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THE MONETARY TIMES

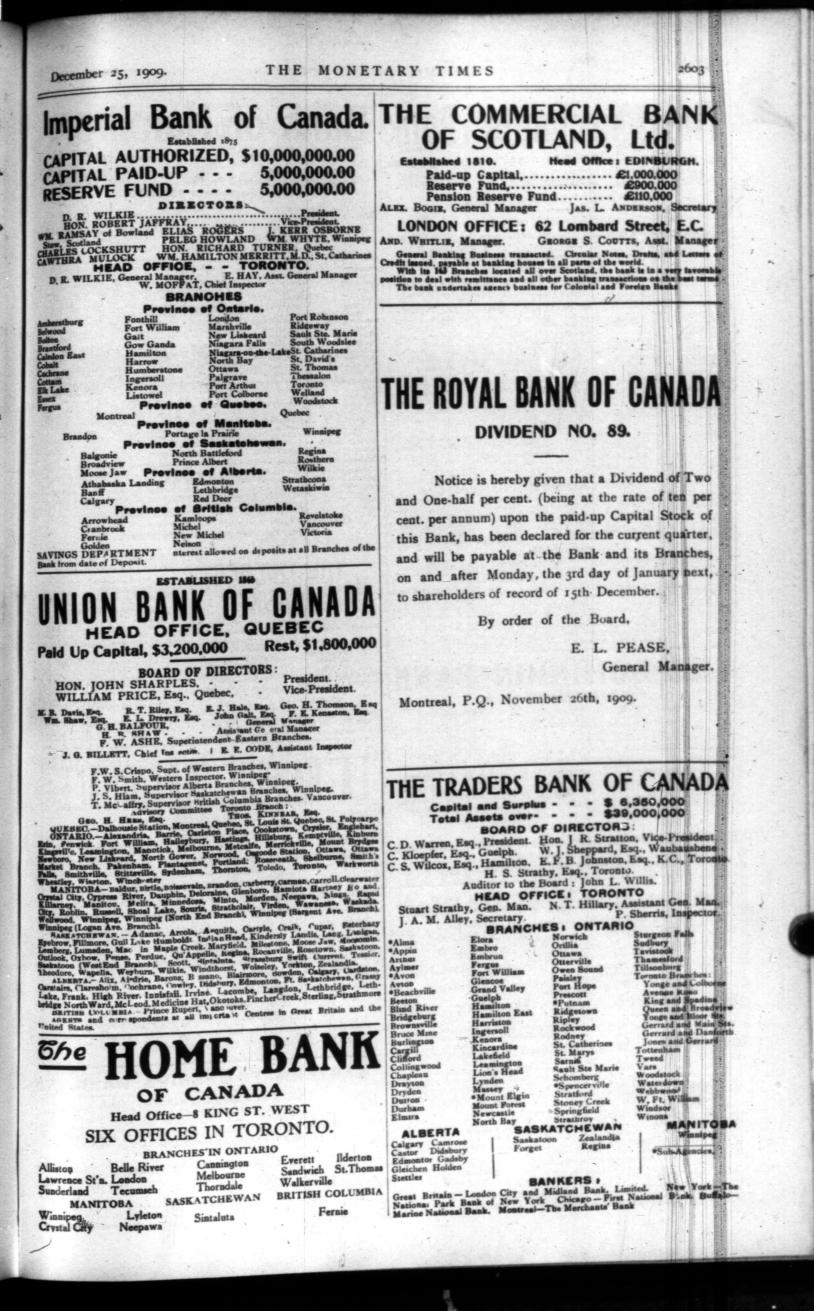
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Volume 43.

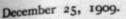
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A. MAUNIDES, Chief Inspector and Superintendent of Dranches. E. V. MEREDITH, Assistant General Manager, and Manager at Montreal. E.V. MEREDITH, Assistant General Manager, and Manager at Montreal. E.V. MUREDITH, Assistant General Manager, and Manager at Montreal. F. J. HUNTER, Inspector N. West and Br. Ool. Branches. F. B. WINETON Inspector Outario Branches.	Greenwood Nanaimo White Horse NORTH-WEST PROVINCES Bawlf Grasum Monarch Stavely
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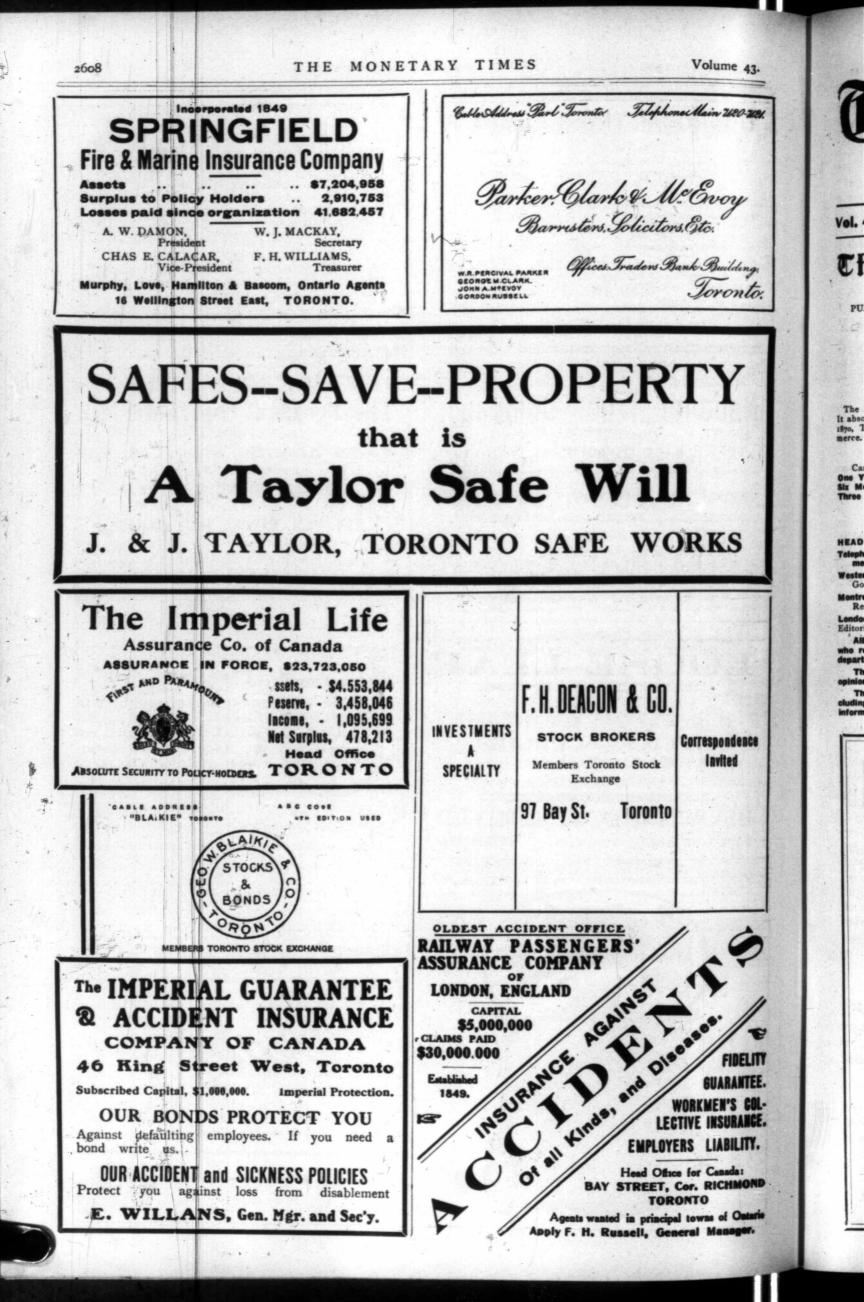
THE MONETARY TIMES





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The Monetary Times

Trade Review and Insurance Chronicle

Vol. 43-No. 26.

Toronto, Canada, December 25th, 1909.

Ten Cents

The Monetary Times

PRINTING COMPANY OF CANADA, LTD.

Editor-Fred W. Field. Business Manager-James J. Salmond. Advertising Manager-A. E. Jennings.

The Monetary Times was established in 1867, the year of Confederation. It absorbed in 1860, The Intercolonial Journal of Commerce, of Montreal; in 1870, The Trade Review, of Montreal; and The Toronto Journal of Commerce. Terms of Subscription, payable in advance:

Canada an One Year Six Months Three Months	:	Britai	\$3.00 1.75	United States One Year Six Months Three Months	:	other	Countries. \$3.50 2.00 1.25
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London Office: 225 Outer Temple Strand. T. R. Clougher, Business and Editorial Representative, Telephone 527 Central.

All mailed papers are sent direct to Friday evening trains. Subscribers who receive them late will confer a favor by reporting to the circulation department.

The Monetary Times does not necessarily endorse the statements and opinions of its correspondents nor does it hold itself responsible therefor. The Monetary Times invites information from its readers to aid in evcluding from its columns fraudulent and objectionable advertisements. All information will be treated confidently.

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S DID the Mrs Fezziwig of Dickens, To-day comes in like one vast substantial smile. Grandfather's Santa Claus came with Grenfellian reindeer and imagina tion's sleig Eighty-five years ago, he freighted the locomotive. The steamship the auto and the forty-car train are now his servants. To-morrow, the buzz of the monoplane's propellers may break his spell of silence. Back fifty years the monoplane's propellers may break his spell of silence. Back fifty years British North America was not charted in the Clausean map. Someone had

told that Canada was wilderness sections cemented with snow, lined with ice, peopled with Indians. The chief population drew its Christmas from legend and recollection. This day seven millions welcome traditions, some openly but still, all.

Christmas annually jogs the cogs of the business man. It is good. That the spirit of Yuletide manipulates prices and on the twenty fifth chokes the tape in the ticker, brings the financier needed respite. The banker forgetting his responsibilities for twelve hours, does not hurt the commercial fabric. For three hundred and seven days, master and man have toiled for make new records in railroad earnings, bank clearings, manufacturing output, mineral production and crop figures was the aim. They have succeeded. The statistical web woven is reflection of substantial progress and consequent prosperity. And it is Canada's.

reflection of substantial progress and provide the printing press, a polished, calculative, mechanical, These words are set to the music of the printing press, a polished, calculative, mechanical, businesslike individual, with a steel heart. He has thrown off the paper sheets this week, businesslike individual, with a steel heart. He has thrown off the paper sheets this week, not wishing to break the record of forty-three years. Place the chronicle of finance aside till Monday. The printing press will forgive you. He knows, as Nicholas Nickleby said, till Monday. The printing press will forgive you. He knows, as Nicholas Nickleby said, that there is no room for a "demd, damp, most, unpleasant body" in the bright glow of To-day.

NOVEMBER BANK STATEMENT.

Deposits on demand	Nov. 19, '08.	
Deposits on demand	\$200,010,000	
Deposits after notice	419,920,274	1
Deposits after notice	515,695,476	1
Current loans in Canada		
Current loans elsewhere		
Current loans elsewhere		
Call loans in Canada	42,930,261	
Call Ioans III Callada	85,220,634	
Call loans elsewhere		
Circulation	00,201,121	

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The statements of the chartered banks during this year have made new and broken old records. For several months, large increases have been recorded, in deposits and loans more especially. The November statement helps the record. Deposits on demand and after notice, current and call loans in Canada and elsewhere and circulation all show extensive gains over the figures of 1908 and very satisfactory increases over those of October, 1909. The one exception is a slight decrease in circulation, owing possibly to less strain in connection/ with the crop movement.

Current loans attract most attention. The country cannot complain that its banks are neglecting its welfare. Current loans in Canada in November exhibited an increase over the previous month's figures of almost 11 million dollars, a gain of 1.8 per cent., and a gain of 14.4 per cent. over last year's figures. Call loans show an advance of 1 million during the month and of 15 millions during the year, percentage gains of 1.5 and 35.4, respectively. The loans out of Canada will probably evoke criticism. Those current exhibit an advance of almost 14 millions or 61 per cent. over last year's figures, and 3 millions or 9 per cent. above last month's return. A glance at the record of the individual banks is the best explanation, as it shows that five banks are responsible for 29 of a total of 35 millions. In the matter of call loans elsewhere than in the Dominion, a gain has occurred during the year of 49 millions or 58 per cent. and during the month, of 5 millions or 3 per cent. Here again an analysis of this item shows that one bank is responsible for 761/2 millions of a total of 135 millions. Twelve of the active banks have no call loans whatever out of the country, while fourteen are in a similar position regarding current loans. The record of the one bank, which has 761/2 millions loaned without Canada, is probably due to the fact that it has participated in the financing of several of the large industrial mergers consummated during the past few months. New York and London being much interested, this fact may have some bearing on that bank's loan total.

That credit in Canada has expanded considerably is seen in the following table :--

Loans.	Nov., '06.
Current in Canada	 \$538,695,115
Current elsewhere	 35,088,827
Call in Canada	 56,440,834
Call elsewhere	 66,919,335

Current loans in Canada were in November higher than in any year since 1906 at least. They were 20 millions more than in November, 1907, which was a high record. Call loans at home were also greater than in any November of the past four years. There is a tendency on the part of the banks to extend credit in a conservative way in order to keep pace with legitimate progress as reflected in deposits, bank clearings and railroad earnings. That the banks have faith in the outlook is evidenced by this credit extension, and also by the fact that several institutions have sought and are seeking power to increase their capital.

The following table shows the course of current and call loans in Canada for the past thirteen months:---

		I ear s	Month's
Oct., '09.	Nov., '09.	increase.	inc. or dec.
\$250,968,487	\$264,285,803	+ 28.09	+ 5.3
480,837,606	493,253,823	+ 17.4	+ 2.5
579,837,956	590,291,944	+ 14.4	+ 1.8
32,311,103	35,358,214	+ 61.4	+ 9.4
56,996,065	57,875,677	+ 35.4	+ 1.5
129,964,353	134,836,591	+ 58.2	+ 3.7
89,663,549	86,390,876	+ 7.6	-3.6
	Curr	ent	Call in
; 1908.	in Cat	nada.	Canada.
November	\$515,60	95,476	\$42,730,261
December		08,909	43,827,771
January	511,3	63,250	44,299,554
February		49,748	47,555,140
March		09,936	48,911,736
April		68,988	50,213,950
May		13,141	49,771,929
June		12,269	52,617,696
July		21,041	54,603,054
August		54,663	56,680,172
September		06,621	56,124,620
October		37,956	56,996,065
November		91,944	57,875,677
and the second		A BATTERS P	

For the past ten months, a gradual increase in the amount of current loans in Canada has occurred, while in the same period call loans show only two slight declines. From 511 millions in January, domestic loans have increased to 590 millions, a gain of 13 per cent. The November bank statement frequently has shown a decline in deposits, presumably for Christmas demands. This feature is lacking in the present statement, as deposits on demand exhibit a gain instead of a loss during the month of 5 per cent. and deposits after notice of 2 per cent.

The following table shows the trend of these accounts for the past thirteen months:---

1908.	On demand.	After notice
November		\$419,920,274
December		429,719,218
1909—January	01 1	443,170,53
February		441,390,540
March	A A	445,626,884
April		450,450,722
May		453,599,117
June	1 0 10	445,178,476
July		466,337,816
August	. 228,397,679	472,591,818
September	: 239,967,052	474,103,799
October		480,837,600
November		493,253,823
Nov., '07.	Nov., '08.	Nov., '09.
A CONTRACTOR OF	\$515.605.476	\$590,291,944

\$570,896,776	\$515,695,476	\$590,291,944
23,576,315	21,899,016	35,358,214
45,733,765	42,730,261	57,875,677
41,198,293	85,220,634	134,836,591

In that period, only two declines have occurred in deposits. The record is better seen in the following figures, showing the deposits accounts of each November for five years:-

November.	On demand.	After notice.	Total.
1905		\$354,393,953	\$511,942,492
1906	. 183,391,213	400,307,693	583,698,906
1907	. 160,529,719	408,902,274	569,431,993
1908	. 206,315,809	419,920,274	623,236,083
1909	. 264,285,803	493,253,823	757,539,626

Deposits after notice have increased from 354 millions in 1905 to 493 millions last month, a gain of 37 per cent. In the same period, deposits on demand have

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advanced from 157 millions to 264 millions, an increase of 68 per cent. The deposits after notice represent more the actual savings of the people. In this connection it is interesting to glance at the deposits in the various banks at present. These are the figures according to the latest returns, the first two items referring to the chartered banks :---

Deposits on demand	\$264,285,803
Deposits after notice	493,253,823
Government savings banks	14,321,471
Post-office savings banks	43,616,850
Special savings banks	30,688,343

\$846,166,290

Estimating the population of Canada at 7 millions, the average deposits per capita are thus almost \$121. Deducting from the total above, the deposits on demand, which perhaps do not represent to any large extent individual savings, the deposits even then are about \$83 per capita. The amounts placed with loan, mortgage savings and such companies will increase the average.

The part the banks are playing in the crop movement can be gathered from the item, notes in circulation. The figures exhibit a gain of 6 millions over those of the previous year, and show a decline of about 3 millions from those of the previous month. At the end of November, six banks had an amount of notes in circula-tion exceeding the amount of paid-up capital. This is in accordance with the Act framed for crop-moving purposes. The following is a list :-

Bank. Toronto \$ Provinciale	Paid-up capital. 4,000,000 1,000,000	Circulation Nov. 30, '09. \$ 4,007,970 1,021,293	Excess. \$ 7,970 21,293
	10,000,000 3,983,700 1,931,405 1,075,729	4,062,039	327,415 78,339 40,272 82,586

.\$557,875 Total . ..

Thus at the end of last month a total of \$557,875 was outstanding in the shape of excess issues. This compares with the October figures of eight banks and excess of \$1,298,539, respectively.

OF THE FARMER FINANCIER.

Finance is not always in the city. Sometimes its art is discovered among the wheat ears and the grasses. Eighteen years ago, E. A. Guillemin left the shores of France and planted himself and three dollars at Forget, Saskatchewan. French was not much spoken in the West, so the new citizen worked under a double disadvantage, language and lack of capital. But three dollars is capital, though small. From him the Government wanted ten dollars before his homestead could be filed. Guillemin borrowed the seven and began building a fortune. First he bought land, paying three dollars an acre. Presently he had acquired the title to fifteen quarter sections, or two thousand four hundred acres. Canada began to march; so did land values. Guillemin soon had secured fifty quarter sections, paying anything from eight to fifteen dollars per

He has now reached the selling stage, having disacre. posed this year of seven quarter sections at twenty-five dollars per acre. For fifty-four and a half days this fall he threshed wheat and changed agricultural statistics by fifty thousand bushels. Desiring to market his crop, the railway company had to give him a train to move thirty-four thousand bushels. He obtained for each bushel from eighty-four to eighty-seven cents. The other day he still had on hand sixteen thousand bushels. As

a side hobby he has grown thirty thousand hushels of oats, seven thousand bushels of barley and five hundred bushels of flax.

