

# Gazette

31 MAY 1917 J. A. JOHNSTON Publisher.

## CARRICK COUNCIL.

Town Hall, May 28th, 1917.

Carrick Council met this date pursuant to adjournment, all the members present. The Reeve in the chair. The minutes of last meeting were read and adopted.

The Court of Revision was then constituted, all the members being duly sworn. The following appeals were heard and disposed of:—

Henry Halter's assessment was reduced \$150; A. Oppermann's assessment was reduced \$300; Geo. Kuennemann's assessment was reduced \$200; Chas. Buhlman's assessment was sustained; Marion Hogg's income assessment was struck off, being absent; Wesley Stemler and Jos. A. Hesch had dogs struck off the roll.

### FINANCE REPORT

The following accounts were referred to the Finance Committee and recommended to be paid:—

Sawyer Massey Co., shear for grader.....	11.70
Formosa Elec Light Co., street lights for six months.....	57.56
P Diemert, filling bridge, blind line.....	5.40
Printing and advertising.....	5.60
Hy Schmidt, hauling lumber.....	1.75
Isaac Gowdy, rep grader.....	7.20
S F Herring, sal as assessor.....	140.00
Hy Schultheis, work on road drag.....	2.70
M Filsinger 1 mtg and 2 dys R&B.....	7.75
L Doering 1 mtg.....	2.75
J Montag 1 mtg.....	2.75
A Lewis 1 mtg 1½ dys R&B.....	6.50
C Wagner 1 mtg.....	2.75

### STATUTE LABOR

D W Clubine 154½ hrs work.....	27.04
Gus Schnurr 30½ hrs work.....	4.58

Mr. John Renwick, secretary of Trustee Board of Union P S S No 3, Howick and Geo McIntosh, secretary of Trustee Board of P S S No 11, Carrick, were heard in connection with Mr. E J Peltier's appeal.

Lewis—Montag—That Mr E J Peltier's assessment be divided equally between the two above named School Sections, and that the Clerk prepare a by-law confirming the same.—Carried.

Messrs. E Siegner and B Goetz, representing the local branch of the United Farmers of Ontario, asked Council for the free use of the hall for their monthly meetings.

Montag—Wagner—That the U. F. O be given the free use of the hall, they to pay fuel and light.—Carried.

By-law No. 13 was read a first time.

Doering—Lewis—That by-law 13 be now read a second and third time and finally passed.—Carried.

Communication from the Normanby Council was read, asking that all monies and work expended on Boundary Roads be supervised by Commissioners, instead of by Statute Labor.—No action was taken.

Montag—Doering—That Messrs. Filsinger and Lewis be a Committee to look after the construction of the Darling and Kunkel bridges.—Carried.

Lewis—Wagner—That the Council do now adjourn to meet again on Monday, the 25th day of June next for the transaction of general business.—Carried.

### Farmers' Excursions Cut Off.

There will be no farmers' excursions to the Ontario Agricultural College at Guelph, during June this year, the cause being largely due to the fact that the railways are too busy to spare the trains, and they have cut off the excursion rate. This announcement will not create any great surprise, as last year the excursions were slimly attended, and this year the farmers are busier than ever. Now that the work of the college reaches the rural communities through their district representatives, the effect of the knowledge gained on the excursions is not nearly so great.

### King's Birthday Program.

The program for the patriotic celebration here on King's Birthday, Monday, June 4th, is a very attractive one. The opening feature will be the parade of all the school children of Carrick, which will take place to the grounds at 1 o'clock after which the competition in songs and drills will take place. The Ayton and Mildmay baseball clubs will meet in their first league game at 1 o'clock, after which the two machine gun sections from London will give their demonstration. This will be followed by a game of baseball by Walkerton and Harriston. At 7 o'clock a demonstrated automobile parade will be held, for which five liberal prizes will be given. The concert in the town hall in the evening will bring the day's proceedings to a close. The proceeds will be devoted to patriotic purposes. The Moltke band has been engaged to furnish the music during the day. The need for funds is very urgent and every family in Carrick should be represented at this celebration.

## CARLSRUHE.

Mr. Adam Quantz was in Stratford last week attending the funeral of his aunt.

Mrs. Henry Stroeder of the 8th Con. who went to the Bruce County hospital last Friday and was operated on Saturday morning, is at the time of writing in a very critical condition. Her many friends wish her a speedy recovery.

The St. Joseph Sisters from the house of Providence, Dundas, made their annual call here on Monday. They were accompanied by the Sisters of Deemer-ton.

Mr. Alex Zettler from Walkerton made a business call here on Thursday.

Peter Kroetsch and Lenhart Fisher visited friends in Teeswater on Sunday.

Mr. Anthony Himmelpach and his niece, Mary Ruetz, visited John Ruetz in Walkerton on Sunday.

About 30 farmers in this neighborhood signed up to do Statute Labor with team for 1 day free of charge, on the leading road in Brant Township and we hope others will take this example and should not hesitate in lending their assistance in doing Gratis as deemed necessary in their own beats in our townships and thereby saving trouble and expense in the future.

The food famine cry is getting dumber as potato plants have made their appearance in Mildmay, and the outlook is still more favourable and it will be only eight more weeks till harvest. So cheer up and hope for better days.

## Public School Report.

May

V Class subjects: History, Geography, Grammar, Algebra, and Composition.

Lloyd Doering 57%, Gertrude Duffy 56, Henry Hauck 48, Arthur Keelan 45.

IV Class subjects: History, Geography, Grammar, Arithmetic, and Composition:

Sr. IV—Tena Remus 77 (honours), Clayton Fink 72, Gladys McNamara, 61, Ernie Miller 61, Beta Hunstein 59, Peter Thompson 57.

Jr. IV—Hilda Schneider 63%, Buelah Lambert 51, Edward Schneider 47, Louis Privat 45, Herb Miller 43, Gloria Reuber 31, Hazel Duffy 23, Walter Schnurr 23.

Room II.

Jr. III.—Honours—Laugreta Hamel, Cathryne Miller, Harold Lewis, Harvey Schneider. Pass—Ruth Vollick, Hilda Pross, Wesley Filsinger, Joseph Lewis, Below Pass—Katie Lewis.

Sr. II.—Honours—Zelda Finger. Pass—Wilfred Brown, Irene Harper, Dora Siegner, Gladys Duffy, Irene Weber. Below Pass—Matilda Miller, Harvey Vollick, Olive McNamara, Edna Seiling, George Weber, Norman Weber.

Jr. II.—Honours—Malcolm Bridges, Orville Kalbfleisch.

Sr. I.—Pass—Elma Lewis, Arthur Schneider.

Jr. I.—Honours—Rudolph Siegner, Marion Finger. Pass—Walter Weber, Milton Filsinger. Below Pass—Irvine Harrison, Gilbert Lewis, Garfield Culliton, Dorothy Vollick, Leslie Gowdy.

Primer—Brooks Hogate, Wilbur Kalbfleisch, Ray Lewis, Mildred Remus, Pearl Weber, Lloyd Coutts, Melinda Heimbecker, Vera Duffy.

## NEUSTADT

Mr. Art Weinert of Listowel spent Sunday at his home here.

Mr. C. Steet of Elmira was in town on a few days business.

Mrs. W. A. Moore and Mrs. Garnet Morre are spending a few months visit in Detroit.

Mr. Jim Hair spent a few days visit at his home near Orillia.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Lang and son Clarence spent Sunday in Deemer-ton.

Mr. Becket of Owen Sound was a visitor in town on Monday.

Quite a few from outside places attended the song service in the Baptist Church on Sunday eve.

A lot of machinery came for the New Knitting factory. In the course of a few weeks she will no doubt be in full swing.

The committee on the interests of the Knitting factory we understand want 35 girls by July.

Miss A. Darroch visited at her home near Harriston.

