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PARLIAMENT.

Col. Domville Appears Before the Public Accounts Committee.

An Expensive Enquiry That the Government Now Admits Was Unnecessary.

Some More Light Cast Upon Blair's Iniquitous Railway Contracts—Sir Wilfrid and the Alaska Boundary.

OTTAWA, June 2.—Colonel Domville appeared before the public accounts committee this morning and demanded that investigation be resumed into the affair of the \$300 cheque received by him in 1887, ostensibly as payment of armory rent to J. Milton Barnes. This investigation was carried on last session, but when the committee was about ready to report, Sir Louis Davies and other members asked that the final conclusion be not reached until Col. Domville be heard. The colonel was then in British Columbia, and it was not convenient for him to attend. It was, therefore, agreed that the matter should stand over to give the colonel a chance. When he appeared, desiring to be confronted by both his accusers, he was informed that it was only necessary to get the house to refer the evidence back to the committee.

This afternoon Colonel Domville, in a manner displaying some new causes of excitement, offered his motion. He informed the house that Mr. Foster had made these charges against him, and that he would hold Mr. Foster responsible for them. Mr. Foster must make good these charges. The colonel declared that he would not allow Mr. Foster to escape. He would not allow any newspaper, which spoke of the affair as the Domville scandal, Mr. Foster could not hide behind Colonel Markham, who had provided him with certain papers. These charges must be prosecuted to the end, for the sake of the grand name of Kings county, from which Domville said he had driven Mr. Foster. The colonel appeared to be rather jerky and hysterical in his manner.

Mr. Charles Tupper asked whether a modus vivendi had been reached as to the possession of disputed territory in the meantime. Sir Wilfrid Laurier said that provisional boundaries had been established at Walky Pass and Chilcoot Pass, and it was proposed to establish one on Dawson Trail. Sir Charles pointed out that the authorized statement at the time negotiations ceased was that the proceedings had been adjourned. More recently it had been discovered that negotiations had been entirely arrested, with the intention of not resuming unless the Alaska boundary question was removed. This fact, now disclosed, placed the Canadian commissioners in a better light than their previous statement. Sir Charles could not possibly imagine why the United States should have declined to accept as a basis of negotiations the principles accepted in the Venezuela arbitration. His own fear was that Canadian interests would suffer by the adoption of the fifty years' rule. Last year Mr. Sifton, in spite of warnings on the opposition side, had admitted that the settlements on the Lynn canal coast had been in occupation adverse to Canada from "time immemorial." Sir Charles could not see that the United States or Russia could have acquired a just title by occupation of territory which the Russian treaty of 1855 distinctly assigned to Canada.

This private members' afternoon was devoted to the Georgian Bay canal project. Mr. Poupore, M. P. for Pontiac, conservative, addressed the house for the whole afternoon in favor of the scheme, which includes the establishment of a navigable water route from Georgian Bay to the Ottawa river, and thence down that stream to the St. Lawrence and Montreal. McLeod Stewart, ex-mayor of Ottawa, has just returned from England, where he has organized a company to undertake the work. The company estimates the cost of this waterway at twenty-five million dollars. It asks the dominion government to give a two and a half per cent guarantee on twenty millions dollars of bonds, or fifty hundred thousand a year, for thirty years.

HAVANA, June 5.—Many burglaries have been committed recently in hotels, stores and private houses here and the police believe an organized band of thieves are at work. On Saturday night the house of Mr. Griffiths, the acting British consul general, was entered and money, jewelry and clothing were taken.

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tion to bring down the protocols in the Alaska boundary negotiations. It was nearly midnight when the house went into supply and resumed discussion of Sir Louis Davies' estimates for the fishery protection service. House adjourned at one o'clock in the morning.

On the motion to go into supply, Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper moved a resolution concerning the course of the government in regard to an alleged inquiry into the conduct of Judge Spink of British Columbia. This prosecution was undertaken apparently to satisfy the malice of certain politicians in British Columbia. It failed miserably, and Solicitor General Fitzpatrick admitted that Spink came out without a stain on his character. But it cost a good deal of money, paid to the government heeled. The whole prosecution was abandoned for want of evidence, but not until some great lawyers had got a fairly good thing out of it. Sir Charles Hibbert reviewed the whole circumstances during the afternoon and evening.

Hon. Mr. Fitzpatrick, replying, admitted that the charges were unfounded, but claimed that the charges were so serious as to justify the government in authorizing an investigation. Mr. Bennett of East Simons continued the debate.

OTTAWA, June 5.—The first thing that happened when the house met today was the production and reading by the premier of the Alaska and Yukon boundary protocols. The statement read by him is the same as was presented last week by the imperial government and printed in Canadian papers of Monday morning.

Sir Wilfrid referred to the documents only so far as to show the difference between the British and United States proposals. These differences were set out in the critical arbitration, the British commissioners proposed arbitration by three men, one chosen by each party and the third by the other two. The United States proposed a commission of six men, half appointed by each side. Objections made to this tribunal that as there is no referee it would afford no guarantee of finality. The other difference relates to matters to be arbitrated. The British side was willing to accept fifty years' undisputed possession as a good title. The United States proposed that the territory now occupied by that country shall be assigned to the United States, whether conveyed by treaties or not. The British commissioners could not accept this preliminary and so the whole negotiations were arrested, and this morning the matter was discussed by the commissioners.

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DR. BRUCE'S FAREWELL.

Congregation of St. David's Say a Fond Good Bye.

Clergymen of Various Denominations Join in the Expressions of Sorrow at His Departure.

(From Monday's Daily Sun.)

The lecture room of St. David's church was crowded to the doors last night by the friends and well wishers of Dr. Bruce, who had come to wish him God-speed on the eve of his departure to a new sphere of labor. Visitors were met and welcomed at the door by Mrs. W. J. Fraser, Mrs. A. Blinman, Mrs. D. Jamieson, Mrs. J. E. C. Burpee and Dr. W. S. Morrison.

Althorn James, Session, occupied the chair, and after prayer, by Rev. Dr. Bruce, called on Andrew Malcolm, who read the following address to the retiring pastor:

Since it has come to pass in the Providence of God that you have been called by Him to leave the sphere of labor, and your resignation of the pastoral position, as compared with the days when you entered upon the field of labor, and we believe that this is but the outcome and evidence of your growth and more significant result of your work, namely, the deepening of the spiritual life of the people and the development of practical Christianity throughout the congregation.

As to our public ministry, we gladly bear testimony to the faithfulness with which you have fulfilled the promise made at the opening of your work, and the earnestness with which you have ministered to us in times of sorrow, to the words of comfort and to the deep interest and wise counsel of true friendship.

In all our intercourse with each other, we have seen Christ in your public presence in your private life and work. We desire to refer with deep gratitude to your work among the young, which you have done with such loving care and devotion, and to the many hearts which you have touched and which are only beginning to realize the love of God in their hearts.

Since you came among us you have established a home for yourself, your children and your friends, and we are now in communion with this church.

We would make special reference to the work of the young men, which you have done with such loving care and devotion, and to the many hearts which you have touched and which are only beginning to realize the love of God in their hearts.

And now in saying farewell, we assure you that we shall ever cherish the memory of your work among us and pray that you may find the same in your new sphere of labor. May His Father grant His richest blessing to you and to all those who are dear to you.

On behalf of the congregation, ANDREW MALCOLM, Moderator, JAMES SEATON, Secretary, R. B. RUTHERFORD, JACOB ALEXANDER, Treasurer, and the Clergy Committee.

Rev. Dr. Bruce in response said that the occasion was altogether different from any previous one in which he had played a prominent part. When he came into the room, beautified as it has often been by loving hands, he forgot for an instant the reason for this gathering, but he immediately remembered in reference to himself that he was leaving the city, but all but a farewell. For sixteen years he had spoken in various forms to the people, and now he had nothing new to say. To those who had so kindly come together he would express his affectionate farewell, and to those who were present he would give his warmest thanks. He would cherish the address, which contained so much. In its reference to increased financial prosperity they knew that he felt it was because of the deepening of the spiritual life. They had been pleased to refer to his presence at times of sickness, and he felt that the strongest cords which bound them were those entwined when wrapped together in the dark clouds of misfortune. While he regarded these things with deep gratitude, yet deeper than all was that with which he received the recognition of his work with the young. More valuable than a crown of gold is the thought that he had cared for the children and that the children loved him. He would implore parents to pray earnestly for guidance, for never would they write on a more sensitive tablet than the hearts of their children. He had taken up this work, the ministry to the young.

He appreciated the kindness of all, present and said that he would count it an honor to be remembered by the kind address he would give his warmest thanks. He would cherish the address, which contained so much. In its reference to increased financial prosperity they knew that he felt it was because of the deepening of the spiritual life. They had been pleased to refer to his presence at times of sickness, and he felt that the strongest cords which bound them were those entwined when wrapped together in the dark clouds of misfortune. While he regarded these things with deep gratitude, yet deeper than all was that with which he received the recognition of his work with the young. More valuable than a crown of gold is the thought that he had cared for the children and that the children loved him. He would implore parents to pray earnestly for guidance, for never would they write on a more sensitive tablet than the hearts of their children. He had taken up this work, the ministry to the young.

There's Only One Paper

In the Maritime Provinces devoted exclusively to the interests of the Farmers, Sixteen pages, with a cover, every issue. Free sample Copies. Co-operative Farmer SUSSEX, N. B. ST. STEPHEN.

Destructive Fires That Were the Work of Tramps—St. John Fueliers Coming—Wedding Bells.

ST. STEPHEN, June 6.—The fine farm dwelling and barns of Wm. Jackson, situated at the Bowers six miles from town, were totally destroyed by fire at an early hour this morning. Practically all the contents of both house and barn were destroyed. Mr. Jackson was one of the farmers who had not learned the wisdom of keeping insured, and his loss is a heavy one. He attributes the origin of the fire to tramps, Henry McKay, one of the farmers burned out last week at Oak Hill, had carried insurance for twenty-two years but allowed it to lapse about one year ago. The warehouse of G. S. Pingo, at the Maine end of the upper bridge at Milltown, was set fire to early Sunday morning. Groceries and provisions valued at about four thousand dollars were destroyed, though the building was not greatly damaged. Burnt matches were found where the fire started, and the smell of kerosene was very manifest. Several attempts were made the same morning to burn other property in Milltown, Maine. Mr. Pingo was insured for about two thousand dollars. Major Dunning, Captain Smith and other officers of the 2nd battalion, St. John, are registered at the Windsor, arranging for a visit here on Saturday next of their battalion. It is intended that the company shall arrive here at noon and hold a grand tournament at the curling rink in the evening. Company K of Calais will be invited to participate. On Sunday they will hold a church parade. The battalion can be assured of a hearty welcome to the border.

Samuel Water, editor of the Carleton Sentinel and Miss Maria Watts of Calais were united in marriage at the residence of Mrs. Howard Black in Calais on Friday last by Rev. C. G. Macdonald. They left for Montreal in the afternoon for a trip to Montreal and other cities. Miss Watson conducted a successful millinery business in Calais for many years, and is most highly esteemed.

PROLIFIC INVENTORS. It will undoubtedly surprise many people who are inclined to undervalue the importance of patents, to learn of the number of patents taken out by some of the brainiest and richest men of the world. During the past 25 years the United States government has granted 35 inventors more than 100 patents each, the number being 4,884. The following are some of the names: Edison holds the list with 711. Next in order, Billie Thompson, with 384; Francis H. Richards, 265; Edward Weston, 274; Charles H. Schriever, 248; Charles J. Vanderpool, 247; and George Westinghouse, 217.

The inventors of Canada are beginning to realize that the U. S. offer a vast field for the development of money-making inventions. The following are some of the recently granted U. S. patents are kindly reported by Martin & Marion, patent solicitors, of New York City: 617,115—E. R. Chisholm, Sable Ste. Marie, Mich., children's carriage. 618,120—Thos. J. McBride, Brimley, Mich., toy comb. 618,121—Thos. J. McBride, Brimley, Mich., toy comb. 618,122—Samuel W. Butterfield, Three Rivers, F. Q., wood sawing machine. 618,123—Wm. A. Chisholm, Ashdale, N. S., wrench. 620,750—Joseph A. Dion, Montreal, cooking tongs. 621,608—Wm. Macdonald, Halifax, duplicate design duplicator. 621,609—J. R. Lavigne, Montreal, door stop and catch comb. 621,610—Adelard Leptre, Montreal, sleep ing bag. 621,611—Paul H. Trethewey, Muskoche Falls, Ont., guards for freight cars. 621,612—Aurele Noel, Father Point, Carleton Place, Ont., sawing machine. 621,613—Theophile Guibault, Montreal, bedstead. 621,614—Abram Broodnick, Montreal, process of treating plaster Paris moulds. 621,615—Edmond, Eagle Bend, Minn., door checks. 621,616—Alexander Maréchal, Montreal, cigar making machine. 621,617—Onesime Galarneau, Montreal, ice crusher.

LARGEST FAMILY ON RECORD. (London Woman's Life.) In the Harleian manuscript, Nos. 78 and 80, in the library of the British Museum, mention is made of the most extraordinary family that has ever been known in the world's history. The parties were a Scotch weaver and his wife (not wives), who were the father and mother of sixty-two children.

The majority of the offspring of this prolific pair were boys—exactly how many is not known—for the record mentions the fact that forty-six of the male children lived to reach manhood's estate, and only four of the daughters lived to be grown up women. Thirty-nine of the sons were still living in the year 1830, the majority of them residing in Scotland.

It is recorded in one of the old histories of Newcastle that "a certain gentleman of large estates" rode "thirty-and-three miles beyond the Tyne to prove this remarkable story." It is further related that Sir Rowley added ten of his sons, and three other "handful gentlemen" took ten each. The remaining members of the extraordinary family were brought up by the parents.

FAT'S LOGIC. An Irishman having placed a new chimney on his cottage called one of his neighbors to show him his handiwork. "Now, what do you think of it?" said Mike to his neighbor. "Boswell," said that worthy, "but the chimney is leaning to the left." "An' he'd replied Mike, "if you was to go round to the backyard, 'an' look at it you'd see it was leaning to the right, so sure it must be straight."—Anon.

APIA, Samoa, May 31, via Auckland, N. Z., June 5.—Both native factions, the Hailstones and the Matafaana, are disarming. Matafaana has surrendered 1,500 guns.

AUSTIN, Tex., June 5.—Governor Sawyer today telegraphed all the governors and attorneys of the southern states a call for an anti-trust convention to meet in St. Louis, Sept. 20th, for the purpose of securing concerted action against trusts.

NEW YORK, June 5.—The National City Bank will report \$1,000,000 in gold to move by the steamer Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse.

FRÉDERICTON.

Trinity Term of the Supreme Court to Open Today.

