

THIRTY YEAR.

TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 1, 1882

PRICE ONE CENT

J. YOUNG, THE LEADING UNDERTAKER, 347 YONGE ST.

HELP WANTED. SHIRT MAKERS WANTED...

LABORERS, FARM HANDS AND GENERAL SERVANTS...

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN TO LEARN...

MAN - STRONG - ACCUSTOMED TO THE...

PROOF READERS FOR NIGHT OF THE...

SMART YOUNG MAN TO DELIVER BREAD...

SALSWOMAN WANTED FOR TAYLOR GOODY...

SEAMAKER WANTED AT ONCE - STEADY...

SEAMAKER - GENERAL - AT 200 SIMCOE ST.

TWO BOYS WANTED TO CARRY MORNING...

TRAVELER - FOR LOWER PROVINCES AND...

W. GODFREY - TAILOR - ON BEDFORD ST.

WOLF - SHEPHERD - AT ONCE - TO TAKE...

YOUNG MAN - A BENEVOLENT STORE IN A...

SITUATIONS WANTED. A SITUATION AS PLAIN COOK OR GENERAL...

A S. MILLER - BY PRACTICAL MAN - IS...

A NEWSPAPER EDITOR AND MANAGER...

A SEAMSTRESS - IN A GENTLEMEN'S...

A WOLF AND COUNTRY DYER - GOOD...

WORK WANTED BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN...

W. WATKINS AND GENERAL SERVANTS...

BUSINESS CHANCES. BAKERY BUSINESS AT A BARGAIN - GOOD...

PRINTERS - A SMALL, COMPLETE NEWS...

WHY KEEPS SHE QUIET WEST? WHY?

PERSONAL. SHORTHAND WRITERS - I AM NOW IN...

"WINE IS A MUCKER, STRONG DRINK IS...

THE ZOO CONSUMPTION TODAY

LIONS

A GRAND BICYCLE TRACK

BUSINESS CARDS

M. HILTON WILLIAMS, M.D.

CHRONIC LARYNGITIS

WINDMILL SHADES IN ALL THE NEAREST...

LEGAL

W. GROVE, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR

AFFAIRS IN THE ORIENT

TURKEY REGARDED WITH DISTRUST BY ENGLAND

The Russian Banker Greaves in the British...

ALEXANDRIA, July 31.—There is a confirmed...

Six men of Upper Egypt have been ordered...

Midshipman De Chair was sent to the...

Midshipman De Chair is the son of Mr. De...

London, July 31.—The Times says: Apart...

CANADIAN CLIPPING

Mr. Chapman is to be opposed in Terrebonne...

A new bell weighing 4025 lbs. was consecrated...

Major Boudry of Montreal is still possessed...

On Saturday a young son of Alexander...

William H. Nagle was brought before Col. Peckham...

London, July 31.—The deaths from yellow fever...

THE WEATHER BULLETIN. Toronto, August 1.—A m. - Light shower...

VERSES. THE VERY BEST OF THEIR STYLES

THE ZOO CONSUMPTION TODAY

AFFAIRS IN THE ORIENT

CANADIAN CLIPPING

The Hamilton Agents FOR THE WORLD

ROBINSON BROS.,

With whom orders may be left for the delivery of The World in any part of the city for 25 Cents a Month.

The Toronto World.
TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 1, 1882.

Persons leaving town for the season, and summer travelers, can have The World mailed to them for cents per month, the address being changed as often as desired.

THE WAR IN EGYPT.

