

Furious!

British Brokers Kick Against the Bond Issue.

War Loan, They Say, Should Not Have Gone Out of the Country.

British-Canadian Trade Still on the Increase—Movements of Royalty—King Humbert's Funeral.

* CREATES COMMENT.

London, Aug. 9.—The bond issue continues to create comment. The Daily Chronicle quotes Lord Rothschild as saying: "The thing is done and cannot be undone. The government has got the money, and all the argument in the world about the means will not alter the fact. The mistake that government made was in not letting the public know all the facts of the case." After quoting from a financial expert the Daily Chronicle says: "Of course, the stock brokers are furious, because it means the loss of a great deal of money to them. They get 25 shillings per thousand on allotments, and on £10,000,000 that means a vast amount of money."

The Times says: Rumors are current that a definite agreement exists between the Bank of England and the Americans to the effect that payment shall be made in gold. We do not believe that any such agreement has been come to, but we understand that as a matter of fact, over a million will reach London during the next fortnight. If another million or so arrives during the subsequent fortnight, an adequate addition will have been made to the bank's reserve, provided of course, there is no foreign drain.

M. P. S. WROTE TO KRUGER. London, Aug. 9.—"There is reason to believe," says the Standard, in reference to the papers found at Pretoria, "that a communication, signed by certain Liberal members and others, was sent to President Kruger last September urging him to concede a five years' franchise, without artificial restrictions, and assuring him that, if he did so, they would do all they could to assist him in maintaining the independence of the Transvaal. It is believed also that some letters written by Michael Davitt were discovered."

THE ROYAL FUNERAL. Rome, Aug. 8.—The funeral train, bearing the remains of King Humbert, left Monza at 4:28 p.m., accompanied by the Duke of Aosta, the Count of Turin and the Duke of Oporto. At 4:45 p.m., the train reached Milan.

BRITISH-CANADIAN TRADE. London, Aug. 9.—Board of trade returns for the month of July show that the imports from Canada include 15,678 cattle, value £27,383; sheep and lambs, 5,897, valued at £9,731; wheat, 62,300 cwt., £250,424; meal and flour, 139,300 cwt., £57,367; peas, 50,400 cwt., £16,191; bacon, 64,983 cwt., £135,806; hams, 9,002 cwt., £67,230; butter, 24,684 cwt., £115,305; cheese, 256,064 cwt., £639,127; eggs, 565 great hundreds, £102; horses, 530, £14,587; total imports, £2,836,536; exports, £578,161.

The increase in imports from Canada for the seven months of the present year, ending July, were: Cattle, £40,000; wheat, £341,000; oats, £287,000; bacon, £220,000; hams, £30,000; cheese, £400,000; eggs, £7,000; fish, £108,000. The decrease in imports were: Sheep, £2,000; wheat flour, £141,000; maize, £204,000; butter, £31,000; hewn wood, £24,000; sawn wood, £100,000. The increase in British exports to Canada are: Salt, £14,000; spirits, £17,000; wool, £17,000; cotton piece goods, £107,000; jute piece goods, £12,000; linen piece goods, £20,000; woollen tissues, £102,000; worsted tissues, £51,000; carpets, £46,000; pig iron, £24,000; tin plate, £58,000; unwrought steel, £175,000; aprons, £15,000; cement, £18,000; seed oils, £30,000; railway iron, decrease, £18,000.

ROYALTY'S MOVEMENTS. Rome, Aug. 9.—King Victor Emmanuel III. and Queen Helena arrived here yesterday. They were received by the ministers, the presidents of the Senate and Chamber of Deputies, many senators and members of parliament and the civil and military authorities. The sovereigns went immediately to the Quirinal. During the passage through the streets the crowds present uncovered their heads.

Monza, Aug. 9.—The widowed Queen Margaret, Princess Maria Pia, the former Queen of Portugal, the Duchess of Aosta, the Duchess of Genoa, the Duchess of Oporto and Princess Ferdinand of Genoa and Victor Napoleon left here by special train for Rome yesterday.

Cowes, Isle of Wight, Aug. 9.—The gloom overhanging Cowes was emphasized yesterday, when the Prince of Wales, who, with the Duke and Duchess of York and others, arrived here from London today, steamed through the long line of yachts on board the Victoria and Albert, on which a signal was flying, requesting that no salutes be fired. The royal yacht came silent by to anchor, and the fashionable crowd present waited in vain for the prince's appearance at the Royal Yacht Club. His royal highness boarded a launch late in the afternoon and went direct to Osborne. It is estimated that American yachts worth millions sterling are riding at anchor in view of the club house.

BRITISH TRADE. London, Aug. 9.—The statement of the board of trade for the month of July shows increases of £238,800 in imports and £1,354,600 in exports.

ANARCHISTS ACTIVE. Antwerp, Aug. 9.—Autographic placards have been found posted on the walls of public edifices here, notably on the palace of the king and the prison, announcing that the Anarchist

propaganda continues. The Journal says Anarchists, many from London, on their way to Paris, have passed through this city shadowed by English detectives.

BOER DELEGATES AT BERLIN. Berlin, Aug. 9.—The Boer delegates and Dr. Leyds arrived here yesterday. They will be received today at the foreign office by Herr Von Der Enthal, Count Von Buelow's representative. It is understood that the purpose of their visit to Berlin and also to St. Petersburg, where they will go next, is to induce Germany and Russia, when peace comes, to try to get some measure of independence for the Boers.

CABLE NOTES. The number of immigrants for Canada from British ports during July was: English, 2,144; Irish, 129; Scotch, 117, and foreign, 5,130.

Canada's History in The English Schools.

In a letter to the London Daily Chronicle, Lord Strathcona refers to the study of Canada in English schools. The letter is as follows: "Sir—The Canadian government is very desirous of encouraging the study of the history, geography and resources of Canada in the schools of the United Kingdom, and with this object in view has had prepared two books for use in schools—one an Atlas, and the other a Reader about Canada."

The books will be supplied in sufficient numbers to schools prepared to take the matter up after the summer holidays. The offer will be confined, in the first place, to schools in the rural districts, and in the smaller towns and villages—the centers of agricultural neighborhoods. It is intended to present a bronze medal for competition in each school. The medal will be given to the boy or girl who proves to be the most proficient in the subjects when the schools close for the Christmas holidays. An examination should be held about the time specified and the best two papers in each school forwarded to me, when I shall decide, as soon as possible after they are received, to which of the papers the medal is to be awarded.

The adoption of the proposal cannot fail to be of advantage from an imperial as well as from a Canadian point of view; and nothing but good results can follow a better knowledge of Canada among the rising generation. Both directly and indirectly it ought to be beneficial in a commercial sense, in making the products of Canada better known than at present; and again, the more the rising generation know about Canada and the colonies the more likely are those of them who may decide upon emigration in the future to remain within the limits of the empire.

I shall be glad to hear from schoolmasters who view the suggestion favorably, and will furnish them with Atlases and Readers, on learning the number required, and the date on which they will be required. The applications will be recorded in order of priority, and will be dealt with in the line mentioned until the available supply of the books is exhausted. I am, sir, your obedient servant, STRATHCONA, Office of the High Commissioner for Canada, 11 Victoria street, London, S. W.

ENGINEER GRAHAM, Of Montreal, Cured of Diabetes by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Montreal, Aug. 6.—Proof positive and convincing has been given in Montreal that Dodd's Kidney Pills are the only sure cure for that dread disease Diabetes. And day after day fresh evidence comes to light, to make the proof more emphatic and convincing. Engineer James Graham, 50 Victoria square, says: "I suffered with Diabetes for six years. One of our best doctors told me I could not be cured. I bought Dodd's Kidney Pills, and decided to try them. Three boxes made me well, and I have not suffered from Diabetes since."

Such proofs as this prove the efficacy of Dodd's Kidney Pills.

AT POINT FARM, GODERICH.

Among the visitors at the Point Farm, Goderich, who have registered during the past few days are the following: Lord and Lady Fairbairn, Miss Jessie E. Flaherty, Miss Clara M. Flaherty, Mrs. J. C. Buckley, Master Neil D. Rowen, Miss B. V. Mott, Mrs. K. W. Raper, Detroit; Mrs. Arthur Wright, Miss Ottilie Ardash, Mrs. A. Petersen, Miss Gracie Petersen, Mrs. M. K. Means, Steubenville, Ohio; Stephen Blackburn, Glenora; A. D. Campbell, Buenos Ayres, South America; Mr. and Mrs. Robert Reid, Miss Elma Reid, Master Arthur Reid, Miss Helen and nurse, Miss Mary Macfie, Miss Helen Macfie, Miss Jean Macfie, Miss F. Somerville, Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Fraser, Miss Fraser, Mrs. F. Fraser, A. G. Fraser, Bruce Fraser, A. G. Calder, T. C. Wright, Mr. and Mrs. Smithson, Master Earl, Mrs. Carpenter, Baby Shirley and nurse, W. J. Blackburn, A. B. Caswell, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Moffat, Mr. and Mrs. R. K. Cowan, Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Nicholson, Gordon C. Hunt, W. W. Hunt, London; Mr. and Mrs. Phillip Brock, Miss Evelyn, Miss Kathleen, Miss Phyllis, Baby Millicent and nurse, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. D. Heyd, Baby Constance and nurse, Mrs. Wm. Brock, Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Waterous, Miss Martha, Master Donald, Miss Nellie Ashbury, Mr. and Mrs. James Harley, Miss Anne Harley, Master Archie, Master Ewart, Mrs. L. T. Whitehead, Mr. and Mrs. F. McLaren, Miss Annie McLaren, Baby Douglas and nurse, Brantford; S. S. Fuller, Stratford; Mrs. George H. Skinner, Miss Marion Skinner, Miss Ereta Greve, E. H. Harndt, Mr. and Mrs. George A. Griffin, Master Campbell, Miss Nora, Baby Jean and nurse, Guelph.

The number of passengers carried by the Toronto Street Railway Company on civic holiday, exclusive of transfers, was 155,000, or 11,000 in excess of last year.

IN TOUCH WITH THE ENEMY

Fighting in South Africa Still Goes On.

Baden-Powell Relieved, But Elands River Garrison Probably Captured.

Gen. Hutton Praises the Canadians' Good Work—Indications That the Boys Will Soon Be Coming Home.

London, Aug. 8—11 p.m.—Lord Roberts fears that the Elands River garrison has been captured after ten days' resistance. The war office has received the following dispatch: "Pretoria, Aug. 7.—Delarey, hearing of Ian Hamilton's approach toward Rustenberg, and seeing that he had no chance of capturing Baden-Powell, hurried off to Elands River. Hamilton reported that firing in the Elands River direction ceased yesterday and that Lieut.-Col. Hoare's garrison has evidently been captured."

"Hamilton left Rustenberg this morning, bringing Baden-Powell's force with him. "Dewet commenced crossing the Vaal River yesterday. Methuen, on the right bank of the Vaal, has evidently come into contact with Dewet's advance guard, as his guns were heard by Kitchener this morning."

GEN. WARREN SENT HOME. The following dispatch from Lord Roberts has been received at the war office: "As Warren has pacified the western districts of Cape Colony, I am allowing him to return home, and am placing the whole of the troops in the colony under Forester-Walker."

Lieut.-Gen Sir Charles Warren, the former commander of the fifth division of the South African field force, has been severely criticised by Lord Roberts. Gen. Sir Charles Warren, recently appointed administrator of Bechuanaland, sailed from Cape Town for England today.

