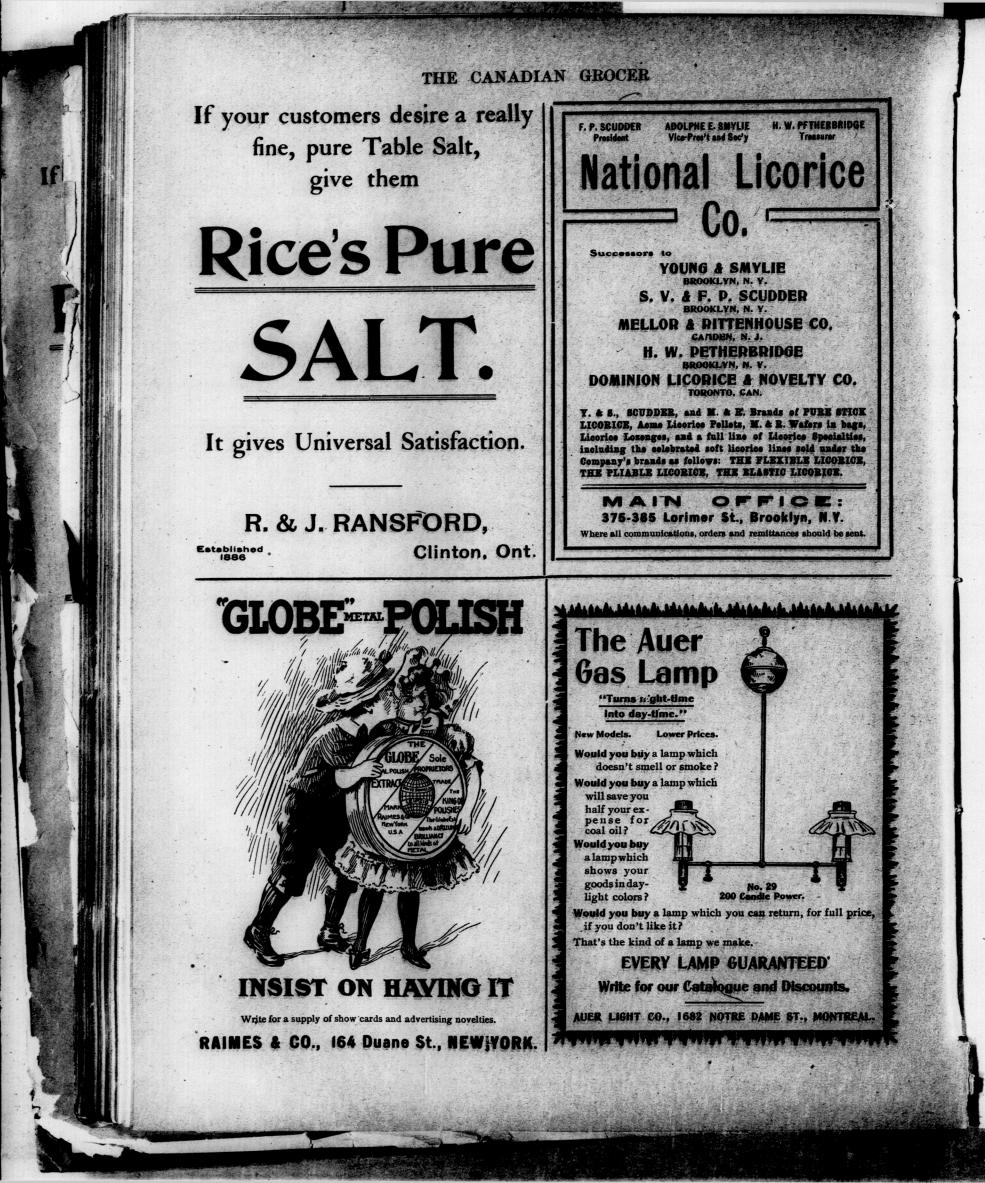
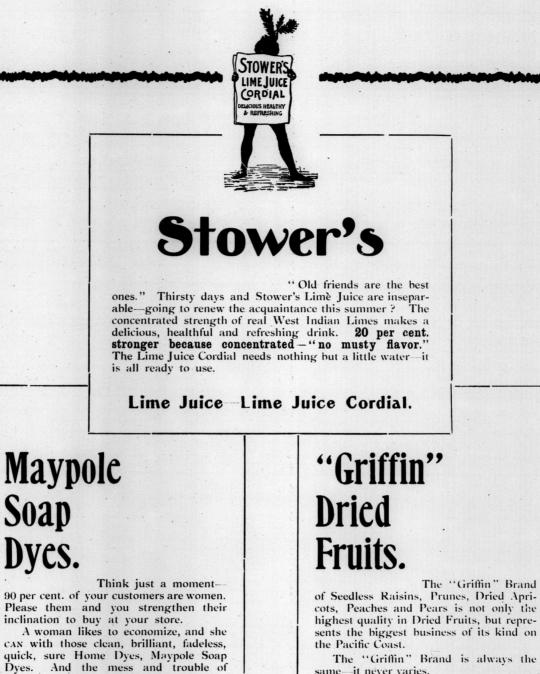


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same-it never varies.

It is not shipped in bulk and then repacked it reaches you in the original package.

Sold by leading grocers throughout the Dominion.

Agents : A. P. TIPPET & CO.,

Powder Dyes is all done away with.

or crock.

dye to any shade and they won't "streak

All colors in Maypole Soap Dyes-they

8 Place Royale, Montreal. 201 Front St. East, Toronto.





Only the best made or grown are sold in this Canister.

This Package is a Guarantee of Quality.

For -

JAMS TEAS JELLIES COFFEES SYRUPS SPICES STARCH BAKING POWDER

The Dominion Canister Company, Limited dundas, ontario, canada. "Sterling" Brand Catsups

Lead in Quality

These are the catsups that catch trade and keep it too. Quality is the aim in their manufacture and they always please. Grocers will do well to stock up with this brand for the spring trade. Put up in an attractive form.

T. A. LYTLE & CO. Manufac urers of high-class Pickles, Catsups and Relishes.

124-128 Richmond St., West, TORONTO.

Registered

NO SENTIMENT

When we talk of "Made in Canada" by Canadians, it is not a whine to patronize a long Established Canadian Industry simply because it is Canadian.

If Canadian brains and energy cannot compete with anything in the world—let it go to the wall, we say.

But TILLSON'S PAN-DRIED OATS more than compete.

in compete.

They set the pace. They make the standard.

They are the leaders on the market to-day.

They are sold on their merits.

Not on wishy-washy Sentiment.

And yet you would be surprised, to learn how much real appreciation there is of a "Good thing' well advertised.

THE TILLSON COMPANY, Limited,

Tillsonburg, Ont.

Excel All Others.

No tea imported into Canada can compete with Japan Tea in FLAVOR and STRENGTH. Other teas can only imitate style and color, but cannot produce the quality of Japan Tea, as it is the fertile soil in Japan that gives it this pure, rich and wholesome flavor.

JAPAN TEA.



HIGHEST AWARD, LONDON, 1893.

STRETTON'S (PRIZE MEDAL) Worcestershire

SAUCE

Pure. Delicious, Best. STRETTON'S IMPERIAL RELISH—A splendid selling line. STRETTON'S MUSHROOM KETCHUP--The best on the market.

AGENTS:

Messrs. S. H. Ewing & Sons, Montreal. Mr. John Fisher, Manufacturers' Agent, Toronto. Mr. A. N. Mackerrow, Ottawa.

Stretton & Co., Limited,

Sole Manufacturers

Messrs. Clawson & Co., St. John, N.B. Messrs. Wm. Tuffts & Son, Vancouver, B.C. Mr. H. H. Stimpson, Halifax, N.S.

WORCESTER,

Has stood the test of every climate.



The ST. CHARLES CONDENSING OO., producers of the famous GOLD COW BRAND OF UNSWEETENED EVAPORATED CREAM, also SILVER COW, PURITY and GOOD LUCK BRANDS SWEETENED MILK. Is prepared at all times to quote prices, and execute prompt shipment and delivery.

Home Office and Address :

FACTORIES: Ingersoll, Ontario, Canada, and St. Charles, Ill. St. CHARLES, ILL., U.S.A.



LONDON, ENG.: Saml. Hanson, Son & Barter, Agents.

King St. West and Bathurst St. Cars pass our Works.

Arrowroot Biscuits

have been a long time on the market, and are always favorites. If you have not tried ours you don't know what an Arrowroot Biscuit should be.

THE CANADA BISCUIT CO., LIMITED

King and Bathurst Streets, TORONTO.

Purest

for all

Correspondence and trade orders solicited.



CEYLON TEA

Black and Green.

Uusurpassed for Excellence.

No other land produces Tea to equal that grown on the plantations of the "Sunny Isle."

No other gardens preserve in such perfection the "essentials" of the fragrant leaf in their process of preparation.

Grocers !!!

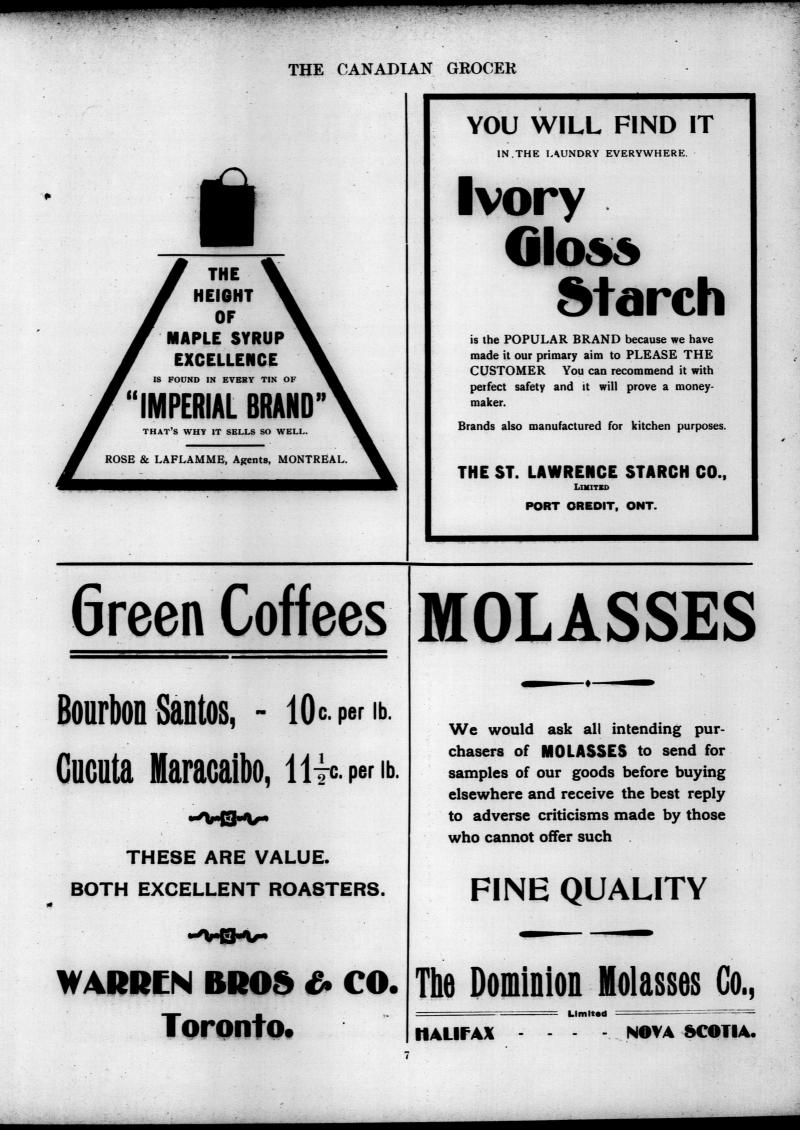
Buy only CEYLON TEA,

The perfect-selling Tea, and satisfy your customers.

Sell only CEYLON TEA,

The perfect-drinking Tea, and satisfy yourself.

To please your customer is to profit yourself.





FIRST ON THE MARKET.

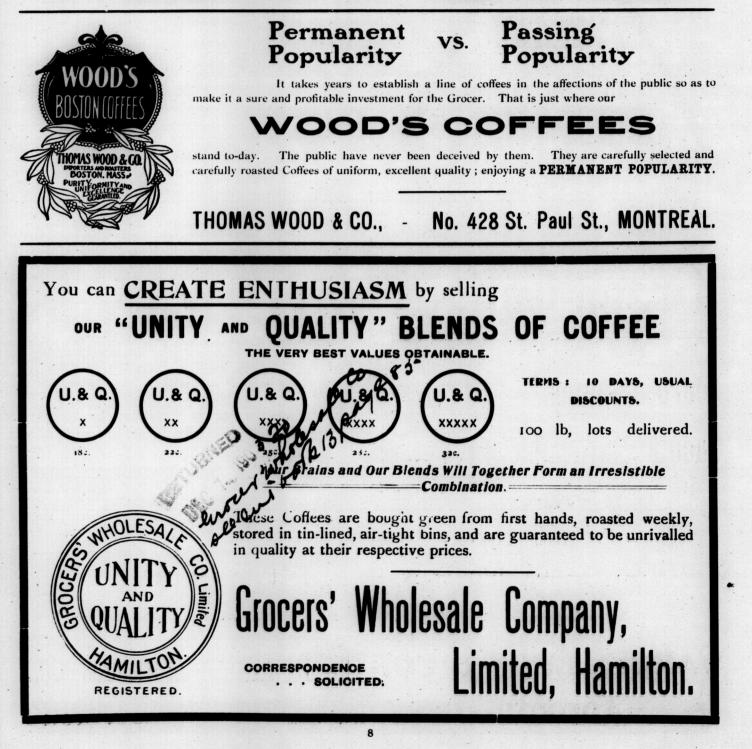
"AYLMER" BRAND-Made from nothing but the finest grade bitter oranges and granulated sugar-and made just right.

1-lb. glass, at 95c. per doz. 5-lb. tins and 7-lb. wooden pails, 6 in crate, at 6c. per lb.

Your customers will be looking for something tasty just now. How about Marmalade? The Brand "Aylmer" stands for the highest quality. 10-crate lots shipped with fruit allowance of 25c. per 100 lbs.

We have some extra choice tap figs, and splendid selected raisins. Prices right. Write us for particulars.

W. H. GILLARD & CO., WHOLESALE HAMILTON, CANADA.



Montreel and Torento, March 27, 1903 The Canadian Grocer



WHETHER Hon. Israel Tarte was economically right or wrong in the doctrines he held regarding the tarifi, he was wrong in giving expression to them while holding a portfolio in a Government at least professedly adhering to doctrines of a contrary character. His duty was first to have resigned. Then he would have been free to say and do as he pleased. Had he done this, the number of his admirers would have been undiminished, and his opponents would have had less reason to suspect him of dramatic effect at the expense of breaking with Cabinet custom.

We are again told that King Edward wears a tired and worn look. But is it not a dictum that "Uneasy lies the head that wears a crown ?"

. . .

. . .

The Morning Post of London, England, says that political morality is almost non-existent in Canada. What has for some time been gradually dawning on many right-thinking men in this country, is evidently beginning to attract the attention of newspapers in Great Britain. It may, perhaps, touch our pride to have these unpleasant things, proclaimed by the British press, but it is better to confess that we are far from being what we ought to be politically, than to shelter ourselves behind the Pharisaical plea that we are not as bad in this respect as other men-and especially as those American politicians, at whom we sometimes look askance. But public opinion is waking up. When it is wide awake we may expect the day of reckoning to be near at hand.

At a meeting of the British Women's Emigration Association in London the other day Lady Frances Balfour declared that the aim in sending women to Canada was to get them husbands. As four

. . .

will not divide 1903, this cannot be leap year. But it is to be hoped, however, the young men in the wild and woolly Canadian West will not look upon the proposal as unladylike, but will surrender their heart, and of course, their will.

....

If American people and American capital keep flocking into Canada in the years to come at the same rate as at present, how long will it be before the northern, and not the southern, half of the continent is the predominating power?

. . .

There are people in this country as well as in Great Britain who have not approved of all that the Right Honorable Joseph Chamberlain has done during the last three years in regard to South Africa. But even his strongest opponents can scarcely fail to approve of his decision to visit that part of the British domain and investigate for himself the condition of affairs as they are to-day. The "wounds of the war" are deep, and are still a long way from being healed, and the Colonial Office will be in a better position to intellectually prescribe for the patient, now that its head has personally diagnosed the case. If there is one quality that Mr. Chamberlain posesses in a greater degree than any other it is the quality of business. It was this that led him to South Africa; and it is to be hoped it will not forsake him and his colleagues in the delicate task of reconstruction to which they have with much zeal set themselves.

. . .

Lord Avebury said in London a few days ago that he was proud of the colonies. Canada, as one of the colonies, thanks him, but was he not rather damning with faint praise when in almost the next breath he declared that "at present the colonies are a burden to the Motherland ?" Some of the colonies no doubt are, but the charge does not apply to all; and certainly not to Canada and Australia, which are the premier "dominions beyond the seas."

• • •

Hon. Geo. E. Foster is trying to figure out why he was defeated in the North Ontario election. But, like most defeated candidates, he does not appear to he basing his calculations on true mathematical principles.

Canada is to-day a part of the British Empire, not because of any great efforts that the British statesmen and British governments in years gone by have put forth either to help her in her adversity or to retain her affections in times of prosperity. When our territory was invaded by armed forces it was the militia that repulsed the invaders. When the boundaries of the country have been in dispute and when treaties have been under consideration the representatives of the Briish Government have not by any means always been zealous for the interests of Canada. The late Sir John Macdonald has left on record in no ambiguous language his experience with the British Commissioners at Washington. Even such Imperialists as Lord Beaconsfield considered Canada a millstone about the neck of the Empire. And Gladstone, we know. was once prepared to barter Canada away to the United States.

. . .

But "a better day is coming;" in fact, its dawn is already here. The coldness and indifference of the past is vanishing. The Mother Country is recognizing that in reducing the tariff on her products, and in sending our sons to South Africa, we are lending her substantial aid. It is only when memory lapses that some of her statesmen charge us with being burdens.

9



Our packages are larger and more attractive in style than any others. The quality of our goods is superior to anything else on the market

MORSE BROS., Proprietors, Canton, Mass,

For sale by all Wholesale Greeers; also the McGlary Mfg. Co., London, Montreal, Winnipog, Vancouver and Terento.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

INCORPORATIONS AND CHANGES.

OHN W. CRAM, grocer, of Carleton Place, Ontario, is retiring from business.

J. G. James, grocer, of Comtright, Ont., has removed to Port Dover.

• J. Gustave Vinet, Montreal, has been registered as a grocer. Foley, Lock & Larsen, grocers, Winni-

peg, have been incorporated.

John Pittaway, grocer, Ottawa, has been succeeded by J. H. Dowdall.

Mackenzie, Kenneth & Co., grocers, of Winnipeg, have been incorporated.

Thomas Barrow, coffees, spices, etc., of Montreal, has removed to Shrewsbury.

James McCool has succeeded C. L. Mc-Cool, general merchant, of Fort William, Ont.

E. Riley & Co., Limited, millers, of St. John, N.B., are applying for incorporation.

A. Desjardins & Co., butchers, St. Leonard, Port Maurice, Que., have been registered.

The Meaford Canning Company, Limited, of Meaford, Ont., have obtained a charter.

A. W. Poole, general merchant, of Prospect, Ont., has been succeeded by J. H. Sanders.

J. H. St. Arnauld, general merchant, St. Genevieve de Batiscan, Que., has been registered.

A. & F. Decarie, grain merchants, of St. Henri de Montreal, Que., have been registered.

The British American Brewing Company, Limited, Windsor, Ont., have obtained a charter.

W. A. Hunter & Son, general merchants, of Pembroke and Cobden, Ont., are closing the Cobden branch.

SALES MADE AND PENDING.

George Oliver, grocer, Toronto, has sold out to D. B. Pearson.

Joseph Messier, Montreal, has sold his restaurant to A. Roncari.

F. Nicoletti, confectioner, of Toronto, is offering his business for sale.

H. C. Armstrong, grocer, Toronto, is advertising his business for sale.

J. C. Gibson, general merchant, Paisley, Ont., is selling out by auction. Helson Milling Co., flour and feed, Toronto, have sold out to M. Fairles. Julia Cornell, confectionery dealer, of

Toronto, is offering her business for sale. The assets of the crockery business of Deguire & Mercille, Montreal, have been sold.

The assets of the general business of Kennedy & Co., Brome, Que., have been sold.

The general stock of the estate of M. J. Wigle & Co., Essex, Ont., has been sold.

R. H. Staples, Carman, Man., has sold his general business to W. L. Campbell & Co.

Chas. A. Cannon, grocer and shoe merchant, Elgin, Que., has sold out to Omer Brown.

Isaac Abram, general merchant, of Carlisle, Ont., has sold out to G. M. Shipley.

The assets of the grocery business of B. W. Granger, Ottawa, were sold on March 24.

Dexter Squire, general merchant, of Alinda, Ont., has sold out to H. A. Setterington.

The assets of the crockery business of P. F. Pinsonnault, Three Rivers, Que., have been sold.

The assets of the general business of J. Bruyere & Fils, Ottawa and Embrun, have been sold.

F. X. Duval, general merchant, of Angers, Que., has disposed of his business to Wm. Chartrand. Robt McNeis of Manager

Robt. McNair, of The City Grocery Co., Vancouver, B.C., has sold his interest to the remaining partners.

The assets of the general business of Alphonse Audet, St. Pierre des Becquets, Que., were sold on March 26.

The stock of fruit and confectionery of the estate of J. Vianese, Winnipeg, has been sold to Folis & Constantine.

DIFFICULTIES, ASSIGNMENTS, COM-PROMISES.

Duncan M. McDonald, Ripley, Ont., has assigned to Allan McLean.

Leeder & Parsons, general merchants, Quyon, Que., have assigned.

Ober A. Hamm, general merchant, of Mahone Bay, N.S., has assigned.

A demand of assignment has been made on L. J. Giroux, grocer, Berthier, Que.

The proposition of G. Gagnon, general

10

merchant, Thurso, Que., has been accept-

A. Therrien & Co., general merchants, St. Remi, Que., have obtained an extension.

Wilfrid Bousquet, grocer, Maisonneuve, Que., has compromised at 30c. on the dollar.

Kent & Turcotte are curators for F. Laferriere, general merchant, Ste. Julienne, Que.

The grocery stock of John Rowan, of Nanaimo, B.C., is to be closed out by the assignee.

H. C. Killens, grocee and dry goods merchant, of Dunnville, Ont., is asking for an extension.

Page & Storey, grocers, Ottawa, have assigned, and a meeting of their creditors was held on March/24.

Moise Daignault, general merchant, of St. Etienne de Beauharnois, Que., has assigned to Kent & Turcotte.

Henry Lennis, general merchant, Stonewall, has sold out and is offering to compromise at 75c. on the dollar.

The North Bay Supply Co., departmental store, North Bay, Ont., have assigned to James P. Langley, Toronto.

Morris & Steed, general merchants, ol Revelstoke, B.C., have assigned, and a meeting of their creditors was held on March 23.

PARTNERSHIPS FORMED AND DISSOLVED.

J. Jaslow & Co., traders, of Montreal, have dissolved.

Healey & Stanley, grocers, Winnipeg, have dissolved partnership.

Rochon & Lafrance, provisioners, Monttreal, have dissolved partnership.

Lantagne & Provencher, general merchants, Plessisville, Que., have dissolved partnership.

FIRES.

W. J. Eastcott, grocer, Ottawa, had his premises slightly damaged by fire; insured.

The Excelsior Vinegar Co., Limited, St. John, N.B., have sustained damage of \$3,000; insurance, \$1,000.

DEATHS.

James Lindsay, general merchant, Fire Valley, B.C., is dead.

W. J. Hasking, grocer and provisioner, Port Arthur, Ont., is dead.



Home-made preserves are exhausted. Green apples are done. The good housewife is looking for something to meet the demand for these necessities of the table.

GOODWILLIE'S GOODWILLIE'S

Preserved Fruits Fill the Bill.

Absolutely pure. Made only of Redpath's Extra Standard Granulated Sugar and the choicest fruits produced in the famous Niagara Peninsula. Not half-decayed before being boiled. Packed in the gardens where grown. Put up in Sealed Pint Jars, one dozen per case.