The attitude of the house of commons and the enthusiasm which attends the departure of the troops, show plainly enough the temper of the English people. A voice is heard on the other side from the small party whose organ is the Fall Mall Gazette; but there are politicians who, running into the opposite extreme from Jingoism, act as if the unpopularity of every question must be the right one, and, to reverse the motto of some Americans in the case of the Mexican war, are against the country, right or wrong. The cause of England, after all, is sometimes good. No one can now seriously doubt the character or motives of Arabi. The man is evidently a conspirator of the ordinary type, while his conduct is that of a brigand. It is preposterous to pretend that he is at the head of a national movement. No such thing as an Egyptian nation exists; the country is shared between a miserable uneducated peasantry, grounded to the dust by oppression, and their military oppressors. The destruction of the whole breed to which Arabi belongs would be an unrepeatable blessing to the people. It is idle to arraign Lord Granville, who is one of the most experienced and sagacious, as well as the most honorable of diplomatists, for not having averted the outbreak by diplomatic skill. Nothing would have put a stop to Arabi's conspiracy but forcible intervention, and to have intervened before the necessity was quite manifest would have been to bring on a quarrel with France. It would, perhaps, have been better if England had never meddled with the internal affairs of Egypt at all till a clear case for armed intervention had arisen. But Lord Granville, as Foreign Minister, could not do what he had done by his predecessors. The beginning of the entanglement was the purchase of the Suez Canal shares, a piece of theatrical diplomacy which, without strengthening the hands of England in any way (for it did not even give her control over the company), complicated her position and aroused all sorts of jealous suspicions about her designs. The consequences of this step and those which immediately followed it, Lord Granville had to bear. No one could have canceled the agreement into which Lord Salisbury had entered, authorizing France, as the price of her accession to the Treaty of Berlin, to take possession of Tunis. But his general policy of moderation has greatly diminished the peril. What would now be the position of England if the war in Afghanistan were still raging, if South Africa were still absorbing British forces, and the quarrel with Russia were still open?

THE POOR AND THE CHURCH.

We do not regard as an insupportable condition the question why the poor do not attend church. In the first place, they have, rightly or wrongly, the notice that they are not wanted there. It is natural for Lazarus to keep away from the presence of Dives in his go-to-meeting purple and fine linen; and worse than Dives is Mrs. Dives, all aflame with magnificence from the gold feathers above her auburn bangs, to the illuminated hoary and bronze-browed that peep from beneath her sweeping train. Every one knows what Wordsworth said, "Marriage is a man's business, but often more a woman's." But women's inhumanity to women is much worse. Few are the women among the well-dressed crowds that fill our fashionable churches who will hold out the right hand of fellowship to a woman poorer or in a more humble position than herself. These fashionable creations of the milliner and the hairdresser may, as Coleridge said, "believe that they believe" the old religion of sorrow and sacrifice, which claimed among its other miracles that to the poor is the gospel preached; "Nowadays the gospel is preached and the collection plate is passed to the rich. Listen to the occasional response in a fashionable church as the litany is read like a tale of little meaning, though the words are strong, 'have mercy upon us miserable sinners.' They don't look particularly miserable, these jeweled and perfumed and flower-decked dames! No, the great Teacher was believed in and followed by the martyrs in the primitive age, by the monk before his crucifix, by John Wesley and the first ruler of Methodism. To these fine people the call of Nazareth is only a dead prophet on whose grave the Syrian stars look down.

There is another reason why the poor do not go to church. Many of them don't want to go Sunday is their only holiday. They find the sermons a little uninteresting compared with the study of the divine works in the fields and gardens. A third reason is the unpopularity of the church in our country. We were very pulpitis in this city filled by an orator of Dr. Will's stamp, the church would attract the poor as well as the rich.

THE PAYMENT OF WATER RATES.

The present system of collecting water rates is so unjust and oppressive that we wonder the citizens have submitted to it as long as they have. What can be more reasonable than to charge the man who does not pay his rates until the 1st of August double the amount paid by his neighbor who has settled his bill on the 31st.

July 1st per cent. usury for a day's delay. The law as we have reason to know is a great handicap to the poorer classes who do not always have the dollar or two chargeable for water rates at hand or ready to pay as soon as it is just at the time the rates are due. Debtors have probably more memories and time slips over so rapidly that quarter day is upon them before they know it and the trifling delay means the loss of more than a day's pay to many a family that can barely afford even the regular rate. It is only fair that the man who pays promptly should have some advantage, but the fine now imposed for tardiness is altogether outrageous. There should be a sliding scale, the amount being increased by a smaller percentage for each week of delinquency.

