GROUND REGAINED BY ALLIES AT SOME POINTS

Circulation Last Week
279,025
Daily Average, 46,504

The London Advertiser
LONDON, CANADA—THE HOME OF UNBROKEN PROSPERITY.

HOME EDITION

55TH YEAR. NO. 22057
THE LONDON ADVERTISER, LONDON, CANADA. SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 13, 1918. 160 COLUMNS
PRICE, TWO CENTS.

REPULSE AFTER REPULSE IS FOE'S LOT ALONG THE BRITISH AND FRENCH FRONTS

FRENCH AND U. S. A. TROOPS THROW OFF ATTACKS AND TAKE BACK LOST GROUND

Now Hold Entire Village of Hangard and and Cemetery—Germans Suffer Losses Including Seventy Prisoners Taken—Part of Rheims City Is Ablaze.

Paris, April 13.—The Germans last night renewed their attacks upon the French positions in Brule Wood, in the forest of Apremont. American troops in this sector, in conjunction with the French, says today's official statement, have combatted with vigor and broken the majority of the enemy attacks. At one point where the enemy obtained a footing he was thrown out by a counter-attack.

On the Somme battlefront the entire village of Hangard and the adjoining cemetery have been regained from the Germans.

The city of Rheims is in flames. The French are attempting to limit the burning area, working under a heavy bombardment.

French Hold Village.

The statement follows: "Counter-attacks delivered during the night by French troops in the region of Hangard-en-Santerre resulted in the enemy being thrown back completely. The French again hold the entire village, as well as the cemetery. The Germans suffered losses without obtaining any result and also left in our hands 70 prisoners, of whom three are officers. Artillery fighting continues with violence in this region.

"Between Montdidier and Noyon there was an active bombardment, together with an unusually great patrolling activity. The French took ten prisoners north of Orvillers-Sorel. Between the Miette and the Aisne German raids were repulsed by the French fire. The French took prisoners in the sectors of St. Hilaire and Souain.

Bombarding Rheims.

"The Germans continue to bombard Rheims. One part of the city is in flames. We are making energetic efforts to restrict the fire to this area, notwithstanding the very heavy bombardment of the enemy.

"In the Forest of Apremont the Germans renewed their attacks on the French positions in Brule Wood. The American troops in this sector, in conjunction with the French, vigorously combatted and broke the greater part of the German efforts. At one point where the Germans obtained a footing they were thrown out by a French counter-attack. The number of prisoners taken since yesterday is more than forty.

"In Lorraine the French made a raid in the region of Eply. There is nothing to report on the remainder of the front."

THIRTY IMBECILE CHILDREN BURNED TO DEATH WHEN WARD DESTROYED

Tragedy in Oklahoma May Prove Worse When Facts Are Known.

Norman, Okla., April 13.—Thirty boys were burned to death when fire at an early hour this morning destroyed a ward at the state hospital for insane children. Dr. D. W. Griffin, superintendent of the hospital, said this morning the death list might be greater than thirty. Three wards and the dining-rooms of the state institution were destroyed. Panic prevailed among the children, and it was with the greatest difficulty that any were carried to safety.

DEFINITE CRISIS IS AGAIN REACHED, BUT FOE ON BAD GROUND

"Situation Unpleasant," Says Major-General Maurice.

DANGER TO TWO CENTRES

Germans Are Drawing Near to Bailleul and Hazebrouck Towns.

London, April 13.—A definite crisis has again been reached, Major-General F. B. Maurice, chief director of military operations at the war office, declared today.

"The situation is undoubtedly unpleasant," he added. "The enemy is within a short distance of Bailleul, which is an important railway centre for feeding our Messines-Wytschaete front. He is also advancing in the direction of Hazebrouck which is also an important railway centre."

General Maurice said that on the other hand the Germans are advancing on a very flat and intricate country, and have not yet gained any dominating position. Seventeen enemy divisions have been engaged up to the present and the infantry has lost very heavily.

BRITISH CASUALTIES FOR WEEK ARE 8,129

London, April 13.—British casualties reported in the course of the week ending today, totalled 8,129 officers and men, divided as follows:

Killed or Died of Wounds—Officers 372; men 1,101.

Wounded or Missing—Officers 1,888; men 4,768.

JINGOISM PREVAILS IN GERMANY; MORE FAVOR INDEMNITIES

Defections From the Former Reichstag Moderates.

WANT VICTORIOUS END

Even Vorwaerts Now Calls On People To Support Germany.

Stockholm, April 13.—Further defections among erstwhile supporters of the German Reichstag resolution of July 19 continues to be reported. The latest is that of a clerical member, Herr Eminger, who, addressing a meeting, said: "An indemnity of a hundred billion marks, or more, must be exacted, of which France would be permitted to pay a part in colonies and England a part in raw material."

No Friendly Understanding.

The minister of finance of Saxony, addressing a meeting of an association of Saxon industrialists, declared that the war must not end with any sort of a friendly understanding, but must be fought to a victorious end. Continuing, the speaker declared: "Germany's enemies who are responsible for lengthening the war must be compelled to pay cash for it. We have no occasion to worry our heads about how they will raise the money to pay an indemnity."

Vorwaerts Loses Hope.

Even Vorwaerts appears to have surrendered hope that the Government can be brought back to its former position. In a succession of editorials it recently has been lamenting the altered state of affairs. It declares, however, that after having done all in their power to prevent the empire from taking what they consider a false course they must accept the consequences of this new course, and "where might stands against might the Socialists must stand on the side of their own people."

GERMANY PLANNING NEW WAR ON RUSSIA IF SUCCESSFUL NOW

Agrees To Establish Greater Finland in Future.

London, April 13.—Germany has agreed to the establishment of a greater Finland, including the Petrograd-Murman Railway to the Arctic, according to Swedish press reports forwarded in an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen. In the event that Germany wins on the western front, the dispatch says, she will begin a new war against Russia, co-operating with the Finns.

Japan, it is added, will receive Siberia if she joins in the German-Finnish alliance.

RESERVES INCREASE.

New York, April 13.—The actual condition of clearing house banks and trust companies for the week shows that they hold $66,066,290 reserve in excess of legal requirements. This is an increase of $21,418,650 from last week.

FATHER TIME RECEIVES A MESSAGE

APRIL 15th
FATHER TIME— PLEASE MOVE THE CLOCK FORWARD ONE HOUR SUNDAY APRIL 14th — Ottawa
HAVILAND H. NASH

Advertiser Illustrations

30 DIVISIONS THROWN IN BY FOE AGAINST BRITISH FRONT

Desperate Attempt To Blast Way Through Flanders.

RESERVES FROM THE EAST

Both Guns and Men Used in Lavish Way.

ADVANCE MADE IN CENTRE

But Flanks Are Holding and British Are Counter-Attacking.

London, April 13—(Via Ottawa, Reuter's Agency). — Telegraphing from headquarters in France last night, Reuter's correspondent says:

"The enemy continues to strain every effort to break through Flanders. Already thirty enemy divisions have been thrown into the battle, including reserves from other parts of the front. The enemy is employing great gun power, reinforced by hauls from the east, in the same lavish manner as his men, thus imposing the most severe test on our troops. Their response to this in courage and endurance defies all praise.

Flanks Are Holding.

"By the sustained pressure of dense masses and constant blows and shock tactics the enemy has succeeded in the past 24 hours in advancing in the centre of attack. The flanks are holding. The enemy has extended the nose of his salient in a way in which nothing but immense superiority in numbers could render tactically feasible or achieve.

"We have been counter-attacking today. The battle is progressing fiercely in clear weather, enabling the airmen to thoroughly reconnoitre, co-operating in the combat with the most effective results.

"The enemy's objectives in this drive include Mailleul, Aire, Bethune and Merville.

Wasting Man Power.

"The enemy had two hundred divisions at the beginning of the offensive on the western front, of which twenty are believed to be practically unfit. On our battleline, their forces consist of twenty divisions, which have been thrown in twice, while over four times the number of divisions have been hurled against the British as against the French. The enemy rate of spending man power cannot be long maintained. Already to a considerable extent the 1919 class is being sent to refit the battleline divisions, while the calling up of the 1920 class began a month ago. Our reinforcements are steadily coming up.

"From Givenchy to Locon our line is holding well. Everywhere the troops are fighting magnificently. Owing to pressure we have fallen back slightly in the area east of Ballieul."

CLEMENCEAU AT FRONT.

Paris, April 13.—Premier Clemenceau spent Thursday and Friday on the battlefront, returning to Paris last night. He visited Gen. Foch and Gen. Petain and the British troops.

CAPTURED PLANS REVEAL HUNS STRUCK FOR THREE POINTS, ONLY ONE HAS BEEN REACHED

While Drive Has Failed To Reach Aire and Bethune, Masses Are Still Hurled U pon the British — British Artillery Fires at Point Blank.

With the British Army in France, April 12.—(By the Associated Press.)—With the exception of Merville, the Germans thus far have not reached their objectives in part for the present drive north and south of Armentieres, but today developments indicated that the enemy had no intenton of abandoning the assault immediately. A captured German document reveals that there were to be three smashes on the front north and south of Armentieres. One had Bailleul as its main objective, the other Merville and Aire and the third Bethune.

Not less than twenty-eight divisions had been employed by the enemy in this pretenticus program which has meant that at some places the British have been very heavily outnumbered. A German division aggregates 13,000 to 14,000 men, including 7,500 rifles.

Threat Is Significant.

St. Venant, between Merville and Aire, was being heavily attacked today by strong forces of Germans, after their success of last night, which gave them possession of Merville. The enemy seem desirous of reaching Aire, a railway centre, and were throwing large numbers of troops into the conflict in an attempt to drive the British back. The German threat in this direction undoubtedly is of considerable importance.

The fighting today continued to be of the bitterest nature, not only in the Merville neighborhood, where the main assault was made, but also northward from Givenchy.

Yesterday and last night the enemy continued his pressure from Wytschaete southward and gradually forced the British to fall back from Ploegsteert and Ploegsteert Wood until the battle was being staged today near Neuve Eglise, to the west.

Two Forces Move On Merville.

In the meantime steady pressure was maintained in the Estaires sector, beyond which lay Merville and Aire. During the night the enemy pushed back the defences at Lestrem and captured Calonne-Sur-Lys, just southwest of Merville. At the same time they pressed down through Neuf Berquin a little above Merville, and these two converging forces hurled themselves on the town.

Giving way before greater numbers, the British fell back toward St. Venant, fighting doggedly all the way against the closely pressing Germans. A sanguinary battle was proceeding today east of St. Venant with the British making a determined stand. During the night the British counter-attacked west of Steenwerck, west of Armentieres, and reoccupied La Bacque after hard fighting.

A Stonewall Defence.

The German attack about Givenchy, on the southern end of the battle line, was being pressed today by some nine divisions. There has been virtually no cessation in the fighting here since the beginning of the battle Tuesday. Thus far the British have maintained a stone wall defence against which the Germans have flung themselves with heavy losses. Today the casualty list of the attacking troops was swelled appallingly as the British artillery and machine guns pounded concentration points and troops advancing in close formation.

The work of the British gunners at Givenchy has been noteworthy. On the first day, when the Germans swept forward in masses and the situation was very grave, many artillerymen worked very grave,many artillerymen worked for hours shooting point blank at close range. One gunnery sergeant stood by his of 200 yards and held the enemy off for a considerable time before he was compelled to fall back. The British troops who have been making such a gallant stand just about Givenchy also distinguished themselves by holding the Germans up for hours at a certain point in the battle before Cambrai on November 30, when the enemy counter-attacked.

It became known today that of the 750 Germans captured near Givenchy last Tuesday 300 were rounded up while devoting their energies to looting a British canteen.

CONFEREES STRIKE OUT PERMISSION TO STRIKE FOR INCREASED WAGES

Also Remove Penalty for Acts Obstructing Production of War Materials.

Washington, April 13.—Provisions in the sabotage bills penalizing acts obstructing production of war materials, were eliminated from the measure today by Senate and House conferees.

The conferees also struck out the clause permitting labor to strike for higher wages, which the Senate had rejected.

Bulletins Tonight

As important news may come from the western front at any time, The Advertiser has arranged to give a full bulletin service tonight (Saturday) from 7 to 9 o'clock.

FRENCH LINER SUNK AND 780 PERSONS ARE SAVED, SAYS DISPATCH

San Francisco, April 13.—Word of the sinking in the Indian Ocean of a French liner, and the rescue of 780 persons from the vessel by a steamer, whose home port is San Francisco, was conveyed today in a dispatch from Singapore, according to a local newspaper. The name of the French liner was not mentioned, nor was the manner in which she was sunk given.

QUEBEC POLICE FORCE ADMITTEDLY TOO WEAK

Quebec, April 13.—Chief Trudel of the Quebec municipal police force took the stand today at the coroner's inquest into the death of the civilians killed in the recent rioting here. He read the official and written report he had submitted to the mayor. It relates to the precautions the police took and also an admission that the police force is too small to cope with events like those which broke the peace here last week.

ITALY'S WAR EXPENSES.

Washington, April 13.—Italy's war expenditures up to March 31 aggregated approximately $7,000,000,000, according to an official dispatch today from Rome. The sum includes Italy's ten months of neutrality and 33 months of war.

GERMAN PRESS IS MORE THAN WROTH WITH KAISER KARL

Says Chancellor and Kaiser Holding Conferences.

SOME CRYING TREASON

Military Papers Demand That Austria Be Placed Under German Tutelage.

Washington, April 13.—Agitation in the German press over the publication by the French Government of the Austrian emperor's letter recognizing the French demand for Alsace-Lorraine as just, continues unabated. A dispatch from France today says the Neue Badische Landes Zeitung, in announcing that the chancellor of the empire left on Tuesday to join the emperor at great headquarters, reiterates that these conferences will revolve exclusively about the situation created by the revelations of M. Clemenceau.

The dispatch also states that the organs of the military party are crying treason and demanding that Austria be placed under the tutelage of the German empire.

The Neue Badische Landes Zeitung adds that the German ambassador at Vienna called on Tuesday at the Ball-Platz to present a communication from his Government.

CARVELL ANSWERS PATRONAGE SEEKER WITH WARM LETTER

Tory Member for Ottawa Out For His Friends.

Ottawa, April 13.—Some interesting correspondence between Hon. F. B. Carvell and A. E. Fripp, senior member for Ottawa, relative to the abolition of patronage was tabled in the Commons Friday afternoon, at the request of A. R. McMaster, Liberal member for Brome. The minister for public works states most emphatically that patronage had been abolished in so far as his department is concerned, while Mr. Fripp expresses himself as being pleased that this is the case. In one of his letters Mr. Fripp makes the statement that "the people of Ottawa have lived on patronage for fifty years and it will require some tact to eradicate the practice."

The correspondence commenced on October 16, 1917, when Mr. Fripp wrote the minister, asking that the firm of McFarland & Douglas be placed on the patronage list. Replying to this, Mr. Carvell said:

"Your friends will have opportunity of tendering on any work coming within their department, but so far as this department is concerned there will be no patronage list in the future. As far as possible everything will be done by public tender and by contract, and every member of the community will have an equal opportunity of working for the Government. Efficiency and economy will be the guiding principles in carrying on the business affairs of the department."

The correspondence also shows that Mr. Fripp wrote the minister, asking that a number of Ottawa concerns be given an opportunity of tendering for the new departmental building on Queen street. The minister in reply said in part:

"Every contractor, not only in Ottawa, but in Canada, will be given an opportunity to tender. The contract will go to the lowest bidder, providing the firm has the financial ability to carry out the work."

ATTACK HELD UP BY BRITISH AT NEARLY ALL POINTS AND ALLIED LINE ADVANCED NEAR FESTUBERT ON FRIDAY NIGHT

Germans Succee d in Entering British Lines at One Point, But Are Ejected by Counter-Attack—Positions in the Hangard District Taken by Allies in Conjunction.

London, April 13.—The Germans made an attack last night west of Merville, on the northern battlefront, and were repulsed, the war office announces.

The British advanced their line slightly in the neighborhood of Festubert and took a few prisoners.

There was heavy fighting last evening near Neuve Eglise and Wulverghem, and the battle here was still in progress at a late hour last night.

EFFECTIVE COUNTERS.

Strong enemy forces launched an attack early last night east of Locon, and succeeded in entering the British lines at certain points, but were ejected by a counter-attack. A second attack attempted later in the night at the same place was beaten off.

In the sector south of the Somme, British and French troops, by counter-attacks, drove out the Germans from Hangard, which they penetrated yesterday.

The statement follows:

"Heavy fighting developed yesterday evening in the neighborhood of Neuve Eglise and Wulverghem, and at a late hour last night was still continuing. We advanced our lines slightly in the neighborhood of Festubert and secured a few prisoners.

DRIVE AT LOCON.

"Early in the night a strong hostile attack, preceded by a heavy bombardment, was launched against our positions east of Locon. The enemy succeeded in entering our lines at certain points, but was driven out again by a counter-attack, and a second attack attempted later in the night in the same locality was successfully beaten off. During the early part of the night the enemy also attacked west of Merville and was repulsed. On the remainder of the northern battlefront the situation is unchanged.

"Sharp local fighting took place yesterday south of the Somme, in the neighborhood of Hangard, and positions into which the enemy had forced his way there regained by counter-attacks delivered by British and French troops. North of the Somme the enemy's artillery has been more active."

POLICEMAN SHOT ON ATTEMPTING TO TAKE FRENCH M. S. A. EVADER

Apparently Attacked by Gang Near Sudbury—Women Implicated.

Sudbury, April 13.—Dominion Policeman George McLeod was shot in the body and legs last night when he attempted to round up a French-Canadian named Whisset, near Espanola. The affair occurred last night at 1 o'clock, and it was 8 o'clock this morning before medical aid reached him, and he is believed to be mortally wounded. McLeod has made several trips into the district to round up Whisset, and was apparently attacked by an organized gang, in which it is said the women took a hand and incited the men to violence.

Inspector Storie of the provincial police has called up all his men on the case, and has personally left for the scene, which is 2½ miles from Espanola, and in a French-Canadian community.

OVER HALF BILLION NOW SUBSCRIBED TO THIRD LIBERTY LOAN

Better Than One-Sixth of the Amount Asked.

Washington, D. C., April 13.—Subscriptions to the third Liberty Loan reported to federal reserve banks today as the first quarter of the drive was passed, totalled $539,426,100, or slightly more than one-sixth of the minimum amount sought by Secretary McAdoo.

SHIPBUILDERS ON LAKES MAY OBTAIN INCREASES

Washington, April 13.—Representatives of owners and employees of Great Lakes shipyards have completed their testimony before the shipbuilding labor adjustment board, and a revised wage scale probably will be announced next week. About fifteen yards will be affected by increases in pay.

DRIVING AT BAILLEUL.

With the British Army in France, April 13.—By the Associated Press.—The latest phase of the battle of Armentieres is a determined German attack in the direction of Bailleul from the south. Yesterday's all day of fighting resulted in the retirement of the British forces further west of Merville.

The enemy made a fresh assault early last night with the intention of occupying the great forest of Nippe, but he gained only a few hundred yards at the expense of heavy casualties, and the British front this morning lies in front of the forest.

Attacks Failed.

Further attacks on the British right wing between Givenchy and Robecq on La Bassee Canal yesterday, wholly failed. Two attempts made late in the afternoon to capture Locon were repulsed. The British also counter-attacked around Givenchy and took an important German post.

The fighting today evidently is intended to give the Germans an opportunity of getting around the British positions in the Ypres salient, which still is strongly held.

Hangard Retaken.

Neuve Eglise was the scene of a hand-to-hand struggle, which resulted in the Germans getting a foothold in the village, but enemy frontal attacks on the Messines Ridge were beaten off.

By a counter-attack the British and French south of the River Somme yesterday afternoon recaptured Hangard, which the Germans had strongly fortified. The Entente allied forces also took the copse adjoining the village, which was full of machine guns. Some prisoners were taken.

THE WEATHER

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 47; lowest, 31.

The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 44; lowest, 25.

TOMORROW—FINE AND WARMER.

Toronto, April 13—8 a.m.

Forecasts.

Moderate winds; fine and warmer today and on Sunday.

Temperatures.

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:

Stations.	High.	Low.	Weather.
Victoria	50	38	Clear
Calgary	66	32	Fair
Winnipeg	68	44	Fair
Port Arthur	46	24	Clear
Parry Sound	58	30	Clear
Port Stanley	42	26	Cloudy
Buffalo	36	32	Clear
Toronto	44	30	Clear
Kingston	36	30	Fair
Ottawa	52	28	Fair
Montreal	48	38	Cloudy
Quebec	46	36	Cloudy
Father Point	42	22	Fair

Weather Notes.

The Atlantic coast disturbance is now near New England, with greatly reduced energy.

The weather is moderately warm in the Western Provinces, and is becoming warmer in Ontario and Quebec.

"Older than the Dominion of Canada"

A Definite Purpose

The British Empire has summoned all her resources to the winning of the war, and her future safety.

Are you employing part of your income to provide for your future?

Make this your purpose and start a savings account in this strong old institution, where you will receive interest at the rate of

3½%
per annum.

THE Huron & Erie MORTGAGE CORPORATION
Chartered 1864
MARKET SQUARE BRANCH
London
Walter T. Westby, *Manager*

CALL TO REV. LAVERIE FULLY SUSTAINED BY LONDON PRESBYTERY

Will Be Transmitted at Once to Sarnia Presbytery.

A special meeting of the London Presbytery was held in the First Presbyterian Church Friday afternoon to consider the call extended to Rev. J. R. Laverie of Forest by the Hamilton Road Church, and the appointment of Rev. John Elder by the Home Mission Board to Chelsea Green, and to transact other business.

Rev. D. C. MacGregor reported that the Home Mission Board had offered the pastorate of Knollwood Park Church temporarily to Rev. A. F. Webster, formerly of Ancaster. Rev. John Elder also had been appointed by the Home Mission Board as ordained missionary for one year at Chelsea Green. Rev. Mr. Elder, although unanimously requested by the members of his present church not to do so, resigned to accept the charge at Chelsea Green.

James Carmichael of Bethel and Alex. Grant of Bryanston attended the presbytery in the interest of their respective churches. They both testified to the good work done there by Rev. Mr. Elder.

Rev. John Elder will be inducted on Friday, May 3, at 8 o'clock, Rev. D. C. MacGregor presiding. Rev. Mr. McIntosh will preach the sermon; Rev. Mr. Crawford will address the minister, and Rev. James MacKay will address the people.

On the resolution of Rev. Dr. McCrae, seconded by Rev. G. S. Galbraith of Thamesford, Rev. James MacKay reported for the hospital committee, recommending the appointment of a Presbyterian chaplain for hospitals and charitable institutions of the city. Rev. John Currie of Belmont was appointed at a salary of $400.

Rev. J. G. Stuart was appointed to look after the Presbyterian returned soldiers at a salary of $200.

Rev. Dr. McCrae presented an unanimous call for Hamilton Road Presbyterian Church to the Rev. J. R. Laverie of Forest, offering a stipend of $1,200, with free manse and four weeks' holidays. Ex-Ald. C. W. Summers, Dr. Copeland, and Charles Wideman supported the call. It was unanimously sustained by the presbytery and forwarded to the Sarnia Presbytery. Rev. Dr. McCrae was appointed to support the call before the Sarnia Presbytery.

Provisional arrangements were made for Mr. Laverie's induction should he accept the call. Rev. S. H. Eastman will preside, Rev. Dr. McCrae will narrate the steps leading to the call. Rev. H. E. Thornloe of St. Thomas will preach the sermon; Rev. W. J. Knox will address the minister, and Rev. D. McKay of Dorchester will address the people.

Rev. Dr. Rayson of Delaware tendered his resignation, which will be considered at the synod meeting in April.

During the session earnest prayers were offered in connection with the present critical hour.

AGAINST SUBWAY

Real Estate Owners Oppose the Fair Grounds Proposal.

At last night's meeting of the Real Estate Owners' Association the following resolutions were passed:

That this association does not approve of the idea of building a tunnel under the racetrack at Queen's Park, as there is every reason to believe that in a few years new grounds may be secured, and the money expended would be wasted. It may prove a cess pit while not in use.

This association desires to place itself on record as opposed to any further expenditure in connection with the Springbank dam.

GET RID OF HUMORS

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the Medicine to Take—Makes Pure Blood.

Dry, moist, scaly tetter, pimples, boils, and other eruptions come from humors, which may be either inherited, or acquired through defective digestion and assimilation.

To treat these eruptions with drying medicines is dangerous.

Hood's Sarsaparilla, the old reliable medicine, helps the system to discharge the humors, and improves the digestion and assimiliation.

Get Hood's Sarsaparilla from your druggist. It may be confidently relied upon to do its work. It purifies the blood, tones the stomach, and builds up the whole system. It goes to the roots of diseases, and its beneficial results are permanent. It sets things to rights in the system. Remember to ask for Hood's Sarsaparilla, because nothing else acts like i and nothing else can take its place.

Growing Old Before Your Time

When the **Arteries begin to harden**, then we have **Blood Pressure**, or **Arterio-Sclerosis, which is a** hardening of the **Inner Lining of** the Blood Vessels, **caused by the** formation **of poisonous substances** that **are carried in the Blood**, through **faulty elimination, and deposited in the Arteries. The Arteries get hard and brittle, and partially clogged, and then, of course, greater pressure is exerted in these Arteries.** Hacking's Heart and Nerve Remedy is recommended for BLOOD PRESSURE, because it Purifies the Blood of Poisonous Substances, Strengthens the Heart and Nerves and Increases Vitality. Price, 50c a box, 3 for $1.25, by mail post paid, or from your dealer. C. B. Hacking, Phm.B., Listowel, Ont. 56u

CANADA'S FUTURE AFTER THE WAR WILL BE GREAT

Tremendous Opportunities Are Coming, Declares President of the Northern Life.

UNDERWRITERS' BANQUET

Splendid Speeches Featured Big Gathering Held Here Last Evening.

The Life Underwriters' Association of London gathered for its twelfth annual festive event at the Tecumseh House last night. There was a large turnout of members and many women. Several out-of-town insurance workers were present, and interesting tales of the profession, interesting advice and statistics made the event a fruitful one for all. The officers of the association provided an excellent musical program, Mrs. T. G. Coleman and E. Wilmer being well received in their solos.

The speeches were of an instructive nature for the most part. Patriotic utterances were not lacking. Optimistic predictions that the Allied arms on the western front would ultimately dominate the Hun were applauded to the echo.

Many Speeches.

The repast provided was an excellent one, and was followed by speeches by Mayor Somerville, Principal Rogers of the Collegiate, T. H. Purdom, president of the Northern Life Insurance Company, and President Wilson and Vice-President Parkes of the Life Underwriters' Association of Canada. President T. B. Parkinson of the local association acted as toastmaster.

Mayor Somerville featured his remarks with the declaration that he considered it a big mistake for the city to take in the annexed district. He first outlined the city's progress since 1855, which had been gradually upward. However, at the present its clothes are far too big for it; in other words, on its present plans it was too large. Its 60,000 population occupies ten square miles; four would be better. Its largeness makes it expensive to run, and leads to the present high tax rate. After deducting the cost of schools for the annexed district, he said $4,500 was left to care for the public works of that district. He did not blame the people, but he blamed the city for making such a bargain. However, he had hopes that the city would come into its own, only he hoped that no foolish council would in the future make the city's suit larger.

Improve G. T. R. Depot.

The mayor spoke of the G. T. R. depot, and hoped that some day there may be a union depot—or at least a new G. T. R. depot. "People never die of joy," and miracles have happened, were two of his remarks.

In telling the outsiders more of the city, he said London enjoys two seasons, summer and winter, the other two being by-products.

Principal Rogers discovered a bond of sympathy between school teachers and life insurance men. He also added ministers. They were all selling something that most people don't want.

London's Splendid Schools.

Mr. Rogers, in speaking of "Our Educational Institutions," said the schools of London opened the eyes of the provincial inspector. He had never seen such fine schools as there are here. Principal Rogers declared they were equal if not superior to any in Canada. As to the studies, he said that he would like to change some of the present day methods. "We are too strong on tradition and adverse to meeting present day methods."

He did not think the present day scholar should pay so much attention to the classics. "This is a modern world and we must use modern methods. We must keep pace. I am afraid we are too conservative." Mr. Rogers predicted that the time was not far distant when there will be a closer approximation of the needs of the present day.

Canada is a big country and a country of big things, declared President T. H. Purdom, responding to the toast "Life Insurance Interests." He added that it is also a country of large institutions. Our banks, railways, loan companies have developed rapidly, but no more so than its life insurance companies. No companies were more grand than those of Canada. Mr. Purdom paid a tribute to fraternal insurance societies, but declared that the old line was the staple article. It made for soundness, stability and permanence.

Help Canada With Funds.

Mr. Purdom, in outlining the position of the insurance companies in Canada today, said they had helped the banks, municipalities, provinces and the Dominion by their funds, and since the war the British Empire. On one hand they had paid out death claims, and on the other bought Victory bonds.

Mr. Purdom declared that the present day prosperity of life insurance in Canada was small compared with its greatness of the future. When the war is over they will talk of Canada as the land of opportunity. These are the present day impressions. He advised all to play the game in a "manly and honest way," declaring that it is the unseen hand that deals the cards. He suggested that the insurance men cultivate the optimistic temperament. To be successful, an insurance man must have this. He must look at everything favorable on his side.

Mr. Purdom said that there was talk that after the war there would be greater co-operation, that selfish strife would disappear. The speaker declared he hoped so to a very great extent. He hoped the war would soon be over, and that peace and prosperity, hope and opportunity will be ours. No one can see what our great future is. Will the twentieth century surprises be the equal of those of the nineteenth? Will there be surprises such as the stage coach giving way to the present day transportation, sailing ships to steamships, the candle to electricity? He said it was predicted that this continent would have 300,000,000 of people at the end of this century. Then how great will be our opportunities. They are boundless, declared the speaker. We will have great companies. They will outlive the largest of our present day companies.

The Two Levelers.

Two great levelers of the present day are education and insurance, said Mr. Purdom, and here he touched upon the war. He felt confident that the torch of liberty would not be extinguished with the British and French holding doggedly.

Mr. Purdom paid tribute the Canada's troops. They were fighting for democracy, the speaker said, and concluded: "Let ours be the most perfect democracy of the world under the old flag that has braved the battle and the breeze."

President J. T. Wilson of the Life Underwriters' Association of Canada, who hails from Halifax, spoke on the progress of insurance and also its future. He spoke strongly for co-operation. He cited Canada's confederation as one of its great benefits. The position of the Allies in Europe was another. It was to protect themselves that the underwriters' movement was started about forty years ago in the United States and sixteen years ago in Canada. The start was made with small associations, and the Dominion association started in 1906. Great benefits have been derived, and interest holds strong.

Teach In Colleges.

He predicted that it would not be long before life insurance would become a part of the curriculum of the colleges and schools. This he said would make it much better for the insurance men of the day.

Mr. Wilson handed out some strong advice to the individual members, and also urged that the local association keep their meetings going full swing, keep up the interest and make the association stronger.

Insurance Figures.

Vice-President T. J. Parkes, Sherbrooke, Que., gave some decidedly interesting figures on the insurance business in Canada and the United States. Today there is one and a half billions in insurance, made up of 2,000,000 policies. Since 1879 there has been paid out in Canada $400,000,000 in insurance. In the United States he declared insurance has grown three times as fast as the population, and twice as fast as the wealth. He estimated that there were 3,000,000 people in Canada who could be insured, and at $2,000 each would mean $6,000,000,000 insurance to be gathered in.

He spoke of the troublesome times of 1903 to 1907, which was the period of the famous insurance investigation. Since these dark days insurance has never done so well. He touched on the kaiser's claim that the first Canadian contingent had been wiped out. This, he said, was untrue. One company had seven and a half million dollars of insurance claims on men in the contingent; only 26.2 per cent had been paid up to the end of 1916.

Another great boost which insurance received was when the United States Government undertook to insure its million or more soldiers. They will pay $8. It is estimated that it will cost $80 a thousand, and the man at home must pay the other $72, and, said the speaker, "rightly so."

QUERIES REGARDING MILITARY SERVICE

Send In Your Problems and They Will Be Answered From Official Information by The Advertiser.

BILLIE. Q.—1. What is the salary of a gunner of the R. N. Volunteers of Canada patrolling in Canadian waters?

2. Are the R. N. W. M. P. exempt from service under the M. S. A.?

A.—1. The seamen receive $1.10 per day, and separation allowance is provided at the same rate as in the C. E. F., if required. A gunner, a signalman, or a cook would get extra pay for his additional qualifications. No recruits are being accepted at present for that branch.

2. They are not exempt by the terms of the act, though they might be exempted by the tribunals, as other policemen have been, when they were found to be needed more in their present position than in the army.

R. B. Q.—I am a banker, and was placed in A2. The bank obtained exemption for me until May 1. On seeing the decision of Justice Duff re bank clerks, I signed up with a Toronto battery, but on being examined was placed in B2, and therefore rejected. What am I to do? Can I be called under the M. S. A., or am I exempt until B2 is called?

A.—Men in category B2 have now been called to the colors under the M. S. A. You will be called at the expiration of your exemption, unless you are applying for and obtain an extension. If you are called up, you will be examined, and if in A will be placed in a combatant unit, and if in B, will be posted to a non-combatant unit.

G. W., Sarnia. Q.—A person of military age went to reside in the United States in July, 1917. He was too late to register on registration day there (June 5), and moreover was beyond the United States military age. He was not in Canada on October 13, or since. What are his obligations under the M. S. A.?

A.—The M. S. A. makes every male British subject who has been at any time since the 4th day of August, 1914, resident in Canada, liable to be called out, and the proclamation called out all such who were bachelors or widowers (without children), that were 20 years old on October 13, 1917, and whose 34th birthday did not occur before January 1, 1917.

According to the convention agreement at present being arranged between the two countries, subjects of one residing in the other country will be required to enlist or return to their own country for service.

Although he would be liable if he were in Canada, he has no facilities in the United States for complying with the M. S. A., so therefore is not bound to do anything at present. When the convention agreement goes into effect, however, he will be required to enlist, and by enlisting through the British-Canadian Recruiting Mission there now, he would have the advantage allowed to volunteers to choose their own units.

SIX DETROIT MEN IN FRIDAY'S LIST OF C.E.F. RECRUITS

Eleven Volunteers Accepted by Armories Board.

Eleven volunteers were accepted at the local mobilization centre Friday. Six volunteers came from Detroit, six from Lansing and two from London. Six men were placed in Category A2, three in B2 and two in Category C.

A number of volunteers arrived this morning from the British Canadian Recruiting Mission.

The following is a list of volunteers accepted Friday: J. C. Porter, 63rd Battery, Detroit; F. D. Machett, 63rd Battery, Detroit; M. O'Dowd, W. O. R., Detroit; J. W. Fairhurst, C. E., Lansing; J. Atkinson, Construction, Lansing; B. R. Davies, C. E., Lansing; B. Hawcroft, C. E., London; M. Murphy, 63rd Battery, Detroit; John Corss, Construction, Detroit; C. Marquod, W. O. R., Detroit; G. Webster, C. E., London.

CONGREGATION WILL WIPE OFF MORTGAGE ON CHURCH RECTORY

Cronyn Memorial Members To Give $1,400 Tomorrow.

The sum of $1,500 will be laid on the collection plates in the Cronyn Memorial Church on Sunday, to wipe out a debt on the rectory property. About a month ago the question was brought up before the congregation and voluntary contributions asked to cover the amount. It was further decided to take no money until the full amount was pledged. A chart was placed at the back of the church, divided into 1,500 squares, and these filled in as the contributions were offered. The total amount is now insured with the obligation to those making voluntary pledges to redeem them by giving the money at the services on Sunday.

A feature in connection with the success of the effort which is especially gratifying to the rector and officials is the fact that there has been no canvass of the congregation, and no energy expended on teas, bazaars or other money-making schemes. The offerings, made through envelopes distributed for the purpose, will be purely voluntary.

Monday evening, an adjourned vestry meeting will be held to make plans for the future.

CHORAZIN LODGE HOLDS ANNUAL ENTERTAINMENT

Members of the Chorazin Lodge No. 190, I. O. O. F., held their annual "at home" in the lodge rooms of the Alma Block Building last night. A pleasing program, including songs, cards, dancing, lunch and music, was put on, about two hundred guests of the order attending.

Addresses were made by Mayor C. R. Somerville, Ald. F. R. Watkinson, who acted as chairman; W. J. Shaw of the board of health, St. Thomas; D. D. G. M., J. W. Coutts and D. D. C. P. Mrs. W. H. Marsh.

Those contributing to the musical part of the program were: Mrs. Lolo Somerville, Miss Bradley, the Elite Quartet, J. L. Goodburne, Lance-Corp. Neal, Sergt. Scott and Miss Gladys Udy.

The Cortese Orchestra furnished the dance music.

LAST OF CANADIAN OFFICERS CAPTURED AT ST. JULIEN FREE

Grandson of Late Judge William Elliott Reaches Holland.

PENALIZED FOR ESCAPE

Three Months in "Black Hole" Suffered by Lieut. Gerald Greene For Attempt.

Lieut. Gerald E. D. Grene, son of Vincent Greene of 124 Bloor street, Toronto, and a grandson of the late Judge William Elliot of this city, has been freed by the Germans after three years in captivity, and is now in Holland. Lieut. Greene, a member of the original 3rd Battalion, was taken a prisoner at St. Julien. Doubtless the kaiser was entirely unaware that he was giving the Canadian officer a much-appreciated birthday present when he moved him into Holland. The date of the transfer over the border, by interesting coincidence, was also the young lieutenant's 30th birthday.

Lieut. Greene was the last of the officers captured at St. Julien to be sent to Holland. It is believed that this is due to the fact that he attempted to escape by leaping from a train when being moved from one part of Germany to another. He made a successful dash to the swamps and remained there for some hours, but, becoming chilled, he was obliged to abandon his safe retreat. Within sight of the Netherlands frontier he was recaptured by German troops and sentenced to five months solitary confinement. After three months in the black hole he was allowed to return to the German internment camp.

Owing to the hardships which Lieut. Greene has suffered, the news that he has passed beyond the control of his captors has caused much rejoicing among his relatives and friends. Two brothers are serving overseas, Major Elliot Greene, with the 9th Battery, and Lieut. Vincent Greene, a former officer of the Central Ontario Regiment. Previous to his enlistment, Lieut. Greene, a civil engineer, was an officer in the Royal Grenadiers. Owing to frequent visits in this city, he is well known here.

HYDRO USERS AGREE TO ECONOMIZE POWER TO PREVENT SHUT-OFF

Industrial Heads Will Cooperate in Conservation.

As a result of a meeting of a large number of hydro power users at the board of trade rooms on Friday afternoon, a plan was formulated whereby the hydro current will not be shut off during prescribed hours. The proposed plan to shut off the power at certain hours, it was claimed, would disorganize many businesses, and in the cases of some industries would mean a complete shutdown.

The local manufacturers present at the meeting represented the city's largest industries.

Arthur White acted as chairman and outlined the objects of calling the special session.

At the conclusion of the discussion a resolution was drawn up and adopted.

Will Co-operate.

The plan to be followed will be a cooperative scheme in which all users of power agree to reduce to a minimum their load during the hours specified by the utilities commission for certain zones to be deprived of curent.

In order to prevent a total deprivation, the plan of each power user to reduce at least 50 per cent of his load during the hours specified in his zone was adopted as the most feasible.

The solution to the difficulty was made complete by Manager E. V. Buchanan's agreement to not shut off the power in any of the industries, providing the manufacturers kept their word and reduced their power consumption at least 50 per cent during the hours prescribed in each zone.

Must Keep Agreement.

The failure of the power users to keep their part of the agreement means that the switch at the sub-station will be pulled the minute the load is exceeded.

In other words the utilities manager told the manufacturers he would allow the power to stay on and it was up to the users to see that the load was reduced the required amount.

The following resolution was adopted unanimously:

"That this meeting requests the public utilities commission not to shut off power as proposed, but leave it to manufacturers of the city to co-operate, and those power users present at this meeting undertake to co-operate to the fullest extent, and request others to do the same. And that this meeting recommend that the utilities commissioners have their canvassers call on all power users to secure a guarantee of co-operation in the curtailment of a stated amount of power, to be checked up later on their monthly bills."

Arthur White, president of George White & Sons Company, stated that owing to certain continuous processes in connection with their work, they could not close down one hour a day without losing a lot of material and half a day's time in that department. He stated he could make a reduction of 50 per cent or more for the whole day by closing down certain other machines or by utilizing a steam auxiliary.

Explains Reason.

Manager E. V. Buchanan of the utilities commission then outlined the reasons why it had been found necessary to order a closing down of the current.

C. R. Hunt of Hunt's Mills stated that every time the mill closed down it meant approximately the loss of 50 bushels of wheat. The processes had to be continuous, otherwise the wheat would be useful only as a stock food.

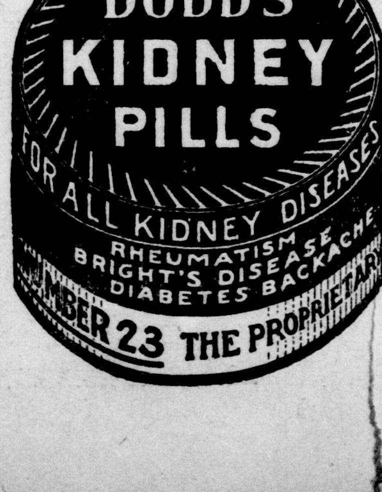
"If all the flour mills in Canada were grinding night and day they could not begin to supply the needs of the Allied nations for flour," said Mr. Hunt. "It means we cannot afford to stop a minute."

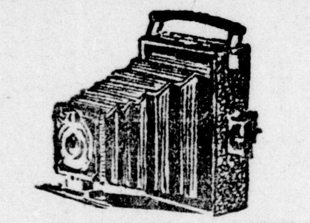
J. Morgan, superintendent of Leonard's Foundry, said their work in the manufacture of munitions would be interfered with by the enforcement of the order.

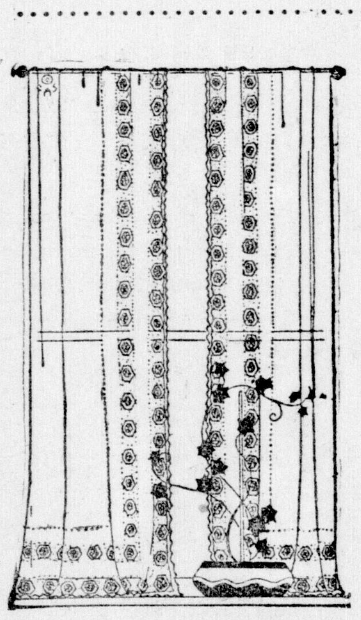
Complete Close-Down.

C. H. White of the London Rolling Mills stated that to close down one hour a day would mean to close their plant down completely. Continuous metal melting processes made it necessary for his firm to keep the furnaces going through the noon hour. Material turned out by the mills was used extensively for war purposes, he said.

Albert Mitchell, manager of the Middlesex Mills, said the dyeing processes made it necessary at their mills to operate without interruption. Otherwise a loss ensued as the result of spoiled materials. A saving could be made, though, he said, in other departments, and he would reduce the load to at least 50 per cent of the present consumption during the defined hours. Others promised to do the same.







Western Ontario's Mail Order House

Display of White Wash Fabrics

As simplicity will be one of the sure virtues of the outdoor dresses for summer wear, and white a predominating feature, these all-white fabrics will be of special interest to all women who are now planning their summer wardrobe. The simple white outfit needs little embellishment save a touch of color in some fast-washing material for collar, cuffs or pocket trimmings. The hundreds of yards of new white fabrics in this display prove an inspiration to the beholder.

NOTICE—ON NEW TIME MONDAY.

Commencing Monday, this store will conform with the Government's "Daylight Saving Bill" by opening and closing one hour earlier. This change will be made by simply moving the hands on our clocks ahead one hour on Sunday night. The time will go on just the same, but we will be one hour earlier by the sun.

RECIPE ISSUED BY CANADA FOOD BOARD.

BEAN LOAF.

Half-pound beans, 2 cups dried bread-crumbs, 3 teaspoons salt, 2 eggs well beaten, ¼ teaspoon pepper, 1 small onion chopped finely, 2 cups milk. Cook beans with salt. When cooked, drain, mash and cool; add all the other ingredients; bake in well-greased loaf pan for half hour in moderate oven. Serve with plenty of well-seasoned tomato sauce.

At Stationery Counter

SNAPSHOT ALBUMS

Special Snapshot Albums in heavy black linen cover, loose-leaf, which can have more refills added at any time.
Size 9½x7½ inches, with 50 leaves. Special 85c
Size 9½x7½ inches, with 25 leaves. Special 55c
Special Black Linen-Covered Loose-Leaf Album, with 50 leaves, size 11½x7 inches; a limited number. Special .... 90c each

Art Corners for putting in the snaps which saves much trouble and time of pasting, and also gives a much neater appearance, 100 in package. For 15c
Holland Linen Papeteries in good quality notepaper and envelopes, some in square-back envelopes and in long-style envelope. Special .... 40c box
Our special "Chester Lawn" Notepaper in 1-lb. package (100 double sheets). Special .... 39c box
Our special "Chester Lawn" Envelopes to match, 75 in each box. Special .... 39c box

See Window Display.

Glacier Sanitary Refrigerators

The seamless, one-piece, porcelain lined. Always sanitary and wholesome, so easy to clean, no cracks or crevices to harbor decayed food. We invite you to inspect the new 1918 models and have the one-piece construction fully explained, also the walls and air chambers. We have sections showing the construction of each part.

BASEMENT.

ICE CREAM.
To take home. Smallman & Ingram quality. Our own make. 20c pint. At Soda Fountain.

Sunnyside Shirting

A beautiful all-white material, soft finish, light weight, not too sheer, makes those cool, dressy shirts that bear the mark of individuality; choice of seven different stripes, also suitable for white tailored waists, children's rompers and dresses. English make, 32 inches wide .... 35c yard

White Materials for Middies, Etc.

We have a complete stock of white materials suitable for middies, skirts, etc., purchased last year ready for this season. This means that we are in the position to give you good-wearing, satisfactory cloths at about the same price as at the mill today. Note the following items:

GOOD QUALITY INDIAN HEAD, 36 inches wide (less than mill price today) .... 25c yard
NO. 1 INDIAN HEAD, medium weight even weave, 36 inches wide .... 35c yard
NO. 2 INDIAN HEAD, a splendid wearing quality, 36 inches wide .... 42c yard
WHITE REPP for middies and skirts, some of the old quality, 36 inches wide .... 25c yard
WHITE REPP, extra fine weave, soft finish, 32 inches wide .... 45c yard
WHITE COTTON SUITING, a soft weave and a good-wearing material for children's dresses, etc., 28 inches wide .... 20c yard
WHITE DUCKS, ideal fabrics for middies, etc., 28 inches wide... 30c and 35c yard
MIDDY TWILL, a special number in a middy cloth that will give satisfaction for wear, has a fine twill finish, 36 inches wide .... 40c yard

Plain Colored Materials Suitable for Middy Collars, Etc.

SAMPSON GALATEAS, in plain blue, red and brown, fast colors, 28 inches wide .... 50c yard
GALATEAS, in plain blue, pink, grey and linen, British made, 27 inches wide .... 20c yard
SANDOWN SUITING, in plain colors of blue, black, navy, grey, tan, khaki, 35 inches wide .... 38c yard

Samples to Out-of-Town Customers on Request.

New Bordered Scrims, Marquisettes and Voiles, 15c to 60c Yard

A new shipment of Bordered Curtain Materials that were late in arriving, but as these materials are now very scarce we are fortunate in having our order delivered complete. Curtain materials of this kind are much sought after, being inexpensive as well as serviceable, and the least trouble to launder, and very little trouble to make, as both edges are finished. If you require Curtains at small cost per pair, we advise you to secure your needs early, even if for your summer cottage or for use in fall. It will be wisdom to buy now at these prices.

Double Bordered Scrims, 15c, 18c, 20c Yard

Good quality Scrims, bordered both sides, 36 inches wide, with striped and drawnwork effect; figuring five yards to pair, will cost you 75c, 90c and $1.00 a pair; colors in white, ivory and ecru .... 15c, 18c and 20c yard

Double Bordered Marquisettes, 30c and 35c Yd.

Splendid Quality Bordered Marquisettes, in some new effects, made of fine, even yarns, for very attractive curtains, easily made and easily laundered, white, ivory or ecru .... 30c and 35c yard

Lace-Edge Hemstitched Marquisette, 45c Yard

Dainty Lace-Edge Marquisette, with hemstitched band, either plain or trimmed with serviceable lace edges, very suitable for bedroom curtains, giving a very dainty appearance at window, also easily made and easily laundered .... 45c yard

Finest Quality Hemstitched Voile, 60c Yard

This is one of the best quality voiles made, and many of our customers have been waiting for this particular curtain material, a very evenly-woven cloth, sheer and beautifully finished, hemstitched one side; for simple curtains, yet with a good effect, in ivory or ecru .... per yard 60c

SMALLMAN & INGRAM LIMITED

NEW LONDON VIEW POSTCARDS.
FOUR FOR 5c.
Public buildings and institutions, churches, parks, streets, etc., 4 for 5c

Poor tea that can be sold at a low price is most extravagant in use. A little good tea, like Salada, makes many more cups, hence its real economy. b

HOSPITAL GIFTS

Donations to Central Convalescent Home Acknowledged.

The Central Military Convalescent Hospital makes acknowledgement of the following gifts: Ladies' East End Red Cross, 1 case eggs; Mr Murphy, 6 records Columbia graphonola; Hamilton Gault Chapter, 10 small boxes Easter eggs; Red Cross, 1½ dozen fresh eggs, 15 plants, cigarettes; Adelaide Street Branch Red Cross, 5 quarts ice cream, 1 layer cake; Isabel Hampton Chapter, 2 baskets apples; Red Cross, 40 dozen eggs to big kitchen, 21½ dozen to bed patients; Mrs. John Moore, one box, Majestic Theatre; Mrs. R. M. Burns, one box, Majestic Theatre; Mrs. McDougall, 3 sealers of pickles; Isabel Hampton Chapter, 5 gallons of maple syrup, 5 gallons ice cream.

MIRROSCOPES for showing postcards, etc., on a screen.

J. H. BACK & CO., 210 Dundas.
ywt

FUNERAL OF MRS. GILES.

The funeral of Mrs. Gertrude Giles, who died Tuesday, was held from her late residence, 865 Lovett street, Thursday afternoon.

The services were conducted in Hyde Park Presbyterian Church at 2:30 o'clock by Rev. James MacKay of New St. James' Presbyterian Church, assisted by Rev. Mr. Durnford of Hyde Park Anglican Church.

The pallbearers were Russell Giles, Samuel Lewis, James Lewis, C. Sampson, J. Winters and A. Almery.

The interment was made at Hyde Park Cemetery.

HONORABLY DISCHARGED.

AILSA CRAIG, April 12.—Percy Harris, aged 19, who was injured while training with the Royal Flying Corps at Texas, has returned to his home and has been honorably discharged.

A MESSAGE TO WOMEN!!

LET a woman ease your suffering. I want you to write, and let me tell you of my simple method of home treatment, send you ten days' free trial, postpaid, and put you in touch with women in Canada who will gladly tell what my method has done for them.

If you are troubled with weak, tired feelings, headache, backache, bearing down sensations, bladder weakness, constipation, catarrhal conditions, pain in the sides, regularly or irregularly, bloating, sense of falling or misplacement of internal organs, nervousness, desire to cry, palpitation, hot flashes, dark rings under the eyes, or a loss of interest in life, write to me to-day. Address:

Mrs. M. Summers, Box 12, Windsor, Ont.

LONDON AVIATOR SENT TO HOLLAND BY HUN CAPTORS

Flight-Lieut. F. W. Talbot Is Now Interned in Netherlands, Says Cable.

IN GERMANY SHORT TIME

Was Shot Down Over Hindenburg Line Only Last October, But Now Released.

Flight Lieut. F. W. Talbot, son of J. W. Talbot of R. R. No. 7, London, who has been a prisoner in the hands of the Germans since last October, is now an interned prisoner of war in Holland. The announcement of his release from German prison came in a cablegram received by his father. This message announced that Lieut. Talbot had reached the Dutch internment camp on April 8.

Lieut. Talbot's release from Germany is considered remarkable, in view of the comparatively short time in which he has been in the hands of his captors. It was on October 12 last when he was shot down behind the Hindenburg line while on an aerial scouting expedition. Generally the British prisoners are kept for at least a year before release and, in fact, some of the officers taken at the battle of St. Julien have just been sent to internment camps in neutral countries in an exchange of prisoners.

First Reported Missing.

The young London airman, who has just reached Holland, was at first reported as "missing," but twelve days after the first official message came another report from the British war office that he had been taken prisoner.

An employee of the office staff of the McCormick Manufacturing Company, Flight Lieut. Talbot enlisted in London with the 7th Mounted Rifles under the command of Lieut.-Col. Ibbotson Leonard in February, 1915. He went overseas with the Canadian cavalry unit, but in England secured a commission in the imperial army, and was assigned to the Worcester Regiment as a subaltern. After serving with the Worcesters, the London boy transferred to the Royal Flying Corps, and it was as a member of this unit that he was captured.

LONDON ELECTRIC REPRESENTATIVES MEETING SIR HENRY

Were in Conference at Ottawa On Friday.

SIR ADAM THERE, TOO

Mysterious Force Seems To Block Negotiations For Use of Local Plant.

Early this week there was a slight hope that the London Electric plant or at least a part of it would be secured to relieve the present power shortage in London, but some mysterious force has stepped in to block negotiations at every turn. However, there are hopes yet. It is declared freely that had matters rested for a time as they were last Saturday night, the plant would have been secured.

Sir Adam Beck is now trying his hand. He was at Ottawa yesterday and in conference with Power Controller Sir Henry Drayton. General Manager McDougall of the Toronto Power Company, which controls the London Electric, was also present, as was his assistant. Advices from Toronto are to the effect that they were summoned to Ottawa at the request of Sir Adam, but as far as can be learned nothing was achieved. The opinion held here is that nothing was done.

COMMANDERS ASKED FOR DECORATED MEN'S NAMES

Headquarters Requests Lists of Those Honored in Action.

Officers commanding units in this district are being requested to forward to district headquarters, the names of all men in their units who have been awarded the Distinguished Conduct Medal or the Military Medal, or in fact any other decorations.

Men who have won the decorations named have the right to use the distinctive letters, "D. C. M." or "M. M.," after their names, and in order that the privilege may not be abused, lists are to be compiled at headquarters.

Full information as to the rank and unit at the time of the award, theatre of war in which the medal was earned and, if possible, a reference to the army order in which the award was notified, should be given, orders state.

FIVE GET LEAVE

More Drafted Men Released Temporarily For Farm Work.

Five additional drafted men have been granted leave of absence without pay for the purpose of assisting in farm work, camp orders announce. All are members of the 1st Depot Battalion, W. O. Regiment, and have received leave on recommendation of the district leave of absence board. Those named in the latest list are: Ptes. H. R. Phair and A. D. Henderson, to October 1, 1918, while farming; Edwin Lee Harris, Wm. J. White and A. A. Land, to May 31, seeding furlough.

SEVENTH ANNIVERSARY. — The seventh anniversary of the Hamilton Road Presbyterian Church will be observed tomorrow. Rev. W. R. McIntosh of the King Street Presbyterian Church will preach in the morning and Rev. James McKay of New St. James' in the evening. A patriotic concert and lecture will be given Monday evening, the program to be taken entirely by members of the military units in the city.

CARD OF THANKS.

Mr. and Mrs. George Harding and daughter May, of 82 Glenwood avenue, wish to thank their many friends for the kindness and sympathy shown them in their very sad bereavement, also the Adelphic Chapter, I. O. D. E., and British Lion Lodge, No. 53, S. O. E., also for the lovely flowers from friends. b

"SNAPS" FROM HOME

Every Soldier Boy loves them. Don't delay—take some new pictures today, or have some of your older negatives printed.

Every print a "PERFECT PICTURE," if you bring your films to

Cairncross' the Chemists

216 Dundas Street. Phone 880

"CUT PRICES EVERY DAY." 47u

SERVED ONLY MONTH IN FRANCE BEFORE GETTING "BLIGHTY"

PTE. MURRAY SANGSTER, son of J. F. Sangster of this city, who was on Friday officially reported as wounded, after having served only one month in France. Pte. Sangster, one of the old-time sergeants of the 7th Regiment and a leading figure in the militia regiment's activities for years, enlisted with the 135th Middlesex Battalion. He has been overseas for a year and a half, but was kept in England as an instructor until a month ago, when he took down his stripes to go to France.

LOCAL NEWS

RETURNS FROM FUNERAL.—Rev. W. M. Martin has returned home after attending the funeral of a friend of long standing, John Ross, one of Mount Forest's old and most prominent residents.

THEATRE MEETING.—Supt. Wm. Matheson of the City Mission will be the speaker at a special meeting to be held in the Princess Theatre on Sunday evening. Reginald Hudson will also sing and play.

REMANDED FOR THEFT. — Jane McGuffin pleaded guilty in police court Friday to stealing a number of articles of wearing apparel from the store of Mara Bros. She was remanded to jail for one week for sentence.

STARTS SERMON SERIES.—Sunday evening in Ridout Street Church, Rev. J. E. Holmes, the pastor, begins a short series of addresses on "The Story of Jerusalem." The first in the series will be "Jerusalem, the City of the Great King."

MEETS ON MONDAY.—The Ministerial Alliance meets at 10:30 o'clock Monday morning (new time) in the Y. M. C. A. Auditorium. On this occasion, Rev. D. C. MacGregor is to be the speaker, and his subject, "Applied Christianity."

INTER-CITY EXCHANGE. — Sunday Rev. Charles L. McIrvine of Hamilton, and ex-president of the Hamilton Conference, will preach morning and evening in First Church. Rev. Mr. Peever will go to Hamilton to take the Sunday school anniversary there.

FALSE ALARM.—Boys who broke the glass of alarm box No. 91 caused the firemen a chase last night after an imaginary fire. The wagons made for the western section of the city, but finding no fire were diverted to East London before it was discovered that the alarm was false.

SPECIAL PROGRAM. — At the City Mission this evening the male quartet of the Adelaide Street Baptist Church will provide the special musical program. On Sunday evening J. M. Thompson will preach at the mission on the subject, "Shall We Know Each Other in Heaven."

L. AND P. S. R. POWER.—General Manager Buchanan of the utilities commission states that the London and Port Stanley Railway is now securing 98,000 killowatt hours of power from the city. This is a 30 per cent reduction as compared with its supply in December, when it was getting 144,000 killowatts.

SCHOOLS ON D. S. TIME.—School Inspector C. B. Edwards announces that the public schools of the city will open and close on the daylight saving time on Monday. This means that they will open actually just one hour earlier than at present but with the clock pushed on an hour, it will be the same time by the clock.

UP GO PERMITS.—Already six more building permits have been issued this month than during the whole of March. The total to date is $26,340. The latest large permits are: Mrs. Howlett, Dundas street, $1,100; Dr. Kingsmill, Fullarton street, $1,500, and McCormick estate, Park avenue, $600. All are for remodeling dwellings.

H.D.S.A. BENEFIT—A benefit concert for the London branch of the Honorably Discharged Soldiers' Association will be held in the auditorium on Thursday evening. The artists will be Sam Munro, the juvenile comedian; Spencer trio; Turner children; Alice Eckhart, Prof. Venuta and his band, and Bill Spence in the sketch, "The Veteran."

BAPTISMAL SERVICE. — Talbot Street Baptist Church is holding services on the old time tomorrow. In the evening, the pastor, Rev. H. H. Bingham is preaching the ninth of a series of sermons on the twelve apostles, "Portraits of the Past," his theme being "Philip the Prosaic." Administration of the Sacrament of Baptism will take place at the morning service.

REV. MR. GIFFORD SPEAKING.—Dr. Dougall, pastor of Askin Street Methodist Church, is preaching anniversary sermons on Sunday in his old charge, First Methodist Church, St. Thomas, His pulpit will be supplied by Rev. G. C. Gifford, B.A., Port Stanley. Mr. Gifford addresses the Men's Brotherhood at 10 o'clock on the subject, "The Discovered Hero."

THREE WOUNDED.—Official casualty lists today contain the names of three Londoners as wounded. Lieut. G. N. Tucker, son of Canon Tucker, of St. Paul's Cathedral, who was reported wounded in a special message from Lieut.-Col. Clifford Reason, D.S.O., is in the list. The other two are C. L. Robinson, 802035, 31 Oxford street and E. A. Rance, 226153, 365 Adelaide street.

MERCHANTS SATISFIED.—London reports to Bradstreet's that in spite of rapidly advancing prices there is a good trade and a favorable retail distribution. Merchants are well satisfied with the spring trade, and brisk summer business is anticipated if the goods can be secured. There is a fair demand for hardware lines, some lines of which have made marked advanced in price. Collections are improving.

WORSE YET TO COME?—Major Cronyn, M.P., has written Secretary Gordon Philip of the board of trade, to the effect that the only import restrictions so far considered were on autos, and this only after consulting the trade. The details, not as yet being approved, have not been announced. Further restrictions may follow, according to Mr. Cronyn, but those concerned will be consulted first.

CONSERVATORY DEMONSTRATION RECITAL.—A novel and interesting concert will be given in the Auditorium on Tuesday, April 16, by selected students of the London Conservatory of Music, all grades and departments being represented. Piano, violin, vocal, elocution and dancing numbers will find a place on the program, as well as a short address by Mr. Willgoose on the teaching methods adopted by the institution of which he is the principal.

A PICKLE SHOWER.—A pickle shower has been arranged for by the Military Hospitals Commission committee, I. O. D. E., for the benefit of the returned soldiers who are being billeted at Princess avenue clearing station. Donations of pickles, fruit, and jam will be received at the Soldiers' Club, Dundas street, on Thursday, April 18. Any who cannot conveniently bring in their donations might phone 512 or 165 and they will be sent for.

EYE HURT BY SNOWBALL.—While playing at Chesley avenue school on Thursday Neil Dowding, son of Wm Dowding, 8 Rathgar street, was accidentally struck in the eye by a snowball thrown by a boy friend, necessitating the attention of an eye specialist. The eye was injured so badly that the lad could not use it, and he was sent home in care of another boy. Mrs. Dowding immediately took him down to Dr. Henderson for treatment. The eye will not be permanently injured, it is thought.

250 MORE MEN IN NEXT WEEK TO JOIN C. E. F.

Half, Reporting to Colors, Will Be "B" Category Men Called by New Order.

FILED SERVICE REPORTS

Men Who Expressed Willingness to Sign Up Six Months Ago Get Chance Now.

On Monday and Tuesday of next week 250 men called to the colors will arrive in the city for duty.

On Monday 125 men in B Category will be assigned to units immediately after their arrival here. These are men who reported for service at the time the proclamation was issued. They were instructed, after being medically examined, to await the call to report from the deputy registrar's office. The call has come after six months has elapsed.

A similar number of B Category men who have sent in questionnaires, fully signed, will be ordered before tribunals, which will sit in less than two weeks. Men in B Category are classified for non-combatant service overseas. They will be attached to forestry and construction units.

On Tuesday next, 125 A Category men will arrive in the city. These men, all fit for combatant service overseas, will be trained here for a short time and then sent over to England.

The 125 A Category men to arrive are those who were refused exemption on appeals filed with county judges and the central appeal judge at Ottawa.

The men will be met on each day by the "blue bonnets" assigned by the W. O. R.

KNOLLWOOD PARK CONGREGATION IS AFTER NEW CHURCH

Subscription List Is Already Started by Presbyterians.

That Knollwood Park Presbyterians will have a new church was decided at a meeting of the congregation. Rev. James MacKay of New St. James's Church presided.

The unanimous opinion of the meeting was that a new building is necessary for the work to be carried on successfully. A subscription list was immediately opened and $500 was subscribed. The community will be canvassed, and it is expected that there will be a liberal response. A church will be erected with a seating capacity of 250 at an estimated cost of $7,000. Work will be commenced as soon as the plans can be completed.

There is a good field in this section, the members say, and the present building is totally inadequate for their needs.

Rev. A. F. Webster was on Friday appointed to the pastorate of the church, and the members are confident of a successful year.

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR SELECT OFFICERS FOR ENSUING YEAR

The Richard Coeur de Lion Preceptory o fthe Knights Templar has chosen its officers for the coming year. The election meeting held on Fridty night in Masonic Hall was a large one, and is taken as an indication that the coming year will be most successful.

The new officers are: Presiding preceptor, Thomas Fawkes; constable, Ald. Harley; marshal, Jos. McDougall; submarshal, George E. Logan; chaplain, Arthur Crothers; registrar, J. J. Dyer, who succeeds City Clerk S. Baker, who has held office for twelve years, and who retired; treasurer, C. W. McGuire; auditors, Charles Thomas and H. McPherson; Masonic Hall trustee, C. W. McGuire; representatives to the Red Room, Thomas Fawkes, J. H. Moran and A. L. Simmie.

ENGLISH HEIRS, IF ANY, WILL BENEFIT IN $25,725 ESTATE

At a sitting of the weekly high court before Mr. Justice Middleton at the court house today, application was made by W. R. Meredith, representing T. R. J. Fawkes, next of kin of the late Richard Powell, to have the estate wound up.

The estate, held in trust by the London and Western Trusts Company, amounts to $25,725. Powell, an unmarried and wealthy Nissouri Township farmer, died intestate in October, 1917. A search of his residence revealed many collections of curios and relics.

T. R. J. Fawkes, a nephew, was the only person to claim relationship following the insertion of advertisements for relatives.

The adjustment of Powell's estate was left in the hands of the local master, who submitted a report that all other questions had been cleared up except the sale of a certain farm.

The sale and conveyance of the farm, the local master holds, cannot be made until the fact is definitely established that there are no other heirs to Powell's fortune except Fawkes.

Powell was born in England, and as far as can be ascertained all heirs are dead except Fawkes. Mr. Justice Middleton held that there might be some missnig heirs in England and directed that advertisements be inserted in English newspapers before he would order the estate distributed.

If any other heirs are able to establish their claims they will benefit in the division of Powell's etsate.

PILLS FATAL TO CHILD

Little Daughter of Former Londoners Died at Peterboro.

Much sympathy is being expressed here to Mr. and Mrs. Leo Ockford, 52 George street, Peterboro, formerly of London, on the death of their little 2-year-old daughter, Hazel Jean, who died on Wednesday morning at 11 o'clock. The little girl was perfectly well at 10 o'clock, but later showed signs of convulsions. Dr. Carmichael was immediately called, but arrived to find the little girl had died. The doctors made an examination and found indications of strychnine poison from pills which she had eaten.

The funeral was held from the family residence on Friday at 3 o'clock. Service at the house at 2:30 o'clock was conducted by the Rev. Mr. Pogue.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

GENTLEMAN WANTS GOOD ROOM with or without board. Must be well furnished and clean. Box 144, Advertiser. 57c

WANTED TO PURCHASE ko

WANTED—USED FORD COUPE, 1918 or 1917 model, in good running order. Box 107. 57c

SENDS WAR CONTRACT BOARD TO SIR HENRY DRAYTON WITH ITS ORDER TO SUPPLY POWER

Manager of Utilities Replies "No Power Available" to the Instructions to Supply Shoe Factory Working On a Military Contract, With Needed Hydro Energy—Circuit Switches To Be Pulled If Load Exceeded.

Local industries working on war contracts, which with all other industries must conserve power as much as possible one hour each day by cutting their load to the minimum, are now getting answers to their protest sent to Ottawa.

Scott-Chamberlain, Limited, which is working on a war contract, was one of these firms. Its protest brought a wire from the head of the war contracts board to General Manager E. V. Buchanan of the utilities commission. It was to the effect that Scott-Chamberlain must be given power.

Mr. Buchanan's reply was equally to the point. He stated that the power was not available. He stated that the remedy lay in the hands of the power controller, and referred the war contracts board to Sir Henry Drayton.

Since the decision reached at the board of trade meeting, Mr. Buchanan has notified all the industries of the agreement that all industries on the different circuits should cut off all power for one hour with the exception of that used on continuous processes. Mr. Buchanan believes that if the industries live up to this agreement there will be no further necessity for a cut, as it will bring the city's load down the required amount.

Men will be stationed at the meters of each zone at the hour they are supposed to cut down. If the load is not sufficiently reduced there will be no alternative but to pull the switch. To avoid the necessity of so doing, each industry is being supplied with the list of the industries on its circuit, and if all do not cut down and thereby penalize the others by forcing the pulling of the switch, it is believed that the others on the circuit will get out and locate the trouble-makers.

PROPER TRAINING FOR BOYS' LEADERS URGED BY FATHERS OF LONDON

Resolution, Passed by 300 City Men at "Father and Son" Banquet Calls For Adequate Preparation of Those Who Guide Destinies of Youths—London Is Praised For Its Work On Boys' Behalf.

The climax of Father and Son Week was reached Friday evening, when nearly 300 men of London, representing all walks of life, passed a resolution urging the advisory committee on boys' work to secure leaders from the various churches and make some definite arrangements for their special training for leadership.

This resolution was unanimously carried after an address by Taylor Statten, and a general discussion of the problems in connection with boy life. One of the remarkable features was the fact that the 300 men present, many of whom were businessmen whose time is valuable, considered the time well spent in listening to an address and discussing the ways and means of presenting a vision of Christ to the boys of fourteen to eighteen years of age. That this was the aim of the Canadian Standard Efficiency Test program was emphasized by Mr. Statten.

The vision must be presented in such a way, said Mr. Statten, that the boy will take it in, and it is for this reason that the program is founded on the boyhood life of Jesus, as found in the sentence: "He grew in wisdom and stature and in favor with God and man."

Compliments London.

Mr. Statten complimented London on the splendid interest taken by the men in the father and son movement. London is the first city in Canada in the movement, and there are only one or two others which are even nearly its equal, according to the speaker. The spirit of co-operation among the churches, Sunday schools and Y. M. C. A. was also commended.

Speaking of the ideal Canadian life, the speaker called it a four-square life. The four aspects of it are: Intellectual, physical, social, and devotional. Social, he interpreted to mean "service for others."

Influences on Lives.

The different influences on boy life were discussed at some length. The influence of the home, school and church were taken up. The "gang life" of the boy, which, the speaker asserted, was absolutely essential to his proper development, has also a large influence.