In his spare moments he attends to one hundred and four horses and a number of cattle, though since the railroad steel increased his land values, wheat-growing takes most time. Guillemin needs no longer to hire a threshing machine. This year he purchased one for two thousand one hundred dollars. This farmer financier figures that it has already paid for itself, leaving a balance of nine hundred dollars to be carried forward. His wheat has averaged twenty-three bushels to the acre, grading No. 1 and No. 2 Northern. In the past nine years he has harvested seven good crops, which says something for climate. His farm buildings are improved, ten thousand dollars having been invested by him in that

Energy, Canada and a few dollars can repeat the story. The effort is for the newcomer; all else is here. The wheat ears and the grasses sometimes tell a happier story than stocks and bonds.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

A Chinese proverb says that "Soldiers may not be needed for a hundred years, but cannot be dispensed with in a single day." North American philosophy and observation say the same thing about insurance.

The stumbling-block to a continuance and enhance ment of these good times may be a repetition of the reckless speculation which occurred more than two years ago. This assumed several forms, the chief sinner being real estate. Being one of the best investments in Canada, it is well to guard against trading on that virtue. An American geography book is reported to have described a prominent Western Canadian city as being bounded on the north by the North Pole, on the south by the boundary line, on the west by Saskatchewan, and on the east by Lake Superior. That description, said the anecdotist, seemed to be borne out by the sub-division advertisements recently appearing in the real estate columns. Therein is the chief pitfall for the investor-the unwise discounting of the future by the speculative optimist. City lots are not such until they are well within the civic boundary. Real estate is mentioned simply because its buying not long ago almost brought disaster. Being properly selected, a first class investment, fits friends will welcome warning.

King Leopold of Belgium, whose sudden death has recalled the rubber scandals of the Congo, frequently upset the calculations of the European powers. In 1885, an international bombshell in Europe was his announcement that sovereign power over the Congo Free State had been assumed by him. He was a great financier and a perfect autocrat. The day after the agreement had been signed, the monarch audaciously bargained with the Belgian government, by which, in return for a loan of five million dollars, Belgium acquired the right of assuming complete sovereignty in ten and a half years from the date of the agreement. The successor to the throne, as Prince Albert, ten years ago visited Canada incognito. He travelled from coast to coast. While Belgian immigration to this country is not large, several hundred millions of Belgian capital have been invested in Canada. The average wealth of Belgium is large, and there is a considerable surplus for investment. This fact, coupled with the desire for present and profitable trade relations between the two countries, will place the new king to the forefront of Canadian observation. He is said to be an earnest man, with the possibilities of a powerful ruler. There is scope for him.

PROMOTION IN CANADA. COMPANY

Figures of the Past Fiscal Year Beat All Previous Records With Two Exceptions-One Hundred and Twenty-one Millions Capitalization.

Company promotion in Canada is a growing art and natural consequence to the legitimate development of the country. During the year 1900, the authorized capital of new companies chartered by the Dominion was \$9,558,900. In 1906, this figure had grown to \$180,173,075, an increase in six years of \$170,611,175, or 1,773 per cent. That year it will be remembered was one of great business activity and pros-perity. During the last fiscal year the number of companies to whom charters were issued by the Dominion Government was 366, their total authorized capitalization being \$121,624. was 366, their total authorized capitalization being \$121,624,-875, an increase in nine years of \$112,05,975 or 1,172 per cent. These figures show a decrease from those of 1906 of \$58,550,200, or 32.5 per cent. The following table gives the record of the authorized cent of new computer for several years

capital of new companies for several years :-

Year.			₽
1000			9,558,900
1001			7,662,552
1002			51,182,850
1003			83,405,340
1904			80, 597, 752
1005			99,910,900
1006			180,173,075
1007			132,686,300
	(first three	months only)	13,200,000
Contraction of the second s	og (fiscal j	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	121,624,875
	and the second	-	
1. 1. 1. 1.	No. Antes		780,101,544

New Record For Past Year

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In addition to the above total, the capitalization of exist-ing companies was increased during the fiscal year by \$72,-293,000, more than double that of the largest previous year and within about \$11,000,000% of the entire additional capitali-zation of the old companies in the last nine years from 1900. The following is the record of the increased capital of

Year.	and the second sec	mes.				8
1000						. 3,351,000
1901						. 3,420,000
1902						
1903						. 5,854,520
1904						. 3,366,000
1905						. 9,685,000
1906						. 32,403,000
. 1907						. 19,091,900
1908	(first	three	mont	hs only)	. 865,000
1908-	09 (fi	scal ye	ear)			. 72,293,000
						51

155,384,420

Companies Which Increased Capital.

Aside from the undesirable feature of stock watering, which it is hoped does not represent a large proportion of the \$72,000,000, that sum probably indicates increased activity on the part of firms already established. The companies which increased their capital during the year were as follows:

The second s	Capital increased		Nature of Inc.	
*Company.	From	To	Shares,	Each
17	8	\$	No.	\$
Colonial Lumber	200	349	1,490	100
Ogilvie Flour Mills	3,250	4,500	12,500	100
W. E. Sandford Mfg		1,000	7,000	100
Crow's Nest Pass Coal	4,000	10,000	60,000	100
Champlain Realty	20	150	2,600	50
Canada West Coal	2,000	2,400	4,000	100
L. E. Waterman		100	900	100
Library Bureau		200	500	100
Boulter Waugh	350	500	1,500	100
Rocky Mountain Mng. & De	v 49	1,000	190,200	5
Electric Service		3,000	29,000	100
Canada Linseed Oil		500 .	3,200	100
Monterey Ry., Lt. & Power.	3,000	5,000	20,000	100
Port Arthur Elevator		500	4,000	100
Smith Marble & Construction		100	600	100
Canadian Logging Tool	15	40	500	50
John Millen	100	150	500	100
Park Patent Nailless Horse Sh		250	2,300	100
Dominion Chemical		149	490	100
Massey Harris		12,000	40,000	100
Calhoun Lumber	40	89	490	100
Mexico Tramways	8,000	20,000	120,000	100
Standard Fitting & Valve	100	200	1,000	100

Mexico Transportation	.1,000	40,000	390,000	100
Prescott Emery Wheel		35	100	100
Sincennes-McVaughton Line .	. 250	750	10,000	50
Star Iron		200	2,800	50
Electric Service	.Par v	from \$	share incre 50 to \$100	eased

Others Decreased Their Capital.

The following nine companies decreased their capital during the same period. D

	and the second		Decrease	a stock
	Capital d	ecrease	ed consis	ting of
*Company.	From	To		. Each
	\$	\$	No.	8
New Walrond Ranche Co.	486	208	5,041	41.31
Steamship Senlac Co	80	58	581	
William Farrell, Ltd	150.	100	2,000	50
Alberta Portland Cement Co.	1,000	500	5,000	100
Imperial Realty Co		800	8,000	100
Dowd Milling Co		250	25,000	10
Pillow & Hersey Mfg. Co	600	50	5,500	100
Vulcan Portland Cement Co.	2,500	500	20,000	100
Boulter Waugh & Co			500 pr	ef. and
	Contraction of the		1,00	o com.

*The figures are given in thousands. Subdivisions of Stock. Stock Subdivided. Name of Company. Imperial Tobacco Co. of 50,000 preferred shares 0 \$100 into 1,000,000 of \$5. Canada. 15,000 preferred shares into Penmans Limited. 300,000 of £1 os. 61/2d. or equivalent. 320,000 shares of \$25 into 1, 600,000 of \$5. 19,500 shares of \$100 into 400,000 of 1£ equal to Lake Superior Gold & Cop-\$4.85 Twelve companies changed their names. Here is a list of the new and old titles :-Name of Company, Changed to: The Russel-Chambers Co., Nepigon Construction Co., Ltd. Ltd. The St. Hyacinthe Distillery, St. Hyacinthe Distillery Co. Packing & Vinegar Co. Business Properties, Ltd. Cuba Properties, Ltd. L. E. Waterman Company, of Canada. E. Waterman, Company. Caguas Tramway Company. Consumers Cotton Company. The Caguas Electric Co. Shawinigan Company. Nadeau Realty Mining & Milling Co. Maplewood, Ltd. Dominion Light, Heat & Light, Heat Canadian 8 Power Co. Power Co. £ Joseph H. Clement Co. H: Clement Co. Mexican Transportation Co. Mexico Transportation C6.

Where the Head Offices Were Located.

Pallasico Hardware Co.

Rexford-Bishop, Ltd.

A list of the 366 companies to whom charters were granted during the past fiscal year is given in the latest report of the Secretary of State of Canada. It is interesting to note that the objects of the new companies in 90 instances were in connection with general merchandise. Contracting and engineering accounted for 78 charters, manufacturing 76, real estate 29, printing and publishing 18, lumber trade 18, min-

ing 17, grain, flour and elevators, 15. The distribution of head offices was confined largely to the Province of Quebec, no less than 229 companies making their headquarters within that provincial boundary. Ontario obtained 49 head offices, Manitoba 15, New Brunswick 6, Nova Scotia 2, Alberta 2, Saskatchewan 2, British Columbia 2, Yukon 1 2, Yukon 1.

If head offices help a city's commercial supremacy, Montreal gained a point during the year, as 185 companies decided to make their headquarters in that city, only 20 being located at Toronto. Winnipeg obtained 15, Ottawa 14, Quebec City 10, and Vancouver 2.

Mr. Percy S. Howard has been appointed an official 0 auditor for the Province of Saskatchewan, 0

The Mounted Police are trying to trace the origin of 0 counterfeit silver coins, 25c. and 50c. in circulation around Milestone, Sask. These are well done on one side but the 0 other side is blurred and flattened. Further north, towards 0 Moose Jaw, there are other coins of various denominations. 0 very lead-like, and a poor imitation



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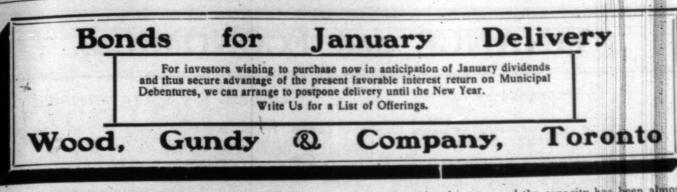
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shares.

of

Manufacturing

Raymond Hardware, Ltd. Bishop Construction Co.



THE MONETARY TIMES

CHRISTMAS TRADE IN THE WEST.

December Turnover Best for Years-Dollar Wheat Makes Country Prosperous-Prices May Go Higher.

Monetary Times Office, Winnipeg, December 21st.

The holiday trade in the West is reported to be the best Several merchants stated that the December turnfor years. over would total 50 per cent. greater than last year. Retail-ers also state that people are doing their Christmas buying earlier than before, and that they are buying a better class of goods. With wheat at the present time over \$1 a bushel bushel of goods. With wheat at the present time over \$1 a bushel the West has enjoyed a most prosperous year, and the out-look for the future could not hold out better prospects. Prices of all grains will, before spring, go considerably higher than they are now; but even if present prices con-tinue business will be good. It is stated that the tide of immigration into Western Canada in the coming spring will be the greatest in the history of the country. At present the be the greatest in the history of the country. At present the question of holding a "Why not go to Canada" Exhibition in Chicago to offset the "Why go to Canada" sentiment is being discussed in the West. Many of the Boards of Trade are considering the matter.

Grain Growers' Convention.

The Manitoba Grain Growers Association met in con-vention in Brandon, Man., last week and discussed many im-portant subjects relating to agricultural interests of the country. The main issue, however, was the question of Gov-ernment owned elevators, and the local government sprung somewhat of a surprise on the convention when the Hon. G. R. Coldwell, a member of the Legislature, made the fol-lowing announcement: "The government accepts the principal laid down by the Grain Growers' Association of establishing laid down by the Grain Growers' Association of establishing a line of internal grain elevators as a public utility, owned and operated by the public, and is prepared to co-operate with your society in working out a plan to that end." He asked them to send a representative committee to discuss the matter in all its datails with the covernment so that measure matter in all its details with the government, so that measures may be prepared for submission to the Legislature. The Manitoba Grain Growers have been talking of government elevators for a long time, and naturally regard this announcement as the greatest achievement of the Grain Growers' Organization.

The convention decided before the close of the convention to abandon this proposal and ask the Grain Growers Grain Company to extend its operations to handle this line of business.

Statistics of Elevator Capacity. Mr. C. C. Castle, Warehouse Commissioner at Winnipeg, has issued his report showing the interior, terminal and eastern transfer elevator capacity; and in view of the dis-cussion which is now taking place between the Grain Growers' Association and the Provincial Governments, with reference to Government ownership of elevators, the report is particularly interesting. The increase for twelve months not only indicates the advance of the cereals grown but the enor-mous investment of capital necessary to take proper care of the same. Taking up the report by provinces, beginning with mous investment of capital necessary to take proper care of the same. Taking up the report by provinces, beginning with Manitoba, there are now 312 stations at which elevators have been erected. This makes five points covered with an addi-tion of seven elevators for the year, bringing the elevator capacity in Manitoba to 21,624,500 bushels, or an increase for the year of 772,000 bushels. This gain is small, but when it is the year of 772,000 bushels. This gain is small, but when it is vators and that there was no startling increase in acreage in the province it is not so surprising. the province it is not so surprising.

In Saskatchewan conditions are different. During the year 76 stations have been added to the list, giving in all 330 points at which elevators have been erected. The number of new shift of the statement of the new elevators for the year is 210, while the storage capacity has been increased from 17,024,500 to 24,270,000 bushels, or a gain of 6,354,500 bushels. The increase in capacity in Alberta

Alberta is even more striking. There are now in Alberta 121 points where elevators have been erected, against 65 last year. There are 228 elevators, month-

a gain of 119 for the year, and the capacity has been almost doubled being now 8,050,400 bushels, as against 4,094,400 last year. These figures show that in the provinces well of Winnipeg there are now 769 stations where elevator storage has been erected, that 1,763 elevators are in active operation and that there is a storage campity of 54,224,000 bushels or has been erected, that 1,763 elevators are in active operation and that there is a storage capacity of 54,234,000 bushels or an increase for the year of 11,197,500 bushels. At the present contract price for the erection of elevators and assum-ing that all of the elevators built this year are the ordinary line houses, the increase in storage capacity represents an investment of \$3,023,325, or 27 cents for every bushel of capacity.

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PROSPECTS OF ZINC MINING IN BRITISH COLUMBIA

(From Our Own Correspondent.) Vancouver, December 20

Prominent mining operators in the West agree that the outlook for the industry in British Columbia is bright and that activity is impending. Some declare that within a few months, mining investments will almost have the exclusive call on Eastern money with gold properties in first demand, and lead producers a close second. Those familiar demand, and lead producers a close second. Those familiar with the northern portion of British Columbia, through which the Grand Trunk Pacific will run, are of the opinion that that section will attract attention. Fine properties have been located in the Bulkley Valley and in the Babine range of mountains. Mr. James Cronin, of Spokane, who has oper-ated extensively in British Columbia, has an excellent prop-erty there, in which Toronto capitalists are interested. Mr., Charles F. Law, a mining engineer of Vancouver, is the representative on the coast of another syndicate holding claims in the same locality. claims in the same locality.

In the Kootenay and Slocan, conditions are satisfactory, e being a marked improvement. One of the latest trans-In the Kootenay and Slocan, conditions are satisfactory, there being a marked improvement. One of the latest trans-actions was the purchase of the Big Ledge zinc mine on the Arrow Lakes by New York people. Extensive development. will take place there. The zinc mine owners of British Columbia held a convention at Nelson recently and passed a resolution asking the Federal Government to take cognizance of conditions, and give the little assistance required to make resolution asking the Federal Government to take cognizance of conditions, and give the little assistance required to make zinc mining an active and profitable industry. During 1009, 11,000 tons of zinc ores, carrying 50 per cent. zinc, were shipped from Kootenay points to the United States for treat-ment in smelters there. That amount does not represent the core mined. In this connection it must be remembered that shipped from Kootenay points to the United States for treat-ment in smelters there. That amount does not represent the ore mined. In this connection it must be remembered that the United States tariff imposes a duty of one cent per pound on ores carrying over 25 per cent, zinc, and that railway rates are also high. Not only is the ore shipped out of the country but Canada imports zinc products worth \$750,000. Conse-quently, it is reasonably suggested that the Government conduct experimental work upon such a scale as will deter-mine definitely the practicability of the economical treatment of zinc ores by electro-thermal or electro-chemical process. The Canada Metal Company erected a zinc stutiler at Frank, Alta., but this has been declared a commercial failure, and the plant established at Nelson, B.C., by the Canada Zinc Company, to treat zinc ores by an electrical process, has only been in operation for about a year. The convention ap-pointed a committee, consisting of Messrs. John Keen, of Kaslo; S. S. Fowler, of Ainsworth; J. Greenstreet, of Nel-son; G. W. Loper, of Burton, and E. K. Beeston, of Nelson, to carry out the decisions of the convention.

The capital stock of the Mexican Northern Power Com-pany, Limited, has been increased from \$10,000,000 to \$15,-

The number of directors of C. W. Lindsay, Lincited, of 000,000. Montreal, has been increased from 3 to 5, and the capital

stock from \$400,000 to \$1,000,000. The transactions in the real estate department of the National Finance Company, Limited, Vancouver, for the month of November, amounted to over \$410,000. The re-turns of the stock and bond department were also above the average, several important sales being closed during the month

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FINANCE and ECONOMICS

EXCHANCE RATES.

New York Funds	1/16-1/32	dis
Sterling-60 Days' Sight	8 31/32-9	
" Demand	9 11/10	
Cable Transfers	9 13/16	E
Rates in New York		1
Sterling-60 Days' Sight	4.84-00	1
" Demand	4.87-70	12
Call Money in Toronto	41/2-5	
Call Money in New York		
Bank of England Rate	4%	
Open Market Discount Rate in London for		
Short Bills	31/2	
ter a la construction de la constru		

Mr. Wm. McBain a well known Regina business man, called at the Monetary Times head office this week as also Mr. R. H. Patchin, the Ottawa representative of the New York Herald.

Bond Investments

Bonds are recognized as the safest and most satisfactory form of invest-

The Royal Securities Corporation Limited, offers to large or small in-vestors bonds yielding a return up to six per cent. In every case the security is ample.

We investigate every new issue which we offer, and the results of our investigations are at your service. Whether or not you wish to invest. the information is at your disposal. Inquiries are welcome.

We shall be glad to place at your service. either by mail or through our representatives, complete infor-mation concerning any bond which we offer, or concerning any security in which you are interested.

Royal Securities Corporation Limited

164 St. James St., Montreal 81 St. Peter St., Quebec 164 Hollis St., Halifax Royal Bank Bldg., Toronto

CHEQUES FOR EIGHT MILLIONS

Change Hands-Historical Group of Financiers Meet at Montreal to .Take Further Steps in Steel-Coal Merger.