FRÉDERICTON, June 5.—The following is the docket for the Trinity term of supreme court which opens tomorrow:

NOTION PAPER. Charles W. Fry v. Henry Fry—Mr. Earle, Q. C., to move to enter judgment for defendant nisi pro note, by order of His Honor, the Chief Justice.

John Welton v. Municipality of Kings Co. A. A. Sprague, Hampshire, vs. J. W. Thomas, St. John. The attorney general to move for judgment as in the case of possession.

CROWN PAPER. Ex parte David Grant—Mr. McKay to show cause.

Ex parte Troop—Mr. Carrey, Q. C., to show cause.

Ex parte Atkinson—The like. Ex parte E. Flanagan—The like.

Ex parte John Gelo—Mr. McCready to show cause.

Ex parte Simeon Jones—C. J. Coster to show cause.

SPECIAL PAPER. Whittaker v. North Queensland Insurance Co.—Mr. McLean to support demurrer.

PROBATE PAPER. In the matter of the estate of John Chrysal, Mr. Gregory, Q. C., to support appeal from Kent county probate court.

COUNTY COURT APPEALS. In the matter of the estate of William Calder, appellant, v. John McPherson, respondent—Mr. Phinney to support appeal from Kent county court.

In the matter of John Raymond Young (claimant appellant), v. John Young (defendant below), respondent—Mr. Tweedie, Q. C., to support appeal from Gloucester county court.

ANOTHER ANDREE STORY.

CHRISTIANIA, June 5.—According to a despatch from Mandal, the most southern town of Norway, two boys, on May 14th last, found on the north coast of Iceland, a small cork case containing a slip of paper, dated July 11, 1887, signed "Andree, Strindberg and Fraenckel" and bearing the words, "All well. Thrown about longitude 31, latitude unknown." Prof. Andree's brother thinks the case was probably one of the letter buoys which the Andree expedition was provided.

HAILSTONES KILLED CHICKENS.

So Big that People Used Them in Retriever's Place of Ice. A terrific hail storm struck Hastings, Neb., the other afternoon and continued for fifteen minutes, during which time over two thousand hens of the broken, dried and grain destroyed and several persons hurt. The hail stones were as large as hen eggs, and came down with such force as to kill many chickens, knock birds out of the trees and break up windows.

After the storm people scooped up hailstones by the handful, and some killed their refrigerators.

Mrs. Finnegan—Young Clancy sent Mary a five dollar bouquet last night. I think she's something up. Mr. Finnegan—So I do. I saw him coming out of a pawn-shop yesterday, an' I think it's his overcoat. Charley may begin at home, but reform begins elsewhere.

Mr. Poupore was followed by Mr. Belcourt, liberal M. P. for Ottawa, who was speaking when the speaker left the chair at six o'clock. The order of business changed in the evening, and the Georgian Bay scheme stands over till next Monday. In June there will be five issues of the Youth's Companion. Among the many contributions to them will be a story in three parts, "Four Charms" by G. A. Stewart, "Klondike, Old and New," by Prof. N. S. Russell, "Auriferous Antlers" by Andrew Lang, "Robert Louis Stevenson and Children," by Edmund Gosse. "At the North Pole," by Adam Sedgwick, "The British Navy," "What Incident Did Before," the account of an incident in General Fane's travels in a week, and more than twenty short stories.

After private bills this evening, the House was in committee on Fortin's bill to amend the winding-up act, which was reported with amendments. Mr. Maxwell then moved the second reading of his bill to amend the Chinese immigration act by increasing the tax on Chinamen from fifty dollars to five hundred dollars. The measure by a long speech in vigorous protest against the encouragement or even toleration of Chinese immigration.

When he closed, Mr. Ellis raised the point of order that the bill imposed a tax and therefore could only come in by resolution and with the consent of the governor general. Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper suggested that as this levy was not made on the people of Canada the rule might not apply, but the premier thought the point was well taken. The speaker was absent and the decision of the chair was reserved, when Mr. Britten moved the adjournment at eleven o'clock.

NOTES. The supreme court today gave judgment in the case of McPherson v. Fraser, dismissing the appeal with costs. An Intercolonial trial of new cars has been brought here for exhibition to members of parliament and others. It consists of baggage, first and second class cars, dining and sleeping cars, the latter being the product of the Wagner Company of Buffalo, New York. Luther Archibald, Mr. Allison and W. K. Reynolds are here with the train, which they claim to be the finest outfit ever put together in Canada. Hon. Mr. Sifton gives notice that he will introduce five bills to amend the acts respecting the geological survey, the railway department, the Canadian tariff preference should be confined to goods imported through Canadian ports from the country of production. Mr. Blair will be asked whether W. H. Treiman has been appointed to a position in the railway department, and what are his duties and salary.

OTTAWA LETTER.

Mr. Blair's Amazing Drummond Counties Railway Bargain.

The Case of Young Mr. Costigan and His Doings While Collector at Winnipeg.

The Raid That Sifted Made on the Treasury in Connection With the Bogus Manitoba Prosecutions.

OTTAWA, May 30. It is an innocent looking notice which Mr. Blair has placed on the file in regard to the Grand Trunk railway, but innocent as it is, it involves a loss to the country of a clear two million dollars. As was suggested some weeks ago, the worst feature of the Drummond County bargain now before the house, is that it involves the permanence of the arrangement with the Grand Trunk, and Mr. Blair has a bill now under notice which will fix upon Canada that bargain for 99 years to come. If the senate has the same idea of duty that it had two years ago, it will not allow this Grand Trunk bill to pass.

Notwithstanding the fact that this transaction has been discussed and reported many times, it may be worth while to go over it again as briefly and tersely as possible. Let us see now what Mr. Blair proposes to do with the Grand Trunk. He proposes in the first place to obtain from that company the right to run trains over a piece of road between Montreal and the Drummond Counties line. From the end of the Drummond road at St. Rosalie to the base of the Lawrence river at Montreal is 35 miles. It is a level country, and the cost of the road is estimated at \$500,000 to \$600,000. Instead of building and owning an independent line from St. Rosalie to Montreal, Mr. Blair buys from the Grand Trunk the right to use the property. He pays for it \$37,500, or a little over \$1,000 per mile. This is paid for the right to run trains over the road. Now the Grand Trunk uses the property at present twenty-five times as much as the Intercolonial, as Mr. Blair informed the house last week.

The rental was fixed in this way: It was assumed that the road was worth \$1,500,000, and Mr. Blair agreed to pay 5 per cent. interest on one half the value. He does not get one half the use, nor even one tenth part. But he pays the price for it \$37,500, or a little over \$1,000 per mile. Mr. Blair borrows money at 2 1/2 per cent., but Mr. Blair pays the Grand Trunk 5 per cent. This road could be built for \$1,000 a mile, and if we make the extravagant supposition that \$15,000 a mile would have to be paid for the right of way, the whole property could be bought for \$525,000. If the government had to pay 3 per cent. interest it would only have a charge of \$31,000 a year for the exclusive ownership of the road. This is \$6,000 a year less than Mr. Blair pays for the one-twentieth part of the use of it. Moreover, Mr. Blair is allowed to run suburban trains between Montreal and any part of this line, and therefore loses the immense and profitable local business which he would get if the government owned the road. Why should he pay one-half the cost of the road figured at double the price for which the road could be built now, and five per cent. interest, when he gets only a small fraction of the use of the road and can borrow money at less than 3 per cent. interest? Obviously if the road had to be obtained it would be much better to pay the \$150,000 in cash at once, instead of paying 3 per cent. interest on it. Then it would only cost \$27,000 a year instead of \$37,500.

The next transaction relates to the bridge at Montreal. Having reached the river Mr. Blair wants to take his trains over it. He pays the Grand Trunk \$10,000 a year for the privilege of sending his trains across. The Canadian Pacific railway has a bridge at Montreal which cost a little less than a million dollars. It was built a good many years ago, when such structures are more expensive than they are now. Mr. Blair could presumably build one at the same price. The cost of that to the country would be 3 per cent. on \$30,000 a year, and at 2 1/2 per cent. \$25,000. Then we would have had the whole bridge to use for the Intercolonial and get what revenue might be derived from selling running rights. But we are paying \$40,000 a year, or a great deal more money, for a chance to use the Grand Trunk bridge, though the Grand Trunk Co. runs 25 trains over it for every train sent over by the Intercolonial. An astonishing feature is that the Grand Trunk bridge only the year before last received a Dominion subsidy of \$300,000. The fact is the Dominion government is bearing more than the whole cost of the bridge, computed at the price for which it could now be built, and the Grand Trunk Co., which has 86 per cent. of the use of it, is saved clear of all expense and makes something besides.

Thirdly, Mr. Blair pays the Grand Trunk company \$25,000 a year for the use of station buildings and grounds and yards at Montreal. This is made up by assuming a price of \$2,500,000 for the property and allowing the Grand Trunk five per cent. on half the value. It is stated that the government could provide itself with a terminal at a lower figure. I do not propose to go into that, but only to say that if there is \$2,500,000 worth of property which the railway department of Canada wants to use it ought to pay in proportion to the use it has of this property. At present it has less than one-twentieth the use of it and is paying for half the use. At present also it is paying 5 per cent. on half the cost when the interest charge should be only half that much. If there is no escape from the pay-

ment of half the cost of the property, then why not pay the \$1,250,000 outright and borrow the money at current prices. But by this bill we are not only paying 5 per cent. now, but agreeing to do so for 99 years. The rate of interest on the Canadian debt in 25 years has gone down from 4 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent. Where will it be in 99 years from now? Yet Mr. Blair is agreeing to pay 5 per cent. for all this period, though in 25 years the current rate will undoubtedly be less than 2 per cent.

The Grand Trunk has got a great bargain out of Mr. Blair. It is practically doing a bank business with him. With the Dominion government guaranteeing \$400,000 a year, the company can float three per cent. bonds above par to the extent of that interest charge. In other words, the company will borrow from English capitalists at 3 per cent and lend to Mr. Blair at 5 per cent. If the senate has any perception of the value of its services two years ago, it will repeat its excellent record that year if it cannot do better and induce Mr. Blair to make the same change in the Grand Trunk contract that he has made in the Drummond contract. A change from a 4 per cent guarantee to 5 per cent would save the country \$400,000 in the Drummond transaction. A change from 5 per cent guarantee to a regular purchase in the Grand Trunk transaction will save the country \$1,250,000, without computing the \$400,000 on the Victoria bridge, which represents an excess capitalization of \$500,000.

Sir Charles Tupper and the other opposition members had a sharp little controversy with the government yesterday over the matter of giving information direct to the public on the ordinary prospectus of one of the British gold mining companies, which announced that the company had exclusive information from Mr. Ogilvie, now chief commissioner of the Yukon, concerning the location of mineral lands. This announcement gave a great impetus to the sale of their stock and led to some sharp criticism. Mr. Colmer of the high commissioner's office at once wrote to the papers in London, stating that he had information from the government at Ottawa that no exclusive information was given by government officers to any company. The question on the order paper inquired what explanation the government had to offer in regard to the matter, seeing that the prospectus appeared to quote Mr. Ogilvie's words, and the company asserted that Mr. Ogilvie's statement was given them with the express understanding that it should be used in the prospectus.

Mr. Ogilvie had made a statement to the government which would fill perhaps two columns of a newspaper. Mr. Sifton, replying to the question, made no statement on behalf of the government, but threw Mr. Ogilvie's statement on the table, stating that it was too long to read. A statement of that kind is not much good on the table, where the public cannot see it, and the opposition asked that it be read or taken as read, so that it might appear in Hansard. There was a sharp controversy over the matter, but the government refused to do anything about it. All the same the letter will be in Hansard, because on motion to adjourn the house Sir Charles Tupper read every word of it. It is an extraordinary statement, showing that Mr. Ogilvie did undoubtedly authorize the use of his name and the statement that he had given exclusive information to this company. He had gone over with Mr. Roche, one of the promoters, the whole matter, pointing out to him where areas should be taken up, explaining processes of operation, assisting him to perfect a sort of drilling or boring machine, of which Mr. Roche seems to have exclusive use, and generally giving the company assistance such as no other man could give and no other company ever got. Mr. Ogilvie says that he got no pay for it, and everybody who would leave him. He is believed to be the kind of man who does not make money for himself out of his position. It is probable that he would have given any other company the same assistance if it came in his way, as he did this one. But there are hundreds of companies in London, and it never came in Mr. Ogilvie's way to give them help. Nor would it be possible for more than one company to say to the investing world that it had exclusive information from the government officer who knows more about the Yukon than any other man in the world.

Sir James Edgar has an idea that on a motion to adjourn, made under circumstances such as occurred yesterday, no subject may be mentioned, but the one originally taken up. There is a subject connected with the Yukon, which companies has wide possibilities of travel, and it was only a short distance to a review of Sir Louis Davies' advice to the meeting he addressed in Wales. The minister of marine advised capitalists to exercise great prudence in Yukon investments, seeing that "a mine is a hole in the ground, the owner of which is a liar." This view expressed by Sir Louis was followed a few days later by a letter recommending investments in a company promoted by Col. Donville, in which the colonel is set forth as a man of great capacity and trustworthiness. Naturally, Sir Charles Tupper mentioned this matter in spite of the speaker's suggestion. S. D. S.

OTTAWA, May 31.—The public accounts committee did not make any further important discoveries in the cross-examination of Mr. Christie by the solicitor general, Mr. Fitzpatrick attempted to show that Mr. Christie had an imaginary grievance and therefore made complaint of the condition of the Winnipeg office under Mr. Costigan. He drew from the late deputy collector the fact that he had made no complaint, except to the department, of Mr. Costigan's conduct until after he had himself failed to secure the collectorship and had been transferred to Calgary, where he did not wish to go. Mr. Fitzpatrick contended that the change to a collectorship at Calgary from the position of deputy at Winnipeg was a promotion. Mr. Christie holds that an assistant collector in a first-class post

holds a higher position than a collector in a sixth-class post. However, that may be, it would appear that the government regards the offer of the collectorship at Calgary as a promotion, it is hardly open to the solicitor general to contend that Mr. Christie was not a good officer.

The financial irregularities in the Costigan case so far brought forward are four. First, he received a remittance by registered letter from an officer in Virdeau, and after making an entry in a little book kept for the purpose, took away the money and the book. Mr. Fitzpatrick undertook to show that on Mr. Costigan's return to the office, three weeks afterwards, he paid the money in and restored the book, and also showed that the book in which the entry was made was not a necessary part of the accounting in the office. It happened, however, that a missive long before Mr. Costigan's return, and that it had been located with the collector, who, according to Mr. Christie, declared at first that he had not received it.