The opening game of the Saugeen Baseball League was played here on Monday eve between Moltke and Neustadt. A very clean interesting game was played but it resulted in a nice defeat for Neustadt. The score was 5 to 4 in Moltke's favour. James Hair of Neustadt empered the game very fairly, but then, our team hasn't got the "beef".

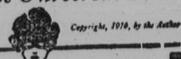
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# The PURPLE MASK

by Grace Goward

Novelized from the Motion  
Picture Play of the Same  
Name by the Universal Film  
Mfg. Co.



## SECOND EPISODE.—(Cont'd.)

An unusual incident led to a final decision. As she lay upon the couch Pat imagined that she heard someone at the door of her boudoir, and to divert suspicious began pacing across the room, coming nearer to the door at each turn.

Suddenly she threw the door open, and Jacques, who had been listening, tumbled helplessly into her room and sprawled upon the floor. Pat shut the door with a quick move and commanded Jacques to be seated.

"There is work for you to do, Jacques, and unless you do as I command, I will turn you over to the authorities." Having said this, Pat remained silent, looking Jacques keenly in the eye, as if to let her remark steep into his crafty brain.

"I saw you steal the jewels last night. I followed you to Chat Noir—and it was I who knocked the jewels from your hand. If I were to surrender you to Sphinx Kelly there would be a long prison term in store for you," Pat continued. And as she spoke Jacques sat silently listening stoically to all she said.

"Give me up, if you like, Miss Pat," he finally mumbled. "I guess I can stand a prison term if you insist—"

"But I don't insist," Pat chimed in. And then she made to Jacques an astonishing proposition. The crafty Frenchman's eyes fairly snapped as she unfolded her scheme. And in the end a compact was formed between this beautiful girl and the crime-hardened Apache that was destined to set Paris agog, lead the police a merry chase and, most of all, to involve Pat and Sphinx Kelly in many adventures.

"You must make me queen of the Apaches," Pat demanded. "From the proceeds of our work I will take only a percentage for charity—that is all I am going to work for; that is all I shall demand. My position in society will protect me and your influence with the Apaches will do the rest. Keep this bargain and your reward will be abundant; betray me and I will turn you over to the authorities."

Patricia Montez and Jacques then shook hands, binding their strange compact. And to each, the word of the other was all-sufficient.

"You and I will start working together to-night. The Cafe Chic will be a good test of our skill as a beginning." And Jacques promised that he would be at the Cafe Chic, prepared to do the bidding of his leader.

Old Jakobski drove a hard bargain and devoted his attention to getting rich at any deal where he could turn a banknote. He bought art subjects from struggling students, forged signatures to them and sold to gullible buyers the cheap works at extraordinary sums. He dealt in jewels, made

loans and conducted a general business in securities.

Although he was eager for money his vanity made him anxious to be seen in public places, and to be pointed out as "the rich Mr. Jakobski" and Cafe Chic was one of his favorite haunts. Pat noticed him when she entered with her aunt and took a table near the wealthy broker.

"There's Jakobski now," Pat whispered to Mrs. Van Nuys. "I'm glad he has not seen us"—and as Pat looked toward Jakobski's table she saw him draw from his pocket a string of beautiful pearls.

"Just look, auntie, dear," Pat whispered. "That string of pearls would alone give us money in plenty for charity." And the girl continued to watch closely as Jakobski fondled and displayed the pearls to his companion, with the evident purpose of effecting a sale.

It was a few moments later that Sphinx Kelly entered the Cafe Chic and looked over the crowd, passing carelessly down the aisles, in a manner to attract as little attention as possible. But Pat's quiet eyes discovered him before he had been in the spacious cafe many moments.

"There's the Sphinx, auntie," said the girl, indicating by a glance the direction in which Mrs. Van Nuys might look to find the man who had returned her jewels.

And there was one among the waiters who Pat knew was Jacques:

The brilliantly lighted cafe was a scene of revelry. The space cleared for dancing was filled with flash-



Pat at the Cafe Chic.

dressed denizens of the Parisian cafe. The bands played, waiters scurried here and there filling orders, and the scene was altogether one of gayety typical of night life in the brilliant city.

When Pat raised her handkerchief to her lips Jacques saw her signal and was soon standing behind her chair. Instantly he caught Pat's instruction—to watch and wait his chance to get the pearls that Jakobski was still, his great vanity, displaying to his companion. The two men were interestedly talking, evidently about the pearls.

Jacques moved away. He had arranged that another Apache should be near to respond to signals, and in a few moments the plotters had made their plans. While the band was playing the guests were dancing and the scene of revelry was gayest, the electric lights were suddenly thrown out and the place was thrown into darkness.

There was great confusion, and an instant the Cafe Chic was in an uproar. Sphinx Kelly had seen the Apache approach the switchboard that controlled the lights, but was too far away to intercept the move, and when in an incredible short space of time the lights again flashed up, Jakobski was lying prone upon the table, his head resting on his forearm and his companion making signs of distress as he shouted his alarm.

"He was just showing me the pearls," the man said when Kelly had forced his way to Jakobski's table.

"Did you see anyone approaching?" said the Sphinx.

"Not that I noticed," Jakobski's companion replied. "Suddenly the lights went out; I heard a strange sound, as of someone striking a blow, and when the lights flashed up again there was Jakobski as you see him knocked out."

The bag Jakobski clutched in his hand was empty.

Kelly stooped to the floor and picked up a perfumed handkerchief. A hurried glance disclosed an initial. The Sphinx looked over to the table where Pat and Mrs. Van Nuys were seated and, after a moment's consideration, advanced toward them.

There was a wild, frightened look in Pat's eyes as she saw Kelly advancing. When he neared Mrs. Van Nuys' table the Sphinx reached into his pockets, drew forth a pair of handkerchiefs and stepped up to the thoroughly frightened girl.

(To be continued.)



**EAGLE** MOTOR STYLE  
Write to-day for our big  
**FREE CATALOGUE**  
showing our full line of Bicycles for  
Men and Women, Boys and Girls—  
Tires, Coaster Brakes, Wheels, Inner  
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Saddles, Equipment and Parts for  
Bicycles. You can buy your supplies  
from us at wholesale prices.

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27 Notre Dame Street West, Montreal.



**OF**  
**BREADS**  
**CAKES**  
**PUDDINGS**  
**PASTRIES**  
The only flour publicly and  
universally guaranteed  
not bleached, not bolted.

## Crops of Steel in Verdun Fields.

"Prometheus," the organ of the German iron trade, makes an elaborate calculation as to the quantity of steel which is now lying on the hillsides round Verdun. According to military reports, it often happens that as many as one million shells daily were fired from guns of various calibres. If, however, one million shells are taken as the weekly average instead of the daily average, we reach almost incredible totals. Taking the ground fought over as 260 square kilometres, and the average weight of the shells as 90 lb., no less than 1,350,000 tons of steel exploded on the area in question. This weight is sufficient to load 135,000 heavy goods wagons and works out at 13 tons of steel per acre. Taking the price of scrap steel at \$17.50 per ton, we have a crop of steel worth about \$225 per acre—a crop which "Prometheus" thinks is worth garnering.



### Shorthorn Cattle & Oxford Sheep.

Present Offering in Shorthorns:—  
Young Bulls from 8 to 10 mos. old, by same sire as Junior Champion, Female, at Leading Canadian Fairs, 1915.  
In Oxford:—  
Choice Ram Lambs by Imported sire.

**JAS. G. THOMSON**

### Shorthorn Cattle.

Winners of the Silver Medal at the Northern Exhibition for the past three years.  
Choice young stock of both sexes on hand on hand.

**H. H. Pletsch**

R. R. NO. 1, CARLSRUHE  
Lot 13, Concession 13, Carrick.

**J. A. WILSON, M. D.**  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

HONOR Graduate of Toronto University Medical College. Member of College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario. Office and Residence—Elora Street North MILDMAV.

