MIRAMICHI ADVANCE.

VOL. 3—No. 31. CHATHAM, NEW BRUNSWICK, JUNE 7, 1877. D. G. SMITH, EDITOR & PROPRIETOR. TERMS—$1.50 Per Year, Payable in Advance.

General Business.

CUSTOM TAILORING

THE SUBSCRIBER has opened a FIRST-CLASS Tailoring Establishment in the Shop formerly occupied by Mr. Anslow, and owned by the Hon. Wm. Muirhead, near Letson's Scales, Water Street, Chatham.

Gentlemen wanting Clothes made to order for SPRING & SUMMER will do well to examine his splendid assortment of English and Canadian Cloths to select from.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS made up under the general supervision of MR. STEWART, who is A FIRST-CLASS CUTTER.

W. S. MORRIS.

Chatham, April 29, '77.

Bazaar! Bazaar!

THE LADIES of the Congregation of St. James' Church, Newcastle, intend holding A BAZAAR early in July next, for the purpose of raising funds towards improving and renovating the above Church, and take this opportunity of respectfully soliciting contributions and donations of material suitable for bazaar purposes, from their friends at home and abroad.

All gifts forwarded will be thankfully received by the following Committee, viz.,—

Mrs. James Anderson, Mrs. Wm. Park, Mrs. A A Davidson, Mrs. James Fish, Mrs Wm. Watt, Mrs. J. R. Nicholson, Mrs. John Niven, Mrs. Thos. Mullins, Miss Mary Ramsay.

MRS. JAMES MITCHELL, Secretary.

Newcastle, 6th March, 1877. tf

WHISKIES. WHISKIES.

730 CASES Scotch and Irish Whiskies, Bogue, Hutton & Co., Dunville, Barbour, Stewart's, Bullock, Lade & Co., Thorne & Cameron.

DANIEL PATTON, SAINT JOHN.

London Congou Tea.

160 HALF CHESTS "SUPERIOR" CONGOU TEA. For Sale Low,

DANIEL PATTON, SAINT JOHN.

July 18, 1876.

T. F. KEARY,

NEAR OF CUSTOM HOUSE, CHATHAM

IMPORTER & WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER IN

Choice Brands of Wines, LIQUORS and CIGARS, CANNED GOODS, ETC.

A large quantity of bottled ENGLISH ALE and IRISH PORTER on hand and for sale by the dozen or barrel.

Cigars. Cigars.

JUST ARRIVED—ANOTHER LOT OF Flor de Cuba Cigars.

JOHN MULLIN, DOCK STREET, ST. JOHN.

THOMAS FURLONG, WINE MERCHANT

And direct importer of Old Brandies, &c., &c.,

SAINT JOHN, N. B.

1-32

CORNED BEEF.

Just Received:—

21 CASES CORNED BEEF, in 2, 4 and 6lb tins, of the celebrated Libby, McNeil & Libby brand. Just the thing for excursionists. For sale low by

LOGAN, LINDSAY & CO. ST. JOHN.

Irish and Scotch Whiskies.

IN WOOD.

3 HOGSHEADS, 18 Quarter Casks, Hewitt's Cork Whiskey; 45 quarter casks Bulloch Lade, Stewart and Hay Fairman Malt Whiskey.

DANIEL PATTON, St. John

W. WALTON

KEEPS constantly on hand all kinds of LEATHER AND SHOE FINDINGS. Sign of the BIG SHOE HAMMER, GERMAIN STREET, Opposite New Market, Jul.5 ST. JOHN.

GEO. H. MARTIN,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c. 6 Market Building, Germain Street, Next door to Martin & Co.'s Auction Palace, SAINT JOHN, N. B.

Fine Watch Repairing done on the premises by first-class Workmen.

AUCTION PALACE.

No. 5 New Market Building, 86 Germain St., MARTIN & COMPANY, AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, SAINT JOHN, N. B.

Real Estate and Personal Property sold on reasonable terms. Consignments promptly attended to and quick returns made. Watches, Jewelry and Fancy Goods a Specialty. AUCTION SALES EVERY NIGHT.

J. G. KETHRO,

HAIR DRESSER, NEWCASTLE.

Ginger Wine.

25 QUARTER CASKS THOMSON'S GINGER WINE (LEITH.)

DANIEL PATTON, SAINT JOHN.

July 13, 1876.

To Rent.

The Chatham Agency of the Bank of Montreal, being about to remove to the new office in Wellington St., the Building on Water Street, lately occupied, is to Rent.

For particulars apply to F. E. WINSLOW.

GENEVA.

22 HOGSHEADS, 43 Quarter Casks HOLLAND'S GIN, Large Anchor and Key, Brands. 330 Cases, Blue and Green, same brands.

DANIEL PATTON, St. John.

OLD TOM GIN.

60 CASES Quarts, 100 cases pints, Swan, J. Bavet & Co., LONDON OLD TOM GIN.

DANIEL PATTON, SAINT JOHN.

The Bank of Montreal.

On and after MONDAY, the 12th inst., the Bank of Montreal will remove to Office in Brick Building rented from Mos. W. H. Kelly, formerly occupied by Commercial Bank of New Brunswick.

Money received on Deposit according to agreement.

Bills discounted, bought and sold. Collections made. Other usual Banking Business transacted.

F. E. WINSLOW, AGENT.

DAILY EXPECTED PER BELLE HARBOUR,

10 Puncheons

Copper Distilled Kentucky Bourbon.

DANIEL PATTON, SAINT JOHN.

GENERAL BUSINESS.

MILL SUPPLIES.

Z. G. GABEL,

—DEALER IN—

Particular attention paid to the fitting out of Mills with Rubber Hose AND CONNECTIONS, affording a great protection against FIRE! Also, Superior STEAM FIRE ENGINE HOSE!

EXTRA STRETCHED AND PATENT SMOOTH SURFACE Rubber Belting.

PURE Oak Tanned AND Patent Riveted SHORT LAP LEATHER BELTING.

GANG and CIRCULAR SAWS of the following makers, in Stock or supplied promptly to order. "Disston & Sons," "Welsh & Griffith's," "Wheatman & Smith's," and domestic and other desirable makers of Saws. "Vulcanite" Emery Wheels, the "best" and "safest" in use. Lacing Leather of Superior Quality. "Butchers" Files, Olive Oil, Seal Oil, Native Oil. Steam Packing of all kinds. Manhole and Handhole Gaskets. Gauge Glasses, Steam Gauges, Gauge Cocks, Globe Valves, Iron Pipe, Steam, Gas, and Water Fittings.

RUBBER GOODS.

A full assortment of all kinds of Rubber Goods, viz: Coats, Capes, Leggins, Ladies' Mantles, Air Pillows, Air Cushions, Balls, Combs, Toys, &c.—Wholesale and Retail—at lowest Rates.

Having a very large Stock of Mill Supplies and Rubber Goods, we can fill all orders promptly.

ALL OUR GOODS ARE BEST QUALITY.

110 PRINCE WM STREET, ST. JOHN N. B.

T. McAVITY & SONS,

DEALERS IN HARDWARE,

RUBBER AND LEATHER BELTING

Hose, Packing, Oils, Paints, Glass, Putty, Iron Pipe and Fittings, Steam Fitters Goods, Ingot Copper, Tin and Spelter.

Manufacturers of Brass & Iron Steam Valves, Cocks, Ships' Yellow Metal Castings

AGENTS FOR HENRY DISSTON & SONS'

Celebrated GANG and CIRCULAR SAWS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

7 and 9 Water Street, - - - - - - ST. JOHN, N. B.

JOHN W. NICHOLSON,

NELSON STREET, - - - - - SAINT JOHN.

Wholesale Importer and Commission Merchant,

DEALER IN WINES AND BRANDIES, TEAS, SUGARS, Flour, Raisins, Coffee, etc.

Agent for the following Houses for BRANDY, GIN, PORT & SHERRY WINES

Messrs. MARTELL & CO., Cognac, France; Messrs. NEWMAN, HUNT CO., Oporto; Messrs. JOHN DU KUYPER & SON Rotterdam: Messrs. CAREY BROTHERS, Spain; Messrs. RICHARD DAVIS & CO., Cadiz, Spain. 4j-

HARDWARE. HARDWARE.

JOSEPH R. GOGGIN,

GENERAL HARDWARE MERCHANT,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Iron, Best Refined Steel,	Table and Pocket Catlery,
Tyre, Cast, Octagon and Blister Chains,	Guns, Revolvers and Cartridge,
3-6, 5-16 and ½ inch,	Broad and Narrow Axes,
Clothes Line Wire,	Bench Screws, Maleable Castings, Glass,
Nails and Spikes,	Putty, Oils, Turpentine and Varnishes.

WATER STREET, CHATHAM, N. B.

LANDRY & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS IN THE LOWER PROVINCES FOR THE

CELEBRATED ESTEY ORGANS,

Universally acknowledged as the best organs made.

WE refer with pleasure to upwards of 600 of these Beautiful Instruments sold by us in the Lower Provinces during the past four years. They are FAVORITES EVERYWHERE.

Their prices range from $70 upwards.

A Beautiful Illustrated CATALOGUE —AND— PRICE LIST, sent free on application.

Parties wishing to procure one of these fine Organs are requested to write to us directly, as WE EMPLOY NO Travelling Agents but sell direct to purchasers, who Get the Benefit of our Discounts.

We warrant all our Estey Organs TO GIVE INCREASING SATISFACTION as they are used.

Owing to the peculiar construction of our reeds and the manner they are voiced, WE WARRANT EVERY INSTRUMENT to keep in tune FOR YEARS. And they are the only Organs known to keep so.

A WARRANT —FOR— FIVE YEARS, Accompanies each Organ.

We deliver our Organs and Pianos, Free of Charge, at the nearest port or station to the purchaser.

ADDRESS—

LANDRY & CO., 44 King Street, St. John, N. B.

READ THIS.

NO CONTINUED OR SENSATIONAL STORIES IN

THE PEOPLE'S LEDGER.

8 Large Pages, 48 Columns of Choice Miscellaneous Reading Matter every week, together with selected articles from the pens of such writers as *NASBY, OLIVER OPTIC, SYLVANUS COBB, Jr., Miss LOUISE ALCOTT, WILL CARLTON, J. T. TROWBRIDGE, MARK TWAIN, and Mrs. MARY J. HOLMES.*

Complete, pure, sensible, home-like, and fascinating stories each week. Full of fun and wit. A peculiar feature of the People's Ledger is its *Short Anecdotes and Paragraphs*, for which it has a wide spread reputation. *Housekeeping, Fashion, and Agricultural Departments*, are complete in all details.

SPECIAL OFFER.

As an experiment, and to induce you to become a permanent subscriber, we offer, for a short time only, to send *The People's Ledger* to you every week for three months *on trial* on receipt of *only 50 cents*. If we can induce you to give us a trial for so small a sum of money, we are quite confident of your patronage for years to come.

"The People's Ledger" is an old established and reliable weekly paper, published every Saturday, and is very popular throughout the country. Address

HERMANN K. CURTIS, Publisher 713 SANSOM STREET, Philadelphia, Pa.

SPADES, ETC.

LONG HANDLE SPADES;
SHORT HANDLE SPADES;
SOLID STEEL SPADES;
IRISH SPADES;
LONG HANDLE SHOVELS;
SHORT HANDLE SHOVELS;
CAST STEEL HOES.

For sale at Lowest Rates.

W. WATERBURY, 13 King street, St. John

SPRING GOODS!

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS ON HAND, A NICE —LINE OF— SPRING GOODS, Consisting of:—

HATS, CAPS, READY MADE CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, GARDEN, TIMOTHY AND CLOVER SEED.

Also—A choice assortment of LIQUORS always on Hand.

A quantity of CHEAP PLOUGHS on hand.

ROGER FLANAGAN.

Chatham, April 24, 1877.

Hardware, &c.

JUST RECEIVED, Per S. S. "NOVA SCOTIAN":

1 case J. Crook & Sons' Pocket Knives;
1 cask Cutlery;
1 case Wash Basins;
1 cask Nickle Spoons;
1 " Tinned Iron Spoons;
1 " Hooks and Sickles;
2 bales Twines; 1 case Saws;
1 case Rubber Combs;
2 casks Assorted HARDWARE;
43 bundles "Firth & Sons" Axe Steel.
37 bundles Spring Steel;

Daily Expected:

PER SHIP "HARRY BAILY":

320 pieces Plough Mountings;
9 Anvils; 2 casks Smiths' Vices;
8 Bellows; 12 doz. "Griffin" Shovels;
30 doz. Irish Spades;
2 Casks Irish Shovels;
10 " Chains; 5 casks Shot;
3 rolls Sheet Lead;
225 bundles Navy Oakum;
73 " Spun do
100 barrels Linseed Oil; 5 casks Paint;
55 boxes Tin Plates;
5,407 bars Refined Iron;
1,221 bundles Refined Iron;
100 tons Pig Iron.

I. & F. BURPEE & CO.,

3 c 20 SAINT JOHN

Brandy. Brandy.

1350 CASES, Pints and Quarts, Hennessy Martell, Vine Growers, Sayers Jules Robin, Pinet Castillon, Riviere Gardrette, OLD and NEW BRANDIES, in Bond.

DANIEL PATTON, St. John

WINES. WINES.

1 PIPE CHOICE SHERRY; 1 Pipe Choice Port; 88 quarter casks Superior Old Port Wine; 37 quarter casks Superior Old Sherry; 100 quarters and octaves cheap Tarragona and Cadiz WINES.

DANIEL PATTON, SAINT JOHN.

FISHERIES.

THE UNDERSIGNED are prepared to supply outfitting merchants for their patrons, the fishermen, with every variety of

Nets, Seines, Pounds and Traps

Required for their Fisheries.

Fishermen can apply to their merchants.

PRICES LOW

American Net & Twine Co'y, BOSTON.

March 20 '77. 3inly

General Business.

NEW BAKERY

THE Subscriber would respectfully announce to the inhabitants of Chatham that he has opened

A BAKERY,

from which he will deliver

Bread, Pastry, Cake, Crackers, &c., of the best quality, in any part of the town.

Orders left at the upper and lower stores of the Messrs. Johnston, or with the driver of the cart will be punctually attended to.

JOHN WYSE.

Chatham, 1877. tf

ESTABLISHED 1812.

L. H. DeVeber & Son,

WHOLESALE IMPORTERS OF Dry Goods and Groceries, St. JOHN, N. B.,

Would call the attention of purchasers to their Stock of Dry Goods and Groceries, which they can offer on terms as favorable as if imported direct.

MILL SUPPLIES.

Just received and in Stock:—

30 BALES BEST RUBBER BELTING
18 rolls LEATHER do.
1 bale LACING;
14 cases "Wheaton & Smith" SAWS;
12 " "Diston's" do.
1 cask Butcher's FILES;
35 bbls. PALE SEAL OIL;
120 " LUBRICATING OILS;
2 cases "EMERY" WHEELS.

—ALSO—

Tin Oilers, Wrenches, Braces, and everything suitable for Mill use.

Call and examine.

W. H. THORNE & CO.

Ale. More Ale.

DAILY EXPECTED per "E. J. Shanks," from the Brewery of A. Keith & Sons:—

Pale Ale in hhds., halves, in Bottles (qts. and pts.)

This Ale is warranted to keep during the hot weather in summer season, when all other Ales turns sour. Persons in want will please send their orders immediately, so that I can deliver without having to store it.

JOHN MULLIN,

14 16 and 18 Dock Street, St. John, Sole Agent

H. CHUBB & CO.,

Printers and Stationers, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Mercantile, Legal, School and Fancy Stationery.

BLANK BOOKS,—RULED, BOUND AND PRINTED TO ORDER.

—Sole Agents for—

The Diamond Blue-Black Writing and Copying Ink.

CHROMOS. The largest and finest stock in the world, on bracing over 5,000,000 Chromos, Paintings and Choice Prints, at our enlarged ART ROOMS. All the new and popular subjects at rock-bottom prices. The Falls of the Rhine, size 20x28—romantic and grand; Scene on the Susquehanna, one of the hits of the season, size 19x27; Lake Lucerne, Switzerland, the most beautiful lake in the world; Isola Bella, a charming scene in Northern Italy, companion to the preceding; Off Boston Light, a beautiful marine, size 14x20, in great demand; Old Oaken Bucket, White Mountains, Niagara Falls, Newport, Saratoga, Gathering Primroses, At the Sea Shore, Paddy in Difficulty. Also—Virgin Vesta, Snow Storm, American Fruit and other 24x30 subjects. Floral Business Cards; Sunday School Cards; Statuary; Mottoes, Black Ground Panels, etc. Also the finest and most complete assortment of 9x11 Chromos, both on white mounts, blue line, and black mounts, gold line. Our stock embraces everything desirable for Dealers, Agents or Premium purposes, and all should test our prices and quality of work. The right parties can realize an independence in every locality by taking an agency for our stretched and framed Chromos. Particulars free. Illustrated Catalogue on receipt of stamp. Send for $8 or $5 outfit. Address,

J. LATHAM & CO., 419 Washington St., Boston, Mass

JAMES NOTMAN,

PHOTOGRAPHER,

PRINCE WILLIAM STREET

Facing Market Square.

SAINT JOHN, ... N. B.

ZELL'S ENCYCLOPEDIA.

NEW REVISED EDITION—150,000 articles, 3,000 Engravings, and 18 splendid maps. The BEST BOOK of universal knowledge in the language. Now in course of publication. SPECIMEN with map sent for 20 cts. AGENTS WANTED.

CHAS. H. DAVIS & Co., Philadelphia Feb. 24.