The second case is that of two payments of \$30 each made to the office and received by Mr. Costigan, who did not acknowledge them and who kept the money during a two months' absence at St. Paul and other places in the United States. In these cases Mr. Fitzpatrick undertook to show that the deposit of money and the filing of bonds usually took place together, and that the custom was to send to Ottawa the bonds and the money together. Mr. Fitzpatrick undertook to show that in this case the bonds had not been filed, and therefore it was not necessary to hand over the money. Mr. Christie swore that the custom in all such cases was to place the money in the safe in the office, pending the completion of the transaction. In the particular case whether the transaction was completed or not, the persons who paid in the money secured their authority while Mr. Costigan was away, because it was proved that they had performed their part of the transaction. This was done by orders from Ottawa when proof of the payment had been forwarded. Meanwhile the collector was appropriating the payment to his own private purposes. Mr. Fitzpatrick attempted to show that this was a pardonable proceeding was not very successful.

The third transaction relates to the payment of a sum of money by the city of Winnipeg for methylated spirits. Mr. Costigan got this money in the form of a cheque to himself. Instead of to the department, and endorsed the cheque to a saloon keeper in Winnipeg. Some time afterwards, when the collector was away on one of his prolonged absences, the Winnipeg officers demanded their spirits, and then it was discovered that the money had been paid to the saloon keeper. In this case Mr. Fitzpatrick undertook to prove that certain formalities ought to have been performed by the city before the spirits were delivered. The solicitor general did not say so, but his suggestion was that it was the proper thing for the officer to make personal use of public money pending the completion of the transaction connected with it.

The fourth transaction relates to the personal use of \$500 received by Mr. Costigan for contingencies.

The government officer also examined Mr. Christie as to his previous relations to the collector, bringing out the fact that they had been friends and had often played poker together, and that Mr. Christie had professed a desire to befriend his superior officer. Mr. Christie testified that he had such a kindly feeling for Mr. Costigan that he had lent him money and had done all he could to get him home when he was away. He denied that he had violated any confidence, and explained that he had written a full statement of the case to the department when it was claimed at Ottawa that the proposed changes at Winnipeg and Calgary were in the public interest. He stated that he had shown a tremendous desire to protect the public interest in the Winnipeg transaction, concerning which he testified.

During the past two days Sir Henri Joly has been toiling over some bills he has before the house. The minister of inland revenue is a fine old gentleman, with a very excellent heart and an uncommonly good head. His explanations are exceedingly prolix and his words are full of the most commonplace bills in a dense cloud of obscurity, through which no human mind, not even his own, can penetrate. Yesterday he had a bill to amend the weights and measures act. The particular purpose of this amendment is to provide that any barrel which is sold by the barrel, whether for exportation or local trade, unless the barrel is of a certain prescribed size and order of architecture. The bill says that all apples packed in Canada for sale by the barrel shall be packed either in cylindrical veneer barrels having an inside diameter of 13 1/2 inches and 27 inches from head to head inside measurement, or else seasoned wood barrels 27 inches between the heads and 17 and 19 inches diameter. There was a prolonged attempt to discover from the minister what was meant "by cylindrical veneer" barrels. He did not know, neither did any other minister. Sir Henri was sure it was all right, because his officers put in the clause. The solicitor general offered an explanation that a veneer barrel was made of two different kinds of wood, but the minister of militia, who comes from the apple country, objected to this statement.

Mr. Mills of Annapolis has an idea that the measure if enforced would be a great inconvenience to farmers and barrel makers in the apple districts. They would be obliged to change the style of making barrels, even though the ones they make now are full size. He did not see why apples, for home consumption at least, should be packed always in one kind of a barrel. It was often convenient for a farmer to use such barrels as he might have convenient. A shrewd suggestion was made by some of the members that this was an attempt on the part of the manufacturer to

secure the assistance of the department in making a market for the type of barrel known as veneer, which was probably patented. The confusion grew worse as the discussion proceeded. Dr. Borden explained that it was usual for the farmers to sell their apples by the orchard, and the packers were the parties responsible for any dishonesty in packing. The other hand Mr. Fraser of Guysboro explained gravely to the house that the custom in Nova Scotia generally was for the farmer to pack his own apples. This correction or contradiction has no relation to the fact that Mr. Borden had a portfolio to which Mr. Fraser may have had a better claim.

Sir Charles Tupper did not offer many remarks in connection with the technical discussion of barrels, but he strongly impressed upon the government the necessity for protection of the credit of Canada in regard to exports to the English market. He advocated the greatest possible care in inspection and the use of every known means to preserve the quality of goods sent to the United Kingdom. He recalled a time when the price of hay was high in England, and a Canadian article of high quality was procured by some of the people who kept large numbers of horses. They were well pleased with Canadian hay, and the beginning of a great trade was visible. Mr. Tupper said that large shipments were made of hay of this quality, not at all fit for the purpose required, and thus the Canadian product was seriously discredited. This was an awful mistake and an occasion of great loss to Canada. Sir Charles offers it as a warning for the future.

Mr. Bell of Pictou, the first member who brought the matter up, has succeeded in getting before the house a full report of the commission appointed to inquire into the death of MacDonald and Fraser, two Pictou men who perished from neglect and exposure on the Crow's Nest Pass railway. Seldom has a more ghastly story been written than that of these two unfortunate men who in mid-winter were, while in an advanced stage of diphtheria, conveyed for a hundred miles through a heavy snow night in an open sleigh and then deposited in a box car, where they died. The deputy minister of justice has not been able to discover that any person is liable for this murder and torture, either criminally or in the way of damages. So the matter stands. S. D. S.

OTTAWA, June 1.—When Mr. Sifton's friends and cronies in Manitoba had been operating their bogus prosecutions for some time they began to gravitate on the Dominion government. The fact that they were in the hands of the law was a source of nothing. They did not render them straight to the department of justice, but sent them to Mr. Sifton, who forwarded them with his recommendation to Sir Oliver Mowat's department. Sir Oliver did not take kindly to these payments of the bills, which were about three times too high. He had bad news to Mr. Sifton, who had obtained the credit from the department and had done a little kiting of drafts for the mutual accommodation of himself and his Winnipeg comrades, and therefore had considerable interest in the full payment of the bills, large as they were. Sir Oliver wrote a letter to Mr. Sifton about these charges. Apparently it was a pretty hot communication. Mr. Sifton sent a copy to his friend, Mr. Howell, who was to have part of the money. Mr. Howell applied to Mr. Sifton, excusing the bill change he made. This was the time this correspondence with the accounts went on the files of the auditor general's office. There it remained until Sir Oliver Mowat got out of the government and Mr. Mills took his place and an enquiry was instituted about the matter. The admissions of Mr. Sifton and the other adventurers in connection with these bogus prosecutions.

Then Mr. Sifton walked into the office of the auditor general and obtained an interview with Mr. McDougall. He informed the auditor that Sir Oliver's letter denouncing the practical raid of Mr. Sifton's friends was a private and confidential communication, and he would like to have it taken off the file and given to him. Mr. McDougall seems to have doubts, for he consulted the present minister of justice, Hon. David Mills. Now Mr. Mills, though he was an extreme conservative economist when in opposition, is not supposed to be a tremendous obstacle in the path of any speculators of the liberal persuasion who have designs on the treasury. He is completely incarnate and is only too willing that any unpleasant communication from Sir Oliver Mowat should be a less tractable disposition should be removed from public view. Mr. Mills agreed that Sir Oliver Mowat's criticism of payments demanded from his department out of the public money was purely a friendly private communication between members of the same family. Mr. McDougall accordingly handed the letter over to Mr. Sifton, and thus removed from the public record the statement of Sir Oliver Mowat in reference to the predatory instincts of the Siftonian gang in Manitoba.

But the course of robbery, like that of true love, does not always run smooth. When the investigation began an innocent looking taxing officer from the justice department gave some testimony about this Mowat letter. Solicitor General Fitzpatrick has now "no hesitation in saying" that the officer went beyond his duties in giving this information. But the unfortunate man having been sworn to tell the whole truth, and knowing that this was an important element in the case, did not see his way clear to commit perjury to the extent of withholding information. Moreover, the papers containing the excuse for the charge as written to Mr. Sifton are also on the file, and they give a mild indication of what Sir Oliver Mowat said in his indignant protest. Last year the file of papers connected with these transactions was brought down in the public accounts committee. It was then discovered that the

Mowat letter was missing. The officer who produced the papers said that it had been abstracted from the file. But it was only yesterday that the fact was brought out in the manner of its withdrawal. The discussion occupied all the forenoon, so that the day's business of the public accounts committee consisted of a refusal to obtain information of the most vital importance in the investigation of what looks to be a handsome steal from the federal treasury.

"What has the minister of railways to say to that?" said Mr. McDougall of Cape Breton, yesterday, after reading an extract from his favorite paper, the Sidni Mac Tolla. The minister of railways has nothing to say, but replied with a laugh, in which the while house joined. Mr. McDougall had read the allegation in a very clear voice, but it was Greek to every member of the house, with two possible exceptions. The member for Cape Breton, who was brought waiting in vain for ministerial explanations, translated the article from Gaelic into English. It was then found to be a charge that the minister of railways is running Sunday trains in Cape Breton. Mr. Charlton's ears moved in the direction of the ceiling, but he offered no reply to ministerial explanations, but the article from Gaelic into English. It was then found to be a charge that the minister of railways is running Sunday trains in Cape Breton. Mr. Charlton's ears moved in the direction of the ceiling, but he offered no reply to ministerial explanations, but the article from Gaelic into English. It was then found to be a charge that the minister of railways is running Sunday trains in Cape Breton.

Sir Louis Davies has come into a trace on the lobster question. He still does not know when the lobster season will close. He knows that it will continue as long as usual, but has not yet decided whether he will carry out the recommendation of the commission extending the time in certain districts, nor does he know the length of the extension if there should be one.

As the lobster packers in these districts have to supply themselves with material to arrange for the sale of their goods, and the employment of labor it is important that they should know what the conditions are to be. Sir Louis either does not know himself, or else the information is in the exclusive possession of others who may be interested. At all events the most strenuous exertions of Mr. McDougall, Mr. McDougall and others interested have not been able to elicit the information required. S. D. S.

The department of justice and the premier are equally in obscurity in regard to the alien labor law. It was discussed yesterday afternoon in the light of recent transactions. The Grand Trunk company is said to be about to import aliens to take the place of the section men who are now on strike. Employers whose men are on strike in Hamilton have already made such importations. Sir Wilfrid Laurier says that the government cannot interfere because he has a bargain with the United States government that neither country will enforce the law during the progress of the international negotiations. Yet Mr. DeBarry of Buffalo, a United States government officer, turns men back with as much energy as if there was no such bargain. Yesterday this officer stated that the United States law was not suspended and would not be. DeBarry declares that the story of the suspension is a Canadian invention, and Ross Robertson, of Toronto points out that though the bargain with the United States restrains Sir Wilfrid Laurier it has no restraint at all upon the American officer. He has no regard at all for high commissions or low ones.

Mr. Logan rather surprised the house by rebuking Mr. Blair for his attitude. Mr. Logan held that it was the business of the government to interfere if the matter could not be settled otherwise. It was an outrage that men should be asked to accept 97 cents a day in these boom times. Mr. Logan went on to tell about the surplus in the treasury, the rush of business, and the signs of prosperity, and wanted to know what kind of an advertisement it was for the country to have it go out that 1,800 men were on strike because they could not get any more than 97 cents a day. A mean and indecent salary it was, Mr. Robertson thought the discussion by remarking that Mr. Bertrand of the contradictory ideas, who claimed to have made the tariff, might also undertake to settle the strike. The debate ended with that suggestion, which Mr. Bertrand is understood to have taken into consideration. S. D. S.

QUIET WEDDING. There was a quiet but interesting wedding at Leinster street Baptist church Saturday morning at 8.30 o'clock, when C. Percy Humphrey, of Messrs. J. M. Humphrey & Co., was united in marriage to Miss Nellie A. Weldon, daughter of George C. Weldon of this city. The guests included only the families of the bride and groom. The bride was married in a very pretty lawn travelling dress. The marriage ceremony was performed by Rev. Ira Smith, pastor of the church. After the wedding Mr. and Mrs. Humphrey drove to the depot and took the train for Boston. They will be absent for two months and will visit England and the continent before returning. They received many beautiful presents.

BURIED AT WELSFORD. The funeral services over the remains of Mrs. Woods, widow of the late Hon. Francis Woods and mother of Harry W. Woods, were held at Welsford Friday afternoon. The very large gathering from all parts of the country testified to the esteem in which the deceased lady, whose kindly and hospitable ways had endeared her to all, was held by the community. The services at the house and grave were conducted by the Rev. Mr. Armstrong, rector of the parish, assisted by the Rev. Messrs. McIntosh and McCully. The hymns "A few more years shall roll," and "Jesus, lover of my soul," and "Abide with me," were feelingly rendered by the large concourse of people present.

As Soup's, Soup, So is Soap, Soap.

You must classify soup, soap, or anything. There are many kinds, grades, qualities. In soap, that word Surprise stamped on every cake guarantees finest quality. A pure hard soap. When you buy Surprise you have the best.

6 CENTS A CAKE.

THE RELIEF AND AID SOCIETY.

Premier Emmerson Says the Government Will Enact the Legislation Requested by the City.

The bills and by-laws committee of the common council had a session at the City hall on Thursday afternoon. The committee agreed upon a draft of the legislation they desired put through the legislature with reference to the funds in the hands of the Relief and Aid society. The bill provides for handing over to the council of the funds in the hands of the society. Provision is made for the fund which is to be used for the relief of the Indiantown fire. The committee instructed Aid. Macrae to proceed to Fredericton to lay the proposed bill before the government.

Premier Emmerson, who came down from Fredericton Friday night, told a reporter of this paper that he had a talk with Aid. Macrae at Fredericton. He assured Aid. Macrae that whatever legislation the city promoted would be enacted by the legislature. Aid. Macrae and Attorney General White were considering the bill at the capital Friday night. Mr. Emmerson says the bill sent up by Aid. Macrae will with certain modifications be satisfactory to the government.

A LONG, HARD DRIVE.

Flavian Chouinard, of St. Pamphile, P. Q., and a subscriber to the Sun, was in the city on Friday. Mr. Chouinard cuts logs within fifty or sixty miles of Quebec city, that are floated to the mills of St. John. He has been operating for several years for Murray & Gregory, and he and his crew of stream drivers got into the corporation limit last Monday night with 2,500,000 feet of logs of his own, and Dechen's cut came along at the same time. The drive was thirty-six days in reaching corporation limits, and it was hard work. Kilburn, who operated on the same lands, got out one day later. The logs of Mr. Chouinard's drive came out from the Montague agency and the American land along the boundary, coming out by the Depot stream and the Big Black River. Until March the winter was very favorable for operations, and then came very deep snow. Mr. Chouinard has a camp of his own each winter, but also had a lot of subcontractors cutting for him each season.

CANCER A REMARKABLE CURE.

No Knife. No Plaster. No Pain. 57 1/2 & JURY Dept. 1, Brunswickville, Ont.

DEATH OF REV. C. I. McLANE.

A Native of Albert County. He Died at Barrington, N. S.