IN TOUCH WITH THE ENEMY. The war office has received a dispatch from Lord Roberts showing that Gen. Carrington, with his mounted infantry from Rhodesia, is now in touch with the Boers in the center of the Transvaal. At the same time the guerrilla war goes on, and while Gen. Dewet is still at large, small parties of Gen. Botha's men are harassing the outposts, capturing stores and driving in patrols in the vicinity of Pretoria itself.

PRaises FOR SOLOMON. Cape Town, Aug. 9.—The speech of ex-Attorney-General Solomon in the Cape Parliament yesterday, explaining his course during the war, and his support of the measures proposed by the Sprigg ministry, is universally praised. Even the On's Land, the Dutch newspaper, admits that he justified his attitude by being consistent throughout. The On's Land today has another attack on ex-Prime Minister Schreiner, who, it says, has betrayed himself and his party.

The Canadians.

DEAD AND DISABLED. London, Aug. 8.—Advices from Cape Town give the following respecting the Canadian soldiers: Capt. McDonald—Released. No. 614, Parker—Killed, Aug. 2. No. 492, Arnold—Severely wounded. No. 329, Sandcock, and No. 813, Smith—Dangerously ill at Cape Town. No. 216, Cronie—Died of enteric fever at Johannesburg, on the 6th.

The death of Capt. Alfred Milner, Pte. D. J. Cronie belonged to the Canadian Mounted Rifles, and was formerly a member of the 27th Battalion, St. Clair Borderers, with headquarters at Sarnia. Pte. G. G. Arnold had been serving with A Squadron of the Strathcona Horse. He enlisted at Cookstown, near Barrie. The official list states that Pte. Sandcock enlisted with D Field Battery, but does not give his address in Canada.

Capt. McDonald is a battalion adjutant with H company, first Canadian contingent. He hails from Nova Scotia. There is no No. 614, Parker, given in the official list. There are about eight men of that name on the list, but No. 614 gives J. Squires, of E Field Battery. The nearest approach to the number is H. G. Parker, 10th Field Battery, who has been serving with D Field Battery. There is no Smith, No. 813, given on the official list, although there are a great many of that name serving with the contingent. R. M. L. Vanliven, A Squadron, Canadian Mounted Rifles, formerly of the 4th Hussars, has been invalided to England.

WILL SOON SAIL FOR HOME. Ottawa, Aug. 9.—It will not be many days before the first contingent starts for home. This is the construction to be put upon a statement made by Capt. S. Maynard Rogers in a letter to Capt. J. E. Hutcheson, just received here. The letter, which is dated Johannesburg, July 3, says: "Many thanks for your kind letter and enclosed illustrations of the awful fire. As six weeks of our mail was captured by Gen. Dewet and burned, we only had very meager rumors of the terrible catastrophe. I am now on my way south to collect our sick and wounded, and take them down to Cape Town, preparatory to returning home."

BRAVE BOYS. Ottawa, Aug. 9.—Gen. Hutton sends a letter, dated July 2, to Lord Minto, with Col. Evans' report of the fight at Horning Spruit, in which the second battalion, Mounted Rifles, was engaged, and in which the Pincher Creek boys were killed. Gen. Hutton says: "The whole incident narrated by Lieut.-Col. Evans reflects the greatest credit upon all concerned, but the gallantry and devotion to duty which were shown by the small party composing the Cossack post in particular was of a very high order." "The men of the Northwest Mounted Police have been repeatedly conspicuous in displaying the highest qualities required of a British soldier in the field."

Gen. Hutton continues: "I have the honor to submit to your excellency the names of the following officers and men for their conduct in the engagement, which I had especially brought to the notice of the commander-in-chief: Lieut. H. J. A. Davidson, superintendent N. W. M. P.; Lieut. W. M. Inglis, late captain Berkshire Regiment, wounded; Corp. Fred Morden, wounded, and subsequently killed; Lance-Corp. (now Sergt.) Thomas Miles, wounded; Pte. Kerr, wounded and subsequently killed; Pte. Mills, wounded."

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From Near-By Places.

ARKONA.

Arkona, Aug. 8.—The Methodist Church and Sunday school picnic will be held at Hillsboro grove on Wednesday, Aug. 15. Everybody welcome, and those who have room to carry one or two scholars please call at the church early. Miss Irwin has gone to Petrolia to visit Mr. and Mrs. Macdonald. Miss Edna Britton, of Watford, is visiting Arkona friends. Rev. and Mrs. Baldwin, who have been camping at the lake for some time, returned home on Friday. The funeral of Claude, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. D. McDonald, took place here on Tuesday at 11 a.m., Rev. Messrs. Irwin and Hannan officiating. Mrs. German and son, of Sarnia, are visiting at Wm. Martin's. Rev. Mr. Hartley, who has occupied the Baptist pulpit in the absence of Rev. Mr. Baldwin, has returned to his home in St. Thomas. Miss Susie Waterman is spending her vacation in Sarnia and Watford. Miss Lila Hunter was in Parkhill a few days this week, visiting her aunt. Miss Clara Spillane is recovering slowly from pneumonia. The Baptist Sunday school will picnic at Gustin's grove on Aug. 15. Rev. Messrs. Hannan, Irwin, and families picnicked at the lake on Monday.

The berry and harvesting season are nearly over now. The lawn social on Thursday evening was a grand success. The Willing Workers reaped the benefit of \$25. Civic holiday, Wednesday, Aug. 15. Dr. Watson, of Parkhill, was in town on Tuesday.

BELMONT.

Belmont, Aug. 9.—W. H. Odell sends 80 head of yearling steers to Buffalo, N. Y., on Friday next. Rev. John Currie is away on his vacation. Mrs. (Rev.) Robert Laird, of Brockville, is spending a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Odell. Edward Tooley, of the militia and defense department, Ottawa, is visiting at his maternal home. Miss Hoshart, of Tilsburg, is visiting at Mr. J. W. Snyder's. Miss Smith, of Winona, is a guest of Miss Pettit, of South Dorchester. Miss Hooper, of Buffalo, N. Y., is visiting at Mrs. Tooley's. John McNicol is preparing to ship a car load of hogs for the Ingersoll Packing Company. Price paid, \$5.70 per cwt.

NILESTOWN.

Nilestown, Aug. 8.—A very severe accident has befallen Mrs. W. R. Puckridge. Upon going to go down cellar Monday morning, she caught her heel and fell headlong to the bottom. She sustained a fracture of both arms (one was badly broken), cut her nose open, requiring several stitches, cut her lip, and was bruised in the head. It is not known just how badly this latter injury may turn out to be. Mrs. Puckridge, as well as the family, have the sincere sympathy of the community, who all hope for the lady's speedy recovery.

EGMONDVILLE.

A Hint to Families Who Visit Farmers in the Harvest Season. Egmondville, Aug. 8.—Mr. William Hills, accountant in Reid & Watson's hardware, is holidaying at Hampton with his sister, Mrs. Frank A. Cole, and other relatives. Miss Jennie Baird, law clerk, of St. Paul, Minn., is visiting friends in our village. "After a long and painful illness, caused by cancer of the tongue, Mr. Robert Bristow died on Sabbath evening last. Mr. Bristow was a tanner by trade, and for many years faithfully worked for Mr. E. Jackson, of this village. He leaves a widow and family of eight children, most of whom are grown and able, for some years, to provide for their own needs and contribute to the comfort of their parents. A habit of half doing things, or of doing them in slipshod manner, will soon leave its demoralizing mark on the character. The mind soon becomes accustomed to low ideals, and little by little the finer edge of conscience is blunted. The world wants your best, and you should resolve early in life never to give anything but the best of which you are capable. Put your best energy into everything you do. Make up your mind that you will never do anything by halves, no matter what others may do. Your life is worth too much to be thrown away in half doing things, or botching anything you undertake. There is a great satisfaction in doing things just right. It is a perpetual tonic to feel each night that you have not been slurring things during the day, that you have done everything you have attempted to do just as well as it could be done. This sense of completeness, of things well done, has a most salutary influence in strengthening the character and bringing out the faculties for better and higher work. I should advise a youth starting out in life to adopt the motto, "Perfection to the finish." This should be the motto for the young, for its adoption in early life may mean all the difference between success and failure. People laughed at Stradivarius for spending months and months in making a violin. They thought he was throwing his time away. But today a Stradivarius, wherever found, is worth from five to ten thousand dollars, or several times its weight in gold. Everything that has immortality stamped upon it has been done in the most painstaking and careful manner. If the characters of criminals, of tramps, of the great army of unemployed and side-tracked people were to be analyzed it would be found that most of them have been accustomed to half-doing things. It is very seldom that a person who does whatever he undertakes to do as well as it can be done, who does not slur over his work, is out of a situation, unless he possesses some other serious character defect. It is a fact that, although there are hundreds of thousands out of employment, every great concern in this country is constantly on the lookout for better employees, better

EGMONDVILLE.

clerks, more careful bookkeepers, better stenographers, better everything. It is more difficult than one would imagine to find employees who are thoroughly conscientious in their work, who do everything they attempt to do to the best of their ability, and who are resolute in their determination not to slight anything. When an employer wishes to promote any of his clerks he always looks for the one who does his work in the most complete and satisfactory manner. This is unusually the great test of fitness. Every employer dislikes slipshod and slovenly methods. He wants orderly, systematic, painstaking employees. Doing things as well as they can be done is not only the quickest way to advancement, but it has a very great influence on one's character and self-respect, we should never allow ourselves to get into the habit of half-doing things. If we were to ask employers all over this country what, in their opinion, is the greatest impediment to the advancement of young people, I believe the majority of them would say, "the habit of half doing things." This is a slipshod age. Poorly done, half done, done in a careless manner, is written all over modern life. Buildings fall down almost before they are completed, clothing comes to pieces before it is half worn out, because not half made, and all through mercantile and professional life the same slipshodness is visible. The man who is never quite sure of anything—who thinks, guesses or imagines, about the amount of the distance—who comes somewhere near, but never is quite certain of anything—rarely gets very far in this world. It is the accurate man, the painstaking man, who is exact, who attains the highest success. The boy who half learns his lessons, who skims through his exercises, who is slovenly in his habits, lacks system and order, who does things in a half-hearted way, is almost sure to be a failure in life. The habits formed in boyhood characterize the man. He is continually looking for something, and never knows exactly where anything is. He never knows where he stands. His books are inaccurate, and he cannot tell whether he is solvent or not. He is a little late at the bank, his paper goes to protest, and he loses his credit; and so he goes on, blundering through life. Such a man is not only a failure, but he demoralizes everything and everyone about him. His employees fall into his slovenly ways, and never think it worth while to do anything just right, because their employer does not do so himself. They become careless, inaccurate and habitually negligent. These defects and weaknesses permeate the whole establishment, until, finally, the man's business goes to ruin. Then he is unable to trace the blame to its true source, but blames himself as a victim of ill luck.

JACK'S SECOND TRIAL. The second time that Jack proposed "I was really a surprise. Though still I—gossips so supposed—Found favor in his eyes. His first avowal, months before, I'd treated with disdain. And laughed at him the while he swore He'd surely try again. The second time that Jack proposed I never said a word. Though to assent I'd grown disposed— I simply overheard. By accident his earnest plea. While in the waltz's whirl; The second time 'twas not to me, But to another girl!—Roy Farrell Greene, in The Smart Set.

No smoke, no dust, no cinders, going to Springfield on the electric cars. *320

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN'S CROUP, COLIC, BRUISES, SCALDS, SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC and is the best remedy for ALL INFANTS by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Take trolley rides to Springfield for that tired feeling. Doctors prescribe one dose daily. Pleasant to take. Even the children like it, and cry for it. *320

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN'S CROUP, COLIC, BRUISES, SCALDS, SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC and is the best remedy for ALL INFANTS by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

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BRANTFORD, ONT.

