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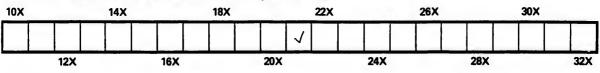


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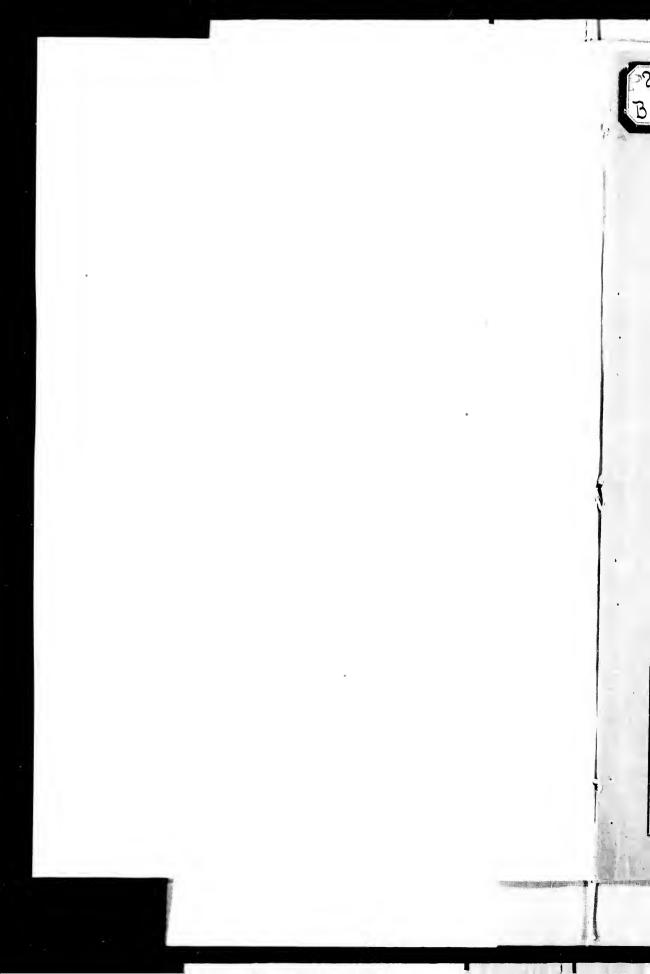
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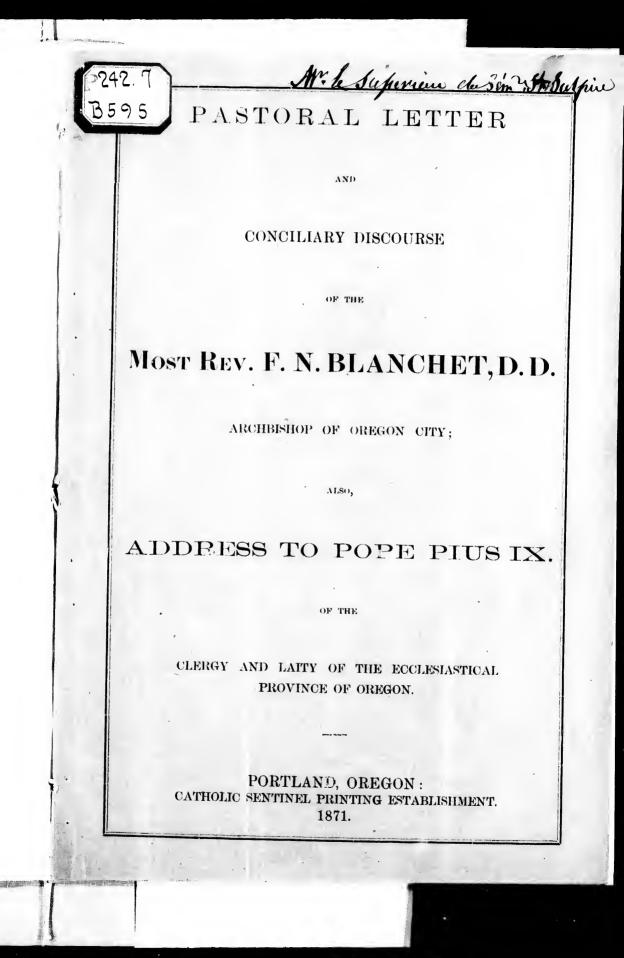
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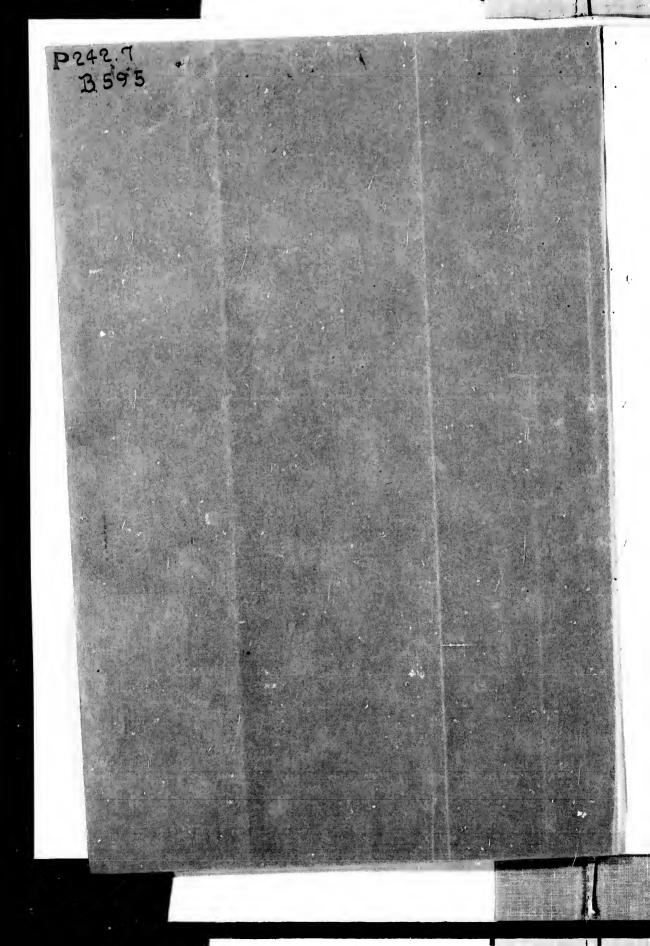
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PASTORAL LETTER

AND

CONCILIARY DISCOURSE

OF THE

Most Rev. F. N. BLANCHET, D. D.

ARCHBISHOP OF OREGON CITY;

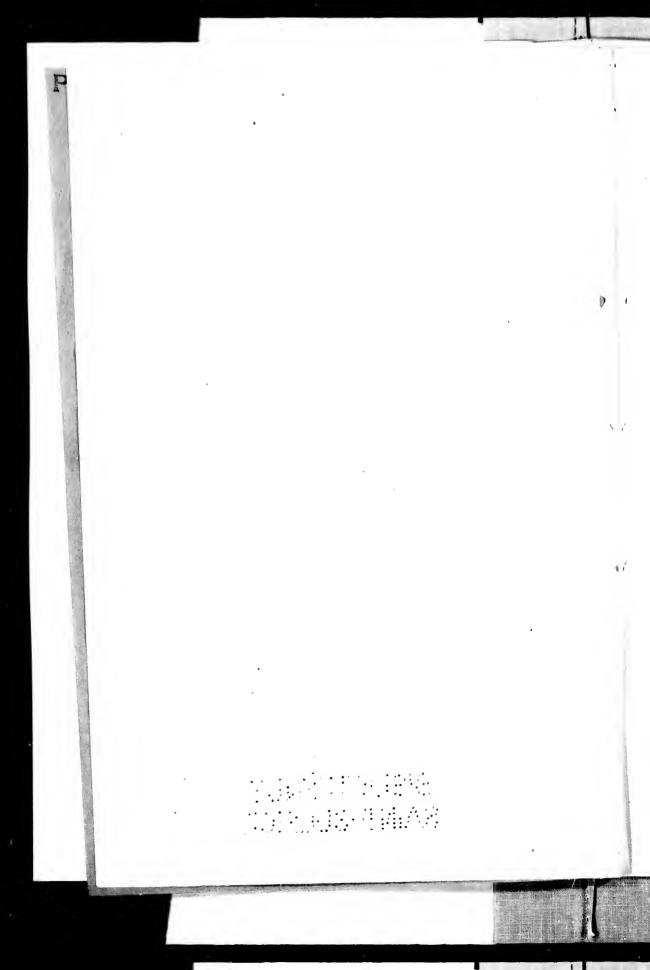
ALSO,

ADDRESS TO POPE PIUS IX.

OF THE

CLERGY AND LAITY OF THE ECCLESIASTICAL PROVINCE OF OREGON.

PORTLAND, OREGON: CATHOLIC SENTINEL PRINTING ESTABLILHMENT. 1871.



PASTORAL LETTER

CONCERNING THE TWO FIRST DOGMATIC CONSTITUTIONS OF THE (ECUMENICAL VATICAN COUNCIL.