EXCELSIOR PRINTING INK CO.

BEST AND CHEAPEST

PRINTING INK IN THE MARKET.

13 Barclay st., - NEW YORK.

July 10

W. WATERBURY,

IMPORTER OF

English & American Hardware,

Butcher's Mill Files,

POCKET & TABLE CUTLERY, LOCKS, HINGES, KNOBS, &c.

No. 13, King - Street, St. John, N. B.

NOTICE.

FOR the present we have established ourselves at No. 8, North Wharf, where we will be able to attend to our Customers as usual, and hope to be back to the old stand again early in MAY.

I. & F. BURPEE & CO., SAINT JOHN

"VICTOR HUGO."

The Northumberland Agricultural Society will travel for the Season the above Entire Horse, throughout the various settlements.

All further information and places of Stoppage made known by the Groom, to whom all Fees must be paid by the end of the traveling season.

Services for the Season, $4.00

D. T. JOHNSTONE, Secretary.

WM. SEARLE, *Groom.*

Chatham, April 27th, 1877.

BASS' ALE.

JUST RECEIVED ex-*Olympia*, from Liverpool:—25 Hhds. Bass' PALE ALE. For Sale low by

M. A. FINN, Water St., St. John.

Traveler's Column.

STEAMERS "New Era" and "Andover."

DURING the obstruction of the Navigation of the South West River, and until further notice, the above steamers will run as follows:—

Leave Newcastle. "NEW ERA."	Leave Chatham.
8.30 a. m.	9.30 a. m.
11 "	12 noon.
2 p. m.	3.15 p. m.
6 "	7.30 "

ON SATURDAY EVENINGS the "New Era" will leave Newcastle at 6.30 p. m., instead of 6; and Chatham at 8 p. m., instead of 7.30.

"ANDOVER," on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday of each week, will leave Newcastle for Derby, at 7 a. m.; Derby for Chatham, at 9 a. m.; Chatham for Derby at 2 p. m.; Derby for Newcastle at 5 p. m.

Connecting with "New Era" for Chatham on Thursdays, will leave Newcastle for Redbank at 8 a. m.; Redbank for Chatham at 8 a. m.; Chatham for Redbank at 1 p. m.; Redbank for Newcastle at 4 p. m., connecting with "New Era" for Chatham.

CALL & MILLER, Owners.

Newcastle, May 19, 1877.

Chatham Branch Railway.

ON & AFTER MONDAY, MAY 7TH, until further notice, Trains will run on this Railway daily, (Sundays excepted) as follows:—

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	No. 1 EXPRESS.	No. 2 ACCOM'DATION
Chatham, Depart,	11.00 p. m.,	9.00 a. m.
Chatham Junc'n, Arrive	11.40 "	9.35 "
" " Depart,	5.00 a. m.,	9.50 "
Chatham, Arrive,	5.30 "	10.20 "

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	No. 3. ACCOMM'TION.	No. 4. EXPRESS.
Chatham, Depart,	4.00 p. m.,	11.00 p. m.
Chatham Junc., Arrive,	4.40 "	11.40 "
" " Depart,	4.50 "	5.00 a. m.
Chatham, Arrive,	5.25 "	5.30 "

Tickets are issued at Chatham Station to all Stations on the Intercolonial and freight is despatched therefrom to all points North and South.

Close connections are made with both DAY and NIGHT Trains on the Intercolonial.

The above Table is made up on St. John Time, which is 20 Minutes Faster than I. C. R. time on the Northern Division.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

St. John, Miramichi, Campbellton, &c.

1877.—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.—1877.

ON and after MONDAY, MAY 7th, until further notice TRAINS will run as follows:—

FROM ST. JOHN.

EXPRESS leaves St. John at 8.10 a. m., arriving at Weldford at 2.15 p. m., Chatham Junction at 4.20 p. m., (at Chatham about 35 minutes later) Miramichi at 4.40 p. m, Bathurst at 7.19, and Campbellton at 11.35 p m.

(The above is Accommodation North of Moncton.)

NIGHT EXPRESS leaves St. John at 10 p. m., and reaches Weldford at 3.15 a.m., Chatham Junction at 4.28 a. m., (Chatham about 35 minutes later), Miramichi at 4.40 a. m., Bathurst at 6.08 a. m., and Campbellton at 8.15 a. m.

FROM HALIFAX.

Express Passengers, who leave Halifax by 7.25 p. m. train, reach Weldford, Newcastle, Chatham and other points North at same time as those leaving St. John by 10 p. m. train.

FROM POINTS NORTH.

Passengers taking the Accommodation (or day) train at Campbellton at 2 a. m; Bathurst at 6.10 a. m.; Miramichi at 9 a. m.; Chatham at 9.05, St. John time), Chatham Junction at 9.25 a. m., and Weldford at 11.50 a. m., reach St. John at 7.25 same evening.

Passengers taking the Express train at Campbellton at 7.45 p. m.; Bathurst at 9.51 p. m.; Miramichi at 11.19 p. m., Chatham Junction at 11.31 p. m., (leaving Chatham at 11.10 p. m.) and Weldford at 12.40 a. m., reach St. John at 6.25 next morning.

At all points in above on Northern Division (from Moncton North) Quebec time, which is 20 minutes slower than St. John time, is meant; Chatham alone being excepted, the train on the Branch Railway running on St. John time.

C. J. BRYDGES, General Supt. of Gov't Railways

Anchor Line.

UNITED STATES and British Mail Steamers, sailing EVERY SATURDAY to and from New York and Glasgow (via Londonderry), and every alternate SATURDAY to and from New York and London.

Steamers sail from Piers 20 and 21, N. R. New York.

Rates of Passage—Payable in United States currency:—

BY THE GLASGOW STEAMERS.

Cabin (according to location of berth) $65 to $80. Excursion Tickets (good for 1 year), $120 to $140. Intermediate, $33; Steerage, $28.

BY THE LONDON STEAMERS.

Cabin according to location of berth) $55 to $70 Excursion Tickets (good for 1 year), $100 to $120. Intermediate, $35; Steerage, $28

Through Bills of Lading granted to all the principal points in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia.

Freight taken upon as favorable terms as by any other first-class Trans-Atlantic S. S. Line.

No Bill of Lading will be signed for a less sum than half a guinea.

Parties desirous of bringing out their friends should make application to the Subscribers, who will grant Certificates of Passage from any place in England, Ireland or Scotland to St. John, N. B., which are good for twelve months.—Drafts issued payable on presentation in sums of £1 upwards.

RATES OF PASSAGE:

Cabin, 13 guineas. — Steerage, 30 dollars.

For plans of Cabins, Passage Tickets, Drafts, or any further information, apply to or address Henderson Brothers, 49 Union street, Glasgow; 17 Water Street, Liverpool; 19 Leadenhall street, London, E. C.; 30 Foyle St., Londonderry; 3 Rue Scribe, Paris; 96 Washington st., Chicago; 7 Bowling Green, New York, and T. A. S. DeWolf & Son, Halifax; or in Saint John to Scammell Brothers, 19 Smyth St.

D. G. SMITH, Agent, Chatham.

1877.

International Steamship Co'y.

SPRING ARRANGEMENT.

TWO TRIPS A WEEK!

ON and after THURSDAY, March 29th, and until further notice, the splendid sea-going Steamers "*NEW BRUNSWICK*," E. B. Winchester, master, and "*CITY OF PORTLAND*," S. N. Pike, master, will leave Reed's Point Wharf, every MONDAY and THURSDAY MORNINGS, at 8 o'clock, for Eastport, Portland and Boston, connecting at Eastport with Steamer *Belle Brown* for St. Andrews and Calais.

Returning will leave Boston every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 8 o'clock, and Portland at 6 p. m., after the noon train arrives from Boston, from Eastport and St. John.

No claims for allowance after goods leave the Warehouse.

Freight received Wednesday and Saturday only, up to 6 o'clock, p. m.

H. W. CHISHOLM, AGENT.

St. John, April 9, 1877.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

No. 7 Market Square.

JUST RECEIVED:—15 Cases and Bales containing—

Black Alpacas, Black French Merinoes,
Black Sicilians, Black Henrietta Cloths,
Black Paramattas, Black Persian Cords,
Black Crape Cloths, Black Coburgs,
Plain and Fancy Dress Stuffs in new shades
English and American Prints and Cambrics, in great variety,
Hindoo, Regatta and Tweed Shirtings,
Table Damasks,—in bleached, half-bleached and Brown;
Table Cloths, Towels and Towellings,
Linen and Cotton Shirtings and Pillowings,
English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,
Black Broadcloths, Doeskins and Kerseymers,
Worsted Coatings—in Stripes, Checks & Diagonals;
Black Silk Velvets and Fancy Vestings, &c.;

To which I invite the attention of close cash purchasers.

P. J. QUINN,

7 Market Square, - - - - - St. John.

AGENTS Canvassers and Business Men of all classes, send postal card for just what you want to H. T. FOLEY, 38 Duke-street, St. John, N. B.

Insurance.

FIRE BRANCH.

ROBERT MARSHALL'S FIRE AND MARINE AGENCY.

ST. JOHN, N. B.

Applications may be made to the following Representatives.

CHATHAM:—T. F. GILLESPIE, W. WILKINSON.
NEWCASTLE:—A. A. DAVIDSON, M. ADAMS.
BATHURST:—JOHN E. BALDWIN, ANTHONY RAINEY.
DALHOUSIE:—GEORGE HADDOW.
RICHIBUCTO:—H. LIVINGSTON, J. D. PHINNEY.

Imperial Fire Insurance Co.

OF LONDON, ESTABLISHED 1803.

Capital and Cash Assets exceed £2,000,000 sterling

THE ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,

INCORPORATED 1819.

Cash Capital and Assets over $6,000,000.

The Hartford Fire Insurance Company,

INCORPORATED 1810.

Cash Capital and Assets over $2,500,000.

BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1833.

Capital and Assets $600,000. Its funds are invested in undoubted securities.

Phœnix Company of Brooklyn,

ESTABLISHED 1853.

Cash Capital and Accumulated Fund $2,000,000

Dwelling Houses, whether built or in course of construction, as well as furniture, contained therein, insured for *terms of one or three years, at lowest rates.* Steam Saw Mills, Vessels on the stocks—or in port, Warehouses, Merchandise and Insurable property, of every description covered on the lowest possible terms.

ROBERT MARSHALL,

GENERAL AGENT, NOTARY PUBLIC AND BROKER

March 12—5¼-5

ROYAL CANADIAN Insurance Company.

AVAILABLE ASSETS—ONE MILLION AND A QUARTER DOLLARS.

HEAD OFFICE:—160 ST. JAMES STREET MONTREAL.

NEW BRUNSWICK BRANCH.

Office No, 8 Princess St. St. John, N. B

DIRECTORS:

J. S. B. DEVEBER, M. P. Chairman.
SIMEON JONES T. W. ANGLIN, M. P.
JOHN H. PARKS, THOS. FURLONG.

G. SIDNEY SMITH, Solicitor

All descriptions of property Insured against Fire at moderate rates.

M. & T. B. Robinson, General Agents.

WM. A. PARK, Local Agent, Chatham and Newcastle.

General Business.

REMOVAL.

THE Subscriber would respectfully announce to his customers and the public generally that he has removed his Tailoring Business to the shop owned by Caleb McCulley, Esq., and formerly occupied by Mr. David Webster.

F. O. PETTERSON.

Chatham, MAY 1st, '77. 1in3E28

AGENTS and everybody who want to make money should send for the Agent's Receipt Book, just published. It contains full directions for making and selling 100 articles that are in universal demand. Sent, securely packed, by mail, for 50 cents. Address F. W. Kimball, Auburn, Maine, U. S. A.

THE BLACK HILLS,

By H. N. MAGUIRE, who has spent twelve years in this region. Latest accounts of Gold and Silver prospects, Agricultural and Grazing resources, Climate, Hunting, Fishing, Indians, and Settlers' adventures with them, Mining and Wild Western Life, the Waterfalls, Boiling Geysers, noble Scenery, immense Gorges, etc. With 27 fine illustrations, and new map. Price ONLY 10 CENTS. Sold by ALL NEWSDEALERS, or sent postpaid for 10 cents by DONNELLY, LLOYD & CO., Publishers Chicago, Ill.

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine.

$55 to $77 a Week to Agents. $10 *Outfit Free.* P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

WANTED A number of GOOD AGENTS at $500 per month, to sell in the Provinces our Improved Letter Copying Book, warranted to copy all letters on dry paper perfectly without use of Press, Brush, or Water.

AGENTS Single orders filled by Mail, postage paid. Send stamp for Circular and Prices. BEWARE of base imitations, as unprincipled parties are trying to palm off a worthless counterfeit in Canada. C. A. COOK & Co., Sole Proprietors Chicago, Ill.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

Price, Twenty-Five Cents.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING

ONE HUNDRED AND NINTH EDITION.

Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States, the Territories, and the Dominion of Canada, having a population greater than 5,000, according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest local circulation in each of the places named. Also, a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended to advertisers as giving greatest value in proportion to prices charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada printing over 5,000 copies each issue. Also, all the Religious, Agricultural, Scientific and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic, Juvenile, Educational, Commercial, Insurance, Real Estate, Law, Sporting, Musical, Fashion, and other special class journals; very complete lists. Together with a complete list of over 800 German papers printed in the United States. Also, an essay upon advertising; many tables of rates, showing the cost of advertising in various newspapers, and everything which a beginner in advertising would like to know. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

25 FANCY CARDS, no two alike, with name, 10c., or 25 Scroll Cards, 10c. Spencer & Co., Nassau, N. Y.

25 EXTRA FINE MIXED CARDS, with name, 10 cts. postpaid. L. JONES & Co., Nassau, N. Y.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. STINSON & Co., Portland Maine.

L. H. DeVeber & Sons'

IMPORTS

FOR SPRING, 1877.

SAINT JOHN.

The Leading Lines are:

AMERICAN PRINTS, English do. } In great variety.

Dress Goods and Lustres—a large stock;

Hosiery and Gloves;

Heavy Domestics—in English and American.

Tickings and Carpetings;

COATINGS and TROUSERINGS;

DRESS LINENS;

PARASOLS;

FLOWERS and FEATHERS.

The Canadian Department will be found attractive.

Goods sold by the Package on Special Terms.

Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM, THURSDAY, JUNE 7, 1877.

Old Sayings in a Rhyme.

As poor as a church mouse;
As thin as a rail;
As fat as a porpoise,
As rough as a gale;
As brave as a lion,
As spry as a cat;
As bright as a sixpence,
As weak as a rat.

As proud as a peacock,
As sly as a fox;
As mad as a march hare,
As strong as an ox;
As fain as a lily;
As empty as air;
As rich as a Cressus,
As cross as a bear.

As pure as an angel,
As neat as a pin;
As smart as a steel trap,
As ugly as sin;
As dead as a door nail,
As white as a sheet;
As flat as a pancake,
As red as a beet.

As round as an apple,
As black as a hat;
As brown as a berry;
As blind as a bat;
As mean as a miser;
As full as a tick;
As plump as a partridge,
As sharp as a stick.

As clean as a penny,
As dark as a pall;
As hard as a millstone,
As bitter as gall;
As fine as a fiddle,
As clear as a bell;
As dry as a herring;
As deep as a well.

As light as a feather,
As hard as a rock;
As stiff as a poker,
As calm as a clock;
As green as a gosling,
As brisk as a bee;—
And now let me stop,
Lest you weary of me.

—Boston Gazette.

[Written for the Miramichi Advance.]

Nine Days in Salt Lake City

By George J. Forbes, Kouchibouguac.

CHAPTER VI.

A WIFE NOT A LUXURY—BRIGHAM'S SERAGLIO—UNIQUE WALL—IN THE TABERNACLE—THE FASHIONS—THE PROPHET AS HE APPEARS, (AS HE IS, NEXT WEEK.)

The prudent man, who contemplates entering on the estate of matrimony, will, perforce, cast his eyes about him in search of a temple, in which to enshrine the prospective deity. If, in this matter, his desires take a wide range, the accommodation will have to be ample. A large domicile may, by judicious division and forbearance on the part of the inmates, be found, sufficient for three women, who one and all claim the rank of wives; but if we increase this number, we will also have to increase the number of our possessions, in the shape of houses. The necessities of the polygamist in this respect, may be looked on, as a part of the punishment, which always attends an infraction of nature's laws. It has never been contended that the man who takes unto himself a wife, is indulging in the luxuries of life, except, in very rare instances, although it turns out that she fulfils all the conditions, necessary to make her such; when, however, he adds to the divinely ordained number, he brings on himself, all the pains and penalties, attendant on a course of life, at once luxurious and sensuous. The man whose dinner is incomplete without the addition of his pint of Port, or Sherry, will find, at the end of the year, that this unnatural indulgence, has cost him dearly, both in health and purse. Even if within his means, a marked derangement of the system, is the direct result, with irritableness and consequent family jars, as side effects; he has, therefore, endangered his financial standing, and ruined his domestic peace, for something at once fanciful and unnecessary. So it is with our Mormon brother. He should be content with the necessaries of life, even with the example of so good a man as David before him.