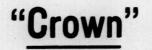
WE HAVE THEM :

Red Raspberries, Red Cherries, Green Gage Plums, Lombard Plums, Pears, Gooseberries.

ORDER PROMPTLY AND SECURE BEST ASSORTMENT.

JAMES TURNER & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Hamilton

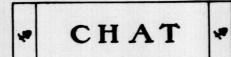
We are Sole Agents for-



EXTRACTS—Any flavor. BAKING POWDER—Tins, 1-lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb. TEA—Packages, 25c., 40c., 50c. COFFEE—Tins, X, XX, XXX. SYRUP—Bbls., Half-Bbls., Kegs, 2 and 3-gal. Pails.



THOS. KINNEAR & CO., Wholesale 49 Front St. E., TORONTO



ONTARIO.

THE Owen Sound Fruit Packing Co. has shipped since last fall 5,000

barrels of Georgian Bay apples from the new warehouses erected last summer. Most of the fruit goes to London, Eng., and the prices are very satisfactory, considering the unusual heavy crop last season.

The Imperial Biscuit Co., Limited, of Guelph, Ont., has been incorporated with a capital of \$75,000.

Norman Runions, a grocer on Princess street, Kingston, Ont., fell dead in his store a few days ago, while working. He had been in business for 35 years.

William Bremner, of The Grocers' Wholesale Co., Hamilton, Ont., was among the injured in the recent railway accident near Elora. He is suffering from internal injuries, but the doctors think that he will soon be out again.

QUEBEC.

Patrick Moss, wholesale fruit dealer, of Quebec, is dangerously ill as a result of supposed accidental poisoning. On Monday night fire broke out in the grocery store of Theodule Bergeron, 1522 St. Catherine street, Montreal, and some hundreds of dollars worth of stock was damaged. The prompt arrival of the firemen prevented the flames from spreading further than the basement, although hard work was necessary.

MANITOBA.

The Central Grocery Store of J. L. Munro, Morden, Man., was completely destroyed by fire on March 17.

A. Elbourne, formerly of The Gault Bros. & Co., has secured a position as traveller for the wholesale grocery and fruit house of Foley, Lock & Larsen, of Winnipeg.

Work has been started on the new warehouse which is being erected in Winnipeg by Stobart, Sons & Co. The building will cover a space of 132 by 124 ft., and will have five storeys. It will cost in the neighborhood of \$75,000.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

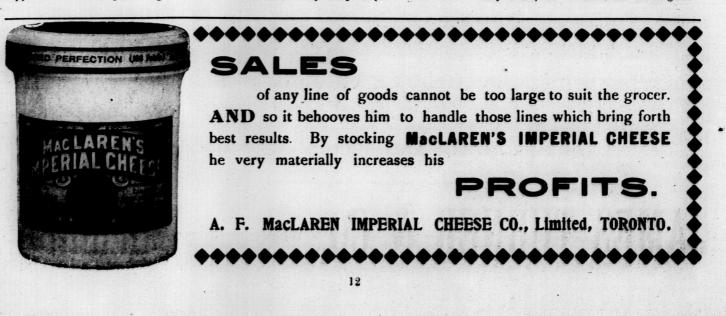
Daniel Wilson, of Indiantown, traveller for The Maritime Spice Co., who underwent an operation in the Homeopathetic Hospital, Boston, last fall, is again sick with his old trouble. His condition is rather serious, but the hope is expressed that it is only temporary. NORTHWEST TERRITORIES.

The Regina Trading Company will this year make great improvements in their establishment, which will cost about \$22,000.

C. R. McAdam, a well-known commercial traveller, of Winnipeg, who had been in the Regina Hospital for a couple of weeks, has recovered and will return to Winnipeg.

WHERE THE UNITED STATES HAVE FAILED.

It is not a little strange that the two sections of the world in which exports from the United States do not make satisfactory growth are South America and India. In each of these cases the United States imports large and constantlygrowing quantities of the products of the countries in question, but makes no perceptible gain in its exports to them. The imports into the United States from South America have grown from £18,-000,000 in 1890 to £24,000,000 in 1902, while the exports to South America from the United States in 1890 were £7,700,-000, and in 1902 £7,600,000. From India and Ceylon the imports into the United States were in 1890 £4,000,000, and in 1902 £10,000,000, while the exports from the United States to the British East Indies were in 1890 £930,000, and in 1902 only £920,000 .-- Commercial Intelligence.



Early Orders Get Best Prices.

Now is the time to buy **Canned Meats.** Those grocers who leave it till later in the season know that they always get caught on higher prices.

We are prepared to quote exceptionally good rates on Canned Meats for early buyers, and on orders for 5-case lots will pay all freight.

OUR TRAVELLERS WILL BE PLEASED TO QUOTE YOU PRICES.

THE DAVIDSON & HAY, LIMITED

WHAT THE GARDENERS WANT.

The deputation from the Market Gardeners' Protective Association of Quebec and Ontario, which waited upon the Minister of Finance on March 17, asking for a higher protection against American products, submitted the following amendments to the tariff : On asparagus, 3 cents per lb. ; cabbage, 3 cents per head ; cauliflower, 3 cents per head ; vegetables, salted for pickling, 1 cent per lb.; celery, 25 cents per dozen ; beans, green, 50 cents per bushel ; cucumbers, green, 20 cents per dozen ; onions, 40c. per bushel of 56 lbs. ; potatoes, 25 cents per bushel ; tomatoes, 5 cents per bushel ; melons, water, 5 cents each ; melons, musk, 3 cents each ; spinach, 25 cents per bushel; vegetables not otherwise enumerated and green corn, 25 per cent.

They pointed out that a higher tariff would lessen the outside competition on early produce; and in the above changes they tried as far as possible to equalize the American tariff.

REPRESENTING ANOTHER FIRM.

L. Chaput, Fils & Cie, owing to a rapidly increasing business all over the Dominion, have found it necessary to add three new men to their travelling staff.

Accordingly, they have secured the services of G. Legge, W. L. Hunter and B. Dixon, all well known in their respective routes. Mr. Legge and Mr. Dixon, will call on the Ontario trade and Mr. Hunter's route will be in the Northwest and British Columbia.

DEATH OF A CITY TRAVELLER.

Russell Atkinson, formerly city traveller for Lucas, Steele & Bristol, Hamilton, died a few days ago. He left the employ of Lucas, Steele & Bristol last fall, on account of ill health, and went north in the hope of recuperating. Shortly after the beginning of the year, however, he returned to Hamilton, but without any improvement in health. After his return he gradually grew worse.

Deceased started in a grocery business in Stratford, and subsequently he was with Mr. McEwen and T. J. Doake, of Barnsdale, and later still was head clerk with Fitzgerald & Scandrett, of London. He was universally liked and respected, and a great favorite with everyone. That he had a great may friends in Hamilton was proved last fall, when a handsome presentation was made to him by the grocers and city travellers. A wife and three children are left to mourn the loss of deceased.

GROW TEA TO CHEW IT.

TEA trees grow spontaneously in Siam and on large areas in most of the

higher valleys of the chain that divides the waters of the Meping and the Me-Lao and Woung, as well as between these rivers and the Me-Ing and the Mekong, says Tea and Coffee. These forests of tea trees, known as "Va-Mieng," are cropped principally between the Me-Ing and the Me-Lao. But everywhere the natives crop only a small quantity, for which they pay a slight due, by no means legal, to the village chiefs.

The croppers content themselves with taking off the leaf stalks without any cultivation or attempt at multiplication. Four times a year they harvest the leaves, the first being the best; the green leaves piled up in small packets and first of all boiled with steam, are left aside during two months and, after this maceration, sold under the name of "Mieng," for chewing. The natives do not know that this same "Mieng," sold at a low price, is nothing else than tea. Even were they told this, they would not know how to prepare it. But it is certain the rational cultivation of these large groups of trees by an experienced colonist. with the help of head coolies imported from China or Ceylon, would give excellent results in a region so highly favored by nature.



DAIRY PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS

and Cold Storage News.

EASTERN TOWNSHIPS DAIRYMEN.

March 17 the Eastern Townships Dairymen's Association opened their convention at Cowansville, Que. Considering the state of the roads a very fair attendance was noted. Prof-essors Ruddick and Robertson delivered two very practical addresses. The former dealt with the question of the coloring of cheese. He proved that in England, where the best Cheddar cheese was made, the average temperature varied but little from 60 deg. In Canada this was impossible to obtain on account of climatic conditions, so it was necessary to pro-eure this artificially, and at the four experimental curing stations established last season by the Government, the temperature was held between 55 and 60 deg. They also proved that ice was the cheapsystem for the Canadian farmers to adopt. By the use of a thermograph an automatic and accurate record of the temperature at the different stations had been obtained, and the season's work showed that the cool curing of all the cheese made in Canada would pay the Canadian farmers handsomely; in fact, if they wanted to keep their present position in the English market, they would have to adopt it universally.

The results for last season at the four stations, which were submitted to the convention by the professor, contained some speaking figures. They were as follows:

Shrink- Sav-

Boxes.	Lbs.	age.	ing.	Value.
Woodstock11.657	906,560	1.58	14,327	\$1,424
Brockville 6,644	526 950	1.52	8,050	814
Cowansville. 6,266	494,296	1.34	6,649	
St Hyacinthe 1,964	143,190	1.66	2,386	238
m 1 00 F01		1	91 409	\$3 139
Totals26,531	2,010,990	1.01	51,405	\$0,100

These fources of savings for the season beginning in May, would have equalled \$4,500 on the factories served, instead of as above, which was only during the warm months, or an amount equal to a capital outlay of \$2,000, on each of the factories served, figured at an increase of 6 per cent. This direct benefit should appeal to even the most miserly factorymen. But the direct benefit was not the only advantage, for the average quality of cheese cured in a low temperature was higher than if treated otherwise.

Some figures of results obtained under the two processes were submitted which showed the advantage of euring at a low temperature. The saving on the first lot reaching from August 9 to September 8, was eight ounces in favor of the cool curing room; on the second lot from September 12 to October 11, 1 lb. 1 oz., and on the third lot, from September 13 to October 1, 1 lb. 10 oz. per cheese, of the weight above specified; quite a large difference. Treating the cheese with a coating of parafiline wax was the next matter attended to, and the professor submitted a table which gave results of cheese so treated in a cold curing room and in an uncontrolled room, and other lots not treated.

The figures were as follows :

COU	L CURING	ROOM.		
Date.	Lbs.	Oz.	Lbs.	Oz.
Sept. 12	81	0	81	12
Oct. 11	80	12	80	4
Shrinkage	0	4	1	0
Sept. 13	86	0	85	4
Oct. 11		14	83	8
Shrinkage	0	2	1	12
UNCO	NTROLLED	ROOM.		
	Lbs.	Oz.	Lbs.	
Sept. 12	81	12	82	0
Oct. 11		0	78	12

Sept. 14	01	16	176	U	
Oct. 11		0	78	12	
Shrinkage	2	12	3	4	
Sept. 13		12	83	4	
Oct. 11		6	79	14	
Shrinkage	2	6	3	6	

These results were in favor of the paratining of cheese when cured at a low temperature, but when not done, they were the reverse. The professor's experience went to show that when the temperature was not controlled, it was not a good' thing to coat the cheese with paraffine, as it scaled off and did not look nice. Cured at a low temperature, however, he claimed that paraffining had its advantages, though the statement might be disputed; because as with all new departures, some bad result had been experienced.

Last year's letters from Hodgson Bros., of Montreal, which the professor read, of two different lots, heated under the two processes, held up his statement. In the one case, when the cheese had been coated they realized 6 1-6th per cent., and in the other only 6 per cent., or a difference of 1-6th per cent, and Messrs. Hodgson added that if the market had not then been in a very healthy state when they sold, the second lot would not have fetched the price they did, as quite a lot of fault was to be found with them. He warned the factorymen that although cool curing rooms were in use, dirty milk or very lax methods would still be felt. These would show up, no matter what process was adopted.

When business was resumed Wednesday, W. Eager spoke of the care that should be taken with the milk. This had not been done, and it was proved that in the case of a factory of 40 patrons, receiving 10,000 fb. of milk per day, the milk of five patrons, 500-100th fb. of it, when bad or greasy, had tainted all the rest; 10 fb. of good milk would produce a pound of cheese, where, on account of the taint, 11 fb. had to be used. This meant that the 35 cleanly patrons were at a loss of one pound of milk per pound of cheese, on account of the laziness and dirt of the five patrons. The experience of the industry last season when the climatic conditions were favorable to the proper condition of milk, was a striking object lesson in this connection. They had realized millions of dollars more money because the quality of the Canadian cheese shipped to England was better. Prof. Ruddick next spoke of proper methods to be used in the making of first-class creamery butter. He urged that yards and places where the dairy herds were milked should be paid proper attention. On account of the heavy rainfall last year, not so much dust had been seen in these places; this prevented the dissemination of bad flavors in the milk; for when cows were milked in a dusty, dirty yard, the milk could not help absorbing impurities, which affected the flavor of the butter, and also went against its market value.

The flooring of stables and factories was another subject, and he believed that the time would come when no farmer would be satisfied with anything except a cement floor. Proper packing and the right packages were an absolute necessity. Makers of the boxes, had gone beyond the limit of safety in trying to reduce the weight, and the prevalence of bad packages had injured the market standing of Canadian butter. A better parchment paper lining was also necessary. The professor pointed out that New Zealand was away ahead of Canada in this matter. Mould on butter he thought could be prevented by washing the creamery and cooling rooms in a solution of bichloride of mercury of the proportion of 1 to 1,000. It was also necessary to keep a record of the temperature in the factory. Where it fluctuated widely there was some defect in its construction, and a high grade of butter could never be made there. The meeting concluded with the re-election of Mr. Sewell Foster as president, and the old board of directors, and the adoption of the following resolution, which was proposed by Mr. E. E. Spencer, and seconded by Mr. N. P. Emerson :

As the question of gaining and maintain ng a uniform standard of excellence in the markets for the production of our butter and cheese factories is the most important consideration that can possibly engage the attention of the dairymen of this Province, the time has now arrived when Government assistance should be asked, in order to protect the interests of this business and of those who have devoted study, time and capital to the development and manufacture of gilt-edge butter and fancy cheese, and to put it on a basis that will gain uniform standard qualities and insure to the patrons, men, qual fied by knowledge and training, to handle their milk; to the accomplishment of this end, it is moved, that in the opinion of this meeting of the members and friends of the District of Bedford Dairymen's Association, the Provincial Government should be asked to consider the appointment, with authority, of a qualified commissioner who, upon investigation, will grant licenses to butter and cheese makers to operate factories and manufacture on standard lines, for the joint protection of patrons and makers, and the promotion of the dairy interests of the Province of Quebec.

CHEESEMEN ORGANIZE.

A meeting was held in Bancroft, B.C., on March 13, in order to form a syndicate and engage an instructor. Eleven cheese factories were represented at the meeting.

Before proceeding to the actual business, the cheese board was reorganized and the following officers were elected : President,

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DAIRY PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS The Canadian Grocer RETURNED When you have any JUN 13 1903 lage 55 BUTTER DRY HOP OR EGGS YEAST CAKES to offer, write or wire us. We are buyers. The J. A. McLean Produce Co., Limited V. GILLETT COMPANY 75-77 Colborne Street TORONTO, ONT. Toronto. Telephone Main 2401. Mess Pork, F. W. FEARMAN CO. Short Cut Pork, Limited Plate Beef. HAMILTON Curers of... "STAR BRAND" Hams and Bacon Pure Lard Hams **Breakfast Bacon Full Cream Cheese** When wanting any of the following goods, ask us for **Stilton Cheese** prices or see our salesmen : **Roll Bacon** Hams Bolognas Long Clear Bacon **English Brawn** Frankfurts Shoulders Fresh Sausage Short Rolls **Bologna Sausage Boiled Hams** Long Rolls H. T. & C. Sausage Breakfast Bacon Brawn **Boiled Roll Bacon** Pork Sausage Back Cooked Hams Long Clear " Blood Pudding Short Cut Pork Liver RELIABLE GOODS AT RIGHT PRICES. Mess C. C. Beef Write or wire for special quotations on car lots. **Pigs Feet** Onions White Beans ·· Tongues Lard Lima Lard Compound Honey The Park, Blackwell Co., Large Cheese **Creamery Butter** Twin Cheese Dairy .. LIMITED Stilton Cheese Mince Meat. PORK PACKERS. TORONTO, ONT. 15

DAIRY PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS

R. Dixon; 1st vice-president, Jas. Haryett ; 2nd vice-president, Geo. A. Hannah; secretary treasurer, D. H. Morrison.

On motion, it was decided to organize a syndicate and guarantee the instruc-tor's salary of \$450. After considerable discussion it was decided that this sum be raised by a levy on the cheese manufactured by each factory, and that the make of 1902 be taken as a basis. The factories represented in the syndi-

cate at present are : Hybla, Greenview, McClure, Lakeview, Beechmount, Bronson, Egan Creek, Mayo and Carlow, Mc-Arthur's Mills, Carlow, and it is expected that at least half a dozen others will come in before the season opens.

THE MILLION-DOLLAR CORPORATION.

The Dominion Packing Company, of Montreal, have been organized with a capital of \$1,000,000. The erecting of the beef packing plants, which will, it is claimed, be equal in every respect to those of The Armour Co., of Chicago, will be commenced very soon.

will be commenced very soon. The officers of the new company are: C. Shields, Sydney, president; J. M. Wiley, Chicago, vice-president and gen-eral manager; W. M. Doull, Montreal, secretary; T. S. Kennedy and R. J. Pear-son, Halifax; and Wm. Hanson, Mont-real disartors real. directors.

One plant will likely be on Prince Ed-ward Island and the other somewhere in Nova Scotia. Cold storage warehouses will be established in Halifax, St. John, N.B., St. John's. Nfld., Sydney, C.B., and probably Montreal and Quebec.

DAIRY PRODUCE. TORONTO.

BUTTER-The quantity coming to hand is by no means large, and some difficulty is experienced in meeting demands in the higher grades. Creamery butter is especi-ally scarce, and higher prices are anticipated. Many of the factories, which until recently were making butter, are now in full swing making cheese, attracted by the

high prices ruling in that industry. It must be several weeks yet before the summer creameries open up, and until then light supplies must be looked for. We quote :

Creamery prints	. 0 21 0 23
" solids, fresh	. 0 20 0 22
" old	. 0 18 0 19
Dairy rolls, large	0 17 0 18
" winte	. 0 18 0 19
" tubs, selected	0 16 0 18
" medium	. 0 15 0 16
Incuration	0 12 0 14

CHEESE Stocks of cheese are in very small compass and very high prices are being maintained, the result being that the consumption has been somewhat curtailed. It is, however, anticipated that there must be a difficulty in lengthening stocks to meet the demand pending, new stocks being available. We quote : Per lb

MONTREAL.

BUTTER-Fresh made creamery is in good demand, and the quantity coming forward is hardly sufficient to supply the trade. It is expected the make will increase in a couple of weeks' time, when lower prices will doubtless prevail. Large dairy rolls have been coming forward more freely, and there is a tendency to accumulate stock; prices are a little easier in consequence. Fresh creamery is 1/2c. higher, and large dairy rolls 1c. lower. We quote :

	rer	10.
Fresh creamery	0 22	0 221
Large dairy rolls	.0 17	0 17
Solids	0 21	0 22
Held.	0 18	0 20
Prints	0 18	0 18

CHEESE-The market for fall cheese continues firm. In England the market is steady, and if anything is a little firmer. Dealers report some factories are making new cheese, and also state that the output of fodder cheese this year will be about double that of any previous year, from present appearances. We quote :
 Fine September, per lb
 0 13
 0 13
 7

 Fodder cheese,
 0 121
 0 13
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WINNIPEG.

BUTTER-A more unsatisfactory butter market it would be hard to find. Quite large consignments are coming in, but a very small percentage is fit for table use. Jobbers are offering 16 to 17c., Winnipeg, for first-class table butter and are not getting enough to supply their customers. From this the price runs down to 10c.

CHEESE-The holdings in the city are small and jobbers are now quoting 14c.

THE PROVISION MARKETS. TORONTO.

The provision market continues firm; there has been a slight further advance in dressed hogs, the quantity coming in being barely sufficient to meet butchers' demand. There are still inquiries from across the border for live hogs, which has the effect to strengthen prices. Lard has still an upward tendency, and prices gen-erally maintain a firm character. We quote :

Long clear bacon, per lb			\$0 104
Smoked breakfast bacon, per lb		134	0 14
Roll bacon, per lb	0	11	0 12
Medium hams, per lb	0	13	0 131
Large hams, per lb		12	0 121
Rolls, per lb.		111	0 12
Shoulder hams, per lb		11	0 114
Backs, per lb		14	0 15
Heavy mess pork, per bbl'			21 25
Short cut, per bbl			23 25
Shoulder mess pork, per bbl			19 00
f and the second second like			0 101
tubs	ò	11	0 111
" pails "	ň	ii	0 111
" compounds, per lb		08	
Plate beef, per 200-lb. bbl		001	15 00
Dressed hogs, carlots, per cwt		; :n	\$7 65
Small butchers' hogs			8 25
		7 00	
Beef, hind quarters		5 00	
" front quarters			
choice carcases		6 00	
meanum			
сошшоп			
Mutton		7 00	
Lamb		8 50	
Veal		8 00	10 00

MONTREAL.

The market for all lines remains firm, in sympathy with the steady upward tendency of prices for live hogs. Trade is more active in hams and bacon, owing to the near approach of Easter, and a number of orders have come forward from both local and country buyers. Pork is moving fairly well, and the demand for lard is good. Fairbank's compound lard in tin pails is now 1/4 c. lower than in wooden pails, instead of ¼c. lower as formerly. At present the price in tin pails is the same as the tierce basis, 8%c., making the price of 20-lb. tins \$1.77 %. It is well to emember that while tin pails are 20 lb. gross, wooden pails are 20 lb. net. We quote :

Heavy Canadian abort cut mess pork		\$24 00	
Light Canadian short cut clear pork		23 00	
Canadian short cut back pork		23 50	
American short cut clear pork	. 24 00		
American fat back pork	. 24 50		
Tiums, per ib	. 12	14	
Bacon, per lb	. 14	15	
Extra plate beef, per bbl	. 14 50	15 00	
Pure Canadian lard, in tubs, per lb		0 104	
if if if it multiples and the			
pans, per lo cases, per lb	. 11		
Fairbank's " Boar's Head " lard compo	und SI		
basis, with extras as follows:			
60-lb. tubs, over tierce		0 001	
00 lb mod maile "		0.001	
90-lb. wood pails, "		0 00	
10-10. 0110,			
5-lb. tins, "		0 00%	
3-lb. tins,		0 01	
Snow White and Globe compound, per pai		\$1 90	
Cottolene pails for 60-lb		0 11	
" 20-lb. for tubs, for Que.and Ont		0 11	

The tone of the market for dressed hogs was strong, owing to the scarcity, and prices have advanced 25c. per 100 lb. From butchers the demand was good, but trade was checked on account of the small offerings. Country dressed sold at \$9.25 to \$9.50, and abattoir \$9 to \$9.75, and in some cases \$10 was realized.

There was nothing new to note in the dressed meat market. A good demand was noted for most lines. Beef is 1c. lower, fore quarters 1c., lower grade hind

ST. JOHN, N.B.

In barrelled pork the firm market con tinues. The outlook is for high prices Just a fair business is being done. Beef is firmer, but prices are not out of the way. In lard the market is again rather higher, after the somewhat lower prices. Market is well supplied. Refined is unchanged. In fresh beef, some nice do-mestic is offered, and this helps the price. Western continues at the rather lower figures. Veal is quite plentiful and the price unchanged. Pork is quite firm. Mutton sells freely. We quote :

Mess pork, per bbl	82	1 50 82	3 50
Clear pork "	2	50 2	6 00
Plate beef "	1	5 00 1	6 00
Mess beef "	1	2 50 1	3 00
Domestic beef, per lb	() 06	0 071
Western beef "	(08	0 08
Mutton "	(08	0 08
Veal "			0 08
Pork "	(08	0 08
Lard, pure, tubs "	(11	0 11
" " pails "	() 11	0 12
" compound, tubs, per lb			0 091
" " pails "			0 09
" Fairbank's refined, tubs, per lb			0 10
" " pails "			0 10

J. W. Wiley, of The Dominion Packing Co., Charlottetown, called on the trade this week with the local representative C. E. Harding.

