
The operations for 1895 were more successful than in any past year. Policies issued exceeded $\$ 3.000,000$, the cash income reached $\$ 58 \mathrm{r}, 478$, while the sum of $\$ 67,000$ was added to the net surplus, now amounting to over $\$ 405,000$, after setting aside $\$ 25,000$ out of the year's earnings as an additional contigency reserve fund to an ticipate a change in the basis of valuation. The solid character of the Company's assets is vouched for by the comparatively small amount of interest due, and the failure to find among them any trace of such undesirable items as
"commuted commissions," "agents" balances or advances," "bills receivable." The North American claims 2 higher ratio of assets to li bibilities than any other Canadian company, and compares most favorably in this respect with the very best of the American companies.
It is well known that mere size does not always guarantee strength or ability to make satusfactory profit returns to policy-holders, and this is practically borne out in the record of the North American Life, for not only is it relatively about the strongest life company in the field, if we gauge strength by a comparison of assets to liabilities, but it has for several years past been paying handsome returns under its investment policies, which has tended to make the Company one of the most popular in the Dominion, and a favorite with its agency staff. As an evidence of this, It may he mentioned that several policyholders have just received from this company a return under fifteen-year investment policies, which have given them insurance for the term named, and then returned the whole of the premiums paid with compound interest thereon, at the rate of about five per cent. per annum. Certainly such a result as this should satisfy any policyholder, and no doubt will attract the attention of intending insurers to the special forms of investment policies issued by the North American.
The success of the Company and the high standing it has attained owing to its splendid financial position, must be exceedingly gratifying to all those interested in the Company, and also to those who watch the progress of our Canadian institutions. It has an excellent staff of officers, and the mention of the name of the President, Mr. John L. Blaikie, is sufficient to inspire confidence and give assurance of caution and skill in everything connected with the investments of the company, while the name of the Managing Director, Mr . William McCabe, F. I. A., is sufficient evidence that all that experience and actuarial skill, so essential to the success of a life company, is being exercised in the management of the North American. In the effurts made by Mr. McCabe to push forward and promote the interests of the company, he has almays been ably assisted by Mr. L. Goldman, A I. A., the Company's Secretary since is inception.
Give your child to the street, and you will give the world a thief.

## F GUARANTEED CURE <br> For DY8PEP8A <br> IS FOUMD <br>  <br> Mic.

## Disciple of Christ

AND CANADIAN EVANGELIBT, PUBLISIIED SEMI-MONTIILY

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In ordering change of address, be sure to give the old post office as well as the new.

## HAMILTON, MAR. 2, 1896.

"Go....speak.... to the people atL the words
of this lifc."
Take a look at the label on this copy of your paper. If it shows that you are in arrears, please remit the amount due at once.

## The Premium Bible.

A brother writes to us under date of Feb. 24 h , giving his opinion of the Premium Bible. We give it here, omitting names:
"Dear Bro.,-1 received the Bible all right. It is a beautiful book, better than I expected. I showed it to Mr. -, editor of the -- Times. He was surprised at the beauty and value of the Bible. He said that they purchased one for a young lady at the book store, for which they gave $\$ 4$, but it would not compare with this one. I highly appreciate your prize."

Owing to the fact that the Bagsters sent out many more Bibles than first promised, we are able through the kindness of the Templar Pub. Co. to continue this great offer a little while longer. See notice on another page.

## From a Catholic Standpoint.

"If those who decry Separate Schools in Manitoba, and who talk much about the beauty of seeing the Catholic and Protestant youth of our country grow up side by side, are honest, they will remove from the schools Bible lessons, prayers, religious exercises and every emblem and evidence of controversial or objectionable Christianity, and make the schools absolutely secular. Are the Protestant divines, or is even Dr. Dewart, prepared to accept this? So far as my somewhat extensive intercourse with Protestant ministers of religion goes, it leads me to conclude that such a proposal would be bitterly opposed as subversive of Christianity and meriting condemnation. But the same men conveniently forget that on the ruined fabric of the Separate Schools :hey are erecting educational institutions that are niore or less Protestant and certainly that are not

Catholic, therefore when Separate Schnols are abolisted by law common justice demands that there shall be a clean sweep made of everything Christian in the Public Schools, so that Jews, Mennonites and Christians of every sect shall feel that they are all on a level plane. There is no other fair termination to the step that was taken when the Separate Schools were abolished; but there will be much fainting by the wayside by the Protestant ministers of the Gospel before they reach this goal of perfect equality."

The above is clipped from a letter which appeared in the Globe of Feb. 25 th, over the name of Peter Ryan, 2 prominent Roman Catholic, well known to the readers of the secular press. Mr. Ryan does not say that he himself favors Secular Schools, but he says, and he proves too, that if "common justice," and what is "fair." are to be regarded, then if Separate Schools are to be abolished, the Public Schools must be made secular. From what we have heard and read, we have not the slightest doubt but the Public Schools in Manitobz are Protestant Schools, and it would therefore be an outrage of the grossest character to require Catholic children to attend them. We do not know that the Catholics of Manitoba would be satisfied with Secular Schools, but we are entirely with them in their opposition to Protes. tant Schools.