CULTIVATE A LOVE OF EXCELLENCE

The Formation of a Strong Character and Ability of High Order Lies in This Secret—The Habit of Incompleteness.

A writer in the August Success says: "If I could give but one word of advice to those who are trying to get on in the world I should say, 'Constantly cultivate a love of excellence.' It is surprising how the mind and character expand and grow upward by the application of this stimulus. Nothing has more to do with forming a strong character and ability of high order than constant cultivation of a love of excellence, a determination to do to a finish whatever we undertake. It is not enough to do a thing pretty well; it should be done as well as it can be done. 'Oh, that is good enough!' has been the unsane stone in the foundation of many a life which has caused the building to topple. A habit of incompleteness formed when young is the secret of innumerable failures. Cultivating an upward tendency in all that we do, and holding steadily a high ideal in the mind, is a perpetual stimulus to do things better and better, a daily incentive to a love of excellence. A habit of half doing things, or of doing them in slipshod manner, will soon leave its demoralizing mark on the character. The mind soon becomes accustomed to low ideals, and little by little the finer edge of conscience is blunted. The world wants your best, and you should resolve early in life never to give anything but the best of which you are capable. Put your best energy into everything you do. Make up your mind that you will never do anything by halves, no matter what others may do. Your life is worth too much to be thrown away in half doing things, or botching anything you undertake. There is a great satisfaction in doing things just right. It is a perpetual tonic to feel each night that you have not been slurring things during the day, that you have done everything you have attempted to do just as well as it could be done. This sense of completeness, of things well done, has a most salutary influence in strengthening the character and bringing out the faculties for better and higher work. I should advise a youth starting out in life to adopt the motto, 'Perfection to the finish.' This should be the motto for the young, for its adoption in early life may mean all the difference between success and failure. People laughed at Stradivarius for spending months and months in making a violin. They thought he was throwing his time away. But today a Stradivarius, wherever found, is worth from five to ten thousand dollars, or several times its weight in gold. Everything that has immortality stamped upon it has been done in the most painstaking and careful manner. If the characters of criminals, of tramps, of the great army of unemployed and side-tracked people were to be analyzed it would be found that most of them have been accustomed to half-doing things. It is very seldom that a person who does whatever he undertakes to do as well as it can be done, who does not slur over his work, is out of a situation, unless he possesses some other serious character defect. It is a fact that, although there are hundreds of thousands out of employment, every great concern in this country is constantly on the lookout for better employees, better

clerks, more careful bookkeepers, better stenographers, better everything. It is more difficult than one would imagine to find employees who are thoroughly conscientious in their work, who do everything they attempt to do to the best of their ability, and who are resolute in their determination not to slight anything. When an employer wishes to promote any of his clerks he always looks for the one who does his work in the most complete and satisfactory manner. This is unusually the great test of fitness. Every employer dislikes slipshod and slovenly methods. He wants orderly, systematic, painstaking employees. Doing things as well as they can be done is not only the quickest way to advancement, but it has a very great influence on one's character and self-respect, we should never allow ourselves to get into the habit of half-doing things. If we were to ask employers all over this country what, in their opinion, is the greatest impediment to the advancement of young people, I believe the majority of them would say, "the habit of half doing things." This is a slipshod age. Poorly done, half done, done in a careless manner, is written all over modern life. Buildings fall down almost before they are completed, clothing comes to pieces before it is half worn out, because not half made, and all through mercantile and professional life the same slipshodness is visible. The man who is never quite sure of anything—who thinks, guesses or imagines, about the amount of the distance—who comes somewhere near, but never is quite certain of anything—rarely gets very far in this world. It is the accurate man, the painstaking man, who is exact, who attains the highest success. The boy who half learns his lessons, who skims through his exercises, who is slovenly in his habits, lacks system and order, who does things in a half-hearted way, is almost sure to be a failure in life. The habits formed in boyhood characterize the man. He is continually looking for something, and never knows exactly where anything is. He never knows where he stands. His books are inaccurate, and he cannot tell whether he is solvent or not. He is a little late at the bank, his paper goes to protest, and he loses his credit; and so he goes on, blundering through life. Such a man is not only a failure, but he demoralizes everything and everyone about him. His employees fall into his slovenly ways, and never think it worth while to do anything just right, because their employer does not do so himself. They become careless, inaccurate and habitually negligent. These defects and weaknesses permeate the whole establishment, until, finally, the man's business goes to ruin. Then he is unable to trace the blame to its true source, but blames himself as a victim of ill luck.

JACK'S SECOND TRIAL. The second time that Jack proposed "I was really a surprise. Though still I—gossips so supposed—Found favor in his eyes. His first avowal, months before, I'd treated with disdain. And laughed at him the while he swore He'd surely try again. The second time that Jack proposed I never said a word. Though to assent I'd grown disposed— I simply overheard. By accident his earnest plea. While in the waltz's whirl; The second time 'twas not to me, But to another girl!—Roy Farrell Greene, in The Smart Set.

No smoke, no dust, no cinders, going to Springfield on the electric cars. *320

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN'S CROUP, COLIC, BRUISES, SCALDS, SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC and is the best remedy for ALL INFANTS by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Take trolley rides to Springfield for that tired feeling. Doctors prescribe one dose daily. Pleasant to take. Even the children like it, and cry for it. *320

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Friday Bargain Day

AUGUST 10, 1900.

CHAPMAN'S

WE were not able last Friday to serve all our friends. For this we are very sorry, but we will try and do better on Friday. We have more tempting bargains for you today than ever, many lines not being on this list at all. Shop as early in the day as possible. Many lines are always picked up early. For more complete list see Echo.

46. Mill End Linings, another lot, all double fold, good values, at 15c yard, Friday 5c yard.

MARKED DOWN TO 9c YARD.

47. Seven pieces Double-Fold Dress Goods, colored, 40, 42 and 44 inches wide, a snap, Friday 9c. Come early.

HOMESPUN Three Homespun Skirt Lengths, in check effect, just 4 yards in each length, regular \$1.25 yard, Friday 50c yard.

MARKED DOWN TO 12½c YARD.

49. Four pieces Colored Dress Goods, regular price 35c yard, Friday 12½c yard.

50. Lace Curtains, slightly soiled, one quarter off regular price.

51. Four pieces Black Dress Goods, regular 35c yard, Friday 19c yard.

52. Three pieces Black Dress Goods, regular 50c, Friday 35c.

SILKS Plain and Corded Silks, \$1 and \$1.25 lines, Friday 48c yard.

54. A number of Silk Velvet Ends, Friday, to clear, 15c yard.

55. Two pieces of Black and White Silk, regular 38c yard, Friday 25c yard.

56. Men's Colored Shirts, two collars separate, in dark and light colors, regular price 75c, Bargain Day 60c.

57. Men's Colored Shirts, stiff bosom, two collars and cuffs separate, regular price \$1, Bargain Day 75c.

58. Balance of Men's Crash Hats, fedora shape, fancy band, regular price 50c, Bargain Day 40c.

59. Men's Colored Shirts, soft body, regular price 65c, Bargain Day 45c.

60. Men's Colored Shirts, sizes 15, 16 and 17, regular 75c, \$1 and \$1.25, Bargain Day 35c, or 3 for \$1.

61. Men's Colored Cotton Socks, regular price 10c, Bargain Day 5c.

62. Men's All Wool and Black Cashmere Socks regular price 20c, Bargain Day 2 for 25c.

63. Men's Silk Front and French Madras Shirts, regular \$1.50 and \$1.25, Bargain Day \$1.

64. Children's Wash Duck Tacks, regular price 25c, Bargain Day 10c.

65. Boys' Blue Serge Caps, regular price 25c, Bargain Day 15c.

CHAPMAN'S, 126-128 Dundas Street, London.

IN THE WORLD OF SPORTS

BASEBALL.

ALISA CRAIG VS. SARNIA.

Alisa Craig, Aug. 6.—The Stars defeated the Sarnia by one run in the ninth inning. With one man out and two on bases, Charley Barnes made a home run, with a beautiful curving fly well over the head of the right fielder, clearing the bases, but as only one run was needed to win the last two runs were not counted. Jamieson made a clever catch of a hot liner at third. Summary:

ALISA CRAIG STARS.	A.	B.	R.	H.	P.	O.	A.	E.
Edwards, c.	5	3	2	2	1	0	0	0
Jamieson, 1b.	3	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
Barnes, c.	3	0	1	10	2	1	0	0
Knedy, 1b.	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
Mahler, s.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bachus, 1b.	6	0	1	2	0	0	0	0
Campbell, r.f.	4	1	0	2	0	0	0	0
Finar, p.	4	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
McKay, 2b.	4	2	2	5	1	0	0	0
	37	10	12	27	8	8		

SARNIA.

A.B.R.H.P.O.A.E.								
Hart, s.s.	3	0	0	3	2	0	0	0
Heffron, 1b.	5	1	1	2	0	0	0	0
Thompson, 3b.	5	1	1	1	1	4	0	0
Dawson, 2b.	5	1	1	2	1	0	0	0
Brandimore, c.	2	1	0	12	2	1	0	0
McDonald, c.f.	5	1	3	1	0	0	0	0
Watson, l.f.	4	2	1	1	0	0	0	0
Widner, r.f.	6	0	2	1	0	0	0	0
Murphy, p.	5	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
	39	9	12	25	8	9		

Alisa Craig Stars. 13 0 0 0 0 0 1-9
Sarnia. 5 10 3 0 0 0 1-9

Stolen bases—Edwards 3, Kennedy 2, Barnes, Mahler, Campbell, Watson, Thompson, Brandimore. Two-base hit—McKay. Home run—Barnes. Sacrifice hit—Edwards. Double plays—Edwards to Finar to Jamieson, McKay to Bachus. Bases on balls—Off Finar 4, off Murphy 7, off Thompson 1. Hit by pitched ball—By Finar 2, by Murphy 2, by Thompson 1. Struck out—By Finar 10, by Murphy 8, by Thompson 3. Left on bases—Stars 9, Sarnia 8. Umpire, Bowlen. Scores, Smith and McCarty.

Coasting

Is lots of fun. Let us fit your bicycle with an **AUTOMATIC COASTER BRAKE HUB.**

PRICE \$3.50 to \$7.90.

HORTON & MANVILLE, 231 Dundas Street.

Uneeda Cigar..

If you are a smoker and want to thoroughly enjoy your summer outing, whether the trip be for a month or half a day.....

SMOKE "UNEEDA"

brand, which for five cents cannot be excelled. 1½ Union made.

MANUFACTURED BY **MOLEOD, NOLAN & CO., London**, and is carried in stock by all first-class dealers.

civic holiday, Monday next. Seeing clearly what London's breach of agreement was bound to lead to, President Stroud refused to pay the London club for the games of Friday and Saturday last, but assured of London's intention. Failing to get any assurance, the money is still held, and the announcement is given out that the London club has disbanded.

THE TURF.

YESTERDAY'S WINNERS.
At Detroit—George Tebor, Bard of Avon, Tortugas, Momentum, Lady of the West and Free Advice.
At Chicago—Natural Gas, Rosa Diah, Globe II, The Unknown, Hansford and Ben Chance.

At St. Louis, Mo.—Iris, Wild Pirate, Bridgeton, Malay, Pinocchio, Apple Jack and Necklace.
At Brighton Beach, N. Y.—Spoke, Marchion, Operator, Voter, Halobas and Alsike.
At Saratoga, N. Y.—Ring Leader, Splash, Queen of Song, Warning and Trillion.

ENGLISH EVENTS.