HOPDWELL Henry Albert Co., May 30.—Intelligence was received last night of the death at Barrington, N. S., of Rev. C. Ingersoll McLane, youngest son of the late Charles A. McLane of Albert. The deceased had been in a measure unwell for some months, but latterly had been much improved, and his sudden demise was a great shock to his family, as well as to his many friends and acquaintances, by whom he was most highly esteemed for his many Christian character and earnest and unwavering devotion to the work of the master. He may be truly said of the deceased that his life, though short, had been spent in doing good. At an early age he united with the Baptist church at Albert, and after a course of preparatory study was ordained to the ministry. He was engaged in evangelistic work in the west for some years, and later on removed to Barrington, N. S. He leaves a wife and one child, also a mother, one brother, Aubrey A. McLane of Moncton, and a sister, Mrs. (Rev.) Geo. A. Lawson of Halifax. The remains will be taken care of for interment in the family lot in the Hopewell cemetery.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

SATURDAY'S AUCTIONS.

Auctioneer Lockhart sold the dwelling known as the Wetmore property, 31 Carleton street, to John Johnson for \$10 over a claim of \$711.92. The Knox house, near Lily Lake, was sold to Richard Beamish for \$2. The structure is to be removed within a week. Auctioneer Lantaulm sold the book debts of Thomas Hunter, west side, for \$6. G. G. Gilbert was the purchaser.

A farm and house on the old Loch Leonard road, belonging to the estate of the late Wm. B. Thompson, was sold by Sheriff Sturdee. The sale was under executions by Margaret Seeds and A. C. Fairweather. The property was first knocked down to John Ryan for \$465, but he failed to make the necessary deposit, and the sale was commenced again. This time J. R. Armstrong was the purchaser. Read the SEMI-WEEKLY SUN.

Accountant Union Bank

Blew in Two Lairs in Mir

OTTAWA, the hour is ant Henders and his app The loss is \$300,000, but t tricate, inge entries in the transfers of ers of the ba certain the e gested that t but the ban Henderson w father is in and his wife of high sco with two ch of her husb with the app to his work posed that F money in m within the p Geo. Tayl M. P.'s, have cral Monac possibility of strike of the view was ha Trunk mana to refer the. It is reporte the servan the company the question of the men lowest. The tically over. The minis some change One standin to prove in against girls victim was character. T seduction of plovers is ex sixty miles of the city, fence punish manufacture. He has been operating for several years for Murray & Gregory, and he and his crew of stream drivers got into the corporation limit last Monday night with 2,500,000 feet of logs of his own, and Dechen's cut came along at the same time. The drive was thirty-six days in reaching corporation limits, and it was hard work. Kilburn, who operated on the same lands, got out one day later. The logs of Mr. Chouinard's drive came out from the Montague agency and the American land along the boundary, coming out by the Depot stream and the Big Black River. Until March the winter was very favorable for operations, and then came very deep snow. Mr. Chouinard has a camp of his own each winter, but also had a lot of subcontractors cutting for him each season.

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OTTAWA.

Accountant Henderson of Union Bank a Big Defaulter.

Blew in Two Hundred Thousand Dollars in Mining Stock Investments in Two Years.

OTTAWA, June 4.—The sensation of the hour is the departure of Accountant Henderson of the Union Bank, and his appropriation of its funds. The loss is supposed to be \$200,000, but as the transactions are intricate, ingenious and involving false entries in the books and various bogus transfers of money between customers of the bank, it is impossible to ascertain the exact amount. It is suggested that he had some accomplices, but the bank officials are reticent. Henderson was well connected. His father is in the municipal service, and his wife is a member of a family of high social standing. She is left with two children and has not heard of her husband since he left her with the apparent intention of going to his work in the bank. It is supposed that Henderson blew in this money in mining stock investments within the past two years.

Geo. Taylor and H. A. Powell, M. P.'s, have returned from Montreal. While there they discussed with General Manager Hays of the G. T. R. the possibility of the settlement of the strike of the sectionmen. The interview was held yesterday. The Grand Trunk management has not consented to refer the matter to arbitration, but it is reported that some of the men are ready to go back to work and that the company is already considering the question of increasing the wages of the men whose pay has been the lowest. The strike is said to be practically over.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

Ten Thousand Devotees Gather at the Mother Church.

Mary Baker Eddy, the Pastor Emeritus, Delivers Her Annual Message.

BOSTON, June 4.—The followers of Christian Science today observed Communion day with four largely attended services at the Mother church, the first church of Christian Scientists in this city.

Thousands flocked into the edifice, merely for the privilege of kneeling in silent communion for a few moments, or listening to the reading of a brief message and the exchange of kindly greetings with fellow members. As fast as the brief services were concluded and the congregation had departed, another great concourse streamed into the church, and the simple, peaceful service was repeated.

Even the knowledge that the beloved leader, Mrs. Eddy, would not be present, had little effect on those who joined in the services, and her message, full of love and peace, was received with silent thankfulness. The communion was devoid of symbols. At each of the services the worshippers knelt for a few moments in silence, after which the first reader, Septimus J. Hanna, invited those present to join in the communion.

After the silent prayer the annual message of the Pastor Emeritus, Mary Baker Eddy, to the mother church, was read by John W. Reeder, and listened to with great interest.

ORANGEMEN OF CANADA.

Persons Engaged in the Sale or Manufacture of Liquor no Longer Eligible for Membership.

TORONTO, June 1.—The Orange Grand Lodge of British America closed its annual convention last night, to meet next year at London, Ont. All the business before the meeting was disposed of by eight o'clock in the evening, when adjournment was made to the Horticultural Pavilion, where the delegates were banqueted by the City Council.

For the place of meeting for next year invitations were received from Sarnia, London, Winnipeg, Charlottetown, P. E. I., Fredericton, N. B., and several other cities and towns. London seemed to be the most desirable, and after some discussion the vote to hold the meeting there was made unanimous.

The change of sentiment in the Grand Lodge in regard to the temperance question was illustrated by the passing of a resolution, moved and seconded by Bro. Pitts of Fredericton, N. B., and Schults of Balduv, Manitoba, that no man engaged in the

sale or manufacture of spirituous liquors shall be eligible for membership in the order. A warm discussion followed the introduction of the resolution, which was, however, carried. The standing of present members of the order will not, of course, be affected.

Dr. Noble of Toronto introduced the following resolution, which was overruled on a technicality: "That this Grand Lodge views with extreme regret the growth of Romanizing influences in the Episcopalian church in the Old Land, and more recently in our fair dominion and the United States, the more so as this church has always been considered as the bulwark of Protestantism, and we sincerely hope that prompt measures will be taken by the imperial parliament and the authorities of the church to eradicate the Jesuitical practices, in which can be plainly seen the machinations of Rome."

The executive committee of the Orange Mutual fund was re-elected as follows: Captain Sinclair, Beattie Nesbitt, Dr. Noble, Toronto, and Major Armstrong, St. John, N. B. Dr. Noble was also re-elected referee.

The following officers were elected, the first five being re-elections: Grand Master, the Hon. Clarke Wallace, Woodbridge, Ont.; D. G. M., Major A. J. Armstrong, St. John, N. B.; Grand Chaplain, the Rev. W. F. Wilson, Hamilton; grand secretary, W. M. Lockhart, Alliston, Ont.; grand treasurer, W. J. Parkhill, Midland, Ont.; grand lecturer, F. Schultz, Balduv, Man.; grand director of ceremonies, R. H. Watson; deputy grand chaplain, the Rev. Charles E. Perry, Toronto; the Rev. R. J. Jones, Avonlea; the Rev. J. C. Madill, Toronto; the Rev. D. D. Might, Springhill, N. S.; the Rev. H. C. Dixon, Toronto; the Rev. C. J. Wilson, Toronto; Dr. Sproule, M. P., Markdale; the Rev. William Walsh, Brampton; the Rev. W. C. Depraus, Concession; the Rev. H. A. Thomas, Lucan; the Rev. B. J. Chambers, Toronto; the Rev. J. J. Haylock, Balduv, Man.; deputy grand lecturers, W. M. Fitzgerald (western Ontario), W. J. Wright of Brockville (eastern Ontario), J. M. Mason of Montreal (Quebec).

DOMINION COAL COMPANY.

Canadian Shipments Will be Unusually Large This Year.

BOSTON, June 2.—The seventh annual meeting of the Dominion Coal Company was held in this city yesterday. President Henry M. Whitney occupied the chair. The following directors were chosen for the ensuing year: Henry M. Whitney, Boston; Hon. David McKee, Cape Breton; Hugh McLennan, J. S. McLennan, E. S. Pearson, James Phillips, J. W. Ross, Halifax; Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, Sir William C. Van Horne, Montreal.

President Whitney said he expected to have the plant of the New England Gas and Coke Company at Everett in full operation by Sept. 1.

The board of directors at a meeting later in the day elected the old officers for another year. It was announced at the meeting that Canadian shipments are expected to be large this year. It is expected that Montreal will take 800,000 tons this year, against 690,000 tons last year. The Grand Trunk and Canadian Pacific take between 150,000 and 200,000 tons per year. The Boston and Maine would be very glad to use it were it not for the smoke, but the coals will do away with the smoke. President Whitney holds out hopes of a common stock dividend in the not far distant future. He stated that there were matters which he desired to bring before the stockholders, but they were not in shape to lay before the meeting, and an adjournment was taken until June 15.

HEARTLESS MOTHER.

NEW YORK, June 4.—Mrs. Johanna Schilling, 35 years of age, and her two young daughters, Gertrude, age ten, and Edna, aged eight, were found dead this afternoon in their home at 305 East 84th street. All had been asphyxiated by gas, doubtless turned on by the mother with the idea of murdering her two children and then committing suicide.

The tragedy evidently grew out of a quarrel between the woman and her husband, Otto Schilling, a tailor. On Monday week they had a misunderstanding and the husband left the flat. Mrs. Schilling had a warrant issued for his arrest. Schilling just returned home a few days before the murder and suicide, when a policeman went to the house with the order for arrest. Schilling escaped over the roof of the tenement and did not return again before he was summoned to view the corpses of his wife and children.

STILL WAITING ON CANADA.

London Wants a Full and Comprehensive Statement.

(Special cable to the Montreal Star.) LONDON, June 2.—The Times and other New York and Washington telegrams continue to abuse Canada for daring to reject the agreement between Lord Salisbury and Mr. Choate, regarding the Alaskan boundary, after the raising of the joint high commission in February. What the British public would much like to know is whether Canada was fully consulted in the negotiations of this agreement. If not, Canada will receive much sympathy here. As the Outlook says today: "The British public feel that the day has gone by when any self-governing British colony can be dragged into a settlement in which it has no say. She is a junior partner and has a junior partner's rights, the last word being always with the senior partner. Mr. Smalley and his Washington friends would ignore this if they could, but it remains a central fact in the administration of the British empire."

A full official Canadian statement is greatly needed to meet the allegations with the Washington telegrams are prejudicially opinion against Canada.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

Good Common Sense

Common sense teaches that a debilitated system cannot be built up by continued purging, which reduces the strength of a body already weakened by disease. Most so-called blood builders are purgatives.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People

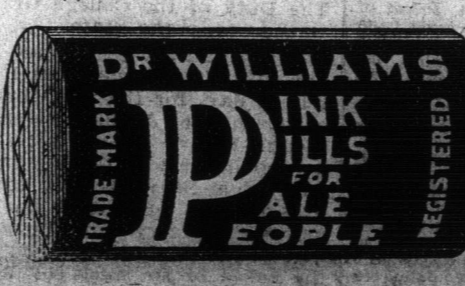
do NOT act upon the bowels. They renew and enrich the blood and make weak, tired nerves strong. They strengthen and only strengthen from the first dose to the last.

Most people find benefit from a tonic at this season, and thousands of authenticated cases prove Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to be the best tonic medicine known. That is why these pills have a larger sale than any other medicine in the world.

HEALTH BROKEN DOWN.

Mr. John Barley, Lachute Mills, Que., says:—"Up to about seven years ago I had always been a healthy man. At that time my health began to give way, and at last I was left almost a physical wreck and for the last five years have not been able to do steady work the best part of the time, and as the many medicines I tried failed to help me, I had begun to look upon my case as hopeless. Finally a friend urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and now after the use of only five boxes I am feeling well and strong. It is simply marvellous what they have done for me, and I shall always recommend them to my friends."

The same good sense that leads you to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a trial will prompt you to refuse any substitute an unscrupulous dealer offers. A druggist who says he has "something just as good," or "just the same except in name," is trying to mislead you for the sake of the extra profit the substitute gives him. The genuine packages bear the appearance of the engraving on the left, and may be had of all dealers or direct from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50.



AMERICAN SUCCESSES.

The Town of Antipolo Captured With But Small Loss.

The Troops Suffering from the Intense Heat and Hard Marching Over Mountainous Country.

MANILA, June 4, 8.35 p. m.—Gen. Hall's column, in the movement upon the Morong peninsula, completed a circuit of over twenty miles over rough and mountainous country, having two engagements with the insurgents, one of them severe, and keeping up an almost constant fire against scattered bands of rebels for nearly 24 hours from 4 o'clock Saturday morning, when the column left the pumping station.

The Filipinos were driven in every direction and the country through which Gen. Hall passed was pretty thoroughly cleared. At 10 o'clock this morning the column reached a point a few miles from Taytay, where Gen. Hall was met by Gen. Lawton, who had already entered the town and found it deserted.

Gen. Hall's objective point was Antipolo, ten miles off, and there was desultory firing all along the line of march. The gunboats could be heard shelling the hills in advance of the column.

The column, after driving the rebels from the foothills near Maria Chino, about noon yesterday, with a loss of but two or three slightly wounded, proceeded with all possible haste toward Laguna De Bay, the Fourth Cavalry in the lead, the Oregon regiment next, and the Fourth Infantry last. At five o'clock these three regiments fought their second battle of the day, and it resulted like the first, in the complete rout of a large Filipino force located in the mountains and having every advantage of position.

In this fight the American loss was four killed, three of the Fourth Cavalry and one Oregonian, and about twelve wounded. The Filipino loss could not be ascertained yesterday, but the terrific fire which the Americans poured into them for half an hour must have inflicted severe punishment. In this engagement our troops made one of the most gallant charges of the war, and the enemy was forced to flee in the greatest disorder.

It was the intention to press on to Antipolo last night, but this was found impossible owing to the two fights and constant marching for more than twelve hours, with nothing to eat since morning and no supply train in sight. The troops, moreover, suffered from the intense heat, many being prostrated and all greatly exhausted, consequently they bivouaced for the night on the second battle-field.

The cavalry, the Oregonians and two companies of the Fourth Infantry had just crossed a small creek about five o'clock yesterday afternoon and entered upon a sunken road, from

ACADIA'S CLOSING.

The Baccalaureate Sermon Preached by the Rev. J. H. McDonald.