## Omnibus.

Announciment.-Notice is heleby given that the Secretary of State of Ohio, on the 5th day of February, 1896, changed the name of the General Christian Missionary Convention, to the American Christian Missionary Society.

Bene. L. Smith, Cor. Sec.
Here is a good thing from the Surday School Times:
"To be sympathetic is more than 27 act. It is a state, or condition, a veritable trait of character. The man who lives outside of himself, lives in the spirit of others. He is not merely a bearer of their burilens, a sufferer of their pains, but he encourages them, uplifts them to joyfulness. Weeping with them that weep does not forbid hum from rejoicing with them that rejoice. He goes out to his neighbor, not at a call of duty, but on an impulse of love."

In our most serious judgment there are two zreat dangers confronting the Disciples just now, namely: ist. A spirit of compromise with denominationalism which is characterizing some preachers and churches. 2d. A spirtt of sectarianism which makes matters of expediency or methods of bork tests of Christian felluwship. This sectarian
spirit appears to be growing among our "anti" brethren. - South Kentucky Ezangelist.

Rev. R. A. Burriss, B. A., of Bowmanville, filled the appointments in the Baptist Clurch here last Sabbath, having exchanged with pastor Marshali. His discourses were vigorous and thoughtful expositions of his texts, especially the one dealing with "the church for the times." Such a church as he describes, and desires, is just the one needed. It would " fill the bill" exactly. Wr. Burriss has a good voice, and, with a mind of his own, is fearless in the enunciation of his convictions. We shall be glad to hear him again. Oshawa Reformer.

A brother in St. Thomas writing under date of Feb. 27th says: "We have hig meetings, packed houses, confes. sions every night. Never had such an interest here."

Canon Dumoulin vigorously denounced gambling at one of his noonday meetings in St. James' Cathedral, Toronto, last week. He said this to the women: "Your euchre parties, your poker parties-the very name is suggestive of turning and stirring up the everlasting fires-are magnificent. schools for educating young men who come to your homes and partake of your hospitality, as expert gamblers."

At a meeting in the Massey Hall, Toronto, on Feb. 27th, conducted by Rev. G. C. Grubb, Mr. Mallard is reported to have read Acts x. 34-44: The next tine he reads that passage we would suggest that he continue his reading to the end of the chapter.

We all rejoice with Bro. Geo. Fowler and the I ondon shurch over the fine showing made on page three. The news that comes from London and St. Thomas about people being habitually unable to get into the churches is very cheering indeed.

It is painful to think of what those poo: Armenians are suffering. It seems strange that the so-called Christian powers of Europe can not put a stop to the dreadful work.

## (3) bituaries.

Monterth - John Monteith died at his late residence, 249 York St., Hamilton, on Feb. 9 th, 1896 , being in his sixtieth year.

Mr. Montieth was a man of a remarkably fine disposition. He was long in charge of many workmen, whom he treated with justice and

## BOOKS !

2yE are not in the Book Business, but so many write to us abous books that we have decided to make the following proposition:
We shall send any book published by the Disciples in the United States-Hymn Books excepted-post paid and duty paid upon receipt of the publishers' price.

## All orders sent to

## GEORGE MUNRO,

## North Barton Hall, Hamilton, Ont.

will be filled as quickly as possible. :
A good book to begin. with this winter is McGarvey's Ser, mons-price, $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$. A brother who has recently procured a copy, says, he gets fresh light from every seimon he reads.
humanity. He look 2 great interest in the uplifting of the working classes, and had very decided views as to how that might be largely furthered. He was a deeply pious man, a lover of God's Word, and a strong believer in the doctrine that what the world most needs is that men should believe, receive, and realize the teachings of Jesus Christ. He was an elder in the Central Presbyterian Church in Hamilton, and for many years a teacher in the Sunday-. school. To his widow, who is a faith. ful member of our church in this city, and to his only surviving daughter, we tender our heartfelt sympathy. His departure is to them a present loss, to him an eternal gain.

Ellis.-On the $25^{\text {th }}$ inst., the remains of Bro. James Ellis were conveyed to the cemetery, followed by many relatives and friends. He had been a member of the Meaford church some 30 or 40 years. Always faithful to said church, and never swerved from the faith. He was 71 years of age.
Feb. 26ih, 1896.

