

"WATER GLASS."

Results of a Dominion Experimental Farm Experiment of This Preservative as a Medium for Keeping Eggs.

Prof. Frank T. Shutt, chemist Dominion Experimental Farm, and Mr. G. Gilbert, poultry manager of the farm, having received numerous inquiries from farmers during the past two months as to the merits of "water glass" as a medium in which to keep eggs, are led to think that certain conclusions drawn from an experiment lately brought to a close, with this and other preservatives, will be of interest to readers. They therefore send the following information:

The investigation was commenced last September, perfectly fresh eggs from the farm poultry house being used for the test, which consisted in immersing the eggs for varying lengths of time, from a few hours to six months, in (a) lime-water, and (b) ten per cent. solution of "water glass." These eggs which were treated for a few hours, days or weeks, as the case might be, were subsequently placed, together with the untreated eggs, in a drawer in the laboratory till the close of the experiment, March 30, 1899. All the eggs were at a temperature from 65 to 75 degrees F. throughout the trial.

The testing consisted in breaking the eggs into a glass and noting the appearance of the "white" and yolk, whether the yolk was stuck to the shell, size of air-space, odor, etc. The eggs were then poached and again noted in detail the results of the various trials, it may suffice for present purposes to summarize the conclusions reached, as follows:

1. In no instance, either of treated or untreated eggs, were any "bad" eggs found. 2. In all cases where the eggs were not kept covered throughout the period of the test with the preservative solution, shrinkage of the contents had taken place, as shown by the larger air-space, the less globular form of the yolk, and in many instances by the adherence of the yolk to the shell. The eggs treated for seven days and less with lime-water showed somewhat less shrinkage than those treated a similar length of time with dilute soda.

3. It would appear that lime-water and "water glass" used continuously and equally efficacious in preventing shrinkage. They may also be said to give practically the same results as regards both external and internal appearance, flavor, etc., of the eggs preserved. Since "water glass" (silicate of soda) is more costly and more disagreeable to use than lime-water, we could not but prefer the former as the better preservative.

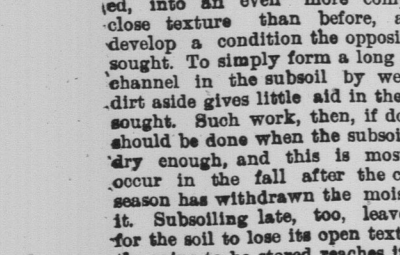
4. The albumen or "white" in all the preserved eggs was very faintly yellow (though not to the same degree in all the eggs), the tint becoming deeper on boiling. 5. No offensive odor was to be perceived from any of the eggs when broken, but in all instances a faint but peculiar musty or stale odor and flavor developed on poaching.

6. It is probable that no preservative will prevent the loss of flavor possessed by the fresh egg, but those which wholly exclude the air, such as that at the same time prevent shrinkage from evaporation, will be the most successful. Continuous submergence is evidently a better treatment for a few days.

"Water glass," known chemically as silicate of soda, is a fluid quoted at 60c per gallon. It is highly caustic, due to excess soda, and consequently is highly disagreeable to use than lime-water. The lime-water may be made by putting two or three pounds of good, clean lime in five gallons of water, stirring well at intervals for a few hours and then allowed to settle. The water from the bottom can then be poured over the eggs, which have been previously placed in a crock or water-tight barrel. Some authorities recommend the addition of a pound or so of salt to the lime-water, but the writers are of the opinion that this is unnecessary, and probably leads to the imparting of a liney flavor to the eggs by inducing an interchange of the fluids within and without the egg.

The all-essential points to be remembered are: (1) that the eggs to be preserved shall be perfectly fresh, and (2) that they shall be covered with the preservative fluid.

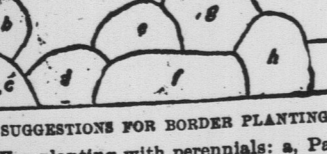
Measuring the Feed. A very handy short cut for accurate feeding of ground feed or shelled grain is illustrated by the accompanying cut.



FOR MEASURING FEED. Make up many one gallon boxes as you wish. Use 3/4-inch soft wood. Cut bottoms 6 1/2 x 3 1/2 inches; ends, 6 1/2 x 3 1/2 inches; sides, 6 1/2 x 7 1/2 inches. Make sides of frame two inches wide; ends, six inches, and brace with lath. Fasten staples with wire passed through. Albert Murphy, in Practical Farmer.

HARDY PERENNIALS.

F. A. Waugh, of the Vermont Agricultural Station, Tells How to Make Effective Use of Them in Borders.



SUGGESTIONS FOR BORDER PLANTING. For planting with perennials: a, Paper-nudicaule, Iceland Poppy; b, Penstemon; c, Phlox hybrid; d, Moon scoumatus; e, Aquilegia chrysantha; f, Hollyhocks; g, Coreopsis grandiflora; h, Chrysanthemum maximum; i, Peonies, or Oenothera Biensis.

For planting with annuals: a, Nasturtium; b, Shirley poppies; c, Branching Galliard; d, Larkspur; e, Antirrhinum; f, Sunflower; g, Coreopsis Drummondii; h, Golden Wave; i, Penstemon; j, Phlox Drummondii.

For mixed planting: a, Nasturtium; b, Shirley poppies; c, Branching Galliard; d, Larkspur; e, Antirrhinum; f, Sunflower; g, Coreopsis Drummondii; h, Golden Wave; i, Penstemon; j, Phlox Drummondii.

The hardy herbaceous perennials, as a class, are the easiest to manage, the cheapest and the most natural in the garden. They are the plants that effect their own maintenance in the garden, says F. A. Waugh in Orange Judd Farmer.

When once planted they need very little further care. Many of them multiply and stand for years in the grass or among the shrubs without the slightest attention. They grow in full freedom they give a wild, woody air to a place, which nothing else can furnish quite so well.

They are able to take care of themselves year after year makes them very cheap. There has been a very healthy and gratifying tendency in recent years toward the more general use of such material, but there is no likelihood that it will soon be overdone.

Hardy perennials may be used in almost any situation where plants are wanted at all. They may grow under the trees, among the shrubs, in rockeries, along the borders of ponds and rivulets, on sloping banks, in borders by themselves, in shade or sun; in fact, if they are well cared for, they will flourish in almost any soil, and they are put into flower beds. It is a very convenient way to outline a border with herbaceous perennials, and annuals are planted from year to year.

One of the best ways to manage them, with the shrubbery, usually, of course, by bringing them somewhat in front of the larger woody shrubs, as shown in the diagram herewith. Many of them are so tall and slender that they are apt to be lost in the mass of the shrubbery, and they are apt to be trampled upon by the deer, turkeys and golden-eyes give great satisfaction when similarly grown.

Many of the hardy perennials can be grown easily from seed. Usually it is best to sow the seed in a specially prepared bed or cold frame, from which the seedlings are transplanted to pots, nursery rows, or directly to their permanent places in the garden. Many of them are propagated more easily by division. Or the ready-made plants from the nurseryman, and such investments in such plants is a permanent one, the expense is comparatively small.

Seed Growth and Selection. In his evidence before the House of Commons committee on agriculture Prof. Robertson made some new and important statements in regard to the fundamental principle of agriculture, more particularly of seeds. From a condensed report we take the following in regard to his address: "Morture was concerned with rolling and cultivation, and experiments had shown that the temperature three to five degrees higher than on unrolled land. He added a mass of evidence to prove that by carefully selecting the seed the best crops were secured, by raising from year to year the varieties that had been found to be most productive in each particular locality. That, while the characteristics of each variety were the same in all localities, productivity varied according to locality and conditions. Fully collect the best seeds from their own fields, and plant them in a seed plot for their next year's seed. It is important that the selection of seed should be made by actual and extensive experiments, of ten per cent. in their crops. The productivity of seed was not an inherent quality, but depended on the conditions under which it was grown."

"Farmer." The other day we received a letter from a farmer in Oxford County, written on neat note paper, with his name and the word "Farmer" beneath it. He had a blank space for the date printed to the right. This heading struck us as being unique, and still, something that every farmer should copy. It is quite common to receive letters from breeders of purebred stock with their names and their special line of business printed on their letter heads, but this is the first instance that we have come across where a plain, every-day farmer has turned up such a heading. By this act he shows that he is not ashamed of his calling, and he desires to set those with whom he does business know that he is proud to have the word "Farmer" in cold type after his name. But why should not every farmer adopt a similar plan?

GROWING POTATOES.

C. A. C. Experiments That Are Full of Profit to Those Who Follow the Season of Results.

Little care is generally given on the majority of our farms to the growing of the potato. Many details, carefully observed in the case of other crops, are judged unnecessary for this one and owing to this lack of care the yield of this precious tuber has, in many places, considerably decreased. The chief cause of this diminution are to be found in an improper rotation by which the soil becomes exhausted of the particular plants needed by the potatoes—in insufficient manuring—and often in the lack of vitality in varieties which have been regenerated by seedling. Yet, even when all these conditions are fulfilled, there are other causes which exercise a great influence on the yield of the crop, often paying crop and unprofitable one. One of these is the depth and the manner in which they are planted, have an important bearing upon the result. The methods in use differ widely, and we determine the safest to follow by, and by no means an easy task. Yet, by a series of long continued and carefully conducted experiments, carried on at the experimental station of the Ontario Agricultural College, the value of one method has been proved in an conclusive manner. A few of the most important of these results will perhaps be read with interest.

At the head of the list of the late varieties of potatoes tested for seven years we find the "Empire State" variety, followed by the "American Wonder," "Beauty," the "Burpee's Extra Early," the "Early Dominion" and "Early Ohio." These have proved to be the best for yield and early maturity.

It is still the custom on many of our farms to do the potatoes in a row, and generally when the rainy weather prevents outdoor work. These are usually planted only a few days later. The experiments conducted not only at the station but also in co-operation on many farms, have proved that potatoes of Ontario are not so early as those of the more general after they are out give without exception the best results.

Is there any advantage to be gained by planting in rows or in lines before the potatoes are out of the ground? A test conducted on this subject for seven years has given conclusive results in favor of the rows. The yield per acre treated with it was 23 bushels greater than that of tubers which had not received any treatment. In fact, it was 14 bushels lower than when the potatoes were planted in lines. The size of seed and the number of eyes contained in each have also to be considered. In a series of experiments, the increase in yield was found to be directly proportional to the size of the set. Sets of 40 bushels per acre and pieces of two inches square, gave the best results. The increase in yield was not, however, proportional to the number of eyes; sets provided with five eyes yielded 20 bushels per acre more than those in which but two had been left.