**DR. L. DOERING**  
DENTIST MILDMAV.

HONOR Graduate of Toronto University Licentiate of Dental Surgery, and Member of Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario. Has opened up his offices next to C. Schurter's Millinery, Entrance on Main Street. All the latest methods practiced in dentistry. Visits Ayton every first and third Saturday, Clifford every second and fourth Saturday, and Newstead every second and fourth Tuesday of each month.

### No Guesswork.

Our method of testing eyes and fitting them with glasses, is modern, up-to-date and scientific.

**THERE IS NO GUESS-WORK**  
It costs you nothing to let us examine your eyes.

If you are suffering from headaches, pain in back of eyes, or vision is blurred, or you get dizzy easily. Something is the matter with your eyes. We fit glasses that relieve the strain.  
Prices Moderate.

**C. A. FOX**  
JEWELLER & OPTICIAN Walkerton

### SPRING TERM at the

**NORTHERN Business College**  
OWEN SOUND, ONTARIO

Opens on Monday, April 3rd  
Students are admitted any time. Young women should begin making preparation at once to fill the places of the office men who have enlisted.

Write for particulars and circular.  
C. A. FLEMING, F. J. A. PRINCIPAL  
O. D. FLEMING, SECRETARY  
For 35 yrs.

### R. H. FORTUNE.

AYTON ONTARIO

LICENSED AUCTIONEER for Wellington, Grey and Bruce. Reasonable rates and satisfaction guaranteed. Arrangements can be made at this office.

Spend the Summer Months in

**ELLIOTT Business College.**

Yonge and Charles Sts.  
TORONTO, ONT

It will pay you well. Great demand for our graduates. We were asked to fill 126 positions in two months and 249 during two other months. Do not delay. Register now. Large catalogue on request. College open strictly First-class in all departments.

W. J. Elliott, Principal.

### Beat Up His Neighbor

Murdoch McKenzie, a big burly farmer from near Glamis, while returning from Cargill on May 8th called in and beat up his neighbor, George T. Haines for statements that the latter had made about him in Cargill. Haines laid a complaint against McKenzie before a Kincardine Tp. magistrate, and when Constable Collins came around to serve the papers on the defendant, the latter negotiated a settlement by giving Haines \$3 to soothe his injured feelings, as well as passing \$2 to the victim's wife, besides financing all the costs of the action, which required a total outlay of \$12.70. After the settlement however, McKenzie was hailed before Magistrate Jas. Tolton and Robt. Richardson in Walkerton on Friday last to answer for his assault upon Haines, as well as to defend himself against a charge lodged by License Inspector White of being drunk in a public place. The trial, which lasted all Friday afternoon and most of Monday p. m., developed into quite a swearing match as to whether McKenzie was intoxicated or not. Lawyer Klein, who appeared for the prosecution, tried to prove the crime on the defendant, while Lawyer McNab was equally zealous in his efforts to clear his client. The result of the wordy contest was that McKenzie was acquitted of the booze charge, while the magistrates decided to refer the question to Crown Attorney Dixon as to whether the accused could be punished for an assault that he was already supposed to have settled. Herald & Times.

### The 1917 Chevrolet

The great number of Chevrolet cars in use throughout this country is an indication of their splendid record last year. They have made good under all conditions. They stand up, and they give the owners perfect satisfaction and good service. They can be operated at the lowest possible cost, and practically free from repairs. No car in the world has the "pep," the "get away" that the Chevrolet possesses. In traffic they are handled at ease by lady drivers and when speed and power is wanted you have it in abundance. The Chevrolet has overhead valves which insure the power, and saves more gasoline per mile than any other make. This car is strong and firmly built with cantilever springs, and has no side motion. No other car is as easy on tires, and nothing will give you so much pleasure at so little cost. The Chevrolet is the lowest priced car built in Canada and has all the equipments of the higher priced machines. When you buy a Chevrolet you do not require to put on extras, it is fully equipped. Order your car now and make sure of delivery, and have the full summer's enjoyment. Price only \$695 f. o. b. Oshawa. Sold by Herrgott Bros.

A young lad about 15 years old walked into the police station at Guelph the other morning just after the arrival of the train from the north, and asked for assistance to continue his journey to Toronto. He stated that his home was in that city, and that he had been working for a farmer near Alma. Some time ago he and some other boys were sent from Toronto to work on farms. He was escorted as far as Elmira, where he was told to stop at the hotel over night, and he would be called for next morning by the farmer for whom he was to work. His employer called for him and took him to his farm near Alma. He was to receive \$1.80 a week. At the end of the first week he received only \$1.10, the balance being deducted for his night's lodging at the Elmira hotel. The boys working hours were from four in the morning until seven at night, and he got so played out in a short time he had to tell the man he would have to go home. The generous farmer supplied him with 70 cents, which was just enough to bring him to Guelph, where he arrived without any money. After telling his tale to Chief Randall, the latter said he would see he got home.—Mercury.

Swede turnip growers are urged this spring by the seed branch of the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, to endeavour to secure and transplant a few sound roots to produce seed for themselves and their neighbours. Owing to the abnormal conditions now prevailing, there will likely be very little swede seed for planting in the spring of 1918 unless our Canadian swede turnip growers make provision for their own supplies by growing the seed themselves. Canadian supplies of swede and most other field root and garden seeds formerly came from Europe but this supply is now practically cut off. The prospects for home grown seed have been reduced by the present price of swede turnips for food purposes, as it would now take nearly two hundred dollars worth of full grown swede turnips to transplant an acre for seed purposes. This factor has had the unfortunate effect of reducing the area in the eastern provinces that would otherwise have been planted for the production of swede seeds.

Bread is now selling at 12c for the half pound loaf in this town. This is quite a change from the days of 20 loaves for one dollar. In England the four lb loaves are selling at 28c, but that is not white bread.

## Good Goods and Right Prices are the Ideal of this Store.

### White Canvas Shoes.

These are shoes of quality and not cheap trash. White shoes are all the rage for this summer. Get yours now while sizes are complete.

### Sport and Outing Shoes.

We have beautiful white yachting shoes for the girls and ladies.  
Also good serviceable brown duck tops for men and boys.  
The boys and girls will be happy in a pair of our outing shoes on May 24th.

### Ladies' Dongola, Patent, and White Slippers.

We are showing excellent values in these lines and many are below today's manufacturers prices.

### Middies and Blouses.

With the arrival of The Good Old Summer Time you will be looking for Middies and Blouses. Look in this store, we have them in good quality and fair prices.

### Patriotic Cushion Tops and Hangers.

Some splendid designs and values at 25cts to \$1.00.

### The Morning Cup of Coffee.

How the delicious brown nectar whets your appetite and makes you enjoy breakfast. We have good coffee in abundance. Wd never buy anything else. 25, 30, and 40cts per lb.

### Bulk Teas at old Values.

Bulk Teas at old values 30 to 40cts per lb.  
Liptons, Royal and Minto Teas now worth 55cts at 40cts. per lb.  
Cowans and Liptons Cocos at 10c and 25cts. per can.

Choice Sunkist Oranges at 20, 30, and 40c per lb.

Luscious Ripe Bananas 25c per doz.

Pineapples at 15 and 18 cis each.

Choice Prunes at 15 and 18cts. per lb.

Fancy Dried Peaches 2lbs. for 25cts.

Cooking figs 3½ lb. for 25c.

### Schneider's Sausages.

They are the best on the market and need no introduction. A trial will convince you.

Terms—Cash or Produce

Highest market values paid for Produce

## HUNSTEIN & KNECHTEL

GENERAL MERCHANTS

### Germania Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

ESTABLISHED 1878  
HEAD OFFICE AYTON

The Oldest, Cheapest and Safest Company in the Province.

Amount at risk, over four million dollars.

This Company pays market cash value for live stock killed by lightning.