Monetary Times Office,

Montreal, December 23.

Montreal, December 23. The cheque for \$5,000,000, a cut of which appears here, is one of the largest, and consequently most interesting, ever drawn in Canada. It practically puts a seal upon the union of the Dominion Iron and Steel and the Dominion Coal companies. Drawn by the National Trust Company, upon the Canadian Bank of Commerce, it is signed by Messrs. A. G. Ross and Percival Molson. These signatures were attached in the National Trust Company's office and the signatories then took the valuable document to the Royal Trust Company's office. There the final acts in the transfer of the controlling interest in the Dominion Coal Company, to the Dominion Iron and Steel Company took place.

Of the Central Figures

Mr. James Ross, past president of the Coal Company,

Mr. James Ross, past president of the Coal Company, was perhaps the most attractive figure at the meeting, es-pecially because, after many years' service with the Coal Company as its chief official, and after piloting the company through many difficulties, he was to part company with it in his former capacity and resign his position to another. Then he was to be the recipient too, of a cheque for the sum of \$5,000,000. Though no longer president of the Coal Com-pany, he is still one of the largest holders of Iron stock and retains interest in the Coal Company. Perhaps the man who is about to succeed Mr. Ross, as president of the Coal Company, divided with him the honors of attention. This was Mr. J. H. Plummer, president of the Dominion Iron and Steel Company, who, by an adroit move, had turned the flank of the Coal Company's strategists when they had almost put the match to their beacon fires of vic-tory. Any differences which may have existed between the two men had evidently passed away. Mr. Plummer was at the meeting in his capacity as president of the Dominion Iron and Steel Company which was purchasing through the syndicate, the 50,000 shares of Coal stock from Mr. Ross. Mr. Ross.

Of hardly less interest was Mr. E. R. Wood the merger-wizard of Toronto. He was the official head of the syndicate, the hardest worker and probably the most pursuasive in-fluence in bringing about the amalgamation between the two companies, the consummation of which is at hand. He had steered the merger-ship through the breakers and into port.

May Have Felt a Little Apprehension

Senator Forget, who had remained steadfast to Mr. Plummer when things looked bad for the Steel Company, was there too, doubtless was well pleased at the outcome of negotiations. There were also the supporters of the prin-cipal figures: Mr. A. J. Brown, K.C., for Mr. Plummer, and Mr. McLean, K.C., for Mt. James Ross, Mr. A. G. Ross, manager, in Montreal, of the National Trust Company, and Mr. H. Robertson, occupying the same position in the Royal Trust Company. This was a meeting in the sense that the various inter-

This was a meeting in the sense that the various interests attended at a certain hour and' at an appointed place to exchange documents, effect a clearing and strike a balance. Everything had been arranged beforehand, yet, considering the strange things that have happened heretofore, Mr. E. R. Wood must have felt a little apprehensive that something might occur at the bet moment to irreck his work of the past wood must have felt a little apprehensive that something might occur at the last moment to wreck his work of the past few months. It was relief to all when the cheque had been handed over to the Ross interests and accepted, and the cer-tificates for the 50,000 shares of the Ross stock had passed to the Dominion Iron & Steel Co. and had been accepted. There was also the issuing to the Steel Company of a cheque for \$3,500,000 by James Ross and the hypothicating by the for \$3,500,000 by James Ross and the hypothicating by the Steel Company of bonds to the value of the amount which would thus be owing Mr. Ross on the stock purchased from him. This payment will be spread over a term of months, as previously reported. This completed the clearing house transactions and the control of the Coal Company had been assured to the Steel Company.

Appointments and Resignations

The same day, Mr. James Ross, in a letter addressed to the secretary of the Dominion Coal Company, resigned his office, as president of the company, and Mr. J. H. Plummer was elected to succeed him, thus becoming president of each

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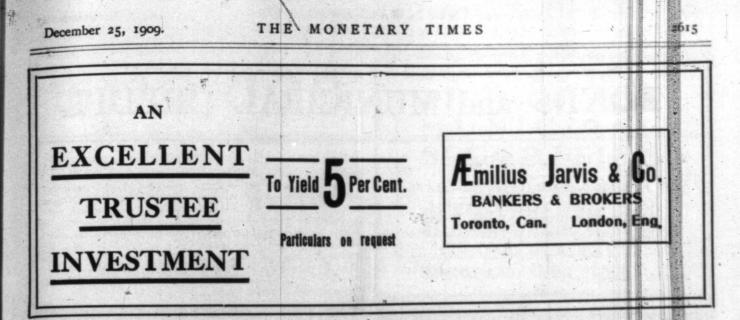
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of the merging companies. The resignations of Messrs. R. B. Angus and Mr. Graham Fraser also took place, Honorable L. J. Forget and Sir Henry Pellatt being elected to fill the vacancies thus created.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF SCOTLAND.

The net profits of the Commercial Bank of Scotland for year ended 1st November, 1909, amounted to £232,859, added to which is a balance of £40,212 from last year, making a total of £273,072. Of this amount £200,000 was paid out in dividends, £25,000 was credited to depreciation account and £7,500 applied in reduction of the cost of the Bank premises. This leaves a balance of £40,572 which was carried forward to next year's account. The total subscribed capital of this bank amounts to £5,000,000 of which £1,000,000 is paid up. The amount at credit of reserve account is £900,000 while the notes in circulation represent a value-of £1,026,774. Total deposits amount to almost fourteen and a half million pounds sterling. Altogether, the total liabilities amount to £18,305,579. The total assets are £18,346,151 of which over £3,000,000 is in London, England, at call and short notice, and £3,686,806 is out as advances on accounts. Indian and Colonial Government securities. Bank of England stock, debenture stocks and other securities account for £2,505,172 of the assets, while short loans on securities are responsible for another £3,233,403. The total specie of the bank amounts to £1,012,572. The amount invested in British Government securities is £1,112,501. The assets also include an item of £2,801,675 for bills discounted. From the above it will be seen that the bank has had a successful year and the report should be well received by the shareholders at their meeting. The Monetary Times has omitted shillings and pence from the various amounts quoted.

THE UNION BANK OF CANADA

That the Union Bank of Canada has had a successful year is gathered from their recently published statement. The paid-up capital amounts to \$3,202,670, while the reserve account is \$1,900,000. On looking over the profit and assistant manager.

loss account it is found that the total amount available for distribution was \$462,803. This is made up of \$55,262 balance from last year, and \$407,541 profits for the year just ended; \$224,126 of this total has been paid out in dividends, \$100,000 transferred to reserve account, \$100,000 written off bank premises account, \$10,000 contributed to pension fund and a balance of \$28,676 carried forward to next year. The total liabilities amount to \$42,487,804 and the assets to \$42,-\$16,480. Of the liabilities, deposits account for \$34,222,820, \$10,875,235 of these bear interest, while the other \$23,347,564 is deposited without interest. About \$100,000 is due to other banks, thus making a total amount due to the public, \$37,-210,185. Call and short loans represent \$4,282,083 of the assets, while other loans amount to \$26,167,159. The amount deposited with the Dominion Government to accure the note circulation is \$150,000, the said note circulation represents a face value of \$2,883;772. The assets include an item of \$4,387,266 for Dominion Government to accure the note soft and silver coin, thus making a total of \$4,060,413. \$1,339,084 is the amount invested in government, municipal, railway and other debentures and stocks, while notes of and cheques on other banks amount to \$2, 458,022. The statement reflects the prospects of the company and also careful and progressive management. The annual meeting of the Bank was held last week, when the Honorable John Sharples, president, states that

The annual meeting of the Bank was held last week, when the Honorable John Sharples, president, stated that during the past year mineteen new branches or agencies had been opened, in the following provinces:—Saskatchewan, to; Alberta, 7; Manitoba, 2; while a branch will shortly be opened in Cobalt. Ontario, suitable premises having been obtained. During the year the sub-agency at Jaspar, Ontario, was closed. The following gentlemen were elected as directors for the coming year:—Honorable John Sharples, president; Mr. Wm. Price, M.P., vice-president; and Messrs. E. J. Hale, Wm. Shaw, Mortimer B. Davis, Geo. H. Thompson, R. T. Riley, F. E. Kenaston, John Galt, and E. L. Drewry.

The National Finance Company, Limited, of Vancouver, B.C., recently established a branch office in Calgary, Alta. Mr. Crandell will act as manager and Dr. R. B. O'Sullivan as assistant manager.

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account is \$1,900,000.	5.000.000000	TRUST C	OMPANE	it it it
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THE MONETARY TIMES

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BONDS and MUNICIPAL CREDIT

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WILL DEFAULT INTEREST

On First Mortgage Bonds of Quebec and Lake St. John Railway-Company to be Reorganized.

That the Quebec and Lake St. John Railway Company will default on the payment of its first mortgage bonds on January 1st, 1910, and that the company will then be re-or-January 1st, 1910, and that the company will then be re-or-ganized is the information learned on the best authority by the Monetary Times.

There is much speculation in London as to why the There is much speculation in London as to why the bonds of this company have severely and persistently de-clined. According to the latest mail advices from London, the price of the first mortgage bonds has dropped to 64. They have been as high as 90% this year. The income bonds which have touched 24% are quoted below 14. The highest price for the prior lien bonds this year has been 95% and apparently in sympathy, these securities too have lost more than 10 points

Yearly and October Traffic Returns

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The traffic returns for October show gross receipts of \$53,000, or a decrease of \$11,900, making the aggregate gross receipts for the ten months to date \$497,700, or a de-crease of \$32,600. These decreases, taken in conjunction with the position shown in the report, have given rise to misgivings. Gross earnings for 1908 amounted to \$606,300, or a decrease of \$56,900, and net earnings were only \$78,900, a decrease of \$56,900, or 11.28 per cent. over those for 1002 or a decrease of \$50,900, and net earnings were only \$70,900, a decrease of \$84,500, or 51.78 per cent., over those for 1907. These net earnings, the report shows, did not cover the in-terest on the Prior Lien bonds, whose annual charge is \$97,300, quite apart from the interest on the First Mortgage bonds, which requires \$106,100. Allowing for the payment of the interest on the Prior Lien and First Mortgage bonds and other charges, apart from the Income bonds, there was a debit balance on the year of \$148,700. The interest on the Prior Lien and First Mortgage bonds was paid apparently by means of loans, there being an item in the balance-sheet of \$567,800 for advances on capital account re La Tuque and Gosford branches, and advances to meet interest charges and other pressing debts.

Expectations Were Not Realized

The directors state that a considerable portion of the loss on working expenses was incurred in connection with the La Tuque branch, which was undertaken on the assump-tion that its cost would be somewhat more than half of what proved to be the case, and in the expectation that the near approach of the completion of the Quebec Bridge would soon secure to the Company a large freight business from the paper, and pulp mills that were to be constructed at La Tuque. But the collapse of the bridge, which postponed for several years the advantageous rates, in expectation of which the construction of the branch was undertaken, together with the depression in pulp and lumber industries, retarded the development of this property, and there is apparently no immediate prospect of extensive works at the La Tuque Falls being undertaken. Meanwhile, the directors continue, the outlay on maintenance and unremunerative service must the La Tuque branch, which was undertaken on the assumpthe outlay on maintenance and unremunerative service must be continued.

Will Mean Reorganization

Freight rates were raised in 1908. Had this not been done, the receipts from that traffic, sav the directors, would only have been \$269,600, or \$79,200 less than thev really were. For 1907 the net earnings were short of the amount required to pay all interest and charges other than that on income bonds by \$40,100, but in 1906 they were \$4,300 in

excess. The reasons accepted in London for the decline in the company's securities are the poor traffic returns and the unsätisfactory state of affairs shown in the last report. But the real reason the Monetary Times learns on the best authority is that the company will default on the payment and interest on its first mortgage bonds on January 1st. The interest on the prior lien bonds will be paid. A meeting of the shareholders and various owners will then be called to consider the re-organization of the company. The Railway Share and Trust Company represent the Quebec & Lake St. John road in London.

History of the Road

The road which is controlled by stock ownership, was incorporated in opened in 1871. Chicoutimi, Que, a distance of 227 miles. The total mileage

is 286.5 miles with 39 miles of sidings. The equipment con-sists of 23 locomotives, 30 passenger cars, 745 freight and other cars and 28 service cars. A majority of the stock is owned by the same interests which control the Canadian Northern Quebec Railway Company. The bonded debt is made up of £500,000 prior lien 4s., dated April 1st, 1901, a first lien on the property of the company; £442,400 first 55. due December 31st, 1924. (The interest on these bonds was at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum until July 1st, 1905), £640,000 non-cumulative income 6s.

The reorganization will probably put the road in better financial and physical shape.

DEBENTURES OFFERING.

Jonquieres, Chicoutimi County, Que.—\$12,000 5 per cent. 40-year waterworks extension debentures. Halton County, Ont.—Until January 5th for \$16,000 4 per cent. 10-year debentures. M. C. Smith, Burlington, Ont. Camrose, Alta.—Until January 1st, for \$6,000 6 per cent. 20-year debentures. O. B. Olson, secretary-treasurer. (Of-

ficial advertisement appears on another page.) Pelee Township, Ont.—Until January 22nd for \$1,681 5 per cent. 20-year debentures. William Stewart, Township clerk, Pelee Island. (Official advertisement appears on another page.)

Fort Saskatchewan, Alta.-Until December 27th, for \$6,000 6 per cent. 20-year electric light debentures, being the first part of an authorized issue of \$12,000. Thos. J. Stacey, secretary-treasurer. (Official advertisement appears Stacey, on another page.)

BOND NOTES.

The finances of the City of Hull, Que., are shown to be in good shape. There will be a balance of about \$11,000 at the end of year.

From Messrs. H. O'Hara & Company comes an attractive

From Messrs. H. O'Hara & Company comes an attractive list of Government, municipal and corporation bond offerings. The following are the latest cabled prices of Canadian securities in London:—Province of British Columbia bonds, from 105 to 107; Dominion of Canada bonds, 1909-34, from 99 to 100; Province of British Columbia, 1941, from 85 to 87; Dominion of Canada, 1910, from 99 ½ to 101; Dominion of Canada, registered, 1909-34, 90 to 100; Dominion of Canada loan, £4,000,000, 1910-35, 100 to 101; Dominion of Canada, registered, 1938, from 91 to 92; Dominion of Canada, C.P.R. Land, 1938, from 90 to 101; Newfoundland, inscribed, 1935, from 104 to 106; Newfoundland, consolidated, inscribed, 1936, from 103 to 105; Newfoundland, inscribed, 1945, from 97 to 98; province of Ontario, registered, 1946, from 94 to 95-A complete list will be found on another page.

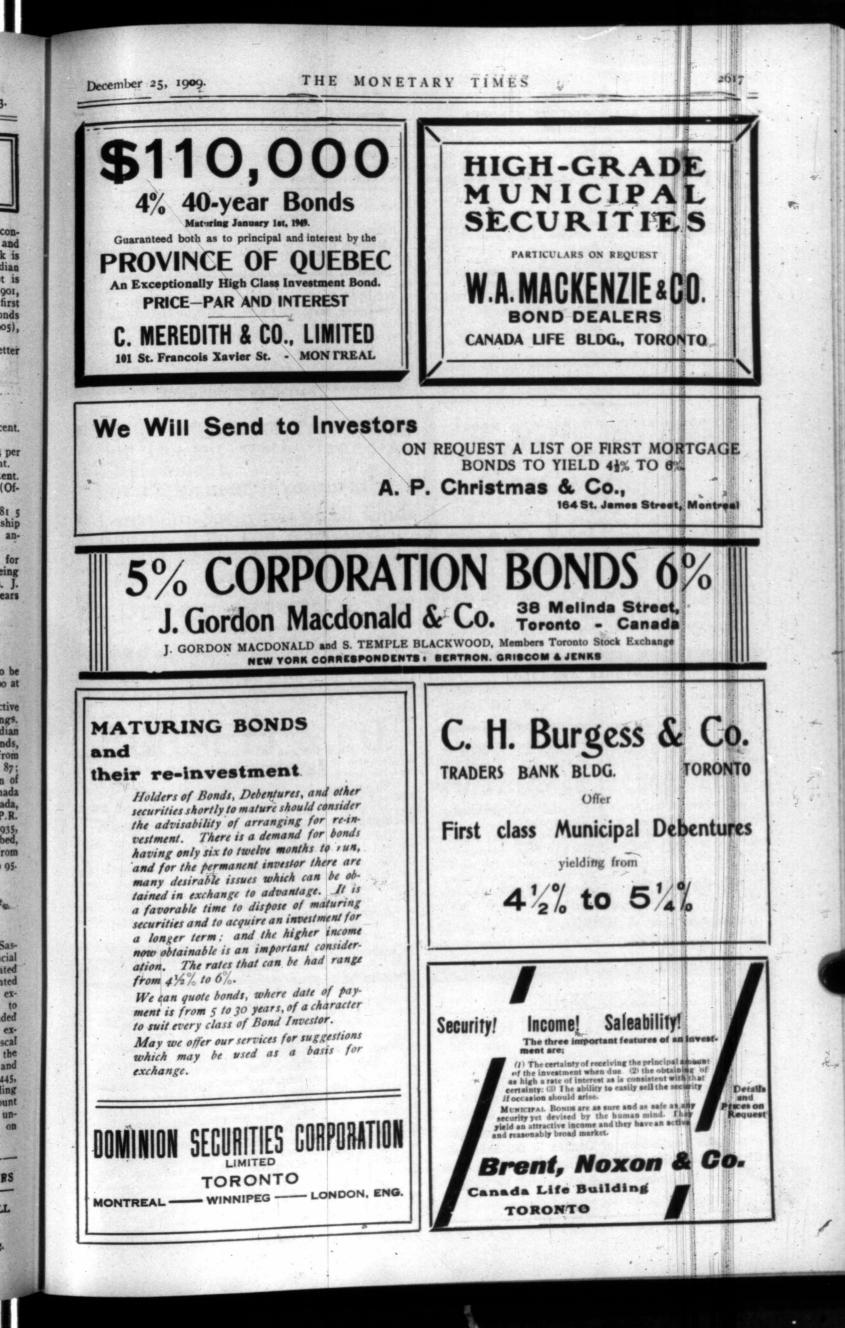
SASKATCHEWAN BUDGET STATEMENT.

The Honorable A. J. Calder, provincial treasurer of Saskatchewan, recently gave a lucid statement of the financial standing of that province. The total actual and estimated present year on current account amounted revenues for the to \$2,355,679, while the amount voted by the House for ex-penditure totalled \$2,271,621. The actual expenditure to November 1st, 1909, amounted to \$1,326,000, the unexpended balance of the main estimates being \$800,000. It is expected to carry forward about \$110,000 to the next fiscal period, ending February 1911. A brief summary of the statement shows the estimated revenue to be \$2,454,600 and the estimated expections. the estimated expenditure for general purposes \$2,442,445, thus leaving an estimated surplus of \$12.144 for year ending February, 1910. The balance to the credit of capital account on November, 1909, after accounting for all expenditure un-der this heading was \$45,002. The total expenditure on this account for the past four years was \$3,678,578.