The exposure of potatoes to air and light before cutting and planting has also been tested. It was found that potatoes which had been exposed to the sun for a period of five years, five months and six months, respectively, yielded 20 bushels per acre more than those which had not been so treated. The yield was also found to be directly proportional to the length of time the potatoes were exposed to the sun. The lowest yield was given by the potatoes left out of doors 101 bushels per acre, the highest by those which had been exposed to the sun for five years, five months and six months, respectively.

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The October Purple Plum. A first-class late-ripening plum has been a desideratum up to this time. Through the wonderful work of the American Agricultural Experiment Station, a variety has recently been created, and is now being introduced.

"October Purple" Plum. It is in the middle and eastern States in the "October Purple," indicative of its season of ripening as well as of its color. The fruit is round in form, color reddish purple, a little darker than the Bradshaw, but of rather small quality. The tree is a strong, erect grower, forming a nice, shapely head, similar to that of Abundance, but more symmetrical. American Agriculturist.

The Farmer's Garden. One reason why many farmers have poor success with their gardens is because they grow the same kind of vegetables year after year in the same place. A system of rotation should be followed in the garden as well as on the farm. If this is done care should be taken to have a good depth of subsoil turned up each year. It is followed by some farmers, that is, digging the soil to a depth of two feet, and adding a certain amount of subsoil to the surface soil. Barnyard manure is most valuable for garden purposes.

TO CHANGE CLIMATE.

BY DAMMING UP THE REMARKABLE STRAITS OF BELLE ISLE.

Quebec, Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia were to have Added Two Straits to Their Open Sea Weather—The Queer Project is Now, However, Abandoned—A Great Waterway.

Were it only two degrees of latitude further south, or were the course of the Gulf Stream to be changed to flow from the southeast to the northeast, the Straits of Belle Isle, as the channel separating Newfoundland from Labrador is termed, would be one of the most important marine highways in the world. In existing conditions, even though frozen over as a solid as a mill pond a good part of every winter and absolutely closed to navigation from November 1 to June 1, or more than seven months of every year, the straits receive much attention from the British Government, and thousands of pounds sterling have been expended in surveying its shores, in sounding, in determining its currents, and in the use of the most advanced instruments of the seafaring men who navigate its waters.

To the curious the most interesting information about the Straits of Belle Isle is that it is a "greenhouse" as it were, by its currents. It is a long narrow channel, a branch of the great frigid ocean stream known as the Labrador current, which comes sweeping north through the straits and so into the Gulf of St. Lawrence, and this flow was mainly responsible for the cold long winters of all the lower Quebec, of Prince Edward Island and of Nova Scotia.

Those who held this theory reasoned that if there were any way to stop the flow of the intensely cold water from the north through the Straits of Belle Isle, the climate of all southeastern Canada would thereby be ameliorated strikingly. The winter of Quebec, they held, would be at least a full month shorter; the lower Quebec, of Prince Edward Island and of Nova Scotia.

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The results of the soundings were made known three or four years ago, when the greatest depth was declared to be 85 fathoms, or 210 feet. Some of the soundings were made at the rate of 30 fathoms in the straits varies .54 of a knot to 3.15 knots an hour. These two things make the construction of a dam across the straits a more difficult problem than had been supposed, both because of the enormous amount of material, and because of the unexpected strength of the currents, which, especially when supplemented by the forces of the heavy storms, would wash away any dam that might be erected. Nevertheless, the attention of the Dominion Government was attracted to the project by its friends, though they gave it up for good and all some little time ago, when the announcement was made that the straits' movements were entirely tidal, and that the Labrador current does not traverse the passage at all.

The method by which the party worked at this conclusion was simple in the extreme, being nothing more than the maintenance of a log buoy, with the log attached to a line, and taking note of their positions at various times in the 24 hours. From these observations it is seen clearly that the current in the straits rises and falls with the tide, and that the tide rises and falls in the same direction and at about the same time. There might be some backward and forward movement with the tide, even if the Labrador current did traverse the straits, but the westward movement would then be much more extensive.

Although the great dam scheme was repeatedly broached to the Dominion Government it was not brought to the official notice of the United States States is interested in the work of the British Admiralty in the Straits of Belle Isle. From its failure to co-operate in the American scheme of studying ocean currents by means of floating buoys it might be inferred that the British Government does not do its share of work in ocean observation, and this may be true when the enormous preponderance of British shipping over that of any other nation is taken into consideration.

Great Britain expends vast sums in coast surveys, in the maintenance of lighthouses and lightships and of day-signals, and the work of this sort done in the Straits of Belle Isle is highly elaborate and of great cost.

This will be understood more clearly when it is explained that should the project to put Chicago in direct communication with the Straits of Belle Isle by a system of ship canals connecting the Great Lakes with the River St. Lawrence materialize, the Straits of Belle Isle would form an essential link in the shortest route between the wheat fields of America and the vast markets of the Orient, and would therefore, be literally crowded with shipping throughout the open season.

Even now this channel is a great waterway, for five-twelfths of the year. At least 50 steamers a month pass through

A REINCARNATED DOG.

He Hadn't Lost His Human Traits In the Process.

"You can't tell me there is nothing in the theory of reincarnation," remarked a traveling man. "For I know there is. I was down in Florida recently, and in St. Augustine I saw a snob dog—an out and out snob. His name is Towser, and he is just a common yellow dog, lives in the street and belongs to no one.

"In the summer, when no wealthy northern people are in the town, he plays with all the middle class children and dogs and will greet patronizingly the middle class men and women who know him. But in the winter, as soon as the season begins, he attaches himself to some rich New York family, loafs in their yard, tags their footstep, never gets any about the city, attends them to church and home again and so far as he is able makes himself one of them. For his meals he has been forced to resort to the back yards of plain, good women, who pitie him and feeds him regularly. He is friendly with her at his eating hours, but never so far forgets himself as to wag his tail at her on the street or when he is with more pretentious people.

"When society functions take place in St. Augustine, there is Towser. Golf matches, afternoon teas, picnics or boat parties, all are attended and Towser is with them. He is friendly with the hostess, who has been known to go for as he is able makes himself one of them. For his meals he has been forced to resort to the back yards of plain, good women, who pitie him and feeds him regularly. He is friendly with her at his eating hours, but never so far forgets himself as to wag his tail at her on the street or when he is with more pretentious people.

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TRAVELER'S EXPERIENCE WITH THE MAN EATERS OF WEST AFRICA.

Mr. P. A. McCann has Had 19 years' actual residence in west Africa. Mr. McCann's seven years' trading and residence with the cannibal tribes of the French Gabon probably form the most exciting part of his experiences. He got friendly with them and thoroughly studied their habits and customs. They quite believed that the white man ate human flesh. A big chief offered Mr. McCann the smoked thigh of a native. This was considered a gracious act. Mr. McCann was in a dilemma. He refused it would be ungracious. Mr. McCann was in a dilemma. He refused it would be ungracious.

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ADVERTISING RATES.

Ordinary commercial advertisements within the run of the paper—Each insertion 25.00 per inch. Advertisements for Wants, For Sale, etc., 50 cents for each insertion of a line or less. Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths 25 cents for each insertion.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

On account of the considerable number of communications to the editor, it is necessary to request that all communications should be sent to the editor of the paper, and not to the printer.

FACTS FOR SUBSCRIBERS.

Without exception names of new subscribers will be entered under the name of the subscriber, and no other name will be used.

RULES FOR CORRESPONDENTS.

Write plainly and take special pains with names. Attach your name and address to your communication as an evidence of good faith.

This paper has the largest circulation in the Maritime Provinces.

Semi-Weekly Telegraph.

ST. JOHN, N. B., JUNE 21, 1899.

THE POLICY OF THE OPPOSITION.

The policy of the Conservative party in parliament, as stated by its leader Sir Charles Tupper, is to obstruct by every possible device the passage of the redistribution bill, and then to persuade the senate to reject the measure.

THE REDISTRIBUTION BILL.

The redistribution bill was before the house of commons Friday evening for its second reading, and its provisions were fully explained by the Hon. Mr. Mulock who has it in charge.

There would be looked upon as outrageous and as violating the principles that have been well established with regard to popular representation in Canada.

The object of the Tory gerrymander of 1883 was to insure a Conservative majority in the province of Ontario and had that effect for several elections.

THE TRANSVAAL TROUBLES.

There are no new developments in regard to Transvaal affairs, and there seems to be less fear of war than there was a week or two ago.

RUSSIA IN CHINA.

The Russians seem to be strengthening their grip on the northern China. A despatch to the London Times from St. Petersburg says that Russia is continuing to leave that port with "emigrants" for Port Arthur.

THE AUSTRALIAN CRICKETERS.

Nothing has done more in time past to convince the people of England that the persons who were formerly spoken of as "mere colonists" are not a set of inferior brutes than the discovery that colonists from Australia could play the national game of cricket quite as well as Englishmen.

THE TRANSVAAL SITUATION.

The most interesting question now before the British people is the difference between the government and the South African Republic, popularly known as the Transvaal.

The principle, laid down by Secretary Hay in his tentative boundary line, that America will not grant, temporarily or otherwise, any port facilities to the Canadians.

Referring to the discussion in the house of commons in regard to the question of granting facilities to sugar produced from the beet, the Sun in its Ottawa correspondence says:—

THE POLICY OF THE OPPOSITION.

The policy of the opposition during the whole of the present session of parliament has consisted simply of obstruction.

RUSSIA IN CHINA.

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Mr. Whitehall Reid, the editor of the New York Tribune, has written an article for Lady Randolph Churchill's new magazine, in which he contends that the Monroe doctrine is still in force.

RELIEF OF WIDOWS AND ORPHANS.

It is announced that Senator Waldeck-Rousseau has been unable to form a cabinet, and that he has abandoned the task.

GLACE BAY, JUNE 19.—At a meeting of the citizens of Glace Bay held today several resident clergymen and four citizens were appointed a committee to receive and distribute contributions in aid of the distressed families.

FELL FROM A STAGING.