**J. M. Fischer**

Agent - Mildmay

### Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 6th day of July, 1917, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years. Six times per week over Clifford No. 3 Rural Route, from the 1st of October, 1917. Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Clifford, Drew Station and Lakelton, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector, London. Post Office Department, Canada. Mail Service Branch, Ottawa, 25th May, 1917.

C. C. Anderson, Superintendent.

Frank Webber, Ford dealer at Listowel, was awarded judgement for \$75 at Division Court Wednesday, in his suit for \$100 against Mr. Geo. Spurr, business college proprietor, of Walkerton, for balance due on rent of a car. Barrister Terhune appeared for Webber and Holmes, of Wingham, for Spurr.



# Overland

TRADE MARK REG.

## Motor Cars

**Light Four** \$975  
**Roadster** - - \$950  
**Country Club** \$1110

f. o. b. Toronto  
Subject to change without notice

### A Car of Pleasing Design

The design of the new Willys-Overland Light Four is notably pleasing and satisfying in lines and proportions.  
Crowned fenders, sweeping in their curves, and unobstructed running boards, emphasize the long, low appearance.  
This car is a beautiful example of the modern tendency toward straight, flowing lines.  
The attractive finish—in keeping with the other distinctive qualities of this Willys-Overland car—completes its thoroughly stylish appearance.  
And the tremendous volume of the Willys-Overland factories makes it possible to offer this efficient, stylish and comfortable car at a reasonable price.

**PETER REUBER, AGENT.**  
MILDMAV, ONT.



Willys-Overland Limited, Toronto, Ont.  
Willys-Knight and Overland Automobiles, Commercial Cars

J. G. Armour, famous meat-packer, of Chicago, urges the United States government to take over all the wheat the farmers can produce, guaranteeing them \$1.50 per bushel. He says if this is not done, his country will find itself next fall and winter in the same condition as European countries. The government should regulate the prices, and let everyone produce. Mr. Armour, strange to say, also advocates that the government introduce two meatless days a week, and put it into force at once. The war is doing wonderful things. Here is a celebrated meat-packer advocating people to cut off eating so much meat.

### Dr. Minifie Drops Out.

A citizen who wrote to Dr. Shearer of Toronto, head of the Belgian Relief Commission of Canada, regarding Rev. Dr. Minifie, who was soliciting aid for the Belgians throughout this community received word this week that Dr. Minifie had not been connected with Belgian Relief work since March last. Owing no doubt to his recent sad bereavement and trouble, which, it is thought, has somewhat affected his mind, Dr. Minifie neglected to pay one or two bills here, including a hospital account for \$68.00 which the Commission forwarded cheques this week to cover.—Herald & Times.

Although China has not yet declared war on Germany, 90,000 troops from the Celestial republic are on their way to France to assist the Allies, according to Rev. I. Mellon Menzies, who recently returned from China. Rev. Mr. Menzies who has been in missionary work in China for 15 years, was in Windsor Wednesday awaiting orders to go overseas for military service in some capacity China's troops, Rev. Mr. Menzies said, may be used in railroad construction work until a declaration of war is made. The troops were thoroughly trained before embarking, and all the men volunteered their services, the former missionary said.



## 36 to 63<sup>0</sup> More Mileage

20 to 25 miles to a gallon of gasoline is a frequent occurrence with the Ford car. One man (name on request) reports an average of 33 miles per gallon for 20,000 miles. Surely this is a record that few, if any other makes of cars ever equalled.

It demonstrates the economy of owning and driving a Ford. You can average 1,000 miles more travel on Ford-size tires. The saving on oil and repairs is proportionately large. The name "FORD" stands for lowest cost and greatest service.

One Gallon of Gasoline has done it.

The Ford is Truly the Universal Car.

**Ford**  
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Runabout	-	\$475
Touring	-	495
Coupelet	-	695
Town Car	-	780
Sedan	-	890

LIESEMER & KALBFLEISCH

During its 50 years of experience this Bank was never in a stronger position and more able to safely guard your savings than it is today.

Capital \$7,000,000.  
Reserve \$7,000,000.

Accounts invited—large or small—\$1 will start.

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**RIDE A BICYCLE**

**ADD** to the Joy of Your  
Outdoor Sports

RIDE A HYSLOP BICYCLE

To the Golf Links.  
To the Bowling Green.  
To the Tennis Court.  
To the Ball Game.

And obtain

KEENER INTELLECT — RENEWED VIGOR  
INCREASED ENTHUSIASM.

**OWN A HYSLOP**

Manufactured by HYSLOP BROTHERS, Limited, Toronto

Liesemer & Kalbfleisch

The Cleveland Leader says:—"In proportion to population and resources, the United States, to achieve what Canada has done, must raise an army of 7,000,000 men within two and a half years, put 5,000,000 of them in actual war service, and produce war funds amounting to \$12,000,000,000. Probably this country will not be called upon to bear proportionately, as heavy sacrifices as Canada has willingly assumed, but the example they afford ought to have a stiffening effect upon the American people in what lies before them."

### Notice to Creditors

In the matter of the Estate of John Coates, late of the village of Mildmay in the County of Bruce, Druggist, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the statutes of Ontario in that behalf, that all creditors and others having claims against the Estate of the above named John Coates, who died on or about the twentieth day of March, A.D. 1917 are required to send by post prepaid or deliver to Dr. Fred P. Coates, 1989 Queen St. East, Toronto, the administrator of the Estate of the said John Coates, on or before the 25th day of June, 1917, their names, addresses and full particulars of their claims duly verified, and the nature of the securities if any held by them, and after the said 25th day of June, 1917, the said administrator will proceed to distribute assets of the said deceased among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said then have had notice, and he will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims the said then have had notice.

DR. FRED P. COATES,

Administrator

Dated at Mildmay, this 29th day of May, 1917.

That Ontario farmer, philosopher, and writer, Peter McArthur, has been receiving a lot of letters from farmers on the subject of farm legislation, and these epistles, he claims, have cleared up or pointed that has always puzzled him,—why farmers so seldom rally to the support of another farmer who has been nominated to office. Judging from what is said in letters from farmers, the candidates are usually men who have prospered by taking advantage of their struggling neighbors in times like the present. They are, perhaps like the prosperous farmer, who said, when advising a young friend: "It is always a good thing to have some money by you in hard times. When folks are hard up and have to meet notes and pay interest you can always pick up bargains." The most scorching hymns of hate that came to Mr. McArthur were written by farmers against other farmers of this type. And I want to assure disgruntled city men that when it comes to describing a mean farmer, they had better leave the job to another farmer. He knows how to do it, and when he starts in to describe a gripping neighbor he doesn't stop until he has his hide nailed to the end of the stable with the rest of the winter's catch. When candidates for office from this type of "prominent farmers" his neighbors cannot be expected to support him with enthusiasm. They regard him as a traitor who would sacrifice their interests whenever he saw a chance to advance himself. Of course all candidates are not of this kind, but too many of them have been in the past. No wonder the other farmers prefer to trust a lawyer or business man as their representative.

More than seven million dollars has already been invested in the war saving certificates by the small investors of Canada. The total number of certificates disposed of since they were first issued last January is now slightly more than a hundred thousand. They are being sold at the rate of about one thousand per day, and the demand is keeping up steadily.

### The Campress and Vacuum Washer and Rinser.

The Machine that has solved the wash-day problem.

Every Home needs one. Guaranteed to wash CLEAN one tubful of heavy Quilts or Blankets in ten minutes.

Will wash equally well one tubful of your finest Lace Curtains in the same length of time and not injure them in the least.

A child 12 years old can work one with ease. You will bless the day you ever got one. Only \$2.00. Will last 20 years.

For sale at Geo. Lambert's Flour, Feed and Produce Store.