FRANCIS NORBERT BLANCHET,

BY THE GRACE OF GOD AND THE FAVOR OF THE HOLY APOSTOLIC SEE, ARCHBISHOP OF OREGON CITY :

To the Clergy and Faithful of our Archdiocese, Greeting, Health and Benediction, in Jesus Christ our Lord-

VENERABLE BRETHREN OF THE CLEROY AND DEARLY BELOVED BRETHREN OF THE LAITY :

no leave, although it is hard to remain so long affectionate remembrances of you all. from our dear flock. But be well assured, be-

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When we left you on the 5th of October, last Sisters, our dear faithful, the fervent, the lukeyear, for the Œeumenieal Council of the Vatican, warm and the poor sinner, to the powerful interto be opened on the 8th of December, we expected cession of the great founder of the Church, and to be only a few months absent from our Diocese; fervently begging of Him to obtain from His and behold, ten months have nearly elapsed, and Divine Master all that any or every one of we are still in Rome, not knowing when we may you may be in need of, spiritually or temporally, be allowed to return among you. Many of the in order that you may all make sure your salva-Prelates have obtained permission to return to tion. And this prayer we will continue to say their Dioceses, on account of bad health or urgent and repeat as long as we remain in the Eternal necessities of their churches : but to those having City. But this testimony of our love and affection no such excuses, the Holy Father has recomend- is not the first one we have sent you, for it ed to remain. Thinking ourselves to be in the has been many times preceded with some, more condition of the last, we have resolved to call for private, it is true, but no less warm marks of our

In the first place we will speak to you, beloved loved brethren, that although absent and very far brethren, of the first doginatic constitution on the from you, our mind and our heart are still with Catholic faith, proclaimed and confirmed in the you, so that we have you daily before our eyes third Public Session, held on the 24th of April. and we daily pray for you and bless you from the A. D. 1870. It has for its object the condemnaholy altar. And this we do in a special manner, tion-1st, of the errors of absolute rationalism, when, coming out of the Conciliary Chapel, we under the form of materialism, pantheism and go and kneel down at the rail of the confession vulgar rationalism; 2d, the errors of semi-rationof St. Peter, with a large number of Cardinals alism, or temperate rationalism, practiced by and Prelates. Prostrated there before the tomb men glorifying themselves with the name of of the Prince of Apostles, we pour forth our sonl christian, with regard to ehristian knowledge by in the presence of God in acts of thanksgiving to Divine faith in comparison with rational and our dear blessed Saviour for all He has done for natural science, and consequently with regard to the whole world, through His first Vicar upon the relation between Divine revelation and huearth, recommending our Diocese, our Clergy, our man reason, between faith and science; 3d, of the

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special errors which are deducted by the method ties, through schools, press, and every mode of of semi-rationalism and from its former principles influence and power that they can exercise. No for the perversion of some christian dogmas, wonder, then, that this implety has so rapidly whether concerning the genuine sense of some advanced from every quarter, that even many of truths of faith, principally with regard to nature the children of the Church have wandered from and grace, or to natural and supernatural order, the path of true piety, and through them Catho-These errors, which are the off-pring of the pre-lie thought has been weakened by this gradual tended Reformation of the sixteenth century, are weakening of truth; for, sedneed by these divers the consequences of the three great evils which it and strange doctrines, and maliciously confoundbrought into the religious world-a sense of dis- ing nature and grace, human knowledge and Digust and scoru for all kinds of religion, a violent vine faith, they are trying to imperil the genuine hatred for and war against religious matters, fol- sense of the dogmas which our holy mother, the lowed by a displays of ini paity. Let all read Church, holds and teaches, and to corrupt the inand judge: the errors condenaned by the Council of tegrity of the faith. Trent, after having rejected the Divine authority

self, and every law of justice and truth, they are of the Church; she strikes in order to save. trying to destroy the very foundation of human society.

to do it through governments, through universi- whence they came from and whence they are going

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At the sight of these evils the innermost heart of the Church, and Laving matters of faith to of the Church is moved. She calls all her first the private judgment of every one, have little by pastors, from the four quarters of the world, into little divided theoriselves into many disagreeing a General Connoil. And that holy Church, aland discordant sects, so that it length all faith in ways ready and eager to raise up the fallen, to Christ has been lost by many. They have gone strenthen the weak, to embrace those who restill further, for they have begun to deny that turn, to confirm the good and urge them to the sacred Scriptures-which they affirmed was perfection, what shall she do on this solemn occathe fountain and the only one judge of christian sion in order to put a stop to these impious and doctrine -are Divine, and they have even likened monstrous errors, to apply a salutary remedy to them to mythical stories. Are not these facts their obnoxious influence and to remove all danvery apt to bring disgust and scorn upon religion? gers from the christian people? She will, in the And as men often pass from the disgust and first place, expose her doctrine: that there is a scorn of a thing to an hatred for it, there has (thd who made all things; that He may be taken root and has been wide-spread throughout known even by the natural light of human reathe world, that doctrine of rationalism, or natur- son; that there is a revelation and a christian alism, which attacks with all its force the chris- religion; that man is bound to give a revealing tian religion, because it is a supernatural institu- God, by faith, the full homage of his intellect tion, in order that it may establish the reign of and will; that although faith be above reason, that which they call pure reason and nature, by there can never be any discord between them, bedriving Christ, who is our sole Lord and Saviour, cause God, who reveals mysteries and infuses from the houses mind and from the life and man- faith, has given man's mind the light of reason : mers of nations. And from this impions war the and God neither denies Himself, nor can truth $\ell\alpha J\epsilon$ instaralist soon passes to the tong abyss of pagan- contradict truth. And after this exposition of ism, worse than the life-long pagan; for the her faith, the Church condemns the errors that mind of many, after thus abandoning and re- are opposed to it, and even strikes their authors jecting the christian religion, after denying the and their abettors with the greatest anathema she true God and His Son, Jesus Christ, falls at last may use, "for the destruction of the flesh, that into the abyss of Pantheism, of materialism and the spirit may be saved in the day of our Lord of atheism; so that, denying rational nature it- Jesus Christ." [1 Cor. 5, 5.] Such is the spirit

Before closing this dreadful and afflicting subject, we cannot refrain from making a remark. And what is more deplorable, this spirit of It is not, indeed, a most wonderful and a most denying tool, His revelation, christian religiou, deplorable spectacle that in our age, the nineand everything but a natural religion of reason, teenth century-an age boasting of so much is publicly taught and propagated, particularly light, so much learning, so much progress in in Europe, even in universities, by infidel pro- every branch of learning and useful science-there fessors. These men are trying to cast out God should be found men denying God, revelation and and religiou from the world, and they are seeking christian religion; men ignoring who made them,

ery mode of arcise. No s so rapidly even many of andered from them Cathothis gradual y these divers sly confoundledge and Diil the genuine y mother, the orrupt the in-

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nermost heart lls all her first the world, into y Church, althe fallen, to those who rearge them to iis solemn occae impious and ary remedy to emove all dan-She will, in the that there is a at He may be of human reaand a christian give a revealing of his intellect e above reason, tween them, beries and infuses light of reason : f, nor can truth nis exposition of the errors that kes their authors est anathema she of the desh, that lay of our Lord such is the spirit

ler to suve. ad afflicting subaking a remark. erful and a most nge, the nineing of so much nch progress in ful science—there nd, revelution and who made them, ice they are going

learning, or any other talents, whether natural without the Council. or negnired; whilst He discloses His secrets to ing and by heartly praying for it.

practiced in the Church, though not dogmatically nonneed speaking any further. she has successively defined many other points of blaming the Genmenical Council. We expect to

tor. So that an (Ecumenical Council must be doctrine contained in the depository of revelation, assembled to teach them the elementary doginas had not the seet of Gallicanism boldly come forwhich our little children already 'now, and a ward and challenged the Church by its opposition truth which even the pagan Indians of our for- and denial of a doctrine she had held from the ests have learned by the sole natural light of neas beginning. It therefore become her imperious a son! Ah! the solution of this so humiliating duty to defend, prove and define the contested fact of our age, is very easy-" God resists the point; and so much so because what was considproud and gives His grace to the humble." [St. cred by many prelates in the beginning as inon-James, 4. 6.] God, therefore, withdraws and portune, was made by the fierce Gallican opposihides Himself and His truths from such as are tion, not only opportune but of the greatest nejuffed up with the conceit of their own wit or cessity. That opposition came from within and

It is certainly very painful to see recorded in the little and humble, [St. Matt. 11, 25,] fills the within opposition, the names of some of our their souls with Henvenly light and works llis most respected and loved Fathers and also the greatest wonders by them. Ah, let us admire, names of some learned and illustrious champions beloved brethren, and adore the wonderful ways of the Church, who, by their writings, had so of the wisdom of tiod. Learn from this to avoid well deserved from her. Would to God that the pride and self conceit, and to be always humble, gifted talents which they used with so much efif you wish to preserve the true faith ; for faith fort on the wrong side, had been employed with itself, which is commonly looked upon as the the same persistency for a cause more worthy of foundation of all good, and without which it is their zeal! The outside opposition was composed impossible to please God, [Hebrews, 11. 6,] abso- of the so-called "liberal Catholic party," and of lutely depends upon humility-even that humil- all the enemies of our holy religion, assisted by ity which obliges the soul to adore what it can- the impions and infidel press, pouring daily the not understand; to submit to the most humiliating filth of their furious rage on the Holy Father and truths, and to "east down every height that ex- the defenders of his rights. It was therefore painalteth itself against the knowledge of God, and ful to the highest degree to see the inopportunists to bring into captivity every understanding to praised, exalted and raised up to Heaven by such the obedience of Christ." [2, Cor. 10, 4, 5, ' O, wicked men and a wretched press, encouraged and Lord Jesus! gives us a spirit of humility and in- supported by the impious and infidel journals crease our faith; grant that it may be a lively whose columns contained the most fearful blaspheand practical faith. Such a treasure, beloved mics against all that is good and holy; whilst, brethren, may be obtained by desiring, by seek- on the contrary, they had but shameful misrepresentations and malicious calumnies for the great In the second place, we will speak to you, be- majority favoring the definition. Such a false, loved brethren, of the important dogma which disagreeable and unenviable position of the minorwas defined and promulgated on the 18th inst., in ity inflamed the zeal of one of the Fathers, Bishop the fourth public session of the Vatican (Ecumen- Gastaldi, of Saluces, on the thirty-second day of ical Conneil, that of the infallibility of the Pope, the discussion of the schemer, so that, alluding to speaking ex cathedra, on matters of faith and it in a stream of eloquence, he said; "for my morals, as the doctor of all christians. Let it be part, if I had the misfortune to find my name well understood that the Pontifical infallibility mentioned by such wicked journals, I would think is not a novelty or a new doctrine, as some pre- it was effaced from the Book of Life." A few tend to assert, for it has always been believed and days after, many on both sides of the question re-

defined. It has always been admitted by all the- Now, beloved brethren, as these misrepresentaological schools and the most illustrious doctors, tions and slanders made against the Holy Father and recognized by the ancient assemblies of the and the majority of the Conneil, may have been Church, before the violent intrusion of Gallican- carried into Oregon, we intend giving to all the ism, accomplished by the order of Louis XIV. means of knowing the truth, and consequently of The Church might have continued practicing the correcting and rectifying the wrong impressions Papal infallibility and believing it, as she has any one might have received by reading the redone in all past centuries, without defining it, as port of these journals, or any other productions, obtain our object in giving a sketch of Gallican- Father Ramicre, S. J., were destined to change ism, its aspirations and tendencies, and some the constitution of the Church, in making it reproofs of the doguea which it has dared to impugn presentative and the episcopate participant of the with so long and so much tenacity.