The influence of the schools of London was freely discussed by the audience. The various aspects of life in proportion as they are affected by the schools were classed as follows: Intellectual, first; physical, second; social, third, and devotional, fourth. One of the ministers present questioned if the schools exerted much influence on the devotional side. Mr. Statten explained that devotional included the love of the beautiful in art, poetry and music, etc., as well as the attitude to God.

High Moral Average.

In connection with the schools, one member expressed the opinion that London averages higher per capita of pure, clean, whole-souled boys than any other city in Canada. This sentiment was backed by another statement from the audience, that London's teachers were practically all church members.

The speaker urged the ministers present to get the teachers into harness in the church for the benefit of all concerned. Thus a closer co-operation between the churches and the schools could be maintained.

Discussing the influence of the church, it was classed as first in devotional; second in social; third in intellectual, and fourth in physical, as regards its influence on boy life.

There was some difficulty in deciding which aspect was most influenced by the home life. The final voice of the meeting placed the influence of the home first in social; second in physical; third in intellectual, and fourth in devotional aspects. A voice remarked that the devotional should come first in the home. Everybody agreed to this, but it was also agreed that such was not the case.

Mr. Statten illustrated the attitude of the average boy toward his father by telling a Mark Twain anecdote. Mark said that when 14 years of age he thought he knew so much that he could not bear his father to express an opinion. At the age of 18 he used to consult his father on matters of minor importance. When 22 years old, however, he used to wonder how his father had gained so much knowledge in eight years.

There is no fear of losing the younger boys if the boys between the ages of fourteen and eighteen years can be held, thought Mr. Statten.

Jesus Christ and the cross must influence the ideal life, he stated. That London would continue to lead the country in this movement was evidenced by the enthusiasm exhibited by the men during the last week, the speaker thought.

DID YOU HAVE GRIPPE? YOU DID NOT! MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH DELARES IT WAS ONLY HEMOLYTIC STREPTOCOCCI

Cheer Up, Sufferers, That 22-Letter Compound Sounds Worse Than Disease Really Was, or So Head of Health Department Avers in Saying London Is Free of Old-Fashioned Disease.

Have you had Hemolytic Sterptococci? If the doctor told you that you had anything like that you would doubtless want to make your will and prepare for the worst. Perhaps you have had it and haven't recognized it by that name, in which case you recovered without any serious after-effects. A lot of people in London think they have been enjoying (?) an attack of "good old-fashioned grip." They have had headaches, fever, a little muscular pains, red eyes, dizziness, nausea, weakness, sore throat, in some cases a tightness of the chest, and, quite frequently, severe cough. Goodness knows, they felt sick enough! But the medical officer of health comes along with this statement that it isn't grip they have been having at all. In fact, he says, that there hasn't been any real grip here for years,—though many unscientific-minded sufferers will be prepared to take issue with him. He further says, that of fifty or sixty cases he has seen, many of them soldiers, none have been severe, the duration of the sickness being about four or five days.

"If it isn't grip, what is it that so many people have been suffering from?" The Advertiser reporter wanted to know.

"Hemolytic streptococci," replied the learned medical officer of health glibly, whereat the reporter almost collapsed on the spot between the relief at having recovered from such a terrible-sounding disease and the prospect of being obliged to spell it. The medical officer of health was obliging enough to spell it, and also to offer the consoling information that the name is the worst part of it.

A report from Toronto states that the city of Toronto has the worst epidemic of grip in its history at present. It is stated that it has not been so bad in years and that few are escaping. Like London's "hemolytic streptococci," the Toronto grip grips hard for four or five days or a week.

Though the symptoms in the Toronto epidemic are similar to those noted in the cases which have been called grip, Capt. Hill takes the view that if Toronto has the "real thing," it hasn't yet been experienced in London.

SAYS LONDON HAS FAILED IN ITS DUTY TO THE BOY

Pastor of St. Andrew's Church Arraigns City For Its Lack of Playgrounds—Church Men's Union To Start a Small Community Playground to Demonstrate Usefulness to Whole City.

"Community Playgrounds," was the subject of discussion last night at an open meeting of St. Andrew's Men's Union, the result of which was the determination on the part of that association to experiment with at least one playground, if only a small one in connection with the church, and thereby show the city what could be done in that line. Miss Jean McRae, who is doing welfare work in the McCormick Manufacturing Company, and who has also had a great deal of experience in playground work in Toronto, gave a most interesting paper on this subject.

"The mental, moral and physical development of the child is involved in his play, and perhaps the first and most important duty of the playground is to teach him mutual rights," said Miss McRae. "Equal opportunity should be the slogan of the playground. Co-ordination and team work is developed in baseball, volleyball and basketball, where each member must sacrifice his individual inclination to the good of the whole team."

Miss McRae explained how the playground movement began in Germany and was later copied by the United States, where it is now considered of the greatest importance.

"Supervision of playgrounds is of the utmost importance," said the speaker. "It suppresses the rowdy and teaches him that he may become a leader. The playground is one of the greatest preventatives of juvenile delinquency, and the fast ally of the juvenile court. Wholesome sport soon becomes attractive, and keeps the young mind from thinking out schemes of mischief and even crime. In the playground there is found the selfish child, but he is usually the new child and public opinion soon shows how he should be dealt with. The folk movement has made great headway in the United States. The children of foreign countries find expression in folk songs and dances, which arouse in them a stronger feeling of patriotism. Work among the mothers of the neighborhood is also very important, and the mothers' clubs are growing in influence."

Says London Has Failed.

A discussion was opened at the close of the paper, during which Rev. D. C. MacGregor expressed his belief that this community of London has failed in its duty to the boy. "It is the community which should be brought before the court, and the judges should send the city of London to Mimico, not the boy. Other communities are finding out the debt which they owe the boy and the girl and are paying that debt by the support of just such institutions as the playgrounds. But London has done nothing for the boy or girl. If he offends the community in the course of an adventurous prank, he is haled up in the regular court along with the real criminal. London has taken no means of preventing the adventurous prank by turning the mind of the boy into the channels of wholesome fun. There are no playgrounds here worthy the name, and in the schools the bully rules the situation. I believe that any organization of this nature in the city, should be a community organization, which will provide opportunity for children to express themselves in a healthy way, and not in a criminal way."

Mrs. John Gemmill spoke on behalf of the Mothers' Clubs, telling how this organization tried to establish playgrounds here some six or seven years ago, but was blocked owing to the fact that the city would give it no support.

Wrong Idea In Tax Rate.

Mr. Laughton, president of the Men's Union, also had something to say. "The idea in the city of London seems to be how best to cut down the mill tax rate, when in live communities, the great object is how to best spend the money which they must use. Most people do not object to paying out money, but they want good value for that money. They do not want a technical school stuck down in a crowded section of the main street, but would rather see it set out where it would have plenty of ground around it to afford ample opportunity for outdoor activities. Playgrounds here would surely be upheld by the people's money."

BATTERY DRAFT OF 40 MEMBERS OF 63RD LEAVES

Goes to Eastern Training Quarters After Joining 64th Men.

LIEUT. ELLIOTT IN CHARGE

300 Members of W. O. R. Also Leave For East Today.

The second artillery draft to leave London within the past ten days departed today when 40 members of the 63rd Depot Battery, C. F. A., began their journey to an eastern training point.

The men left at 7:40 via C. P. R. and were in charge of Lieut. G. Tennent, who, as commanding officer, accompanied the party. They will be joined by 35 men from the 64th Battery, and the whole party will be turned over to Lieut. Thomas R. Elliott of the 64th Battery. Lieut. Tennent will return to carry on his duties here.

Lieut. Elliott is a London officer. He is a former well-known newspaperman and brother of Staff-Sergt. W. E. Elliott, another newspaperman, of the Corps of Military Staff Clerks, who is now overseas with the C. E. F. Lieut. Elliott enlisted in the 63rd Battery as a gunner, and after meritorious service was given a commission early this year.

The following left today: Frederick Charles Barker, Leslie Philip Bayliss, Robert William Bedggood, Louis Bruno Boerckel, John Henry Bradshaw, Geo. Palmer Collum, Neil Hoffman Cotcher, Ivan Currie Crawford, Joseph Dawson, Wellington Dean, Elmdon Stanley Dibb, Roy Alexander Dodd Harry Charles Elschner, Henry Fraser, Coyne Leonard Gernaey, Charles Francis Gillick, Herbert Otto Homuth, Alvin Edward Kalbfleisch, Percy Charles King, Holgor Laurits Larson, Charles Hardy Leigh, Anthony Martin, Thomas Roland Matthews, Arthur Atkins Milligan, Sergt. Wilson Stuart Mills, Archibald John Munro, Ernest Aaron McDonald, Edward Joseph McTaggart, Christopher Joseph O'Hare, Eric Ellwood Parsons, Clarence Powers, Edward Ernest Primeau, Vivian Charles Reeve, Harold Andrew Roberts, Russell Seaton, Thos. Whiting Scott, Howard Snell, Col.-Sergt. Audrey Allan Thurlow, Victor John Truckle, Elmer George Weisenburger.

300 W. O. R. Men, Too.

Close upon the heels of the 40 artillerymen who left for the east early today, 300 infantrymen from the 1st Depot Battalion, W. O. Regiment, departed for further training at 10:15, via C. P. R.

The men entrained at the C. P. R. Quebec street station, and went away on a special train. The draft was in charge of Major R. B. Ross, as conducting officer, and he was assisted by Lieuts. J. E. Gillies and G. S. Wright.

LET SINGLE MEN GO, SAYS VETERAN, BEFORE FURLOUGHS RETURN

Declares Unmarried Eligibles Should Take Places of Married Men.

Pte. A. Quinton, who was invalided home about a month ago, freely expresses his opinion that the men now on furlough in Canada should not be returned to France until all the eligibles who have not yet seen service have done their share.

"There are enough single men in Canada yet to fill the places of the furlough men, and they should do so," asserts Pte. Quinton. Continuing, he says that the average Canadian exhibits a rather strange attitude towards the returned man. He has been repeatedly asked if he is not going back, and his reply is to the effect that he considers he has done his duty, and now it is up to the other fellow. No married man who has served from two and a half to three years should be allowed to return to the front when there are plenty of other men available, he thinks. That some definite step in this direction ought to be taken, is his opinion.

THANKS, DEAR CHARLES, I COULDN'T DOUBT THEE

Vienna, April 13.—Via Basel.—Emperor William, in a telegram to Emperor Charles, cordially thanks the Austrian Emperor for his telegram repudiating the affirmation of Premier Clemenceau of France. Emperor William said there was not the slightest need for the assurance given him by Emperor Charles, as the German Emperor never had doubted the fidelity of the Austrian Emperor to the common cause, while their "enemies do not shrink from the lowest and basest means of attacking."

BOYS' CLUB ACTIVE IN ITS ENDEAVORS

Chelsea Green Organization Invites Y Secretary as Speaker.

At a meeting of the Boys' Club of Chelsea Green Presbyterian Church, held Thursday night, it was decided to invite Boys' Secretary R. G. Davis of the Y. M. C. A. to address a meeting of the club some time early in May after the arrival of the new minister, Rev. John Elder. J. S. Lindsay, the supervisor, was delegated to make arrangements with Mr. Davis.

The club was organized through the efforts of Rev. Mr. Harris, who was minister of the church until recently. The other officers of the club are as follows: James Haynes, president; Thos. Hamilton, secretary; Alexander Strain, treasurer. Every member of the club is an active worker on one of the various committees. The boys are forming a football and a baseball team for the summer.

JOHN L. BURGAR HONORED.

ST. THOMAS, April 12.—At a meeting in Montreal of the newly-organized Brotherhood of Railway Stationmen, John L. Burgar of the G. T. R. superintendent's office here was elected general chairman of the board of adjustment for the entire G. T. R. system.

NEW TIME TOMORROW FOR EVERYTHING BUT LONDON'S CHURCHES

Railway and All Other Clocks Will Advance One Hour, But Sermons and Masses Will Be On Old Time—Schools Go On New Schedule On Monday.

"Lost—An hour, between midnight and Sunday morning."

Such will be the experience tonight of the citizens of London and all over Canada. Your faithful old alarm clock will not be telling a lie tomorrow morning if you set it on an hour tonight. Your experience will be that of the traveller between the Pacific coast and London, who every so often must cause the hands of his watch to go forward an hour, as he progresses towards the rising sun. In this case, however, the passing of the daylight savings act has been in the nature of taking a rise out of the sun, going him one hour better, in fact. The Canada daylight savings act becomes law early Sunday morning, on lines almost identical with that already in effect across the border.

Week's Grace for Churches.

Owing to consideration for "the human element," as one prominent local clergyman put it this morning, a week's grace will be granted to churchgoers to get them accustomed to the new time. In other words, church services will be held on the old time tomorrow. Since the services will not open until 11 or 12 o'clock, according to the new time, an extra hour in bed on Sunday morning will be the apparent consolation. But that extra hour will be one of delusions and snares of the new time schedule. In reality, it will be getting up at exactly the same time as usual, the clock to the contrary.

Rev. J. H. Boyd, president of the Ministerial Alliance, stated that the holding of services at the old time tomorrow is partly due to the fact that so many of the churchgoers will work late this evening about their Saturday night business duties, and cannot afford to miss the extra hour of rest.

The Roman Catholic churches are meeting on the old time, for the reason that the law had not passed a week ago, and consequently the change could not be announced last Sunday.

"Daylight saving goes into effect for us on Monday morning," stated Rev. Father McKeon, rector of St. Peter's Cathedral today.

With the day between to get the people reconciled to the change, schools, factories and business houses will begin on the new time bright and early Monday morning, "terribly early," many are making moan, and they are quite certain they aren't going to feel at all bright.

"Christian Charity" In Schools.

So far as the schools are concerned, while the children are expected to be prompt as usual when the bell rings, for a few days a certain amount of what the inspector terms, "Christian charity" will be exercised by the principals towards the pupils from families that haven't clearly grasped the daylight savings idea, and the fact that it is a rule, not to mention a law.

Since it is a "law," people given to philosophical speculation are raising the question in regard to the penalty if they fail to set ahead the hands of their watches and insist on keeping their household systems running on the old order. One answer which a city official suggests is that "the system will get out of order," in other words, badly dislocated by the eternal collision with regulations universally accepted.

Inspectors to Move Watches.

In conformity with the Dominion daylight saving law, all the timepieces on the G. T. R. and C. P. R. systems will be set ahead one hour.

The railway employees have been advised to go to the watch inspector and have their timepieces advanced one hour.

Both stores of W. G. Young, inspector of watches for both railways, will remain open on Sunday until 1 o'clock in the afternoon to permit engineers, conductors, firemen, trainmen and baggagemen to have their watches adjusted to conform with the new time.

The instructions to railwaymen from the head offices of both roads are to allow the adjustment to be made by the watch inspectors and not to do it themselves.

The railway time schedules will remain unchanged. Trains will depart and arrive at the same times shown in the latest railway time tables.

Soldiers In Line Too.

Soldiers in local camps will abide by the provisions of the daylight savings act, and there at "reveille" Sunday morning all military clocks and watches are to be advanced one hour, camp orders state.

Daylight saving is not welcomed by the average worker in the factories in the east end of the city, but they are all unanimous in their willingness to do anything that's for the best interest of the conutry as a whole.

No Change at Carshops.

It was proposed to petition for working hours from 7:30 to 5:30 under the new system by some of the employees of the Grand Trunk carshops. This would not reduce the hours, as the men are on nine hours time at present, working from 7 a.m. to 5 p.m. The proposition, however, did not appeal to the majority, and no change will be made.

All factories have posted notices asking their employees to move their clocks one hour ahead, and come to work as usual on Monday. McClary's foundry added a note for the habitual lte-comers to pay particular attention to the new time.

Street railway employees are possibly the hardest hit by the daylight saving. The first man has to report at the barns at 5:35 a.m. This means that he rises at 4:35 by the clock, but he asserts that he will in reality arise at 3:35.

UNLUCKY 13 AGAIN

Gamboleers to That Number Pay for Fun With Cards in Court Today.

Thirteen young men pleaded guilty in police court this morning to gambling. The keeper of the gambling room and one other who was up some months ago on a similar charge were fined $25 and costs each. The remaining eleven, charged as frequenters, were required to contribute $10 and costs each. The thirteen men were gathered in during a raid made by police officers last Sunday night.

MILITARY CHANGES

Another Subaltern Appointed to 1st W. O. R. Battalion.

Lieut. Thomas Todd of the 29th Regiment has been taken on the strength of the 1st Depot Battalion, W. O. Regiment, camp orders state.

Nursing Sister L. H. Trace, A. M. C., employed at the Military Convalescent Hospital, London, is struck off the strength, with effect from the 6th inst., at her own request.

Pte. Merrill Mitchell has been discharged to re-enlist in the Royal Air Force.

Lieut. Gilbert Stanley Wright, 1st Depot Battalion, W. O. R., having completed conducting duty, returned to duty with the 1st Depot Battalion, W. O. R., on the 3rd inst.

FINISH CONDUCTING DUTY

Five W. O. R. Officers Return From Overseas For Duty Here.

Five more officers of the 1st Depot Battalion, W. O. Regiment, have returned to Canada after completing their duties as conducting officers, camp orders state. They are Lieuts. J. B. Gillies, W. H. O'Loane, T. H. Smith and G. S. Wright, and Major R. B. Ross.

GERMAN BANK STATEMENT.

Berlin, April 12—(Via London).—The statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany for the week ending April 6 shows the following changes:

Gold and bullion increased 639,000 marks; gold increased 197,000 marks; treasury notes decreased 17,200,000 marks; notes of other banks increased 2,083,000 marks; bills discounted decreased 1,831,700,000 marks; advances decreased 479,000 marks; investments decreased 821,000 marks; other securities increased 40,204,000 marks; notes in circulation decreased 60,761,000 marks; deposits decreased 1,344,666,000 marks; other liabilities decreased 311,647 marks; total gold holdings 2,407,721,000 marks.

HONORED BY FRIENDS.

AILSA CRAIG, April 12.—A very pleasant time was spent at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Hilton Banting of McGillivray Township last evening, when about sixty of their friends gathered to celebrate with them the twentieth anniversary of their wedding. During the evening the popular couple were presented with a purse of money.

Doctors Fail

"Terrible case of Eczema—contracted when a mere boy—fought disease for ten years, with half dozen specialists. Both legs in terrible condition. Almost a nervous wreck. It took just 8 bottles to clear up this disease."

This is the late testimony of a prominent newspaper man. His name and his remarkable story in full on request. We have seen so many other cures with this marvelous liquid wash that we freely offer you a bottle on our personal guarantee. Try it today.

W. T. Strong, druggist; Taylor's Drug Company, 6 Stores; Standard Drug Company, 4 Stores, London.

D.D.D.

FOR SKIN DISEASES.

NOTHING LIKE INTERNAL BATHING FOR CONSTIPATION

If people only knew what Internal Bathing is doing for thousands of others there would be fewer Pills and Laxatives swallowed, and very much less suffering from Constipation and the accompanying Stomach and Nervous troubles resulting from it.

Mrs. Cave, 841 Ellery street, Victoria, B. C., writes:

"Before using the 'J. B. L. Cascade' I suffered constantly from Constipation, had frequent bilious attacks and sick headaches. Since beginning your system of Internal Bathing with the 'J. B. L. Cascade' four months ago, I have not had one attack, and feel stronger and better in every way. My only regret is that I did not get a Cascade sooner."

By the proper application of nature's cure, warm water, by means of the "J. B. L. Cascade," the lower intestines are kept free from all poisonous waste. Drugs force Nature. Internal Bathing assists her.

Dr. Chas. A. Tyrrell of New York, a specialist on Internal Bathing, invented and perfected the "J. B. L. Cascade," which has done more during the past 20 years in restoring health and lessening disease than all other means combined. Ask Standard Drug Company, London, for Booklet, "Why Man of Today is Only 50 Per Cent Efficient." They will also be pleased to show and explain the J. B. L. Cascade to you.

ROWLAND HILL
RELIABLE FOOTWEAR
189 Dundas St and 429 Hamilton Road

OUR BOYS' SPECIAL FOR SCHOOL WEAR

Made in dark tan leather, tough and pliable, in the new "Scout" pattern.

Sizes 1 to 5........$3.50
Sizes 11 to 13 ......$3.00
Smaller ones $2.50

Sure to give satisfaction to buyers and wearers.

ROWLAND HILL
RELIABLE FOOTWEAR
189 Dundas St and 429 Hamilton Road

VISIT THE FAIR

15 Dominion Savings Building, facing Market Square. Dolls and Toys, Flags, Postcards, Postcard Albums, Snapshot Albums, Stationery, Toilet and Manicure Sets, Lunch Boxes, Fishing Tackle, Balls, Skipping Ropes, Games, Schoolbags, Baseballs, Gloves and Bats. Doll repairing.

$5.00
No charge for fitting
Anderson & Nelles, London

YOUR FILMS DEVELOPED AND PRINTED CORRECTLY
—AT—
ROBERTSON & MORLEY
310 Dundas Street. Opposite Armories.

HOTEL SEVILLE

Fifth Ave. & 29th Street,
New York City.
Convenient to all best shops.
Ideal for Out-of-Town Visitors.
Single Rooms, with Detached Bath, $2.00 per day.
Single Rooms, with Private Bath, $2.50 per day upward
Rooms, with Bath, for Two, $3 to $5 per day.
Parlor, Bedroom and Bath, $5 to $10 per day.
Descriptive booklet, with room plan stating all prices, on request.
JOHN F. GARRETY, Mgr.

ywt-to June 15

MOTION TO OMIT CONSCRIPTION OF IRISH IS BEATEN; MAJORITY IS 172

Asquith Objects But Won't Try To Force a Change.

WANT HOME RULE FIRST

Laborites and Others Demand Self-Government Precede Conscription.

At Derry Forty Shipworkers Rush To Volunteer and Beat Compulsion.

London, April 13.—A proposal by Irish Nationalists to omit the conscription of Ireland clause from the Government man-power bill was rejected by a majority of 172 in the House of Commons last night. The total vote shows that a large section of the House abstained from voting.

The debate in the House yesterday and last night was remarkable for the speech of Former Premier Asquith, who, while strongly objecting to the conscription of Ireland, frankly declined to take the responsibility at the moment the nation is facing a grave military crisis of pushing that opposition to the extent of forcing a change in the Government.

Henry E. Duke, chief secretary for Ireland, made a brave attempt to conciliate the Irish members. The effort led to a strong altercation with the Nationalists at the close of the debate.

The Government spokesman in the House, Andrew Bonar Law, in a brief speech winding up the discussion, contended that the Government had a moral right in what they were doing, and would be craven not to do it.

The Necessity.

"We could not tell America she had the right to conscript Irishmen in the United States while we had not the same right at home," he said. "We intend at the earliest moment to introduce a bill which we hope will give home rule, or rather local government, to Ireland."

This statement brought fresh uproars and laughter from the Irish members. Mr. Bonar Law went on: "We shall try to carry it through simultaneously with preparations for carrying out the manpower bill, that is all I can say."

His speech was interrupted constantly by ironical remarks from the Irish benches. The Irish members at the conclusion challenged the Government to a further division on the conscription clause. It was carried by the Government, this time by 281 to 116, a majority of 165.

Give Home Rule First.

William Adamson, on behalf of the Labor party, appealed to the Government to give a clear assurance that conscription would not operate until a generous measure of home rule was on the statute books. Capt. L. C. M. S. Amery, a Unionist, joined in the appeal of Mr. Asquith and Arthur Henderson, Labor leader, for the immediate introduction of a measure of home rule. Sir Mark Sykes, Unionist for Hull, who condemned the Nationalists for attributing base motives to the Government, said the Government could only minimize the risk they had taken in this matter by taking further risks. They must, therefore, introduce an adequate home rule bill and stand or fall by it. That was only to stabilize the British moral position and prove the sincerity of British war aims to the United States and the dominions. Sir Mark was certain that the English democracy would not be behind the Government if it took Irish conscription without Irish self-government.

Another Uproar.

Another uproar arose when Herbert L. Samuel, former postmaster-general, declared that the most important statement of the debate was that made by Chief Secretary Duke that the act for setting up a Parliament in Ireland should be passed before any Irishman was called to the colors. Mr. Duke interjected: "I did not say that."

A wild uproar came from the Irish benches, John Dillon exclaiming: "Another Government pledge gone."

Mr. Samuel resumed: "I took down the words as they were spoken."

"If I had said that," replied Secretary Duke, "I should have been contradicting the premier. I had no authority to say that."

Tim Healy, Nationalist for County Cork, thereupon said: "It is because we understood you as saying that, that we abstained from speaking."

REASONABLENESS SHOWN.

Dublin, April 13.—The report of the Irish convention followed lines anticipated in advance, and created little stir in political circles in Ireland. Both parties claim that it shows their reasonableness.

Discussion of the report is overshadowed by the conscription controversy which grows acute. Sheaves of resolutions of protest as expected, come from Nationalist bodies, some of them being forwarded to the American ambassador in London.

Prominence is given by Nationalist newspapers to the suggestion that next Sunday at masses the priests instruct the people to make passive resistance to conscription, and to urge that organized passive resistance would be more effective than an armed revolt which would be spasmodic, short and unsuccessful.

Meanwhile threatened conscription has begun to stimulate volunteer recruiting. At Derry 40 shipworkers enlisted rather than wait for conscription.

On the other hand Irish workmen who have been employed on munitions work in England are returning here in batches, thinking that the prospect of avoiding military service is greater in Ireland. One hundred of these workmen arrived in Dublin today.

NATIONALISTS' DEMANDS.

London, April 13.—The majority of the Nationalists append a note to the convention report recommending that the Irish exchequer shall have the full proceeds of Irish taxation, direct and indirect, subject only to an agreed contribution to the imperial expenditure, which would "prevent a ruinous increase of the burdens which would certainly result if Ireland remained liable to the full weight of imperial taxation and jointly responsible for the imperial debt.

They recommend a free trade agreement between Great Britain and Ireland and, to prevent dumping, would prohibit the export from Great Britain or vice versa, articles sold under cost of production.

Five or six Labor members of the convention note that they made certain temporary concessions, which, as democrats and representatives of labor, they strongly dislike. They oppose a nominated element for the senate, and recommend that workmen refuse to receive nominations. They also recommend a salary of £400 for the members of the House of Commons.

HOW VIEWS DIFFER.

London, April 13.—The Cork corporation council last night unanimously adopted a resolution against conscription and appealing to President Wilson for "protection." At the same time the Ulster council issued a statement upholding the Government's proposal, pointing out that Ireland is in duty honor bound to contribute her portion, be the war long or short, of the cost incurred; to do less would be to surrender, which Ulster, at any rate, would never willingly do, her share in the great empire which is our comman glory and our common heritage."

The Ulster statement says that successive elections have shown that the majority of the Nationalist vote is controlled by a party "of open and avowed treason," the statement adds, after pointing out the growth of the Sinn Fein movement that "It is pretty obvious that a general election to an Irish parliament would place the balance of power in the hands of a party which is engaged in drilling and preparing with German assistance and German promises of arms to strike a blow at the heart of the British Empire."

UKRAINE HAS CLAIM ON BESSARABIA, AND WOULD BE CONSULTED

Sends Note to Rumania Asking Voice in Negotiations.

AMSTERDAM, April 12.—According to Berlin advices, the premier of Ukraine has sent a note to the Rumanian Government pointing out, as Bessarabia is inhabited by a large number of Ukrainians and the Ukrainian Government controls an important part of the Black Sea coast in the western portion of Bessarabia, the Ukrainian Government maintains that any final decision regarding Bessarabia at the peace negotiations at Bucharest is possible only with the participation and in agreement with the representatives of the Ukrainian People's Republic.

According to a dispatch from Basel, Switzerland, on April 11, a telegram had been received there from Bucharest stating that the Bessarabian Diet had decided in favor of the union of that region with Rumania.

MILLERS ASK MORE FLOUR BE ALLOTTED TO NEEDS OF ALLIES

Americans Predict a Billion Bushel Wheat Crop.

Chicago, Ill., April 13.—A billion bushel wheat crop from the farms of the country for 1918 was predicted by delegates to the sixteenth annual meeting of the Millers' National Federation, which was in session here today.

The federation voted to recommend to the milling division of the food administration that the 30 per cent allotment of their output for the Allies be increased to the maximum available tonnage for shipment. The recommendation was made after Col. H. B. Tasker of London, head of the Wheat Export Company in New York, told of the privations suffered in England and other allied countries. "Still we're happy," he said. "But the Allies are still hungry, and if you can spare a little more flour for God's sake send it."

DISTRICT CASUALTIES

Ottawa, April 12.—Tonight's casualties of 164 names reports 29 killed in action, 6 died of wounds, 102 wounded, 6 gassed, 9 ill, 2 missing and 2 presumed to have died. The list follows:

Infantry.

Killed in Action—151172 J. N. Pound, St. Thomas; Lieut. John A. Gordon, Wallaceburg.

Wounded—839049 O. A. McRae, Owen Sound.

Wounded—772627 Wm. Street, Brantford; 675495 A. H. Tupper, Ingersoll; 690899 M. J. Munro, Hamilton; 643409 I. V. Train, Phelpston; Lieut. B. E. Scott, Petrolea; Lieut. A. L. Steele, Fergus; Lieut. G. N. Tucker, London; Lieut. R. R. Counsell, 268½ James street south, Hamilton; 2003649 R. J. Crawford, Parry Sound; 802035 C. L. Robinson, 31 Oxford street, London; 675537 F. C. Clime, Woodstock; 227130 J. Bolan, St. Catharines.

Ill—3131353 A. H. Thiel, Zurich, Ont.; 3130860 H. W. Cameron, Chippewa Hill.

Services.

Wounded—418981 J. H. Higgins, Clinton.

Railway Troops.

Wounded—2125318 Sergt. T. R. Currie, Creemore; 491289 Corp. Arthur Finney, St. Thomas.

Cavalry.

Wounded—6087 Lance-Sergt. J. A. Thompson, Gravenhurst; 226153 E. A. Rance, 365 Adelaide street, London.

Artillery.

Gassed—341930 C. E. Blackburn, St. Catharines.

Ill—334115 C. L. Cameron, St. Marys.

FLOOD—ABBOTT.

AMHERSTBURG, April 12.—Miss Muriel Abbott, eldest daughter of Dr. and Mrs. R. H. Abbott, and Hugh Flood, son of T. R. Flood of Harrow, were married in Christ Church here on Wednesday evening by Rev. H. A. Wright. The bride, who looked charming in a suit of navy blue with rose hat, was assisted by her sister, Miss Inez Abbott. Philip Wright of Harrow was groomsman. The Lohengrin wedding march was played by Miss M. Park. Owing to the illness of the bride's father a reception that was planned at her home was postponed. Following a honeymoon trip to Kingston and Ottawa, Mr. and Mrs. Flood will reside in Harrow.

CIVIL SERVICE BILL BRINGS DISCUSSION ON PATRONAGE ISSUE

Choice Plums Given Out Before Passing Order.

FIELDING'S MISGIVINGS

Fears Civil Service Commission May Turn Into Patronage Board.

Ottawa, April 13.—Members of the Opposition were in a critical mood, and inclined to express their disapproval of appointments made by the Government when the resolution on which the new civil service bill will be based was under discussion in the Commons yesterday.

Among the appointments criticized were those of A. G. Acres as postmaster of Ottawa and W. Weldon as collector of customs at Montreal, and M. F. Nichols as director of public information.

On behalf of the Government it was stated that the Weldon and Acres appointments had been made previous to the passage of the order-in-council abolishing patronage. Mr. Rowell stated that Mr. Nichols had received his post after he (Mr. Rowell) had consulted representatives of the press. He asserted that Mr. Nichols' work had nothing to do with political propaganda, as was suggested by Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, but that it pertains entirely to the war.

Fielding Is Dubious.

Hon. W. S. Fielding, while declaring himself in favor of civil service reform, expressed the fear that the civil service commission might be turned into a patronage board. Approval of the Government's proposal to eliminate political influence from the civil service came from Dr. Clark of Red Deer, Mr. Tweedie of Calgary, R. J. Manion of Fort William, and other Government supporters. While criticizing appointments that have been made, Opposition members, too, declared themselves to be in favor of the principle of the resolution.

Before the House adjourned, third reading was given to the women's franchise bill and to the bill authorizing the expenditure by the Government of an amount not exceeding fifty million dollars within the next year for the purchase of equipment for the railways.

Sir Robert Borden announced that the appointment of a special committee to consider the report of the pensions board had been made.

Promise Before Election.

Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux said that on December 1, the Government solemnly pledged itself to the elimination of patronage, and while it was doing this, hundreds of young men and girls were taken into the various departments on the shallow pretext of winning the war. The action of the Government in connection with appointing a new postmaster at Ottawa was hardly in line with their pledge. In the postoffice, said Mr. Lemieux, there were employees of 25 years' standing, with experience which qualified them for the taking of the postmastership.

FROSTS AND NO RAIN HARD ON FALL WHEAT

BLENHEIM, April 12.—The fall wheat situation during the last few weeks has become serious. Few, if any, fields can be found in these parts that promise an average crop. In fact many pieces which appeared to come through the winter fairly well, considering the small top last fall, are now dead. The severe frosts at night, followed by cold days without any rain, have had a most adverse effect. It is estimated that there will be but few fields left for harvest, as the majority will be broken up and then replanted with other seed.

Many have put in spring wheat, but the delay in getting seed has been detrimental. Many are still looking for seed and have been unable to get it. During the past week some has been available, but not sufficient to meet all demands.

It is said that the quantity of spring wheat sown this year will eclipse the aggregate amount sown during the last decade in this district.

BUSINESS INTERESTS TO VISE BANKRUPTCY ACT

Proposed Law Will Evoke Wide Discussion.

Ottawa, April 12.—At the inaugural meeting of the special committee of the House of Commons appointed to consider the new bankruptcy act introduced by S. W. Jacobs (George Etienne Cartier), it was decided, in view of the discussion the bill would in all probability cause throughout the country, to notify the various business interests. Those to be notified include the provincial governments, bar associations, boards of trade, retail and manufacturers' associations and the agricultural interests.

H. B. Grundy of Winnipeg, who drafted the new act, stated that he had gone thoroughly into it with the retail interests of he counry, and it had received their indorsation with the exception of the section respecting the appointment of trustees.

Hon. Hugh Guthrie was elected chairman of the committee.

JOHN McMARTIN, M. P. FOR GLENGARRY, DEAD

Only Ontario Member Elected by Acclamation.

Montreal, April 12.—John McMartin, M. P. for Glengarry, Ont., died tonight, shortly before midnight, at his residence here. Mr. McMartin, who was a Liberal-Unionist, had the distinction of having been the only man elected in Ontario by acclamation in the last general elections. Although in poor health for about a year, he took his seat in Parliament at the opening of the session, but was not well enough to remain in Ottawa and returned to his home here.

Mr. McMartin was known chiefly as a member of the celebrated Hollinger mining group and he and his late brother Duncan became millionaires out of the mines of Northern Ontario, starting with the La Rose mine. He was born in Charlottenburg, Ont., 58 years ago.

VLADIVOSTOK COUNCIL PROTESTS JAP LANDING

Tokio, April 13.—At a meeting on Monday of the Vladivostok Municipal Assembly and Council of Labor Delegates and Soldiers a resolution was adopted protesting against the landing of Japanese marines, according to special dispatches received here. The protests were made on the ground that the action of the Japanese was not justified by the murders, which the resolution declares occur in the most advanced countries.

WILL FIND WHETHER ALIENS HAVE INTERFERED

Winnipeg, Man., April 13.—On account of the rumors from Alberta to the effect that alien enemies were suspected of having tampered with the formaldehyde supplies, Prof. J. Galbraith of the chemical department of the Manitoba College started to make tests this morning. He acted on instructions from Hon. Valentine Winkler, minister of agriculture for Manitoba.

UP GOES OIL.

New York, April 13.—The Standard Oil Company of New York today announced an advance of 40 points in refined petroleum in barrels for export, making the price 13.30 per gallon.

G. T. R. DENIES ANY PLOT TO BLOW UP ST. CLAIR TUNNEL

Simply Some Dynamite in Car by Mistake.

LOCATED IN NEW YORK

Was Not For Power House and Never In Canada.

Montreal, April 13.—At the headquarters of the Grand Trunk Railway system here today it was officially denied that any plot had been discovered to blow up the St. Clair tunnel. Reports to this effect probably originated, it was stated, through a notice issued by one of the Pennsylvania mining companies that two sticks of dynamite had, by the carelessness of a miner, found their way into a carload of coal. This carload of coal has now been located in the state of New York. It was not consigned to the St. Clair tunnel power house, nor was it at any time in Ontario or Michigan, and is not on Grand Trunk rails.

THE YARN.

SARNIA, April 12.—The following telegram received by Grand Trunk and tunnel customs officials indicates that a plot exists to blow up the tunnel power house at St. Clair:

"Dynamite car no. 186049 of Pennsylvania Railroad loaded with Grand Trunk Railway coal contains dynamite. This car is for the G. T. R. powerhouse at Port Huron."

In practically every railroad yard between here and the West Virginia coal fields detectives and railroadmen are making a frantic search for the car of coal, which is consigned to the tunnel powerhouse, and which is alleged to contain enough dynamite to blow up the entire plant should it ever reach the boilers

Every man in the tunnel yards has received instructions from the Grand Trunk officials not to let the car reach the powerhouse, but to sidetrack it immediately if found, so that its contents can be combed.

The car is presumed to have left the West Virginia mine about five days ago, but the number of the train to which it was attached is not known, and as a result the employees of every railroad yard have been notified to be on their guard, and the moment the car is spotted to hold it and notify.

Detectives are also at work in an effort to trace the car, and with the precautions which have been taken there is small possibility of the coal reaching the powerhouse.

Whether the men who are believed to have planted the dynamite are known is not stated, the officials being solely now concerned in preventing the car from being delivered to the powerhouse. It is believed that pro-German plotters have had their eyes on the tunnel since Albert Kaltschmidt hatched his futile plot to destroy the big tube by sending dynamite into its interior by means of roller skates, or having it attached to freight cars.

Not knowing the direction from which the suspected car is coming, the railroadmen on both sides of the border are on guard.

GERMAN-AMERICAN ALLIANCE DISBANDS; FUNDS FOR RED CROSS

Philadelphia, April 12.—The German-American Alliance was finally dissolved here today when at an adjourned meeting of the executive committee a resolution was unanimously adopted to disband.

The resolution stated that the members consider it the supreme duty of every American citizen to give his unqualified support to the Government in the successful prosecution of the war.

The organization's educational fund of $30,000 will be given to the Red Cross Chapter at Wilmington, Delaware.

BULGAR AND TURK AIM TO EFFACE GREEK ELEMENT

After Territories In Macedonia, Thrace and Asia Minor.

New York, April 12.—An effort by Bulgaria and Turkey to exterminate the Greek element in Macedonia, Thrace and Asia-Minor, in order to obtain title to the occupied territories was charged in a cable message from the central committee of unredeemed Greeks at Athens, made public here today. All Greeks in these districts were being forced to sign declarations that they were Bulgarians and desirous of living under Bulgarian rule, the message said.

TORONTO BANK MANAGER CHARGED WITH STEALING

Toronto, April 12.—L. M. W. Maynard, manager of one of the branches of the Dominion Bank here, was placed under arrest this morning when he stepped off the train from Ottawa. He was later arraigned at the police court on the charge of stealing $8,000 of the bank's money. A remand for one week was granted.

CANADIAN PRODUCTION OF FISH $50,000,000

Increase of $12,000,000 in Market Value Last Year.

Ottawa, April 12.—There was an increase of over $12,000,000 in the market value of Canadian fish during the year 1917,, as compared with 1916. The market value of the products of Canadian fisheries for 1917 will be well over $50,000,000. The chief contributors to the large increase were the provinces of British Columbia and Nova Scotia, the former with an increase of $8,000,000 and the latter with an increase of $4,000,000.

Ontario shows an increase of over $200,000 for the past year. This was largely due to the increased catch of lake herring, which was about 80,000 hundredweights greater than last year. The catch of whitefish, trout and blue pickerel suffered a decrease.

LIEUT.-COL. L. T. MARTIN, D.S.O., a railway contractor of Renfrew, Ont., joined and received command of the 257th Railway Construction Battalion (now known as the 7th Battalion, Canadian Railway Troops. He went to France with his command, and received his D.S.O. January 1, 1918, and was mentioned in dispatches January 10, 1918.

ENGLAND AND PARIS AIR RAIDS FATAL TO TWENTY-NINE IN ALL

Five in England and Fifteen Others Injured.

PARIS SUFFERED WORSE

Twenty-Four Killed and Sixty-Two Wounded, Is the Count.

London, April 13.—Five persons were killed and fifteen others injured in the German air raid last night on England, according to an official announcement made today.

WORSE IN PARIS.

Paris, April 13.—Twenty-four persons were killed and 62 others wounded as the result of the German air raid last night on Paris, it was officially announced today.

TWO PENETRATED INLAND.

London, April 13.—In last night's air raid on England one German airship reached the Midlands and another penetrated almost to the northwest coast, it was officially announced today.

The text of the announcement reads: "Four airships participated in last night's raid. Two of them penetrated a few miles inland. Of the other two, one reached the Midlands and the other nearly reached the northwest coast. The raiders were traveling at a great height and showed no inclination to attempt to penetrate defended areas.

"Most of the bombs were dropped in open country, and apart from the demolition of four houses at once place tho damage so far reported is inconsiderable."

WERE IN A HURRY.

Paris, April 13.—Most of the bombs dropped during last night's air raid fell in one spot, striking a house. It was evident the raiders found their work much more difficult under the new system of aerial defences and dropped their bombs hastily.

It was a still, dark night, of the sort most favorable for an aerial attack, and a raid was generally expected. The theatres were in the midst of their performances when the sounding of sirens and the noise of anti-aircraft guns gave warning that the raiders were approaching. The crowds in the theatres made their way to the cellars or to other shelters nearby, arrangements for which had been made in advance. In the cellar of the Comedie Francaise one of the performers sang old French songs.

"RAISE MORE PIGS," SAYS DR. M'MURCHY TO POLITICAL CLUB

Urges Greater Production All Along Line.

"It was with the intention of speaking on 'Women's Institutions' that I came tonight, but I think it is a waste of time, when there are so many other directly important things for one to talk about," said Dr. Helen McMurchy of the educational department of Toronto, at the Women's Political Club held in the Y. W. C. A., King street, last evening. "Although this is a political club, we none of us understand the meaning of the word 'political' during wartime, but in the meantime our politics will be the British Empire.

"In this time of great struggle we are learning of a wider, grander kingdom, and a deeper and more noble God than we would, had peace and plenty been reigning in the land. We have not come into the close contact with war that our English cousins have, though sometimes we hardly realize that there is a war, but at moments when we are subdued, we wonder if everything that makes life worth living is going to be taken from us. But there is so much that we each can do. We each have a little duty, if it only be that of prayer and thought, which we can perform daily.

"Perhaps things do look a little black just now, but we were not defeated when we had barely a handful of men, and we shall not be defeated now with our four and a half million men. (Applause).

"Our business was one of peace, and another unmentionable country, we all know, made war a business; that is why we are a little behind today. It takes eight months to make a machine which turns out the machine gun, and at the outbreak of the war, the machine guns in the British Empire were more of a curiosity, while there were hundreds all ready for action in Germany. Had we been more prepared, the tale would have been different. Now we have the men, money and guns. We have to feed our fighting men even though we go short ourselves, which is not likely, and I want to advise anyone who knows anything about a farm to get five acres planted with spring wheat right away or keep a pig. The pig always has paid the rent, and it is doing more than just paying the rent nowadays.

"With all the resources that Canada has, we find Denmark leads in hog raising and Canada toes the list.

"I was talking to a friend the other day who had recently returned from England, and I asked her about the food question: 'Oh, we thrive on what we get, but, of course, it's all very plain, and you are only allowed 1¼ pounds of meat per week and 6 ounces of butter.' 'Don't you ever feel hungry?' I asked. 'Well, yes, we do, and there are a lot that go hungry, too.' Now in Canada we really do not know what it is to be hungry; we merely have a real good appetite. (Laughter).

"You hear one talk about the Scotch and the Irish, and the Canadians, too, but it's just by accident that one mentions the English. They are amongst the finest living. The Scotch have given freely of their manpower and so has Canada; the Irish, too, have given some, very good what they have given, but we would like more of them. But the English have given all; they given sixty per cent of the fighting forces of the crown, and are bearing untold hardships besides. Three things I would like to specially mention are: Do everything to encourage the cash-and-carry grocery; all enlist as soldiers of the soil, and all raise a few more pigs."

Miss Brenton moved a hearty vote of thanks, seconded by Mrs. Perry, to Dr. McMurchy.

CANADIAN LABOR UNION MEMBERSHIP 204,360; ENLISTMENTS 26,416

Ottawa, April 13.—The total membership in Canadian labor unions at the close of 1917 was 204,360, according to statistics contained by the labor department for its seventh annual report on labor organizations. The number of organized workers increased by 44,223 and the local branch unions by 132, the latter totalling 1,934 at the close of last year.

The voluntary enlistment of trade unionists in the military forces continued, there having been an increase of nearly 5,000 over the number reported in 1916. This brings the grand total of trade unionists who have volunteered and been accepted for overseas service since the outbreak of war to 26,416.

PELEE ISLAND.—Agents from New York shipping interests have taken an option on the steamer Pelee for $110,000, and it is expected will close the deal shortly.

Devlin Offers To Enlist As Private If Home Rule Given

Would Do His Bit To Rally Irishmen To National Cause.

London, April 13.—Speaking in the House of Commons yesterday, Joseph Devlin, Nationalist member for Belfast, condemned the Government's action in trenchant terms, declaring it was fraught with the greatest peril the Government had ever had to face. Their wisest course was to withdraw the clause on conscription at the earliest possible moment.

Mr. Devlin said he must repeat his offer to the Government, that, if they would introduce a broad measure of self-government satisfying Irish National aspirations, and would call together at the earliest possible moment a parliament representing the Irish citizenship, they would get from Ireland what they got from South Africa. Let the Government do this, and Mr. Devlin himself, who at the beginning of the war had asked the late John Redmond's permission to join the colors, would join as a private now, and constitute himself the leader of the young and generous hearts who would be touched by the chivalry and justice of the Goevrnment's act, and he would do his best to rally them to the Government's support in this time of its bitter trial. What more could a man offer than this? Mr. Devlin said it was for the Government to say.

IS FOUND GUILTY OF OBSTRUCTING OFFICER

WALKERVILLE, April 12.—Archie McIntyre, proprietor of the Deming Hotel at Leamington, was found guilty in police court here of obstructing a provincial officer who desired to investigate his premises, and was fined $99.50, including costs.

Pleading not guilty to charges of willful neglect, Alex. Bula, 101 Marion avenue, Windsor, driver of the auto which collided with an interurban car last Saturday night, killing Mrs. Agnes Okai, was remanded for a week by Police Magistrate Leggatt today. He was released on $1,000 bail.

COST $5,000,000 TO FLOAT VICTORY LOAN

Ottawa, April 13.—Hon. A. K. MacLean, acting minister of finance, submitted a statement in the House of Commons yesterday showing the cost of floating the last victory loan. He detailed various amounts to $3,620,395. This, he added, did not include printing and other expenditure which would probably bring the total to approxiamtely $5,000,000, or about 1¾ per cent of the allotment.

Lavergne Offered Job.

Mr. Copp, Westmoreland, asked the prime minister if the statement of Armand Lavergne (reported in the press as having been made at a Quebec inquest) that he had been offered a position as chief keeper of records of the military service act, in Ottawa, was correct.

Sir Robert said he would make inquiries.

MILITARY FORCES CHARGE RIOTERS IN HOLLAND

Amsterdam, April 12.—Military forces called out to protect bakers' shops in Haarlem fired on a crowd which attacked them with stones, killing one woman and wounding several others. The troops also charged with drawn swords on crowds in different parts of the town and many persons were injured.

Food riots have also occurred in Rotterdam, where food carts were pillaged. Reinforcements were sent to the troops there.

London, April 12.—According to a Reuter dispatch from The Hague, there was rioting there on Thursday, several shops being pillaged during the demonstration. The police and soldiers charged the mob, which replied with stones. Several of the crowd were wounded and much property was damaged.

STRATFORD TAX RATE STRUCK AT 32 MILLS

STRATFORD, April 12.—The tax rate was definitely struck at 32.1 mills at a meeting of the finance committee of the city council tonight. This does not include special taxes, such as patriotic, garbage, etc., which will bring the total much higher.

At a meeting of the Retail Merchants' Association tonight W. C. Miller of Toronto, secretary of the Ontario Retail Merchants' Association, addressed the merchants and spoke of the necessity of better organization by merchants. He also discussed recent orders-in-council affecting grocers and dealers in food.

STRATFORD BOWLERS MEET.

STRATFORD, April 12.—The annual meeting of the Stratford Bowling Club was largely and enthusiastically attended. The following officers were elected: Hon. president, A. Faill; hon vice-presidents, C. McIlhargey, J. Trow, F. J. Scarff, T. Trow; president, S. J. Mallon; 1st vice-president, R. H. Fish; 2nd vice-president, George Nornabell; secretary-treasurer, Peter Bradshaw; committee chairman: executive, C. Hodgins; membership, A. C. Barnsdale; games, C. Downs; grounds, A. Burnham. The club begins this year with a small balance, and prospects for a successful year are good.

Any Sickness Leaves Weakness

Even a simple cold reduces your resistive powers to allow other sickness. Only food—not opiates or drugs—creates the rich blood which distributes strength to the body, and the concentrated medicinal food in

SCOTT'S EMULSION

makes the blood rich and stimulates its circulation while its tonic virtue enlivens the appetite and aids nutrition to reestablish strength quickly and permanently. If you are rundown, anemic or nervous, get SCOTT'S. It builds because it is a food—not a stimulant.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont. 17-39

RENNIE'S Hardy SEEDS BEST FOR CANADA

These Should be Included in Your Order

LOOK FOR THE STARS
The numerous items in the Rennie 1918 catalogue enclosed in star borders like this set new high value standards. You will be astonished at the bargains.

	Pkt.	oz.	¼ lb.	lb.	5 lbs.
BEANS—Dwarf White Wax (Davis)	.10		.25	.70	3.25
BEET—Crosby's Egyptian	.05	.25	.85	2.50	
CABBAGE—Danish Summer Roundhead	.10	.90	2.75		
CARROT—Rennie's Market Garden	.10	.40	1.20	3.50	
CORN—Rennie's Golden Bantam	.10		.25	.65	
CUCUMBER—Davis' Perfect	.10	.25	.75	2.25	
LETTUCE — Burpee's Earliest Wayahead	.10	.35	1.00	3.00	
ONION—Early Yellow Danvers	.10	.40	1.35	4.40	
Rennie's Extra Early Red	.05	.35	1.00	3.75	
Rennie's Longkeeper Brown Globe	.10	.35	1.00	3.75	
PARSNIP—Rennie's XXX Guernsey	.10	.30	1.00	3.50	
PEAS—Thomas Laxton, Extra Early	.10		.15	.45	2.00
Senator—Best Second Early	.10		.15	.45	2.00
RADISH—Crimson Globe — Non Plus Ultra	.05	.20	.65	2.20	
Japanese Mikado (Winter)	.10	.35	.90	3.25	
TOMATO—Bonny Best	.10	.60	1.75		
Blue Stem Early—King Edward	.10	.60	1.75		

	Prepaid		Not Prepaid	
	lb.	5 lbs.	lb.	5 lbs.
ONION SETS—Yellow Sets—Selected	.35	1.70	.25	1.20
White Multiplier Sets	.50	2.25	.40	1.85

FLOWER SEEDS

	Pkt.
New Giant Astermum—Mixed	.15
Rennie's XXX Defiance Balsam—Mixed	.15
New Red Sunflower	.25
Gold Medal Hybrids Delphinium	.25
Rennie's XXX Prize Ruffled Giant Petunia—Mixture	.25
Rennie's XXX Giant Spencer Sweet Peas—Mixture	.15
Giant Zinnia—Mixed	.15

When buying from dealers, insist on Rennie's. If your dealer hasn't them, we will ship direct.

THE WILLIAM RENNIE COMPANY LIMITED
KING & MARKET Sts TORONTO
ALSO AT MONTREAL WINNIPEG VANCOUVER

Gas, Gas, Indigestion, Sourness, Upset Stomach---Pape's Diapepsin

Instant Relief! Neutralizes Stomach Acids, Stopping Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Belching, Distress. Read!

Time it! In five minutes your sour, acid stomach feels fine. No indigestion, heartburn, or belching of gas, or eructations of undigested food, no dizziness, bloating, foul breath or headache.

Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in sweetening upset stomachs. It is the surest, quickest and most certain stomach antacid in the whole world and besides, it is harmless.

Millions of men and women now eat their favorite foods without fear—they know Pape's Diapepsin will save them from such misery.

Please, for your sake, get a large 50-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any drug store and put your stomach right. Don't keep on being miserable—life is too short—you are not here long, so make your stay agreeable. Eat what you like and enjoy it, without dread of acid fermentation in the stomach.

Pape's Diapepsin belongs in your home anyway. Should one of the family eat something which don't agree with them, or in case of an attack of indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis or stomach derangement due to fermentation and acidity, at daytime or during the night, it is handy to give the quickest, surest relief known.

BLOOD WILL TELL

"Spring Fever," loss of appetite, dull listless feeling, headaches that are chronic, sore, lame muscles generally because of impure blood.

There is no one thing so essential to health as good, pure blood. It has been said that fully 80 per cent of all disease is due to impure or bad blood. When you stop and think the blood reaches every part of your body, carrying in its healthful and life-giving properties when pure, it is easily understood that bad, impure blood, instead of giving health and happiness, carries disease to all parts of our system. Impure blood means numberless ills, some common and easily overcome; others deep-seated and obstinate, sapping our vitality, making us listless, heavy-footed, languid and without ambition.

How many times lately have you gotten up in the morning with that dark brown taste in your mouth, dull headache, sore and lame across the shoulders and back, each foot feeling as though it weighed a ton? Your greatest desire is to slip back to bed for "just fifteen minutes more," and you do, only to feel worse when you do get up. Why suffer longer? Why go on as you are now without "pep" or "jazz" or ambition, dragging out a dull, weary existence, hopelessly outclassed in mind and body by your full-blooded and active friends? Are not the joys and happiness in life for you, as well as anyone else?

Go to your druggist today and get a bottle of Parmint, double strength; take it home and add to it hot water and sugar, as directed in each package. Take a tablespoonful four times a day. Parmint, double strength, is in concentrated form; one ounce is sufficient to make full eight ounces of medicine when mixed with sugar and water. Parmint is an English formula, old-fashioned, but wonderfully effective in its action on the blood. You will feel better almost with the first dose, and by the time half a bottle is gone your appetite will surprise you, and you will feel the old-time "pep" and ambition coming back; in a few weeks you will be your real self again, eyes shining, face bright, step elastic, rich, red blood coursing through your veins with every heartbeat.

Caution: Parmint is a blood medicine and tonic. It is not a specific for blood poisoning, and is not recommended as such. If you have a deep-seated systemic blood disease, Parmint is not recommended to you.

ATTENTION! Sick Women

To do your duty during these trying times your health should be your first consideration. These two women tell how they found health.

Hellam, Pa.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for female troubles and a displacement. I felt all run down and was very weak. I had been treated by a physician without results, so decided to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial, and felt better right away. I am keeping house since last April and doing all my housework, where before I was unable to do any work. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is certainly the best medicine a woman can take when in this condition. I give you permission to publish this letter."—Mrs. E. R. Crumling, R. No. 1, Hellam, Pa.

Lowell, Mich.—"I suffered from cramps and dragging down pains, was irregular and had female weakness and displacement. I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound which gave me relief at once and restored my health. I should like to recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies to all suffering women who are troubled in a similar way."—Mrs. Elise Heim, R. No. 6, Box 63, Lowell, Mich.

Why Not Try

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.

WAS OFF WORK FOUR OR FIVE MONTHS A YEAR WITH CONSTIPATION

If the truth were only known you would find that over one-half of the ills of life are caused by allowing the bowels to get into a constipated condition.

When the bowels become constipated the stomach gets out of order, the liver does not work properly, and then follows the violent sick headaches, the sourness of the stomach, heartburn, water brash, etc.

Keep your bowels regular by using Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills. They work on the bowels gently and naturally, and will cure the worst cases of constipation.

Mr. Sylvester Clements, Galt, Ont., writes: "I desire to express my heartfelt thanks for what Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills have done for me. I have been suffering from a bad stomach and constipation, and would be off work four or five months a year. I was hardly able to be inside without getting a severe headache. I tried doctors' medicine and other remedies, but got no relief until a friend advised me to use Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills. Now I can work inside without any headaches or pain. I would not be without your remedy for anything. I write this so that anyone suffering the same as I did may use them and be cured."

Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills are 25c a vial at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

TAPE-WORM Expelled alive in 40 to 120 minutes. No Fasting, Starving, Purging, Lost Time. If afflicted do not Hesitate, Pause, Ponder or Experiment, but send today for Amsden's Two-Hour Tape Worm Remedy, it is—A GUARANTEED CURE. Write for Booklet, Testimonials, etc., E. H. AMSDEN, Dept. A 17, Gloucester street, Toronto.

SUNLIGHT SOAP is made from the sweetest and choicest of edible oils and fats. It contains no harsh or strong ingredient.

It is the purest and most efficient of soaps and, if used judiciously, the most economical of soaps.

ESTABLISHED • 1875

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA

CAPITAL PAID UP $7.000.000 RESERVE FUND $7.000.000

PELEG HOWLAND, PRESIDENT. E. HAY, GENERAL MANAGER.

HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO

Dealers in Government and Municipal Securities. Dealers in Domestic and Foreign Exchange. Careful attention given to accounts of Merchants, Manufacturers and Farmers.

LONDON BRANCH, - - A. J. GOODALL, Manager

Branches also at St. Thomas and Sparta.

CHEVROLET

Crowd more into the busy day

THE Chevrolet 490 is an investment, not an expense or luxury. Doctors, business men, farmers, salesmen and ladies—all should use the Chevrolet Four-Ninety and crowd more energy, activity and business into the busy day.

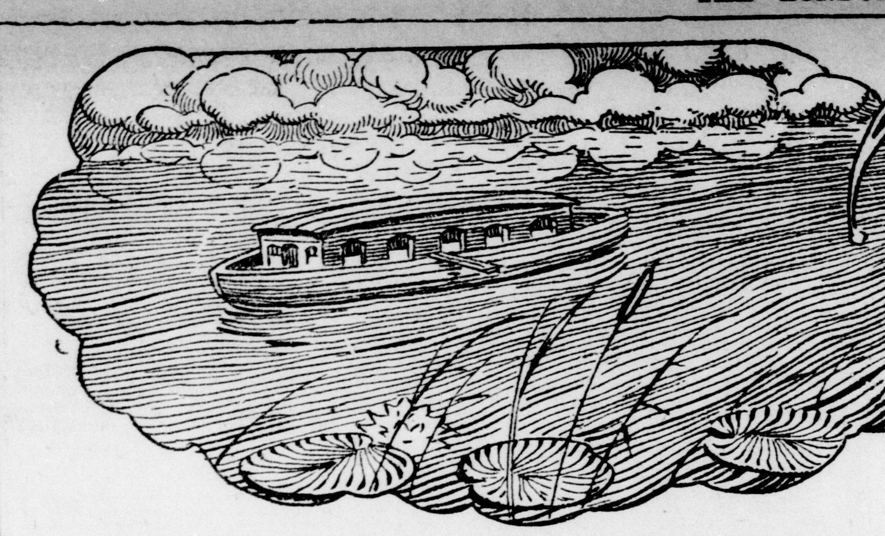
The Four-Ninety stands unchallenged in its price class. The electric starting and lighting equipment is most efficient. The car is powerful, roomy, comfortable and economical. The time gained by operating a Chevrolet more than pays for the cost. There also are two larger Chevrolet models on display at the dealers.

CHEVROLET MOTOR CO.
of CANADA, LIMITED
OSHAWA, ONTARIO
Western Parts and Distributing Branch: REGINA

MODEL 490-A $825, *f. o. b. Oshawa*

SOLD LOCALLY BY

SOLD LOCALLY BY
ONTARIO GARAGE & MOTOR SALES CO.
LONDON, ONTARIO.



AT THE HOUSE BOAT ON THE STYX

DOINGS REPORTED BY WIRELESS TO

JOHN KENDRICK BANGS

(Copyright 1917, by The McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

VII.---ADAM AND HIS GREAT TASK

There was a good deal of suppressed excitement at the House-Boat on the Styx. An unusually full membership was on hand, and for the very excellent reason that the rumor had gone forth that Adam was going to be there, and as the head of the very first of the world's first families everybody wanted to be seen shaking hands with him whether they liked him or not. That is always the way in polite society. A man may be no end of a bore, or an unmitigated ass, but if he is the unquestioned head of a first family, people like to bask in the sunlight of his presence. It was a much regretted fact throughout Hades that Adam seldom went out into society, and his visits to the House-Boat on the Styx were few and far between. It was not that he was at all snobbish about his social position, nor was he averse to the companionship of kindred spirits, but on the whole he was of domestic inclination, and because of tastes acquired early in his career he preferred out-of-door to indoor life. The real reason for his seeming aloofness in matters social was wholly connected with the matter of dress. He was not exactly what you would call progressive in the matter of his personal adornment, and still clung fondly to his original style of garment, the ancient fig-leaf.

"What's the use?" he had once protested to Methuselah, who had begged him to buy a suit of clothes more in keeping with modern requirements than his one-piece suit. "I am much more comfortable just as I am, and I am blest if I can see any good reason why I should dress myself up to look like a Monday bargain sale, as Sir Walter Raleigh does, or blossom out like an animated tin can after the fashion of your shivering sons of chivalry, who lived when maids were bold and knights were cold, all at a cost of ten or twenty dollars a square inch, when all I need to do to dress in the style to which I am accustomed is to reach out of the spare bedroom window and pick all the clothes I happen to want off a tree. You boys go ahead and dress as you please, but let me alone."

"But, grampa," said Methuselah, "you ought to conform to the times."

"Why should I?" demanded the old man. "You don't. You go around in an old home-spun mother hubbard all the time. Socrates invariably appears in an old cotton night shirt. Caesar wears what he calls a toga, but is really nothing more than a highly tittivated bath robe. Raleigh and Shakespeare with their frills and furbelows look like a department store off on a hike. Warwick the King Maker has to use a can opener to go to bed at night, and as for your modern folks who come down here dressed up in boiled shirts, starched collars, looking for all the world like a collision between a conference of head waiters and a convention of undertakers—no, sirree, Methy! None of that for the founder of the family. I'll conform to the times, all right, but it'll be my times, and nobody else."

Latterly, however, the old gentleman had been disposed to make a concession or two. He had seen Daniel Webster walking up the main street of Cimmeria with a shiny stovepipe hat on his head, and he had taken a violent fancy to it as a handy sort of an arrangement to carry things in—"like apples and chestnuts," he said—and he had yielded to Eve's solicitations that he adopt the flowing gown of the chief patriarch merely to maintain the dignity of his position.

"A fig-leaf is all right for a negligee, dear," she had said, "but for full dress your dress should be a trifle fuller."

"All right," said Adam, "but if I catch cold getting overheated with a multiplicity of duds it's be your fault."

"Same old Adam, aren't you, dear?" smiled Eve. "Well, I'll take the blame as usual. That's what I was made for."

When P. D. Barnum heard that Adam was going to appear at the House-Boat he smiled broadly.

"Glad to hear it," said he. "I've often wanted to ask him how he came to name the animals so successfully that you would know them for what they are at a glance."

"And I," said Nero, "wish to ask him flatly if he agrees with Darwin that he was a monkey."

"It will be some night if you do," laughed Benjamin Franklin, "and I guess we'd better notify the police to have a couple of patrol wagons ready."

And Barnum was true to his word. Hardly had Adam got himself comfortably seated in the big arm chair they had constructed for his special use, when the great showman began:

"Say, grampa," he said, "that was a bully old stunt you pulled off when you named the animals. It nearly killed me finding the name for the egress, and the amontillado, but you—why you seemed to run the thing off as easily as though you were reading a telephone book."

"I am glad you feel that way about it, Pete," said Adam. "It wasn't quite as easy as you seem to think. Indeed, it required a lot of headwork to which I was not wholly accustomed, but on the whole I don't think I made more than two or three mistakes at the outside."

"What I've admired most about the governor's work in that matter was that he did so well with such limited material," said Noah.

"In the matter of animals?" asked Barnum.

"No, stupid, in the matter of names," said Noah. "He not only had to name the beasts, but he had to invent the language to express them in at the same time."

"O, that wasn't so very hard, Noah," laughed Adam. "You see, we worked our speechifying in those days on the true phonetic system, rather than on a philological line the way you think you do nowadays. If we hadn't a word to express a thought we could always fill up the gap by making some kind of a noise that served the purpose just as well."

"Like some after-dinner speaker?" suggested Napoleon.

"Exactly," said Adam. "When you can't think of anything to say, roar. That is what I did when the hyena came along. I didn't know what he was, and he didn't suggest anything I could connect him up with, so I just ejaculated hy—ena! Hy—ena!" said I, "and that was all there was to it. Hyena he became, and hyena he remains. But there were others that were more reasoned than exclamatory, such as the zebra, for instance. He was the last animal I named, which gave me the Z, and he looked so like a toasted jackass that I finished him up with the bray end of it, getting the compound of zee-bray, or zebra."

"Gosh!" said Ananias. "He's in form tonight, ain't he, Munch?"

"I fear me yes," replied Munchausen, gloomily.

"How about the rhinoceros?" queried Frederick the Great.

"Well, that required some thinking," said Adam. "It took me about a week to figure him out, and it wasn't a pleasant job, at that. If I'd had my way he'd have been published anonymously, and gone out of style like the ichtyoppawotamus, and the rambunctious dinodithyram. But I finally reduced him to terms by a hard and disagreeable study of his habits, his manners, his hide and his inclinations. In the first place I discovered that his chief habit was to go after any old thing he happened to want, and take it whether it belonged to somebody else or not, relying wholly upon his superior brute strength to put the job through, without any thought of the equities involved. That was clue number one."

"And a mighty good one," said Frederick, patronizingly.

"Yes," said Adam. "But that was only the first step. I next discovered that he hadn't any manners in his relation to the rest of the animal kingdom. He was a shover, pusher and a trampler. He'd destroy anything that stood in his way, and would have considered any system of etiquette that required him to be considerate of others, no matter what their sex, as a weakness unworthy of the strong. His purpose of getting through to his ultimate goal was a sufficient justification of anything he might do in violation of the amenities on the way. That was clue number two—equally good, you will see, my dear Frederick."

"It sounds fine," said Frederick.

"The third clue," said Adam, "was revealed in the thickness of his hide. It was impenetrable. You couldn't pierce it. You could beat him. You could poke him. You could lambaste him with a club for his misdeeds, and he'd never let on he knew you were there. Criticism left him unmoved, and through it all he appeared to be nothing more than a rather simple-minded, stupid, sleepy old creature, stolidly intent upon living along, seeking a nice warm place in the sun, with an occasional splash under water. And, of course, when I got these facts in hand the conclusion was inevitable. The solution was perfectly clear."

"Ha!" said Frederick, scratching his head in a puzzled sort of way. "Clear to you, perhaps—but—er—I can't quite see it."

"No, Freddy," said Adam, "I didn't think you would. But to me it was different. I saw at once that with all these characteristics so supremely developed he must have come from the Rhine, and so I named him the rhinoceros."

"Gott mitt uns!" cried Frederick, wrathfully, as the old man's trap revealed itself to him. "If you weren't an old man——"

"Well, what?" glowered Cain, rising from his chair. "I'm an old man, too, Frederick, and if you're anxious to start something with old men either with boxing gloves, gott-mittens, or plain common garden fists, let it begin right now, say I. What about it?"

"O, nothing—nothing at all," replied Frederick, with an uneasy glance at the exits. "I was only going to say that if Father Adam were not an old man, I should be less ready to accept his—er——"

"Remarkably logical conclusions," said Napoleon, trying to help Frederick out. "As a symbol of the pure egotistcus teutonicus the rhinoceros is a scream."

"You were some armadillo yourself," growled Frederick.

"Don't quarrel, gentlemen," said William Penn, in his soft, soothing manner. "Grampa doesn't come to us very often, and we mustn't spoil his evening with our own petty quarrels."

"There is no quarrel," said Frederick, as he gloomily realized how unpopular was the end of the stick he himself held, "but if there were one I think I should not be wide of the mark if I said that Grampa started it himself with that rhinoceros stuff of his."

"That's his privilege," said Noah. "He started the whole business, anyhow, Freddy, and as a starter he has the right of way always."

"O, as to that," said Adam, cheerfully, "I didn't start it. Frederick started it himself by asking me how I came to call the rhinoceros a rhinoceros, and I told him. But it's all right. He and his kind frequently start things without really knowing just where they are going to end. It's a family characteristic. Where he made his mistake was in picking the rhinoceros, instead of the hippopotamus, whose designation was purely physical, and in no sense ethnological."

"Well, you fell down there, anyhow, Adam," said Frederick. "The hippopotamus doesn't look in the least like a horse, and yet you called him the river horse."

"That wasn't my mistake," said Adam, with a grin. "That was a mistake of the Greeks, who thought I meant hippo, a horse, when I meant nothing of the sort. The word I used was hippy, not hippo. I called the beast a hippypotamus, because the first time I saw him all I could see was his hips sticking up out of the river, and besides that the poor creature always looked as if he were hipped about something, anyhow, and the name seemed to fit him fore and aft."

"Well, anyhow," interjected Penn, "you showed positive genius when you named the hen."

"Thanks, William," replied Adam, modestly. "But you mustn't give me too much credit for that. There was no genius in it. I couldn't possibly have done anything else. You see, when the first one I saw started rushing around the garden, cackling away like a house afire, prouder than Lucifer just because she'd laid an egg, an achievement she seemed to think greater than the building of the pyramids, or the discovery of wireless telegraphy, an absurd bundle of fuss and feathers, but a useful member of society for all that, I knew at once she was a hen, because nothing but a hen could think and act that way."

"Simplicity itself!" said Ananias, his eyes green with envy.