Very frequently the bills are not delivered until a few days before the end of the quarter, which makes the hardship of being called upon to raise the amount suddenly very double all the greater. It has been hinted that in the case of those of influence in municipal politics, the fine is graciously waived by the department while the humble citizens have invariably to pay the mulct under penalty of having their water supply cut off. This is an additional reason why the public should demand a change.

A RIVAL TELEGRAPH LINE.

The Baltimore Sun prints an elaborate article concerning the recently developed and far-reaching Baltimore & Ohio telegraph company. It appears that this company, by its own and connecting lines, connects with 535 points in the United States and 33 in the Dominion of Canada. The wire connects New York and Baltimore, and thus give the company a continuous line of its own from the metropolis to St. Louis, is now rapidly constructing. The point is thus made conspicuous that a formidable rival to the Western Union monopoly in the United States exists in the Baltimore & Ohio line and connections. The Canadian public are anxious to know why the Canada connection of the Baltimore and Ohio—the Canada Mutual—is not being pushed ahead. Toronto and Ottawa remain to be connected. When this is done the Great Northwest will have quite a rival. A scheme is to be submitted to the Toronto and Montreal press, and this is no new affair. The press has, between Ottawa and Montreal and the parliamentary reports of the Toronto and Montreal press.

CANADIAN POLITICAL SECTARIANISM.

Nothing was more amusing during the late election than the statements made by the various parties, and the effective manipulation of the respective Catholic and Orange vote, and nothing was more astonishing than that there should have been any foundation for such allegations. When, on the Twelfth of July or the Seventeenth of March, the great processions pass by, and the loud succession of educational and intelligent faces meet the eye, the impression is irresistible that such men will not long continue such demonstrations. For it is not natural to suppose that such men, evidently capable of the rational use of the franchise, would not voluntarily continue to accept disfranchisement, yet nothing can be more certain than the fact that, so soon as the voting power of any body of citizens can be handled by political agents to advance objects merely personal, the members of that body are practically disfranchised. I do not profess to exact information of the state of affairs in reference to either of these parties, but speak on the alleged facts as given by common report. The reader must judge as to the value of that report. What I propose is, taking certain things for granted, to remark on what will follow. We are informed—it is matter of common report—that certain concessions from time to time, secure the Catholic—certain other to the Orange. Newspapers, apparently well informed, speaking for either section, clamor for such concessions and denounce successive governments for having given too few such to them, too many to the opposite league. And this is no new affair; it has been continuous, it has gone on for many years.

Let us now enquire what has been the nature of these concessions, and who have benefited. Can we find one instance of any great and valuable public measure being originated, demanded and carried out by either? There seems no instance. So far as any of their demands, concessions, or gratifications concern the general public, it appears generally to refer to the distribution of places, the nominations of constituencies, or the bestowal of such other command, on those bustling and energetic persons in the ranks of either party who push themselves to the front.

Not leaving out of sight the fact that there are those, in these organizations, who preserve their independence, and vote as they choose, it is yet undeniable that they vote largely in mass. This fact is recognized by every newspaper—and their are many of their own particular organs who do so—which talks of the Orange vote or the Catholic vote.

This being the case it follows that when Roman Catholic use their church connections as an engine of political power, or when Protestants belong to Orange societies—institutions in this country largely political, as every editorial in their journals shows—there is strong and often irresistible pressure exercised to deprive them of freedom of action. The feeling of party is generated and is earnestly encouraged by those who hope to profit by it. People are taught, talked, educated and indoctrinated into the idea that the great object is the welfare of the league, and that they must not be "false to their flag," "renegades," or any of the other epithets we frequently observe lavished on those who, both in and out of the parties in question, do not follow the course the majority deem correct. The result flowing from the whole system

is that on each side the members of the party, by the influence of their franchise to the maintenance of the interests of these political organizations (or in other words, vote as their party do)—these interests are used to get places and patronage for a few individuals, and the vote of the whole mass of either side, is, practically, lost to the country. The amount of injury inflicted in this manner, by these parties and their systems, is of a nature and extent which, I am certain, those who vote as they do, would never, were they aware of the fact, consent to.