CONSULTING ENGINEERS CONSULTING ENGINEERS

BARBER & YOUNG 57 Adelaide St., East, Toronto GAGNE & JENNINGS, Lawlor Building, Toronto

EDWARD B. MERRILL Lawlor Building, Toronto T. AIRD MURRAY 612 Continental Life Bldg. Toronto



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YORKTON AGAIN REJECTS TENDERS.

Yorkton, Sask., has again refused to accept bids received Yorkton, Sask., has again refused to accept bids received for its debentures. This is the third or fourth occasion on which this municipality has considered the prices offered were not sufficiently high. The present issue is one of \$40,000 5 per cent. high school debentures. About a dozen tenders were received, all being rejected. The City Council have decided to make no particulars public. In August the council advertised \$20,000 worth of bonds and received the following offers: \$19,800; \$19,760; \$19,720; \$19,657; \$19,529; \$19,466; \$19,451; \$19,251; \$19,025. Four of these ten bids were from Western firms and six from Eastern houses. None of these were considered sufficiently high. As the city had another block of bonds for disposal, it was deemed advisable to offer the two lots together. In response to this offering of \$70,000, the following tenders were subdeemed advisable to offer the two lots together. In response to this offering of \$70,000, the following tenders were sub-mitted: \$70,357; \$70,000; \$69,041; \$69,270; \$69,370; \$68,656; \$68,407; \$68,110; \$68,055; \$67,907; \$67,829. The highest bid was made under a misapprehension as to the class of bonds and was later withdrawn. The Bank of British North America at Yorkton tendered par and the issue was awarded to the bank. It is doubtful whether Yorkton will benefit by witholding its issue of \$40,000.

SCHOOL DISTRICTS BORROWING MONEY.

The particulars given are in order, name, number of school district, amount required, and correspondent :--

Alberta.

Alberta. Big Valley, No. 2008, \$1,500. J. Hanna, Ewing. Lakefield, No. 2038, \$2,000. J. Butter, Daysland. Watson, No. 2035, \$1,200. J. Fortune, Hindville. Gopherhead, No. 2031, \$1,200. H. F. Gopherhead. Lone Rock, No. 1993, \$1,500. D. Wilson, Ewelme. Bluxburck, No. 1997, \$1,600. A. W. Hatt, Holding. Keephills. No. 2037, \$800. E. Tattersall, Keephills. Ganton, No. 2058, \$1,200. C. W. Lewis, Hindville. Kulak, No. 2045, \$1,600. J. C. Warner, Stony Plain. Cyr, No. 2018, \$800. E. G. Ambrose, Pincher Creek. Milk River, No. 2024, \$1,500. W. G. Cooper, Masinasin. First Chance, No. 2043, \$2,000. E. G. Haley, Kinnon-e.

dale.

DEBENTURES AWARDED.

Lacombe, Alta.-\$25,000 5 per cent. 20-year debentures to the Union Bank.

Miniota, Man.—\$12,000 4 per of to Messrs. Nay and James, Regina. -\$12,000 4 per cent. 20-year debentures,

Picton, N.S. -\$9,000 4½ per cent. 10-year paving de-bentures to Messrs. F. B. McCurdy & Co.

Keephills S.D., Alta.- \$800 5¼ 10-year school debentures, to Messrs H. O'Hara & Company, Toronto.

Claresholm S.D., Alta.--\$7,000 5 per cent. 30-instalment debentures, to Messrs. Nay and James, Regina.

Russia S.D., Alta .- \$1,000 6 per cent. ro-year school debentures, to Messrs. H. O'Hara & Company, Toronto.

No tender was accepted for the \$350,000 4½ per cent. Richmond, B.C., debentures. Six firms had sent in offers.

Halbrite, Sask.—\$3,000 5 per cent. 15-year permanent improvement debentures, to Messrs. Brent, Noxon & Com-pany, Teronto.

Georgetown, Ont.—\$3,150 5 per cent. 20 instalment local improvement debentures, to Messrs. Brent, Noxon & Com-Toronto. pany,

New Westminster, B.C.—\$400,000, 5 per cent. 50-year waterworks, etc., debentures, to Messrs. G. A. Stimson & Company, Toronto.

Indications point to an unusually heavy demand for the forthcoming Statistical Review and Outlook Number of the Monetary Times.

Private individuals and financial institutions of all kinds, investment brokers and others desirous of placing reliable information as to the financial and commercial possibilities of Canada in the hands of friends and clients in Europe and the U.S.A., will please send in orders now as edition will be limited. Newmarket, Ont.-\$20,000 5 per cent., 20 instalment, permanent improvement debentures, to Messrs. Brent Noxon & Company, Toronto.

Pipestone, Man.—\$25,000 4 per cent. 20-year Manitoba government guarantee debentures, to the Dominion Securi-ties Corporation, Limited, Toronto.

COMING BOND ISSUES.

Meaford, Ont.—The ratepayers will vote on a \$30,000 new public school by-law.

Arnprior, Ont.—The rate-payers will vote on a \$7,117 local improvement by-law, and a by-law for the construction of granolithic walks, macadam roadway and sewers.

Winnipeg, Man .- Of the three by-laws recently submitted to the ratepayers the \$50,000 art gallery was defeated. The \$150,000 for underground conduits, etc., and the \$50,000 for municipal baths, were carried.

RAILROAD EARNINGS

The following are the latest earnings of the different railroads :

C. P. R., 14\$	1908. 1,523,000	1909. \$1,746,000	Increase. \$223,000
G. T. R., 14	731,257	779,135	47,878
C. N. R., 21	225,100	253,700	28,600
Toronto St., 18	70,271	77,795	7,524
Montréal St., 18	67,479	73,989	6,510

BUSINESS PROSPECTS YEAR-BOOK.

All business men should have a copy of the book issued by the Business Statistics Publishing Company, Limited, on the business prospects of 1910. This book contains valuable information on the probabilities of the market for valuable information on the probabilities of the market for all kinds of metal, maritime business stock exchange, the railroads of England and America, cotton, and farm products. The volume contains 260 pages of interesting and readable matter and is printed both in English and French. The title of the book is "Business Prospects Year-Book, 1910," and is published at 12 James Street, Cardiff, Wales, by the above mentioned firm. Messrs. Joseph Davies and C. P. Hailey are the editors. The price is reasonable for such a valuable publication. publication.

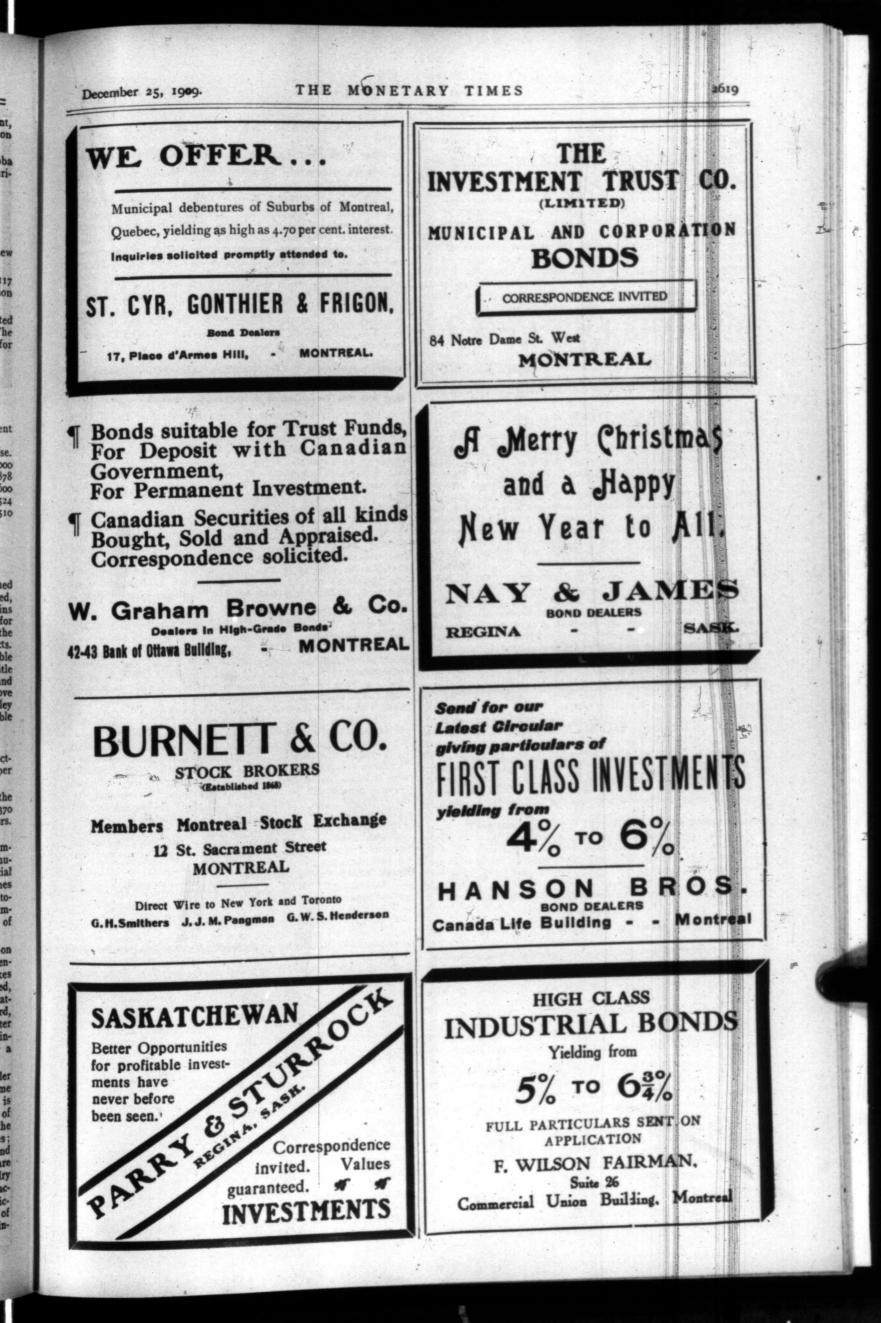
The London office of the Bank of Montreal are conduct-ing the sale of \$1,500,000 worth of Calgary, Alta., 4% per cent. 20 and 30-year debentures.

Eleven bids were made by Toronto bond firms for the Midland, Ont., \$12,000 20-year permanent walks and \$2,370 30-year sewer debentures. As previously noted, Messrs. Wood, Gundy & Company, were awarded this issue

The second annual statistical review and outlook nun ber of the Monetary Times, which will be published on Janu ary 8th, will be the most complete financial and commercial history of the year. It is the intention of the Monetary Times to continue this publication every year. These, bound to-gether, wi'l make an almost invaluable record. Back numbers cannot be obtained, as only one edition is printed of these special issues.

The Grand Trunk Company are to be congratulated on the production of an illustrated and instructive booklet en-titled "Training Modern Mechanics." The publication takes the form of a 32 pp. octavo booklet, profusely illustrated, printed on a heavy coated book paper of a rich tone. An attractive embossed nut brown cover, tied with a red silk cord, gives the book a finished appearance. The reading mater is interesting, as one can follow the young mechanic's train-ing from the day he signs his agreement until receiving a certificate of completion of certificate of completion of apprenticeship.

Camrose, Alta., has issued a neat little pamphlet under the title, "The town that was born lucky," containing valuable information as to the resources of that town. containing so It is printed in a first-class manner in three colors, by the Press of the Camrose Canadian. The town which is tapped by the C.P.R., G.T.R., and C.N.R.; has three banks; six churches; public school; Scandinavian college, the only one of its kind in Alberta; and a public and private hospital. There are openings for cereal mills; boot and shoe factories; foundry and machine shops; sugar beet factory; flax mill; twine fac-tory; box factory; starm leundry; chease factory and bric tory; box factory; steam laundry; cheese factory and bric-quette plant. Mr. Frank Pike, secretary of the Board of Trade, will be pleased to give any information to those in-terested. terested.



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IN THE WHEAT MARKETS.

Strong Bull Markets-United States and Canadian Exports-World's Shipments Behind.

Monetary Times Office, Winnipeg, December 21.

Strong bull markets have been the order of the week just closed and material strength has been added to the market for wheat and coarse grains. The reports of frost damage in the Argentine, together with the partial strike in the American North-West started the bullish sentiment. This was followed by a reduction in the estimated exportable surwas followed by a reduction in the estimated plus of the Argentine from 105,000,000 to 74,000,000 bushels. Congestion in December has become acute. This also helped to force prices to a new high level. The short in-terest in that future is a heavy one, and while the World's situation is bearish there will be practically no new source of actual supply until after the end of the present month, when the movement of Argentine wheat is expected to be fairly liberal.

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Statistical Situation. In addition to this the general statistical situation of wheat over the world is helping to strengthen values. Ex-ports from the United States and Canada from July 1st to date are 20,000,000 bushels less than at same period last year, while visible supplies in the two countries aggregate 17,000,000 bushels less. It is also suggested that farmers are not holding, so much wheat on their hands as has been are not holding, so much wheat on their hands as has been figured on, one reason being that a much larger quantity than usual has been made into flour by country mills. Al-though the general advance of last week was much more marked in the United States markets than in ours, it must be remembered that our Winnipeg market, while influenced by the course of the United States markets, must in the long run be governed by the price our wheat will sell for export to Europe, while the United States wheat is largely governed by domestic conditions. Winnipeg May wheat, although 8 to to cents under the corresponding grade at Duluth and Minne-apolis is probably the cheapest wheat in the world, consider-ing its quality. World's shipments, though still in excess of last year, have fallen sharply behind those of the previous ing its quality. World's shipments, though still in excess of last year, have fallen sharply behind those of the previous week, and stocks of wheat in the leading centres outside Canada are considerably below those of the corresponding date of last year.

Market in Healthy Condition. The Canadian Visible is about 10 million bushels as against 3¾ millions last year. The Canadian stocks are largely made up of Manitoba wheat hurried across the lakes just before the close of navigation, and now in store at Eastern lake ports awaiting further transportation to seaboard on ern lake ports awaiting further transportation to seaboard on its way to Europe. The quantity of wheat shipped eastward from Fort William and Port Arthur by water, from the 1st of September to the 30th of November was 42,886,356 bushels against 35,952,510 bushels same period last year. The move-ment from the country to Winnipeg continues moderate, owing to unfavorable weather, but our market is in a healthy condition condition.

Prices Will Decline.

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Prices Will Decline. Cash trade remains good, and a large business is doing in the May future. Everything indicates that from now to the end of the month bulls will have matters in their hands, but with the December trades closed, and crop prospects favorable, prices will probably decline from the high level they may reach during the campaign of the present month.

COAL MINING IN SASKATCHEWAN.

The output of bituminous and lignite coal in Saskatche-wan from March 1, 1908, to February 28, 1909, amounted to 169,732 tons. The average number of employees in the coal mines during this period was 357, and of these, 247 were employed under ground. Only seven accidents were reported, and of these, two were fatal, one of them being due to care-lessness in not following out instructions, while the other was lessness in not following out instructions, while the other was caused by a fall of clay from the coal face. In addition to the above there were several minor accidents which were not reported.

Coal operations in the province during the past two years were fairly steady; new and more modern machinery was in-stalled, and a number of new mines were opened.

Most of the new mines are small and are opened to sup-

ply local demands. The following figures show the general standing of the

mines.		
Mines in operation February 1909	. 27	
. Tons produced in twelve months	. 169,732	
Persons employed, inside mines	. 247	
Persons employed, outside mines	. 110	
Accidents, fatal	. 2	
Accidents (reported) non fatal		
Coal production is likely to increase in the	at province.	

RAILROADS AND STEAMSHIPS.

Another Line May Tap the Fertile Northland-Canadian Northern Steamship Department is Being Organized.

Now that the actual construction of a railroad will shortly Now that the actual construction of a railroad will shortly begin in the rich agricultural and mineral country north and west of Edmonton by the building of the Alberta and Great Waterways road, it has not taken long for a second company to make its appearance. A conference in Edmonton has re-sulted in the transfer of the charter of the Northern Empire Railway Company and the Manitoba and British Columbia Railway Company from the provisional directors to a newly Railway Company from the provisional directors to a newly organized company capitalized at \$4,500,000, which it is said has been subscribed and paid up. The president of the new company is Mr. S. H. Crawford, broker, Ottawa. Other members are Messrs. J. H. McKinnon, wholesale grocer, Sudbury, Ont.; Cal. Brown, capitalist, of Montreal; C. B. Price, of Sudbury; W. E. Brown, Ottawa; Charles Patton, broker, Montreal; J. W. Gamble, capitalist, Ottawa, and Henry Roy, one of the provisional directors.

Will Ask the Covernment to Guarantee Bonds.

The new company will ask the Alberta Provincial Government at the coming session for a guarantee of bonds for the construction of their line north and south through Alberta. Edmonton will be the headquarters and will be the centre of construction of the projected line. On May I next year a party of engineers will probably leave to run the pre-liminary surveys north to McMurray and through the moun-tains to the Yukon. The probability is that the Pine Pass will be the one used. Construction will be proceeded with both north and south of Edmonton. The line will parallel the C. and E. from the international boundary as far as Ed-monton and to the west of that line. From Edmonton the line will proceed to Lac la Biche and McMurray and from there across country to Peace River crossing, and thus into the mountains and to Dawson. A branch is also projected east from McMurray to Fort Churchill on the Hudson Bay. **Benair Shops for Toronto.** berta. Edmonton will be the headquarters and will be the

Repair Shops for Toronto.

Toronto, is evidently to be the real headquarters of the Canadian Northern. The head offices are located there, and in an interview Mr. D. D. Mann, the vice-president of the road, stated that the company will erect repair shops and a roundhouse in the Queen City next summer. This is prob-ably a growth of the development of the company's Ontario lines. The coupling of the Eastern and Western systems will make Toronto the natural site for such works

make Toronto the natural site for such works. Regarding the steamship service, Mr. Mann stated that Regarding the steamship service, Mr. Mann stated that the formation of the steamship department was well in hand. While the railroad in British Columbia will not be completed for perhaps five years, it is intended to operate Canadian Northern steamships on the Pacific before that time. Mont-real is likely to be the Canadian terminus of the Atlantic service, which will be served, as previously chronicled, by the "Cairo" and "Heliopolis." In Europe the ports will likely be Southampton, England, and Cherbourg, France. The company is anxious to touch at a French port, as it probably anticipates increased trade to arise from the treaty between France and the Dominion, which will come in force on January 1st. on January 1st.