**GEO. LAMBERT.**

Mildmay

Ontario

### SELECT JEWELLERY

Diamond Rings, Cut Glass Necklaces, Silverware Brooches, Watches and Clocks

Fancy China and Glassware

WE INVITE YOUR INSPECTION.

C. Wendt

Jeweler

There are all kinds of weather but only one kind of

**PURITY FLOUR**

Always the same  
More Bread and Better Bread



### CREAM.. WANTED

We are in the market to buy CREAM, sweet or sour, at the highest market price.

We Supply Two Free Cans

Pay twice each month, test each can received, send our patrons a statement of the weight, test and butter fat in each can, with the empty can returned.

We refer you to any bank as to our standing.

Write for cans to-day.

**PALM CREAMERY**

TRELEAVEN & RANTON  
PALMERSTON, ONT.

NOTICE—We want an Agent here for Palm Dairy Ice Cream. Write for prices and terms.

## "Wood-lac" Stains for Furniture and Floors

No home need be "shabby" when it is so inexpensive to "do over" that Woodwork and the Furniture with "WOOD-LAC" Stains.

"WOOD-LAC" is a beautiful, durable finish for floors, furniture and woodwork of all kinds—giving to common or soft wood surfaces the rich, elegant appearance of Mahogany, Rosewood Walnut, Oak, Cherry, etc.

"WOOD-LAC" penetrates the pores of the wood, bringing out the grain to resemble expensive hard wood. It comes in 12 colors.

"MARBLE-ITE" floor finish is the perfect finish for Floors of all kinds. Money back guarantee that it can't be marred by boot heels or chairs and won't turn dull or white when washed with soap and water. A finish that beautifies and lasts.

"Floors, Spic and Span" and "Town and Country Homes" are two books on home beautifying that you will enjoy reading. We have copies for you—ask for them.

LIESEMAR & KALBFLEISCH,  
MILDMAY.

# Your Problems

Conducted by Mrs. Helen Law

Mothers and daughters of all ages are cordially invited to write to this department. Initials only will be published with each question and its answer as a means of identification, but full name and address must be given in each letter. Write on one side of paper only. Answers will be mailed direct if stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed. Address all correspondence for this department to Mrs. Helen Law, 235 Woodbine Ave., Toronto.

"Reader":—1. Eggs should be preserved in water glass during March, April, May and June, when they are cheapest. 2. Protect the young cucumber plants from the striped beetle by covering them with wire netting. Spray with Bordeaux-arsenate of lead as soon as the plants appear; again at the appearance of the third leaf and a third time before the plants begin to form runners. See that the spray strikes under the leaves as well as on top. For the cabbage worm, dust with tobacco dust, pyrethrum, hellebore or spray with arsenate of lead or powder with dry arsenate.

"Enquirer":—Balfour is pronounced Bal—as in balance—four. It is very hard to convey the exact pronunciation of Joffre by phonetics, but the J is soft and the re is hardly sounded at all; it is almost as though it was written Joff, with the fs a mere breath. Viviani is pronounced Viv-e-an-e.

J. D. V.:—The following are the dates at which the several nations entered the European War:

1914, July 28, Austria and Serbia; August 1, Germany and Russia; August 3, France; August 4, Belgium and Great Britain; August 8, Montenegro; August 23, Japan; November 5, Turkey.

1915, May 23, Italy; June 3, San Marino; October 14, Bulgaria.

1916, March 8, Portugal; August 28, Rumania.

1917, April 6, United States of America; April 7, Cuba.

A. J. L.:—1. In the partly shaded location you describe, you should be able to grow lettuce, early or late cabbage, cauliflower, or spinach. Do not try beans, eggplants, corn, tomatoes. 2. Dahlia roots need warm soil and warm weather, so it is not safe to plant them at this time.

"School Girl":—The cause of the so-called "blackheads" is the clogging of the pores with dust and grease, which hardens and puts the face with tiny black specks. The first step is to thoroughly cleanse the skin. Every night wash thoroughly with warm

water and a good soap. Dry skin carefully, apply to the spots an ointment made of 1 ounce soap liniment and 1 ounce ether well mixed, and allow it to remain on during the night. Wash off in the morning with warm water and rinse with cold. Continue this treatment until the blackheads have disappeared. To contract the pores wipe the face with a little alcohol or eau de cologne. Frequently pimples appear with the blackheads, and when this is the case make an ointment of the following ingredients, 2 grams beta naphthol, 20 grams sulphur precipitate, 20 grams potash soap. Mix thoroughly and apply to the pimples at night. This preparation may be used at the same time as the blackhead ointment. Do not be discouraged if you see no improvement in your complexion as the weeks slip by. It sometimes requires months to get rid of pimples and blackheads.

"Perplexed":—1. A felon is an infection of the tissue around the finger nail. The constant application of a wet dressing, equal parts of alcohol and water, may check it. If it progresses a surgeon should be consulted, as the infection may cause great trouble. 2. Worry can check the secretion of gastric juices and also impair the normal motion of the stomach. 3. Greens and green vegetables are the best source of iron for blood-building. 4. The eyes should have a rest from reading and from all kinds of fine work. Out-of-door recreation, such as gardening and almost any form of outdoor employment will be found beneficial.

"Housewife":—Onions and water will remove the smell of paint from a room. Slice several onions, put them in a pail of water and stand the pail in the closed room over night.

W. A.:—Probably the reason baby cries when you lift him is that you hurt him by not lifting him properly. In lifting a baby, grasp the clothing just below the feet with your right hand, slip the left hand under the baby from below upward until the head is reached, supporting with the hand and lifting the child on the left arm.

# Poultry

Market in June.

All roosters, old hens, early broilers, green ducks.

During the first week in June, kill off, dispose of or remove from the flock, the male birds after the breeding season. Their presence in a flock after this date causes a loss of a million dollars a year to Canadian farmers through the sale of partially incubated and bad eggs in the produce which is marketed. All old hens should also be marketed at this date.

The proper way to carry a fowl is to place it under the arm, the head pointing to the rear, and the feet held firmly by the hand. In this way the bird can be carried for miles without the least discomfort to it or the person carrying it.

In former years, the common practice was to carry poultry by the legs, hanging downward. This was a bad mode and one that never was used by regular poultrymen. When the head is hanging downward there is nothing to prevent a rush of blood to it, and it is the belief that many cases of vertigo can be traced to such acts of carelessness.

But still more cruel is lifting the body by their wings. Should the fowl struggle when thus handled, it is a very easy matter to snap the cords of the wings and thus permanently injure the bird.

Poultry roughly handled lose confidence in their attendant, and loss of confidence in the henry often has a

bad effect upon the egg crop. Besides, any method that points the least bit toward cruelty should not be permitted. Gentleness is a virtue that even hens appreciate.

The mash for the chicks may consist of equal parts of bran, middlings and cornmeal, and half part of beef scrap, but the composition is more or less dependent on the feeds that are most available.

Pullets that are stunted by poor feeding during the first few weeks of their lives will prove a decided disappointment from the standpoint of their egg production.

The most effective method for body lice on hens is the application of a dilution of either mercurial ointment or blue ointment. Mercurial ointment contains fifty per cent. of metallic mercury. Blue ointment is a mixture consisting of sixty-seven per cent. of mercurial ointment and of thirty-three per cent. of vaseline and, therefore, contains thirty-three and one-third per cent. of mercury.

## Fish Pond For The Farm.

Why shouldn't a farmer raise fish as well as chickens? Given proper fresh water supply and reasonable space for a pond, an astonishing quantity may be had in two or three years.

"John, did you take the note to Mr. Jones?" "Yes, but I don't think he can read it." "Why so, John?" "Because he is blind, sir. While I was in the room he asked me twice where my hat was, and it was on my head all the time."

selves hoarse without coming to any agreement.

"Surely I know, for she picked me out herself from brown and black-eyed dolls," Araminta sobbed. "Surely she must know that blue eyes are the best!"