In no country has there been a greater opportunity of benefiting the masses by legislation than has existed in Canada. In no country has it been less used. The reason is that stated. Instead of advancing to position or retaining therein, when by chance obtained, men capable of turning to the public use the vast capabilities of the land, people are induced by designing individuals to form themselves into cliques and organizations—with what effect? That of throwing out the capable men and placing in power those who will reward, what or whom, the clique or organization? By means. Those who will reward a few of the leaders. "A hundred men waste their votes that Jack may get into the postoffice. Those who are not of capacity, might and place in power, have resulted in doubling the wages of the hundred voters the first year. And this is the inevitable result of all such political manipulation. And what is the inevitable result of those whom this system places in office? This. They tell the public, "You must not expect to be made rich by legislation. That can't do it. We will put Tom in the senate, or James in the custom house, and perhaps one or two of you may get into parliament or get a contract or two. But for the rest of you—there are hundreds of thousands of you—you can't expect anything. It is quite enough for them to have the honor of being there. Keep it up. Don't let the opposite fellows think you're beat. Stick to the old cause. Hold your meetings. Keep up the organization!" And so it goes. But when they say, "Legislation cannot make people prosperous," it means only their legislation. For Canada possesses resources which, assisted as only legislation can assist them, would double the return to the farmer for his labor, and would give the artisan twice the margin he present has to save.

THE NIAGARA BOAT.

By the Editor of The World.
SIR: I also notice with satisfaction that the purser of the Chiorca has been fined \$3 and costs for his sharpness and insolence, of which I had some experience.

HOW TO RUN A PAPER.

By the Editor of The World.
SIR: It is well understood that every body knows better how to run a newspaper than an editor; you will therefore doubtless be grateful for a few hints from one who knows nothing about the business. I might point out that your leading articles are not like those of the Globe or Mail, particularly the first mentioned. How can you expect to pay a sixteen per cent dividend without abusing every public man from whom you differ in opinion and so secure their support and conversion. How do you expect that your paper will be respected abroad unless it makes out that all the cabinet ministers are drunkards, thieves and felons. What is the use of writing articles that don't make your opponents mad. If you continue this sort of a paper practice you soon won't have any opponents. You have made several unprovoked attacks on the Normal school fence. Perhaps you are not aware that the Normal school is the abode of an art gallery and school of design and that this fence was designed by the faculty after careful thought and research among ancient and modern models. You must admit that there is not another such fence in Toronto.

IS IT JUST.

From the *Independent*.
Such a war may be expedient—such a war may be in the interests of trade, may promote commercial expansion, and may be favorable to the mercantile—puffing—but it is righteous: When England has slain her thousands of Egyptians will their blood leave no stain on the records kept by God? But ask the questions, why strive to content against the almost invincible clamor? The war has commenced, England is in the field and nothing is now left but to fight. Our love is given to the mother country, but our sorrow is that she has drawn her sword in a bad cause.

THE ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH IN CANADA.

It is not likely that the Roman Catholic church in Canada would be Protestants to abandon their counter organizations? Say, if we choose, that certain priests may, as priests often have, wish to make their flock a political lever. What is more natural than that they should use the argument, "Children, you had better vote as we say, for if you do not stick together, who knows what the Orangemen may do to you?" What it has done elsewhere is another matter; but here, it appears to me, the existence of Orangemen, instead of diminishing, as it was intended to do, solidifies and supports the political strength of the Roman Catholic church. It is not time that the people of Canada, Catholic and Protestant, concluded to do away with these quasi-religious processions and demonstrations? Let me state the case as it stands. The defense of Roman Catholicism—the contest at the Bay—were not consequences of any structure. They were incidents and merely incidents of the rising against the Sturges. It was in England—at Naseby—at Worcester—at Marston—where the struggle was inaugurated; and if we want the termination we must not look to the comparatively small contests in Ireland, but to the great and terrible battles in Europe, when Marlborough crushed into impossibility the future power of France to assist the Pretender. It is the English, and the Irish struggle which, if any, should be celebrated. Yet what would be thought of a procession of Cavaliers with jackboots and broadswords, or Roundheads with cropped hair, and force in buff and bandolier, shouting like the forgotten war cries of their grandfathers' days! And are not our Protestant and Catholic demonstrations just as much out of place? Is not their day past? Were they not much better abolished?