I have been led into this train of thought by an inspection of the premises of that married man Brigham Young. At the upper end of the City, we are confronted by a walled enclosure of some sixty acres. This wall is massive, about seven and a half feet high, and seemingly one huge solid, which is, owing to the peculiar formation of the material used, a pebbly rock found in Echo canon, (canyon). For a considerable distance it is seen to cap the frowning precipice and lies in huge masses at the base, where it had taken a mad leap at the bidding of some awful convulsion. Imagine a sea beach strewn with shells and pebbles, black, brown, grey and crystal; suppose this distribution to be uniform to a certain depth and that finally the whole solidifies, you have then a perfect conception of the material of which the Prophet has chosen to erect a barrier between his wives and the vices and gaities of a wicked world. The reducing of this rock to an even surface has not been attempted, as it would be both impossible and undesirable. In certain things none but a fool will try to improve on nature and this is one of them. Having secured by the use of the hammer a general approximation to straight lines the different segments are set in a pebbly mortar assimilating so closely to them that no trace of a joint can be discerned, except by the closest inspection. Every ten feet or so the wall, which narrows as it rises, swells out in the shape of pillars, giving an impression of strength and having a pleasing effect at the same time. As we proceed with our inspection—like the pages of a book—new combinations are continually unfolding themselves. Around the case of an antediluvian bivalve, is a setting of many coloured pebbles so fancifully and beautifully disposed, that we at once concede, the art of man cannot compete with the works of nature. Further on we find a piece of fossil wood which, in fracturing, exhibits the colour, growth

daylight, and notice amongst a multitude of its kind, that must have been constructed under pressure, as to what must be done with those "three yards of silk." (or anything else), looks as unhappy, as a child with three large apples, and only two hands, and as much out of place as a turnip field. An occasional coiffure will set his thoughts wandering over northern France to Ghent and thence up the valley of the Meuse, through Lorraine Franche-Comte; and the next moment, he will be recalling to mind certain traits of the Orkney fishwife, as a small tartan shawl wound around the head of a stalwart Amazonian, catches his eye. He cannot help wishing that the buxom dame with such ample width of skirt, would make up her mind to trade the moiety of a hat, with her Swedish neighbour, and thus harmonize her dress, by associating those eighteen yards of calico, with a becoming width of brim. The ex-inhabitant of Calmar could hardly fail to be the gainer also. At present she looks as bare and top heavy, as a cocoanut tree, with her narrow, clinging skirts, terminating at the calf of the leg, and lengthened tightly fitting waist.

As we scrutinize this throng (the female portion) we are forced to the conclusion, that the greater part of them are sincere. It is hardly necessary to say that their belief cannot be one of intelligence. A submission to doctrines, which daily outrage all the finer feelings of human nature will be sullen or fanatical, and is often a combination of both. In either case, the subject is a mere machine, running fast or slow according to the degree of force applied, and ever moving in the same grooves or bearings. It is so with these women. In the hands of Brigham and his cohorts, they are, as the potters clay. They are taught that the more crosses there are in this world, the greater shall be the future reward. They can do nothing of themselves. In Eve, they have been cursed, and by man only, can they be saved.—When so great an end is to be attained, they would be worse than the infidel, or even the gentile (looking at us) if they did not willingly bear a trifling mortification of the flesh. "What shall it profit a man, if he gain the whole world, and lose his soul:" said the Prophet. "There is no doubt," added he, "but that this is meant to apply to women also. We in our enlightened policy, grant, that they have souls, and admit them to the full communion of the Church, though this privilege was denied then by the ancients, and even the early christians. What a fearful position they occupied before that prophet of God, Joseph Smith, published the new revelation? (the women groan in sympathy, for those who died before the new dispensation.) How thankful they ought to be, for the privilege of living in such an age, and to those self-denying men, who are braving danger, and persecution for their sakes, (they make much effort to appear radiant, with indifferent success, and we are expected to make a note of it.) Not more than a few weeks ago, pursued Brigham: that Saint and Missionary Elder Softheart, had been stoned in the native State of the Prophet, (groans from the whole congregation); yes, stoned for doing the Lord's work, but it was so with Stephen. The good man had been eminently successful. Many sisters had chosen to tread in the paths that lead to rest, forsaking their heathen husbands and children, with all their abominations. Several virgins (you remember the parable of the seven wise virgins) had also come out from Sodom, and might be expected some of these days, the Missionary not desiring on the score of domestic economy, to marry the whole of them, (the Elder's under the Prophet's wing, stick up their ears like a terrier, who has just got a sniff of a rat); there will be a fine field for those who desire to direct the unexperienced, in ways of righteousness."

It is about time we had something to say about the leader of the Saints. He is what might be called a solid looking man, hale, hearty and well preserved. His looks betoken a fair share of intelligence, with firmness, as a prominent characteristic. As he stands before us, we note, that about five feet ten inches would approximate to his height, though his corpulent body and broad shoulders, might lead a person to put him down as something less. A full, florid face, prominent chin, mouth heavy, but firm, ample but shapely nose; massive forehead, and cold grey eyes, make up a countenance which, on the whole, is far from disagreeable. His eye would, of itself, indicate that the possessor is no ordinary man. With one glance, he seems to read you as an open book, and the next moment it retreats under the shaggy eyebrows, passive and a blank, as far as revealing anything which is passing within the man is concerned.

In conversation he is very agreeable. He did me the honour to enter into quite a protracted conversation on the street. Noticing that I was a stranger, (he knows every man for forty miles around), he ventured the supposition that I belonged to the immigrants on the square. Finding this to be correct, he enquired where I came from; the number of my immediate relations! my personal acquirements! the financial status of the people; and their opinion of mormonism! what I thought of the country and people, and if I did not intend to remain, or did not think I might according to the old proverb, go further and fare worse! Not, believing in the divine powers of the Prophet, our answers were wanting in candour; especially where they bore on a point so delicate, as our opinion of the saints, and their polity; Leaving the main points in abeyance, we duly enlarged on the kindness of the people and their thrift, industry and evident prosperity. Giving us a kindly parting "shake" he expressed his sorrow that we had not concluded to remain in the holy City. In our next we will review the Prophet in the pulpit and elsewhere.

TO BE CONTINUED.

GLASGOW HOUSE.

The above Establishment is full of

NEW GOODS!

Just Opened!

—From the Best—

ENGLISH, AMERICAN AND Canadian Markets.

Prices Reasonably Low!

WILLIAM MURRAY.

Chatham, May 9th, 1877.

General Business.

JUST RECEIVED!

One Car-Load Fish.

Grand Bank Cod,	$6.00	per quintal.
Shore Cod,	5.00	"
Bay of Fundy Cod,	4.00	"
No. 1 Split Herring,	5.00	per barrel.

ALSO FOR SALE—

1000 Bushels Oats,
Cornmeal,
Flour, Pork,
Lard, Butter,
Potatoes,
Salt Pork,

and other articles for Household use.

E. A. STRANG,
Snowball's Wharf

WORTH KNOWING!

Where to Get the Best Bargains in

DRY GOODS,

Boots, Slippers, Rubbers,

GROCERIES,
WINES, &c.,
PAINTS, OILS,
VARNISHES.

GLASS AND HARDWARE.

Gold Jewelry & Electro Plate,

Paraffine Lamps and Oil.

THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST STOCK IN NEWCASTLE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

JAMES BROWN.

Newcastle, Feb. 15th.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

CANOLLES: The fortunes of a Partizan of '81 by John Eaton Cooke—price 75c.
The Black Hills, by H. N. Maguire—(Lakeside)—price 10c.
Practical Hand Book and Guide to Manitoba and the North West, by Alex. Begg—price 25c.
Old Times on the Mississippi, by Mark Twain—(new edition)—price 30c.
The Dark Colleen, by the Author of the Queen of Connaught—price 75c.
Resine, by J. G. Whyte Melville—price 75c.
Juliet's Guardian, by Mrs. J. Lovett Cameron—price 75c.
Dr. Ox's Experiment, by Jules Verne—price 10c.

MIRAMICHI BOOKSTORE, Chatham, MAY 15, 1877. } D. G. SMITH.

DRESS GOODS! DRESS GOODS!

The Latest Summer Styles.

PRICES:

11c., 12c., 13c., *and* 14c.

These are the most economical Dress Goods ever produced.

NO TRIMMING REQUIRED.

Manchester, Robertson & Allison,

SAINT JOHN.

Canned Goods, Nuts, Prunes, etc.

Logan, Lindsay & Co.,

Are receiving to-day:—
40 CASES Preserved Peaches; 15 cases do Pine Apples; 10 cases do Baking Beans; 3 cases do Lima Beans; 25 cases do Yarmouth Corn; 2 cases Tomato Soup; 35 cases Tomato Ketchup; 3 cases Clams; 3 cases Apples; 10 cases Corned Beef; 1 case Asparagus; 10 cases Strawberries; 2 cases Potted Beef and Ham; 2 cases Alderney Milk; 40 bags Walnuts; 40 cases Prune; 12 cases Castor Oil; 7 barrels Cream Tartar; 50 boxes Sultana Raisins; 30 Castana Nuts; 50 bags Filberts, etc., etc.

62 KING STREET.

St. John, May 22, 1877.

Welland Canal Enlargement

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for the Welland Canal," will be received at this office until the arrival of the Eastern and Western mails on THURSDAY, the 5th day of JULY next, for the formation of a new line of canal from Marlatt's Pond, at Thorold, to Allanburg, including the construction of a lift lock, guard lock, several culverts, and piers and abutments for swing bridges, &c.

Also, the enlargement of about two miles of the canal, from the Junction downward, together with the construction of an Aqueduct over the Chippawa River, a lock between the canal and the river at Welland, piers and abutments for bridges, &c.

And, the enlargement of the canal from Ramey's Bend to port Colborne, including the construction of a guard lock, weir, and supply race, &c.

The works will be let in sections of a length suited to circumstances and the locality.

Maps of the different localities, together with plans and specifications of the works can be seen at this office on and after MONDAY, the 25th day of June next, where printed forms of tender can be obtained. A like class of information relative to the works north of Allanburg, can be seen at the resident Engineer's office, THOROLD; and for works south of Port Robinson, plans, &c., may be seen at the resident Engineer's office, WELLAND.

Contractors are requested to bear in mind that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures, the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same; and further, an accepted bank cheque or other available security for the sum of from one to five thousand dollars, according to the extent of work on the section, must accompany each Tender, which sum shall be forfeited if the party tendering declines entering into contract for the works at the rates stated in the offer submitted.

The amount required in each case will be stated on the form of Tender.

The cheque or money thus sent in will be returned to the respective contractors whose Tenders are not accepted.

For the due fulfilment of the contract, satisfactory security will be required, by the deposit of money to the amount of five per cent. on the bulk sum of the Contract, of which the sum sent in with the Tender will be considered a part.

Ninety per cent. only of the progress estimates will be paid until the completion of the work.

To each Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions, as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By Order,
F. BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 14th May, 1877.

LOOK HERE!!

HAVING enlarged our Store and fitted it up newly we are better able than ever to supply our numerous customers with

Cheap and First-Class Goods.

We have just received, per S. S. "Nova Scotian," via Halifax, a large assortment of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

which will be sold at LOWEST PRICES.

Also—Just received from best Canadian manufactories—a large Stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING and BOOTS & SHOES.

Also—A large variety of AMERICAN HATS.
Shelf & Heavy Hardware, Glass & Earthenware.

We intend giving special attention to the

GROCERY & PROVISION BUSINESS,

and are now receiving a well selected Stock of Fine Groceries, Selected Teas, Choice Brands PLUG AND CUT TOBACCOS, Pails, Brooms, Nests Tubs, etc.

HIGHEST PRICES PAID

for all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE.

—ALWAYS ON HAND—

Flour, Meal, Pork,
Beef, Butter, Cheese,
Lard, Molasses, Sugar, etc.

The public will please accept our thanks for the patronage received in the past, and we trust it will be continued for the future.

A. & R. LOGGIE.
BLACK BROOK.

VICTORIA HOUSE.

NOW OPENING:

A Large and Varied assortment of

Staple & Fancy Dry Goods,

Imported direct from markets of Great Britain.

A DETAILED ADVERTISEMENT will appear in our next,

GEO. I. WILSON,

Gleaner Building, - - - - Chatham.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

The "MIRAMICHI ADVANCE" is published a Chatham, Miramichi, N. B., every THURSDAY morning in time for despatch by the earliest mails of that day.

It is sent to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain (Postage prepaid by the Publisher) for $1.50 A YEAR, or 75 CTS. FOR 6 MOS.—the money, in all cases, to accompany the order for the paper.

Advertising.

The advertisements in this paper are placed under classified headings.

TRANSIENT RATES.

$1 per square, or inch, for 1st insertion.
35cts. per square, each time, for all insertions after the first.
A LOCAL COLUMN, or reading matter advertisements 20% more than above rates.

LOCAL, COMMERCIAL AND YEARLY RATES.

In order to secure the advertising patronage of business men and others on the North Shore—and to give them the benefit of a large circulation in the Counties of Northumberland, Kent, Gloucester and Restigouche, Bonaventure and Gaspe, their advertisements will, on arrangements being made therefor, be taken at CONTRACT SCALE RATES, which are as low as those of other weekly papers in the Province.

The "MIRAMICHI ADVANCE" having its large circulation distributed among communities engaged in Lumbering, Fishing and Agricultural pursuits, offers very superior inducements to advertisers.

Address
Editor 'Miramichi Advance," Chatham, N. B.

Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM, THURSDAY, JUNE 7, 1877.

Mr. Gladstone and the Cretans.

The Cretans, like the frogs in the fable, have asked for a prince to rule over them in place of the Turk, and have pitched upon Mr. Gladstone as the future Prince of Crete. The Cretans have always had a pretty hard reputation, even from the time of the Apostle Paul, and don't seem to have improved as their nationality grew older. Like certain Canadian politicians, they are celebrated at the present day for active and daring vindictiveness and venality, and like a good many other people their christianity is more a matter of theory than practice. Probably this is the reason they selected Mr. Gladstone to rule over them, and if he has any taste for reforming robbers and pirates, he would find a wide field for his talents. Crete lies at the entrance of the classical Ægean Sea, and is advantageously situated as regards the Black Sea, the Mediterranean and the Suez Canal, but as Mr. Gladstone generously gave the Ionian Isles to Greece, he is not very likely to accept Crete from the Cretans, even as a personal favor, and they will probably have to find consolation some day in a paternal British Governor, backed by a strong mounted police force, and a gunboat or two.

Departmental Management.

Although the Regulations for the Salmon fisheries in Northumberland have been published in the County and are supposed to be in operation, the Licenses provided for have not yet been placed in the hands of the local Overseers, and fishermen who have submitted their "memoranda" as directed, and offered to pay the tax called for, have been told that the Department will wait until June for the money, provided it is then carried exclusively to the Chatham Overseer. We had the highest authority, over a fortnight since, for stating that the Minister intended to have the regulations carried out, as published, and that it was his desire that the "Local Overseers" should issue licenses. This was to save the fishermen the trouble of travelling long distances to Chatham. The Minister, however, seems to permit the Inspector to trifle with Orders in Council as he pleases. It is high time the Government, as a whole, took an interest in these matters. If they are of sufficient importance to call for Orders in Council the Orders issued should be obeyed and not impertinently changed in vital points by any, subordinate officer—especially one so notoriously unreliable as the present Inspector for this Province.

We have only to counsel the numerous fishermen who have applied for a decision between the Regulations as published by Government and those said to be authorised by the Inspector, that if they conform with the requirements of the former and their Local Overseers fail to give them licenses as therein provided, they will not be required to go outside of their own districts. The Inspector has no right, without the Minister's permission, to direct them to be sent to what he calls the "Central officer," no such officer being known to, or recognised by the Department. Such an appointment, we are told, is eagerly sought for, but it is not made—just yet. We have asked Mr. Wyse, the Chatham Overseer, why blank licenses which lay in his office some three weeks ago, and may be there yet, were not divided up among the Overseers of the County, and he said the Department had not furnished enough to supply all and, besides, he was authorised to give the fishermen time to pay the tax, which would not be required of them until June, or later.

The question why enough licenses to supply the different local Overseers were not furnished from Ottawa is one not easily answered. The fact that they were not supplied is not a very creditable commentary on the present system of management in the Department and it is an additional proof of neglect for which the Minister will be held responsible, wherever the actual fault may lie.

Respecting the matter of giving the fishermen time to pay the tax it may be said that there is no objection to such a course, but is it a fact that there is but one Overseer in the County qualified to dispense Government leniency in that connection? We think not. If all the Overseers who are practically acquainted with the fisheries are to be officially declared but mere registering machines for the one least qualified in that respect, let the Department say so by its Regulations. If not let the Minister turn over a new leaf and give a positive assurance to officers, fishermen and the public, alike, that he controls the administration of affairs over which he is paid to preside and that he is not afraid to require, of even so great a personage as the Inspector of Fisheries, respect for Orders in Council, as well as for his "good intentions towards the fishermen," which have grown to assume the character of a delusion and mockery.

An Important Ecclesiastical Judgment.

A very important judgment has lately been delivered by the Lord Chancellor in England in the Folkstone Ritual case. The case arose out of an appeal by the Rev. Mr. Ridsdale, incumbent of St. Peters, Folkstone, against a decree pronounced by Lord Penzance, as Judge of the Arches Court of Canterbury, in 1876.

The *Daily Telegraph* gives the points as follows:—"The four matters in which the appeal complained of Lord Penzance's judgment were these:—1st. The wearing during the service of the Holy Communion of vestments known as alb and chasuble. 2nd. The saying of the Prayer of Consecration in the service of the Communion, while standing at the middle of the west side of the Communion table, in such wise that the people could not see the officiating clergyman break the bread or take the cup into his hand. 3rd. The use in the Holy Communion of wafer bread or wafers, that is, bread or flour made the form of circular wafers, instead of bread such as is usual to be eaten. 4th. The placing and unlawfully retaining of a crucifix on the top of a screen separating the chancel of the church from the body or nave."