Monday, June 19.—Levi Leaman and Frank Carson, while working at a two-story house at Humphrey's Mills this afternoon, were precipitated to the ground, a distance of 25 feet, by the staging giving away and were badly shaken up.

"The Thorn Comes Forth With Point Forward."

The thorn point of disease is an ache or pain. But the blood is the feeder of the whole body. Purify it with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

PREPARING FOR TROUBLE.

LONDON, June 19.—The Cape Town correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "The government has ordered a battery of heavy guns to Kimberley for the defence of the Diamond fields.

CELESTIAL COMMISSIONERS.

OTTAWA, June 19.—Hon. J. I. Tarte, Lord Strathcona, and Sanford Fleming have been appointed commissioners to represent Canada at the conference to be held in London, England, in connection with the Pacific cable.

Referring to the discussion in the house of commons in regard to the question of granting facilities to sugar produced from the beet, the Sun in its Ottawa correspondence says:—

The minister of agriculture seemed to be doubtful whether it would be possible to bring forward the industry to such an extent that some get along without bounties. No country had ever produced beet sugar successfully without assistance, so Mr. Fisher said.

Mr. Bergeron's so-called correction of the minister of agriculture is no correction at all for if France grants no bounties on sugar made from beets for domestic use it imposes high duties on foreign sugar and that has the same effect as a bounty.

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CATARRH OF THE NERVES.



The above is a name of my own. There is no such name in the medical text. Book as Catarrh of the Nerves, but it is the best I can think of under which to classify the following train of symptoms.

And are these years of weary pain forever passed away? These seven long years of weary night turned into endless day? I sometimes think 'tis all a dream, and I shall on the morrow.

SECOND HAND MACHINERY FOR SALE.

- HOSE POWER. One Locomotive Boiler..... 40 One Engine..... 40 One Engine, Automatic Ball..... 25 One Engine..... 3 One Newspaper, 37x23 One Adams Job Press, 3x12 One Sturdevant Blower, No. 2 One Dynamo, 7 Lights, 10 Volts.

W. F. & J. W. MYERS.

Waterloo Street, St. John, N.B.

KILLING EACH OTHER.

Aguinaldo Arranges the Assassination of General Luna, Who Had Become Too Popular.

FAILS TO FORM A CABINET.

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Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints. Hood's Pills cure liver ill, the non-bruising and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

WANTED.

BOYS AND GIRLS—Do you want some... WANTED—Agents to sell our superior... WANTED—A male teacher... FOR SALE

TEACHER WANTED.

WANTED—A male teacher... FOR SALE

FOR SALE

FARM FOR SALE—One mile from... FARM FOR SALE IN KING CO. N. B.

FOR SALE—Part of 70 acres... FOR SALE—Part of 70 acres

FOR SALE—Part of 70 acres... Nova Scotia Nursery

BIRTHS.

DURKEE—On board the British ship... GORRISON—At Moncton, on June 12th...

MARRIAGES.

CHERRY HALL—At Truro, on June 14th... MARRIAGES

DEATHS.

ATY—At St. John, on June 13th... BOWLING—At Lunenburg, on June 17th...

MARINE JOURNAL

PORT OF ST. JOHN.

ARRIVED. Ship La Plata, 289 tons, from... ARRIVED

DEPARTURE.

Ship La Plata, 289 tons, to... DEPARTURE

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If You Want the Best SCYTHES made see that the name DUNN EDGE TOOL CO. is stamped on them.

CLIPPER. FINEST CUTLERY STEEL. GIANT, HAND MADE, Warranted.

To be had from most dealers, and W. H. THORNE & CO., LTD. AGENTS.

MARKET SQUARE, St. John, N. B.

Homewards—San Francisco freight... Homewards—San Francisco freight

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The University's Failure

To the Editor of THE TELEGRAPH— Sir—You refer in a late issue to the number of male graduates during the period 1890-99 being 79, against 143...

The American schooner E. V. Glover, now in port and belonging to S. Raymond & Co., of New York, has been sold to John E. Moore and others of this city for about \$800.

The brigantine Sunlight, Davison master, 25 days from Barbados to Moncton, was spoken off Seaboard by the government cutter Albatross, June 11. She wished to be reported all well.

Recent charter—British barque J. E. Graham, to load lumber at Boston for Montevideo at \$9.50, and the British barque Ayres, to load lumber at Boston for Buenos Ayres at \$9.25, or Rosario at \$10.25.

The barquentine Sunny South sailed Friday from Antigonish for New York with a cargo of sugar. After discharging her cargo at New York she will go to Annapolis, N. S., to load lumber for South America at \$10.00 Buenos Ayres, if Rosario \$11.50.

The American ship Kenilworth, Capt. Taylor, both ship and master well known in these waters, arrived in St. John, N. B., on Friday, after a fast run of 108 days from New York. The voyage of the Kenilworth, just ended, was marked with more than usual excitement off Cape Horn, when two sailors fell overboard. The ship was making quick time, but Capt. Taylor brought her up quick enough to enable a boat to reach them, and half an hour after they dropped overboard they were safe on board again and the ship was again on her way.—[Victoria, B. C., June 8.]

The following schooners have been chartered to carry coal, viz: Schooner Victoria, 120 tons, Fort Liberty to St. John, N. B., \$1.10; schooner Victoria, 170 tons, Westhaven to St. John, N. B., \$1.10; schooner C. L. Jeffrey, 298 tons, Westhaven to St. John, N. B., \$1.10; schooner A. M. Booth, 192 tons, Fort Liberty to Biddeford, \$1.10; schooner C. L. Jeffrey, 298 tons, Westhaven to St. John, N. B., \$1.10; schooner A. M. Booth, 192 tons, Fort Liberty to Biddeford, \$1.10; schooner C. L. Jeffrey, 298 tons, Westhaven to St. John, N. B., \$1.10; schooner A. M. Booth, 192 tons, Fort Liberty to Biddeford, \$1.10.

The S. John barquentine Albatross, Capt. Chalmers, arrived at Clare Castle on June 15th from St. John, N. B. The vessel made a quick passage—25 days.

The steamer Cape Comore, 1,600 Capt. Souter, sailed for St. John, N. B., on Saturday afternoon from Boston, to load fuel for the west coast of England at 42¢. 65.

The Austrian barquentine Emma, 568 tons, Captain Basch, arrived in port yesterday afternoon from Barbados. The vessel was for five days at the mouth of the bay. Pilot John Thomas boarded her in the lower district on the David A. McNeil, from Barbados via St. John, N. B., on Saturday.

Mr. Thor, Whelan, who sailed with his father in the S. C. Georgia from Sydney has been granted leave of absence from the steamer for a year, in order to take a course of training in sailing ship. He left for New York on Tuesday where he will join the ship Caldera, Capt. James McQuarrie, now loading at that port for South America.

Capt. Rynard, whose schooner, the Lady Speedwell, coal laden from Pictou, was driven ashore on May 24th at Cape Tormentine and became a total wreck at Summerside and has purchased the schooner from the Pictou Mayor Campbell. He took possession on Tuesday and the vessel will be loaded with coal at St. John's port wharf by Messrs. Wright, Brox, for Halifax.—[Island Farmer.]

Since the occupation of Manila by the United States forces, 13th August, 1898, 141 vessels have been transferred from the hands of English, German and Spanish citizens, principally Spanish, to those of Americans, duly registered, and are now flying the American flag. This at least shows an increase of confidence by the business people of Manila towards the American government. As many as twenty of these, having names of once famous Spanish generals, admirals and governors, have thought it to their advantage to renounce the old name and take American or English names before registering.—[Manila Times.]

There has been a little more business accomplished in deal freight, which doubtless has been brought about by the modification in views of owners, as compared with a week ago, as well as the absence of orders of consequence for other products. Several boats have been taken to load at St. John, N. B., at 42¢, which is the best rate now obtainable. Edgewater to St. Andrew, 30 tons, St. Andrew, 670 tons (new), St. John, N. B., to Liverpool or Manchester, deals, 42¢. 64 July. Steamship by St. John, 1,549 tons, Quebec to London, 45¢, and timber, 67¢. 64 July; steamship Dartmouth, 1,844 tons, Quebec to west coast England, 42¢. 67.

At the last marine examination held at Yarmouth Harbour, Martin, of Halifax, passed his final examination and was awarded a mate's certificate for square-rigged vessels. Mr. Martin is now first mate of the barque Stadacona.

A public meeting for the purpose of voting the public indignation at the conduct of the pilotage commissioners is spoken of. The mayor would, we think, be justified in calling it, so many of the St. John's citizens being victims of the attempt of the commissioners to starve

Shipping Notes

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THE VENEZUELA BOUNDARY.

THE BOARD OF ARBITRATION BEGAN WORK AT PARIS THURSDAY.

A Distinguished Company Greeted by M. Del Case, who Opened the Conference—Meetings Are to Be Held Four Days in the Week Only.

PARIS, June 15.—The first formal meeting of the Venezuela arbitration commission opened this morning. The arbitrators, counsel and others began assembling at the foreign office shortly before 11. They were received by the minister of foreign affairs, M. Del Case, in the apartment in which the tribunal will sit. These are the rooms used at the meeting of the Spanish-American peace conference, and during the Behring Sea arbitration. The main room is an oblong chamber luxuriously decorated, having rich moulding on the walls, and ornate and heavy gilt ornaments on the ceiling. A large colored map of the disputed territory hangs on the wall to the right of the arbitrators, with a smaller map of the whole South America beside it. Altogether there were about 40 persons connected with the tribunal present. The arbitrators are most of their staff were dressed in frock coats, and half a dozen ladies, including Mrs. Benjamin Harrison and others belonging to the American party. The arbitrators took their seats soon after 11 o'clock. Chief Justice Melville E. Fuller and Sir Richard Collins, lord justice of appeal, sitting on the right of Prof. De Martens, the umpire, and Baron Russell of Killowen, lord chief justice of England, and Justice David J. Brewer sitting on the left. Former President Benjamin Harrison, Gen. Benjamin F. Tracy and the remainder of the American party, the tables at the left side of the room facing the court, and the other British representatives were seated at tables on the right side. Counsel for the Behring Sea tribunal deliberations. The proceedings opened at 11.30, when M. Del Case briefly addressed the arbitrators. Prof. De Martens replied, thanking the French foreign minister for his welcome and for the hospitality which he had accorded at the Hague in the matter of arbitration. He said the peace conference sought not merely to settle a settlement of conflicts, but the avoidance of conflicts, and expressed the hope that the present tribunal would have the same aim of promoting the welfare and prosperity of the two countries interested. The professor then announced the rules of procedure agreed upon at yesterday's conference, and said the arbitrators would meet every day excepting Sunday.