Back scampered the little squirrel. "He says it's a question of 'I's,'" he announced breathlessly.

"Silly, isn't that what we all know. We mean the proper color for eyes."

Just then back from the garden danced Dorothy Anne and Elizabeth and Ruthie, her little friends. "Oh, look at Dottie's new doll. Aren't her eyes the most beautiful blue!" exclaimed Ruth, picking up Araminta and dancing up and down with her.

"But look at the cutie rabbit with its cunning pink eyes," Elizabeth said. "Dorothy, what color do you think eyes ought to be?"

Dorothy looked carefully at the big brown eyes of both her little friends.

"I—!" she started to say.

The little squirrel, who had been waiting to hear the answer, suddenly chuckled to himself. "Now I know what the Owl meant," he whispered to the rabbit as he scampered past him.

Do you?

# Bedtime Stories

A Question of "I's"

"Pink is the proper color," the little rabbit politely informed Araminta Jane. They were having a most delightful afternoon tea. Dorothy Anne, who had been feeding them dainties—bits of cake, goose-tan and crackers—had quite suddenly decided to see whether any of her flowers were up and had left the white rabbit and the china doll together under a large tree in the orchard.

"I am sure blue is the proper color," Araminta contradicted, still very politely.

That was how it started! Both were sure they were right and soon they made such a noise that a little squirrel came to see what the trouble was. He maintained stoutly when him of the argument. A moment after a fat worm, stopping enough to caw, "Black." And when he heard by the raven, who happened soon after, "Black," he offered the owl and ask the owl," offered the owl after they had argued them-

# FOOD SHORTAGE SUGGESTIONS

The Food Value of Buckwheat is High, As It Is Both a Flesh Producer and a Heat and Energy Producer.

By Henry G. Bell, Agronomist.

Buckwheat pancakes may form a welcome substitute for breakfast wheat cereal and bread toast, while wheat ranges around the \$2.50 a bushel mark.

Buckwheat characteristics strongly recommend this crop for cereal production.

Buckwheat is a dry grain which can be stored. After wheat, corn and rye, buckwheat contains a maximum of food in a minimum of volume.

Buckwheat is strong in both flesh producer and in energy and heat producer. It compares with wheat as follows:

Crop	Percent Water	Percent Protein (Flesh Producer)	Percent Carbohydrates (Heat and Energy Producer)	Fats	Fibres	Ash
Buckwheat	14	9.0	58.7	1.5	45.0	1.8
Wheat	14.4	13.0	66.4	1.5	3.0	1.7

Buckwheat yields from 10 to 40 bushels per acre.

Buckwheat requires from 3 to 5 bushels of seed to the acre.

Buckwheat suits poor, light, dry land. It produces larger yields where additional fertility is supplied, 200 pounds per acre of fertilizer supplying one per cent. ammonia, 8 to 10 per cent. phosphoric acid, gives good results. This should be drilled in when the buckwheat is sown, or broadcast and worked into the seedbed by disking and harrowing. You can increase the effectiveness of high-priced farm labor by fertilizing the buckwheat. A yield of 20 to 30 bushels per acre uses the labor much more profitably than a yield of 10 bushels per acre.

Finally, buckwheat should be sown later than corn and the small grains. It is therefore an excellent crop for "filling in" where other crops fail.

Buckwheat is quoted in Chicago at \$3.20 per bushel.

Strong food is compact volume. Food suited to storage, therefore, valuable for export.

Thrives on comparatively poor soil. Makes quick and reasonably large returns. May be planted later than other crops; hence can be used to fill in "where other crops fail." Buckwheat matures in less than 100 days.

## Tomato Culture.

Tomato seed sown in boxes in the house in March will produce plants that will fruit the same season. Plants ready to be set out can be purchased from seedsmen. In buying plants select strong, sturdy plants, avoiding the tall drawn specimens that are frequently offered. Where tall, spindly plants of tomatoes must be used pinch off the top. This will check the up-

ing the plants when they are laden with fruit.

Another method is to make a trellis the shape of a funnel, setting this over each plant. A barrel hoop on supports is another form of the same plan.

When grown on a large scale field culture is the system practised. The plants are set out in long, straight rows, cultivated by horse, and the vines are given no support. This system may be used also in small gardens.

Beans are a two-fold value. They rank among the valuable foods, containing a higher percentage of protein than wheat or oats, and even meat.

Beans are also of value from a soil cultural aspect, as they belong to a most important class of agricultural plants termed legumes, which are capable of taking up indirectly the free nitrogen of the air and storing it in tubercles on the root system of the plants in an available form of plant food for future crops.

The last week of May or the first week in June is usually the most suitable time for planting, although the time of planting may vary slightly according to district and season, but should not be delayed after the soil has become warm and dry.

Some of the best yielding varieties of field beans are Pearce's Improved Tree, Schofield Pea, Medium or Navy, Common White Pea and White Wonder. These varieties require from 112 to 115 days in which to reach the proper stage of maturity for harvesting.

After planting, but before the plants appear, which will usually be from three to six days, depending largely upon the weather, it is advisable to harrow the soil lightly with a slant-

ing record that they all forsook him and fled, which Mark places after his words, "But let the scriptures be fulfilled."

9. The Evangelist sees the Master purposed to keep his disciples out of temptation, that he might deliver them from evil and keep them for his work. We must assume that he made them understand it was his will that they should hide from a very real danger: nothing less, surely, will explain their absence from Calvary. The one who, with the best of motives, ran into temptation unbidden, gained nothing but bitter experience from doing so.

First he endangered himself and his comrades by heaving at Malchus's head. Then, to preserve his concealment, he three times disowned his Master. Better have "forsaken him and fled"—as Mark put it, who had himself probably done the same (Mark 14, 52). Of those—See John 17, 12. The verb is changed to the active; there it is "not one of them was lost."

10. Having a sword—See Luke 22, 38. The earlier Gospels do not name the aggressor, nor the officious slave who thought to please his master by a special show of zeal. Peter fortunately escaped doing more damage. As he was, he came very near being detected (verse 26) and suffering for it. The Jewish leaders were contemptuously indifferent to the disciples; if they could smite the shepherd, the flock would be finally scattered! Danger to them came rather from the mob that followed.

11. Only Luke knows that Jesus healed Malchus. He got the detail—the present writer believes—from Paul, who was there and in the thick of it. He heard and quoted those last terrible words about "the authority of darkness" (Luke 22, 53; Col. 1, 13). The cup—John has not reported the Master's earlier use of this phrase (Mark 14, 36).

12. The other disciple was the author (John 21, 24). He was known to the high priest; the word is that of Luke 23, 49, and implies more than mere casual acquaintance. That he was an eye-witness is much more important than that he should be an apostle. Court—The quadrangle round which the house was built.

13. The maid—Compare Rhoda in Acts 12, 13. Thou also—She therefore knew that John was one. "In the original the question is put in a form that suggests a negative answer, 'Surely thou art not?' (The New Century Bible). I am not—Peter probably thought he would not be allowed to stay to "see the god" (Matt. 26, 58); it was a typical example of doing evil that good might come.

14. This gives us the other side of the

tooth harrow or even a light smoothing harrow. This operation will break the crust, destroy weeds, help warm the soil and stimulate rapid germination of the seed and growth of the plants. As soon as possible after the beans are up, and can be seen in the row, the single and two-row cultivators should be used. It should be the aim of every grower to keep the soil stirred on the surface. Thus as promptly as practicable after each rain and in time to prevent the forming of a crust the soil should be stirred by means of the cultivator. The work of cultivation also should be kept well in hand early in the season so that little cultivation need be given after the blossoming stage of growth has been reached.

What the cream separator has done for farmers in the way of improved and labor-saving methods of creaming milk, the milk machine will do in milking cows, which is one of the most troublesome jobs on a dairy farm.