Graduating Musical Recital by Miss Bessie Trites of Sussex—The Class Ode.

WOLFVILLE, N. S., June 4.—The Wolfville Baptist church was filled with a large audience on Sunday morning.

The students, in cap and gown, led by President Trotter, Rev. J. H. McDonald and the Rev. H. R. Hatch, marched, with stately step, and slow, up the middle aisle, to the music of the processional march. The front seats were reserved for the graduates and the long line of black robed figures was an impressive sight. The opening exercises were conducted by Rev. Mr. Hatch, pastor of the church.

The baccalaureate sermon was preached by the Rev. J. H. McDonald, Acadia, "I, pastor of the Amherst Baptist church, from the text: 'I appoint unto you a kingdom, as my Father has appointed unto Me, that ye may eat and drink at My table in My kingdom and sit on thrones, judging the twelve tribes of Israel.' In substance, the preacher said: As the disciples gathered around the table at the Last Supper, the request for the chief places made by James and John was not forgotten. They all desired the highest seats. The picture is intensely human. Many things combine to fasten in the student the desire for worldly success. This is right if no unworthy element is allowed to enter our ambitions. The apostles desired, not so much to be chief, as to be considered chief—and empty honors are still in demand. There need be no doubt about the phrase, 'Apostolic Succession,' for all down through the ages men have sought to occupy places whose only qualification was their untidiness. Many a man would consent to remain an ignoramus, if some university would confer upon him a doctor's degree, thus giving him the impression that he was a man of letters.

Christ taught that 'He who is greatest must be your servant.' Greatness is conferred upon those who live to give, not on those who live to get. Christ also teaches that the reward of service is judgment. 'Ye shall sit on thrones judging the twelve tribes of Israel.' This is a great principle. He who serves, in the spirit of Jesus, shall in turn be served.

In closing, he said, young ladies and gentlemen, enter the door of usefulness and work out a successful career. Be sure your service will be the measure of your success. Seek greatness but let it be the greatness of a noble mind, a pure heart, and a useful life. Seek it from Him who transforms the love of greatness into the greatness of love.

Alumnus hall of Acadia Seminary was filled on Friday evening by the friends of Miss Bessie Trites of Sussex, N. B., to listen to her graduating

rectal in music. The hall was beautifully trimmed with apple blossoms. Dr. Sawyer and the six primary teachers occupied the platform. The young ladies occupied the front seats and rivalled the apple blossoms in their beauty and sweetness.

Miss Trites gave with much taste and expression selections from Bethoven, Chopin, Rubenstein and Mendelssohn. She was presented with two beautiful bunches of roses at the close of the performance. A solo by Miss Lida Munroe added to the evening's pleasure. The young ladies of the graduating class then sang their class ode:

God save our little band; Here we united stand, Strong in our youth, God from all evil save, And may this standard brave Over us ever wave and truth.

Royal our colors are! So let our lives be fair, Steadfast and sure, Queenly, as maidens should, Keep our purpose good, Guard our womanhood, Royal and pure.

Rev. D. O. and Mrs. Parker have returned for a short visit to Wolfville from Massachusetts, where they have been spending the winter with their daughters.

Professor Siebets of Halifax has been engaged as teacher of the violin in Acadia Seminary for next year, in place of Mrs. Burpe Wallace, who has resigned her position. The professor will play some selections at the commencement exercises on Wednesday morning.

Prof. Sears, principal of the Horticultural school, has been engaged by the executive for another term, and his salary increased to \$3400.

A PEEP INTO THE FUTURE.

(London Punch.) The two weary African travellers approached one another from different points of the compass. Neither had the faintest notion where he was. "Bon jour, ser vous encharntay de vous voir?" said the first. "How do you do, Sare?" was the reply. "Voo parlay Onglais see bang que ser vous ser vooes at Frongsay." "You speak the French so much good, you are English, Mister." And both were right! Then they sat down and complimented one another upon the great advantage they had derived from coming to an understanding about the Hinterland.

BATH, Me., June 2.—George B. Hodgins, aged 46, of this city, shot himself in the head, with apparent suicidal intent, tonight. His death is expected.

WICHITA, Kan., June 2.—The Trans-Mississippi congress today adopted strong resolutions pledging support to and asking federal assistance for the proposed international exposition to be held at St. Louis in 1904 in commemoration of the Louisiana purchase centennial.

NEW YORK, June 2.—Edward Sennel, a half brother of fire commissioner John J. Scannell, was today sentenced to one year in the penitentiary for having entered into a corrupt bargain to have Frank McGowan appointed on the fire force. McGowan paid Scannell \$250.

ADVERTISING RATES.

\$1.00 per inch for ordinary transient advertisements. For Sale, Wanted, etc., 50 cents each insertion.

SUN PRINTING COMPANY.

ALFRED MARKHAM, Manager.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN

ST. JOHN, N. B., JUNE 7, 1899.

I. C. R. AND C. P. R.

The civic delegation which went to Ottawa appears to have been strongly impressed with the importance of an early and satisfactory traffic arrangement between the I. C. R. and C. P. R.

IN CHARLOTTETOWN.

The new liquor license law went into force in Charlottetown on June 1st, and on that day thirty-seven dealers in the town took out a license for six months, each paying a fee of one hundred dollars.

In the Michigan senate a bill has been passed setting in motion a progressive income tax measure. It exempts incomes under \$1,000; taxes at one-fourth of one per cent those between \$1,000 and \$2,500; imposes one-half of one per cent up to \$5,000, and one per cent on all incomes over \$5,000.

A Newfoundland cable states that as a result of the defeat of the minister of finance of that colony in the by-election in Placentia district, the Hon. Mr. Morine will assume the portfolio of finance.

Mr. Vincent Lean, who died recently in England, bequeathed \$200,000 to the British Museum, \$50,000 to the free public libraries of Bristol, \$5,000 to Bristol College, \$20,000 to the orphan societies of Bristol, and £1,000 each to three other benevolent institutions.

No Summer Vacation

St. John's delicious summer weather and our superior ventilating facilities, make summer study just as pleasant as at any other time.

THE ISAAC PITMAN SHORTLAND and the New Business Practices (for use of which we hold exclusive right) are great attendance promoters. Send for catalogues.

S. KERR & SON.

AFFAIRS IN FRANCE.

In December, 1894, a French court martial found Alfred Dreyfus guilty of high treason, and he was condemned to exile in a fortified place and to military degradation. He had been charged with having delivered to a foreign power or its agents secret documents bearing upon the national defence.

While it has never been claimed for President Loubet that he was a man of brilliant attainments, and while his conduct since his elevation to the presidency of the republic has shown him to be averse to ostentation, he has proved himself a man of moral strength and character.

M. Paul Deroulede, who is responsible for much of the agitation against the president and in opposition to revision in the Dreyfus case, is a political agitator who certainly does not lack courage and cleverness, but who nevertheless seems unable at times to save himself from being ridiculous.

He is a poet of ability, an accomplished dramatist, a dashing soldier, with a record of daring made in the Franco-Prussian war, a man of elegance in society, a conversationalist with a reputation for brilliancy, much sought after by the aristocracy.

Effect of Rewarding Births. French-Canadians Praline, While the Mother Country Loses Ground.

A Quebec special to the Chicago Times-Herald says: French-Canadians in the province of Quebec are increasing in number at a rate that is singularly gratifying to the Dominion government.

Causes of this fact are various. In France the small land owner does not begot a family larger than his agricultural possessions will support.

The I. C. R. yesterday took possession of their new office, No. 7 King street, and have carpenters, painters, etc., in charge, preparing them for the tick and freight departments. It will be two weeks before they are ready to be occupied.

MARINE MATTERS.

Ship Lennie Burrell, Capt. Larvik, arrived yesterday from Santos via Barbados. Sch. Awa and Nells, while anchored in Digby harbor during Sunday's gale, drifted and finally slipped anchors and were blown on a sand beach, where she now lies in an easy position.

A seizure for \$5,500 was taken in admiralty court at Quebec, on Tuesday, by captain of steamship Fort, Holmes, under the command of J. Scully for salvage. The Forest Home docked in the Scally eight miles from Cape Chate in a disabled condition, and towed her to Quebec, as before stated.

Sch. Beavert, which arrived at Melbourne April 15, reports shortly after leaving St. John, N. B., lost decked off lumber and carried away by the gale, off Cape Wigwag, southern entrance to Straits of Canso. Her hull was a total loss, crew and passengers saved.

Sch. Penline is to load lumber at Annapolis for the West Indies. She is to load lumber and laths for New York at St. John, N. B., and to load lumber and laths for New York at St. John, N. B., and to load lumber and laths for New York at St. John, N. B.

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ACADIA COLLEGE.

Distinguished Visitors Attend the Closing Exercises—Eloquent Address by Rev. G. O. Gates.

Synopsis of Mr. James Hannay's Able Address Before the Senate of the University.

WOLFVILLE, June 6.—Baccalaureate Sunday at Wolfville was an exceedingly interesting day. It was a perfect day in June and large numbers drove in from the surrounding country.

On Sunday evening, College Hall was filled with a large audience to listen to an account of the recent visit of the Rev. G. O. Gates to the Holy Land. The meeting was under the auspices of the College Y. M. C. A., and the talented speaker was introduced by the president, J. A. Glendonning of Moncton.

The subject announced by the speaker, and he kept the large audience enraptured while he drew perfect words and phrases from the land where Jesus was born and died. All who listened were delighted and instructed.

Mr. Forward McCrean, of Acadia, seems to have increased the interest of the Baptists of the maritime provinces in these institutions, for never before were so many visitors here for the closing exercises. Among the many who arrived on Saturday are: Hon. Governor McCrean and lady of New Brunswick, Hon. H. B. Emmer-son and Mrs. Emmer-son of Dorchester, Hon. Mr. Farris, M. P. R. of White's Cove, N. B., and Mrs. Farris; James Hannay of the St. John Telegraph, Rev. G. O. and Mrs. Gates, Mr. and Mrs. John Harding, Mrs. James Garding, Mrs. Peter, Charles Harding, Rev. J. H. McDonald, Dr. Saunders of Halifax, Mrs. (Captain) Robbins of Yarmouth, Mrs. Burpee Witter and Mrs. Waddell and Miss Waddell of Halifax, Mr. and Mrs. J. Christie of Amherst, Mr. and Mrs. Hay of Woodville, Mr. and Mrs. Clark of St. John, View, P. E. I., Miss Harriet Morton, Acadia, '94, of Bridgetown, and Mrs. Ralph Trotter of Amherst.

The annual address before the senate of the university was delivered this evening by James Hannay, editor of the St. John Telegraph. His subject was: The Duty of the College Graduate to the State.

It is with a peculiar degree of pleasure, said Mr. Hannay, that I find myself, for the first time, in the college hall of Acadia university. 'Altogether I have for many years taken a deep interest in the history of this part of ancient Acadia, this is the first occasion on which it has been my privilege to tarry here and gaze upon this beautiful portion of our country, the scene of so much joy and of so much sorrow. Yet although this university is new to me and I have not before known its eminence in a tangible sense, Acadia college has long been a familiar figure to my mind. I was brought to a knowledge of it, long ago, by hearing it spoken of as a college in which a young man of limited means could most easily obtain an education, which it has been my privilege to carry here and gaze upon this beautiful portion of our country, the scene of so much joy and of so much sorrow.

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MANCHESTER'S TONIC Condition Powder. A Preparation put up by qualified Veterinary Surgeons and Chemists. It is the most complete and reliable medicine for all cases of indigestion, loss of appetite, and general debility.

J. W. Manchester, veterinary surgeon has returned from Montreal. Those wishing to consult him inquire at Hamm's stable, Union street, St. John, N. B.

should never be absent from the graduate's mind, yet I fear there are many who give the matter but little consideration. In the days of our youth most of us are not apt to take any serious view of our duties and responsibilities. Yet it is clear that if our highly educated men do not take the lead in good works, those who have not enjoyed the same advantages will feel themselves in a large measure exposed for any neglect on their part.

The athletic sports attracted a large number this forenoon, and every event was well contested. Some unusual records were made. The most points were won by Steele of Amherst, who gets the gold medal of the association, Richardson the silver medal, and Rice of New Glasgow the third prize.

MAUGERVILLE NEWS.

MAUGERVILLE, Sunbury Co., June 6.—Frank, the eldest son of C. T. Taylor, has left home to try his luck in the States. He is a fine young man, and has been in the U. S. Army for some time.

The Aug. 1st, was disabled at the head of Grand Lake, and was towed here by the tug Ernest for repairs. A deacony meeting of St. John's church, conducted by Rev. J. H. McDonald, was attended by Revs. J. H. McDonald, Sub-Dean Whally, R. W. Colston, H. Montgomerie and A. B. Murray.

Miss Fritchard of St. John is the guest of Miss Venning, and rumor says that she will shortly take up her residence here. Mrs. Oswald Crockett is staying with her sister, Mrs. H. E. Harrison.

A few shad are being taken by the fishermen and an occasional salmon. Mrs. J. E. Stocker will continue to run the River Side hotel during her husband's absence in the old country.

WELSHPOOL, June 3.—The day schools here have had a visit from Inspector Carter this week. He is a very good man, and has been in the office for some time. He is a growing tendency, because I have noticed it as existing for the past forty years, so that instead of speaking of it as a modern evil I prefer to regard it as a survival of a less enlightened age.

UNION BLEND is the only tea in general demand throughout the Maritime Provinces. A case without a parallel in the annals of the tea trade. It does all and is all that is claimed for it.

Rev. A. T. Dykeman administered the ordinance of baptism to four candidates at Grand Bay on Sunday afternoon. On Friday afternoon Bruce C. Besse was arrested by Constable Robert Hennessey for peddling without a license. He was taken before Justice Allingham and asked for an immediate trial, which was granted him. He pleaded guilty and was fined ten dollars, which he paid after considerable demur.

DO YOU WANT Money?

Can you guess the missing words, marked by dashes, when complete it is the "quotation" used by over 20,000 people now residing in Canada? If you can supply the correct missing words you may get a present of \$100.00 or more in cash.

CONCLUSION.—This is a form of contest which does not require you to send any money with your guess, nor does it contain any element of chance. We have a perfect right to give away any part or all of our receipts. This is an honest method of advertising Scott's Stomach and Nerve Food.

Address SCOTT'S MEDICINE CO., Kingston.

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CITY NEWS.

Recent Events in and Around St. John, Together With Country Items from Correspondents and Exchanges.

When ordering the address of your WEEKLY SUN to be changed, send the NAME of the Post Office to which the paper is going as well as that of the office to which you wish it sent.

Remember! The NAME of the Post Office must be sent in all cases to ensure prompt compliance with your request.

THE SUN PRINTING COMPANY, issuing weekly 8,500 copies of THE WEEKLY SUN, challenges the circulation of all papers published in the Maritime Provinces. Advertisers, please make a note of this.