WINNIPEG.

BEEF—The best grade of city dressed brings $7 \ \text{\%}$ c., and from that price runs down all the way to 6c. The offerings of the week have been light.

MUTTON-Stocks of frozen mutton are about exhausted, and there is a good demand for fresh killed. Offerings are small and prices high. The best fiesh killed brings 11c., and lambs (when any offer), 11 1/2 to 11 3/4 c.

Hogs-The offerings of dressed hogs are falling off. As long as packers can get a fairly adequate supply of live hogs they do not want dressed, and this confines the demand to the city trade, which, as spring advances, is never quite so active. Best dressed hogs are worth 7 to 7 1/4 c.

CURED MEATS-Market is slightly lower on nearly all lines. The demand at present is rather quiet. Hams, 13¼ c.; shoulders, 10¾ c.; breakfast bacon' bellies, 14¾ c.; backs, 14½ c.; long rolls, 12¾ c.; short rolls, 12c.; long clear, 10¼ c.; dry salt backs, 12c.

LARD—There has also been a slight decline in lard. Tierces are now $11\frac{1}{4}c.$, 50-lb. tubs, \$5.70; 20-lb. pails, \$2.35; 10-lb pails, \$7.15; 5-lb. pails, \$7.20; 3-lb. pails, \$7.30.

POULTRY—Receipts are confined to a few irregular lots. Frozen stock is pretty well cleaned up. As usual the demand for well dressed marketable stock is far in excess of the supply. Dealers offer from 11 to $12\frac{1}{2}$ c. for chickens dressed.

PROVISION NOTES.

A company has been formed and will soon establish in Kansas City a plant for the packing of goat

meat in cans for export. In addition, dressed goats will be offered to Kansas City butchers for sale to the public.

Canada sold England \$25,000,000 in butter and cheese last year. Mr. George Mahon, London, Ont., has

Mr. George Mahon, London, Ont., has been engaged to manage the Leitch's cheese factory, at Caradoc, during the coming season.

The Murray Harbor South Dairying Co., Murray Harbor, P.E.I., have secured the services of George Hicken, Charlottetown, as manager of their factory.

The annual meeting of The Economy and Bass River Butter and Cheese and Manufacturing Co., New Glasgow, N.S., was recently held. The yearly report showed a satisfactory amount of business done.

The annual meeting of The Marland Union Cheese Factory was held on March 20 in Brockville, and it was well attended. Scott & Son, of the Hillbrook Creamery, made an offer to purchase the factory.

A new and expensive machine for pasteurizing all cream will likely be installed by Mr. Barry, of Grand Valley, Ont., in his butter factory. This improvement will give the product of the factory a more even quality and higher standard. The wholesale butchers of London, Ont. have organized a local union known as the Forest City Butchers' Union, in order to protect the market against The Toronto Abattoir Co., who are trying to sell meat of all descriptions to retailers

sell meat of all descriptions to retailers in London. At an adjourned meeting of the Lindsay, Ont., council held recently, the town butchers prevented a proposed by-law in which there were a chance to prevent gro-

which there was a chance to prevent grocers from selling fresh pork and sausages. The council considered that the proposal was unreasonable, and therefore refused to consider the by-law.

was unreasonable. and therefore refused to consider the by-law. Ontario stock breeders will exhibit animals at an exhibition to be held at Woodstock, New Brunswick, on March 27. Among the well-known breeders who will exhibit are :--A. W. Smith, Maple Lodge : John Howden, Whitby ; W. M. Young, Young Bros., Whitby ; John Bright, Myrtle ; Wm. Bright. Myrtle ; Thos. Duff, Myrtle ; Robert Holtby, Manchester ; Chas. Calder, Brooklin ; James Leask, Greenhank.

The partnership which has existed between Wm. Smith and Alex. G. Smith, produce dealers, of Sault Ste. Marie, Port Arthur and Fort William, Ont., has

been dissolved. W. Smith will retain the business at Sault Ste. Marie, while A. G. Smith assumes ownership of the business in the two towns. This business, a wholesale one, by the way, was established several years ago by Smith Bros., and was a successful venture from the first.

An informal meeting was held recently between the directors of The Palmerston Pork Packing Co. and members of the town council. Mr. White, who proposes to buy the factory, stated as his conditions that \$12,000 of the \$22,000 bonds guaranteed by the town should be remitted, and that certain other terms in the agreement between the town and company should be modified, especially that providing for an audit of the company's books by auditors appointed by the council. The council would be willing to modify the agreement in minor particulars, but will not agree to remit the debt, which would amount to giving a bonus of \$12,000.

TRADE NOTES.

0. & E. Colletta, Montreal, have been registered as butchers.

Geo. A. Bowes, butcher, Winnipeg, Man., has sold out to L. Westmorland. Burchill & Howey, butchers, Brandon,

Burchill & Howey, butchers, Brandon, Man., have sustained slight loss by fire. Rochon & Lafrance, provision merchants, Montreal, have dissolved partner-

chants, Montreal, nave dissolved partner ship. Francis Girardot, tobacco merchant, o

Francis Girardot, tobacco merchant, of Windsor, Ont., has sold out to E. C. Janisse.

Joseph and Alex. Lefebvre, butter and cheese manufacturers. St. Justin, Que., have been registered.



Write us—we'd like you to know all about them. If you want an estimate send outline showing the shape and measurements of your ceilings and walls.

Metallic Roofing Co. Limited

The Canadian Grocer

CONDENSED OR "WANT" ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements under this heading, 2c. a work each insertion; cash in advance. Letters, figures and abbreviations each count as one word in estimating out of the state of the

FOR SALE.

FISH - LAKE SUPERIOR SALT TROUT for sale by H. T. Hurdon, Kincardine. (14)

AN OLD ESTABLISHED BUSINESS IN the Annapolis Valley—fancy and staple groceries, flour, feed, coal, etc. Stock about \$5,000. Good family trade. Apply box 13, CANADIAN GROCER, City. 14

FOR SALE – GROCERY DOING GOOD business; good location. Also house and double lot. Easy terms or snap for cash. Wm. H. Anderson, grocer, Cornwall, Ont. (13)

FOR SALE – FIRST-CLASS CONFECtionery, bakery and ice cream business; doing first-class trade; good reasons for selling; a snap if taken at once. Apply Box 631, Globe.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED – EXPERIENCED CLERK FOR grocery, must understand Window Dressing. Steady employment. Box 17 CANADIAN GROCER (13)

BAKER – UP TO DATE ON CAKES, pastry and fancy bread; also young man with one or two years, experience on bread; day work. Apply D. J. Gibson, Orillia. F

BAKER WANTED – SECOND HAND. Apply, stating experience and wages expected to Walter Smith, Strathroy.

SALESMAN FOR GENERAL STORE MUST be first-class man, with good references Apply at office, Gordon, Mackay and Co., Limited

BAKER WANTED – FIRST CLASS ON bread and cakes; state wage and experience. Apply to H. E. Mann, Sutton West, Ont. F

BAKER WANTED – A GOOD MAN ON bread and cakes; to take second place; three men in shop. Apply to Joseph Farr. St. Mary's, Ont. F

SITUATION WANTED.

A TRAVELLER WITH GOOD CONNECtion in Toronto and Western Ontario is open for situation; hustler. Box 16 CANADIAN GROCER.

AS CLERK IN STORE — FIVE YEARS' experience; best of references; thorougly understands the business E. J. Mil s, Parry Harbor, Ont.

BAKER WANTED - FIRST-CLASS ON bread and cake. Apply at once, stating salary, to W. H. McCullough, Box 292, Georgetown, Ont. F

WANTED.

SMALL GENERAL STORE WANTED at once; in country; must be good stand; state full particulars. Box 216 Globe.

FOR RENT.

FIRST CLASS BAKERY FOR RENT AT 202 Carlton St.; splendid locality; rent twentyfive dollars per month, Apply to James Lumbers, 67 Front St. east, Toronto. F

DEPARTMENT OF ADVERTISING SUGGESTION AND CRITICISM

Edited by W. ARTHUR LYDLATF, Advertising Specialist, Toronto

NOTE-Herein are discussed the principles and practice of advertising. Subscribers are invited to send Mr. Lydiatt specimens of their newspaper and other advertising, for the purpose of review in this department. Address care of Department of Advertising, GANADIAN GROCER.

It is our intention to make this department a regular feature of THE CANADIAN GROCRR. 'fo make it the more interesting to our individual subscribers we invite them to write Mr. Lydiatt telling of their situation, the difficulties they have met with in getting adequate results from their advertising, and sending samples of their ads. to receive his impartial criticism. If you want to know how your advertising can be improved, ask.—THE EDITOR.

WJXTRA !! Wuxtra !! Git th' night Sun, World er Journal !! Papore !!!

Paper, sir ?—want a paper ?—and, with a rush, several newsboys waylaid me, quickly surrounded me, and almost demanded that I should buy a paper.

It was at the entrance to the Brooklyn Bridge, about six o'clock one evening last fall. a time of day when thousands of people converge at this point, homeward bound.

I had unconsciously put my hand in my pocket—possibly to see if I had a nickel in change to get my elevated ticket—yet the action was noticed by these newsboys, who evidently took this as a sign that I wanted a paper and was reaching for the penny. I have often noticed how quick these uneducated boys are to "follow-up" any kind of a clue to possible business. It is certainly commendable.

I had occasion to stand at the bridge entrance for a few moments, when my attention was drawn to the methods employed by the different boys in selling their papers.

I saw, in perspective, a miniature world of business, where one fought the competition of others by much the same methods as we do in our larger business life.

There were boys with large stocks, including all the local evening papers. Others carried a more limited supply, confining their efforts to disposing of those most in demand. Still, others sold only one, or perhaps two, different papers, because of limited capital, or, more likely on account of their inability to get rid of a larger supply.

Some sold papers as fast as they could hand them out and take in the money others did a "fair trade," and some boys seemed to be always "just behind" some other fellow in reaching a customer.

Typical of his class, one boy stood by one of the immense pillars that support the stairwav with his bundle of papers under his arm, waiting for the customers that seldom came. He took it for granted, I suppose, that people took his presence there to mean that he had papers for sale, and that those who felt the need of an evening paper, would approach him and purchase—"when they wanted anything in his line." Occasionally he would push a paper under the nose of a passerby, muttering, "Paper, sir." I didn't have much trouble keeping track of his sales—they were noticeable, principally because of their small number.

"How like some retailers," I thought. Open-up shop—hang out their sign—and wait for the trade to come to them. They need lots of patience at first—later on they need money.

Among the more enterprising boys, competition was keen. Each one of the thousands that were continually crowding towards the Bridge, was a possible customer.

A great many of the boys appeared to have "stands," where the crowds passed thickest, and they didn't fail to let people know that they were there, and what papers they had to sell. I observed that the more aggressive passed through the crowds, constantly repeating their accustomed cry, picking up a "sale" wherever they could. Like the boys who accosted me, they were always on the lookout for any sign that might indicate a possible customer.

I was not surprised that the boys who cried oftenest and loudest, and who kept at it, sold the most papers.

Are not their methods and the results with which they meet, characteristic of the conditions prevailing in ordinary mercantile life?

We find the exact counterpart of each of these classes of boys, among the merchants of any good-sized town. We find that the merchants who ask for trade oftenest and most intelligibly, get the lion's share of the trade, while the man who sits in his store all day and confines his advertising effort to his tongue and the appearance of his store—we generally find "looking" for business.

Such merchants might change things if they would secure space in the local papers and commence to blow their own horns a little. Nearly every merchant thinks his store is better than his nearest competitor's, and he generally has good reason for thinking so. The more he explains these reasons to the general public the more chances he has of increasing his business.

When the newspapers publish "Extras" you hear the newsboy yell—they realize the selling power of that word in their business—and usually add a few particulars to create a desire on the part of the public for their papers. The more they yell the more they sell. The merchant who proclaims his "Extras"—and every merchant has some—sells more by the same principle.

This advertising is simply asking people—as many as you can possibly reach to patronize you in preference to others, and if you can give them any good reasons why they should—chances are a large proportion of those you ask, will accept your invitation.

The traveller who calls at your store oftenest, explains the merits of his goods and the methods of his "house" the most interestingly, as a rule, gets the most of your orders in his line—if his goods and arguments possess merit. The proposition you have to deal with in retailing these goods to the public is much the same as that of the traveller who sells the goods to you. You want to know what you are buying—you discriminate compare quality and price—all the time. The general public do the same, and it's up to you to hustle—" ask and ye shall receive."

Since it is a recognized fact that the more we ask for business, the more business we get—and since advertising is simply asking for business in different ways, using every argument we can think of to impress people with the desirability of buying in our stores—it seems the solution of the ever-vexing problem "How to ... get more business" is found in one word —" advertise."

And every merchant in Canada who wants to hold his own—and get his share of the local trade, with as much more as his enterprise and merchandizing ability shall merit—those who are in business for the purpose of doing business and making money—will find the ways and means open as they begin to "talk shop" at



every opportunity, to every possible customer.

But, "How shall I advertise?"—that's the question that worries not a few, and it is the question we are going to try and answer, in different ways, in this department each week. There are hundreds of "Hows," each applicable to some individual case, and there is a "Why" for every "How."

The best way to bring out into open discussion those "Hows" with their respective "Whys," that most interest the readers of "The Canadian Grocer" is

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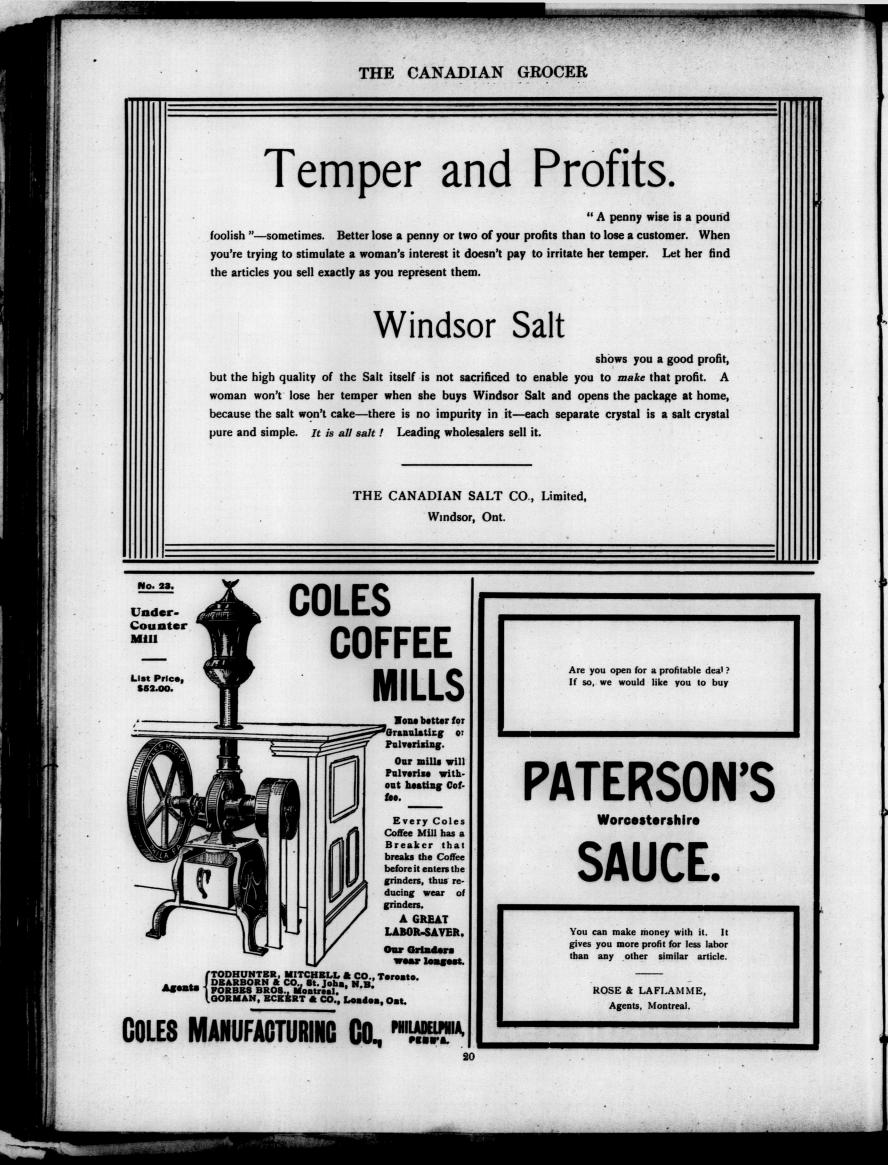
for these same readers to ask questions; to ask for information that will be of special value to them—and to send in samples of their newspaper ads. and other advertising matter, for review. Too many cannot come.

Who'll be first ?

A NEW TRAVELLER.

W. C. Murray, of Montreal, has joined the travelling staff of E. W. Gillett Company Limited, Toronto, and leaves for the Maritime Provinces this week. Mr. Murray is an experienced traveller and thoroughly familiar with the trade down by the sea, having represented some of the most prominent manufacturers of Western Canada in that part of the Dominion. The tcrritory covered by Mr. Murray embraces New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, P. E. Island and Newfoundland. It is his intention to reside in his territory, and he will most likely make his headquarters in one of the larger centres. Mr. Murray succeeds T. T. Cartwright, the former eastern representative of this company.







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CANADA'S FOREIGN TRADE.

HE remarkable proportions of Canada's foreign trade when compared with the population of the country has aroused considerable comment from time to time. In the year ending June 30, 1901 (the year the census was taken), our population was 5,338,083, and our total exports and imports, \$386,903,157, showing a trade of over \$72 per capita. Last year the total trade was \$423,910,444, and our estimated population 5,500,000. Thus our foreign trade aggregated at least \$77. Our foreign trade this year, if the growth shown in the past seven months be continued, will be over \$460,000,000, which would show a foreign trade of over \$80 for every man, woman and child in the Dominion.

We hear so much of the "industrial supremacy" of the United States that it is interesting to point out that the total foreign trade of the United States last year was \$2,330,022,888, less than \$30 per capita. And what is still more significant is that Canada's foreign trade is much larger than that of the United States in 1850, when that country had a population of 23,191,876. Canada may not have a large population, but it is a factor in the world's commerce.

EDITORIAL

POSTAL RATES FROM BRITAIN TO CANADA.

WRITING recently from Vancouver, the United States consul there points out to his department at Washington that matter mailed to Canada only carries the same rate of postage as if mailed to any point within the confines of the United States. He goes on to say that the reason he refers to the matter in his report is that he is regularly in receipt of newspapers, etc., on which a 5c. stamp has been placed, when a 2c. would suffice.

This report of the consul should bring home to the people of Great Britain the peculiar disadvantages under which they labor, in comparison with the United States, in sending newspapers and periodicals to Canada.

As our readers are well aware, the Canadian Postmaster-General some weeks ago succeeded in inducing the British Government to allow us to send newspapers and periodicals to points within Great Britain at the same rate as if mailed to points within the Dominion.

In a letter the other day to the Montreal Board of Trade, Sir William Mulock said that it was four years since he first made application to the Imperial Government for permission to do this, so that it has taken all that time to move the postal authorities from their position. While they have, however, conceded this one point, they have so far refused to allow newspapers and periodicals to be mailed to Canada at the same rate which obtains at home.

The newspapers and the magazines, outside those of our own country, which are to be seen in the bookstores and news stands of Canada are nearly all from the United States. It is a rare thing indeed to see an English newspaper or periodical offered for sale. We should think it no exaggeration to say that for every English publication received in Canada, there are ninety-nine American. The excessive rates on newspapers and periodicals from Great Britain to Canada is not entirely traceable to this fact, but it has, no doubt, materially assisted in bringing about the present condition of affairs.

Politically, the dissemination of Ameri-

The Canadian Grocer

can literature is not to the advantage of Great Britain, for in spite of the cordial relations between the two countries, the magazines and newspapers printed in the United States contain much that reflects on British customs and prestige ; but there is another phase of the matter, which is not always taken into consideration, and that is in regard to its effect on commerce. British magazines and newspapers contain a great many announcements in regard to the products of the home factories. Naturally Canada is desirous of retaining as much of her home trade as possible, but if the advertisements of other counties are to circulate among our people, they naturally prefer that it should be those of the Mother Country rather than those of the United States, our greatest competitor. This is a point which should influence the British business men and force the Imperial postal authorities to discontinue their shortsighted policy.

MERCHANTS AND BETTER ROADS.

THIS should be a good time to promote the cause of good roads. From all over Canada come reports of quiet trade at country points on account of the bad condition of the roads.

This is nothing new. It is the experience of every spring. That, however, at the same time is no excuse why efforts should not be made to minimize the evil.

With trade almost at a standstill in many parts of the country, the loss must be very large indeed every spring to both business men and the farmers. By putting the roads in proper condition the interruption with traffic at this time of the year would be very much reduced. It will cost money to do this; but where an intelligent effort has been made to improve country roads, the results obtained have more than warranted the expenditure.

If the business men in country places would actively preach the subject of good roads, and impress upon the farmers in their respective localities the financial advantages which would accrue therefrom, vehicular communication between the farm and the store would become less interrupted, business would be more regular and payments prompter.

21

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EDITORIAL

AN ERA OF EXPANSION.

MUCH has been said and written regarding the wonderful developments—industrial, commercial, national which have taken place in Canada during the past few years, and of the more wonderful expansion prophesied in the immediate years to come. Yet too much has not been said.

The phase of the question, however, that interests the retail merchants is what this development is likely to mean to his business. There is no doubt but that the past six or seven years have added materially to the volume of business done by the average retailer. In many cases the retailers have been enabled to put their business on such a sound basis that the question to-day is, what should be the next step of progress ?

Some may reason that their business has about reached its limits, that they can well afford to use some of their capital for enterprises entirely outside and apart from their regular business. This opens up new dangers, and dangers which may lead to unexpected difficulties. No matter how successful a man may be in one line, he handicaps himself when he divides his interests, when he devotes time and thought to matters quite foreign to his retail business. He may not be able to concentrate enough thought on either to make it pay as well as that which has hitherto received his undivided attention. Andrew Carnegie's advice, "Put all your eggs in one basket," was given by a man whose judgment is recognized as sound.

Then, if a retailer has reached what seems to be the limit of his business, yet has some surplus capital to invest, what is he to do? Extend his own business into lines which he can sell to his present customers.

BARBADOS MOLASSES FIRM.

A letter received from Barbados, under date of March 16, stated that the crop of molasses is exceedingly short, the opinion being that it will not exceed 25,000 puncheons.

So far it is estimated that 7,500 puncheons have been sold, the delivery for

the bulk of which extends into May, and which has not yet dripped from the sugar. Orders on hand not yet bought amount to 2,500 puncheons.

According to this letter, then, 10,000 puncheons have been sold; and this has been more than confirmed by a cable received on Wednesday, March 25, which states that half the crop has been marketed.

There seems to be no doubt but that the position of Barbados molasses is very strong, and that prices may go as high as 40c. is the opinion of more than one operator.

DOING ONE'S BEST.

NOTHING is lost by putting one's best effort into one's work. Customers, employers or the public may at times be tardy in recognizing worth, either in services rendered or in quality of goods offered for sale, but to do things thoroughly is the only highway to success.

Success is not merely obtaining applause to-day, or finding a market for to-day. Success is permanency. In manufacturing goods or in selling them; in laboring for himself or for someone else, it is the spirit that should actuate all men.

There are some who pretend at least to be doing their best where the single object is to courting praise. When impelled by such motives no man can really do his best. He may try to persuade himself that he is doing his best. But while he may deceive some people part of the time, he cannot deceive them all the time.

The best is only done when the aim is perfection, whatever the possibilities of reward or recognition may be. In other words, in the manufacturing of goods or in the selling of them; in the performance of any duty either important or unimportant, there must be the same spirit that stimulates the artist in the painting of a picture or in carving a thing of beauty from a cumbrous block of stone. In the artist we call this quality love of art. In the merchant we call it love of business, and in the manufacturer love for the particular class of goods which he makes; in the employe, love for excelling in the performance of duties.