W. H. Johnstone of Moose Jaw, Sask., who uses a three-unit milking machine, says that two men can run machine, weigh milk and strip twenty cows per hour. He used the machine on thirty cows the first morning.

A test of the whole herd does not give the needed information; this matter of cow-testing is a strict question of individual capacity.

Sixty pairs of two creameries in Prince Edward Island averaged 884 pounds of fat per herd, after two years of cow-testing these sixty herds averaged 955 pounds of fat; this is a gain of seventy-one pounds of fat per herd, or eight per cent.

When we consider that a five-dollar calf may grow into a hundred-dollar cow, it seems preposterous to send it to the butcher.

Too many farmers do not realize the feeding value of skim milk. They think that because the fat has been removed a much larger quantity of milk should be fed. As a result, the calves are often overfed.

Unappreciated for peace will be nothing

nothing

# Farm Crop Queries

Conducted by Professor Henry G. Bell.

The object of this department is to place at the service of our farm readers the advice of an acknowledged authority on all subjects pertaining to soils and crops.

Address all questions to Professor Henry G. Bell, in care of The Wilson Publishing Company, Limited, Toronto, and answers will appear in this column in the order in which they are received. As space is limited it is advisable where immediate reply is necessary that a stamped and addressed envelope be enclosed with the question, when the answer will be mailed direct.



Henry G. Bell.

Question—M. A. C.:—My seeding with grain last year was a failure. It did not catch. Would you recommend manuring and plowing the stubble for potatoes this year? Would it do for beans where potatoes grew last year? It was a big growth of clover, also manured, plowed under and potatoes planted. I want to reserve an old meadow to plow under for corn this year and will also have to plow last year's potato and corn ground for oats this year?

Answer:—The land where your seeding failed, if plowed up and then carefully manured, should make good potato ground this year. I would advise in addition to the manure about 400 pounds of fertilizer carrying 2 to 3% ammonia, 8 to 12% available phosphoric acid and 1 to 2% potash. Scatter this down the drill rows when you are planting the potatoes. A good method of application is to drop the seed pieces of potatoes and cover them lightly with soil, and then dust the fertilizer along over the hill and drills and finish the covering. This addition of available plantfood will give the crop a strong, vigorous start. This land would do well for beans, also.

Question—R. L.:—I have a piece of land that has been run for years without clover or manure. This land is quite sandy and contains practically no humus. Now, if I apply 12 good loads of manure to the acre, which would be the most profitable crop for me to raise, corn or potatoes? I raised corn on similar land last year with went 60 crates to the acre; with manure. Would this ground hold moisture sufficient to grow a good crop of potatoes?

Answer:—If you have potato seed, by all means potatoes would be the most profitable crop for you to grow on the land in question. I would recommend adding fertilizer to the manure, as per answer to M. A. C. Under normal conditions you should not have any trouble from lack of moisture. If you have to buy potato seed, at present prices it may be more profitable to grow corn, but this you will have to decide from your own local conditions. If you seed it to corn, I would advise adding about 200 pounds of fertilizer to the acre, spreading it broadcast and working it into the ground before you plant the corn. It should carry from 2 to 3% ammonia and 8 to 10% phosphoric acid.

Question—W. A. C.:—I would like to get your opinion in regards to planting beans in hills, planted 28 inches each way. Do you think the yield would be as good as if they were drilled and kept much cleaner and less seed would do. The seed is so high in price this year it would be quite a saving in the cost of the crop.

Answer:—I am very much in favor of planting beans in the hill, especially on land that is likely to be weedy or where disease has been prevalent. As a rule, the yield will be almost as high as if they were drilled and frequently better as disease is not so likely to spread from one plant to another. I would suggest the seed be tested to learn what percentage will germinate, and since seed is so high-priced, that the drill be also tested to see if it plants the quantity of seed desired. I would also put on about 200 to 300 pounds of fertilizer to the acre. The fertilizer may be put on broadcast and worked into the ground before the beans are planted, or it may be put on as the beans are planted if care is

tooth harrow or even a light smoothing harrow. This operation will break the crust, destroy weeds, help warm the soil and stimulate rapid germination of the seed and growth of the plants. As soon as possible after the beans are up, and can be seen in the row, the single and two-row cultivators should be used. It should be the aim of every grower to keep the soil stirred on the surface. Thus as promptly as practicable after each rain and in time to prevent the forming of a crust the soil should be stirred by means of the cultivator. The work of cultivation also should be kept well in hand early in the season so that little cultivation need be given after the blossoming stage of growth has been reached.

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Question—R. M.:—I have about sixteen acres of wheat that is badly killed in the low places, and I don't wish to plow the wheat up on account of expectations of a high price next year. Do you think it would be advisable to drag up these low places and sow to Spring wheat? Could it all be harvested together? If so please tell me where seed could be procured and how and when it should be sown. If spring wheat is not advisable how would either buckwheat or beans be?

Answer:—If it is not already too late when you read this answer and you can secure the seed, I would advise the sowing of spring wheat where the winter wheat has killed out. It is almost impossible to tell whether the spring wheat and winter wheat could be harvested together or not. This would depend entirely on the weather and whether the two wheats ripen at the same time. In fact, I should expect them not to ripen together. You should sow the wheat at once. All that is necessary to go would be to harrow or disk up the ground and drill in the wheat. Perhaps you will be able to secure spring wheat seed in your community or from some of the elevator men. Unless you are able to get it close at hand it will be too late to sow it. In such case, either buckwheat or beans will make a splendid crop. In fact, I would prefer the planting of beans as they can be put in any time up to the late of June, just so they have time enough to ripen off before frost. In this case the ground should be thoroughly disked or harrowed up and worked down, after which the beans may be planted in rows 21 or 28 inches apart. A grain drill, with part of the grain tubes stopped up offers the best means of planting the beans. When planted this way some fertilizer can be applied. The best way probably is to stop up the fertilizer tube directly over the row containing the beans but allowing the fertilizer to run down the tubes on each side of the one dropping the beans.

Question—J. B. H.:—Isn't it considered poor policy to plant corn in ground that grew sugar beets last year, if only a light crop? There are two fields which are desired for corn and beans. One is sod and the other grew beets last year, soil about the same. Both corn and beans require rich ground, which one will be best to follow beets?

Answer:—Regarding beans and corn following sugar beets, the U. S. Department of Agriculture studied 115 farms and found that, following sugar beets, the yield of corn was increased by 12 bushels to the acre and beans 5 bushels. This would indicate that either corn or beans could be planted in the ground that was in sugar beets. From these figures we ought not to judge that sugar beets make the soil rich in fertility but rather because they are cultivated during the summer the soil is put in better till for the growing of the following crops. I would recommend that the sod ground be put to corn and that beans be put in the sugar beet land as beans do not do well on freshly turned sod or organic too much fresh manure or where matter is added to the soil. If about 300 pounds of fertilizer analyzing 200 in phosphoric acid are used on the corn land and probably 200 to 250 on the bean field, good crops should be secured this year.

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Unappreciated for peace will be nothing



# The Crowning Feature.

Of our up-to-date stock of Groceries are first—high quality; second—completeness; third—the perfect condition of the goods, and fourth—the moderate price at which we sell. Cheap food may appeal to and be popular with those who do not know that it is cheap because it lacks nourishing elements, and that twice the quantity must be purchased to get results equal to those given by our Groceries. Everything in this stock is priced fairly.

A few items that are of interest at present:—

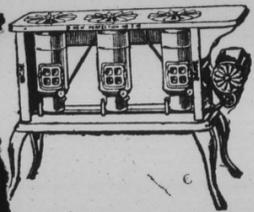
- Sterling Mixed Pickles, 24 oz., 25c.
- Canada Mixed Pickles, 20 oz., 15c.
- Sterling Sweet Mixed, 16 oz., 20c.
- Sterling White Onions, 16 oz., 20c.
- Rex Catsup, 16 oz., 15c.
- Rex Catsup, 32 oz., 25c.
- Club House Catsup, 24 oz., 25c.
- Holbrook's Custard Powder, 10c.
- Holbrook's Pickled Walnuts, 25c.
- Excelsior Dates, 12c.
- Dromedary Dates, 15c.
- Chocolatta, 25c.