Sir Richard Webster thereupon rose and said that in order to meet the views of former President Harrison and the other American counsel, in which the English representatives concurred, he proposed that they only meet four days in the week. In view of the extraordinary heavy work before them, Mr. Harrison said he thought there would be in four days work enough for ordinary men and he evoked a general smile as he looked around on the gathering of the most eminent jurists of Great Britain and America, he added: "And we are all ordinary men." The work before them he added, would be a tremendous strain upon counsel.

MILK DEALERS' ASSOCIATION

opened at a Meeting Friday—Increased Expense Under New Law Will Bend the Price of Milk.

The milk men held a general meeting Friday afternoon in the Victoria hall, about 50 being present. Mr. R. D. McLean presided. The committee which met the board of health in reference to the regulations reported, through Messrs. McLean, Jeremiah Donovan, James Moreland and others. They had been well treated by the board but found the latter could not change the rules and so they had to be satisfied. A lengthy discussion, which embraced many features of the milk business, ensued.

It was suggested that when tested, the cows should be marked so that their milk could be traced. Mr. E. H. Turnbull was asked to speak. He said the tubercular test was not infallible. It was a business proposition that if the regulations meant increased expenditure in production, to the milkmen, the price to the consumer should be raised. This had been a point under discussion and it found universal favor. As to the raising of the price of milk, Mr. Turnbull said it would be better to discuss the question and not decide it just at present but wait till August 1 when the law went in force—by that time it would be known what new expense would be on the milkmen. The formation of an association was again discussed and it was again discussed and it was decided to form the Milk Dealers' Association. A committee of nine, consisting of Messrs. Turnbull, Creighton, Robinson, Donovan, McLean, Meanley, Moreland and Carr, was appointed to draw up bye-laws. Those present were given opportunity to join on paying 25 cents initiation fee,

PHILIPPINE FIGHTING.

THE REBELS HAVE ESTABLISHED ONE OF THE HEAVIEST OF THE WAR.

The Rebels Have Retired From the Field Leaving a Starving Population Behind Them for the Americans to Feed—Beef and Rice Being Distributed.

MANILA, June 15, 5.50 p. m.—Captain Cable, of General Whiston's staff, with three companies of the 21st regiment, reconnoitered in the direction of Iloilo. The rebels, who were apparently expecting an attack, retired, leaving behind them 20 Spanish prisoners, who joined the Americans. The rebels have probably gone to the mountains along the lake. According to native stories, the rebels carried 100 dead and 300 wounded through Bacoor after the recent battle. The natives are now flocking into Bacoor and it is probable there are many soldiers in plain clothes among them. The rebels are practically without food and Major General Ochs has ordered the distribution of rice and beef to the inhabitants. Many people still refuse to credit the stories of the assassination of Gen. Luna by the guard at Aguinid's headquarters, though the reports to that effect are from good sources. But rumors of assassinations and desertions from the rebel camp are frequently printed in the local papers, which have come to be regarded with indifference. The latest is that the governor of Cebu has been killed by natives because of his friendship to Americans. A prominent commercial man with exceptional means of learning of the Philippines, movements of the rebels, if he is dead and if his death occurred a month ago, people would have expected the failure of the revolution to follow. The peace negotiations strengthened the impression that the rebels were in order to lure the Americans to show their hands. The independence, a copy of which has just been obtained, prints an interview with General Luna showing his arguments he used to keep up the Philippine cause as prospering. "Because the Americans have gained victory in the recent war, and the women and children killing the rebels in the American lines give the rebels work to do. He is said to have further remarked: "More Americans will be killed by ambushes, depredations and bullets. We cannot accept peace at any price, but independence. The Americans suffered for their own independence and in their hearts they appreciate why we resist."

Slavedriver's Defence.

Boston, June 18.—Joseph W. Henderson, of Providence, editor of the American Protective League, an organization of colored people for the securing of their rights, issued an address to the British church today, in which he replied to the recent speech of ex-Gov. Northern, of Georgia, who had urged upon the British church to support the slave trade. Henderson said: "It is not necessary at this time to make any reply to Governor Northern's dramatic defense of human slavery. But I have been an owner of slaves, and since written my name among the followers of Christ, I would have felt the altar of repentance at this stage of reform to have come to one of the greatest cities in the world with a reputation for the most cruel institution of human debauchery ever known to civilized man. Were it not that my poor mother was born, there that she tremulously obeyed the slave and master's will, that she was sold and deported for life from her blood and kin, I would not stoop to dignity Governor Northern's speech with bitter and unavailing regret, that she had listened to advice she thought true and unreasonable."

Disintegration of China at Hand.

CLIFTON SPRING, N. Y., June 16.—Rev. T. L. Gullik of Spain, presided at last evening's session of the International Missionary Union which was devoted to the consideration of the political world and missions. Rev. J. H. Petree, who has seen 20 years service in field in Japan, spoke, and a paper on the political outlook in China, written by Dr. Martin of Pekin, was read. Next came the address by Rev. E. L. Bai, who has been in the Union in China. He said that he had seen the disintegration of China was at hand. Bishop Penick spoke on the situation in Africa and Rev. T. L. Gullik on new possessions. This morning's session was devoted to memorial services and the discussion of the medical mission.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

It is especially used mainly by over 2,000,000 people. Safe, effective, Ladies' favorite. Cook's Cotton Root Compound is a powerful purgative, and is especially adapted for the treatment of all cases of constipation, biliousness, indigestion, and all other ailments of the bowels. It is a safe and reliable remedy, and is sold in all drug stores. Price, 25 cents per box. Sold in St. John by responsible John Gullik and in W. C. Wilson's St. drug store.

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THE FILIPINO-AMERICAN WAR.

The Story of An Eye Witness of General Luna's Death Does Not Dispel Doubts on the Subject.

Exhibition Notes.

In addition to the regular price list of the exhibition, which provides for competition open to the world, there will be the following competitions confined to exhibitors from the province of New Brunswick: Fruits, the products of New Brunswick—Apples, best ten varieties, correctly named, 5 specimens of each, 1st, \$3; 2nd, \$2; 3rd, \$1; 4th, 50c. Apples, best five varieties, correctly named, 5 specimens each (most valuable for export), 1st, \$3; 2nd, \$2; 3rd, \$1; 4th, 50c. Collection of fruits exhibited by the grower in all the perishable fruits may be shown in a preserved, correct condition, 1st, \$10; 2nd, \$5; 3rd, \$2; 4th, \$1. In the home department the amount of money has been reduced to enable small producers to compete. Exhibitors on pure bred horses have been increased. In the live stock department the best bull, cow, sheep, pig, and fowl, owned by a New Brunswick exhibitor will receive a prize of \$10. This applies to all the pure bred classes. The Dominion Shorthorn Breeders' Association will give \$50 in special prizes to the shortest horn class. In the dairy department white cheese will be added to the prize list and it is proposed to put up handsome prizes for a better making competition, particulars of which will be published later. The Canadian Pacific Railway has been again arranged to carry exhibits to St. John and return them to their starting point practically free.

MONCTON NEWS.

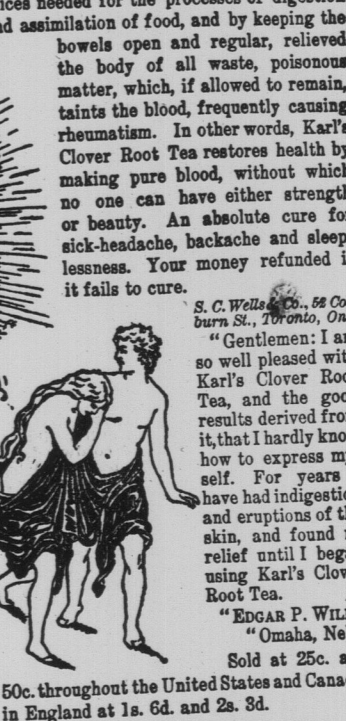
Girl Sentenced for Vagrancy—Contemplating the Erection of a Public Hospital. MONCTON, June 15.—A girl named Cassie Vipard, was sentenced to three months in the county jail yesterday for vagrancy. At the annual meeting of the Moncton hospital board last night the reports on the year's operation were so satisfactory that the management is seriously considering a proposal to establish a permanent hospital building in the city proper. The present building is located about half a mile outside of the limits of the city and has been extensively taken advantage of by patients from the city and surrounding country during the year of its existence. Just now the public wards are completely filled and the hospital board finds it difficult to accommodate all the applications for admission.

When the ground was cursed

for sinful Adam's sake, well knowing all the ills to which human kind would be subject, God made it to bear herbs of all-healing. Among these herbs none was more widely distributed, or more potent for good than the clover. The scientists of olden found out the wonderful effect on the nervous system exercised by clover root, making it one of the chief ingredients in their most successful receipts for blood-purifying, sleeping draughts, and for the curing of diseases of the skin. Women in distress at that time had clear, bright eyes and fine complexions, which lasted until late in life. Why? Because they did not dose themselves continually with medicines, nor cover up the effects of bad, impure blood. They had work to do, and must keep themselves well, and did so with these leaves from the herbs of the field. A German scientist, one of the leading physicians of the time, has revived the use of clover in medicine. This is known as Kar's Clover of Tea, and is a veritable elixir of life.

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50c. throughout the United States and Canada, in England at 1s. 6d. and 2s. 8d.

ASSOCIATED CHARITIES.

There was a good attendance at the public meeting held Friday night in the City of Moncton, when the Association of Charities Society, Mr. W. E. Fisher presided, and said that the purpose of holding the meeting was to point out the aims and objects of the society, and to form an association to assist in the relief of the poor. The meeting was held in the City of Moncton, and was attended by a large number of persons. The meeting was held in the City of Moncton, and was attended by a large number of persons. The meeting was held in the City of Moncton, and was attended by a large number of persons.

DIOCESAN SYNOD.