But, however intense a man's desire may be to do a thing well, he can only do this when he has mastered his business, his profession or the details of his vocation, whatever it may be. He has, therefore, to be diligent in learning before he can do well that which is appertaining to his vocation.

WILL. IT SETTLE IRELAND'S WOES?

The Bill introduced on Wednesday, March 25, in the British House of $Com_{\overline{\mu}}$, mons to provide for the purchase of Irish estates by the tenants makes a free gift of \$60,000,000 for the purpose, and furthermore, the borrowing of \$500,000,000 to be loaned to the tenants of 3¹/₄ per cent. interest.

The sums involved are enormous, and, no doubt, exceed the imagination of nearly everyone who had attempted to guess the amount that the Government would be prepared to devote to the land purchase scheme. At the same time, large and all as it is, if it will only remove the factors which have been disturbing Ireland for 1,000 years, no one will scarcely begrudge it.

Great Britain owes Ireland much, but there seems to be evidently a strong disposition to liquidate the liability, and with interest.

THE SEIZURE OF WAGES.

A BILL is before the Quebec Legislature providing that no seizure can be made by creditors on wages less than \$10 per week, and it is not surprising that the Montreal grocers are preparing to put up a strong opposition to its becoming law. They should be supported by all other retail associations in the Province.

If such a Bill were to become law it would be a strong inducement to many whose salary was under the above amount to deal dishonestly with the merchants from whom they bought goods. Unscrupulous persons could use such a law to protect them from paying debts that they were easily able to pay; and such persons would, no doubt, run up bills trusting to the convenience of this law to relieve them of the responsibility of the debt.

Under the present law one-fifth of th: wages can be seized, and this gives some protection to the merchants. With a law allowing of no seizure whatever, the merchant would have no protection and would be saddled with bad debts no matter how leniently he may have felt towards a cus-" tomer, or how generously he may have been prepared to deal with him who could not pay. The merchant, true, might make it a point to inquire into the wages of certain customers and their ability to meet their bills, but it would very probably result in his giving deep offence to many of those who had asked for "trust" and who were quite worthy of it.

COUNTRY ROAD SYSTEMS.

By A. M. CAMPBELL, Commissioner of Highways.

NE of the most important developments of the good roads movement in Ontario has been the appropriation of \$1,000,-000 by the Legislature to aid

in the improvement of country roads. The motive for this step has, very largely, been to encourage county councils to assume the management of the most heavily-travelled roads in each county, thereby forming them into one class, in the construction and maintenance of which the most efficient superintendence, plans, methods and machinery can be employed. One third of the cost of constructing or reconstructing the roads assumed under a county system will be paid by the Provincial Government, and the Act is so framed as to give county councils the first opportunity to accept this aid. Should any counties fail in this, a proper proportion will be given to townships fulfilling certain prescribed conditions. A sufficient period has not yet elapsed to permit an estimate of the extent to which the Act will perform its mission, but at the present time county councils are everywhere interesting themselves in the matter.

By-laws under this Act have passed all stages in Wentworth, Simcoe and Lanark; the Wentworth by-law including the purchase of all toll roads within the county. Hastings and Wellington already have systems of county roads which they propose to bring under the Act. Action towards systems of county roads has also been taken in the counties of Carleton, Elgin, Oxford, Frontenac, Prince Edward, Lennox and Addington, Huron, Middlesex, Victoria, Essex and Brant.

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In Simcoe, one of the largest counties of the Province, the by-law provides for establishing a system of 400 miles of leading roads. This having failed to receive the assent of over two-thirds of the municipal councils, as required by the Act, it was submitted to a vote of the rate-payers and carried by 1.457 majority. The Wentworth by-law was the first to be fully adopted. This provides for the purchase of 38 miles of toll roads at a cost of \$71,000, and the improvement of 62 miles of other roads at a cost of \$48,000. The Lanark by-law provides for a total system of 90 miles, upon which they propose to expend \$100,000, including the Government grant of \$35,000. Of this about 17 miles are now toll roads, which, it is anticipated, can be purchased at a cost of \$17,000. The county of Carleton proposes to expend \$300,000 on 300 miles of leading roads, including \$30,000 granted by the Govern-

ment, this system to include also the toll roads of the county.

The two counties in the Province which now have well-defined county systems are Wellington and Hastings. The Wellington system comprises 144 miles, to which it is proposed to add 26 miles, and to make a sufficient expenditure in the improvement of these roads extending several years, to avail themselves of a Government grant of \$32,000.

The county roads of Hastings are frequently referred to as a practical example of a county road system, they having been maintained by the county for 40 years. The management is vested in a road committee of from five to seven members, appointed at the beginning of each year, by the county council, this committee electing a chairman. The county has a permanent superintendent of roads, whose duty it is to meet, report to and consult with the road committee from time to time, as may be necessary. The superintendent organizes gangs of five to seven men, each under a foreman, for the purpose of constructing roads and keeping them in repair.

Each foreman reports to the superintendent, the superintendent reports to the road committee, and the committee reports to the council. The foremen and men are appointed by the committee, with the advice of the superintendent. The men are given continuous employment for most of the year, dependent on their rendering good service.

Each gang is moved from point to point where work may be needed, and work is done where it is needed the most, with no inducement to slight it. At the same time every ratepayer becomes a road supervisor, for if he finds a man or foreman shirking his work, he at once notifies the council for the division and the matter is attended to without delay.

Under this system the men become skilled in their work and the foreman becomes expert. The superintendent knows all details. The committee becomes conversant with the progress and character of the work done, and with the work needed to be done. Through the committee, the council becomes equally well informed.

Under this system the good roads of Hastings have been extended from year to year. Of first-class gravel roads under the county council there are now over 400 miles, while the influence of these roads on township road improvement has been very great. Every neighborhood has its cheese and butter factory, and good roads are constructed from the main lines to

these by the townships. The townships have been relieved of the cost of caring for the main lines of travel, and are in many ways encouraged to perfect their own roads. As soon as the snow is off the ground in this county, the means of communication are as good as in midsummer. The cost of maintaining these roads is about \$12,000 annually, or \$30 per mile. Bridges are very numerous on the county roads, there being about 100, and \$3,000 is raised annually for maintaining these and for extending the county road system. The county has a full outfit of roadmaking machinery, including a grader, a rock crusher, a traction engine and roller, these alone enabling the county to do much more finished and economical work than can individual townships.

The people of Hastings have every faith in their system of road management, and have no thought of giving up their county roads. These good roads, and the increase of comfort and convenience they have produced, have largely advanced the value of property all over the county. The difference between five and 10 miles to a market has become a matter of little consequence. The agent of The Canada Company states that he values land at the rear end of the county at double the price of almost adjoining lands in the counties of Addington and Peterboro'.

CANNED GOODS SYNDICATE.

It is officially announced that a joint stock company, under the name of the Canadian Canners' Consolidation Companies, has been incorporated with a capital of \$2,500,000; it is a consolidation of the interests of the leading fruit and vegetable packers in the Dominion.

The provisional directors include among others : David Marshall, of The Aylmer Canning Co., Aylmer and Hamilton; W. P. Innes, of The Simcoe Canning Co., of Simcoe and Hamilton; W. A. Ferguson, of The Delhi Canning Co., Delhi; A. W. Hepburn, of A. C. Miller & Co., Picton; Hugh Malcolmson, of The Kent Canning Co., Chatham; Russell Bowlby, of Bowlby Bros., Waterford; F. R. Lalor, of The Dunnvil,e Canning Co., Dunnville: H. I. Matthews, of The Lakeport Preserving Co., Lakeport; W. Boulter, of W. Boulter & Sons (packers of the celebrated Lion brand of canned goods), Pieton; and Samuel Nesbit, capitalist, of Brighton.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. A. B. Hogarth, Tilsonburg, was in Toronto most of last week attending the meetings of the A.O.U.W.

THE CANADIAN GROCER "The Four Corners of the Earth"-show not the equal of Ceylon Teas. THEY ARE SURELY "THE WORLD'S PREFERENCE." THEIR PURITY, FLAVOR, AND ALL ROUND DELICIOUSNESS HAS MADE THEM ACCEPTABLE TO THE MOST CRITICAL OF TASTES. THERE ARE OTHER TEAS, BUT NONE LIKE THESE. THE SALE NOW EQUALS 21 PACKETS FOR EVERY MINUTE OF OUR LIVES, OR EQUIVALENT TO 11 MILLION PACKETS PER ANNUM. TO PRESERVE THEIR GOODNESS BLACK OR 25, 30, 40, 50 and 60c. NATURAL GREEN SOLD IN SEALED PACKETS ONLY. "Salada" Toronto, Montreal, Chicago and New York. TRADE MARK EGISTERED HORSE SHOE BRAND

24

For over twenty years this has been the leading Brand on the Canadian Market. The greatest care is taken to pack "Freshly Caught Salmon;" the latest Improved Machinery is used and every attention paid to Cleanliness. Quality is unexcelled, every tin being guaranteed.

OF SALMON

For sale by all leading Grocers throughout the Dominion.

As Popular as Ever! Lily White Gloss Starch in Toy Trunks. Handsome and Useful Package Carrying Goods of Highest Quality Brantford Starch Works, Limited Brantford, Ont.

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ONTARIO MARKETS. GROCERIES.

Toronto, March 26, 1903.

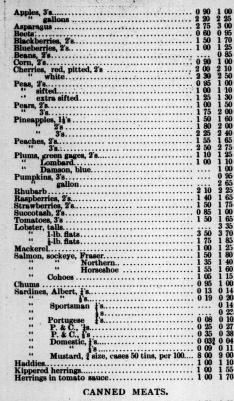
HERE has been little activity in the home markets during the past

week, there being little inclination to do other than meet absolute immediate requirements. Undoubtedly the difficulty of transit at this season is a great factor to be reckoned with, and there is a general feeling that with the opening of navigation, better trade will follow. Still, in addition, it would appear that jobbers are disposed to reduce stocks materially. There has been little to remark in canned goods. Coffee markets are generally inactive with prices slackening to a fall. Nuts remain firm in price, owing probably, to the moderate stocks held, and to the steady, though small, demand. Rice is reported as maintaining prices well. The sugar market has not been marked by great activity, and there is a slight tendency of weakness regarding price.

Both home and foreign markets report slowness regarding spices, but prices remain steady. The demand for syrups continues good and previous quotations remain. In molasses there has been a temporary stoppage of field operations which had a firming influence upon the New York market. There has been little movement in the tea market since last week. On the street particularly, business is slow. In addition to the Ceylon green mentioned in our last report there have been transactions in both China and Japan greens with Chicago and New York. Practically the whole of last year's Indian crop has now been shipped. The London market reports prices of good teas as being maintained at fully up quotations. In foreign dried fruits trade has been slow, having had to give way to the still large stocks of apples on hand.

CANNED GOODS.

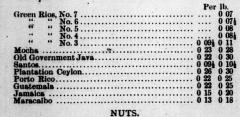
There has been little movement in these goods since our last issue, the demand having been of an ordinary character. Sardines, notably the higher brands, are getting increasingly scarce. The French sardine fisheries are practically at a standstill and in a state of destitution, owing to the scarcity of fish. The Portuguese sardines are coming forward very large and coarse. The prospects, therefore, as regards the higher brands, are of a distinctly unsatisfactory character. We quote :



Comp. corn beef,	1-lb. ca	ns	 	 		1 50	1 65
	2-lb. "			 		2 65	2 75
**	6-1b. "	+-				8 00	8 25
	4-lb. "		 				18 50
	-lb. "		 	 			3 00
	-lb. "		 	 	•••••		6 00
English brawn, 1-			 	 ••••		1 50	
	-lb. "		 	 		2 75	2 85
	-lb. "		 	 		1 50	1 65
	-lb. "		 	 		2 65	3 00
			 	 		1 00	1 50
Soups, assorted, 1	-lb. "		 	 			2 20
Soups and Boull,			 	 			1 80
Soups and Doun,	6-lb. "		 	 			4 50
Sliced smoked be			 	 		1 50	1 70
Sliceu silokeu be	1'0		 	 		2 6	

COFFEES.

The market here has been indifferent. Except in green coffee no progress is reported. The New York market reports coffee as flat, with prices tending to decline. The European advices also report quiet markets with the same inclination regarding prices. The movement of the Brazil crop continued large for the season of the year, and it was upon this fact, together with the excessive supplies in sight and reports of a large Brazil crop to be marketed during the season of 1903-4, that the present decline is based. We quote :



Although the season for nuts is now practically over there still continues a 25

limited but firm trade. The stocks being low, prices are maintained. The New York market reports a firm trade and prices strong. We quote :

Brazil	0 15	0 17
alencia shelled almonds		0 35
alencia snelleu almonus		0 13
arragona almonds		
alifornian almonds		0 20
" soft shell walnuts		0 13
formegetta almonds		0 11
ordan shelled almonds		0 52
Peanuts (roasted)		0 10
eanuts (roasted)		
" (green)		0 10
locoanuts. persack		3 75
" per doz		0 60
renoble walnuts		0 14
farbot walnuts		
aarbot walnuts	0 111	0 10
Bordeaux walnuts	0 112	0 12
licily filberts	0 11	0 114
Naples filberts	0 091	0 10
helled walnuts	0 27	0 28

SUGAR.

There is nothing of particular interest to note since our last issue. The weak-ness of raws noted in our last report developed further, and sales of centrifugals have been made in New York on fugals have been made in New York on the basis of 2c., cost and freight, New York, showing a further decline of 1-32c., making in all a decline of 3-32c. from recent highest point, 88 per cent. Beet sugar has declined 14c. for the week, it is now quoted at 8.3 basis, f.o.b. Hamburg, for prompt shipment. This is equal to the parity of 4c. 96 per cent. centrifugals on New York. 96 per cent. centrifugals on New York, duty paid basis, while the quotation for centrifugals noted above is the equal of 3.69, duty paid, from which it will be seen that there is still a difference of 30c. per 100 fb. in favor of cane sugar. The tone of the market is quiet at the moment with buyers indifferent to offerings of nearby sugars, though probably lots for distant delivery would interest refiners on current basis of values. The refined market is without feature, and the demand, both in Canada and the United States, is slow at present time. The outlook, however, for good trade in the near future is bright, and buyers seem only to be waiting for a more settled state of affairs in the raw market, which, coinciding with the near approach of the season of large consumption, would greatly stimulate buying. Meltings in United States three ports for week ending March 18, remain at former figure of 30,000 tons, while receipts for same per-iod last year were 37,453 tons. Combined stocks of United States and Cuba were 457,457 tons, against 455,541 tons at same time last year, the increase be-ing barely 2,000 tons, while total stocks of Europe and America at latest uneven dates show a decrease of about 240,000 tons.

On Thursday, March 19, the United States Senate by a vote of 50 to 16 ratified the Cuban Reciprocity Treaty with the amendment of the Foreign Relations Committee noted in our last issue, which means that the Treaty will not become operative until passed by both Houses of Congress, and it is possible that an extra session of Congress will be called early in the fall for this purpose. If not, the matter will, of necessity, be deferred until the regular meeting of Congress next December. We quote domestic refined as follows :

Maple Leaf granulated Crystal Beaver Imperial Phot nix. Cream Bright coffee. Bright yellow. No. 3 yellow. No. 3 yellow. No. 2 "		4, 50-11). bo	xes				44
Redpath's granulated Acadia granulated Acadia granulated Crystal Beaver Imperial Phoenix. Cream Bright ooffee. Bright ooffee. Bright ooffee. No. 3 yellow. No. 3 yellow. No. 2 "		100	- **					-4
Redpath's granulated Acadia granulated Acadia granulated Crystal Beaver Imperial Phoenix. Cream Bright ooffee. Bright ooffee. Bright ooffee. No. 3 yellow. No. 3 yellow. No. 2 "	ed							3
Acadia granulated Maple Leaf granulated Crystal Beaver Imperial Phoenix Cream Bright coffee. Bright yellow No. 3 yellow No. 2 No. 1								-
Maple Leaf granulated Crystal Beaver Imperial Phot nix. Cream Bright coffee. Bright yellow. No. 3 yellow. No. 3 yellow. No. 2 "					•••	••••		2
Crystal "Beaver Imperial Phoe nix. Cream Bright coffee. Bright coffee. Bright yellow. No. 3 yellow. No. 2 "						• • •		-
Beaver Imperial Phoenix Creau Bright coffee Bright yellow No. 3 yellow. No. 2 No. 1	1 (Berb	n)						
Imperial Phot nix	(Wal	lacebur	¥)					
Imperial Phot nix. Cream Bright coffee. Bright yellow. No. 3 yellow. No. 2								
Phoenix. Cream Bright coffee. Bright yellow. No. 3 yellow. No. 2								
Cream Bright coffee. Bright yellow. No. 3 yellow. No. 2								
Bright coffee Bright yellow No. 3 yellow. No. 2								
Bright yellow No. 3 yellow. No. 2 No. 1								
No. 3 yellow No. 2 No. 1								
No. 3 yellow No. 2 No. 1								
No. 2 " Nc. 1 "								
Nc. 1 "								
						100	1.2.2.2.2	
Extra ground icing (bb)	ls)							

RICE AND TAPIOCA.

Trade has been quiet in these goods this week, and prices remain unchanged. The foreign markets report rice as con-tinuing decidedly firm. The start of the new crop of rice being exceptionally late, it is generally accepted that the existing stocks will, with difficulty, be sufficient to meet the coming demands. We quote :

 Per Ib.
 Per Ib.
 Per Ib.

 Patna
 0 03
 Sago
 0 03²
 0 04

 Japan
 0 05
 0 05¹/₂
 Taploca
 0.03
 0 03²/₄

SPICES.

There is nothing new to report since our last issue. These goods have been marked by extreme quietness and no change in price. Foreign market reports are of slow trade and steady prices. We quote:

 Per lb.
 Per lb.
 Per lb.

 Peppers, blk
 0 18 0 19
 Cloves, whole
 0 14 0 35

 white
 0 23 0 27
 Cream of tartar
 0 24 0 30

 Ginger
 0 22 0 25
 Allspice
 0 13 0 16

SYRUPS AND MOLASSES.

The demand for syrups continues good and prices remain at previous quota-tions. The New York market reports of molasses are of an upward tendency, owing to reports from primal markets of stoppage of field operations on account of wet weather, prices being influenced thereby. The prices of all desirable grades of syrups in New York market were steadily maintained. We quote : Syrups

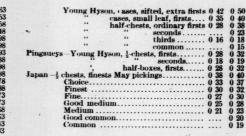
Dark	
Medium 0 30	0 32
Bright 0 35	0 37
Corn syrup, bbl., per lb	0 024
" 1 bbls., "	0 021
" kegs "	0 03
" 3 gal. pails, each	1 30
" 2 gal. " "	0 90
" 2-lb, tins (in 2 doz, case) per case,	1 90
" 5-lb. " (in 1 ") "	2 35
" 10-1b. " (in 1 ") "	2 25
	2 10
	0 40
Honey	
20-10. pans	1 10
" 38-1b. pails	1 40
Molasses -	
New Orleans, medium 0 22	0 30
" open kettle 0 40	0 50
Barbados	0 32
Porto Rico 0 38	0 42
TFAS	

There is nothing of note to report since our last issue regarding the home market, business on the street being quiet with previous quotations ruling firm. The Lon-don market reports prices as maintaining fully up quotations. The demand has been of but moderate character, this being attributed to the inclination of buyers to await announcement of budget, mean-while only satisfying immediate requirements. It is of interest to note that quite a number of the recent sales com-prised "last-of-the-season invoices." We We auote :

Congou-half-chests, Kaisow, Moning, Paking	0	12	0	60
caddies, Paking, Kaisow	0	19	0	50
Indian-Darjeelings				
Assam Pekoes	0	20	0	40
D1 danstan	0	10	0	0=

Ceylon-Broken Pekoes	0	36	1
Pekoes	0	27	1
Pekoe Souchong	0	17	1
China Greens-Gunpowder, cases, extra first	0	42	(
" half chests ordinary firsts	0	99	6

THE MARKETS

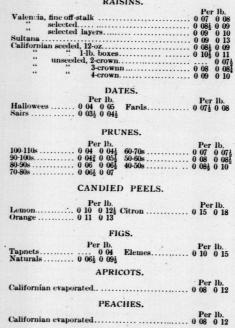


FOREIGN DRIED FRUITS.

There has been no movement of interest this week. It is generally consid-ered that stocks are being steadily but effectually reduced and there is every prospect of good trade with the arrival of the new season. Currants remain firm and there has been a little movement in trade with them. New York market reports great quietness with general firm prices. We quote :

CURRANTS.

RAISINS.



GREEN FRUITS.

The green fruit market can only be said to be fair this week, although the de-mand for oranges, especially navels, con-tinues to be good. Californian celery cannot now be obtained, and therefore it is not quoted. Tomatoes are coming in quickly, and there is a consequent fall in the prices of from \$1 to \$1.50 per in the prices of from \$1 to \$1.50 per crate. We quote:

Californian navel oranges, per box				
Maniana navel oranges, per box	2	75	3	
Mexicans	2	25	2	7
Jamaicas	3	00	3	9
Valencias, 714's	-	50	6	
" 420's, large	5	50		
14 190's amoli	Ð	50	6	
" 420's, small			4	7
Sevine	9	50	2	7
Pineapples, per case	-	~		5
Grape fruit, per box		::		
Malage manage has his	4	50	5	
Malaga grapes, per bbl	6	00	7	0
Jersey cranderries, per bbl			10	5
Sweet potatoes, per bbl		in	6	
Bananas, per bunch for ordinary		00	0	
" lower burghter of ordinary	1	30	1	7
" large bunches	1	75	2	5
		11	9	7
Messina "	ò.	25	3	5
Cucumbers, per doz	-	30		
Strambornios non of	z	50	3	
Strawberries, per qt	0	50	0	6
			ñ	õ
Canadian apples, in bbls	ĩ	75	2	
Spanish onions, per crate	1	10		
11 11 11	U	60		7
Der case			0	0

26

FISH AND OYSTERS WHOLESALE. The F. T. JAMES CO., Limited 76 Colborne Street, TORONTO. RESH RUIT and ISH....

Our Weekly Price List

contains complete information of all the seasonable lines. Mailed weekly for the

CALIFORNIA CELERY, DATES, FIGS, ONIONS, FISH, Smoked or Saited, OYSTERS.

WHITE & CO.

Wholesale Fruit,

COX'S GELATINE Trustworthy

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C. E COLSON & SON, Montreal. D. MASSON & CO., Montreal. ARTHUR P. TIPPET & CO., Toronto, St. John, N.B., and Montreel

ORANGES, LEMONS, BANANAS,

TORONTO.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Phones { Main 4106 Main 4107

szents for Canada:

We are quoting special prices on Fruit and Fish this week. We have to hand a car of Fine Fresh Herrings in bbls, and casks—if in need of anything in above lines drop us a line, or send a trial order. Satisfactionand Quality Guaranteed. Consignments Solicited.