## College Notes．

## contributions．

M．İ．，Providence，R．I．．．．．．\＄t 00 Miss M．Wells，Bondhead．．．．． 200 Harry Stevens，Aylmer．．．．．．．．．$\$ 500$
Richard Gilbert，St．Thomas．．
． 200
The second term of the Bible Schoul at St．Thomas，Ont，opened with twenty students in attendance．This institution can and doubtless will be made one of the most valuable supports of the cause of a pure gospel in Can． 2da．－Christian Gwide．

Already sonse of the Young People＇s Societies have contributed to the Col－ lege Fund．We invite every Society to make an offering．The young people should be specially interested in the College．

Copies of the＂＂Announcement of the College of the Disciples，St． Thomas，＂and pledge cards，have been sent to all the churches in the Province．The College Board will be thankful if the attention of all the churches be formally drawn to the fact that the College is in operation， and that contributions for its support are solicited．

Bro．C．A．Fleming，of the Northern Business College，Owen Sound，got up the announcements and pledge cards． They do credit to his printing office． n forwarding them to us，Bro．Flem－ ing wrote：＂I trust that you will re－ ceive them all right，and that they will do the work they are intended to do．＂
hooks receiven for library．
Received from Bro．John Tripp， Dunbarton，the following books：

Benj．Franklin＇s Sermons， 1 vol．； Josephus， 2 vols．；History of All Re－ ligions；Reason and Revelation；The Living Pulpit ；seven copies of Lard＇s Quarterlies．

T．L．F．
As the College Session has now but one month to run，the Board urgently requests the churches and brethren to send this month a contribution to the College Fund．Every church in the Province should take an interest in the College．It is destined to be a great blessing to the cause．Every Disciple should help a little，if he cannot help much．

G．M．
The United States House of Repre－ sentatives did a good piece of business on Feb． 24 th，when it passed 2 resolu－ tion prohibiting the Secretary of the Interior from spending any of the money appropriated for education in a sectarian institute．

## かo－operation litetea

CONTRIBUTIONS．
Church，I iondon
.$\$ 1285$
S．S．，London．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 650
Mrs．Harry Stevens，Aylmer．．． 500
Churches desiring help to assist in holding protracted meetings can be assisted to a limited extent by the Board．This is for churches really too poor to bear the expenses of a mecting．

The Co－operation Board is not a bank，into which money can be paid and withdrawn with interest at call．It is a missionary society，which uses the funds for the spread of the Gospel．
Several good meetings have been held recently at various places in the Province．Bro．Cunniugham is now engaged in 2 splendid meeting in St． Thomas，with a number of additions．

It is not too late for every church to do something along the line of special work before the snow melts．

To those who have in mind the opening up of new mission stations next year，we would say that blank forms will be sent at any time，which you can fill out and forward at your convenience．The committee in charge of this work would like to have the requests in hand some time before the Annual Meeting．
Please remember this，and do not leave it of until the June meeting．

T．L．Fowler，Cor．Sec．
Box 1093，St．Thomas．

## A．Model Letter．

We commend to our preachers，and o the churches generally，the letter given below．It was addressed by Bro．Cunningham to each member of the churcli in St．Thomas before the special services now in progress began． －Edrror．

Sr．Thomas，Ont．，Feb．8，＇g6． My Dear Fellow Worker ：
It has been thought best by our Official Board that we undertake to hold evangelistic services this winter without the ard of an evangelist．I be－ lieve we（not I）can do this success－ fully if we are all willing to try．One thing is sure，we can count on the Lord doing His part．
This is the plan：Let each of us se－ lect two or three persons who are not in the church and strive to win them． First ask God to help you win thein． Then call for them and bring them with you to the services．Call attention to anything in the Bible reading or sermon that you think would help
There is an ever increasing de－ mand for the beautiful Photos turned ont from．Alorrow＇s photo studio， 181 King St，E．，Eamiltom．
them．Ask them to＂come with us．＂ They will offer excuses．If you cannot anciver them，perhaps I can help you． Don＇t argue．Speak the truth in love （Eph，iv．15）．Don＇t get discouraged， for God has promised success（Gal．vi． 9．）Let us do this＂for Christ and the Church，＂and there is no reason why we should not have fifty additions in the next two weeks．
With hopes that you may win some stars for your crown．I am，

Yours in the work，
W．D．Cunningham．

## Doung Deople＇s שCllork．

FOR CHRIST AND THE CHURCH．
Compirtax：W．W．Coulter，H．L．MeKinnon． Miss A．M．Hall．

C．E．Prayer－Meeting Notes． geo．Fowler．

Mar．8．－Heroes of Missions．－2 Cor． xi．23．28．（Let each Endeavorer give an instance of missionary heroism．J

Gcd＇s heroes have not been confined to one age，to one generation，to one nation，nor to one dispensation．Man knows but few of the many faithful ones of God．There are to．day among all peoples，heroes and heroines who are krown only by the Lord． Thus it has been，and is，and ever shall be．
We are but living in the dawn of missionary effort．The church has but touched the fringe of the mighty gar－ ment of heathen darkness．While the children of God have been wrangling over old，useless，musty，confusing theological dogmas，untold millions of our fellow men have been living in gross darkness．The church is awak－ ing．She is shaking herself free from the shackles of human traditions and foolish speculations，and is arousing herself to the stupendousness of her mighty nisssion．Christ＇s last commis－ sion was to preach the Gospel to all the nations of the earth．－Eighteen and one－half centuries have gone into the eternity of the past，and how little has been accomplished．Christian Endeavorers，arise in the puissance of the spirit of the living God and tell to every inhabitant of the globe，of Him so willing，so loving，so mighty to save．We must not think that all the heroes of missions are in the heathen lands．There are many in the home fields．B．L．Smith，corresponding secretary of the G．C．M．C．，writes of men who are preaching in weak mission points，that have mortgaged their household effects，spent their little
JHERE IS NOTHIMG LIKE $\mathrm{Ca}_{3} \mathrm{D}_{2}$ FOR NERYOUSDYSPFPSIA．