Some Notices of Motion and a New Canon Will Be Presented. The work of the diocesan committee was continued Friday in the C. of E. Institute rooms, when there were sessions of the committee on religious instruction in the public schools, presentation of resolutions, interesting Sunday schools in home missions, and the committee on domestic and foreign missions. The synod meeting at Chatham will be held on Tuesday, July 4, till the following Friday. On Thursday evening there will be a public missionary meeting in the Masonic hall there, at which Rev. Dean Parsons, Rev. Archdeacon Neale and others will be present. This will be the 51st session of the synod. Among the matters to come up in the following proposed canon: "Inasmuch as it is expedient to provide for the greatest possible efficiency in the teaching of the truths of our holy religion, as set forth in the doctrine and discipline of the Church of England in Canada, in all the Sunday schools of this diocese: Be it enacted that the clergy and Sunday school teachers and officers of the Sunday schools throughout the diocese, be united under a Diocesan Association, to be managed and directed by the bishop, the standing committee of this synod on Sunday schools, together with one cleric and one lay delegate from each of the diocesan Sunday school associations."

The Women's Fire Relief Work.

The Women's Council and the North End W. C. T. U. which organizations established in Temple of Honor Hall, North End, a depot for distribution of clothing, etc., to sufferers by the recent Indian fire did good work as will be found on reading what follows: They received from the common council relief committee \$500; from Mr. W. W. Turnbull \$20; from Mrs. Dr. Bruce and Mr. Barnes of Boston, \$5 each, a total of \$560. They expended \$352.70 for goods, 20 cents for postage, and \$2 for a janitor's expense, leaving \$205.30 which has been placed to the credit of the fund in charge of Mayor Sears. They bought and distributed of towels, 10 pieces; quilt, 7 pieces; gray cotton, 15 pieces; white cotton, 3 pieces; sheeting, 14 pieces; dunnets, 15 pieces; gingham, 3 pieces; bed tick, 2 pieces; blankets, 98 pairs; towels, 6 dozen; ladies' and boys' undies, 9 dozen; women's and child's hose, 10 dozen; men's hose, 2; hat dreschiefs, 4 dozen; men's pants, 1 pair; 1 bed and spring. They expended \$68.18 with C. J. Eagles & Co., \$58.34 with Vassie & Co. and \$36.18 with Manchester, Robertson & Allison.

Trouble in the Balkans.

BELGRADE, June 17.—Serious conflicts are reported to have occurred on the Turkish frontier. According to the dispatches received the Serbian army at Ploshchitsa has been ordered and ordered to occupy the Turkish troops and Albanians. Great excitement prevails here.

FREE

FREE CASH Paid for consignments of Oats and Potatoes. N. S. SPRINGER, - - St. John, N. B. Boston, 8 Ashburton Place, BOSTON UNIVERSITY Law School. Full form opens Wednesday, Oct. 4. For circulars address SAMUEL C. BENNETT, Dean. WOOL BOUGHT. W. H. FAIBALL & Co., Charlotte St. St. John, N. B. are buying Wash Wool for the OXFORD MILLS, Cash price 18 cents in exchange for Oxford and Yarns by any description of Dry Goods or Hats or Caps. All goods at close cash price.

A DAY OF MOURNING.

LITTLE GLACE BAY BURIES THE VICTIMS OF THE EXPLOSION.

Telegrams from the Queen, the Governor General, Mr. Chamberlain and Many Others—Prospects for Extinguishing the Fire Are Bright—Steam Now Issuing.

LITTLE GLACE BAY, C.B., June 18.—Matters are looking more favorable for the extinguishing of the fire in the mine. The water is beginning to take effect and steam is now issuing from the pit. A consultation of officials, together with Inspector of Mines Gilpin, will be held tomorrow, when it will be finally decided whether the flooding of the mine must be resorted to. Should it become necessary to do so, it will mean the abandonment of this colliery for the season and the throwing out of work of over a thousand people.

A public meeting is to be held at Glace Bay tomorrow evening with a view of having subscription lists opened for the benefit of widows and orphans left helpless through Friday's catastrophe, a number of whom are now, or soon will be, in straightened circumstances. Similar steps will be taken at other localities, which it is hoped will meet with liberal response from a charitable public.

Never in the history of Glace Bay has there been such a sad and melancholy appearance, and expression of sorrow and grief written upon the countenances of the entire population, as was evident today. From early morning crowds of sympathizing people could be seen gathering from surrounding localities to take part in the sad and solemn procession which was to take place.

About 9:30 a. m. the members of the League of the Cross, numbering about 350 in all, marched in procession to the residence of Ery McDougall and Alex MacDonald, two of the victims, from where the funeral took place to St. Ann's church, where the bodies were left with friends while the members returned to the residence of Stephen McCormack and the two Doyles, three of the unfortunate victims. Taking these bodies in charge they returned to St. Ann's church, where another service was celebrated, after which Rev. Father Macdonald delivered a powerful and eloquent discourse.

Then a solemn procession from the church to the cemetery was formed when the bodies of those already mentioned were laid to rest, amid the tears and prayers of relatives and friends.

At 1 p. m. the funeral of Willie Simpson took place, from his father's residence to St. Mary's church, where the burial service of the Church of England was read, after which the remains of the youngest victim were laid away. At 2 o'clock the remains of Malcolm McAnley were taken in charge by the members of the Orange order, who preceded the cortege while an immense concourse of people followed it to the Presbyterian cemetery at Reserve Mines, where now lie the remains of one who was the only son and support of his aged and grief-stricken parents.

Long before the hour of 2 o'clock crowds of people and carriages to the number of 150 had gathered around the residence of the late Manager Johnson, Precinct 1; and the remains were placed in the hearse by the members of the masonic order, while the beautiful strains of Nearer My God to Thee was rendered by Dominick's band, who, with the masons, preceded the hearse to Black Brook cemetery.

Thus closed one of the saddest days in the history of the village of Glace Bay. Telegrams of condolence were received today from Her Majesty the Queen, through the governor or general, from the Governor General and from Secretary of State for Colonies Chamberlain. Expressions of sympathy were also received from Finance Minister Flinders, Sir Charles Tupper, H. F. McDougall, Dr. Kendall, M. P. F., who is at Ottawa, and others.

OTTAWA, June 17.—The Earl of Minto has wired the following messages to the manager of the coal mines at Glace Bay, C. B.:

Mr. Donkin, General Manager Dominion Coal Company, Glace Bay, C. B.:— His Excellency the Governor-General was deeply grieved to learn this morning of the terrible accident at Glace Bay. Please convey his excellency's heartfelt sympathy to the families of those who lost their lives in this disastrous calamity, and his excellency would be glad to hear further particulars at your convenience. (Signed) ROBERT DUNDAS, Governor-General's Secretary.

OTTAWA, June 17, 1899. To Mr. Donkin, General Manager Dominion Coal Company, Glace Bay, C. B.:— His excellency has just received the following from the secretary of state for the Colonies: "Having noticed with great regret newspaper reports of explosion at Glace Bay mines. Please report particulars. Trust efforts of rescuers will be successful." (Signed) CHAMBERLAIN. His excellency will be glad to receive and transmit any reports as desired. (Signed) MAJOR DUNDAS, Governor-General's Secretary.

IMPERIAL LIMITED.

The Canadian Pacific Flying Service Inaugurated Yesterday—Splendid Trains Start From Montreal and the Pacific.

MONTREAL, June 18.—The Canadian Pacific inaugurated its new 100 horse service across the continent today, when at 8:30 a. m. the first Imperial Limited drew out from the Windsor street station, well filled with passengers, some of whom were destined for Manitoba and the territories, others for the summer resorts in the Rockies and others for the Pacific coast. The number will be materially added to at North Bay, where the Toronto contingent will join the overland flyer, and at Fort William by passengers who have gone by the Lake route. Despite the

early hour and the fact that it was the Sabbath, there was a good crowd at the station, among whom were several prominent citizens and nearly all the chief officials of the railway to witness the departure of the new Imperial Limited, which marks a new era in the railway history of Canada. The officials were deluged with congratulatory messages on the establishment of this new service which practically brings the Atlantic within four days of the Pacific, London within ten days of Vancouver and Great Britain, within three weeks of Japan.

AGASSIZ, B. C., June 18.—Thousands of citizens of Vancouver, Victoria and Westminister cheered thrice and thrice again at 11:15 a. m. today the magnificent equipped train of the Imperial Limited eastbound service pulled out of the station on its first run to Montreal.

An Operation Evaded.

MR. R. A. SHER, OF INGERSOLL, ONT., TELLS HOW IT WAS DONE.

Symptoms of Appendicitis—The Way They Were Believed—The Sufferer Now Well and Working Every Day.

In February, 1898, Mr. R. A. Sher was taken very ill, and was confined to his home for several weeks. We heard that he was to go to the hospital to have an operation performed, but the operation never took place, and as he has started to work again and in apparently good health, we investigated the case. Mr. Sher is a highly respected citizen of Ingersoll, having resided here for over thirty years, and has been a faithful employee at Messrs. Partis & Son's flouring mill for over fifteen years. When he would give an interview for publication, telling the nature of his disease and how he evaded the operation, Mr. Sher gave the details of his illness and cure as follows:—

"In February I caught a heavy cold which seemed to settle in my left side. The doctor thought it was neuritis of the nerves. It remained there for some time and he recommended the use of cod liver oil. We applied everything, and had fly-blisters on for 48 hours. They never even caused a blister and the pain no good. The doctors came to the conclusion that the appendix was diseased and would have to be removed. The pain was very great at times, and there was such a stiffness in my ankles, also in my hand, and pain all over my body. The day after the date was set for an operation, and I was reconciled to it. About a week before I was to go to the hospital my wife was reading the high mass which she read account of a man who had been cured by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The symptoms of the disease were so much like mine that she made me a pilgrimage to the land in the south he would find a man who would cure me. I was so taken with the idea that I should take them, I consented. The day for the operation had now arrived, and I told the doctor that I did not wish to go to the hospital for a while as I was feeling better. I continued the pills, and was greatly surprised and pleased with the result. I continued to improve, and have long since given up all idea of an operation. When I started to use the pills, I was unable to walk, and suffered with the pain in my side. It was just five weeks from the time that I started the use of the pills until I was able to walk again. After three months before that and I have been working ever since. Altogether I have taken six boxes of the pills, and they have done me more good than all the doctors' medicines I ever took in my life. I have every confidence in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and think that they are the best medicine in the world to-day. Certainly had it not been for them, I would have had to go through the ordeal of an operation and perhaps would not have been living now. I hope that by making this public it will be of benefit to others, as it was through one of these articles that I first learned of the unequalled qualities of the pills.