London, Aug. 8.—At the Brighton August meeting today the Sussex plate (handicap) 300 sovereigns, was won by Mr. J. A. Drake's chestnut horse, Royal Flush, ridden by L. Reiff. The Ovingdean plate was won by Tovaros, on which L. Reiff also had the mount.

RACES AT QUEEN'S PARK.

The third weekly matinee races at Queen's Park yesterday afternoon were attended by a smaller crowd than usual. The results were as follows:

2:35 class, half-mile heats—
Medium Jack, R. H. Reid 1 1
Lord Roberts, Fred Horn 2 2
Time—1:20, 1:19, 1:17.

2:20 class, half-mile heats—
Bonnie Pacer, W. Collins 1 1
Tommy H. R. Hueston 2 2
Time—1:10, 1:12½, 1:12.

Running race, half-mile heats—
Orkney, R. Hueston 1 1
Alleyder, R. H. Reid 2 2
Donnybrook, J. Kilbourne 3 3

WINDSOR RACES.

Windsor, Ont., Aug. 8.—Weather clear; track fast; attendance good. Results:

First race, 5 furlongs, 2-year-olds—
Quibo won in a drive, by a length, Pine Chip 2, Dr. Grace 3. Time, 1:03½.

Second race, one mile, for 3-year-olds selling—
Waterwick won, pulled up by ten lengths, Mrs. Hudson 2, Round O. 3. Time, 1:43½.

Third race, for 2-year-olds, maidens, 5 furlongs—
Queen Victoria won easily by four lengths, Horaa 2, Willard J. 3. Time, 1:03½.

Fourth race, for 3-year-olds and upwards, selling, 1-1½ miles—
Prince Zeno won by a head, King Elkwood 2, Fantasy 3. Time, 1:48½.

Fifth race, for 3-year-olds and up, 6 furlongs—
Innovator won easily by four lengths, Expelled 2, Trine 3. Time, 1:15.

Sixth race, 8-year-olds and up, selling, 7 furlongs—
Northumberland won driving by a nose, Flop 2, Acushla 3. Time, 1:29.

PORT ERIC RACES.

Port Erie Race Track, Ont., Aug. 8.—The third day of the Grand Circuit trotting meet was a fine day, but for a heavy fog blowing down the track, which prevented any very fast time. There was an enormous crowd present. Summary:

2:06 class, pacing; purse \$1,200:—
Ace, b. h. 5 3 1 1 1
Clara, b. m. 2 3 3 3 3
Indian, b. g. 3 1 2 drsk
Free Bond, b. g. 1 2 5 2 4
Eylet, g. m. 4 4 4 4 2
Time—2:14, 2:03½, 2:10, 2:10, 2:14.

Second race, 2:28 class, trotting; purse \$1,200:—
James Shevelin, br. g. 3 2 1 1 1
Major Greer, s. h. 3 2 2 2 1
Clara, b. m. 2 3 3 3 3
Emma Winter, br. f. 1 3 3 2 2
Hilda, blk. m. 5 4 4 4 4
Time—2:21½, 2:20½, 2:16½, 2:18½, 2:20½.

Third race, 2:09 class, pacing; purse \$2,000:—
Betty G., b. m. 1 1 1
Connor, blk. g. 2 4 3
Harry O., blk. g. 6 3 2
Baroness Evelyn, s. h. 5 2 4
Sidney Pointer, b. h. drsk
Time—2:06½, 2:05½, 2:07½.

Samba, driven by A. E. Perren to a road wagon, went an exhibition mile in 2:14.

The fourth race, 3-year-olds, pacing, purse \$1,000, a two-horse race, was won by Onoto in three straight heats. Baroness Evelyn was distanced in the second heat. Time, 2:20½, 2:13½, 2:23.

TENNIS.

Boston, Aug. 8.—America has led off two matches in the first contest for the Davis international tennis trophy. Whitman and Davis both won over the English team this afternoon at Longwood. Summary: L. F. Davis (America) beat E. D. Black (England), 4-6, 6-2, 6-4.

M. D. Whitman (America) beat A. W. Gore (England), 6-1, 6-3, 6-2.

TWO CYCLISTS INJURED.

New York, Aug. 8.—Frank Starbuck, of Philadelphia, and W. J. Wilkinson, of Baltimore, cyclists of national reputation, were seriously hurt in a Baltimore last night, says a special from that city. They were at the Johns Hopkins Hospital, and Starbuck will lose a leg. The accident occurred at the Coliseum Bowl in the second heat of the meter race, when a collision caused the machine of Starbuck to dash over the track.

YACHTING.

Cowes, Isle of Wight, Aug. 9.—Mr. A. F. Finn's yawl-rigged Columbine, 81 tons, won the race for the German Emperor's cup.

New London, Conn., Aug. 8.—Steered by her owner, Wm. Vanerbit, the first, the 70-foot sloop Virginia was the first yacht to cross the finish line in the 33-mile race from New Haven to this port today.

ATHLETICS.

Utica, N. Y., Aug. 8.—Tom Davies, of San Francisco, was defeated in a handicap wrestling match here tonight, by George L. Barber, of this city. Davies agreed to win three falls in an hour. He won the first in 16½ minutes, and lost the second in half that time.

LACROSSE.

The London club have arranged games with Brantford, and will resume practice at once, beginning at 6:30 this evening.

After Operation Fails We Cure Cancer

Sometimes people write and ask us if our treatment will cure them, even after they have been operated on and the operation has proved a failure. We say decidedly, YES, unless you are absolutely in the last stages of the disease, then all we can promise is considerable prolongation of life, comfort and ease from pain. But we have a number of cases on record where, after two and three operations have failed, our constitutional remedy has effected a cure. Full particulars sent on receipt of two stamps. Stott & Jory, Bowmanville, Ont.

THE CANADIAN NORTHERN ROAD

Mr. Mackenzie Talks About the Work Under Way—Bonds Floated—Railway Notes.

Ottawa, Aug. 9.—William Mackenzie, who was in England in connection with the Canadian Northern Railway, returned here yesterday, and will proceed to Toronto as soon as he disposes of some business he has got with the government. Mr. Mackenzie said that he had succeeded in negotiating successfully the bonds of the Canadian Northern. Work on the road was progressing. In a couple of months there would be 150 miles of the road built from Port Stanley toward the Athabasca mines. The line would reach the mines this fall. This will be a distance of 145 miles westward from Port Arthur. In about two months there will be about 150 miles built from Winnipeg southeast to the mouth of the Rainy River. This will leave about 142 miles to be completed next year. It should be mentioned that the Canadian Northern embraces from Port Arthur to Saskatchewan River, by Winnipeg.

NOTES.

Recently the Aberdeen Express left London at 8 p.m., and arrived at Aberdeen at 4:32 a.m., or a total of 8 hours and 22 minutes for the whole distance of 540½ miles. The average rate an hour for the whole distance, including the time lost for stoppages, was 63½ miles, the greatest speed attained being 74.4 miles, between Penrith and Carlisle.

The largest station in Great Britain is the Waverly, at Edinburgh, covering 23 acres. Liverpool street station, London, covers 22½ acres. Next to the new Nottingham Central, now the largest in the provinces, comes New Street, Birmingham, covering 10½ acres. All of these stations are of the most substantial pattern, being constructed entirely of stone, brick and iron.

It is understood that General Superintendent McGuffin, Roadmaster Jones, and an engineer spent some time last week going over the proposed route of the much-talked-of through line from Lynden to Brantford for fast Grand Trunk trains. The plans under discussion are said to have included a branch from Lynden to a point on the Buffalo and Goderich line, not far from Charnishville, and a double track from that point right into Brantford. The construction of a new station close to Market street and the removal of the Grand Trunk sheds from their present position.

PTE. CRONE'S DEATH

Causes Deep Sorrow Among His Sarnia Friends and Acquaintances.

Sarnia, Ont., Aug. 8.—There was deep sorrow here last evening when the news of the death of Private D. J. Crone, of the Canadian Mounted Rifles in South Africa, came to hand. An unofficial dispatch was received during the afternoon that Private Crone had died of enteric fever, but some doubt was entertained as to its authenticity. The worst fears were realized later on, however, when an official dispatch, from Sir Alfred Milner at Cape Town to Lord Minto, was received, stating that Private Crone, No. 216, of the 27th Battalion, Sarnia, died of enteric fever on Aug. 5 at Johannesburg. The sad news traveled fast, and on the streets on every side could be heard expressions of sorrow and regret. During the evening friends of the family drove out to the home of Private Crone's parents in Sarnia township, and broke the news to them. The scene was a heart-rending and sorrowful one. Crone was a young man of sterling qualities. He was aged about 23 years, and prior to his leaving for South Africa with the Canadian Mounted Rifles was in the employ of the C. P. R. Telegraph and Express Company. When the Mounted Rifles were being organized for service in South Africa, he was among the first to offer his services.

Pimples on the face are not only annoying, but they indicate bad blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures them by purifying the blood.

Love observes 'some economics, but does not let his awake nights to invent them.

NOT A NAUSEATING PILL.—The excitement of a pill is the substance which enfolds the ingredients and makes up the pill mass. That of Parment's Vegetable Pills is so compounded as to preserve their integrity, and they can be carried into any latitude without impairing their strength. Many pills, in order to keep them from adhering, are rolled in powders, which prove nauseating to the taste. Parment's Vegetable Pills are so prepared that they are agreeable to the most delicate.

FOR LADIES To dye at home. Blouses, Skirts, children's frocks, etc.

USE MAYPOLE SOAP

is unexcelled and costs no more than old-fashioned soap.

Send for FREE book on Home Dyeing to A. P. TIPPET & CO., Montreal.

M. W. Slater

MERCHANT TAILOR

Has removed to 212½ DUNDAS ST.

All sorts of suits at moderate prices on time.

Musical Instruction.

London Conservatory of Music

And School of Elocution, Limited, 374 Dundas Street, London.

W. CAVEN BARRON, . . . PRINCIPAL.

Fall Term Opens Sept. 1.

Write for prices, etc.

MR. W. H. HEWLETT, ORGANIST, DUNDAS Center Methodist Church, will resume teaching on Monday, July 30, at his residence, 418 Queen's avenue.

Veterinary Surgeons.

J. H. TENNANT—VETERINARY SURGEON—Treatment of dogs a specialty. We breed and have for sale pure bred collies. Telephone 275 and 268.

Insurance.

LANCASHIRE

INSURANCE COMPANY OF ENGLAND

Capital and assets exceed \$30,000,000.

J. A. NELLES,

Board of Trade Rooms, 422 Richmond Street, London.

Medical Cards.

DR. R. B. WHITE—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 365 Dundas street. Hours 1 to 5:30 p.m.; 7 to 8 p.m. Phone 1324. ywt

DR. N. R. HENDERSON, 238 QUEEN'S RESIDENCE, Eye, ear, throat and nose only.

DR. JOHN D. WILSON—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 360 Queen's avenue. Special attention paid to diseases of women and children. Office hours, 12:30 to 4 p.m.

DR. R. M. COOPER, L.R.C.P. AND S. ED. L.F.P. and S. Glare. Office and residence 402 Dundas street. Telephone 1004.

DR. MEEK, QUEEN'S AVENUE, LONDON—Specialty, diseases of women. Hours 10 a.m. to 2:30 p.m.

DR. C. CAMPBELL, M.D., M.C.P.S.—OFFICE and residence 337 Queen's avenue, London. Office hours, 9 to 9:30 a.m., 1 to 2 p.m., and 6 to 8:30 p.m. Skin diseases a specialty.

HAYLEY WILLIAMS, M.D., F.R.C.S., ENG. Specialist (surgical diseases only). 469 Park avenue. Phone 324.