western schism. Until then, that is during fifteen the Apostolic body, obstinate in a personal, sepcenturies, the Pontifical infallibility was practi- orate and absolute infallibility, would refuse to cally acknowledged. The first shadow thrown join with the majority. This anarchical system, upon that light came from that tempest which sheltered under the episcopal character, was obscured for seventy years the heaven of the halled by the one hundred voices of the revoluwestern church. The dogunatical Gallicanism tionary pandemonium as the restorer of the dates from that troubled epoch. In that time it ancient Church of Christ. Then followed a was first seen and then began to spread; and the sharp polemic on the andacious plan, which had Conneil of Trent terminated even before that sys- for its support all the enemies of the Church and tem of religious infection had taken its full the Papacy. Public opinion was raised to a high growth. The controversy had not assumed suffi- pitch of effervesence by all kinds of sophisms, sencient importance to draw the whole attention of soned with doubtful, apperyphal and false histhe Council, preoccupied above all with the great tories, fabricated by sectarians against the Popes. heresy which then overspread Europe. But even The Papaey was discussed and denied in its esthen Catholicity did not doubt that the error op- sence by French pamphleteers, giving aid to the posed to the Pontifical infallibility could have German pamplet of Dr. Dellinger, hidden under been condemned

elined, and, in our days, again tried to infuse of the rigths of man, it was no more the pastor some vitality into its expiring body, the Holy See who should govern the flock and give it the spirhas simultaneously done two things; it never de- itual food of the christian teaching; but it was fined it and always protested against it, and this, the flock that should rule and feed the pastor; and together with the absence of dogmatical defini- if this was acknowledged an infallible doctor, it tion and the continued presence of public protesta- was but as the organ of the episcopal body comtion, comprises the two parallel facts which fills municating to him its infallibility. Thus willed it these last centuries and shows the doctrine in its the social progress of modern times, sovereignty true light, that is, not defined and true. And, in of the number introduced in the Church as in the the meanwhile, the historical manifestation of State. And this was called a return to the anthe Papal infallibility had progressed and ad- cient constitution of the christian society, accordvanced, and had been more practiced and more to which our Lord Jesus Christ had not estabacclaimed than ever during these last three hun- lished His Thurch upon a fundamental rock, but dred years.

ism before the year 1867. One would have sup- anatchical Pope; and finally, a Pope dethroned, posed that the seet was dead and buried, when or at least obliged to render an account every ten not long after the world was informed that Bishop years to the Council. Maret, of Sura, in part bus, was preparing a work to revive it. The public mind was much astonished at the news. Long before the publication Church and of its universal tradition, did not fail of his voluminous writings, their contents having to seduce the unstable, the ignorant and those been made known, the Archbishops of Westmin- tossed by the wind of the anarchical and social ster and Malines wrote their mandates on the Pon-ideas which agitate the world. It was the fortifical infallibility, in order to put on their guard mula of so-called liberal Catholicism, which is the faithful of their dioceses and to counteract as but a masked transition to Protestantism, or to much as possible the bad effects that the publica- national churches, under the supremacy of the tion of the aforesaid works might produce, which State. That system was praised, propagated and took place some months before the opening of the supported, not only by the impious and revolu-Vatican Conneil.

tradictions, as evidently proved by the Rev. firmation with the humiliation and denial of the

Pontifical sovereignity, so far as able, in Conneil, Gallicanism was not known before the great to depose the Pope, when this high mandatory of the pseudonyme of Janus. According to the doe-But while Gallicanism first flourished, then de- trine which was drawn in the famous declaration upon a pile of stones without adhesion, with the Such was the state of the question of Gallican- accidental fact of a majority and a constitutional

This theory, which was but a denial of the tionary, but also by the middle or semi-Catholic The two volumes of Bishop Maret, full of con- press, pretending to conciliate the Catholic af-

Papacy, which they would call the 89 of the of the Pone was at last introduced in the Council (hursh

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Bishop of Orleans, formerly a strong and valiant toriously refuted. ell. provoked the brutal violence of the masses and Councils and tradition. the skillful tyranny of the secular arm against dangers.

the schemet of the Primacy and the infallibility Father, and you will have an idea of the holy sup-

for discussion, (on the 13th of May, A. D. 1970,

This hupdons doctrine of Bishop Maret and Dr. It remained under debate for over two months, Dellinger had already kindled a great conflagra- during which time a debage of anonymous pantion in the souls of namy in the Catholic world phlets, full of sophisms threats and slanders, inof Europe, when, alas' the learned and illustrious undated the Fathers; but they were all vic-

champion of the Church and Papacy, came for- The theme of the Gallieans being solely that of ward, unexpectedly, to increase the incendiary the inopportunity, it was naturally expected that flames by his famous observations, addressed to his this, their rampart, being once forced, they would elergy, on the 11th of November, 1870, but which, all immediately join with the opportunists: but a long time before, he had very artfully prepared, no such thing happened, for they were not only translated in the different languages of the old such strong inopportunists, but such strong Galand new world, and sent to the Bishops before lieuns, that during the thirty-seven General Conthey had left their Sees for the Cleumenical Counsi gregations, and especially during the first fifteen, Would to God that none of their copies had in discussing the general textures and meritreached the distant shores of our happy hand of the schemet, they never ceased to oppose it and for the continuation of the perfect and glorious to carry out their opposition as far as they could, union of its Prelates on the great question of the by repeating over and over again their his-Papal infallibility! Bishop Dupanloup, in ad- torical facts and their arguments to the effect dressing himself to the popular passions, to the of proving that the Pontifield infallibility could sensibility and anxious suspicious of statesmen, be proved neither by Scripture nor by General

These groundless assertions were strongly rethe Holy See and the august assembly of the fated and the opposite truths victoriously proved Council. His theme was the inopportunity of a by many orators. For your satisfaction, beloved Conciliary definition of the Pontilical infallibili- brethren, we intend giving you a short specimen ty; but under that disguise he really intended of some of the arguments and proofs so beautifully combatting infallibility itself, as he strongly did detailed before the Conneil by many learned and afterwards. His reasons and arguments were do ment Fathers, that you may have an idea of more specions and falacious than real and true, the ground on which the so long contested dogma In the face of the dame invading our holy belief, reposes, being founded on Scripture, tradition he would have us remain quiet, with crossed and General Councils. This we will accomplish arms. Under the frivolous pretext of not offend- when we have done with the present subject. It ing, by a new dogmail' the liberal Catholic party, was on the 2d of July, a day dedicated to the dethe hereties, the schismatics and even the infi- votion of the Immaculate Virgin Mary, that dels, he would not besitate to let the flames in- some on each side of the question began to reerense and thus expose the Church to yet greater nonnee their right of speaking. Two days after, during the octave of the feast of St. Peter and St.

Such was the state of Gallicanism and the dis- Paul, the rest of the Fathers gave up speaking. position of its abettors before the opening of the This great point obtained, there remained noth-Council. After it was opened, many of the ven- ing to do but to vote on the emendments offered erable Fathers joined the Bishop of Orleans in by the orators. This was a very triffling thing; his theme of the inopportunity. As a spirit of the great point being gained, the victory was division was pervading the episcopal body and sure. It was the finit of much patience and perthe members of the clergy, to the great seandal severence during the long and tedious sittings of of the faithful, and there was no other remedy to thirty-seven General Congregations, in which 177 put it down but a decision upon the perplexed Fathers were heard. But that victory was question, a postulatum was signed by a large gained, above all, by the fervent prayers made number of Fathers, begging the Dogmatic Depu- for the Council all over the Catholic world, and tation to bring it without delay before the Coun- by those made in a special manner every day at cil. A counter postulatum of the inopportunists Rome. Add to these numberless supplications was also signed and sent to the Holy Father. the numerous fervent public prayers made during And six months after the Council had been opened the octave of Pentacost, by the order of the Holy

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As to the true strength of the majority and the different times. Of all the truths of the Gosminority, it was made known for the first pel, there is but one published and asserted with time, in the voting on the whole schemet on the 13th the same precision and persistence and the like solof July, in which the number of voters being 601, cumity and splendor ; it is that of the institution there were given 451 affirmative votes, 85 nega- of the holy Eucharist; because, according to an emtive and 62 conditional ones; these last were inent prelate, of the two, one constitutes the head mostly all for a more stringent definition, and and the other the heart of the Church. The word consequently in favor of the majority. But it infallible, it is true, is not found in the Gospel; was only in the fourth public session, held on but it matters not, doctrinally, if the equivalent Monday, the 18th of July, that the rather too is found in it. And, indeed, who can read the long vexed question of Gallicanism was at last four great words addressed by our Saviour to Peservled and fixed forever by the votes given on ter, directly and individually, and not see the that day and the confirmation of the Pope. Many infallibility overflowing upon him from the botof the Fathers had gone home for various reasons; tom of the Divine words with a superabundant a certain number of opponents had abandoned splendor? What could Jesus Christ have said their opposition; the others were absent, and the more formal, more plain and more impressive, number of votes was only 535. They all gave supposing He really intended to confer to His their votes for the dogmatic constitution just read. Vicar and successors the prerogatives of infallito them, save two, who gave a negative vote. bility? And the Holy Father having given his sanction, there began a thunder of prolonged applauses Matt. 7. 24.] that the wise man builds his house among the multitude filling the nave of the great upon a rock. He was Himself the wisdom of building, at the same time Heaven applauded the God who came down from Heaven to build a decision with peals of thunder.