It will be sufficient to say that from the tenor of the judgment given on these points, a very great deal has been gained by the opponents of Mr. Ridsdale and those of similar ideas. Ceremonial vestments have at last been curtailed and doubtful objects of veneration or adoration have been tabooed, among which is the Crucifix, etc. The judgment has been published in full in the majority of English newspapers, and has created considerable sensation. It is not easy to divine the policy of the High Church party in the English Church. If it is to bring back the Church of England to the Church of Rome by gradual and underhand means, it is not a very respectable one. But granting, as no doubt is often the case, that these men of Alb and Chasuble are sincere; that their love of peculiar vestments, ceremonials and church furniture is so absorbing, why indulge in a surreptitious and childish mongrel imitation of what is done in another Church, honestly, openly and with all the prestige of ancient authority and long usage, and, we might add, with far superior adjuncts and better taste. Their predilections may be innocent enough, but the consequences to the church are quite another thing.

War and Commerce.

The New York *Shipping and Commercial List* discusses the question of the benefits of war to commerce in a very able article, which, no doubt, will do something to dispel the popular delusion on this subject. It asserts, in the first place, that the commerce of the world has been suffering for the last five years from the American War, which, to those engaged, involved disaster and an enormous waste of life and property, together with a heavy burden of debt. It admits that war is a great moral evil, though at times a necessary one, as a remedy for others that could not be reached in any other way. It asserts that though the war in Europe had a stimulating effect on some lines of business on this side the water, particularly in breadstuffs, that the excitement has died out, and that the profit will be more than absorbed by the losses. The writer then goes on to show the results in the following plain language:—

"Not only will the reaction come in the future, and the depression be felt which is the inevitable result of industries overthrown, wealth destroyed and commerce deranged, but even with the temporary advantage to certain branches of business, will come corresponding drawbacks. High prices for food and supplies in foreign markets mean high prices at home. And if high prices for certain commodities have a tendency to produce high prices for others, and high prices for commodities to increase the wages of labor, on the other hand increased wages enhance the cost of production and restrict our ability to compete in the markets of the world. There is compensation in all things and a continual tendency to equilibrium. Loss and destruction cannot be turned to profit."

The Potato Bug.

Considerable apprehensions seem to be felt this season concerning the Colorado or Potato Bug, which has already threatened the crop in Canada. Col. Rhodes, a prominent farmer of Lower Canada, writes to the Quebec *Chronicle* requesting that any of these insects which are found, may be forwarded to him or the Minister of Agriculture, so that their course may be noted and due warning given. If the potato crop in Quebec is affected by this pest, it is quite likely that New Brunswick will not escape. Our farmers, therefore, should be on the watch.

The Crops.

At this season, the question of the coming crops is one of great interest. The following facts have been gleaned, and are given as briefly as possible.

In Canada the winter wheat promises a large crop, and a larger quantity than usual of spring wheat was sown and is looking well; the only Canadian crop, there is any doubt about is that of potatoes which have been retarded by frosts in some places and threatened with the Colorado Beetle in others. The fruit crop promises well.

In the United States the result of enquiries seems to be as follows:—In Illinois, Missouri, Kansas, Middle Tennessee, North Alabama and Southern Kentucky, the wheat crop is highly promising; the same remark applies to North Carolina, Georgia and Mississippi. In Texas the crop is large and out of reach of the grasshoppers, and in Michigan the promise is good. In Minnesota the crops promise well, the only complaints being from Kanzas and California, notwithstanding which the latter expects to have a large export of breadstuffs. The corn crop is generally good, but the cotton crops is not so good as usual, and in some instances has rotted in the ground. The fruit crops promises well everywhere. The prospects at present appear to indicate one of the largest harvests ever seen on this continent.

The Commissioner of Fisheries' Report.

The Report of the Commissioner of Fisheries for the year ending 31st December, 1876, is at hand, and we regret that owing to it reaching us but yesterday we are unable to refer particularly to it this week. It shall have attention next week. We think those controlling the Public Printing Department at Ottawa might manage to place such documents in the hands of the Press of the Country with less show of preference for particular papers than under the present arrangement. Some of the Press of the Province received this Report a week before it reached this office. If we thought the documents were forwarded by the Fisheries Department we could comprehend the delay as a usual thing in that direction. "Better late than ever," however, and in due time it shall have proper attention.

Enormous Artillery.

The celebrated Prussian artillerist, Herr Krupp, is just completing a monster piece of ordnance, evidently designed to show that guns of cast steel can be produced on a scale to vie with the wrought-iron ordnance of Woolwich and Elswick. The weight of the new Krupp gun is almost exactly that of the great Frazer gun which has lately distinguished itself at Shoeburyness. It thus falls short of the huge proportions of the 100-ton Armstrong guns which are being manufactured for the Italian navy. But a steel breech-loading gun of 82,000 kilogrammes, or 80 English tons, is, nevertheless, a production of a very marvellous and interesting character. The length of the gun, including the breech-piece, is 29 feet 6 inches, the breech-piece itself being 6 feet 4 inches in length. The calibre of the gun is 15¾ inches. The weight of the projectile will be 750 kilogrammes, or 1,650 pounds, and the powder charge will be 396 pounds.

FISH-CULTURE—A FRAUD.—The Inspector of Fisheries has the brazen impertinence to report that he placed 320,000 salmon fry in different rivers this season from the Miramichi Hatching House. We are prepared to prove the statement a falsehood, and the Department is aware of the fraud. Such glaring impositions are simply a disgrace to the Government of Canada, and particularly to the Department which fathers them.

News from all Quarters.

THE DEGREE of Doctor of Divinity has been conferred by Mount Allison College upon the Rev. H. Pope of St. John.

APPOINTMENT.—Mr. Miall has been appointed Secretary of the Fisheries Commission, which is to meet in Halifax.

DR. CONROY the Delegate Apostolic, had an imposing reception in Montreal, on the 2nd. He was present at services of the *Fete Dieu.*

PILGRIMS TO ROME.—On the 3rd inst. the Pope received 5000 pilgrims, this being the 50th anniversary of his elevation, to the episcopate.

THE Governor General, it appears will leave Ottawa for Manitoba on July 25th and great preparations are being made at Winnepeg for his reception.

THE CZAR is said to have wept while the declaration, of war was being read by a bishop of the Greek Church, to the army intended to invade Roumania.

A LETTER from Rio says the French barque *Bayadere* spoke the whaling ship "Ringold" about 40 miles south of Trinidad, which had had three of her boats stove in by a sea serpent. The animal is said to have been secured.

SUICIDE.—The Rev. Mr. Mordea shot himself on the street in London, Ont., on the 2nd inst. dying instantly. He was sunstruck some time ago, and lately disappointed in love. He was evidently insane, when he committed the act.

SUIT AGAINST A TELEGRAPH COMPANY.—A suit against the Western Union Telegraph Company for delaying a message has been decided in favor of the plaintiff, although the Telegraph Company claimed that the delay was caused by an accident.

BESIKA BAY.—A recent letter from Besika Bay states that the Templar lodges located on board H. M. ships in Besika Bay hold their meetings on the Plains of Troy. On one occasion, while the lodge was in session, the candidates for initiation were employed lighting fires and preparing a tea.

THE ENGLISH DERBY came off on the 30th ult. The winner "Silvio," is the property of Lord Falmouth, though nominated by Mr. G. Erke. He was Lord Falmouth's selection for this race, though many horsemen considered him too light an animal to stand the extra half mile of the Derby. Mr. Sanford's "Brown Prince," the American representative in the race, came in the sixth.

BRITISH COLUMBIA AND WAR.—It is reported that the British Columbians are not a little exercised over the fact that there is a considerable naval force flying the Russian flag near their coast, and that it seems probable war between that power and England may ensue. They complain, and with much show of reason, that there is nothing like an adequate British force at hand for their defence. The defences of Vancouver's Island and the mainland have moreover been declared by General Smyth to be worth nothing.

CRUEL TREATMENT.—Capt. B. B. Bustin formerly of the *King Cerdic*, complains that on the passage from Bombay to Liverpool, his wife was very sick with dysentry, and he put into Mauritius for medical assistance. He gave his word there was no contagious disease but no doctor would come on board though they offered "to look at the patient from a distance and prescribe." The only alternative was 30 days quarantine, or another port, and Capt. Bustin, who is a St. John man, chose the latter, but his wife died the next day.

ORDER OF ST. MICHAEL AND ST. GEORGE.—The following colonial appointments were made to this Order on the Queen's Birthday. Knights Commanders:—Gen. McDougall, formerly adj. gen. of the Militia of Canada and Major-General Smyth at present commanding the Militia of Canada. As ordinary members or Companions are, the Hon. Joseph Trutch, lately Lieut.-Governor of British Columbia; Alex. Murray, director of the Geological Survey of Newfoundland; Sandford Fleming, engineer of the Canadian Pacific; Jno. Palliser, lately commander of the expedition sent by the Government of Canada to the Rocky Mountains; Major Cameron, lately chief officer of the boundary commission of Canada, and Capt. Geo. Arthur French, formerly commissioner of the North West police.

A DISASTROUS TIDAL WAVE.—A despatch from Panama dated the 21st ult., states a tidal wave visited the entire coast from Callao to Chili about midnight of the 9th, causing great destruction of property at various ports. At Callao the docks and piers of the Muelle Darzena were the principal sufferers, together with some stores along the shore line, which were completely carried away by the water. Vessels made fast and lying outside the outer walls of the dock were lifted fully eight feet, but were not damaged. Most of the steamers riding at anchor in the bay slipped their cables, fearing further danger, and some of the larger vessels stood out towards the offing. It is though that the loss of property at various points, must be enormous, and some 700 lives have been sacrificed.

MUTINY IN THE MEDITERRANEAN FLEET.—A despatch dated London, June 1st reports a serious *emute* on board Her Majesty's iron armor-plated ship *Alexandra*, flag ship of the Mediterranean squadron. In consequence of the stringency of the discipline and the unusual severity of the punishment, the whole of the first watch refused to do duty, and threw the gun sights overboard. Three insubordinates have been sentenced to 42 days imprisonment, and were sent home in the *Monarch* to undergo that punishment.

A telegram from Athens, May 31, gives an account of another and apparently more serious mutiny, while the *Alexandra* was lying at Pieræus. The mutiny was quieted by marines summoned from other vessels of the fleet. The mutineers were arrested and a court martial convened. The cause of the second outbreak is stated to be dissatisfaction because of the refusal of shore leave, whereupon they rendered the *Alexandra's* guns unserviceable. It was deemed necessary to send the *Alexandra* to cruise in the Mediterranean until further orders.

Provincial Notes and News.

PORTLAND, ST. JOHN is exercised about the appointment of a Chief of Police.

THE BRITISH METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH CONFERENCE (colored) has been holding its sessions in St. John.

NEW BRIDGE.—Mr. Joseph Killam intends to commence the bridge on the Memramcook, near Black's, on the 7th of June.

MACKEREL.—Nearly 1,000 barrels of mackerel were recently taken in the fish traps of Yarmouth Harbour and at Cranberry Head.

AFFRAY IN THE ST. JOHN PENITENTIARY.—A short time prisoner in this institution recently attacked two officials and wounded them with a knife.

YARMOUTH celebrates its birthday on the 9th of June with great festivities. The history of this town shews what unity and co-operation can effect.

GREAT MACKEREL CATCH.—During the past week, three or four thousand barrels of mackerel are said to have been caught in two nights at Digby Basin and in the Annapolis river.

PRESBYTERIAN GENERAL ASSEMBLY.—Great preparations are making in Halifax for the reception of the 300 commissioners whom it is believed will be present at the Presbyterian General Assembly.

ST. STEPHEN.—Friends in Calais and Chicago have sent $700 to aid the poorer inhabitants of St. Stephen, who have suffered by the late fire. It is probable that St. John will also contribute.

HERRING AND LOBSTER FISHERY.—Down the Bay of Fundy the lobsters and herring seem very plentiful. Fishermen at Lubec have taken from six to eight hundred lobsters a week since the season opened.

SUICIDE AT ST. ANDREWS.—On Thursday morning the 31st ult. Mrs. Dolly of St. Andrews while in a fit of temporary insanity, committed suicide by severing arteries in her leg which caused her to bleed to death.

LAUNCHES BY MOONLIGHT.—the new barque *Cedar Croft* 1150 tons, from Mr. Lynch's yard Portland, and the *Mary A. Kersten* from the Old Fort Carleton St. John, were both launched by moonlight, on the morning of the 29th.

WOODSTOCK.—The people of Woodstock are shewing great energy after their late disaster, and many of the citizens are already rebuilding and others preparing to do so. The N. B. Railway Co. are building a comfortable station house.

A CAMP MEETING IN NEW BRUNSWICK in connection with the Methodist Church is to be held in a Maple Grove a short distance from Cardigan Station on the Riviere du Loup Railway. It is to be held at the close of the N. B. and P. E. I. conference.

NICTAUX AND ATLANTIC RAILWAY.—The contractors have commenced on both the north and south sides of the Annapolis river, and have about fifty men and twenty teams at work. The first sod was turned on Thursday 24th ult., and considerable progress has already been made.

NOVA SCOTIA STATISTICS.—The Nova Scotia Report of Vital Statistics has just been published covering the year 1875, at the end of which year, the population is set down at 413,387. In four years there has been a gain of over 25,000 entirely due to the excess of births over deaths.

ELIHU BURRITT ON THE MARITIME PROVINCES.—The *Canadian Monthly* has a very interesting article by Elihu Burritt in which he speaks in high terms of the resources, industries, and prospects of the Maritime Provinces. In the same number is also republished Goldwin Smith's article on the Political destiny of Canada, the key note of which is the exploded idea of annexation to the United States.

SERIOUS FIRE AT MONCTON.—About 3 o'clock on the morning of the 30th ult. a fire broke out in T. & E. Taylor's store and spread quickly to the large dry goods store of J. & C. Harris. Both buildings were totally consumed. T. & E. Taylor did nor save any of their stock. J. & C. Harris saved a small part of theirs. Taylor was insured about $9,000; Harris $13,500 on building and stock.

SAFES IN THE LATE FIRE.—The safes in the Stephen fire have most them been unequal to the test. Most of them were of the Tilton & McFarlane make. Out of six in the fire, five turned out very badly, and one in fair condition. There were two of Hall's safes which came out in very good condition. One of J. & F. Taylor's burned its contents very badly. There were one or two of other makes which came out badly.—*St. John Telegraph.*

EXCURSION TICKETS BETWEEN ST. JOHN AND HALIFAX.—Arrangements have been effected between Mr. Brydges, Superintendent of the Intercolonial Railway, and Mr. James, Manager of the Windsor and Annapolis Railway, and Messrs. Small & Hatheway, proprietors of steamer *Empress*, for the issue of round trip excursion tickets between St. John and Halifax, which will enable purchasers to travel by one route and return by the other.

NEW BRUNSWICK SHIPS LOST.—The ship *Prince Eugene*, Gerkin, captain, loading at Papellon de Pica for Europe, was totally wrecked by a tidal wave, prior to May 12. She was built at St. Martins in 1867, registered 1328 tons, and was owned by J. H. Moran, Esq., of that place.

The Barque *R. A Chapman* Rutherford, captain, reported at Pabellon de Pica, April 30th, loading for Hampton Roads, was also lost at the same time.

The *R. A. C.* registered 982 tons, and was built and owned by R. A. Chapman of Dorchester. She was launched in 1874.

RAILWAY ACCIDENT.—Quite a smash-up took place on the Intercolonial Railway between Maccan and Athol Stations on the 28th ult. It appears that the train despatcher at Truro gave the right of way on the same track to two freight trains going in opposite directions. As the trains approached each other, it happened to be on a straight line, but each was on a down grade and there was not time to avoid a collision. Simultaneously the conductors set the breaks, reversed engines, and every man on each train, except one Conductor, jumped. The engines came together with a frightful crash, and were completely wrecked. The damage including freight, etc., must have been some $20,000.

THE GILBERT-SIMONDS CASE.—The great St. John law suit which is dragging its slow length along may be thus summed up:—A gentleman died eleven years ago, and bequeathed his fortune to Thomas Gilbert. Several relatives of the deceased who have been in Europe and elsewhere, claim imbecility on the part of the testator, brought on through drink. Several lawyers have been engaged on the case, which has been in progress three weeks, and bids fair to last much longer. A day or two ago the defendant's case commenced. It seems as if Gilbert would be successful.

PREMIUM LIST FOR THE EXHIBITION.—The Secretary of Agriculture (J. L. Inches, Esq.,) is busily engaged preparing a premium list for the forthcoming exhibition; $5,000 cash will be offered in premiums. Prizes will be awarded on stock of all descriptions, agricultural and horticultural produce. Manufactures and mechanical inventions will receive large amounts in premiums. The premium list will surely give satisfaction to all, as nothing will be overlooked of the growth or manufacture of the Province. Mr. Inches will distribute the lists freely, as he understands thoroughly the advantages of a liberal use of printers' ink.—*Tel.*

The Rawdon Murder.

This case is now attracting considerable interest in Upper Canada. It is one in which a farm help, named Glenn, poisoned his master Papheus Fradette, whose wife was also thought to be implicated in the crime and was arrested. The Fradettes lived in the township of Rawdon, and the man died on Sunday May 20th, Glenn leaving immediately after his death. Mrs, Fradette denies any complicity and says that Glenn told her he administered a dose to her husband in a mistake, but Glenn had threatened her husband's life. The case is parallel to the Sombra and Missouri murders, in Canada, and farm helps, are becoming rather a perplexing institution to the "old man" in Ontario.

A Murder at Castleton, Ontario.