## 

＂The Shadows of Good and Faithful Men；＂viz．：

## JAMES BLACK． DUGALD SINCLAIR， JAMES KILGOUR， EDMUND SHEPPARD， ALEXANDER ANDERSON， C．J．LISTER．

## \＃卫卫卫I

to every paid－up subscriber to the Disciple who has not already received a copy．To all others，for the nominal price of

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## THE WEEK－

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One of the ablest papers on the continent．＇
Ilustrated Americe：




## D．L．SINCLAIR，

 Barrister，Solicitor，Notary Public，Etc．Oppicks－Canada Life Building， 46 King Stree West，Tosonta Telephone 2392．

Is ordering goods or ii making inquiries concerning anything adjectised in this paper， you will oblige the publisher as well as the advertiser by stating that you saw the adper． tisement in Thr Discipla．
savings，etc．，in order to preach Christ． We could mention the names of some in Ontario who are real heroes in mis－ sionary work．It is no sacrifice to give liberally，when you have an abundance left．
＂Unoccupied mission territory to the extent of $4,000,000$ square miles still exists in Central Africa，an area larger than the whole of Europs．＂
（Concluded on next page．）
"At a Sunday-school celebration at Hilo, a woman was seen weeping and wringing ber hands. When asked the cause of her sorrow, she said. 'With my own hands I destroyed eight of my children. To day not one of my descendants is alive. Oh, why did nut the missionaries come sooner?"

It is inporsible, in the space at my dispusal, in more than mention some noted $m$.onary heroes. Every C. E. Socicty should have a missionary library. For forty cents a volume, I can furnish any C. E. or S . S with the lives of such new as Cares, Williams, Livingstone, Chalmers, Moffat, Marin, Geddes, and many others. They should be in every home.

Mar. 15 .-K'ceping our pledge in spirnt and in letter.-Matt. xxvi. 31.41.

We hear much about the letter and the spirit of the fuspel. What do we understand by such an expression? In connection with this there is much confusion. "A law of lettet is based on external relations, and deals with the external and the visible. We do not mean to say that the Jewish law, which Paul styles emphatically, 'the letter ' (2 Cor. iii. 6), had no spirit. It had. It was, as Paul says, 'spiritual' (Rom. vii. 14), but the people were 'carnal, sold under sin,' and its spiritual import was unknown to them. So far as it had authority over them, it was the authority of the letter, and could be no more than this. Men must themselves become spuritual, if they are to be the sulijects of a spiritual law. The very letter of the new covenant is spirit. Ihis letter of the new is the spiritual interpretion of the old covenant." If we, then, talk of the letter and the spirit of the Gospel, we are certain to be confused, for the Gospel itself is spinit-the law is letter.

This will enable us to understand the meaning of keeping the pledge in spirit and in letter. It would be an impossibility to keep all the pledge in letter only, for the very first sentence excludes everything that is not the direct result of trust in God-" trusting in the Lord Jesus Christ for strength, I promise Him."

Without this implicit, child.like con. fidence in our Saviour, we cannot keep the C. E. pledge, all attempts would be but mockery. Our trust in God grows stronger and becomes more Christlike.

We must remember, Christian Endeavorers, that it is no evidence of our spirituality to ignore or change or $r$. fuse to obey Christ's plain command. ments.

Our trust in God is based on love. Jesus says, "If you love Me, keep My commandments."

Al of the duties specified in the C. E. pledge-" doing His will," "reading the Bible every day," "prayer," "supportin: the church," "attending the services of church," etc., are spiritual, and we keep the pledge in spirit when its letter is kept, "trusting in the loord Jesus Christ."

## eithurch fitews.

Items or Church News should be pointed and
brief. What can be cleafly written on a post card will
be usually ample. To ensure prompt insertion all
llems for this department should be in the editor'.
hands at least five (s) days before the date of pub. hands at least five (s) days before the date of pub. ication.
Tononto, Cecil St.-B o. Paul is doing some very acceptable preaching in Bro. Lhamon's absence. His field hould be in the ministry. Last Sunday evening three young sisters were baptized. They had demanded bap. ti:m after study of the Sciptures, and had come to the decision independently of outside assistance. In view of their age and someother circumstances their action is remarkable, and furnishes another proof of the soundness of the New 'l'estament teaching and position of the Disciples of Christ.

Com.
Harwich.-The last Lord's day in February the Disciples in Harwich held their anniversary meeting at the Creek. The meetings were well attended, several being present from Blenheim, Ridgetown and other points. It was a genuine pleasure to meet with these brethren and wituess their earnestness and zeal. Bro. V. G. Charlton has his hands full in this field. The brethren speak in the highest terns of the work and worth of Bro. and Sister Charlion. There are four points where Bro. Charlton preaches to good audiences. The work being done here is but an illustration of what might be done in scores of other places if wa had the preachers. We hope to have them after a little while. T. L. Fowlra.