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heard of Gallicanism, beloved brethren, you may forever victorious over all the powers of easily conclude and see how deeply rooted, in hell, and should last until the end of many parts of Europe, was that sect, and how time. And in order to show how He intended to dangerous to the welfare of the Church were its build, He said to Simon : "Thou art Simon, the aspirations and tendencies, and consequently how son of Jonas; then shalt be called Cephas," Peurgent the decision to break it down and put an ter, or rock, [St. John 1, 42.] When, therefore, end forever to its disastrous plans. You may the time of building arrived, He said : "Thou also conceive the great danger there is for Catho- art. Peter, and upon this rock I will build my lies, and even for learned and venerable Prelates, Church, and the gates of hell shall not prevail long esteemed and loved, to recede from the tra- against it [St. Matt. 16, 18.] These are the firstditional doctrine and walk in a path unknown to prodigious words of our Saviour to Peter, and antiquity. Join with us in thanksgiving to God, what are we taught by them? That it was upon beloved brethren, for having inspired and given Peter and upon no other that He would build; us to sign carly the postulation of the opportuni- that Peter should be the base of his edifice---a ty, to vote on all occasions for the Papal infalli- solid rock-and because in that building, where bility, even in giving, on the 13th of July, our the stones are the souls, all is bearing on faith, conditional vote, because it was intended to make He would give him a word which could not fail, the definition more stringent.

founding the authority of Peter, of the Church could our Saviour say more clearly and more exproclaiming the anthority of Peter and of tradi- pressively that the faith of Peter should never tion showing us, in exercise, the anthority of Pe- fail? ter, in order to prove to the Gallieans that the Pontifical infallibility is really founded upon viour addressed to Peter alone are the following: Scripture, General Councils and tradition.

plications made to Heaven in favor of the Council, earth, was pleased to explain and affirm it at

Our Blessed Saviour had previously said [St. house, to found a city and to establish a From what I have said and what you have kingdom here upon earth which should be a faith so immovable that the gates of hell could Let us now listen to the voice of the Gospel not shake it. Now, we ask every sensible man,

The second prodigious words our Blessed Sa-"I will give to thee the keys of the kingdom of The Pontifical infallibility is proved by Scrip- Heaven. And, whatsoever thou shalt bind upon

ture. Our Blessed Saviour, foreseeing the con- earth, it shall be bound also in Heaven; and tradictions, objections and difficulties that the whatsoever thou shalt lose on earth, it shall be infallibility of His Vicar would meet with upon loosed also in Heaven." [St. Matt. 16, 19.] Now

" the Jathers in the constitiony room and among --

' Heaven? It is truth. Therefore, since Peter has And why does our Lord ask from his Disciple //ar cloosing, he shall have the right to say, "See the of the lambs-"feed my lambs, feed my sheep." at it?

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the other Apostles, at the last supper, as follows : cannot. "Simon, Simon; behold Satan hath desired to In view of these four prodigious words addressed tradiction in my word, I will that thou never be concerning the Church." shaken in thy faith. Hence it is I have prayed the ones who must confirm Peter.

in his hands the keys of the kingdom of Heaven, this triple protestation of love : Decause He he will bear on his lips the words of truth. And wants to give him the supreme function of uniwhat binds souls and keeps them in servitude? versal pastor; the function of feeding not only It is error, and with it sin. What unlocks the the lambs, representing the flock of the faithful, soul? It is truth, and with it sanctity. There- but the sheep also; the sheep, which, according fore, invested with the power of binding and to all the interpreters, represent the conductors error that holds the soul captive; see here the Thus nothing can be expressed clearer in the Gostruth which makes the soul free. Now, beloved pel: Peter receives from Christ, as a reward of brethren, comprehend in St. Peter this magnifi- his love, the universal pastorate. To him the cent character of holding in his hands the keys charge of conducting all the faithful with all of Heaven and of binding and loosing the sonls, their immediate pastors, the Bishops and priests, without acknowledging in him the indefectibility to the true pastures, where such shall find the in teaching. How shall you be able to arrive food to feed them and the true springs where they shall draw water to water them. Such is Let us now pass to another text more explicit, the true meaning of the words of Christ. Can it a clearer oracle on the the doctrinal infallibility be conceived henceforth that the supreme pastor of Peter, and ponder on the third prodigious could himself invite all his flock to the pastnres word addressed by Christ to Peter, in presence of of error and to the fountain of falschood? No, it

have you, that he may sift you as wheat; but I have to Peter in person, by the Divine founder of the prayed for thee that thy faith fail not; and thou, Church, and in presence of the persistence which being once converted, confirm thy brethren." he lays in conferring on him a power proper, [St. Luke, 22. 31. 32.] As if he would say: Si- exceptional, universal and supreme, one is found mon, a weak man as thou art, Satan will try to to ask himself without being able to answer: sift thee and thy brethren as wheat; but I fear "What did Jesus Christ pretend to give Peter if not, I want thee to be the support and and strong he has not given him, as the foundation and holding of all. And I, God, who cannot put con- chief of the Church, infallible power in matters

But, said the opponents in the holy assemblyfor thee and have obtained that thy faith shall and this they repeated over and over again : It never fail; and not only I will not that thy was to all of the Apostles united that Jesus Christ faith fail, but I also will that it prevents the addressed these not less soleum words : "All faith of others to fail; I will that thou confirmest power is given to me in Heaven and on earth; thy brethren; I will that the firmness of thy go ye, therefore, teach all nations, and behold faith be communicated to my Church; I will I am with you all days, even to the consummathat thou fillest my whole Church with the infalli- tion of the world." [St. Matt., 28. 18. 19.] It bility I give to thee; that from the head which is true that these solemn words were addressed to thou art thyself, thou makest it descend into the all of the Apostles; and nobody denies the power whole body. Confirm thy brethren, for my idea, and infallibility promised by these words to the my plan, is not that thy brethren confirm whole body of the pastors, charged to teach the thee, but that thou confirmest thy brethren. whole earth. But mark this: between what Je-Such is the meaning of the words of Christ, by sns Christ gives here to all, and what he had which it is not difficult to understand that the previously and solely given to one only, there doetrine which makes the infallibility of the Pon- must be a perfect accord, a complete harmony, actiff depend upon the confirmation of the episcopate, cording to the beautiful saying of Bossuct: "The turns over the evangelical formula, and that in- end does not destroy the beginning." Therefore, stead of Peter confirming his brethren, these are when we say: Jesus Christ sends to teach all ereatures the holy Church, represented by the

In fine, our Blessed Saviour, in one of his man- Apostles, we must understand the Church to be ifestations, asks Peter three times the great testi- such as he has founded, that is, the Church built mony of his love: "Simon, son of John, lovest upon Peter; the Church, the assembly of all the thou me more than these?" [St. John, 21. 15.] faithful whose faith is being confirmed by the V imagin a mon inuce is with such a provigeries server able to give Heaven and couth the speciaele of a Doctrinal failing? For what of ens.

words of Peter; the Church, the kingdom of to him, in the blessed Peter, has been given by the supervision of one sole pastor; the Church in Assuredly, no more than in the Gospel, is the Pona word, invested, in its union with its chief, with tifical infallibility found here in its explicit forthe infallibility directly and personally given to unula; but here also we will say: Ah! what living body itself-that is, the Church united to blo authority, the Catholic theology and univerits chief already constituted and already invested sal sense of the Catholics should have deducted of His own omnipotence-there can be no contra- the Papal infallibility itself. diction. Therefore, Bossnet's saying is correct: preme pastor.

the infallible authority of General Councils, in- the difference that in Jesus Christ it is a proper terpreting the word of Jesus Christ and proclaim- and native power, whilst in His Viear it is a deleing the traditional titles everywhere and always gated and communicated power. With regard to acknowledged in our Pontiff. This second author- the power of governing, Peter is not only another ity the Gallicans have pretended to reduce to Christ, but he is Christ Hunself. The conclusion nothing, by boldly asserting that, in the Coun- of this is, that one must choose between these cils, no title had ever been given to the chief of two, or to deny that the Pope is, in the full sense the Church which might authorize the positive of the word, the Vicar of Jesus Christ; or to adbelief to his infallibility. The answer is, that mit that, no more than Christ Himself, he can although a dogmatic formula be not yet contained err in defining doctrines and teaching truth. explicitly in the decrees of any Council, neverthe- Second, If the Roman Pontiff be the supreme less, that formula can be deducted theologically chief of the whole Church, then he is to the Church and solemnly consecrated by another Council. what the head is to the body-chief to direct, Hence it is easy to comprehend how, when there chief to watch, chief to govern and consequently is a question of the prerogatives inherent to the infallible chief; never able, even once, to put Sovereign Pontificate, a posterior Council can error in his word without failing in his essential give a formula explicit of another attribute al- function to guide and preserve the body all entire. ready implicitly included in formulas consecrated by previous Councils. In this case, the doctrine doctor of the Church, therefore, as such, he repredoes not change; it is not invented; it only de- sents the authority of Him who said of Himself: velops and shows itself, however ancient it be, in "I am the truth. You have but one master, and a new formula. Such are the dogmatic formulas that master, it is I." Assuredly he constitutes, acclaimed by the two great Œeumenical Conneils with the Bishops, a teaching body, and as a colof Lyons in 1274, and Florence in 1438.

we prefer that of Florence, because it de- doctors of the world." Yes, but in the centre and fines in the plainest manner the principal pre- at the summit of that teaching body, there is the rogatives of the Sovereign Poetificate. Listen great Master, the great officer, the great depository then, beloved brothren, to the great Catholie of the truth and the grand preserver of the faith; voice affirming with a solemnity and brightness in a word, according to the text, the doctor of all which could hardly be surpassed, the infallible Christians. authority of our Pontiffs: "We define that the Fourth, If Peter, in the Church of God, be the Roman Pontiff is the successor of blessed Peter, universal pastor of the lambs and sheep, of the Prince of the Apostles, and the true Viear of Je- faithful and Bishops, according to Bossuet's beausus Christ, the chief the whole Church, the father tiful saying, "pastors before the faithful and and doctor of all christians. And we declare that sheep before the pastor of pastors," it follows,