Grand Trunk Pacific Progress. According to Mr. E. J. Chamberlain, vice-president and general manager of the Grand Trunk Pacific, that company general manager of the Grand Trunk Pacific, that company will be able to take grain to the Pacific coast over their own rails by 1912 and perhaps before. Construction is proceeding rapidly and the large bridge over the Pembina River, about 66 miles west of Edmonton, has enabled the steel to be laid in quick time through the west. Speaking of the country generally, Mr. Chamberlain states that every acre of country between the capitals of Alberta and Manitoba for miles on each side of the track is wheat-raising land, and already there is much taken up by new settlers, while no estimate can be made of the rush that will be witnessed out there next season. season.

ten lots that were offered en bloc last April for \$1,000, are now being sold at \$450 each. The influx of population into Vancouver has caused the price of property to advance all through the lower mainland of British Columbia, and the access to the sea offered by the Fraser River gives oppor-tunity to manufacturers and others desiring waterfront, to secure suitable sites, so New Westminster will soon be the location of a number of industries. The success of the Fraser River Lumber Company has also contributed to the Fraser River Lumber of industries. The success of the prosperity of the town. Present conditions are good, and the prospect is excellent, as the extensions proposed and in con-struction by the British Columbia Electric Railway Company will ensure additional heritish columbia Electric Railway Company will ensure additional business and trade.

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Correspondents in:-New York, London, Paris, Bruxelles and Hambourg

A BROKER, with means and good references, about to settle in Prince Rupert, B.C., desires commissions from insurance or banking interests. Address, Collateral, care Monetary Times.

WHAT ABNER SAID.

The tiredest man I ever knew-His name was Silas Wegg-Would sit all day on a cracker box And wouldn't move a peg, Except to shift himself around, Or make a gesture which But emphasized the grudge he held Accient the heted rich Against the hated rich.

Gee, whiz, you ought to've heard him talk About those millionaires Who pile up money mountains high, While every poor man bears A burden on his feeble back And scarce can get along, The rich fclks are so pizen mean, The wicked are so strong.

Oh, Silas just lit into them With native eloquence! The way he'd roast the trusts and such It surely was immense. Monopoly made him so mad, He'd just forgot to chew His cud sometimes, and talk and talk Until the air was blue.

But Abner Sykes, who owned the store Where Silas used to sit, Came round from 'hind the counter—so— And scratched his head a bit And said. "Now, Si I've known you long, For twenty years," says he. "An all this tarnal talk of yours About monomoly About monopoly

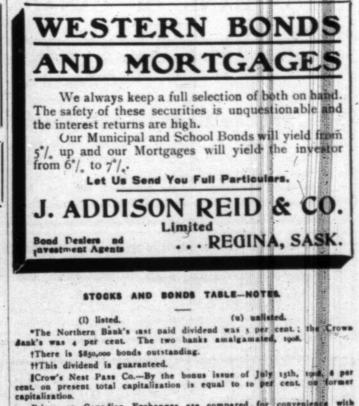
"An' tainted coin and rich men who Ain't hardly fit to kill, Won't never have much weight with me-That is, it won't until You prove to me as how you ain't Wuss than them folks, you spurn; The man who sits on a cracker box All day ain't wuth a durn!" -Birmingham Age-Herald.

QUEBEC'S TIMBER RESOURCES.

Quebec Province and the port of Quebec evidently base their future prosperity on their pulpwood and timber resources. Mr. L. E. Webster, of the Quebec Harbour Commission, an-ticipates that his province will shortly be the chief source of supply for pulpwood and paper for the United States. The chairman of the Transcontinental Commission has given as-surance that the backwoods will be penetrated by the Grand Trunk Pacific next season, bringing pulpwood and timber to Trunk Pacific next season, bringing pulpwood and timber to

Trunk Pacific next season, bringing pulpwood and the St. Lawrence. That the Provincial Government is determined to con-tinue to prohibit the export of pulpwood and timber of all kinds to the United States was the substance of a speech delivered by the Hon. L. A. Taschereau, Quebec Minister of Public Works and Labour. Mr. Taschereau evidently in tends to increase the total of \$250,000,000, which United States interests have invested in Canadian industries. In-stead of Quebec keeping United States factories supplied with material, he says, the paper factories will be compelled to come to Canada to obtain their supply.

The Bank of Hamilton will shortly commence work on its new building in North Vancouver, B.C.



2621

Prices on Canadian Exchanges are compared for convenience with those of a year ago. British Columbia Mining Stocks (close Thursday) furnished by Robers Meredith and Company, 45 St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal. Quotations of Cobalt Mining Stocks are those of Standard Stock and Mining Exchange.

All companies named in the tables will favor the Monetary. Times by sending copies of all circulars issued to their shareholders, and by notifying us of any errors in the tables.

Montreal Steel stocks are commonly termed "Switch" on the Exchange. They are quoted as Montreal Steel in our tables.

Montreal prices (close Thursday) furnished by Burnett & Go. 12 St. Sporament St., Montreal,

A WATER POWER ASSET OF \$500,000<u>.00</u>

This power is one of the "silent assets" of Sier on Co., Limited, of Toronto. It is within "striking de tance" of Vancouver and New Westminster, and though its value is calculated to be \$500,000, it does not figure in the estimates of the Company's assets.

We have secured part of a block of \$400,000 shares of Siemon Preferred Stock, and offer at for sale to our clients on specially tempting and easy terms.

We will gladly send you prospectus. It shows a certainty of 7 per cent., and probabilities of very large returns indeed. If you have money earning as little as 7 per cent., you cannot afford to let pass the opportunity of sharing in this development of Canada's wonderful natural resources.

IATIONAL SECURITIES CORPORATION

LIMITED

TOBONTO

CONFEDERATION LIFE BLDG.,

UNION BANK OF CANADA

The forty-fifth annual general meeting of shareholders of the Union Bank of Canada was held at the banking house, in Quebec, on Saturday, December 18th, 1909.

There were present:-Hon. John Sharples, Messrs. Wm. Price, M.P., E. J. Hale, Wm. Shaw, Geo. H. Thomson, M. B. Davis, (Montreal); F. E. Kenaston, (Minneapolis); Col. J. F. Turnbull, Capt. W. H. Carter, A. E. Scott, F. M. Duggan, John Shaw, E. Dupré, G. H. Balfour, H. B. Shaw, F. W. Ashe, J. G. Billett, A. S. Jarvis, (Montreal); E. E. Code.

The chair was taken by the president, the Hon. John Sharples, who requested Mr. J. G. Billett to act as secretary to the meeting, and Messrs. John Shaw and A. E. Scott as scrutineers, which was agreed to.

The chairman read the report of the directors, which was as follows :--

Annual Report.

The directors beg to submit a statement of the assets and liabilities of the bank at the close of the financial year ending November 30th last, also the following statement of the result of the business for the past year:-

Profit and Loss Account, November 30th, 1909.

Balance at credit of account, November 30th, 1908 \$ 55,262 15

et	of management, interest due depositors, re-	
	conving for interest and exchange, and mak-	
	ing provision for bad and doubtful debts, and	
	for rebate on bills under discount, have amounted to	407.541 16

\$462,803 31

\$462,803 31

Which has been applied as follows :	Back sof	-
Dividend at 7 per cent. per annum, paid quarterly.	\$224,120	50
Transferred to Rest Account	100,000	00
Transferred to Kest Account	A CONTRACTOR OF	1200
Written off Bank Premises Account /		1.1.2.2.2.2.2
Contribution to Officers' Pension Fund	10,000	00
Contribution to Onecers renord -	28,676	81
Balance of profits carried forward	20,070	••

During the past year nineteen new branches or agencies of the bank have been opened, in the following Provinces:— Alberta, 7; Saskatchewan, 10; Manitoba, 2.

Suitable premises have been obtained, and a branch of the bank will be opened very shortly at Cobalt, Ont. The sub-agency at Jasper, Ont., has been closed.

The Officers' Pension Fund—the establishment of which was authorized by the shareholders at the annual meeting held June 18th, 1906, is now fully organized, and comes into operation forthwith.

The customary inspections of all branches and agencies of the bank have been made.

JOHN SHARPLES,

President.

Quebec, December 18th, 1909.

GENERAL STATEMENT.

Liabilities.

Notes of the bank in circulation Deposits not bearing interest \$10,875,255 85 Deposits bearing interest 23,347,564 97		
Balances due to other banks in Canada Balances due to other banks in foreign countries	34,222,820 90,840	23
Total liabilities to the public Capital paid up Rest account Reserved for rebate of interest on bills dis-	3,202,670 1,900,000	00
cosmited Dividend No. 91 Dividends unclaimed Balance of profit and loss account carried	117,869 56,043 1,034	39 80 66
forward	28,676	81

\$42,516,480 19

0			

Dominion of the		\$ 4,966,413 13
Deposit with Dominion Gove	ernment for se-	
curity of Note circulation		1 50,000 00
Notes of and cheques on other	banks	2,458,922 99
Balances due from other banks	in Canada	214,082 31
Balances due from agents in I Balances due from agents in t	he United King-	960,315 77
dom	ay and other de-	421,148 27
hentures and stocks		1,339,084 40
Call and short loans on stocks	and bonds	4,282,083 63
	the second second	\$14,792,050 59
Other loans and bills discount	ed current	26, 167, 159 63
Overdue debts (estimated loss	provided for)	46,417 41
Real estate other than bank I	premises	216,554 52
Mortgages on real estate sold	by the bank	54,287 67
Bank premises and furniture		1,150,796 97
Other assets	••••	89,213 40

\$42,516,480 10

G. H. BALFOUR,

General Manager.

Quebec, November 30th, 1909.

Before submitting the resolution for the adoption of the report, the meeting was addressed at considerable length by the president, Hon. John Sharples, who was followed by the general-manager, Mr. Geo. H. Balfour, both addresses referring to the past year's business of the bank, and to the various items in the general statement. Mr. F. E. Kenaston, one of the Western directors, addressed the meeting, his speech giving valuable information as to business conditions in Western Canada, and the Western States. Col. J. F. Turnbull, and Capt. W. H. Carter also made addresses on behalf of the shareholders.

It was then moved by the Hon. John Sharples, and seconded by Mr. Wm. Price:--"That the report submitted to this meeting be adopted, and printed for distribution among the shareholders." Carried.

Moved by Capt. W. H. Carter, and seconded by Mr. Frank M. Duggan:--"That the meeting now proceed to the election of directors for the ensuing year, and that the ballot box for the receipt of votes be kept open until one o'clock, or until five minutes have elapsed without a vote being offered, during which time proceedings be suspended." Carried.

The scrutineers appointed at the meeting reported that the following gentlemen were elected as directors of the bank for the ensuing year, viz. :--Hon. John Sharples, Wm. Price, Esq., E. J. Hale, Esq., Wm. Shaw, Esq., Mortimer B. Davis, Esq., Geo. H. Thomson, Esq., R. T. Riley, Esq., F. E. Kenaston, Esq., John Galt, Esq., E. L. Drewry, Esq.

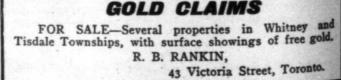
At a subsequent meeting of the new board of directors Hon. John Sharples was re-elected president, and Mr. Wm. Price, M.P., vice-president.

COBALT ORE SHIPMENTS

The following are the Cobalt ore shipments, in pounds, for the week ended December 17th:—LaRose, 524,896; Nipissing, 257,781; Crown Reserve, 102,504; Kerr Lake, 180,360; King Edward, 42,500; Right of Way, 64,491; O'Brien, 64,000; Buffalo, 41,826; Cobalt Central, 43,120; Beaver, 51,470; total, 1,373,048 pounds, or 686 tons. The total shipments since January 1st are now 57,097,052 pounds, or 28,548 tons. In 1004 the camp produced 168 tons, valued at \$316,217:

In 1904 the camp produced 158 tons, valued at \$316,217; in 1905, 2,144 tons, valued at \$1,473,196; in 1906, 5,129 tons, valued at \$3,900,000; in 1907, 14,040 tons; in 1908, 25,700 tons.

The Saturday Press is a new Saskatoon, Sask., weekly, a ten-page publication containing some breezy paragraphs. It should go well in Saskatoon where no other similar journal is published. The Monetary Times offers congratulations and best wishes for the future, which should be bright.



Volume 43.

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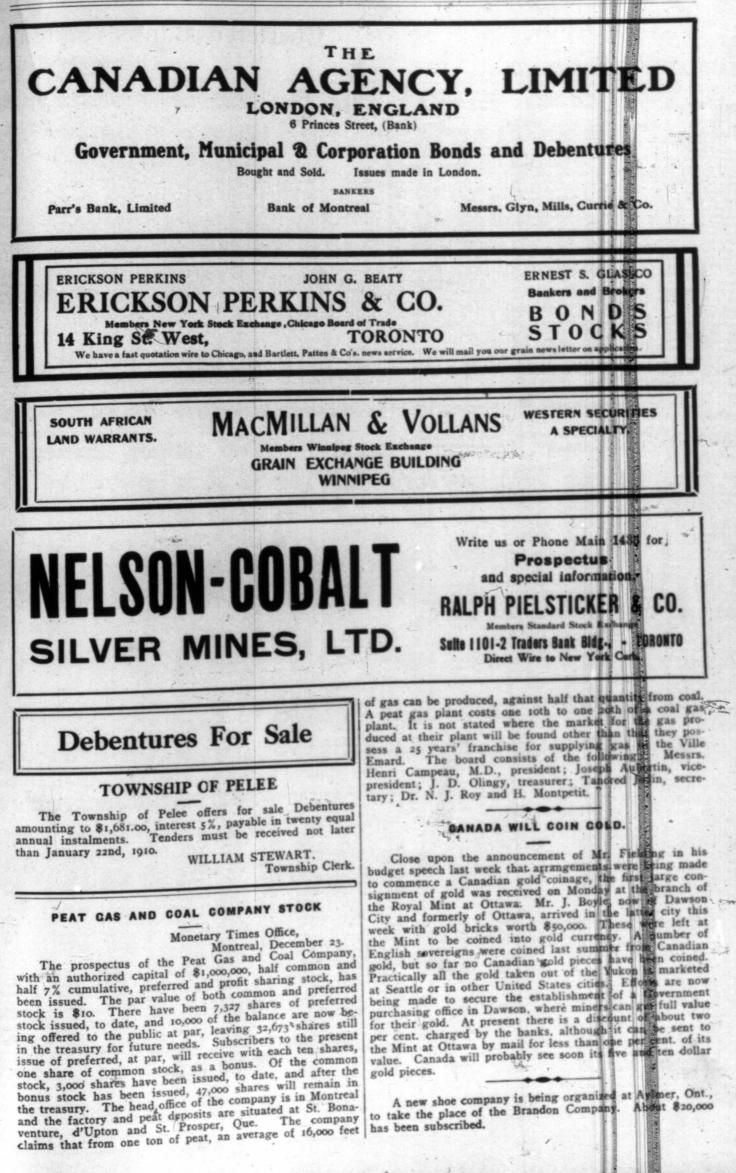
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Chartered Banks' Statement the D

LIABILITIES (Particulars of capitalization are in Stock and Bond Report.)