St. Thomas, Feb. 26.-One confession and six bapusms last night. Our little "dome tic meeting" is growing to large priportions. Many are being turned away, unable to find standing room. Sixteen additions the last eight days. Our Student Volunteer Band was permanently organized yesterday, with Miss Ada Hicks, president, and Mr. Erwin Stafford, secretary.
IV. D. Cunningham.

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## Church Directory.

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afier the model of those below.

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at 8:15 p. m.
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Geo. Munro, Minister.
Toronto.-Cecil Street (near Spadina Ave., W. J. Lhamon, 435 Euclid Ave., Minister. Services:
Sunday. if a. m., 7 p. m.; Sunday School, 3 p. mu.; Junior Endeavor, 4.15 p. m.; Senior Endeavor, 8.15 p. m.

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Fiday, Teachers' Meeting, $8 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.
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St. Thomas-Church, corner of Railway and Elizabelh streets.

Lond's Day Services.
Pullic worship, 11 a.m. and 7 p. m. Mission Sunday school; 9.30 a. m., Junior E. Society, $10.20 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. Sundal-school, $3 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. Welnesday evening Prayer-meeting, $8 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. C. E. Suciety, Friday, 8 p. m. Strangers weicome to all seiv ces.
W. D. Cunningham, Pastor. Residence, 43 Mittchell St.
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Geo. Fowler, Pastor, Residencr, 376 Lyle St.
Guelph-Bridge Street Church.
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J. B. Yeager, Minister.

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This department in conducted by a committee, com.
osed of Mrs. $A$. IE. Trout, Owen Soumd : Miss Mi. posed of Mrs. A. F. Troul, Owelt Soundi, Miss M. Munro، North liatton llall, Ilamilion.

All contributione for the Womanis Missionary Societs are to be sent tu Niliss l.. V. Mioch, Cur. Sec., 225
Matia St., Hamilton, Ont. Maria St., Hamilton, Ont.

## From a Far Country.

2 Kubo Machi, Otsuka, Knishi Kawa Ku,
'Toxio, Japan, Jan. 24, 1806.
To the Ont. and. Mar. Prov. C. IV. B. M.

Dear Sisters: Christmas has come and gone, with its swect never-lo-beforgotten memories. The examinations, not only of the wumen of the Training School, but also of the girls, have passed, and we are busy now on the next term's work. I waṣ particularly pleased with the papers, esilecially those of the women. Ihey showed hard, conscientious work duing the past term. The ginls did much better than last term; only two had fair marks- the others exceptionally good -one of the little girls coming alongside one of the older girls in taking the highest number of malks.

Then, tco, we marked this Christmas by forming a benevolent society, the girls giving up the Christmas entertainment in the house, so that the money to be so spent might go to buy food for the poor. Besides this, we all collected our old clothes, etc. (some of the children giving up their playthings), and for some days before Christmas making them over into coats, dresses and undergarments.

Then the policeman of the neighborhood was interviewed, and asked to give the names of the deserving poor in our immediate vicinity. He gladly consented, but a day or two later when the committee went to get the names he said it was a hopeless task. There were so many, he did not know where to begin, and advised them not to give to anybody, as it would be impossible to give to ail. "For," said he, "if they gave to some, the others would feel jealous, and likely make it so un. pleasant for them, that they might wish that they too had been overlooked. It would be better to wait, and as they met with poor families, to help them as they saw fit." This was rather cooling to the girls' enthesiasm, but, after due consideration, was thought the better plan. Those families that we knew and thought it best to help were seen to, and the remainder of the money and clothes left to do therr mission of good at some future time.

One of the teachers in the house having taken scarlet fever frightened me a little on account of the girls, until her relatives, who are in good circumstances, took her to the hospital, where she is doing nicely, it being only a slight attack.
The Sunday-schools are about the same as usual, the one in the house becoming more steady in its attendance. The woman's mecting in the school always has a geod attendance, and they all seem so earnest in their attention to the lesson, but are slow to accept their Saviour, who has been waiting so palienily for them to come to Him.
After much trouble we at last rented the lot on which the old house where the charity school was held stood, and the new school is on its way to completion, The rent of the lot will be about $\$ 2.50$, which seems high, but we could do no better. I trust it will meet with your approval. Shall be able to tell you nore about it in my next.
Hoping you will not cease to pray for us, and wishing you a happy, bright new year,

I am, yours lovingly,

> Miaky M. Rlocif.

## Bible Scrapping.

Rev. Dr. David Gregg, in the sermon which he preached at the installation of Rev. T. De Witt Ialmage at Washington, gave a body-blow to "grasshopper exegesis." He said: "To be Bublical a minister must not only declare what he finds in the Bible, but he must declare it in its Bible connection. Bible facts wrongly placed and wrongly applied are wholly un-Biblical, and have no more power in binding conscience than a decree of the devil. They are repulsive to the soul, they are deceptive, they are erroneous. This is a truth that many preachers frequently overlook." Dr. Gregg is to be commended for his frankness.-Con. gregationalist.