Heaven whose keys Peter carries as a sign of su- Jesus Christ our Lord, the full power to feed, rule preme authority; the Church, that is, all the and govern the Universal Church." Such is the flock of lambs and sheep, called to walk under solemn decree of the General Conneil of Florence. its chief himself. Evidently, therefore, between matter is it if its equivalent presents itself with what is communicated at first to Peter alone, con-splendor? It is, therefore, no wonder that from stituted the base of the edifice, as chief of the these magnificent titles, conscerated by an infalli-

And the conclusion is very obvious; for, first, "The end does not destroy the beginning." And if the Roman Pontiff be truly the Vicar of Jesus the beginning is Peter, constituted as the base Christ, constituted by Jesus Christ Himself to and summit of the Church, as the chief and su- the government of His Church, thenceforth, in the sphere where the Pontiff is constituted Vicar, The Pontifical infallibility is also proved by the power of Jesus Christ becomes his power, with

Third, If the Roman Pontiff be the universal lege of doctors to whom our Lord said: "Go and Among the formulas of General Council, we be the masters of the doctrine; go and be the

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first, Jesus lf to h, in 'iear, with roper delerd to other usion these sense o ade ean ι. preme hurch lirect. iently o put ential ntire. versal reprensəlf : r, and itntes, a colo and be the re and is the sitorv faith ; of all

be the of the beau-1 and llows,

of truth and life.

art the universal channel for all places and all the present time. centuries. Conceive now, if you can, how such "O, Father! thou hast deceived us."

possession of the doctrinal sovereignty. The famous address, presented to the Pope in 1867 by

therefore, that there is but one tlock and one visi- Greek schism, in breaking the unity by an at ble and invisible Pastor. Now, according to the tempt of pride and ambition, broke with a sov-Florentine dogma, the Roman Pontiff is that sole ereignty thereanto acknowledged and proclaimed and universal pastor; therefore, this being a de- by the Eastern church itself. Descending furfined dogma, the good Catholic sense, together ther down to the long course of christian conwith the good popular senses, have a right to de- turies, we meet everywhere the Pontifical sovercide against the Gallican doctrine, that it is eignty, and with it the infallibility flowing, as it not for the sheep to guide the pastor, but were, brimfull; and save some rare protestationrather for the pastor to guide the flock in the way lost in the great Catholic acclamation, that sovereignty and infallibility walk and operate in the Fifth, What is, in the Church, the Roman Pon- whole Church without being contested. If their tiff, the successor of St. Peter? Let us hear again, action makes less noise in certain centuries, it is beloved brethren, the great voice of the Œcumen- precisely because the possession is more peaceable. ical Conneil. He is not only the Vicar of Jesus that it walks more without suscitating on its Christ, the doctor of the world, the chief of the passage the noisy clanger of contestation. Such Church and the pistor of souls, but he has still a is the secular fact of the sovereign Pontificate, title more moving and more significant of his even with respect to infallibility, shining bright sovereign infallibility, for the holy Council calls during the fifteen hundred years, before him Father-Father of Catholicity, bather of all the great Western schism. Adding to these christians. O, our Father! O, holy Father! traditional series of the Church, that of the three Yes, we believe we are thy children; and all hundred years of a conflict she has had to sustain those who have a share in the paternity of souls, against the Gallican sect, as stated in the beginhold it from thee. O, Father, traly universal! ing of this pastoral, we will have the complete No one, in the Church, without passing through link of her traditional practice in favor of the thee, have the power of giving life, of which thou Papal infallibility, from the primitive ages till

With regard to the traditions of the particular a father, speaking as Vicar of Jesus Christ to the churches, we will mention the beautiful manifesgreat Catholic family, could ever fail and deceive tations made in the Council by the Bishops of his children, and that his children, victims of the different parts of the Catholic world, to testify to same error, might ery out to him from all places: the traditions of the churches, of their nations, of their ecclesiastical provinces and dioceses. As the great conciliary word confirms the evan- Thus we heard of the traditions of the Eastern, gelical word concerning the Pontifical infallibil- Western and American churches; of those of the ity, so also the public practice or tradition of the churches of Ireland, by the Cardinal Archbishop Church confirms the one and the other. Let us of Dublin; of those of the churches of Spain and go to the cradle of the Church and we shall see of her old provinces of Mexico, t'entral and South there the great tree of the Catholic Papaey shoot- America; of Portugal and of her old possisions of ing forth, as its first great boughs, the Patriarch- Brazil, etc., whose Bishops, being all united, proates of Antioch, of Alexandria; and later, of Con- claimed the doctrine in question without a disstantinople—all receiving from the same root the senting voice. We were much rejoiced in seeing same sap and the same life, issued from the heart the traditions of these particular churches supof Christ, and passing through Peter, to be poured ported by the decrees of a number of national and out more bountifully throughout the whole uni- provincial Councils, held in Europe, after the exverse. Coming down from thence to the centuries ample of those of Baltimore. Thus mention was of the great manifestations of the Catholic mind, made of fourteen provincial Councils, held in we meet the four great (Ecumenical Councils of France since 1849, such as those of Paris, Lyons, Nice, Ephesus, Constantinople and Chalcedon, Bordeaux, Toulouse, etc., all professing, more or having but one solemn voice to proclaim the irre- less, the Papal infallibility; of many provincial fragibility of the decrees of Peter, speaking by Conneils held in Germany, namely those of Vienthe mouth of the Roman Pontiffs, thus: "Peter na, Prague, Cologne, etc., proclaiming the same has spoken by Agathon," "Peter hath spoken by doetrine; of the second Plenary Council of Baltithe mouth of Leo." If we pass from thence to more, in 1866, not less strong in its profession the middle age, we meet again the Papacy in full with regard to the Pontifical infallibility; of the over five hundred Bishops, acknowledging and tors on the general topic of the schema, those of publishing the high privilege of the Pontifical the minority who were prevented speaking by infallibility. But that many of the signers of the closing of the discussion at the request of one that address and of the decrees formed in those hundred and fifty Fathers, had no right to com-Provincial Councils, should have refused a few plain; they had nothing new to say, and the auyears after, to proclaim in the (Ecumenical Coun- gest assembly had heard enough of repetitions, cil of the Vatican, what they had affirmed with The Conciliary room was too extensive in the betheir signatures at home with so great alacrity, is a ginning, but before the great questions were fact not only deplorable, but inexplicable, by rea- brought in for discussion it was reduced to half son of the contradiction it purports.

In the history of the Papacy, Honorius and with a common voice was sure to be understood. Vigil, and in the history of the Councils, Bale and Constance, and many other facts were brought sary for a dogmatic definition, but this was a and repeated before the Council by the opponents wrong assertion, for the unanimity of suffrages of the Pontifical infallibility, but they were vic- had never been required; it never took place. toriously refuted; for these few isolated and ob- The divinity of our Lord Jesus Christ would scure facts can prove nothing against the clear never have been defined at Nice, if the Fathers of testimonics of Scripture, General Councils and of the first Cleumenical Council had submitted to secular facts of the Pontificate, even with respect that condition. In bringing forward, on the to infallibility shining so bright in history.

fallibility of Peter and of his successors is one of infallibility, the Gallicans placed themselves in a the truths most clearly proved by Scripture, position which manifested rather too clearly the

destructable cement of the divine constitution of lishing as their rule, the superiority of the Counż the Church; that no one can deal a blow to it eil over the Pope dissenting from the majority, without overthrowing the economy of the faith; and behold, in the present instance the majority that the supreme chief of an infallible Church was united with the Pope, and they refused to must necessarily be infallible himself; that the submit. foundation of an immoveable edifice must be immoveable itself, and a condition of the Church's ed, absolute and separated from the Church, over infullibility, the latter being infallible because which he would exercise a despotic sway. No the former is; that, moreover, the doctrine of such thing would ever happen, for the Pope, Peter is precisely what assures the certitude of whom we ought to love, can never be separated our faith.

to the Pontifical infallibility, by the incredulous tains in its integrity, against all profane novelty, outside, and by learned, pious and venerable Pre- the faith which she has professed from all times lates inside of the Conneil. God so permitted it and which she continues to profess in all places. that the question should be more deeply studied and examined and all difficulties cleared up and have no fears for the peace of the Church, removed, in order to show the greater manifesta- ruptures among the Bishops, or heresies in our tion of the truth. Without denying that there midst. No, for the time of heresies is past and were many learned and eloquent Fathers in the their fruits are too well known. And above all, minority, we say, and positively affirm, that the the Fathers of the opposition are too well recoglargest number of such talented men was in the nized for their piety and their zeal for the welranks of the majority.

We have assisted at all the General Congregations (86); and it is as an attentive and impartial Their mitred heads will bow and their episcopal witness we assert that the liberty in the Council lips will say Credo! in regard to the dogmatic had been extended to its ultimate limits. Who- constitution defining the prerogatives of the Pope. soever asked for the word, obtained and kept it For a guarantee of this, our hope, we have already as long as he choose. If called to order he was the adhesion given, before leaving the Conciliary allowed to continue. After the fifteen General room, of the two Prelates who gave negative Congregations and the hearing of sixty-five ora- votes on the 18th; we have also the adhesions of

of its former dimensions, so that any one endowed

It was said that a moral unanimity was necespresent occasion, the question of moral unanimity We conclude by saying that the doctrinal in- in order to defeat the definition of the Pontifical General Councils and tradition ; that it is the in- great contradiction in which they fell, by pub-

It has been said that the Pope would be isolatfrom the universal Church; he can never define A very long and obstinate opposition was made anything but what she believes; he only main-

> Our Protestant friends and non-Catholics need fare of the Church, to suppose that they will not submit. They will, sooner or later, return.

the Cardinals of Vienna, Prague, Besançon and private violence. The revolutionary practice is others, before leaving Rome for their dioceses.