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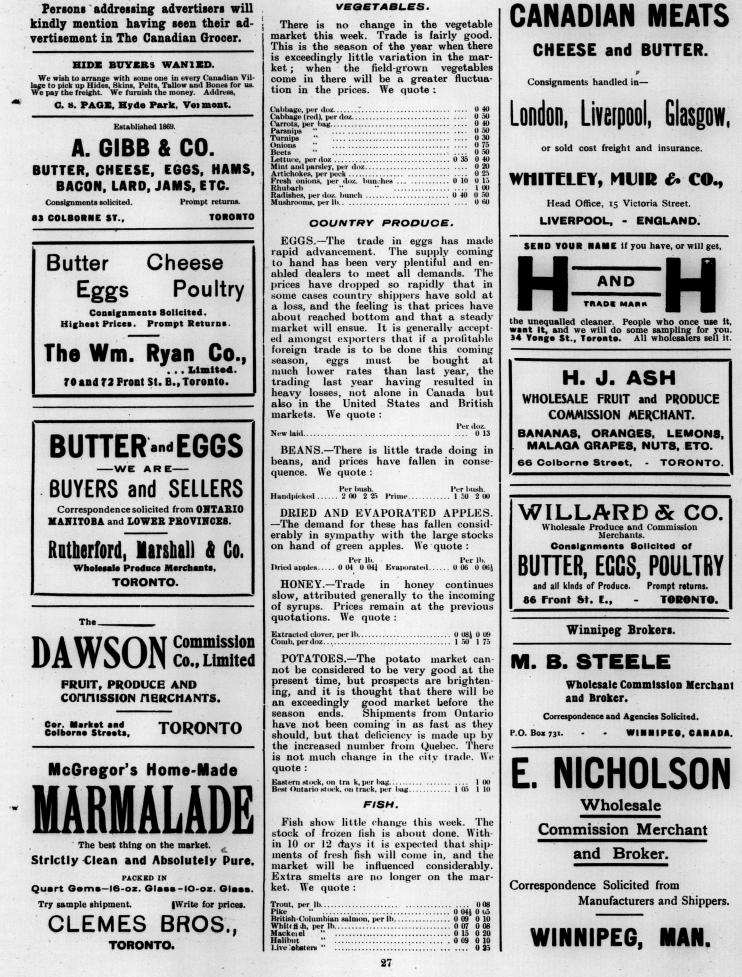


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D



THE MARKETS

The Canadian Grocer

Oysters, standard, in small pails		3 75
" " large "		6 25
" selects "small "		4 65
Smoked ciscoes, per basket		1 25
Digby herring, per bundle ,		0 75
Finnan haddies, in 15-lb. boxes 0	07	0 08
Pure boneless cod 0	061	0 07
" " 2 doz. box		1 80
Quail on toast, per lb. in boxes		0 05
Boneless cod "		0 04
Kippered herring, per box of 5 doz		1 00
Labrador herring, in 1-bbls		3 00
Lake herring, in 100-lb. kegs		4 00
Salt sea salmon, per 100 lb 8	00	10 00
" mackerel, per kit		2 00
Sea " per 100 1		1 60
Bloaters, Yarmouth, per box 1	10	1 25

GRAIN, FLOUR AND BREAKFAST FOODS.

GRAIN.-The grain market this week is very dull. All dealers are holding back shipments until the opening up of back shipments until the opening up of navigation, and, therefore, there is very little doing. Navigation will, it is ex-pected, open within a week or ten days, when things may be expected to liven up very considerably. The price of red wheat has come down 1c. and of oats, 2c. per ton. The markets remain other-wise unchanged. We quote :

					Per	bbl.
Red wheat, pe	r bushel.	on track	Toron	to		0 73
White wheat						0 74
Barley		**			0 40	0 45
Oats			••			0 33
Peas		**				0 76
Buckwheat	••					0 54
Rye, per bushe	·1. ··					0 53

FLOUR.-Much the same can be said about the flour as about the grain mar-ket. It is very dull, but it will certainly pick up when navigation opens. Prices re main unchanged. We quote :

mann an mange			
			371
Hungarian patents			4 20
Manitoha bakers'			3 90
Straight roller, per bbl	3	40	3 50

BREAKFAST FOODS .- The market in these lines is fairly good. The prices re main unchanged with the exception of rolled oats, which have dropped considerably. In bags there is 20c. reduction and a corresponding fall in other forms. We quote :

Rolled oats,	standard	, carlots, p	er bbl., in bags in wood	
*			for broken lots	
Rolled wheat	, per 100	1b. bbl		
Cornmeal				
split peas				
Pot barley in	n harry			1.1

			wood																						
Swiss	food,	pe	r case								• •			۴,	•	•	1	•	• •	•	•		•	• •	•
Aunt	Sally	sP	ancake	ŀ	1	Ju	r,	1	e	r	C	a	-1	1	•		• •	• •			•	•	•	•	
						-	-		=		-		-												

The seed market remains much the same. The demand is fairly good in all lines. The prices remain unchanged. We now quote

Red clover, ex	warehouse	here	6 30	
Alsike.	:*	••	 5 25	
Timothy.	•	••	 2 00	27

HIDES. SKINS AND WOOL.

WOOL.-The market remains the same as last week. The demand for calfskins is still good. The hide and wool mar-kets remain weak. There is no change in the prices

HIDES.-We quote

· IIIDED. we quote :	
No. 1 green, per lb. 0 0 " 1" steers, per lb. 0 0 " 1" steers, per lb. 0 0 Cured, per lb. 0 0	61 18 17
CALF SKINS We quote :	
Veal skins, No. 1, 6 to 14 lb. inclusive 0 1	18 19 17 10
WOOLWe quote :	
Unwashed wool, per lb. 0 68; 00 Fleece wool, 0 15 0 Pulled wools, super, per lb. 0 15 0 Tallow, per lb. 0 18 0 Tallow, per lb. 0 08 0 0	6 17 20

THE MARKETS

QUEBEC MARKETS. GROCERIES

Montreal, March 26, 1903.

BUSINESS during the week has been fairly active in staple groceries, and orders continue to arrive freely to be filled after navigation opens. Vinegar is now in good demand, and all orders is now in good demand, and all orders taken during the winter at old prices will be filled on the opening of naviga-tion. Among the changes of the week are dried apples, which are $\frac{1}{2}$ c. per fb. lower, now selling in barrels at 5c. per fb. The privilege of selling Eddy's matches in 100-case lots at the list price, less a trade discount of 7½ per cent., has been withdrawn, and the lowest price these matches are sold to-day in any quantity is at the price of a 5-case lot. The Empire Tobacco Co., in order to push the sales of their "Bobs" chewing tobacco, are giving a bonus of 1 fb. free push the sales of their "Bobs" chewing tobacco, are giving a bonus of 1 lb. free with boxes and caddies, and $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. free with $\frac{1}{2}$ boxes and $\frac{1}{2}$ caddies. Evaporated apples of good quality are considered cheap now at $6\frac{1}{2}c$. Some goods are re-ported to be offered at less than this price but hurses cheat d for the sale. price, but buyers should first make sure of the quality. "G" rosin has advanced and is now being quoted at \$3.50 per 280 lb. Canary seed is again higher, the latest advance being one of $\frac{1}{2}$ c. over last week. This makes the price 6 to $\frac{6}{2}$ c. French truffles have advanced in France from 12 to 15 nor cont on some of the from 12 to 15 per cent. on some of the sizes

SUGAR.

The demand for sugar has been fair during the week, and no feature of im-portance has developed on this market. The price is unchanged, business being done on basis of \$3.90 for granulated and \$3.25 for No. 1 yellow. The New York market remains quiet at \$4.80 for granulated. Our quotations are:

0						
Granulated,	bbls. and	bags		 		*3 9
	1-bbls			 		
Paris lump.	boxes and	i bbls.		 		4 4
	1-boxes an	f-M he	tils			4 :
Extra group	1 LLL			 		4 3
Extra groun						
	50-lb. I	DOXCE .		 		4 5
** **	25-lb. 1	MXPS .				46
Powdered, h						4 1
	01b. boxes			 		4 3
Domino lun	nns boxes	and h	bls	 		4 3
-4 44	Lboyos	and l	Lille			4 4
						3 8
						3 8
Cream				 		36
Bright coffe						3 6
						36
yello	w			 		
No. 3 yellow				 	'	3 5
No 2 "						3 3
						3 2
No. 1 "				 		0 2

TEAS.

There has been no change in the price Japan teas of teas on the local market. of medium grade run from 171 to 181c., and 23 to 24c. for finest qualities. Cey lon blacks are worth 12 to 14c. for med-ium and 22c. for finer. The demand is not large for any sort. China greens are moving moderately well. Pingsuey gun-powders are steadily held at 15c. for common grades and 26 to 28c, for finest.

SYRUPS AND MOLASSES.

Barbados molasses is the all-absorbing topic on this market at present. Syrups and other molasses than Barbados are slow and unchanged in price. It is ex-pected now that the crop of Barbados will not exceed 27,000 puncheons, being from 10,000 to 15,000 puncheons short of an average crop. The first cost now is 16c., and 21c. is quoted f.o.b., Barbados, which means 34c. here. There is little old Barbados left on this market, not enough to affect the price of the new crop, and there seems no good reason to topic on this market at present. Syrups

doubt an importers views that 40c. will yet be quoted. The price locally is 2c. higher than last week, and a further ad-We now vance is not at all unlikely. quote :

Barbado	, in puncheons	
**	in barrels	
**	in half-barrels	0 351
ew Orle	ans 0 161	0 175
ntigua.		0 24
orto Ri	30	0 38
	ips, bbls	
	t-bbls	0 022
	f-bbls	0 03
	381-1b. pails	
**	25-lb. pails	0 90

SPICES.

There is nothing of importance to report as regards this market. Locally the trade doing is of small volume and prices are unchanged. Speaking gener-ally, however, the tone of the market is firm, especially in the case of nutmegs and peppers. Quotations are as follows : Nutmegs, per lb., as to size 0 35 0 50

nan	Inace.	per lb., as to quality	0	60	0 70	
		nd			0 18	
					0 22	
pper	groun	d, black (according to grade)	0	17	0 22	
		white			0 27	
nger.	whole	Cochin	0	17	0 19	
"	"	Japan			0 14	
**	**	Jamaica			0 20	
44		Afghan			0 13	
**	ground	Japan			0 15	
		Cochin			0 20	
		Jamaica			0 20	
	••	Afghan		13	0 14	

Gin

RICE AND TAPIOCA.

The demand for these staples has kept up well during the spring season. No particular change has occurred except in medium pearl tapioca, which is quoted from 2½c. up, instead of from 2½c. This is not a reduction, the price being quoted according to quantity. Rice is unchang-ed. We quote:

B rice, in	bags. 1-bags 1-bags pockets.	•••	 32	$15 \\ 20 \\ 25 \\ 30$	
CC rice, in	bag lots an allowance of 10c. is made. bags + bags + bags pockets Patna rice net territory prices are about 10c. less.		 333	05 10 15 20 25	
	"MOUNT ROYAL' FANCY RICES.				

Mandarin Patna			
Imp. Glace Patna	4 50	Crystal Japan	4 75
Polished Patna			
Indian Bright			
Java Caroline			3 50
Laistre			
Snow Japan			
Japan Ice Drips			
l'apioca, medium pearl.			0 023 0 03
" seed pearl			0 03 0 03
" flake			0 041 0 05

CANNED GOODS.

Gallon apples are a little easier, and Gallon apples are a little easier, and quotations are down to \$1.75, a reduc-tion of 10c. since last week. Corn is still occupying the thoughts of dealers. Indi-cations are that the prices of the new pack will be very high. Stocks in both jobbers and canners' hands of old corn, however, are reported to be fairly large. We quote:

omatoes									. 1	54
orn										9
'eas'										21
tring beans										8
trawberries										3
uccotash					•••	•••	••	•••		8
lueberries				 	••••	••	•••	•••		10
neberries				 ••••	•••	••	••			6
aspberries			••• ••	 ••••	•••	••	••	1		4
ooseberries				 	•••	••	••	:		
ears, 28										7
38										1
eaches, 28										7
** 38				 				2	50 2	7
lb. apples			· · · · · ·	 				0	85 0	9
allon apples										7
lb sliced pineapp	oles							2	20 2	3
rated pineapples										5
umpkins, per do				 ••••	•••	•••	•••	•••		9
										5
pinach				 	••	••	••	:.		
ugar beets										00
almon, pink										
spring				 						2
Rivers II	let red	socke	ye	 					1	30
" Fraser R	luor ro	1 anale	one						1	54

28

FOREIGN DRIED FRUITS.

The demand for some dried fruits has been good. Figs and dates are slow, and there is little movement in Sultana raisins. Currants and Valencia and Californian raisins, however, have gone fair-ly well, and prunes are in good demand. Evaporated fruits are also freely inquired Quotations are :

CURRANTS.	
Finest Vostizzas "Cleaned	0 04 0 05 0 06 0 07 0 5
SULTANA RAISINS.	-
Sultana raisins, per lb 0 09	0 12
VALENCIA RAISINS.	
Finest off-stalk, per lb. 0 07 Selected, per lb. 0 071/2 Layers 0 08	0 08
FIGS.	
Comadres, per tapnet	1 20 0 20
DATES.	
Dates, Hallowees, per lb 0 041	0 043
CALIFORNIAN EVAPORATED FRUITS.	
Peaches "	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & 11 \\ 0 & 091 \\ 0 & 12 \end{array}$
MALAGA RAISINS.	
"Connoisseur Clusters "	1 90 2 50 1 15 4 60 1 40
CALIFORNIAN RAISINS.	
Loose muscatels, per lb. 007 seeded, in 1-lb. packages 0 09 in 12-oz. packages 0 09	0 08 0 10 0 08
PRUNES.	
Per lb. Pe	
	0 10
50-608	0 08
	0 07
	0 071
	0 061
Oregon Prunes (Italian style) 40-50s	0 075
	0 071
	0 042
	0 04]

NUTS.

There is no quotable change on the local market. A decline of 2c. is reported in the new crop of Brazil nuts, but on this market prices have not been affected. The demand is light all round. We quote:

Walnuts, per lb.		121		
Tarragona almonds, per lb	0	12	0	13
Shelled walnuts, "	9	25	0	26
Shelled almonds, "			0	27
Filberts, per lb			0	09
Pecans. "			0	15
Brazil nuts per lb.	0	141	0	15
Denote and a coording to the brand you lb	0	071	0	11

GREEN FRUITS.

The market during the past week has been quite active on most lines. New cucumbers have arrived in limited quantities on this market and are quoted at \$2.50 per dozen. Spinach is being offered at \$3.25 per barrel and asparagus at 90c. per bunch. Some Boston lettuce is on the market at \$1.20 per dozen. Pine-apples have advanced about \$1, and Cal-ifornian colory is also birther. We quote ifornian celery is also higher. We quote as follows :

Florida oranges, per	box										
Jamaica "											
	barrel .									: 00	i.
i lie i per	District .				•••	••	•••	•••		, án	Ľ,
'alifornia navels, per	r DOX				• • •	••	••	•••	• •		
Valencias, 714s,											
Messina lemons,				10.0					9	50	i
New Californian len					•••	•••	••	••••	•		ä
locoanuts, per bag o	r 100					• •					
Bananas. per bunch											
lanadian cabbage, p	er doz.								. (25	å
Potatoes, per bbl											
oracoes, per obt					•••	••	••	•••	1	10	g
Canadian apples, in											
spanish onions, per o	rate										
" " Der c	ase				3.5	1					
weet potatoes, per l	hl										
Jalaga grapes, per k	eg				• • •	•••	• • •		. 0	00	ŝ
tranberries, per bbl.									.11	. 00	l
Yellow and red onior	s. per t	obl.									
Dinoundos 95 to the		200	1000		100			0.3	1963	1	

THE MARKETS

amorman celery, per c	anc.		 				• •		• • •	••			
rape fruit											3	75	
			 •••	• •		-					-	•	
omatoes, 6 baskets to th	ne cra	ste.	 		• •					••			
alifornian cauliflower, j	per c	rate	 										
angerines, 1-boxes			 		• •	• •		• •					
ucumbers, per doz			 										
sparagus, per bunch													
loston lettuce, per doz			 										

FISH.

Business in frozen fish is practically done for the season. There is not much done for the season. There is not much on the market and prices are very irreg-ular. Some frozen dore is still left and is nominally quoted at 6c., with fresh at 7c. Alaska salmon is being quoted at \$14 per barrel. There is no British Col-umbian salmon on the market. Fresh sea fish is arriving in fairly good quan-tities and the price is low. There is no fresh lake fish in, but arrivals are ex-pected shortly. The season is almost over for Malpeque shell oysters, and really sound goods are hard to obtain. The sound goods are hard to obtain. The trade are looking forward to the spring fishing. We quote :

11.1.1	0.00	0 061
Haddies		
Smoked herring, per box		0 15
Fresh haddock and cod, per lb.		0 04
Dore, per lb		0 07
Pike, "		0 041
Halibut noville		0 08
Salmon, " No. 1 Herring, Nova-Scotian, per bbl half bbl		0 08
N 1 IT	= 00	5 50
No. 1 Herring, Nova-Scotian, per bol	0 00	3 00
nair bbl	2 80	3 00
No. 1 Holland herring, per half bbl		6 50
No. 1 Holland herring, per half bbl. No. 1 Scotch herring, per keg.		6 50
" " per keg		0 95
Holland herring, per keg	0 70	0 80
No. 1 green codfish, per bbl		4 50
No. 1 large green codfish, per bbl.		5 50
Boneless cod, 1 and 2-lb. blocks, per lb		0.06
Loose boneless cod, per lb. in 40-lb. boxes		0 05
TAUSE DOHEICSS COAL DET ID. III TOTIL DOACS		4 00
Dried codfish, per 100-lb. bundles		
Alaska salmon, per bbl		14 00
Standard bulk oysters, per gal		1 40
Marshall's kippered herring, per doz		1 45
Canadian kippered, per doz		0 99
Canadian 1 sardines, per 100	3 50	3 75
Canned cove oysters, No. 1 size, per doz		1 31
Canned cove oysters, No. 2 size per doz		2 29
		7 59
Malpeque shell oysters, per bbl	0 00	1 30

OOUNTRY PRODUCE.

EGGS .- The market has declined considerably since our last report owing to increased receipts. With the quantity of eggs that are coming forward dealers do not expect there will be any reaction in price. Complaints are being received of some lots supposed to be new laid, being price. mixed with a considerable sprinkling of old eggs. This was expected, as quite a lot of old stock is still held in the West. Prices have steadily declined since our last report, for new laid, from 17c. to 13c. We quote:

New laid, per doz.....

POULTRY .- Poultry is scarce, but for whatever stock is on the market, prices remain unchanged. We quote :

0 13

 Per lb.
 Per lb.
 Per lb.

 Choice turkeys
 0 144 0 154
 Ducks.
 0 12 0 13

 Choice chickens
 0 11 0 13
 Geese
 0 10 0 11

 Fowls
 0 09 0 10
 10
 11

POTATOES .- The market is firm, as supplies are not excessive, and the demand in a jobbing way continues fairly good. We quote :

 Choice Stock, per bag.
 1 (0)

 Ordinary, per bag.
 0 95

 Jobbing lots, per bag.
 1 40 1 15

BEANS.-The demand for beans is limited. Choice primes in small lots are 10c. lower, and primes in carlots 10c. Dealers expect prices to go still lower in a few weeks. We quote :

Primes, in small lots Primes, in carlots.....

HONEY.-No improvement in the de-mand for honey has been experienced, and the market is dull. Dealers say this is because some new maple syrup is now on the market. We quote :

 $\begin{array}{c} 0 \ 121 \ 0 \ 131 \\ 0 \ 081 \ 0 \ 09 \\ 0 \ 061 \ 0 \ 67 \end{array}$

The Canadian Grocer

MAPLE PRODUCTS. - A fair trade is being done in maple products. Owing to the mild weather the make this year is small and supplies are slow coming for-ward. We quote:

New syrup, in wood, per lb		.0 07
Old syrup, in large tins		
Old syrup, in small tins		
Syrups, wood, per lb	0 05	0 051 .
Sugar, per lb		

ASHES .- The market for ashes remains quiet with no change in prices to note. We quote :

First pots		
Seconds	4 00	4 10
Pearls, per 100 lb		6 25

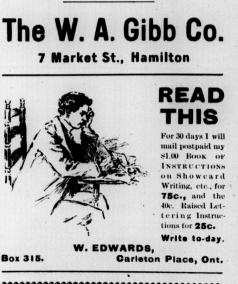
FLOUR AND GRAIN.

FLOUR.-There was nothing new to note in the flour situation. Business re-mains quiet, and dealers say this is accounted for by the roads. In Manitoba grades millers report business up to the average for the season, but Ontario deal-ers say that trade is extremely quiet, as buyers have ample supplies on hand at present. Regarding the export trade it is understood that quite a good amount of Manitoba flour has been sold for ship-ment from this port in May. We quote: Choice Manitoba spring patents

Seconds		. 3 90
Strong bakers'		. 3 50
Straight rollers	3 5	60 3 60
Winter wheat patents	37	5 4 00

Dried Apples

We are buyers of bright, dry quarters and pay highest market price.



Established 1860. Geo. Wells & Matthews Commission Merchants, Live Stock, Grain and Produce Salesmen, SYDNEY, N.S.W., AUSTRALIA. We are prepared to act as Canadian agents for shippers of flour and all lines of produce. Communications invited, consignments re-ceived, and information supplied as to market value here.

Head Office :

Corporation Buildings, Sussex St., Cable address: "Wells" } SYDNEY, N.S.W.

GRAIN.—The tone of the private cables on all lines of coarse grains continues of a very discouraging nature, as they describe the market as being very gloomy, with little prospects for any improvement in the near future. No change was noted in the local condition, business being dull, and, in the absence of any important transactions, prices are nominally unchanged. Peas are $\frac{1}{2}c$. lower. We quote :

Rye,	east		 		 									• •		•		•	•				0	51
Peas			 				•	+	•			•	•	• •	•	•	ġ	• •	• •	;		20	0	261
Corn	, new.		 		• •	*	• •	•	•				•	• •				•	• •	-	1	181	0	19
Buck	ey, east	easi	•••		• •	•	• •	*	•				• •	1			2	-				102	0	44
Oats	ex-st	TPP	 	1			1					ŝ								()	364	0	37

FEED.—The tone of the market for millfeed was steady under a fair demand. We quote as follows:

Manitoba bran. in bag	s.,	2.			 					.1	9	U	Ð	20
" shorts					 • •	 •	 	• •	 • •		•	• •		22
Ontario bran					 	 			 2.			• •		19
" shorts							12		 Ζ.					20
Mouillie, as to quality.			0.9						 	.2	23	0	10	28

ROLLED OATS.—Business in oats remains quiet and chiefly of a jobbing nature. Prices have declined quite a little since last report. Rolled oats in carlots, per bbl., are 20c. lower; per bag, 10c., and jobbing lots per bag, 15c. We quote:

olled oats	in carlots	, per bbl 3 65 3	
	**	per bag 1 75 1	80
	per bbl. in	jobbing lots f	25

Ro

RAW FURS.

The March sales commenced this week in London. Reports have not been received yet as to the changes in prices, but these will be known next week. Offerings during the season have been fairly good, and dealers do not look for any marked advance in prices. They, however, refuse to admit that prices are to be lower. Quotations are fairly high at present, though, and a big reduction would surprise no one. We quote:

MONTREAL NOTES.

Barbados molasses is again higher. This time 2c. per gal.

When evaporated apples are offered below $6\frac{1}{2}c.$, look out for the quality.

The Empire Tobacco Co. are giving a pound of "Bobs" chewing free with each box or caddie. For a 24-lb. box you only pay for 23 fb.

NOVA SCOTIA MARKETS.

Halifax, March 23, 1903.

T HE wholesale grocery trade, though fair, has not made the improvement which was expected during

the last week. This is partially accounted for by the fact that the state of the roads throughout the country is very bad, and business is in consequence retarded. Another week will see much improvement in this respect and the regular rush of spring trade will be over. On the whole, the prosperous conditions of trade make up to a large extent for any shortage in the volume of goods moving. Payments are being well met, and there seems to be plenty of money in circulation throughout the country, and the general prospects are good for a heavy business during the next three or four months.

The price of staple articles is almost unchanged. Flour is steady and settled down to a basis of prices prevailing before the recent advance, Manitobas being freely quoted at \$4.80 to \$4.90. There has not been so great a demand as was expected, but causes already mentioned, tended to this effect. Cornneal is firm, and for reasons given previously, is scarce; price unchanged. The millers

here hope to be in a better position with
regard to procuring corn very shortly.
Rolled oats and oatmeal are in good de-
mand and unchanged in price.

....

The produce markets during the last two weeks have been extremely dull, and very little more than a local business has been . done. Beef is coming in more freely now and is much easier, with a slight decline in price. Eggs also are coming in more freely, and the wholesale quotation is given at 15c., a reduction of 3c. since a week ago. Butter is easier, but there is only a limited quantity of fresh creamery coming in-hardly enough to supply the local demand. Hay is moving quite freely at about \$10.50 for best. Oats are firm at recent quotations. It is expected now that the Island steamers are free of the ice, and many of the harbours in the Island open to navigation, there will be a large quantity of oats thrown on this market, and spring prices may be easier. * * *

A new and unusual market has opened up this season in Newfoundland for farm produce, and considerable quantities are going forward by steamer. Hay is quoted there at \$20 to \$24, according to quantity and quality; oats are quoted at 60c.; potatoes at \$2.40 per bbl. These prices give quite a margin of profit to exporters. The market is, however, not large, and with heavy shipments will decline to more normal prices.