## From the Terrors of Dyspepsia.

Rev. L E. Roy, St. Jovite P. O., - When I commenced using K. D. C. I had been suffering several years from dyspepsia; I tricd several remedies which gave me little or no relief. I got relief almost as soon as I commenced the K. D. C., and now I am well and feel like a new man. I can highly recommend K. D. C. to sufferers from that ierrible disease, Dyspepsia.
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## Triterary Protes.

To Publishers, -All books, tracts, pan phlets, magazines, etc., intended for notice or eview in this depritment must lie addiessed o the Editor of Tilf Discides of Cirist, North Barton IIall, IIamilton, Ont.

To many thinking men aud women the "institutional church" seems hardly, as yet, an established reality. I's purposes, scope, and management are not widely compre hended ; and yet the movement is one of the nost remarkable activities of the modein philanthropic and religious world. A number of great institutioral churches, with all their educational and rescue agencics, may be found busily at work in the large cilies of this countuy to-day, and the work of several will be described i: The Suntay School Tinnes by noted leaders in this field. In the issue of February 22, the Rev. John L. Scuader writes: "The keynote of institutional work is ministering to the entire man, and intertsung yourself in every department of his being ;" and he pro ceeds to tell how this is cone at the jersey Chty Tabernacie, in its tive buildings teeming with busy wolkers, and planned to suit the special needs of the conmumity. Jomis D. Wartles \& Co., Philadelphia, Pa.
R. H. Wcodvard Company, Baltimote, Md., announce a new book, "Story of Tuikey and Armenia." This bock will contain a full and graphic account of the recent Armenian mastacres, which have aroused the civilized world. A number of articles have been written by men of international reputation tor this took, and it will be beautifully illustrated with nearly one hundred engravings, and will be sold ty subscription.
The Theasuiy of Religious Thought for March comes with its usual full array of Homiletic and Christian attraction. RevRoss Taylor's articles on Africa, with the full illustration and virid fortrayal of the nork of his great missionary father, hold, as they deserve, a foremost place. An Easter Service frem Rev. G. B. F. Halleck brings before us in timely season the Emply Tomb and the Risen Christ. The sermons in this number, by Rev. Dr. Barton, of Boston, and Rev. Dr. Gregg, of Brooklyn, are of unusual ability and attractiveness. Prof. Small continues interestingly his historical account of Denominational Characteristics, Methodism forming the subject in this instalment. Prof. Hunt gives a thoughtful paper on Bryant, which is the opening chapter of a volume to appear next month on American Meditative Lyrics.
Annual subscription, $\$ 2.50$. Clergymen, $\$ 2$. Single copies, 25 cents. E. B. Treat, Publisher. 5 Cooper Union, New York
" What and Why," a statement of the Faith held and taught by the Disciples of Christ, being a sermon delivered by IW. D. Cur.ningham, Pastor Chuich of Christ, SI. Thomar, Ont., Jan. 26, 1896. This sermon is a good indication of the oggressive work carried on by Bro. Cunningham in St. Thomas. We take space to quote and commend the closing paragraph: "One thing more we believe. We balicve that no Christian can consistently teach, ur practice, or encourage the tcaching or practice of what he believes to be ciror. We believe that God's truth shouli not be sacrificed for carthly friendships or associa. tions. Thicrefore we uge all Christians who find themselves associated with those who word to sacrifice cuen dearest fiendships and associations, and stand with us on God's word alone."

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\frac{\text { A. a'lkan. }}{\text { No. xix:-A Wect in Tokyo. }} \underset{\text { (Continued.) }}{ }
$$

The next day we visited the Preshy. terian college, and saw the President and several of the professors and some of the work. The buildings are spacious and suitable. In the Theological Department there are fifty students; in the Literary Department about the same number. There is no lack of schools in Tckjo. Nearly every societs has felt that it must train its own workers, and must cducate the young people connected with the churches. There are schools represinting ever; variety of doctrine. In one of these. so it is said, there are no text books, only lectures and essays. The faculty is composed of Christians, Buddhists, Shintoists and Confucian. ists. All have the same object in view -search for truth wherever it may be found. The men connected with this school do not build churches, impose creeds, nor pay salaries to preachers, nor import forcign organizations, nor ieproduce foreign cults. They wait for attd help along foreign effort, which is honestly ditected toward gaining the highest truth and securing the best life in religion and morals. It is a poor way 10 search for truth to overlook Him whe said, "I am the way, the truth and the life."
Most of Thursday was devoted to 2 conference with the missionaries. We had accounts from all as to the present condition of the work and the outionk. The work in the schools and the meetings tor women and the rork in the several chapels were reported. Plans for enlarging the work were discussed. The need of 1 school in which evanselists shall be trained was emphasized the general feciing is that no college ior scientific or literary training is needed, because the Japanese schools are excellent, and this work can be done in them inore economically. In answer to a petition from the believers in Akita for a missionary family, Mrs. and Dr. Stevens voluntecred to go to the north. They will be more thar threc hundred miles from Tokjo, and far removed from any Americans, but they E . joyfully, because they feel that
the Lord's work there requires their presence and service.