The public is cautioned against numerous pink colored imitations of these famous pills. The genuine are sold only in boxes, the wrapper around which bears the words "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." If your dealer does not have them they will be sent post paid at 50 cents a box, or the whole lot for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Fire at Woodstock.

WOODSTOCK, June 17.—About 7:30 o'clock this evening the fire department was called out to a fire at the residence of John Garter, engineer of the pumping station. The fire got a good start and was blazing fiercely when the firemen arrived.

A large shed adjoining in which was piled a large quantity of wool soon caught. The firemen worked hard about two hours before the fire was subdued. Both buildings belonged to the town and as far as can be learned there was no insurance. The pumping station close by was saved. The loss will probably be \$2,000.

Admiral Sampson Not to Retire.

Boston, June 18.—The statements published in New York and Boston papers to the effect that Admiral Sampson was ill and would retire from the command of the North Atlantic squadron, have been authoritatively denied by an officer of his staff as wholly unfounded. On the contrary, as a matter of fact, Admiral Sampson is now in better health than he has been any time since or during the war and has no intention of giving up his command.

Wood's Phosphorine.

The Great English Remedy. Sold and recommended by all the able medical practitioners to cure all forms of Sexual Weakness, all effects of abuse or excess, Mental Worry, Excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants. Mailed on receipt of price, one package \$1, six, \$5. One will please, etc. Write for free literature. The Wood Company, Windsor, Ont.

Sold in St. John by responsible druggists, and in W. C. Wilson's Bk. John West.

L. O. F.

DIVINE WORSHIP ATTENDED BY THE FORESTERS SUNDAY.

The Anniversary of the Order Observed by a Church Parade—An Eloquent Sermon Delivered at St. Lukes by the Pastor, Rev. Mr. McKim.

The Independent Order of Foresters met on Sunday morning in large numbers and attended St. Luke's church, North End, for divine worship. The various courts assembled in the Foresters Hall, Charlotte street, and with the Royal Foresters in advance, the Artillery Band in the centre, and the several courts in the rear, they marched to the church by the way of Charlotte, King, Dock, Mill and Main streets.

Nearly every seat in the church was occupied, the Foresters occupying the central seats. The service opened with hymn 448, All People that on Earth do dwell, etc. This was followed with the reading of the xx and xiv Psalms. The lesson was read from Deuteronomy, 6th, 14th. After prayer by the pastor, hymn 482, All Hail the Power of Jesus' Name, was sung. The sermon was preached by the pastor, Rev. R. P. McKim, and was very interesting and timely. The subject: Men of the Independent Order of Foresters on behalf of those who worship in this church I welcome you and take pleasure in congratulating you on this your 25th anniversary, and I wish you all God speed in your work. I join with you in uttering a thankful heart to God for the many blessings He has bestowed upon us.

"I will draw your attention to the 5th chapter of the 2nd book of Kings, the 16th and 20th verses. 'But he said, as the Lord liveth before whom I stand, I will receive none. And he urged him to take it; but he refused. 'But Gehazi, the servant of Elisha the Man of God, said, behold my Master hath spared Naaman, when he would not receiving at his hands that which he brought; but as the Lord liveth, I will receive none. And he urged him to take it; but he refused. 'I have chosen that passage in order that we may thus learn our responsibility. Consider awhile today of the ideas you will find. You probably remember the story of the Syrian, a man afflicted with leprosy; when he was told a pilgrimage to the land in the south he would find a man who would cure him, and was told by the Lord to go and wash in the river Jordan. The poor leper did so and behold his leprosy was cured. He is now in the house of God and will receive no present for his healing. The crowd held up for his deeds. First there is a man whose peculiarity is that of gentleness. He is gentle and kind to all. He is called a good provider, taking care of his family and not thinking of others. This man is selfish and is working to the cure of a child. There is another man who is working all the while from the centre of the circle to the circumference. The crowd is large enough to take in his family and every person. He has room in his heart for all I might say there are some who are called good providers. Christ is embodied in the words, 'Love one another.' If a man loves God, he loves his brother. He is willing to help the distressed of pity; he is willing to help a needy man. When you assist a needy widow who is in want, you are doing good. You know that all humanity is embodied in the words, 'Love one another.' If a man loves God, he loves his brother. He is willing to help the distressed of pity; he is willing to help a needy man. When you assist a needy widow who is in want, you are doing good. 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LOCAL NEWS

PRIMO-The St. Stephen's church Sunday school picnic will be held at Westfield on July 6th.

THE HUDSON BAY COMPANY, Winnipeg, have ordered a 100 horse power boiler from the Robb Engineering Co.

MARRIAGES AND BIRTHS-There were registered last week 16 marriages and 24 births, 15 being females and nine males.

A PORTLAND MILL is being erected at Backland road, Fairville, by Messrs. Gorham, King and Fred Barnhill, to employ about twenty hands.

WILD STRAWBERRIES-A quantity of wild strawberries arrived at Indiantown Friday from up river, being about the first this season.

A ST. JOHN CONTRIBUTION-Messrs. T. McAvoy & Sons, of this city, have contributed \$100 for the relief of the Gloucester widows and orphans.

ABOUT CONSUMPTION-The public meeting of the New Brunswick Association for the Prevention of Consumption will be held in the High school Thursday evening.

JAMES LIGHT-The illuminating apparatus of this light has been improved by substituting a dioptric lens for the catoptric lamp formerly used. The light remains fixed red as heretofore.

ROSE FERN-A horse with some broken harness on it was captured at Oldbrook Saturday evening by George Quigley and was placed in Wm. McAvoy's stables to await an owner.

INSURED-The insurance on Mr. Henry Coy's residence at Upper Gagetown, burned a few days ago, was \$1,500 in the Queen, and there was \$500 in the Royal on the furnace.

WILL SELL I. S. TICKETS-Allen-Mr. George Carvill, newly appointed I. C. R. ticket agent at the up-town office, will also be ticket agent there for the International Steamship Company.

C. P. R. SERVICES-The C. P. R. will put in a number of additional sidings at the Bay Shore which will be a great advantage during the winter months when the traffic to Sand Point is heavy.

PROPERTY SOLD-At Chubb's corner, Saturday, Auctioneer Lantlam sold a lot of land with buildings in Lancaster, belonging to the estate of the late Jeremiah Collins, to Mr. Thomas L. Hay for \$700.

THROUGH NOVA SCOTIA-Mr. T. W. Rainford, canvassing and collecting agent for THE TELEGRAPH, is at present in Nova Scotia. Subscribers are asked to pay their subscription to him when he calls.

SEA FORDS-Little Lepreux can now boast of a clam factory, and in a short while, through the energy of Messrs. Brown Bros., a sardine factory will be in running order. The canned clams prepared by this firm are said to be first class.

TOOK CARBOLIC ACID-The young child of Robert Fawcett, Miss Rock, West End, had a narrow escape from death on Saturday last. It took a quantity of carbolic acid by mistake. After some difficulty it was relieved by Dr. Wheeler and is now out of danger.

APPOINTED PUNER-Mr. Rupert Olive, son of Mr. Isaac J. Olive, government steamboat inspector, has been appointed puner on the D. A. R. steamer Prince Edward, and it is expected will take charge when the steamer comes on the Yarmouth-Boston route again.

GOOD TRIP TO MEXICO-The Supreme Lodge of the Good Templars will meet next week at Toronto. New Brunswick will be represented by Grand Secretary W. M. Burns, of Hillsboro, and Past Grand Chief Templar Rev. W. R. Robinson of Newcastle. The session of the Grand Lodge will convene at Shediac on July 18.

NO FACTOR CHOSEN-The meeting of the parishioners of Trinity church to choose a rector will be held on the 27th inst. The incumbent is asked to state that there is no truth in the statement of an evening paper that Rev. Mr. Richardson, of Winnipeg, has been called to the rectorate.

WEDDED-Mr. Thomas A. Gallagher, formerly of St. John, but now of New York, was wedded at Newville, Mass., Wednesday to Miss May Agnes Oshman of that place. Rt. Rev. Dr. Henley, Roman Catholic bishop of Portland, Me., who is an uncle of the bride, officiated.

MISPEC PULP MILL-Some work in the old at wood departments of Messrs. Moore's pulp mill at Mispec has been going on for a couple of days. It is expected to start cooking pulp today and that by the end of next week the mill will be running steadily with about 150 hands employed.

ACTION FOR SLANDER-A writ has been issued in the Supreme court in an action for slander against Jarvis Wilson, a clerk in the employ of W. Malcolm Mackay, by John F. Gallagher, lumber surveyor. Daniel Millin has been retained by the plaintiff and L. A. Curry, Q. C., as acting for the defense. Much interest is being taken in the case in shipping circles.

WEST THROUGH THE FALLS-The small tug Amanda Green, which is engaged towing mud sows near Indiantown, had a narrow escape from being lost with her crew in the falls Wednesday morning. The weather was very thick and the tug, getting too near the fall, was caught in the swift current and carried through what is known as the Little Falls, near the eastern shore. As the tug passed the rocks her crew abandoned her and jumped on to the rocks for safety. She drifted down into the eddy and, and some men produced a boat and went to the tug and

brought her safely to shore. When the crew of the Green abandoned her, word was telephoned to the tug lying at the end of the South wharf for assistance, but when the tug reached the mouth of the falls the Green was lying safe in the eddy, and their assistance was not needed.

BUSINESS DIFFICULTIES-Messrs. Vassie & Co., Ltd., have taken possession of G. Fred McLean's dry goods business, corner Charlotte and Duke streets, under a bill of sale for \$15,000. Mr. McLean compromised a few years ago and Vassie & Co. have been carrying him. His whereabouts yesterday were not known.

ACCIDENT-While working at the site of the Cushing pulp mill, Union Point, Saturday afternoon, Edward Gellan of Carleton was injured. The main boom of a derrick fell on him, inflicting two long cuts on his forehead and several smaller cuts on his head. Dr. Gray, of Fairville, attended him, stitching the wounds. He was placed in a hospital and the derrick was being shifted from one place to another.