DR. H. A. MCCALLUM REMOVED TO 224 Queen's avenue, corner Park avenue. Telephone 275.

J. B. CAMPBELL, M.D., 380 DUNDAS street. Hours, 12 to 4; 6 to 8. Phone 522.

DR. GRAHAM—OFFICE, 390 CLARENCE street, near Richmond. Specialty, Pulmonary affections, cancer, tumors, piles, diseases of women and children.

DR. OVEN, M.D., 226 QUEEN'S AVENUE, Eye, ear, nose and throat.

DR. MACLAREN HAS REMOVED TO No. 183 Queen's avenue, a few doors west of his former residence.

DR. McLELLAN—EYE AND EAR SURGEON. Specialist—Eye, ear, nose and throat. 407 Talbot. Hours—9 to 5; 7 to 9.

DR. W. J. & H. A. STEVENSON, 581 Dundas street. Phone 514. Next Congregational Church.

DR. ENGLISH—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE—68 Dundas street. Telephone.

Palmistry.

RESIDENT LADY PALMIST, 47 WELLINGTON. Hours 2 to 10, Wednesdays excepted; 25 cents.

Educational.

LONDON SCHOOL OF ART AND DESIGN

PUBLIC LIBRARY BUILDING.

Freehand and Mechanical Drawing—E. Rose.

Oil and Water Color Painting—Miss F. Carlyle, A. C. R. A.

Life class opens Saturday Evening, Dec. 2nd ywt

THE HARDING GIRLS' SCHOOL LIMITED.

A BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.

Musical Kindergarten in afternoon. Autumn term begins Sept. 12. For prospectus apply to Mrs. J. E. Wells, 681 Talbot street.

Livery Stables.

LILLEY'S LIVERY—NO. 619 DUNDAS street, East London, Ont. Telephone 666

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

A Pain Remedy.

For over

London Advertiser.

ESTABLISHED BY JOHN CAMERON IN 1853.

Managing Director John Cameron

London, Thursday, August 9.

The Old Boys.

Their gathering home appeals to the sentimental side of life. They have come and gone. We hope they are better from their visit. We are. It must have been refreshing to many of our old citizens to step aside from the ordinary ways of life, to unbend. In what other place, and under what other circumstances, would one be likely to see the mayor, the police magistrate, the postmaster, the master-in-chancery, the division court clerk surrounded by civil dignitaries, members of parliament and sedate business men acting as footboys and waiters at a burlesque horse race, and grandly doing a cake walk. Their fancy must have taken them back to the days when together they "slept down Old Grimes' cellar door." There was a graceful setting to it by the presence of Sir John Carding and Mr. Nicholas Wilson at the public meeting and banquet. Both these gentlemen had a warm welcome from the visitors, and the visitors had a "Highland welcome" from the citizens generally.

These annual gatherings spring from one of the best sentiments. We possess the corner stone of all true life, the home, in the proportion that any nation possesses a healthy home life, will it possess a happy population, and be a moral community. These gatherings strengthen the home ties, and therefore, do good. They enable us all to renew old friendships and make new ones. With what tenacity we cling to the old ones. Ties may be broken, links snapped; it only makes those remaining dearer still, perhaps because nature has decreed that "confidence is a plant of slow growth in an aged bosom." We know that friendships are formed easily when young, and with more difficulty when older. The scenes of infancy are dear to all; the associations of youth a constant pleasure in after life.

These reunions enable the visitors to compare the London that is with the London that used to be, and if the signs of prosperity for Canada which appear to be clear are correct, the happy homes in Canada will be many times multiplied in the near future, and perhaps some of those who left Canada or their children will return to share it and make again their home beneath the folds of that old flag whose protection is ample and whose power is growing greater every day. Whether their homes are in Canada or the neighboring republic our best wishes go with them for health, prosperity and happiness.

The future of the London Old Boys' Association is of course unknown. The suggestion has been made that it might take largely the form of a great annual band and musical festival, to which all Western Ontario might come, it might ultimately become as celebrated as the great yearly Western Fair.

A Remarkable Speech.

There has come to hand from South Africa a report of a really remarkable speech by Mr. Advocate Wessels, which is well worth noting, for, as the Hon. J. T. du Toit, late Colonial Secretary of Cape Colony, says, in giving some extracts from it in the British Weekly: "It will both instruct and interest, giving, as it does, a view of the Transvaal question from the standpoint of an enlightened Dutch colonist, who has studied it in all its aspects." This gentleman is a genuine Afrikaner, and is proud of his descent, but is essentially a man of broad and liberal principles, and is not content with the narrow outlook which is taken by so many of his descent and surroundings. Mr. Wessels was addressing a meeting of the Loyal Women's Guild. (The members of that guild intend to teach their children that it is an honor to be a member of the British Empire. The speaker rejoiced in this, and said "I would not for one moment suggest that it was a disgrace to be an Afrikaner. On the contrary, he would ask them to be proud of being Afrikaners, and never attempt to pose as English, because when Afrikaners tried to do that they only rendered themselves contemptible. Two cardinal principles he would ask them to bear in mind and teach their children. One was that an Afrikaner was every whit as good as an Englishman, and the other, that an Englishman was every whit as good as an Afrikaner." This, we think, is the right spirit, both for Africa and Canada. Only on the basis of equal rights and mutual respect can members of the same race or of different races work together. The speaker said he was proud of the Dutch, French and German blood in his veins, and for that reason the respected Englishman's pride of race. His statements may be briefly summarized as follows, and, coming from one of English blood, born and bred in South Africa, they should have some special weight:

1. The young Afrikaners had given way to conceit. They thought that because they and their fathers could hit a bottle at 200 yards, it was the be all and end all of virtue. "To tell the Kruger oligarchy that it was impossible to prevent an intelligent and active portion of the community from obtaining a voice in government, was enough to proclaim oneself an ass."

2. The Bond wanted to rule, not only Cape Colony, but the whole of South Africa; but the members of the Bond had not the sense to see that the high-

est freedom possible for them is to be found in the British Empire. Britain does not, like Germany or Russia, try to destroy the nationality of its subject peoples. Then as to the cry for independence, the country "would come into possession of any naval power that pounced down on it, and we might have the shrieking members of the Bond subjected to an Asiatic power like Japan." "He held that the greatest republic in the world was the British Empire. If the name of republic meant an oligarchy, he would say: 'Heaven defend us from a republic.'" The speaker declared that no one regretted the war more than he did. "He had many friends and relations on the side of the Transvaal. They had been misled by Kruger, but most of all by that arch-traitor, Leyds." "The people who in their conceit and ignorance thought that shooting straight they would make the British Empire totter, only succeeded in overthrowing two republics." He regretted the loss of those republics, as they might with freedom and fair dealing have been happy, progressive and prosperous. He honored those who had fought for the republics, and rejoiced that they were not cowards, but he could not understand the rebels of Cape Colony, and was indignant at those who had led them to destruction. But even in Cape Colony he had some respect for the men who had actually come out and risked their lives; but for those who had skulked behind the British lines of defense, and urged their countrymen to continue the struggle, he had nothing but loathing and contempt. These are strong words, but we think they are both wise and sober.

The Double Face.

Our contemporary, the Quebec Telegraph, gives a timely warning with reference to the desperate rascality of the methods by means of which Sir Charles Tupper and his friends are preparing to deceive the unwary public, in the hope of carrying the country at the ensuing general elections. We have before us, says our contemporary, two specimens of the campaign literature, with which they have begun to flood the provinces. They are in the shape of pamphlets, one in English, intended for distribution among the English-speaking electors of Ontario and the other English provinces, and the other for circulation among the French-speaking electors, chiefly in Quebec Province. But it is not only in language they differ. They differ also as much as night does from day in their subject matter. In the English pamphlet the Laurier Government is held up to the execration of the British and Protestant element, because it did not manifest enough of zeal in sending our boys to fight for the Queen in South Africa, because it was not British and loyal enough; while in the French production it is held up to the scorn and condemnation of the French Canadians for being too British, and too Imperial, and for sacrificing the lives of Canada's sons in England's foreign wars!

In the pamphlet, printed for the perusal of French speakers, also, the Government is violently denounced for its alleged unsatisfactory settlement of the Manitoba school question and a sort of promise is held out to Catholics that if Sir Charles Tupper is restored to power their grievances will be fully redressed.

On the other hand, the English pamphlet is as silent as the grave about the Manitoba issue, practically giving it to be understood that it has been definitely settled and that it is not the intention to undo it in any way. It is difficult to conceive of more shameless duplicity and hypocrisy than this. In other words, the Conservative leaders are going to the country with two faces under one hood, with two distinct and different programmes suited to the prejudices of the different elements of the population in the different parts of the Dominion. Their intention is clearly to deceive and mislead and they should be treated accordingly by the people, whom they design, if possible, to make their dupes. If any one is going to "get left" it should be them—the same old persons, who concealed themselves too long for this country's good under the mask of religion and who have ever found their gain in the trade upon racial and other prejudices.

The Wiser Part.

"If, in the face of all I have shown him; if, in the face of the goods transferred to the free list; if, in the face of duties reduced from over 60 per cent to 25 and 26 per cent; if, in the face of 140 items in the general tariff reduced; if, in the face of the 25 per cent reduction under the preferential tariff; if, in the face of all light and all reason he insists upon saying that this is the old national policy; then I shall borrow the remark of the Minister of Customs, and say that if this is the national policy, then the people of Canada will say: Better leave it in the hands of men, like the present Government, who can get some good out of it, than to put it into the hands of men, who, though they claim to have invented the machine, evidently never knew how to manage it."—Hon. W. S. Fielding, Dominion Minister of Finance.

Canada is well satisfied with Laurier. Mr. Lake, who was nominated by the Conservatives to contest East Assiniboia, refuses to accept Sir Charles Tupper as leader or to stand as a Conservative candidate so long as Sir Charles retains the leadership.—Regina N. W. T. Leader.

No wonder the Opposition leader, in name, is hurrying home from the Old

Country. Having known how treacherous the "nest of traitors" proved to Sir Mackenzie Bowell, he must be naturally suspicious of such conduct as is here set forth. The Tupper regime exhibits "unity" in disunion.

Laurier, a united Canada, and a united Empire.

Scotch railway companies have increased the fares because coal went up in price last year by \$1.20 a ton. There has been an increase in the price of coal on this continent, but nothing like that.

Many of the Chinese Boxers, who have been fighting against the British and their allies near Peking, are red-headed. Why is there no red-headed Chinaman in Canada? Did anybody in the Dominion ever see a red-headed Chinaman?

The petroleum industry in Japan, according to the United States vice-consul at Yokohama, is being rapidly developed. There are at present, it is announced, over thirty companies working the oil district of Echigo. Some of these possess a capital of over 1,000,000 yen (\$498,000), the aggregate capital amounting to 12,000,000 yen (\$5,996,000). In consequence of the increasing activity of the industry, the inadequacy of banking facilities is being felt by the merchants in the locality and by those having business connections with the place. With the object of affording better facilities in this direction, the First and Yasuda Banks, in Tokyo, and the Sumitomo Bank, in Osaka, have under consideration the establishment of branches either in Nagasaki or Kashiwazaki. The proposed scheme to construct a pipe line from the seat of the petroleum wells in Echigo to Tokyo, for the rapid and convenient transportation of kerosene, is now assuming a practical shape, and it is expected that the work will be begun at no distant date. Several Canadians have been employed as experts.

A Pacific Province View.

[Vancouver, B. C., World.]

If the Federal elections are brought on this fall, the present tranquility of the political sea can hardly be expected to continue. The outlook for those on the Conservative ship is that all hands will have a protracted experience at the pumps.