That day we visited the Imperial Museum near by and saw many things relating to Japanese antiquities, art, manufactures, mineral and agricultural resources. We had a bird's eye view of Japan. In the park we saw the tree General Grant planted and some of the camels captured at Port Arthur.

The following day was devoted to a conference in the home of Miss Scolt and Miss Hostetler. All the workers in Tukyo representing the Disciples of Christ were present. Mr. and Mrs. Madden reached tise city the night before, and were on hand to be introduced to the workers and the work. After a brief address by President Guy E. S Stevens read a paper on "Entering Upon the Work." He drelt upon the need of a holy life and enlarged upon some missionary methods. It was a thoughful paper. The discuss on was lively and profitable. Prof. Axbill called attention to the use of such phrases as " our church," "our plea," and "our position." He prefers 10 speak of Christ's position and plea and church. Miss Scott rcad a paper on "Charity School Woik." She gave an account of her own school, as she knows that better than any other. Her school is in one of the poorest parts of the city. Here are lepers and people with other terrible diseases; the blind and the lame; children clad and unclad, looking hungry and wretched. When the people get up in the morning, they carry off and pawn their bed for enough to buy food and drink. If they can earn enough in the day tu redecm the bed, they have it to sleep on during the night. The boys called the woily ers "foreign fools" and "forcign cats." They threw stones into the houses and made noises about the place, or abused and teased the chil. dren coming out of the school. Buddhist priests circulated falschoods about Christians. But the work grew and prospered. She has now over one hundred children. They are taught reading, writing, composition, geography, arithmetic, physiology and practical Christianity. The Bible is taught every morning, and Christian songs are taught once 2 reek. A new spirit has crept over the valles. The policeman speaks of the children as quiet and orderly, whercas they had been the bane of his life. The teach. ers are known and respected.
C. E. Garst read a paper on "Industrial Work in Missions." Great care ! must be taken not to pauperize the Ipeople by doing 100 much for them. The better plan is to give them some work while in school, so that thes
may pay their own way. At the creation every tree had its " seed in itself." So Christianity is intended to be self propagating.
At the close I spoke about the work at home, and my innpressions of what I had seen since reaching the field We had a good day together. The workers in Japan are of one heart and one soul. They keep the unity of the Spirit in the bonds of peace.
On Saturday morning the Advisory Committee held a session for business. Later in the day we visited the Garst family. One of the many joys of this vistt was a talk with Dr. Verbeck. He was born in Holland and educated in a Moravian school. After coming to America he entered Auburn Seminary. On his graduation he was sent to Japan. This was in 1859. He was one of the first four to enter Japan as soon as the doors were opened. He could not preach publicly, but, like Paul, he dwelt in his own hired house and received all that came in unto him, preaching the. Kingdom of God, and teaching those things which concern : - d Jesus Christ. An old priest brou- three young men to him. He ato he was too old to begin the study of Christianity, but asked him to take his young friends and teach them. An old doctor came by night to talk and to get many books for friends in the country. Dr. Verbeck baptized the second convert in Japan. He told us about $i t$. The first convert died a few hours after his baptism. The com mander of an army found a copy of the New Testament in Nagasaki Bay. Through an interpreter he learned that it was a good book, and that he could get a copy in Chinese in Shanghai. Being ordered to return home, he kept up the study of the Bible and got four others to join him. He sent to Dr. Verbeck and asked him if he would give him instruction in this book. Once a week he sent a trusty messenger to Nagasaki with an account of his progress and with 2 request to explain some difficult passages. He sent because he could not leave home himself. This rent on for over two years. One day the commander appeared before his teacher and asked for baptism. After due examination he was bap. rized. Then he told of the New Tes tament that he had found iwelve years before. The baptism was private. The commander was ready to die for the faith, but if it was known that he was a Christıan, his whole family would have been exterminated. At that time Christianity was "the vile doctrinc," and its acceptance was a capital crime. This man kept his faith till the last. Every day he took his family into a
private room and read and expounded the Scriptures. Fourteen years later a daughter and a female servant sought baptism.

Dr. Verbeck had much to do with education in Japan. Two young men came to hin to study the English Bible. About a year after they returned bringing two sucking pigs as a thankoffering for his teaching. They had been examined that morning and had carried off the highest prizes. The success of these young men led the Government officials to seek Dr. Verbeck's services in an English school to be opened at Nagasaki. Afterward be was invited to Tokyo. Here he became the adviser of the Government in all matters pertaining to education and in other matters as well. He was principal of a school that had over a thousand scholars. This school is now part of the Imperial Universty. His influence for good has been immeasurable. Several years ago he severed his connection with the school and returned to his work as an evangelist. He is in great demand as a preacher and lecturer. He is called for in all parts of the Empire. One of his greakest works was his share in translating the Scriptures into Jrpanese.
Dr. Verbeck is a hale and joyous old man, and 2 fine specimen of the Christian gentleman. He is as young in spirit and as full of fun as a boy. He has seen the Empire opened, and has seen the day when 40,000 souls confess that Jesus Christ is Lord of all. In recognition of his great services to the nation, the Government has granted him and his family a special passport, giving them the right to trade, sojourn and reside in any part of the Empire

Dr. Verbeck's life is an illustration of the words, "Always abounding in the work of the Lord." To meet such a man and to hear him talk makes one feel proud of his race.