"Which gives me the chance to ask," said Dr. Johnson, "which came first, Grampa, the chicken or the egg?"

"Ladies first always," said Adam.

"Then Eve was created before you, eh?" persisted the doctor.

"There are exceptions to all rules, Samuel," said Adam. "Especially when there is a good reason for it. I preceded Eve, but only because in those pioneer days it was the man's job to go ahead and blaze the trail, so that when his wife came along he'd have things ready to begin housekeeping without unnecessary delay."

"Tell 'em about the pig, pa," said Cain.

"O, there's nothing to tell about the pig," said Adam. "The same rule prevailed with the pig as operated in respect to the hen and the rhinoceros. A study of his habits merely showed me what he was. He was a pig, and I knew it the minute I saw him."

"And you took him right into your drawing-room," said Doctor Johnson.

"No," said Adam. "I didn't like his manners, so I gave him a pen, Sam. It seemed more appropriate."

It was at this point that Nero braced himself for the fateful question.

"There's a question I'd like to ask," he said.

"Go ahead and ask it," said Adam.

"How about that notion of Darwin's, Adam? Were you a monkey?" said Nero.

A thrill of horror swept through the room. Indignation seethed from nearly everybody's face.

"Put him out! Put him out!" came a score of voices.

"Not at all, not at all," said Adam, raising his right hand to stay the tumult. "I'm glad he asked the question, for it has required an answer for a number of years, and I am not afraid to tell the truth. The answer is: No, I am not, and never was a monkey. What is more, having had a paternal ancestor, I think I may safely say that my dad wasn't one, either."

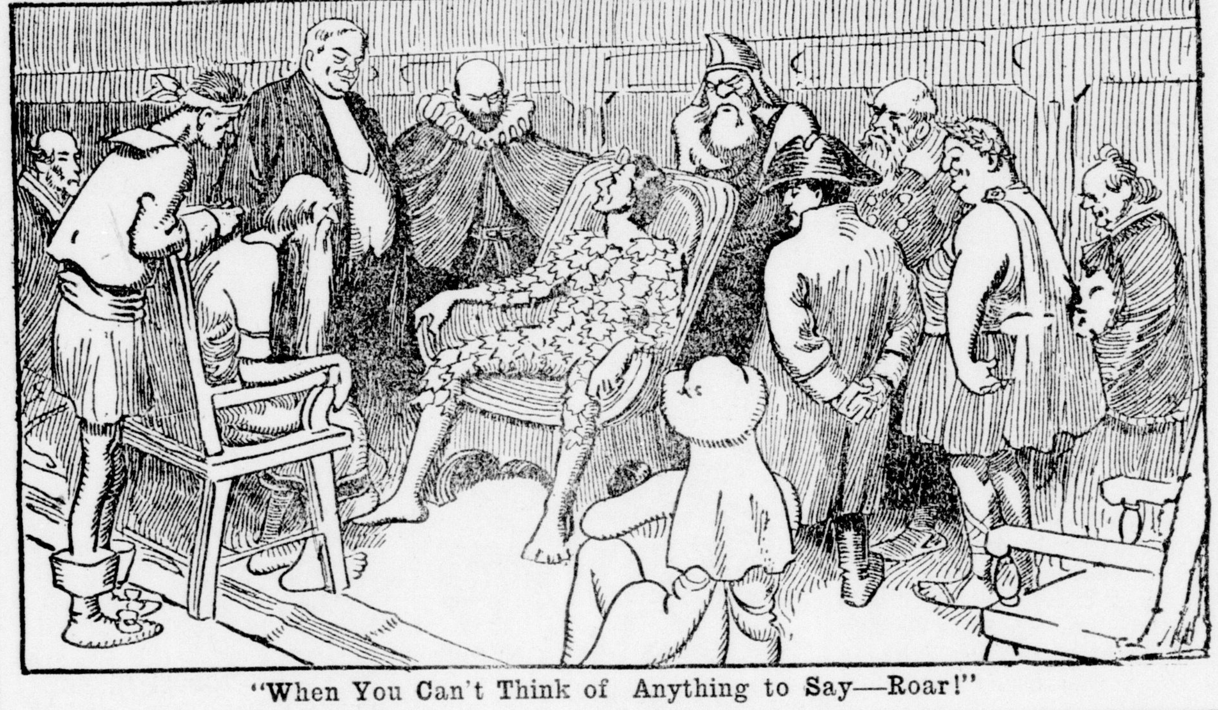
"Then Darwin's theory, lacking a tail to swing on, falls to the ground," said Doctor Johnson.

"No," said Adam, "I can't say that. I really believe there was something in Darwin's theory—I hope there was, anyhow, for as I look around the world and see what men do—men like Nero here, and Herod, and Tiberius, and Blue Beard, and Bill Hohenzollern—I like to think that two races having the semblance of man inhabit the earth, the human race and the inhuman race. As the father of the human race, I have no responsibility for the paternity of the inhuman race. I am proud of my own family, and it pleases me to think that the others do not belong to my family at all, but, as Darwin suggests, sprang from some primeval ape, whose gorilla-like instincts have been transmitted to his posterity, just as mine have been transmitted to mine. Offended by Nero's question? On the contrary—I rejoice in it as I rejoice in Darwin's theory. They help me to establish my alibi in these days of the beast!"

"By Jove!" said Napoleon, with fervor. "He's a resourceful old boy, isn't he?"

"He had to be," said Cain. "When a man starts in to float a corporation such as this world has become out in the wilderness with no capital but his fingernails to work with, I tell you, Boney, it's some stunt!"

And the cheers that followed showed that the sons of Adam were proud of their ancestry.



"When You Can't Think of Anything to Say—Roar!"

Very Quarrelsome Neighbors

Names of the parties are Corns and Toes—both were unhappy till the trouble was remedied by Putnam's Corn Extractor. Any corn goes out of business in 24 hours if "Putnam's" is applied—try it, 25c, at all dealers.

BABY'S HEALTH IN THE SPRING

The Spring is a time of anxiety to mothers who have little ones in the home. Conditions make it necessary to keep the baby indoors. He is often confined to overheated, badly ventilated rooms and catches colds which rack his whole system. To guard against this a box of Baby's Own Tablets should be kept in the house, and an occasional dose given the baby to keep his stomach and bowels working regularly. This will prevent colds, constipation or colic, and keep baby well. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box, from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.

SPRING IMPURITIES CLOG THE BLOOD

A Tonic Medicine Is a Necessity at This Season.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are an all-year-round tonic, blood-builder and nerve restorer. But they are especially valuable in the spring when the system is loaded with impurities as a result of the indoor life of the winter months. There is no other season of the year when the blood is so much in need of purifying and enriching, and every dose of these pills helps to make new, red blood. In the spring one feels weak and tired—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills give new strength—in the spring the appetite is often poor—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills develop the appetite, tone the stomach and aid weak digestion. It is in the spring that poisons in the blood find an outlet in disfiguring pimples, eruptions and boils — Dr. Williams' Pink Pills speedily clear the skin because they go to the root of the trouble in the blood. In the spring anaemia, rheumatism, neuralgia, erysipelas and many other troubles are most persistent because of poor, weak blood, and it is at this time, when all nature takes on new life, that the blood most seriously needs attention. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually renew and enrich the blood, and this new blood reaches every organ and every nerve in the body, bringing new health and new strength to weak, easily tired men, women and children. —Here is a bit of proof: Miss Anna Patterson, R.F.D. No. 1, Thorold, Ont., says: "My trouble was one of general weakness, which thinned my blood and gave me at times unbearable headaches, loss of appetite and also loss in weight. I tried several medicines, but without success. Then I heard of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and decided to give them a fair trial. The result is that I feel like a new person. My appetite improved, I gained in weight, my blood is thoroughly purified, and my face cleared of some unsightly pimples which had troubled me. If one good turn deserves another, then I have much pleasure in recommending Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

If you need a medicine this spring try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills—they will not disappoint you. These pills are sold by all medicine dealers, or you can get them by mail at 50c a box or six boxes for $2.50, from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.

The Cause of Appendicitis Now Definitely Known

The commonest cause of appendicitis is constipation. Every doctor says so. When you require physic, don't use a cheap drastic pill—get Dr. Hamilton's Pills, which are made from the private formula of one of the greatest physicians. Dr. Hamilton's Pills strengthen the stomach, regulate the bowels and prevent any tendency to appendicitis. In one day you feel the tremendous benefit of Dr. Hamilton's Pills. By purifying the blood and cleansing the system they prevent headaches, lift depression and drive away weariness. No medicine so successful as Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Sold everywhere in 25c boxes, with yellow cover; get the genuine.

LADIES! DARKEN YOUR GREY HAIR

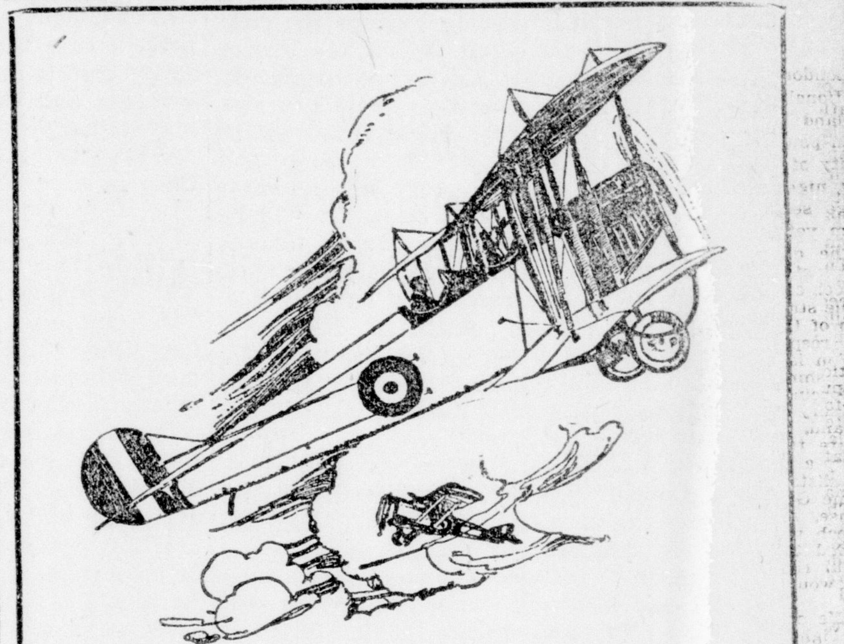
Look Years Younger! Use Grandmother's Recipe of Sage Tea and Sulphur and Nobody Will Know.

The use of Sage and Sulphur for restoring faded, grey hair to its natural color dates back to grandmother's time. She used it to keep her hair beautifully dark, glossy and attractive. Whenever her hair took on that dull, faded or streaked appearance, this simple mixture was applied with wonderful effect.

But brewing at home is mussy and out-of-date. Nowadays, by asking at any drug store for a bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound" you will get this famous old preparation, improved by the addition of other ingredients, which can be depended upon to restore natural color and beauty to the hair.

A well-known downtown druggist says it darkens the hair so naturally and evenly that nobody can tell it has been applied. You simply dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one strand at a time. By morning the grey hair disappears, and after another application or two, it becomes beautifully dark and glossy.

Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound is a delightful toilet requisite for those who desire a more youthful appearance. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.



TN-1A746 RF300NZ1

THE aeroplane is speaking by wireless to the artillery commander:

"Target No. 1. Drop a few shells on spot No. 746 in Area T N. There is a column of about 300 men marching North. I will stand by to correct your fire."

Z 1 4-50—*"You are hitting 50 yards to the South-East of my Target No. 1."*

Z 1 K D—*"Target No. 1 wiped out. Stop fire."*

The fascination of aerial observation is partly in its supreme importance and partly in the scope it offers for individual achievement.

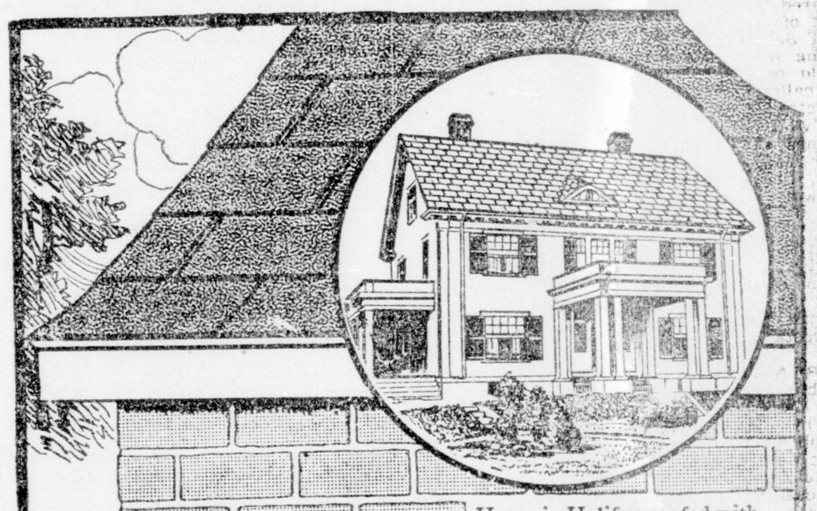
Young men of fair education, alert men 18 to 30 years old, are invited to enroll as cadets and receive instruction in this highly specialized work. While training for commissions cadets receive $1.10 per day.

Men who come within the provisions of the M.S.A. are eligible only after having joined their Depot Battalion, when they may, with the consent of their Commanding Officer, be discharged for re-enlistment in the R.F.C.

Write for Booklet, "Air Heroes in the Making," and apply directly to one of the following addresses:

Imperial Royal Flying Corps

Recruiting Office: 93 King Street E., Toronto.
Capt. W. S. Smith, 402½ Richmond St., London.



Home in Halifax roofed with Brantford Asphalt Slates

A handsome roof that defies the weather

An added touch of beauty to any house is a roof of Brantford Asphalt Slates, which are in soft, harmonious shades of reddish brown and dark green. The colors are permanent and unfadeable, being the natural shades of the slate just as it is taken out of the quarries.

It will also prove a very economical roof, because Brantford Asphalt Slates do not split, get loose, absorb water or rot. They are strongly fire-resistant and are classified as non-combustible by the fire insurance companies, and allowed to be used in cities where the most rigid fire-prevention By-laws are in force.

Brantford Asphalt Slates are very moderate in cost. The regular size of the slates and their pliability make them easily and quickly laid, thus saving time and cost of labor. Being made of high grade felt saturated and coated with asphalt, and with a surface of crushed slate, they make a roof that defies the elements and is a permanent part of the building, just like the walls and the foundation.

Brantford Asphalt Slates

are being used more extensively every year for city, country and summer homes, churches, golf clubs, stores, garages, and wherever an artistic effect is desired on a pitch roof.

If you are going to do any building this year or have an old roof that needs replacing, it will be to your advantage to investigate Brantford Asphalt Slates.

Brantford Roofing Co. Limited

Head Office and Factory, Brantford, Canada
Branches at Toronto, Montreal, Halifax 90

For Sale by Geo. H. Belton Lumber Co.

London Advertiser
Member Audit Bureau of Circulation.

MORNING EDITION.
City, 12c per week. $6.00 per year.
Outside City, By Mail $4.00 per year.

NOON EDITION.
$4.00 per year by mail.

EVENING EDITION.
City, 12c per week, $6.00 per year.
Outside City, By Mail $4.00 per year.

3670 TELEPHONE NUMBERS. 3670
Private Branch Exchange.
From 10:00 p.m. to 9.00 a.m., and holidays, call 3670, Business Department; 3671, Editors; 3672, Reporters; 3673, News Room.

Toronto Representative—F. W. Thompson, 57 Mail Building.

U. S. Representatives—New York: Charles H. Eddy Company, Fifth Avenue Building. Chicago: Charles H. Eddy Company, People's Gas Building. Boston: Charles H. Eddy Company, Old South Building.

THE LONDON ADVERTISER COMPANY, COMPANY.

London, Ont., Saturday, April 13.

DARKEST BEFORE THE DAWN.

THERE has not been since the war began such fierce fighting as today. We have realized that the world is passing through the most horrible war of all the ages. When the French made their stubborn, splendid and successful defence at Verdun they won the world's praise, and it looked as if German defeat could not be far off. Russia ruined itself since then, and made the fight for freedom very much harder than it would otherwise have been. It will be harder to win the war without Russia than it would have been with Russia. But the war must be won. Life with the permission only of Germany would not be worth possessing. The war is now more than ever a war to the death, to the bitter end. We now realize the full meaning of Lloyd George's saying near the beginning of the war: "It is their life or ours."

The battle of Picardy, in its various phases, may be the deciding battle. The war has lasted nearly four years since Germany invaded Belgium and murdered thousands of innocent men, women and children, since Bethman-Holweg admitted the wrong and said Germany would recompense Belgium. What would recompense Belgium it is impossible to see, and equally impossible what punishment equal to the crime could be visited on Germany. Murder has become an art in Germany.

Today the war is at its darkest and most atrocious phase. Germany seeks to destroy the British army. It has made some progress. Will the British hold now as the French did at Verdun? The highest authorities think they will, that the dawn is near. If the Germans are turned back now they will sooner or later ask for peace and accept it on such terms as the Allied nations are willing to grant. Until they ask for peace on such terms the war must go on.

THE ROYAL COWARD.

THE DIVINE right of kings to govern wrongly seems to be surpassed by their personal assumption of infallibility in other directions. If "the fierce light which beats upon a throne" clearly shows the least of an emperor's actions, it none the less appears to blind the emperor from seeing the affairs of life in their proper perspective. Particularly does this happen to be the case in questions of social and national morality. They have become a law unto themselves, and there can be no doubt whatever that William of Hunland and Charles of Austria, his obedient servant, would laugh the memory of Lincoln to scorn if they knew how that champion of freedom had once declared himself to be nothing, but truth everything.

In all probability thousands upon thousands of people have spoken words of a similar import, but never can it be imagined that William or Charles has demeaned himself so much as to put truth above the "divinity" of monarchs and everything else. So great a sacrifice, of course, could not be expected of the Hozenzollern butcher who has repeatedly given the common sons of men to understand that he and God are equal; but, in all fairness, we believe that most of us had a sort of nebulous idea that the Hapsburg person was somehow different and somehow better. We now know he is not. If he were a liar merely, he might be forgiven; but to be a coward in addition involves a moral issue for which pardon ought not to be asked, or, if asked, not granted. Heaven and hell may be the respective places to which the human sheep and goats are journeying: that the coward will live forever in history and literature as the one creature to be despised of men is certain, and this is worse than any hell.

The means of our being compelled to bring the charges of lying and cowardice against the Austrian monarch is furnished by the lately-published correspondence between Charles and his brother-in-law, Prince Sixtus de Bourbon on the one hand, and the German Emperor on the other. In his letter, dated March 31, 1917, Charles speaks of his "keen sympathy for France," adding:

> "With this in mind, and to show in a definite manner the reality of these feelings, I beg you to convey privately and unofficially to President Poincare that I will support by every means, and by exerting all my personal influence with the allies, France's just claims regarding Alsace-Lorraine."

Furthermore, he is satisfied that "Belgium should be entirely restored in her sovereignty, have her African possessions returned and be compensated for her losses." With certain exceptions regarding the "suppression of every association or group whose political object aims at the disintergration of the monarchy," he agrees that Serbia should be re-established and granted "equitable and natural access to the Adriatic and also wide economic concessions in Austria-Hungary."

If we are to judge by these statements alone, we can see how, if left to himself, the Austrian Emperor may be considered to be in agreement with the war aims of the Allies, and those more emphatically outlined by President Wilson. Again, if he were a strong man, he would go his way regardless of every consideration but duty; and, "bearing the miseries of his people, hearing their murmurs and feeling their discontents," he would do his utmost to bring about a suitable peace. This he fails to do. At the very moment when such a possibility is apparent he becomes a liar and, what is worse, a coward, since the lie is spoken out of fear for such consequences as might develop from William's rage. The abnormality of Russian affairs, the German offensive and, above all, fear of the war lord, wrought the change in his outlook, and we find him repudiating everything he had previously written to his brother-in-law in regard to Alsace-Lorraine. In the followng telegram to the German Emperor he reveals his baseness:

> "I accuse M. Clemenceau of piling up lies to escape the web of lies in which he is involved, making the false assertion that I in some manner recognized France's claim to Alsace-Lorraine as just."

He calls the clearest possible manner "some manner." Yes, it is indubitably "some" manner.

In a million lesser cases of lying and cowardice, we might take no notice of Charles or any other man, but when such tremendous issues are at stake, what are we to think or say? He closes his letter to Prince Sixtus:

> "Hoping that thus we will soon be able together to put a limit to the sufferings of so many millions of men and families now plunged in sadness and anxiety."

In face of these assertions and aspirations he turns traitor to his own hopes, his better self and the spirit of his own declarations just as soon as he is certain the German Emperor knows all about his expressed views.

"Implements of war and subjugation are the last argument to which kings resort," and, in the present case when the Germans and Austrians fully begin to recognize the causes of this colossal struggle and therefore of their sufferings, war may actually prove to be the very last argument for both the monster William and the puppet Charles.

HE MISSED THE POINT.

AT LEAST one "high ministerial authority" in Britain has missed the whole spirit of the Canadian opposition to the bestowing of hereditary titles on residents of the Dominion. He is reported as saying to an interviewer: "If Canadians dislike hereditary titles, why don't they refuse them personally." The trouble is that those who are offered them seldom have the democracy and backbone to refuse, and the result is that an imitation aristocracy is foisted onto an unwilling people. The demand for the abolition of hereditary titles here does not come from the recipients of those "honors," but from the nation at large.

This same authority, says he sees no difficulty in arranging that titles shall be granted solely on the recommendation of Canadian ministers. That will be sufficient if parliament is in earnest in its desire to bid such titles good-bye for ever. All that will remain to be done will be the passing of a Dominion law declaring it illegal for any minister to make such recommendation.

There is no real difficulty in getting rid of the title incubus and no excuse for much delay. If there is red tape here or in Britain which is in the way of placing a time limit on titles already granted, it can be cut. Red tape binding has been severed frequently since war broke out. The shears can be applied again.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Canadians appear to have taken Quebec.

"Paradis regained by British," says a headline. An omen!

One Sinn Fein leader is Edward de Valera. Grand old Irish name that!

Which does the nation prefer: Crothers or O'Connor? A test would leave the former without a Government job.

Apart from the fact that he is proved a prevaricator, a hypocrite and two-faced to a degree, Charles of Austra may be all right.

Daylight saving may be all right, but it's a mean trick to steal the hour from those set apart for sleeping from Saturday to Sunday.

Seems rather a mistake to deport a pro-German to South America, where his kind are already too numerous. What's wrong with an internment camp here?

London's original firsts don't want to ask permission to remain at home, but that need not deter others from putting forward the claims of the veterans.

Most of us would enjoy signing a check for thirty million dollars income tax without having bouquets thrown at us in addition, if we could have for one year the income thus taxed.

Two paragraphs contained in reports presented to the board of control on Friday are rather unique. The first reads "that the garbage carts be painted where advisable." The second was "that four horses and two tires be purchased for the fire chief's auto."

TO A BOILED POTATO.

By Eric Ross Goulding.

(Kindness pays. "Boiled potatoes," says an authority on culinary matters, "are ever so much better if they are gently boiled."—New York Morning Telegraph.)

O wretched me! I am so broken-hearted
To think that I, unknowing qualms or fears,
From noble rules of kindness have departed,
Causing, no doubt, a copious flood of tears
Among your kindred growing in profusion
In yonder fields; for, while I greatly toiled,
I quite forgot, through worry and confusion,
To see you gently boiled!

Still, there it is—such wrongs are past repairing;
But, though your sufferings must have been intense,
The uncooked 'taters need not be despairing,
Since in the future all my comm sense
Shall be devoted in the long days' toiling
To find exactly how a spud, once rude,
Becomes a better spud by gentler boiling
And also better food!

I THANK YOU.

[New York Sun.]

A young clerk was called before the manager.

"Mr. Jones, of late your work has been very perfunctory."

Just as he was going to ask for an explanation, the young clerk broke in:

"Mr. Smith, I've been working here for three months now, and, though I have tried my best, that's the first bit of praise I have received. Thank you."

THE OLD 'UN.

[J. R. B., Montreal.]

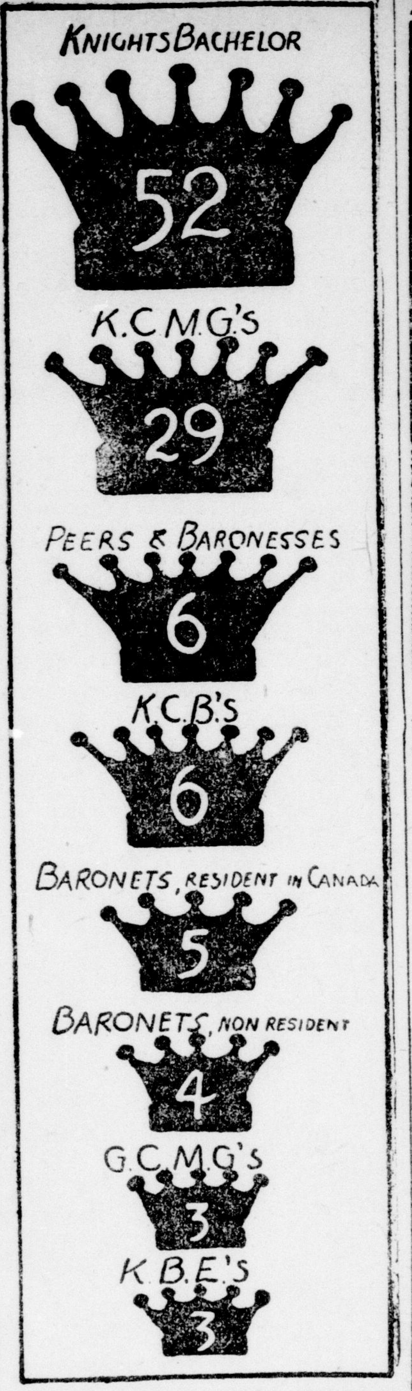
Women have nursed and women have knit
Since ever the war began,
Each fellow who's fit is doing his bit,
As only a Patriot can;
But what is the bit that's officially fit
For a loyal and elderly man?

He may practice economy, stint and save,
And say an occasional prayer,
He may polish his boots and learn to shave,
And barber his scanty hair;
His flesh may be weak, but his heart is brave,
And he longs to be "over there."

He may limit himself to a shirt per week,
To lessen the laundry bill;
The cut of his clothes may surely speak
Of an amateur tailor's skill,
But he longs, though he looks like a rare antique,
To enter the ranks and drill.

Oh, it's rough on a loyal and enderly guy,
To twiddle his elderly thumbs,
To furtively wipe an elderly eye
Of a tear that readily comes,
As, heads held high, the boys sweep by
To the sound of the fifes and drums.

CANADIAN TITLES AT A GLANCE



One hundred and eight Canadians now bear titles, the hereditary kind numbering fifteen in all.

Bits of Byplay

by Luke McLuke

COPYRIGHT, 1917.

Have a Heart!

Please turn your head away in time
If you have any sense;
The bashful Corn Fed girl must climb
Through that there barb-wire fence.

Maw Knows a Few Things.

Willie—Paw, what is a bachelor?

Maw—A bachelor is a thoughtful, kind-hearted man who has restrained from making some woman unhappy, my son.

Paw—If you don't keep your mouth shut, young man, I'll murder you.

Lining 'Em Out.

The laundress can't play ball, I know,
Of this there is no doubt;
And yet it is a pleasure, bo,
To see her line 'em out.

Spring Fever.

"I own no auto, no, by jing!"
Complained old Mr. Hubble;
"And yet I find that every spring
I have to have tire trouble."

Oh!

"What is the difference between a hired girl and a maid?" asked the Bachelor.

"About $10 a month," replied the Benedict.

Advice.

For this advice some day you'll bless
The giver. Just take note:
Do not butt in, my son, unless
You want to be the goat.

Aw, Gwan!

Hum Dinger reckons that the Germans who thought the United States forces on the other side were all lies have now discovered that the United States forces are Allies.

Our Joe Miller Contest.

Judge William H. Lueders claims that the oldest joke is the one about the couple from a small Kentucky town who came to Cincinnati to get married. When the ceremony was over the clergyman held out his hand, shook hands with the bride, and congratulated her for a few moments. Then he walked over to the groom and held out his hand for the purpose of congratulating him. The groom had his fist deep in his pants pocket and, as the preacher's hand remained outstretched, the groom said, somewhat impatiently: "All right. I'm gittin' the money out as fast as I kin."

Notice!

If you want to rent a house in Kenova, W. Va., call on Will Lett.

Names Is Names.

Race Track lives at Vancouver, B. C.

Our Daily Special.

"MY RHEUMATISM IS ALL GONE," HE SAYS

Mrs. Milley's Tribute to Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Newfoundland Lady Tells How She Suffered for Years, and How She Found Relief.

Exploit's Harbor, Notre Dame Bay, Nfld., April 12.—That Dodd's Kidney Pills are upholding their enviable reputation in every corner of Canada is evidenced by the statement of Mrs. Samuel Milley, a well-known resident of this place.

"For several years I suffered from rheumatism and heart failure," Mrs. Milley states. "I used twenty-two boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills, and my rheumatism is all gone. I know Dodd's Kidney Pills are a wonderful medicine. I recommend them to all my friends who are not feeling well, and they, like myself, speak highly of them.

"I used Dodd's Kidney Pills and got relief."

Dodd's Kidney Pills act directly on the kidneys. If the kidneys are weak and sick they cannot do their full work of straining the impurities out of the blood. The result is bound to be sickness and disease. To keep the kidneys sound is to lay the foundation of good health. Ask your neighbors if Dodd's Kidney Pills do not cure sick kidneys.

We Won't Tolerate In Others The Things That We Tolerate In Ourselves.

Luke McLuke Says

The reason why so many old maids are lecturing on how to raise children is because the mothers of families are too busy to devote any time to lecturing.

Isn't it funny that the man who has nerve enough to whip eight men his own size hasn't nerve enough to tell the truth to his wife who isn't half his size?

A woman caters as much to her Figure and Complexion as a man does to his Appetite. And that is catering some.

When Daughter orders a hammock for the porch she doesn't use the phone. She goes to the store and sees to it that the hammock is built so it will carry double.

A homely young woman shouldn't get discouraged. If she takes good care of herself she may live to be a pretty old one.

Some people are kept busy dodging trouble and others act as if they were afraid there wouldn't be enough trouble to go around.

We do not know much. But we do know that the only husbands who are not henpecked are the ones who admit that they are henpecked.

GAMBLING CASE ADJOURNED.

Toronto, April 12.—Adjournment for another week was today granted in the police court, in the case in which Geo. L. Thompson and Thomas Taylor, telegraph operators, formerly in the employ of the Great Northwestern Telegraph Company, are charged with infractions of the anti-gambling laws.

ENO'S
FRUIT SALT
Famous for Forty years
Settles the Stomach
Stimulates the Liver
Strengthens Digestion
Purifies the Blood
20

THE KIDNEYS between 30 and 40

Whatever else you do, keep your Kidneys regular and active. Their work is of vast importance to your health and at the first evidence of trouble, often occurring from the thirtieth to the fortieth year, take a treatment with

GinPills FOR THE KIDNEYS

The Kidneys' work is to filter impurities from the blood. Evidence of something wrong with the Kidneys may be recognized quite easily—pains in the sides and back, Rheumatic twinges, constant headaches, swollen joints, restless sleep and urinary troubles. Gin Pills are the quickest and most effective remedy you can take.

50c. a box or 6 boxes for $2.50, at all dealers.

Sample free if you write to

National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, - Toronto
U. S. Address: Na-Dru-Co., Inc, 202 Main St., Buffalo, N.Y.
111

To Absorb Freckles and Other Blemishes

Every spring numerous inquiries are made by girls seeking some reliable recipe for removing freckles. Very favorable reports have been received from many who have used mercolized wax during the freckling season. The wax seems to possess unusual properties which completely absorb the freckles, with no harmful effect whatever. The complexion improves wonderfully, becoming as soft as a rose petal, and as delicately tinted. Get an ounce of ordinary mercolized wax at any druggist's, spread a thin layer of it over the entire face every night for a while, washing this off in the morning. For rough, spotty skin, sallowness, blackheads, pimples and all cutaneous blemishes, this treatment is superior to any other.—Advt.

DON'T PUNISH the sick child by forcing him to swallow nauseous oils and mixtures. Children dread these remedies, and this leads them to hide the little ills until serious trouble results. Most of childhood's troubles originate in constipation and disorders of the stomach. To correct these conditions you will find nothing better than Chamberlain's Tablets

One tablet at bedtime will do the work and make your child bright and sunny the following morning. The liver is stimulated, the stomach cleansed and the bowels purified—safely and gently. Little folks appreciate them.

25 cents at all dealers, or from Chamberlain Medicine Co., Toronto 40

CHAMBERLAIN'S TABLETS Good for children

FREE! Princess Mary Toilet Set and Exquisite Bracelet Watch

HERE are the most beautiful and useful presents ever offered to ladies and girls, and you can get them without a single cent of cost. The beautiful Princess Mary Toilet Set is just what you need. It contains a large beautifully shaped mirror, a good sturdy bristle hair brush, and a neat strong dressing comb. All are in rich, ebony finish and the brush and mirror have lovely Nickel Silver monogram mounts. The set fits in a nice box and will give you a lifetime of good service.

The exquisite gold finished watch is a beauty, stem wind and set and has a genuine expansion bracelet which fits snugly on any wrist. Bracelet watches are now worn by everybody, to the entire exclusion of every other style of watch and this lovely watch is as beautiful as any you could buy.

Send your name and address to-day, and we will send you all postage paid, just 32 handsome bottles of Princess Royale perfume to introduce among your friends at only 10c. each. Six delicious odors: Rose, Carnation, Wood Violet, Heliotrope, Lily of the Valley, and Lilac. They sell like hot cakes. You have only to hand them out and take in the money. It's easy.

Return our $3.20 when the perfume is sold and we will promptly send you this beautiful Princess Mary Toilet Set complete, just as represented, and the lovely bracelet watch you can also receive without selling any more goods, by simply showing your beautiful present to your friends and getting only four of them to sell our goods and earn our fine premiums as you did.

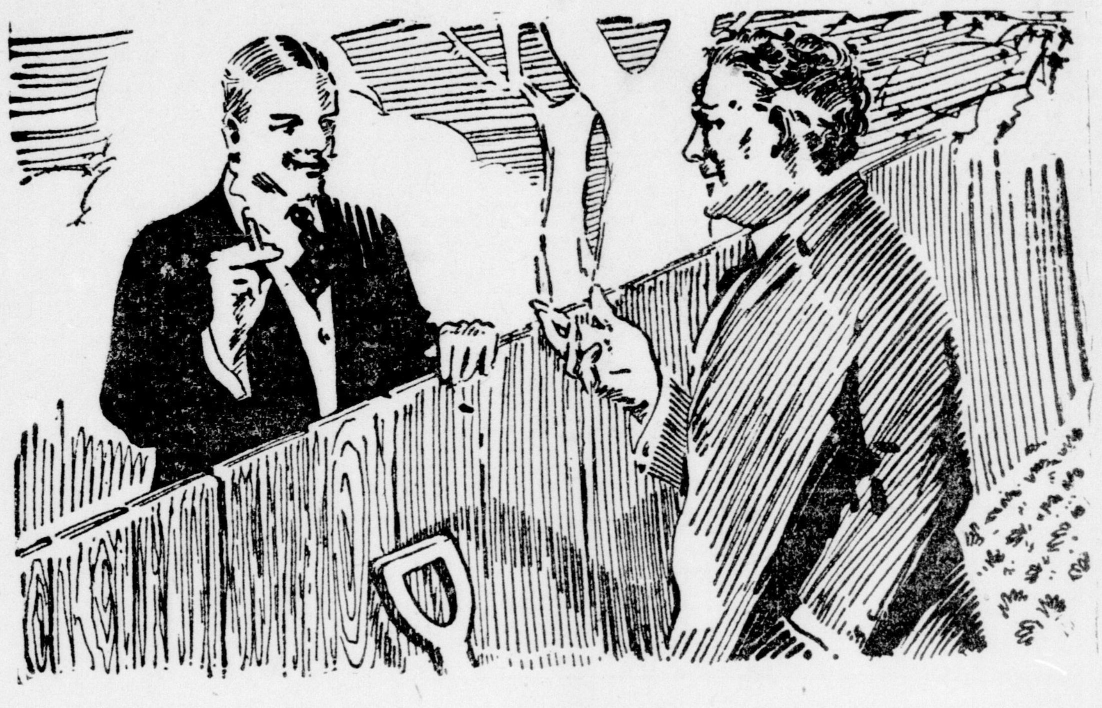
Write to-day. Be first to sell this new line in your district. No expense attached. We prepay all charges on your presents right to your door. 218

You'll be delighted with these exquisite gifts.

Address: REGAL MANUFACTURING CO. Dept. T. 14 TORONTO, ONT.

OAKEY'S
(LIMITED.)
EMERY CLOTH, GLASS, FLINT and GARNET PAPERS
IN SHEETS AND ROLLS
Genuine Emery
"Wellington" Knife Polish
SILVERSMITHS' SOAP, PLATE POWDER, ETC.
WELLINGTON MILLS
London, S. E. (1), England.

If Hiram Maxim had only invented a phonograph silencer instead of a gun silencer he would have gone down into history as one of our great human benefactors.



Why Potatoes are $1.90 a Bag in Ontario while they are Rotting in Prince Edward Island

(An Actual Conversation Between Neighbors)

Said a citizen recently, "I don't see why potatoes are $1.90 a bag in Ontario while they are rotting in Prince Edward Island."

His neighbor replied: "The reason is simple. There are no freight cars available to bring potatoes from that market to this. The only way to beat the price, is to grow your own, the same as my wife and I did.

"I don't want to rub it in," he continued, "or say I told you so, but you and I could have equal sized gardens (50 ft. deep by 40 ft. wide). They are right next to each other, so it is fair to assume the soil is equally workable.

"We both have a fair amount of spare time, yet I well recall that last spring you had a lot of quiet fun with me when I was plugging away in the garden getting the ground ready to put in vegetables.

"What has been the result?

"By a little study, and a little work, and a disposition to laugh at our mistakes and forget our disappointments, the wife and I took off that patch all the salad vegetables we needed during the summer, and we were able to put into the cellar enough potatoes, carrots, beets, onions and parsnips to last us until the end of March. Besides which, the wife made pickles and canned tomatoes and corn to last us even longer.

"We made mistakes of course, and we didn't get all we expected out of the ground, but we learned a whole lot, and we feel certain that this year we shall get better results.

"I admit that if you charged up the time we both spent on the job, you might argue that we didn't make a profit, but if we hadn't been working around the garden we should have been loafing anyhow; at any rate we have not yet had to pay $1.90 a bag for potatoes, or buy any other vegetables."

* *

This conversation actually took place. One of the parties to it wrote this account of it. Not the man who did the cultivating, but the man who has been convinced by his neighbor that it will be well worth his while to grow vegetables in his garden this year.

The Organization of Resources Committee does not need to harp very much upon the necessity for every man and woman who can, to utilize every piece of ground available to them for growing vegetables.

The farmers of Ontario have been urged to grow more wheat, and to produce more abundantly of the farm products that can best be sent overseas. The people in villages, towns and cities, therefore, are asked to grow food to feed themselves as far as possible, so that overseas supplies may not be drawn on unless absolutely necessary.

We particularly urge you to grow beans, peas, onions, carrots, parsnips, beets, cabbages and potatoes if you have room. Never mind so much about radishes, lettuce, tomatoes and salad vegetables.

Write now for a free copy of the booklet entitled "A Vegetable Garden for Every Home," prepared by the Ontario Department of Agriculture. It is full of helpful practical suggestions, including plans for various sized gardens. You can get a copy by filling out and mailing the coupon below.

Organization of Resources Committee, Parliament Buildings, Toronto

Dear Sirs:

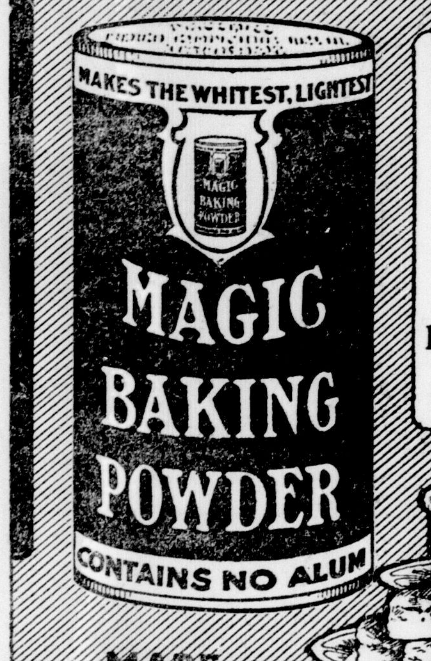
Please send me a copy of your booklet, "A Vegetable Garden for Every Home."

Name __________

Address __________

ORGANIZATION OF RESOURCES COMMITTEE
In Co-Operation with Canada Food Board

MAGIC BAKING POWDER



Should be in every kitchen. Its use assures complete satisfaction in baking cakes, biscuits and pastry.

YOUR GROCER SELLS IT.

E. W. Gillett Co. Ltd.
TORONTO, CANADA.
Winnipeg Montreal

BACKYARD GARDEN HINTS

(By The Girl With the Hoe.)

SPRAYING THE APPLE TREE.

The apple has many enemies, the worst of them being the scale insects and the codling moth. A persistent fight should be kept up to rid the trees of these pests. This can only be done by thorough spraying, every part of the tree being covered with the spray. Usually about five or six gallons of spray is required for each tree. City gardeners who have but a few trees can use a small hand spray pump. The results obtained from spraying soon compensate for the money spent on pump and spray materials. The best sort of a day for spraying is a windy one, for then the breeze carries the spray well into the tree. Spray with the wind, not against it.

In the case of the apple tree three sprayings are necessary. The first application is made either just before or soon after the leaf buds have burst. The latter time is the best. The favorite spray at this time is the lime-sulphur wash. Either the home boiled or the commercial lime-sulphur may be used. The home boiled sulphur wash is made by slaking four pounds of lime in about three gallons or more of boiling water. While this is slaking, add three pounds of sulphur, made into a paste by adding to it a little water. Boil hard for one hour, stirring the while. This mixture may then be diluted to eight gallons with cold or hot water. After straining this solution, apply at once. If commercial lime-sulphur is used, dilute one gallon of it with seven gallons of water. Poisoned Bordeaux mixture may also be used for this first spray. Thoroughly drench the tree with spray, for it is only by doing this that the San Jose scale may be killed. It is also wise to scrape off the loose bark and prune extensively if the pest is feared.

The second application is made just before the blossoms open. For this commercial lime-sulphur wash may be used, in the proportion of one gallon to from 30 to 35 gallons of water. To every ten gallons of this solution add from half to three-quarters pound of arsenate of lead. Do not use the home boiled lime-sulphur wash for this application. Poisoned Bordeaux may be used, however.

The third application is made just after all or nearly all of the blossoms have fallen off the tree. Use commercial lime-sulphur in the proportion of one gallon to from 33 to 40 gallons of water. To this add half a pound of arsenate of lead. The poisoned Bordeaux may be used for spraying also. The purpose of the third spray is to kill the codling moth.

These three sprayings are very important. Others are often made to deal with other pests, but if the amateur attend to these three, he will be doing a great deal in the cause of production, for not only will he have an increased supply of fruit for his own consumption, but he will also be helping to stamp out of the Province of Ontario the two great pests of the apple—the San Jose scale and the codling moth.

JIMMY COON STORIES

By Dr. Warren G. Partridge.

Copyright 1917 by George Matthew Adams.

JIMMY COON AND MRS. JIMMY IN A BAG.

It was awfully hard luck for Jimmy Coon and his new Mate, Mrs. Jimmy, to be in a big bag. Those darkey hunters chuckled, as they climbed that big hollow Sycamore tree, and smoked Jimmy and Mrs. Jimmy out of their attic bed-room, and chucked them both into that gunny sack.

And it was funny to see that little George Washington Smith carry that bag over his shoulder, while poor Jimmy and Mrs. Jimmy were jostled and jolted inside. You can see that it was very dark and stuffy inside that thick and heavy big bag.

And Jimmy and Mrs. Jimmy were almost scared to death, for they were certain they would soon be cooked for a Coon dinner by the black people. You know that darkies think that Coon meat is the sweetest morsel in the world, unless it is Possum meat.

It certainly did look as if the last day of Jimmy Coon and his Mate, Mrs. Jimmy, had come. When the colored hunters reached their little cabin home, on the edge of the cotton field, they took Jimmy Coon and Mrs. Jimmy out of that bag, and put them in a little cage or pen, where they could move around a little, but couldn't escape.

Little black George Washington Smith smacked his lips, and wanted to kill and dress Jimmy Coon and Mrs. Jimmy right away for dinner! But little Washington's father, Old Joe, exclaimed, "I'm a gwine ter throw dem in de pen. Jus wait till dey gits fat!"

Well, I wish you could have seen how thin and poor Jimmy Coon was, and also Mrs. Jimmy. You see, Jimmy Coon had worked so hard, hunting and fishing, to get enough food for the whole family of his mother-in-law, that Jimmy was nothing but skin and bones.

Why, Jimmy Coon was as poor in flesh as Job's turkey. Why, Jimmy Coon looked like a little pile of bones, done up in a small bag of fur!

And you remember that darkies like a Coon to eat, when he is nice, and plump, and fat. So the colored people kept Jimmy Coon and Mrs. Jimmy in that pen for three weeks and just stuffed them with good things to eat.

And Jimmy Coon and Mrs. Jimmy had the nicest visit they ever had. My, how the food did disappear down the throats of Jimmy and Mrs. Jimmy Coon! You see they had no work, or hunting or fishing to do. And they lived in idleness, and did nothing, but stuff themselves and get fat! Why, you would have laughed to have seen the darkies deny themselves food, just those two little pigs, whose family name was Coon.

BEAUTIFUL SKIN

I remove worst cases of pimples, blackheads and yellow blotches in a few treatments. I also treat all diseases of the scalp; hair-dressing, Marcel waving and manicuring, etc. Hair goods made up. Consultation free. Appointments by phone or call.

Madame Curtis
112 SIMCOE STREET (corner Talbot).
PHONE 5997. b

CEETEE
UNDERCLOTHING
Guaranteed Not To Shrink.

Don't throw your old carpets away

Tie a rope around them and send to us to be made into
Beautiful Fluffy Reversible Rugs
that wear a lifetime. The cost is small.
SEND FOR LEAFLET. WE PAY FREIGHT ONE WAY.
CANADA RUG COMPANY, 98 CARLING ST. PHONE 2485.

PAGE OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Readers are invited to 'phone all news of this kind to the Society Editor. Phone 3670.

Miss E. Roderick of Wroxeter, who has been visiting Mrs. Thomas Shaw, left this week for Weyburn, Sask.

A quiet wedding was solemnized on Thursday at the Askin Street Methodist Church, when Esther, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Weston, was united in marriage to Norman Nathan Parr of Castlemore, Rev. Dr. Dougall officiating. The bride looked charming in a gown of white crepe de chine with pearl trimmings, and conventional veil and wreath of orange blossoms. She wore the gift of the groom, a pink cameo, and carried roses. After the ceremony a wedding luncheon was served. Mr. and Mrs. Parr have left for a short wedding trip. On their return they will reside at Castlemore.

The Hon. Everett Colby is the guest of Sir George Gibbons while in the city

The marriage is announced of Maude Alice, daughter of Mrs. A. Stallwood of Komoka, Ont., to William Dunwood Mills. The ceremony took place at Macon, Georgia, on March 30.

Miss Nancy Niven has returned from Toronto. While there she was the guest of Mrs. Torrance Beardmore.

A wedding of interest to Londoners was that which took place when a host of friends and relatives of the young couple were present in St. Mary's Cathedral, Hamilton, and Miss Mary Ethel Nelligan, daughter of the late Bartley and Mrs. Nelligan, was united to Mr. Frederick Joseph (Alex.) Wilson. Both the contracting parties are of Hamilton. Rev. Father Cleary of Caledonia, cousin of the bride, performed the ceremony. The bride was tastefully gowned in biscuit georgette, embroidered in blue, with hat en suite, and carried a bridal bouquet of sweet peas and roses. She was given away by her uncle, Mr. John Nelligan, and was attended by her cousin, Miss Rita Ryan, wearing maize crepe de chine with large leghorn hat and carrying roses. Mr. George Nelligan was groomsman. Miss Anderson presided at the organ during the service, and Mr. Thomas Ranahan of London, uncle of the groom, rendered vocal solos. After the ceremony the guests, numbering about sixty-five, repaired to the bride's home, 228 North Hughson street, where a dainty wedding breakfast was served. The happy couple left for Montreal for a short trip. On their return they will reside at 460 Dunsmure road, Hamilton. The out-of-town guests present included four brothers of the groom and their wives. Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Glennie Wilson and Mr. and Mrs. Stuart Wilson, all of London, Ont.; Mr. J. Townsend of London, and Mrs. Townsend, sister of the groom, Mrs. Robert Nisbett of Lynden, aunt of the bride; Miss N. O'Connor of Toronto, and the Misses Cleary of Caledonia, cousins of the bride, and Mr. and Mrs. J. Kilroy of Oil City, Pa. The popular young bride was literally showered with gifts, and during the past few weeks a number of showers were tendered her by friends and members of clubs, etc., to which she belonged.

Mr. and Mrs. John T. Lackie announce the engagement of their daughter, Nursing Sister Myrtle Irene Moorhead, C. A. M. C., to Charles Gordon Higman, R. N. V. R., son of Mr. and Mrs. Ormond Higman of Ottawa, the wedding to take place shortly in England.

MRS. WHITEMORE TO SPEAK BEFORE THE MUNICIPAL CHAPTER

Several Items of Business Brought Up at Monthly Meeting.

The regular monthly meeting of the Municipal Chapter, I.O.D.E., was held in Cronyn Hall, the regent, Mrs. Niven, presiding. The items of business were as follows: A press committee was appointed, consisting of Mrs. T. S. Coleman (convener), Mrs. George Macdonald, Mrs. Bicknell, Mrs. Cl. T. Campbell (honorary), and Mrs. I. Turner. All communications for the press from all local chapters should pass through this committee. Tickets were purchased by the chapter for the Honorably Discharged Soldiers' benefit concert on Thursday evening, April 18, and the same sent to the men at Princess avenue clearing station. It was decided to appoint a chartered accountant as official auditor for the Municipal Chapter. Mrs. Whitmore of Edmonton, who has been a teacher among the Ruthenians for a number of years past, has accepted an invitation from the Daughters of the Empire of London to address the society along educational lines. The address will take place in Cronyn Hall on Wednesday, April 17, and the chapter extends a hearty invitation to the Teachers' Guild and all others interested in this work. The hour of the lecture will be announced later.

Mrs. Niven was appointed as delegate to the meeting of the Municipal Chapter, I.O.D.E., in Toronto, May 27. The announcement was also made that a "pickle shower" is to be given by the military hospitals commission committee for the returned men at the Princess avenue clearing station on Thursday, April 18, donations to be sent to the Soldiers' Club, Dundas street, on that date.

DAILY BIBLE QUESTION CLUB

UNIFORM LESSON FOR SUNDAY, APRIL 14, 1918.
ONE GOLDEN TEXT SUGGESTION.
[By Rev T. S. Linscott, D.D.]

Jesus requires confession and loyalty. —Mark viii:1-ix-1.

Questions for Today.

19. Verses 32-33.—If Jesus at this time had adopted Peter's view, what would that have led him to do?

20. Verses 34-35.—What is the nature of the self-denial and the suffering which all true Christians must endure?

21. Verse 36-38.—If a millionaire dies without salvation, and a poor man dies trusting in Christ, what will be the difference in their wealth in eternity?

22. Chapter ix., 1.—How did some of those standing there witness "the kingdom of God come with power"?

Golden Text: If any man come after me, let him deny himself, and take up his cross, and follow me.—Mark viii., 34.

Commence to Follow Christ Right Now.

It is gloriously true that Christ does accept of a sinner on his dying bed, and grants him grace, but it is so much better to commence to follow Christ while we are in health and strength. The Christ life is preferable in every way; it is better for time, and absolutely essential for eternity. It is one of the mysteries that sin so blinds the eyes of intelligent men, that during their health and vigor they do not see the deceitfulness of sin, nor the necessity of the grace of our Lord and Savior Jesus Christ. If you would be free from regret on your dying bed, and have victory in that crucial time, you can provide for that experience by following Christ now you are in the enjoyment of health and strength.

Patriotic Western Ontario

Address All News for This Column to the Editor of the Women's Page.

WABASH.—A very successful box social was held in the Thorncliffe Hall under the auspices of the Red Cross Society. Auctioneer Archie Phillips of Wabash auctioned off the boxes, and a keen interest was shown in the bidding. One box, which was donated to the society by Mrs. Peter O'Neill, sold at $5, and was purchased by Leamon Shaw, who gave it back for reselling, the second price being 75 cents. There were altogether about fifty beautifully-decorated boxes sold, the total value being $73.50.

A gift donated by Mrs. Walter Hazlett, on which tickets were sold, brought the sum of $25. J. W. Hart of Dresden won the lucky ticket. Another quilt made by the teacher and pupils of the Thorncliffe school was auctioned off, the price being $4, and the purchaser Mrs. Ernest Ellis, president of the society. The total proceeds of the evening were $109.55. Mathew Dunlop acted as chairman, and a very enjoyable program was rendered, consisting of readings, phonograph selections, vocal solos and violin music.

MOUNT BRYDGES.—The regular meeting of the Mount Brydges Women's Institute was held in the clubrooms with a good attendance, when Mrs. Monger gave a very interesting paper. All arrangements were completed for the play, "Peg o' My Heart," that is to be given by the Coldstream Dramatic Club on April 17 in the town hall here.

The annual meeting of the institute is to be held in the clubroom on May 9, and all members are requested to be present.

WYOMING.—The W.C.T.U. has just finished collecting for our silver thimble and trinket fund, and has about $40 in money besides many trinkets, and is feeling very satisfied with the way the people have responded. A junior Red Cross branch has been recently formed at Reeces Corners, under the supervision of Miss Hare, the public school teacher, and is doing excellent work, and will be a great help to the senior society, as the money raised by a play given by them a short time ago has been used to buy yarn, and many of these young folks are already good knitters.

Despite the busy season, the Red Cross work of the Wyoming society shows no decrease.

EMBRO.—The Brookdale Red Cross held a meeting at St. Andrew's Church, which was largely attended. The time was spent in packing fourteen boxes for the soldiers overseas. Eleven of them are to go to France and three to England. Each box contains a pair of socks, a can of maple syrup, maple sugar, shortbread, cookies and fruit cake. A collection was taken up, which amounted to $13.05, which goes to Red Cross work.

AILSA CRAIG.—"Making Good," 3-act comedy, which was presented by the Parkhill Mountain Waif Operao Company, under the auspices of the young ladies' club of this place, in the town hall on Wednesday evening, was well attended, and was greatly enjoyed by all present. They were assisted by 9piece Kineto Orchestra, and as usual delighted all with their choice music. The proceeds go towaads the canning centre at Parkhill and the smokers' room at Byron Sanatorium, which the young ladies' club are furnishing for our boys. This is the third time this play was given, and there will be $200 for the canning centre at Parkhill, which is certainly a grand help to the ladies in charge of this good work. The young ladies' club still have three more good plays booked to be put on here for the Red Cross.

DR. H. MACMURCHY SPEAKS ON SUBJECT OF "ADOLESCENCE"

Interesting Meeting Was Held Yesterday at the Y.W.C.A.

"Adolescence" was the subject of a most eloquent and instructive address delivered yesterday afternoon at Lenmore under the auspices of the educational committee of the Y. W. C. A. The speaker was Dr. Helen MacMurchy, so well known throughout Canada in connection with educational matters. Mrs. Charles Leonard was in the chair. "Human life is divided into different periods, which may be termed infancy and childhood, youth or adolescence, and manhood or womanhood," said the speaker. "And there is no firm and fast division between these periods. The approach of youth is heralded by an awakening of sex consciousness, while the making of a home is the clear mark of adult life. Afterwards comes the responsibility of parenthood.

Four Types of Children.

"The attitude of children toward sex may be described in four ways. First of all there are the children who are absolutely indifferent to it. These children are of a robust and healthy type. They are sleeping, as it were, and we should not waken them too soon. But we mustn't let them sleep too long, or some day they will awaken as with a lightning stroke, and harm come to them. Then there are children which are but slightly conscious, and also those which are deeply conscious. The deeply conscious child is not looked upon with favor because he is continually asking questions, yet his is the highest type of mind. From this class come the very artistic and wonderfully emotional people, capable of rising to great heights. Above all we should learn to appreciate this third type of child. All of these types are bound to turn out well. However, there is a fourth type, which is a very small class, indeed, and these children are altogether too conscious. These are the children which we should get hold of intellectually, mentally and physically, and keep them busy and interested.

A Big Sphere in Life.

"It is a great pity to suppress things which concern our life. I have a great horror of things being strangled. What we want is to give people a big sphere of life. Be prepared for the individual child. Know his temperament and his needs. Never lie to him or offend him, but tell him about the great creative mystery and of God. The influence of God on man seems to come to its fullest expression in this great fact of human life.

Dr. MacMurchy emphasized the element of self-control in the home life. "The greatest thing that you can give people is self-control, so that it will be with them when they meet temptation." She also laid great stress on the fact that the nature of social diseases should be known to all. "The fact that in this time of terrible warfare the nation has awakened up in regard to these diseases is a sign that God is still with us," declared the speaker. "What we need in dealing with young people is not physiology or any other ology, but love and faith and study of them and common sense."

Mrs. Tutt, president of the Union Mothers' Club, moved a vote of thanks to the speaker, which was seconded by Miss S. Macklin.

HIGH COST OF DRESSMAKING REDUCED.

The afternoon classes in Dressmaking for women and girls, open in the Technical School next week. These classes have been very popular in previous years and promise this year, when the high cost of living is such a pressing problem, to be taxed to the limit. The classes are held from 2 to 5 o'clock. b

WOMEN'S INSTITUTE LEADS IN WAR WORK

The following article regarding the Women's Institute appeared in a recently issued overseas edition of the Toronto News, and is an excellent account of what the women of rural Ontario are doing in war work:

"The Women's Institute is an organization of rural women brought into being by the department of agriculture for the purposes of mutual help and community upbuilding. Three years ago they had already established their prestige and usefulness, but under war conditions they have adapted themselves under the guidance of the department to the needs of the hour in a manner highly creditable to the self-sacrificing members and beneficial to the country and its cause. The institutes now comprise 900 local branches with a total of 30,000 individual members. These branches are scattered all over the province and constitute the most numerous and most representative organization of rural women in any province or state on the continent.

"The interests which of course have been nearest to their hearts have been those which have to do with relieving suffering and preventing pain. They did splendid work in the early days of the war in collecting contributions for the Belgians, and they have also continuously made valuable contributions, both in work and in materials to the Red Cross organization. An estimate of $500,000 has been placed on the work sent forward.

"While this has been going on, the other branches of the work of an educational nature in the matter of domestic science and community interest have not been overlooked. During the past few weeks the Women's Institute organization has been requested to assist in the campaign for the conservation of food supply. The bulletin issued by the department entitled "The Preservation of Food," giving information as to canning and preserving of all kinds so that none of the perishable crops may be allowed to go to waste, has had a very wide circulation, both through the Women's Institutes and otherwise. So effective has the Women's Institute organization become in all these patriotic ways that its example is being emulated in the other provinces of Canada, as well as in Great Britain itself."

Cynthia Grey's Mail-Box

A Woman's Testimony.

Dear Miss Grey,—These last few months I have come in contact with so very many who express their sentiments as follows: "If there is a God." No doubt all of the readers are well acquainted with the story of the miracle of the loaves and fishes, and possibly a number know that the fish which our Lord used at the time was the haddock and that near the head of that fish on either side can be seen the mark of His finger and thumb.

Well, last Good Friday I planted a few of every kind of seed that I intended putting in my garden and with them I planted that part of the skin of the haddock bearing those precious marks. I had always planted those few seeds on Good Friday, but had never before planted the marks. But this practice is supposed to bring an abundant crop. As a result I had last year the finest garden in town, obtaining a yield of 12 bags of potatoes from one bushel of seed. And as I did all the work by myself, and I am "only a woman," I give thanks to our Lord for it. Kindly publish this and accept the thanks of,

AN OLD SUBSCRIBER.

On Business Letters.

Dear Miss Grey,—At the end of a type-written letter, there always appears initials, for example, "W. H., B. H.," and for what does it signify? Why does "Extra" sometimes appear on daily papers? And lastily, do you know if our letters are censored that are sent overseas? Please criticize the above.

CHARLOTTE.

Ans.—1. The initials you describe usually follow the close of a business letter, and are invariably those of the dictator of the epistle, and those of the stenographer. In offices where there are several heads of departments and a number of stenos, the advantage of signing in this way is readily apparent.

2. Naturally it indicates that the "extra" edition contains special or more recent news than is to be found in the regular edition of the publication.

3. No, letters going overseas from here are not censored.

4. I find nothing to criticize, "Charlotte."

Miscellaneous.

"David Harum."—You are an old "book" friend, "David"; pleased to see you again. For particulars re your brother, write to militia department, Ottawa, giving full information as to his name, number, unit enlisted with, unit a member of when gassed, etc. I hope you receive good news soon.

"Scottie's True Friend."—Your words of appreciation are most kind. I am glad to hear The Advertiser has been a welcome guest for so long in your home. Shall try and have a "cut" made of Scottie's picture and the same published on this page before long.

"Merry Ann II." wants a good recipe for making a club sandwich. Can anyone supply this?

"Song Lover."—Your first query being of a military nature has been referred to the column especially devoted to replies of this kind. September 1, 1898, came on a Thursday.

Gave Her a Ring.

"The Old Dog."—1. To use a very every-day expression—you make me tired. Why on earth did you give the girl a ring and call it an engagement if there was no intention of a betrothal? Apparently she is not crying her eyes out over you, and really it's my candid opinion you're not worth it.

2. If she takes the notion, girl No. 1 can probably enter a suit for breach of promise against you, and it will then be your word against hers if it comes to court.

3. Certainly ask for the ring back; there is nothing to prevent you asking.

Home and Spring Cleaning.

Dear Miss Grey,—As it comes this time of year one naturally begins to think of renovating, cleaning and fixing up the home. It is the duty of every woman to make her home and surroundings as attractive as possible and especially so where there are children. If one cannot afford to paper or add many little things one would like to have, one can at least clean, wipe, polish, and change the furniture around. And anyone can, if she has the strength and taste, have at least a few flowers. Many an old house has been made beautiful by flowers, and I care not how small and poor a home may be it can be made attractive by keeping the surroundings free of debris such as old hen-coops, boards, bits of wood, etc., and having a few flowers properly arranged. Of course, no home can be decent-looking whose yard is filled with weeds. The house may be beautifully painted, the window have fine curtains, and all be spic and span within, yet, if one looks outside and faces a patch of weeds, one must feel that her home is most assuredly not very attractive.

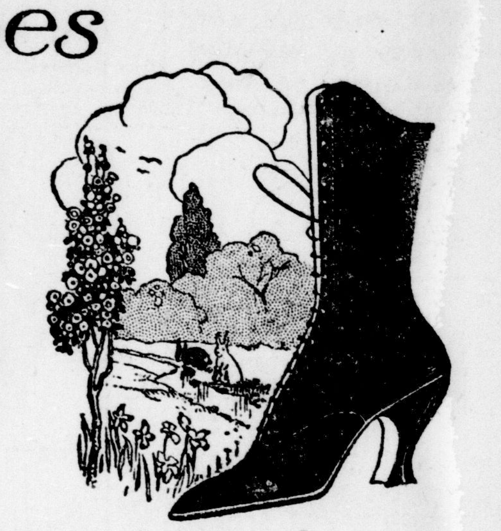
The neighborhood in which I live is one of no flowers and an abundance of weeds and debris. I often wonder why this is so, for many of these people have automobiles and must when they motor through the country observe the many fine homes with their tidy and beautifully lawns.

It was not my intention when I began to write any lengthy spiel. I wanted a little advice or knowledge about papering. Have any of your many readers done panelling? I want to paper a living and a dining room and would like to use plain, ingrain, cream paper and instead of using a border would like to panel the walls. Do decorators use the border for panels or can the panels be bought? Anyone who has had this done or has done the decorating herself will confer a great favor on the writer if she will give her a few pointers. Am painting the woodwork a pearl grey. Hope to see this in your columns soon.

MONEY MUSK.

Ans.—Request referred to readers, many of whom will, I am sure, appreciate Money Musk's plea for "the beautiful" in home surroundings.

Georgina and Onyx Shoes



New jewels in footwear that keep step with Fashion's latest whims. Beauty, comfort and service cleverly combined.

Our Model 9118 in Black Glove Kid—a real patrician; also very ultra in Beaver Brown and Maple Grey.

Fashion plates, beautifully illustrated in colors, of our distinctive shoes sent on request.

Built Exclusively By
THE ONYX SHOE
Blachford Shoe Manufacturing Company Limited
GEORGINA
92 Sherbourne Street, Toronto
Obtained through Canada's leading boot shops
2

"Why swelter over a coal or wood range this summer?"

"What else can I do?"

"I have a McClary Florence Oil Stove and it makes kitchen work in summer a pleasure."

"You can cook or bake anything with it just as well as with any other stove. You can move it anywhere."

"No, there are no wicks or valves on it."

"It burns coal oil and the feed is automatic."

"You can regulate the flame for any kind of work."

"I wouldn't be without mine for anything."

"McClary's will send you a booklet free if you write for it."

McClary's
FLORENCE
OIL COOK STOVES Wickless, Valveless, Blue Flame, Automatic
LONDON, TORONTO, MONTREAL, WINNIPEG, VANCOUVER,
ST. JOHN, N.B., HAMILTON, CALGARY, SASKATOON, EDMONTON
95

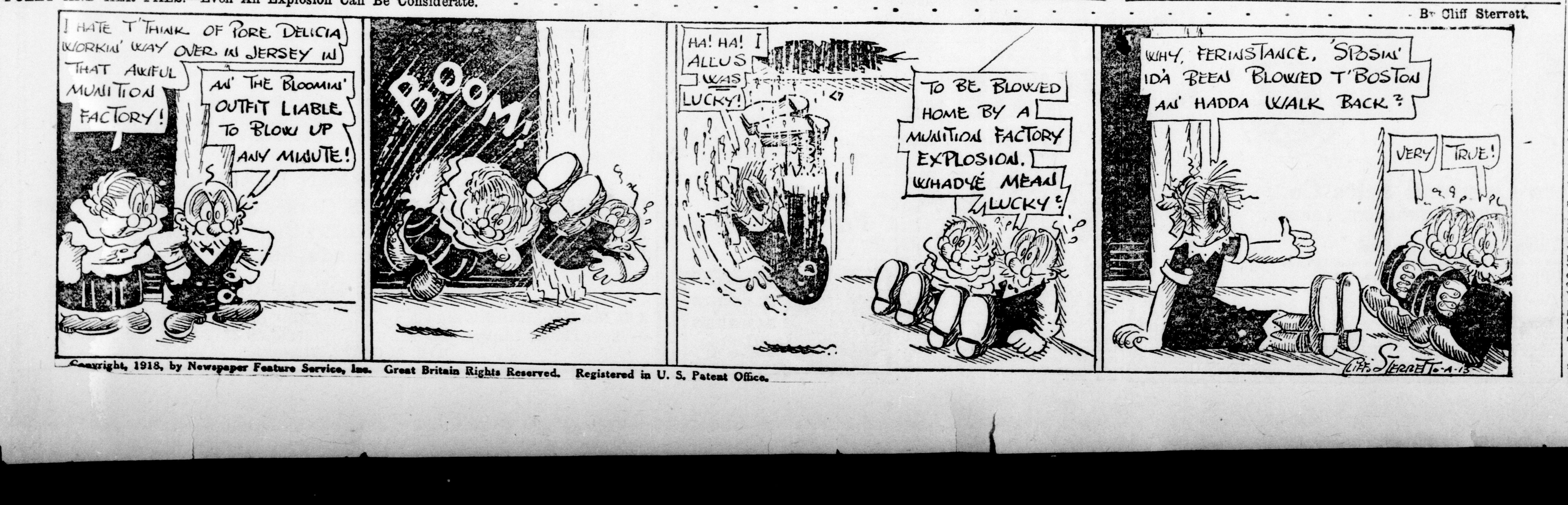
THE SAFEST MATCHES
IN THE WORLD
also the cheapest, are
EDDY'S SILENT 500's

SAFEST because they are impregnated with a chemical solution which renders the stick "dead" immediately the match is extinguished.

CHEAPEST because there are more perfect matches to the sized box than in any other box on the market.

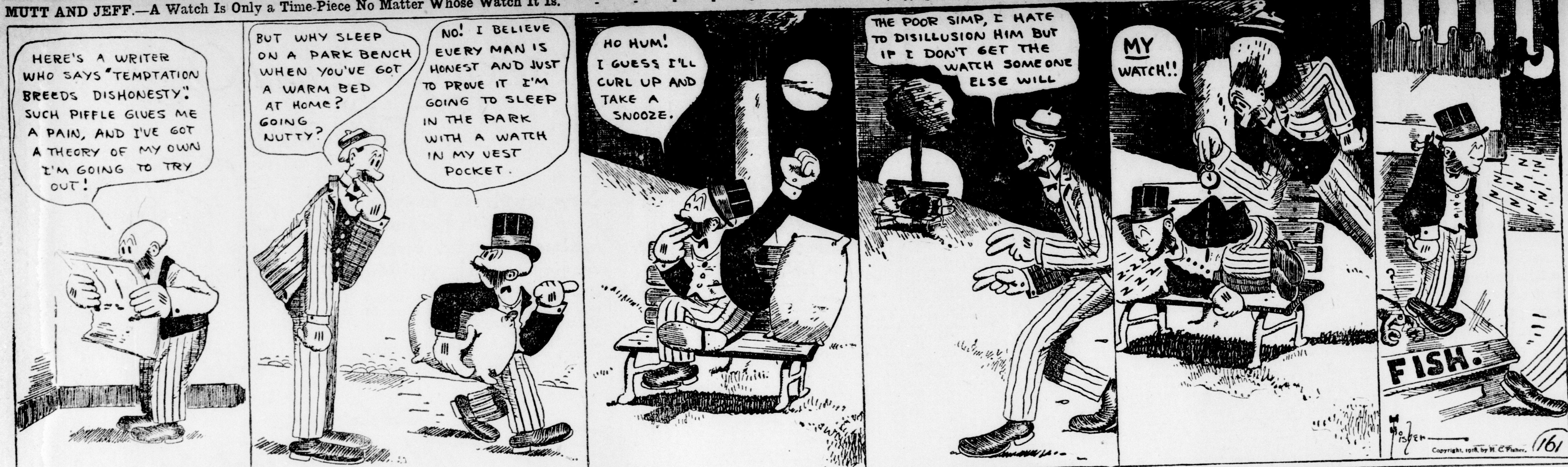
War-time economy and your own good sense, will urge the necessity of buying but EDDY'S MATCHES.
ywt

POLLY AND HER PALS.—Even An Explosion Can Be Considerate. By Cliff Sterrett.