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM.

Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swelling of the Joints, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains, Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals Dr. J. Voegelé's Great German Remedy. A trial will show the comparative value of 50 cents, and every one suffering with rheumatism can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.

Directly to Dr. Voegelé, Sole Importers in MIDDLETOWN, N. J.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MIDDLETOWN.

A. VOEGELE & CO., Baltimore, Md., U.S.A.

VICTORIA PARK.

QUEEN VICTORIA
TRIPS DAILY
Leaving York Street at 11 a.m. and 5 p.m., calling at Church Street Wharf 5 minutes later. Returning arrive at 3, 6, 9 and 7.45 p.m.

OUR FOUR O'CLOCK TRIP
Is Now the Popular Trip of the Day.
14 MILES OF LAKE BREEZE
For 13 cents and home for dinner at 4 o'clock.
Cheap, Rapid and Convenient.
J. H. BOYLE, Manager.

LORNE PARK.

STEAMER RUPERT,
Daily at 10 a.m. and 2 p.m. from How's wharf.

MOONLIGHT EXCURSION

WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS.
Dress and String Band Wednesday and Saturday afternoon and evening.
TICKETS: W. E. CORNELL, Manager.

EMPRESS OF INDIA

LEAVES CUSTOM HOUSE WHARF FOR GRIMSBY CAMP GROUND,
ON TUESDAY AND THURSDAY,
at 9 a.m.; returning leaves at 1 p.m. Fare 50c, children 25c.

HAMILTON

MONDAY at 7.30 a.m., returning will leave at 8 p.m., calling at Queen's Wharf. L. R. Association Excursion. Fare 50 cents; children 25 cents; double tickets \$1.00.

RAILWAYS.

Credit Valley Railway.

Winnipeg and Return

\$53.00. \$55.00.
Commencing August 1st, return first-class tickets will be issued to Winnipeg from all stations, good for 40 days, averaging from \$53.00 to \$55.00, according to route.

MANITOBA.

HOLBROOK EXCURSION!

FOR THE SEASON OF 1882
will run via the line of
Credit Valley & Canada Southern
Railways,
and leaving Union Depot, Toronto, 12.30 noon

TUESDAY, August 22nd for Fargo, Grand Fork, Winnipeg, Portage la Prairie, Brandon and all points Northwest. Freight shipments made weekly for rates, timetables and full information apply to D. A. HOLBROOK & CO., Northwest Excursion, Beef, Sausage, and Ticket agents, for Credit Valley and Canada Southern railways, 62 King-st. E., Toronto.

HATS AND CAPS.

STRAW HATS

HELMETS
CHRISTY'S DRAB SUELL HATS,
Christy's Fine Satin Finish Hats,
Christy's Drab and Black Felt Hats,
A large assortment of Travelling Caps in Silk and Tweed, very light.

J. & J. LUGSDIN,

DIRECT IMPORTERS,
101 YONGE STREET.

NOTICES.

HANLAN'S POINT.

Parties wishing to have a good day's fishing or a day's outing can have
THORNHILL STAGE
Leaves Bay Horse hotel, Yonge street, 2.30 p.m.
Mail stage leaves Clyde hotel, King street, at 2.30 p.m.

COOKVILLE STAGE.

Leaves Bay Horse hotel, Yonge street, p.m.
Arrives 11 a.m.

RICHMOND HILL STAGE.

Leaves Clyde hotel, King street east, 3.10 p.m.
Arrives 10.20 a.m.

HIGHLAND CREEK STAGE.

Leaves Clyde hotel, King street east, 3.15 p.m.
Arrives 11 a.m.

KINGSTON ROAD TRAVAY.

for Leslieville Woodbine driving park, Victoria park, and Big Spring.