For the months of October november,

LIABILITIES	in Stock and Bond Rep	on.)			1		1	
	Div. Notes in circulatio		aces Oversament	dema	nd in Canada Nov. Ch'ge	Deposits payable after notice or on a fixed day in Can. Oct . Nov. Ch'm	NAME OF	Deposits elser than in Cana Oct. Nov.
1 Bank of Montreal	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{r} 43,620,416 + 1.2\\ 1,164,762 - 7.2\\ 2,314,434 + 55.8\\ 19,194,275 + .5\\ 96,726 + 8.0\\ 10,121,036 + 1.6\\ 11,734,754 + 12.0\\ 7,473,478 + 1.0\\ 3,365,659 + .5\\ 2,791,663 + 5.7\\ 15,948,422 + 20.2\\ 885,141 + 6.8\\ 15,290,318 + 1.4\\ 42,264,139 + 8.5\\ 15,290,318 + 1.4\\ 42,264,139 + 8.5\\ 12,348,747 + 3.5\\ 13,829,805 + 10.9\\ 9,940,434 + 5.3\\ 5,171,716 + 2.5\\ 4,265,807 + 4.2\\ 56,910 + 1.8\\ 8,047,116 + 15.5\\ 14,286,903 + 4.7\\ 7,691,273 - 5.8\\ 149,221 + 133.4\\ 149,221 + 133.4\\ 149,221 + 133.4\\ 149,221 + 133.4\\ 149,221 + 133.4\\ 149,221 + 133.4\\ 149,221 + 133.4\\ 149,221 + 133.4\\ 149,221 + 133.4\\ 149,221 + 133.4\\ 149,221 + 133.4\\ 149,221 + 15.3\\ 149,221 + 15.3\\ 286,767 + 15.3\\ 364,285,803 + 5.3\\ 464,285,804 + 5.8\\ 464,285,804 + 5.8\\ 464,285,804 + 5.8\\ 464,$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Moleces Bask Rask. Tormak Unice Bad Banque Heis Merch. Blad Canadian B. Grandian B. Grandian B. Grandian B. Grandian B. Grandian B. Stand. B. d Bank of Ass Bank o	A,778,445 8,556,7 2,974,388 8,556,7 2,974,388 3,054,4 327,631 335,7 115,085 83,0 0,807,814 33,460,2 9,857,347 10,473,6
Total 1908		Current loans elsewhere	Loans to Provincial	Overdue Debts	Real estate			Bank
ASSETS NAME OF BANK. 1 Bank of Montreal. 2 Bk. of New Brans. 3 Quebec Bank. 4 Bank of Nova Scotis 5 St. Stophen's Bank. 6 Bank of B.N.A. 7 Bank of B.N.A. 9 East. Townships Bk. 10 Union Bk. of Canada 11 Bangue Nationale. 12 Merch. Bk. of Canada 13 Bank of Halifas. 14 Union Bk. of Canada 15 Canadian Bk. of Canada 16 Canadian Bk. of Canada 17 Deminion Bank. 19 Stand. Bk of Canada 20 Bangue d'Hochelaga 21 Bosk of Ottawa. 22 Bank of Ottawa. 23 Imp'l B kof Canada. 24 Traders Bk. of Canada. 25 Sev. Bk. of Canada. 26 Morthern Crown. 27 Home Bk. of Canada. 28 Northern Crown. 29 Stard. Sk. of Canada. 29 Morthern Crown. 20 Witespelkan Bank. 20 Witespelkan Bank. 27 Home Bk. of Canada. 28 Northern Crown. 29 Stard. Sk. of Canada. 29 Morthern Crown. 20 U'd Emp. Bk. of Canada. 20 U'd Emp. Bk. of Canada. 21 Farmers Bk. of Canada. 22 Total. 23 Total.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	than is Canada. Oct. Nov. Ch'ge 7,422,000 7,671,001 3.4 117,000 228,937 + 95.7 297,656 297,656 - 6,786,254 6,557,038 - 1,365,512 1,646,390 + 13.2 2,919,379 1,371,894 - 58.0 1,365,512 1,581,418 + 1.2 6,164 633,5615,504 - 8.9 5,547,809 5,639,9:0 + 1.7 115,000 40,000 - 65.2 207,500 112,500 - 45.8 200,558 275,5*8 + 5.8 200,558 275,5*8 + 5.8 200,558 23,474 - 28 - - 4,788 4,301 - 10.2	Governments. Oct. 91,668 Nov. 108,311 Ch'ee 18.311 975 979 + 45.2 975 979 + 4 105,069 179,976 + 66.5 70,429 248.261 + 252.5 487,859 + 23.1 1,129,446 1,368,815 - 21.2	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Internet Internet Nov. 30.9 8,150 5,98 38.0	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	243 Bank of Me Bk. of Nev Quebec has Bank of Nev St. Strehes St. Strehes St. Strehes Bank of R. Bank of R. Banya Na Union Bk. Ban, Yenk. Banya Na Banya Na Coming Discover Dominin Discover Banya Na Stand Bk. Banga Strehes Banga	Oct. 1 600,000 2 120,678 5 559,570 4 1,025,457 5 600,000 9 526,120 1 20,000 14 1,025,457 15 600,000 9 526,120 11 120,415 12 250,000 14 1,277,659 15 1,285,082 16 1,261,821 17 1,410,477 18 1,386,97 19 600,753 22 828,103 23 1,360,097 13,217 150,036 24 1,910,145 25 118,99 26 264,697 29 113,217 20 113,217 21 156,500 22 20,800,876 21 18,882,136
NAME OF BANK	Specie	Dominion Noter	Dpts with Gov. for sec'ty cir. Notes of and other ba		with and bals. due other bks. in Can.	Bal. due from agencies and banks in United Kingdom.	NAME OF	Balance due agencies and ba
1 Bank of Montreal 2 Bk. of New Bruns 3 Quebec Bank 4 Bank of Nova Scotia. 5 St. Stephen's Bank 9 Bank of B.N.A 9 Bank of Toronto 8 Molsons Bank 9 East. Townships Bk. 10 Union Bk. of Halifa. 11 Banque Nationale 12 Merch. Bk. of Canad. 13 Ban. Prov. du Canad. 14 Union Bk. of Canad. 15 Canadian Bk. of Canad. 16 Royal Bk. of Canad. 17 Dominion Bank 18 Bank of Hamilton 19 Stand. Bk. of Canad. 20 Banque d'Hochelag. 21 Bge. de St. Hyacinth 22 Bank of Ottawa 23 Imp'l. Bk. of Canad. 24 Traders Bk.of Canad. 25 Sov. Bk. of Canad. 26 Metropolitan Bank 27 Home Bk. of Canad. 28 Northern Crown 29 Stri'g Ek. of Canad. 20 U't'dEmp.Bk.of Canad. 20 U't'dEmp.Bk.of Canad. 20 U't'dEmp.Bk.of Canad. 21 Farmers Bank of Canad. 22 Metropolitan Bank	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	$\begin{array}{c} 0, 7, 12, 003 \\ 225, 003 \\ 16, 9, 99 \\ 138, 470 \\ 117, 71 \\ 250, 460 \\ 141, 886 \\ 141, 886 \\ 141, 886 \\ 141, 886 \\ 141, 886 \\ 141, 886 \\ 141, 886 \\ 141, 886 \\ 141, 886 \\ 141, 886 \\ 141, 886 \\ 141, 886 \\ 141, 886 \\ 141, 886 \\ 141, 886 \\ 141, 886 \\ 141, 886 \\ 141, 886 \\ 141, 886 \\ 160, 341 \\ 150, 350, 956 \\ 150,$	Union Ba Banes Naio Merch, Bk.el Ban, Prot. in Sand, B. el Canadina B. Canadina B. Canadin	Yes Yes 7425,676 6.891. 372,908 247,7 404,890 235. 1,352,915 1,256. 1,352,915 1,256. 1,61,609 871. 1,579,685 1,874. 1,579,685 1,874. 1,224,302 1,105. 1,29,661 161 1,244,618 960 4,385,5.8 8,666 975,318 1,738 560,857 200. 98,561 118 1,047,329 511 674,403 877 819,618 878 120,061 5 120,061 5 131 1,047,329 144,4154 12 225,369 118 96,647 14 101,071 4 100,647 14 100,071 4 100,400,491 25,62
Total	26,286,246 31,797,856 + 21,	0 68,311,633 71,510,601 + 4,7 3 63,461,076 65,847,141 + 3.8			972 10,120,012 + 8 872 12,241,382 - 1	.1 17,019,126 18,078,493 + 6. .1 15,656,824 15,109,319 - 3.	2 Total 5 Total 198	87,723 142 36,78

THE MONETARY TIMES

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ctober	ovember, 1909;	Compared.						
NAME OF	Deposits elsewhere Du	eposits by and balances te other banks in Can.	Balances due in United Kingdom	Bal. due out of Canada or Britain.	Liabilities not included under foregoing heads.	Total Liabilities		ate loans to
ank of Mass k of New Start ank of New Start ank of New Start ank of The Start and the	Dependention data than in Canada. data Oct. Nov. B,675,940 94,407,597 - 11.0 1,778,445 8,556,796 2,778,445 8,556,796 2,778,445 8,556,796 2,778,445 8,556,796 2,778,445 8,556,796 2,778,445 8,556,796 2,778,445 8,556,796 2,778,445 8,556,796 2,778,445 8,556,796 2,778,445 8,556,796 2,778,445 3,054,432 2,778,445 3,054,432 2,778,445 3,054,432 2,778,445 3,354,420 3,257,447 0,473,690 3,04,814 28,460,276 3,04,73,459 48,7 3,04,73,459 48,7 3,04,73,459 48,7 3,04,74 14	at other banks in Can. Oct. Nov. Ch'ge 395,955 2,230,619 -50.8 - 7,570 47,3890 - 17.7 129,576 127,532 - 1.6 1 123,855 81,872 - 33.9 155,452 289,942 + 86.5 - 93,858 116,270 + 23.9 1 133,608 191,400 + 4.2 2 232,252 167,615 - 27.8 309,008 1 '263,178 - 3.5 1 108,614 90,840 - 16.4 36,065 92,056 1 1.6 1 1.6 25.5 1.6 92,55 1 1.6 1 1.6 1 1.6 1 1.6 1.6 1 1.6 1.6 1 1 1.6 1.6 1 1 1.6 1.6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	United Kingdom Oct. Nov. Ch'ge 188,849 34,255 = 81.9 24,599 17,911 = 27.2 12,852 9,990 = 22.3 01,952 98,346 = 3.5 20,139 200,135 = 9.1 105,062 96,622 40,176 711,330 +407.5 14,364 12,762 = 11.2 155 017 403,621 = 11.8	er Britain. Oct. Nov. Ch'ge 653,479 643,593 - 1.5 2,349 276 - 38.2 296,920 291,541 - 1.8 10,292 14,517 + 41.1 133,557 170,173 + 27.4 1,311 37,950 +2751.2 259,009 243,994 - 5.8 334,587 352,661 + 5.4 9,459 699,340 1,020,847 + 46.0 983,306 210,369 - 20.1	under foregoing heads. Oct. Nov. Ch'ge 2,580 149,091 7.6 161,281 149,091 7.6 2,124 909 57.6 2,72 72 72 70,910 70,477 .6 7,124 909 57.6 2,725 72 7.2 30,421 22,353 - 26.5 2,569 120,707 \$4598.5 2,759 1,824 - 34.0 3,189 202,403 \$6246.9 1,477 640 - 56.7	Oct. Nov. Ch 190, 218, 950 193, 226, 350 6. 5. 6. <t< th=""><th>directors 512 030 1.2 100 657 1.2 100 657 1.346 369 344 369 .8 244 369 .8 244 369 .9 244 369 .10 30.381 2.4 </th><th></th></t<>	directors 512 030 1.2 100 657 1.2 100 657 1.346 369 344 369 .8 244 369 .8 244 369 .9 244 369 .10 30.381 2.4	
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STOCK EXCHANGES

BRITISH COLUMBIA COMPANIES

Are Attracting Attention-Another Bonus Paid-Montreal and Winnipeg Reports.

The declaration of a bonus of 2 per cent. by the Central Canada Loan and Savings Company, while to some extent anticipated, caused an advance of this stock on the Toronto Exchange of more than 5 points. The market quotation went above 180. This stock is not active on the exchange, few shares changing hands.

British Columbia Electric Railway.

The British Columbia Electric Railway Company have just submitted a statement, showing a net profit of £123,400, an increase of £2,400; this total is arrived at, however, after allowing £39,900 for interest charges, which figure exceeds the corresponding total twelve months ago by £6,700, an ad-ditional form of dehenium stock having since heen issued the corresponding total twelve months ago by £0,700, an ad-ditional £500,000 of debenture stock having since been issued. The dividend on the 5 per cent. preference stock requires £20,000, an increase of £5,000, while to maintain the divid-end of 6 per cent. on the preferred ordinary stock, and of 8 per cent. on the deferred ordinary capital, absorbs an addi-tional (8 rob) owing to the larger sume now raphing for per cent. on the deferred ordinary capital, absorbs an addi-tional £8,500, owing to the larger sums now ranking for dividend. There has been transferred to the reserve fund, out of revenue, £37,300, while £10,000 was credited to this account during the year in respect of the premium derived from the issue of additional preference and ordinary capital, so that, after deducting £25,300 (being the difference between the net amount realized by, and the par value of, the £500,000 of 4¹/₄ per cent. debenture stock issued in November 1908), the reserve fund amounts to £160,000, or £20,000 more than at this time last year. The company's directors have decided to extend the system with a view to provide for a larger population than at present exists. No explanation has been offered of the recent statements that considerable inside selling of this stock has been effected in London. **Toronto Street and Canada Cement.**

In an interview this week, President William Mackenzie, of the Toronto Street Railway, denied the story that that company would issue new capital. This corporation is in good financial condition and has no immediate need for extra funds.

Considerable criticism is heard because the securities of the Canada Cement Company have not been listed. The stock exchanges, as is known, will not list the stocks of a stock exchanges, as is known, will not list the stocks of a company until a complete statement of its affairs, duly certi-fied, has been filed with the Exchanges. The audit of the combined concerns in the Canada Cement Company has not yet been completed and until then it is impossible to list the securities. Mr. H. D. Anderson, who is connected with the Associated Portland Cement Company, of England, is com-pleting his plans, it is said, to enter the Canadian market. He will either impost cement or manufacture it in Canada.

British Columbia Packers Association.

The British Columbia Packers' Association does not like The British Columbia Packers' Association does not like the heavy incorporation taxes imposed by the State of New Jersey, under whose laws the company was incorporated in 1902. As the British Columbia Companies Act is not wide enough to enable a sufficiently wide charter to be issued under it, it will be necessary to apply for a special Act of the Legislature of the province for the purpose.

D. RYKERT MCCUAIG CLARENCE J. MCCUAIG McCUAIG BROS. 2 CO. Members Montreal Stock Exchange

> Orders executed on the Toronto, New York, Boston and London Exchanges

Telephone Main 928-924. 157 St. James Street, MONTREAL C. HOWARD LEWIS G. ERIC MCCUAIG "Under the present certificate of incorporation," says a circular issued by the company, "it is provided that the pre-ferred stock of the company must be redeemed out of the reserve fund of profits at a premium of 15 per cent.—no option being given to the company to redeem these shares by purchasing them, even though they might be obtained at a lower figure. As the Association did not pay regular divid-ends on the preferred stock during the first three years of its existence, there have been no surprlus earnings available for the redemption of preferred stock, but in the near future there the redemption of preferred stock, but in the near future there will in all probability be surplus earnings from time to time available for this purpose, and it is obvious that the company will suffer a large money loss if the shares must be redeemed will suffer a large money loss if the shares must be redeemed at 115, even though the market price should be less than this. Accordingly your directors consider that the provisions of the charter of the new company should be, as nearly as can be obtained, the same as the present certificate of incorpora-tion, excepting that the new company, in addition to the power to redeem its preference shares at 115, would be given power to purchase them out of any reserve fund of profits or otherwise at such less price as they could be obtained for from time to time. The transaction will take the form of a sale by the Association of its entire undertaking to the new company, the shareholders receiving shares in the capital company, the shareholders receiving shares in the capital stock of the new common, preference and common, to the same amount as the shares now held by them."

On the Winnipeg Stock Exchange. Winnipeg, December 21st. The holidays affect the business of this exchange and The holidays affect the business of this exchange and during the past week trading was unusually quiet. Practi-cally the only sales were in Northern Crown Bank, both Northern and Crown certificates being active. Northern sold as high as 100 and Crown at 92, but both are quoted slightly lower again. South African Scrip continues to ad-vance, the bid and asked price now standing at 690 and 715. No sales were recorded during the week, but the prospects for making money by those who bought the scrip some time ago on speculation seems to be very good. The October report of the Winnipeg Electric Street Rail-way Company shows a 17 per cent. increase over the corre-

The October report of the Winnipeg Electric Street Kan-way Company shows a 17 per cent. increase over the corre-sponding month of last year, the surplus being \$12,295. The surplus for the ten months is \$149,375 larger than 1908. Despite the deductions which must be made because of the break in the plant in November, and the consequent loss in revenues, it is estimated that the year's business will show a surplue of \$810,000 or 13½ per cent. on the capital. Winnisurplus of \$810,000 or 131/2 per cent. on the capital. Winnipeg Electric Stock is quoted locally around 185, but there are transactions on this exchange.

Stock Exchange Notes. Messrs. Brouse, Mitchell & Company, correspondents of Messrs. Harris, Winthorpe & Company, of New York and Chicago, send a booklet "The first Transcontinental, The Canadian Pacific." It deals with the resources and prospects

of that railroad company. A map showing the lines and con-nections of the C.P.R. from coast to coast is attached. Application has been made to the London Stock Ex-change to list Manitoba Government £156,500 4 per cent. bonds.

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Monetary Times Office, Montreal, December 24th.

Lake of Woods and Oglivie

The feature of the week on the Montreal Stock Market, was the advance in Lake of the Woods stock, while additional was the advance in Lake of the Woods stock, while additional interest was added by the advance in Ogilvie. Woods star-ted moving at 135¹/₂, on Tuesday, and on Wednesday night had reached 145, a rise of nearly ten points in two days. Ogilvie, which had been widely mentioned two weeks ago, began to rise on Wednesday afternoon, and from about 140 climbed to 143¹/₂, afterwards settling to 143. As usual, the rise is attributed to a coming merger, the existence of which has heretofore been imaginative and probably is still. Shawinigan was one of the strong issues of Wednesday, being up to 103, after having been below par. Street Rail-way, also, was very strong and made a new record for the movement, at 217, later selling down a fraction. The talk of union between Street, Power and Shawinigan continues, but the well informed do not think that anything definite will be done in this connection for some time to come.

be done in this connection for some time to come. Soo Railway gradually settled back to around 138, not-withstanding the certainty that some very strong people had been taking it in above 140. This afternoon, however, the market began to come back, reaching 140 again. There are many bullish things being said of Soo, and another ad-vance is predicted by good authorities. Pacific on the other hand, has been slow and dull and prices have worked down a little.

December 25, 1999. THE MONETARY TIMES

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December 25, 1909.	THE MONETARY TIMES	2627
тне П	WINNIPEG STOCK EXCHANGE	
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Price, \$2.50, postpaid to any country.	Quebec City, 101 103 103 Ditto, 94 mart 4 96 honds 101 102 Ditto, 6 % bonds (stript)	.BISI. 93 99
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	Victoria City, 100 101 Releish American Land, A. El., 11 13 Ditto, shares	107 109 100 84 86
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R.J. HALEY& CO.	Assers- Expens. on Cap. Ac'r, Erc. Investments-Sinking Funds 43,154,303 39,405,225 Investments-Sinking Funds 43,154,303 39,405,225	17,310,145
Real Estate and Financial Brokers	Other Investments	01558 527,773 445878 - 414,151 971097 1948 884
Temple Bidg., Toronto, Can.	Total Assets	- 178
Cable Address : " HALET " Phone M. 412	Total Net Debt, 30th Nov. 289,817,264 322.974,738 Total 4,152,011 3,450,781 22,1 Total Net Debt, 31st Oct. 286,554,479 321,727,816 Total	20,646,65
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THE MONETARY TIMES

Volume 43.

THE INSURANCE CHRONICLE

INSURING WITH UNLICENSED COMPANIES.

2630

The Insurance Act of Canada, which has been in force for more than forty years, has always prohibited any person acting as agent for an insurance company which did not comply with the conditions of the Insurance Act and obtain a license from the Government.

The ordinary conditions with which the company had to comply before obtaining the license were along the lines of making deposits and increasing these from time to time as their business in Canada increased, transacting all their business in Canada through officials who could be at any time reached by the arm of the law if such were necessary, and their contracts were made subject to the laws passed by the different provinces, commonly known as Statutory Conditions governing in-surance. Notwithstanding the stringent provisions of the Act, and because the Government had not enforced it, the violations of the Act have become more and more frequent, until to-day the evil has grown to alarming proportions, and some of the violators have become so bold that they have opened offices in leading cities, and advertised and openly solicited insurance to be placed in companies which have no license whatever to do business in Canada. The insurance companies which have complied with the law and taken out licenses claim that that position is unfair. There is nothing in the Act which would prevent them from doing business in Canada, if they have first complied with the conditions and obtain a license, if their condition and resources are such as would warrant the Government in giving them a license, and if they cannot comply with the Government regulations, it would seem to be much better for the country that they should not be allowed to do business in Canada at all.

There are some large properties where the value is so great that a sufficient amount of insurance to protect them cannot be obtained from the companies licensed by the Government, and the licensed insurance companies suggest that a clause be inserted in the Insurance Act to recognize this condition of affairs and permit insurance to be secured in just such cases by a person licensed by the Government, who will be required to make an affidavit that he has offered the risk to the companies licensed in Canada before securing insurance from foreign companies. There is an exactly similar provision in the laws of the leading States across the border, with this difference, however, that while in those States the law compels the insurance to be offered to every company which has a license before any outside insurance can be obtained, the Canadian companies ask merely that the insurance be offered to four-fifths of the companies licensed in Canada which have offices or agencies in the provinces in which the property is situated; thus, if there were sixty companies licensed in the Dominion and only fifty of them were doing business in the Province of Ontario, it would be necessary for an Ontario insured to offer his risk to forty out of the fifty licensed companies actually doing business in the province.

The insured may offer it to all the companies doing business in Canada if he wishes to, but the obligation would be merely that he offer it to the number indicated. This is suggested in recognition of the fact that any person desiring insurance may have some objection against some individual company, and if he has such he can exercise it by not offering the risk to any company

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to which he may take objection, but it would surely be an unreasonable man who would be likely to object to more than ten out of fifty companies which have passed the Government inspection and been licensed. The Act will permit as many brokers to obtain licenses for which there is necessity. If an insured lived in London or Hamilton, there would undoubtedly be insurance agents in their city who had secured the required license from the Government. It is not intended that there should be any restrictions placed upon the number of licenses for brokers, and there would be just as many as was necessary, whether that number be many or few. This Surplus Line Law, as it is called, has worked very satisfactorily in the leading cities of the Union, such as Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania, Illinois, Ohio, and several others. There would seem to be no reason why it should not work well in Canada.