Eggs are 9c. per dozen by the case in the Halifax market.

The new liquor license law went into operation in Charlottetown yesterday.

The Halifax Herald says the indications point to a large tourist business this summer.

Every gold mine in Nova Scotia will send specimens to the Paris exposition.

Gas escaping from the street mains is killing off many of the finest ornamental trees in Halifax.

Three gold pillows found at Murray's mill can be had by the owner calling at No. 464 Main street.

Latest assays of ore from the St. Stephen nickel beds indicate that it will not pay for working.

The total loss by fire in Halifax in the last year was \$1,606, as against \$37,000 in the previous year.

An overcoat left on No. 3 horse cart the day of the fire has been had by owner applying at No. 474 Main street.

Mrs. Gould Brewer died at Burt's Corner, York Co., on Tuesday, aged 52 years. Her husband, five sons and three daughters survive.

Tanecook is said to have the honor of owning the largest girl in Nova Scotia. She is seventeen years old and weighs 230 pounds.

John A. Humble has a crew at work at Cross Creek station, York Co., loading deals. Mr. Humble has sold his deals direct to a firm in the old country.

Geo. Buskin, missionary, gratefully acknowledges the receipt of \$25.00 contributed in St. John in aid of the co-partnership mission of Algoma and the Northwest.

Mrs. Thomas Hill, daughter of John Gosline of Sussex, left on Wednesday for Boston en route to the River Conzo, Africa, where she will engage in missionary work.

The dates of the exhibition for this year have been fixed upon. The exhibition will open on Monday, Sept. 11th, and will close on Wednesday, Sept. 20th.

C. Bruce McDougall, publisher of the defunct Mohawk, Plaindealer, etc., has received an appointment from Mr. Blair in the I. C. R. offices at Moncton.

Mrs. Joseph Allison has given \$500 to Rockwood park, for the purpose of providing quarters for bears. Through her generous offer, the committee members were able to accept the gift of two black bears from R. S. Edgcomb.

This summer St. Andrews will have as residents the heads of two of the greatest transportation companies in Canada—Sir William VanHorne, president of the Canadian Pacific railway, and Hugh Allan, of the Allan Steamship company.

The civic delegation lately returned from Ottawa report that they received assurances that an amount would be placed in this year's estimates to provide for a light ship on the Lurcher Shoal. Should this prove true it will be welcome news to navigators.

Only tea in about the Maritime without a part tea trade. It is claimed.

administered to four cases on Sunday.

Bruce C. Reade, notable Robert without a II before Justice he fined ten dollars.

MISSING WORDS. When used by side in Can.

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ad of adver- Nerve Food, MEDICINE CO., Kingston.

Notice to Subscribers.

T. E. A. PEARSON, is travelling in Carleton Co. in the interests of The Sun

The signals carried on the baggage cars of I. C. R. morning trains, heretofore indicating the weather forecast of the current day, will in future be carried instead by afternoon trains, and will indicate the weather expected during the next day.

Fairfield Lodge, No. 225, I. O. G. T., by resolution desires through the press to express their approval of the confederation of the Dominion Alliance in a provincial prohibitory law, and extend their hearty co-operation. Also wish to express strong disapproval of the inaction of the government in the matter of the olebestic.

The Hardwicke correspondent of the Chatham World writes: Edward Carroll caught in Williston's salmon net last week at Fox Island, a codfish which weighed 25 pounds. When the fish was cleaned there were taken from its stomach 2 herring, 3 perch, 11 flounders, 2 crabs and 1 lobster 11 inches in length.

Rev. J. A. Gordon acknowledges the following contributions sent to him for the relief of fire sufferers: R. C. Elkin, \$50; a friend, \$50; Capt. D. McIntyre, \$20; Capt. H. Ferris, \$5; Dr. J. D. Maher, \$5; Dr. Black, \$5; A. W. Gray, \$5; N. C. Scott, \$5; chest of tea, W. F. Hestonway, parcels of clothing, Mrs. S. Price and Fred Flewelling.

Eleven French-Canadians, men and women, from Hull, arrived at Hampton on Thursday to work in the Flewelling match factory. This is the second contingent of French-Canadians that have been brought to Hampton by the Flewelling people.

Miss Isabel Monmillan has presented \$250 to the new Prince Edward Island hospital fund, which is to be set apart for the maintenance of a special ward for crippled children. G. Frank Beer (at present in Nelson, B. C.), has given \$50 towards the furnishing of the ward.

The rumored elopement of a telegraph messenger and a female competitor in an uptown printing office is the latest in the way of a sensation. The young couple left here for Boston by the early morning train yesterday.

At the closing exercises of the Rev. Episcopal Theological Seminary at Philadelphia, recently, the essay on "The Old and New Theology" was by Rev. A. B. Hubly, son of Rev. A. M. Hubly, Sussex. He has just finished his theological course of four years at Philadelphia.

Richard Rodgers, agent of the Imperial Life Assurance Co., was quietly married on Friday to Miss Fannie Murray Belding, daughter of William H. Belding. The marriage ceremony was performed by Rev. J. M. Davenport at the residence of Mr. Rodgers, on account of the illness of the latter.—Globe.

N. C. Scott's schooner, Wendell Burpee, left St. John last Tuesday, went up to Fredericton, loaded lumber, and reached St. John on the return trip Saturday evening, making a remarkably fast trip. Capt. Belding is the master. The Frank and Ira will try to beat the Wendell's time. Both schooners go to Salem for orders.

Says Saturday's Charlottetown Examiner: Mrs. William Leonard of Fredericton, N. B., arrived by the mail train last night, having been summoned on account of the serious illness of her little grandson, Allen Johnson. During her stay in the city Mrs. Leonard will be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Johnson, Prince street.

The caterpillar pest in Maine has assumed formidable proportions. At a point a few miles east of Newport they have taken charge of that locality and the rails and roadbed have been covered for several days with the worms. Frank Hammond, conductor on the Maine Central, says that this herd of pests will be due in Bangor within a few days.

BOSTON LETTER.

A Sharp Advance in the Price of Hay and Straw.

The Exolation of the Abandonment of New England Farms.

Spruce Market Steady—Mackerel Are Cheap—Personal Items of Interest to Provincial Readers.

(From our own correspondent.)

BOSTON, June 4.—While the entire western country has been soaked by heavy rains, vegetation in this section is slowly burning up for lack of moisture. The weather last week was warm and very dry, the mercury going up almost to ninety on two occasions. The farmers are feeling the effects of the drought, and it is expected that some crops will be very short this year.

In his annual circular with relation to abandoned farms in New Hampshire, Secretary Batchelder of the state board of agriculture says: The causes for the vacant houses upon these farms can be summed up under three heads:—

"First—The children left the old homestead for other fields of labor while the parents were in physical condition to manage the farm, and upon the death of the aged parents in later years have become engaged in business upon other farms or in other occupations and could not return. The farms have passed into the hands of heirs and are for sale.

"Second—Many farmers, either with children engaged in other vocations or without children, having received a competency by industry and frugal habits, have retired from the farm to the neighboring city or village to spend their declining years in a quiet manner, and the farm is for sale.

"Third—Sometimes the owners of farms, seeing only the bright side of other occupations, and no dark side in theirs, have left the farm for some other business only to be disappointed in having raised money to engage in the business, and in the meantime the farm, the farm is for sale.

To one of these three causes may be traced the vacant farm buildings to which the attention of people has been successfully called during recent years. The farm is for sale.

George H. Goodley, a Nova Scotian who was ordained as a minister of the gospel at Digby, was one of the principal witnesses in the trial of a slander suit at the residence of Mr. McArthur, of Pleasant house, Bridgetown, N. S., Kent Lodge, Wolfville, and The Orchard, Tapperville, Annapolis valley.

Provincial hotel man are advertising more extensively on here this year. Among those who are arranging for American tourists are the Acadia-Seminary hotel, Wolfville, N. S.; Tyn-y-Coed hotel, Campbellville; Hotel Acadia, Grand Tracade Beach, P. E. I.; Brodie's hotel, Farnborough; Mt. Pleasant house, Bridgetown, N. S.; Kent Lodge, Wolfville, and The Orchard, Tapperville, Annapolis valley.

A public reception is to be held on board the annual picnic steamer La Grande Duchesse here on Thursday, and the steamer is to take a party out for a short run. On June 10 the steamer goes on the route to Halifax and Charlottetown.

The Provincial club of Boston is to hold its annual picnic at the Annapolis, on July 15th. The committee in charge of this affair are working hard, and expect to bring the attendance up to five or six thousand.

Mrs. Mary McLean, widow of James McLean of St. John, died in Charlottetown May 23. William McArthur, formerly of Halifax, whose death occurred at Lowell recently, was buried on Thursday. James Shea, a native of P. E. I., died at 22 Concord avenue, Summerside, on June 2. The funeral was held on June 3.

The following from the maritime provinces were in the city recently: M. Johnson, T. J. Hood and Mrs. Hood; James M. Magee, P. S. MacNutt, St. John; Mrs. Peake, Charlottetown; Mrs. J. Plant, R. A. H. N. Cameron, Halifax.

Sharp advances have been made recently in the price of hay and straw, and it is expected that present prices will be maintained throughout the summer. There has been an average advance of \$4 a ton, while the prices today ranging from \$10 to \$18 a ton for hay. A late spring, unusual drought in the east and a good foreign demand are understood to be the causes of the increase in prices. No. 1 hay is quoted at \$13.50 to \$14, with prime eastern higher. Oat straw is dull at \$6 to \$7 a ton.

The spruce market here is steady and unchanged. Trade is fairly active, and prices are still the same as those agreed upon by mill men two months ago. Hemlock is in fair demand at \$10.50 to \$12.50 for eastern boards. Clapboards are dull and cheap. Spruce are quoted at \$28 to \$29; clear, \$28 to \$29; second clear, \$24 to \$25; extra pine, \$28 to \$29; clear, \$24 to \$25; and second clear, \$20 to \$21. Shingles are firm and in fair demand. Best boards of extra clear are worth \$3 to \$3.10; clear, \$2.50 to \$2.60; second clear, \$2 to \$2.10. Laths are firm at \$2.25 for 1 1/2 in. and \$1.90 to 2 for 1 1/2 in.

Mackerels are more plentiful, and heavy arrivals from the provinces have eased prices. Out of vessel mackerel have sold at \$12 to \$12.50. Large mackerel have dropped to 12c. each. Bank cods continue scarce. Dry bank are quoted by the whole at \$4.75 to 5.75; large, medium, \$4.25 to 4.50; large pickled, \$4.75 to 5; medium, \$4.25 to 4.50. Pickled herring and Georges, \$8 to \$10. Pickled herring are out of season, dull and nominal. Nova Scotia pickled are quoted at \$6.20 to 7. Sardines are rather scarce, with the demand poor. Wholesale

prices for quarter-cells are \$2.70 to \$2.85 and for three-quarter mustards, \$2.65 to 2.85. Canned lobsters continue very firm at \$3.10 to \$3.25 for flats, and \$3 to \$3.10 for uprights. Live lobsters are also very firm. They are held at 12c. and 15c. for boiled.

BATHURST. Sudden Death of a Lady While Attending Church.

The Salmon Catch Almost a Failure—Potato Buying for the Boston Market.

BATHURST, June 5.—The funeral of the late Mrs. R. B. Vall took place from her late residence on Sunday afternoon to St. George's graveyard, and was very largely attended. The services at the house and grave were performed by the Rev. T. W. Street. The floral offerings were numerous. The pall-bearers were Geo. C. Sutherland, John H. O'Brien, Robt. Armstrong, Richard Hinton, Jacob White and S. Melanson.

A very sudden death occurred here on Sunday morning. Mrs. Edward Battersby, about 70 years of age, who was attending the 8 o'clock service of the Roman Catholic church, fainted and before assistance came died.

The Rev. A. F. Thomson preached in St. Luke's Presbyterian church on Sunday morning. A large congregation greeted the reverend gentleman and listened with delight to his sermon from Rev. 21:3. "There was no more sea." Mr. Thomson's home is now in Truro, N. S.

The str. Glasgow, which has been here loading for the last week from the mill of Sutherland & Co., is expected to sail about Wednesday.

The change of time-table of the Carriquet and Gulf Shore railways went into effect this morning. The train for Carriquet in the afternoon at one o'clock for Carriquet and returned at 4:30 p. m. The catch of salmon this season has so far, been a complete failure, very few fish being taken.

In the advance in price of potatoes in the Boston market the buyers who have been here for some time have again begun purchasing.

PILOT COMMISSIONERS. The Lennie Burrill Case Decided at the Meeting of the Commissioners.

The pilotage commissioners at their meeting Monday afternoon decided that the ship Lennie Burrill, which arrived here the other day from Barbadoes, should pay two inward pilotages.

The board made a thorough investigation of the matter and after a long deliberation, Pilot Richard B. Cline was heard first. He stated that he spoke the ship off Burridge Island, in a small boat, about midnight. He had no pilot on board, and inquired if he desired a pilot. The answer was no, but Pilot Cline remained alongside the vessel for hours. The weather was not fine and there was a heavy sea on. Capt. Larkin and his officers and crew advised, according to Cline's evidence, to give him a pilot. Finally Cline left the ship, stating that he would return later on. Finally the pilot boat Twilight ran alongside the Burrill and Pilot Traynor was ordered to enter on Capt. Larkin to bring the ship up to the wharf.

Capt. Larkin admitted that Cline was alongside the ship and spoke him first. The captain explained that he did not allow Cline to board, fearing that he was a man seeking to steal his crew. The question put to Capt. Larkin by the commissioners in this respect, was if Cline's evidence, to give him a pilot, that he would return later on. Finally the pilot boat Twilight ran alongside the Burrill and Pilot Traynor was ordered to enter on Capt. Larkin to bring the ship up to the wharf.

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At a meeting of the directors of the Exhibition Association Monday afternoon, the following directors were present: D. F. McLaughlin, W. H. Thorne, Alex. Macaulay, James Key, C. A. Everitt, S. S. Hall, W. E. Burditt, F. A. Dykeman, E. L. Rising, S. L. Hetherington, W. W. Hubbard, S. L. Peters, H. Gallagher, J. M. Scoville.

President McLaughlin in taking the chair expressed his appreciation of the honor conferred upon him. He said he felt sure that the could rely on the hearty support of the directors in the discharge of his duties.

The executive committee reported that the association had received the pledge of a grant of \$3,000 from the province and \$2,000 from the City Council in aid of an exhibition, and that in accordance with a resolution passed in March last by the board of directors they had named the 11th day of September for the opening and the 28th of September for the closing of the formal opening to take place at 3 p. m. on the 11th, and the judges to enter on their duties on Wednesday, the 13th.

Arrangements had been about completed for cheap travel by rail and steamer to and from the exhibition, with very favorable terms for freights on live stock and farm produce.