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In fine, in a century like ours, overflowed with fubricators and apostles of these numerous dogmas a deluge of the worst human passions and a tor- of dispossession are to be found everywhere in rent of wicked errors, such as infidelity, incredu- those that are popular in letters, in philosophy lity, rationalism, pantheism and materialism; at and in politics. Their general plan is dispossessa time when a spirit of insubordination, indepen- ing God from the world and the world from God, dence and revolt is raging in Europe, civil and by v e means of force, the ultimate word for error. religious authority is thrown away, human and Such are the false and wicked dogmas which divine laws are trampled, dissenters have no the Pontifical infallibility has to contend with ground to rest upon; at an epoch when the most and destroy. Ah! the race of the Gospel has wicked principles of governing are put in prac- neither the same aim nor the same wants as the tice, legitimate governments are disposessed and revolution, and cannot do the same things.fall to ruin under the weight of revolution, and a lts tendencies are different. It does not create dangerons sect with the so-called Liberal Catholic dogmas nor speculate upon them. It affirms them party, was trying to shorten the only one su- at the price of its popularity, at the price of its preme authority remaining unimpaired on earth, riches, at the price of its liberty and of its blood ; it was certainly most necessary that, instead of thereby, no doubt, it wishes to put God in possesbeing reduced, it should be strongly reaffirmed sion of the world and the world in possession of and, if possible, more consolidated, in order to God; but it expects that triumph only from the be a saving ark for perishing society. And, force of love and the ultimate word of truth. thank God, this was done on the 18th inst. The proclamation of the immortal faith of the Church livered the world to lies, to error, to erime and to to the infallibility of her Chief, is therefore one the degrading hand of force, throwing unfortunof the greatest blessings of God upon mankind; ate nations to share sometimes the daring of one of those blessings which not only sustains brigands and sometimes the impudence of scounand repairs, but which creates. The dogma is drels. Separated from God, the authority had not new, and nevertheless it will bring into the perished among men. In uffirming in the world something new. Upon the eternal basis presence of mankind the whole extent of the which it affirms and enlarges, it will instil a new rights of the Vicar of Jesus Christ, and in acorder which the world is in need of. To put the knowledging in him the prerogatives of infallitruth in its place and in its light, so that error bility when he gives the rule of faith and morals, can no more cover it and rest powerless against the Council and the Pope proclaim that the source its majesty, is what the holy Œcumenical Coun- of authority is living and certain in the world. cil has done in promulgating the last dogmatical Undoubtedly might will wrestle to preserve its er constitution, the principal efforts of which will empire, but it will have henceforth to wrestle be the destruction of error and false dogmas, the against the faith of mankind acknowledging the

of filial love and affection for the supreme Pontiff, the world that wants it, will find it, for enterthe doctor and pastor of all christians. cated, laid down and applied, under the sanction struction of authority in the world and the subof anathema, for about one hundred years, nearly stitution of authority to the humiliating and all the social dogmas which govern, that is, which barren caprices of dictature-such will be the sogrind and pulverize human society; dogmas of cial consequences of the Pontifical infallibility. 89 and their derivations, sectarianism and divin- In concert with the human conscience, reinstated ity of State, atheism of the law, principles of na- in the serenity of light, the Papacy will perform

multiplying the glaring proofs of that. The

The absence and death of anthority have dereconstruction of true authority and an increase authority to be in the Pope. It is there where ing under his direction, into the dignity and Let us enter into detail. There has been fabri- utility of a christian life. Therefore, the recontionality, right of error, right of frauds, right of the great work and will extend the conquests of disposession and right of force. The Pope, not the cross on the immense domains of slavery and long since, condemned a list of the principal ones, error. The revolution has begun by the proclain the Syllabus. These are the dogmas which mation of the rights of man, it will finish by the have been made with the intention of using them, proclamation of the rights of God. Thus the and they have been used and are still being used. Church of the 19th century, born when the laugh, The fabrication of them is in full activity. Its ters of Voltaire were the profession of faith of dogmatic is an immense instrument of public and mankind, raised under the fire of derision, scoffed

politic, betrayed and tormented by all the powers these benefits, love, cherish and obey your infallible of the earth, and, in fine, having nearly sue- Mother, the Church of Christ, founded on a rock ; cumbed, here and there, to the stroke of ration-love, cherish and obey your infallible Father, the alism, We same Church proclaims that the word Pope, the unmoveable foundation of the Church. of Jesus prevails after eighteen centuries against Let your faith be a strong, living and practical all the denials of doubts and of formal rebellion, one, your life shining with good works and invested with all the material force which exists worthy of the holy religion you profess. Make here below. It is the intellectual fact and the act what amends you can for all the outrages offered of faith, the most wonderful which perhaps the to God, to the Church of Christ and His Vicar in history of centuries contains.

tion, we entreat you, beloved brethren, to give estly beg of our Blessed Saviour Jesus Christ to most humble thanksgiving to God for the signal- increase that sincere religiou which distinguishes ized benefit granted to the world in these unhappy you, and which, if you persevere in during the times of universal aberrations and deplorable days of your pilgrimage upon earth, will lead you blindness; and, indeed, what more precions and to the full possession of the felicity of the Celesmore desirable gift could Divine mercy afford to tial Kingdom. men that than solemn definition which delivers the Church from the troublesome sect of Gallicanism and confirms us in the possession of an infallible master of truth? of truth without which the human nature, giving way to its wanderings, would end by descending beneath the condition of brutes destitute of intelligence.

thanksgiving to God for having created and re- we conclude with the words of St. Paul to Timodeemed you by the precious blood of His divine thy : "The grace of our Lord Jesus Christ be Son; for having made you christians, children of with you all." [1 Tim., 3. 18.] God and of that Church whose edifice and foundation is immovable; for having granted you to be born, not among the sectarians who are tossed to and fro and earried about with every wind of doetrines, (Eph. 4, 14) but of Catholic parents, whose

at by philosophy and science, persecuted by the faith is grounded on a solid rock. In return for all these times of iniquity and fury of the gates of In terminating this long pastoral of our affec- hell against all that is saered. We most earn-

We recommend our venerable brethren and zealous co-operators to read the present pastoral and to have a Te Deum sung in all the churches of our Archdiocese, in thanksgiving for all the benefits we have received from God, and especially for the most precious definition of the Pontifical infallibility. And wishing you, beloved breth-We recommend you to daily offer most solemn ren, all kinds of spiritual and temporal happiness,

> Given out of the Flaminian gates of Rome, July, 31, 1870.

> > + F. N. BLANCHET, Archbishop of Oregon City.

that

CONCIO.

FRANCISCI NORBERTI BLANCHET, ARCHIEPISCOPI ORE-GONENSIS IN STATIBUS FEDERATIS, AMERICÆ SEP. TEMTRIONALIS, IN CONCILIO VATICANO HABENDA AT NON HABITA, RATIONE RENUNTIATIONIS SUO JUNE LOQUENDI, DIE 2d JULII, 1870.

2. EMINENTISSIMI AC REVERENDISSIMI PATRES! gio Catholica sicut in Apostolicis tempori-/ EMINENTISSIMI PR.ESIDES!

anteponere aggrediar. Attamen, quum currente decimo septimo saeculo, attulerant regionis Canadiensis, ubi natus sum, fides, missionarii ex Gallia venientes, necnon et endum esse judico. nostrisanctitate motus, dictam assertionem, ilibus votis omnes emoventur. utpote nimis generalem et consequenter erga multos injustam contradicere com- tos Americae Status, specialiter exponam de pellor.

dicendum censeo. quoad originem et educationem, per qua- magnæ Republicæ. draginta duos annos in patria vixi, septem Quum in missionem Oregonensem qua-

bus cum Illmo ac Rmo Venerabilis Ecclesiæ Quebecensis Archiepiscopo qui, sinon Muitas et luculente dissertas andivistis abesset, idem testimonium attulisset, cuncti probationes circa illam maximi momenti episcopi districtuum dictorum Canada Oriquæstionem de Romani Pontificis infalli-entalis, Canada Occidentalis et Flumen Rubilitate. Hœc doctrina catholica, ut mihi brum usque ad loginquas Maris Pacifici videtur, sufficienter vindicata est, et ob- ripas, clerus quoque et fideles, toto corde, jectiones, contra ejus fundamenta acervatæ, unanimique voce definitionem dequa agial satis diruts fuerant. Nulla ratio est cur tur expectant et postulant. Hanc doccadem argumenta ant novas disquisitiones trinam in eo dem nuper recognitos tractus, ea de re, in hoc sancto cietu, vix exposita primi coloni quos religiosa Brittania sit, aliquid ad hanc manifestandam affer- transmiserat. Et, de die in diem, hæc Quum insuper dic- fides dilectissima, in supra nominatis locis, tum fuerit fere omnes Unitorum Statuum firmior evadit. Idemquoque, non ob-Americæ Episcopos, sacerdotes et fldeles stantibus quibusdam dictis, affirmandum proposita definitioni non favere, ego, ret- est quoad dispositiones cleri et fideli-nior Episcopus, sive Americae Britanile, um provinciae Halifaxiensis ad quam dis-sive Fæderatorum Statuum, a veritate, a trietus jam nominatus Novi Brunswick magna regionis honore, necnon ab officii pertinet, nulla est ibi alia sententia et sim-postri senetitate motus distam assertionem.