A murder is supposed to have been committed near here on Friday evening, the 25th ult. As soon as the news that Miss Alberta Wade was missing leaked out, a large number of men turned out and searched the woods in the vicinity, and after searching nearly all this morning succeeded in finding the body about three miles north of here. She was partially buried under a fallen tree top, and the grave was covered with leaves, and so well did the villains imitate the mossy carpet of the woods, that the grave would have escaped detection, had not one of the party just happened to see a fresh break in a rotten pole that was thrown carelessly near the grave. Coroner Gould empanelled a jury, who, after viewing the body, considered a *post mortem* examination necessary, which is now being held in the Town Hall. Two arrests have been made.

The Thousand Island Camp-meeting Association.

The object of this association as detailed in their illustrated paper, containing maps and plans, is to obtain one of the Thousand Islands, near the entrance to Lake Ontario on the St. Lawrence. They have purchased 1000 acres at the head of Wellesly Island, in the neighborhood of Kingston a beautiful location, belonging to the State of New York, and in proximity to the Canadian Shore. This is to be laid out in cottage lots for summer residences, free from watering place fashion and frivolities and provided with profitable religious privileges, including one or two camp-meetings every summer.—The enterprise is reported to be undertaken "for the promotion of the religion of Christ," but the methodical way in which the lots in this paradise are laid out on the plan, remind one of an earthly land speculation, combined with special means of grace. At least it will, doubtless, have a tendency to gravitate that way.

Scarcity of Good Horses.

The disturbed state of the horse market in Europe and the difficulty of obtaining them in the Netherlands have prompted the Belgian Government to a novel course. Last week a steamer arrived from Buenos Ayres freighted with more than a hundred wild horses. The animals had been captured with the lasso in the prairies of La Plata, and were brought over in charge of two gauchos. No losses were reported in the course of the voyage, and, except that two of the horses jumped into the Scheldt when the steamer came alongside, and from which they were taken out alive, the whole herd was safely disembarked. Other ships are expected with similar freight, and the animals will be at once put in training for the Belgian cavalry. Every day the bullock is on the sea he loses weight and value, whereas probably the journey across the Atlantic—if it can be effected with safety—takes its part in the programme of training a horse fresh from the prairie.—*London Globe.*

Another Marine Lunatic.

It is pretty difficult to sympathize with people who risk their lives and spend their powers of endurance, in enterprises which are not only useless in themselves, but which have even lost the charm of novelty, as more original hare-brained people have long since demonstrated their possibility. Capt. Crappo of New Bedford is one of these individuals: he proposes to cross the Atlantic in a whale-boat of 19 feet keel, with leg of mutton sails, and to live on canned provisions. Capt. Crappo has, however, made one improvement on this class of expedition: instead of taking some unfortunate dog, he takes his wife, and if they quarrel all the way (as people at sea are apt to do) and get safe to the other side, everybody will be ready to admit that the gallant captain and his wife have distanced their predecessors. We are told that most of the weight on board will be the boat's store of fresh water, about 130 gallons in six kegs, which will be stowed fore-and-aft, three on each side. Her provision and water will weigh about fifteen hundred pounds. The *New Bedford* is a shorter boat than has ever crossed the Atlantic, but Capt. Crappo thinks she is superior as a sea boat to the little craft that made the voyage last year.

The *New Bedford* has no bulwarks, but will be rigged with life lines instead, and Capt. Crappo does not expect much water will come over her deck. The hatches will be arranged in two parts with hinges, and most of the time the forward half of each will be closed. The steersman will sit in the after hatchway, and will be provided with a canvas boot to fasten round the body in rough weather. Any time when the sea is too high for convenient running the boat will lie to with a drag. The captain and his wife sailed

Local and General News.

FISHING matters are crowded out this week.

PERSONAL.—T. M. Deblois, Esq., of St. John, is in town.

THE SALMON FISHING is reported much better this year than the two last years.

GASPEREAUX are making an appearance in the river, since the setting in of warm weather.

SHAD are slow in coming up the river this year. Those taken, so far, are fine, large fish.

DR. J. H. ARNOLD, may now be consulted at his office, over Mr. Street's Drug Store, Newcastle.—*Adv.*

REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—Services in the Reformed Episcopal Church on next Sabbath, at 11 a. m. and 3 p. m. All strangers invited, and especially sailors and captains of vessels heartily welcomed. Seats free.

"JOHN O'"—Your letter is too old to insert as it is. At a future time we may be able to use some of it. There seems little hope, under the present administration, of the matters you refer to being intelligently looked after.

FIRE ON BOARD THE BARQUE FANNY CARVIL.—On Friday about 12,30 one of the sails of the barque *Fanny Carvil* lying at Mr. Snowball's mill took fire. A fire alarm was sounded, but the flames were extinguished without material damage.

STOLEN.—On the night of the 30th ult., Mr. Robert Brimner had 3 sacks of white oats, stolen from his barn. If any person who lately purchased any such article, and who may have cause for suspicion, will give information to Mr. Brimner they will oblige him.

BASS.—At the Black Lands Narrow Pass, bass are ascending the Miramichi in very large quantities. It is expected that they will reach the up river spawning grounds in about a fortnight and spawn about 1st July, which will be early on account of the warm season.

THE ROSS PLAISTED RACE, which was postponed on Tuesday on account of rough water, was to come off at 3 p. m. yesterday, but up to the time of going to press our telegram respecting it had not arrived.

Later.—The race came off yesterday; Ross won easily. We shall issue an extra this morning.

CORPUS CHRISTI.—Thursday last was the feast of *Corpus Christi* which was celebrated by the customary services in the Roman Catholic Church and convent. *Corpus Christi* signifies the body of Christ. It is one of the greatest festivals of the Roman Catholic Church instituted by Pope Urban IV in 1264 in honor of the consecrated host and with a view to its adoration. It is observed on Thursday of the week after Pentecost. It is called in France the *Fete Dieu*.

FIRES.—At one o'clock on the morning of the 31st, Mrs. Devereaux's saloon at the ballast Pond was discovered to be on fire, and was completely destroyed in spite of efforts made by those in the neighbourhood to extinguish it, and prevent it spreading to other buildings. The furniture was saved.

Yesterday morning about one o'clock, Mrs. John Devereaux's barn, at Ballast Pond, was destroyed by fire with its contents, consisting of a quantity of hay, tart., harness, etc. There was no insurance. Both fires are supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

Y. M. C. A.—The Executive Committee of the Young Men's Christian Associations of Ontario and Quebec, purpose holding a Dominion Convention in the city of Quebec, commencing Thursday, 13th Sept., closing Sabbath, 16th Sept. In order to make it a *bona fide* Dominion Convention, the Committee earnestly desire to see the Maritime Provinces' Associations well represented. The Secretary of the Quebec Association has written members of the Maritime Provinces Executive, inviting Delegates from all Associations. On Monday, 17th Sept., the Quebec Provincial Agricultural and Industrial Exhibition will be on the way and will remain open to the public for a great part of the week. Delegates attending the Convention would thus be able to see the Exhibition ere they returned.—*Tel.*

The New Municipal Councils.

The Kent Municipal Council met at the Court House, Richibucto, on Tuesday and elected R. B. Cutler, Esq., Warden, and C. J. Sayre, Esq., Secretary Treasurer.

Restigouche County Council also organised on Tuesday. Hon. Wm. Hamilton was chosen Warden, J. C. Barbarie, Esq., Secretary, Wm. Montgomery, Esq., Treas. and W. S. Smith, Esq., Auditor. A Bye Law, providing for a County Seal was passed. A committee consisting of Councillors Johnson, Hon. Wm. Hamilton and the Secy. was appointed to report on Bye Laws, etc., for action at July Session.—Councillor Hamilton (Colborne) was appointed to procure some necessaries for Council Room.

Adjourned.

Presbyterian Church Items.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.—There will be service in St. John's Church on Sabbath next by the Rev. W. Bennet of Peterboro, Ont., at the usual hours.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.—The General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in Canada will meet in St. Mathew's Church, Halifax, on Wednesday evening next at 7 o'clock. The sermon will be preached by the retiring Moderator, the Rev. Dr. Topp, Toronto. The Rev. Jas. Bennet of St. John, who has been nominated by several Presbyteries, will probably be elected next Moderator.

The Rev. W. Wilson who goes as one of the Delegates from the Presbytery of Miramichi to the General Assembly at Halifax, leaves on Monday next.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.—At the annual meeting of the congregation of St. Andrew's Church, Chatham, held at noon yesterday, the following gentlemen were elected trustees viz:—Hon. William Muirhead, Daniel Ferguson, Donald McLachlan, Duncan Davidson, Thomas Vondy Jr. William G. Creighton, Thos. Johnston, L. J. Tweedie, John Galloway, William Wyse, William Johnston, Alexander Loggie, jr.

A Hard Case.

Last winter Mr. Alex. Henderson, who has, for some time, fished with a seine for alewives off "Canadian Marsh," some two miles below Newcastle, prepared for his season's work as usual. Among the expenses incurred by him was the cost of 150 new barrels and a new seine, salt, etc. After these were ready, the Fisheries Department came down with its unjust prohibition of gaspereaux seining. Mr. Henderson was given to understand by a certain Overseer, however, that he might safely take a haul now and then at night, in order to procure some gaspereaux to compensate him for his outlay. On Monday last he put his seine in the water, in violation of the prohibition, when Inspector Venning, of St. John, and Overseer Hogan, of Newcastle, seized and confiscated it. It is to be regretted that Mr. Henderson did not, like the other gaspereaux fishermen, bear the wrong done him by the Department and obey the Regulations, unjust though they are. We do not envy the Inspector or the Overseer in any satisfaction they may experience in first being the means of rendering Mr. Henderson's property (as well as that of many other fishermen) useless and then confiscating it, and the present Dominion Government which renders their tyrannical and insolent rule possible, will, unless it changes its oppressive and absurd policy in this County, soon become as much disliked by its friends as it is by the Inspector and others, who are using their offices to further their personal ends and bring their old masters back into power.

New Advertisements, etc.

BEEF on foot is offered by Mr. Wyse.

SEE R. F. Waddleton & Co's new advt.

NEW BOOKS at the Miramichi Bookstore.

FISHING PARTIES supplied at the Miramichi Bookstore.

W. S. LOGGIE, Esq., advertises some nice new goods.

LOGS.—The Southwest Boom Company are to offer unmarked logs for sale. See advt.

RICHARD HOCKEN, Esq., is to the fore with a new advertisement of Spring and Summer stock.

WE have pleasure in directing attention to the advertisement of Messrs. Emery & Son, whose agent, Mr. Spence was at the North Shore the present week.

Accident to Captain Allen.

On Wednesday evening last as the Tug *Relief* was towing the bark *Ocean Wave* to sea, and had got as far as Oak Point, the vessel gave a sudden sheer, which broke her warping chock, and threw the steamer astern. Capt. Allen, who was aft had given order for a man to stand by ready in case anything happened, to cut the warp, but as the boat went astern the hawser, in surging off, struck him on the head, neck and right side, and he fell forward striking on the bitts, and from that to the deck, recieving severe bruises. When the boat returned to town Capt. Allen who was nearly insensible was taken to his home. After being confined to bed two days he got around again and is now able to take charge of his boat, though still suffering considerably from bruises. He is to be congratulated that the accident was not more serious. The *Ocean Wave* is a deep vessel and difficult to manage, and when the *Relief* resumed charge of her, she behaved in a similar manner and the hawser had to be cut.

The Horse.

Professor Pratt opened a class on Monday last in Chatham for instruction in the art of educating the horse by his now famous system. He has had about 170 pupils, and we have not heard of one of them being dissatisfied. On the contrary all appear to admire the mode taught by the Professor, as one which commends itself for its practical usefulness, as well as humane character The following testimonial speaks for itself:—

We, the Members of Prof. Pratt's Class in Chatham, numbering one hundred and thirty, witnessed the Exhibition and heard the Lectures of the first day of his appearance with much profit, as well as pleasure, to ourselves. Prof. Pratt's system seems to be practical and humane, and we feel fully satisfied in recommending him to our friends everywhere. We fully endorse the expression of many present, that the instruction received was worth many times the Professor's charge to anyone who ever expected to drive or own a horse.

The Professor opens in Newcastle tomorrow and will proceed thence to Bathurst. The exhibition of the trained horses is worth half the price of a season ticket.

Death of James Johnston, Esq.

James Johnston, Esq., formerly of the Miramichi firm of Johnston & Mackey, whose return to Chatham was noticed in this paper a few months ago, died at St. John on Tuesday last while visiting friends there. On his return to Miramichi he took up his residence with Wm. Wilkinson, Esq., —his half brother—at Bushville, and after spending some time in renewing old friendships here, proceeded to St. John, partly to consult Dr. McLaren and partly to visit friends. Soon after reaching that city he was taken ill and gradually grew worse, until it became apparent that his allotted days on earth had been numbered. Mr. Wilkinson being informed of his brother's condition went to St. John, arriving in time to attend him in his last moments, and receive directions in reference to his worldly affairs. Mr. Johnston's death was a great blow to his relatives here, in Ontario and elsewhere. Few men die so generally regretted. His life has been one directed by generous impulses and characterised by usefulness in his public relationships, as well as by qualities which rendered him loved and honored in the domestic circle.

The remains, accompanied by Mr. Wilkinson and T. M. Deblois, Esq., of St. John, reached Chatham Station by the express train yesterday morning, where they were met by a number of friends and accompanied thence to Bushville, from which place the funeral will take place at eleven o'clock to-day (Thursday). The interment will be in St. Paul's Churchyard. Mr. Johnston was in his 66th year at the time of his death.

Seamen's Cases.

On Friday, two cases of assault and battery were brought before Police Magistrate Blair, by John Stafford, seaman of the barque *Manlo* (a Norwegian) against Mr. Hawkins 1st mate and Mr. Lacey 2nd mate of that vessel.

Mr. Tweedie appeared for the complainant and Mr. Wilkinson for the Defendants.

The first case was for an assault by the Defendants on the 24th of April, and was not of a very serious nature, complainant asserting he had been struck by defendants, because he was not doing his work fast enough, for which they were fined $8 each and costs, the fine being allowed to stand.

The second assault was of a more aggravated nature, the evidence going to shew that complainant was assaulted by defendants, because he did not execute some orders according to the directions given, although his mode of doing the work was the more correct one. For this both of the defendants attacked him. The complainant defended himself at the time with a capstan bar, with which he knocked the 2nd mate over, who, at the same time laid him senseless with a belaying pin. Defendants then poured a bucket of water over complainant to bring him to, which as he said "rewived" him. The defendants for this offence were fined $12 each and costs.

This case had to be adjourned till after dinner and, in the meantime, Lacey the 2nd mate absented himself, but was observed the following day at Newcastle by policeman Wilcox, who speedily got a warrant, and went after him. The 2nd mate seeing him, got under a wharf but finally concluded he had better come out which he did, and was taken to jail. The captain then paid the fine and the mate was discharged. For this arrest policeman Wilcox deserves much credit, as when fines are levied it should be understood the law will be carried out.

On Monday afternoon a case was brought by Captain Black of the barque *Minnie Grey* against chief mate Clancy of the same vessel, for neglect of duty and abusive language. The steward, Goggin, also brought two charges of assault against the same defendant, who met the cases by cross actions against the captain and steward, the result being that chief mate and steward were fined $4,00 each and costs.

Mr. Tweedie appeared for the captain and steward, and Mr. Carman for the chief mate.

Municipal Elections in Kent Co.

The following are more complete returns of the Municipal elections in Kent than appeared last week:—

Carleton: James P. Caie, Stephen O'Donnell (by acclam.)

Acadieville: Reuben Johnson, Sabastin Babinot (by acclam.)

St. Louis: John B. Richard, Joseph L. Richard (by acclam.)

Richibucto: Daniel O'Leary 127, John Murray 118, Joshua Black 30.

Weldford: Charles Y. Walker, Charles McDonald (by acclam.)

Harcourt: Andrew Dunn, Robert Hutchinson (by acclam.)

Wellington: John C. Ross 193, Gilbert Girouard 193, Horatio B. Smith 63, A. Renaud 56, John McKee 54, L. Allain 36.

St. Mary's: Oliver J. White, Clement Cormier (by acclam.)

Dundas: Robert B. Cutler, Theo. Bellidean (by acclam.)

It will be seen by the above returns that a poll was demanded in the Parishes of Richibucto and Wellington.

Mr. Anglin in Gloucester.

A Tracadie despatch of 2nd instant to the St. John *Telegraph* says Mr. Speaker Anglin spoke here last evening. He had a small audience, and is not strong in this parish. He read letters from Bishops Sweeney and Rogers. The former defends him against the imputation that he deserted the Catholics on the school question. He says that Mr. Huntington took the Post Office printing from him for his outspoken defence of Catholics against his (Huntington's) Argenteuil attacks. He says that Mr. Powell, the Orange Grand Master, and other Protestants are persecuting him, and he claims the support of the constituency on the ground that he has done more for the county in ten years than any other could in twenty; that he is the leading Catholic layman of the Dominion, and this Catholic constituency should be proud of him.

In reference to the above, our Tracadie correspondent sends us the following despatch:—

TRACADIE, June 6th.

Correspondent in *Telegraph* of the 2nd inst, entirely misrepresented Mr. Anglin's speech here. The telegram is false in every particular, Mr. Anglin is stronger in this parish than the correspondent would desire.

[If the *Telegraph's* Tracadie correspondent is of the same character as the person who composes its Ottawa despatches, we have reason to believe that small consideration would lead him to make almost any absurd or false statement. The political telegrams of the St. John dailies are well understood to be the work of a very cheap class of Bohemians.—EDITOR.]