So far as such surplus insurance is concerned, that is, insurance over and above such amounts as the licensed companies can carry, if the law be enacted as suggested there will be greater and surer facilities provided for doing such surplus insurance in a legitimate way. Further, the enforcement of the Insurance Act by the Government would undoubtedly result in a number of insurance companies which now do some business in Canada, taking out licenses and depositing reserves, their contracts being then enforceable in Canada.

It is surely in the interest of our banks, merchants and manufacturers that their customers should be saved from the folly of taking out insurance in wild-cat foreign organizations which they might be tempted to do by the low rates which such organizations frequently offer. There would be a serious time for our financial institutions, merchants, and others if after every serious fire they were to be involved in litigation in foreign countries in the effort to try to collect under policies taken out with unlicensed companies.

WINNIPEG IS EXERCISED

About Several Fires of Suspicious Origin-Investigation Badly Needed.

Winnipeg has been troubled for some weeks past with fires of a suspicious origin. The culprits not having been located, the blame is being thrown in various directions. A curious circumstance in connection with at least four fires of recent date, the E. F. Hutchings Saddlery, the McClary Hardware, the Newton Block and the Sterling Block, is that the conflagration started in the top story, gradually burning down to the lower floors. The origin of none of these fires has yet been satisfactorily explained. The Sterling fire, the latest of the series, brought criticism upon the fire brigade. In various interviews, Fire Chief Buchanan says that everything possible was done by his men and equipment. The six fire halls of the city proper attended the fire, while the three suburban halls filled up the gaps left in the city halls in case of further calls. The insurance underwriters are dissatisfied and there is talk of increased rates. The matter has been discussed by them in several private meetings. No specific charges have been made. The whole trouble is that there are phases in connection with these fires which are not understood and which it is very desirable should be understood.

Fire Commissioners Report

Fire Commissioner Lindback has made a lengthy report on the Sterling conflagration, which occurred on December oth. The consumed building was a wholesale furniture warehouse. The fire commissioner says that loose snow in the streets hampered the movements of heavy trucks, fire engines, and especially the water tower. Mr. Lindback is positive that the fire started shortly after 1 p.m., on the fifth floor among some chairs and bureaux wrapped in paper, excelsion notes except

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celsior and burlap. He cannot locate the actual origin but notes that every man working in the warehouse with one exception are habitual smokers, "with all that implies."

exception are habitual smokers, "with all that implies." Mr. Lindback concludes his report as follows:—"Until a salvage corps be provided, in heavy fires like this, where, of necessity, the primary aim must be to drown the fire out, it is impossible to avoid heavy losses by water. I may also state that in connection with the Sterling fire, I have had business men who know what they are talking about and were vitally interested, assure me that the fire had been handled with a great amount of judgment on the part of the fire department. fire department.

"Finally, unless a quick appreciation of the necessity of stricter and better care of the valuable properties in Win-nipeg is exercised, we will continue to have these ruinous fires, which it is almost impossible to asign to any cause, as they are never discovered until long after they have started."

Thorough Investigation Needed

The fire insurance committee of the Winnipeg Board of Trade has discussed the matter at a special meeting. No information was given out by them. Opinions seem to be divided as to whether Winnipeg's system of fire fighting is of the best variety. The insurance underwriters feel strongly on this matter and it seems most important that a thorough investigation into the subject should be held. This might take the form of a conference of the underwriters, the man-ufacturers, the police, and the fire commissioners' department.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION CASE.

427

Act Upheld-First Case in Alberta Under New Act-Important Decision Given by Judge Taylor.

An important decision has been handed down by Judge Taylor in the arbitration under the Workmen's Compensation Act, between Allan Murray, of Edmonton and the railroad construction contractors, Foley, Welch & Stewart. Murray was employed as carpenter on the G.T.P. construction. While working on a trestle bridge he was knocked off the structure by some moving timbers and sustained injuries to his foot. He claimed \$9 per week since the date of accident. Particulars of the Defence.

The respondents, Foley and Stewart, denied their liability to pay compensation under the Act, contending that as contractors of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company as contractors of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company in the construction of that railway they were consequently subject to the exclusive legislative authority of the Parlia-ment of Canada. That in pursuance of such legislative au-thority, the Parliament of Canada had made applicable to such work the provisions of the Public Works Health Act, being chapter 135 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, and the applicant came under the provisions of such Act and and the applicant came under the provisions of such Act and received medical attendance in pursuance of its regulations. The Workmen's Compensation Act, under which the pro-ceedings were taken, it was therefore held, did not apply to the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company, or to the respondents as its contractors.

This ingenious reasoning was not upheld by the arbi-trator, Judge Taylor, as the following judgment given by him shows:

What the Judge Said.

"In the matter I am of the opinion that the Workmen's

Compensation applies. "The Public Works Health Act does not in any way cover compensation for injury that may be incurred to any workman. It is for the purpose of compelling certain con-tractors or companies engaged in public works to properly care for the health of the workmen and make the camps sanitary. It is also for the purpose of compelling them to have within researched distance of the workmen proper medisanitary. It is also for the purpose of compelling them to have within reasonable distance of the workmen proper medi-cal men and hospital accommodation to care for any of the workmen who may become sick or injured, as it is well known most of these works are carried on long distances known most of these works are carried on long distances from places where medical care or accommodation for the

sick or injured is to be had. "The health regulations permit the contractors or com-panies to levy a certain contribution from every workman to meet the expenses incurred. This, no doubt in many cases, reimburses the company for their outlay.

Act is Not Ultra Vires.

"The Workmen's Compensation Act is for a different It is to reimburse the workman to a certain extent his loss of time if he should suffer an injury which inpurpose. capacitates him from work. He might even not be confined to the hospital or require doctor's care, yet be unable to work.

"While in some cases the two Acts might overlap, I do not see that they in any way conflict. In my opinion there-fore, the Workmen's Compensation Act is not ultra vices and does apply to such construction works as that in which the claimant was engaged."

INVESTMENTS OF LIFE COMPANIES

Editor Monetary Times;

Sir,-The Federal Government require bonds d. de-SIT,—The Federal Government require bonds and de-bentures in making up the \$50,000 deposit from all insurance companies. Good securities of such a nature do not bear more than four and a half per cent., while the companies can invest their money at from seven to eight per cent., in gilt edge securities, such as farm mortgages. The loss of three to three and a half per cent. amounts to \$1,500 or \$1,800 a year, which if saved would materially decrease the companies the operating expenses.

"My second objection is to a uniform deposit of \$50,000 In my opinion (speaking more particularly of life companies) a company with from one million to five millions of insur-ance, should not be compelled to put up as large a deposit as the companies that are carrying fifty millions of insurance. As a rule the younger companies have more assets to every hundred dollars of liabilities than the older companies. I would therefore suggest a minimum deposit of \$25,000 and a maximum deposit of \$100,000, the deposit to be increased as the liability increases as the liability increases.

as the hability increases. "We certainly will require a re-adjustment of conditions as they now exist. The Federal Government will first have to decide whether they have the power to legislate before passing such legislation in their endeavor to control the in-surance business, or, recognize the stand taken by the Attor-ney-Generals of the Provinces in favor of Provincial Charters and licenses in provinces other than the one they are incor-porated under porated under.

"In my opinion, the Insurance Bill, as it now stands will not be adopted by the Senate at Ottawa."

Yours, etc.

Life Insurance. Winnipeg, December 17th. 2

BOILER INSPECTION IN SASKATCHEWAN.

The work of inspecting boilers and of examining the qualifications of the engineers in charge in Saskatchewan, is divided into seven sections, each of which is in charge of an inspector. Any district not reached during the previous year was the first to receive attention of inspectors, and in consequence, one or two spent the whole summer in the newly settled portions of their districts, where it was found that a number of second-hand boilers, some of them in a dangerous condition had been shipped in from outside points. As might be expected, these inspectors did not inspect a large number of boilers.

number of boilers. The number inspected during the year ended February 1908 was 1,720 as against 1,479 for the previous year. Of that total 1,419 were found to be in good condition, 278 in fair and 23 in poor. Repairs were ordered on 205 and two were condemned as being unfit for further use. The most frequent form of repair required was a new steam gauge, the gauges usually applied being of an inferior quality and easily put out of order. Only two accidents were reported, one of them being fatal. Numerous repairs were also required as to saftey valves, stays and new fittings. The following is a detailed list of boilers inspected :--

The following is a detailed list of boilers inspected :---

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	Steam and wat	er plants

Total

thorities reco A conference of the Provincial Government aut as to the installation of a uniform type of boiler ware held in Regina.

MONETARY TIMES WANTED.

A copy of the Monetary Times dated November 13th, 1909, is wanted. Any reader who does not bind his copies will be granted a subscription extension of one month upon sending that particular issue to the head office.

RECENT FIRES.

The following particulars are gathered from first Press reports of conflagrations. Upon these are instituted further inquires, which heading "Additional Information." which appear under

Metropola Hotel; started in kitchen; Winnipeg, Man .damage not estimated.

Ont.-Residence of Mr. John Collins; cause Thorold, unknown; damage, \$500; Belleville, Ont.-Residence of Mr. H. Salsbury; cause,

lamp explosion; damage slight. Salmo, B.C.-Northern Hotel; cause, overturned lamp;

damage, \$8,000; partially insured. Burlington, Ont.-Residence owned by Mr. Frederick Matthews; cause unknown; house vacant.

Rossland, B.C .- Residence owned and occupied by Mr.

Joseph Coulter; damage \$800; no insurance. Limollou, Que.—New building belonging to Mr. Barrie; cause unknown; full particulars not to hand. Peterborough, Ont.—Store occupied by Mr. Robert Di

incendiarism; damage slight.

Barnardo; cause, incendiarism; damage slight. Vancouver, B.C.—Club house of the Vancouver Yacht Club, also yachts and trophies; damage, \$5,000. Prince Rupert, B.C.—Eighteen houses belonging to the Cassair cannery; cause, lamp upset; damage, \$20,000. North Bay, Ont.—Store of Messrs. Lindsay & McClus-uncertainty of the store in the stor

key; cause, overheated stove pipe; damage, \$1,000; fully insured.

Lauder, Man.-Hotel owned by Mr. Geo. Allison, and implement shed belonging to Messrs. Massey Harris Company; damage not estimated; insurance on hotel, \$3,600;

pany; damage not estimated; insurance on hotel, \$3,600; insurance on implement shed \$800. **Toronto, Ont.**—Residence of Mr. Wm. O'Dea; cause, falling of stove pipe; damage \$100; insurance, \$700. The Biological building of known; damage, \$500 Clothing Manufacturing Company; Broadway Cap Com-pany, King Suspender, Company, and Dominion Cloak Com-pany; cause unknown; damage, \$2,000. **Cuelph, Ont.**—Building, the property of Mr. H. N. Nor-rish; damage to building, \$7,500; insurance, \$5,000; dam-age on stock, \$10,800; insurance, \$6,100. All the insurance was carried by the Norwich Union and the Home Fire In-surance Company, of New York, the Union Company had a few hundred dollars on the Wine Club premises. Total damage, \$18,300.

a few hundred dollars on the Wine Club premises. Total damage, \$18,300. **Sudbury, Ont.**—Building owned by Mr. S. Johnson; damage, \$50,000; insurance, \$20,000. Bank of Toronto, damage \$2,000; fully covered. Mr. L. Lambe, damage. \$700; fully covered. Messrs. Downey and Moyle, damage, \$700; fully covered. Messrs. Downey and Moyle, damage, \$5,000. Mr. P. L. Parker, damage, \$12,500; insurance \$4,500. Dr. Switzer, damage, \$2,000; insurance \$1,800. Major Leckie, sen., damage, \$7,500; insurance, \$1,800. Major Leckie, jun., damage \$2,500. Mr. F. W. Andrews, damage \$2,000; insurance \$1,000. Manitoulin & North Shore Railway, damage \$1,000; fully covered. Major Smith, damage \$1,000. Mr. J. Henry, damage \$3,000.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONCERNING FIRES ALREADY REPORTED.

North Vancouver, B.C.—Residence owned by Mr. R. E. Machaghten and occupied by Mr. T. A. Martin; cause, de-fective chimney; damage, \$2,050; insurance \$1,200 in

Phoenix. Port Dalhousie, Ont.—Tug "Augusta" owned by Cap-tains McGrath and Lannon; cause unknown; damage, \$4,000; insurance, \$2,000 with Messrs. Dale & Company,

Brockville, Ont. Residence of Mr. Antoine Wendling; cause, escape of gas on building, \$4,000; insurance on buildings, \$2,000; damage Montreal. British America Company

Elgin, Man.—Outbuildings, stables, etc., owned by Mr. J. Spratt and occupied by Mr. T. Westerman; cause, spark from threshing machine; no damage to stock; damage on buildings, \$1,000; insurance, \$200.

FIRE AND MARINE NOTES.

The National Finance Company, Limited, of Vancouver, the business of Mr. E. H. Crandell, which includes agencies of several of the best fire insurance companies.

The charge of perjury against Miss Guthrie in connection with the recent fire at Barrie, Ontario, has been dis-missed on a technicality. The evidence at the inquest which was taken down by a stenographer was not accepted by Judge Wismer, who tried the case.

The fire chief of Peterborough, Ontario, has reported to the police that a recent fire in a store occupied by Mr. Robert Di Barnardo was caused by several small fires all at different parts of the building. It is only a short time since this store was burnt out, and it has been visited b. fire on other occasions.

The stockholders of the Aetna Insurance Company, of Hartford, have agreed to the proposed increase in the capital stock. This is from \$4.000,000 to \$5,000,000; the additional million to be paid in at a rate of \$200 per share of \$100 par, thereby adding a million to the net surplus of the company over and above the new capital. It is calculated that, when this is done the Aetna's surplus will be close on \$7,000,000.

Through children playing with matches, no less than 96 fires occurred in Montreal during 1909. Lamps exploding or upsetting caused 106 fires, while sponaneous combustion was responsible for 101. The habit of rats of gnawing at was responsible for for. The hash of fars of guarang at matches caused six outbreaks. The total number of re-sponses for the year was 1,689, of which number 218 proved to be false alarms. The highest number of fires occurred in private homes, the figures reaching 524. Wooden sheds came next with 219. There is then a big drop to 80 in which a grad to in new buildings stables, and 43 in new buildings.

In the matter of a so-called Lloyds fire loss in America. of which payment was refused by the New York agents of a group of Americans operating in England as "Lloyd's Agents," can the funds of the American correspondents be attached? Two experts in England, enquired of by the United States Review, replied in the negative. "In the first place the American correspondent have no such fund. place, the American correspondents have no such funds, and in the second, if they had, these funds are not identified as the property of miscellaneous London Lloyd's subscribers."

Cables received in New York announce that Stearns and Hammick, of the Stearns group of Lloyds, London under-writers, were insolvent. Policies issued by them during this year are subject to the general guarantee of the committee. year are subject to the general guarantee of the committee. The Stearns group did quite a large and aggressive American-fire business, and this complication following hard after se-veral Lloyds, London, failures, will attract much attention. Brokers report that the Lloyds, London, underwriters are very timid in their acceptances of late and are declining more than half of even the renewals offered them. As this means a decided reduction in income while losses will abate means a decided reduction in income, while losses will abate but little for some time to come, it is not unlikely that further developments of a disquieting nature may be expected before the New Year has much more than begun.

The fire department apparatus of Edmonton, Alta., consists of one steam engine, three chemical engines, fourteen chemical hand extinguishers, one hook and ladder truck, four hose wagons, eighteen horses, 9,000 feet of good rubber-lined cotton hose and a buggy and supply wagon. There are sixty-three Gamwell (non-interfering) fire alarm boxes. It is proposed to erect two sub-halls in 1910, while the ap-paratus will be increased by the addition of two ladder trucks and two combination hose and chemical. The fire area of Edmonton covers 5,000 acres. Wooden roofs are not allowed in the fire area. All causes of fire are investigated. The average fire loss per year for the past three years was \$40,-000, while the average insurance carried on the properties burned per year for same period amounted to \$400,000.

ACCIDENT AND CASUALTY NOTES.

At Hamilton, Ont., Antonio Salvo was awarded \$300 damages in his action against Hamilton Street Railway for injuries received through a rail falling on his foot.

Judge Denton recently awarded Mrs. Maria Roberts of Davisville, Ont., \$250 damages against the town of North Toronto, for injuries received by falling on a defective sidewalk:

*

A drill falling on the back of Mr. Edwin McInnes at Lake Buntzen, B.C., was the cause of him losing his will power. In a recent action against his employers, Messrs. Naylor Bros., he was awarded \$1,000 damages.

In connection with the recent explosion at St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum, Ottawa, the report of the boiler inspector shows that it was caused by the closing of certain valves on the boiler. the boiler. At a recent meeting of the institution there was considerable discussion as to the identification of the blameworthy person. Steps will be taken to guard against a recur-rence of the accident.

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Chuckling With Prosperity. Trend of Canadian Banking. Mergers of Nineteen Hundred and Nine. **Insurance Retrospect and Prospect.** Cobalt.

These are five of the many special expert articles which will appear in the statistical Review and Outloo Issue of the "Monetary Times" on January 8th, 1910.

Canadian Flotations in London this year aggregated about Two Hundred Millions. Canada's Municipal Bond Sales Totalled Approximately Thirty Millions.

Fire Losses in Canada were over Fourteen Millions.

Canada has more than Seven Hundred and Fifty Millions Dollars of Deposits in its Two Thousand More Chartered Bank Branches.

Cobalt Mines have paid Thirteen Millions in Dividends in Four Years. In Twenty Years the Dominion's Wheat Acreage has Increased by One Thousand Per Cent.

Articles in betail regarding the above are some of the contents of the "Monetary Times." of January 8th.

OTHER FEATURES:

CANADIAN COVERNMENT LOANS. LOCATION OF CANADA'S BRANCH BANKS. DIVIDEND CHANCES. NEW LISTINGS. IMMICRATION.

EICHT PACE STOCK RECORD. SILVER PRICES AND COBALT. CROP ESTIMATES. RAILROAD EARNINGS. CANADIAN SECURITIES IN LONDON A Fr

Financial Firms Desiring to Send Copies of this Issue to Their Clients Should Wire or Cable Orders at Once.

What is the Outlook for 1910?

How Did 1909 Compare With 1908?

What Progress Has Canada Made in 1909?