Quœ vero dicenda habeo circa Fiederaprovincia mea Oregonensi, idest, de adop-Et primum de America Britannica hoc tionis meæ patria dilectissima, et deinde Gallo-Canadiensis generaliter, de omnibus Provinciis istius

annis in missionibus Novi Brunswick ex- intra saxeos montes et magnum Paci-ceptis, et ibidem doctrinam in nostro ficum oceanum jacet, (assistente socio schemate consignatam semper professus sacerdote qui nunc est Insulæ Van-sum. Sic etiam ab initio colonisationis, couverensis Episcopus,) Anno Domini omnes incolæ Canadieuses crediderunt, millesimo octingentesimo trigesimo oc-In hae enim regione, ubi viget sancta reli- tavo, missus fuerim, per triginta duos

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Principiis ejus dem novae familiae christianae, littoribus usque ad nostrum ingens Pacifiincrementis quoque et progressibus gavi, cum mare, cum plausn et submissione statsus sum. Præterea, Anno octingentesimo tundam definitionem quam primum accep-quadragesimo tertio supra millessimum, turos. regionem ipsam vidi in Vicariatum Apostolicum erectum, tribusque aliis annis elapsis, corde allato hæe sequentia addere mihi in Provinciam Ecclesiasticam. Episcopos liceat. Hic est modus quo invaluit apud ejus, sacerdotes et fideles optime cognosco fideles nostros illa de infallibilitate capitis et confidenter asserere possum omnes cre- Ecclesiae sententia : christianae placque dere, sicut et ego, Romanum Pontificem, Be- matres pueris suis sape dictitaverunt Paati Petri successorem, infallibiliter omnes pam principis apostolorum successorem, docere gentes. Etenim credimus supremum Domini Nostri Jesu Christi Vicarium esse; Ecclesia officialiter errare non posse, quia hunc ducem Ecclesia usque in finem perdici nequit Justum, Clementem et Sapien- manentis, Deum ipsum repræsentare super tissimum Deum imposuisse gregi, quam per terram; eidem a Christo Jesu elaves easanguinem Filii Sui dilectissimi redemit, lorum datas fuisse; episcopos onmes a pastorem fallibilem qui agnos et oves ad Summo Pontifice missos, institutionem et nociva pascua vel inter lupos ducere possit; jurisdictionem ab codem accipere; fidem credimus quia, cum mysticum Ecclesiae Papae in nomine Spiritus Sancti loquentis ædificium usque ad consummationem sæ- deficere nequi; suprema ejus mandata pro culi permanendum sit ipsius fundamentum toto christianorum populo obligatoria esse codem modo tamdiu stare debet; credi- et veram fidei catholicæ notam in firma mus quia, si Petrus ab errore non immun- adhæsione fidei Petri inneniendam esse et is esset, Jesus Christus, Salvator noster, in probandam. Hae christianarum matrum vanum ei imposuisset munus confirmandi assidua prædicatio in animo puerorum imfratres snos; credimus quia sine blasphe primitur et per omnes ætates vitæ eosdem, mia asserendum non est nec innuendum Dei ut ita dicam, comitatu. Communis sen-Filium Unigenitum pro Petro Patrem su- sus fidelium lumenque rationis, divina um æternum frustra oravisse. Hæc est revelationi innixum, auctoritatem infallibifides nostra in qua per totam Provinciam lem, ad regendam Ecclesiam Dei neces-Oregonensem vivimus et lætamur.

tum religionis Catholicæ in supra dictis ventutis tam per solemnem Litterarum America Unitis Statibus, have exponenda Pontificalium publicationem quam per esse videntur, scilicet : Septem sunt ibidem episcoporum mandata circa eas respectuose, Ecclesiastice Provincie, sexaginta Episcopi sine mora et in toto accipendas, et præ-2,500 sacerdotes et quinque vel sex mille terea per parochorum institutiones quæ millia Catholicorum. His positis, asserere tractant de Vicarii Christi prærogativis. audeo, antequam quædam observationes, de- Hinc veneratio, pietas et confidentia quæ finitioni hand faventes notæ fuerint, uuani- erga supremum pastorem in omnibus orbis mem fuisse pastor um et ovinm fidem re- catholici regionibus manifestantura; hinc lative ad Summi Pontificis inerrantiam. illæ multiplices eleemosinæ quæ ad pedes Etiam nunc, quamvis Episcopi aliqui, plus ejus per episcopos et aliis modis afferuntur. minusve mutati videntur, testificor omnes, iisdem paucis exceptis, antistites nostros et fex absque errore judicat, Doctores Eccle-præsertim doctissimum veritatisque studio- siæ agnoverunt, hovem decem sæcula tamsissimum Archiepiscopum Spalding cele- quam semper vigens et divinitus fundatum berrimæ Ecclesiæ Baltimorensis præsu-prædicaverunt, ipsique Petri successores lem, omnem clerum, omnesque laicos for- confidenter exercuerent. Si autem non titer et aperte Christum ipsum per os Pe- esset legitimum, nec a divino Fundatore tri ex cathedra loquentis, in perpetuum constitutum, sequeretur doctores egregios, universum orbem docere, et suprema omnes sanctos, totamque Ecclesiam usur-Romanorum Pontificum judicia, esse pationem nullo modo justificatam perenniirreformabiliter tenenda.

annos istic laborans commoratus sum, cos Provinciarum nostrarum ab Atlanticis

Testimonio meo ita veraciter et ex toto sariam, admittendam esse apprime demon-Si antem generaliter consideremus Sta- strant. Et idem confirmatur in mente ju-

Hocce jus plenum quo Romanus Ponti-Ideo, multo ter approbasse; quod certissime de sponsa verius, dicendum esset fere omnes Catholi- Christi immaculata minime dicendum est.

instructiones

ticis icifistatcep-

toto mihi ipud pitis eque Parem, esse; pernper s enes a m et idem entis ı pro esse irma se et trum a imdem, s senivinæ allibiiecesinonte juarum per tuose, præquæ ativis. n quæ orbis hinc pedes intur. Ponti-Eccletamlatum ssores n nou latore egios, usurrenniponsa m est. et portæ inferi adversus Ecclesiam tandem mam confovebit laetitiam. prævalnissent. Absit! Nonne dictum est

'verba mea non praeterilant ?" dixerunt, per definitionem, de qua disseri- et pro aliis Septemtrionalis ac Meridionalis tur, zelum catholicorum erga Christi Vi- Americarum partibus. Si, econtra, votis tinctum fore. Talis apprehensio, ut mihi ingens et inauditus luctus per totum noapparet, nullo nititur fundamento. Censeo vum Continentem, a polo boreali asque ntique, quod si exoptata solutio praetermitteretur, eadem forsitan non manerent. Si autem infallibilitas universalis doctoris definitive affirmetur et declaretur, tunc revera Pastor agnorum et ovium nova gloria coronatus venerabilior amoreque dignior ante oculos vere credentium in futurum apparebit.

Dictum est insuper eandem definitionem turbationes in toto orbe terrarum producturam esse. Hic distinguendi videtur :

Præsens etiam quætionis status consi-peproducet certe odia et prationes apud derandus est sicut supra dietæ doctrinacter anctae Ecclesiae inimieset hoe non miclara expositio firmaque vindicatio, ita utriandum, cum plenior principii auctoritatis dicere non timeam "causa jamjam judicata affirmatio consiliis corum non favcat. Proest." Etenim major pars populi christiani, ducet etiam murmura, mæstitudinem, major pars sacerdotum, majorque pars acgrunque staporem apud aliquos qui totius orbis episcoporum, Supremo Pasto, nomen catholicium retinentes, attamen re uniltis modis annucate, sic toto corde opinionibus quibusdam unudum regenticonfitentur votisque haud ignotis palam busarridere desiderant. Sed, quam primum dictitant. Unde, si erronea esset sententia hace proclamatio ab hac sancta Synodo quam caput et membra concorditer sus-facta, inter omnes qui nomine christiano tinent promissiones divina inanes evasissent gaudeat, undique et in perpetuum maxi-

Id saltem affirmare possum procanadiensi regione, sicut jam significavi, pro vas-Plurimi Oratores in hae Sancta Aula tissima Forderatorum Statuum Republica, ad australes plagas pervaderet.

> Qua propter, plurimis ad rem pertinentibus rationibus praetermissis, divino testimonio innixus, gloriam Dei omnipotentis intendens, Ecclesiaque salutem cupiens, huie definitioni de Romani Pontificis Infallibilitate, uti in quarto Capituto Schematis exprimitur, assentire valeo.

> > **† F. N. BLANCHET**, Archiepiscopus Oregonopolitanus.

TRANSLATION.

[From the Catholic Sentinel].

bishop in the Vatican Council upon the ment: question of Papal infallibility. The speech Most EMINENT PRESIDENTS: was not delivered, owing to the fact that MOST EMINENT AND MOST REV. FATHERS : at the request of the Most Rev. Archbishlist of one hundred and twenty-three ora. foundation, sufficiently demolished.

the speech, and passed one to the Secre-We have been presented with a copy of tary of the great Council, to be preserved the above discourse, which was to have with the acts of the same. The following been delivered by our venerable Arch- is a translation of this interesting docu-

You have already heard many clear and op of Westminster, all the Prelates, who eloquent proofs concerning the important were inscribed to speak, and had not yet Pontiff. That doctrine has been, 1 believe, delivered their addresses - Archbishop abundantly vindicated, and the numerous Blanchet being the seventy-eighth on the objections brought forward against its tors—gave up speaking upon it, in order therefore see no reason why I should bring to close the discussion. His Grace pre- new disquisitions. But as the belief of sourced the Hely Father with a corp of G sented the Holy Father with a copy of Canada, my native country, relating to the

faith. Moreover, since it has been said Christian family, its growth and its pro-that nearly all the Bishops of the United gress. In the year 1843 I saw the coun-States, as well as the Priests and the try created into a Varicate Apostolic, and Faithful, do not favor the proposed defini- three years later into an Ecclesiastical tion, I, the Senior Bishop of British Amer- Province. I know its Bishops, clergy and ica and the United States, feel compelled, faithful well, and I can affirm with confifor the sake of truth, the honor of our dence, that they all believe, as I do, that country, as well as the sanctity of my the Sovereign Pontiff, successor to the office, to contradict the aforesaid assertion Blessed Peter, infallibly teaches all naas too general and consequently unjust to- tions. For we believe that the Supreme wards many concerned.