Correspondence.

[We invite correspondence on all local subjects, and will be glad to publish anything that will advance the interests of our readers, individually, or of the communities in which they live. Local News Items, Notices of Improvements—either moral or physical—Reports of Meetings, Agricultural, Lumbering, Fishing, Mechanical and other Industrial notes are especially welcome. We do not expect that all who desire to assist us in the above way are good writers, but that should not deter them form sending along their favors. We want the news and will see that it goes into the paper in proper shape.]

The Southwest Boom.

To the Editor of the Miramichi Advance.

DEAR SIR:—I notice an article in your paper of the 24th inst., wherein you say that the present lessee of the South West Boom is not using the energy he should to clear the channel at the boom. Now Mr. Editor, I took some pains to learn the truth of the matter and, taking into consideration the large quantity of Northeast winds that has been to contend with this spring, the wonder is, to any impartial and unprejudiced man, how so much work has been done up to this time of the year. You say you believe a few men have been set to work at last. Mr. Watt, last week and, I believe, for some time before, had some one hundred to one hundred and fifty working men employed rafting logs at the boom and trying to keep the channel clear. He has hung a side boom at his own expense for the purpose of running the logs out of the channel in the main boom below—what never was done by any former lessee and never expected from a lessee of that boom to my knowledge. It is a well known fact the boom was run better last year than it ever was run, and the largest amount of work was done in the shortest time and, to all appearances, the work will be equally as well done and with the same despatch this year, if wind and weather will permit. I think Mr. Watt and his foreman, Mr. James Robinson, deserve great credit for the manner in which they have handled the boom since Mr. Watt leased it, but it appears the present lessee has some personal enemies in whose opinion he cannot do anything right, and I expect it is from such you got your information. I take mine from personal knowledge. By giving the above a place in the next issue of your paper you will much oblige,

your obedient servant,
ROBERT SWIM.

Doaktown, May 28th 1877.

[Our esteemed correspondent cannot beg the question as he attempts to do in the above. We do not know how many men his friend or partner, the Lessee, had at work "rafting logs at the boom," but we say that up to the day our reference to the matter was written, he had not a dozen men at any one time at work, where they could alone operate to advantage in reopening the navigation of the River and, so far as we can learn, he has not had twice that number at work there at any one time since. We have no desire to take from Mr. Watt any credit that may be due to him on account of great feats in rafting that he may have performed this season, but it may not be amiss to bear in mind that the Company never provided such facilities for rafting before, and that the season has, besides, been a remarkably favorable one for rafting. Even if the Lessee gets the personal benefit of all his own works, as well as those of the Company and Providence, he still stands open to the charge of having acted badly in reference to working out the recent jam which he, himself, rendered unnecessarily durable.—EDITOR.

Fox Island Gully Buoy.

To the Editor of the Miramichi Advance.

SIR:—In reference to a letter from Pilot McEachran concerning the Fox Island Gully Buoy, I beg to say, that when I saw the Tug *Sultan* come and take away a black buoy from the very spot where the Loudoun and Fraser Bouy was always placed, I honestly believed it, to be the latter buoy and, consequently complained in the interest of myself and other persons engaged in the Fox Island Fisheries. I I had no desire in reporting the matter to injure anyone and am sorry that by being mistaken myself, I was the means of misleading you, Mr. Editor.

Truly yours,
A. G. WILLISTON.

[The above explains itself and shows the importance of correspondents being certain of the correctness of what they write. We are informed that the Fox Island Gully Buoy has been for some time in the hold of a certain pilot boat and it is to be hoped it will be properly laid down without further delay.—EDITOR]

Escuminac School.

To the Editor of the Miramichi Advance.

SIR:—In the last issue of your paper I see a communication signed "A Parent," which, as a Trustee of the school in this place, I cannot let pass unanswered. Your correspondent takes it upon himself, or herself to say, that the Trustees and others would have been there had due notice been given by the teacher, as it was her duty to do. Due notice of the examination was given, and while the meeting was not very large, yet it was the largest we ever had in this District. Daniel Lewis, another of the Trustees, was also notified in writing, but owing to business of importance elsewhere was unable to attend, while the third Trustee has not been at a meeting for two years.

The ladies spoken of were not travellers called in, but were invited by the Teacher and her pupils. The meeting, I consider, was one which the Teacher need not be ashamed of, and is a credit to her, for the way the pupils are advancing under her.

Again, your correspondent goes on to state that the progress of the scholars is due rather to the former teacher, Miss McLean, than to the present one. Now, Mr. Editor, I do not wish to underrate the abilities of our former Teacher, Miss McLean, but as one of the Trustees, I feel it my duty to state that our school in this place, has seemed to advance more under the care of our present teacher, than it did for two years before. Again, Miss McEachren is a young lady who is trying to assist her widowed mother to make a living, and I consider it does not become any person to publish anything, and make statements more especially, when they are false, that are calculated to disparage the abilities of any young lady.

The "Parent" writer and comrades may be of respectable families, but in my opinion they never got justice from their neighbors, for if they did, half of them would be in the Lunatic Asylum and the rest in the Penitentiary. Hoping, Mr. Editor, you will in justice to the young lady give this space in your paper,

I remain yours,
JOHN LEWIS,
Trustee.

Escuminac, June, 2, 1877.

Another Letter from Escuminac.

ESCUMINAC, June 2nd 1877.

To the Editor of the Miramichi Advance.

SIR:—In reading the columns of your interesting paper, I observed some false corrections about Escuminac School Examination, which I think it is my duty to contradict. I take the opportunity of seconding what "An Observer" wrote. Please accept my thanks to you for your kindness in refusing to publish certain "personal references" made by "A Parent." In the first place the teacher faithfully performed her duty in giving notice to Trustees and others to attend this examination and I could mention some who got written notice. I have attended several previous examinations, but have not seen so many visitors present as at this last one, which shows that parents in this District take a deeper interest in the education of their children than formerly. Of course we could not expect all the ratepayers in the District to attend; that would be absurd.

The teacher was apparently too busily engaged in her work to notice any one who happened to be passing during the examination, and I have never known her to be in the habit of calling any one into the school. I am one of the number who were surprised with the progress of their children, and I think it would be folly to say that it was due to their former teacher. I don't know why we should require the services of a second-class teacher, while we have one who keeps our school in first class order. No one can say anything about our teacher that would injure her character, except lies, and, you know, the truth is not in some persons. What I write is all truth and "truth may languish but can never perish."

"Let falsehood be a stranger to thy lips,
Shame on the policy that first began,
To tamper with the heart to hide its thoughts,
And double shame on that inglorious tongue,
That sold its honesty and told a lie:—

I will conclude by wishing the Editor of the MIRAMICHI ADVANCE every possible happiness and success for the future.

C. M. M.

[We omit a portion of C. M. M's letter because the writer assumes that "A Parent" is of the softer sex, which is incorrect. That being the case it would be, hardly fair to send shafts to hit one who is not engaged in the fight.—EDITOR.]

The War in the East of Europe.

MATTERS IN CONSTANTINOPLE.

LONDON, May 29th.—A Constantinople despatch says Redif Pasha, Minister of War, is now dictator, and for a time more powerful than ever. Great anxiety prevails among the European population, who fear that during the state of siege if news of fresh disasters arrive, there will be a collision between the populace and troops. Our position, says the *Times* correspondent, is one of very great danger, and is generally so regarded. Servia is determined on war.

RUSSIANS RETIRING.

LONDON, May 30.—A despatch from Constantinople says intelligence from Sukum Kaleh, states that the Russians have evacuated, and the Turks occupied the fortress of Zil. The Russians have evacuated the whole coast line of Abazes country.

MUKHTAR PASHA DISMISSED.

LONDON, May 31st.—It is stated that Mukhtar Pasha has been dismissed, and will be court-martialled for representing that he had equipped 66,000 men, whereas he had only 30,000. Malversation on an enormous scale is said to have been discovered.

THE GREEK PROVINCES.

A Paris special says that delegates from the Greek Provinces of Turkey had a meeting at Athens last night in favor of war. The Committee on National Defence have been called on to distribute arms in those provinces.

A PAPER CURRENCY.

The Roumanian Ministry is in trouble over the paper currency project. They have been unable to get a quorum for the last two days, and, therefore, have consented to adjourn the debate.

The Foreign Minister will ask for a credit of 100,000 roubles to give a fitting reception to the Czar at Bucharest.

RUMORS OF PEACE.

VIENNA, May 30.—The *Times'* correspondent at Vienna telegraphs as follows: "Rumors of the possibility of peace are floating about here. They emanate in Berlin and date from the time of Prince Bismarck's stay there. At first they were vague; now, however, they have assumed a more positive form to the effect that the fall of Adrahan, the retreat of the Turks to Erzeroum, together with the impression made on the Porte by the menacing attitude of the Chamber and the population of the capital, have already furnished opportunities for German mediators.

HOW THE CZAR TRAVELS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 2.—A Vienna despatch says extraordinary precautions have been taken relative to the Czar's journey. Already the train usually used for imperial journeys has twice passed along the Galacian Railway, with all the windows closed and curtained each time. It is believed the Czar passed.

Twelve regiments of Horse Guards will be sent in advance. The Russian army on the Danube will be increased to 400,000.

FORTIFYING CONSTANTINOPE.

LONDON, June 2.—Plans of the fortifying of Constantinople are being hurried forward. The defensive line west of Constantinople completely covering it from a land attack will be established.

AN ENGAGEMENT.

A sharp engagement took place outside of Kars recently, resulting in a decisive advantage to the Russians. The Turks lost their outlying entrenchments on three sides of Kars, with two guns and a quantity of ammunition. The Russians lost 36 killed, and the Turks 100.

TURKS GETTING DISCOURAGED.

LONDON, June 3rd.—A telegram from Syra says great discouragement exists in official circles in Constantinople, because it is not known how sufficient forces can be collected to resist the Russian advance. The hopes that the capture of Sukum Kaleh would lead to an insurrection in the Caucasus have now disappeared, as the Circassians feared Russia and laid down their arms. Turkey is weak from material causes which render it difficult to maintain long resistance.

Kars is amply provisioned, but as a precautionary measure the garrison have been put on half rations.

The vanguard of the Russian right wing has appeared before Olti, and the Turks are retreating therefrom.

THE CAMPAIGN IN ASIA SETTLED.

LONDON, June 4th.—The London *Standard's* Constantinople correspondent says:—"The fate of the campaign in Asia is practically settled. Mukhtar Pasha is about to fall back on Erzeroum, which, as I learn from the best authority, is wholly open and cannot be held. The Russians are advancing in force towards Diarbekir, and there is nothing to prevent them from getting possession of the Euphrates Valley.

SICKNESS AMONG THE TURKS.

A despatch from Orealuk to the *Times* represents the Turkish soldiers sick and famished; 2400 men have died at Trebinge since the campaign began. There is much dysentry, and 3000 men are sick at Mostar.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The State Department, to-day, received official information that Roumania has concluded a Treaty with Russia by which it places itself under the latter's control in the war against Turkey.

Arrival of the City of Brussels.

The arrival of the Steamship *City of Brussels* created quite a gala day in Liverpool on the 29th ult. The news that she had been signalled spread through the city like wildfire, and for hours an enthusiastic and joyful torrent of people kept pouring through the streets in the direction of the dock. Every vehicle that money could procure was engaged, and put in requisition for the occasion. Tremendous cheering greeted the long-delayed steamer as she came up the river in charge of four steam tugs, and escorted by the Dock Board steamer, with General Grant on board, and by several tugs bearing delegations from all the Liverpool Roman Catholic societies, who had turned out to welcome their co-religionists from across the Atlantic. The scene as the *City of Brussels* neared the pier was the most exciting ever witnessed in the port. As the pilgrims landed they were greeted with deafening cheers; escorted to their hotel by an immense procession, and entertained there by the Roman Catholic Club. A Te Deum was sung at the Pro-Cathedral after which the pilgrims proceeded on their route to Rome, whither their safe arrival at Liverpool had been already telegraphed.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

Consumption, that scourge of humanity, is the great dread of the human family in all civilized countries.

I feel confident that I am in possession of the only sure, infallible Remedy—now known to the profession—for the positive and speedy cure of that dread disease, and its unwelcome concomitants, viz: CATARRH, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, NERVOUS DEBILITY, &c., &c. Twenty-eight years experience, as a busy practitioner, in the best Consumptive Hospitals of the Old and New World, has taught me the value of this Medicine in the cure of all Throat and Lung Complaints.

Those suffering with consumption or any of the above maladies, by addressing me, giving symptoms, they shall be put in possession of this great boon, WITHOUT CHARGE, and shall have the benefit of my experience in thousands of cases successfully treated. Full directions for preparation and use, and all necessary advice and instructions for successful treatment at your own home, will be received by you by return mail, free of charge, by addressing

DR. JOHN S. BURNETT,
167 Jefferson Street,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

NO RISK.

Thomas' Eclectric Oil! Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold. Do you know anything of it? If not, it is time you did.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest Medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat; one dose cures BRONCHITIS. Fifty cents' worth has cured an OLD STANDING COUGH. One or two bottles cure bad cases of PILES and KIDNEY TROUBLES. Six to eight applications cure ANY CASE OF EXCORIATED NIPPLES OR INFLAMED BREAST. One bottle has cured LAME BACK of eight years' standing. Daniel Plank, of Brookfield, Tioga County, Pa., says: "I went thirty miles for a bottle of your Oil, which effected a WONDERFUL CURE of a CROOKED LIMB, by six applications" Another who has had ASTHMA for years, says: "I have half of a 50 cent bottle left, and $100 would not buy it if I could get no more." Rufus Robinson, of Nunda, N. Y., writes: "One small bottle of your ECLECTRIC OIL restored the voice where the person had not spoken above a whisper in FIVE YEARS." Rev J. Mallory, of Wyoming, N. Y., writes: "Your ECLECTRIC OIL cured me of Bronchitis in one week."

It is composed of SIX OF THE BEST OILS THAT ARE KNOWN. Is as good for internal as for external use, and is believed to be immeasurably superior to anything ever made. Will save you much suffering and many dollars of expense.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.—Ask for Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. See that the signature of *S. N. Thomas* is on the wrapper, and the names of Northrop & Lyman are blown in the bottle, and *Take no other.* Sold by all medicine dealers. Price, 25 cts. NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Proprietors for the Dominion.

NOTE.—*Eclectric*—Selected and Electrized.

BIRTH.

On the 3rd June, at Petit Rocher, County Gloucester, N. B. the wife of O. Turgeon, of a son.

DIED.

At Chatham, May 31st, Margaret, the beloved wife of Mr. James Harris, aged 52 years, leaving a kind husband and affectionate family to mourn their loss.

"Blessed are the dead that die in the Lord"
(*Gleaner* copy.)

Shipping Intelligence.

Port of Chatham.

ENTERED FROM SEA.

May 30—bark Industry, 352, Larsen, Bordeaux, ballast, J. B. Snowball.
June 1—bark Minnie Grey, 348, Black, London, do. W. Muirhead.
Brig Barbara, 229, Begg, Limerick, do, A. Morrison.
Bark Thargay, 448, Enersten, London, do., J. B. Snowball.
Barktne. Lottie, 491, Innis, Liverpool, do., Wm. Muirhead.
Ship Wellington, 1005, O'Brien, London, do., Guy, Stewart & Co.
2—ship Highland Home, 750, Smith, London, do, do.
Bark Freden, 406, Neilson, Norway, do., J. B. Snowball.
Bark Formosa, 637, O'Neill, London, do., Wm. Muirhead.
4—bark Arica, 621, Hubert, Norway, do., do.
Bark Irene, 385, Olsen, Norway, do, J. B. Snowball.
Bark Vinctore, 519, Olsen, Limerick, do, do.
Ship Bessie Crosby, 681, Treffry, Bremerhaven, do., do.
Ship Helene, 760, Samuelsen, Belfast, do., Wm. Muirhead.

Coastwise.

May 30—schr Four Brothers, Boudreau, Pictou, coal, Guy, Stewart & Co.
31—schr Lily, Allen, Summerside, oats and potatoes, master.
Schr We are Here, Tainor, Summerside, general produce, master.
June 1—schr Foaming Billow, Murphy, Halifax, general cargo, Wm. Muirhead.
Stmr Miramichi, Bacquet, Quebec, general cargo, Wm. Muirhead.
4—schr Daddy, Brown, Pictou, coal, Jas. Neilson.
Schr Break of Day, Waters, Pictou, coal, J. W. Fraser.
Schr Wild Briar, McLeod, Charlottetown, ballast, A. Morrison.
Schr Merit, Lewis, Magdalens, ballast, master.

CLEARED FOR SEA.

May 30—bark Eliza Oulton, 454, McCarrey, Bowling, deals, W. Muirhead.
Bark Presto, 625, Brown, Belfast, do do.
Bark Agda, 360, Lind, Glasgow, do Guy, Stewart & Co.
Bark Actaeon, 573, Talhman, St. Nazaire, do do.
Bark Annie, 536, Eversen, Hull, do A. Morrison.
Bark Ocean, 772, Bergh, Sharpness, do J. B. Snowball.
31—bark Transatlantic, 598, Jansen, St. Nazaire, do Guy, Stewart & Co.
Bark Atlanta, 307, Olsen, Newry, deals, J. B. Snowball.
Bark Addie H Cann, 650, Jenkins, Londonderry, do A. Morrison.
June 2—bark George Suppicich, 442, Dade, Garston Dock, do W. Muirhead.
Bark Finland, 540, Bornstadt, Plymouth, do J. B. Snowball.
4—brigt Orinoco, 229, O'Brien, Garston Dock, do Guy, Stewart & Co.
5—bark Prins Oscar, 712, Svensen, Brest, do do.
Bark Forest Queen, 548, Greenlees, Belfast, do A. Morrison.
Bark Fanny M. Carvill, 592, Morton, Greenock, do J. B. Snowball
6—barktne. Margaret Boyd, 395, Spence, Irvine, do W. Muirhead.