I HATE T'THINK OF PORE DELICIA WORKIN' WAY OVER IN JERSEY IN THAT AWFUL MUNITION FACTORY!
AN' THE BLOOMIN' OUTFIT LIABLE TO BLOW UP ANY MINUTE!
BOOM!
HA! HA! I ALLUS WAS LUCKY!
TO BE BLOWED HOME BY A MUNITION FACTORY EXPLOSION. WHADYE MEAN LUCKY?
WHY, FERINSTANCE, 'SPOSIN' IDA BEEN BLOWED T'BOSTON AN' HADDA WALK BACK?
VERY
TRUE!
CLIFF STERRETT 4-13

Copyright, 1918, by Newspaper Feature Service, Inc. Great Britain Rights Reserved. Registered in U. S. Patent Office.

MUTT AND JEFF.—A Watch Is Only a Time-Piece No Matter Whose Watch It Is. (Copyright, 1918, by H. C. Fisher. Trade mark registered in Canada. (BY "BUD" FISHER)


HERE'S A WRITER WHO SAYS "TEMPTATION BREEDS DISHONESTY". SUCH PIFFLE GIVES ME A PAIN, AND I'VE GOT A THEORY OF MY OWN I'M GOING TO TRY OUT!
BUT WHY SLEEP ON A PARK BENCH WHEN YOU'VE GOT A WARM BED AT HOME? GOING NUTTY?
NO! I BELIEVE EVERY MAN IS HONEST AND JUST TO PROVE IT I'M GOING TO SLEEP IN THE PARK WITH A WATCH IN MY VEST POCKET.
HO HUM! I GUESS I'LL CURL UP AND TAKE A SNOOZE.
THE POOR SIMP, I HATE TO DISILLUSION HIM BUT IF I DON'T GET THE WATCH SOME ONE ELSE WILL
MY WATCH!!
FISH.
Fisher
Copyright, 1918, by H. C. Fisher.
161

TractionCompany

Cars leave: 6:10, 7:30, 10:00 a.m., 1:00, 1:30, 3:15, 5:15, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30 p.m.—11:00 p.m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Sundays—10:00 a.m., 1:00, 5:00, 9:00 p.m.

Low fares to and from St. Thomas daily and week-end.

LONDON AND PORT STANLEY RAILWAY

Timetable Effective Sept. 20.

TO ST. THOMAS—†5:20, †*6:20, 7:30, *8:20, 9:30, *10:20, 11:20 a.m., 12:30, *1:20, 2:20, *3:20, 4:20, *5:20, 6:20, *7:20, 8:20, 9:20, *10:20, †11:20 p.m.

TO PORT STANLEY—†*6:20, *8:20, *10:20 a.m., *1:20, *3:20, *5:20, *7:20, *10:20 p.m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Limited trains, London to St. Thomas.

CUNARD LINE

PASSENGER SERVICE
BETWEEN
HALIFAX AND BRISTOL

Money remittances made by mail or cable. Apply to local agents or the Robert Reford Company, Limited, general agents, 50 King street east, Toronto. Apr. 30

DENY REPORTS THAT GROVER ALEXANDER IS CALLED TO COLORS

St. Paul Draft Board Says Hurler Not Ordered Up Yet.

LINCOLN, Neb., April 12.—The St. Paul, Nebraska, draft board tonight announced Grover Cleveland Alexander, the famous baseball pitcher, has not yet been called in the draft army.

NOTHING IN THIS THEN?

ST. PAUL, Neb., April 12.—Grover Cleveland Alexander, pitcher of the Chicago Nationals, has been selected by the draft board of Howard County as one of twelve of the county's quota of drafted men to go to Camp Funston during the five days beginning April 26.

Alexander and his battery mate, Catcher William Killifer, were purchased by the Chicago magnate from the Philadelphia club for a price reported to be in excess of $60,000. It was one of the biggest baseball deals in the history of the game.

JUNE AND SEPTEMBER BIG MONTHS FOR TIGER FANS

DETROIT, April 12.—June and September will be the big baseball months for Detroit fans. They will have to be content with a very slim diet in the five months that the season touches. The Tigers will play 24 games at home in June and 20 in September. May will see them at home 10 times, August eight times, July seven times, April five times and October three times. The schedule could have been arranged considerably more to the liking of the fellows whose money makes the game go here.

OWEN SOUND BOWLERS HOLD ANNUAL MEETING

Returned Soldiers Given All Privileges of Club Free of Charge.

OWEN SOUND, April 12.—The Owen Sound Lawn Bowling Club held their annual meeting here tonight and elected their officers for the ensuing year and received reports of last year's activities. The financial statement was received and adopted and a report of Judge Sutherland for the grounds committee showed that considerable permanent improvements had been added. The election of officers resulted as follows: Honorary president, R. B. Miller; honorary vice-president, Judge Sutherland; president, A. F. Armstrong; vice-president, J. H. Scott; treasurer, E. J. Bonnell; secretary, V. M. Wood; chaplain, Rev. Judson McIntosh; executive, Messrs. John Thompson, J. J. Kelley. H. J. Thompson, W. J. McLinden, Geo. Holmes, E. Knott, J. C. Sloane; grounds committee, Judge Sutherland, W. M. Wright; Times trophy committee, Wm. Douglas, E. A. Batchellor; tournament committee, Dr. Holmes, W. H. Wright, J. C. Telford, R. C. McKay; auditors, E. A. Batchellor and C. W. Nibblett. The arrangement of rinks was left to the executive. The fees were fixed at $6 for novices and $8 for old members. The club, on motion of Judge Sutherland and W. H. Wright, unanimously extended all the privileges of the club to returned soldiers free of charge. The annual tournament will be held on August 6 and 7.

GOOD-BYE, SUNDAY BALL

Albany, N. Y., April 12.—Without taking a formal vote, the assembly rules committee today decided not to report the Lawson bill, which would permit professional baseball games on Sunday afternoons. The action virtually means the death of the measure which previously had passed the Senate.

EXPECT FAST GAME DESPITE BIG LEAD HELD BY LONDONERS

Small Floor Expected to Aid Toronto's Defence Here Tonight.

Despite the fact that the London Juniors have a 20-point lead on the Toronto Central Y. M. C. A. team the final game for the O. B. A. championship at the "Y" here tonight is expected to be a fast one by the London boys and while they expect to hold the title for a second year, they are by no means looking for an easy time of it. Manager A. T. Taylor thinks that the smallness of the floor will be against them to some extent. At Toronto on the large floor of the Central Y. M. C. A. the speedy Londoners ran away from the Toronto team who seemed incapable of holding them. Their defence was weak and London had plenty of room to break through. Tonight a somewhat different game is expected as Toronto will be able to concentrate their defence to a greater extent on the small floor. This should make the last game of the season a whole lot faster than most fans expected from the score last week.

London Ready.

London is in fine shape and can be depended upon to play their steady game with just the requisite mixture of individual play and team-work to win out. The Toronto boys are understood to have held several stiff workouts during the past week and will make a desperate effort to climb out from under tonight.

Same Officials.

The officials will be the same as were in charge last week, McLeod of Hamilton will referee and Buscombe of Toronto will umpire. What looks like a fast preliminary game will be staged between the New St. James girls, champions, and a picked team from other teams of the Western University Girls' Basketball League. Markle will handle this game.

The Junior will line-up for the O. B. A. game: Gillies and Mascari, forwards; Henderson, center; Cline and McLean, defence; Ginsberg, spare.

NEW ST. JAMES' GIRLS RECEIVE FINE TROPHY

Champions of Western "U" League Presented With Shield Last Night.

The Western University Girls' Basketball League season was formally brought to a close on Friday night with the presentation of the trophy to the New St. James' Church team, champions of the league.

In the absence of Dr. E. E. Braithwaite, president of Western, who was to make the presentation, Mayor C. R. Somerville, handed the handsome shield to the winners. Each member of the team also received an individual pin. The New St. James team is composed of Misses Woolley and Dibb, forwards; Miss Douglas, center; Misses K. Ashplant and Vincent, defence.

Following the presentation of the trophy an informal dance was held.

BRAVES MAY ASK FOR RETURN OF DOYLE, BARNES

If Herzog Don't Go to Boston Houghton Will Likely Want His Men Back.

New York, April 12.—That the Boston Braves will demand the return of Players Doyle and Barnes from the Giants if Charley Herzog refuses to sign a Boston contract, was the belief expressed by fans here today. Herzog is still holding out, and President Haughton of the Braves stopped here on his way from the training camp to Boston, for a conference with President Hempstead of the New York Club.

Hempstead said today there is no new angle to the case, except that Herzog would revert back to the Giants should he refuse to report to the Braves.

Knocking Down The Ten-Pins

STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Nationals	35	28	.556
Cubs	35	28	.556
Strands	31	32	.492
Beavers	25	38	.397

The London Nationals and the Cubs tied for first place in the Inter-City League series, the final game of which was played here on Friday night. The leaders may play off the tie.

INTER-CITY LEAGUE.
At London.

London Nationals.

D. Catalano	181	192	162	535
G. Dingman	159	187	163	509
M. Sansone	224	150	189	563
K. Karrys	224	167	179	570
T. Crawford	158	185	240	583
	946	881	933	2760

St. Thomas Strands.

Marley	166	..	..	166
Elliott	147	209	174	530
Tanney	156	184	152	492
Land	168	169	184	521
Charlton	223	169	147	539
Herbert	..	177	165	282
	860	848	822	2530

BASEBALL COMMISSION TO FORM AMATEUR STRING

Delegates From Western Ontario Meet May 4 at Hamilton.

Toronto, April 13.—Ontario baseball commission proposes laying the foundation for an amateur association to control the baseball situation in this province. The date is set for Saturday, May 4, at Hamilton, where the delegates can attend the opening of the senior leagues and then launch the Ontario Amateur Baseball Association. W. J. Smith, chairman of the commission, will be in Hamilton next week making arrangements. The members of the Hamilton A. B. A. have promised to lend their assistance, and judging by the enthusiasm at the inter-city games last fall the commission made no mistake in selecting Hamilton for the inaugural meeting. Delegates are expected from various places in Eastern and Western Ontario. The commission have been fortunate in securing a handsome challenge trophy, same to be emblematic of the amateur baseball championship of Ontario.

LONDON CANINE ASSOC. TO HOLD BIG SHOW

Class of Dog World Likely to Gather Here May 24 and 25.

The London Canine Association is planning to hold a big two-day dog show on May 24 and 25, to be open to all classes of dogs. A large entry is expected from Toronto, Ottawa and Montreal. Robert Ross of Montreal will be one of the judges, and money prizes and ribbons will be given to the winners. Dr. Palmer Smith is looking after the show and expects that arrangements will be well under way in another week or ten days.

CADDOCK DOWNS OLIN.

Des Moines, Ia., April 13.—Earl Caddock, heavyweight champion, disposed of John Olin, Finland's premier wrestler, in two straight falls here last night. Caddock won the first fall with a [illegible] hold in 54 minutes 10 seconds. Caddock took the second fall in 10 minutes 10 seconds by a head, scissors and bar-arm hold.

YANKEES HAVE REAL SLUGGERS FOR NEXT CHASE FOR PENNANT

Bodie, Pratt, Baker and Pipp Dangerous Quartet at Batting.

New York, April 12.—With so gifted a group of sluggers as Ping Bodie, Frank Baker, Wallie Pipp and Derrill Pratt now gathered on the Yanks' payroll, Miller Huggins, the team's new manager, believes the Yanks will be right out in front this season, so far as batting goes at least.

Last season the Yanks enjoyed the experience of being the league's worst hitters. They were at the foot of the bat figure column with an average at bat of .238. The team's best batter, Frank Baker, hit only .282, and though the pitchers did their best all through the race and dished up a very fair class of pitching they were so handicapped with the team's weakness at bat that their twirling availed the team little.

Miller Huggins' chief problem in taking over the supervision of the team has been the strengthening of it at bat, and to this end he has picked off Derrill Pratt and Ping Bodie. There is every reason why Pratt should hit better this season than he did with the Browns last year. Moreover, Pratt is the real thing in the way of a second-sacker, and the Yanks have needed just that for some little while.

Ping Bodie is the rare sort of slugger who is dangerous to any pitcher he confronts. Last season with the Athletics he showed his best form at slugging and he should drive home many a run for the Yanks this season. With the strength Bodie will add to the outfield the team appears to be in first-class shape in both outfield and infield, or on paper at least.

Wallie Pipp has never failed to deserve the rep of being one of the few real hitters among the game's first basemen and though Frank Baker does no better at bat than he did last season, it's hard to see how the team will fail to display a batting power that will make it a live contender in the race this year. At any rate the midget Huggins seems to have carried out his threat of putting punch in the team's batting, and with an even break of luck the Yanks' quartet of sluggers should come through as advertised and lean on that ball.

OVER-BORDER CITIES' CHANCE OF ENTERING CAN. LEAGUE SMALL

Ban On Sunday Baseball Means Big Financial Loss.

Commenting on the proposed re-organizing of the old Canadian League, to include American cities, the Hamilton Spectator says: It is not likely that Knotty Lee will have any trouble in reviving the Canadian League as far as the Canadian cities are concerned, but it is hard to say just how the people of Lockport and Niagara Falls will look upon the suggestion that they enter teams. Prospects across the border are not as bright for Sunday ball as they were a week ago, for it looks as though the bill legalizing it will be killed in the Senate, but they have been playing Sunday ball for years in the Falls, and there is no reason why they cannot play the professional brand. London, St. Thomas and Brantford are all anxious to have the league revived, so that there is a chance that there will be professional ball here, no matter what action the American cities may take.

CALUMET STABLE LOSER IN BLAZE AT BOWIE TRACK

Baltimore, Md., April 12.—Seventeen racehorses, valued at $50,000 in all, perished in a fire which destroyed a large stable at Bowie racetrack early today. An exploding lamp caused the blaze, it was stated.

The Calumet stable was the heaviest sufferer, losing Moosehead, Caljar, George W. Avery, Fellowship and four 2-year-olds. G. C. Winfrey lost Woodward, Jem and Eagle. Fragonard, Vallory Club and Pony, owned by Walter House; Russeau, belonging to M. Fould; Jocular, owned by J. Johnson, and Eye Glass, Ernest Hall, owner, also were lost.

SNOW COVERS DIAMOND; GAME IS CALLED OFF

Brooklyn, N. Y., April 14.—The exhibition baseball game scheduled between the New York Americans and the Brooklyn Nationals today was called off because of the snow-covered diamond. As yesterday's game was not played, and as the New York Americans open their league season on Monday, the spring series here between the two clubs had to be abandoned.

BROCK'S For Bicycles

The best is the cheapest. We do all kinds of repairing. ywt

SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY

CATARRH of the BLADDER relieved in 24 HOURS

Each Capsule bears the name MIDY

Beware of counterfeits

140-GAME SCHEDULE PROPOSED BY OWNERS FOR INTERNATIONAL

Bronx Wants Admittance to Reorganized Minor String.

NEW YORK, April 12.—The club owners of the reorganized New International League in session here today, devoted much of their time to a consideration of the playing schedule for the coming season. When they adjourned it was stated that in all probability a 140-game schedule would be adopted although no definite decision on this question had been reached.

The circuit, it was said, would consist of the original cities named at the time of the reorganization: Baltimore, Syracuse, Rochester, Jersey City, Buffalo, Newark, Toronto, and Binghampton. There may be one or more changes in the personnel of the stockholders, however, in some of these cities.

A delegation of business men from the Bronx were received tonight to present an application for a franchise in the league.

KINGSVILLE CLUB MEETS

KINGSVILLE, April 11.—At a special meeting held in the customs office the following officers have been elected by the Kingsville Bowling Club for the ensuing year: Honorary president, Dr. A. Wigle; president, W. J. Platten; vice-president, Colin Quick; treasurer, Bert Oxley; secretary, M. G. Brethour; ground committee, M. G. Brethour, William Valentine, Colin Quick, W. J. Platten; match committee, President W. J. Platten, Vice-President Quick, Secretary Brethour and Treasurer Oxley; county league committee, president and secretary; membership committee, W. Valentine, J. H. Hurlburt, N. C. Wigle, W. J. Platten, Bert Oxley.

CLEVELAND

Cleveland Bicycles

—Made in Canada.
—Made for men, women, boys and girls.
—Made for those who want the best.
—Made for those who want a Bicycle that will last for years.
—Made for those who enjoy outdoor exercise.
—Made for those who want to save time and car fare.

A CLEVELAND BICYCLE for every purpose. Made from the best materials, with best equipment.

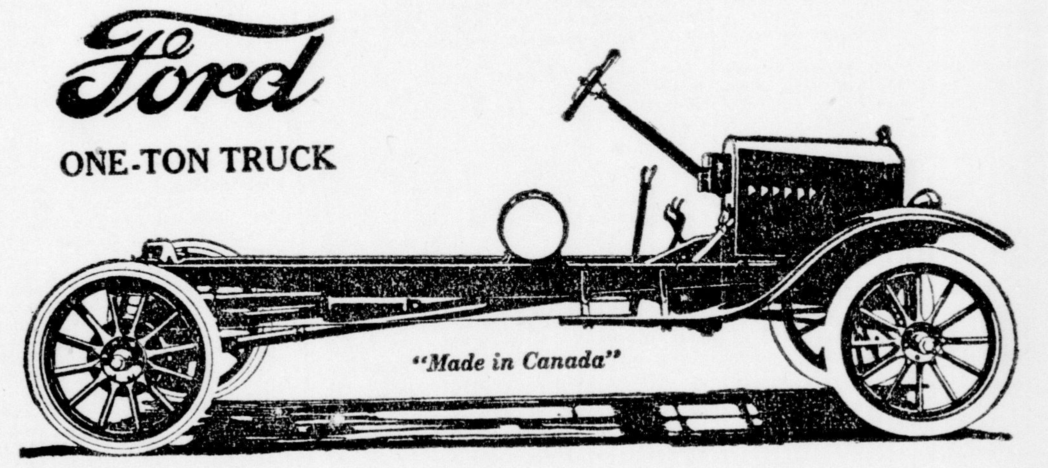
Buy your "**CLEVELAND**" now and enjoy the good roads. Sold on easy terms. Ride while you pay.

Men's and Women's Clevelands..............$45 and $50
Boys' and Girls' Clevelands $37.50

USED BICYCLES, $10 TO $30.

Wm. Gurd & Co.

185 DUNDAS STREET, SOUTH SIDE.



For Ton Trucking Purposes

Ford ONE-TON TRUCK

"Made in Canada"

PRICE **$750** F. O. B. FORD, ONT.

Supplied as chassis only

BUSINESS men everywhere who have hauling or delivering problems to consider—whether operating a wholesale business, a retail store, or a farm—will welcome the arrival of the Ford One-Ton Truck.

Heretofore, the Ford user who wanted to carry loads up to a ton found it necessary to get one of several special attachments or extensions which were on the market. Now the standard Ford truck is available—a car that can withstand the drudgeries of commercial use, and yet lacks superfluous weight, and is easily handled.

The truck differs from Ford passenger cars in that it is specially designed throughout in proper pattern and strength for heavy-duty service. It has a final drive of the worm gear type, so that all gears are enclosed. Rear wheels are equipped with solid tires. Front tires are pneumatic. Standard Ford motor, transmission and ignition.

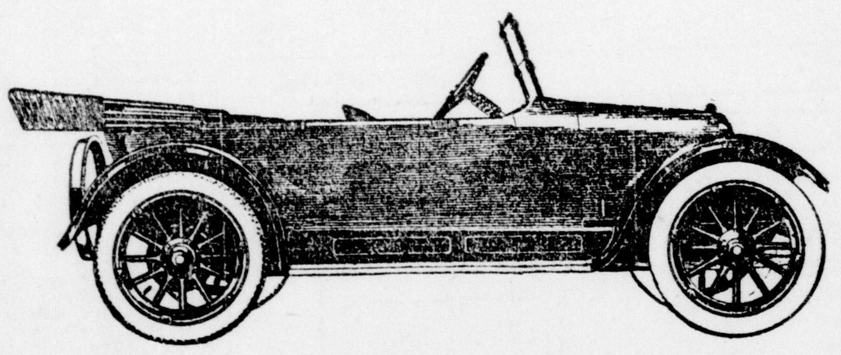
The largest truck and automobile company in the British Empire, with an organization of more than 700 Canadian dealers stands back of every Ford truck purchased.

LONDON URBAN DEALERS

UNIVERSAL MOTOR SALES, Corner Colborne and Pall Mall
J. W. McLAUGHLIN, 297 and 299 Dundas Street
DURST & SOULLIER, 659 Dundas Street

RURAL DEALERS

J. D. NEVILLS, Thorndale and Ilderton.
J. H. PATRICK, Lambeth.
FRED G. OWEN, Delaware.
CHARLES M. BARRY, Dorchester.
B. B. McCARTY, Thamesford.



Overland TRADE MARK REG

The Thrift Car

The Overland car is *established* in Canada.

The Willys-Overland factory in Toronto is one of Canada's large substantial institutions.

The popular demand for Model 90 Overland is in itself a tribute to the manufacturing skill and the high ideals of Willys-Overland, Limited.

Ask for a demonstration of this light Overland Four. It is convincing.

Appearance
Performance
Comfort
Service
Price

Western Overland Sales Co.

PHONE 45. 781-785 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

Willys-Overland, Limited
Willys-Knight and Overland Motor Cars and Light Commercial Wagons
Head Office and Works, West Toronto, Ont.

"EVERY POSITION MUST BE HELD TO THE LAST MAN; EACH MUST FIGHT TO THE END," IS COMMAND TO BRITISH

Special Order to All Ranks Says Victory Will Belong to the Side Which Holds Out Longest.

LONDON, April 12.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, in a special order of the day addressed to "all ranks of the British Army in France and Flanders," says:

"Three weeks ago today the enemy began his terrific attacks against us on a fifty-mile front. His objects are to separate us from the French, to take the channel ports and to destroy the British Army.

"In spite of throwing already one hundred and six divisions into the battle and enduring the most reckless sacrifice of human life, he has yet made little progress towards his goals.

"We owe this to the determined fighting and self-sacrifice of our troops. Words fail me to express the admiration which I feel for the splendid resistance offered by all ranks of our army under the most trying circumstances.

"Many among you are now tired. To those I would say that victory will belong to the side which holds out the longest. The French army is moving rapidly and in great force to our support. There is no other course open to us but to fight it out.

"Every position must be held to the last man. There must be no retirement. With our backs to the wall, and believing in the justice of our cause, each one of us must fight to the end. The safety of our homes and the freedom of mankind depend alike upon the conduct of each one of us at this critical moment."

"They Shall Not Pass," Says Marshal Haig

Issue Injunction Unless Ratepayers Approve of Grant

St. Thomas Taxpayer Opposes Help for the Y. M. C. A.

ST. THOMAS, April 12.—One of the heaviest taxpayers in the city today instructed C. St. Clair Leitch, barrister, to issue an injunction to prevent any money being paid in case the city council makes a financial grant to the Y. M. C. A. following the recent request of that institution for help, and also for a rebate of its taxes. He plans to hold the members of the council responsible if the money is paid without the approval of the taxpayers. The request of the Y. M. C. A. was sent to the finance committee to report on, and that body has made no recommendations yet.

BRANTFORD COAL MEN FORBIDDEN BY MAYOR TO SELL TO FARMERS

Township Clerks Must Take Matter Up With Fuel Controller.

BRANTFORD, April 12.—Mayor MacBride, who has been appointed fuel controller of the city, today issued an ultimatum to the local coal dealers not to sell any coal to the farmers. The clerks of the various township councils have been advised to find out the needs of the rural communities, and advise the civic fuel office.

This action is being taken by the mayor so as to effect an equal distribution all round, and if possible to avoid any recurrence of the stringency of the past winter.

The local dealers have been advised that the new regulations must be lived up to, and that an adequate supply must be secured; otherwise the city will enter into the business. The mayor this week received a permit from Fuel Controller McGrath which will be produced in the argument before the Ontario Railway Board in the application for permission to go into the fuel business.

"I have a big stick, and will only use it if I have to," said the mayor today explaining his local powers. A conference of the local dealers has been called for next week.

The Brantford Equal Franchise Club is forwarding a petition to the Ontario Government that women representatives be placed on the board of censors for moving pictures. A resolution was also passed expressing regret that the bill to permit women to become members of the Legislature was given a six-months' hoist.

CANADIAN CASUALTIES

KILLED IN ACTION

WALLACEBURG.
Flight-Lieut. John A. Gordon.
BRANTFORD.
Pte. Steve Wyman.
Pte. James Cahill.

DIED OF WOUNDS

PALMERSTON.
W. J. Totten.

WOUNDED

HAMILTON.
Co.-Sergt.-Major T. J. Ingham.
WROXETER.
F. A. Westlake.
KITCHENER.
Lieut. R. E. Lawrence.
CHATHAM.
Lieut. W. W. Taylor.
LUCKNOW.
G. Hibben.
FOREST.
O. A. Dew.
PAISLEY.
J. McDonald.
BLENHEIM.
Pte. Percy W. McDougall.
BRANTFORD.
Pte. C. S. Second.
Pte. H. Harris.

PRISONER OF WAR

PARIS.
Flight-Lieut. Wm. Moyle, (formerly missing).

SHELL SHOCK

LONDON.
Lieut. E. B. Westby.

DIED OF PNEUMONIA

LONDON.
Pte. William Cordrey.

Over 110 German Divisions Engaged Since March 21 and Over 30 Thrown Into Battle Two or Three Times.

LONDON, April 12.—Great Britain's armies stand at bay in France and Flanders. After three weeks of a combat which has eclipsed anything that has raged during the four years of warfare Field Marshal Haig has issued a command to his men to hold their ground at whatever cost and fight with the knowledge that their blows are struck "for the safety of their homes and the freedom of mankind."

The end of the first phase of this giant struggle may now be considered as passed. "There must be no retirement," is Haig's admonition, which adds that the British are now fighting "with their backs to the wall." The withdrawal in Picardy was officially reported to have been a part of the Allied strategy, but the period for such tactics seems to have gone into history.

The order issued by the field marshal contains a sentence which may be pregnant with significance. "The French army is moving rapidly and in great force to our support," he said, and this is the first official intimation that the Allies are ready to strike back at the German invaders. This blow may not necessarily fall in Flanders, nor yet in Picardy, but may be accomplished at some part of the line where the generalissimo believes he can cut through the German front and compel the Teutons to relax their pressure against the British.

Allies' Position Strong.

The Allies today stand on a front which has been dented and battered, but which is very strong throughout. Tracing this line from the south it is found to leave the old battle front at Braucourt, west of Laon. From this point it runs to the west, passes south of Coucy-le-Chateau and curves north until it reaches the Oise River, which it follows until it reaches a point south of Noyon. Here the line crosses over some high hills and runs just north of west of Mesnil, west of Montdidier, where it turns to the north. This line is continued as far as Castel, where it turns northeast to Hangard and then by a crooked line through Albert to a point east of Hebuterne. Here the line runs off to the northeast through Bucquoy and Boisleux to Fampoux, east of Arras.

Merville Farthest Point.

At this point it turns north to beyond Lens and then turns sharply to the northwest past Bethune, entering the scene of the most bitter fighting. It continues as far as Merville, which marks the farthest advance of the Germans in their present offensive operation, and then bends to the northeast to Passachendaele, north and east of Ypres. Here it curves to the northwest to Merckem and thence north over the lowlands of Belgium to Nieuport to the sea.

The capture of Merville feature the fighting during the last day, but all along the line from just north of Lens to Hollebeke, southeast of Ypres there have been tremendous attacks which have been met by savage resistance. The hardest fighting along the front seems to have centred about Messines Ridge, for which the Germans and British have struggled hand-to-hand. At last reports the Germans held the eastern half of the ridge, while the British were in control of the western slope.

This sector has seen the only infantry fighting of the past day, but a bombardment of the Braye-Corbie road, south of Albert and north of the Somme, may foreshadow another blow there. Hangard, too, has been heavily shelled by the Germans. On the other fronts reports show only usual trench operations.

TERRIBLE FIGHTING IS REPORTED OFFICIALLY.

LONDON, April 12.—Field Marshal Haig's report from headquarters in France tonight reads:

"Strong pressure has been maintained by the enemy all day south and southwest of Bailleul. Constant attacks in great force were made in this area, and are continuing.

"Our troops have been pushed back slowly in continuous fighting to positions in the neighborhood of the Bailleul railway, where they are heavily engaged with the enemy.

"Sharp fighting occurred also on other parts of the battlefront north of La Bassee Canal and the enemy made slight progress between the Lawe and Clarence Rivers.

Other Positions Maintained.

"At other points our position has been maintained.

"On the remainder of the British front the situation remains unchanged.

"Over 110 German division have been engaged since the morning of March 21, and over 30 of these have been thrown into the battle two or three times."

Today's early official report said that attacking yesterday in the neighborhood of Ploegsteert the Germans pressed back the British to the vicinity of Neuve Eglise.

Last night the Germans captured Merville. Heavy fighting continued in the neighborhood of Merville and Neuf Berquin.

On the remainder of the northern battlefront there was little change. North of Festubert the British regained ground by a counter-attack. On the front between Loisne and the Lawe River German attacks were repulsed.

BERLIN CLAIM 3,000 ARMENTIERES PRISONERS.

BERLIN, via London, April 12.—"Our victorious troops," says the official report from headquarters this evening, "are progressing through the wide Lys plain between Armentieres and Merville.

"Armentieres has fallen. Encircled on the north and south by the troops of Gen. von Berhardt and Gen. von Stetten, and thus deprived of its roads to retreat, the English garrison of 50 officers and 3,000 men laid down its arms after a brave resistance. With them 45 cannon, numerous machine guns, large quantities of ammunition and clothes and other kinds of rich booty fell into our hands.

Merville Captured.

"To the northeast of Armentieres we gained ground, and to the west of the city, after the repulse of a strong counter-attack against Steenwerck, carried out by hastily collected troops, and after a bitter fight for British position No. 4, the troops of Gen. von Stetten and Gen. von Carlowitz drove the enemy back in the direction of Bailleul and Merville. Merville was captured.

"According to information so far received, the total booty captured in the battle of Armentieres amounts to 20,000 prisoners, including one English and one Portuguese general, and more than 200 guns. The conquest of swamped crater fields in and before our positions of departure on April 9 made the greatest demands on troops of all arms in the foremost lines. In their success, the pioneers, equipment troops and railroad divisions have an outstanding share of credit."

PLANE WAS SMASHED

GALT, April 12.—Pilot Dillon of the Royal Flying Corps while landing near Sheffield last evening lost his bearings and his machine was badly damaged by crashing into a telegraph pole. He remained with his plane throughout the night. The machine was taken back to Toronto today.

SLIGHTLY WOUNDED.

BLENHEIM, April 12.—Pte. Percy W. McDougall, who is overseas with the engineers, has been slightly wounded, according to a message received by his brother, Herbert McDougall, of Rondeau, South Harwich.

LT. WALLACE TAYLOR OF KENT BATTALION IS DEAD OF WOUNDS

Popular Young Chatham Officer Recently Won the Military Cross.

CHATHAM, April 12.—Lieut. Wallace Taylor, aged 24, is dead of wounds. An official message to his father, W. J. Taylor of Murray street was received today. He went over with the Kent Battalion and a Military Cross won by him for bravery was sent home a few days ago. The telegram announcing his death came as a great shock, as only yesterday a private message from a friend stated that he was in Liverpool Hospital in France seriously but not dangerously wounded, having gunshot wounds in the neck and right arm. Besides his parents he leaves one brother and one sister.

ALLEGED DEFAULTER IS SENT TO LONDON

PRESTON, April 12.—Harold Bergey arrested as a deserter under the Military Service act was sent to London today under escort. He is a class "A" man and it is alleged absented himself when the Dominion police were looking for him. He returned and was captured while working on the Bernhardt farm. Bergey tried to escape when the officers approached, but they chased him and after they had fired several shots he stopped and gave himself up.

FLIGHT LIEUT. GORDON KILLED IN ACTION.

WALLACEBURG, April 12.—Flight-Lieut. John A Gordon, son of D. A. Gordon has been killed in action. He went overseas with an infantry battalion and won his commission on the field. He was sent to England to take a special course and while there transferred to the air service and soon won the rank of lieutenant. He had been in France for some time. Lieutenant Dudley Gordon, a brother, is also in France.

LIEUT. E. B. WESTBY IS SHELL SHOCKED.

R. H. Westby of 718 Grey street received official word last evening that his son, Lieutenant E. B. Westby of the Royal Horse Artillery was shell shocked on March 22 while fighting in France. He only went to the trenches on March 8. Pte. Richard Westby of the W. O. R. is a brother.

Lieutenant Westby prior to enlisting was a student at the Western University. He went overseas as a private in No. 10 Stationary Hospital, but after reaching England transferred to the Royal Horse Artillery taking an officer's course and qualifying as a lieutenant.

A short time ago while visiting with friends at Oxford he was honored by being made a life-member of the Oxford Union Society of Balliol College.

FLIGHT LIEUT. MOYLE IS HUN PRISONER.

PARIS, April 12.—Flight-Lieut. Wm. Moyle, who was recently reported missing, is a prisoner in Germany, according to word just received. He left here to join the air service before the departure of the 215th Battalion, with which he enlisted when it was formed.

MILITARY CROSS FOR LIEUT. DONALD.

WOODSTOCK, April 12.—Lieutenant Alex Donald, formerly a reporter on the Sentinel-Review, has been awarded the military cross for bravery in leading a raid against a Hun trench. He went over with the 92nd Highlanders from Toronto, and next month will have seen two years' service. Last fall he was wounded in the knee.

Pte. Fred Endall, who some time ago was gassed, is now reported as wounded in the hip. He went over with the machine gun section of the 168th Battalion.

PTE. WILLIAM CORDREY JOINED AT SARNIA.

Word was received Thursday night by Mrs. Long, 204 Adelaide street, that her brother Private William Cordrey, has died of pneumonia in No. 20 General Hospital in France.

Private Cordrey enlisted at Sarnia and was a member of the original First Battalion. He was wounded in the battle of Ypres on June 14, 1916, and returned to England.

He suffered from an attack of pneumonia at Bramshot camp last May and returned to France in November. He leaves a wife and young son in England.

BRANTFORD MEN KILLED IN ACTION.

BRANTFORD, April 12.—Two well-known Brantford men were reported as killed in action today, their relatives here having been advised from Ottawa to that effect. Steve Weyman and James Cahill, both of whom left here with the 125th Battalion, fell in the recent fighting on the western front. C. Secord and H. Harris are reported wounded.

A cablegram today announced that six Brantford subalterns, formerly of the Brant Battalion, had left for France. The party included Lieuts. Duff Slemin, M. Verity, S. Seago, H. Livingston, H. Preston and Waterous.

FOUNDATION IS LAID FOR HOME RULE

Plunkett Pleads Against Further Postponement.

GIVES MAJORITY REPORT

Declares Ulster's Obstinacy Chief Drawback of Convention.

LONDON, April 12.—Ireland has taken a step nearer to home rule. The Irish convention, which met at Dublin for eight months considerng the problems besettng the island, has submitted to the British Parliament a plan which, while not the unanimous decision of the convention, represents a basis for agreement on some of the questions which in the past have prevented all the parties of Ireland from acting in harmony.

The plan calls for an Irish parliament modelled after that of the empire, the authority of which would not be diminished. An executive responsible to it and with full powers over internal legislation, administration and direct taxation, is also provided.

To meet with objections from Unionists, it is agreed that forty per cent representation in the proposed parliament will be guaranteed them by the dominant Nationalists. Provision is also made for extra representation from Ulster. Minority reports were submitted by the Ulster Unionists and the minority faction of the Nationalists.

Gives Majority Report.

The Irish convention failed to agree upon a scheme of self-government for Ireland, but laid a foundation for an agreement "unprecedented in history," Sir George Plunkett, chairman of the convention, says in a letter to the prime minister, transmitting a report of the proceedings of that body.

"A larger measure of agreement has been reached upon the principle and details of Irish self-government," he declares, "than has ever yet been attained." It was not found possible, Sir Horace explains, to overcome the objections of the Ulsterites. The majority of the Nationalists, all southern Unionists, and five out of seven Labor representatives, however, agreed that the scheme set out in the report should be immediately enacted into law.

The difficulties of the convention, says the chairman, may be summed up in two words, "Ulster" and "customs," the latter referring to demand of the Nationalists for unrestricted fiscal powers. To this demand the southern Unionists as well as the Ulster Unionists would not agree, but the southern Unionists and the Nationalists were willing, in order that an Irish parliament be established, to postpone legislative discussion on the question.

Should Be No Delay.

"I recognize," writes Sir Horace, "that action in Parliament on the result of our deliberations must largely depend upon public opinion," adding that "the work of an Irish settlement is now felt to admit of no further postponement. In the dominions and the United States, as well as the other Allied countries, the unsettled Irish question is a disturbing factor both as regard to war effort and peace aims."

The scheme of the majority as described in the chairman's letter, provides for establishment of parliament for the whole of Ireland with an executive representative to it and with full powers of internal legislation, administration and direct taxation. Pending decision of the fiscal question, it is provided that imposition of duties and excise shall remain with the Imperial Parliament, but that the whole of the proceeds of these taxes shall be paid to the Irish exchequer. A joint exchequer board would be set up to determine the Irish true revenue, and Ireland would be represented upon the board of customs and excise of the United Kingdom.

Irish representatives in the Imperial Parliament would be elected by the Irish parliament instead of directly by constituencies.

Senate and Commons.

The Irish Parliament would consist of two houses, a senate of 64 members and a house of commons of 200. The principle underlying the composition of the senate is representation of interests. This would be effected by giving representation to commerce, industry and labor, county councils, churches, learned institutions and peerage.

Sir Horace remarks that in constituting the House of Commons the Nationlists offered to guarantee 40 per cent of its membership to the Unionists. He adds that it was agreed that in the south of Ireland adequate representation for Unionists could only be secured by nomination, but "as Ulster's representatives had informed the convention that as those for whom they spoke could not accept the principal of nomination, provision was made in the scheme for extra representation of Ulster by direct election."

Minority reports were adopted both by Ulster Unionists and minority Nationalists. In legislating the report as adopted by the majority, Sir Horace says:

Takes Slam at Minority.

"The public is thus provided with no majority report in the sense of a reasoned statement in favor of the conclusions upon which the majority are agreed, but it is left to gather from the narrative of the proceedings what the contents of such report would have been. On the other hand, both Ulster Unionists and the minority of Nationlists have presented minority reports covering the whole field of the convention's inquiry. The result of this procedure is to minimize the agreement reached and emphasize the disagreement."

"Neither time nor effort," continues the chairman, "were spared to attain unanimity." "There was, however," he continues, "a portion of Ulster where a majority claimed that if Ireland had the right to separate herself from the rest of the United Kingdom they had the same right to separation from the rest of Ireland. But the time had gone by, when any other section of the Irish people would accept partition of their country even as a temporary expedient. Hence the Ulster Unionist members of the convention remained there only in hope that some form of home rule would be prepared, which might modify the determination of those they represented to have neither part nor lot in an Irish parliament.

Ulster For Partitioning.

"The Nationalists strove to win them by concession, but they found themselves unable to accept any of the schemes discussed and the only scheme of Irish Government they presented to the convention was confined to the exclusion of their entire province.

"Long before the hope of complete unanimity had passed the majority of the convention were considering the possibilities of an agreement between the Nationalists and southern Unionists."

Lord Middleton was the first to make a concrete proposal to this end. The report shows that in November he outlined to the grand committee, and in December brought before the convention what looked like a workable compromise. It accepted self-government for Ireland. In return for special minority representation in the Irish Parliament, already conceded by Irish Nationalists, it offered to that parliament complete power over internal legislation and administration, and in matters of finance over direct taxation and excise. But although they agreed that customs revenue should be paid into the Irish exchequer, the southern Unionists insisted upon reservation to the Imperial Parliament of power to fix rates of custom duties. By far the greater of our time was occupied by this one question—whether imposition of customs duties should or should not be under control of the Irish Parliament. The difficulties of the Irish convention may be summed up in two words, "Ulster" and "customs."

The Fiscal Difficulty.

Remarking that "Ulster difficulty the whole world knows," Sir Horace goes on to explain the fiscal difficulty. He says that since the geographical position of Ireland "imposes obvious restrictions in respect of naval and military affairs," the Nationalists, seeking a government for Ireland resembling, as closely as possible, that of the other British dominions, concentrated their claim for home rule upon a demand for unrestricted fiscal powers.

"Without separate customs and excise Ireland would, according to this view, fail to attain a national status like that enjoyed by the dominions," the chairman continues. "The Nationalists were prepared to agree to free trade with England, but both the southern Unionists and the Ulster Unionists were apprehensive that a separate system of customs control, however guarded, might impair the authority of the United Kingdom over its external trade policy. Neither could they consent to any settlement which was in their judgment incompatible with Ireland's full participation in a scheme of the United Kingdom's federation, should that come to pass."

As far as the Nationalists and the southern Unionists were concerned, "neither side was willing to surrender principle, but both sides were willing, in order that a parliament might immediately be established, to postpone legislation decision upon ultimate control of customs and excise. At the same time each party has put on record in separate notes, subjoined to the report, its claim respecting final settlement of this question. Decision having been reached on the cardinal issue, the majority of the convention carried the series of resolutions which together form a complete scheme of self-government."

"Is it too much to hope," Sir Horace asks in conclusion, "that the scheme embodying the agreement will forthwith be brought to fruition by those to whose call the Irish convention has now responded?"

The Majority Report.

The scheme mentioned by Sir Horace Plunkett as meeting the approval of a majority of the delegates is set forth in paragraph 42 of the report under the title, "Statement of Conclusions," summed up as follows:

"Section 1—The Irish Parliament to consist of the King, Senate and House of Commons. Notwithstanding the establishment of an Irish parliament, the supreme power and authority of the Parliament of the United Kingdom shall remain unaffected and undiminished over all persons, matters and things in Ireland and every part thereof. (Carried by 51 to 18.)

"Section 2—The Irish Parliament to have general powers to make laws for peace, order, and the good government of Ireland. (Carried 51 to 19.)

"Section 3—The Irish Parliament to have no power to make laws on the following: Crown and succession, the making of peace and war, army and navy, treaties and foreign relations, dignities and titles of honor, necessary control of harbors for naval and military purposes, coinage and weights and measures, copyrights and patents. The Imperial and Irish Government shall jointly arrange, subject to imperial exigencies, for the unified control of the Irish police and postal services during the war, provided that as son as possible after the cessation of hostilities the administration of these two services shall become subject to the Irish Parliament. (Carried 49 to 16.)

No Church Interferences.

"Section 4—Restriction of the power of the Irish Parliament; prohibition of laws interfering with religious equality; a special provision protecting the position of Freemasons; a safeguard for Trinity College and Queen's University; money bills to be founded only on a vice-regal message; privileges and qualifications of the members of the Irish Parliament to be limited as in the act of 1914; rights of existing Irish officers to be safeguarded. (Carried 46 to 15.)

"Section 5—Constitutional amendments as in the act of 1914. (Carried 46 to 15.)

"Section 6—The executive power in Ireland to continue to be vested in the King, exercisable through the lord-lieutenant on the advice of an Irish executive committee, as in the act of 1914. (Carried, 45 to 15.)

"Section 7—Dissolution of the Irish Parliament, as in the act of 1914. (Carried, 45 to 15.)

"Section 8—Royal assent to bills, as in the act of 1914. (Carried, 45 to 15.)

"Section 9—Constitution of the Senate as follows: One lord chancellor; four bishops of the Roman Catholic church; two bishops of the Church of Ireland; one representative of the general assembly; three lord mayors, of Dublin, Belfast and Cork; fifteen peers resident in Ireland, elected by peers resident in Ireland; eleven persons nominated by the lord-lieutenant; fifteen representatives of commerce and industry; four representatives of Labor, one for each province; eight representatives of county councils, two for each province. Total. 64. (Carried, 48 to 19.)

Constitution of Commons.

"Section 10—Constitution of the House of Commons. The ordinary elected members shall number 160. The University of Dublin, the University of Belfast and the National University shall each have two members, elected by graduates. Special representation shall be given to urban and industrial areas by grouping the smaller towns and applying to them a lower electoral quota than the rest of the country. The principle of proportional representation shall be observed wherever a constituency returns two or three members.

"Forty per cent of the membership in the House of Commons shall be guaranteed to the Unionists, and, in pursuance of this, twenty members shall be nominated by the lord-lieutenant, with a view to due representation of interests not otherwise properly represented in the provinces of Leinster, Munster and Connaught, and twenty additional members shall be represented by Ulster to represent commercial, industrial and agricultural interests, the nominated members to disappear in whole, or in part, after fifteen years. Extra Ulster representation is not to cease except on the decision of a three-fourths majority of both Houses sitting together. The House of Commons shall continue for five years unless previously dissolved. (Carried, 45 to 20.)

The Voting of Money.

"Section 11—Money bills to originate only in the House of Commons, and not amendable by the Senate. (Carried 45 to 22.)

"Section 12—Disagreement between the Houses to be solved by a joint sitting. (Carried 45 to 22.)

"Section 13—Representation in the British Parliament to continue; Irish representatives to have the right to deliberate and vote on all matters. Forty-two Irish representatives shall be elected to the British House of Commons. Irish representation in the British House of Lords to continue as at present until that chamber is remodelled, when that matter shall be reconsidered. (Carried, 44 to 22.)

"Section 14—Finance. Irish exchequer and consolidated fund to be established; an Irish controller and auditor-general to be appointed, as in act of 1914. If necessary it should be declared that all taxes at present leviable in Ireland should continue to be levied and collected until the Irish Parliament otherwise decides. Necessary adjustments of revenue between Ireland and Great Britain during the transition should be made. (Carried, 51 to 18.)

Control of Customs.

"Section 15—Control of customs and excise by the Irish Parliament to be postponed for further consideration until after the war, provided that that question shall be considered and decided by the United Kingdom Parliament within seven years after the conclusion of peace. Until the question of the ultimate control of Irish customs and excise shall be decided, the United Kingdom's board of customs and excise shall include persons nominated by the Irish treasury. A joint exchequer board, consisting of two members nominated by the imperial treasury and two nominated by the Irish treasury, with a chairman appointed by the King, shall be set up to determine the true income of Ireland. Until the question of the ultimate control of the Irish customs and excise shall be decided the revenue due to Ireland as determined by the joint exchequer board shall be paid into the Irish exchequer. All branches of taxation other than customs and excise shall be under control of the Irish Parliament. (Carried, 38 to 30.)

Imperial Contributions.

"Section 16—The principle of imperial contributions is approved. (Carried unanimously.)

"Section 17—Accepts the report of the sub-committee on land purchases. (Carried unanimously.)

"Section 18—Deals with the judicial power, similarly to the act of 1914. (Carried, 43 to 17.)

"Section 19—The lord-lieutenant shall not be a political officer. He shall hold office six years; neither he nor the lords nor justices shall be subjected to any religious disqualification. His salary shall be sufficient to throw the post open to men of moderate means. (Carried, 43 to 17.)

"Section 20—A civil service commission consisting of representatives of the Irish universities shall formulate a scheme of competitive examinations for admission to the public service, and nobody shall be admitted to such service unless he holds civil service commission certificates. A scheme of appointments and salaries shall be prepared by a special commission, and no appointments and salaries shall be prepared by a special commission, and no appointments shall be made until the scheme of this commission has been approved. (Carried, 42 to 18.)

Report Carried, 44 to 29.

"Section 21—The Irish Government, if desired, may defer taking over the departments of old age pensions, national insurance, labor exchanges, postal savings banks, and friendly societies. (Carried, 43 to 18.)"

The concluding paragraph, submitting the report to the Imperial Government, was carried, 42 to 35. The whole report was carried, 44 to 29.

AGED MOTHER AND HER SON HONORED

CAMLACHIE, April 12.—Pte. Wm. Houghton, who recently returned from overseas, was the guest of honor at a banquet held to welcome him in the K. O. T. M. hall on Wednesday evening. The banquet was prepared by the women of the district, and the hall was packed to capacity, the residents of the sixth line, (Pte. Houghton's home), turning out en masse. S. W. Trusler was chairman, and during the evening Pte. Houghton was presented with a handsome leather covered easy-chair and a gold headed cane. [illegible] presentation [illegible] feature of the gathering was the presentation [illegible] mother [illegible] umbrella [illegible] her [illegible] vice of the king.

Labatt's
Old Reputation—New Brew

THE flavor and quality of Labatt's brews have been established and maintained for more than three-quarters of a century by exact and painstaking methods in malting the grain, by which the exact degree of germination is infallibly obtained.

And scientific brewing methods have made Labatt's the standard of quality.

Every one of these methods is used to produce *Old London Brew*, Labatt's new drink with the old quality, which will be on sale at Easter time.

Old London Brew

JOHN LABATT, Limited, Brewing Since 1832

LONDON, Ont., and No. 4 St. Helen St., MONTREAL

Every Picture tells a Real Story

Repair Directory

LOOK down this list and have that repair work done NOW. Every ad. represents the best of workmanship and years of experience. Keep this directory. It's a money-saver.

J. FRAUMENI, Tailor
London Garment Care
We call for and deliver work. Cleaning, pressing and repairing. Only place in London where the repairing is done by expert tailors. Give us a trial.
SOUTHEAST CORNER WATERLOO AND DUNDAS STREETS.
PHONE 4890.
Why Don't You Try Us?
We are the most reasonable-priced tailors in the city. ALL WORK GUARANTEED.
PHONE 4890.

Save the Pieces!
Bring your broken lenses to us. We grind our own lenses, and can duplicate any lens on short notice.
Carlyle Trebilcock
Optician,
33 Dundas Street. Phone 2351.

WM. M. PATTEN
HIGH-GRADE FURNITURE.
Fine upholstering and repairing.
Fine Couches a Specialty.
247½ DUNDAS STREET.
Phone 1688.

THOMPSON
PHONE 1856.
Trunk and Leather Goods manufacturing and repairing. Commercial work a specialty.
70 Carling Street

Expert General Machinists
Machinery of all kinds thoroughly repaired and overhauled by experienced machinists.
Bexton & Carson
REAR OF 187 QUEEN'S AVE
PHONE 3079.

Accurate Watch Repairs
AT MODERATE PRICES.
John S. Barnard
Jeweler and Optician,
194 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON

Oxy-Acetylene Welding
We weld cast iron, auto parts, machinery, etc.
Dennis Wire and Iron Works
FOOT OF DUNDAS STREET.
PHONE 3601.

NORDHEIMER'S
REPAIR DEPARTMENT.
Pianos tuned, repaired and refinished. We can make your old piano look like new. Phone 1392 for estimate on work.
227 DUNDAS STREET.

SOONER OR LATER
your battery will wear out, even with the best of care. When you need a new battery remember, there is a Prest-O-Lite Battery of correct size for your car, a battery designed and built to give you the utmost in power, service and value.
LONDON BATTERY REPAIR CO.
339 Talbot St. Phone 6151.

MILLINERY ECONOMY Worth While
You can freshen up your Old Straw Hats, or give them a new color if you desire, and re-color with "DY-O-LA" STRAW HAT COLOR. Purple, Black, Blue, Navy Blue, Tan, Brown, Green, Cardinal, and Purple. Handy little brush with every bottle. Perfectly simple, dries in 30 minutes. TRY IT.
ASK your Druggist or Dealer for
DY-O-LA
Straw Hat Color

It's New!

The Arch Preserver Shoe

Save the feet. It pays in the long run. Step in and try a pair on. You won't be urged to buy.

Cook's Shoe Store

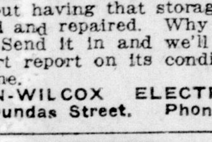
Big Shipment of Fresh Lake Erie Fish Just Arrived.
HERRINGS, PICKEREL, PERCH.
ORDER EARLY TONIGHT.
WILSON'S Phones 5600-5601.

Shell Glasses

Are both stylish and comfortable. We have them in a variety of new shapes at very moderate prices.

JOHN S. BARNARD
Optician.
194 DUNDAS STREET. yt

HOW ABOUT IT!
We have been warning you for some time about having that storage battery inspected and repaired. Why not do it today? Send it in and we'll give you an expert report on its condition in a short time.
BENSON-WILCOX ELECTRIC CO.
264 Dundas Street. Phone 2671.



For $1.00

Any article in our north window and on special table, main floor, for $1.00.

C. H. WARD & CO.
Diamond Merchants and Jewelers.
386 Richmond St. Phone 1084.

Highest Market Prices Paid for
RAW FURS
ROSS', Ltd.
London, Ontario
ywt-April 20

EVERYTHING ELECTRICAL
Consult us about your Electrical Supplies. We carry a complete stock. Estimates given on wiring contracts.
Western Ontario Electric Co.
237 Dundas Street. Phone 4071.
A. T. TAYLOR. E. L. CAMPBELL

Reliance Garage
Service Station

Taylor's 6 Cut-Rate Drug Stores
Agents for Vinol
The Great Cod Liver Oil and Iron Tonic.
t

We do MORE than make glasses. We design glasses so that each pair differs in accordance to the facial expression of the person who wears them. Our glasses are not only good to look through—they are becoming, good to look at.

Carlyle TREBILCOCK
OPTICIAN
233 Dundas Street, Two Doors East of Majestic. Phone 2351.

Give Us One Trial
on that pair of shoes you need repaired. Will call for them and guarantee satisfaction.
MODERN SHOE REPAIR COMPANY,
PHONE 3310.
yt

Our RETREADING is QUALITY Work, Not the Average.
London Tire Repair Depot
354 Wellington Street. Phone 2334.
A. WILKES. Opp. McClary's.
ywt

We Are Now
Retreading, double-treading and rebuilding tires.
GET IN EARLY.
London's Rubber Man
346-8 Dundas St.
Phone 5124.

BROCKMAN.

The London Loan and Savings Company of Canada

INTEREST RATES ALLOWED
In Savings Bank 4 Per Cent
Debentures 5 to 5½ Per Cent
M. J. KENT, Manager.

Children's and Girls'
NEW HATS
BELTZ & CO.
ywt

BECAUSE its texture is so fine.
BECAUSE it is made of best body-building ingredients.
BECAUSE it is made of standard flour.
BECAUSE it goes farther.

Parnell's Bread

Fills all the requirements of the Government and helps you to

Conserve

food easily. By conserving food you are helping win the war. Every ounce you save means an extra ounce for the Allies, who need it. "Do your bit"—Save.

Order a Trial Loaf of Parnell's Today!

YOU'LL BE PLEASED.

Parnell
The Breadman
PHONES 929, 1390.

Johnston Bros.
XXX Bread
is baked with all the skill and care known to the baking craft. The flavor is so deliciously different that you will like it from the first bite to the last crumb. Your grocer sells it.
JOHNSTON BROS.
Phone 944.

Ladies' Gold-Filled Wrist Watches

We are now showing something a little better than the ordinary Wrist Watch, at $15.00. It is a dandy timekeeper. Something you can absolutely rely on; in a gold-filled case, with a gold-filled extension watch bracelet.

This is exceptionally good value, and we would be pleased to have you drop in and see it at any time.

QUALITY AND SERVICE.
YOUNG'S
TWO STORES.
170 Dundas St. 674 Dundas St.

AFTER A BATTLE
the victorious army is in no better physical shape than the beaten army. The difference is in morale. Advertising—in business—indicates morale. Further, it PAYS.
Federal Advertising Agency
T. H. YULL, MGR.
Dominion Savings Building,
LONDON, CANADA.
tf-ywt

ALLIES BEATEN ON FOOD ISSUE UP TO PRESENT

Hon. Everett Colby Vividly Explains Situation to Londoners.

SITUATION IS ALARMING

Well-Fed People Here Do Not Realize Conditions "Over There."

"As you sit here tonight, we are beaten on the food issue. If we keep on doing as we have been doing here, they are going to lose the war over there. They can't fight without food. I am not speaking on my own responsibility. This is the message I have brought back from Lord Rhondda, from the French food commissioner, and from the French prime minister."

Much as London people have read and heard of the food situation in the past couple of years, it took such a statement as the foregoing and others equally startling and gripping in the address delivered by Hon. Everett Colby, a member of the food commission of the United States, delivered last evening in the Y. M. C. A. Auditorium under the auspices of the Women's Canadian Club, to arouse some hundreds of the citizens to the point of asking the Government to prohibit the use of wheat, beef and pork.

People Are Willing.

Since these are the three essential foods asked from Canada and the United States, the audience in the resolution moved by Mrs. H. W. Hill and seconded by President E. E. Braithwaite of the Western University gave its whole-hearted assent and pledge to the closing appeal of the speaker.

"The situation is alarmingly acute. Begin tomorrow to deny yourself something. Try to deny yourself something every meal, so that when the final command comes, 'Over the top, my lads,' they will have the muscle and power to drive the Robber Emperor from his throne and free the world forever from the power and curse of the Hun."

Returning recently to this continent from England and France, where he was sent with a commission of six by the American food administrator to thoroughly investigate the food situation and come back and report to this continent conditions exactly as they are, Mr. Colby spoke with the profound conviction and convincing power of a man who knew absolutely whereof he talked, and whose heart had been deeply stirred by what he had seen and learned.

Visited Vimy.

"Only a few weeks ago," he said, "I stood by the cross on Vimy Ridge which marks the spot where so many of your brave Canadians have fallen. Probably you know that the engineers worked nine months tunneling to lay mines under the German trenches. When they had reached 50 to 60 feet from the end they came upon a trench in which the Germans had buried their dead. To fail to go on was to lose the nine months' work. They put on their gas masks and bored through 50 or 60 feet of putrefaction.

"And there are people back here who don't like to have their homes disorganized or to substitute other cereals for wheat! I tell you, if you are eating white bread you are not standing behind your men at Vimy Ridge. You have 10,000,000 bushels of wheat to carry you over to the next harvest, and your normal consumption is 17,000,000 bushels.

"I wonder if anybody here tonight is eating white bread made from wheat flour. If you are, you ought to go to a hospital in Calais and see what the men are standing there. You wouldn't eat another morsel. I have seen a lad carried around in a sack because his arms and legs were gone.

Some Grumblers.

"Yet some women in the United States grumble at the fifty-fifty rule we have there regarding the bread. If those men are willing to give so much, can't we do the part that is asked of us? You have been asked to give bread. What is the difference between your taking bread, and a soldier failing to obey an order from General Haig? The soldier would be taken out and shot if he failed to obey an order which probably would mean the loss of many lives.

"The trouble with you here is that you have never heard the cry of a hungry child. We have never heard it over in our country because we have had so much food and been so comfortable. I was in India at the time of the famine and I looked into the eyes of a starving child and heard its cry. I can never forget it. That cry bores into the brain like an auger, in nine months if you keep on eating as you are doing now, you will hear the cry of starving children coming across the Atlantic.

Wheat Used Up.

"The 1st of January we used up the last bushel of surplus wheat in the Unitel States. I was with Lord Rhondda when the message came from Mr. Hoover that he couldn't supply the wheat because it had been used up. Lord Rhondda was so nice about it, though there was much that might have been said. For three years we had been making money out of the war in the United States. We had been asked to send food, and that was the situation which took the crimp out of the soldiers after eight months campaigning. I met young Victor Hugo, grandson of Victor Hugo the writer over in France. He told me his regiment had mutinied when they heard the way the United States was acting. We had been asked to send aeroplanes, men, munitions and food. And we had failed. We had the men, but we couldn't get them across as we wanted to. Colonel Hugo's men said, "we will fight with the Sammies, because we believe they are brave and can fight, but, by God, we won't starve with them, while the people over there have got food and won't send it."

Going To Make Good.

Bread in France is an institution. Take from the Frenchman his bread and it brings him back to the time of the revolution and revolt. Three weeks ago in the United States we were 48,000,000 bushels of wheat below our pledge. But they are going to make good over in my country. They are bracing up splendidly. They are not yellow, just thoughtless. They just didn't know we had a war on. All we had to do was to tell the people.

Out in Omaha, we told them that every time they took pork they were stretching a hand over and taking it from the plate of a Canadian soldier. Omaha won't touch pork. We have got our sleeves rolled up now. Nobody realizes better than I do that we should have been in line three years ago, and there are few people in our country who do not feel that way about it now I am not making excuses. But 25 per cent of our people have come to us within the past 25 years, and in consequence it is more difficult to mould public opinion there quickly than it is here.

Taught Children.

The children in the schools for generations have been taught that the United States should never interfere with the internal affairs of European countries. It took time to teach that the war is a war of civilization. But, now that we are in, every drop of our blood is pledged to win the war, every stick of our wood, every ton of our ore. Give us a few months and see what weight we can put into the war."

Referring to the atrocities of the enemy, of which he had convincing proof as an eye witness overseas and in the reports made by German officers in script which had come under his personal observation, Mr. Colby said, "I would not listen to the stories of German atrocities before. On the way over, I asked that the others should not speak of them. I had lived in Germany and was very fond of the family with whom I lived. The first night we were in London there was an air raid. Next morning when I saw a little boy with his face bandaged and the blood pouring down from it, in my heart for the first time there was awakened the war hate of the boche.

All Are Helping.

"Over on the other side, everybody is in this war, the men, women and children. In France, the children wear their gas masks to school. A bomb dropping on a school has killed 40 children. There is not another army officer in any other army in the world but the German that would fire on women and children. Every sporting instinct has disappeared. According to rule 57, the German officer must keep each day an exact record of what has been done during the day, with names and places. Such records in German script came under my observation. One officer told of hanging three women to a tree; others of consigning women to the flames. Some had the decency to put at the end of their reports, "How long will I be called upon to obey such orders and to teach my men to be murderers and thieves?"

"The food situation in France is pathetic. Failure to send feed grains will mean meat famine in three months. In France, they have sent the tubercular men and the cripples to the trenches. The women are doing the plowing and all the work. If we do not send the food needed, there will be a frightful collapse. A Frenchwoman who had sent five boys to the war was burying the fourth when word came to her of the death of the fifth. All she did was to lift her head and say: "Vive la France." Then we came home and found some women grumbling about food regulations!

"It isn't enough that you live up to the regulations, you who appreciate the need of them. You must do more than your bit, because there are others, thoughtless and selfish who will break the regulations.

Cannot Forget.

"I am glad to be here tonight to pay my tribute of affection and respect to Canada, and to her troops of the line. How do you suppose we feel over in my country? For three years your men in the line were keeping the Hun from our throats. We can never forget."

Adding to the interest of Mr. Colby's address and by no means detracting from the weight of conviction it carried were many amusing anecdotes and incidents which the speaker had come across overseas.

Mrs. Donald McLean, president of the Women's Canadian Club, presided, Sir George Gibbons introducing the speaker. Mrs. David Williams, convener of the local food conservation committee, spoke briefly. A much-appreciated feature of the program was the singing of a couple of numbers by Pte. Johns, Mr. Jordan playing the accompaniments.

Rowat's COFFEE
Pleases People Who Are Particular.
50c per pound
T. A. ROWAT & CO.
250 Dundas St.
Phones 3051-3052.

PRICE FOR HEATING CENTRAL FIRE HALL IS ALMOST DOUBLED

Helena Company Notifies City of Change.

The Helena Power Company, which has the contract for heating the central fire hall, has notified the city that its charge in the future for this task will be about double.

"Why?" asked Controller Moore at the board of control meeting on Friday. The price of coal has not gone up that much.

It was intimated that the Helena company's coal is now costing it $8. Controller Moore said he could get it for $6. It is understood that the Helena proposal is that the rate be not fixed, but that it be regulated by the cost of coal. When coal goes up, so does the price. When it drops so does the price.

Controller Moore suggested that Building Inspector Piper look into the matter. He said he was favorable to a fair price, but wanted to know its basis.

It was decided to issue $15,000 sewerage debentures, approved in the city of London bill, for ten years at 6 per cent.

Frank Hughes of the city treasurer's office tendered his resignation. He is going into a bank.

Col. H. Merritt's proposal to have the city donate an areoplane was given short shift. The city once donated for machine guns. This is still fresh in the controllers' memory. It is a matter for the Government, was the decision.

The dismissal of Paving Superintendent Hunter is back in the hands of the engineer. Friday the board of control sent the matter to him for a report. He will also decide if Assistant Janitor Brazier is to get more than $15 a week wages.

LEAGUE CUP PRESENTED TO THE WINNING TEAM

A dance held last evening in the Western University gym was the grand finale of events connected with the Western University basketball league. Mrs. Rose, president of the league committee, Miss Mona Fitzgerald, secretary, and a representative from each of the clubs were responsible for the arrangements of the dance. The gym was prettily decorated with Chinese lanterns and pennants, and the music furnished by the Lombardo Orchestra. The league cup presented by the Western University was handed over last night by Dr. Crane to the St. James team, the winners for this year. This team also won the cup in 1916. Each of the girls on the winning team was presented with a pin. After a most enjoyable evening spent in dancing, the party broke up.

WILL GIVE $10,000 FOR PATRIOTIC FUND

The advance subscriptions for the approaching big campaign on behalf of patriotic, Red Cross and other war funds were swelled by the decision of the directors of the Huron & Erie Mortgage Corporation and the Canada Trust Company at their last meeting to denote $10,000, for these funds on behalf of their head office and branches.

WEDDING BELLS

CAMPBELL—REOCH.

The home of James Reoch, North Bruce, was the scene of a pretty wedding Wednesday, when his daughter, Nellie B., was united in marriage to Duncan E. Campbell of Port Elgin. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. R. Mann of Port Elgin, in the presence of the immediate relatives. The bride was married in her traveling suit of nigger brown French serge, and was unattended. A short honeymoon will be spent in Toronto and Guelph, after which they will be at home to their friends on May 15.

VETERAN OF YPRES HAS LEG FRACTURED

CARGILL, April 12.—Pte. William Barry, who had his leg broken while working for the C. N. R. in Northern Ontario recently, has been brought to his home near Dunkeld. In the battle of Ypres in April, 1915, he had his other leg shattered, and was also gassed. He enlisted at the commencement of the war with the 48th Highlanders.

MUSKOKA LAKES.

The Grand Trunk Railway have just issued a very handsome and interesting publication on the Muskoka Lakes. The descriptive matter is concise and to the point, and is enhanced with illustrations made from direct photographs. There is also a very complete and intelligible map inserted in the publication, together with information as to how to reach Muskoka, and list of hotels with their rates for the season of 1918. A copy may be had on application to Mr. C. E. Horning, Union Station, Toronto.
b

A Genuine Rupture Cure Sent On Trial To Prove It

Don't Wear a Truss Any Longer

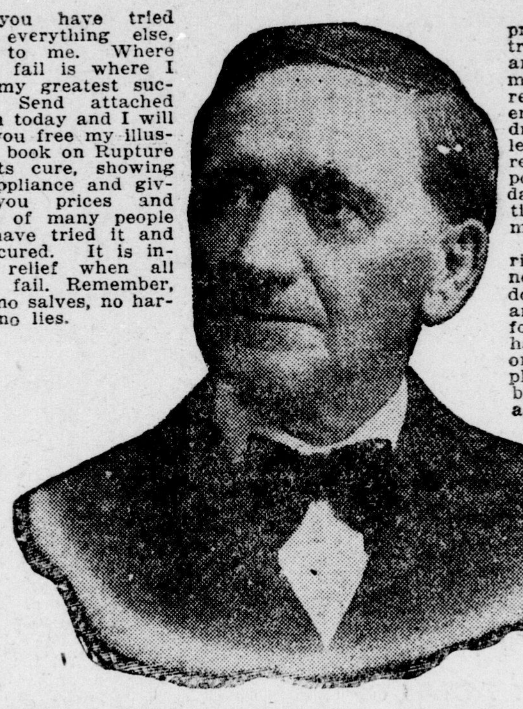
Even Soldiers From the Trenches of Europe Write To Tell How the Wonderful Brooks Appliance Cured Their Ruptures, Sound and Well. Sent on Trial To Prove It.

From the battle front in Europe comes a letter written by Private John Carter, whose home address is No. 2 Shaw View, Flixton, telling of his complete cure of rupture from wearing the Brooks Appliance.

April 18, 1915.
C. E. Brooks.
Dear Sir:
I received your letter by first post this morning I beg to thank you for your Appliance, which was instrumental in the way it cured me of my rupture. I have now been in Kitchener's army seven months, and I have gone through all the training, and I have never felt anything and not had the slightest trouble. I remember when I passed the doctor he remarked: "There is nothing wrong with you, young man; you are in the best condition," and he sounded me all over, and I again thank you for the same, and I give my consent to use my letter as a testimonial to anyone, as I have been cured. Hoping you and your firm much success,

Yours truly,
Private John Carter

If you have tried most everything else, come to me. Where others fail is where I have my greatest success. Send attached coupon today and I will send you free my illustrated book on Rupture and its cure, showing my Appliance and giving you prices and names of many people who have tried it and were cured. It is instant relief when all others fail. Remember, I use no salves, no harness, no lies.



The above is C. E. Brooks, inventor of the Appliance, who cured himself and who is now giving others the bene fit of his experience. If ruptured, write him today, at Marshall, Michigan.

I send on trial to prove what I say is true. You are the judge, and once having seen my illustrated book and read it you will be as enthusiastic as my hundreds of patients whose letters you can also read. Fill out free coupon below and mail today. It's well worth your time whether you try my Appliance or not.

Make up your mind right now that you will never pay out another dollar for trusses. They are expensive, uncomfortable and actually harmful. 9nd when you once try a Brooks Appliance you could never be persuaded to ever again wear a truss.