MR. TURNBULL'S OFFER-Mr. W. W. Turnbull, in connection with his offer to send with \$100,000 a home for incurables here, has received, through Mr. A. F. Randolph, Fredericton, word that the government has decided to grant him a lease of the marine hospital building for 99 years at a nominal rent, there to have the home established. Mr. Turnbull is progressing well towards recovery and when he will be able to be absent active steps in the establishment of the home will be taken.

BENEFITS OF ADVERTISING-Our readers will remember the pamphlet got out last year by the Tourist Associations of Halifax and St. John, respectively. We know a dozen or two of people who went down the Gulf or coast by rail last year on the basis of the pamphlet with the Union Jack on the back. Petrusque Chester, on Malone Bay, west of Halifax, is now sending out pamphlets on her own hook to attract the summer visitor. Digby or Annapolis might do the same-their claim to attraction is valid-Monetary Times.

DOUGLAS AVENUE LINE-The common council Saturday morning met and discussed the application of the Street Railway Company for a right of way on Douglas avenue. It was recommended that the Street Railway Company be granted permission to extend their track along Douglas avenue from Main street to the Susquehanna bridge. As far as the direction of the board of works, and provided that the company agree that there shall be no additional charge made on the branch or from the main line to the main road, and that the company agree to accommodate the road to the grade.

MONCTON NEWS

James Bruce a Eric Winner at McGill-Foresters Celebrate-Former Citizen Now a Bank President.

MONCTON, June 19.-Dr. C. F. Jones, son of Mr. Oliver Jones, one of Moncton's wealthiest and best known citizens, has recently been elected president of the People's Bank of National City where Dr. Jones resided. Dr. Jones practiced medicine here some 15 years ago, but left here to make his home in the west.

The local I. C. R. Foresters celebrated the anniversary of their order yesterday by attending service in Wesley Memorial church Sunday morning, and listening to a forestry sermon by the Rev. E. S. Crisp.

Mr. Jas. Bruce, son of J. R. Bruce, auditor, I. C. R., is home from McGill, where he has just completed his second year's course in the study of medicine. Mr. Bruce was successful in winning the second year's anatomy prize, as well as taking several minor prizes.

Deaths and Burials

Many friends of the late Mrs. Morris, whose body was recovered Friday in the harbor, attended his funeral Saturday afternoon from his father's home, North street. The remains were taken to the cathedral, where the burial service was held by Rev. H. Cormier. The interment was made in the old Catholic cemetery. Coroner Berryman decided that an inquest was unnecessary.

A large number attended the funeral of Mr. Sarah J. Robinson held Saturday afternoon from the residence of Miss Hastings, Dorchester street. Services were conducted at the house and grave by Rev. Dr. Wilson, and the body was buried in Fern Hill.

Mr. James McAfee, aged 79 years, died Saturday morning at 23 Cliff street. He came to St. John 85 years ago from Coleraine, Ireland. One son, James, and a daughter, Mrs. H. L. Gunter, survive.

London Cable

Toronto, June 17-The G. I. B.'s special cable from London says: W. T. R. Preston, Canadian immigration agent, and Professor Major leave tonight for Casco, Galicia. This morning Professor Major appeared before the copyright committee and presented the views of Canada on the copyright question in a very effective manner.

There is excellent reason to believe the demands made by Canada and other colonies on behalf of the Pacific cable scheme will be concurred by the government. Canadian immigration agent, and Professor Major leave tonight for Casco, Galicia. This morning Professor Major appeared before the copyright committee and presented the views of Canada on the copyright question in a very effective manner.

METHODIST SYNOD

The First Session Today-Lay Delegates and the Stationing and Sustentation Committee.

St. Stephen's, June 19.-The sessions of the conference to be held today and tomorrow will be private, and the all but ubiquitous reporter can only obtain information from some kindly member who may not be averse to telling outsiders what goes on behind the closed door. A good deal of preparatory work will be done between now and Thursday morning, when the laymen will take their seats and the general public will be admitted. The gentlemen who have been elected by the several synods are the following:-

Synod of St. John-E. R. Macdonald, Thos. H. Black, J. L. Thorne, E. R. Chapman, R. D. Smith, J. H. White, George Jenkins, H. A. McKinnon, M. P. P., K. Kelley, C. F. Robinson, W. D. Baskin, St. John, A. C. Poyser, Robt. McConnell, Robt. McAfee, E. L. Whitaker, J. W. Smith, LeBaron Jordan, J. Law, Robt. Addison.

Synod of Fredericton-C. B. Barker, Alfred Rowley, Thos. Gale, A. M. E. Burpee, Wm. Murray, J. J. Weddell, J. E. Inch, L. D. Thos. A. Taylor, A. M. Shaw, Martin Lemont, Thos. Meek.

Synod of Charlottetown-George Ayre, W. E. Dawson, L. L. Reor, Henry Reid, E. R. Wright, Robert W. Boyd, Wm. J. Bryson, Samuel Drake, Henry McKenzie, George Orndale.

Synod of Summerside-Robt. Heaney, Alex. B. E. Campbell, Robert Hayes, H. T. Pickering, L. W. Trueman, M. E. Leard, George Johnson.

As a large part of the work done by all churches and law-making assemblies is done in committee, the character of the work done depends much upon the make-up of the committee. As far as the conference is concerned good judgment is generally displayed in the choice made, men being chosen who are the best men in the work of the several departments. Ministers and laymen sit in equal numbers in conference and in committee, with the single exception of the stationing committee. The members of that committee are the chairman of the several synods and one representative of the laity from each of the entire meeting. The personnel of the stationing and sustentation committees for this year is as follows:-

Stationing committee-St. John, Rev. R. W. Weddell, Rev. John Reed; Fredericton, Rev. J. T. Teasdale, E. C. Turner; Summerside, Rev. W. J. Harrison, G. M. Young; Sackville, Rev. B. Brecken, D. D. O'Connell; St. Stephen's, Rev. Thos. Taylor; Charlottetown, Rev. G. H. Chubb; Summerside, Rev. H. Sprague, D. D. W. E. Peffer.

Sustentation committee-St. John, Rev. Robert Wilson, Ph. E. L. Whitaker; Fredericton, Rev. Thos. Piers, Thos. Taylor; Summerside, Rev. G. H. Chubb; Sackville, Rev. Isaac Howie, W. F. George; St. Stephen, Rev. H. Harrison, J. Nesbitt; Charlottetown, Rev. W. Dawson, Henry Smith; Summerside, Rev. J. Goldsmith, S. E. Reid.

MOOSE PLENTIFUL

One Swims the Petticoat River Near Moncton and Two More Frighten a Farmer at Chipman.

MONCTON, June 19.-A rather unusual sight was witnessed at the Petticoat river bridge about a quarter of a mile from the town yesterday morning. A full-grown moose, of the white apparently desired to change its place of abode from Westmorland to Albert county, passed through the center of the bridge, which is a quarter of a mile wide at this point. Spectators, however, gathered on the sides of the river, and the moose was compelled to swim down the river about a mile and a half before landing in perfect safety. The animal, however, was not deterred from carrying its original intention, via, landing in Albert county, and resched the woods without molestation.

Chipman, June 19.-Emery Branscombe was started out of his sleep at the dawn of day a few mornings ago by a loud noise. Jumping out of bed to ascertain the cause, he found that two large moose had run into and broken the wire fence near his dwelling and scalded another fence on their way to the woods.

Child Burned to Death

HALIFAX, June 18.-The big Hamburg-American line Brazilian arrived here this afternoon with 393 immigrants, mostly Gallicians, who are bound for the Northwest. A sad accident occurred at Sydney, C. B., yesterday afternoon. The three-year-old daughter of Alex. Martin was playing near an open fire made on the beach to burn refuse, when her clothing caught. The mother hearing the child scream ran to its assistance and tore the burning clothes off, burning her own hands badly. Medical aid was summoned and the little one received very good care but she could not be saved and she died in great agony a few hours later.

Fuddy, "Joggles has moved out to the suburbs. He says he does it for the exercise that working on the place will give him. He bought Shandy's place. Shandy has moved into town." "Daddy, "What induced him to sell?" "Fuddy, "To get rid of the work about the place."

WOODSTOCK NEWS

Mrs. Tucker Died Yesterday Afternoon-The Marriage of Mr. MacStay and Catherine Craig.

WOODSTOCK, June 18.-Mrs. Tucker, wife of Elder Tucker of the Advent church, died at the residence of Rev. Mr. Blackmer, Council street, this afternoon at 2 o'clock, after three weeks' illness of pneumonia. The deceased was a native of Chelsea, Mass. She leaves a husband and two daughters to mourn their loss.

Mr. Donald MacStay, of Moncton, and Mrs. Catherine Craig, of Woodstock, were married Monday evening at the residence of Mrs. Craig by the Rev. Thos. Tod. The wedding was a very pretty one. Mr. and Mrs. MacStay will reside in Moncton.

Sandy Curry, a native of this town, died in Houlton Monday. The remains were brought here for interment.

Water Reservoir Causes Alarm

PORTLAND, Me., June 18.-The Portland Water company's immense reservoir on Manly Hill, at the eastern end of the city, is the cause of grave apprehension on the part of the residents in the neighborhood. For some days a distance from the reservoir has been going on, but occupants of houses nearby have moved out temporarily. The feed pipes have been shut off and the water will be drawn and a thorough examination of the reservoir made.

London Cable

Toronto, June 13.-The Telegram's special cable from London says the following Canadian artists will appear at the reception to be given at Princess Hall, Piccadilly, by Lady Strathcona, on the eve of Dominion day: Mrs. Albani, Mrs. Mils. Beatrice LaFalls, Miss Mand Condensed, Mrs. Jarline Thomson, and S. DeLafour.

Steamship Brazilian left Hamburg yesterday with 380 Gallicians on route to Canada.

The Colonial club opened today, and is likely to be a favored haunt.

A Royal Reform

The Queen of Norway during her recent visit to Wisbaden spent an hour nearly every afternoon at the Bible classes held by a well-known Methodist clergyman. Her Majesty is in favor of the Salvation Army, and her greatest interest now is in trying to convert people, as she expects in this manner to reform the world. The King, who is devoted to her, honors her services on account of her delicate health, and she has a warm sympathizer in her second son, Prince Bernadotte, and his morganatic wife.