Station, 12 on Bridge, foot of King street.
Leaves Don Station, 6.50, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a.m.
Returns 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a.m.

THE TORONTO WORLD

For sale every morning at the
Yorkville News office, opposite
the Post Office, Yorkville.

LEAVE ORDERS AT
54 YONGE STREET, YORKVILLE.

WINNIPEG ADVERTISEMENTS.

MANITOBA MANITOBA MANITOBA
SCOTT, BROWN & CO.,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

Correspondence solicited. Office: 241 Main street
Winnipeg, Man. P.O. address, box No. 3, Winnipeg.

MANITOBA AND THE NORTHWEST.

Choice Farms, improved and unimproved, of also a quantity of excellent town property for sale, in lots and at rates to suit either large or small capitalists.

GEORGE B. ELLIOTT & CO.,

Valuators and Investors.

WEST LYNNE MANITOBA.

Correct and Confidential Valuations made of all property in Southern Manitoba towns and villages, and of farm property in Southern Manitoba.

Confidential Reports furnished owners and intending investors. Taxes paid for non-residents. Eight years in Red River country. Correspondence solicited. Charges moderate.

HOTELS.

ROSSIN HOUSE

IS THE LARGEST, COOLEST IN SUMMER. Unequalled in Cleanliness, Best Ventilated, best furnished, and the best managed Hotel in Canada. Graduated Prices.

HENRY J. NOLES. MARK H. IRISH. Chief Clerk. 125 Front Street.

BOATS.

SAIL BOATS! SAIL BOATS!

I have now on hand a lot of sail boats (chaloupes, 18 and 22 feet long, 2 feet 9 inches deep, 5 feet 6 inches broad; they are guaranteed safe and finished in galvanne iron.

JEROME JACQUES,

BUILDER, ST. LOUIS DE LOTBINERE Quebec

THE TORONTO MORNING WORLD

25 CENTS A MONTH.
Delivered in Riverside, Leslieville, etc., in time for the breakfast table.

Names of subscribers will be received at the office 18 King street, east.

F. J. PARDEEN, Bolton street, Riverside, and rooms attached to.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

Arranged especially for the Toronto World.

RAILWAYS.

MANITOBA.

Monday Day Express..... 7.10 a.m. 11.07 a.m.
Night Express..... 6.22 p.m. 10.22 p.m.
Mixed..... 11.15 a.m. 11.15 a.m.
Belleville Local..... 4.07 p.m. 9.37 a.m.

Chicago Day Express..... 12.15 p.m. 6.30 p.m.
Night Express..... 11.45 p.m. 6.15 a.m.
St. Paul & Chicago Express..... 10.30 a.m. 10.30 a.m.
St. Paul Local..... 3.45 p.m. 1.05 p.m.
St. Paul & Chicago Express..... 11.45 p.m. 6.15 a.m.
Georgetown Mixed..... 8.40 p.m. 8.25 a.m.

GREAT WESTERN.

Stations—Foot of Yonge and foot of Simcoe streets.

NORTHERN AND NORTHWESTERN.

Stations—City Hall, Union and Dock streets.

CREDIT VALLEY.

Station—Union depot.

St. Louis Express, To the North, West, Southwest, South and North-west, 7.30 a.m.
Pacific Express, To West, South, Northwest, West and Southwest, 12.30 a.m.
Express, To North, West and North-west, 4.30 p.m.
Through cars, Toronto to Detroit, 9.30 a.m. and 4.30 p.m.
Orangeville Express..... 6.45 p.m.
From Toronto, 10.30 a.m. and 4.30 p.m.
From St. Louis, Toledo, Chicago and Detroit, 10.30 a.m.
From Orangeville, Elora and Perth, 6.30 p.m.
From Kansas City St. Louis and Chicago, 10.30 p.m.

Overland, Hamilton, and Teawater, 7.35 a.m. 10.37 a.m.
Overland, Hamilton, and Teawater Express, 4.30 p.m. 9.25 a.m.

MIDLAND.

Station, Union depot.

Through Mail..... 7.05 a.m. 10.15 p.m.
Local..... 4.55 p.m. 10.50 a.m.