And here is a letter from a mother who is thankful because a Brooks Appliance cured her boy so he could go out and serve his country.

2 Orchard Road,
Richmond,
Surrey
April 11, 1915.
Mr. C. E. Brooks:
Dear Sir:
A line to thank you for what your Appliance has done for my son. After wearing it from December to the following September I can say he is quite cured, and is now serving his country in France at his own trade, a shoeing smith. You can make what use you like of these, my thanks.

I am, yours,
Mrs. E. Whibble

Wouldn't Take $100 for Appliance.

Cranworth, Ont.

Dear Mr. Brooks,—I am pleased to write you and let you know what your Appliance has done for me. I think I am all right now, as I have not seen the first sign of it since last fall. I can now run, jump and lift all I like, and I would not take $100 for it if I could not get another. I do not wear it except when at hard work. Your Appliance is just as good as ever. You can use this letter as you like for the benefit of others.

Yours sincerely,
GEO. KENNEDY.

REMEMBER

I send my Appliance on trial to prove what I say is true. You are to be the judge. Fill out free coupon herewith and mail today.

Rupture Thoroughly Healed.

Ingersoll, Ont., Feb. 6, 1914.
Mr. C. E. Brooks:
Perhaps you will be interested in hearing what your Appliance has done for me. I know without doubt that my rupture has thoroughly healed after a term of sixteen years suffering, and I attribute my restored and healed condition to the wearing of your Appliance, which held the bowel firmly and painlessly during the healing process. I have not worn it for months—neither do I feel in need of it.

Yours truly,
F. C. NOXON.

Ruptured 22 Years; Now Cured.

East Sherbrooke, Que., Jan. 27, 1914.
Mr. C. E. Brooks:
Dear Sir,—I am very glad to hear from you, and happy to be able to tell you that my rupture was cured some time ago by your Appliance. I now need no truss after twenty-two years of torture.

Yours truly,
G. E. LEMAY.

Cured Me Completely.

Perth Centre, N.B., April 26, 1914.
Mr. C. E. Brooks:
Dear Sir,—I received your letter regarding the Appliance you sent me. It was a complete success, and now don't know that I ever had a rupture. It has cured me completely and I thank you very much for it.

Very truly yours,
REV. H. A. SISSON.

Child Cured in Three Months.

Brantford, Ont., Feb. 19, 1914.
11 Richardson St.
Mr. C. E. Brooks, Marshall, Mich.:
Dear Mr. Brooks,—Just a line to let you know your Appliance has completely cured our little boy and we are very well pleased with it. We had it on him for about three months, and since he has had it off the rupture has not showed at all.

Yours truly,
MRS. G. SUDDABY.

FREE INFORMATION COUPON

MR. C. E. BROOKS,
953D, State St., Marshall, Michigan, U. S. A.

Please send me my mail, in plain wrapper, your illustrated book and full information about your Appliance for the cure of rupture.

Name ....
Address ....
City or Town .... Province ....

VICTIM OF PNEUMONIA.

ST. THOMAS, April 12.—George Hickson, aged 52, died today at the home of his sister, Mrs. George Freeman, 8 Crocker avenue, after a short illness with pneumonia. He was employed at the Canada Iron Works. Ernest of this city and Lawrence, who lives near Toronto, are sons. The funeral will be held on Sunday.

IT COSTS A LOT TO LIVE

But don't let the matter of expense keep you from having your eyes cared for. Sight is more important to you than clothing, food, or anything else. Also you'll find our prices decidedly reasonable. The Brown Optical Company, Specialists, 233 Dundas street. Phone 1877. ywt

The High Cost of "Going Out"

You know full well that "going out" for pleasure and entertainment is an expensive matter. You owe it to your own pocketbook to compare the high cost of going out with our convenient pay-as-you-enjoy terms on Victrolas. We can suit you in a Victrola, $27.50 to $285.00—terms so easy you'll never miss the money.

Victrolas Make Homes Attractive

"THE HOME OF THE VICTROLA" EVERY STYLE—EVERY PRICE
AND THOUSANDS OF RECORDS FOR YOU TO SELECT FROM.

Mason & Risch—Limited

248 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.
STRATFORD BRANCH: 119 ONTARIO.

HONOR THE BOY

WHO HONORED YOU—HANG A SERVICE FLAG IN YOUR WINDOW.

To Show That Some Member of Your Family Is Doing His "Bit" in Defense of the Country.

A leaf for every member of the household in uniform. Price of flags, with one leaf, 75c. Extra leaves, 5c each.

Out-of-town societies, churches and patriotic organizations write for special terms.

The Service Flag Company

P.O. BOX 526, LONDON, ONT.

ENEMY PREPARES FOR NAVAL CLASH

GENEVA, April 12.—Greatest activity reigns at German naval bases, especially at Kiel. Coal and ammunition are being shipped to the fleet in large quantities, according to information received here this morning from a reliable neutral source. German naval contingents, with heavy guns, were recently recalled from the western front to join the fleets and were replaced by Austrian artillery manned by land forces.

Indications are that a naval raid of great magnitude is about to be attempted.

ROSS' LIMITED

S. O. S. (Save Our Supplies) means help to win the war.

Buying garments direct from the maker means saving middleman's profits. From maker to wearer direct is our method of doing business.

Garments made by us are guaranteed correct in style, durable in wear and unexcelled in value.

SUITS

Just Out From Our Factory

In High-Class All-Wool Poplins, Gabardines, Serges, Poiret Twills and Tricotines, in sand, navy, green, taupe, nigger, copen and black.
PRICES $22.00, $26.00, $29.50, $30.00, $31.00, $32.00, $34.00, $35.00, $36.50, $37.00, $40.00 and $45.00.

COATS

Soft American All-Wool Velours, Poplins, Gabardines, Serges, Tweeds, Burella Cloths, Coverts and Silvertones, in all the newest colors.
PRICES $13.50, $18.00, $21.00, $22.50, $26.00, $31.00, $35.00, $37.00, $40.00.

NEW BLOUSES

Are daily being placed on sale, in the very newest models ....98c to $8.50

LATEST IN NECKWEAR, GLOVES AND HOSIERY.

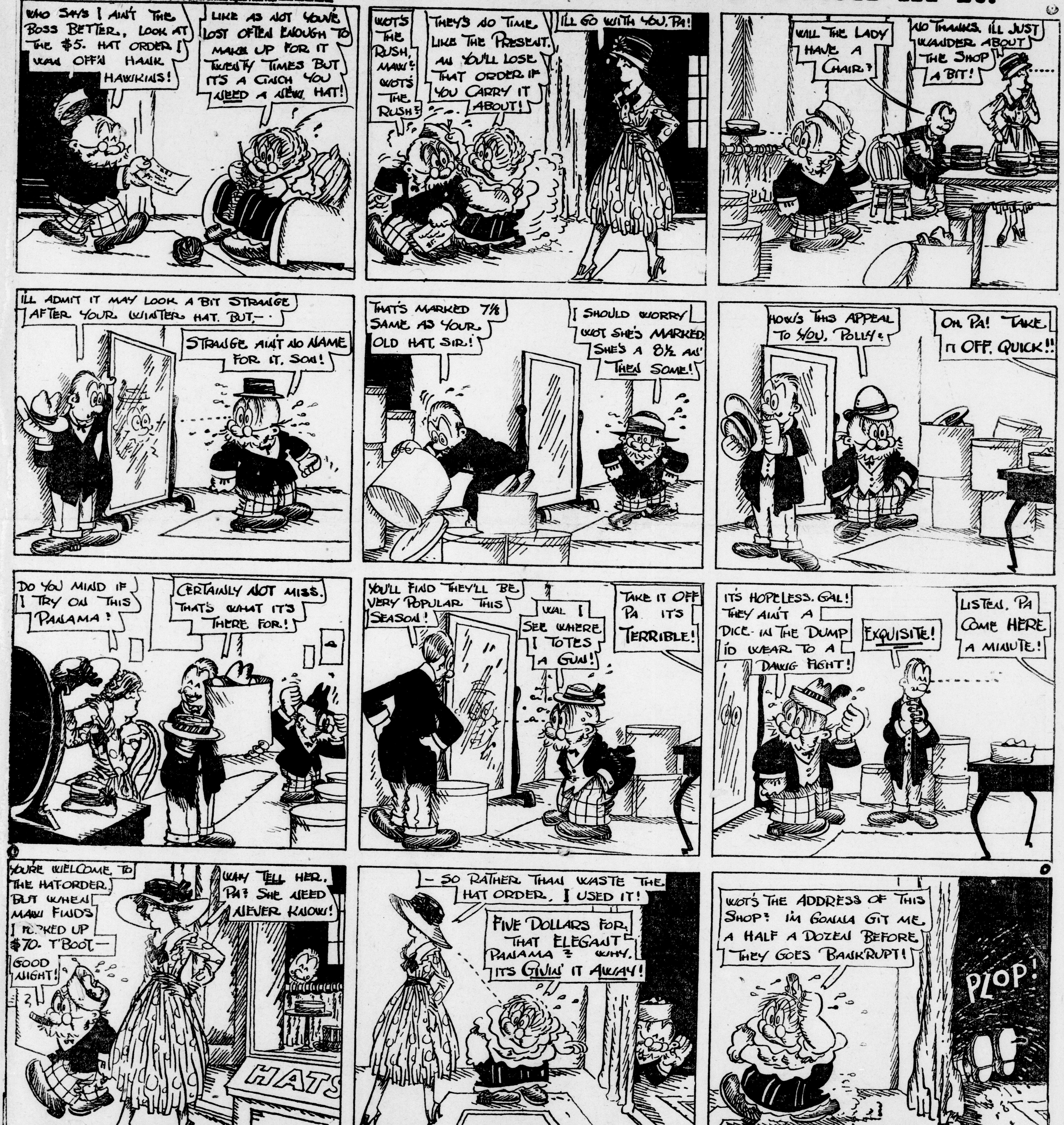
Please shop early on Saturday and help our salespeople. The store closes at 6 p.m.

PHONE 1319.
196 DUNDAS STREET.

S'HELP ME HANNER, HANK. ALL I SEZ TO SAM PERKINS WUZ, 'I'LL BETCHA A HAT,'— AN' THAT'S AS FER AS I GOT!

Polly--When Pa Wins, There's a Trick in It!

Copyright, 1918, by Newspaper Feature Service, Inc. Great Britain rights reserved.


WHO SAYS I AIN'T THE BOSS BETTER. LOOK AT THE $5. HAT ORDER I WAN OFF'N HANK HAWKINS!
LIKE AS NOT YOU'VE LOST OFTEN ENOUGH TO MAKE UP FOR IT TWENTY TIMES BUT IT'S A CINCH YOU NEED A NEW HAT!
WOT'S THE RUSH, MAW? WOT'S THE RUSH?
THEY'S NO TIME LIKE THE PRESENT. AN YOU'LL LOSE THAT ORDER IF YOU CARRY IT ABOUT!
I'LL GO WITH YOU, PA!
WILL THE LADY HAVE A CHAIR?
NO THANKS. I'LL JUST WANDER ABOUT THE SHOP A BIT!
I'LL ADMIT IT MAY LOOK A BIT STRANGE AFTER YOUR WINTER HAT. BUT,—
STRANGE AIN'T NO NAME FOR IT, SON!
THAT'S MARKED 7⅛ SAME AS YOUR OLD HAT, SIR!
I SHOULD WORRY WOT SHE'S MARKED. SHE'S A 8½ AN' THEN SOME!
HOW'S THIS APPEAL TO YOU, POLLY?
OH PA! TAKE IT OFF. QUICK!!
DO YOU MIND IF I TRY ON THIS PANAMA?
CERTAINLY NOT MISS. THAT'S WHAT IT'S THERE FOR!
YOU'LL FIND THEY'LL BE VERY POPULAR THIS SEASON!
WAL I SEE WHERE I TOTES A GUN!
TAKE IT OFF PA IT'S TERRIBLE!
IT'S HOPELESS. GAL! THEY AIN'T A DICE IN THE DUMP I'D WEAR TO A DAWG FIGHT!
EXQUISITE!
LISTEN. PA COME HERE A MINUTE!
YOU'RE WELCOME TO THE HAT-ORDER. BUT WHEN MAW FINDS I PICKED UP $70. T'BOOT— GOOD NIGHT!
WHY TELL HER, PA? SHE NEED NEVER KNOW!
HATS
—SO RATHER THAN WASTE THE HAT ORDER, I USED IT!
FIVE DOLLARS FOR THAT ELEGANT PANAMA? WHY, IT'S GIVIN' IT AWAY!
WOT'S THE ADDRESS OF THIS SHOP? I'M GONNA GIT ME A HALF A DOZEN BEFORE THEY GOES BANKRUPT!
PLOP!
CLIFF STERRETT

DANGER LURKS IN EVERY ONE OF US

We Are As Full of Deadly Poisons As a Germ Laboratory.

AUTO-INTOXICATION OR SELF-POISONING

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" Absolutely Prevents This Dangerous Condition.

The chief cause of poor health is our neglect of the bowels. Waste matter, instead of passing from the lower intestine regularly every day, is allowed to remain there, generating poisons which are absorbed by the blood.

In other words, a person who is habitually constipated is poisoning himself. We know now that Auto-intoxication, due to non-action of the bowels, is directly responsible for serious Kidney and Bladder Troubles; that it upsets the Stomach, causes Indigestion, Loss of Appetite and Sleeplessness; that chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Pain in the Back are relieved as soon as the bowels become regular; and that Pimples, Rashes, Eczema and other Skin Affections disappear when "Fruit-a-tives" are taken to correct Constipation.

"Fruit-a-tives" will protect you against Auto-intoxication because this wonderful fruit medicine acts directly on all the eliminating organs.

50c a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa.

BEST FOR LIVER, BOWELS, STOMACH, HEADACHE, COLDS

They liven the liver and bowels and straighten you right up.

Don't be bilious, constipated, sick, with breath bad and stomach sour.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets 10¢

WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Tonight sure! Take Cascarets and enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced. Wake up with your head clear, stomach sweet, breath right and feeling fine. Get rid of sick headache, biliousness, constipation, furred tongue, sour stomach, bad colds. Clear your skin, brighten your eyes, quicken your step and feel like doing a full day's work. Cascarets are better than salts, pills or calomel because they don't shock the liver or gripe the bowels or cause inconvenience all the next day.

Mothers should give cross, sick, bilious, feverish children a whole Cascaret any time as they cannot injure the thirty feet of tender bowels.

COBBAN'S HERB TABLETS

For Blood, Stomach, Kidneys and Liver

TRADE MARK

Write for free sample

If you cannot get them from your dealer, remit 25c. for a box of fifty, or we will mail five boxes for $1.00.

These reliable herb tablets are made from an old, tested formula, and contain nothing but roots and herbs. Guaranteed to fulfil every claim or money refunded. Try them for Indigestion, Headaches, Weak Nerves, Rheumatism, Disordered Liver or Kidneys, Constipation, etc.

MUNCEY SUPPLY CO.
MUNCEY,
ONT.

NATURE'S OWN REMEDY
MUNCEY SUPPLY CO
MUNCEY, ONTARIO, CANADA.
DEALERS WRITE FOR PROPOSITION

WHOOPING COUGH

SPASMODIC CROUP ASTHMA COUGHS
BRONCHITIS CATARRH COLDS

24

Vapo-Cresolene

Est. 1879

A simple, safe and effective treatment avoiding drugs. Vaporized Cresolene stops the paroxysms of Whooping Cough and relieves Spasmodic Croup at once. It is a boon to sufferers from Asthma. The air carrying the antiseptic vapor, inhaled with every breath, makes breathing easy; soothes the sore throat and stops the cough, assuring restful nights. It is invaluable to mothers with young children.

Send us postal for descriptive booklet

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS
VAPO-CRESOLENE CO.
Leeming Miles Bldg., Montr'l

Used While You Sleep

HORLICK'S

Malted Milk for the Home

A nourishing food-drink for All Ages. Anywhere at anytime. Delicious, sustaining. No cooking

CHILL STARTS COLD
WAS SICK FOUR WEEKS
JUST ABLE TO CRAWL ABOUT

Mr. Weldon T. Hawkes, Curryville, N. B., writes: "Last spring I was taken very ill with a severe cold. I got wet and it started with a chill. I was sick four weeks, and was just able to crawl about. People all said I had inflammation of the lungs, and I think I did. I told a friend to get me two bottles of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, and before the first one was taken my cold and cough were broken up, and the second did its work completely. I am raising a family and I find that it is a good medicine for the children."

There is no remedy that will cure stubborn colds or coughs, the kind that won't let go, like Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

It allays the inflammation, soothes the irritation, heals the diceased mucous lining of the lungs and bronchial tubes, and rids the system completely of all the bad effects of lingering coughs and colds.

There are so many spurious "Pine" preparations on the market that you should see you get "Dr. Wood's" when you ask for it.

Put up in a yellow wrapper; three pine trees the trade mark; price 25c and 50c; manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

GIRLS! LOTS OF BEAUTIFUL HAIR

A small bottle of "Danderine" makes hair thick, glossy and wavy.

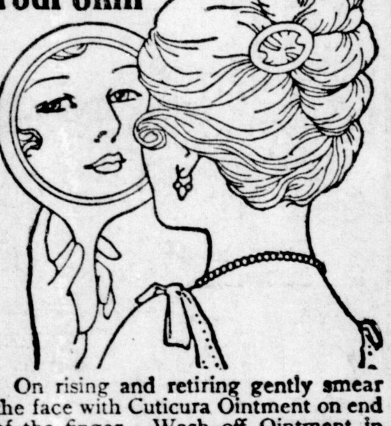
Removes all dandruff, stops itching scalp and falling hair.

To be possessed of a head of heavy, beautiful hair; soft, lustrous, fluffy, wavy and free from dandruff is merely a matter of using a little Danderine.

It is easy and inexpensive to have nice, soft hair and lots of it. Just get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine now—it costs but a few cents—all drug stores recommend it—apply a little as directed and within ten minutes there will be an appearance of abundance, freshness, fluffiness and an incomparable gloss and lustre, and try as you will you cannot find a trace of dandruff or falling hair; but your real surprise will be after about two weeks' use, when you will see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—sprouting out all over your scalp—Danderine is, we believe, the only sure hair grower, destroyer of dandruff and cure for itchy scalp, and it never fails to stop falling hair at once.

If you want to prove how pretty and soft your hair really is, moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair—taking one small strand at a time. Your hair will be soft, glossy and beautiful in just a few moments—a delightful surprise awaits everyone who tries this.

Watch Cuticura Clear Your Skin



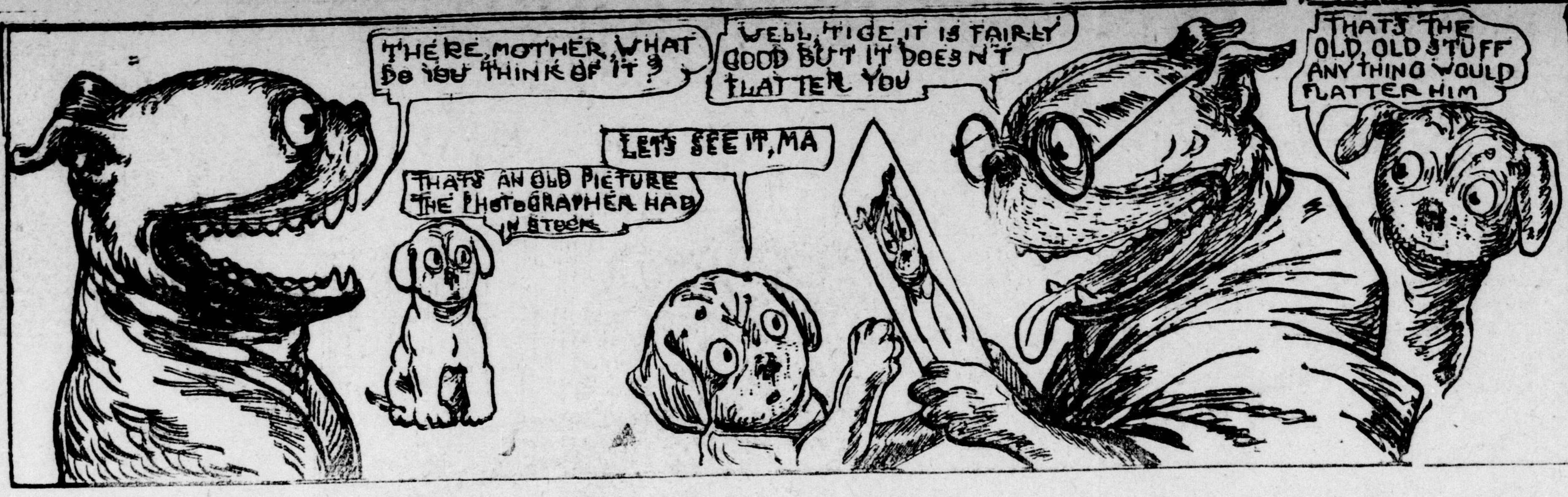
On rising and retiring gently smear the face with Cuticura Ointment on end of the finger. Wash off Ointment in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Continue bathing for some minutes using the Soap freely. The easy, speedy way to clear the skin and keep it clear. Make these fragrant super-creamy emollients your every-day toilet preparations and prevent trouble.

For Trial Free by Return Mail address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. N, Boston, U. S. A." Sold throughout the world.

Burns

The fire is removed from burns and scalds and the intense pain is quickly soothed by this wonderfully healing oil. It has brought relief to thousands of sufferers. For burns, wounds, cuts, scratches and all abrasions of the skin do not fail to use. All dealers, 25c.

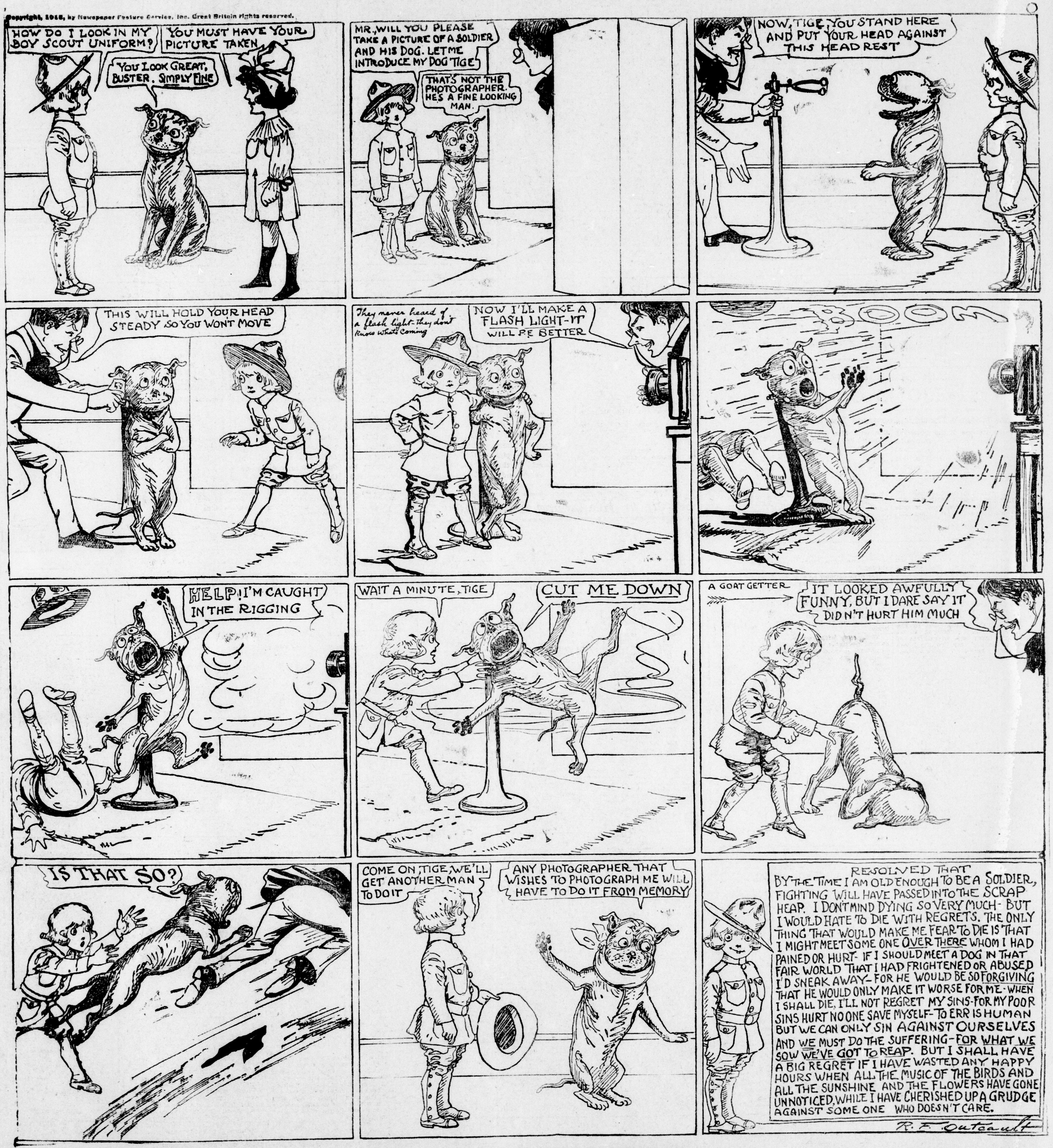
Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil


THERE, MOTHER, WHAT DO YOU THINK OF IT?
THAT'S AN OLD PICTURE THE PHOTOGRAPHER HAD IN STOCK
LET'S SEE IT, MA
WELL, TIGE, IT IS FAIRLY GOOD BUT IT DOESN'T FLATTER YOU
THAT'S THE OLD, OLD STUFF ANYTHING WOULD FLATTER HIM

Dear Eddie
Smithey's mother still says that the men who raise the prices on the necessities that the poor people need are the real low down crooks - she says the little thieves that get caught don't harm the poor - they only steal things that people don't need - They are sports - they take some tough chances but the profiteers that squeeze the poor are not sports because they play safe and never come out in the open to get caught. She has the system - she says don't let any of us buy any necessities and then they can't sell 'em for any price.

TIGE'LL NOT HAVE HIS PICTURE TAKEN.

Copyright, 1918, by Newspaper Feature Service, Inc. Great Britain rights reserved.


HOW DO I LOOK IN MY BOY SCOUT UNIFORM?
YOU MUST HAVE YOUR PICTURE TAKEN
YOU LOOK GREAT, BUSTER, SIMPLY FINE
MR., WILL YOU PLEASE TAKE A PICTURE OF A SOLDIER AND HIS DOG. LET ME INTRODUCE MY DOG TIGE
THAT'S NOT THE PHOTOGRAPHER. HE'S A FINE LOOKING MAN.
NOW, TIGE, YOU STAND HERE AND PUT YOUR HEAD AGAINST THIS HEAD REST
THIS WILL HOLD YOUR HEAD STEADY SO YOU WON'T MOVE
They never heard of a flash light - they don't know what's coming
NOW I'LL MAKE A FLASH LIGHT - IT WILL BE BETTER
BOOM
HELP! I'M CAUGHT IN THE RIGGING
WAIT A MINUTE, TIGE
CUT ME DOWN
A GOAT GETTER
IT LOOKED AWFULLY FUNNY, BUT I DARE SAY IT DIDN'T HURT HIM MUCH
IS THAT SO?
COME ON, TIGE, WE'LL GET ANOTHER MAN TO DO IT
ANY PHOTOGRAPHER THAT WISHES TO PHOTOGRAPH ME WILL HAVE TO DO IT FROM MEMORY

RESOLVED THAT
BY THE TIME I AM OLD ENOUGH TO BE A SOLDIER, FIGHTING WILL HAVE PASSED INTO THE SCRAP HEAP. I DON'T MIND DYING SO VERY MUCH - BUT I WOULD HATE TO DIE WITH REGRETS. THE ONLY THING THAT WOULD MAKE ME FEAR TO DIE IS THAT I MIGHT MEET SOME ONE OVER THERE WHOM I HAD PAINED OR HURT - IF I SHOULD MEET A DOG IN THAT FAIR WORLD THAT I HAD FRIGHTENED OR ABUSED I'D SNEAK AWAY - FOR HE WOULD BE SO FORGIVING THAT HE WOULD ONLY MAKE IT WORSE FOR ME - WHEN I SHALL DIE, I'LL NOT REGRET MY SINS - FOR MY POOR SINS HURT NO ONE SAVE MYSELF - TO ERR IS HUMAN BUT WE CAN ONLY SIN AGAINST OURSELVES AND WE MUST DO THE SUFFERING - FOR WHAT WE SOW WE'VE GOT TO REAP. BUT I SHALL HAVE A BIG REGRET IF I HAVE WASTED ANY HAPPY HOURS WHEN ALL THE MUSIC OF THE BIRDS AND ALL THE SUNSHINE AND THE FLOWERS HAVE GONE UNNOTICED, WHILE I HAVE CHERISHED UP A GRUDGE AGAINST SOME ONE WHO DOESN'T CARE.

R. F. Outcault

Prof. Mulveney Answers Telephone Call

Hello! Is that Prof. Mulveney, Parkdale 4830?

Yes, lady.

Is Prof. Mulveney there?

Yes, Prof. Mulveney is speaking.

Have you a worm remedy for children?

Yes.

Could you tell me, if I brought my little girl down, if she had worms?

No, lady, I cannot tell by looking at children if they have worms.

You can't?

No, madam.

Couldn't you tell me if I told you all the symptoms?

No, madam. My remedy called Mother's Friend expels Worms, is an excellent Tonic and Builder, good for the Nerves and is an excellent medicine for Regulating the Bowels; it brings away all filth and small intestinal Worms, is perfectly harmless and can be given to the smallest infant without fear of doing harm. A lady who is living on Shaw street got a bottle of this medicine for her baby two years old. She said she had no peace with this child night or day for four months; the doctor was calling regularly and did not help the child in the least, the little one took a bad spell and was choking, the mother opened its mouth and pulled out a stomach worm that was strangling the child. She rushed over to me and brought the child, also the worm, which measured eight inches long, with her. She purchased a bottle of Mother's Friend, and the second dose brought 17 more away. She was horrified at the sight, and brought the worms to me, which I have here in a bottle in my office, and many others from many happy mothers. So if you think it is a good investment to try Mother's Friend, it is $1.00 per bottle and 6c for postage in the city, and 20c extra for postage outside Toronto. Now, you understand, it is not necessary to waste car fare bringing your children here, as I do not practice medicine, and have only the one remedy for sick children, which expels Worms if they are there. It is an excellent medicine for children, and has cured many little ones of St. Vitus' Dance and Convulsions, also Fits. Call or send to 211 Ossington avenue (formerly Dundas street), Toronto, Phone Park. 4830. Mother's Friend in powder form; each package makes twice as much medicine for $1.00; no danger of breaking and no cost for sending. Just send $1.00.

THIS LETTER

From a Truly Grateful Mother

St. Catharines.

Prof. Mulveney, Dear Sir:

When I was in Toronto a few months ago I got a bottle of your remedy called Mother's Friend Worm Medicine, and it has been a treasure, and I am now out of it, and want to get more. The first time I gave it to her there came from her like a nest; it was just full of worms, four or five inches long, and also small worms most like maggots; and some pin-worms, and ever since, when I give her medicine she passed several worms and a great many pin-worms. This morning there were three, like fish-worms. She was also restless, throwing herself and kicking, getting scared and talking. I got up and gave her the Mothers' Friend Worm Medicine, and this morning her stool was full of pin-worms and those three large worms, like fish-worms. I have one more dose yet to give, and I must have more. I enclose an order for $1.25, as I don't know what it will cost to send it here, so if it is any more than 25c to send it, let me know. Thanking you very much for your valuable medicine. My little girl is four years old. Hoping to receive this medicine by return mail, I remain, yours respectfully.

This letter can be seen at Prof. Mulveney's office.

Fenelon Falls, June, 1916.

Prof. Mulveney:

Dear Sir—Please send me one dollar's worth of your Mothers' Friend Worm Medicine. I have given my children some before, and would not be without it now for a good deal, as I have a little girl that took fits before I gave your medicine. Now she is as healthy as any child could be. Am obliged for your good help.

Yours truly.

All the Way From Ireland

A Monster Tapeworm About Twenty Feet Long

Mr. John Campbell, of 28 Napier street, called on Prof. Mulveney and purchased a remedy to destroy Tapeworm. His wife's sister, Miss Hill, of Gilenkirk, Ireland, had been suffering for some time with a Tapeworm, and had been treated without success. He sent her the remedy, which expelled the monster, head and all. Mr. Campbell received the worm by parcel post from Ireland on Nov. 28, 1912, and took it to Prof. Mulveney the same day, and it was found to be all there, a four-hooked demon. Mr. Campbell states that in July, 1908, his little girl, three years old, was relieved of a monster Tapeworm, head and all, without sickness or trouble, and the little one is healthy and well at the present time. This is how he came to recommend his sister-in-law in Ireland to try the same remedy. And now they are rejoicing over a friend across the sea whose life has been saved, who is returned to health and happiness by Prof. Mulveney's world-famous cure, which may be purchased at 211 Ossington avenue.

ADELE GARRISON'S NEW

REVELATIONS OF A WIFE

What Madge's Thoughts Convinced Her Was a Fact.

Curiosity is not one of my besetting sins, but I must confess that as I walked home from Mrs. Durkee's there was but one thought in my mind, and that an overwhelming desire to catch a glimpse of the men who had thrown so much mystery about their renting of her house.

For her description of the man she had seen tallied exactly with the appearance of the foreigner, real or pretended, whom I had seen in a taxi next to mine during a blockade of Fifth avenue, and in whose eyes, hauntingly familiar, I was sure I had caught a glance of startled recognition.

Mrs. Durkee had said that the man had told her he had with him his uncle, an "elderly invalid." I remembered the swathed, huddled figure I had seen in the taxi, the figure which has raised itself evidently to look at me, and had been pushed back with every evidence of quick dismay upon the part of the first man.

It was a preposterous thing, of course, that anyone who knew me should be coming disguised to the house next mine. But I was getting used to the bizarre, the unusual. I thought, a bit wearily, that after my adventures of the week preceding my return home from Lillian's I wouldn't be surprised at anything in the world that might happen to me.

There might be a very real menace also in the presence of these mysterious men in the house next door to me. Hidden securely in the odd Chinese vase in my room was the important paper which my father had sent to Allen Drake through me, and which Mr. Drake, after deciphering the code it contained, had given back to me, charging me to keep it safely until it should be required of me.

A Stern Determination.

I didn't understand in the least what possible reason there could be for some of the arrangements which had been made for the transfer and keeping of this mysterious code. Why my father should have allowed so long a time to elapse between the day he sent it to me and his cable message instructing it delivered to Allen Drake, or why, when Allen Drake had once deciphered it, he hadn't destroyed it instead of giving it back to me. These were questions over which I had puzzled my brain considerably, and the answers to which I had given up solving. Of two things I was sure. I was guarding the paper, and the clique of enemy spies, in which Grace Draper was a leading spirit, would stop at nothing to secure it if they knew it were in my possession.

Suppose they had found out I had the paper, and suppose the mysterious men who were to be my neighbors were the emissaries sent to secure it! The thought made me shiver, although the day was balmy. The curiosity which had been aroused by Mrs. Durkee's narrative changed to a stern determination to meet my new neighbors face to face as soon as I could manage to do so.

"I'll Just Do That."

This was something easier planned than accomplished, however. The mysterious lessee had made another condition with Mrs. Durkee, one which had annoyed her inquisitive soul.

"I think it's a shame!" she had pouted. "I'm not to get another glimpse of them. But one of the stipulations he made was that I and my personal belongings should be out of the house before they arrive. The Japanese servant will reach here a day ahead of the others, and I'm to give the keys to him, and then depart, bag and baggage. My handsome foreigner explained this by saying that his uncle was exceedingly nervous, and couldn't bear a chance encounter with strangers. But I'm beginning to think it's mighty fishy myself. I do hope they're not criminals in hiding. Why, Madge, they may have murdered somebody, and be bringing the body home in a trunk to bury in my garden!"

Her eyes—round as a startled child's—had held the beginning of real apprehension.

"What blood and thunder movie did you attend last?" I had mocked. "Why not imagine something worth while? They're probably the Czar of Russia and a prince or two escaped from Siberia."

"Get along with you," she had answered pettishly, then with a quick resumption of good-nature. "But, I say, Madge, come over tomorrow, so that you'll be here when the Japanese servant arrives. We might as well give him the once over, as Alfred says."

"I'll just do that," I had returned gayly, but I had really meant the words.

For despite the absurdity of the idea there had come a conviction to me that these mysterious strangers had chosen Mrs. Durkee's house because that house was next door to mine.

The Origin of Famous Sayings

James Russell Lowell, 1819—1891.

All kin' o' smily round the lips,
An' teary round the lashes.
—Biglow Papers. Second Series.

Japan has the monopoly of camphor production, for it is only in that country and Formosa that the camphor tree flourishes to any great extent.

The fly lays four times each summer, and 80 eggs each time. The descendants of one female fly in a single season may number 2,080,320.

One of the largest and most cumbersome forms of money is found in Central Africa, where the natives use an ingot of copper ore over 10 inches long. It is heavy enough to be a formidable weapon in case of attack.

Castings of chromium-copper alloys containing up to 13 per cent chronium can be prepared by melting and pouring the metals at about 1600 degrees.

CHEW
STAG
TOBACCO
"Ever-lasting-ly Good"

DAILY PAGE FOR EVERYBODY

Good Night Stories

By Blanche Silver

Illustrated by Gruelle.

BOBBY AND MRS. HIPPOPOTAMUS.

One day Bobby wandered through the zoo in the park. He stopped to look at a hippopotamus.

"Isn't she dreadfully funny, and, dear me, isn't she ugly?" laughed Bobby, sitting down in a corner away from the crowd.

Then he looked at the hippo again, and saw great tears rolling out of the big eyes and splashing in the water.

"Why!" David exclaimed. "You're crying!"

"You'd cry, too, if you felt the way I do," wailed Mrs. Hippo, shaking the tears from her rough cheeks.

"What's the trouble?" Bobby asked.

"I'm homesick," sobbed Mrs. Hippo.

"Why, haven't you always lived in this zoo?" asked Bobby in surprise.

"No, indeed," replied Mrs. Hippo. "I lived along the rivers and lakes in a land where it was always warm. There I was free to roam around to suit myself. But that was before those horrid men came," and Mrs. Hippo heaved such a sigh that the water splashed under her, and then she went on:

"It was a lovely day. I came up among the reedbeds near the river to feed my little one, and three men rushed at us. A terrible fight followed. I held them off until my baby rushed away among the reeds out of sight, for we hippopotami always allow ourselves to be taken before our children. Well, they caught me, and I don't remember what happened after that until I landed behind these iron bars where you see me now."

"That's a shame!" exclaimed Bobby. "But don't they treat you nicely here?"

"Yes, indeed, my master is very kind, and perhaps I should be very grateful," replied Mrs. Hippo, "for I have plenty to eat without hunting for it as I had to do in the jungle. But I'm homesick to see my baby."

Just then the other end of the pen opened and the zoo keeper pushed in another hippopotamus.

The two animals looked at each other and then both bellowed together.

"Here he is now!" cried Mrs. Hippo happily, and she introduced her baby to Bobby. "Now I'm happy; I certainly am grateful we have fallen into good hands, and life in a zoo is better than in the jungle."

"I'm dreadfully sorry I laughed at you," exclaimed David, "but that was before I knew how sad you were."

"It's all right now, David," laughed Mrs. Hippo. "Folks never know how hard it is for us to see them staring and laughing at us. Sometimes when we're feeling the saddest they laugh the hardest. But come as often as you like and laugh all you want to, for I can laugh with you, because I'm happy now."

Just then a hand fell on David's shoulder and a voice said.

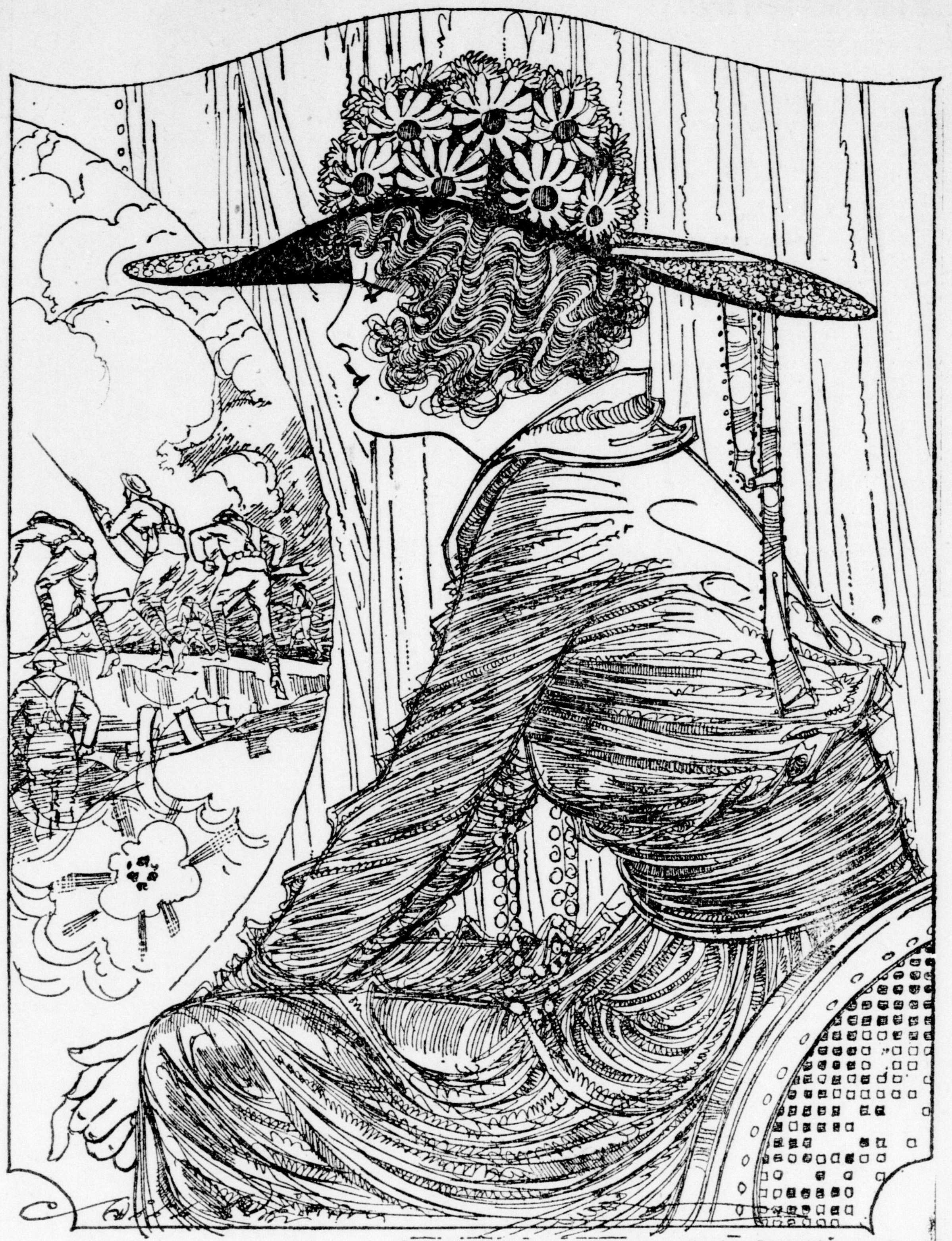
"Wake up, young man! How'd I ever overlook you when we closed up? There now, never mind, I'll let you out if you'll promise to run right home."

So David promised, and while the keeper was unlocking the door he thought that his talk with Mrs. Hippo was all a dream, but—David rubbed his eyes—there was the little hippo in the tank.

As David ran home he tried to straighten it all out in his mind, but it was a mystery to him.

The honesty that can bear the blame of its own mistakes without trying to throw at least part of the blame on some one else is certainly more than common honesty.

THE WISHING CAP ✕ By Will Nies



Copyright, 1918, by Newspaper Feature Service, Inc. Great Britain rights reserved.

STRAIGHT from the deft hands of her favorite milliner it's come—this hat for which she's so long been wishing—but now that she puts it on before her mirror she finds that she sees not the hat, but a picture far DIFFERENT. What's the reason? Is this a magic mirror? No—it must be the hat! And yet—as she gazes at the scene and sees HIM dash "over the top," pushing onward to VICTORY—she realizes that it's the contrast between their lives and the abiding wish of her HEART that transmutes this dainty, fragile thing of silk and flowers into a Wishing Cap that prophesies—his duty manfully done—he will come home to HER in the triumph of world Justice and of human RIGHT.

Secrets of Health and Happiness

Why the Open Air's the Only Safe Place to "Fix" a Motor

By DR. LEONARD KEENE HIRSHBERG,
A. B., M. A., M. D. (Johns Hopkins University.)

DR. HIRSHBERG

Man is but man, unconstant still and various; there's no tomorrow in him like today." He is as sound, strong, powerful, mighty and as glorious today as, for example, were Nat Wills, the actor, and Gordon Paine, the banker. Then he enters his garage on a cold day, closes all of the doors and crevices to keep out the frigid air and starts up the engine of his automobile to help heat up the little place. Perhaps he tinkers a bit with the machinery, or he crawls under the car. He is missed after a few hours and is found a corpse in his garage.

Man is but a thoughtless reed, doubtless the weakest in nature, and although he is in good health, he will soon succumb to the hydro-carbons and carbonic oxides given off in the shut-in fumes of gasoline. The outcome of either ignorance or the wilful disregard of the plain facts about gasoline and its fumes is only too often—death.

Gasoline mixed with oxygen or air in various proportions becomes an explosive and a combustible mixture. That is to say, it combines violently or otherwise with the very element, oxygen, which mortal man needs must have to sustain the processes of his life and health.

The man who defiantly, in ignorance, wilfully or with a benighted bravado places himself in a position to inhale gasoline fumes in the presence of insufficient, stale or unreplenished air, may not live to warn others against his own folly.

A Race for Air.

You may picture to yourself in comparison a race between a high-powered automobile engine—or, for that matter, a four-cylinder Ford—and a man. If the man is a sprinter or a marathon runner he will be winded, broken or dead before an hour of such a contest has elapsed.

In a closed garage the home brand mechanic, tinkering with his car with the engine running, is putting his lungs, arterial blood and energized muscles and tissues hard to it. They are in earnest competition with the engine, and each puffs, gasps, breathes and begs for oxygen.

There can be only one swift, short termination to such an unequal handicap. The inanimate speedy engine consumes the available air more quickly and effectively than man's slow-motived, sluggish lungs, and soon overwhelms its living competitor. The nearer the victim works to these exhaust vapors the less fresh air is present, the more tightly closed the garage, the greater is the menace to his life.

There is no camouflage in the poison gases shot from the exhaust of a gasoline engine. They are "the real thing." Among those dampening, deadening and deadly vapors are various oxides of carbon, such as the insidious, odorless, monoxide of carbon, as well as the dioxide and peroxides. These abominable by-products of gasoline combustion are as stealthy and unrecognizable to the person who is being overwhelmed as was the German propaganda and poison gases until discovered. Gasoline gases are somewhat heavier than air, and they tend to cling around the machine and under it, while the lighter oxygen, whatever little of it is left, ascends to the upper regions of the garage.

This helps to explain some of the effects of these broken-down gasoline compounds. The individual at work in the cramped-up space beneath a car, with the exhaust rat-atap-tapping almost directly into his nostrils or mouth, has about as much chance to escape these insidious chemicals, even in a fairly well ventilated, open garage, as has Russia to circumvent the treacherous German autocracy.

Instant Treatment Required.

The treatment for this condition is almost evident from this explanation of the deadliness of these gases, their nature and their effects upon the blood, lungs and other human structures.

It is a form of suffocation from asphyxiation vapors analogous to coal gas poisoning or drowning. Fresh air, the oxygen tank and the pulmotor are to be applied at the same time a physician is summoned to give a dose of atropine or some equally harmless heart stimulant. Slow, rhythmic movements of the arms and chest, not faster than 15 to 18 a minute, help, if carried out early enough, to keep the blood in motion, as well as the heart and lungs in action. This assists in the removal of some of the carbonized tissues, and helps to revive the deoxidized red corpuscles with oxygen. The success of these measures, however, depend upon the degree to which the poisonous gases have permeated the victim's system.

Answers to Health Questions

LILIE: Q.—Please suggest something to use on my nose, as it is very red at times.

A.—You evidently eat too much food that is rich, highly seasoned and hot. Avoid soups, eat little and live on a hermit-like fare. Most people deny over-eating, and don't realize the amount consumed until an inventory is made. Eat much less than you do now and have a dermatologist scarify the nose.

A. G. A.: Q.—I am only 23 years old, and have noticed several grey hairs. Can you tell me of something to prevent them?

A.—A darker hue may be given the hair by the use of burnt cork. In the form of a crayon or of grease, paint, or home-made with vaseline is serviceable. Different shades of red, brown, blonde and chestnut may be obtained in the same way with powdered henna leaves made into a tea and powdered indigo in solution. These are harmless. But why try to change what nature intended in your case, and what may be beautiful?

S. D. C.: Q.—I am worried constantly by gas on my stomach immediately after eating. Can you tell me of anything that will relieve or cure this?

A.—Either of the following are very good for gas on the stomach: Take one of them in a little water every four hours: Salol, 2½ grains; or bicarbonate of soda, 10 grains; or bismuth subnitrate, 5 grains.

Dr. Hirshberg will answer questions for readers of this paper on medical, hygienic and sanitation subjects that are of general interest. He cannot always undertake to prescribe or offer advice for individual cases. Where the subject is not of general interest letters will be answered personally, if a stamped and addressed envelope is inclosed. Address all inquiries to Dr. L. K. Hirshberg, care this office.

WINIFRED BLACK

Writes About "Respecting the Burden."

Copyright, 1918, by Newspaper Feature Service, Inc.

Winifred Black

We're hearing a great deal about Napoleon these days. Small wonder to that. When storms are abroad, the seagulls sing of the sea, and when it is mating time, the ringdoves coo of love.

This is, of course, the time when we not only think, but speak much of great conquerors and great generals.

What a lot of strange stories they tell about him, the little Corsican upstart, poor, meagre, ugly, disagreeable, bad-tempered, a favorite of no one, even at school—pimpled, undersized—and yet, and yet——

It is all like a strange romance, isn't it, this story of his wonderful life? Even to the tales of the beautiful women who loved him and whom he loved for a day and rode away and forgot, after the fashion of his kind and his disposition.

He seemed to love his family, for he clung to them through good and evil, and some of the things they tell of him make him seem almost human.

"Beyond the Alps lies Italy."

"In every private's knapsack there may be a field marshal's baton."

He seemed to be always saying things, as well as doing them, didn't he—the great Napoleon?

But of all the things he said there is one that I like best of all. Do you remember?

It was the time that he walked with some of his officers in a narrow way, and at a particularly bad place, just where the crossing was the worst, they met a laborer weighed down with a heavy load upon his back.

There Are Burdens Today.

The officers who were with Napoleon made as if to push the laborer aside against the wall and walk dry-shod and safe beyond him. But Napoleon held up his hand, stood back and let the laborer pass.

"Gentlemen," said Napoleon to his officers, "gentlemen, I pray you, respect the burden."

Now of all the things that were ever said by Napoleon, who said so much and said it always so very well, this is the one that I like best, and when I think of it I almost change my mind about the great conqueror and the great tyrant and the great light-o'-love who divorced his wife because she couldn't bear him a son—and like him as well as admire him, after all.

"Respect the burden"—oh, if we would only all of us do that!

Yesterday I met a woman on the street, old and faded and almost shabby in her dress. She had a great chance in life when she was young, they say, for she was beautiful and very talented, but she married the wrong man, and he broke her heart and left her. Then she gathered her children close to her breast and raised her head and faced the world, proud and not afraid.

And one of her sons has gone to the war, and the little girl she loved so dear is dead, and her money has gone, and she isn't always gay, and sometimes she speaks harshly when you try to talk with her, but, oh, I can see upon her back the burden, the black burden of despair and discouragement and disillusion, she must have carried on her aching shoulders year in and year out.

Step Humbly Aside.

Heaven forbid that I should dispute for one instant the passing of the way with her. No matter what she says, or how she acts to me now in this day of her age and her disappointment, I shall respect the burden and stand aside and let her pass.

I know a man who started out in life ambitious, light of heart, a careless, happy creature, beloved by everyone who knew him, beloved by too many, for that was his mistake. He didn't care for respect, so long as he got love. And one day one of those who pretended to love him led him into evil, and he made a great mistake and had to suffer for it in disgrace and humiliation, and he who began life with such bright prospects is what the world calls a failure now.

Come this way, good brother. I will not dispute the path with you, no matter how narrow it is. I will "respect the burden" and step humbly and contritely aside—and let you pass.

Try TETROL, 25c
To clean spats, white kid shoes, gloves, etc. You will be surprised.
BRUCE WALLACE
419 RICHMOND STREET.

To-morrow's HOROSCOPE

By Genevieve Kemble

SUNDAY AND MONDAY, APRIL 14-15.

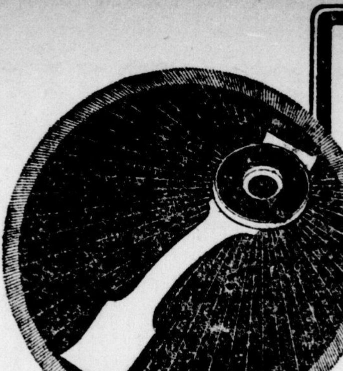
Sunday promises to be an interesting day in many respects, with affairs outside of the domestic and affectional sphere, active and prosperous. The spiritual and mental faculties will be keen and exalted, and gratifying results should come through inventions, research, occultism, mysticism, inspiration, illumination and genius. Poetry and music are under the benign patronage of Neptune sextile Moon.

Those whose birthday it is should have a year of financial success, but should treasure their friends and home ties. A child born on this day should succeed and rise in life, but should be taught prudence and providence.

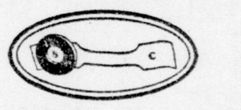
Monday promises to be a most propitious time for pushing affairs to a happy conclusion, especially for those in emloyment, as the Luminaries are favorable and Uranus, also, promises some wholly unexpected good fortune, probably from an unusual source. Mercury in mutual aspect with Jupiter likewise indicates gain and progress. Favorable travel and change are indicated.

Those whose birthday it is are promised a prosperous year with travel and change. A child born on this day will be original and inventive, and may attain some public recognition.

The path of duty looks harder than it is; that of pleasure is harder than it looks.



B&B
Blue-jay
For Corns
Stops Pain Instantly
Ends Corns Completely
25c Packages at Druggists



How Blue-jay Acts

A is a thin, soft pad which stops the pain by relieving the pressure.

B is the B&B wax, which gently undermines the corn. Usually it takes only 48 hours to end the corn completely.

C is rubber adhesive which sticks without wetting. It wraps around the toe, and makes the plaster snug and comfortable.

Blue-jay is applied in a jiffy. After that, one doesn't feel the corn. The action is gentle, and applied to the corn alone. So the corn disappears without soreness.

This magic spot ends corns

PLACE it on your throbbing corn tonight. It takes but a second. Relief will come instantly, because the felt ring relieves all pressure.

The medicated spot of wax soothes while it works.

You will wonder why you waited so long.

Tomorrow your corn will not hurt as it has today.

And within 48 hours the corn will come out easily, painlessly.

Blue-jay is the gentle, certain way, discovered by a great chemist. Blue-jay Plasters are made by Bauer & Black, famed for surgical dressings.

Paring Is Extremely Dangerous

and only a makeshift. Infection is possible. Harsh and mussy liquids are disagreeable.

Blue-jay is irresistible to the average corn. Once in a while an old and stubborn corn requires a second treatment.

Tonight prove these truths yourself. It costs so little. Then you will never let a corn hurt again.

At All Druggists—25c a Package

BAUER & BLACK, Limited
Makers of Surgical Dressings
Chicago Toronto New York

Evenly Ground Coffee

BECAUSE of its "steel-cut" grinding and because all the grains are uniform in size and shape, you get from Rideau Hall Coffee an ideal cup—rich, strong, smooth and stimulating.

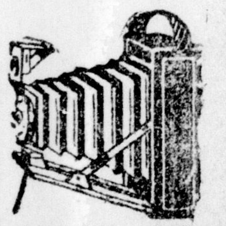
Rideau Hall Coffee is blended, roasted and ground to produce that kind of a cup and it is packed in air-tight sealed tin packages to preserve those qualities for your use.

Sealed tins only, 45c a lb., at your grocer's. Smaller size 25c.

Rideau Hall Coffee
STEEL-CUT CHAFFLESS
GORMAN, ECKERT & CO., Limited, LONDON and WINNIPEG
55

THE EMPIRE'S BREAKFAST
PURITY OATS
SOLD IN GERM PROOF TUBES
MANUFACTURED BY
Western Canada Flour Mills Co. Limited
17

FREE Grand 38-Piece Scholar's Outfit and a Dandy $5.00 Camera



BOYS AND GIRLS—This is the best and most complete Scholars' Outfit you have ever seen. It would cost you a small fortune to go into the store and buy all these useful and necessary articles. Just read what it contains:—One large size English school bag, boy's or girl's style, three gold finished nibs, big complete printing outfit with three rows of type, type holder, tweezers, and everlasting ink pad, one dozen high grade lead pencils, a fine pencil box with lock and key, a firstrate eraser, a fine quality pencil sharpener, a sanitary covered aluminum pocket drinking cup, a box of fine crayons, a box of paints containing 8 good colors, a twelve inch wooden ruler, a set of six blotters, a dandy hundred page scholar's memo pad, a point protector for your lead pencils fitted with fine eraser, and last, but not least a fine self filling fountain pen with a package of ink tablets, sufficient to make five bottles of finest quality fountain pen ink. It is a wonderful outfit. Send us your name and address to-day, and we will send you, postage paid, a free sample package of "Daintees", our delightful new, whipped cream, candy-coated Breathlets and just 32 large 10c. packages to introduce among your friends. Open your free package and ask your friends to try a "Daintee." They'll like them so much that everyone will want a package or two at once. Just one little "Daintee" will purify the mouth, sweeten and perfume the breath, and they are irresistibly delicious. Everybody loves them. You'll sell them all in an hour or two.

Then return our $3.20 and we will at once send you this grand 38-piece scholar's outfit exactly as represented, and the beautiful $5.00 folding film Camera will also be sent to you for just showing your grand scholar's outfit to your friends and getting only 5 of them to sell our goods and earn our fine premiums as you did. We pay all delivery charges on your grand outfit right to your door. Write now—while you think of it. Be the first in school to win this great outfit.

Address GOLD DOLLAR MANUFACTURING CO. DEPT. D. 12 TORONTO, ONT. 20B

NEWS OF THE FILM FAVORITES AT THE LOCAL THEATRES

- Patricia -

MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY

"GOD'S MAN"

7 Parts by Geo. Bronson Howard, with

H. B. WARNER and a Notable Cast

THE MILLION DOLLAR COMEDIAN

CHARLIE CHAPLIN in "The Tramp"

CANADIAN SCENIC, JAXON COMEDY

Vaudeville --MERRELL & BRIDEWELL

Two Classy Girls in a Classy Singing and Piano Act.

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

THE SUNSHINE GIRL, **June Caprice** IN **"The Heart of Romance"**

LITTLE MARY McALLISTER The Child Artist, in **"When Sorrow Weeps"**

VAUDEVILLE

NORTHBANE, RIANO & NORTHBANE

SINGING—MUSICAL—DANCING.

AT THE THEATRES NEXT WEEK

MAJESTIC

MONDAY, TUESDAY—The great Pauline Frederick in 'La Tosca." A side-splitting Sunshine Comedy, "The Son of a Gun." Screen Gaumont Weekly. Special musical numbers by Majestic Concert Orchestra.

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY—Smiling Douglas Fairbanks in "A Modern Musketeer." Strand News Weekly. "His Hidden Purpose," one of the finest and funniest comedies ever seen in London. Comedy completes a great show.

SATURDAY ONLY—Special: Enid Bennet, Australian beauty, in her latest comedy success, "Naughty, Naughty." The world's greatest Weekly Screen Telegram. Majestic Concert Orchestra. Lonesome Luke Comedy.

PATRICIA

MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY—H. B. Warner in "God's Man." Charlie Chaplin in "The Tramp." Canadian Scenic Weekly. Jaxon Comedy. Vaudeville: Merritt and Bridewell.

THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY — June Caprice in "The Heart of Romance." Little Mary McAllister in "When Sorrow Weeps." Comedy. Vaudeville: Northbane, Riano and Northbane.

UNIQUE

MONDAY, TUESDAY—Gail Kane in "The Bride's Silence." "Vengeance and the Woman."

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY—Geraldine Farrar in "The Woman God Forgot."

FRIDAY, SATURDAY—Crane Wilbur in "The Eye of Envy." Charlie Chaplin in "One A.M."

PATRICIA

Henry B. Warner in "God's Man," a Nine-Reel Production, Showing Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

An unusual theme given unusual treatment, "God's Man," the picture, is a magnificent screen interpretation of "God's Man," the story by George Bronson Howard. The drama is one which those who like to delve below the surface of things and seek for causes for the appalling effects witnessed in the sham structure of abnormal modern urban life. It shows how a man endeavoring to be strictly honest in his own strength is brought low as a result of his very desire to trust in mankind and help his brother.

The unnatural living of the poor in the vast wastes of the slums and the equally forced living of the "over-fed, under-bred" rich, who indulge a moral madness which almost taxes them beyond endurance in the frenzied seeking of happiness where it is not to be found, are set forth in vivid portrayal.

New York is here pictured as the precise abode of the man with hoofs and a barbed tail, and it affords a picturesque and convincing background for his pernicious activities. It is logic to assume that where five million live there will be found in boldest relief the forces of both evil and good. A subtitle poem setting off the delirious, heathenish status of Gotham is a classic.

Any film story has to work hard to keep up interest for nine thousand feet, but this one does it very well purely on its merits as a story. A rather erratic philosophy is injected which provides both novelty and food for thought. There is much in the picture that will go over the heads of the devotees of surface action, those who think on more simple lines and care not for the psychological presentation of things, but then the picture has plenty of exciting situations and a goodly apportionment or well-prepared comedy. The denouement is highly dramatic, giving a number of those in the cast excellent opportunities for emotional work.

George Irving's work in the capacity of director deserves a round of applause. The production is masterful. Anthony Kelly's well-rewarded toil, too, in the assembling of the story's action and intent in its scenario form, is deserving of praise. H. B. Warner's impersonation of the leading role, Arnold L'Hommedieu, is cause for continuous admiration and satisfaction on the part of the audience. Mr. Warner is alive with the spirit of the part.

A cast of some thirty people, including a generous amount of individual talent, is in support of the star. Walter Hiers has the part of Hugo Waldemar, one of Arnold's chums, and Edward Earle has that of Archie Hartogensis, another friend.

At the Patricia Theatre next Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

Pauline Frederick in "La Tosca"

The screen's greatest emotional actress, at the Majestic Monday and Tuesday.

UNIQUE

Geraldine Farrar in "The Woman God Forgot."

When the massive sets were built for the production of "Intolerance," it was thought the last word in the construction of photo-dramatic sets had been reached, but Cecil B. deMille, the famous producer, who is responsible for the Artcraft production, "The Woman God Forgot," in which Geraldine Farrar will be seen at the Unique on Wednesday and Thursday, has gone even that famous set one better.

The scenes of "The Woman God Forgot" are laid during the Spanish conquest of the Aztecs, and Mr. deMille had erected an exact reproduction of the famous pyramid of Teocalli, surrounded by an entire Aztec city. This one set covers an area of two square miles, and the pyramid is nearly 200 feet in height and of the most substantial construction, owing to the fact that over a thousand men battle up the stairways and inclines to the temple at the top. The interior of the pyramid is also complete in the most minute detail, the huge sacrificial room being reproduced in the exact size of the room in which the high priest of Aztec sacrificed his human victims to the Aztec gods.

"The Sunshine Girl" in her latest photoplay success, "The Heart of Romance," at the Patricia Theatre next Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

MAJESTIC

Special Head-Line Attractions Coming to the Majestic, "The Pick of the Film Market."

William S. Hart in "Wolves of the Rail."

Norma Talmadge in "By Right of Purchase."

Wallace Reid in "The House of Silence."

Mary Pickford in "Amarilly of Clothes-Line Alley."

De Mille's production, "The Whispering Chorus."

Sessue Hayakawa in "The Honor of His House."

All-star cast, "The Bluebird.

"Rich Man, Poor Man," Marguerite Clark.

Charles Ray in "Playing the Game."

William S. Hart in "The Tiger Man."

Special, "Joan, the Woman.

Clara Williams, "Carmen of the Klondyke."

Pauline Frederick in the Great Photoplay, "La Tosca," at the Majestic Monday and Tuesday.

Pauline Frederick, who is appearing at the Majestic Theatre Monday and Tuesday in the Paramount version of "La Tosca," made her debut as a 'daredevil' at Fort Marion, Florida, when she made a sensational fall of thirty feet from a parapet of the fort into the water in the death scene of "La Tosca."

The scene follows the killing of her lover, Mario, by the firing squad, after Tosca has stabbed Scarpia, the chief of police. In escaping the pursuing soldiers, Tosca is supposed to be shot and fall into the water. Miss Frederick could have allowed a "double" to do this scene for her, but Edward Jose, her director, was not wrong in supposing that she would accomplish the feat to keep the picture up to the very high standard which prevails throughout.

Other players in the cast are Frank Losee as the Baron Scarpia, Jules Raucourt as Mario, the lover; Henry as Angelotti, the refugee; and W. H. Forestelle as Spoletti.

Also a news weekly and one of the funniest comedies ever seen in London, "The Son of a Gun."

The Big Head-Line Attraction at the Majestic Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, Smiling Douglas Fairbanks in "A Modern Musketeer."

The disregard for expense shown by big motion picture producers is well illustrated in Douglas Fairbanks' latest production for Artcraft, "A Modern Musketeer," which will be shown at the Majestic Theatre on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday. The scenario called for scenes in the Grand Canyon of Arizona, and Fairbanks transported his entire company of fifty people there. The photoplay has an added value in presenting backgrounds of scenic splendor, which have been wonderfully reproduced by the camera.

Fairbanks' proudest boast is that he has never faked a scene. "Patrons of moving picture theatres have become too familiar with methods used in the past," he says, "and are quick to detect the genuine from the counterfeit. I never use a 'double,' for if I can't do it myself it isn't shown at all.

"In 'A Modern Musketeer' one of the biggest scenes is where we pursue the Navajo Indians, who have kidnapped Marjorie Daw, and Tully Marshall and I descended thousands of feet on ropes thrown from ledge to ledge. It was mighty cold, and the wind swayed us uncomfortably."

"A Modern Musketeer" is a typical Fairbanks production, combining melodrama and comedy.

Blood-Curdling Feats of Automobile Daring in "His Hidden Purpose."

According to the report emanating from the Mack Sennett studios the forthcoming Paramount-Mack Sennett comedy, "His Hidden Purpose," contains some of the most blood-curdling feats of automobile daring ever attempted. Among these is a chase participated in by two motors and a motorcycle. During the course of the pursuit all three machines plunge into a storm-swollen river. It is so deep that in the middle the cars disappear completely from view. Only the head of a chauffeur appears above the raging torrent and then after a pause the cars are seen struggling up the opposite bank. This scene was taken during a furious windstorm, which made driving all the more difficult. The boy who drove the leading car was the same one who makes the Sennett cars skid in the comedies until they almost execute a waltz. His skill in this direction is so remarkable that he has been asked by several automobile companies to give special instructions to their drivers in the matter of controlling skidding cars.

"His Hidden Purpose" will be shown at the Majestic Theatre next Wednesday, Thursday and Friday.

Enid Bennett, the Pretty Little Australian Beauty, at the Majestic Next Saturday Only in "Naughty, Naughty."

The attraction at the Majestic on Saturday of next week is the Paramount picture, "Naughty, Naughty," with Enid Bennett in the leading role. Miss Bennett has for some time been a popular screen favorite, and it is only necessary to say that in "Naughty, Naughty," she has full scope for her splendid talents. A great comedy.

A great comedy at the Majestic Theatre next Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS in "A Modern Musketeer"

Big special production at the Majestic next Wednesday, Thursday and Friday. "Smiling Doug" is at his best in this photoplay.

Thomas H. Ince presents ENID BENNETT in "Naughty, Naughty!"

At the Majestic Theatre next Saturday only. One of the best productions in which the famous little Australian beauty has been featured.

GERALDINE FARRAR
"THE WOMAN THAT GOD FORGOT"

At the Unique Theatre next Wednesday and Thursday.

MAJESTIC

THE THEATRE : THE SHOW : THE ORCHESTRA

THE BEST DRESSED WOMAN IN AMERICA **IRENE CASTLE** in **"The Hillcrest Mystery"** A STIRRING DRAMA OF LOVE AND TREACHERY

TODAY --- The Big Event of the Season **S. J. MEREDITH & CO.**

IN HIS LATEST FARCE COMEDY PLAYLET **"The Cabaret Artist"** A MUSICAL COMEDY OF YOUTH, BEAUTY AND FASHION

PROCEEDS TO SOLDIERS' TOBACCO FUNDS

MONDAY and TUESDAY ---- **Pauline Frederick**

THE SCREEN'S SUPREME EMOTIONAL ARTISTE

IN PARAMOUNT SCREEN VERSION OF THE OPERA **LA TOSCA**

"LA TOSCA" is famed in song and story as the world's greatest and most tragic heroine. A part ideally suited to the powerful art of Pauline Frederick.

THE BIG HEADLINE ATTRACTION

Wednesday, Thursday, Friday

Douglas Fairbanks

IN A SPECIAL ARTCRAFT PRODUCTION

"A Modern Musketeer"

Sensational, Humorous, Extraordinary Production.