MARVELOUS IMPROVEMENTS

Introduced Into the Postal Service of Canada by Mr. Mulock.

The Conservative Party Without a Policy—Interests of the Canadian Farmer and How They Are Looked After by the Department of Agriculture—Cheaper Oil for the Consumer.

[From our Ottawa Correspondent.] Ottawa, Aug. 9.—Everyone who has traveled in an express train or by other means of rapid locomotion has experienced the exhilaration of the swift movement, and the same effect appears to be produced upon the Conservative politicians by the rapidity with which development and reform is being carried out in the various departments of public policy by the Laurier Government, for they keep shouting to go faster.

When the postmaster-general, for example, announced a substantial reduction in the imperial letter rates a reduction, by the way, which his predecessor a few short years before declared to be impracticable, the Conservative press commenced clamoring for further reductions in domestic rates, which they knew right well would be accorded as quickly as the exigencies of the revenue would permit. We are now proposed to reduce the postal rates on newspapers the Conservative Senate even went so far as to throw out the bill under the plea that it did not go far enough, though of course no one was fooled by this pretense.

Marvelous improvements have been introduced by Mr. Mulock in the delivery with which the mails are handled, collected and delivered, particularly in the larger centers of population, and the improvement in the mail service generally in this respect through out the country have been immeasurably greater in the last two or three years than in the previous two decades, and yet the Conservatives, who did not even attempt any of these things during the long period in which they had the chance, are now clamoring for a free rural mail delivery similar in some degrees to the system which is being developed with considerable promise of success in the republic to the south.

It is very pleasant, of course, to notice this streak of useful activity in the opposition, for it is a much better expenditure of superfluous energy than working up fake charges against the government and wasting the time of parliament hunting for mares'



Soak the hands thoroughly, on retiring, in a hot lather of CUTICURA SOAP. Dry and anoint freely with CUTICURA Ointment. Wear old gloves during the night. For sore hands, itching, burning palms and painful finger ends, this one night cure is wonderful.

Sold by all Colonial Chemists. PORTER, DAVIS AND CO., 100, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468, 470, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 482, 484, 486, 488, 490, 492, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 510, 512, 514, 516, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, 528, 530, 532, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 556, 558, 560, 562, 564, 566, 568, 570, 572, 574, 576, 578, 580, 582, 584, 586, 588, 590, 592, 594, 596, 598, 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 650, 652, 654, 656, 658, 660, 662, 664, 666, 668, 670, 672, 674, 676, 678, 680, 682, 684, 686, 688, 690, 692, 694, 696, 698, 700, 702, 704, 706, 708, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718, 720, 722, 724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 734, 736, 738, 740, 742, 744, 746, 748, 750, 752, 754, 756, 758, 760, 762, 764, 766, 768, 770, 772, 774, 776, 778, 780, 782, 784, 786, 788, 790, 792, 794, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806, 808, 810, 812, 814, 816, 818, 820, 822, 824, 826, 828, 830, 832, 834, 836, 838, 840, 842, 844, 846, 848, 850, 852, 854, 856, 858, 860, 862, 864, 866, 868, 870, 872, 874, 876, 878, 880, 882, 884, 886, 888, 890, 892, 894, 896, 898, 900, 902, 904, 906, 908, 910, 912, 914, 916, 918, 920, 922, 924, 926, 928, 930, 932, 934, 936, 938, 940, 942, 944, 946, 948, 950, 952, 954, 956, 958, 960, 962, 964, 966, 968, 970, 972, 974, 976, 978, 980, 982, 984, 986, 988, 990, 992, 994, 996, 998, 1000.

The Runians, Gray, Carrie Co. The Runians, Gray, Carrie Co.

Specials for Friday's Selling.

Staple Department

7 pieces Fancy Piques, white grounds, colored stripes and checks, regular price 20c, special sale price, per yard, 12½c
6 pieces Organdie Muslin, white grounds, with colored sprays, our regular price 35c, special sale price, per yard, 25c
13 pieces Organdie Muslins, black, white, green and yellow grounds, with colored sprays and figures, our regular price 40c and 60c, special sale price, per yard, 25c
23 pieces Fancy Gingham, assorted colors, our regular price 12½c and 15c, special sale price, per yard, 9c
5 dozen only All-Black Towels, good size, red borders, special sale price, per pair, 15c
8 dozen only All-Black Towels, size 18x40, plain borders, special sale price, per pair, 20c

Whitewear

Ladies' Drawers, good cotton, trimmed with embroidery and tucks, very special, Friday, 25c
Ladies' Fine Lonsdale Drawers, full trimmed with tucks and lace edging, special per pair, 65c
Ladies' Plain White Skirts, good quality, trimmed with tucks, deep hem, special, each, 45c
Ladies' White Skirts, good cotton, deep hem, 27, 28 only, regular \$2.25, Friday, each, 75c
Ladies' Short Corsets, made on French model, good filling, special Friday, 50c
Ladies' Fine Corset Covers, edged round neck with embroidery, perfect fitting, special each, 15c
Ladies' Fine Lonsdale Corset Covers, trimmed with embroidery, regular 35c, special Friday, 25c
Ladies' Gowns, good cotton, trimmed with embroidery, all sizes, very special, Friday each, 45c
Ladies' Fine Gowns, trimmed with tulle lace and insertion, very special, \$1.25, special Friday, 85c
Ladies' Fine Lonsdale Gowns, Hubbard style, trimmed with tucks, embroidery and insertion, very fine, to sell special Friday, \$1.25

Blouses

10 only, Ladies' Fine Lawn Blouses, tucked and hemstitched all over, regular \$1.50, special, each, 60c
Ladies' Fine Lawn Blouses, fronts embroidered in white, pink and blue, regular \$2.50, to sell, half-price, \$1.25
Ladies' Fancy Muslin Blouses, shirred yoke back and front, dress sleeve, regular \$2.50, special, half-price, \$1.25
Ladies' Corset Blouses, with embroidery yoke or insertion, were \$1.85 and \$1.50, special Friday, \$1.00

Corsets

Ladies' Long Waist Summer Corsets, heavy net, sateen bands, special, Friday, 50c
Ladies' Summer Corsets, French model, heavy net, trimmed with lace and ribbon, very short, special, per pair, 75c

Men's Shirts

6 Dozen Only, sizes 14½ to 16½, Men's Fancy Check Neglige Shirts, cuffs attached, neat dark patterns and fast colors; also Boys' Percalé Soft Shirts, sizes 13 and 13½ only, regular 65c, Friday, 50c

Children's Tams

4 Dozen Children's Washing Tams, khaki drill, all sizes, regular 50c, Friday, to clear, 35c

Men's Crash Coats and Vests

Men's All-Black Coats and Vests, all sizes, 36 to 40, dressy, cool garments, regular price \$2.50 and \$3, for, \$1.95

Boys' Two-Piece Suits

15 Only Boys' Two-piece Suits, light gray tweed, with pleated coat and well-lined knickers, sizes 22, 23, 24, 25 only, regular \$2.25 and \$2.50, Friday bargain, \$1.50

Ladies' Summer Shoes

70 Pairs Ladies' Oxford Shoes and Tilly Shoes, fine Dongola kid, kid-lined and tipped and box calf Oxford Shoes, all sizes in the assortment, some were \$1.50, Friday, \$1.00

Shoe Polish

Another lot of fine Raven Black Gloss Shoe Dressing, will not injure the finest shoes, large size bottle regular 10c, Friday, 5c

Smallwares

6 Dozen Palm Leaf Fans, our regular 50c fan, special, 3 for, 5c
Patent Leather stitched belts, with steel and black buckles, special, 75c
Gray Leather Belts, wide at back, buckles, special, 75c
White kid belts, special, 65c
Fancy Pulley Belts, in black and brown leather, 65c
Ribbon Pulley Belts, in black, white, red and blue, special at, 60c, 65c, 75c and \$1.00

Lace Curtains

Sample Ends, White Lace Curtains, 200 ends, 1½ and 2 yards long, to clear at, 15c, 25c and 35c an end

Skirt Department

Ladies' Linen Skirts, blue bands, special, each, 50c
White Pique Skirts, two rows insertion, special, each, \$1.25
\$3.50 Pique White Skirts, for, \$3.00
\$4.25 White Pique Skirts for, \$3.50

Stationery and Soap

No. 4 Envelopes, white or cream laid, regular 5c per package, for, 3c
Special line in Paperettes, one quire paper and envelopes, regular 15c box, for, 10c
Bouquet Violet Soap, 3 cakes in box, special per box, 3 cakes in box, 10c
Hyacinth Toilet Soap, 3 cakes in box, 15c

Laces

5 pieces White All-Over Lace, regular 50c yard, special, 25c
8 pieces New Cream Guipure Lace, suitable for yokes, per yard, 55c, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.40, and \$1.50
2 pieces, Black All-Over Lace, special, per yard, 75c, \$1.00
1 piece, White Applique Lace, 18 inches wide, per yard, \$1.50

Hosiery

Boys' Ribbed Cotton Hose, fast black, special, 100
Ladies' Fine Cotton Hose, fast black, special, 100
Ladies' Fine Cotton Hose, plain black, tan and fancy stripes, regular 25c and 35c, special, 15c
Ladies' Plain Cotton Hose, Hermsdorf dye, spliced feet; regular 25c, special, 20c

Undewear

Ladies' Cotton Vests, short sleeves, regular 7c, special, 5c
Ladies' Cotton Vests, white and unbleached, short sleeves, special, 3 for, 25c
Ladies' Cotton Vests, white, short sleeves, nicely trimmed, regular 25c, special, 2 for, 25c

Grocery Department

18 lbs of Redpath's Standard Granulated Sugar for, \$1.00
40c Imperial Blend Black or Mixed Tea, for, 1b, 25c
6 lbs of Hard Soap for, 25c
Cowan's Soluble 25c Cocoa for, 15c
1 lb tin of Cook's Delight Baking Powder, good value at 20c, for, 1b, 15c

Crockery Department

44-piece Printed Tea Sets per set, \$2.50
44-piece China Tea Sets, in assorted colors, per set, \$5.00 to \$5.50
See our 75-piece Printed Dinner Sets, upwards from, \$5.00
6-inch White Tea or Breakfast Plates, clear at, per dozen, 38c
A special line of Fancy Glass Wine and Lemonade Sets just opened out, 25 per cent off all Japanese and Hawaiian China Goods.

The Runians, Gray, Carrie Co.
208, 210, 210½, 212 Dundas Street.

ness. But there is a ring of insincerity in this unwonted anxiety for the public weal, for the experience of the past unanimously goes to show that while the Conservative in opposition is a splendid hand at suggesting what should be done, the Liberal in office is a vastly greater success in actually doing it.

MORE HIGH POLITICS.

Having come through an unusually long session without securing one single coin of advantage, and being now within measurable distance of a general election without any definite policy or decent campaign cry, it is not altogether surprising that the Conservative party is discontented and out of temper. When a man loses his temper he often gets abusive, and this appears to be true of the politician also, both individually and collectively. It is unfortunate though, and it is greatly to be feared, that the country at large will suffer in prestige, in personal esteem, and in the esteem of others, if the approaching campaign is to be run upon the lines indicated at the initial meeting in this province, held at Hesler, a few days ago. At that meeting personal abuse of the most offensive kind was hurled at ministers of the crown. The speakers were particularly careful to make no definite charges, but simply to deal with generalities and miserable insinuations, to which it is impossible to nail them.

A DEPARTMENT WITH A HUSTLE.