Coastwise

June 4—schr We are Here, Tainor, Cape Traverse, general cargo.

Port of Newcastle.

ENTERED FROM SEA.

May 31—brigt. Katie, 191, LeBlanc, Portland, ballast, R. R. Call.

Coastwise.

30—schr Ellen, 49, Jollymore, Pictou, coals, R. R. Call.
Stmr Secret, 291, Davidson, do., flour, do.
31—schr Ariadne, 55, Allen, do., coals, do.
Schr Abeonia, 98, Terrio, do do do.
Schr Francis Harriet, Gallant, do do do.
June 1—S. S. Miramichi, 491, Bacquet, Quebec, flour, do.

[CLEARED FOR SEA.

May 30—bark Jardine Bros., 523, Neilson, Liverpool, deals, etc., D. & J. Ritchie & Co.
31—bark Clifton, 473, Jones, do., deals and timber, Gilmour, Rankine & Co.
Bark Welhaven, 469, Jansen, Whitehaven, deals, D. & J. Ritchie & Co.
Bark Baltic, 641, Wulfsberg, Barrow, do., George Burchill.
June 1—bark Morland, 440, Emanuelsen, Plymouth, do., Gilmour, Rankine & Co.
Bark Nord, 489, Sjmb, Londonderry, do., D. & J. Ritchie & Co.
4—bark Concordia, 516, Bull, Glasson Dock, do., do.

Coastwise.

June 2—stmr Miramichi, 491, Bacquet, Pictou, flour, R. R. Call.
Schr Ellen, 49, Jollymore, do., refuse deals, D. & J. Ritchie & Co.
Schr. Champion, 114, Granville, River John, telegraph poles, Dominion Telegraph Company.

Port of Richibucto.

ARRIVED.

May 30—bktne. Lydia, 424, Chalmers, Liverpool, ballast, J. & W. Bralt.
June 2—brigt. Edna M. Gregory, 386, Smith, London, do., George McLeod.
4—bktne. Jennie B., 493, Shearer, Fleetwood, do. J. & W. Bralt.

Port of Cocagne.

ARRIVED.

May 30—bark Arctic, 499, Davies, Shields, G. B., ballast, W. Richards.
Brig Jan Mayn, 264, Tellopsen, Swansea, do. do.
Bark Karon Elise, 372, Andersen, Germany, do., do.

British and Foreign.

CLEARED.

At Halifax, June 3, Mary Lucia, Sacklow, Charlottetown, P. E. I. and Miramichi.
At Pictou, June 4, schr. Claymore, for Miramichi.
At Halifax, June 1st, barque Guiona, 654, Flynn, for Miramichi.

New Advertisements.

PRIME BEEF AT AUCTION.

THE Subscriber will sell by Public Auction, on FRIDAY, 15th INSTANT, at 10 o'clock, a. m., in front of D. T. Johnstone's Weigh Scales, Chatham,

18 OXEN, all Prime Beef,

calculated to average 650lbs. each.
TERMS—3 months, with approved security.
WM. WYSE, Auctioneer.
Chatham, 5th June, 1877. 2e7

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1875.

James Gionet, Plaintiff; Joseph Gionet, Defendant.

A WRIT of Attachment has been issued in this cause.
Bathurst, 26th May, 1877.
ROBERT ELLIS, *Official Assignee.*
3e14

AN ITEM TO REMEMBER.

R. F. WADDLETON & CO.
have received and are selling
CHOICE & NEW
DRY GOODS, MILLINERY,
CLOTHING, ETC.,
Cheap for Cash.
AT UNCHANGED PLACE OF BUSINESS,
"CANADA HOUSE" BUILDING.
N. B.—Prints selling from 8c. per yard upwards.

NEW BOOKS.

HOURS with Men and Books, by Prof. William Matthews, L. L. D.; paper 75c.; cloth $1.00.
Candles—by John Esten Cook—paper 75c.; cloth $1.00.
Tom Sawyer, (new edition) by Mark Twain—paper 75c.
D. G. SMITH.
MIRAMICHI BOOKSTORE,
Chatham, June 5th, 1877.

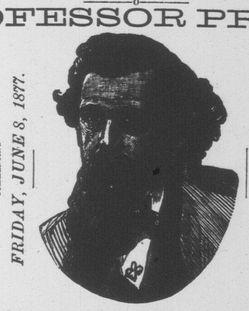
NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FREE EXHIBITIONS,

Afternoon and Evening, - - at 2 and 7 O'clock.

PROFESSOR PRATT,

WILL OPEN HIS ACADEMY At Newcastle for a Short Season, —WITH HIS— STUD OF EDUCATED HORSES, COMMENCING FRIDAY, JUNE 8, 1877.



LIFE MEMBERSHIP TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR EACH. Each Member receives a Book.

THE HORSE EDUCATOR OF THE WORLD,

WILL ALSO EXHIBIT AT BATHURST.

J. E. NORLE, Agent.

SOUTH WEST BOOM.

SALE OF UNMARKED & PRIZE LOGS.

TO be sold at Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 20TH INSTANT, at two o'clock in the afternoon at Christopher Parker's, in Derby, all the

Unmarked and Prize Logs

now being rafted at the South West Boom. The purchaser to have all such Logs that may be rafted during the remainder of the Season at the rate that the present lot may sell for.

TERMS—CASH.

By order of ALEXANDER MORRISON, Esq., PRESIDENT.
C. C. WATT, Auctioneer.
Miramichi, 5th June, 1877.

THIS SPACE IS RESERVED FOR
ROBERTSON & M'ANDREWS,
DEALERS IN GROCERIES, SHIP CHANDLERY, ETC.
Water Sreet, Chatham.

A RIDE TO KHIVA.

BY CAPT. FRED. BURNABY,
In the Lakeside Library. - - - - PRICE 10 CTS.
MIRAMICHI BOOKSTORE,
Chatham, June 5, '77.

Cheap Fishing Lines.

4, 6 and 7c. EACH,
AT THE MIRAMICHI BOOKSTORE.
Just the Thing the Boys Want.
Chatham, June 6, 1877.

NOTICE!

GOING TO THE BAD.

BY EDMUND YATES.

CHAPTER XIV.—COALS OF FIRE.

In the course of his professional career, Dr. Travers had often been called upon to exercise his judgment in delicate matters, but never had a more knotty point been submitted to him than that which he now felt himself called upon to solve.

He had sent for Kitty, and, recognizing her promptness in all important matters, he knew that in a few minutes she would be there—there in the house of her own husband, the man bound to her by all the ties of law and honor; the man who had not merely basely deserted her, but had endeavored to take her life, and had given her legitimate place to another; and it was out of mercy for that other one that Kitty had been summoned to tend her in her extremity—to exercise on her behalf all the womanly softness and patience—to do for her what there was none of her own kindred to do.

"A very nice mess I've made of it," muttered Dr. Travers to himself; "very. I have always found that there is great common sense in the vulgar proverb, that 'There is no use in crying over spilt milk,' and I rather think that I will not go back from what I have done, but hold to and make the best of it; and I am not sure that out of this apparent blunder of mine I shall not find the means of punishing my quondam friend, Mr. Russell, the convict, now developed into Sir Frederick Randall, the bigamist, and the attempted murderer of his wife.

"Well, mademoiselle, what is it?" he added, turning to Elise, who had just entered the room.

"The woman—the lady, if you please, mademoiselle; be good enough to understand that, and let the other servants know that this lady must be treated with every respect during the time she stays in this house. I will go down and see her at once."

In the dining-room he found Kitty, with a rather contemptuous expression on her face.

"You are a good child to come so promptly," said he laying his hand upon her shoulder. "Have you any idea whose house you are in?"

"Not the least," said Kitty, "except that I gather from the general style of the furniture and decorations, the place must belong to some rich vulgarian."

"Not so," said the doctor; "though I allow you have ample grounds for such belief. This house," he continued, watching her closely, "belongs to Sir Frederick Randall."

All the color left Kitty's face, and the fingers of her hand resting on the table clasped together spasmodically; but she said nothing, and gave no further sign of discomfort.

"And I have sent for you," said the doctor, still watching her closely, "to attend upon Sir Frederick Randall's wife."

He had tried her too far.

The blood came rushing back into her cheeks, and, springing to her feet, she cried: "I will not do it! I will leave this house this instant!" Then, strength failing her she sank back into her seat. "Oh, my God! it is too cruel! you know not what you ask!"

In an instant Dr. Travers was by her side, holding her hand, and speaking to her in that earnest, cheering voice which always brought her comfort.

"Yes, my dear friend," he whispered, "I know all; but I had no suspicion of it when I sent for you! I have guessed it since; how, I will tell you at some future time. The knowledge I have arrived at has not changed my determination, and must not influence yours. Whatever wrong has been done to you by this lady, towards whom I ask your kindness, has been innocently and ignorantly—I need scarcely remind you that she has no idea of your existence—and, though I have never set eyes upon her until this evening, I feel convinced that, even in these comparatively early days of her married life, she is suffering from the brutality of the man whom she believes to be her husband, and you have so much in common between you."

Kitty was looking up at him with earnest gaze.

"Is she very ill?" she asked.

"She is very ill," replied Dr. Travers, "and above all things she will require kindness and sympathy, such as—there are none of her own folks to speak to her—such as you know so perfectly how to render."

"And you expect me to do this service to my enemy?"

"I do not allow that this lady is your enemy at all, Kitty; and, even if she were, you are a religious women, and know what is said: 'Therefore, if thine enemy hunger, feed him; if he thirst, give him drink; for in so doing thou shalt heap coals of fire on his head.'"

"I do not pretend to be influenced by any such spirit of Christian charity," said Kitty, without raising her eyes.

"And yet you showed that you were when you gave up whole days and nights to nurse my wife, who was then a total stranger to you, and were not the obligations of humanity shown, in regard to yourself, by the American gentlemen who found you and, at the hazard of their lives, rescued you from your perilous position?"

Kitty was silent for a moment: then a shudder passed through her frame as she said:

"You can not expect me to meet this man?"

"I do not expect any such sacrifice, nor do I anticipate that there is any chance of a meeting between you taking place. From what I have gathered from Lady Randall's maid, it would seem that the couple have for some time lived on bad terms. The brutality which this man occasionally exercised on you, when you were in his power, does not seem to have diminished; on the contrary, from what I learn, it has increased under the influence of drink, to which he has succumbed. My notion is, that in one of these paroxysms of folly, he has made a personal attack upon his wife, and that when he recovers his senses, even *he* will be so ashamed of himself that it will be some time before he puts in an appearance."

"But suppose he should come, what should I do!—oh, what should I do!" said Kitty, covering her eyes with her hands.

"Exercise your common sense, my dear child," said the doctor, touching her lightly on the shoulder. "You have plenty of it, and you know perfectly well that this man can do nothing to you by force; on the contrary, he will be more likely to shun you; and—by the way," continued the doctor, ruminating, "that gives me rather a good idea, and makes me more than ever anxious that you should remain here. Lady Randall's room will, at my express orders, be closed against every one but you, the French maid, and the professional nurse: and if Sir Frederick Randall should arrive and attempt to dispute my authority, I live so close that I could be sent for in a moment, and I think I could manage to prove to him that it would be better for him to let me have my own way."

"Tell me, doctor," said Kitty, looking at him inquiringly; "from one or two things which you have said, I have an idea that you know Sir Frederick Randall."

"I have met him," said the doctor, with a peculiar smile, "and think I have influence enough with him to induce him to do what I wish."

"You seem to have that kind of influence enough with everybody," said Kitty; "and I am not likely to prove an exception to the rule. I will do anything I can to be of service to this lady."

"Bravely spoken, my dear!" said Dr. Travers. "You may depend upon it you will never regret that decision. Now let us go and see the patient."

When they reached Lady Randall's apartment they found it already set to rights by Elise's careful hands. The ball dress, the jewels, and the ornaments had been put away, and the professional nurse was sitting by the side of the bed, in which Minnie lay, wrapped in a profound sleep and breathing quietly.

The nurse rose on the physician's entrance and made him a little bow. She had not previously been brought into contact with Dr. Travers, as their operations did not lie in the same line, but she had often heard of the great physician, and was prepared to obey him implicitly.

"Good evening, Mrs. Gibbs," said Dr. Travers. "I have heard of you, and am very glad to see you here, and to know that Lady Randall is in such good hands. This lady, Mrs. Moreton, is a friend of mine and Lady Randall's, and in the absence of any members of the family, she has kindly consented to remain here a few days, and exercise a general superintendence."

To attain success in the medical profession, a knowledge of diplomacy is a most essential requisite; and this knowledge Dr. Travers possessed in the highest degree. The few words of politeness just spoken had flattered Mrs. Gibb's professional vanity, and conveyed to her the explanation that no interference with her social position was intended by Kitty's presence in the house; so she smiled graciously on the doctor, and bowed pleasantly to Mrs. Moreton.

"Nothing to report about the patient, I suppose, Mrs. Gibbs?" asked the doctor, humoring her.

"Nothing at all, sir," replied Mrs. Gibbs. "She dropped off into a sleep just after I arrived, and has never moved since. By the way," she said, lowering her voice, "did you—did you see this?" and she quietly pointed to the bruises on Minnie's arms and temple.

"Yes," said Dr. Travers, looking hard at her; "exactly; I understand what you mean. I had seen them, and had given orders that no one but you and the French maid, and Mrs. Moreton here, shall be admitted into this room—no one, you understand?"

"I understand perfectly, sir," said the nurse. "I thought it might be that way."

"It is that way, I regret to say, Mrs. Gibbs. I think a little cooling lotion, perhaps some plain vinegar and water, might be applied there, if you will kindly look after it."

The nurse nodded, and left the room to fulfill her errand. Then Dr. Travers turned round and beckoned Kitty to approach the bed.

She obeyed with painful hesitation, but the doctor stepped forward, placing his arm under hers and led her gently to the bedside.

Minnie lay there, her cheeks deathly pale, her eyes closed, her lips apart, revealing her white and even teeth; over the pillow her long, fair hair lay floating in a tangled mass, and one small hand, almost rigidly clenched was outside the coverlet.

Kitty bent over the sleeping figure in admiration.

This, then, was the girl for whom she had been deserted, to secure the possession of whom her murder had been attempted! Kitty knew this as she gazed down upon her unconscious rival, but no pang of jealousy animated her breast.

"She was not in fault," she thought to herself, "she had no knowledge of my existence—of there being any obstacle to her marriage! Moreover, if it had not been she would have been another, for such a man there are always women to offer, and it was a mere case of barter; he was ready to sell himself to the highest bidder. It is a pity, too," she mused, "that one so young, and, doubtless, so innocent, should have been thrown in Frederick Randall's way."

"She is very beautiful," she whispered, raising herself, from her long contemplation.

"She is very young to have such awful troubles thrown upon her," said the doctor, "and—"

At that instant Minnie uttered a low moan, and shuddered in her sleep. The hand which lay outside the coverlet, was unclasped and stretched forward, as though in supplication.

Upon neither of the watchers by the bedside, accustomed as they were to scenes of sorrow, were these signs lost, and Kitty, bending down, took the wandering hand in hers and impressed a gentle kiss upon the soft cheek.

When she recovered herself, she saw the doctor looking at her with moistened eyes.

"You are an angel," he said; I know the struggle that has been going on within you, and am perfectly satisfied as to its results. Now I will leave you with this poor girl. I don't think you will meet with any annoyance from Sir Frederick; but in case you should, recollect I am close by, and do not hesitate to send for me instantly."

When the doctor had taken his departure, Kitty seated herself in the chair by the bedside, which had been previously occupied by Mrs. Gibbs, and pondered over the strange destiny which had brought her there.

That slight and fragile girl lying there before her had all unconsciously been the stumbling block in her life, the attraction to which her husband had succumbed, the prize to obtain which he had conceived, and, as he believed, had compassed, the idea of murdering the woman who stood in his way. By that attempted act of brutality, he had entirely obliterated any lingering regard which Kitty might have felt for him. If he had deserted her; if even, as he threatened during their first interview at Brauxholme, he had ignored her existence, and denied that she was his wife, she would still have had for him some remnant of love—she would still have remembered that he was the first who won her young heart in the days gone by, and would have dreaded coming in contact with him, lest the sober feeling of her nature should prevail, and she should place herself once more in his power.

When, however, she realised to herself that that base and cowardly attempt at murder was no act committed on the impulse of the moment, but had been deliberately planned and premediated, her heart, so far as Frederick Randall was concerned, grew stone within her, and her only feeling, towards the man whom she had once worshipped with such devotion, was one of creeping horror and detestation.

So far as Frederick Randall was concerned, was there, then, any one else whose image, rising before her mind, was dwelt upon more tenderly?

What was the strange psychological influence which induced Kitty, as she sat there, watching the slumbering girl, to think of other persons of American birth, who had recently played a part in her life's drama, to recall the handsome, genial presence of Wilbur Hoyt, to bend forward as though listening to his kindly voice, then to throw herself back in a chair, and clasping her hands before her to sit musing over her last interview, to recall the noble offer which he had made to her, the brave respectful manner in which he had accepted her rejection of him. Ah, it was hard to give up such a wealth of love as that, to make up her mind, for duty's sake, to pursue her solitary path through life, knowing all the time that such a noble heart, and such a stalwart hand, were at her service, and that their possessor's dearest hope would be to help her in her need.