SPECIAL---SAT. ONLY---THE BEAUTIFUL LITTLE AUSTRALIAN STAR

ENID BENNETT

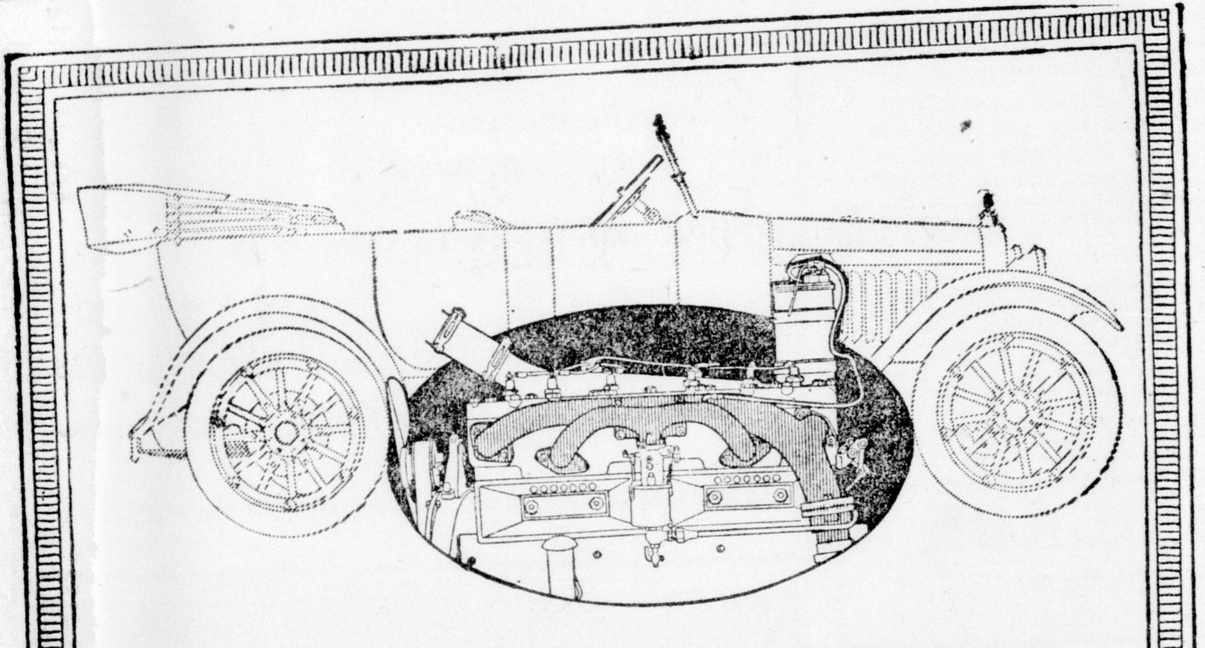
IN HER LATEST BIG COMEDY SUCCESS **'Naughty, Naughty'** A WONDERFUL PICTURE. BRING THE CHILDREN.

Photo-plays changed three times a week—Monday, Wednesday and Saturday.

DOORS OPEN—AFTERNOON 1:30; SHOW 2:15 to 5; EVENINGS, 6:45; SHOWS 7:10 to 9, 9 to 10:30.

Majestic Concert Orchestra Augmented---10 Pieces

LEADERSHIP MR. JOSEPH TIRRI.



Two Motor Problems Solved

—cold weather starting
—power from low-grade gasoline

SURELY this is an essential test for an engine—especially in Canada:—

That it will "warm up" quickly in cold weather—and do it with a poor grade of gasoline.

The new Chalmers meets this test. It runs as smoothly in December as in May. It thrives on low-grade gasoline. A great engine, truly!

Two features make the Chalmers engine great: Features that turn poor gasoline into high power—use the last bit of gas—keep raw gasoline out of the cylinders. Two new features solve the problems that have annoyed motorists for months. First, the "hot spot" in the manifold vaporizes every drop of gasoline to a rare, highly combustible state. Second, the "ramshorn" manifold carries this vapor straight to the cylinders. There are no traps in the Chalmers "ramshorn" for raw gasoline. No sharp bends, no rough surfaces or crevices.

Every motorist should see this great engine. For its great features are readily understood. Its performance is instantly appreciated. To-day's Chalmers is a delight to the critical driver. Arrange for a demonstration and take a turn at the wheel yourself. Let the great Chalmers engine tell you its own story. Any time.

the great Chalmers engine

7-passenger	$1,990.00	Sedan	$2,785.00	Town Car	$4,235.00
5- "	$1,915.00	Cabriolet	$2,375.00	Limousine Landaulet	$4,315.00
Roadster	$1,915.00	Limousine	$4,235.00	Town Car Landaulet	$4,315.00

Beemer & Co., London
PHONE 5670.

THE CHALMERS MOTOR CO. OF CANADA Ltd., WALKERVILLE

UNIQUE THEATRE

MONDAY AND TUESDAY.	**GAIL KANE** In "THE BRIDE'S SILENCE"—5 Parts "VENGEANCE AND THE WOMAN"—Chapter 10.
WEDNES. AND THURSDAY	SPECIAL **GERALDINE FARRAR** In "THE WOMAN GOD FORGOT"
FRIDAY AND SATURDAY	**CRANE WILBUR** In "EYES OF ENVY"—5 Parts. **Charlie Chaplin in "One A.M."**

BOB LONG
UNION-MADE
Overalls
Shirts & Gloves
Known from Coast to Coast

Bob Long says:

"My overalls and shirts are the best made, because — the cloth I use stands 68 pounds pressure to the square inch. Such pressure would go through the usual cheap overall cloth like a tank through the German lines."

Insist on "Bob Long" brand. Ask your dealer for Big 11—the big grey overalls—the cloth with the test.

R. G. LONG & CO., LIMITED
TORONTO - CANADA 100

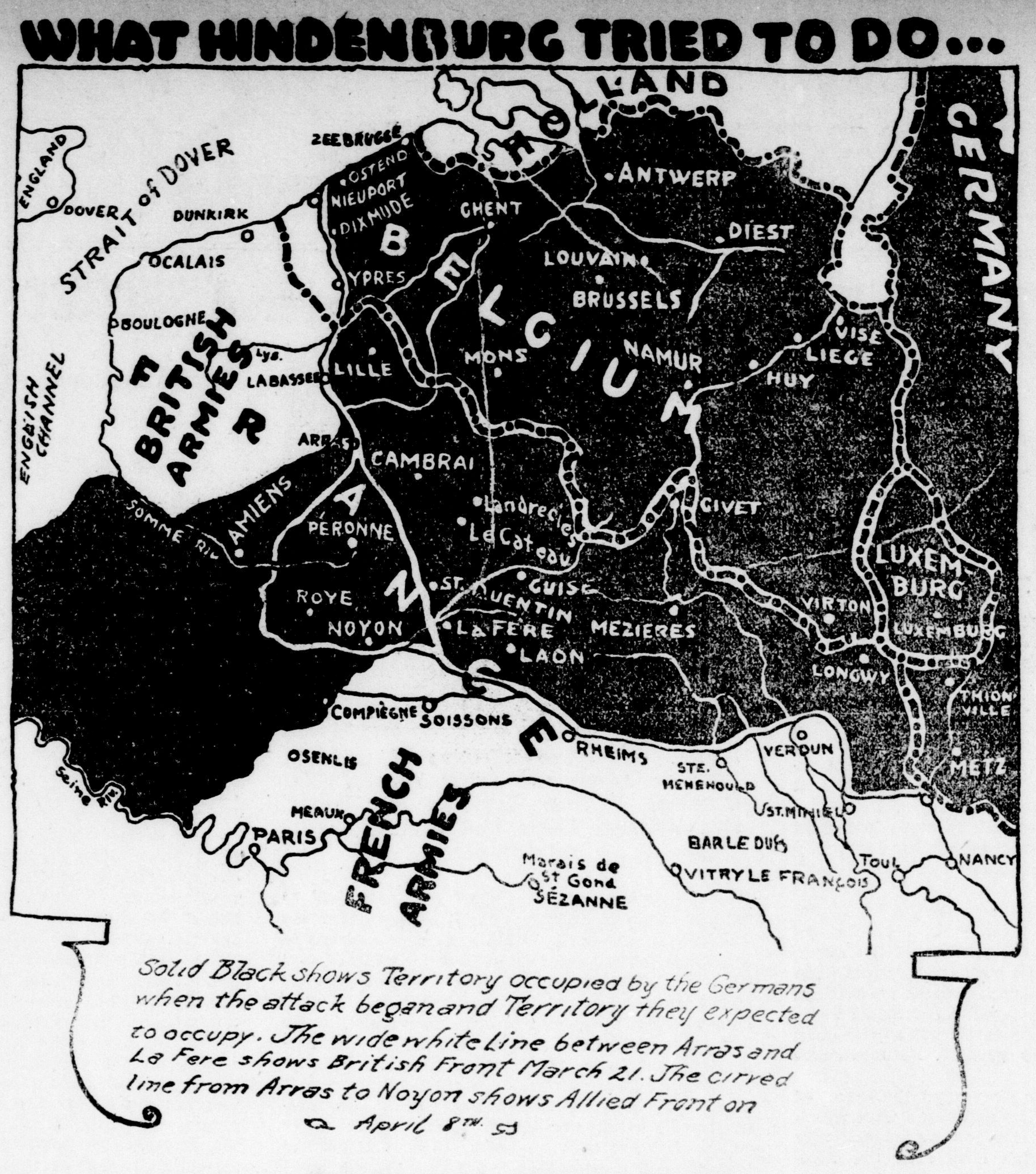
SECOND BATTLE OF THE SOMME BECOMING A GIGANTIC VERDUN WITH A CRISIS IN EVERY MOVE

Hindenburg Almost Succeeded in Object to Separate British and French—Former Saved Only by Rapid March of Ally—Germans Must Gain a Quick Victory or Acknowledge Themselves Beaten — Assistance of Americans Comes at Critical Time.

By Frank H. Simonds

Author of "The World War," "They Shall Not Pass," etc.

(Copyright, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)



(Map Illustrating Article by Simonds)

As we approach the end of the third week of the German offensive in Picardy, there is no mistaking the fact that the second battle of the Somme is rapidly taking on the color and character of another and more gigantic Verdun, with all that Verdun means to the German and Allied publics.

The German Object.

It is well to recall once more the exact circumstances, under which the present German campaign was undertaken. The Germans did not attack Picardy in 1918 as the French did in Champagne in 1915 to relieve an ally and with only a subordinate hope of breaking through. They did not attack as did the British and the French at the Somme, to save an imperiled sector of the western front, as Verdun had to be saved in July, 1916. They had a far more ambitious objective than had the ill-starred Nivelle one year ago at the Aisne. His maximum purpose was to turn the German out of France, and Haig's hope in the Ypres campaign of last summer and fall did not go beyond the freeing of the Belgian coast.

Now the Germans in their venture have returned to their own precedents of the Marne and Verdun campaigns. Their offensive was a deliberate attempt to win the war by one gigantic thrust, and it was so advertised by the German press, which, in such instances, always speaks by the book, and at the dictation of the German army. The German set out to impose a German peace upon the world by one more victorious campaign. He struck the British in 1918 as he struck the French in 1916. Before Verdun he advertised his offensive as designed to "break the heart of France." Before his last attack he promised to "break the spirit and will of Britain."

There was no permanent profit for the German at this time in the war in a gain of territory without a rupture of the Allied front. Least of all was there any profit in the re-conquest of that desert he had created between the Scheldt, the Somme, the Scarpe and the Oise in his great retreat of the previous year. A similar advance anywhere else on the front would have been incalculably more disastrous to his foes, because it would have devastated a new region of France, and thus added one more to the burdens the war has brought upon the French nation.

Choice of Location.

He struck where he did, because it was the one place in the western front where he could hope, given a complete success at the outset to produce a situation out of which he might win a supreme triumph and the war. I dwell upon this detail, if it be a detail, because it is essential now, and in the next few weeks, to keep in mind the German purpose. It is essential, because otherwise there may be an unnecessary pessimism, which will have a bad effect. The German is bound to make new gains, he is almost certain to advance his line at points, just as he did at Verdun, but as at Verdun, the main consideration is not local gain, but the extent, to which he realizes his main purpose.

Verdun was a failure for the German after he was checked on the Douaumont Plateau on February 26, 1916. He had aimed, in that campaign, to take Verdun with his first thrust, interpose between the French armies of the central and of the eastern groups, separate them and compel a general French retirement with the abandonment of several thousand square miles of French territory and an eventual resumption of the march on Paris. By March 1 there was not the smallest chance of a separation of French armies, Verdun became merely a local issue, French strategy became purely a problem of holding on until the British should be ready for their Somme attack.

French Strategy Wins.

French strategy realized its larger purpose and, by the smallest of margins also saved Verdun. Then the British attacked at the Somme on July 1st, Verdun was in extreme danger, and it would almost certainly have fallen in the next few months, had there been no diversion of German reserves and artillery to the Somme battleground. But even the taking of Verdun in the summer of 1916 would not have been a commensurate return for German casualties amounting to between 300,000 and 400,000. Even had Verdun fallen, French strategy was to hold the mass of the German armies in play until Britain could be fully ready.

Now, bearing in mind the Verdun parallel, we can see the German offensive in its true light in the present instance. The German had to face certain political conditions at home and abroad. His own people were terribly tired of war and were suffering greatly from hardships incident to the war. They wanted peace, but the victories in the east and the collapse of Russia had temporarily raised their spirits and they were willing to believe their military leaders, who told them that one more great effort in the west would bring a German peace and what was even more important, would enable Germany to make her enemies pay the costs of the war, for every German of ordinary intelligence realizes that Germany is ruined, if she can obtain no indemnities and does not break down the hostility of her present foes, which will cripple her economic future.

Forestalling the States.

Finally the German realized that the United States was beginning to be a military factor. The flow of American troops to the continent, which several months ago had amounted, on the statement of the French High Commissioner, to nearly a quarter of a million, was continuing and increasing. Granted that Germany might have a slight preponderance of numbers available for the offensive in March and in April, the margin was so small that to postpone action for two or three months would wipe it out as a result of the increase of American troops in France. Time ran against the German as it did at the time of Verdun, when he sought a decision before the British could get ready.

Now Allied strategy had certain equally plain facts to wrestle with. Conceivably the Germans were slightly superior both in numbers and in gun power. An Allied offensive would thus have relatively small chance of great success, because previous Allied offensives had failed when guns and men were both available in superior numbers. But there was arriving and would continue to arrive a stream of men and munitions from America, which could, by 1919, give the Allies a final advantage in both, and provide them with a reserve which, all things considered, might be regarded as practically inexhaustible. The supreme purpose of the Allies, then, was to endure with as little loss of ground and men as possible, until America was ready. Anything but a major disaster was a price they must and did consent to pay for time and by a major disaster they understood a German victory that would insure a German peace.

First Three Weeks.

Given these conditions on both sides, let us see how the game worked out in the first three weeks of the German offensive. The German planned a Napoleonic blow. He undertook to break through the British on a front of 50 miles, drive a wedge between the French and the British, roll the British back upon Calais and Boulogne, that is north of the Somme, contain the whole British force on the now restricted front with a relatively small fraction of his troops, who would dig in and then concentrate all his resources of his allies upon a final blow against the French.

In his original conception Hindenburg expected to break through the Allied line, throw the French back behind the Seine and the Oise, contain the routed British behind the Somme or even the Canche and then, with his hands free for the moment, deal the death blow to the French. And it is essential to recognize that if the British had been thrown back behind the Somme or the Canche and penned up in the narrow area, thus circumscribed, the peril to France would have been tremendous. It was the old Napoleonic conception of the Waterloo campaign, to divide the British and the Prussians, drive the Prussians east towards Liege and contain them with Grouchy and then smash Wellington. The failure was the failure of Grouchy to contain the Prussians, who got back into effective touch with the British and routed the French.

Britsh Line Broken.

Now let us follow the working out of the strategy as far as it had gone on April 9, which is just short of three weeks. First of all, there was an immediate rupture of the Allied line. Gough's fifth army was beaten, as no great British army has ever been beaten. Not only was it beaten, but in its retreat it was so badly handled that the Germans were able to intervene between it and the main British armies to the north and similarly between it and the French armies to the south. The fifth army was the link in the Allied chain of armies from Switzerland to the sea, and this link was effectually broken by Friday, March 22. Thus in two days Hindenburg had accomplished what Falkenhayn had failed to achieve at Verdun, he had broken a hole between the allied lines.

The ultimate German victory, after the immediate and enormous local success west of St. Quentin, was prevented by the French, they saved the British even more unmistakably than Bluecher saved Wellington at Waterloo. Had the French not been able to intervene, the Germans would have realized in the first week the main purpose of their strategy; they would have driven the British in something approaching a complete rout, so far as the fifth army was concerned, north of the Somme and out of touch with the French.

Rescue by French.

The French saved the British and the situation by the rapidity, with which they moved their reserves northward. They had two things to do. The collapse of the fifth British army had not only opened a gap between the British and French fronts, it had also uncovered the main roads to Paris. Thus the French had to rush troops north to cover Paris, they had also to rush troops up to get in front of the German push westward which was rapidly getting to the point where all possible restoration of contact between the Allies would be impossible.

The threat to Paris was stopped short and never became grave at any time during the critical period. But it was not until March 26 that French troops had gotten round the corner and in front of the extreme point of the wedge and by this time this extreme point had passed Montdidier and had begun to climb the narrow plateau between the Avre and the Noye valleys. And in the Noye valley runs the main railroad from Paris to the north. It was a breathless finish to one of the most exciting races in all military history.

The Germans did not immediately accept the fact of defeat. For several days they continued to assail this necessarily thin line, which was the lifeline of the Allied armies, since it bound the British and the French together. But the French soldier of blood and bravery held. By April 1 the German was forced to abandon his immediate efforts to break the new connection. He had, temporarily, come to the end of his strength on this front, where he was 35 miles from his starting point, and the hopeless roads behind him were rendered even more hopeless by the rainstorm that now intervened. Perhaps if it had not rained he might have gotten through, just as Victor Hugo and other French writers insist that Napoleon would have won at Waterloo if it had not rained the night before and delayed the French attack the next morning.

Thrust at Arras.

But the German was not through. To the north, in front of Arras, his advance had been slight, and he was still in touch with his old, good communications. Accordingly, he launched a new thrust at Arras. The purpose was simple. He had broken the gate between the French and British hinges at La Fere and Arras at the La Fere hinge; it had swung back, but the French had come up and stopped the swing. He might now wrench it off the northern hinge; if he did, his purpose would still be accomplished, because he would open a new gap between the Allies, and there were no more French reserves available.

Unfortunately for him, however, the third British army succeeded where the fifth had failed. It retired a little, but in perfect order and upon stronger positions, which it held, exacting so terrible a price from the Germans that they stopped short in the attack upon the northern hinge, and they have not resumed their attack up to the present moment. The rush was over by March 27. By April 1 there was a general lull all over the front and the Germans were digging in on their flanks and getting up their heavy guns, while the Allies were also digging in and getting up reserves and artillery.

Amiens Threatened.

Still the Allied situation was exceedingly awkward and remains so, in one important aspect. As at Verdun the first German rush had carried the assailant over most of the good gun positions and naturally defensive lines, on which the French could make a stand if the most important local objective was to be saved. Verdun City was this local objective in the earlier campaign. Amiens occupies a similar role in the later offensive. When the rush stopped the Germans were within a dozen miles of the old capital of Picardy, an important industrial town, but above all, the neck of the bottle through which pass all the main north and south railroads of this region, the railroads which connect Paris with Calais and the British and French front, and what was more important, the railroads from Rouen and Havre, which connect the British in Picardy, Artois and Flanders with their main bases on the sea.

It was no longer certain that the Germans, even if they got Amiens, could separate the British and the French, for not until it passes Abbeville, 20 miles west, does the Somme become an impassable barrier between the north and the south, and the British might hang on astride the Somme all the way back to the neighborhood of Abbeville, but if Amiens went, their connections with Great Britain would at once be threatened. Yet, if the line held within ten miles west of Amiens, new communications could in time be improved.

Foe's Object Fails.

Had Amiens fallen in the first rush, then the British would have been swept north of the Somme, and there could have been no further hope of a restoration of contact between French and British, but once the contact was restored a dozen miles in front of Amiens, there was real hope that it might be maintained west of Amiens, even if this town should fall. I say this, because the fall of Amiens, which remains possible, should not be accepted as having the importance that it might have had two weeks or more ago. The fall of Verdun in August would have been a sad blow to Allied morale, but it would not have been the evidence of immediate disaster as it would have been in February or even in the first days of March, 1916. And the same is now true of Amiens.

After the first week of effort there was a natural and inevitable lull in the Amiens sector; the German did not actually stop, but his operations, save at Arras, were inconsiderable for nearly a week. Then he began again on exactly the old Verdun lines; that is, by attacks on either side of the wedge he had driven in towards his immediate local objective. In Lorraine he began his new operations by attacks upon Dead Man's Hill and Fort de Vaux, on the flanks of his wedge. He did this to abolish the evil effect of the artillery fire concentrated upon his wedge from both sides. Before Amiens he sought to widen his wedge.

Gain Not Great.

Hindenburg's problem was a magnified reproduction of the Verdun problem. Any further advance at the point of the wedge toward Amiens would be smothered by concentrated Allied artillery fire. He must, therefore, widen the wedge, and he sought to do this by attacking the French on the plateau between the Avre and the Noye, south of Amiens, and the British west of the Ancre and Somme. Could he advance on both flanks he would begin to throw a loop around Amiens, isolating the town both from the north and from the south. But although he gained ground, his gain was inconsiderable and the price paid exorbitant. This price was increased by the fact that German heavy artillery was not yet up and French and British guns of all calibres were in position. By the third Sunday of the battle the German effort on both flanks had slowed down, with no real gain on the north and no decisive gain on the south, although the Amiens-Calais railroad was no longer usable and barely two miles distant from the German front.

In sum, then, toward the end of the third week, the German was still far from his major end, the separation of the British and French armies. He had won a great battle and administered to one strong British army perhaps the heaviest defeat in British military history. He had advanced beyond any expectation of the Allies, he was approaching Amiens, although at a very slow pace. But he has paid 300,000 casualties for a local success, and there was not the smallest promise that he could bring home a new Sedan or a Waterloo, discoverable on the face of the situation. Rather there was the growing likelihood of a second Verdun.

German Failure so Far.

And the Germans must not have a local victory, but a decisive victory, a military solution of the problem of the war. He has confessed that he must have it at once, by the terms under which he challenged his foes and enlisted his own people. If he is before Amiens a month from now he will have lost the campaign, provided he continues the battle in this field, or does not win a major triumph in some other. If he gets beyond Amiens without separating his two foes, he will have failed, if they are still able to stand firmly united before him. He needs another local success as great as his recent triumph to win what he sought to win, and nothing else will greatly help him now.

Allied prospects have greatly improved since there was an eleventh-hour agreement upon a single command. It ought to have been agreed upon last winter, but it was blocked by British military influence, despite the urgings of Lloyd George. America, France, and even Italy, favored it, but British influences postponed it until the present reverse intervened. After the defeat there could be no more argument by British military authorities, since it was the failure of the British which brought a defeat which was nearly a disaster. Foch was pre-eminently the man for the place; no other French general, and no British or Italian general—and, least of all, an American general—could challenge the achievement of the man who saved Nancy, won the Marne, and blocked the German drive to the channel, with the aid of the British and Belgians.

It is possible to regret the lateness of the decision, since the task of the new generalissimo has been greatly increased thereby, but all this in the past, and in his own public utterances, he has given us the best assurance that he did not come too late.

American Help.

One word as to American participation. Accepting M. Tardieu's figures of some time ago, the United States must now have at least 300,000 men in France. Of these, we are told, 100,000 have started for the Somme front, and other divisions are relieving French troops in four sectors, at the smallest reckoning. Presumably, then, the United States is putting around 200,000 men at the service of the Allies. This is a small number, as this war goes, but it is equal to a class of French recruits, it is half as large as the annual increment of the German army, and, since the men are picked, it is unquestionably better in its human material than either a French or German class.

Again, if the Allies have lost 200,000 in the opening phase of the second battle of the Somme, the gap has been promptly filled by American troops. The German, on the other hand, having lost between 250,000 and 300,000 in the same operation, must find the troops to replace wastage out of his own reserves. He can do it; he probably had upwards of 1,000,000 reserves to replace wastage when the campaign began, but the rate of exhaustion for him is thus far faster than for his chief opponents. And henceforth, under the wise plan to put American troops in more promptly, brigaded with French and British troops, they will aid regularly to replace Allied wastage, while the German must still rely exclusively upon his own manpower.

Aid at Critical Time.

The States is only beginning, but the start is at a critical moment, and the aid is by no means negligible. On the contrary, it may enable the British and French to reconstitute an army of manoeuvre, if, as seems possible, a large part of the original force was drawn in to fill the gaps created by the defeat of the fifth British army. As to the moral effect, no one can mistake the admirable impression made by American entrance. At a critical moment the German has failed, first, to separate the armies of his principal enemies, and, secondly, to separate the peoples of his other enemies. The alliance against Germany is stronger today than at any moment since Russia fell, and Uncle Sam is in some small way beginning to replace Russia.

Set this against the battle lost and the disaster narrowly escaped by the Allies, and it has a real value. Couple with it the failure, to date, of the German strategy to realize its main objective, and the reason for confidence is clear. France lost Charleroi and won the Marne; Britain has lost the second battle of the Somme, but Britain, France and America are all in line once more, and the German advance has at least slowed down on what is for us all the right side of his objective. We have not produced his downfall, but he hasn't yet come at his world power. We can wait, as Allied strategy contemplates. We can wait, as Petain waited at Verdun until the British were ready. Hindenburg cannot delay, as his strategy has indicated, much less can he afford another Verdun, towards which his offensive is rapidly drifting. Hence the now convulsions of the third week.

On the other hand, unless his present check is interrupted, the German will soon attempt to persuade us that he never sought a real decisive victory, and parade his local gains, just as he did in the Verdun time. When he does try this game, we must keep in mind what he said he was going to do. This is the real test. Now, as at Verdun, this is the test he must face, and we should not help him to avoid it even for a moment.

IT STOPS THE TWINGES OF RHEUMATISM, LIMBERS THE MUSCLES, EASES THE JOINTS

Amazing Relief Comes at Once —Cure Every Time.

RUB ON NERVILINE

Aching joints and sore muscles are common in rheumatic people. Inflammation is deep in the tissues. You might use a dozen remedies and derive less relief than Nerviline will give you in half an hour.

Nerviline is a pain-subduer that words do not altogether describe.

It is fully five times stronger than most remedies, not that it affects the skin unfavorably—no, its great power is due to its wonderful penetrative quality—it strikes in deeply, but never burns or blisters.

Just rub Nerviline into sore muscles, stiff joints, and note the glow of comfort, the ease of pain that follows.

You are astonished, delighted; this is because words do not express the promptness and permanency with which Nerviline cures every ache and pain in the muscles and joints.

Marvellous, you'll say. Natural, we say, because Nerviline is different, stronger, more penetrating, a true pain-subduer. Just try it and see if it doesn't cure rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago, strains and sprains.

The large 25c family size bottle is very economical. Get it today. Sold by dealers everywhere, or direct from the Catarrhozone Company, Kingston, Canada.

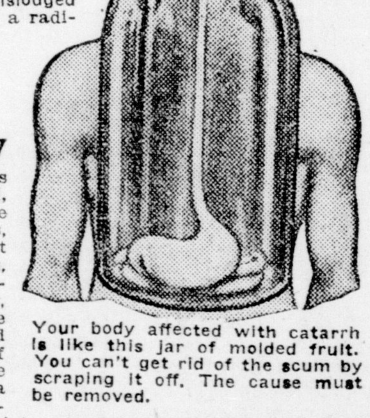
CATARRH

New and Curious Remedial Discovery That Never Fails to Give Immediate Results

Here is a safe and easy method for getting at catarrh that invariably surprises chronic sufferers because of the immediate and pleasing effects it produces. There is no waiting for results. Just to cite an instance, take the experience of Mr. H. Elser, Lexington, Neb., who writes: "Dear Sam Katz: I received your catarrh treatment, and in two days my catarrh was gone. I am now cured."

The Sam Katz method which this gentleman and thousands of others have used, is different from anything you have ever known of. There is nothing to smoke, spray or inject; no salves, creams, vibration or massage. Everything about it is natural and healthful.

The exact remedial combination of this method is a secret known only to myself and my associates although I will say this much: it is based on the modern scientific discovery that the disease germs causing catarrh **must be destroyed and dislodged from the infected tissue** in order to effect a radical and permanent cure.



Your body affected with catarrh is like this jar of molded fruit. You can't get rid of the scum by scraping it off. The cause must be removed.

Banish Your Catarrh Restore Your Health and Organic Vitality

Catarrh, as you know, gradually works downward from the nose, throat and head, through the entire system, doing damage everywhere. Headaches, dizziness, deafness, head noises, confused thoughts, impairment of the memory, weakened vision, sore eyes, boils, nervousness, general languor, rheumatism, lame back, neuralgia, stomach, liver, kidney, bladder disorders, weaknesses of the vital organs and many other maladies and ills may, any or all, be due to the ravages of the disease we call catarrh. Once cleanse your system of the deadly catarrh germ, a task that my method is purposed to accomplish, and your entire organism responds, giving you a new sense of vital vigor and renewed health. As Nancy A. Davis of Waynesboro, Miss., writes me: "Since taking the Sam Katz method I feel like a new woman. I think your catarrh treatment is worth its weight in gold."

Full Box Sent On Trial

Don't send any money, not even a stamp, but simply your name and address on a postal or in a letter, and I will arrange to forward to you, postpaid, a trial box of the Sam Katz Catarrh Materials, the same that I have sent to tens of thousands all over the world. There will be enough of the Materials for a fifteen days' test, after which you may go on with the full Course if you so decide.

The Sam Katz Catarrh Materials are always put out in these trial packages, no matter how far from Chicago the sufferer may live, including Canada and foreign lands. So do not hesitate or delay. Write at once. I want you to try this mysterious remedy without risking a penny of your money. I will gladly take all the chances. Please address,

SAM KATZ, Dept. H. D., 1140, 142 Mutual Street, Toronto, Ont.

ENEMY RAIDS ON ENGLAND AND PARIS AT NIGHT

East Coast of Britain Attacked—Two Machines Penetrate Inland.

LONDON, April 12.—A German aerial raid was made on the east coast of England this evening.

One or two of the raiders succeeded in penetrating further inland.

Field Marshal French, commander of the forces of the United Kingdom, issued the following report on the raid:

"Some hostile airships crossed the east coast this evening, and proceeded to attack the Eastern Midland districts. One or two raiders succeeded in penetrating farther inland, where some bombs are reported to have fallen. Further details are not yet available.

"The raid is still in progress."

RAID ALSO ON PARIS.

PARIS, April 12.—German airplanes attempted a raid on the Paris district tonight. They dropped a few bombs, but it is not known whether there are any casualties. The official statement on the raid says:

"German airplanes crossed the lines going south. Only two succeeded in flying over the Paris district, dropping a few bombs. The warning was given at 10:10 o'clock, and the 'all clear' was sounded at 10:40. The number of victims is not yet known, but will be made public as soon as all reports are received."

For the first time since the long-distance bombardment of Paris began, German shells reached the Paris region after sundown tonight. A projectile struck somewhere near the city at 8:05 o'clock this evening.

In the bombardment today two persons were killed and twelve wounded by German shells.

ELEVEN KILLED.

PARIS, April 13.—Eleven persons were killed and fifty injured in Friday night's air raid on Paris, according to the latest official information.

FRESH DIVISIONS OF ENEMY ARE HURLED AT THE FRENCH LINE

After All-Day Fighting, Enter Part of Hangard.

GREAT BATTLE IN FOREST

Americans and Poilus Repel Tremendous Attack in Apermont Wood.

PARIS, April 12.—German forces launched heavy attacks this morning against the French in the Hangard-en-Santerre sector. The fighting continued throughout the day. Several attacks ended in failure, but finally fresh German troops penetrated Hangard, although the western section of the village was regained by the French, according to the war office announcement tonight.

American and French troops fighting together repelled a German attack in the Apremont forest. The Americans captured numerous prisoners.

The text of the statement says:

"After an intense artillery preparation the Germans this morning attacked our lines on the front of Hangard-en-Santerre-Hourges. Violent fighting ensued, which lasted all day.

"In front of Hourges the enemy was not able to advance, despite his efforts. After several fruitless attacks carried out without success by fresh German troops the enemy penetrated Hangard. Counter-attacks launched by us regained the western part of the village, where the fighting continues with stubborness

Gun Duel in Noyon Sector.

"In the Noyon sector the artillery action was quite marked. The Germans bombarded Rheims, several fires breaking out, particularly around the cathedral.

"In the Apremont forest the enemy delivered against our positions in the Brule Wood a powerful attack, gaining a foothold in our advanced elements. A spirited counter-attack by the French and American troops, acting together, immediately drove them out. Twenty-two prisoners belonging to six different units were taken by the Americans.

"On April 11, our pursuit airplanes engaged in numerous combats, in the course of which two German airplanes and a captive balloon were brought down. Twelve other German machines were seriously damaged and fell within the enemy lines. The same day our escadrilles dropped 16,000 kilos of projectiles on the railway station at St. Quentin, depots and aviation grounds of Montdidier. A fire destroyed hangars at Champien and an explosion was noted in the St. Quentin station."

GEO. MAHON IS PRESIDENT OF WOODSTOCK BOWLERS

Fine Season Lies Ahead of Club, Opinion of Members.

WOODSTOCK, April 12.—The annual meeting of the Woodstock Bowling Club was held last night. It was found that the membership was 89, and the finances of the club were found to be in good condition. It was arranged to hold the annual county tournament on the first and second of July. The following officers were elected: President, George F. Mahon; vice-president, A. H. Wilson; secretary-treasurer, Henry Sneath; club secretary, F. A. Smith; chaplain, Rev. Dr. Wearing; management committee, K. Harvey, C. E. Hendershott; A. H. Watson, A. N. Longstreet, F. W. Karn; grounds committee, E. Thompson, Dr. Brodie, F. Down, A. McIntyre; auditors, T. W. Gray and W. S. Hastings. George F. Mahon and K. Harvey were appointed delegates to the Ontario and Western Bowling Association meeting. Sheriff McGhee, Robert McIntosh, N. W. Birtch, C. Wilson and J. Clarke were all made honorary members.

LONDON OFFICER IN CRITICAL CONDITION

ST. THOMAS, April 12.—Lieut. Martinell McLachlin is so critically ill with pneumonia at Montreal that his father, R. McLachlin, was summoned, and left this afternoon. The young soldier went to Quebec with a detachment from London and was taken ill while on duty. His mother has been with him since she was notified of his being stricken.

DEATH OF JOHN O'NEIL.

BURGESSVILLE, April 12.—John F. O'Neill, aged 68, is dead at his home here after a year's illness. The funeral will be held at Woodstock on Saturday morning, services being conducted in St. Mary's Church.

He is survived by his wife, a son, Edward, at Santiago, Cuba; Miss Olive, of Woodstock, and Rowe and Zeno at home. The following sisters survive: Mrs. Springer, Port Huron; Mrs. Callan, St. Thomas; Mrs. Mowe, Montreal; Mrs. Mahoney, Benton Harbor, Mich., and Mrs. Carter, St. Thomas.

HEATHER—HOFFMAN.

FERGUS, April 12.—Word has been received of the marriage at St. Nicholas Church, Seven Oaks, Kent, England, recently, Mrs. Wilamina Hoffman, widow of Everett Hoffman and Major G. A. Heather of the Royal Field Artillery. The bride was given away by Lieut.-Col. F. Reid. Mrs. Heather is a daughter of Wm. Pattison of Fergus, and the groom is a son of the late Dean of Achonry, Connemara.

FRECKLE-FACE

Sun and Wind Bring Out Ugly Spots—How to Remove Easily.

Here's a chance, Miss Freckle-face, to try a remedy for freckles with the guarantee of a reliable dealer that it will not cost you a penny unless it removes the freckles; while if it does give you a clear complexion the expense is trifling.

Simply get an ounce of othine—double strength—from any druggist and a few applications should show you how easy it is to rid yourself of the homely freckles and get a beautiful complexion. Rarely is more than one ounce needed for the worst case.

Be sure to ask the druggist for the double strength othine as this is the prescription sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.

THE HOME BANK OF CANADA

"The dollar deposit in the bank makes three parties better off—yourself, the bank and the party who borrows from the bank."

Full compound interest paid at highest bank rate on Savings Deposits of One Dollar and upwards.

Branches and Connections Throughout Canada.

LOCAL OFFICES:

London (394 Richmond St.), Thorndale, Ilderton, Melbourne, Komoka, Delaware, Lawrence Station.

12 Tumors Removed Without An Operation

Silver Lake, Ont., Sept. 20, 1909.

Dear Mrs. Ladd,—I am enjoying better health than I have for eight years and I think I am entirely cured. I have none of the old symptoms. I am very grateful for my present health, and I think Orange Lily is the greatest treatment for women the world knows. Its use in my case caused 12 tumors or growths of some sort to be expelled. Some were as large as a hen's egg, and others smaller, down to the size of a walnut. You may use my case in your advertisement, for it is the solid truth, and pen cannot describe all the good it has done for me.—Mrs. Louise E. Bolteridge.

ORANGE LILY TRADE MARK

This letter gives an indication of the positive benefits that always follow the use of Orange Lily. It is an applied treatment and comes in direct contact with the suffering organs. It produces results from the start in all cases of women's disorders, including painful periods, falling of womb, irregularities, leucorrhoea, etc.

I will send a sample box, containing ten days' treatment, absolutely free to any suffering woman who has not yet tried it if she will send me her address. Enclose 3 stamps and address MRS LYDIA W. LADD, Windsor, Ont. Sold by leading druggists everywhere.

Move Your Clock Ahead When You Retire Tonight

Proclamation Issued and Law Will Take Effect 2 a.m. Sunday.

OTTAWA, April 12.—The going into force of the daylight-saving measure has been definitely fixed for 2 o'clock on Sunday morning, April 14.

It will remain in effect until 2 o'clock on the morning of Thursday, October 31, 1918.

This afternoon Sir Charles Fitzpatrick attended in the Senate and gave the royal assent to the measure. Immediately an extra edition of the Canada Gazette was issued, containing the following proclamation:

"His excellency, the governor-general-in-council, on the recommendation of the minister of trade and commerce, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the prescribed time during which the daylight-saving act, 1918, is to be in force during the present year shall be from 2 o'clock on the morning of Sunday, the 14th day of April, 1918, until 2 o'clock on the morning of Thursday, the 31st day of October, 1918."

MAY SPEND $100,000 TO BUILD HOMES FOR BRANTFORD WORKERS

Board of Trade Will Launch Company for Big Project.

BRANTFORD, April 12.—At a largely attended meeting of the board of trade here tonight it was decided to launch a company under the auspices of the board to erect 100 workingmen's houses here this summer. Local manufacturers expressed willingness to undertake the plan, owing to the great scarcity of houses in the city at present. The plan is to provide funds for the building of a standard type of house, and the resale of the same on the instalment plan. Funds to the amount of $100,000 have already been offered.

The increase of tax on vacant lands was strongly urged by several speakers, there being 2,000 vacant lots in this city held by speculators.

That meat was sold on the Brantford market under a farce of inspection and under conditions of danger to the public health was the charge of Aldermen Kelly and Hill who urged the board to support the city council in making a large expenditure to provide adequate accommodation on the market.

Britain Making Gun To Throw Shell 80 Miles

LONDON, April 12.—In the House of Commons today, J. I. MacPherson, parliamentary under-secretary of the war office, informed a questioner that steps had been taken to construct a British gun capable of throwing a shell more than eighty miles.

TAKE PATRIOTIC MONEY OUT OF WINDSOR TAXES

WINDSOR, April 12.—If a suggestion made at a meeting of Windsor businessmen today is heeded by the Windsor city council at its meeting Monday evening, there will be no general patriotic fund campaign in Windsor this year. It is the plan to have two mills additional placed on the city tax rolls, which would bring in approximately $50,000, the amount usually required for the city's contribution to the fund. Besides caring for soldiers' dependents, Windsor has been subscribing some $80,000 each year to the patriotic fund, the money being raised by popular subscription. The only weak spot in the plan is the fact that non-property owners would be exempted from paying in anything to the fund, the owners practically shouldering the load.

BOOSTING GREATER PRODUCTION.

PRINCETON, April 12.—At the annual meeting of the Bible Society last evening the officers were all re-elected. The collections for the year totaled $50. Addresses were given by Rev. Beverly Smith and Mr. Vickert.

Farmers are busy with their spring work all through this district, and the plan this year is to produce a record crop in order to meet the needs of the Allies. Large quantities of fine maple syrup were made here in the past two weeks.

Dr. McColl of Brantford has located here.

WILLIAMS—McILVEEN.

GRANTON, April 12.—Miss Blanche McIlveen of Granton and W. D. Williams of Clinton were quietly married at the manse here on Tuesday by Rev. W. H. Alp. They will reside at Molesworth. The bride was an active worker in the Presbyterian Church here and a member of the choir and received many handsome gifts.

TAFT CALLS FOR U.S. FORCES OF FIVE MILLIONS

Shift the Brunt of Terrible Struggle From Britain and France.

N. Y. CAPITOL IS THRILLED

Legislators Pass Resolution That Peace Must Be Won by Allied Forces.

ALBANY, N.Y., April 12.—The New York Legislature after listening to a stirring war speech by former President Wm. H. Taft today unanimously and enthusiastically adopted a resolution declaring that the state "favors the entrance of the United States after the war into a league of nations to safeguard the peace that must be won by the joint military forces of the Allied nations."

The former president advocated that the United States, as soon as possible, put into the western battlefront an army of from 5,000,000 to 7,000,000 men. This probably would take two years or more, he said.

"When we get our army of 5,000,000 men abroad," he declared, "the victory is won. We'll occupy the centre of that terrible battlefront, and we'll bear the brunt of the struggle, as we should, after our allies have been fighting our battles for the last three years."

Initiative Is Taken by London In Fining Food Law Violators

Winnipeg Cites This City as Example for Western Restaurants.

WINNIPEG, April 12.—The food control office here cited London (Ontario) as an example for all restaurants who are not obeying the new food laws today. The office has a man checking up the different restaurants in the city, and any that are not conforming to the laws will have a summons issued against them instantly.

London is the first city to prosecute under the new food laws, having fined four men $25 each on April 4 for selling bacon and beef more than once in a single day, the food office stated.

HERO OF VIMY DIES AFTER OPERATION

NEW HAMBURG, April 11.—The death of Pte. Wilfred Laschinger, aged 21, son of the late Postmaster Jacob Laschinger of New Hamburg, occurred this afternoon at his mother's residence. He enlisted in the 111th South Waterloo Battalion, going overseas in September, 1916. He lost his left leg while doing duty at Vimy Ridge. Since then he has been in military hospitals, latterly in Toronto, until Monday last a surgical operation, due to an abscess, was performed here.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS
Genuine bears Signature Brentwood

Are You Tied Up Indoors?

If so, your whole system naturally gets tied up too. A lazy liver and constipated bowels are bad things, dangerous things. Exercise as much as you can—but keep your liver and bowels up to the mark all the time. Take one pill regularly —until you are sure you are all right again.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Genuine bears Signature Brentwood

Colorless faces often show the absence of Iron in the blood. Carter's Iron Pills will help this condition.

H.P. SAUCE

has a flavor, a distinctiveness, and an excellence all its own.

Try it for yourself.

WESTERN ONTARIO BRIEFS

WILTON GROVE.—The large brick home of Andrew Marr on Concession 3 was completely destroyed by fire. Most of the furniture was saved. The loss is partially covered by insurance.

GODERICH. — Ticket Agent Roy leaves next week for Norwich, where he has been appointed station agent.

WABASH.—The snowfall in this district was welcomed by farmers, as it protected the wheat which has survived the ravages of the recent heavy frosts.

SARNIA.—The Exchange Hotel, corner Victoria and Lochiel streets, one of the landmarks of the city, has been sold to Laskey and Homer of Windsor, who will tear down the present frame building and erect a modern three-story structure. The property was owned for many years by the late Jos. Ellison, and was recently purchased by J. Donohue.

GALT.—Rev. E. H. Beckman, pastor of St. Paul's Lutheran Church, was honored by a class he confirmed by being presented with a gold watch and a sum of money.

SHEDDEN. — Horse buyers from Aylmer have purchased the white team owned by E. Down for $500.

TYRCONNEL.—Fire which started from the kitchen chimney completely destroyed the home of John W. Morrish. Only a few articles of furniture were saved.

GRANTON.—A trinket campaign to aid in furnishing coffee for the boys in the trenches will be carried on on Wednesday next by the members of the Women's Institute.

FOREST.—Wilfrid Isaacs af Dashwood has been appointed line manager for the People's Telephone Company.

GLENCOE.—Oil drillers are putting down a test well for F. J. Carman on the Hyndman farm, Longwood road, in Ekfrid Township.

AMHERSTBURG.—Capt. A. C. Callam has gone to Chicago to get his big steel steamer, the W. E. FitzGerald, in shape for the opening of navigation.

GLENCOE.—The council has decided to invest $3,000 of funds accrued in its sinking fund account in five-year bonds of the city of London, which pay 6⅛ per cent.

ELORA.—W. J. Connon, who recently sold his farm near here and located in Fergus, has purchased a 17-acre farm at Vineland, and will move there next week.

GRANTON.—Miss Geddes of Ailsa Craig has been engaged to teach the junior class, as Miss A. Armitage has accepted a position in London.

HARROW.—The Quality Canning Company is closing contracts for sweet corn at $12 per ton. Last year's price was $8. A large acreage is being secured.

OWEN SOUND.—Councillor Frank Barber has resigned after a residence of 30 years in Owen Sound, and will reside in Kincardine, where he has joined the staff of the Malcolm Furniture Company.

FOREST.—The shareholders of the Forest Hotel Company are holding a special meeting today to ratify an agreement for the sale of the hotel and to wind up the company.

AMHERSTBURG.—John Grant, aged 73 Amherstburg's oldest barber, is so critically ill that little hope is held for his recovery.

APPIN.—The play put on last night by the Newbury Dramatic Club in aid of the Red Cross by the Women's Institute drew a capacity house and delighted the audience.

MIDDLEMARCH.—David Lyle Jun. has purchased the 50-acre farm of James Stanton for $4,500.

FARMERS WANT ROAD PROPERLY LOCATED

BLENHEIM, April 12.—I. Timpkins, J. Brown and L. McCallum, farmers of Harwich, are having a suit on Monday next in the supreme court sittings at Chatham before Justice Rose. The action is brought up in order to force the township to have the 18-19 side road diverted to its proper course. They claim it has for years encroached their farms. The council has denied their demands in connection with the proper location of the road for some years.

SYSTEM WAS FULL OF POISON

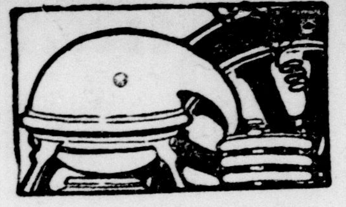
Pain in Back So Bad at Times She Could Scarcely Walk—Thorough Cure Was Effected.

Flamboro, Ont., April 12.—At this season of the year there is a great deal of suffering from poisons in the system. Living too much indoors, breathing vitiated air and eating artificial foods all tend to derange the normal action of the kidneys, liver and bowels.

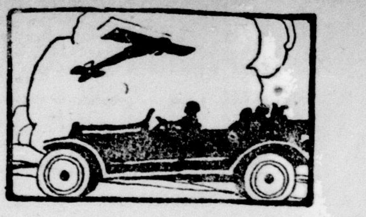
With these filtering and eliminating organs sluggish and inactive poisons are left in the blood to poison the whole system and set up pains, aches and serious disease. The writer of this letter was in a serious condition from constipation and kidney trouble when she began using Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills and was entirely cured.

Mrs. Ed Miller, West Flamboro, Ont., writes: "I can truthfully say that Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills have cured me of constipation. I suffered with constipation almost ever since I can remember, and for four years had pains at the left side of the back. If I walked across the kitchen floor, I would have to sit and rest. That, I think, was terrible for a woman of twenty years. The condition of my blood was shown by pimples breaking out on my face. I suffered so much from pains and stiffness in the back I am sure my system was full of poison. Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills have entirely cured me, and I feel better than I have felt for many years."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25c a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Do not be talked into accepting substitutes. Imitations only disappoint.



New and Interesting Facts from Science and Life



Can GRAVITATION Be Destroyed By ELECTRICITY?

THAT science has at last solved the conundrum of how to overcome gravity seems to be indicated by the astonishing results obtained in a series of experiments with electricity recently conducted by Prof. Francis E. Nipher of the St. Louis Academy of Science.

It is the theory of scientists that in some mysterious way the minute electrical charges existing on the particles making up molecules and atoms are definitely linked up and concerned with such basic phenomena as gravitation. Since all bodies are made up of atoms it would seem logically to follow that the forces of gravity must depend in some way upon attractions which atoms exert upon each other, and due to the fact that the atoms are separated, at least in solids and liquids, by extremely small distances, we might expect these inter-atomic forces to be relatively more powerful than are those of ordinary gravitation. Until recently, however, the mystery linking this inter-atomic activity with the force of gravitation baffled all attempts at solution, although many scientists had tackled it.

But at last experimental proof has been forthcoming through the untiring labors of Prof. Francis E. Nipher. In a pamphlet Prof. Nipher supplies experimental evidence that gravitational attraction cannot only be suspended or nullified by the electrical current, but it actually can be transformed into "gravitational repulsion!"

Clearly to understand Prof. Nipher's epoch-making experiments, the reader is reminded of that familiar law of physics which states "that all particles of matter attract each other with a force which is greater the nearer the particles are together." To be still more definite, Newton's law says that bodies behave as if every particle of matter attracted every other particle with a force that is proportional to the product of their masses and inversely proportional to the square of the distance betwen them. It is the gravitational attraction between the earth and the bodies upon it which causes the latter to have weight.

This fact, it is pointed out, is often lost sight of and should be well understood by every student. To make the matter more clear, the following example is given:

Imagine that a man's body is (as by flying, jumping, diving from a high point, etc.) for the moment separated from the surface of the earth. As soon as the mass of the body is separated from the earth, gravitational attraction is set up between the two masses. The earth pulls the man's body, and also his body pulls the earth, but as the mass of the earth is infinitely greater, its movement cannot be detected.

Just how Prof. Nipher discovered the secret of "reversing gravity" and the apparatus with which he conducted his experiments is very interestingly described in an illustrated article in the Electrical Experimenter.

"Prof. Nipher's mechanical apparatus," says this writer, "resembled that used in the 'Cavendish experiment,' by which it was first experimentally proved that Newton's law of universal gravitational attraction applied to small bodies in their

How SCIENCE Discovered SECRET of REVERSING Force of GRAVITY

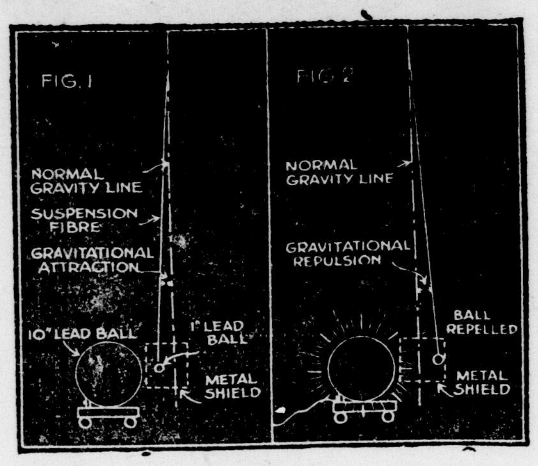


Fig. 1. Attractive Effective of Gravity Between Large and Small Masses. No Current. Fig. 2. Gravitational Repulsion Between Large and Small Masses. Current on.

Four Diagrams Which Graphically Show the Effects of Electricity on Gravitation.

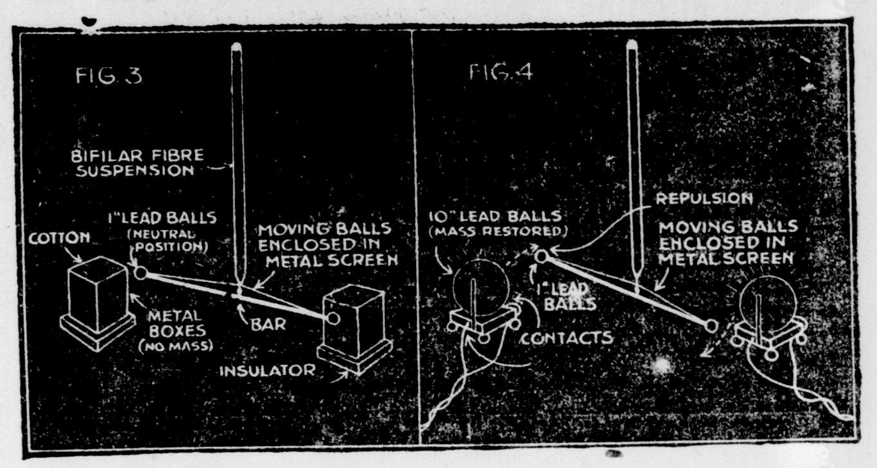


FIG. 3
BIFILAR FIBRE SUSPENSION
COTTON
1" LEAD BALLS (NEUTRAL POSITION)
MOVING BALLS ENCLOSED IN METAL SCREEN
METAL BOXES (NO MASS)
BAR
INSULATOR
FIG. 4
10" LEAD BALLS (MASS RESTORED)
REPULSION
MOVING BALLS ENCLOSED IN METAL SCREEN
1" LEAD BALLS
CONTACTS

Fig. 3. Experiment with Two Metal Boxes Filled with Cotton in Place of Large Lead Spheres. No Gravitational Change Was Caused with Current on or off. Fig. 4. By Passing 20 Amperes Through the Large Balls, Gravitational Attraction Was Reduced to Zero.

action upon each other at short distances, just as well as it did to small terrestial bodies under the influence of the earth. This apparatus consists of a delicate torsion suspension fiber (see Figs. 3 and 4), a light, rigid arm at the lower end of the fiber suspension, and at either end of this bar two small lead spheres of known mass. Two equal large balls of solid lead are placed close to the small suspended spheres in the manner shown. Now, remembering that familiar law of physics—that every body in space attracts every other body proportionally to their respective masses and inversely as the distance between them—then it is evident that when this apparatus is set up, that the small suspended spheres will be slightly attracted by the larger stationary balls. This condition is represented in Fig. 1.

"Before connecting any form of electric current to the modified Cavendish apparatus, Prof. Nipher took special precaution carefully to screen the moving element from any electro-static or electro-magnetic effects. His apparatus briefly consists of two large lead spheres ten inches in diameter, resting upon heavy sheets of hard rubber. Two small lead balls, each one inch in diameter, were now suspended from two silk threads, stationed at the sides of the two large lead spheres, from which they were separated a little distance. Moreover, the suspended balls were insulated elaborately from the large spheres by inclosing them first air-tight in a long wooden box, which was also covered with tinned iron sheets as well as cardboard sheets. There was, furthermore, a metal shield between the box and the large metal spheres. The large metal lead spheres now exerted a certain gravitational pull upon the suspended small lead balls, as indicated in Fig. 1, and the small lead balls were slightly pulled over toward the large spheres.

"In his first experiments Prof. Nipher applied a high tension current from a static machine to the large lead balls (see Fig. 2). No difference was noted whether the positive or negative terminals were applied. In one of these experiments the masses were 'repelled' (normal gravitational attraction had been nullified and changed to repulsion) by a force nearly twice as great as the initial gravitational repulsion. This effect is shown in Fig. 2.

"In further experiments Prof. Nipher decided to check his results. To do this, he replaced the large solid lead spheres with two metal boxes, each filled with loose cotton batting. These hollow boxes (having practically no mass) rested upon insulators. They were separated from the protective screen by sheets of glass and were grounded to it by heavy copper wires. The metal boxes were then charged in every way that the solid lead spheres had been, but not the slightest change in the position of the suspended balls could be detected. This would seem to prove conclusively that the 'repulsion' and 'gravitational nullification' effects that he had produced when the solid large balls were electrically charged, were genuine and based undoubtedly on a true inter-atomic electrical reaction, and not upon any form of electro-static or electro-magnetic effects between the large and small masses. If they had been, the metal boxes, with no mass, would have served as well as the solid balls.

"Another interesting experiment was conducted with low frequency alternating current applied to the large lead spheres. Spring contact brushes were fastened to the wooden blocks supporting the large spheres as shown in Fig. 4, one brush on either side of the ball. This permitted sending current through the ball from one side to the other. First, a direct current of 20 amperes was sent through the two large masses, but no effect upon the suspended masses could be detected. Next, an alternating current of 20 amperes was sent through the large masses (see Fig. 4), with the result that the gravitational attraction was quickly reduced to zero, and not only that but in 15 to 20 minutes the small lead spheres had moved away over one-half as much to the opposite direction as the distance they had been attracted originally toward the large masses. Thus gravitation had not only been completely nullified, but it was actually reversed."

VEGETABLES from the SEA

HOW would you like to top off your dinner with a dessert of kanten, which is a Japanese pudding made from the isinglass of seaweeds? Or you might enjoy a dish of dulse or kelp, two other palatable dishes of marine vegetables, which are described in Popular Science Monthly.

"Kanten is a sort of isinglass," says this authority. It is thoroughly white, semi-transparent and shiny. It is extensively used for food in the form of jellies, candies, pastries and for anything which is prepared with gelatine. It is much superior to the common animal isinglass. Late statistics of the production of 'kanten' are not available, but in 1902 3,000,000 pounds were made, with a valuation of $750,000.

"In Ireland, dulse is a much favored vegetable, as is laver, which is called 'sloke.' Both these vegetables grow plentifully under the water along all our Atlantic coast.

"American seaweed resources are equal, if not superior, to the Japanese or those of any other country. Yet, while Japan prepares seaweeds each year which exceed $2,000,000 in value, the total value of the marine vegetables prepared in the United States is $35,000.

"The industry in the United States is practically confined to Massachusetts, and but a single species is used—Irish moss. It is true that in Monterey and Santa Barbara counties in California, Chinese fishermen dry certain marine algae for food, but the value of this amounts only to about $800 a year.

"Kelp is an enormous seaplant which abounds along the Pacific coast. A full grown plant will have a stem 300 feet in length which bears at the top an air bulb. From this bulb grow 50 or more giant leaves, each one of which will attain a length of 30 or 40 feet. This plentiful vegetable is entirely ignored by us, but the Japanese prize it highly. They make what is known as 'kombu' from kelp. Because it fades in the curing process, much of it is dyed green. This shredded, dyed 'kombu' is used as a vegetable and is cooked with soups and meats. It is even made into a sort of confection by sugaring small strips of it. 'Kombu' appeals to the occidental taste when crisp sticks of it are broken in small pieces and served as a cereal."

Kanten Is a Sea Vegetable. Isinglass Used in Foods Prepared with Gelatine.

How OLD Is the OCEAN?

HOW old is the ocean? Standing on the shore and looking out over the expanse of water, the ocean seems a fixed and eternal fact, but the seas had a beginning and will have an end. Scientists say that when this time comes the last drop of water will have been absorbed into the earth's crust, its surface will be a desert and all life will become extinct.

The age of the oceans has been estimated by a leading authority, Prof. Frank Clarke of the United States Geological Survey, at about 90,000,000 years. This, of course, is only an approximation, but is based on carefully studied scientific data. All the water was once contained in the vapor that surrounded the glowing, slowly cooling mass which is now the earth. After the gases combined to form water, the process of making the ocean salt began. This was the work of the rivers. Mineral salts were extracted from the rocks over which they flow and deposited in the sea.

Each year the action of the streams is said to make the ocean slightly more salty and this is the basis on which its age is calculated. The amount of salt carried by the rivers of the world is computed by the scientists and compared with the total quantity in the ocean. After evaporation and the velocity of currents have been considered, it is possible to calculate how long it has taken to make sea water as salty as it is today.

About 3½ per cent. of mineral salts and 96⅓ per cent. fresh water make up the oceans. Three-fourths of the solid matter is common table salt, chloride of sodium, other ingredients being chloride, sulphate and bromide of magnesium; sulphate and carbonate of lime and sulphate of potash, besides traces of various other minerals and metals, including gold and silver.

MOWRA FLOWER as SOURCE of POWER

AN industrial product of considerable value can be obtained from the state of Hyderabad, India, in the shape of the mowra flower, and it is manufactured into products of commercial utility, according to a writer in the Scientific American. The mowra tree abounds in the forests and open country in this region, and during the hot weather the flowers drop off the tree and are gathered and dried to the consistency of raisins. Hitherto they had been utilized for liquor alone.

On the average some 25,000 tons are gathered annually, of which about 10,000 tons are used for liquor and the balance is run to waste.

It has been discovered that it is possible to make sugar, motor spirits and several other valuable products out of this material. In addition to sugar, the flower contains acetic acid and a certain amount of acetone which is one of the principal ingredients of cordite.

It appears that the government of India has purchased a large quantity of mowra from Hyderabad for use in the acetone factory at Nasik. Another fact which promises to be of great economic importance is that, with suitable additions, mowra spirit can be used with success as a substitute for gasoline as a source of power for internal combustion engines, especially in motor cars. It is stated that several kinds of motor cars have been run on a spirit prepared from mowra at half the cost of petrol and that 100,000 gallons of such spirits can be manufactured from 1500 tons of mowra.

A SPECIAL CORSET FOR THE WOMEN WAR WORKER

AS American women by the thousands and even by the hundreds of thousands are becoming war workers to replace men in the various industries, thereby releasing them for military duty, the new need of a special kind of corset for the members of this vast feminine industrial army was anticipated. It has just been announced that such a corset, as a war emergency device, has been designed which is said to be hygienically moulded and to give perfect support to spines that are none too strong, and to supply a brace to muscles that are unaccustomed to the physical strains they are required to withstand. This newly designed pair of stays, it is claimed, is essentially the corset for the women workers who are entering the more active employments where physical strength and undeveloped muscles will be put to strenuous tests. It is claimed that it is the working woman essentially who most needs a corset. Women of wealth and fashion, who seldom tax their muscles or their spines, get along very well with a simple girdle or some soft corset substitute, but the industrial worker, bred from generations of workers, probably requires the aid of science to help her in her struggle for maintenance for herself and children.

When European women entered the new fields of industry opened to them by the withdrawal of men to the ranks of fighters, corsets were temporarily discarded, but the designer of this "war corset," Daniel Kops of New York city, who has had 30 years of experience in creating corsets for every type of figure, realized that there would be a greater demand than ever for those devices. He believes that women can enter almost any field of work hitherto occupied exclusively by men if they are properly corseted.

Women street car conductors, workers in munition factories, elevator operators—in fact any who have entered the new trades—will be able to stand hour after hour, lift heavy articles and perform other arduous tasks if their bodies are properly supported, is Mr. Kops's theory.

And as proof of this essential point in preparing women for the industrial fray Mr. Kops designed this working woman's corset model. It is long but flexible, it hooks in front and laces at the sides, and over the spine is a specially woven fabric which gives no pressure, the designer says.

The front and upper portions of the corset terminate in a V-shaped piece, supplying strong bands to hold up the abdominal muscles. By an odd contrivance of laces and apertures these bands may be adjusted from the outside of the front sections by pulling the laces outward. One pull tightens the laced bandage slightly, and a series of pulls will bring it in so as to be quite snug.

Simultaneously this reefing of the front section pulls in the back at the waist line to give additional support to this supposedly weak feature of the feminine figure. While the front section ends in a point just below the waist the sides are extended over this so that the corset has the appearance of being one of the regulation extra long models.

The CAMERA As a Deadly WEAPON of WAR

THE peaceful-looking camera is now one of the deadliest instruments of the war. Why it has become so is due to the ease with which any object can be accurately "described" by means of a photograph. Words alone are of little use alongside a photograph; but the two combined make for accurate and rapid reports on any given subject. For this reason the spies have not overlooked the camera in carrying on their clandestine activities, and it is safe to say that tens of thousands of photographs made by spies have had an important bearing on the fortunes of the world war.

The camera may be the means whereby invaluable fortifications can be quickly destroyed; it may give away important ideas or inventions to the enemy; it may betray the location of important batteries and doom them to early destruction; and it may result in heavy loss of life to troops whose position is divulged by the black and white markings of a photographic plate or film. At any rate, the camera in the war zone is no longer a peaceful instrument; it is many times deadlier than its equivalent weight of high explosive.

It is the airman over the battle lines who makes the most use of the camera. Early in the war the rival camps came to appreciate the importance of aerial photography, and began immediately to develop cameras for this class of work. Today aerial reconnaissance is carried out largely with the aid of photography; large planes, accompanied by fast fighting machines, make their way over the enemy's lines and proceed to photograph a given area.

For Protection Against Wounds in the Head the War Photographer Wears an Inverted Funnel-Shaped Steel Helmet.

With the splendid anastigmat lenses available today, together with the high degree of perfection attained in enlarging processes, the spy need not use a large camera. The chances are that in most instances small and readily concealed pocket cameras are employed, making film or plate negatives measuring an inch square or possibly 2½ by 3½ inches as the maximum. These negatives, or contact prints made from them, by some route or another make their way to spy headquarters, and there they are enlarged and studied by specialists trained in "reading" photographs. These specialists, we are told, can glean a tremendous amount of information from what would appear to the layman to be a most uninteresting and valueless print. And when such informations are properly collated and distributed to the various military departments where they can do the most good and the most harm to the opponent—the deadliness of the camera begins to be realized.

"Each of the big powers in the war has numerous types of aerial cameras now in use," says a contributor to the Scientific American. "At one time, when aerial warfare was still in its infancy, the French, British and Germans made use of small cameras of the hand type which were pointed over the side of the aeroplane in order to make a photograph. The Germans developed, for this purpose, an ingenious camera in the form of a long and slightly tapered body, equipped with a direct-view finder and a pistol grip. The shutter was released by pulling a trigger and the entire apparatus was strongly suggestive of a revolver. This camera, like most of the others, was equipped with a focal plane shutter. But the demand for clearer, sharper photographs has given rise to big, long-focus cameras.

"While details regarding the various cameras now in use are naturally most carefully guarded by the various nations at war, it is known that the present tendency is toward still larger cameras, which, in many instances, are built into the planes. The French are making use of a camera which measures over four feet in length, with a slightly tapered body ending in a lens board. The airmen refer to it as the 'vest pocket' camera. Obviously, such a camera could not be lifted over the side of the aeroplane nacelle because of the surface which it would expose to the onrushing air, and hence it is installed in the aeroplane body with the lens pointing down through a hole or well, while the machine is maneuvred into position for making the exposure.

"An improved type of Italian camera automatically makes photographs at predetermined intervals on a strip of film, and as each exposure includes in one corner the image of a compass, the individual prints can be more readily assembled by the 'readers' and compilers at head quarters, since the points of the compass are given with each one.

"There has been developed in America an ingenious camera which makes use of standard motion picture film, and which, by means of a cable release, can be operated by the airman at any moment. From 1 to 750 exposures can be made on one roll of film and because of the small bulk and the light weight of this equipment it is quite possible for two or more cameras to be carried by one aeroplane, if desired.

"As a preliminary to a big offensive, tens of thousands of photographs are made of the enemy's positions and the country in back of him. These photographs are developed and printed, in some cases enlarged, and 'read' by experts in back of the lines. The information gathered from these photographs is invaluable to the commanders, as can well be imagined; for it permits them to have their maps exceedingly accurate and up-to-the-minute. Thus, when the enemy lays down new railways, prepares new communication trenches, brings up new batteries, or constructs new concrete blockhouses or 'pill boxes,' the photographs reveal their presence, and they are accordingly marked in on the staff maps. In order to conceal facts from the prying eyes of the aerial cameras, camouflage is often executed in colors which photograph most poorly.

"When the tremendous drum fire opens up on the enemy lines, the artillerists are guided largely by elaborate maps prepared from photographic data. In fact, much of the range finding is done by means of these maps, and the fire checked by aerial observers. And as the drum fire thunders on day after day the airmen aloft make more photographs, which, after being developed and printed, indicate to the 'readers' at headquarters the extent of the artillery destruction, and in this way the commanders know when the enemy's works have been sufficiently pulverized or otherwise disorganized to render an infantry attack comparatively safe."

Newspaper Feature Service, 1918.

THREATENED THE CONSTABLE.

GODERICH, April 12.—George Habel of Port Colborne, charged with using threatening language to Constable Pellow, was found guilty by Magistrate Kelly, bound over to keep the peace for one year, and ordered to pay all costs.

WANTED TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT, BY REFINED couple, small house in east end. Call 5311. 57c

BUILDING, FLAT, OR PREMISES suitable for quarters for Great War Veterans' home and club rooms. Must be central. Phone 5624, or write Secretary, G. W. V. A. 57c

THREE OR FOUR ROOM FURNISHED apartment, modern, all conveniences, centrally located. References. Box 124, Advertiser. 56c

WANTED TO RENT FOR SEASON—Good large cottage, Invererie Heights, on Erie Rest; state rent. Apply Box 120, Advertiser. 55c

SEVEN-ROOMED HOUSE, MODERN or semi-modern; must be within ten minutes of Grand Trunk roundhouse. Apply Box 89, Advertiser. 52n

WANTED BY MAY 1 — HOUSE, centrally located; moderate rent. Apply Box 5, Advertiser. 67tf

PERSONAL.

THE UNDERSIGNED DEMANDS A public apology from H. Gowdridge and his two women confidants. M. Gowdridge. 56u

WIDOWER, 43, FARMER, WISHES acquaintance with lady about 40; no objection to widow; no flirts need apply. Box 122, Advertiser. 56u

PRIVATE NURSES EARN $10 TO $25 a week. Learn without leaving home. Booklet free. Royal College of Science, 1709R, Spadina avenue, Toronto, Canada. 51k-1aw t

MRS. LANE, CLAIRVOYANT. 362 York street, London, Ont.

GLENWOOD PRIVATE HOSPITAL—Nervous cases a specialty 435 Ridout street. Phone 1705.

CANCERS CURED BY PLASTER method—Established 40 years. Henry Edwards' Cancer Hospital, 388½ Ridout street. Phone 2666.

SCIENTIFIC PALMISTRY AND Phrenology—Accurate, scientific and reliable advice on business, health, love, marriage, travel, investments, changes, choice of occupation, etc. When in doubt consult Mrs. Morris, 910 Dundas street, opposite Fair Grounds gates. Hours of consultation, 10 a.m. to 10 p.m.; Saturday to 5 p.m.

LEGAL CARDS.