At the request of the General Secretary, I delivered an address before the Young Men's Christian Association. There were over ihree hundred present. In that audience there were more brains and more promise than in all the priests and worshipers I had secn in the temples. Most of them could understand English. For the sake of those who could not, the Sec. retary interpreted for me after I had finished. All our own workers were present. The association has a fine building. It cost $\$ 30,000$ silver. Most of the money came from America. A number of eminent men, among them the Chief Justice of Japan, are among the directors.
It was a busy and happy weck. I
saw all the charity schools, and some of the work in the meetings for women. I met the Christians for conference and visited the warkers in their own homes. As scarcely any two live within five miles of each other, this took time. There were many callers at the howe where I was entertained. They came early and late. Sometimes there was no leisure; no, not so much as to eat. I think I saw and heard about every side of the work. The week closed with a service of song and thanksgiving to God for his loving kindness.

## On a Bicycle Tour.

a clergyman's experience with long, hard kiding.

Has Travelled Fully 3,000 Miles On liis Wheel-He Makes Some Refiections on the Benefits of the Sport, and Tells of the Dangers.
From the Utica, N. Y., Press.
The Rev. W'm. P. F. Ferguson, Presbyterian Minister at Whitesboro, whose picture re give below, will not be un. familiar by sight to many readers. A young man, he has still had an extended experience as foreign missionary, teacher, editor, lecturer and pastor, that has given him a wide ar.quaintance in many parts of the country.

In an interview, a few days ago, he said:
"In the early summer of '94 I went upon a tour-through a part of Ontario on my wheel. My route was from Utica to Cape Vincent, thence by steamer to Kingston, and from there along the north shore of the lake to Toronto and around to Niagara Falls. I arrived at Cape Vincent at five o'clock, having ridden against a strong head wind all day.

"Afer a delightful sail through the Thousand Islands, I stepped on shore in tha: quaint old city of Kingston. A shower had fallen, and the strects were damp, so that wisdom rould hare dic-
tated that I, leg-weary as I was, should have kept in doors, but so anxious was I to see the old city that I spent the whole evening in the streets.
"Five o'clock the next morning brought a very unwelcome discovery. I was lame in both ankles and knees. The head wind and the damp streets had proved an unfortunate combina. tion. I gave, however, little thought to it, supposing it would wear off in a few hours, and the first flush of sunlight saw me speeding out the splendid road that leads toward. Napanee.
"Night overtook me at a little village near Port Hope, but found me stil lame. I rested the next day, and the next, but it was too late ; the mischief was done. I rode a good many miles during the rest of the season, but never a day and seldom a mile without pain.
"The winter came and I put away my wheel, saying, 'Now I will get well,' but to my disappointment I grew worse. Some days my knces almost forbade walking and my ankles would not pernit me to wear shoes. At times I suffered severe pain, so severe as to make study a practical impossibility, yet it must be understood that I concealed the condition of affairs as far as possible.
"From being local the trouble began to spread slightly and my anxiety increased. I consulted two physicians and followed their excellent advice, but without result. So the winter passed. One day in March I happened to take in my hand a nerspaper in which a good deal of space was taken by an article in relation to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I did not at that time know what they were supposed to cure. I should have paid no attention to the article had I not caught the name of a lady whom I knew. Reading, I found that she had been greatly benefited by the use of Pink Pills, and knowing her as I did I had no doubt of the truth of the statement that she had authorized.
"The first box was not gone before I saw a change, and the third had not been finished before all signs of my rheumatic troubles were gone to stay.
" I say 'gone to stay;' for though there bias been every opportunity for a return of the trouble, I have not felt the first twinge of $1 t$. I have wheeled thousands of miles and never before with so litte discomfort. I have had some of the most severe tests of strengih and endurance, and have come through them withcut an ache. For example, one afternoon $I$ rode seventy miles, preached that night and made fifty miles of the hardest kind of road before noon the next day. Another instance was a 'Century run,' the last forty miles
of which were made in a downpour of rain, through mud and slush.
"You should think I would recommend them to others? Well, I have, and have had the pleasure of seeing very good results in a number of :instances. Yes, I should feel that I fas neglecting a duty if I failed to suzgest Pink Pills to any friend whom I knew to be suffering from rheumatism.
"No, that is not the only disease they cure. I personaly know of a number of cures from other troubles, but 1 have needed them only for that, though it would be but fair to add that my general health has been better this summer than ever before in my life."
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