The following list of chairmen of committees were offered for the approval of the board, and for such further action as might be deemed proper: Grounds and buildings, special attractions, special privileges, special employment and receptions, the present and executive committee; Manufacturers' products, W. P. Burditt; machinery hall, J. H. McAvity; natural history, Col. Markham; arts and fancy work, W. M. Jarvis; fruits and honey, S. L. Peters; horticulture, Jas. Reynolds; agricultural produce and vegetables, S. S. Hall; flowers, E. L. Rising; dairy products, W. W. Hubbard; poultry, G. A. Hetherington; press, R. O'Brien.

The report was unanimously adopted.

ed, and on motion of the secretary the gentlemen elected as chairmen of the committees were requested to submit a list of names of their several committees.

Some exchange of views and discussion was had as to the best measures to adopt to aid in making the exhibition a financial success. A number expressed the opinion that a fair holiday would afford all citizens a grand opportunity to visit the exhibition. The meeting evidenced a strong desire to make the exhibition of 1899 better than any of its predecessors.

MARYSVILLE. Two Graduates Receive Degree of B. A.—Exhibiting Gold Nuggets—Personal Notes.

MARYSVILLE, June 3.—Mrs. McCulloch went to Stanley on Friday to visit her daughter, Mrs. John McBean, who with Mr. McBean is rejoicing over the arrival of their first-born child, a little girl.

Frederick Rowley is visiting the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Rowley. Mr. Rowley has lately returned from Jamaica, where he spent the winter in the interest of the Bank of Nova Scotia. He leaves the first of the week for Halifax.

Miss Mary Caldwell, eldest daughter of the well known professor, received her degree of B. A. at the U. N. B., having completed the regular course. Lorne Rowley, third son of Alfred Rowley, has received his degree at Mount Allison.

Miss Edythe Gibson and the Misses McConnell have also returned home from Sackville for the vacation. Samuel Likely of St. John is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Likely. Abram Bridges of Shemfield made a short visit to friends here this week.

Harding Manser, Marysville's popular barber, was suddenly seized with paralysis on Friday evening. He had been at work all day and had gone home in his usual good health when he stricken. He is about sixty years of age.

Thomas Gordon is exhibiting gold nuggets today found on his area at Stanley, and is rejoicing in the hope that his claims are going to pan out well. He visited them of late and found these nuggets while prospecting.

Robert Hudson is building a two-story dwelling, to accommodate his family, on a fine piece of land lately purchased from William Brown, sr.

HALIFAX. Tommy Atkins Bang Must Go—Natal Day Celebration Abandoned.

HALIFAX, N. S., June 5.—There was a disturbance and some excitement in the Citadel Saturday night over an attempt to enforce a regulation as to the way a soldier must wear his hair. The soldiers did not take kindly to the order, ten of whom refused to carry out the command.

The men were more or less intoxicated, and some of them were thrown about, but of the soldiers were injured on the head and another on the body. Both were sent to the hospital. The guard quelled the disturbance and refused to allow the riotous soldiers to leave the barracks. One hundred and fifty other soldiers are confined to barracks for refusal to submit to the hair cutting rules, where they will be compelled to remain till they do so. The new regulation provides that the hair on front must not be more than one inch long.

Tommy Atkins' little curl must go. The Natal Day celebration committee today decided to cancel all arrangements for the observance of the day and to abstain from asking that the 21st be proclaimed a holiday. The teachers had objected to the loss of time which would have a chance to put in a full day's work.

The city council tonight decided to go ahead and complete the outlet of Young avenue sewer. Mayor Hamilton spoke of it as a scandalous job, but through in the interest of a few favored property owners.

BENTON. Funeral of Robert M. Kerr—Rev. J. E. Flewelling—The Lumber Drives.

BENTON, Carleton Co., June 3.—The funeral of Robert M. Kerr, whose death occurred on May 28th at the St. John General Hospital, took place at Oak Mountain, and was largely attended. The services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Fowler. Interment was in the Presbyterian cemetery. Conspicuous upon the casket lay a handsome floral wreath presented by the Knights of Pythias, of which order he was a member. The strictest brothers and sister have the sympathy of the community. During the past sixteen months they have lost by death their father, mother, and this brother.

Edmund Thomas, whose house was destroyed by fire last week, has a new one in course of erection on the old site, and the work is being rapidly pushed forward.

Rev. J. E. Flewelling again held service in St. Mary's church last Sabbath afternoon. He announced that he would move this month of this church and begin at once his regular pastoral duties.

Mrs. William Mulhennin was stricken with paralysis on Monday night. About five years ago she had a similar attack and only partially recovered. There is very little hope of her recovery this time. Dr. Turner has the case in charge. James Moxon is seriously ill. Drs. Griffin and Saunders are attending him.

The drives on Eel River have made favorable progress during the past week. The water has risen several feet and is still coming up.

Miss Lottie Gerow of Wickham, who came to the city yesterday, brought a small box of native strawberries. They were the genuine article, ripe and luscious, and are probably the first of the season hereabouts. It was with considerable reluctance that a Sun man saw them removed from the range of his vision.

Time is money, but we have all we want.

5,000 Bushels Oats!

Banner, Siberian and Early Goshland Seed Oats, also Ontario and Provincial.

CANADIAN and WESTERN TIMOTHY. Clover, Corn, Peas, Turnips, and Garden Seeds.

JAMES COLLINS. 206 and 210 Union Street, St. John, N. B.

WANTED—Buyers (wholesale) Smoked Shad and Kippers, Fresh Shad, Halibut and Gaspereaux, Also Fresh Cod and Haddock. THE HAMMOND FISH CO., Britain street, St. John N. B.

BIRTHDAY HONORS.

LONDON, June 2.—The Queen's birthday honors were announced today. Alma Tadema, the artist, and J. A. Boyd, chancellor of the high court of Ontario, were knighted.

Henry de Stanley, M. F., is bestowed a Knight Grand Cross of the Bath. Sir Charles Howard Vincent, M. P., and James Rennell Rodd, secretary of the British consulate general in Egypt, are made knight commanders of St. Michael and St. George. In the case of Mr. Rodd, the honor is bestowed as a reward for his successful mission to Abyssinia in 1897. Percy Sanderson, the British consul general at New York, is made a Knight Commander of St. Michael and St. George, and Capt. John L. Barr, of the British second-class cruiser, Intrepid, for his recent services at Bluefields, is made a Companion of St. Michael and St. George.

St. Charles Howard Vincent was honored for his services during the recent anarchist conference at Rome. The extremely meagre honor list is a matter of general surprise, as well as a considerable disappointment to many. No new peers have been created, although in quarters, usually implicit, it had been asserted that Sir Julian Pauncefote, British ambassador to the United States, would at all events be raised to that dignity. Neither are there any new privy counsellors.

Among the honors interesting to Americans, in addition to those already named, are a baronetcy for Prof. John Scott Burdon-Sanderson, Regius Professor of Medicine at Oxford university, orders of Knight Commander of the Bath for W. H. Preece, president of the institution of civil engineers, and Prof. Michael Foster, professor of Physiology at Cambridge university, and the order of Companion of St. Michael and St. George for Captain and Hon. Maurice Bourke, commander of the North American fisheries station in negotiation of his services in protecting the fishery interests of Newfoundland.

EVANGELICAL ALLIANCE. The Evangelical Alliance met yesterday morning in the Y. M. C. A. parlors. The vice-president, Rev. John Read, presided, and there were present: Rev. Job Shenton, J. A. Gordon, R. W. Weddall, Dr. Bruce, J. W. Clarke, Dr. Pope, Dr. Wilson, T. F. Fotheringham, George Steel, D. Long, J. C. B. Apple, M. C. Higgins, G. W. Fisher and A. H. C. Morris. Minutes of the last monthly meeting were read and approved.

A letter of condolence was ordered to be sent to the family of the late Dr. Carey.

In reference to the Sunday labor act, recently passed by the legislature, the alliance was asked to give moral support to it and assist the officials in carrying out the law. Dr. Wilson, Rev. J. A. Gordon and Rev. T. F. Fotheringham were appointed a committee to advise the alliance on this matter.

The following resolution was moved by Rev. George Steel, seconded by Rev. Job Shenton: The members of the St. John branch of the Evangelical Alliance hereby place on record their deep sense of appreciation of the excellent qualities of head and heart of the Rev. G. Bruce, D. D. For ten years his name has represented in this city all that is best in Christian citizenship and ministerial life. In all measures for the improvement of the citizens' highest interests he has taken a deep and active concern. His fellowship with Christian churches outside his own has been frank and cordial, while his constant attendance and hearty interest in all matters that have engaged the attention of the alliance have endeared him to its members and led them to think of him as a brother beloved. The members of the alliance, in parting with him, trust that in another sphere he will find enlarged opportunities for successful work for our common Master, and pray that God will enable him to abound unto him, to Mrs. Bruce and family.

This resolution was spoken to, move or less briefly, by most of the clergymen present, and all bore striking testimony to the great worth of Dr. Bruce as a pastor and a citizen, and all deplored his loss to the community. Rev. John Read presented the thanks of the members to Dr. Bruce for his services in the past, and conveyed to him the text of the resolution.

Dr. Bruce replied feelingly, after which the alliance adjourned.

The Methodist ministers held a short meeting in the Y. M. C. A. parlors at the conclusion of the Evangelical Alliance meeting. Reports were received from the churches. Members were received into the church on Sunday at Centenary and Fortland street churches. Rev. John Read gave a brief account of his visit to Backville at the time of the closing exercises of the Mount Allison institutions.

The Baptist ministers of the city held a meeting.

F. R. Whipple, who for the last two years has been in the employ of John E. Wilson, has severed his connection with that firm to take charge of the stove department of Carrier, Laine & Co., who are opening a St. John branch on Prince William street. Mr. Whipple is an experienced salesman, with a thorough knowledge of his business. Joseph Hazelhurst and D. Richards have also been engaged by the new firm.

SHARP & McMACKIN, 335 MAIN STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B. (NORTH END). THE LOWEST PRICED DRY GOODS STORE IN ST. JOHN ARE NOW SHOWING. Dress Goods, Hosiery, Men's Ready-Made Pants, Hemp Carpets, Floor Oilcloths, TABLE OILCLOTHS, Men's Shaker Flannel Shirts. It will be to the advantage of people living in the country to buy from us and save time and money, as our PRICES ARE THE LOWEST. Don't forget the place—335 Main Street, North End.

PROVINCIAL NEWS

NORTHEAST, North. Co., May 31.—The rain today and that of last week has started the growth wonderfully. The plum trees are in bloom and the apple trees almost ready to burst forth. Gasparaux and shade are here and we have had salmon for some time. Millions of young salmon are to be seen in the government hatchery managed by Messrs. Sheasgreen. In a few weeks they will be taken up the river and placed in the streams. About one and a half millions were placed in the river last season. Several lumber drives came out last week. Thomas Johnstone's is hung up and will remain where it is until next spring unless a very heavy freshet comes. Messrs McKinley are hiring men to go stream driving. Messrs. Brander and Keaton have come from the stream drive. The district is infested with pedlars. Mrs. William Forsyth is the happy mother of a baby boy. R. P. Whitney is able to be out overseeing his employes, who are rafting in the boom.

Miss Mary Ingham of Newcastle is visiting Mrs. Somers of Whiteville. Miss Robertson of Newcastle and Miss Rogers of Strathadam were the guests of Miss Whitney on Saturday. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hare have moved to Newcastle. They will be much missed by a very large circle of friends. Miss McLeod of Newcastle paid Miss E. Whitney a visit on the Queen's birthday. The house owned by the late Senator Adams has been purchased by a company of sportsmen, and they have employed these men, through their agent, Robert H. Armstrong of Newcastle, to furnish them with another house a few miles further along the stream. The steamer Rustler is making good time this summer. There are several tug boats on the river, the Loyalist taking the lead. The wharves along the river are not in a very good condition. Miss Annie Brander paid a visit to her home on the Queen's birthday. Miss Murphy visited her sister, Mrs. Robert Curtis of Whiteville. The Rev. Mr. Murray of Red Bank and Rev. Mr. Henderson of Chatham are visiting the Tabernacle congregation.

WOODSTOCK, N. B., June 2.—F. H. Hale, M. P., accompanied by two gentlemen, one from Ottawa and one from Boston, interested in plaster, passed through town on their way to the plaster rock this afternoon. There was a great rumour at Mrs. Lint's house, near the trotting park, last night. Two young men named Owen Colton and James Hanlon tried to get into the house, but were refused admission. The door appeared to have been forced and the inmates awoke to find Colton and Hanlon struck with a heavy piece of wood and knocked senseless. He was taken to a doctor, who had to put nine stitches in a wound in the head. Hanlon ran for the police and as an outcome, the whole crowd mixed up in the row were arrested. An examination began before the police magistrate this morning, but was adjourned until Monday afternoon in order that Colton's evidence may be heard. Clarence Nevers, a half-witted boy, was sent up for trial for having set fire to some barns at Colton and near the steamboat landing.

FREDERICTON, N. B., June 2.—The university students held their usual convocation celebration last night. A large bonfire was built near the college and the time honored salute fired from the cannon. At 10 o'clock this morning the students marched into the city and halted at the City Hall, fountain, where they joined hands around and sang, "Auld Lang Syne," and wound up with the college yell. The annual celebration of the Feast of Corpus Christi took place at the Indian village, Kingsclere, yesterday, and was a very interesting affair. Indians and their squaws and papooses were present from all parts of the country, some of them dressed in very fancy costumes. A special service was conducted in the afternoon in the church by Rev. Father O'Leary, after which the red men elected their chief. The choice fell on Andrew Paul, and Jack Solomon was chosen as first lieutenant. A jamboree took place in the evening. The police court receipts for May amounted to \$321.

HOPEWELL HILL, May 30.—The Rev. Dr. Ross preached in the Presbyterian church at Riverside on Sunday to a large congregation. Jos. Howe Dickson returned today from Ottawa. Mrs. C. A. Peck was last week in St. John, visiting her son, H. B. Peck of the railway mail service. Miss Susan Peck is quite ill at her home here from an attack of paralysis. Arthur B. Bray, who has been at sea in an American steamer for the past year, came to his home at the shiretown last week. Capt. Miles Ed-

get and Mrs. Edgett of St. John the visiting the former's mother at the Cape. The captain's ship is loading in New York.

HILLSBORO, May 30.—The instrument of the Hillsboro band have arrived, and the members will meet for practice two evenings a week. The band is gotten up under the auspices of the Hillsboro Reform and Literary society. One's eligibility for membership depends upon his adherence to the present local and dominion government. The horse, harnesses, wagons, sleighs, etc., of the estate of Gorham D. Steves were sold at auction on Saturday afternoon. The various articles brought a fair price. The recent rains have somewhat interfered with farming operations in low lands. The grass is very backward for this season of the year. The schooner H. R. Emerson, Capt. John Christopher, is loading at Gray's Island wharf for Boston. Capt. Council T. Wood left this morning for a business trip to New York.