W. G. R. BARTRAM, BARRISTER, notary, etc., 59 Dundas street.

CRONYN & BETTS & COLERIDGE—Frederick P. Betts, K.C.; Thomas Coleridge.

J. M. McEVOY, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, Robinson Hall Chambers. Money to loan.

GIBBONS, HARPER & GIBBONS—Barristers, etc., Imperial Bank Building. Sir George Gibbons, K.C.; Fred F. Harper; George S. Gibbons.

T. W. SCANDRETT, BARRISTER, solicitor, notary. Money to loan. 98 Dundas street.

McKILLOP, MURPHY & GUNN—
—OAK HALL BUILDING

PURDOM & PURDOM—DOMINION SAVINGS BUILDING First Floor, corner of Richmond and King streets.

MACPHERSON & PERRIN, BARRISTERS, solicitors. Money to loan. Robinson Hall Chambers.

TENNENT & TENNENT, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries public. Money to loan. 78 Dundas. D. H. Tennent; Gordon H. Tennent.

GRAYDON & GRAYDON, BARRISTERS, Bank British North America, 2 Market Square.

U. A. BUCHNER, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, corner Talbot and Carling. Phone 99. Money to loan.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

FURNITURE AND PIANOS CAREFULLY moved at $2.00 per van load. Phone 2839.

UP-TO-DATE MOVING VANS—FURNITURE and pianos carefully handled. W. R. Flowers, 863½ Colborne street. Phone 2636.

S. J. HENDERSON'S LARGEST moving vans and storage. Phone 1254. Residence, 573 Adelaide.

BROUGHTON THE MOVER—SPECIALTY, crating and shipping. Phone 1444.

ON MOVING DAY REMEMBER "DAY the Mover." Motor vans. Fireproof storage at reasonable rates. Residence, 480 Maitland. Phone 2887. H. F. Day.

SIGNS.

WAKELING SIGN COMPANY—SIGNS and showcards; honor rolls designed. Phone 2183. 256½ Dundas street.

GLEN BROS., SIGN PAINTERS — Designs and estimates furnished free. 420 Talbot street. Phone 1842.

CITY OF LONDON

ONTARIO.

Tenders for the Construction of Subway

Sealed tenders, addressed to the "Secretary of the Western Fair Association, Dominion Savings Building, London, Ontario," will be received at the office of the Secretary up to 2 p.m. on Wednesday, the 24th day of April, for the construction of:

Reinforced concrete subway beneath the race track at the Western Fair grounds, London, Ontario.

Plans may be seen at and Specifications and Form of Tender obtained at the Office of the City Engineer, London, Ontario.

Tenders to be accompanied by a marked cheque or a cash deposit for the amount stated in the Specification.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WILLIAM MOORE,
Chairman Grounds and Building Committee.
A. M. HUNT,
Secretary.
H. A. BRAZIER,
City Engineer.
57c-tzx

GEORGE E. LOGAN
Funeral Director and Embalmer
418 RICHMOND ST. PHONE 1968.
Finest Motor and Horse Equipment.

SMITH, SON & CLARKE
FUNERAL DIRECTORS.
115 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 588
Private Ambulance Service.
Motor Equipment.

J. FERGUSON'S SONS
FUNERAL DIRECTORS.
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.
180 KING STREET.
PHONES 543, 373, 2056.

N. J. GRIFFITH
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.
104 Dundas Street, London.
Residence on premises. Phone 459
Private Ambulance Service.
Delaware Branch, W. Acres, Mgr.

HIGHEST PRICES ARE GIVEN FOR HOMES IN BRUSSELS DISTRICT

Many Fine Properties Have Changed Hands There This Spring.

BRUSSELS, April 12.—Village properties have changed hands this spring freely. William Robb bought the residence of R. Thuril; Mrs. T. Strachan purchased the house of Mrs. D. B. Moore; William Backer has secured a comfortable home, buying the house owned by Miss Walker.

Mrs. R. Kingston sold to Alex McDonald; Mrs. George Thomson to C. E. McCall; Harry Keys has sold his house to Mrs. George Sparling, and Mrs. Ziegler has bought William Telfer's cottage.

The prices received for the houses are said to be better than any previously realized on sales of houses of a similar kind here. Despite war conditions, the value of real estate has appreciated rather than declined in this vicinity.

Pte. Oliver Doll was one of the company sent to Quebec to help quell the riots.

Incubators Busy.

At the poultry farm of Alfred Backer numerous incubators are busy adding their contribution to increased production.

Some months ago J. J. Gilpin had his right foot amputated, owing to blood poisoning. He went to Chicago this week to be fitted with an artificial leg. His son, Dr. Fred Gilpin, resides at Milwaukee.

The anniversary sermons of the W. M. S. of the Methodist Church will be preached by Rev. Mr. Durrant of Teeswater. He will give an illustrated lecture on "Newfoundland and the Fisher Folk."

On Thursday evening Miss McLaren of Birtle, Man., gave an instructive address to the Presbyterian Church on Indian mission work among the young and old in the west. Her home is at St. Marys.

Brussels' Red Cross circle is preparing boxes for the boys overseas to be stacked with candy, gum, oxo and cake.

Given Oak Table.

The neighbors and friends of George E. McCall and family, who have sold their farm near Ethel and are moving to Brussels, gave them a farewell sendoff in the shape of an address, accompanied by an oak table.

A large acreage of spring wheat will be put in by the farmers of this community.

Mrs. Cavanagh of Owen Sound, who has relatives in Brussels, has undergone a successful operation.

The Businessmen's Association is considering a weekly half-holiday on Thursday during June, July and August. A similar arrangement for two months last summer worked satisfactorily.

Record Syrup Harvest.

Many gallons of syrup have been made this spring from tapping the hundreds of maple shade trees in Brussels. The year 1918 will be a record in this respect in town.

Czernin and Karl Still Say It's Lies

LONDON, April 12.—Count Czernin, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, on Friday issued a circular stating that he had interviewed Emperor Charles, and that he was convinced that the statement of the French Government regarding the letter written by the emperor was untrue, according to a dispatch to the Berliner Tageblatt forwarded by the Copenhagen correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company.

COLD WEATHER WAS TOO MUCH FOR HIM

LAMBETH, April 12.—John Pincombe, who recently returned from Florida with his wife, caught a severe cold upon his arrival in this country, and is now seriously ill at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Delina Wardsworth of Byron.

The following officers were elected at the annual meeting of the Ladies' Aid branch of the Methodist Church: President, Mrs. P. Earl; secretary, Mrs Meek; treasurer, Mrs. John Mill; social committee, Mrs. W. Earl, Mrs. Fred Boyes, Mrs. E. Kelly, and Mrs. S. Kelly. The society will make its primary work for the year the improvement of the parsonage.

Miss Eva Vanderlinder is recovering from a severe illness.

LONDONER BUYS FINE WEST NISSOURI FARM

THORNDALE, April 12.—E. Bourne of Hamilton road, London, has purchased for $8,300 the farm on concession 1 of West Nissouri, formerly owned by the late J. M. Scatcherd of Buffalo. The property consists of 100 acres. C. Porte of concession 1 has purchased the farm at lot 12, concession 7, from H. Fellows.

G. Vining shipped a car of hogs on Thursday at $19 per cwt.

At the Wyton congregational meeting held at the home of Joseph Wheaton reports from all departments indicated a steady growth. During the evening a short program was given including solos by Miss B. Mills and Mrs. B. Blight and an address by Rev. W. R. Osborne.

FINN FOREIGN MINISTER COMPELLED TO RESIGN

Failed To Protect British and American Mission From Insults.

Stockholm, April 13.—M. Sario, minister of foreign affairs in the Finnish White Guard Government, has been compelled to resign, according to information in well-informed circles. The resignation is probably not unconnected with his failure to protect American and British members of a special mission from insults by Finnish officers. M. Sario has been known as a Germanophile.

IN NORTH OXFORD 50 YEARS.

INGERSOLL, April 12.—Mrs. Hanora Pirie, aged 85, for more than fifty years a resident of North Oxford, is dead at her home. She came to Canada from Ireland. Her husband, Peter Pirie, died 12 years ago. Three sons and four daughters survive: Thomas, Frank and James of North Oxford, Mrs. George Oliver of East Nissouri, Mrs. E. D. Rogers Mrs. Wm. Gall and Miss J. E. Pirie of Ingersoll.

AILSA CRAIG BOWLERS MEET.

AILSA CRAIG, April 12.—The Bowling Club held their annual meeting this week and the following officers were elected: President, R. R. Cameron; vice-president, Dr. H. J. Kennedy; secretary-treasurer, L. M. Nairn; executive, Thos. Stephenson, Dave Robinson and Rev. A. A. Fanjoy; chaplain, Rev. A. A. Fanjoy; caretaker, Dave Robinson.

Hotel St. Charles
SPEND a few days, a week or a week-end at this popular Resort Hotel, noted for Service, Cuisine and Appointments.
ON THE OCEAN FRONT
Hot and Cold Salt Water in all baths. Orchestra. Golf privileges. Special Spring Rates. Booklet.
NEWLIN HAINES CO.
Atlantic City, N. J.
xt

RAILWAY POLICY OF GOVERNMENT STRIKES SNAGS

Hon. J. D. Reid Balked in Second Attempt at High-Hand Finance.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

OTTAWA, April 12.—There are evidences right in the Government ranks of deep and growing suspicion regarding the Government's railway policy. It is, in the first place, a notable fact that the cabinet is deeply and widely divided on the question. Hon. F. B. Carvell, for instance, who has had experience of the manner in which the Government railways in the Maritime Provinces have been administered during the past five years or so, is strongly opposed to further nationalization. Other members have varied opinions, but there is no unanimity.

However, it would appear that Hon. Dr. Reid, minister of railways, has made up his mind that whatever policy is adopted, he must have a free hand in the expenditures. From present indications he will have a hard road to travel at that.

The public has been led to believe that by the legislation closured through Parliament last session, the Canadian Northern Railway, "lock, stock and barrell," had passed into the hands of the state. In the course of a discussion upon a weird resolution brought down in the House today by Hon. Dr. Reid, however, the minister admitted that the Canadian Northern was not included in the category of Government railways, so far at least as the purpose of the resolution in question was concerned.

Same Old Lobby.

As a matter of fact no man appears to be able to show just how the relations of the public to the Canadian Northern and the relations of the Canadian Northern to Messrs. Mackenzie and Mann have changed on account of the legislation of last session. The same old lobby is being carried this session as last to defeat the clause in the railway act which the hydro people of Ontario so earnestly desired to be passed, but which was bucked last session. There is before Parliament an application for the renewal of the charter of the Toronto, Niagara and St. Catharines line, which is a Mackenzie and Mann road, or projected road. Just what interests Messrs. Mackenzize and Mann can have in these matters if their road is in the possession of the Government it is hard to say.

One thing is certain, as was proven by an answer by the Government to a question recently: Messrs. Mackenzie and Mann and former officials are still directors, and are still managing the system. The only difference appears to be this—After lavishing subsidies, loans and bond guarantees upon the Mackenzize & Mann interests for the past five years the Government decided that it could get away with no more than that. So the stock was "acquired," and incidentally the public will pay ten millions or so for it. Then just about election time the Government appropriated and handed over the modest sum of $25,000,000 (a large part of which went to the Canadian Bank of Commerce) to pay the debts of the company. Subsidy number one.

And Another Little Lift.

Then the Government undertook to purchase rolling stock to the extent of $50,000,000. Half of that will be leased to the Canadian Northern. Subsidy number two.

Later on an increase of fifteen per cent in freight rates, whose value to the C.N.R. is estimated at $10,000,000 was ordered by the railway commission, and approved in the face of strong opposition from the west by the cabinet Subsidy number three.

And the estimates contained a further loan of $25,000,000 for the Canadian Northern, though why a loan should be made if the road belongs to the people, nobody appears to be able to explain. Subsidy No. 4.

Eighty-Five Millions.

In other words the country has, through the acquisition of a lot of stock, declared worthless by experts, been privileged to hand over in one way or another a sum approximating $85,000,000 odd to the road. And MacKenzie & Mann are still in charge. In fact it is stated by persons well informed on railway matters that MacKenzie & Mann have no more expectation of losing their road than of losing their lives.

Hon. Dr. Reid desires to control the financing of the Government railways irrespective of Parliament. On Monday last he asked Parliament for a blank check for the purpose of rolling stock, equipment and rails for a period, extending to the time of demobilization of the armies. He moved a resolution to that effect. From both sides this sweeping order was opposed, and the minister had to be content with $50,000,000 for one year.

Today he brought down another resolution. This resolution provided that estimates should be abolished in connection with the Government railways, and that the minister of railways should simply be able to pay expenses from revenue earned and to draw on the consolidated revenue fund for deficits which might occur.

Hon. W. S. Fielding opposed the resolution as being an infringement upon the few parliamentary prerogatives which are yet left.

Dr. Mitchell Clark of Red Deer opposed it as not being a war measure and as being very bad business.

For an hour Dr. Reid and Hon. A. K. McLean floundered desperately in an effort to justify the motion. They failed to satisfy, and, foiled again, the minister asked that "progress be reported," and that the committee be given leave to sit again. The "progress" reported was a myth and a fiction.

There are indications that the Government's railway policy will create a real rumpus in the House before many days are over.

TRY DAYLIGHT-SAVING BEFORE HALF HOLIDAYS

CHATHAM, April 12.—The daylight saving scheme, which goes into effect Sunday, will be tried out here before a proposal to close all stores on Thursday afternoons during the summer is attempted. It was suggested that the stores close a half a day on Thursdays to give employees a chance to work in their war gardens. At a meeting of the businessmen, at which the plan was discussed, there was considerable opposition, several taking the ground that closing would seriously interfere with business. Others thought that no business would be lost, and that the employees would work better for having the time off. It was finally decided to take no action until the middle of May, when a meeting will be held to discuss half-holidays.

Fire, which may have started from a carelessly thrown match, was discovered under the warehouse of Andrews' grocery today just in time to prevent a serious blaze.

Michael Bragman of Windsor will fight a charge made against him in the county police court today that he bought and sold in the district without having the necessary license. He declares he can prove an alibi.

MANY FINE ANIMALS AT PARIS SPRING SHOW

PARIS, April 12.—The annual spring show of horses and cattle under the auspices of the Paris Agricultural Society was held this afternoon on the show grounds, and proved most successful. The entries were not so numerous as usual, but the display was exceedingly fine. The prize winners were: J. J. Foran, with Barns Charm, Hackney stallion; W. Carnegie, with A. D. Bolton Premier, standard bred stallion; L. Fried with Morgragie Jr., heavy brood mare; E. Harley, light brood mare, H. S. Mause agricultural mare or gelding, any age, W. Webber, J. Cochrane, Shorthorn bull; Joseph Martin with Sittyton Wonder; Shorthorn bull under two years, W. T. McCormick with Punish; dual purpose Shorthorn grade cow, Joseph Martin, A. Deans.

AUSTRIANS WHO TRIED TO CROSS THE RIVER CONVICTED AT SARNIA

May Also Be Charged With Breach of the Temperance Act.

SARNIA, April 12.—Joe Raznik and Frank Niewiadamy, Austrians, arrested last evening at the ferry dock appeared in court today charged with attempting to leave the country. They represented themselves to be Russian Poles, but as they had no papers the constable at the dock referred them to the immigration officer. They went away and returning under the influence of liquor insisted that they be allowed to cross the river. Today they were convicted but were remanded for sentence and allowed out on furnishing cash bail of $100 each. A charge of being drunk, which was also laid against them, was laid over.

Henry Williams, an Indian who was arrested on the reserve today on a charge of breaking into the house of Louisa Williams was given a preliminary hearing this afternoon and remanded as Inspector Lucas may lay a charge against him of violating the temperance act. Williams was found hiding in the attic at the house.

During the past four years the overhead expenses at the Sarnia General Hospital have more than doubled and the question of financing the institution is being taken up with the council and citizens. In March the finances showed a deficit of $800. A proposal to raise the rates may be considered shortly as it is pointed out that hospitals all over the country faced by similar conditions have helped meet the situation by increasing their charges.

A lad named Bert Hague who was struck by an auto this afternoon at the corner of Cromwell and Christina streets escaped uninjured.

Following an operation for appendicitis Gilbert Causley, aged 48, of East street died in the hospital today. Besides his wife he leaves two sons and two daughters, his aged parents, two sisters, Mrs. Emlaw of Port Huron, Mrs. Robert Scroggie of Sarnia, and three brothers, William, Leonard and Levi, all of Sarnia.

ALL ALLIES KNEW OF LETTER SENT BY AUSTRIAN EMPEROR

And Decided It Called For No Action.

Paris, April 13.—The letter written by Emperor Charles to Prince Sixtus of Bourbon, outlining the means by which France might attain peace, was upon its receipt immediately communicated to all of France's allies, says the Petit Parisien. It was unanimously decided, the Petit Parisien adds, at an inter-allied conference, which was held shortly after, that there was no occasion to act on the emperor's suggestion.

LIGHT OFFERINGS OF OATS ARE IN DEMAND

All Available Cars Are Being Rushed to Seaboard From Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, April 12.—The cash demand for oats was good today, with very light offerings. Practically everything on wheels is being rushed to seaboard. The volume of business was light on all markets. Cash oats declined ½c on all grades. The futures market closed ⅝c down for oats, unchanged for barley, and ⅜c down for flax.

Futures were as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Oats—				
May	94¼	..	..	94
July	91	..	..	90⅞
Barley—				
May	1 67¾	..	..	1 67½
Flax—				
May	3 89	..	..	3 86½
July	3 86½	..	..	3 82½

Cash grain prices were:

Oats—No. 2 Canadian western, 95½c; No. 3 Canadian western, 91½c; extra No. 1 feed, 91c; No. 1 feed, 89c; No. 2 feed, 85¼c.

Barley—No. 3 C.W., $1.65; No. 4 C.W., $1.62; rejected, $1.45; feed, $1.35.

Flax—No. 1 N.W.C., $1.86½; No. 2 C.W., $3.18¼; No. 3 C.W., $3.61½.

TORONTO.

Toronto, April 12.—Grain quotations are as follows:

Wheat—Ontario, No. 2 winter, $2.22, in store, Montreal; Manitoba, No. 1 northern, $2.23½, in store, Fort William; No. 2 northern, $2.00½; No. 3 northern, $2.17½.

Oats—Canada western, No. 2, 95½c, in store, Fort William; No. 3 Canada western, 91½, at lake ports for immediate shipment; Ontario, No. 2 white, 93@94c, outside; No. 3 white, 92@93c, outside.

Peas—No. 2, $3.60@3.70.

Rye—No. 2, $2.60.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, April 12.—In sympathy with the declines in the options market for oats in the last two days, an easier feeling prevailed in the local cash grain market today, and prices of oats were reduced half a cent per bushel. However, sales yesterday and today of several cars of extra No. 1 feed oats were made for shipment, and in addition a sale of 50,000 bushels of Ontario oats was made recently at $1.08½ per bushel, ex-track, New York. The domestic trade today was very quiet, and the market was dull at the decline.

Oats—Canadian Western, No. 3, $1.06½; extra No. 1 feed, $1.06½; No. 3 local white, $1.03½.

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

Montreal, April 13.—Sales: Steamships, 25 at 41; Brompton, 25 at 47¼; Lake of the Woods, 10 at 130; Civic Investment, 167 at 78@77½; Cement, 35 at 59½; Laurentide, 55 at 15¼; Dominion Steel, 5 at 60; Maple Leaf, 10 at 96; Dominion Textile, 25 at 85; Steel of Canada, 110 at 58⅜; Cement, pfd., 2 at 91; Scotia, 10 at 100; Dominion Iron, bonds, $5,000 at 86; Scotia, $300 at 77; Quebec Railway, 126 at 18¾@19; Shawinigan, 15 at 111; War Loan, 1925, $100 at 93¾; do, 1937, $5,000 at 91¾; Molsons Bank, 50 at 179⅞; Tramways, $400 at 72¾.

STANDARD STOCK AND MINING EXCHANGE.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, April 13.—Sales: Davidson, 500 at 34, 2500 at 34¾; Dome Lake, 500 at 21; Kirkland, 1000 at 33; Lake Shore, 1000 at 46; McIntyre, 1500 at 33; Porcupine Crown, 1000 at 13½, 500 at 13; Krist, 100 at 10, 1500 at 9¾; Adanac, 500 at 8¼, 500 at 8½, 500 at 8¾; Provincial, 500 at 51½, 500 at 52; Gifford, 2000 at 3⅝, 500 at 3¾; Hargraves, 500 at 7½, 3000 at 7½, 3000 at 7¾; La Rose, 1000 at 54½; Kenabeek, 2000 at 3; Peterson Lake, 1000 at 10; Temiskaming, 500 at 26¾, 500 at 27.

OILS.

Liverpool, April 13.—Tallow—Australian (in London), 72s.

Turpentine Spirits—125s.

Rosin—Common, 64s 6d.

Petroleum—Refined, 1s 6⅝d.

Linseed Oil—62s.

Cottonseed Oil—68s 6d.

War Kerosene—No. 2, 1s 2¾d.

London, April 13.—Calcutta linseed, £29 15s; linseed oil, 58s.

Sperm Oil—£54.

Petroleum—American refined, 1s 6½d; spirits, 1s 7½d.

Turpentine Spirits—124s 3d.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

EGGS DROP TO 42 C. ON MARKET TODAY

Wholesale Price Down to 38 Cents a Dozen.

Eggs dropped to 42c a dozen, retail, and to 38c a dozen, wholesale, on the market this morning.

Butter is firm, creamery butter selling at 55c a pound, retail, and dairy, pound rolls, retailing from 50c to 52c a pound.

Vegetables were plentiful. Rhubarb, radishes and celery were in good demand.

Home-grown potatoes are scarce, and only a few loads were offered, selling from $1.90 to $2.10 per bag.

Twenty-five loads of hay reached the market Friday and a large number today. The prices remain the same.

A small quantity of maple syrup was offered.

Straw is slow. Poultry is scarce.

Dressed hogs are lower, bringing $26 a hundred.

Grain, Cwt.—			
Oats, per cwt.	$2 82	to	$2 85
Grain, Bushel—			
Wheat, per bu.	2 10	to	2 12
Oats, ...	95 1-5	to	97 9-10
Vegetables—			
Celery, per doz.	50	to	80
Cabbage, per doz.	1 00	to	2 00
Home-grown potatoes, per bag	1 90	to	2 10
Rhubarb, dozen	1 00	to	1 00
Carrots, bu.	35	to	50
Parsnips, bu.	50	to	60
Radishes, doz bunches	50	to	50
Turnips, bu.	30	to	40
Onions, bu	1 00	to	1 00
Beets, per bu.	50	to	50
Hay and Straw—			
Hay, per ton	13 00	to	15 00
Straw, per ton	7 00	to	8 00
Dairy Products, Retail—			
Butter, creamery, lb.	55	to	55
Butter dairy, lb. rolls	50	to	52
Butter, crocks, lb.	48	to	49
Eggs, per dozen	42	to	42
Maple syrup, gal.	2 00	to	2 25
Dairy Produce, Wholesale—			
Butter, creamery, lb.	52	to	52
Butter, dairy, lb rolls	48	to	49
Butter, crocks, lb.	49	to	49
Eggs, crate lots, doz.	38	to	39
Eggs, basket lots, doz	38	to	39
Poultry, dressed, Retail—			
Chicken, lb.	33	to	35
Ducks, pound	25	to	28
Geese, pound	24	to	28
Turkeys, pound	33	to	35
Live Stock—			
Hogs, per cwt.	19 25	to	19 50
Fat sows, cwt.	16 25	to	16 50
Small pigs, pair	15 00	to	18 00
Butcher's Meats—			
Dressed hogs, cwt. ...	26 00	to	26 00
Beef, per cwt.	18 00	to	20 00
Veal, per cwt.	20 00	to	23 00
Heifer beef, cwt.	20 00	to	20 00
Lambs, per cwt.	26 00	to	28 00
Hides and Wool—			
Wool, unwashed lb. ..	50	to	50
Wool, washed, lb.	60	to	63
Calfskins, per lb.	15	to	19
Country hides	8	to	9
City hides	9	to	10

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 13.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,000; market steady; beeves, $10 60@16 40; stockers and feeders, $8 70@12 50; cows and heifers, $7 25@13 50; calves, $10@15.

Hogs—Receipts, 19,000; market firm; light, $17 25@17 90; mixed, $17 20@17 95; heavy, $16 35@17 80; rough, $16 35@16 80; pigs, $13@17; bulk of sales at $17 45@17 85.

Sheep—Receipts, 2,000; market was steady; lambs, native, $16 50@21; sheep, $13@17 85.

East Buffalo, N.Y., April 13.—Cattle—Receipts, 150; steady.

Calves—Receipts, 500; market slow, at $7@16 50.

Hogs—Receipts, 1,800; strong; heavy, $18 40@18 60; mixed, $18 60@18 75; yorkers, $18 75@18 80; light yorkers, $18 50@18 75; pigs, $18 25@18 50; roughs, $16 25@16 50; stags, $13@14.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 600; steady and unchanged.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

[Reported by Thomson & McKinnon.]

Chicago, April 13.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Corn—				
May	$1 27¼	$1 27¼	$1 27	$1 27
July	1 53¼	1 53⅜	1 50⅛	1 50⅜
Oats—				
May	85¼	85¼	83¾	84⅛

GRAIN.

Chicago, April 13.—Opening: Corn—May, $1 27¼; July, $1 53¼.

Oats—April, 88½c; May, 85¼c.

Chicago, April 13.—Evidence of a decided increase of the car supply in the corn belt, and of probable enlarged receipts here next week, gave the corn market today a fresh downturn. Greater pressure of hedging sales was looked for. Moreover, the quality of arrivals continued good. Opening prices, which ranged from ⅛c to 1⅛c lower, with May at $1 27⅛@1 27¼, and July at $1 53@1 53⅝, were followed by a material further decline.

Oats went downward with corn. The chief selling was by commission houses. After opening ⅜c to ¾c off, with May at 85@85¼, the market underwent a moderate additional sag.

Chicago, April 13.—Cash close: Corn—Nos. 2, 3 and 4 yellow, nominal.

Oats—No. 3 white, 89½@90c; standard, 89¾@90¼c.

Rye—No. 2, $2 63@2 64.

Barley—$1 40@1 78.

Timothy—$5@8.

Clover—$20@31.

Closing futures: Corn—May, $1 27; July, $1 50⅝.

Oats—April, 88; May, 84c.

PROVISIONS.

Liverpool, April 13.—Beef—Extra India mess, 370s.

Pork—Prime mess western, 330s.

Hams—Short cut, 137s.

Bacon—Cumberland cut, 152s; clear bellies, 160s; long clear middles, light, 160s; do, heavy, 159s; short clear backs, 157s; shoulders, square, 128s.

Lard—Prime western, in tierces, 149s 6d; American refined, in pails, 152s; do, in boxes, 150s.

Chicago, April 13.—Cash close: Pork—Nominal.

Lard—$25 50.

Ribs—$23 15@23 65.

Closing futures: Pork—May, $47 85.

Lard—May, $25 60@ Jluy, $25 92.

Ribs—May, $24 05; Puly, $24 52.

NEW YORK COTTON EXCHANGE.

[Reported by Thomson & McKinnon.]

New York, April 13.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
May	31.75	31.75	30.65	30.65
July	31.00	31.00	30.28	30.37
October	28.85	29.15	28.80	28.82
December ...	28.64	28.84	28.45	28.47
March	28.05	.....	.....	.....

COTTON.

Washington, D. C., April 13.—Cotton consumed during March amounted to 571,202 running bales, exclusive of linters, the census bureau today announced. For the eight-month period it was 4,400,233 bales.

Last year March consumption was 602,919 bales, and for the eight months period 4,502,916 bales.

Cotton on hand March 31 in consuming establishments was 1,721,311 bales, compared with 2,053,904 a year ago, and in public storages and compresses 3,258,499 bales, compared with 2,914,946.

Cotton spindles active numbered 33,789,656, as compared with 33,270,348 a year ago.

Imports for March were 13,565 bales, as compared with 47,679 a year ago.

Exports were 311,681 bales, as compared with 355,295 a year ago, and for the eight months 3,473,313 bales, as compared with 4,547,128 a year ago.

New York, April 13.—Another big break in the cotton market occurred today, prices dropping $4 a bale in the first few minutes of trading. The break, following that of yesterday, occurred under heavy general selling, particularly from the south, coupled with further rains in Texas and pessimistic war news. July touched 30.70c. Today's break represented a decline of more than $15 a bale from the season's high price.

LIBERTY LOAN.

New York, April 13.—The close of the first week of the third Liberty Loan campaign today found the New York federal reserve district well ahead of the weekly overage it must maintain in order to meet its minimum allotment of $900,000,000. Subscriptions reported last night totaled $206,568,1000, as against $131,312,000 for the same period in the second campaign. The daily average for the present drive has exceeded $41,000,000, or $5,000,000 more than necessary to attain the minimum amount.

The results have been so satisfactory, according to the committee, that the outlook for raising at least a billion dollars in the district is most promising.

ANOTHER DULL WEEK ON STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, April 13.—Greater interest, not unmixed with anxiety in the outcome of the terrific battle still raging on the Franco-Belgian front, was reflected in another dull week on the stock exchange. Prices of standard issues was well maintained as a rule, thoug pressure was at times effective.

The scarcity of stocks, due largely to the abstention of public participation, had automatically created a technical condition which tends to stabilize values. Probably at no time since this country's entry into the war has public interest been so negligible.

This is borne out by the statements of local banks, which show brokers' loans to be only about 40 per cent of normal. Easier rates for call money and freer offerings of time funds, though, though mostly for short dates, are additional indications of the public's attitude of aloofness.

The Liberty Loan drive engrossed the attention of banking and bond interests, investment demand for the bonds being gratifyingly large. Outstanding Liberty issues were again subject to variable quotations, but international issues, notably Paris sixes and French municipals, were active and firmer.

Reduced dividends in one quarter and increased disbursements in Marine preferred and Sumatra Tobacco, testified to the uncertain conditions prevailing in various lines of industry and commerce. Foreign exchange was featureless, except for the scarcity of Spanish remittances.

WALL STREET.

New York, April 13.—The more critical stage in the war situation caused renewed selling at the opening of today's stock market. Specialties reacted 1 to 1½ points, and rails yielded substantial fractions to a point. Equipments, motors and some of the minor unclassiged issues featured the decline, which was halted later, losses in a few instances being partly recovered. Trading, except in leading shares, was limited to small individual lots. The closing was heavy. Sales approximated 150,000 shares.

New York, April 13—Wall street, 10:10 a.m.—Equipments were the heaviest features at the opening of today's stock market, reacting from large fractions to 1¼ points. Rails and standard industrials forfeited slight fractions.

10:30 a.m.—Moderate selling of specialties, particularly those comprising the several war groups, occurred early. Equipments, such as Bethlehem Steel, American Car, Baldwin Locomotive and the automobile shares, yielded large fractions to 1¼ points. Distillers, yesterday's foremost feature, lost a point, and United States Steel, Marine preferred, Union Pacific and Canadian Pacific forfeited substantial fractions with some of the coalers. Liberty bonds were steady.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Thomson & McKinnon, brokers, Royal Bank Building, report fluctuations in New York stocks for The Advertiser as follows:

New York, April 13.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Trunk Lines and Grangers—				
Baltimore & Ohio.	50¾	..	..	..
Erie, com.	14½	14½	14⅜	14½
Erie, 1st pfd	28	28½	28	28¼
New Haven	27⅛	..	..	..
New York Central	18⅜	18½	18⅜	18½
St. Paul	38½	..	..	..
Wabash, com.	7½	..	..	..
Pacifics and Southerns—				
Canadian Pacific.	136	136½	136	136¼
Col. Southern	15½	..	..	..
Missouri Pacific..	26½	..	..	..
Northern Pacific..	83	..	..	..
Southern Pacific..	82¼	82⅜	82¼	82⅜
Southern Railway	21¼	..	..	..
Union Pacific.....	117⅞	118	117¾	118
Coalers—				
Ches. & Ohio	54¾	..	..	..
Norfolk & West..	103½	103½	102⅞	103⅛
Pennsylvania	44	44	43⅞	43⅞
Reading Railway.	78¾	78¾	78½	78⅝
Industrials—				
American Can	40¾	41	40¼	40½
American Car	76½	77⅛	76¼	76⅝
American Sugar..	101	..	..	..
Am. Smelters	75⅝	..	..	..
Am. Tel. & Tel...	100⅛	100½	100⅛	100⅛
American Wool...	51½	..	..	..
Baldwin Loco	73¾	74	73¼	73⅝
Central Leather..	64⅛	64⅛	63¼	63½
Corn Products....	35⅛	35⅝	25¼	35⅜
Distillers	45¾	45¾	45	45⅜
Dome Mines	8½	8½	8¼	8¼
General Motors...	118½	119	118	119
Inter. Nickel	27½	..	..	..
Ice Securities	18½	..	..	..
Marine, com	24¼	24½	24¼	24⅜
Marine, pfd	91½	92	91¼	92
Studebaker	37½	38⅜	37½	38⅜
U. S. Rubber	52	..	..	..
Virginia Chemical	41	..	..	..
Western Union....	94½	..	..	..
Coppers—				
Anaconda Copper.	64⅛	64¼	63⅞	63⅞
Inspiration	46½	46¾	46½	46⅝
Ray Consolidated.	24	24	23⅞	23⅞
Utah Copper	78½	78½	78¼	78¼
Oils—				
Cal. Petroleum...	17¼	18	17¼	18
New Mexican	92⅛	92⅜	91¼	92
Texas Oil.........	142	..	..	..
Steels—				
Bethlehem Steel..	76¼	76⅜	76⅛	76¼
Crucible Steel....	61½	61½	61	61
Republic Iron	78⅛	78½	78	78
Railway Steel	51⅞	51⅞	51½	51½
Sloss-Sheffield....	51	51	50½	50½
U. S. Steel	89¼	89⅝	89⅛	89½
Bonds—				
Anglo-French 5's.	90⅝	90⅝	90½	90½

TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE.

[Reported by Edward Cronyn & Co.]

Toronto, April 13.

	Asked.	Bid.		Asked.	Bid.
Am Cy..	32	29	Russell..	58	50
do pfd.	..	52	do pfd.	..	69
Ames, c.	14½	..	Sawyer.	15	..
do pfd.	50	..	do pfd.	40	..
Barcel...	9⅞	9⅜	Span, p.	50	..
Brazilian	35½	25	St Ch, p.	57	..
B C Fish	50	49	Stl Can..	58½	58
Burt, p...	..	84¼	do pfd.	..	89½
C Bread.	17	16	T Paper.	72	65
C Car...	30	28	Tor Ry.	58	..
do pfd.	70½	69	Tre'wey.	16½	15½
Cement.	60	59½	Tucketts	19	..
do, pfd.	91	..	Tw City.	51	49
C S L...	41¼	40½	Win Ry.	48	..
do pfd.	76½	76	Banks—		
CG Elec.	103	102	Com'rce.	..	185
CLoco,p.	..	82½	Dom	202	..
C P R...	138	135	Hamil'n.	..	184
C Dairy.	..	30	Imperial.	..	186
do pfd.	75	68	Montr'l.	210	..
ConLife	375	..	NScotia	248	..
Coniag.	325	300	Ottawa	201	..
C Smelt.	25	24¾	Royal	208	..
Con Gas.	144½	..	Stand	200	..
Cr Nest.	50	..	Toronto	187	..
Canners.	24¼	..	Union..	..	147
Dome	837	812	Loans, etc.—		
D Steel..	60½	60	C Land.	148¾	..
Duluth..	41	..	C Perm.	162½	..
La Rose.	58	53	C Invest.	63	..
Mackay.	76	75¼	H Prov.	..	135
do pfd.	..	63	H & Erie,		
M Leaf..	94½	93	20% pd	..	196
do pfd.	93	91½	L Bank.	..	141
Monarch	43	39	L & C..	126½	..
do pfd.	80	..	N Trust.	199	..
N St Car	9½	8	T Mort..	134	..
do pfd.	35	34	Bonds—		
Nipis'g.	860	840	C Loco..	..	85
NSSteel.	65	..	Elec Dev	..	85
P Burt..	34	..	Penmans	..	85
do pfd.	77¼	..	Rio Jan.	..	83
Penmans	75	73½	Stl Can..	..	92
Petrol.	1437	1400	War Loan,		
P Paper.	55	..	1925...	94	93¾
Riordon	119	117¼	1931...	92½	92⅜
			1937...	92	91⅞

Sales: Maple Leaf, pfd., 32 at 92¾@93; Canada Bread, pfd., 2 at 83¼; Monarch, pfd., 4 at 80; Steel of Canada, 12 at 58¼@58⅜; Smelters, 15 at 24⅝; Steamships, pfd., 45 at 76⅛; Mackay, 25 at 75¼; Toronto Railway, 20 at 58; Dominion Bank, 1 at 202; Bank of Hamilton, 1 at 184; Imperial Bank, 13 at 186; Steel of Canada, bonds, $500 at 91½; War Loan, 1925, $2,600 at 94; do, 1937, $500 at 92; do, 1931, $7,000 at 92½.

THE NORTHERN LIFE
Assurance Company of Canada
HEAD OFFICE, - - LONDON, ONT.

Life Insurance is the Philanthropy and Beneficence of the man who insures. It is the organized love of men for their families, the capitalization of affection, the prudence of years secured now, the riches of the poor, the security of the rich.

The Generous, Considerate, Unselfish Man takes no chances. An adequate insurance protects his dependent ones from want.

Rates and full particulars as to policy contracts cheerfully furnished upon request.

AGENCY DEPARTMENTS 112-317 DOMINION SAVINGS BUILDING.
Phones 5520, 1004, 1006.
t

Shrewd Investors
demand two things
SAFETY and RETURN
The Ontario Loan & Debenture Co.
IS SAFE
Our DEBENTURES Yield
5%
Term One to Five Years
SAVINGS DEPOSITS YIELD 3½% Compounded Interest
A. M. Smart, Manager
Corner Dundas Street and Market Lane, LONDON, CANADA
82

Silver

The demand is so great and available supply so inadequate, its price should steadily advance. Profit-making possibilities are greater in silver stocks than in any other issues. Write for market letters.

CHAS. A. STONEHAM & CO.
(Established 1903)
23 Melinda Street, Toronto. 41 Broad Street, New York.
Direct Private Wires. "No Promotions."
t

PIG TIN
INGOT COPPER
PIG LEAD
ZINC
THE CANADA METAL CO. LTD.
TORONTO
Ap.8 xtz

TO ALL
Sheep Owners
This Book FREE
A nicely illustrated and handy booklet of 36 pages—containing practical pointers in simple language on sheep raising and wool marketing.
A few good sheep, with ordinary care, will bring in more real money for the amount invested than any other branch of an average mixed farm.
This book will be very useful to every owner of sheep—
If you are interested in sheep, write us today and we will gladly mail you your copy of this book free.
Please address in full as below.
John Hallam Limited
DESK 9, HALLAM BUILDING, TORONTO.
WOOL FURS HIDES

FLOUR

Toronto, April 12.—Listed quotations at Toronto are:

Flour—War quality, $11.10, bags; Ontario winter, war quality, $10.70, bags.

Millfeed—Manitoba bran, $35.40 per ton; shorts, $40.40 per ton, on track, Toronto.

Montreal, April 12.—There were no developments in the local flour market today, new business in spring wheat flour being quiet, with carlots of Government standard grade for shipment to country points being quoted at $11.10 per barrel, in bags, f.o.b. cars, Montreal, and to city bakers at $11.20, delivered. The trade in winter wheat flour was also slow, but as offerings on spot are not large, the tone of the market remains firm and prices unchanged, with sales of odd broken lots at $11.40 to $11.50 per barrel, in bags, ex-store.

Flour—Manitoba spring wheat, new standard, $11.10@11.20.

Rolled Oats—Bags, 90 lbs., $5.60.

Bran—$35.40.

Shorts—$40.40.

Moullie—$60@62.

Middlings—$48@50.

New York, April 12.—Rye Flour—Easy; fair to good, $12.75@13.40; choice to fancy, $13.45@14.25; jute, spot and to arrive.

Other articles unchanged.

Minneapolis, April 12.—Flour—Unchanged.

Bran—$33.14.

HAY

Montreal, April 12.—Hay—No. 2, per ton, carlots, $17.

MONEY.

London, April 13.—Bar silver, 46¼d per ounce.

Money, 3 per cent.

Discount rates—Short bills and three months, 3 9-16 per cent.

New York, April 13.—Bar silver, 93⅜c per ounce.

EDWARD CRONYN & CO.
Members Toronto Stock Exchange.
INVESTMENTS
Cronyn Building, 71 Bay St., Toronto.

STOCKS BONDS
Thomson & McKinnon
3 THE ROOKERY, CHICAGO.
BROKERS
Members New York Stock Exchange.
Chicago Board of Trade, etc.
Private wires to New York and Chicago, Toronto and Winnipeg.
Phones 213-294.
ROYAL BANK BUILDING,
(Ground Floor)
COTTON LONDON. GRAIN
t

AMUSEMENTS. LECTURES

HONORABLY DISCHARGED SOLDIERS' ASSOCIATION.

GRAND BENEFIT CONCERT

Auditorium, Thursday, April 18.

Sam Munroe, noted comedian; Turner children, Spencer trio, Alice Eckhart, Prof. Venuta and band, and Billy Spence in the sketch, "The Veteran." Tickets: 25c and 35c; children, 10c. Mayor Somerville, chairman 57k tyxw

Afternoon Dressmaking Classes

SPECIAL SIX WEEKS' COURSES OPENING NEXT WEEK.

Registration in the Technical School

Corner King and Colborne streets, each afternoon next week. Fee $1.50 for six weeks' course. b

AUDITORIUM

TUESDAY, APRIL 16.

Demonstration Recital

by pupils in piano, violin, singing, elocution and dancing departments of the LONDON CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.

Phone 1101 for invitation program. 57u

CONCERT

Under Auspices of Langemarck Social Club, in

Orange Hall, Egerton Street

TUESDAY, APRIL 16.

Under direction of Miss Gladys Comber. Tickets 15 cents. b

VICTORY BONDS

Be patriotic and help your country. Buy Victory Bonds. If you wish to sell call on

F. B. CLARKE

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

416 Richmond Street, Next Bank of Commerce, London, Ont. Phone 658.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

HENDERSON'S JUVENILE PIPE Band—No adult players, all girl and boy pipers, drummers, dancers, entertainers. Secure early. Address Mrs. Henderson, 91 Wellington street, London.

A DOMINION EXPRESS MONEY order for $5 costs 3c. b

DANCING — PALACE ACADEMY — Dancing every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday nights. Best orchestra in London. Popular program. Private lessons any time. Phone. Dayton & McCormick.

LONDON JUVENILE PIPE BAND—Expert dancers and entertainers Concert engagements accepted, whole or part program provided. Sole booker, Pipe-Major Macdonald, 480 Colborne, London. Phone 4215.

GEORGE C. CARRIE

(Late of New York City.)

VOICE SPECIALIST.

Tone production to artistic finish. Interviews solicited by appointment. Studio, 556 Richmond. Tuesdays and Fridays. Telephone 2686. ywt

PHONE 2198 REGARDING MINERAL baths and massage treatments for various ailments. Experienced attendants.

SAM MUNRO, CANADA'S JUVENILE Harry Lauder, dancer. Concerts accepted. 101 Waterloo street. Phone 3199.

MUSIC FURNISHED FOR PARTIES, balls, banquets. Phone 1265. Tony Vita's Italian Harpers, 122 Queen's avenue.

GLADYS COMBER, PIPER AND dancer. Leader of Henderson's Kiltie Band. 431 Ottaway. Phone 4397.

ROBERT HANNAH, ELOCUTIONIST, entertainer, concert engagements. 367 Princess avenue. Telephone 3735.

GEORGE A. STEER, ELOCUTIONIST and soloist—Concert engagements accepted. Care The Purdom Hardware Company, London.

POULTRY AND EGGS.

WHITE WYANDOTTE EGGS. — MY hens consist of two-year-old hens and yearlings. Well developed; snow white, and good producers, Regal strain. The males are choice birds. Eggs $1.50 per 15. Sixty, $5. D. H. Porter, Whetter avenue, London. Phone 1167. Eggs delivered at 110 Dundas street, for city customers. 57bu

ANCONAS, S. C. WHITE AND BROWN Leghorn eggs, $1.25 per 15, $4 per 50, $7 per 100. Baby chicks, 20c each, $9.50 per 50, $18 per 100. Heavy winter laying strains. Order now. George A. Douglas, R. R. No. 2, Ilderton, Ont. 57u tx

WHITE LEGHORN EGGS, BARRON-FISHER strain, bred to lay, 300 strong birds; free range on seven acres; $1.25 per 15; $7 per 100. W. Holland, Base Line, High street, London. A. 13, 20, 27, M. 4.

CHOICE PURE BRED BARRED Rock eggs from high record stock. $2.50 per 15. Floyd L. Wight, Thedford. 57c-t

EGGS FOR HATCHING—S. C. RHODE Island Reds, eggs for sale, $2 per 15. Great layers. J. Rice, 571 Adelaide. 55c

WHITE WYANDOTTE EGGS FOR sale—Regal and Massey strain. Phone 5742. 938 Wellington street. 55c

SEND A DOMINION EXPRESS money order; $5 costs 3c. b

BARRED ROCK EGGS, GUARANTEED standard bred to lay, 15 for $1.50. Buff Orphington, 15 for $3.00. Exhibition stock, heavy layers. Reduction for large quantities. Mr. Lenton, 1008 Maitland. tyw-tf

WHITE WYANDOTTE HENS PULLETS, good strain; also Barred Rocks. J. C. Halliday, 1167 Richmond street. 53c ywt

EGGS FROM GOOD LAYING STRAIN, Rose-Comb Anconas, prize-winning stock. W. J. Bigelow, 189 Bruce. 54n

BUFF ORPINGTON EGGS, $2 PER setting. J. Arthurs, 731 Lorne avenue. 53bu

ROSE-COMBED RHODE ISLAND Reds; bred from heavy-laying strain. Order early; $1.50 per 15. Joe E. Dunbar, Belgrave, Ont. 51g

ADVERTISING RATES.

Amusements—Fifteen cents per line each insertion.

Meetings—One cent per word each insertion.

Births, Marriages and Deaths—One insertion, 50 cents. Each subsequent insertion, 25 cents.

Cards of Thanks—Fifty cents each insertion.

Articles For Sale, To Let, Help Wanted, Situations Vacant, Board and Lodgings, Lost and Found, Rooms to Let, and all similar condensed advertisements—First insertion, one cent per word; each subsequent insertion, one-half cent per word. No advertisement less than fifteen cents.

An extra charge of ten cents is made for all transient advertisements that are charged.

BORN, MARRIED, DIED.

MARRIED.

SMITH—BOOTH—On Sunday, March 10, 1918, In Hastings-on-Sea, Sussex, England, Miss Florence Booth, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George E. Booth, St. Helen's, near Hastings, to Corp. Wilfred L. Smith, 116th Canadian Battalion, formerly 135th Middlesex Battalion, attached 8th Canadian Reserve Battalion, England, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick T. Smith, 798 Waterloo street, city. b

DIED.

MANN.—At his late residence, 291 Princess avenue, London, Saturday, April 13, George T. Mann, in his 56th year.

Funeral private Monday, April 15. Flowers gratefully declined.

Toronto and Brantford papers please copy. 57u

McCORMICK.—At Cleveland, Ohio, on Monday, April 8, 1918, Ernest R., beloved husband of Annie Strangeman McCormick.

Funeral private from George E. Logan's undertaking parlors on Sunday, April 14. Service at 2 p.m. Interment at Mount Pleasant Cemetery. b

PARRY.—At the residence of his father, Mr. John Parry, 115 Hamilton road, on April 13, 1918, Ellis, beloved husband of Grace Parry, in his 43rd year.

Funeral from the above address on Tuesday at 3 p.m., service 2:30 p.m. Interment Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

Detroit and Windsor papers please copy. 57u

SCOTT.—On Thursday, April 11, at the home of Edward Robson, Mount Forest, Andrew B. Scott, in his 82nd year.

Funeral Saturday, April 13, at 2:30 p.m., from the residence of Mr. Geo. Charlton, Lobo. b

MEETINGS.

MEN SHOULD HEAR DR. HILL

LECTURE.

SEX HYGIENE

At Latter Day Saints' Church, Corner Maitland and King Streets.

SUNDAY, 4 P.M. b

THE REGULAR MEETING OF THE Victoria Mothers' Club has been postponed from April 16 to April 23. Mrs. Lawrence will speak on "Duty." 57u

HONORABLY DISCHARGED SOLDIERS Association, emergency meeting Monday, April 15, 8 p.m., at 428 Park avenue. All members requested to be present. Business of importance. B. Wilson, secretary. 57u

HEAR MRS. WYATT, MISS CULLIS, Mrs. Ed Westland, and a sacred drama, "The Challenge of the Cross," in the Askin Street Methodist Church, Tuesday evening, April 16. Silver offering. b

"BILLY" MATHESON AT THE Princess Theatre, Sunday, April 14, 1918, Subject, "The Unheeded Warning." Doors open at 7:45. Lecture at 8:30. Reginald Hudson will play and sing. All are welcome. Seats free.

WANTED.

WANTED.—CATTLE TAKEN FOR pasture for one week. Box 141, Advertiser. 57n

LOAN WANTED.—$2,700 ON FARM property, for two years, good interest and good security. Box 139, The Advertiser. 57c

$25-$300 PAID ANYONE FOR IDEAS, suggestions suitable for photoplays. Experience unnecessary; complete outline free. Producers' League, 442, St. Louis. b

WANTED.—PHONE 720 IF YOU have any of Tune's empty bottles or cases, and our rigs will call and collect. The Tune Company, York street. Phone 720. 55c

WANTED — PERSONS TO GROW mushrooms for us at home; from $15 per week upwards can be made by using waste space in cellars, yards, gardens, etc. Start now. Illustrated booklet sent free. Address Montreal Supply Company, Montreal. tzx A20

WANTED TO BORROW.—$400, ON good security. Security can be seen by applying to Box 61, Advertiser. A. 25

Live Poultry Wanted

We have a big demand for good live poultry, and can handle any quantity of it at special prices.

C. A. MANN & CO

78 King Street, London, Ont. ywt

SURVEYORS.

F. W. FARNCOMB, CIVIL ENGINEER, surveyor. Room 307, Dominion Savings. Phone 552.

TEACHERS WANTED.

QUALIFIED SCHOOL TEACHER FOR School Section No. 2, Pelee Island. Apply, stating qualification and salary, to Albert E. A. Vickery, Kingsville, Ont. 55n

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MARRIED WOMAN, WITH ONE child, desires position as housekeeper for one or two gentlemen. City preferred. Box 123, Advertiser. 56c

WORK WANTED

EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER WILL go out by day. Phone 5610. 57u

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED.—GIRL TO DO LIGHT housework, about 15 years. Box 143, Advertiser. 57c

GIRLS WANTED

Good wages. Short hours. Apply Employment Department,

McCormick Mfg. Co. 57u

WOMAN OR GIRL TO RUN SEWING machine, whole or part time. Also young girl to learn. 931 Princess avenue. b

WANTED.—MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN for to take charge of house and office. Apply personally. Box 142, Advertiser. 57c

WANTED. — SALESLADY FOR candy department. Boomer's, 181 Dundas street. 57c

MAID FOR HOUSEWORK — APPLY 238 St. George. 57c

WANTED. — CASHIER FOR THEATRE. Apply Unique Theatre. b

WANTED — MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN for general housework on a farm for boys. Reference required. P. O. Box 36, Palmyra, Ont. 57c

GENERAL MAID OR YOUNG WOMAN by the week. Apply Mrs. Wm. Ward, 474 King street. 57c

SEND A DOMINION EXPRESS money order. They are payable everywhere. b

GOOD GENERAL SERVANT — FAMILY of two. Apply Mrs. Morrison, 305 Central avenue. 57c

WANTED — GIRL FOR UPSTAIRS work; good wages. Apply Iroquois Hotel. 57c

WANTED MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN to take charge of housekeeping, small family. Apply Mrs. E. Miller, 375 Maitland street. 56u

WANTED — WORKING HOUSEKEEPER on farm; no objections to one with child. Box 147, Wheatley, R. R. No. 2. 56k

EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER wanted. Apply Somerville Paper Box Company. 55c

EXPERIENCED KITCHEN WOMAN wanted at once. Apply Black-Bell Inn. 55c

TWO BRIGHT, STEADY GIRLS, EXPERIENCE preferred. Apply Parisian Laundry. 55n

WANTED — TRUSTWORTHY YOUNG girl, for small family, in Toronto. Apply 994 Richmond. Phone 1458. 55c

WANTED—WOMAN COOK-GENERAL —Apply Tecumseh House, Petrolea, Ont. 55n

WANTED — A COOK — APPLY MRS. Jeffery Hale, 718 Waterloo; also a house parlormaid. 55c

Two experienced stenographers, grocery clerk, shoe clerk, knitter for factory, hand-sewer on hats, woman to mind child, 11 a.m. to 12, 3 to 4, and 8 to 10:30 daily, 20c an hour. General houseworkers, 8 a.m., to 5 p.m., $6 a week.

ONTARIO GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.

108 Dundas Street. No Fees.

WANTED. — FIRST-CLASS CHOCOLATE dipper; also experienced lady clerk. Highest salary, if satisfactory. Address Crump's Confectionery, Chatham, Ont. 54k

LAUNDRESS WANTED. APPLY THE Protestant Orphans' Home. 54-tf

WANTED BY MAY 7—EXPERIENCED housemaid, where a parlormaid is kept; highest wages. Apply Box 109, The Advertiser. 54n

WANTED — ELDERLY WOMAN ON farm, light housework, but will be required to wait on aged invalid lady during day. State wages. Box 34, Advertiser. Ap. 18

RESPONSIBLE GIRL OR WOMAN, for general housework. Best wages, no laundry. References. Apply Box 236, The Advertiser. tf

TOBACCO STRIPPERS WANTED—John McNee & Sons, 381 Clarence street. 75-tf

AGENTS WANTED.

$10 DAILY REFINISHING CHANDELIERS, brass beds, autos, by new method; no capital or experience necessary. Big money-making business. Write Gunmetal Company, 179 Elm, Decatur, Ill. b

PORTRAIT MEN. — AGENTS OR crew managers write today for our new proposition. Frames and convexed glass at factory prices. Guaranteed portraits; prompt shipments. Williams Portrait and Frame Company, 2668 Taylor street, Chicago. b

GENERAL AGENT WANTED — A new law for the Province of Ontario, makes a new accessory essential to every automobile owner. We are looking for able men to be general agents. This is the first opportunity of this kind in the automobile industry. You can make $100 a week or more, with but little capital. Do not reply unless you are in earnest and able to direct men. Super-Lighting Company, 61-65 Adelaide street east, Toronto. b

AGENTS. — CALIFORNIA FLOWER Bead Necklaces, quick sellers. Big profits. Absolutely new. No license required. Get proposition. Mission, Shop 15, 2819w Pico, Los Angeles, Cal. b

SITUATIONS VACANT

FIRST - CLASS FARMER WOULD take situation on good farm for six months or more, where his wife could help housekeeper for board. Box 114, Advertiser. 55c wty

YOU CAN MAKE $25 TO $75 WEEKLY writing show cards at home. Easily learned by our simple method. We sell your work or start you in business. Write for particulars. American Show Card School, 801 Yonge street, Toronto. xt June 16

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED TO sell Dr. Chase's Receipt Book and Household Physician. Largest sale of any book except the Bible. Food will win the war, and Dr. Chase's Book saves food as well as lives; 50 per cent commission and a $50 Victory Bond free with sale of 200 books. Fine opportunity for returned soldiers. No experience necessary, for people are anxious to get this well-known book. Write for terms and exclusive territory. Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Dr. Chase building, Toronto, Ont. 49tf

HELP WANTED.

BE PATRIOTIC—SAVE NATION'S food supply—help your country—use and sell Freer's Egg Saver; the quality products that satisfy users, bring repeat orders and pay liberal profits. Sample package, 10 cents. Send today. Freer Factories, Foster, Que. Apl 6,13,20,27

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED.—A MAN TO WORK IN garden and able to plow. Apply A. R. Murdock, Mount Pleasant avenue. 57c

MEN WANTED FOR NIGHT WORK. Apply Holeproof Hosiery Company. 57u

NIGHT WATCHMAN, MUST UNDERSTAND boilers. Apply Columbia Handle Company. 57c

WANTED.—GOOD RELIABLE BOY, with bicycle. McLachlan's Drug Store, 390 Richmond street. 57c

WRITE THE WORDS FOR A SONG. We write music and guarantee publisher's acceptance. Submit poems on war, love or any subject. Chester Music Company, 538 South Dearborn, Suite 1719, Chicago. b

WANTED. — BANK MESSENGER, also junior clerk. Reference required. Apply Box 133, Advertiser. 57n

ANOTHER GENERAL FARM HAND wanted, wages $40 per month for year. John A. Moody, Dominion Bank Building, London. b

BAKER WANTED — GOOD ALL-ROUND man. Fawkes, 660 Dundas street. 57c

STRONG BOYS WANTED — APPLY London Bolt and Hinge Works. 57c

BRAKEMEN, FIREMEN, $125-$150; age 18 to 40; experience unnecessary. Railway. Care Advertiser. 57-tzy,April30

BAND SAWYER WANTED.—CAPABLE of handling work in furniture factory, making medium line of casegoods; man able to handle other machines preferred. Apply, stating wages and experience. Crown Furniture, Limited, Preston, Ont. 57n

CARPENTERS WANTED — APPLY R. H. Smith, 191 Wharncliffe south. Phone 4085. 57c

WANTED AT ONCE—GOOD FREIGHT clerk. Good wages. Apply Michigan Central freight office. 57u

WANTED — FIRST - CLASS SOLE cutter, on nine-foot machine. Scott-Chamberlain, Limited, corner Richmond and Bathurst. 541

BOY FOR OFFICE — MUST HAVE passed entrance. The Globe, 171 King street. 56c

WANTED — GOOD GLASS BUFFER and scratch polisher; also good all-around beveler; highest wages paid; steady job. Leeks & Potts, Limited, Hamilton, Ont. 56c

GOOD GENERAL SHOE REPAIRER. Steady job for right man. Apply Morrison Shoe Company. 53c-ywt

WANTED. — MEN, BOYS, GOOD wages. London Box Company, 309 Bathurst. ywt

SERGT. A. H. DAVIES

(Returned)

Cigars, Tobaccos, Cigarettes, Smokers' Sundries, Books, Papers, Stationery. Infants' Wool Garments Specialty. PHONE 2885.

Opposite Armories.

312½ DUNDAS STREET. 1aw-t

BUY YOUR OUT-OF-TOWN SUPPLIES with Dominion Express money orders; $5 costs 3c. b

MAN WANTED FOR OUTSIDE WORK in city; steady work and good wages. Apply at once. Box 125, Advertiser. 56c

GOOD POSITIONS WAITING YOUNG men trained as telegraphers and station agents. We train you quickly and secure positions. Our special textbooks, coupled with railway forms and main line telegraph connection from Canadian Northern guarantee success. Free Book O. explains day and mail courses. Write today. Dominion School Railroading, Toronto. tf xt

TEAMSTER WANTED AND ONE yard man. Wm. Buchanan, Maitland street and C. P. R. 55c

Brass Socket Operators Wanted

National Brass Limited 55c

WANTED

MACHINIST and HANDY MAN

TOOL ROOM DEPT.

National Brass, Limited 55c

BOY WANTED, APPLY MODERN Shoe Repair, 505 Richmond street. 54c

GOOD SMART BOY WANTED TO learn job printing. Apply to Advertiser Job Department, Corner York and Wellington streets. tf

WIREMAN—ACCUSTOMED TO CONDUIT work. Apply F. A. Nelson, Dundas. 54n

BROOM OPERATOR WANTED ON Lipe-Walrath machine; also to tie brooms. Steady work. More than highest wages to good man. J. C. Sloane, Owen Sound. 53g

BLACKSMITH WANTED AT ONCE—Good horseshoer. R. P. Nichols, Mitchell. 53n

WANTED — GOOD, LIVE OFFICE boy to do filing and make himself generally useful. Good opportunity for smart boy. Empire Manufacturing Company, Limited, East London. 39tf

A RELIABLE SALESMAN WANTED in every town and district in Western Ontario where not represented. Spring planting list now ready. Send for terms and new catalogue. Start now at best selling time. Stone & Wellington, the Fonthill Nurseries, Toronto, Ont. 25tf

BUSINESS CARDS.

W. H. RAE, CARPENTER, BUILDER and contractor, shingling, alterations, jobbing and patent roofing; houses raised and moved, country and city work solicited. 330 Grey street. Phone 4488.

LEWIS 101 KING, BUYS AND SELLS all kinds second-hand house-furnishings for cash.

ALLIES DRY CLEANING, PRESSING expert work, experienced tailors. 342 Dundas. Phone 5444. wyt

FOR GENUINE PLUMBING REPAIRS phone 5778, S. H. Hammond, 765 King street.

MORREN FOR DRY CLEANING pressing, repairing. 424 Wellington street. Phone 2698. Heavy overcoat for sale.

McLEOD & GREY, REAR ADVERTISER—First-class livery and boarding. Bus parties our specialty. Phone 1277.

Housecleaning Made Easy

American Air Cleaning Wagon cleans carpets, rugs, furniture and walls. Satisfaction guaranteed. Estimates furnished. J. SAGE. Phone 5990, or 578 York street. 45g tyw

The Peoples Shoe Store

REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Joseph Holland, Repair Manager.

Expert work guaranteed at reasonable prices. Whether you bought your shoes here or not we repair them. 131 Dundas street. 12 Market Square. zxt

RAGS AND BAGS

OUR WAR CRY NOW:

You may have many or rather few, Anything over a bagful will do.

W. LEFF & CO.,

PHONE 2792. t

SEE US

About those repairs or alterations Estimates cheerfully furnished. We specialize in oak floors.

L. H. MARTYN & CO.

Phone 218 or 3708. 807 Princess Avenue. 1aw-t

BUSINESS CHANCES.

GROCERY BUSINESS FOR SALE — One of the best corner stands in London, stock 100 cents on the dollar. Purchaser can rent store. T. A. Faulds, 59 Dundas. 57u ty

CONFECTIONERY, ICE CREAM AND home-made candy; fixtures and stock, in St. Thomas. Profitable, attractive price and terms. John A. Moody, Dominion Bank Building, London. b

ALL KINDS OF BUSINESSES FOR sale, also insurance. Sydney Smythe, 404 Talbot street, Phone.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—HOTEL partly furnished, near London. Good stand for butcher and road house. Box 130, Advertiser. 57n-tyw

FINE RESIDENCE, WITH STORE — Good location; also barn and lot. Box 137, Advertiser. 57n

STORE, WITH OR WITHOUT DWELLING—Apply on premises. 165 Wellington street. 57c

GOOD GENERAL STORE AND STOCK for sale or exchange; everything in good shape; clean stock; postoffice. Will rent property if not sold in short time. Box 118, Advertiser. 56c

CORNER GROCERY AND STOCK, good trade, reasonable terms. Must sell. Dwelling in connection. Box 113, Advertiser. 54n

EXCELLENT GROCERY BUSINESS— One of the best of the medium-sized groceries in the city; stock and fixtures from $1,500 to $2,000; could reduce stock to suit purchaser; splendid business has been done by the present proprietors for thirty years; good brick store and dwelling. Would sell or rent property. Best reasons for selling. Apply at once to Box 98, London Advertiser. 53n

SUPPLY YARD, CONTAINING about half an acre, on railroad, with office, stable and sheds, to lease to desirable party, at low rental. Phone 4958. 52n

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST.—BETWEEN PATRICIA AND Simcoe street, a pair eye-glasses, with chain and button. Reward, Advertiser Office. 57c

LOST.—BROOCH 33RD BATTALION badge. Reward this office. 57u

LOST — LADY'S GOLD WRIST watch, monogram M. B. G. Liberal reward. Return to 532 Dufferin avenue or phone 1279. 57c

LOST.—BLACK PURSE ON OXFORD car or between Richmond and Mara's store. Reward at this office. b

LOST — WHITE AND TAN FOX-HOUND, 8 months old, female. Return to 301 King street. Phone 3418. 57c

LOST—AT MAJESTIC THEATRE OR between theatre and Princess avenue, gold horseshoe-shaped brooch, garnet setting. Reward if returned to Mrs. Blair, 467 Princess avenue. b

LOST — SEWING MACHINE PARTS, between high school and Grosvenor and Adelaide streets. Phone 4592. 54c xwt

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

225 QUARTS OF MILK DAILY, DELIVERED at 732 Queen's avenue, beginning May 1st. Albert E. Hourd. 57n

TWO COTTAGES WANTED, ANY location, east end. Apply Box 132, The Advertiser. 57n

HORSE WANTED, WEIGHT ABOUT 1,300 pounds. Apply Johnston Bros., 262 Ottaway avenue. 56-tf

WANTED — AIR COMPRESSOR AND tanks, also 2-horsepower gas engine, or any part of same. Charles Dungey, Mitchell, Ont. 56c

WANTED TO PURCHASE — COSY, modern brick house, 3 bedrooms; describe; state lowest cash price in first letter. T. P. Weekes, Mount Brydges. 56c

EMPIRE STATE POTATOES FOR seed—Box 116, Advertiser. 55c

225 QUARTS OF MILK DAILY, DELIVERED at 732 Queen's avenue, beginning May 1st. Albert E. Hourd. 531

S. LEFF PAYS HIGHEST PRICES for all kinds of junk. Phone 4626.

WANTED, USED UPRIGHT PIANO, in good condition. State lowest cash price. Apply Box 95, Advertiser. 54c-xvt

WANTED — DEAD HORSES AND cattle. Will pay $1 to $3 for live animals. London Fertilizer Company. Phone 638.

MELODEONS WANTED AT KEENE'S Antique Store. 342 Talbot street.

ARTICLES FOR SALE. ARTICLES FOR SALE.

GOVERNMENT-INSPECTED

NEW BRUNSWICK SEED POTATOES

IRISH COBBLERS—Grown by Alpheus Gray, near Fredericton, N. B.

GREEN MOUNTAINS—Grown by W. C. Craig, near Fredericton, N. B.

These potatoes were inspected in the fields and cellars by Prof. Cunningham's staff of the Dominion Department of Agriculture and recommended by Mr. Justus Miller, Assistant Commissioner of Agriculture for Ontario.

These seed potatoes should increase your yield from 30 to 50%.

Every bag tagged with Inspection Certificate.

APPLY

1167 RICHMOND ST. NORTH AND 346 GROSVENOR ST., LONDON. 52n

TO LET.

TO LET.—MODERN EIGHT-ROOM red brick residence. Apply 581 William. b

TO LET.—MODERN RED BRICK house, newly decorated, 7 rooms, 668 Queen's avenue. Every convenience, hydro. Apply on premises or 838 Dufferin. 57c

FOR RENT.—429 AND 433 SIMCOE street, hard and soft water, gas for lighting and cooking. Apply to 477 Queen's avenue. 57c

IN NORTH END — CORNER RICHMOND and Victoria, brick house, hot water heated, modern conveniences, electric light when power supplied by hydro, 3 bedrooms, summer kitchen, veranda front and side, storm doors, windows, fly-screens, large lawn; $25 month. Possession May 4. Apply next door. Phone 2950. 57c

40 WALNUT STREET — RENT $8 month. John A. Moody, Dominion Bank Building, London. b

BRICK COTTAGE, SIX ROOMS, large garden; possession at once. Geo. Robinson, London Junction. b

TWO FINE FURNISHED COTTAGES to rent, at Lakeview summer resort, Sturgeon Lake. For full particulars write N. Day, Cameron, Ont. 57n

1065 YORK, $12 — 311 PALL MALL, $13 —8 Wilson, $11; 2 Dundas, $9. Cheap rent. See them. b

COTTAGE, WITH LARGE LOT; ALSO small house to let. Apply 865 Adelaide. 56c

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET, about middle of May, London South. 169 Wortley road. 56c

THE SAFE WAY TO SEND MONEY by mail is by Dominion Express money order. b

TO LET — ENTIRE SECOND FLOOR at 120 Dundas street; Carling street entrance; suitable for light manufacturing or jobbing business. Apply Giant Clothing House. 56n

MODERN FURNISHED HOUSE TO rent for six months or a year; fine locality. Box 115, Advertiser. 55c wty

BRICK COTTAGE TO LET, 33 CAMBRIDGE avenue. Apply The Ideal Shoe Repair. 55c

HEATED OFFICES FOR RENT AT Robinson Hall Chambers. Apply Canada Trust Company, 446 Richmond street, city. 91tf-eot

COMFORTABLE COTTAGE, 3 BEDROOMS, gas, city water, barn and henhouse, Victor street, $15. Story and half brick, 3 bedrooms, Bruce street, $17. Also furnished cottage, south. T. A. Faulds, 59 Dundas. 53u-yt

HOUSES, COTTAGES, ROOMS, OFFICES, store, warehouse, dwellings, 5 rooms to $8, $8 to $40; modern, semi-modern; large rental, exchange and selling list. Parsons, 379 Wellington street. yt

TO RENT. — FURNISHED APARTMENT in Hayman Court for duration of the war. Apply Box 117, Advertiser, or Phone 5594. 55c

LEASE, 151 MAPLE STREET — TEN-ROOMED furnished house, equipped, hot air and hot water, hydro stove, light and gas, or will rent 8 rooms. 55c

TO LET — ONE CEMENT BLOCK garage, large enough to accommodate two automobiles, good pit and washrack. Apply 613 Wellington street.

ROOMS TO LET.

FURNISHED FRONT PARLOR AND bedroom, conveniences, 215 King. Phone 2951. b

FURNISHED BEDROOM, HOUSEKEEPING privileges, 453 Horton. Phone 6062.