Notwithstanding the vast amount of additional work thrown upon the department of agriculture by the extensive and most creditable display which Canada is making at the Paris Exhibition, there has been no abatement in the regular routine work of the department, and in its ever-extending labors in the interests of the Canadian farmer. Each year under the present progressive minister has witnessed notable expansions in its sphere of usefulness and labor, and one little incident last week is an excellent illustration of the phenomenal development of this work. Prof. Robertson, of the staff of the Experimental Farm, has come east to attend to various departmental matters, but in addition thereto he is charged with the establishing of manual training schools, the gift of Sir W. C. McDonald, of Montreal, of five centers in Quebec and the Maritime Provinces. He will also arrange for chicken fattening illustration stations in these provinces, examine into agricultural affairs generally, visit the government creameries in Prince Edward Island, and also inquire into the cold storage system established by him in Prince Edward Island for preserving herrings caught in the spring of the year for use as bait in the summer for cod fishing.

Innovation is reported by the Fishermen's Bait Association to be working admirably. As a result of the constant supply of bait thus provided many more people are enabled to engage in this industry, and a new era in cod fishing is predicted. The fishermen are so pleased with the improvement that they are asking for scientific instructions and direction as to the best methods of curing and preserving their take.

HECKLING IN ENGLAND.

The man who asks questions and insists on their being answered to familiar presence at all party meetings. One of England's many debts to Scotland is the loan of the expressive word used to describe him. He is known as the heckler. The speaker is not allowed to disregard him. If a statement is disputed it is the orator's place to make it good. Any member of the audience may rise to his feet and shout out a contradiction whenever he feels like it, and by the custom of English public life the speaker is expected to make some reply on the spot. He is not, of course, bound to, but unless he has forgotten all the impromptu that shrewd men carry about with them for such emergencies he usually does.

IT IS ALREADY DONE.

An opposition humorist "sarkastikly" suggests that now the government has succeeded in giving the farmer cheap binder twine it might improve its chances in the country by cutting down the price of coal oil before the elections came on. As Mr. Fielding remarked in the House last session: "Every step taken by the present government, whether with respect to legislation or to departmental administration, has been in the direction of removing restrictions and lessening the price of oil. The duty on imported oil, which existed under the late government has been reduced. Burdensome regulations existing under that government with respect to inspection of oil, which could only take place after it had been put in barrels, have been abolished, thus facilitating cheap and convenient methods of handling the oil. The number of points at which oil can be imported in bulk in tank cars has been increased. Permission has been given to us tank wagons. The former regulation forbidding the use of tank ships has been repealed, thus giving along the line of water communication the opportunity to receive oil by cheap transportation. When railway companies increased their freight rates on oil in such a manner as seemed likely to prevent competition in the oil trade, the government, on the advice of the railway committee of the Privy Council, disallowed the increase and ordered the restoration of the former rates. In short every step taken by the present government in relation to the oil business has been for the purpose of removing burdensome restrictions, reducing the cost of handling the oil, and cheapening the article to the consumer."

Can You Tell Why

you have constant headaches, are nervous and sleepless at night and feel tired in the morning? Your blood isn't carrying the right materials to your nerves and other organs. Begin taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier, and you will soon realize a change. You will feel better and stronger, will relish your food and enjoy refreshing sleep.

Nausea, indigestion are cured by Hood's Pills.

The benefactions of love are not original with us, but were ordained and predestinated to our souls by the eternal goodness whence they come.

Goodness without graciousness is ugly and toad-like; if it has a jewel it is of the head and not of the heart.

WORMS CAUSE FEVERISHNESS, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

CANADIAN STEAM LAUNDRY

DUNN & WILSON, PROPRIETORS.
264 Dundas Street, Telephone 905.
We are now prepared to do all kinds of laundry work, with the exception of flat work, which will take a week or ten days before we can secure our change for that class of work. Goods called for and delivered to any part of city.

Free Cure For Men.

A new remedy which quickly cures sexual weakness, varicose, night emissions, premature discharge, etc., and restores the organs to strength and vigor. Dr. L. W. Kears,

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Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or on margin. Send for free pocket manual. Long distance Phone, 1273. OFFICES—Tremont House, London.

TODAY'S MARKETS

Toronto Stock Market.

Table with 2 columns: Stock Name and Price. Includes Montreal, Toronto, and various bonds.

Montreal Stock Market.

Table with 2 columns: Stock Name and Price. Includes Canadian Pacific, Dominion, and various bonds.

New York Stocks.

Reported by F. H. Butler, stock broker, Tremont House, for the Advertiser.

Table with 2 columns: Stock Name and Price. Includes Anaconda, Atchafalpa, and various bonds.

English Markets.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity Name and Price. Includes Wheat, Corn, and various oils.

Toronto Produce Market.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity Name and Price. Includes Wheat, Corn, and various meats.

THE CPG HAMS. Lunch Bacon, Cooked Hams, Lard, Bologna, in choice quality.

Chicago Exchange. Table with 2 columns: Commodity Name and Price. Includes Wheat, Corn, and various oils.

Strong's Drug Store

FOR PURITY, ACCURACY AND DISPATCH.

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A prompt delivery to all parts of the city.

W. T. STRONG & CO.

DISPENSING CHEMISTS.

164 Dundas St., London.

Marriage licenses issued at above address.

WILL STAY HERE

For Two More Days the Pullman Band Will Be in London.

Will Give Concerts at Springbank Tomorrow and Saturday—Has Been Secured at Considerable Expense—Will Play Their Finest Selections.

The great popularity of the First Regiment (Pullman) Band has been one of the features of the Old Boys' reunion. No other musical organization that has come to this city has taken so firm a hold upon the affections of Londoners in general. Mayor Rumball was never more truly the people's representative than when he read that appreciative address last night. Every one was sorry, indeed, to think that the Chicagoans were going away so soon. Their music was so excellent that it is little wonder that the crowds were demonstratively appreciative; in fact, they were almost selfish in making so many important demands upon the band's lavish generosity.

The Street Railway Company saw in this popularity a splendid opportunity to please the people, but there were difficulties to be overcome. The band had already exceeded the intended limit, and several of the members could not see their way clear to stay. However, money talks, and the loquacity of the amount offered by the company was an unanswerable argument. Consequently this magnificent musical organization will stay here two more days, Friday and Saturday. Entrance of such a commendable character speaks for itself; the public is bound to appreciate it, and there is no doubt that the whole band and its immense crowd will leave the blizzards of city streets and saunter and rest in the cool shade of the river park's grand old trees.

The Chicago band has mastered more than 2,000 compositions, and being its exclusive property, and Bandmaster Hostrower has chosen for these concerts the very best among them, while so varied are his selections that all tastes will be catered to.

The pleasantest thing imaginable on these sweltering days, when "Whew!" is the most used word in all vocabularies, is to lazily lie on the river-swept sward at Springbank, and with half-closed eyes listen to such music. The programme given below is for Friday afternoon. In tomorrow's paper Saturday's programme will be given.

Programme by First Regiment (Pullman) Band, J. E. Hostrower, director, for Friday afternoon, Aug. 10, 1900, at Springbank Park:

- 1. March—"Onward, Christian Soldiers"..... Sullivan
- 2. Overture—"The Barber of Seville"..... Rossini
- 3. Pastoral and Polka—"Twistering Birds"..... Morand
- 4. Excerpts from Opera—"The Bohemian Girl"..... Balfe
- 5. Patrol—"The Blue and the Gray"..... Chatterway
- 6. Solo for Euphonium (selected)..... R. Densmore
- 7. (a) Intermezzo—"Babbalage"..... Gillett
- (b) Negro Fantasia—"Levee Reverses"..... Hall
- 8. Cavatina for Clarinets..... Gassner
- 9. Valse Caprice—"Flirtation"..... Steck
- 10. Descriptive—"A Hunting Scene"..... Bucossi

INSPECTOR MURRAY

During the Interim in the Sifton Case Took a Branchnote to Chatham From Indianapolis.

Toronto World: Chief Inspector Murray of the Ontario Department of Criminal Investigations, returned to Toronto yesterday at noon. Since the adjournment of the preliminary inquiry into the Sifton murder case, the inspector has been hustling on other business. A few weeks ago he went to Indianapolis and prepared a case for the extradition of William Branchnote, a glass blower, wanted in Chatham, Ont., on several charges of theft. When the Sifton case was adjourned the other day the inspector straightway went to Indianapolis and got his man. He was landed in Chatham fall safe and sound on Tuesday. The inspector will go to Buffalo in a day or two to get another man wanted in Canada. This is Bradstreet, alias Ryan, against whom there are numerous charges of theft in Elgin county. The papers have already arrived from Washington ordering his extradition. In the meantime the inspector is looking after the crown's interest in the Sifton case, and goes to London this morning to be present at the inquiry.

No smoke, no dust, no cinders, going to Springbank on the electric cars.

Latest Probabilities.

Toronto, Aug. 9.—Probabilities for the next twenty-four hours for the lower lakes region: Moderate to fresh westerly to southerly winds; fair and very warm; local thunderstorms. Friday—Fresh southerly to westerly winds; very warm until night, with numerous thunderstorms.

LATE LOCAL ITEMS

—Will Henderson, of Chicago, is one of the Old Boys in the city.

—One drunk was discharged at the police court this morning.

—The London observatory thermometer marked 93° in the shade at 2 p.m. today.

—Miss G. Street, of Toronto, is spending her holidays with her parents at 254 Talbot street, city.

—St. Thomas Times: W. H. Winnett, of London, was in the city yesterday negotiating for the purchase of a property fronting on the M. C. R., in the rear of Lindsay Bros.' block.

—Sarah Jane Johnston, a colored woman, was lodged in jail last night charged with drunkenness and vagrancy. She was remanded till Aug. 10 by Judge Harry Edwards, of Westminster township.

—Mr. I. F. Hellmuth, of the firm of Hellmuth & Ivey, has entered the firm of Kingsmill, Saunders & Torment, Toronto, solicitors for the Michigan Central Railway. He is not severing his connection with the mentioned firm, but will divide his time and attention between the two. His family will remove to Toronto.

—Mr. George Day, aged 73 years, died yesterday at his late residence, No. 47 Evergreen avenue, Toronto, born in England, and came to Canada 30 years ago. For the past five years he had been an invalid. He was twice married, and leaves three sons and four daughters by his first wife, and two sons by his second. The funeral will be held tomorrow to Oakdale cemetery.

—It is astonishing the remarkable demand there is at present for the large Canadian penny, or two-cent coin, but for its value as a scarce coin, but for its size and oddity. A great many Americans seek this coin when they come over to Canada, and frequent requests for them have been made by visitors to London during the Old Boys' stay here. Owing to the large demand coin collectors are placing a price on these pieces.

—A horse owned by Mr. Charles Gibson ran away from the Bernard House this morning about 11 o'clock. A two-wheeled cart, in which sat a little girl, was attached to it. The horse turned onto Dundas street, from Talbot, and ran into a cab. The little girl was saved from her perilous position by Mr. Wm. Smith, of the firm of Clarke & Smith, who was passing at the time. The horse broke loose from the cart and ran into the door of a store on Dundas street, where it was stopped.

—In conversation with Mr. B. J. Weston, one of the Chicago visitors to the city, he stated to an Advertiser representative that the demand for Canadian help in all parts of the States, after war was declared, is remarkable. The large number of Canadians in Chicago are recognized almost as a colony by themselves. In the Deering Harvester Works, where labor of every class is employed, preference is always shown to Canadians who are seeking positions, and in that establishment, outside of their own American help, the Canadians are in the majority.

—The Advertiser has already announced the names of its graduates who accompanied the Old Boys from different sections of the continent. There is probably no other corner in the city which can show such a list of its old employees returning on this occasion. From all parts of the United States and Canada former members of our staff and of the editorial board attended the reunion, and most of them called to pay their respects to their old-time associates in office. The Advertiser is an institution that has graduates in every city represented in the Old Boys' Association.