STAGES.

Leaves Bay Horse hotel, Yonge street, 11.10 a.m. and 6.20 p.m.
Arrives 8.45, 10.20 a.m. and 12.20 p.m.

Leaves Bay Horse hotel, Yonge street, 2.30 p.m.
Mail stage leaves Clyde hotel, King street, at 2.30 p.m.

THE MAN OF THE IRON HORSE.

The Locomotive Engineers' Convention in this city this week.

The brotherhood of locomotive engineers had its inception in Marshall, Mich., in April, 1863, and there was a convention held in Detroit on May 5 in that year, with representatives from the Michigan Southern, Northern Indiana, Detroit and Milwaukee, and the Grand Trunk railway on the American side were present.

A division of twelve members was then formed, and at the present date the brotherhood has a membership of over 10,000.

The following is a synopsis of the eighth annual address of P. M. Arthur, grand chief engineer, delivered in November, 1881.

One of the cells at No. 2 police station is filled with over 100 gallons of lager beer, contained in eight casks of different sizes.

The liquor was seized on Saturday night by Sergeant Stark at No. 15 James street.

Among the leading attractions secured by Manager Sheppard for the coming theatrical season at the Grand may be mentioned Mrs. Langtry, Mills Rhos, Milla Modjeski, and Mapleson's Her Majesty's opera company.

Excursions and Picnics Yesterday. The longshoremen went to Hamilton on the Empress of India yesterday.

Police Court Possibilities. Before Ald. Baxter yesterday Sarah Jane Wiman was called to answer the charge of assaulting Mary Ann Fairbanks.

THE CRACK BOYS OF THE FORCE. The final scores for the annual police prize at revolver practice were completed for at Garrison command yesterday afternoon.

THE CITY IN BRIEF. Emancipation day. The Chinese population of Toronto is 24,000.

THE MORTALITY FOR JULY. The mortality returns for the month of July show an increased number of deaths over June.

THE SPORTING WORLD.

The New York police have resolved to prevent the glove fight between Sullivan and Wilson on the 14th inst.

Mr. Arnold of Toronto, in view of the fact that Mr. Tinsley, which is to come of next month in Toronto bay.

At Boston—Boston 8, Worcester 4. At Buffalo—Buffalo 6, Cleveland 5.

At Providence—Providence 10, Troy 4. At New York—New York 10, Detroit 8.

At Saratoga, July 31.—First race—Providence 10, Troy 4.

At Saratoga, July 31.—Second race, Compensation 1st, Warfield 2d, time 2:08.

At Saratoga, July 31.—Third race, Saunterer 1st, Bonnie Lizzie 2d, time 1:15.

At Saratoga, July 31.—Fourth race, Jennie V 1st, time 1:25.

At Saratoga, July 31.—Fifth race, Norwood 1st, time 1:25.

At Saratoga, July 31.—Sixth race, Norwood 1st, time 1:25.

At Saratoga, July 31.—Seventh race, Norwood 1st, time 1:25.

At Saratoga, July 31.—Eighth race, Norwood 1st, time 1:25.

At Saratoga, July 31.—Ninth race, Norwood 1st, time 1:25.

At Saratoga, July 31.—Tenth race, Norwood 1st, time 1:25.

At Saratoga, July 31.—Eleventh race, Norwood 1st, time 1:25.

At Saratoga, July 31.—Twelfth race, Norwood 1st, time 1:25.

At Saratoga, July 31.—Thirteenth race, Norwood 1st, time 1:25.

At Saratoga, July 31.—Fourteenth race, Norwood 1st, time 1:25.

At Saratoga, July 31.—Fifteenth race, Norwood 1st, time 1:25.

At Saratoga, July 31.—Sixteenth race, Norwood 1st, time 1:25.

THE SPENDING WORLD.

The Toronto field battery have received their new uniforms from the department of militia and defence.

Mr. E. W. Glen, M.P., the Misses (Glen, Onawa, and Miss Hooper of Rochester, are at the Rossin house.