Capt. C. T. Wood's daughter, Helen, who has been very ill with diphtheria for the last three months, is slowly improving, and now hopes are entertained of her recovery. Troop McKay, formerly of Surrey, but latterly of St. John, has set up a bicycle repair shop in Hillsboro. Such an institution was much needed. The remains of the late Miss Matilda Crossman, daughter of Mrs. Crossman, Hillsboro, were brought home on Saturday for interment. The funeral took place on Sunday afternoon. Rev. C. W. Townsend conducted the services both at the house and the grave. Miss Crossman died in Maine. Word has lately been received from Franklin Steves, who is now at Lake Bennett on his way to Dawson City. Mr. Steves is waiting at Lake Bennett for the ice to break up, which is expected about the first of June, so that he may proceed to the Klondyke country. Wetmore Steves of Weldon, who has been in New York all winter, returned a few days ago. Luther Wood, who occupies a lucrative position in New York, was home last week on a short vacation. Miss Mary Allan, who has been principal of the Surrey school for the last year and a half, will retire from the profession at the end of June. The Grand Lodge of New Brunswick, I. O. G. T., will have an excursion from Shediac to Summerside on July 19th. G. A. Abbinette, recently clerk at the Dufferin, is now bookkeeper for Dryden & Gibson, Hillsboro. J. T. Ward, proprietor of Ward's hotel, visited St. John last week. John L. Peck visited St. John last week on business. Dr. W. J. Lewis and family returned to Ottawa on Monday morning. The doctor speaks in the most flattering terms of the Rev. Charles and Hon. Geo. E. Foster.

HOPEWELL HILL, June 2.—A monument of white statuary marble, of very artistic workmanship, is being erected in Lieut. Geo. McClelland's lot of Mrs. Mary Robinson, wife of the late Wm. C. Robinson, and sister of the late Wm. C. Robinson. The monument was made by Charles Daley, marble worker, of Albert. Mrs. Lawson, wife of Rev. Geo. A. Lawson of Isaac's Harbor, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Albert, Wm. R. Stiles of Arlington, Mass., is visiting relatives at this village. The fourteen year old daughter of Hugh Patterson, who has been very ill with typhoid fever, is improving. Dr. L. Chapman is in attendance.

MEMRAMCOOK, June 1.—Geo. Mitchell, manager of the butter factory, arrived this week and making some necessary repairs to the machinery and building. He expects to have the factory in operation in a few days. S. Gaudet, builder and contractor of McGinley's Corner, has secured the contract for the new school house at Dochowest. Mr. Gaudet, who has several other contracts on hand, will have a very busy season. John Gaudet of St. Joseph has begun the work of remodeling the convent of the Sisters of the Holy Family. A new foundation is to be placed under the building, and a slated mansard roof is to take the place of the present gable one. Mr. Gaudet expects to have the work completed by September.

Work has been begun upon the foundation of J. B. McManus' new house. Mr. McManus has sold his present house to his brother, Sarsfield McManus. Mother Leon, who has been visiting the Sisters of the Holy Family at St. Joseph, left for the mother house in Sherbrooke, E. C., on Tuesday. J. B. McManus left this week for Shelburne, N. S., where he is building a large wharf for the government. The commencement exercises of St. Joseph's College will take place on the afternoon of Wednesday, June 7th.

SUSSEX, June 3.—Miss Mary Arnold, who has been residing with friends in the vicinity of Boston for some time, is visiting her friends at the Knoll. Marshall M. Price, father of H. B. Price, chief accountant for S. H. White & Co., is being seriously ill here. Mrs. Killian, wife of Samuel Killian, a well known truckman, died at her home yesterday, in her 81st year. Dairy Supt. Mitchell has issued a statement to the patrons of the winter's business at the Central Creamery and Provincial Dairy School. One hundred and sixty-one farmers patronized the creamery, and supplied 921,781 pounds of milk. Of this quantity 2,021 pounds were sold by the quart from the creamery and the balance was manufactured into 40,284 pounds of butter and 1,701 pounds of cheese. The sum realized from the sales of butter, cheese and milk was \$8,212.67, which, after deducting the charge for manufacturing, left the handsome balance of \$6,774.12 to be divided among the farmers for their milk. This speaks well for the farmers in this section, as two years ago there was little or nothing realized from winter butter making. There were six skimming stations in operation during the past winter, and the cream was all churned here at the Central. There will be a number of new stations open next winter, and there will be a considerable increase in

the output of butter, as farmers are beginning to see the advantage of keeping their cows milking throughout the whole year. Two courses each in cheese and butter making were given in connection with the school which brought nearly all the local cheese and butter makers together, and they have now taken charge of their factories, better fitted to carry on what is rapidly becoming one of our most important industries.

UPHAM, Kings Co., June 2.—A successful operation for hernia was performed on Chas. Titus of the Upper Mills this morning. The operating surgeons were Drs. Burnett of Sussex, Jas. Christie of St. John, Smith of Hampton and Allen of Barnesville. Latest accounts report the patient to be resting easily. A mining expert named Bates, said to be sent out by a company, is prospecting in the neighborhood for all kinds of minerals. Mrs. Jas. G. Titus has been confined to her bed for a fortnight under the care of Dr. Allen.

ST. STEPHEN, June 3.—An accident of a serious nature occurred at Milltown last evening. The town council has recently sold the old hand fire engine Torment No. 1 to the town of Princeton, Maine. Some repairs had been made upon the machine, and members of the fire department had it out for a test. It is hauled by a horse and rope, and on the return to the station house a number of small boys managed to get hold of the ropes along with the men in charge. The spirit of the old days seemed to inspire the hooligans, and they were hustling the old machine along at a very lively rate. One boy missed his footing and fell. Two others fell over him and the engine passed over the three of them. Howard Blackin had his leg broken near the hip, Frank Osborne's leg was broken below the knee, and Joseph Smith sustained injuries to his spine. They are about eight years of age. The boys are a son of Jas. E. Osborne, the well known dry goods man and horseman. The boys are suffering considerable pain today, though all are in as favorable condition as possible. Tramps continue to cause much trouble to residents on the beach streets. One was arrested in a field last night, who had in his possession a large number of begging cards printed with the customary verses. Another was arrested this forenoon. Like the three arrested last week, they were armed with razors.

The one arrested this morning met a boy on the street with a parcel, which he took from him by force. Conductor Murray Greene of the C. P. R. saw the transaction and made him give the parcel back. He notified Marshal Campbell by telephone, and the officer made the arrest. MICHELUCCI, June 3.—Maurice, the sailor who attempted suicide in the jail a few nights ago, has become quite vicious. This afternoon he set fire to his bedding, but the fire was discovered in time. He says he intended to burn the building. John C. Brown and Wilnot Brown returned this evening from a ten days trip to Ottawa. James White died at the residence of his sister, Miss Mary White, in Kingston, this morning, after a severe illness of seven weeks with laryngitis. The deceased had been identified with the fishing industry for nearly forty years. He and James Graham have been associated in the lobster business of late years, their factory being situated on the South Beach. The deceased was aged fifty-eight years and unmarried.

The Norwegian clerk Handy arrived on Wednesday morning at the sixth arrival this season. J. T. Jardine's bark Valona and Sagona and a Norwegian brigantine sailed this week. Mrs. Graham, wife of Michael Graham, a prominent resident of Molus River, is seriously ill. Dr. W. A. Ferguson of Moncton and Dr. Mearns of Acadia have arrived. The last evening to hold a consultation. MONCTON, June 2.—D. McCleave, whose stock of liquor was recently seized and destroyed by Scott act officer Belyca, has instructed his lawyer to take legal proceedings against the city. The police court receipts in May, including Scott act fines and costs, amounted to \$547.53. The council has accepted tenders for supplies for the water and light MONCTON, N. B., June 4.—The body of an infant child was found last evening in the roadside in the rear of the rural cemetery. It was in a box covered with earth. The body was wrapped in a pink night gown, and among the cotton wraps found on it was one with the initials "C. L. L." which may afford some clue as to identity. Part of a copy of the "Daily News" was also in the box. A post mortem indicated that the child was still born. BOIBSTOWN, North Co., May 31.—A very successful concert was given in the school house at Taxis River last evening. A choice literary program was carried out, after which the baskets were sold. The bidding was very spirited, and as a result \$38 was realized, to be applied toward improvement to the school grounds. Much credit is due to the teacher, Miss Daisy F. Glen, as well as all those who kindly assisted in the entertainment.

There is no change in this list. The steamer brought very little molasses last week from the West Indies. The market is steady.

There is no change in quotations. "White Rose" and "Cheese" 0.17 0.18 1/2. "High Grade Bark" 0.16 0.17 1/2. "Silver Star" 0.15 0.16 1/2. "Lined oil (bottled)" 0.50 0.51 1/2. "Turpentine" 0.27 0.28 1/2. "Safflower oil (commercial)" 0.85 0.86 1/2. "Extra grade oil" 0.55 0.56 1/2. "Soybean oil" 0.20 0.21 1/2. "Castor oil (commercial) pr lb" 0.50 0.51 1/2.

The market for both coastwise and ocean tonnage continues firm. Quoted rates are unchanged. New York 0.00 0.35. Boston 0.15 0.30. Barbados 0.00 0.30. Buenos Ayres 0.00 0.30. St. W. C. England 45 70 60.

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THE MARKETS.

Revised Every Monday for the Weekly Sun.

COUNTRY MARKET. The stock of butter is so heavy that lower prices are probable before it is cleaned up. Potentially more will be packed away hereafter, and more of the milk converted into cheese. If the market will be relieved and a better condition will result later. Ontario best is firm. Lamb in east. Eggs are steady. The prices of new cheese will be governed by the west, and sales of finest western were made in Montreal last week at 8 1/2 to 9 1/2 c. The market is now well stocked with greens and green vegetables in bunches. In old vegetables there is no change.

Table with columns for various goods and prices. Includes items like Beef (butchers'), Pork, Hams, Butter, Eggs, etc.

Beef (butchers'), per carcass 0.07 0.08. Pork, per lb. 0.05 0.06. Hams, per lb. 0.10 0.11. Butter (creamery), per lb. 0.12 0.13. Eggs, per doz. 0.10 0.11.

Beef (canned), per lb. 0.45 0.46. Pork, per lb. 0.10 0.11. Hams, per lb. 0.12 0.13. Butter (creamery), per lb. 0.12 0.13.

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HORSE FURNISHINGS.

We carry the largest and best assortment of HORSE FURNISHING GOODS in the Maritime Provinces, and make a specialty of the following articles:



BE SURE AND WORK THE HORSE.

H. HORTON & SON., 11 Market Square, St. John, N. B.

Advertisement for The Sherwin-Williams Paints, featuring the 'Every Mark' logo and text describing the quality and variety of their paint products.

F. A. YOUNG, 736 Main Street, North.

BUTTE CITY.

Smoke from the Mines as Thick as Halifax Fog.

Always Behind St. John in Its Street Car Service—Walter Allison Pays the Place a Visit.

BUTTE, Montana, May 27.—What might be called truly "Queen's weather" greeted the twenty-fourth of May. The sun shone out brilliantly all day for the first time in a month. The day was celebrated by the Sons and Daughters of St. George by a banquet in the evening at which some five hundred persons were in attendance. After the bill of fare had been considered a round of toasts followed, the speeches of course by leading American and British citizens containing many good things about the Queen and the English people.

Yesterday I had the pleasure of meeting and spending a couple of pleasant hours with Walter Allison, son of Joseph Allison of the firm of Manchester, Robertson & Allison. Mr. Allison has been in Denver for several months, where he is interested in mines. He took a run into Butte to meet some mining men, and while very reticent as to his business there is no doubt he has an eye on some Montana mining property. It was Mr. Allison's visit to Butte, and he was much surprised to find it such a fine go-ahead city. He returns to St. John in July to spend the summer, and will return to Denver in the fall.

St. John residents were greatly interested in the press despatches of the north end fire. The Associated Press gave a very good account in the morning papers. In probably only one respect is Butte behind St. John, and that is in the electric car system. The cars are mean and dirty. The seats have just a piece of carpet spread along them. You will find no richly upholstered vestibuled cars, the same as in St. John. The St. John system is as far above the Butte system as the sun is above the earth. The explanation of this was given me today by a prominent citizen, who said: Our car system, while not equal to the east, is all that the city demands, for the reason that the cars are only patronized by miners and laboring people; the other classes of citizens have conveyances of their own.

I have already made mention in previous letters of the remarkable changes in the weather. Today in the early morning the sun shone out brilliantly, by ten o'clock it was snowing heavily, and at noon rain was falling in torrents. On Thursday morning I had my first experience with the smoke and sulphur from the mines. At eight o'clock the smoke, like Halifax fog, was so dense that buildings on the opposite side of a street could not be distinguished, while the sulphur in the air would make a person cough almost incessantly. However, it was all over in about an hour. One of the peculiarities of Butte life is the fact that people who do not keep house lodge in one place and eat in another. Dining in Denver is a business. The English custom is universal in regard to meals; that is, lunch at noon or one o'clock and dinner at six o'clock. Mechanics and clerks start to work at eight in the morning, the former quitting at six and the latter at eight. But few men in business really work from almost daylight till midnight, where from nine o'clock till midnight. This is necessary in order to close up the day's business and be ready with a clear sheet for the following day.

KLONDYKE HORRORS.

Many Deaths from Starvation and Privation on Edmonton Trail.

WINNIPEG, June 4.—Two men were killed yesterday in a land slide on the Crow's Nest Pass railway. LAGGAN, Alberta, June 4.—Between 25 and 30 Indians were drowned yesterday in Lake of Clouds while crossing it in canoes. They were on their way to Portage. VICTORIA, B. C., June 4.—A party of prospectors who attempted to get into the Klondyke from the Edmonton trail, have arrived here. They say that there have been many deaths from starvation and privation on the trail and that at many points men are sick and starving to death. Supplies have been sent in to them. The body of one man was found in a sitting posture under a giant fir tree, which had the following inscription pinned on it: "If hell's any worse than this trail, I'm taking a chance."

PHILIP SAVAGE DEAD.

BOSTON, June 4.—Philip Henry Savage, clerk of the board of trustees of the Boston Public Library, died today at the Massachusetts General Hospital from appendicitis. He was the son of the Rev. Minot J. Savage, at one time pastor of the Church of the Unity on West Newton street, and now of New York. He was born at North Brookfield, Mass., Feb. 11, 1863; was graduated at Harvard in 1883; the next year studied in the divinity school, and a year later taught English composition in the college until appointed to the library. He had excellent literary tastes, and had issued several books of poems.

Vertical text on the far right edge of the page, including names and fragments of news items.

Advertisement for 'S.H. & M.' Bias Brush Edge Skirt Binding, featuring an illustration of a woman and text describing the product's quality and availability.