St. Stephen News

Ev. STAPLETON, June 14.-Mr. Frank Todd has been lucky in capturing two hand-salmon at the Union pool, one of which weighed over 20 pounds.

Frontier Lodge, K. of P., at their meeting last night elected the following officers: Wm. J. Cormick, president; Maxwell Robinson, M. M. W. Thos. Campbell, M. M. W. Humphrey, J. G. Olin Sawyer, O. G. W. Dawson, Rev. W. Dawson, Henry Smith; Summerside, Rev. J. Goldsmith, S. E. Reid.

Death of Joseph McOumber

St. MARTIN'S, June 14.-Joseph McOumber, aged 57 years, died on Monday and was buried today under the auspices of L. O. L. No. 16. He was highly respected in the community. The deceased leaves a wife and five children.

A Heavy Acresage of Grain

Winnipeg, June 19.-The government crop bulletin shows the total area under crop to be nearly 2,500,000 acres of which 1,629,996 acres is wheat, an increase of 140,000 acres over last year. The other acreage is in oats, barley, flax, rye, peas and corn, making a total increased acreage of 240,000 acres.

A Brilliant Wedding

Mr. Percy W. Thomson, only son of Mr. Robert Thomson, and Miss Maude Sherwood Skinner, youngest daughter of Mr. A. O. Skinner were wedded in St. John's (St. John) church at 10.30 o'clock Saturday morning by Rev. John LeSoyre.

Mr. Frank Read, son of Rev. John Read, of Centenary church, was married recently in Chicago to a Miss Collins young lady.

Mr. Albert Venning, son of the late J. A. Venning, of St. John, was wedded a few days ago to the daughter of Kansas City's chief magistrate.

HUMOR CURE For All Who Suffer from Skin and Scalp Humors. To successfully treat torturing and disgusting scabs, skin, and blood humors, with loss of hair, requires a humor cure, and such is... (Advertisement for a skin treatment product)

London Cable

MONTREAL, June 19.-The Star's special cable from London says: Evening papers have flaming placards in the streets: "England and Canada's alarmist statement." The only basis is a New York Journal telegram sent broadcast by the Reuters' stating Casperet the crow, and a letter from England that she must choose between the United States, and her North American dominion, in any settlement of the Alaskan boundary.

The officials of the colonial office give complete denial to the report, and renew the assertion that a modus vivendi has been agreed upon, following the summit of the White and Chilcoot passes. The Canadian Pacific enterprise connection with the transcontinental service, is noted here.

The Daily Chronicle says: "We may well wonder how such a journey in four days can be even contemplated. There can be no more luxurious or beautiful trip in all the empire and the popularity will, no doubt, become greater than ever."

Federicton News

FREDERICTON, June 19.-No further developments have occurred in connection with the spiriting away of the Anderson by the Rev. Father Cormier. The bride and groom were dunned about the proceedings they were dunned about to say the least. An interview with Mr. Duffy, counsel for the lien holders, failed to add any new light further than that somebody would surprise in a few days. It is generally believed that Messrs. Cushing have this time made a mistake and will have to reckon with somebody in the near future.

The Daily Chronicle says: "We may well wonder how such a journey in four days can be even contemplated. There can be no more luxurious or beautiful trip in all the empire and the popularity will, no doubt, become greater than ever."

Morris' Body Found

The body of Thomas Morris, who was drowned in the falls some weeks ago, was found floating in the slip near Robinson's wharf Friday afternoon. The brother and other relatives of deceased identified the remains, which were badly disfigured. Coroner Berryman gave permission to have the body removed to the home of deceased's father, Mr. Michael Morris, which was done by Undertaker Chamberlain. Coroner Berryman will decide today whether or not he will hold an inquest.

The young man's name is Michael Morris, claims his son met with foul play. He says he had a pocket book and order book with him when he was drowned. He was a member of the St. John's (St. John) church. Deceased was last with a Newfoundland man named Allen Neworthy, who has since gone home, previously notifying the police that such was his intention.

Cup Defender Launched

OKVILLE, Ont., June 19.-The Canada cup defender, designed by Mr. McLeod, general manager of the Bank of Nova Scotia, was successfully launched here today. The yacht is about ten feet deep and carries three tons of lead on keel. She took to the water like a duck and balanced evenly. She will be fitted out and turned over to her owner, Mr. Michael Morris, who is a member of the St. John's (St. John) church. Deceased was last with a Newfoundland man named Allen Neworthy, who has since gone home, previously notifying the police that such was his intention.

Lord Wolesley and the Volunteers

Lord Wolesley presided at the dinner of the North London Rifle Club at Holborn restaurant. He dwelt in terms of great praise upon the magnificent firing discipline at Gindrum. Volney Bings would be the method of warfare of the future, and the attention of volunteers throughout the country should be drawn to this fact. The soldier who could not shoot well would be an embarrassment to an army.

French Rioters Sentenced

PARIS, June 18.-The correctional police court today sentenced Comte De Dion, Comte De Aubigny and Comte De Assy to a fortnight in prison and to pay 100 francs fine for participation in the disturbances at Anvers-Juvenat. Other persons were sentenced to imprisonment for from one month to three months on the same charge.

Report of the Newfoundland Commission

LONDON, June 16.-Replying to a question in the house of commons, the secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, said the commission of the Newfoundland fisheries had rendered its report, but it would not be published until the government had decided upon its future action after consultation with the colonial government.

River Steamer Sunk

STETTIN, June 16.-A terrible disaster has occurred on the river Oder, of the village of Zallchow. The passenger steamer Blucher has been run into and sunk by the steamer Poeschl. Thirty persons are reported to have been drowned and 10 were saved.

Shipping Claims to Boston

St. ANDREWS, June 16.-There is a prospect of a new industry being opened here in shipping claims in the shell to the Boston market. There will be an payment in it for 10 or 15 hands all summer.

Hicks-Sidwell went to the Liffra

Hicks-Sidwell went to the Liffra Holt, but he left as soon as he found which sold liquor on the premises. Hicks-"That was like Sidwell. He probably thought they gave it away."

Assaulted by Sloan

LONDON, June 16.-The Star today says: "After the racing yesterday at Ascot, Sloan appeared on the lawn, and a waiter accidentally upset a glass of liquor over Sloan's clothing. The waiter instantly rose from his chair and struck the waiter in the face with a champagne bottle, inflicting severe wounds. No doubt the affair will be hushed up, but it was the most unprovoked assault ever witnessed."

The Evening News, referring to Sloan's assault on the waiter, without giving any name, says: "He was the guest of a member of the Sports Club. The waiter was so injured that he was removed to the hospital in a cab. All the witnesses cried 'shame,' and ladies struck at his assailant with parasols. As there is only one jockey now holding a license who could be guilty of such a cowardly and reckless act while the guest of a member of the club, it would be superfluous to give his name. The immediate duty of the Jockey club is to institute enquiries, and if the facts are as stated, to forthwith draw the 'cock's license.'"

Dorchester Weddings

DORCHESTER, June 16.-Yesterday at St. Edward's Catholic church, Miss Jean Landry, a niece of Mr. Justice Landry's, and William Breen, night agent at Dorchester station, were united in marriage by the Rev. Father Cormier. The bride wore the most charming in a halloose colored dress. Miss Alice Landry, sister of the bride, was bridesmaid, and Frank McGowan best man. After the ceremony the young couple drove to the residence of the bride's father in the Government Terrace, where a number of friends were entertained to an elaborate supper. Mr. and Mrs. Breen left by the Quebec express last evening for a three weeks cruise through the New England states.

Last evening Miss Buck, daughter of William Buck of Dorchester, was married at the residence of her father to E. Fillmore, of Amherst.

The Gaspe Oil Field

MONTREAL, June 15.-It is announced by those interested in the Canada Petroleum Company which controls the Gaspe oil field-that they have thoroughly satisfied themselves as to the genuineness of the property and have completed arrangements for pipe lines throughout the district covered by the wells and also to the refineries contracted for on the company's wharves at Gaspe. The company will endeavor to have the Bate des Chaleurs railway extended from Paspébiac to Gaspe in order to secure connection with the Canadian steamship line, and the company states that if this is done it will be prepared within six months to land petroleum products in England said to place a high class of illuminating oil on the Canadian market.

Trouble in Paying a Disbanded Army

HAVANA, June 16.-The greatest confusion exists in the lists of Cuban soldiers at Casimiro. Many of them cannot collect their 75 dollars as they appear on the rolls as having been promoted to the ranks of officers, of which fact they had no knowledge previously. The remedial regiment contains apparently over 2,000 men while the lists only give the names of 700 men. Soldiers who have fought since 1895 are not shown on the list, while boys who served during the blockade, are able to secure payment, preference having been given to the army of 1898. A petition has been sent to Gov. Gen. Prome asking him to order a revision of the list. Most of the municipal receipts for weapons held up during the past two months.

Clings to an Ice-Bound Port

MONTREAL, June 15.-Mr. C. N. Armstrong, managing director of the Atlantic and Lake Superior Railway Company and the Canadian Steamship line has just returned from England, where he has been promoting the extension of the Steamship Company and the extension of the Atlantic and Lake Superior line further along the Gaspé peninsula. Mr. Armstrong has been promoting the extension to abandon the steamship service between Paspébiac and England. He declares the service is to be resumed the coming autumn, and another steamer is to be put on the route with the Gaspé. It is expected that the extension of the line will be completed by the end of the year. The government is expected to contribute to this work.

Presbyterian General Assembly

HAMILTON, June 17.-At the Presbyterian General Assembly today, a reference from the presbytery of Inver, India, submitted by the foreign missionary committee of the western section, was taken up. The principal speaker was Rev. Dr. Moore, who presented the reference, and Rev. Mr. W. I. de Indore, who spoke in opposition to the document. It referred to friction among missionaries, especially regarding the college there, which has existed for some years. Rev. Principal Forester of Halifax, moved that a commission be appointed to visit India and investigate the case on the ground and report to the next General Assembly, and in the meantime that no change be made in the college.

Government Elevator at Montreal

MONTREAL, June 15.-Hon. Mr. Tarte, accompanied by representatives of the harbor commission and board of trade, inspected the harbor today to select the best site for the government elevator. Interested bodies will adopt resolutions embodying their views on the subject which will be sent to Ottawa. It is understood they will urge the erection of the government elevator at Fort Colborne, Ont.