The brotherhood of locomotive engineers convention will meet at the Grand opera house on Thursday.

Complaints are still made of the collection of rubbish and garbage on Reed & Co.'s wharf, foot of Berkeley street.

The delegates to the Y. M. C. A. convention at Toronto, N. S., will leave for that town about Thursday of Friday.

A young woman named Jessie Callum died on Ontario street on Sunday when it is thought, the effects of eating water.

The annual picnic of the G. W. R. employees on the main line east of London and the Toronto branch is to be held August 1st.

It is reported that the cedar-block paving, Davenport road, will be pushed this week.

Work on the William street pavement was resumed yesterday morning.

A little fellow named probably 7 or 8 years of age who thinks he lives in Queen street, has been at police headquarters since 2 o'clock yesterday awaiting identification.

The charter of the Saskatchewan Furks Consolidation company (limited), was received yesterday by the secretary, Mr. E. J. Eysel, and may be seen at his office, Agricultural hall.

Chatham will be the most interesting spot for the colored people of western Ontario today. Toronto will send a large contingent.

It will leave per G. W. R. at 7 o'clock this morning.

The new ferry, steamer Canadian, commenced making regular trips to Jack Hamilton's yesterday afternoon.

Capt. Thomas Jennings commands the ship. She will run from the foot of Church street.

Those who are about to furnish their houses should attend the sale at 138 Carlton street on Wednesday this week.

Mr. J. J. Eysel, the auctioneer and details mentioned that there was not the slightest reason for having the charge brought in the police court by P. C. Metz.

Mr. Metz, who is an expert diver, was merely driving for a propeller that had dropped in the water opposite the Hotel Hanlan.

The proceedings mentioned were speedily withdrawn on the real facts of the case being made known to Chief Draper.

Excursions and Picnics Yesterday. The longshoremen went to Hamilton on the Empress of India yesterday.

THE SPENDING WORLD.

The Dominion of Canada is preparing to experience the joys of despising the rights and property of the people to a corporation.

When we wanted the continent spanned with an iron highway we gave to a syndicate enough money and land to build and equip the road twice over, and the road is perpetually to boot.

Twenty years ago was but a few thousand dollars are now worth many millions; and that is not all.

It is not all that the men came into absolute control of transportation across the continent and are able to lord it over the industries of the far West.

Canada has followed our pernicious example.

When the natural wealth of the great Northwest was discovered the Hudson Bay company, which exercised territorial rights over this vast domain, started all its power to exclude population, to the end that it might continue its traffic in furs.

But the pressure of the time forced it to open its arms to the world.

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PUSHING AHEAD. NOTHING LIKE IT! THE GREATEST SALE of the SEASON. TERRIFIC REDUCTIONS IN PRICES OF DRY GOODS, LUKES, DAGGE & CO. 116 YONGE STREET, Corner of Adelaide. SALE COMMENCES TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 1st, 1882.

FURNITURE. FURNITURE. FURNITURE. THE FINE NEW FURNITURE WAREHOUSES OF THE Oshawa Cabinet Company. Are now completed and every one is invited to call and inspect the SPLENDID STOCK OF FURNITURE contained in their enlarged premises.

JEWELRY. GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES! Clocks, Jewelry, Opera Glasses, Eye Glasses, Spectacles, all sights and styles. Best in the city and the most reasonable prices. C. DAVES, WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER, 59 KING STREET WEST.

At 402 Queen St. West YOU CAN BUY ALL WOOL DEBEIGE, Worth 25c., for 12c. Per Yard. BUNTING FOR DRESSES, At 15c. Per Yard, Worth 30c. 402 QUEEN STREET WEST. G. R. GRANT & CO.

UNRESERVED AUCTION SALE OF Household Furniture, new, Rosewood Piano Forte by Heintzman, cost \$350. Italian Marble Statuettes, Five Black Walnut Bedroom Suits, Hand-some Book Case and Secretary Combined, Etc., Etc., at the Residence No. 138 Carlton Street, Wednesday, August 2.

Vertical text on the right edge of the page, including various notices and advertisements.