British America : Born of French Cana- said that the just, merciful and most wise dians and educated in Canada, I have God would have given to his Church, relived forty-two years in my native land- deemed by the blood of his most beloved save seven years of mission in New Bruns- Son, a fallible pastor, who might lead the wick-and I have always professed the lambs and sheep into noxious pastures or doctrine entertained in this schema. Thus among the wolves. We believe this beall the resident Canadians believe, from cause as, the mystical edifice of the Church the beginning of the colonization. In is to last until the consummation of the that country, where the Catholic religion world, so must its foundation stand the is in the same condition as it was in test of time. We believed this because, Apostolic times, all the Bishops of Eastern if Peter was not free from error, Jesus and Western Canada, those of Red River Christ our Savior would have in vain imand as far as the shores of the Pacific posed on him the charge of confirming his Ocean, the clergy, as also the faithful, ex- brethren. We believe this because it peet and earnestly call with all their heart cannot be said without blasphemy that and a manimous voice for the definition the Son of God had in vain prayed to His of said doctrine. The most illustrious and Eternal Father for Poter. Such is the be-most reverend Archbishop of Quebec, lief of the Prelates, elergy and faithful in would have given the same testimony had the Province of Oregon. he not been obliged to return home. But considering the State of religion in This doetrine was brought into these new the United States of America in general, discovered lands by the missionaries from I would say that in the seven Eclesiastical France, and by the first planters the reli- Provinces there are sixty Bishops, two gious Bretagne had sent there. And this thousand five hundred priests, five or six

in these districts. The same may be said, hesitation, that before certain observations, notwithstanding some contrary assertions, by no means favoring the definition, were as regards the disposition of the clergy made known, there was but one belief and the faithful of the Province of Hali- among the pastors and faithful with refax, to which belongs the already men- gard to the inerrabillity of the Pope. Even tioned district of New Brunswick; there is now, although some Bishops seem to have no other belief there and all are imbued changed their opinion, I nevertheless testify

adopted country, I would first speak of Archbishop Spalding, Prelate of the Metmy Province of Oregon in particular, and ropolitan See of Baltimore, as well as the the then regarding other provinces of the clergy and laity, do firmly and openly great Republic in general.

gether with a fellow priest, now the Bish- mouth of Peter, speaking ex cathedra, and op of Vancouver Island,) to the mission that the supreme decisions of the Roman

subject, has hardly yet been exposed in of Oregon, I remained and worked there this holy assembly, I judge it necessary for thirty two years. I had the satisfacto say something in manifestation of its tion to witness the beginning of that, new Chief of the Church cannot err when he And first, I have this much to say of officially teaches, because it cannot be

cherished faith grows stronger day by day millions of Catholics, and assert, without with the same desires. As to what I have to say in refference chief pastors, and especially the most learn-to the United States, my dearly loved and ed and the most studions seeker after truth, profess that Christ Himself teaches for-Having been sent in the year 1838 (to-ever in the whole world through the

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by which the belief in the infallibility of late spouse of Christ. the Head of the Church has grown and become stronger. to be found in, and proved by a firm ad- God forbid! for was it not said, "My word hesion to the faith of Peter. This assidu- shall not pass away?" the marks of veneration, piety and confi- the eyes of all true believers. dence which are manifesting themselves Besides, it has been said that such a all over the Catholic world. Hence the definition would excite trouble throughout some other manner.

Pontiffs are to be held unchangeable, ing and Divinity founded; and the suc-Therefore it can be said with more certainty cessors of Peter themselves, exercised it that nearly all the Catholics of our Provin- with confidence. But should that right ces, from the shores of the Atlantic to not be legitimate, nor constituted by the the great Pacific ocean, will accept with Divine Founder, it would follow that the submission and acclamation the great dog- eminent doctors, all the saints and the whole Church, have during that period To this, my testimony brought forth in approved of an usurpation altogether untruth and from all my heart, I beg leave justifiable. Such a thing, most certainly, to add the following concerning the mode can by no means be said of the immacu-

Moreover, the present state of the ques-Christian und pious tion must be considered as a clear exposimothers often say and repeat to their chil- tion and a firm vindication of the aforesaid dren that the Pope, successor of the Prince doctrine, so that 1 do not hesitate to say : of the Apostles, is the Vicar of Jesus "the question is already decided," for, the Christ, our Lord; that this leader of the greater part of the Christian people, the Church, lasting till the consummation of greater part of the elergy and the larger time, represents God Himself, on earth; part of the Bishops, thus confess with all that Jesus Christ gave him the keys of their hearts, and openly repeat their well the kingdom of Heaven; that all the Bish- known wishes, the Supreme Pastor, giving ops are sent by the Supreme Pontiff, and in many ways unequivocal marks of his receive from him both the institution and assent. Therefore, if the doctrine which jurisdiction; that the faith of the Pope, is unanimously held by the Head and speaking in the name of the Holy Ghost, members of the Church was erroneous, cannot fail; that his supreme decisions are the Divine promises would have become obligatory to the whole Christian people; vain and useless, and the gates of hell and that the true mark of Catholicity is would have prevailed against the Church.

ous teaching of the Christian mothers is Many orators have said, in this sacred imprinted into the minds of the children and hall, that the zeal of the Catholies for accompanies them, as it were, through all Christ's Vicar would be cooled and entirely the stages of their lives. Also, the com- extinguished, should this doctrine be demon sense of the faithful and the light of fined. Such an apprehension, it seems to their reason, resting on the Divine Revela- me, has no foundation at all. Verily, I tion, clearly demonstrate to them that an think that if the so much desired solution infallible authority is necessarily to be were omitted, the love and reverence which admitted for the government of the are offered by pions children to the most Church. And the same is confirmed in blessed Father, as a tribute of filial devothe minds of the youth, both by the sol- tion, would not, perhaps, remain the same. emn publication of Pontifical letters and But, on the contrary, if the infallibility of by the Episcopal mandates dictating their the universal Doctor be defined and probeing respectfully received, whole and en- claimed, then, indeed, will the Pastor of tire, without delay; and also, by the in- the lambs and sheep be crowned with a struction of the pastors treating of the new glory and appear, for the future, more prerogatives of Christ's Vicar. Hence venerable and more worthy of love before

multiplied alms offered to him and de- the world. Here it seems a distinction may posited at his feet by the Bishops, or in be made. It will certainly excite trouble,

hatred and execration among the enemies This full right, in virtue of which the of the Church, and this is not wonderful, Roman Pontiff' judges without error, the considering that a fulier affirmation of the doctors of the Church and nineteen cen- principle of authority would not favor their turies have taught as a right always exist- designs. It will also create murmur, discontent and a sud stupor among some who, our desires, then indeed a great and unretaining the name of Catholics, desire heard of sorrow would pervade the whole nevertheless to receive kindly and follow new continent, from the northern to the the opinions of some who govern the world; southern pole, but this proclamation as soon as made by

the holy Synod, will enkindle everywhere ing to the same question, resting on Dia warm and everlasting joy in the hearts vine testimony, aiming at the glory of God of all those who fervently glory in the Almighty, and wishing the welfare of the name of Christians.

Canada, as I have already stated, also with Roman Pontiff as it is expressed in the regard the vast Republic of the United fourth chapter of the schema. States and to the other parts of North and South America. But, on the contrary, if the Vatican Council would not assent to

Therefore, omitting many reasons relat-Church, I am disposed to give my assent This at least I can affirm with regard to to the definition of the infallibility of the

> + F. N. BLANCHET, Archbishop of Oregon City.

ADDRESS TO THE HOLY FATHER.

FEELINGS OF SYMPATHY IN THE DIREFUL SUFFERINGS OF OUR HOLY FATHER, POPE PIUS IX, THE INFALLIBLE VICAR OF CHRIST, THE SUCCESSOR OF BLESSED PETER, AND THE SUPREME HEAD OF THE CATHOLIC CHURCH ON EARTH.

With our Holy Father do we, his loving children of this ecclesiastical province foot of the Cross, in humble supplications of Oregon, deplore the sad havoc infidelity to Almighty God, that He may rescue has made upon the minds of those wicked, His afflicted sponse and spare her the men, who, baffled in their cunning, deceit- heart-rending sight of sacrilege and abomful and unholy aggressions, have finally, ination with which an infuriated mob, as by open force, bid defiance to the sacred so many incarnate demons, fill the Eternal innate principles written from the begin- City. ning in the hearts of men, solemnly pro- To show the horror in which we hold mulgated in the Old Law, and confirmed this sacrilegious wrong done to our Holy in the new by our Saviour, Jesus Christ— Father, and in his person to Christ Him-"Thou shalt not steal; Thou shalt not self, Whose Vicar he is on earth, to brand covet thy neighbor's goods."

row-stricken soul, on beholding the cry- Chief and beloved Father, therefore we, ing injustice those misguided men have the undersigned Bishops, Clergy and faithwantonly committed in the spoliation of ful Laity of the Ecclesiastical Province of that sacred patrimony which the will of a Oregon, from these outposts of Catholic christian world, the lapse of ages, and the civilization, do raise our voices and join in spirit of God had consecrated to the Apos- solemn protest with our Catholic brethren tolic See, unto the glory of the Holy of every nation and clime, against the law-Church, and unto the free, unencompassed less invasion of the States of the Church, exercise of the spiritual power of her Chief by the armed hosts of the Piedmontese Pastor. We mingle our sighs with his king. We regard this violent seizure of tears on witnessing the unholy desceration the Roman Territory as the most barbarof those sacred temples and shrines, which ous outrage in an enlightened age, as a but yesterday were filled with the sweet most wicked rebellion against the dispen-odor of sacrifice and prayer, and are be- sation and ordinance of God; as a high

With him do we lay prostrate at the

this wickedness as an insult offered the two From the innermost feelings of our hundred and fifty millions of Catholics, hearts do we share the anguish of his sor- who revere Pins IX. as their supreme come to day even the abode of the brutes. treason, not unlike that of the apostate l uushole s the .

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t the ations rescue r the abomob, as ternal

e hold Holy Himbrand ie two holics, preme e we, faithnce of tholic join in ethren e lawhurch, ontese ure of arbare, as a lispen-, high ostate angels, who proudly sought to dethrone will join us in this our solemn protest; their Maker, and place themselves in His that, from pole to pole, the air may ring stead. We deem one and all, who in any with the cry of indignation and just conway have been connivent in the consum- demnation of the blackest crime the history mation of this act of sacrilege, as far in- of our day shall have to record for future ferior, not only to the christianized, but ages.

also to the native Pagan savage of our [Here follows the signatures of the Most forests, who with our missionary priests and devoted religions, kindly shares the shelter of his wild recesses. We trust that every man of honor within this Province of Oregon.]