ONE LARGE UNFURNISHED FRONT room, downstairs, electric light, gas, fireplace and mirror. 250 Talbot. 57c-tyw

TWO UNFURNISHED ROOMS, SUITABLE for light housekeeping. Apply 640 York street. b

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, ONE suitable for two, with use of phone. Apply 564 Talbot street. 57c

FURNISHED ROOMS — KITCHEN, bedroom, pantry and cellar, ground floor, central, gas and electric light. Apply Box 136, Advertiser. b

NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, modern, central, two minutes from G. T. R., 255 Talbot street. 56c

FURNISHED SITTING-ROOM AND bedroom, grate, heat and light, central. Box 127, Advertiser. 56c

THREE UNFURNISHED LIGHT housekeeping rooms, 475 King. Apply 376 Ridout. 55c

THREE LARGE ROOMS, WITH front hall, private entrance. Ten dollars. Apply 41 Stanley. 55c

DOUBLE PARLOR FOR RENT, ALL modern conveniences. Phone 5769, or 400 King street. 55c

TWO SUITES OF UNFURNISHED rooms, Rent reasonable Apply 190 Central avenue. 54-tf

DERMATOLOGY.

MARINELLA SYSTEM FOR FACE, scalp, chiropody. Removal of superfluous hair permanently. Miss Beattie, corner Talbot and Fullarton. Phone 3027.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. G. R. Bartram, 59 Dundas.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY H. J. Childs, druggist. 632 Dundas.

WALNUT SIDEBOARD, CARPENTER'S bench, gas plate and a few chairs. Apply 189 Central avenue. 57c

FOR SALE.—PONY AND OUTFIT. Apply 531 Ontario street, Stratford. 57n

RUMMAGE SALE — BIG BARGAINS— Thursday, April 18. 141 King street. 57c tyx

SIX SMALL DINING CHAIRS, ONE morris chair, medicine cabinet, gas heater. 461 Princess avenue. Phone 677. b

ONE FOXHOUND PUP, $10; 1 NO. 1 Fox and Deerhound, not to beat, $18; 1 bulldog, female. All white, very nice and gentle, Lady, 9 months old, $15; 1 Newfoundland, with pedigree, $50. Fred W. Probst, Box 60, Linwood, Ont. b

FOR SALE — BOWSER GASOLINE pump and tank. Apply Box 79, Advertiser. 57n

PUPS, 6 MONTHS OLD, FROM A pair of the best rabbit hounds in London. For particulars address Box 131, Advertiser. b

WILLIAMS UPRIGHT PIANO—BEAUTIFUL burl walnut case, 7 1-3 octaves, full iron plate, cost new $450, sale price $250, payable $1.50 per week. Mason & Risch, Limited, 248 Dundas street, London. 54n

McCLARY GAS RANGE AND KITCHEN heater combined. 130 Grey street. b

GOOD CHEER RANGE, BEDROOM suite, dresser and stand combined, iron beds, Will be sold reasonable. Apply 1074 Francis street. 56u

McKIM'S AUCTION ROOM — McCASKEY account register, cabinet and graphead machines; 100 good disk records; piano-cased Bell organ and all kinds of house furniture. Phone 4820.

UPHOLSTERING, POLISHING, REPAIRING and mattresses made, is our business. Charles M. Quick, 725 Richmond. Phone. t

100 BUSHELS EARLY MICHIGAN Wonder seed beans, $8 per bushel, f.o.b., Glanworth; bags 40c each. James Love, Lambeth P. O. 56u

FOR SALE.—FURNACE PIPES AND registers, also porch. Apply 170 Kent street. 55c

BELL PIANO-CASED ORGAN, MAHOGANY case, 6 octaves, 11 stops, in excellent condition, sale price $48, payable 50c per week. Mason & Risch, Limited, 248 Dundas street, London. 54n

KARN 5-OCTAVE ORGAN, 11 STOPS, good full tone, sale price $25, payable 25c per week. Mason & Risch, Limited, 248 Dundas street, London. 54n

WILL THE GOVERNMENT PUT A tax of 10c a pound on tea in a few days? Teas are very cheap today. Buy now; you cannot lose. Alfred Tyler, 355½ Clarence. tf

BELL ORGAN, PIANO CASE, SMALL beveled mirror in it; good condition; reasonable. 900 Dundas east. 55c

UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER, FOURTEEN inches wide, low price. E. O. Graves, 110 Dundas street.

BEEKEEPERS, ATTENTION! — Langstroth extracting combs for sale, straight, clean, all worker, wired or splints, no disease. Address Box 93, Advertiser. 53n

EAVESTROUGH, FURNACE REPAIRS, chimney stacks, roofing, kitchen utensils repaired, called for and delivered. Phone 4911. t

PIANOS, PIANOS, PLAYER-PIANOS, Brunswick phonographs, Brunswick records, the best; come and hear them play and sing for you. At C. Crawford's Brunswick Shop, opposite armories.

NEW WOOD YARD, 241 OTTAWAY avenue. Phone 2208. $2.75 to $5.50 per load.

BLANCHARD'S FISH MARKET, 525 Richmond street. Phone 1510. Fresh fish every day.

FEATHER PILLOWS, MATTRESSES, renovated. Hunt & Sons, 693 Richmond street. Phone 997.

MOTORCYCLE, 4-HORSE, MAGNETO, good tires, good belt, running condition, $50. Ed Robertson, Ayr. Ap 13

ONN'S FISH MARKET—FISH, OYSTERS, poultry, twice daily. 143 King street, opposite market. Phone 1206.

LADIES' SPRING SUITS, COATS and dresses on easy terms of payment; also men's and boys' suits, furniture and house furnishings. Drop me a line or phone 3208 and I will give you my best attention. J. Wolf, 821 Lorne avenue.

SECOND-HAND PIPE AND CASING for sale, all sizes. Box 688, Petrolea, Ont. June15

UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER, NEW model, low price. E. O. Graves, 110 Dundas street.

YOUR SPRING SUITS AND SUMMER apparel of ladies', gentlemen's, and boys, will be at your request for $1 per week. Also furniture and housefurnishings. Call, write or phone 1267. M. Lerner, 502 Hill street. Business confidential.

THE JOY-FUL SMOKE — SMITH'S "Joy" 10-cent cigar. S. Smith, manufacturer, London.

BUY YOUR CLOTHES ON CONVENIENT terms—Ladies' suits, tweed and plush coats, hats, furs; men's, boys' suits and overcoats. Let us help you with our confidential credit system. Prices and terms to suit every purchaser. A telephone call will bring goods to your home. Call, write or phone. W. Goldenberg, 761 Dundas street, next Wood's Fair. Phone 1987. Open evenings.

Brantford Red Bird Bicycles

are the standard by which every other make is judged.

Bicycle and Motor Sales Co.

425 Wellington. b Get Catalogue.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

Fresh-Caught Herring, per lb.	12½c
Whitefish, winter-caught, per lb...	12½c
Pink Qualla Salmon, piece	12½c
Finnan Haddies, per lb.	12½c

ANDERSONS

THE BIG FOOD STORE.

1, 2, 3, 4, 5, Market House, Phones 1643 and 1644.

WICKER BABY BUGGY FOR SALE— 332 Simcoe street. 56c

GRAFTING OF ALL KINDS. GRAFTS and wax all ready. Instructions given and the work done. All grape vines have twelve varieties of wood every year, but when leaves are off, come back to three varieties of canes, all inferior. Trees and shrubs on hand. Charles Baker, nurseryman. Phone 2222.

WE BUY AND SELL SECOND-HAND clothes and shoes. We pay the highest price. 341 Dundas.

BELTING, REPAIRING AND LEATHER supplies. Phone 1061. Mills, Belt Manufacturer, 152 Carling.

CABINET PHONOGRAPH AND RECORDS at Keene's, 342 Talbot. Records exchanged.

WINDOW AND DOOR SCREENS made to order. Chamberlain weather strip. Phone 1504.

SPRUCE TREES FOR SALE IN VILLAGE of Ilderton. Apply James Paisley, Ilderton. 50c-t

GO TO ROBERTSON'S, RICHMOND and Kent streets, for school books and school supplies.

BARGAINS

in rebuilt Bicycles and Motorcycles. Also one good Auto Truck, used tire, 35x4½. One C. C. M. Motorcycle.

A. TANNER. 665 DUNDAS STREET

S. O. S.

SELLING-OUT SALE

Everything Must Be Sold

AT THE

GIANT CLOTHING HOUSE

SUPPLY YOUR CUSTOMERS WITH free air—Air compressors bring trade. We install them. Superior Machinery Company, 151 York street. ywt

Caldwell's POULTRY FOODS

FOR HENS—
Caldwell's Scratch Feed.
Caldwell's Laying Meal.

FOR CHICKS—
Caldwell's Chick Feed.
Caldwell's Growing Mash.

FROM 2 MONTHS TO MATURITY—
Caldwell's Developing Food.
Caldwell's Growing Mash.

Caldwell's Famous Feeds

—AT—

DOMINION SEEDS

Limited

PHONE 550. 119 DUNDAS STREET. 43tf wty

LAWN SEED

Now is the time to use Lawn Seed and Fertilizers. We keep all kinds and the very best mixtures. Seed catalogue free. We save you money. Phone in your order.

MORGAN'S, 100 Dundas St. Phone 1428. ywt

ELECTROPLATING

In Nickel, Brass, Copper and Bronze. Polishing and Lacquering. Automobile, motorcycle and bicycle parts made like new. Church brass work, lighting fixtures, etc., refinished.

THE DENNIS WIRE AND IRON WORKS COMPANY, LIMITED, LONDON, CANADA. zxt

HAVE YOU Considered Hydraulic Water System for farm, house and barn? If not, why no consult us about the L. E. S. Waterworks System? Write today.

LONDON ENGINE SUPPLY CO., 83-85 Dundas Street, London, Ontario. zxt

THIN OAK FLOORING

makes a beautiful and sanitary floor. We have it, end-matched, plain, and quarter-cut.

Geo. H. Belton Lumber Co.,

Rectory Street and G. T. R. xt

FOR SALE—200 OAK CASKS, $3.00 each, delivered in city. Gorman, Eckert & Co., Limited. xt

STEWART & MORKIN

152 Fullarton St. Rear Grand Opera. Electric Power Contractors.

All classes electric power repairs, installations, windings, etc. Prompt attention, quick service. When you have trouble with your motor telephone 3165. xt

HORSES, CATTLE, ETC. For Sale or Wanted.

FOR SALE.—BLACK PERCHERON colt, three years old. Phone 17, r20, Byron. 57c

FOR SALE — GOOD FARM HORSE —Apply at once, stables, Parnell Bread Company, Bruce street. 57c

YOUNG JERSEY COW, DUE TO freshen in few days. No 1 family cow. Can recommend her in every way. E. Harris, Kilworth Bridge, Ont. 57c

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

HEAR THE

RAYOLA

And get its price before you buy any other phonograph. You'll be wiser and richer.

W. J. Wray & Co.

234 DUNDAS STREET. ywt

WAGONS AND CARRIAGES.

GROCERY WAGONS AT A BARGAIN at Wm. Gray & Sons, 351 Talbot street.

DELIVERY WAGONS BUILT TO order. See our second-hand wagons. Abbott's Carriage Factory.

OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS.

DRS. MARIE H. HARKINS, REBECCA Harkins, St. George Apartments, Wellington. Phone 1560. Rebecca Harkins, specialty catarrhal deafness.

E. S. DETWILER, D. O., HAS REMOVED to 444 Waterloo, corner Queen's Phone 3373

DENTAL CARDS.

DR J. M. FREZELL, DENTIST— Over McLachlan's drug store, opposite old city hall.

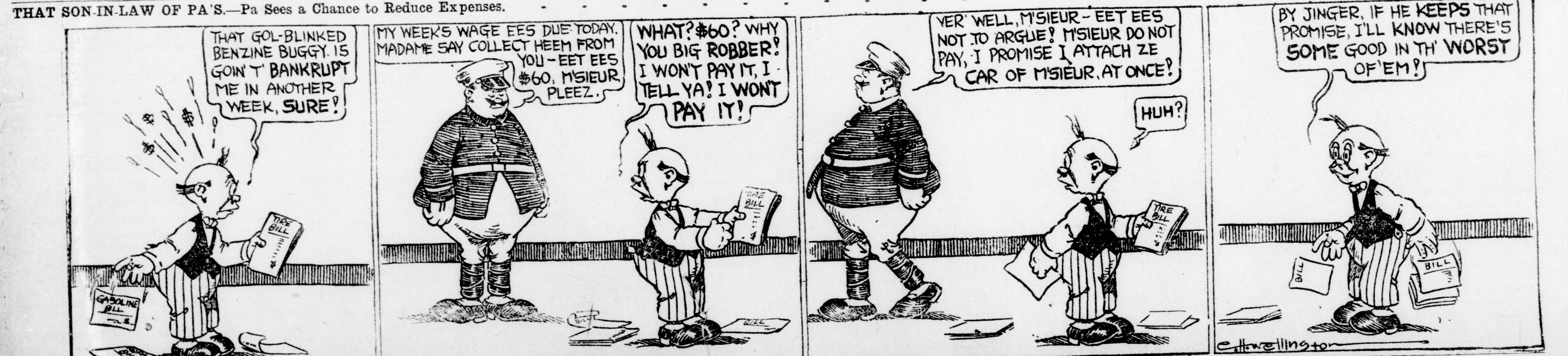
DR. JARVIS, SPECIALIST—EXTRACTION and pyorrhea. Painless method. 213 Dundas street.

DR. S. M. THOMAS, 252½ DUNDAS street. Phone 2085.

DR. B. E. EAID, DENTIST, DUNDAS and Richmond, Dominion Bank Building. Phone 5660.

THAT SON-IN-LAW OF PA'S.—Pa Sees a Chance to Reduce Expenses.

By Wellington.


THAT GOL-BLINKED BENZINE BUGGY IS GOIN' T' BANKRUPT ME IN ANOTHER WEEK, SURE!
GASOLINE BILL
TIRE BILL
MY WEEK'S WAGE EES DUE TODAY. MADAME SAY COLLECT HEEM FROM YOU—EET EES $60, M'SIEUR PLEEZ.
WHAT? $60? WHY YOU BIG ROBBER! I WON'T PAY IT, I TELL YA! I WON'T PAY IT!
YER' WELL, M'SIEUR—EET EES NOT TO ARGUE! M'SIEUR DO NOT PAY, I PROMISE I ATTACH ZE CAR OF M'SIEUR, AT ONCE!
HUH?
BY JINGER, IF HE KEEPS THAT PROMISE, I'LL KNOW THERE'S SOME GOOD IN TH' WORST OF 'EM!
BILL
BILL
C. H. Wellington

Copyright, 1918, by Newspaper Feature Service, Inc. Great Britain rights reserved.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

THOS. C. KNOTT

REAL ESTATE BROKER

117 DOMINION SAVINGS BUILDING—First Floor Up.

Phone 650.

PORT STANLEY, SPLENDID VACANT LOTS, ORCHARD BEACH, $8.00 TO $10.00 PER FOOT; LOTS AT ERIE REST, $6.00 TO $8.00 PER FOOT. CALL AND SEE PLANS.

VICTORY BONDS BOUGHT OR SOLD OR TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR VACANT LOTS. CALL AND SEE ME.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES.

EAST END—Frame cottage, 3 bedrooms, water closet, electric light and fixtures, gas for cooking, hard and soft water and sink in house, lot 60x158 feet. Price $1,650, $100 and balance monthly.

SOUTH—1½-story Red pressed brick bungalow, modern, lot 34x104 feet, new stable or garage. Price, $3,600.

CENTRAL—Frame cottage, 4 bedrooms, gas and fixtures; lot 44 feet 6 inches by 197 feet. Price, $1,800; $600 cash, balance easy.

WANTED—Rents to collect. I remit monthly and look after necessary repairs free of charge. Write me for particulars and references.

TO LET—I have a number of houses to rent in different parts of the city, and will be pleased to give you a list if you will call and see me.

FARMS

25 ACRES—Township of Caradoc, soil sandy loam, 1½-story frame house, barn 30x42 feet, drive barn, chicken house and corncrib, never-failing well, 4 acres orchard, all kinds of fruit, 60 rods to school and church. Price $2,500.

50 ACRES—One-half mile from railway station, 3½ miles from city limits, frame 1½-story house, nearly new, bank barn 30 by 50 feet, cement basement, chicken house and hogpen. This is a splendid farm in first-class locality. Call and get particulars.

4¾ ACRES—8 miles west of London, 1½-story frame house, barn, stable and chicken house, well fenced, some fruit; 2½ miles to railway station. This property could be made a splendid summer home, nice situation, river at back and good fishing locality. Price, $1,200.

200 ACRES—London Township; 2-story frame house, stone foundation, 4 bedrooms, soil gravelly loam, bank barn and another barn, granary, chicken house, hogpen, 1 acre of orchard, 7½ miles to London, 3 miles to railway station. Price $9,500, $3,000 cash. A great bargain. Call for particulars.

12 ACRES — Close to Lambeth, soil sandy loam, no buildings, watered by a creek, school and village of Lambeth 60 rods. A great snap. $1.200.

We have over 200 farms for sale in all parts of Western Ontario, and we will be pleased to give you a list if you will call or write.

WANTED—FARM AND CITY PROPERTIES FOR SALE. REMEMBER THAT THERE IS NO CHARGE UNLESS THE PROPERTY IS SOLD BY OR THROUGH ME. LIST NOW AND HAVE YOUR PROPERTY WELL ADVERTISED.

THE PROPERTIES ON THIS LIST ARE ONLY A FEW OF THE PROPERTIES THAT I HAVE FOR SALE. CALL AND SEE ME.

Estate Bargains

The following properties are exposed for sale at prices to induce quick sales, viz.:

Elmwood avenue, 1½-story frame residence, containing eight rooms, plumbing; large corner lot.

Richmond street, 2-story brick, seven rooms, furnace, plumbing. Lot 50x150. Price $3,600.

Wellington street, 2-story and attic brick, slate roof, eight rooms, modern, plumbing, gas; lot, 100 feet frontage. Land worth $7,000. Building could not be reproduced at the present time for $13,000. For quick sale will take $13,000. Small payment down; balance easy terms.

All the above properties are exceedingly well situated. Locality should be one of the first considerations in selecting the location of your home.

The Premier Trust Co.

HEAD OFFICE: 428 RICHMOND STREET, LONDON, ONT.

BRANCH OFFICE: 6 SANDWICH STREET, WINDSOR, ONT.

b

Hundreds of Farms for Sale and Exchange

WRITE FOR OUR NEW CATALOGUES—NOW READY.

100 acres in Lambton County, Brooke Township, good clay loam soil, 15 acres timber, 1½ acres orchard, good water and fences, 2-story brick house and barn 36x56, 1¼ miles to school and church. Exchange for good 150 acres. Price, $5,700. Write our general agent, S. H. Cummings, Dresden.

100 acres in Dawn Township, Lambton County, black loam soil, 1½-story frame house, bank barn 36x54, other barn 33x60, other outbuildings, ⅞ mile to school. Price, $8,500. Write our general agent, S. H. Cummings, Dresden.

200 acres in Huron County, clay and gravel loam soil, 4 acres orchard, 1½-story brick house, bank barn 60x60, 1½ miles to school and church. Price, $10,000. Exchange for 50 acres.

112 acres rich clay loam soil in Essex County, frame barn 24x36, other buildings, 4 miles to Harrow. Price, $9,500. Exchange for 150 acres near Catholic Church.

100 acres in Blandford Township, clay loam soil, 8 acres timber, 1½-story stone house, bank barn 54x56, other barn 34x24, 1½ miles to school, 3 miles to station. Price, $9,000. Exchange for houses in London. Apply to Warren H. Schell, Innerkip.

100 acres in McGillivray Township, mixed clay and sand loam soil, 10 acres bush, 1½-story frame house, ¼ mile to school, 6 miles to Ailsa Craig. Price, $4,200; $1,200 cash. Write our general agent, G. W. Redick, Parkhill.

100 acres in McGillivray Township, sandy loam with some clay loam soil, 1 acre orchard good fences, 1½-story frame house, 8 rooms, frame barn 45x48, ½ mile to school, 4 miles to Parkhill. Price $4,000 cash. Write our general agent, C. W. Redick, Parkhill.

THE WESTERN REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE, LIMITED

78 DUNDAS STREET - - - LONDON, ONT.

ANDERSON & CO.

SUITE FOUR, COOTE BLOCK, MARKET LANE.

Fire, Life and Accident Insurance Effected. Money to Loan.

HIGH CLASS FARMS OUR SPECIALTY

¼-acre—Two-story frame house, near Springbank. $1,400.

3 acres—Near car line, brick house, barn, fruit. $3,000.

3½ acres—Frame cottage, full-sized basement, electric light, hot water heating, hip-roof barn, brick veneer, greenhouse. $4,500.

5½ acres—Near Springbank; brick cottage, 6 rooms, fruit of all kinds. $3,000.

15 acres—Fruit farm, frame house, [illegible] barn, etc.; 5 acres apples, plums, [illegible]ches, cherries, garden. $5,000.

50 acres—Lot 18, con. 5, London Township; good buildings, 1¼ miles from Richmond street car. Owned by Arthur Knapton.

57 acres—Fruit farm, 11 acres peaches, 2½ acres excellent apple orchard in full bearing, 44 Baldwins; on direct line to Toronto.

[illegible]3 acres—Westminster; first-class farm, 100 maple trees, 5 acres firewood, clay loam, well drained, 5 miles from London. $9,000.

150 acres—In the heart of the dairying district; new 2-story red pressed brick house, furnace, bathroom, hot and cold water connections, large bank barn, room for 40 head of horned cattle, water in each stall, driveshed, pigpen, garage, henhouse, cement silo, windmill, soil clay loam, drained by tile, 10 acres culled bush, less than 1 mile from cheese factory, church and school; $3,500 was drawn from the cheese factory last year; 2,000 bushels of grain have been threshed; 105 loads of hay fed on the premises; land level. An ideal dairy farm.

150 acres—Lambton County; soil clay loam, 2-story frame house, hard and soft water, front and back porches, full-sized basement, wood furnace, hip-roof barn 36x96, basement fitted for stabling, cement floors, Beatty stanchions, water bowls in each stall, litter-carrier, water tank in horse stable, silo 14x30, new Empire milking machine, power cream separator, gasoline engine, wood track, carrier, slings, pulleys, rope, barn in best of shape, roof good, cement hogpen, elevated sleeping quarters, henhouse, corncrib, implement house, root house, workshop, good orchard of apples, pears, plums, cherries, rock well, windmill, standing timber valued at $2,000, fenced with wire, divided into 14-acre fields, 42 acres fall plowed, 14 acres fall wheat; close to railroad station.

200 acres—Two-story brick house, slate roof, large bank barn, 10 acres timber, 5 acres orchard, close to cheese factory, church and school; $15,000.

$3,500—General store and stock at valuation. A paying business being now done, and great prospects for a live man. Will accept a good house in the city as an exchange.

Lot on Wortley road, 65x181, on paved street, only $15 per foot.

Two lots on Waterloo street north, only $16 per foot.

We have also lots in all parts of the city for sale, and many on easy terms of payment.

FIRST-CLASS 100-ACRE FARM, Westminster, will be sold $1,000 under value on account of sickness. Possession at once. Box 94, Advertiser. 52n

TWO HUNDRED ACRES, THIRTY bush, six miles from station, Northern Ontario, no buildings, all fenced. J. W. G. Winnett, barrister. ywt

P. WALSH'S BULLETIN

QUEEN'S AVENUE—Two semi-detached two-story red pressed brick houses, fully modern, close to Picton street. Must sell to close out an estate.

HYMAN STREET—Two-story brick house, 4 bedrooms, fully modern, lot 36x143 feet. Price $3,700.

OXFORD STREET—Large brick cottage, 3 bedrooms, double parlors, fully modern, lot 58.9 by 153 feet. Price $3,200.

WILLIAM STREET—South of Grey street; new brick cottage, 6 rooms, fully modern, veranda. Call for price.

TECUMSEH AVENUE—New 1½-story brick house, 3 bedrooms, fully modern, barn, chicken coop, lot 30x226 feet. Price $2,300.

WILLIAM STREET—Near Princess avenue; 1½-story brick house, 4 bedrooms, den, fully modern, oak floors, large veranda, high, elevated lot. A first-class home. Call for price.

COLBORNE STREET — South of Cheapside street. A new, modern brick, 3 bedrooms, good lot. At a bargain for a quick sale.

We have houses and vacant lots all over the city.

P. WALSH

PHONE 358. 425 RICHMOND ST.

Special Bargain for Quick Sale

200 acres in Township of Metcalfe, Middlesex County; mostly all clay loam soil; 12 acres good mixed timber; land mostly tile drained; good orchard; one good rock well and two dug wells, also cistern and pond on farm; good 2-story brick house, 10 rooms; frame bank barn with hip roof 40x60, also horse stable 32x45, other outbuildings; 8 miles to Glencoe. Price $12,500; $5,000 cash; balance at 5½ per cent. Possession May 1. Write our general agent, Mr. C. W. Redick, Parkhill.

THE WESTERN REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE, LIMITED.

London, Ontario. 56i

7 ACRES, NEAR SPRINGBANK PARK pavilion, good brick house and barn; owner going west and must be sold in next ten days. Price $6,000. The best buy I know of in suburban property around London, either as a home or investment. T. A. Faulds, 59 Dundas. 56u

97 ACRES — FOUR MILES FROM Thamesville; first-class brick house; two good barns, one a stock barn for 40 head of cattle; ten acres maple bush, spring creek at back; well fenced and drained; choice sand loam and clay loam; $5,700. T. A. Faulds, 59 Dundas street. 55u wt

25 ACRES, NEAR MOUNT BRYDGES —Good frame house and barn, 4 acres choice orchard, near school and station, dark sand loam; $2,500, or would accept small house in London. T. A. Faulds, 59 Dundas street. 55u wt

112 ACRES, CARADOC, $8,500 — First-class brick house, two new basement barns, 8 acres bush, mostly maple, thoroughly tiled and fenced, ½-mile to station, school and church, grand stock and grain farm, rich clay loam and clean; $2,000 cash, balance at 5 per cent. T. A. Faulds, 59 Dundas. 55u wt

50 ACRES, WESTMINSTER, $6,500 — Three miles from London, on suburban line, good frame house, basement barn, 3 acres orchard, 6 acres maple and beech woods, well fenced and tiled, 4 acres wheat, rich crumbly clay loam. T. A. Faulds, 59 Dundas. 54u xt

130 ACRES, GOOD SAND LOAM, 20 acres timber, level land, wire fenced, 1½-story frame house, good outbuildings, 6 acres orchard. Sell or exchange for small acreage near London, or cottage with lot. Brodie, London Loan Block. b

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

$5,500, SPLENDID 50-ACRE FARM, modern buildings, near village of churches, stores, school, cheese factory, bank, on macadamized road. Easy terms. Patterson, Imperial Bank Chambers.

FARM FOR SALE—100 ACRES NEAR Port Stanley Railway, 8 miles south of London. First-class house and buildings, near school, two churches, near milk powder factory, telephone, natural gas for fuel. Box 138, The Advertiser. 57c

143 ACRES, EAST WILLIAMS, MIDDLESEX County, good loam soil, under-drained, frame house, barn and stabling. For particulars write Jas. M. Waters, R. R. No. 7, Parkhill. 1aw-t-May1

17 ACRES, SUBURBS OF CHATHAM —New frame house, basement barn, ½-mile to school, hothouse, small fruits, choice garden soil; $5,000. T. A. Faulds, 59 Dundas. 55u wt

30 ACRES — NEAR SPRINGBANK Park; five minutes' walk to car. Bargain at $2,000. Brodie, London Loan Block. b

100 ACRES, 2½ MILES FROM CITY— Soil rich clay loam. On this property is a two-story brick house, new galvanized bank barn. Price $13,000; half cash. Possession spring or fall. W. B. Reid, 419 Talbot street. 57u

75 ACRES, NISSOURI — 2½ MILES TO Thorndale, brick house, two good barns, good fences, well tiled, 1½ acres orchard, 1 mile to school, $6,500. T. A. Faulds, 59 Dundas. 54u xt

FIVE-ACRE FRUIT AND TRUCK farm, thoroughly modern brick house, and good outbuildings. This is the finest place near London. Currie & Tull, 418 Talbot street.

City Property.

FOR SALE—HOUSE TO BE REMOVED. Box 140, Advertiser. b

$2,200 — 1½-STORY BRICK, VERANDA, hall, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, summer kitchen, 4 bedrooms, bath, electricity, gas, water. Terms. Brodie, London Loan Block. b

FOR SALE — VALUABLE PIECE OF property, known as 380 King street. Must be sold at once to close estate. Apply 517 King street. 57u

FOR SALE OR RENT — FOUR-ROOMED cottage, soft and hard water inside, hydro and gas, newly-installed furnace, garden, cement basement, comfortable little home for small family. 55 Ada street. b

$1,800 — GOOD 1½-STORY FRAME — Central; hall, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, 3 bedrooms, electricity, gas, water, toilet. Will accept second-hand Ford car and some cash as part payment. Box 134, Advertiser. 57c

TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, FINISHED in the latest style, with new auto garage, good-sized lot. This property is on a paved street, and eight minutes' walk from market, and will sell for $4,400. Apply W. B. Reid, 419 Talbot. b

RESIDENCE, 344 PICCADILLY — RED pressed brick, slate roof, four bedrooms, bath, parlors, dining-room, kitchens, attic, three mantels, hot water heating, electric light, gas; also good barn; lot 50 feet frontage. For information call at 492 Grosvenor, or telephone 2498. b

ON MONTHLY PAYMENTS—SEMI-MODERN house, beautifully decorated, complete bathroom. 181 Wreay street. 56u

$1,550 — A REAL BARGAIN IN SIX-ROOMED brick cottage, east; electricity, gas, water, lot 35x120, good barn; reasonable terms. Brodie, London Loan Block. 56u

TWO-STORY BRICK, 577 DUNDAS street—A bargain for quick sale. Apply F. Dunn, corner Talbot and King streets. 55c

$2,400 — 1½-STORY, NEAR WATERLOO-PICCADILLY — Cottage, large lot; owner going farming; immediate possession; bargain. Sutherland, London House, Talbot-Dundas. 55k wtxt

LARGE BRICK HOUSE, NINE ROOMS on King street; also a cottage suitable for doctor's residence or Catholic family. Reason for selling through ill-health. Brick cottage north end. For particulars, apply to R. Reely, 795 York street. A.13.

$2,200.—TWO-STORY BRICK, THREE bedrooms, fully modern, near car line, south. $1,600, brick cottage, nearly new, semi-modern, near car line, south. $1,250, good frame cottage, west. T. A. Faulds, 59 Dundas. 53u-yt

FOR SALE—$3,500 WILL BUY THE property known as the Gordner Hotel, Main street, Mitchell. The property is as follows: House constructed of frame and brick, large, commodious barn, metal clad, driving shed and open shed. Average receipts for the year over $18 per day. The above price includes nearly all the furniture, fixtures and stock-in-trade. Would exchange for a suitable 50-acre farm. For further particulars apply to John Ellyson, proprietor, or to A. D. Cameron, Box 69, Mitchell, Ont. 51u-t

$2,200 — 1½-STORY BRICK, NEARLY new, 3 bedrooms, bathroom complete, piped for furnace, ten minutes' walk from market, south. T. A. Faulds, 59 Dundas. 54u xt

SEVERAL NEW BRICK COTTAGES in different parts of the East End; small deposit; terms to suit purchaser. Bert Weir, 493 Adelaide street. 54n

BRICK HOUSE, 7 ROOMS, CENTRAL, two blocks from Dundas, on sale one week only. Phone 1459. Also brick house to let. Ap.30.

FRAME BUNGALOW, SPRUCE street, Pottersburg; also extra lot for garden. Apply F. Jones, Grocer, 100 Adelaide street. 53c-ywt

No. 10 Gerrard Street—1½-story, modern. Price $2,800. Easy terms.

$100 down, $15 month, buys new brick cottage on Walnut street. Price $1,700.

Two frame cottages, Sackville street. $100 down, $15 per month.

140 Langarth Street—Two-story, modern house, $3,400.

304 Ridout Street—Two-story, modern house; $3,200.

Oak Street—Brick cottage, with barn, $2,000.

Johnston Street—Brick cottage, large lot, $1,900.

Any of the above houses can be bought on easy terms.

R. H. SMITH,

191 Wharncliffe Road South. Phone 2998. ywt

GOING TO WAR, WILL SACRIFICE my $35 equity for $10 in fine building lot off Hamilton road, near West street. Balance can be arranged at $5 per month afterwards; no interest. Apply Box 177, city postoffice. Hurry if you want a bargain.

$1,550.—NEW COTTAGE, EAST LONDON, worth $1,800. Rented for $15 per month. Apply 296 Richmond street. Shoe Store.

FOR SALE, ON TERMS TO SUIT purchaser, 423 Dufferin avenue, or would lease to desirable tenant for year or more. Apply to 458 Dufferin avenue, or 22 Highview Crescent, Toronto. 46tf

TWO-STORY BRICK RESIDENCE — Four bedrooms, bath complete, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen, 2 cellars, furnace, electricity and gas, hard and soft water, hot and cold, one block from Victoria Park. Price $3,500. Currie & Tull, 418 Talbot street. 46tf

Suburban Property.

$1,500 COTTAGE, WITH ACRE OF land, barn, chicken house, good well, fruit, etc., near to city limits; $200 down, balance $10 per month, without interest. Brodie, London Loan Block. b

BRICK VENEER DWELLING AND frame cottage, together with large orchard and garden land, garage, natural gas, township taxes, fine view of London; 15 minutes, Ridout south street car; $5,300. Box 76, Advertiser. 51c txt

5½ ACRES ON EDGE OF CITY — 1½ blocks to city car line, good 1½-story brick house, 8 rooms, good barn and some fruit; will take a small house with large lot in part payment. Apply the Western Real Estate Exchange, Limited, 78 Dundas street. 55c

ACCOUNTANTS.

WM. MAGEE, ACCOUNTANT, AUDITOR, etc., 640 Talbot street, London. Phone 447. b

WM. H. WILLIS, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT—Audits, Investigations and Systems. 334 Burwell street. Phone 2720.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. WEEKES, 436 WATERLOO— Hours, 1 to 3, and 7 to 8. tf

DR. PINGEL, LONDON—ELECTRICAL treatment of diseases a specialty

DR. NORMAN R. HENDERSON, CORNER Park and Dufferin—Eye, ear, nose and throat.

DR. GEORGE McNEIL—OFFICE AND residence, 244 Queen's avenue. Specialty, diseases of women and surgery

J. B. CAMPBELL, M.A., M.D.—SPECIALTY, diseases stomach and surgery. Hours, 1-4, 7-8, and appointment.

DR. BROWN, EYE, EAR, NOSE AND throat. Office, Ardagh Apartments. Appointments preferable.

DR. KARN, SPECIALIST GENITO-URINARY and rectal diseases of men and women. 426 Richmond street, London.

DRS. FERGUSON & FERGUSON, South London. Phone 753. Dr. R. Ferguson, specialty midwifery and diseases of women. Dr. J. I. Ferguson, specialty children's diseases.

DR. HOLMES, 344 RICHMOND—SPECIALTY, skin diseases, medical electricity. Hours by appointment only.

DR. SEPTIMUS THOMPSON, PARK avenue, corner Queen's. Eye, ear, nose and throat.

DR. A. A. McLEAN, CORNER DUNDAS and William—Specialty, diseases of stomach and children, and non-surgical treatment of women.

DR. G. L. CLARKE—EYE, EAR, NOSE and throat. 395 Dundas street.

R. W. SHAW, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND M.R.C.S. (England). 287 King street. Phone 839.

DR. W. M. SHOEBOTHAM, 620 RICHMOND, corner Hyman. Specialty, surgery, diseases of women.

DR. D. H. ARNOTT, 226 QUEEN'S avenue, in addition to regular practice, will give special treatment for cure of liquor and drug habits.

DR. J. S. SCHRAM, CORNER KENT and Talbot street. Phone 2250.

F. L. BURDON, M.D., L.R.C.P. and S. (Edinburgh)—Diseases women, children. 461 Waterloo. Phone 258.

DR. W. J. STEVENSON, 389 DUNDAS street—Specialty, diseases of women and surgery. Phone 510.

DR. HUGH A. STEVENSON, 391 DUNDAS street—Special attention X-rays

AUTOMOBILES AND TAXIS.

MARLEY & HEXTER, TAXIS — 5 and 7 passenger cars; day and night service. Phone 2859.

AUTO AND TRUCK REPAIRING AND painting by experts; prices right. John R. Munro & Son, corner Albert and Richmond streets.

HOP TAXI, PHONE 3911—HEATED cars. Day and all-night service. New cars.

PHONE 5993 FOR RELIABLE TAXI service. Clare Brothers. Reasonable rates. All hours.

AUTOMOBILE OWNERS — SPRINGS made and repaired. Carriage and wagon painting. Cooke's Repair Shop, 347 Ridout street. Phone 5143

MONEY TO LOAN

$2,000 TO LOAN ON CITY PROPERTY —Send full particulars. Box 135, Advertiser. 57u

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST rates—Thomas C. Knott, real estate broker, 117 Dominion Savings Building (first floor up)

PRIVATE AND TRUST MONEY TO loan on farm and city property; lowest rates, terms to suit. T. W. Scandrett, 98 Dundas street.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN—LOWEST rates. U. A. Buchner, corner Talbot and Carling

INSURANCE

G. M. GUNN & SON (GEORGE C. Gunn)—Established 1859. Fire, life, accident and automobile insurance.

STANLEY J. MEREDITH, INSURANCE, Dominion Savings Building, Office phone 4479 house phone 4661. ywt

Automobile Insurance

D. CAMPBELL & SONS

BANK OF TORONTO BUILDING.

Phone 1552. ywt

J. A. NELLES & SON

Fire, Life, Accident, Marine, Plate Glass, Rent and Automobile Insurance. xt

USED CARS FOR SALE.

1916 FORD TOURING CAR FOR SALE cheap, newly overhauled. 678 Hamilton road. 57u

Automobile Accessories

Chamois skins, first quality, full size. McQuay-Norris leakproof rings, all sizes. Tires, tubes, oils, and anything else you are looking for, at

H. A. Warren's Accessory Store

Phone 4903. 298 Dundas Street. ywt

1917 FORD SEDAN, EQUIPPED WITH Gray & Davis starter, dome light, instrument boards with ammeter, white wire wheels, Kelly-Springfield non-skid tires and non-glare lenses. This car has been used entirely by myself as a family car. Apply to J. R. Alexander, Strathroy, Ont. 56c

OUR BUSINESS INCREASE has been astonishing. The reason is: Good Tires, Better Prices. You cannot know until you investigate. See us today.

MARK CUT-RATE TIRE CO.

126 CARLING. t PHONE 6182

FIVE-PASSENGER LIGHT TOURING car, 1918 model, of well-known Canadian make; only used a few weeks; just as good as new. Will sacrifice for quick sale. Excellent reasons for selling. For further particulars apply to Box 121, Advertiser. 56c

SUDDEN SERVICE STORE

Auto Supply Company

Now is the time to look over your tires for spring. Our repairing is expert work and our prices are right.

106 DUNDAS. PHONE 3724 ywt

USED CARS

Anyone considering the purchase of a used car will do well by seeing our second-hand cars. Several models to choose from—Chevrolet Saxon Six and Ford touring cars—at exceptionally low prices

ONTARIO GARAGE AND MOTOR SALES, LIMITED.

Dundas and Colborne Streets. ywt

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

BERT WEIR, ORGANIST CENTENNIAL Methodist Church, teaches piano, organ, theory and vocal. 493 Adelaide street.

PROF. P. VENUTA.—TWO MEDALS and diplomas. Composer, organizer of band and orchestra. Teach all instruments, transposition. Music arranged. 492 Talbot.

THOMAS G. SHUTER, TEACHER OF Banjo, Mandolin, Guitar, Ukulele, Steel-guitar and kindred instruments, London Conservatory of Music. Phone.

Send for an invitation to the

DEMONSTRATION RECITAL

by London Conservatory students at the Auditorium next Tuesday. It will show the results accomplished by Conservatory methods. Phone 1101. b

CHARLES E. WHEELER, F.C.G.O.— Organist, St. Andrew's Church, Piano, organ, vocal training, harmony and counterpoint. Studio, 429 Waterloo. Telephone.

JEAN WALKER, TEACHER OF ELOCUTION.—Concert engagements accepted. Studio, 242 Dundas. Phone 4219.

NORA LITTLE, TEACHER SINGING. 261 Dundas. Phone 2757.

JAMES CRESSWELL, TEACHER OF violin, mandolin, band and orchestral instruments. Studio, 498 King street.

THE SINGING PUPIL

is led by easy stages from tone placing to the study of tone color, then to the highest phase of vocal art—interpretation.

Circular on request.

F. L. WILLGOOSE,

London Conservatory of Music.

Phone 1101. b

DORINDA ABBOTT, MEZZO-CONTRALTO. Vocal culture. Studio, 214 Dundas. Telephone.

FRANCES CULLIS, CONTRALTO SOLOIST Askin Street Church, teaches singing. Studio, 177 Wortley road. Phone.

MRS. G. PENHALE HARRISON, teacher—Piano, voice, theory. Studio, 166 John street. Phone. Pupils prepared for university exams. New term September 1.

MINNIE RAYMOND, PIANO, THEORY —Studio, 556 Richmond. Phone. Organist St. Paul's Cathedral.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

WILLIAM J. WILSON, VETERINARY —Horse and dog hospital. 84 King street. Phone 788.

W. McDONALD, VETERINARY SURGEON, 2 Riverview avenue. Phone 688. Phone 1786.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DEBTS DUE MERCHANTS OR others collected anywhere. No collection, no charges. Rates and references on application. Canadian Bureau of Credits. Dominion Bank Chambers.

WONG'S CAFE

Dinners—11:30 to 2—40c to 50c. Special attention to clubs and parties or banquets. You get the best meal for the price in London. ywt

ARCHITECTS

WILLIAM G. MURRAY, ARCHITECT —Dominion Savings Building, top floor. Phones: Office 1557; house 1584.

H. C. McBRIDE, MEMBER ONTARIO Association of Architects, etc. Molsons Bank Building. Phone 262.

ARTHUR E. NUTTER, ARCHITECT— Rooms 15, 16, Dominion Bank Chambers, Dundas and Richmond. Telephone 656.

WATT & BLACKWELL, MEMBERS Ontario Association of Architects— Bank of Toronto Building, London; Lister Chambers, Hamilton.

JOHN M. MOORE,

Architect and Civil Engineer,

415 RICHMOND STREET.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. CATON, OSTEOPATH, 171 KENT street. General practice. Lady attendant. Phone 1573.

DR. BARKLIE, OSTEOPATH AND Chiropractor, electro-therapeutics, etc. Thirteenth year drugless methods. 226 Central avenue. Phone 2565.

EDUCATIONAL.

IF YOU HAVE A SOLDIER FRIEND returned, disabled, have him train at Canada Business College, Chatham, for bookkeeper or stenographer, where pay is good, work light and surroundings pleasant. We place thousands in choice positions. Write D. McLachlan, principal, for Catalogue B. For Home Training Dept., get Catalogue I. 52n

BARTER AND EXCHANGE

WILL EXCHANGE LOT IN NORTH END for modern house and pay balance cash; store and dwelling to exchange for farm. Patterson, Imperial Bank Chambers.

CHIROPRACTIC.

A. W. MACFIE, DOMINION SAVINGS Building, corner King and Richmond streets. Chiropractic, electrical treatments, etc. Strictly drugless. Phone 4710. Residence 5710.

CLARA KILBOURNE, UNIVERSAL College of Chiropractic graduate. Office, 321 Queen's avenue. Telephone 3353.

DR. B. KNIGHT, DRUGLESS PHYSICIAN—Chiropractic, electro-therapy, X-rays, etc., 267 Piccadilly. Phone 5710.

OSTEOPATHIC CLINICS

FOR RETURNED SOLDIERS — 444 Waterloo. Tuesdays and Fridays, 7 to 9.

FOR CHILDREN — CATHOLIC CLUB, 520 Richmond. Tuesdays and Fridays, 3 to 5.

ROOFING.

SLATE, GRAVEL AND CEMENT roofer. Paint for iron roofs. Walter Scott, 506 York street.

SLATE ROOFING—OUR SPECIALTY is slate blackboards. J. Whittaker, 551 King street.

USED CARS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—7-PASSENGER TOURING car, in first-class condition, electric lights and electric starter. Will sell reasonably. Apply Box 129, Advertiser. 56c

Used Car Bargains

OAKLAND TOURING CAR—With self starter, electric lights, spare tire and tube. Price $700.00.

McLAUGHLIN TOURING CAR—Model 3, with self starter, electric lights, spare tire and tube, at a bargain.

McLAUGHLIN LIGHT DELIVERY CAR and WARREN LIGHT DELIVERY CAR at low prices.

McLaughlin Carriage Company Ltd.

COR. RICHMOND AND BATHURST STREETS, CITY.

56u

BEEMER & CO., LIMITED

131-133 Queen's Avenue.

USED CARS FOR SALE AT BARGAIN PRICES

MODEL 79 OVERLAND. FORD TOURING.

1917 GRAY-DORT TOURING.

1916 CHALMERS ROADSTER. MODEL 83 OVERLAND.

ALL IN A1 CONDITION. ywt

BEEMER & CO., LIMITED, 131-133 Queen's Avenue

It is important that all changes for Church Services be handed into the office or telephoned not later than 6 p.m. each Friday. We cannot guarantee to make the change unless the copy is sent in by this hour.

ANGLICAN

Cathedral St. Paul's

Holy Communion, 8:30 a.m.

Morning service, 11; preacher, the rector.

Evening service, 7; preacher, Rev. Dr. McDougall.

Cronyn Memorial Church

Rev. G. Quintin Warner, Rector.

Second Sunday After Easter.

8:30 a.m.—Holy Communion, for church school.

11 a.m.—Morning Prayer.

3 p.m.—The church school.

7 p.m.—Evening Prayer.

Special collection of $1,500 will be taken.

BAPTIST

Adelaide Street Baptist

James H. Boyd, Pastor.

Rev. J. D. McLachlan, B.A., B.Th., of Strathroy, will preach morning and evening.

Seats free. Come and bring your friends. 11 and 7. The old time.

Baptist Church, South London

Pastor W. McLaren Walker.

11 a.m.—"Life More Abundant."

3 p.m.—Sunday school.

7 p.m.—"A Prayer for the Times."

Everybody welcome. The old time will be observed for tomorrow.

Egerton St. Baptist Church

Rev. A. C. Bingham, Pastor.

11 a.m.—"A Song in the Night."

7 p.m.—"Three Facts About Sin and Salvation."

Talbot Street Baptist Church

Rev. H. H. Bingham, B.A., Pastor.

11—"Hope and Health." Baptism.

7—"Philip the Prosaic." Ninth of series on "The Twelve Apostles."

Seats free. The old time. All welcome.

METHODIST

THE SERVICES IN ALL METHODIST CHURCHES OF THE CITY WILL BEGIN ON "OLD TIME."

Askin St. Methodist Church

Rev. Dr. Dougall, Pastor.

10 a.m.—Men's Brotherhood; address, "Discovering the Hero." 11 a.m. sermon, "The Things That Cannot Be Shaken." 7 p.m. sermon, "The Abundant Life." Rev. G. C. Gifford, B.A., Port Stanley, will speak at these three services.

Centennial Methodist Church

The pastor, Rev. H. T. Fergusson, will preach at both services. 11 a.m.—"A Springtime Parable." Anthem soloists, Miss Gertrude Wood and Mr. Albert Tudor. Soloist, Miss Gladys Stanfield. 7 p.m.—"The Religion of the Kaiser." Anthem soloists, Miss Alma Madden and Mr. Robert Tufts. Soloist, Miss Gertrude Wood.

Colborne Street METHODIST CHURCH.

Dr. F. Louis Barber, Pastor.

11 a.m.—"Cause of Heart-Aches." 7 p.m.—"Titles." Large choir. Good singing, under Mr. N. B. Adams, organist. Come and worship with us.

DUNDAS CENTRE

REV. W. E. PESCOTT AT BOTH SERVICES.

Night Subject—

"PROFIT AND LOSS."

Good music. A cordial welcome.

Empress Avenue METHODIST CHURCH.

Rev. J. D. Richardson, M. A., Pastor.

10—Classes meet, 11—"The Discipline of Change." 7—"How To Be Happy." Sunday school anniversary next Sunday.

First Methodist Church

THE REV.

CHARLES L. McIRVINE

ex-President Hamilton Conference, will preach morning and evening.

Our Sunday school at 3 p.m.

Church choir and soloists.

Mr. A. D. Jordan, organist.

Hale Street Methodist Church

Rev. B. Snell, Pastor.

Morning—"A Life Task."

3 p.m.—The church school.

Evening services withdrawn.

Standard time.

Hyatt Ave. Methodist Church

Harvey Moyer, Pastor.

11 and 7.—Public worship.

10—Class meeting. 3—Sunday school, missionary offering.

Pastor at both services. T. O. Sharratt, A.C.G.O., Organist. Church reopening April 21-22.

Memorial Methodist Richmond St. Sherwood Ave.

Rev. B. H. Robinson, M. A., Minister.

11 a.m.—"The Call of Christ." 7 p.m.—"Our Abiding City." You are cordially invited to our services. Miss Irene Bartlett, soloist. Monday evening, 8 o'clock, Epworth League. All members urged to be present. Election of officers.

Ridout St. Methodist Church

Rev. J. E. Holmes, Pastor.

11—"The Reasonableness of Faith." 7—"The Story of Jerusalem." A series of Sunday evening addresses. First in series, "Jerusalem, the City of the Great King." Sunday school anniversary, April 21. Adult Bible class. J. T. Parkinson, teacher. Mrs. W. J. Court, organist.

Wellington St. Meth. Church

Rev. W. J. Ashton, B.D., Pastor.

10 a.m., classes will meet, 11 a.m., "The Lord's Tenth." 2:45, Sunday school and adult classes. 7 p.m., "Heaven." Second in series on "The Lord's Prayer." A cordial invitation to all. Mr. and Mrs. Percy King, musical directors.

SCIENTIST

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST (SCIENTIST), corner Richmond street, Princess and Park avenues. Sunday services 11 and 7. Subject: "Are Sin, Disease and Death Real?" Wednesday, testimonial meeting, 8 p.m. Free reading-room open every weekday, 11 a.m. to 5 p.m., and 7 to 9:30 p.m. Room 207, Royal Bank Chambers. Everybody welcome. Literature for sale and free distribution.

CONGREGATIONAL

FIRST

SERVICES AS USUAL

MISCELLANEOUS

Associated Bible Students

Dowler Building, 176 Dundas Street.

3 p.m. discourse, Topic:

'The World's Great Tribulation'

"God's Blessing Soon to Follow."

Matthew, xxiv., 21-22.

7 p.m. study:

"The New Creation"

All welcome.

CHRISTADELPHIANS MEET IN Castle Hall, corner Dundas and Clarence streets, Sunday, 7 p.m. Subject: "Man, and What He May Attain To."

GOSPEL HALL

Corner Grey Street and Hamilton Road.

EVANGELIST GEORGE T. PINCHES

(Des Moines, Iowa), will speak.

Subject—

"Man Profitable or Unprofitable."

Tuesday, April 16, and Thursday, April 18, at 8 p.m.

Special Themes on Great Bible Subjects.

YORK STREET MISSION HALL — Morning, usual. Evening, Evangelist S. H. Shaw will preach. Mrs. Collins and Mr. Harvey will sing.

SCIENTIFIC RELIGIOUS RESEARCH Church—Services, Sunday, 3 p.m., 8:30 p.m., Tuesday 8 p.m., Thursday 3 p.m. Sunday evening lecture, subject given by audience. All invited. Pastor, Rev. Lady Jean Hooper.

PRESBYTERIAN

First Presbyterian Church

Corner Dufferin and Park Avenues.

Rev. W. J. Knox, Minister.

11 a.m.—"After Communion, What?"

7 p.m.—"Christianity and Class Distinctions." The old time.

King St. Presbyterian Church

W. R. McIntosh, B.A., Minister.

11 a.m.—Rev. Dr. D. L. McCrae.

7 p.m.—The minister. "The Christ We Forget."

Come on the "old time" Sunday.

Hamilton Road Presbyterian

Anniversary services. Morning—Rev. W. R. McIntosh, King Street Church. Evening—Rev. James McKay, New St. James'. Monday evening, grand patriotic concert by members of the local C. E. F. units. Come.

Knox Church

SOUTH LONDON.

Rev. J. G. Stuart, Pastor.

11 a.m.—"Thou Shalt Not Kill."

7 p.m.—"The Glory of God Revealed."

New St. James' Presbyterian

Corner Oxford and Wellington Streets.

Morning service—Rev. James MacKay.

Evening service—Rev. Dr. McCrae.

Services begin at "old time."

Strangers are invited.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church

Corner Queen's Ave. and Waterloo St.

Minister, Rev. D. C. MacGregor, B.A.

11 a.m.—"All-Sufficient Grace." The minister.

Junior congregation.

7 p.m.—"Elisha and Naaman." The minister.

Mr. C. E. Wheeler, F.C.G.O., organist.

The old time.

ORGANISTS and EXPERTS

Pronounce the "ORGOBLO" to be the perfect organ-blowing machine and a reducer of expense. The all-steel electrically-operated

"ORGOBLO"

Means improved pressure, evener tone and voice, absence of trouble and hitches, better musical services and lower bills for organ-blowing. Read dozens of unsolicited opinions from organists and authorities you know. Write for folders.

WE SPECIALIZE IN CHURCH ORGAN TUNING AND REPAIRS

LEONARD DOWNEY

305 DUNDAS STREET. PHONE 2445. LONDON, ONT.

AUCTION SALE

Of high-grade Holstein dairy cows, heifers, pigs, and seed corn. On Monday, April 15th, at 1 p.m. Lot 6, concession B, Hamilton road, North Dorchester. R. J. Clifford, proprietor, Rose & Shaw, auctioneers. b

AUCTION SALE

ON SATURDAY, APRIL 20, 1918,

at 3 o'clock, brick veneer house, known as 79 Maitland street, southwest corner Maitland and Ottaway avenue; lot 49x125 feet; 4 bedrooms, bathroom complete, gas and hydro. Good barn on premises. Also few household effects. Terms—Ten per cent at time of sale, balance in ten days. J. W. Laidlaw, auctioneer. Joseph Hardiman, proprietor. b

CLEARING AUCTION SALE

of farm stock and implements on APRIL 18.

Farm sold. George and Mary Moore, lot 12, con. 6, Lobo Township. 57u

CLEARING AUCTION SALE.

Lot 3, con. 4, Township of Lobo, Wednesday, April 17, 1918. 35 head registered and high-grade Durham cows, heifers, stock steers, yearlings and calves. A choice flock, 18 registered and high-grade Lincoln ewes, with lambs by side, and 12 extra good registered Lincoln yearlings. Also a number of heavy and light horses. As proprietor has disposed of his farm, all stock and implements will be sold. Laidlaw & Hawkins, auctioneers. A. E. McKay, clerk; Duncan G. McAlpine, proprietor. Ap.6,13

Auction Sale

Of all the choice furniture and stoves for Miss Edith Weaver, at 61 Askin street, Monday, April 15. Splendid parlor suite, tables, good rugs, curtains, blinds, set leather-seated diners, round table, sideboard; contents two bedrooms, brass beds, etc., excellent Hoosier cabinet, dandy Clark Jewel range, 2 gas heaters, small baseburner, dishes, utensils, garden tools, other articles. Come. Giving up housekeeping. Sale starts at 2 o'clock. Johs Lightfoot, Auctioneer. Phone 2066.

EXECUTORS' SALE OF CITY PROPERTY

The executors of the late Mary Burchett will offer for sale by public auction on the premises, on TUESDAY, APRIL 23, 1918, at the hour of 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, the property known as NO. 628 LORNE AVENUE. On the property is a small frame house, lot 22x132. This property is situated in a good locality. For particulars and conditions of sale apply to

FIDELITY TRUSTS COMPANY OF ONTARIO,

Dominion Savings Building, or to D. H. PORTER, Auctioneer, 710 Dundas street. A. 9, 13, 17, 20.

Clearing Auction Sale

Farm stock, implements, household effects, TUESDAY, APRIL 16. Lot 20, con. 3, Caradoc. T. P. Weekes, proprietor. John Lockwood, auctioneer. 56c

ROOFING TENDERS

Tenders will be received at the Western Fair Office, Dominion Savings Building, up to 12 o'clock noon Tuesday, 23rd of April, for roofing cattle barns at Queen's Park. Tenders to be separate; one for the west side and cupola, and one for the east side. Samples of roofing to be submitted with tender. Specifications may be obtained at above office. The lowest nor any tender not necessarily accepted.

WM. MOORE, Chairman.

A. M. HUNT, Secretary.

57u-tw

AUCTIONEERS.

ROSE & SHAW, LICENSED AUCTIONEERS — City Hotel, London, every Saturday, or phone Dorchester. Specialty, farm sales.

AUCTION SALE

Of horses, cows, stock cattle, and calves at POPLAR HILL, on Monday, April 15, 1918, at 1 o'clock. Sale storm or fine. Terms—Six months. Discount for cash. T. F. Hawkins, Auctioneer. Ellwood Zavitz, proprietor. 55u wt

EXECUTORS' SALE OF REAL ESTATE

There will be offered for sale at public auction, subject to a reserve bid, on SATURDAY, APRIL 20, 1918, at 12 o'clock noon, at the office of the vendor's solicitors, Jarvis & Vining, 101 Dundas street, London, the following valuable real estate, namely:

All and singular, that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of London, in the County of Middlesex, containing fifty acres, more or less, and being composed of the west half of the south half of lot No. 14, in the fourth concession of said township. This is the old Bradshaw homestead. It is beautifully situated on the north side of the fourth concession line, about midway between the Proof Line road and Adelaide street. It is only about 20 minutes' walk from the city street car line, and is in every way admirably suited for a home. The soil is a fine clay loam, and the farm is self-drained, with a beautiful southern prospect.

Terms of sale: Ten per cent of price on day of sale; balance within 30 days thereafter. Subsisting tenancy, which can be terminated November 1 next, to be assumed by the purchaser.

Further particulars and conditions of sale furnished on application to Joseph Brown, Esq., auctioneer, or to Jarvis & Vining, vendor's solicitors, 101 Dundas street, London. Ap.6,13,18

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF ONTARIO

His Honor James Redmond O'Reilly, Esquire, judge, in chambers Tuesday, the 26th day of March, 1918, between Charles McNaughton, plaintiff, and Miles C. Rowe, defendant.

UPON THE APPLICATION of the plaintiff, and upon hearing the solicitor for the applicant, and upon reading the affidavits of plaintiff and Clara W. Rowe and the exhibits therein referred to, filed herein,

1. IT IS ORDERED that service upon the defendant, Miles C. Rowe, of the writ of summons in this action, by publishing this order, together with the notice thereon indorsed, twice a week for three successive weeks, before the 15th day of April, 1918, in the London Advertiser, a newspaper published daily in the city of London, Ontario, be deemed a good and sufficient service of the said writ;

2. AND IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the said defendant, Miles C. Rowe, do enter an appearance to the said writ of summons in the office of the local registrar of this court at Cornwall on or before the 25th day of April, 1918.

(Sgd.) JAS. R. O'REILLY, L. of S. C.

NOTICE.

The plaintiff's claim is for $2,806.50, for money loaned and the proceeds of an automobile belonging to the plaintiff, sold by the defendant, the proceeds of which sale were retained by the defendant. Mar.30, Apr.6,13

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

IN THE MATTER of the Estate of George Benjamin Carruthers, late of the Township of Caradoc, in the County of Middlesex, Farmer, Deceased:

Creditors and others having claims against the estate of the above-named George Benjamin Carruthers, deceased, who died on or about March 10, 1918, are required to send or deliver particulars of their claims to the undersigned executor of the will of the said deceased, on or before the 14th day of May, 1918, after which date the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the estate amongst the parties entitled, having regard only to the claims of which the executor shall then have notice; and the executor will not be liable to anyone of whose claim he had not notice at the time of such distribution.

Dated at London this 13th day of April, 1918.

MACPHERSON & PERRIN, 57 Dundas street, London, Ontario, solicitors for Robert Carruthers, Melbourne, Ontario, executor. A. 13, 20.

RECORD PRODUCTION PLANNED BY FARMERS AROUND AILSA CRAIG

Splendid Response Will Be Made to Help Allies Win.

AILSA CRAIG, April 12.—After a most successful season of syrup-making, which lasted several weeks, the farmers in this district are all busy seeding, and have had a good week, as the weather was fine and dry, making the land in splendid condition. The soil is working up very easily, though pipes down in the ground, some five and eight feet deep, are still frozen up, and the farmers cannot quite understand how the land is in such good shape when such heavy frosts prevailed and so little wet weather.

The fall wheat is in fairly good condition, but needs another nice warm rain. The roads all over were never better for this time of the year, and the farmers say so far prospects are good for a most wonderful year's crop.

The flax mill has finished scutching the 1917 crop, and have commenced seeding for this year. The manager for the Standard Flax Company here, Dan McKellar, states in all his years' experiences the earliest to start seeding was the 12th of April, but this year they started on their 500 acres April 1, and so far have not lost a day. There have been 15 men employed all winter in the mill, but will require more help next winter, as last year only 300 acres was put in flax. The land around here cannot be beaten for flax growing.

A big cattle season is also expected in this district, as drovers are having more stock and extra land for grazing. One cattle dealer here has 300 head on 1,500 acres, and there are ten other big cattle dealers who average about the same number, besides others who do not go quite so heavily into the business. This all sounds, as though this district intends doing their share to win the war, and which means a lot in the producting line.

EXETER COMMITTEE TO ASSIST FARMERS

EXETER, April 12.—A resources committee comprised of representatives from Exeter and vicinity has been formed to help the farmers of the district in solving the big problem of labor shortage this season. The farmers are willing to boost greater production in every way possible, but many will be limited by lack of help, and it is to help them remedy this that the committee is co-operating.

The syrup season which has just ended was most successful all through this district. Some farmers had as high as 250 trees tapped. They are finding a ready sale for the syrup.

Principal N. Haviland of the High School has rented Mr. Hogarth's house east of Caven Presbyterian Church and will move there shortly.

MISSION WORKERS MEET AT ST. THOMAS

ST. THOMAS, April 12.—Rev. C. N. Good is presiding at the annual convention of City Mission Workers being held in the rooms at 618 Talbot street, and workers from all over Western Ontario are in attendance. Among others are Miss M. Doner and Miss J. Little of Owen Sound, Miss C. Brubacher and Miss C. Dobrugh of Stratford, Miss H. French and Miss A. Wrigley of Wiarton, Miss R. Hostetter and Miss H. Thompson of this city, Miss J. Peart and Miss M. Hood of St. Catharines.

Bad Breath
IS CAUSED BY
CATARRH

Canadians suffer more from Catarrh than from any other disease. On this account Catarrh is dangerous and should be checked at the outset.

It isn't necessary to take internal medicine to cure Catarrh. There is a far better method.

Doctors now treat Catarrh by sending a purifying, healing vapor through the breathing organs. In this way the germs of Catarrh are destroyed.

The only successful vapor treatment is CATARRHOZOE, which the patient breathes through a special inhaler to the real seat of the trouble. The rich, piney essences of Catarrhozone heal and soothe all inflamed surfaces. They effectively treat the nose, throat and lungs with a powerful antiseptic that destroys irritation at once.

Catarrhozone brings into the system the balmy air of the pine forest. It cures completely colds, coughs, catarrh, weak throat, and bronchitis.

Once tried, Catarrhozone is always used. Nothing so pleasant, so simple, so quick to relieve, so absolutely sure to permanently cure. Accept no substitute. Large size lasts two months, and costs $1; small size, 50c; sample trial size, 25c, at all dealers.

SOLVE THIS PUZZLE
And Win a Phonograph

1st Prize
Phonograph
2nd Prize
Wrist
Watch

FEKIN
GRINST
SUNT
DANCY
BARLEMS
PORPECS

3rd Prize
Camera
50 Prizes of: Self-Filling Fountain Pens, Hundreds of Other Prizes.

WHAT WAS IN JOHNNIE'S POCKET?

Here is a list of the things mother found in Johnnie's pocket. WHAT ARE THEY? All you have to do to win one of these splendid prizes is to rearrange the above letters so that they tell what was in Johnnie's pocket, and fulfill one simple condition

THERE ARE NO ENTRANCE FEES.

Every person sending in a correct solution will be awarded a prize if they fulfill the above simple condition. This need not cost you one cent of your money. All replies will be judged with the greatest care, and the prizes will be awarded according to merit. Neatness will be considered, so be sure to write plainly. Send your answer NOW TO

SELFAST SPECIALTY CO., DESK 8,
DRAWER 891, STA. F, TORONTO.

Men, When in Chicago Come and See for Yourselves

The Dr. Lorenz Electro Body Battery is the greatest invention for debility the world has ever known. No drugs, no medicines, no dieting, no unusual demands of any sort; just cease all dissipation and this invention will do the work. It sends a stream of vital life into your nerves, organs and blood during the time you are asleep. For the treatment of rheumatism, weak back, nervousness, stomach, liver and kidney disorders, it is incomparable. Dr. Lorenz's Dry Cell Storage Battery is a high grade battery, requires no charging with vinegar or acids, is 300 per cent easier applied, gives 400 per cent greater service, and is sold at a lower price without added cost for fancy books.

Write today for free illustrated factory price list.

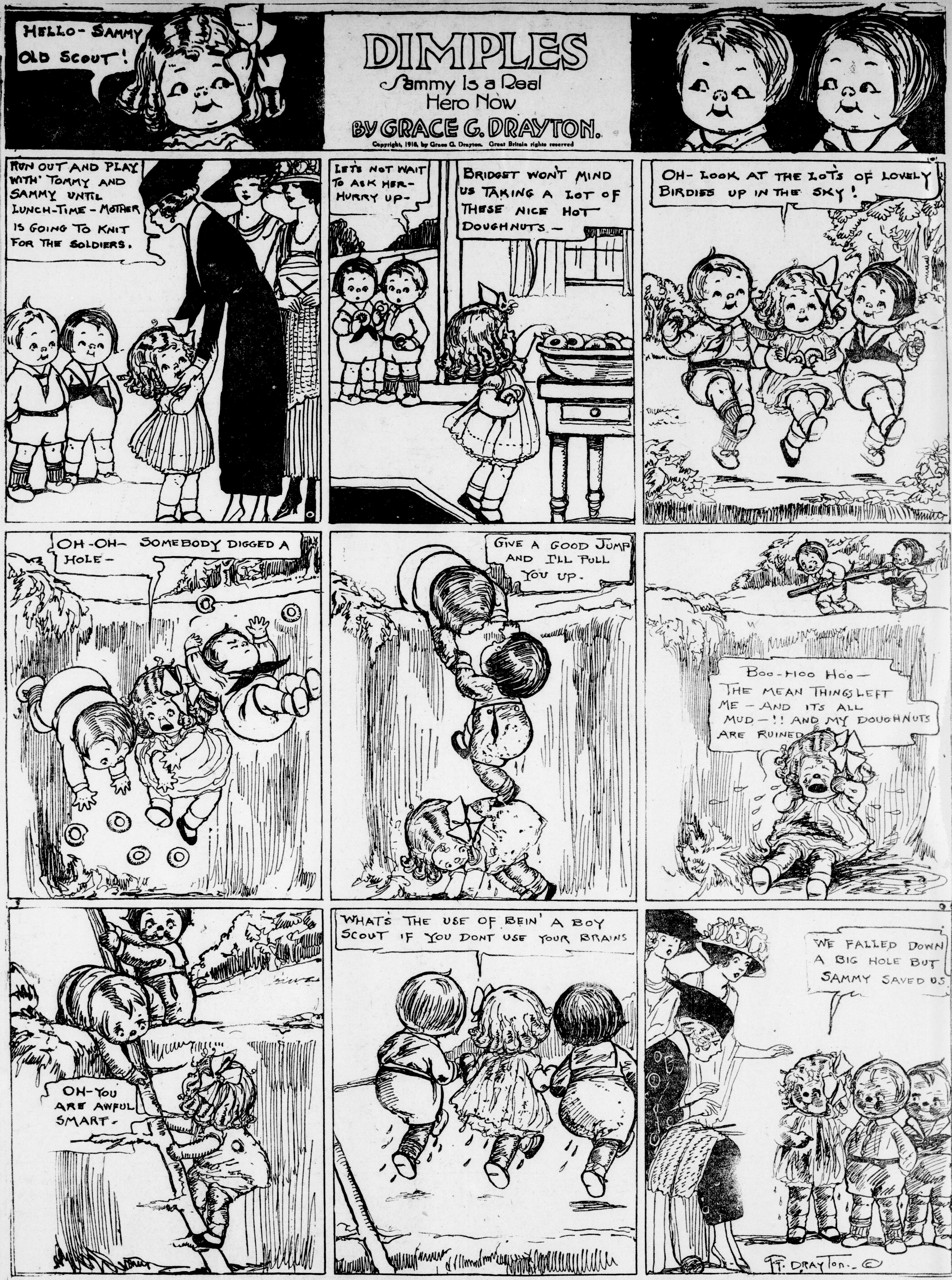
A. O. LORENZ ELECTRIC WORKS,
2240 Lincoln Avenue, Chicago, Ill.
April 13,27

DIMPLES

Sammy Is a Real Hero Now

BY GRACE G. DRAYTON.

Copyright, 1918, by Grace G. Drayton. Great Britain rights reserved


HELLO- SAMMY OLD SCOUT!
RUN OUT AND PLAY WITH' TOMMY AND SAMMY UNTIL LUNCH-TIME - MOTHER IS GOING TO KNIT FOR THE SOLDIERS.
LET'S NOT WAIT TO ASK HER- HURRY UP-
BRIDGET WON'T MIND US TAKING A LOT OF THESE NICE HOT DOUGHNUTS -
OH- LOOK AT THE LOTS OF LOVELY BIRDIES UP IN THE SKY!
OH-OH- SOMEBODY DIGGED A HOLE-
GIVE A GOOD JUMP AND I'LL PULL YOU UP.
BOO-HOO HOO- THE MEAN THINGS LEFT ME - AND ITS ALL MUD -!! AND MY DOUGHNUTS ARE RUINED
OH- YOU ARE AWFUL SMART-
WHAT'S THE USE OF BEIN' A BOY SCOUT IF YOU DONT USE YOUR BRAINS
WE FALLED DOWN A BIG HOLE BUT SAMMY SAVED US
G. DRAYTON ©