. .

The sugar market locally is unchanged, but the article is firm and may be subject to advance. Molasses are firm, as stocks are running very low. Reports were received last week from Barbados and Antigua that there was an advance of 1 to 2c., and wholesalers who have been holding off for the market to settle from the opening prices of the season, may have to pay more than if they had bought a month ago. Some small lots from St. Kitts, Antigua and Demerara arrived last week by the steamer Dahome for Halifax parties. This is the first spring importation.

There is about the usual amount of business being done in fish, shipments going forward by every steamer, but the Southern markets are not greatly improved. Considerable fresh fish is coming in, and there is a good demand on the local market, which will keep up until the termination of Lent.

. . .

The Dominion Packing Company is preparing for a heavy summer's work, and will go largely into the fresh meat sup ply. The company is now arranging for a cold-storage plant at Sydney, and may eventually build one in Halifax. They have been giving such fair prices for hogs that it is said the farmers will this season supply their milk to the butter factories rather than the cheese factories, as the buttermilk is better for feeding hogs than whey. Many of the farmers there will go into raising bacon hogs on an extensive scale.

R. C. H.

	BEAVER - Labrador and choice Eastern Territory Rocky Mountains and Western Strictly Prime, or, No. 1 Partly Prime, or, No. 2 Unprime, or, No. 3 Flat, weak, or poor, or, No. 4		Medi'm \$5.00 4.00	Small \$2.75 2.00	Kitts \$1-1.50	Beave to \$2.50	-Tuno	Spring Beav \$3.00 to \$3.25 per pound.
-	Partly Prime, or, No. 2	4.00	3.00	2.00	.50	=0	-	100
	Unprime, or, No. 3	3.00	2.00	.75	.40	Fall 1	9	105
	Flat, weak, or poor, or, No. 4	2.50		.25	.25	1.90		28-
	BEAR Black Choice only	Large	Medi'm	Small	2	3	4	Cubs. Yearls
	BEAR Black Choice only	15.00	10.00	7.50	6.00	3.00		\$2.00 to \$8.00
	"Brown "	12.00	7.00	5.00				1.00 to 5.00
	BADGER Of all sections.	50	.25	.10	4			
	BADGER Of all sections	Dark	Brown	Pale	2	3	4	•••••
	FISHER - Eastern and far North-Eastern		5.00	5.00	3.00	1.75	.50	· · · ·
	Territory and Western	6.50	5.00	3.50	2.00	1.00	.50	
		Large	Small	2	3	4		
	FOX Red North-Eastern and similar fine bright red kinds	4.00	2.75	1.25	.75	.20		
	" Territory and Western	4.00	2.75	1.40	.50	.20		
		Dark	Fair	Pale	2	3	4	
	" Cross Value principally as to beauty, also size & richness	10.00	7.00	4.00	2.50	1.50	.50	
	"Silver Eastern and far Northern	13.00	50.00	25.00	20.00	9.00	4.50	
		U.00-00	Medi'm	20.00	15.00 2	5.00	2.50	
	LYNX Far North-Eastern	00.5.00	alean m	2.25	2.00	3	.25	
	"Territory and Western	00-5.00	2 to 3 50	2.25	2.00	.60	20	
1	Territory and Western	Dark	Brown	Pale	2	3	4	
	MARTEN-British Columbia, Northern Pacific and similar	7.00	5.00	2.50	1.75	1.00	.25	
	" Territory and Western	3.50	2.25	1.50	1.00	.60	.20	
	" Quebec and Ontario	.00-3.50	2.25-3.00	2 to 2.2	5 1.00	.50	.25	
		Large	Medi'm			2 Small	3	
	MINK-Halifax, far North-Eastern and choice	4.00	3.25	2.50	2.25	1.50	.40	.25
	" Territory and Western	.50-2.00	1.50	1.00	.75		.25	.15-25
	and the second sec	spring	Winter	Fall	Kitts			
	MUSKRAT Eastern, best large Territory and Western.		.10 to.13	8 to 10				*
	" Territory and western	Larma	Small	2	2 to 4			0.1
	OTTER-Labrador and far North-Eastern	\$10.\$14	7 00.10	5.00	2.50	4 2.00	-51	Cubs
	" Territory and Western	6.00	4.50	3.50	2.25	.50		00 to \$2.00 25 to .50
	Territory and treatern	Large	Small	2	3	4		20 10 .00
	PACOON	75-1.25	.60-75	.33-50	.25	.15	5	
	" Black-Value according to darkness, size and beauty	2.25	2.00	1.00	.50	.25		
		Black	Sh'rt Sti	Long St	White			
	SKUNK	75-1.25	.75	.4050	.05-15			
		Dark		Pale	2	3	4	
	WOLVERINE - Value according to darkness, size and beauty	5.00	4.00	2.50	1.50	.75	.25	
	CASTOREUM	5.00 to	\$6.00 per	pound				

NEW BRUNSWICK MARKETS.

St. John, N.B., March 23, 1903. B USINESS continues to show improvement. In one line, winter

port business, the season is nearly over. It has been our most successful season. While we have a regular service to London all the year, we have no direct steamer to Liverpool during the summer. These we greatly need. We hope with its new line the C.P.R. will supply this. This is a matter which should have the attention of the Government, and that is communication with Prince Edward Island. The disgraceful conditions of the past season ought not to be allowed to be repeated. In markets, there are few changes. Beans are easier and molasses tends higher. In cream of tartar, the high prices continue.

OIL.—While trade is rather quieter than last year, there is still a large movement, and the high prices hold. Lubricating oils are beginning to move. Sales have been large and the market is a firm one. Paint oils are also moving. Linseeds are low, but are firmly held. Turpentine continues firm at the high price. We quote:

American Water White		0 22
Best Canadian		0 21
Prime		0 20
Linseed oil, raw		0 64
" boiled		
Turpentine	0 95	0 96
Cod Oil	0 29	0.31

SALT.—In Liverpool coarse salt full prices are asked. The tendency is toward rather higher prices. Wise buyers are getting their orders in for shipment before the last of the regular Liverpool steamers arrive, as by securing shipment from ship's side, they save landing and storage charges. In fine salt, particularly Canadian, there is an improved sale. We quote :

Engl	ish fact	ory-filled.	1b0 , per 1b0	95	0 60 1 00 1 10
Chee	se and	butter sa	lt, per bbl 2	25	2 35
		"	5-lb, bags, per bbl		3 10
	**				2 85
10.000			20-lb, wood boxes, each	-	0 25
			10 " " "		0 15
	**		cartoons, per case 1	90	2 00
			per doz 1	25	1 30 0 60

CANNED GOODS.—There is an improved business. Corn and peas are firmly held, because of an improved demand. Tomatoes are too high to sell as freely as formerly. There is quite a large stock of corn. Fruits have an improved sale. Gallon apples have more inquiry. Some are still selling at low figures. There is some inquiry for blueberries from outside points. Stocks are not large. Meats have more attention. There is quite an effort to push American goods by the packers, but they have to go to the retail trade. Salmon have a fair inquiry, but the market seems easy. Domestic fish are quite firm. We quote:

Tomatoes, 2's	81 25	1 40
" 3'8	1 60	1 75
Corn	0 90	1 10
Peas	0 95	1 20
String beans	0.00	0 85
	1 65	1 75
Strawberries	1 09	
Blueberries	:	1 25
Raspberries	1 60	1 70
Pears. 2's	1 60	1 75
" 3'8	2 10	3 25
Peaches, 2's	1 65	1 75
" 3's	2 50	2 75
3-lb. apples	0 95	1 00
o-in, appres	2 00	2 10
Gallon apples		2 30
2-lb sliced pineapples		
Grated "	2 00	2 50
Pumpkins, per doz		1 10
Sugar beets	0 95	1.00
Salmon, pink	0 95	1 05
" spring	1 15	1 25
" Rivers Inlet, red sockeye	1 25	1 30
" Fraser River		1 50
	3 00	3 25
Domestic sardines, oils, ‡		
" mustards, §	2 85	3 00
Kippered herring	3 25	-3 50
Finnan haddies	3 25	3 50

GREEN FRUITS.—Oranges are large sellers, chiefly Valencias. Prices are rather higher. Some Mediterranean are offered, but it is early. Jamaicas are about out of the market. Californians have but a small sale. In lemons, quite large stocks are held. Rather firmer prices rule. Bananas, while moving more freely, are not yet taking their large place. Apples are unchanged. The cheap grades are lower, but best stock brings good prices. Ontario apples continue to be received. They have held the market this season as perhaps never before. We quote :

Californian navels, per box	 3 00	3 75
Valencias, 714s	 5 00	5 50
. " 420s "	 4 00	4 50
Messina lemons "	3 00	
Cocoanuts, per bag of 100	 	3 50
Bananas, per bunch	 	2 00
Potatoes, per bbl	 1 75	2 00
Canadian apples, in bbls	 1 75	3 50
Sweet potatoes, per bbl	 	5 50
Malaga grapes, per keg.	 5 50	7 00

DRIED FRUITS.—A car of Californian goods, chiefly seeded raisins, was received this week. In raisins, our market is well stocked, and since these stocks were bought, prices have largely advanced. Dealers find it difficult to get full prices. In prunes, prices are still low. Dates are firmly held. Currants are low. New York supplies our market. Cleaned goods, in cartons, have the demand. Evaporated apples are rather firmer, but they are still low. Onions sell at any price. Egyptian are quoted and will soon be on the market. Opening price is rather lower than last year. We quote :

URBANTS.

" " cleaned. 0 06 " in I-lb, cartons. 0 06 VALENCIA RAISINS. 0 07 0 071 0 08 Selected, per lb. 0 07 0 074 0 08 Layers 0 08 0 083 MALAGA RAISINS. London layers. 1 75 1 90 " "Connoisseur Clusters". 1 75 1 90 "Consesuer Clusters". 1 75 1 90 "Consesuer Clusters". 4 50 4 60 "Excelsior Windsor Clusters". 4 50 4 60 "Excelsior Windsor Clusters". 1 30 1 40 CALIFORNIAN RAISINS. 0 084 0 09 Loose muscatels, per lb. 0 081 0 09 "Elemes, per tapnet. 1 20 Dates. 0 104 0 20 Dates. 0 04 0 05 CALIFORNIAN EVAPORATED FRUITS. 0 11 Peaches 0 08 009 0 004 0 05 CALIFORNIAN EVAPORATED FRUITS. 0 11 Peaches 0 08 70-80s 0 004 0 05 CALIFORNIAN EVAPORATED FRUITS. 0 11 Peaches 0 08 80-90s 0 064 006 90-00s 0 004 0 05 0 004 0 05 0.08 80-90s	CURRANTS.		
Finest off-stalk, per lb. 0 07 0 071 0 087 Selected, per lb. 0 074 0 08 Layers 0 08 0 084 MALAGA RAISINS. London layers 1 75 1 90 "Connoisseur Clusters" 1 25 2 50 "Royal Buckingham Clusters," 1-boxes 2 1 15 "Excelsior Windsor Clusters," 1-boxes 1 15 4 60 "Excelsior Windsor Clusters," 1 30 4 60 1 30 1 40 CALIFORNIAN RAISINS. 0 084 0 09 Loose muscatels, per lb. 0 084 0 09 "seeded, in 1-lb. packages 0 10 10½ FIGS. 1 20 Comadres, per tapnet. 1 20 DATES. 0 04 0 05 CALIFORNIAN EVAPORATED FRUITS. Apricots, per lb. Apricots, per lb. 0 08 10 09 PRUNES. 0 08 0 00 Per lb. 0 08 0 00 30-40s 0 08 8 0-90s 0 062 0 08 0 073 0 071	" " cleaned		0 06
Selected, per lb. 0 074 0 08 Layers 0 08 0 084 MALAGA RAISINS. London layers 175 1 90 "Connoisseur Clusters" 2 25 2 50 "Royal Buckingham Clusters" 2 4 50 4 60 "Excelsior Windsor Clusters" 4 50 4 60 "Excelsior Windsor Clusters" 1 30 1 40 CALIFORNIAN RAISINS. 200 Loose muscatels, per lb. 0 08 0 091 0 10 "Elemes, per lb. 0 10 0 101 FIGS. 1 20 Elemes, per lb. 0 04 0 05 CALIFORNIAN EVAPORATED FRUITS. Apricots, per lb. 0 11 Peaches 0 081 0 10 011 Peaches 0 081 0 10 004 0 05 CALIFORNIAN EVAPORATED FRUITS. Apricots, per lb. 0 11 Peaches 0 081 70-80s 0 004 0 10 PRUNES. Per lb. 0 081 0 005 005 005 005 60-60s 0 08 80-90s 0 065 005 60-70s 0 07 1 0 100s 0 051 005	VALENCIA RAISINS.		
London layers 1 75 1 90 "Connoisseur Clusters" 2 25 2 50 "Royal Buckingham Clusters" 4 50 4 60 "Excelsior Windsor Clusters" 4 50 4 60 "Excelsior Windsor Clusters" 4 50 4 60 CALIFORNIAN RAISINS. 20 20 Loose muscatels, per lb. 0 00 0 00 10 FIGS. 1 20 20 20 Dates, per lb. 0 10 0 10 0 20 Dates, Hallowees, per lb. 0 04 0 05 CALIFORNIAN EVAPORATED FRUITS. 0 11 Peaches 0 04 Per lb. 0 08 0 09 0 10 60-50 0 08 80-90s 0 06 60-60 0 68 80-90s 0 06 60-70s 0 07 90-100s 0 05	Finest off-stalk, per lb Selected, per lb Layers "	0 071	0 08
a a 4s 1 30 1 40 CALIFORNIAN RAISINS. CALIFORNIAN RAISINS. Loose muscatels, per lb. 0 081 0 09 r seeded, in 1-lb. packages. 0 10 0 10j FIGS. 1 20 Comadres, per tapnet. 1 20 Dates, Hallowees, per lb. 0 04 0 05 CALIFORNIAN EVAPORATED FRUITS. Apricots, per lb. 0 04 0 05 CALIFORNIAN EVAPORATED FRUITS. Apricots, per lb. 0 01 10 Peaches 0 084 70-80s 0 004 005 60-50s 0 088 80-90s 0 065 60-70s 0 071 90-100s 0 051	MALAGA RAISINS.		
a a 4s 1 30 1 40 CALIFORNIAN RAISINS. CALIFORNIAN RAISINS. Loose muscatels, per lb. 0 081 0 09 r seeded, in 1-lb. packages. 0 10 0 10j FIGS. 1 20 Comadres, per tapnet. 1 20 Dates, Hallowees, per lb. 0 04 0 05 CALIFORNIAN EVAPORATED FRUITS. Apricots, per lb. 0 04 0 05 CALIFORNIAN EVAPORATED FRUITS. Apricots, per lb. 0 01 10 Peaches 0 084 70-80s 0 004 005 60-50s 0 088 80-90s 0 065 60-70s 0 071 90-100s 0 051	London layers "Connoisseur Clusters " " Royal Buckingham Clusters," 1-boxes	2 25	2 50
Loose muscatels, per lb	"Excelsior Windsor Clusters "	4 50	
Secret, in Pite, packages	CALIFORNIAN RAISINS.		
Comadres, per tapnet. 1 20 Elemes, per lb. 0 10½ 0 20 Dates, Hallowees, per lb. 0 04 0 05 CALIFORNIAN EVAPORATED PRUITS. 0 11 Peaches 0 09½ 0 10 Prenches 0 09½ 0 10 Per lb. 0 00½ 0 10 Per lb. 0 00½ 0 10 50-40s 0 08½ 70-80s 0 00½ 60-50s 0 08% 80-90s 0 06½ 60-70s 0 07 90-100s 0 05½	Loose muscatels, per lb "seeded, in 1-lb. packages		
Elemes, per lb	FIGS.		
Dates, Hallowees, per lb. 0 04 0 05 CALIFORNIAN EVAPORATED FRUITS. Apricots, per lb. 0 11 Peaches 0 09½ 0 10 PRUNES. 30-40s 0 08½ 70-80s 0 085 0 002 50-60s 0 07½ 90-100s 60-70s 0 07	Comadres, per tapnet Elemes, per lb	0 10 <u>1</u>	$\begin{array}{c} 1 & 20 \\ 0 & 20 \end{array}$
CALIFORNIAN EVAPORATED FRUITS. Apricots, per lb. 0 11 Peaches 0 09½ 0 10 PRUNES. 0 10 90-40s 0 08½ 70-80s 40-50e 0 08½ 80-90s 50-60s 0 07½ 90-100s 60-70s 0 07½	DATES.		
Apricots, per lb. 0 11 Peaches 0 09½ 0 10 PRUNES. Per lb. 30-40s 0 08½ 70-80s 0 06½ 40-50e 0 08½ 70-80s 0 06½ 50-60s 0 07½ 90-100s 0 05½ 60-70s 0 07 90-100s 0 05½	Dates, Hallowees, per lb	0 04	0 05
Peaches " 0 09½ 0 10 PRUNES. Per Ib. Per Ib. 30-40s 0 08½ 70-80s 0 06½ 50-60s 0 08 80-90s 0 06 50-60s 0 07 90-100s 0 05½ 60-70s 0 07 90-100s 0 05½	CALIFORNIAN EVAPORATED FRUITS.		
Per lb. Per lb. 0 061 40-50s 0 063 70-80s 0 063 50-60s 0 08 80-90s 0 06 50-60s 0 07 90-100s 0 051 60-70s 0 07 90-100s 0 051	Apricots, per lb Peaches		
30-40s 0 684 70-80s 0 664 40-50e 0 68 80-90s 0 66 50-60s 0 674 90-100s 0 654 60-70s 0 72 90-100s 0 654			
40-50s 0 08 80-90s 0 06 50-60s 0 07 90-100s 0 05 60-70s 0 07			
APPLES.	40-506		0 06
	APPLES.		

Per 1b. Per 1b. Dried 0 04 0 044 Evaporated 0 06 0 064

ONIONS. Yellow and red onions, per bbl 1 75 2 00

DAIRY PRODUCE.—In butter, the market is overstocked with poor grades, and for this grade prices are lower. In best stock, the supply is light and full prices are quickly obtained. Eggs are rather easier. There is a good supply and the sale is large. Cheese is high and scarce. We quote:

Butter, creamery prints, per lb	0 22	0 23
" creamery solids (fresh made), per lb	0 22	0 24
" dairy rolls, large "	0 18	0 20
" prints, per lb	0 20	0 22
" tubs, selected, per lb	0 18	0 20
Eggs, new laid, per doz	0 16	0 18
" case stock, per doz	0 15	0 16
Cheese, per lb	0 14	0 15

SUGAR.--Dealers continue to hold large stocks. The market is a firm one and

The Canadian Groces

higher prices, it is felt, must come soon. There is a fair sale. We quote:

			- 1	100 C
Paris lumps, i	in 50-1b.	boxes]	5 00
	100-10.			3 00
Rednath's gra	anulated	1		4 10
St. I awrence	••			4 10
No. 1 "				3 45

MOLASSES.—The price in Barbados continues to advance. Present figures are high. As steamers are not bringing any Barbados, it will be late arriving. A cargo of Porto Rico here is held at full figures. It was sometime before the holders would name prices.. There is a fair stock of old still held. We quote:

	0 25	0 28
Porto Rico	0 33	0 35
New Orleans	0.28	0 30

FISH.—The sale is for fresh fish, chiefly cod and haddock. Receipts are quite good and prices rather easier. Finnan haddies are also easier. In dry cod and pollock, there is no change and a fair business is being done. Smoked herring are still high. Pickled are getting scarce, but the season of sale is about over. We quote :

Haddies, per lb	0 05	0 051
Smoked herring, per lb	0 11	0 12
Fresh haddock and cod	0 02	0 021
Boneless fish	0 04	0 05
Pollock, per 100 lb	1 75	2 00
Pickled herring, per half-bbl	2 00	2 15
Dry cod	3 50	3 65
Pickled shad, half-bbl		6 00
Halibut	0 12	0 13

FLOUR, FEED AND MEAL.—Prices in flour and meal are at least no higher. There is improved business. Beans are rather lower. There is a fair sale. Barley and split peas are in fair demand. Peas continue very high. There is, among the wholesale men, quite an interest in seeds. Orders have been placed and goods are shortly expected. Much business has been done by Western houses with the larger retail trade direct. We quote :

fanitoba flo Best Ontario																				80 15		90 20		
ledium " .																• •				95	4	00		
ornmeal																				50 85		60 90		
fiddlings, in	small	lot	s.			•••		•••	•		• •			•		•							~	
)ats																			0	40	0	44		
Iand-picked	bean	s	•••	•••	•	••	•••	•••	•	•••	•••	•	•••	•	••	•	•••	•••		30 20		40 30		
enow eye																				00		25		
plit peas			•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•	• •	••	•••	•••	•	•••	•••		25		50		
Barley: Hay		••••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••		•••	•	•••	•	•••	•••	•	•••	•••		25		40 00		
American tin	nothy					• •			•••	• •	• •						. :		2	00	2	15		
Canadian Red clover																				70		15		
fammoth ch	over						•					•		•		•				15		15	1	
																			0	13	Õ	15		1

NOTES.

P. A. Thomson, representing Heintz pickles in the Maritime Provinces, was in the city this week.

The Maritime Spice and Coffee Company have received a direct shipment of Jamaica cocoanuts.

A. L. Goodwin has received another car of Ontario apples. This is likely to be the last car of the season.

F. R. Tippet distributed to the trade this week a car of Californian dried fruit shipped by Griffen & Skelly.

Ganong Bros., while greatly crippled by their fire, are still offering some lines, and within a short time expect to be again fully in line.

Jones & Schofield have had a large season's business in cheese. They give special attention to this line. They have still a few on hand.

THE MARKETS

NEW OFFICES.

We call the attention of our customers to the New Address of our Toronto Branch. We are now located at 29 Church Street, corner Colborne Street.

Mail orders receive prompt attention.

Samples furnished on application.

S. H. EWING & SONS 96 KING ST., MONTREAL. Toronto Branch, 29 CHURCH ST.

TELEPHONE MAIN 204.

Telephone Bell Main 65 '' Merchants 522.

Telephone orders receive prompt attention.

OTTAWA TRADE GOSSIP.

THE grocery trade is reported fairly good considering bad weather and poor condition of the country roads. Nothing of great importance has taken place in prices. Most lines remain unchanged. The price of sugar is as last reported, namely, \$2.97 for granulated, and \$3.22 for yellows. The market looks steady at these figures. Molasses has advanced somewhat owing to the opening markets in Barbados going higher. Prices here now are 28 to 29c. for hogshead's and 32 and 33c. in barrels and half barrels.

B rice is firm at \$3.35 a cwt., and \$4.25 to \$4.50 for Patna. Sago and tapioca are still quoted at low figures. Dried fruits are in good demand. The price of primes ranges from 6½ c. for 80 to 90's, and ½ c. higher for each larger size. Evaporated apples are worth 6½ c. for extra good stock. Eastern orders for hams and bacon are being booked at 12½ to 13c. for hams, and 14 to 15½ c. for bacon. The egg market has been dropping gradually, so that no great losses have been made by sudden drops that sometimes happen at this season of the year. Eggs are quoted to-day at 13½ to 14c. for picked stock. Good butter is still scarce. Choice dairy is almost impossible to get. Rolls (round lots) are worth 18 to 19c. ; creamery, in bulk, 21c. ; creamery, prints, 23c.

At the Fruit Exchange, business in green fruits has been brisk. The apple season is winding up, and Mr. Hurst, the manager, reports a satisfactory season. Prices, he says, have panned out better than was anticipated. A car of Californian oranges will be sold this week which will have more interest attached to it than any which has ever been sold before; the fact being that the oranges are grown by an all-Canadian company who have gone into the business in California and are endeavoring to cater especially to the Canadian trade. The company is known as The Rialto Packing Co. of California. Mr. Hurst says that their oranges are very fine. The banana trade has been very large. So far this season six times as many bananas have been sold in Ottawa as in the past. This is owing to the fruit being shipped direct in large quantities. The prices received have paid well, The maple syrup season looks as if it is about over. Owing to the mild weather the season has about gone, and the trees will soon commence to bud, if such weather continues. So far very little pure syrup has arrived. A great deal of syrup manufactured a good many miles from a sugar bush is being sold as the pure article at from 80 to 90c. per gal.