These questions, and many more, will be answered in Che Second Annual Statistical Review and Outlook number of

Che Monetary Cimes

To be published January 8th, 1910

This issue will have a larger circulation in Europe and the United States as well as Canada among those who have potential interest in Canada from an investment view-point than any other piece of financial and commercial literature ever sent out by any interest.

The Year's Progress in Tabloid

- I Orders for extra copies of this issue should be sent in PROMPTLY so as to ensure delivery -already the number of copies ordered is large.
- I Orders for special advertising with cuts and copy should reach the Toronto office not later than

JANUARY 5, 1910.

DIVIDENDS

THE SUN AND HASTINGS SAVINGS AND LOAN COMPANY OF ONTARIO.

DIVIDEND NO. 26.

Notice is hereby given that a half-yearly dividend at the rate of six per cent. per annum upon the paid-up capital stock of this Company has been declared for the current half year ending December 31st. The same will be payable on and after Monday, January 3rd, 1910. By order of the Board.

2634

W. PEMBERTON PAGE, Manager.

Toronto, Dec. 15th, 1909.

THE BRITISH MORTCACE LOAN COMPANY OF ONTARIO.

DIVIDEND NO. 63.

the state Notice is hereby given that a Dividend at the rate of Seven Per Cent. Per Annum on the Paid-Up Capital Stock Seven Per Cent. Per Annum on the Paid-Up Capital Stock of this Company, for the half-year ending the 31st December instant, has this day been declared. and that the same is payable at the office of the Company, in the City of Strat-ford, on and after Monday, the 3rd Day of January next. The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 31st instant, inclusive. By Order of the Board.

WILLIAM BUCKINGHAM, Manager.

Stratford, December 6, 1909.

CUELPH AND ONTARIO INVESTMENT AND SAVINCS SOCIETY.

(Incorporated A.D. 1876.)

Authorized Capital	\$1,000,000	00	
Subscribed Capital		00	
Paid-in Capital		00	1
Reserve Fund		00	
Assets	2,316,930	86	

Notice is Hereby Civen that a Dividend of Four Per Cent. for the current half-year (being at the rate of Eight Per Cent. Per Annum) upon the Paid-in Stock of this Insti-tution has been declared and that the same will be payable at its office, corner Wyndham and Cork Streets, Guelph, Ont., on and after Manday Institution

on and after Monday, January 3rd, 1910. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 20th to the 31st of December, both days inclusive.

J. E. McELDERRY, Managing Director.

Guelph, December 6th, 1909.

CROWN RESERVE MINING COMPANY, LIMITED

DIVIDEND NO. 7.

Notice is hereby given that the regular quarterly divi-dend of 6 per cent. for the three months ending 31st Decem-ber, 1909, and a bonus in addition of 9 per cent. for the same term, making a total payment of 15 per cent., has been de-clared and will be payable on the 15th of January, 1910, to shareholders of record the 31st December, 1909. Transfer books will be closed from the 1st to the 14th January, both days inclusive. By Order of the Board.

By Order of the Board, TAMES COOPER,

Montreal, November 8th, 1900. Secretary. N.B.—Dividend cheques will be mailed by the Com-pany's Transfer Agent, The Crown Trust Company, on the 14th January, 1910. The shareholders are requested to ad-vise the Transfer Agent of any change in address.

Tobacco growing in British Columbia is an expanding astry. This year over 25,000 pounds of Havana leaf were industry. produced. It is expected that greater quantities will be raised. The A. B. C. Elevator and Wharf Company, backed by British Columbia and Alberta capital, has received a Do-minion charter. The object is to erect terminal elevators at Westminster, Vancouver and Prince Rupert.

TIMES THE MONETARY

<text> December, 1909. THOMAS MULVEY, Under-Secretary o Dated at Toronto this 14th day of December, 1909. of State.

BLAKE, LASH, ANGLIN & CASSELS, Solicitors for

THE GENERAL LAND & INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.

With the development of the fruit industry in British Columbia, growers in the Kootenay are urging the establishment of a nursery. The secretary was instructed to point out to leading nurseries in the east, the opportunity existing in the interior of Prior to the secretary and the interior of the secretary and the secretary was instructed to point out the interior of British Columbia.

Messrs. H. E. Almond and J. L. Ahlers, two dairy men of Vancouver, and Mr. C. Yungen, are investigating the oppor-tunities of establishing a milk condensing plant in the Chilliwack Valley. The company is capitalized at \$30,000, and it is proposed to handle 50,000 pounds of milk daily. De

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Advertisements under this heading will be accepted hereafter at the following rates: "Position Wanted" advs., one cent per word each insertion; "Men Wanted" advs., two cents per word each insertion; "Agencies Wanted" advs. two cents per word each insertion. A minimum charge of fifty cents per insertion will be made in every case.

OPEN TO CONSIDER the purchase of an Ontario or Quebec Charter-strictly confidential. Box 93, Monetary Times.

EXPERT AUDITOR and Accountant, disposing of business January first, desires to negotiate with A1 concern requiring a thoroughly reliable and up-to-date practical accountant. Aged 27 years. Promotion assured. Salary, Eleven Hundred. Apply, Box 95, Monetary Times.

WANTED by a Young Man with Four Years Banking experience, a position as Book-Keeper with a reliable Wholesale House. Address, Box 97, Monetary Times, Toronto.

WANTED a thoroughly Reliable Man to sell additional stock of an established non-board Fire Insurance Company. Apply stating experience, Box 22, The Monetary Times, Winnipeg, Man.

WANTED.—Inspector for fire insurance, one familiar with specials and basis of rating, and good canvasser. Apply Box 101, Monetary Times.

FOR SALE.—Block of stock in old established Foundry and Heating Company. For particulars as to same apply Box 99, Monetary Times Office.

CROWTH OF LIFE UNDERWRITERS' ASSOCIATIONS.

A short time ago Mr. E. R. Machum, president of the Life Underwriters' Association of Canada, sent a letter to the Secretary of each branch Underwriters' association in Canada requesting a statement of the membership. His object was to ascertain what erowth had taken place since the September Convention. Replies have been received from only a few but it is evident that the interest is growing. rapidly since eight associations show an increase in membership during the last three months considerably in excess of that made by all the associations in the previous twelve months.

The gains of these eight associations are as follows :-

New Brunsw	vick (including Cape Bret	on) 13
Peterboro		
London .		7
Kingston		
Brantford		2
Winnipeg		2
Total		70

Mr. Machum recently met the Executive and some others of the Montreal Association, being their guest at the Club Canadien. For over two hours, association matters were discussed and he was much impressed with the broad outlook of those present and their evident determination that Montreal, the mother of the Association movement in Canada, should not lag in the prosecution of the good work.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of this bank for the election of directors and for other business will be held at the Banking House in Toronto, on Tuesday, the 13th day of January next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon. By order of the Board,

ALEXANDER LAIRD, Toronto, 28th October, 1909. General Manager.

MEXICAN LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Mexican Light & Power Company, Limited, will be held on Thursday, the Twentieth Day of January, 1910, at Twelve o'Clock Noon at the Head Office of the Company, Manning Arcade, No. 24 King Street West, Toronto, Canada, for the purpose of considering and approving by-laws increasing the capital stock of the Company by the addition of \$3,600,000 of preference stock and \$5,400,000 of ordinary stock making in all \$6,000,000 preference stock and \$19,000,000 ordinary stock.

ence stock and \$19,000,000 ordinary stock. The transfer books of the Company, both preference and ordinary, will be closed from the Fifteenth Day of January 1910, to the Twentieth Day of January 1910, inclusive.

By Order of the Board. W. E. DAVIDSON, Secretary.

Toronto, December 8th, 1909.

COVERNMENT INSURANCE WAS A FAILURE.

On August 1st, says a Calcutta contemporary, fire insurance rates were generally raised throughout New Zealand, both the State Fire Insurance Department, which was responsible for the "cut," and the competing companies having learnt wisdom by experience. Whether the losses which have been incurred through this disastrous conflict will ever be recovered is uncertain, and in any case it will be many years before the adverse balance can be reduced. The State Department is known to have made a very heavy loss to date, while authoritative figures show that the combined companies lost £159,354 in 1908, and £254,956 in the five years 1904 to 1908, inclusive. Their net gain and net loss in each year are shown below:—

		Loss.		Profit.
1904		£\$1,207		
1905				£7,385
1906		69,054		
1907				17,274
1908		159,354		
Т	otals	£279,615	•	£24,659

These figures are an object lesson to the advocates of Government and municipal insurance.

At Milk River, Alberta, 50 miles from Lethbridge, and close to the boundary of Montana, the Canadian Bank of Commerce has opened a branch.

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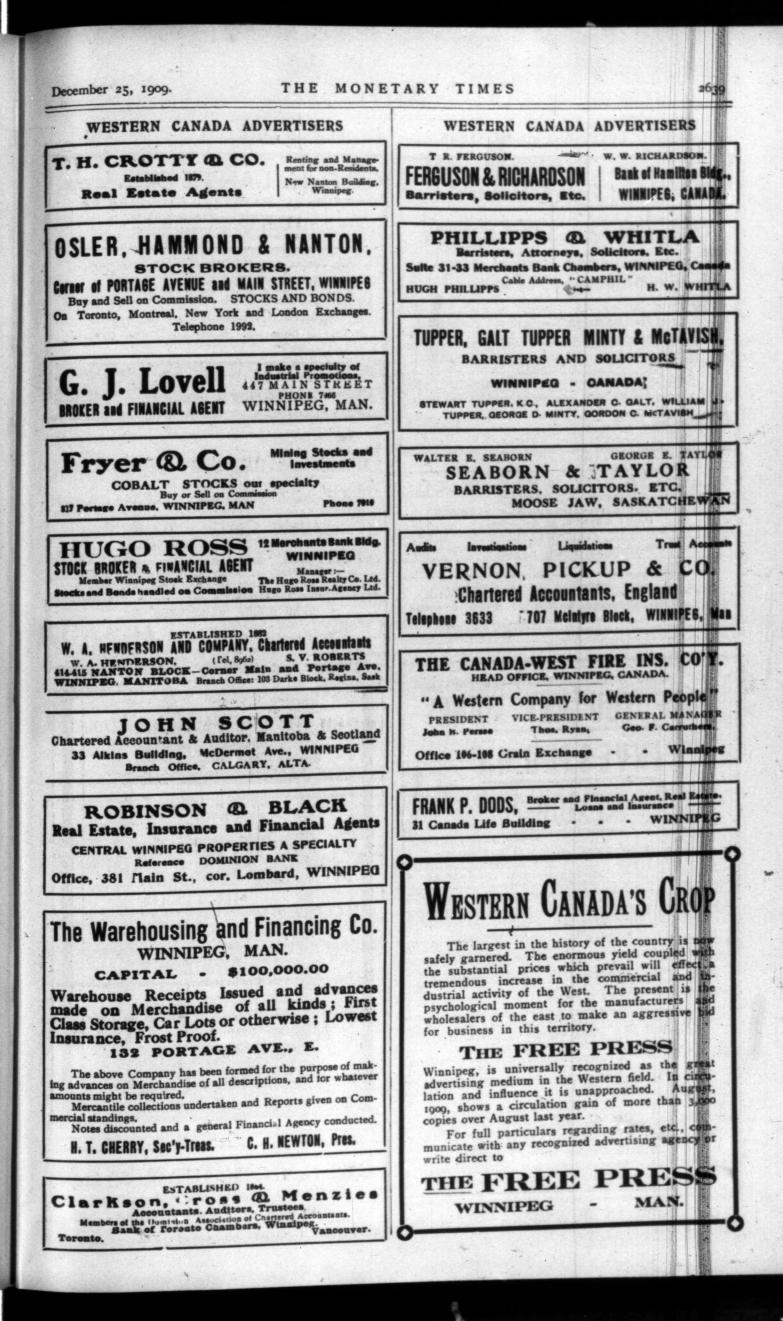




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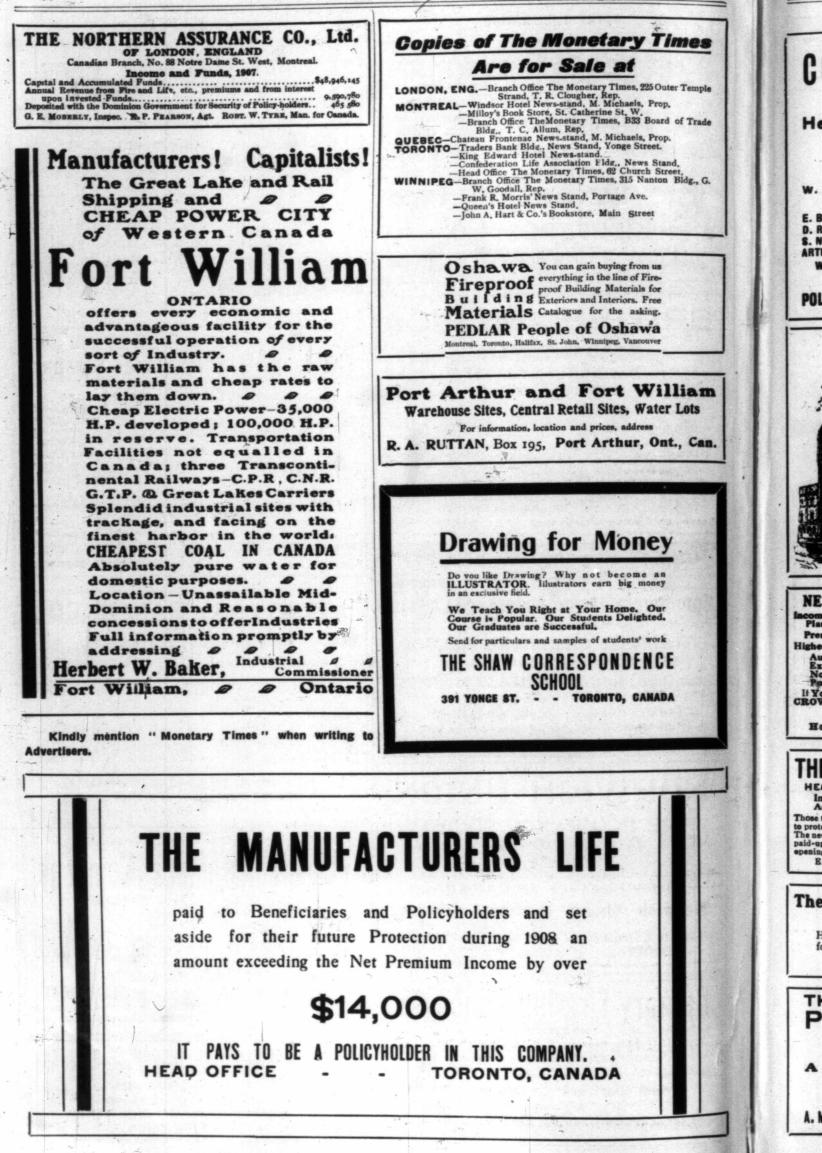


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SHIPMENT OF WHEAT VIA BRITISH COLUMBIA

SHIPMENT OF WHEAT VIA BRITISH COLUMBIA Honorable W. H. Cushing, Minister of Public Works in the Government of Alberta, was in Victoria last week con-ferring with Premier McBride relative to the shipment of wheat from western Alberta via the Pacific Coast. A large steamship company, which has been operating two or three years, has approached the Alberta government for assistance in the erection of terminal elevators at Vancouver. Hon. Mr. Cushing states that Alberta is taking the stand that if Vancouver wants the trade, it should provide the necessary facilities. His trip to Victoria was to see what the govern-ment will do, but nothing definite was formulated. At the beginning of the shipping season, Mr. William Whyte second vice-president of the C. P. R., stated that no wheat mentioned. The C. P. R. has installed a sacking plant. Vancouver, but Alberta people declare that an elevator is necessary before any large amount of wheat will move to-word the Pacific coast. Honorable Mr. Cushing who is a believer in the future of the Pacific, says that in due time European goods will be imported into Aberta and Saskat-chewan through Pacific portals, since there is less trans-shipment by this route. shipment by this route.

ONTARIO'S REPLY TO THE DOMINION COVERNMENT.

The Ontario Government in sending its reply to the Dominion Government regarding the applications forwarded to the latter asking for the disallowance of the Provincial Hydro-Electric legislation, takes a stand somewhat similar to that of the British House of Commons in its dispute with the Lords. The official document goes fully into every ques-tion affecting the rights of the province, and concludes :---"The people of Ontario take their position in the posi-tive and unshaken foundation formed by the British North American Act, and the decisions which have been indicated and in agreement with the principle laid down by the present Minister of Justice and respectfully submit that for upwards of 200 years the Lords and Commons of Great Britain have legislated without fear of the Royal veto, although its exist-ence has been undoubted, and, therefore, in full accord with the spirit and genius of British institutions, the people of the province are entitled to all rights of British subjects else-where, as free, as has been practically pointed out by the Minister of Lustice. To legislate within their invictions province are entitled to all rights of British subjects else-where, as free, as has been practically pointed out by the Minister of Justice, to legislate within their jurisdiction as the Lords and Commons of Great Britain are free to legis-late and cannot submit to any check upon the right of the Legislature to legislate with reference to subjects within its well defined invisition, although a technical right to die well-defined jurisdiction, although a technical right to dis-

well-defined jurisdiction, although a technical right to dis-allow may exist. "Any other view would mean that there are different grades of British subjects in the Empire; that the people of the several provinces of the Dominion have not and are not entitled to the full and free enjoyment of those civil rights and liberties which are enjoyed by British subjects in the Mother Country, a condition of things which would be in-tolerable. Without therefore, in any way suggesting the possibility of such interference, an appreciation of the very grave and serious consequences which must inevitably follow



such an act fully justified, in the opinion of the undersigned, a respectful recital of the rights of the province in this be-half, and a clear intimation of its attitude in respect thereto."

ZINC MINING IN BRITISH COLUMBIA

Those interested in the mining of zince have, met in Nelson, B. C., and discussed the practicability of building up a zince smelting industry in British Columbia. At pre-sent, whatever zinc ore is mined in British Columbia is smelted in the United States, and with freight and duty it is an expensive operation. The zinc mine owners have the same complaint as the lumbermen in British Columbia in that a high stariff on their products entering the United States handicaps the Canadian operator, while the United States zinc men have a practical monopoly of the Canadian market. Mining interests on this side of the boundary will demand the exclusion of the product of the United States manufacturer and the preservation of the Canadian market for the output of the industries that it is roposed to es-tablish in Canada. The ores of the interior of British Col-umbia are rich in zinc, and it is hoped to promote an exten-sive mining industry which will be of vast importance to the progress of that province.

A Filing Cabinet Like This Would place your papers in your hands instantly. - - - - No waste time. - - - - It is sectional and can be added to as your business expands. If you are interested, write us for particulars. Desks, Chairs, Filing Cabinets, Sectional Bookcases The Benson, Johnston Co., Limited Hamilton, Ontario 8 John Street, North River series Pens, practically non-corrosive. Send 5 two-cent stamps for sample card.