What a happy woman she might have been, even now, after all the troubles and storms through which she had passed, if she had only the courage to stifle the still, small voice of conscience, and look upon herself as free;—even now, while she was far more fitted to appreciate the generous nobility of Wilbur Hoyt's nature than she would have been in her early youth. His tenderness, his delicacy, his innate, gentle sympathy, would have been wasted upon the young girl, whose maiden fancy had been captivated by the regular features and somewhat vulgar dash of Frederick Randall—what would she not give if—

What breaks in rudely upon Kitty's reverie, causing her to spring from her chair, and with fright imprinted on every feature of her face, to bend forward, turning her head aside and listening eagerly?

A man's voice, the well-remembered tones of which thrill her with shuddering horror—the voice of Frederick Randall, high pitched and angry, such as Kitty remembered it in the early days of their marriage, when creditors were clamorous, and money was short.

The voice seemed approaching; then she heard quick, heavy footsteps coming nearer and nearer. Great Heavens! what shall she do? She had only time to throw herself on her knees and busy herself with the fire, when the door opened and, without seeing him, Kitty was aware of her husband's presence.

"There," he said, in a loud, defiant tone, and with a short laugh. "I don't want to come in, I don't want to disturb you, nurse, nor any of you, but, by the Lord, I will show that I am master here! Pretty thing, indeed, where a French maid is to forbid me my own room, telling me it's by the doctor's orders. I should like to see any doctor interfere with me! How is your patient, nurse?—getting on pretty well? I don't want to interfere with you;" and without waiting for an answer, he turned on his heel and left the room, banging the door after him.

With his laugh of of defiance still on his lips, Sir Frederick Randall went swaggering down the stairs into the dining-room. He walked up to the massive oak sideboard, which stood at the end of the apartment, and unlocking it, took out a small queer-shaped bottle containing brandy, and was just about to pour out some of its contents, when he felt a touch on his shoulder.

The butler, who had long since gone to bed, and left the house in charge of what he called "the medical people," had turned down the gas before going, and there was very little light in the room.

Sir Frederick, turning sharply round, could make out that he was confronted by a gentlemanly looking man, but could not discern his features. "What do you want?" he asked, sharply.

"You," said the stranger.

The abruptness of the tone nettled Sir Frederick, who exclaimed:

"Do you know who I am, sir?"

"Perfectly," said the other; "shall I tell you? No. 201 in Westchester Jail. Russell, the forger—Randall, the wife murderer!"

"Hush! for God's sake," cried Sir Frederick, holding up his hands in agony; "Who are you?—how came you here?"

"I am Dr. Travers," said the stranger, "in attendance on the lady who believes herself to be your wife."

"Travers?" repeated Sir Frederick—"Travers? Where have I heard that name before?"

"You have heard it mentioned by your legitimate wife, whom you sent to live at Brauxholme; but it was not as Dr. Travers you first knew me. You knew me as Walter King!"

"Walter King?"

"Ay, Walter King, the surgeon of the Westchester Jail? On a certain eventful night in your life you made to Walter King a promise—do you recollect what it was?"

"No," said Sir Frederick, hesitatingly; "I do not recollect what it was!"

"Men of your stamp seldom do recollect such matters—I will remind you of it. When, in my mistaken pity and compassion, I aided in the subterfuge by which you escaped the legal sentence you were suffering, you swore to me that you would repent and reform!—How have you kept your word? By heaping crime upon crime, until the worst of all is reached, and you stand forth a murderer?"

"Murderer!"

"Ay, black even among murderers—assassin of her whom you had sworn to cherish and protect, and from whom you received nothing but love and devotion."

"How do you know this? How do you dare to——"

"Silence, man, and do not provoke me, but listen to what I say. I told you at that time that if you broke your word I would give you no second chance, but would hunt you down—now I mean to do it?"

He lifted his hand as he spoke, and shook his fore-finger solemnly in the air; then turned round and walked slowly away.

Sir Frederick Randall gazed vacantly before him, until he heard the slamming of the street door, and knew that his dreaded visitor was gone.

Then with a shaking hand, he poured out a glass of brandy, and swallowed it with a gulp, "Hunt me down, will he," he said, as, after turning out the gas, he walked slowly up the stairs, "I defy him! What proof has he of—of—what he talked about? Who could ever bear witness against me that—Oh, my God! what is that?"

He fell back against the wall as he spoke, and stood with fixed eyes glaring at a female figure with a lamp in its hand, which coming out of his wife's room, crossed the corridor and disappeared.

Frederick Randall uttered no loud cry, his tongue seemed paralyzed in his mouth, his heart seemed to turn to ice within his body, and muttering feebly, "Kitty's ghost!" he fell senseless to the ground.

TO BE CONTINUED.

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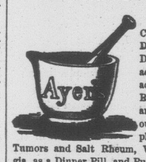

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175 Quarter Casks Vinegrowers' Brandy;			
40	do	do Hennessy & Martell do;	
50 Octaves (about 20 gals. each,) do.			
400 cases Hennessy & Martell		do.	
300	do	Jules Robin & Co. do, qts. & pts.	
250	do	Thom & Cameron do, qts. & pts.	
250	do	G. Delmora's do, qts. & pts.	
100	do	G. Delmora's do, ½ pts.	

WHISKEY:

50 quarter casks Bulloch Lade Whiskey;			
200 cases	do	do	do qts.
100 do	do	do	do pts.
40 quarter casks Cork Malt		do	
150 cases Dunville		do	
30 quarter casks Small Still		do	
50 cases Kinnehan's L. L.		do	
65 do	Bagots, Hutton & Co. B.	do	
150 do	Thom & Co. Irish	do	qts&pts
100 do	do	Scotch	do do
100 barrels Rye		do	

Hollands and Old Tom Gin.

100 quarter casks Hollands Gin;		
25 hogsheads	do	do
400 cases "Houtman's"	do	do
150 do	DeKuyper's	do do
150 do	Henke's	do do
60 do	Key	do do
40 octaves	Houtman's	do do
5 hogsheads Old Tom		do
150 cases cases	do	do qts. & pts.

Old Jamaica & Demerara RUM:

4 puncheons very fine Old Jamaica Rum;		
25	do	Demerara Rum, (very choice)
100 cases Kerney's Jamaica Rum;		
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WINES & CHAMPAGNE.

60 quarter casks Port Wine;		
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40 octaves	do	do
20 quarter casks Fine Diamond Port;		
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100 cases Champagne, qts. and pts.;		
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300 Barrels BASS' ALE, quarts and pints.
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50 cases John Bull Bitters;			
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100 Chests English CONGOU TEA;			
900 half-chests	do	do	do
200 caddies	do	do	do
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150 kegs Bi-Carbonate Soda;			
60 barrels Pickles, "Crosse & Blackwell's,"			
40	do	do	"Morton's,"
50	do	do	"Bain's,"
20 cases	do	do	"Edward's,"
10 gross Stove Polish;			
5 cases NUTMEGS;			
2	do	Liquorice;	
60 barrels Castand, Filbrets & Walnuts;			
100 cases Colman's No. 1 Starch;			
400 dozen	do	Mustard, ½ & ¼ pounds;	
100 Tins	do	Ginger, ¼ pounds & 4.	
25 gross Nixey's Black Lead;			
2 cases Colman's	do		
50 boxes Corn Starch;			
100	do	T. D., Woodstock, Miner and assorted PIPES.	

50 Sacks RICE;
100 boxes Fancy Soap—3 doz. each;
100 dozen Assorted Perfumery;

50	do	Hair Oil—assorted.
50	do	Assorted Essences,
150 boxes	do	Confectionery;
2 bales Whole Cloves,		
25 casks Washing Soda,		
100 cans Coleman's Mustard, 4 pounds.		

TOBACCO,

150 Boxes & Half-Boxes "CHARTER OAK,"			
50 Boxes Mahogany TOBACCO—6s.			
50 Caddies	do	do	Little Corporal.
50	do	do	Little Sergeant.
50	do	do	Real Virginia.
50	do	do	Rough and Ready
40	do	do	Black Diamond.
100	do	do	Solace.

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25 cases SARDINES—¼s and ½s.		
40 boxes Wax Candles,		
50 tins Ground Cinnamon,		
20 gross Shoe Blacking,		
200 dozen Scrub, Shoe and Blacking Brushes,		
100	do	Corn Brooms, (assorted)
100 boxes Clothes Pins,		
50 dozen Bed Cords and Clothes Lines,		
100	do	boxes Gelatine,
300 boxes Citron, Orange and Lemon Peel,		
30 cases Table Salt (in bottles)		
150 boxes Pepper, Ginger and Allspice,		
100 cases Fruits, Lobsters, Oysters, &c.		
200 boxes New Layer Raisins.		

With every article usually found in a Wholesale Grocery.
WHOLESALE.
LEE & LOGAN,
46 Dock St., St. John.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS.

FRESH
Timothy, Clover and Turnip Seeds,
AT LOWEST PRICES.
A lot of CHEAP PLOUGHS
JUST RECEIVED AT
F. J. LETSON'S.
Also—Part of his
SPRING STOCK
OF ENGLISH GOODS,
ex Steamer *via* Halifax.
Superior Extra Flour
at the Lowest Market Prices.
F. J. LETSON.
WATER STREET
Chatham, 17th April, 1877.

Law, etc.

M. ADAMS.
Barrister and Attorney-at-Law
NOTARY PUBLIC, &C.
SOLICITOR IN BANKRUPTCY,
Agent for "Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society."
Agent for "Imperial," "Ætna," "Hartford" Fire Insurance Companies.
NEWCASTLE, N. B.
BATHURST OFFICE:—two doors from store of K. F. Burns, Esq.

L. J. TWEEDIE,
Barrister & Attorney-at-Law,
NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER,
Solicitor in Bankruptcy, &c., &c.
OFFICE:—SNOWBALL'S BUILDING,
WATER STREET,
CHATHAM.
2-52

JOHNSON & FRASER.
BARRISTERS, and
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.
NOTARIES PUBLIC, CONVEYANCERS.
Insurance Agents, &c.
UNION BUILDING.
WATER ST., CHATHAM, N. B.
A. H. JOHNSON. G. B. FRASER.

WM. A. PARK,
Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor,
NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, &C.
OFFICE:—OVER THE STORE OF W. PARK, Esq
CASTLE STREET,
NEWCASTLE, B. N.

E. P. Williston,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c.,
OFFICE—Over Mr. John Brandon's Store; Entrance Side Door.
Newcastle, Miramichi, N. B.
1-1-tf

Law Notices, etc.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1875.

In the Matter of David O'Connell, Insolvent.

A WRIT of Atachment has been issued in this cause, and the creditors are notified to meet at my Office, in Chatham, on MONDAY, the Eleventh day of June next, at Eleven o'clock in the forenoon, to receive statements of his affairs, and to appoint an Assignee if they see fit.

Dated at Chatham, this 23rd day of May, A. D. 1877.

JOHN ELLIS,
Official Assignee.
3c.7

Sheriff's Sale.

TO be sold at Public Auction, on FRIDAY, the Fifth day of October next, in front of the Registry Office, Newcastle, between the hours of 12 noon, and 5 o'clock, p. m.:—

All the Right, Title and Interest of Oliver Foster in and to all that piece or parcel of Land situate, lying and being on the South side of the Miramichi River, at Black Brook, in the Parish of Chatham, and bounded as follows, viz—southerly by the Queen's Highway; northerly by the said Miramichi River; easterly by lands at present owned by Andrew and Robert Loggie, and westerly by land owned by Guy, Stewart & Co.; and fronting on the said Highway 99 feet, more or less, and being the land and premises lately occupied by the said Oliver Foster,—with all the buildings and appurtenances thereunto belonging—

The same having been seized by me under and by virtue of Executions issued out of the Supreme Court in Northumberland County against the said Oliver Foster.

JOHN SHIRREFF,
Sheriff of North'd

Sheriff's Office, Newcastle,
24th March, 1877.

Sheriff's Sale.

TO be sold at Public Auction, on Friday the 19th day of June next, in front of the Registry Office, Newcastle, between the hours of 12 noon and 5 o'clock p. m.:

All the Right, Title and Interest of Maxim Manuel in and to all that certain Piece or Parcel of Land lying and being in the Parish of Hardwicke on the Westerly side of Portage River and bounded as follows:—in front or Northerly by the said Portage River, Easterly by Lot number 22, occupied by L. Sipley, Westerly by Lot 20 granted to James Tait, Senior, and Southerly by vacant Crown lands, containing 40 Acres more or less, with all the Buildings, appurtenances and improvements thereunto belonging, and being the land and premises upon which the said Maxim Manuel at present resides—the same having been seized by me under and by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Northumberland County Court against the said Maxim Manuel at the suit of Phineas Williston.

Also, the Right, Title and Interest of Joseph Manuel, Senr., in or to the Lot or Piece of Land above described, and upon which said Joseph Manuel, Senr., also at present resides,—the same having been seized by me under and by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Northumberland County Court against the said Joseph Manuel, Senr., at the suit of Phineas Williston.

JOHN SHIRREFF,
Sheriff of North'd

Sheriff's Office, Newcastle,
19th December, 1876.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

TO be sold at Public Sale, on FRIDAY, the 3rd day of August next, in front of the Registry Office, Newcastle, between the hours of 12, noon, and 5 o'clock p. m.:—

All the Right, Title and Interest of John Devereaux and Catherine Devereaux, his wife, and John Lane, in and to all that Lot or Tract of Land situate lying and being on the South side of the River Miramichi, in the Parish of Chatham, known as Lot No. 41, bounded on the upper or westerly side by lands owned by the late William Hay, on the lower or easterly side by Lot Number 40, formerly occupied by John Stewart, deceased, which lot 41 extends in front 60 rods, and contains in the whole 300 acres, more or less.

Also, the Right, Title and Interest of the said John Devereaux and Catherine, his wife, in and to all that Piece or Parcel of Land situate, lying and being in the Parish of Chatham, known as part of Lot Number 35, and bounded as follows: commencing on the Westerly side of the road or street leading from Water Street to the Wellington Road, called Henderson Street, at the South-Easterly angle of the piece of land owned by Caleb McCully, being 54 feet Southerly from the corner of Water Street; thence Southerly along the West side of Henderson street, aforesaid, one hundred feet; thence Westerly on a line at right angles with the last mentioned line 90 feet; thence Northerly on line parallel with the Westerly side of Henderson Street aforesaid, 98 feet, or to the Southwest angle of the piece of land formerly owned by James A. Pierce; thence Easterly along the rear lines of the said James A. Pierce and Caleb McCully's lands 90 feet, or to the Westerly side of Henderson Street aforesaid, being the place of beginning; being the same land that was conveyed to the said John Devereaux by Robert McCalmont and others by Deed, dated the 6th August, A. D., 1856.

Also, all the individual Right, Title and Interest of the said John Devereaux in and to the said last mentioned land aforesaid, and being the land and premises on which the said John Devereaux at present resides.

The same having been seized by me under and by virtue of several Executions issued out of the Supreme Court, and out of the County Court of Northumberland, against the said John Devereaux and Catherine Devereaux, his wife, and John Lane, and against John Devereaux and Catherine Devereaux, his wife, and against John Devereaux individually.

JOHN SHIRREFF,
Sheriff of Northumbl'd.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Newcastle,
20th January, 1877.

COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.

We have a thousand wants, which a thorough business education will aid us to satisfy. I wish it were possible to give every young man who is going to take charge of a farm, or a factory, or a mechanical establishment of any kind, or to enter into commercial pursuits, the elements of a business education. Business colleges mean that there are wants which pre-existing institutions were not shaped or calculated to meet. I say prosperity and success to business colleges.—*Horace Greely.*

OUR course is interesting and instructive; and is adapted not only to the educated, but to those whose training has been neglected.

CIRCULARS,
containing full information as to terms, course of studies, time required, etc., mailed free, on application to
EATON & KERR.
ST. JOHN, Mar. 24, 187

Brokerage, etc.

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BANKERS & BROKERS,
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EVERY kind of legitimate Banking done, and all the facilities of an Incorporated Bank afforded to Depositors and Customers. Jun. 23

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SHIP BROKER & COMMISSION MERCHANT
SAINT JOHN.
NEW BRUNSWICK.
1-52

WILLIAM J. FRASER,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
TEAS, SUGARS MOLASSES, &C.
HEAD OF TOBIN'S SOUTH WHARF,
UPPER WATER STREET,
HALIFAX N. S.
CONSIGNMENTS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

R. R. CALL,
General Agent
SHIP BROKER,
AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Newcastle, Miramichi, N. B.
2-tf

W. & R. Brodie,
GENERAL
Commission Merchants
AND
DEALERS IN
FLOUR, PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS,
No. 16, ARTHUR STREET,
Next the Bank of Montreal.
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Just Received.
LADIES NEW HATS,
LEATHER, SCALE and ELASTIC BELTS
BALL KNITTING COTTON—
White, Drab & Brown.
BLACK AND COLORED SILK
DRESS BUTTONS.
Cashmere and Wool Shawls
IN GREAT VARIETY.
New Spring Dress Goods with Trimmings to Match.
LADIES' LINEN AND LACE
COLLARS AND CUFFS,
Tooth Brushes,
Combs,
Braids,
Switches
and Pads.
THE LATEST NOVELTY IN PAPER COLLARS, DONE UP IN TIN PAILS.
Call and Examine!
W. B. HOWARD,
COMMERCIAL HOUSE.

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COTTON YARNS.