P. O'Connor, who for the past 26 years has been in the grocery and liquor business on Bank street, has recently sold out his property and stock. He is retiring from business altogether, and is one of the men who have made money in Ottawa.

Hudson & Powell, well-known grocers here, have dissolved partnership. The business will be carried on by Mr. Powell, who is very well liked among the trade, and is quite capable of holding the large business already established.

S. J. Major, one of Ottawa's wholesale grocers, has just returned from Montreal, having been under treatment in a hospital there. His many friends are glad to hear him of being somewhat better.

The new building being erected for The F. J. Castle Co. on Queen street is to be finished on April 15. If completed by that time it will be one of the smartest jobs finished in Ottawa for some time.

Provost & Allord have been showing to the trade this week a nice lot of chamois skins at low prices.



GOOD LOOKS COUNT

This holds good both in regard to the success of Men and of Merchandise. It is most important to attract the eye. This particularly applies to articles of food. A poor looking sugar—an off-colored Granulated, is very objectionable to a good housewife.

St. Lawrence Extra Granulated

is simply perfection as regards appearance. There is no Sugar on the Market as absolutely pure white. As to its quality, we need scarcely repeat that it has passed the highest tests ever attained.

Good Appearance and Good Quality are a strong team.

St. Lawrence Yellows, taking one season with another, are conceded to be the best on the Market.

St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co.

MONTREAL.

THE

FOREST CITY GOSSIP.

Office of "The Canadian Grocer," London, March 23, 1903.

ITTLE more can be noted regarding the wholesale grocery and provis-

ion trade than was written you last week. All lines remain the same and business, by travellers and letter orders, is fair. The senior partner of one wholesale firm, who was out in the country during last week, says he never remembers the roads so bad, and it is affecting the business of many towns and villages. Talking of the grocery trade of this city, his opinion is that there are altogether too many stores. Your correspondent can vouch for the numerous grocery stores; and in the outskirts of the city, as well as the more densely populated districts, good, clean, well-stocked shops, occupy the corner premises, within a block or two of each other.

These retail shops, of which there are about 200 over the city, with but few exceptions purchase their requirements from the London wholesale houses. Every wholesale house has one or more lorries, carting goods to the doors of their retail customers free of charge, and every wholesale house has at least one traveller soliciting orders from the city retail dealers

Wholesale fruit dealers here do quite a volume of business with the local grocers. The exhibit of oranges, bananas, pineapples, etc., in the regular grocery trade is quite attractive, and is a decided acquisition to their turnover. In no town or city known to your correspondent do the grocers so generally stockup with fruits in profusion as they do here.

Another matter worth telling readers of "The Canadian Grocer" about, regarding the retail shop windows of this city, is the elegantly attractive displays of candies. There's galore of toothsome heaps of everything, but the regular grocers hardly touch these. Candies are most largely sold by the pastry bakers and confectioners, and departmentals; 5 10 and 15c.; and others; but in no branch of business in London does more active competition exist. The range of goods is unlimited, from the grandmother's oldfashioned peppermints, to the popular butterscotch and chocolates, and the more elaborate up-to date bon-bons of uncertain composition.

Every retail grocery of any pretension, including the corner stores referred to, have a one-horse delivery van which, on regular days is also sent out for orders. Many stores are supplied with vegetables, mouthing the country, butter, eggs, etc., by farmers in the country, who bring in regular supplies once a week, usually on Friday. One old established grocery, that has been 40 years on Richmond street, send out their special van for orders on Friday mornings, delivering them on the same day, so as to relieve the pressure in the store during Saturday.

. . . .

Butter and poultry are still keeping at a pretty stiff figure, but fresh eggs are tumbling quick enough to break the shells. Storekeepers bought them by the basket and by the case in the market last Saturday at 10½ and 11c., and are now

THE MARKETS

SEAL

Trade Mark

ABOUT READY.

ON APRIL 15th we will be in a position to offer the Canadian trade well assorted and carefully selected lines of

COFFEE, BAKING POWDER, FLAVORING EXTRACTS, CURRY POWDER.

We can recommend all goods under this brand as being of the finest quality and absolutely pure.

LEES & LANGLEY, 53 Colborne St., TORONTO.





The Capstan Brand of English Worcestershire Sauce.

It gives the retailer a big profit and the satisfaction of pleasing his customers.

Sold by all Wholesale Grocers.

The Capstan Manufacturing Co., TORONTO, ONTARIO, CANADA.

selling two doz. for 25c. It is said the maple sugar and maple syrup season is already over; lack of frost in early March is given as the reason for an unusually short run of sap.

The Tuckett & Son cigar factory branch from Hamilton, Ont., is now in operation in the buildings formerly occupied by The Olmsted Cigar Company. They are advertising for hands at Hamilton wages to make the famous "Marguerite" cigar.

Frank E. Smythe & Co. are opening out a first-class retail grocery on the corner of Richmond and Hyman streets, in this city. The premises are built of white brick and have just been erected. Mr. Smythe has been in general business in Northern Indiana. He intends carrying a general stock of groceries and fruits. His selection of a location is good and his chances of securing business are of the best. W. H. L.

DELHI CANNING CO.

The Delhi Canning Co., of Delhi, Ont., are rebuilding their factory which was destroyed by fire in January. The building, when completed, will be as near fireproof as possible, and will be fitted up with the most modern machinery in use, which will double its former capacity and improve, if possible, the high standard of the company's goods. When completed it will be the most up-to-date canning company in Canada. We are informed that the company expect to be ready to ship catsup and epicure beans by April 1, which their customers are clamoring for now. The Delhi people have always been pushers and they deserve great credit for the pluck and energy they have shown in building up again so quickly after sustaining so heavy a loss.

34

Why is a Sovereign Worth $$4.86^{2}/_{3}$?

Because the value is there. A sovereign is worth that much money anywhere. So

RED ROSE TEA

is worth the price it sells for, just because the value is there.

You don't need to advertise extensively in order to sell sovereigns. Neither do we need to advertise extensively to sell "RED ROSE TEA." One customer makes another. Good Tea makes people talk.

The following letter was received to-day :

MARCH 16, 1903.

St. John, N.B.

DEAR SIR,—The farmers are giving your Red Rose Tea a great recommend here, so I want you to send me your price list of different grades, in about 50-lb. boxes. I want to retail it out and want prices before ordering.

Yours truly,

If you are not already selling "Red Rose Tea," is it not worth ordering a Sample Case at once ?

T. H. ESTABROOKS,

Tea Importer and Blender,

35

Toronto Office, 25 Front St. East.

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The Canadian Grocer

MANITOBA MARKETS.

Winnipeg, March 23.

RADE has been rather quiet during the week, and, so far as groceries

are concerned, there has been very little change in the list of prices, the only advance of the week being a slight one in currants.

FLOURS-The domestic trade is exceptionally good and the export trade very fair. All the mills are running full time and some of them are oversold. We quote :

No.	1 patent	t	 	 	 	 		•	 •			 		•	• •	• •	•		*2		
No.	2 patent		 	 	 	 • •			 • •	•	• •	• •	• •	• •	•	• •	•	•		8	
	2																	222	1	_ D	

It is understood that the price is likely to advance shortly, the drop being only a temporary one.

CEREALS Market is steady in all lines, and prices are without change. We auote :

Rolled Oats, 80-lb. sacks					• •			•	• •	•	• •	•	•	• •			-1	
standard and granulated	oat	me	a											• •			2	
'ornmeal								÷		•	• •		•	• •		•	1	8
split peas										•		•		• •		•	2	
White beans				 										• •		•	2	
earl barley											• •		•	•	•		3	
ot barley, per sack									• •								2	
colled wheat, per sack																	2	
Wheat granules, per sack.									• •		• •		•	• •			2	
'ream of wheat, per case.									• •		• •			•			5	
dalta Vita, per case											• •				1		4	
force, per case						÷	• •								4		4	

CANNED GOODS-The market presents the same monotonous story of limited trade and unchanged prices. We quote : Peas, according to brand and size Beans. Canned Fruits Strawberries, in heavy syrup. 3 00 Raspberries, in syrup...... preserved..... $\begin{array}{c}
 2 & 90 \\
 3 & 30
 \end{array}$ preserved Black raspberries Pineapples, whole, imported grated, imported Apples, 38, Apples, gallon Plums, according to brand Apricots, Californian Peaches Pears 2 60 4 10 $\begin{array}{r}
 3 85 \\
 4 50 \\
 2 40 \\
 1 30 \\
 2 25
 \end{array}$ 3 60

EVAPORATED AND DRIED FRUITS-All kinds are in normal demand. In evaporated fruits the trade is distinctly good, but no change is reported in prices, with the exception of a slight advance in currants, which is given below. We quote :

	0 081	0 093
Apricots, according to brand	0 004	0 09
Peaches, according to brand	0 001	0 10
Pears	. 0 0.94	
Nectarines	. 0 083	
Silver prunes	. 0 054	
Rlack nitted nhuns	. 0 084	
Evaporated apples	. 0 064	0 074
PRUNES-We quote :		
1208	. 0 034	
90.100s	. 0 042	
80-90s	. 0 05	0 054
70-80	. 0 06	
60-70	0 063	
50-60s	0 071	
	0 071	
40-508		
RAISINS We quote :		
Fine off-stalk Valencias	. 2 35	
Layer.	. 8 60	
	0 043	0 10

Layer																	6	 *			00			
Sultanas				5		Ε.														0	094	01		
2-crown	musca	atels			<u>_</u>																			
3-crown	••																				08			
4-crown																			÷.		084	:		
Seeded	. **	*		• •									• •		•		• •	•	• •	0	10	01	04	
CU	RAN	TS		W	V	e	(41	1	0	t	e												
Fine Fil	intras	inc									5	1								0	051	00	51	
Chennell	Filiat	rus	-	-										1	Ľ.	2	3							

Fine Filiatras, in cases...... Cleaned Filiatras FISH-As usual during Lent, the fish market is well patronized, and this season the supply of both fresh and cured fish is very good. Prices are without change. We quote :

Haddie, per lb	0 07	0 071
Scaled herrings per box	0 16	
Codfish 100-16 boxes	0 G G	
Plosters Varmouth 100s	2 00	
Bloaters, St. John, 100s.	1 30	

Boneless fish, 1-lb. and 2-lb. blocks, per lb	0 071	
Labrador herring, 1-bbls	4 00	
Extra select ovsters per gallon	2 20	
Standard oysters, Kippered herring, per case cf 4 doz	2 00	
Finnend homing nor case of 1 doz	4 50	
Fresh	1 95	
Fresh " "	7 20	
FRESH FISH.		
	0 051	
Trout	0 09	
B.C. salmon	0 10	
	0 0.)	
113110/11	0 04	
TICKCICI		
Pike	0 021	
	0 07	
Fresh haddock	0 07	
Mackerel	0 14	
	0 10	
Shad	0.00	
	0 25	
	C 10	
Tommy cods	0 06	
Flounders	0 06	
Fresh lake herring.	0 03	
r resh lake herring	0 00	

Sea herring... RICE, TAPIOCA AND SAGO-All are in good demand. There has been no further advance in the price of rice, although stiffer figures are anticipated. We quote :

Tapiòca... Sago..... B rice.... Patna Japan.... SUGARS-There has been no change of prices since last week, and we quote :

GREEN FRUIT -- More than any other jobbing line, the fruit dealers have felt the strike. This week they have been able to get out some orders, but the heated car service is completely thrown out of gear. A car for the Manitoba Northwest line that should have left last Saturday, did not get out until Wednesday, and to-day the service was cancelled altogether. Stocks are accumulating in the city, and should the weather turn warm, as it is liable to do, the loss will be serious. We quote :

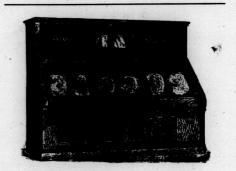
Florida tomatoes, in 6-basket crates, per basket		1 10
Pinontales per doz		1 00
Californian navel oranges, according to size	3 00	5 15
Californian lemons	4 00	
Outario angles per bbl	3 25	3 10
Bananas, per bunch	3 00	3 50

Eggs-The market appears to be ever in extremes. Supplies have suddenly begun to arrive freely, and prices have dropped from 22c., two weeks ago, to 15c. Winnipeg, and will go lower during the coming week unless some unforeseen cause should stop the hens laying.

INGERSOLL WATCHES.

We have great pleasure in introducing to the grocery and general trades of Can-ada this well-known line of watches, which for price, durability and accuracy cannot be equalled. They are as staple and easy-selling when once introduced as three inch nails. All that is required to do is to place this line in the window on the free display fixtures furnished by this company and the goods sell them-selves. This firm appreciates the mer-chant's position and gratuitously fur-nishes attractive advertising matter to crait and momenta the sele of their assist and promote the sale of their goods, thus making the merchant's work easy. When you consider that this watch is guaranteed for one year and sells at a price usually charged to repair an ordin-ary watch, one is not astonished at their great demand. It is naturally a great favorite with boys, sportsmen and physicians and all persons who give watches hard usage; 50,000 merchants in the United States are selling these goods and we commend them to all our friends who desire a profitable, easy-selling and satisfactory side-line. This company will be glad to send special circulars, cata-logues, etc., to the trade in Canada.

Persons addressing advertisers will kindly mention having seen their advertisement in The Canadian Grocer.



REFRIGERATORS Useful to every one. 40 different styles. Silver medal, Quebec 1901. Diplomas: Toronto, Ottawa, Montreal C. F. FABIEN, Merchant and Manufacturer, 3167 to 71 N. Dame St. Montreal, Can. Write for Illustrated Catalogue.





RAYMOND BROS., Windsor, Ont.

WE KEEP ALL CODES.

A.B.C. Code, 4th Edition.				 				 			\$5.0
A.B.C. Code, 5th Edition											
A1 Code				 						 	
Robinson's Code											
Armsby's Code, 1901 Editio											
Economy Code			• •		•				• •	 	2.5
Scattergood's Fruit Code											
United States Code											
Arnold's Tobacco Code											
Baker's Potato Code											
Broker's Code											
Citrus Code											
Index Code											
Universal Sugar Code											
National Coffee Code											
Riverside Code 1890 and 19	01	 		 			 			 	3.0

THE NATIONAL COFFEE CODE

AXTELL'S

is a Code in general use among Coffee Brokers, and is commended, highly by all.

Price, \$1.00 Postpaid.

Messrs. E. H. & W. J. Peck, New York City, say of it : We have been using your code for sometime and find it superior to any code previously used by us.

THE UNIVERSAL SUGAR CODE

AXTELL'S

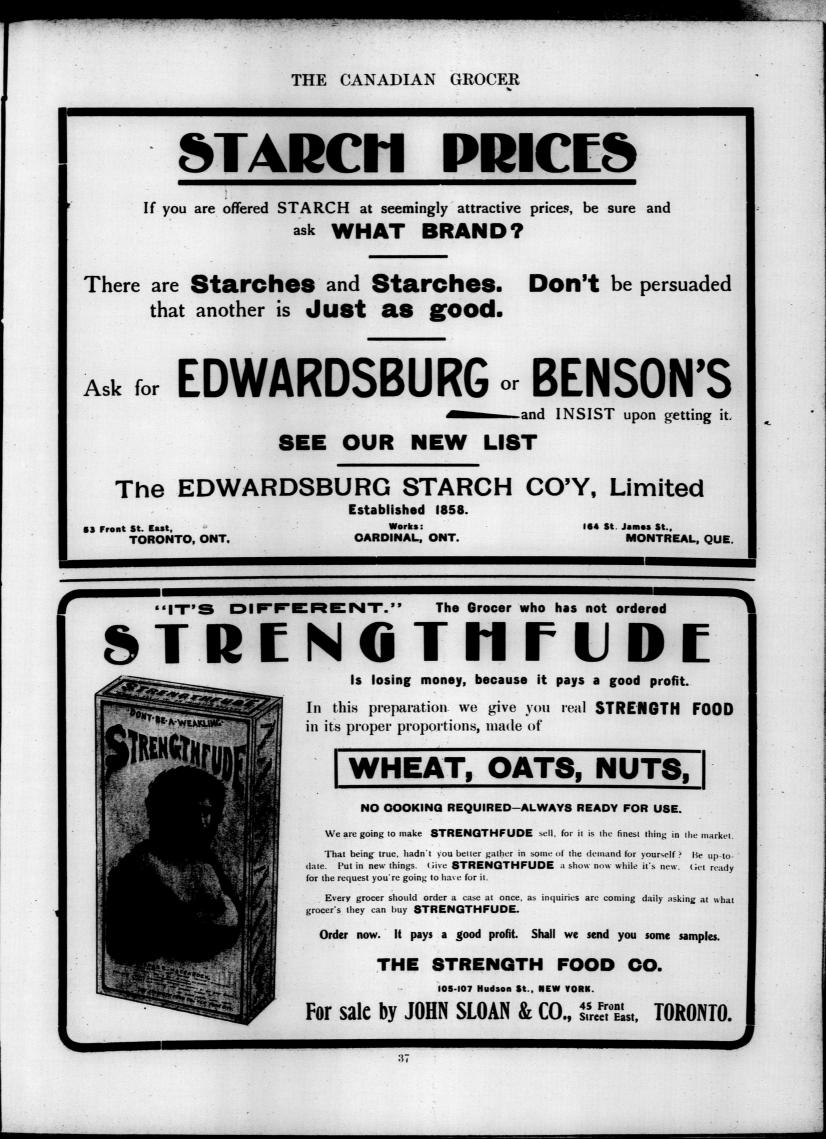
is the standard code for Sugar Brokers. Ask one who uses it and you will get a commendation. If you never saw it send for a copy to examine.

Price, \$1.00 per copy Postpaid.

Messrs. Volney, Green & Son, New York City, say of it: We have used your Universal Sugar Code from the time it was first published and consider it much superior to any other code that has been issued during the 30 years that we have been in the sugar business.

AMERICAN CODE COMPANY

83 Nassau Street, - NEW YORK CITY Discount to dealers only.



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The Canadian Grocer

Tobaccos, Cigars, and Smokers' Accessories

A DEPARTMENT FOR RETAIL MERCHANTS.

GRADES OF TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

Editor "Canadian Grocer": In your issue of March 20 your article on "What few know about Cigars," is a bit out in some respects.

You say that all cigars are divided into three grades of tobacco, known as dark, medium and light. This is misleading, as there is usually only one grade of tobacco in the same brand of cigars. The difference between dark, medium and light applies only to the outside wrapper, which forms less than 3 per cent. of the whole cigar ; that is the filler in the "Pharaoh," for instance, forms about 85 per cent. of the cigar, the binder. about 10 per centf and the wrapper less than 5 per cent. The workman makes his bunches, say, 250 in his day's work, all from the same filler. When he comes to roll on his wrapper, perchance it may be a lightcolored leaf, and if so, 99 smokers out of 100 will call the cigar mild. If, perchance, he rolled on a dark-colored wrapper, the smoker would say it was strong. If the smoker was able to take the two cigars, unroll the wrappers and exchange them, he would, in his estimation, make a strong cigar out of the mild one, and a mild cigar out of the strong one, simply by making an exchange of less than 5 per cent. of all the tobacco in the cigar. It is quite patent, therefore, that the wrapper has very little to do in giving strength to a cigar except in the smoker's imagination, the majority of whom smoke by the eye instead of the palate, especially as regards the strength. It is the Havana filler that gives the strength or body to a cigar.

When I used to visit Cuba the laws prohibited the importation of cigars, and I believe do so still, so that it is impossible to ship cigars from America (?) to Cuba and re-import them, paying the Customs duty and passing them as Cuban made. The Ganadian laws will not permit it, and I don't think the United States will either.

What you might have truthfully said is, that many a box originally imported with Cuban-made cigars is refilled with Canadian-made Havana cigars, and very often often found superior to the original article, as the original cigar was made up of about 6c. duty, 2c. profit and 2c. of tobacco, while the Canadian-made had about 6c. of tobacco. I am speaking of a 10c. cigar. The refilling is, of course, done by the retailer, no licensed factory being able to use old boxes.

The last paragraph in your article, stating that spots on tobacco indicate the best quality is a popular fallacy. Some kinds of tobacco are all covered with spots, from the tip leaf to the ground leaf, and can be bought from 6c. per lb. for Canadian leaf to \$6 per lb. for Havana wrappers. It all depends on the unality the create being no indication

per 10. for canadian leaf to so per 10. for Havana wrappers. It all depends on the quality, the spots being no indication. Two to five years ago there was a craze for light-colored spotted wrappers in the United States particularly, and some growers did experiment with acid in various ways, but it was not much of a success and as soon as the smoking public learned that spotted tobacco was probably doctored, they commenced calling for plain colors. Spotted Sumatra wrappers that sold during the craze for, say, \$1 per 1b. can be bought to-day for 40c. and less. Some people do claim that the mud splashed up by the rain on the ground leaf caused spots, others claim that the drops of dew focused the sun rays and bleached or burned spots, all of which may be true; but in a general way it depends largely on the seed, in the same way that all peas or pansies are not the same color, but new varieties are created by the careful horticulturist.

The ground leaf is far from being the best quality any more than the outside leaves of a cabbage are better than the heart, because the growing plant draws nourishment from the earth and to a certain extent absorbs the virtue from the ground leaf or perhaps rather robs the ground leaf of its substance. It is always the most filmsy leaf on the stalk, and is used by some manufacturers as a

38

binder because, not having any body of its own it will not detract from the flavor of the Havana, but more often it has an acrid taste, biting to the tongue, so that a manufacturer has to be very careful in his selection, or the virtues of the ground leaf will be more than offset by its vices. The best leaf is generally from about the middle of the stalk. I always prefer it as a binder for the "Pharaoh", when it is well cured and two to four years old, and of Connecticut growth, as it has an affinity for Havana that makes a perfect blend. This is really where the manufacturer's

This is really where the manufacturer's experience and study enables him to successfully cater to the public's fickle taste, and is the only way of manufacturing cigars successfully.

The manufacturer that judges by spots, flea holes, saltpetre traces, colors, and the salesman's representations will surely get left.

The natural color of a well-cured leaf

OF CANADA, Limited. Are sold by all the Leading Wholesale Houses

OLD VIRGINIA.

HIGH ADMIRAL

MEERSCHAUM

DERBY

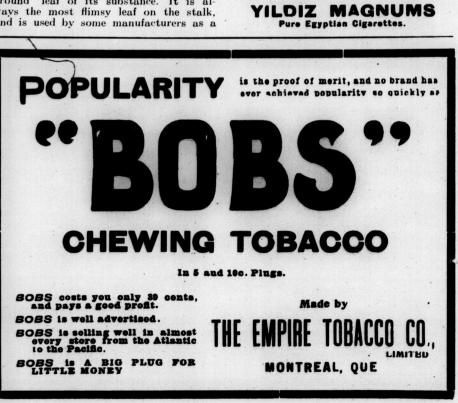
The AMERICAN TOBAC

CUT TOBACCO . . .

CIGARETTES .

OLD CHUM

SWEET CAPORAL



.TOBACCOS AND CIGARS

The Canadian Grocer

We are now prepared to ship the trade....

The best tobacco and best workmanship that money can buy have made my cigars standards of superiority for the price you pay. "Only the best" has always been my guiding star. And that

"Only

The Best!"



motto, "Only the best," has kept my trade *permanent*. Send in for a trial order and join the great army of permanent buyers !

J. BRUCE PAYNE, Agts., Granby, Que.



Never leave a good thing behind you until you know there's a better one in front,



Or, "when you see a better thing, take it." A better thing—say—"Marguerite" Cigars. We know scores of dealers who have dropped other lines after putting "Marguerites" to the test, and it's up to you to take the recommendations of others and make the same experiments.

> Just 4,752,575 sold last year. Sounds big, but it's true.

TUCKETT CIGAR CO., Limited, - HAMILTON.

The Canadian Grocer

of tobacco is a mahogany shade or a Colorado.

Sorry to trespass so lengthily on your space, but I know you like to be right. J. BRUCE PAYNE.

Granby, Que., March 21, 1903.

STILL ON STRIKE.

The trouble existing between The Granda Hermanos y Ca. and their striking Cuban-Spanish employes has not yet been settled. Each side accuses the other of bad faith, and in the present state of feeling there appears to be very little hope of an immediate settlement.