The Star Grocery.

The Store of Quality.

## J. N. Scheffter

Terms—Cash or Produce.



### Cooking Oil-stove and Oven

We carry the New Perfection and Florence Oil stoves guaranteed to bake and cook

perfectly. Cooking is done quicker and cheaper than by burning wood.  
Price ..... \$14.00 for three Burners

### Screen Doors and Windows.

All nicely grained and varnished.  
Prices ranging from \$1.25 to \$2.50 complete.

Windows — 25c and up.

**Siesemer & Kalbfleish**  
THE CORNER HARDWARE.

### LIVE STOCK MARKETS TORONTO.

A stronger tone generally with an all round advance in practically all grades of cattle, especially the better class of butchers, in anywhere from 25c to 35c per cwt., was the outstanding feature of yesterday's trading at the Union Stock Yards. Less than 2,000 cattle were on sale yesterday and the comparatively light run compared with a week ago, when 3,500 cattle were shipped in created not a little surprise. The market was stronger and higher thruout and at the close practically everything, it is said was cleared up. Some well finished cattle have been brought on the Union Stock Yards this spring, but it is questionable if a few of yesterday's lots have been surpassed.

The market for calves was strong and from 50c to a \$1 higher, while sheep and lambs held steady, tho many look upon the sheep market as weak.

Light handy weight sheep were quoted at from 12½c to 13c, heavy sheep and bucks 10½ to 12c per lb. yearling sheep from 13½ to 16½c. Calves, choice, sold from 13½ to 14½c; medium calves from 10½c to 12½c; common calves from 7c to 10c and heavy fat calves from 7½c to 10½c.

The outlook for hogs for the week is for lower prices, \$16.50 being the rate quoted by the packing houses for the balance of the week. This is a straight decline of 50 cents per cwt. Practically all the hogs on the market yesterday were bought at last week's figures, \$17, fed and watered.

The Durham Cement Work is to be started up again as a rock cement mill with a capacity of 1500 tons a week. It is a well known fact that rock cement can be manufactured much cheaper than marl cement under ordinary conditions and is a better quality of cement. The new organization hopes to effect an annual saving of twenty thousand dollars by using hydro. The addition of such a large hydro customer to the Eugenia System will have the effect of materially reducing the cost of hydro in this district.

The Thornbury Herald has decided to accept Eaton's advertising because the home merchants are not giving it the patronage they should. This is what the editor says:—"On and after June 7th Eaton's advertisement will appear on Page 5 occupying the whole page. It is not our desire to advertise outside firms but if our home merchants do not appreciate the home paper enough to give it the support it merits, and outside firms like our space well enough to buy it we feel that it is good business to sell what the other fellow wants. This advertisement will probably be followed by those of other but nearby advertisers who have made enquiries but have never received any encouragement."

The Western Fair,  
Sept. 7th to 15th.

The Prize List of London's popular Exhibition has just been issued and will be of great interest especially to intending Exhibitors. In these strenuous times the pressing need seems to be greater production. The Management of the Exhibition having this in mind this year generously added \$2,000.00 to their Prize List in order to encourage the Farmers and Breeders to produce more and better Live Stock, Grains, Roots, etc. This amount which has been distributed throughout the list will certainly make it a most attractive one as it brings the List up near the \$30,000.00 point. Send to the Secretary A. M. Hunt, London, Ont., for a Prize List or any information regarding the Exhibition.



LOVELY  
UNDERWEAR  
FOR WOMEN

## We Want Your Wool

We will pay you the highest market prices, in exchange for Dress Goods, Clothing, Shoes, Groceries, and Crockery.

Our enticing undermuslins will delight you. Come in and see and price them. Then you will buy your summer supply from us. Nor will you stop at buying these. When you come in you will see pretty things all through our store. Make a list of all the things you need for all the family. This will make buying easy.

### Ladies White Wash Skirts

Ladies Skirts, made from good quality Repp and Pique in the newest styles. Large pockets and buttons. Price \$2.00, 2.50, 3.00.

### Ladies' and Girls' Middies

Our showing of Middies is very complete splendid range of styles in all sizes. 6 years up to size 42.

### Corset Covers

Ladies' Corset Covers in neat lace and embroidery trimmed styles. Sizes 34 to 44. Price 35c, 50c, 75c.

### Ladies Night Gowns

Ladies night gowns made from fine cotton in short and long sleeve styles. Neatly trimmed. All sizes. Price, \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50 and 2.00.

### Ladies White Muslin Underskirts

Ladies Underskirts, fine soft materials, newest styles, trimmed with fine lace and embroidery. Sizes 36 to 42. Price \$1.00 up to \$4.50

### Ladies Princess Slips

Ladies Princess Slips, made from even thread soft cotton, insertion and lace trimmed. Sizes 34, 36, 38. Price \$2.50.

Monday, June 4th, King's Birthday. Our store will be closed.  
Bring us your—Wool, Butter, Eggs, Dried Meats, Beans, etc.

# HEL WIG BROS.

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

The Listowel town council has been petitioned to have all dogs prohibited from running at large for nine months in the year. The need for greater production necessitated this step, as it was a case of either confining the dogs or building fences to keep them from over-running the gardens.

The big circuses in the States are carrying recruiters for the army and navy. The chaps that get that handsome old job of carrying water for the elephants will probably be assigned to the navy.

Parents are urged to keep their children at school regularly. The examinations are only about a month away, and every day is valuable in preparing for them.

The Department of Agriculture, Toronto states that the Western potatoes are better for seed than those from the East as they are free from disease.

With all your putterin' around in the back yard, be sure you don't spend three or four dollars on an outfit that will grow only 10 cents worth of radishes.

A District Sunday School Convention of the Evangelical Church will be held at Elmwood on Thursday and Friday of next week. Quite a number from Mildmay and Carrick will attend.

Mrs. Albert Martin of Kitchener, while watching moving pictures of Courcellette the other day, recognized her husband as one of the Canadians walking behind a "tank."

Do not forget, says the Youth's Companion, that "plan" is half of planting and the first half at that.

Alfred Weiler

## THE PEOPLE'S STORE

Edward Weiler

### Few Specials for Saturday, June 2nd.

SPECIAL—One piece of Linoleum, Rose pattern, 4 yards wide. Regular price 3.50 a yard, now 2.79 a yard.

#### One Big Special

Kitchen Cutlery Set, guaranteed quality, 8 pieces. Regular price, 2.00 per set, now for 59c. Do not miss this chance.

Dumart's Bologna and Meats  
Cargill's Flour and Feed.

Wodehouses and Royal Purple Stock  
Foods and Calf Meal.

Stelle Briggs, Rennies and Ferry's  
Mangold, Turnip and garden seeds.

Cash paid for Butter and Eggs.

—Terms—  
Cash or Produce

Weiler Bros., Prop.

- Men's dark pattern Raincoats, regular \$15.00 for — \$11 00.
  - Men's light pattern Raincoats, reg 15.00 to 16.00— 11 00.
  - Men's light colored Raincoats, regular 7.50 for — 4 90.
  - Men's black rubber Coats, regular 7.50 for — 3 99.
  - Boy's rubber Coats, regular 5.00 for — 2 49.
  - Ladies black and light colored Raincoats, reg 7.50— 4 95.
  - Mens' ready-made Suits, regular 20.00 for — 16 00.
  - " " " " \$19 — 15 00.
  - Men's odd Pants, Choice patterns, reg 2.50 to 2 75 1 79.
- Big reduction on Boys' Suits.