A NEW FACTORY AT ST. JOHN.

The new Imperial Tobacco Factory, of St. John, N.B., commenced operations last month. The establishment is fitted with the latest and most modern appliances and machinery, and employs 100 hands. J. D. Goodwin, the manager, comes from Virginia, and of much of the machinery he is the patentee.

THE TUCKETT BRANCH IN LONDON.

The Olmsted cigar factory on Dundas street west, London, has passed into the hands of the Tuckett Company, of Hamilton, and already the latter are in charge and Tuckett cigars are being turned out.

The Tuckett Company start with 40 to 50 hands, but they expect to increase the number to 75 or 100.

James Dooley, who conducted the Olmsted factory since the retirement of the

founder, George Olmsted, has been appointed manager. The price paid for the factory by the Tuckett Company is not given.

NOTES OF THE TOBACCO TRADE.

G ROTHE & Co. are unable to keep up with their orders for the "Boston," and the popularity of this cigar does not appear to be on the wane.

Jack Hamilton, the western representative of Harris, Harkness & Co., spent Sunday in Toronto.

The formation of a huge protective association under the name of the American Tobacco Growers' Corporation is being agitated by the American tobacco farmers.

The enormous increase in the output of the Marguerite cigar manufactured by the Tuckett Cigar Co. certainly sounds big, as they put it, but is nevertheless a fact; and is a tribute to the determination of this firm to keep up the standard of their goods.

The two lines of popular chewing tobacco, "U & I" and "King's Navy" appear to be gaining daily in public favor. T. J. Horrocks, the tobacco jobber, Wellington street, Toronto, who is the sole wholesale distributor, reports his sales as largely on the increase.

The Dominion Show Case Co., in referring to the greatly increased interest now being exhibited by grocers in the cigar and tobacco business, showed THE GROCER a handsome case with upper and lower compartments and moistener complete, specially made for the trade, and which, at the price asked, \$25, certainly appeared cheap.

THE GROCER is in receipt of the annual number of The Silent Drummer, issued by The W. H. Steele Co., Scott street, Toronto. It is certainly a comprehensive affair, and should be in the hands of every pipe, cigar and tobacco dealer. The Steele Co. have endeavored to mail a copp to every grocer in Canada. If any have been overlooked, a postal card will rectify the omission.

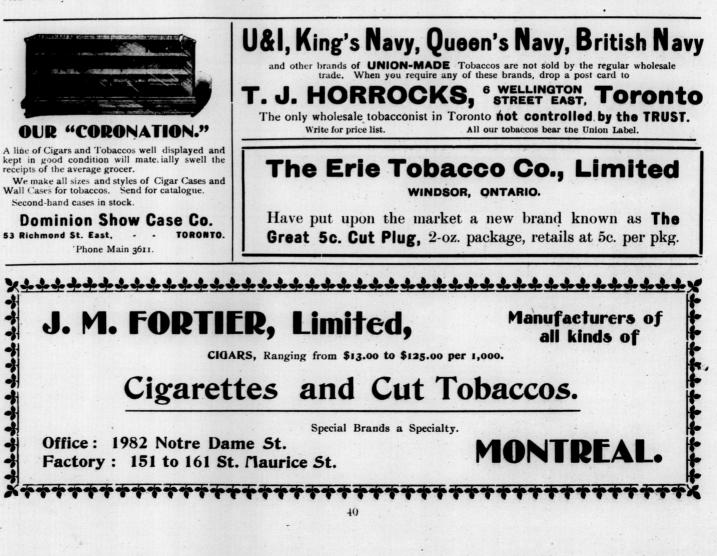
The conquest of the tobacco industry by the American Tobacco Company continues. The enormous rehandling tobacco plant of W. S. Matthews & Son of Louisville, Ky., has been absorbed by the British American Tobacco Co., the English adjunct of the American Tobacco Company. The consideration is said to be \$2,000,000. The business of the New Orleans and other rehandling points will be transferred to Louisville.

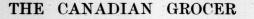
BUSINESS CHANGES.

George A. McGowan, cigar manufacturer, Kingston, Ont., sustained a loss by fire; insured.

The Olmstead Cigar Co., London, Ont., have been succeeded by George E. Tuckett & Son Co., Limited.

Smith, May & Co., tobacco merchants, Que., have dissolved, and a new firm has been formed under the style of M. Smith & Co., with Jas. Smith as proprietor.





There Is No Reason Why

You should not buy a sample order of

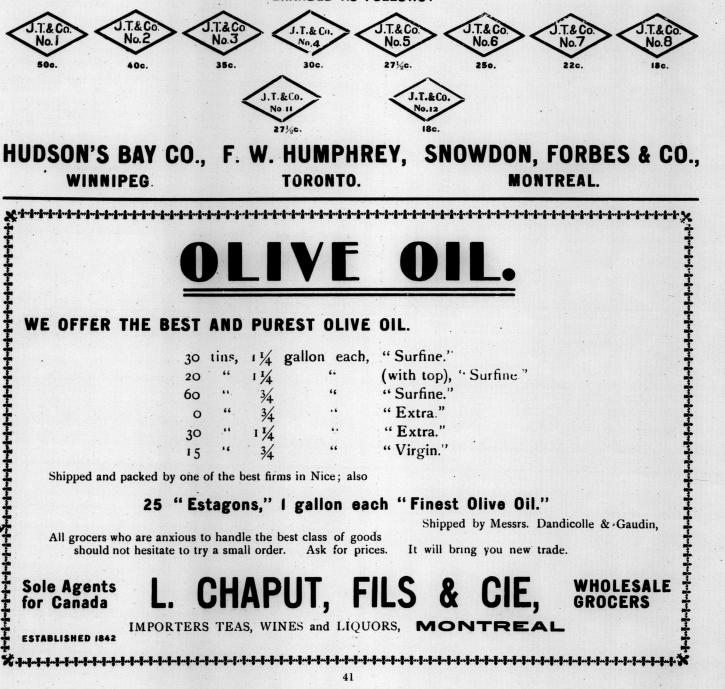
TETLEYS BULK BLENDS

These Fragrant Teas are combinations of the finest productions of Indian and Ceylon.

Blended by experts especially for the Canadian Trade, and they are the best goods that unlimited capital and years of knowledge of the Tea business can produce. We solicit a trial order of any or all and we guarantee satisfaction.

BRANDED AS FOLLOWS:

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THE STORE ADVERTISING SCHEME.

Editor "Canadian Grocer":—The publicity given by "The Grocer" to the defects of the methods of The Canadian Store Advertising Company, Limited, must have been thoroughly appreciated by your numerous readers, particularly so by those merchants who have not signed away the privileges of their own premises.

The scheme is very cunningly baited, and the old saying, unpolished though truthful, that there "is a sucker born every minute," is endorsed again, as I understand that quite a number of that class of iish have been hooked and are now almost ready to help fill the coffers of the gentlemen manipulating this concern.

I believe it is reported that some 5,000 to 10,000 storekeepers have agreed to give up their stores to The Store Advertising Company. I wonder if it ever struck any of the subscribers what the actual tangible benefit of the scheme will be to them. Allowing, for the sake of argument, that the store will hold about 40 of these special and exclusive ads. (and it is a large store that will hold more) what amount of revenue derived by the merchant will compensate him for the loss sustained by not being able to advertise certain lines of profitable goods, the manufacturers of which do not join this concern ? And, again, as remarked by one of your correspondents, a temperance man will have to advertise some special brand of Scotch or other whiskey ; a man opposed to the sale of tobaccos will have to continually let his customers (principally the ladies, for they are the real shoppers) know that the only thing for them to chew is Jim Brown's Juicy Bar," etc.

The claim is made that the customer in such cases can select his ads. If that is the case, the scheme is dishonest to the manufacturer, who pays for his space in the number of stores contracted for. Is that fair? And how is the manufacturer, on the other hand, to know that his cards are in every store? The manufacturer may not have had his goods in a particular store, and may wish the merchant to handle his brands; the merchant, for personal or business reasons, may not think these goods desirable for his trade, but he will have to advertise them, nolens volens.

The scheme, as stated by your New Brunswick correspondent last week, is "much worse from the retailer's standpoint than from the manufacturers', but bad for both." The only parties who will benefit are the gentlemen who are members of the company.

Talk about a franchise, it isn't in it with this scheme. From the manufacturers' standpoint, 1-think those of that class who do not hand over their shekels to The Store Advertising Company, will be the gainers in the long run. Allowing the concern will have ultimately (I understand there has been a slight cessation of the scheme, whether due to your efforts or lack of support, is hard to determine), say, 20,000 stores as patrons, and as there are over 100,000 stores in Canada to which the scheme could apply, which do you think will be better for the manufacturer to advertise in, the 20,000 restricted to a 14 x 8 card store, or the 80,-000 with fuller advantages ?

I have had the privilege lately of inspecting a model store in this city, arranged on the plans of The Store Advertising Company, and while the appear ance, on the whole, is not bad, due large ly to the fact that the store in ques tion is a model grocery, even without these racks, the benefit to the advertiser is practically nil; the store has a high ceiling and the border runs along the top of the shelves. Now, any shopper who desires to see the beauty of the scheme. will, in a very short time, get a crick in the neck from gazing up at an angle of 90 deg., to note the signs in the rack. And, again, as in every store, shoppers usually (particularly in grocery stores) take up their position in front of the grocery counter; the only ads. they can see (and that with effort) are the five or six immediately in front. The rest are at such an oblique angle and away from the direct light that they are prac tically unreadable, and as far as the benefit goes to the manufacturer, money thrown away. Oh, but say, you are told that the cards are changed around every three months, so as to give all the advertisers a show. It's pretty dear advertising at the rates charged by the concern to have the goods noted only every three months. Then, again, supposing the card is up in front in January for fluid beef, as it should be, being a winter drink, will the merchant have to have it again in July or August, when he ought to be selling pudding and cooling summer preparations ?

The poor grocery clerk will have troubles of his own, trotting his customers around the store and calling their attention to the different lines on the rack, as I believe is one of the leading arguments of the concern. The best salesman is he that knows his goods and can take them off the shelf or counter and show them to the buyer. By the time he has called his customer's attention to the above, she will have forgotten all about what she wanted to buy, and the clerk will have lost valuable time and his employer money.

Mr. Editor, the more one looks into the scheme, the more holes one can find in it;

it is a regular sieve of shortcomings and is not even practicable; is in fact a hindrance to the merchant.

I fear I have taken up too much of your space on this subject, but hope that the points noted will be duly appreciated by your readers, particularly by such as have not signed away their rights. To those who have, I think there is at least one comfort left, that six years isn't a long time after all.

" NORTH TORONTO." Toronto, March 23, 1903.

M. Carter, grocer, Toronto, is offering his business for sale.

Canned Goods ALL KINDS Wanted Sole selling agency of a first-class firm for GREAT BRITAIN by the undersigned, who is in a position to place big quantities amongst the largest wholesale buyers in England. Highest References. Alex. S. Duffus, Jr.,

27 Leadenhall St., LONDON, E.C., ENGLAND.





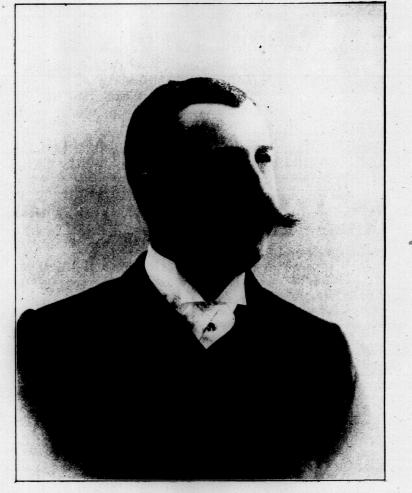
NEW OATMEAL MILL.

S T. MARYS has good reason to be proud of the new oatmeal mill erected in that town by George Carter, Son & Co. It is a five-storey building and covers an area of 2,400 square feet. It is of very fine building construction stone, and presents a very good appearance; good material and fine workmanship characterize the whole building. The symmetry and order of the inside arrangements are marked. In the basement, which has a cement floor, is the boiler room and also the water pit, in which are two water wheels, a 24-in. flaked peas, rolled barley, rolled wheat, pot barley and also pearl barley. A full supply of feed will always be kept on hand.

The storage capacity of the mill is 30,000 bushels.

POOR SEASON FOR MAPLE SYRUP.

It is reported that although the outlook was at first bright, the flow of sap being exceptionally good, this season will be a poor one for maple sugar and syrup. The absence of frosty nights and the scarcity of snow in the woods are the chief reasons for the poor output.



W. L. Hunter, Western Traveller for L. Chaput, Fils & Cie.

W. L. HUNTER.

"Little Grant" and a 42 in. "Economy." The first floor is reserved for packing, and here may be seen the eightpan drying kiln. On the next floor is to be noticed principally the shafting system. The next floor contains three hulling separators, besides many other machines; the two suction pans, which are on this floor, by keeping the air clear of dust, make it much easier for the men to work. On the top floor are four cyclone dust collectors, which are very useful.

Among the products of the mill will be cut meal, rolled oats, standard oatmeal, REFERENCE was made in these columns two weeks ago to the appointment of W. L. Hunter, who has for some years been with The Eby, Blain Co., Limited, as Northwest traveller for L. Chaput, Fils & Cie. This territory includes Manitoba, the Northwest and British Columbia, and he will begin his duties next week. Mr. Hunter has been identified with the wholesale grocery business for over 23 years, and possesses an all-round knowledge of the trade, acquired in the office, sample-room and on the road. During this period of 23 years he has only changed houses four times. He has sold goods all over Ontario, and is now about to realize a long-standing wish of performing the pleasing duty in the Great West, which he intends to explore thoroughly from Port Arthur to Vancouve Besides his long experience, Mr. Hunter is a man of push and energy. He should, therefore, make a success in his new field of labor. THE CANADIAN GROCER wishes him success.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA MINERS STRIKE

G EO. H. MacFARLANE, general Western representative of E. W. Gillett Co., Limited, Toronto, reports from Vancouver that the strikes in British Columbia are seriously affecting trade prospects, and, in fact, states that unless something is done by the Government of that Province to preserve law and order, things, commercially, will receive a serious setback. The Kootenay country is practically dead, and worse than that, there is very little hope of resurrection.

The Vancouver strike is a serious one. When writing, he stated that "The announcement was made that Dunsmuir had given instructions to close down his Extension mines on April 1. This throws 1,000 men out and kills the town of Ladysmith. His men were about to join the Federated Union, and he won't stand it. He is worth millions and says he will leave the mines closed for years. Unions are killing this country, and this strike will probably spread."

This state of affairs is deplorable, particularly so as at the present time the West and Far West is receiving so much attention as a desirable field for immigrants, and the continued unrest does not tend to make that part of the Dominion attractive. Eastern capitalists have very largely assisted to develop British Columbia, and it is to be hoped that these strikes will not act as a deterrent to future development. Robert Jaffray, of The Crow's Nest Pass Coal Co., in his report last week of his trip to that country, stating that the miners' pay per diem averages about \$6, leaves the conviction, that in comparison with the wages of laborers in the east, there must be some other than the wag. question to cause the dissatisfaction of the miners. What the feature is I am unable to say, but the figure mentioned seems to me rather a good one, and should be satisfactory to any reasonable person.

Patrick O'Connor, grocer and liquor dealer, Ottawa, is retiring from business.

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TO THE GROCER

A TRADE SAVER A REPUTATION SAVER A PROFIT SAVER

ASK YOUR JOBBER ABOUT IT.



COFFEE

Established 1845

I and 2-ib. Tins.

S. H. & A. S. E. MOCHA AND JAVA COFFEE, put up in 1 and 2-lb. tins (as cut) pos-sesses a peculiarly rich aromatic flavor. It is something RICHER, BETTER than the others, hard to define, but easily distinguished by a trial. NOT CHEAPER, BUT BETTER. If you have, or want to gain, a good class of customers whom it is diffcult to satisfy with coffee, give them S. H. & A. S. EWING'S, and watch results. PURITY, QUALITY AND UNIFORMITY GUARANTEED.

SPICES

S. H. & A. S. EWING'S HIGH-GRADE SPICES have stood as a standard of the BEST for over half a century. Why handle inferior goods when you can get S. H. & A. S. EWING'S at the same figures. QUALITY FIRST.

S. H. & A. S. EWING, The Montreal Coffee and Spice Steam Mills, 55 Gote St., MONTREAL, P.Q.

THE DOMINION BREWERY CO., LIMITED Brewers and Maltsters TORONTO Manufacturers of the Celebrated

LABEL ALE

ASK FOR IT AND SEE THAT OUR BRAND IS ON EVERY CORK.

Our Ales and Porters have been examined by the best Analysts, and they have declared them Pure and Free from any Deleterious Ingredients. WM. ROSS, Manager.

Cocoanut.

Per lb

L. SCHEPP & CO.

1-lb. 1-lb. d 1-lb. packages, assorted, 15 and and 30-1 4 and 4-lb. packages assorted, 15 and 30-lb. cases 0 261

5

1b. 2

571

10 8 0

56026

107 157

251

16

10

12

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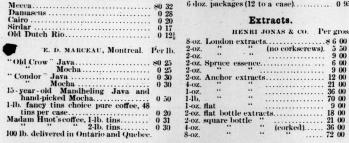
Condensed Milk.

RDEN (REAN

Borden's Condensed Milk Co.

Coffee.

JAMES TURNER & CO. P



	Cheese.	o
r lb.	Imperial Large size jarsper doz. 88 25	8-0Z. 8-0Z.
a no.	Medium size jars 4 50	8-02. 21-02. round
26	Small size jars 240	4-oz. jockey
27	Individual size jars " 1 00	I On JOCKCJ
28	Imperial holder Large size " 18 00	
	Medium size " 15 00	
261	Sman size 12 00	Robinson's p
	Roquerort Large size 240	
271 45	Small size 140	
1.5	Coupon Books-Allison's.	Ginge
	For sale in Canada by The Eby Blain Co.,	arabo
	Limited, Toronto. C. O. Beauchemin &	Cantrell &
	Fils, Montreal.	ger ale a
	\$1, \$2, \$3, \$5, \$10 and \$20 books.	
1	Un- Covers and	
	num Coupons	
1	bered. numbered.	Fra
2	In lots of less than 100	Orange man
	books, 1 kind assorted. 4c. 4 ¹ / ₂ c.	Clear jelly n
d	100 to 500 books 3½c. 4c.	Strawberry
	100 to 1,000 books 3c. 3tc.	Raspberry
	Alliann's Country Days Dayle	Apricot
	Allison's Coupon Pass Book.	Black curra
	\$1 00 to 3 00 books3 cents each	Other jams
1	5 00 books	Red curran
	10 00	
	15 00 ·	Pure Fruit
	25 00 "	1-lb. glass ja
0.000	50 00 "	21-lb. tin pa
5.		5 and 7-lb.
0	Cane's Clothes Pins.	crate
20		7, 14 and 30-
	UNITED FACTORIES, LIMITED.	Pure Fruit .
	Clothes pins (full count), 5 gross in	1-lb. glass ja
b.	case, per case	7, 14 and 30- Home Made
D.	4 doz. packages (12 to a case) 0 75	1-lb. glass ja
2	6 doz. packages (12 to a case) 0 95	case
8		5 and 7-lb. ti
0	Extracts.	7. 14 and 30
17	HENRI JONAS & CO. Per gross.	
21		
	8-oz. London extracts	YO
lb.	2-0Z. " " (no corkscrews). 5 50	5-lb, boxes,
5	2-02. Spruce essence	Fancy boxes
5	2-oz. " "	"Ringed"
30	2-oz. Anchor extracts	"Acme" pe

RECKITT'S BLUE and BLACK LEAD

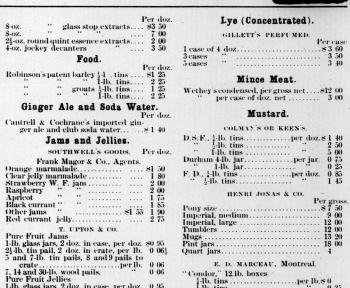
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Cheese.

Jams and Jellies. SOUTHWELL'S GOODS, Perdoz.

Licorice.

UNG & SMYLIE'S LIST.



 1-1b. jars
 0.25

 Vold Crow, 12-1b. boxes

 1-1b. tins.
 per lb. 0.25

 1-1b. tins.
 0.23

 1-1b. jars
 per jar

 0.25
 0.25

Olive Oil.

Per

Orange Marmalade. T. UPTON & CO.

1-lb. glass jars, 2 doz. case....per doz. s 0.45 Home-made, in 1-lb. glass jars 1.50 In 5 and 7-lb. tins and 7-lb. pails;per lb. 0.06

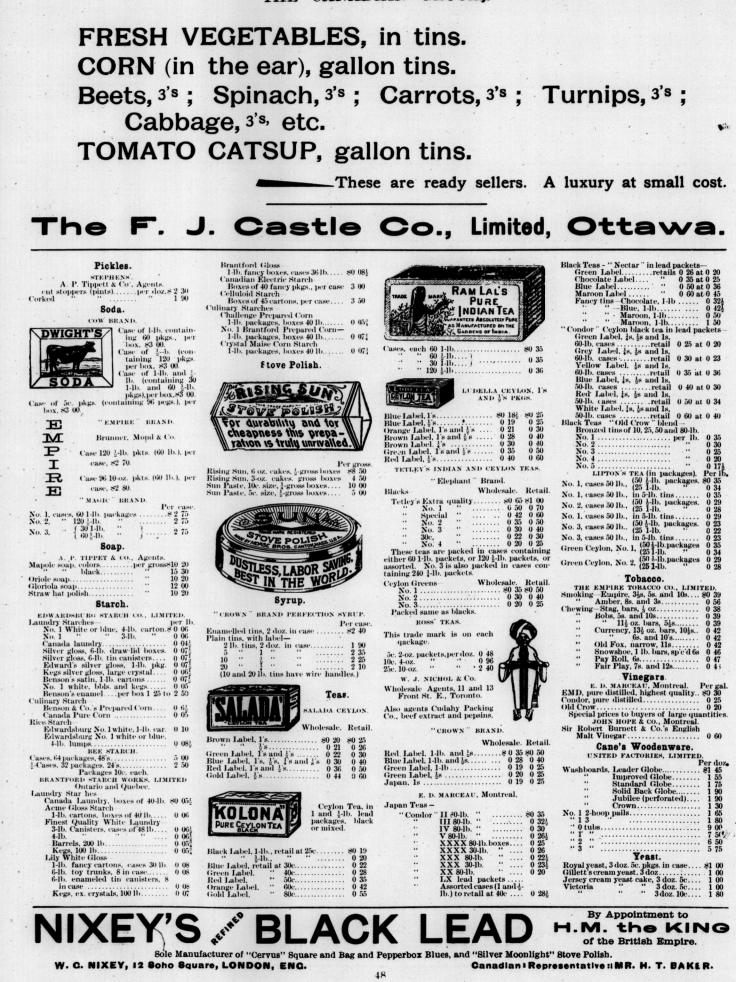
(Always give your

Customers Satisfaction.





Established 1845





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The Best Grocers make a point of Keeping it

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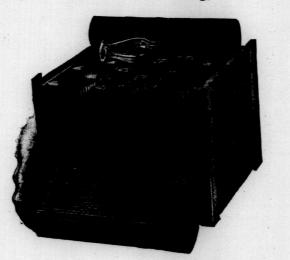
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We Sell Lamp Chimneys in

"Climax" Cartons

If

The saving in breakage in transit more than covers cost over Chimneys in **D**ay.



Bon Save in Space. Wheight, Freight and Breakage. GOWANS, KENT & CO., Toronto and Winnipeg.

Wethey's Mince Meat



Every housekeeper knows what good Mince Meat means and Wethey's Condensed Mince Meat is the kind she'll always ask once she's used it. Carefully prepared of fresh meats and fruits, blended with the finest spices. You can safely recommend it as the best and most convenient.

Convenient, Absolutely clean. Put up in attractive "brick" packages.

Prepared only by J. H. Wethey, Limited, St. Catharines, Ont.

Crosse & Blackwell, Limited

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS AND PRESERVED PROVISIONS

SPECIAL WHOLESALE AGENTS LEA & PERRINS SAUCE

At Manufacturers' Prices and Discounts

C. E. COLSON & SON, AGENTS, MONTREAL