THE IRISH PICNIC.

An immense crowd went down to Port Stanley this morning. Apparently the Irishmen are determined to maintain their reputation of having the largest picnic of the season. Three long, heavily-laden trucks left the city this morning. The warm weather favored the excursion in one way, for hundreds of people joined it to get away from the heat of the city and enjoy the breeze of the lakeside. The committee secured a splendid attraction by getting the Chicago band to remain over and accompany them to port. They paraded the downtown streets this morning. The Seventh and Musical Society bands are also at the Port.

AMERICAN SOLDIERS IN BAD FLIGHT IN THE PHILIPPINES FOR LACK OF MEDICAL AID.

New York, Aug. 9.—The World prints the following as coming from the staff correspondent in Washington: "I am enabled to state on the authority of one of the highest government officials that the war department has suppressed for three weeks an appeal for help from Gen. MacArthur. Gen. MacArthur states that his men are dying at military stations all over the islands for want of medical aid."

"Several thousand are down with wounds, tropical fevers and other diseases, and utterly without the medical supplies of anyone of skill to attend them. Eight per cent of the entire force is incapacitated for service. This report was followed by a second cable a little later, in which Gen. MacArthur stated that at least 100 doctors and 300 medical attendants. The advertisement for 100 doctors, recently issued by the war department, was the result of this call for aid."

BRYAN AND STEVENSON.

Indianapolis, Aug. 9.—W. J. Bryan, of Nebraska, and Delia Stevenson, of Illinois, were notified yesterday in Military Park of their nominations for the offices of president and vice-president of the republic. Thousands of people witnessed the ceremonies.

SUICIDE IN PRISON.

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 9.—William Gleason, 40 years of age, serving four years and six months in Auburn prison for burglary and larceny, committed suicide by hanging himself in his cell last night. Gleason was a transfer from Sing Sing and had served about a year of his term.

SO HOME! KE!

[From the St. Louis Herald.] The fender on the car caught him amidships. First he was hurled feet in the air. In landing he fell into a pile of cobbles, which fell all over him. Finally he rolled down a local pit. They carried him to the hospital, and after an hour or so he opened his eyes. "That was like home," he sighed. "Home!" cried the physician. "Where the deuce are you from?" "St. Louis."

BASEBALL.

EASTERN LEAGUE STANDING.

Table with 2 columns: Team Name and Record. Includes Rochester, Providence, Worcester, Springfield, and others.

THE TURF.

AT PORT HURON.

The Port Huron banner race meeting is to be held Aug. 14, 15 and 16. The association are giving \$5,200, the largest purses ever offered, and have expended over \$3,000 on their track and grounds, and President H. C. Knill, jun., and other good judges claim that the recent improvements to the track have made it the fastest and finest half mile track in the state, and they have the largest and best fields of horses ever entered at a race meeting. They expect to see the record broken of the state for the fastest time over a half mile track. Every heat will be a race.

THE C.P.R. STRIKE

Appears Likely to Extend Its Influence.

Organizing the Ontario Labor Bureau—Female Labor in Demand.

Winnipeg, Man. Aug. 8.—The most startling development in the strike situation today was the announcement that the inspectors, car repairers, cleaners, etc., on the Pacific and Western divisions will go out on strike if the C. P. R. does not accede to certain terms which they are laying before the management. The car inspectors, etc., allege that scandalous conditions are now imposed upon them, which will startle the public when revealed.

General Superintendent Osborne and Manager Whyte, however, state that they have not been approached by these men yet, and do not know of any grievance which they have.

Mr. Whyte states that special constables were put on the C.P.R. yards, not to prevent violence on the part of the strikers, but to protect the company's property from marauders and thieves, who would seize the opportunity to steal and do damage and throw the blame upon the strikers.

The men now on strike have not as yet approached the management, but it is said that they will lay their case before Mr. Whyte very shortly, thus opening the way for a settlement of the difficulty.

ONTARIO LABOR BUREAU.

Toronto, Aug. 9.—The office for the labor bureau has been selected, and the day Mr. Robert G. Gilling, the secretary of the bureau, will take possession. The room selected is in the center of the building, on the same floor as the department of public works, under which the bureau has been placed. A stenographer and typewriter will, with the secretary, form the staff for the present. Early next week the bureau will commence operations.

FACTORY WORK PREFERRED.

Miss Margaret Carlye, one of the Ontario factory inspectors, reports a growing scarcity in female labor, although owing to the rapid progress of manufacturing during the past three years wages are at the top figure, girls in small towns especially making from \$5 to \$10 per week at factory work. Many girls are forsaking the saleswoman's desk for the factory as a result, and in one factory in Toronto two ladies who are medalists of Toronto University are engaged at remunerative salaries, preferring the work to that in stores.

CHASING DEWET

Methuen Has the Job—The Disaster—Eland's River—Dispatches From Roberts.

London, Aug. 9.—The following report, dated Pretoria, Aug. 8, has been received from Lord Roberts:

"I have been informed yesterday by an escaped British prisoner that Dewet's wagons had crossed the Vaal. Afterwards I heard the sound of guns, which I think must have been Methuen's, as directed him to take up a position between Potchefstroom and Lindkuwe, where he could intercept the enemy, who crossed the river at Dewet's Drift. Kitchener is crossing the Vaal with cavalry and mounted infantry."

"Hunter reports that he made 4,100 prisoners in the Bethlehem-Harrismith district, a majority of whom are now en route for Cape Town. Three guns and about 200 Bulwagans and ten wagon loads of ammunition and 155,000 rounds of ammunition were destroyed."

"The garrison of Eland's River, which I fear has been captured, consisted of about 200 Bulwagans and 100 despatchers. I had hoped that Carrington had been in time to withdraw the garrison; but it seems that Delarey, learning of Ian Hamilton's approach to Rensburg, had withdrawn and surrounded the garrison before Carrington arrived."

"Methuen telegraphs that he engaged a part of Dewet's force yesterday near Rensburg. He drove the enemy off a succession of hills, which they held obstinately. Our casualties were seven men killed or wounded, including four officers."

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PAINTS and OILS

We are selling Linseed Oil and White Lead at extra low prices, having bought before the advance.

REFRIGERATORS—"Challenge" at reduced prices to clear out.

LAWN MOWERS, 16-inch, at \$2 50 each.

SCREEN DOORS AND WINDOWS.

Cowan's Cash Hardware,

127 Dundas Street, London.

A Chinese Defeat.

Che Foo, Aug. 9.—Signals, Washington, Aug. 6.—Yang Tsun captured today.

Wire us. Need own transportation. All well. Scriven.

TELEGRAPH BRIEFS

The rate of discount of the Bank of Bengal was raised from 3 to 4 per cent today.

A street car in North St. Louis, Mo., was blown over with dynamite Tuesday.

Judge Henry, of Kansas City, decided that telegraph companies must furnish grain market quotations.

Robert L. Brophy, 42 years old, a grocery clerk, of Syracuse, N. Y., committed suicide this (Thursday) morning by shooting. He had been out of employment, and was despondent.

Ira and Jesse Ewing, brothers, went into a saloon at Air Line Junction, a suburb of Toledo, and on being refused drinks by Saloonkeeper Nathan, pounded him into insensibility. He will die.

Deputy Auditor Lawshe, who has been investigating the accounts of E. G. Rathbone, the deposed director-general of posts in Cuba, has disclosed accounts amounting to \$250,000, which include "stuffed" pay rolls.

The French Line steamship Mont Blanc, on her way down from Montreal to the sea, went ashore Wednesday at the Richelieu Rapids. The steamship, owned by the French Line, was lighted by the vessel, left Quebec for her assistance.

Western Ontario.

Sewing is to be taught in Windsor schools.

The seventh annual Scotch picnic at Erieau will be held on Tuesday, Aug. 14.

The St. Thomas city council has decided to submit a bylaw to the ratepayers on Sept. 6th to raise \$5,000 to build an addition to the Amassa Wood Hospital.

The members of Apple Grove Grange will hold a memorial service, owing to the death of their late sister Josephine Wardell, in the Grange Hall, Middleburg, on Sunday evening next.

During a quarrel in Bedford township, Ont., some men got into a conflict, fighting during the night. One man was stabbed, and his life is despaired of. Arrests will be made.

Mrs. N. Oatman and Mrs. F. Oatman and the Clime family, all of St. Thomas, are alleged to have fallen heir to a large dowry in Pennsylvania. It consists of 100 acres of peach orchards, \$5,000,000 and 500 acres of coal mines.

Dr. Sanderson, of Sparta, met with a serious accident Tuesday morning. He was coming out of his office, carrying a bundle of papers in one hand and a chair in the other. While descending the steps in front he stumbled and fell to the bottom, and when picked up he was in a precarious condition, one of his legs being broken, his shoulder badly dislocated and other parts of the body severely bruised.

SUPPLIES OF WAR

Enormous Quantities of Goods Sent to South Africa by Great Britain.

Some idea of the cost of the South African war may be derived from the amount of war material sent out. It appears from an article in the Edinburgh Review that 170 millions of small-arm ammunition have been forwarded. The following are the corresponding provision of artillery ammunition:

Table with 2 columns: Item and Quantity. Includes 300,000 rounds for the 12-pounder, 300,000 rounds for the 15-pounder, etc.

Over 300,000 rounds for the 15-pounder field gun.

Over 30,000 rounds for the 5-inch howitzer.

Over 20,000 rounds for the 5-inch gun.

Nearly 21,000 rounds for the 4.7 gun.

Nearly 380,000 rounds for the "pom-pom."

The clothing statistics are as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Item and Quantity. Includes Drab suits, much over 200,000, Khaki suits, about 80,000, Boots (pairs), over 370,000, etc.

Over 200,000.

Worsted socks, over 850,000.

Flannel shirts, over 600,000.

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Blankets, 300,000 waterproof sheets, and other such general stores have been sent.

As regards food, though much has been collected in the country itself, the exports have been gigantic; 80 million pounds in weight of the fifty-eight different kinds of foodstuffs have been dispatched. The difficulties of package may be imagined from the estimate that 602,000 bottles of different kinds were included in these supplies. Interesting items are 10 million pounds of jam and marmalade, 27 million pounds of biscuits, 14 million pounds of tobacco, 20% milk, 79,000 tons of preserved meat. Of forage, 154,000 tons from foreign and colonial ports.

KING HUMBERT'S FUNERAL.

Rome, Aug. 9.—The remains of the late King Humbert were buried today, with imposing ceremonies. His body was interred in the Pantheon.

DEATH OF MR. JOHN KEATING.

Cornwall, Aug. 9.—Mr. John Keating, for 17 years principal of the Cornwall separate schools, died here yesterday, aged 48 years. Mr. Keating ranked among the foremost teachers in Ontario, and at the teachers' conventions his papers were always eagerly looked for. He was born at Caledonia, Ont. The Catholic Order of Foresters, of which deceased was a member, will attend the funeral on Friday morning, as will also the pupils and ex-pupils of the school.

MEN'S CLOTHING

When cleaned or dyed at Stockwell's is there in first-class style. Pressed and re-styled by practical tailors.

STOCKWELL'S DYE WORKS, Phone 601. 250 Dundas Street.

Burns Better, More Warmth, Less Waste

than any other coal; that is what we claim and can prove for our celebrated

KOAL.

If you stock up early, come and see our stock

PHONE 348. DALY 19 York Street.

KANSAS GIRLS

Earn Big Money as Harvest Hands in the Wheat Fields.

[Chicago Inter-Ocean.]

Hundreds of Kansas girls now have a pocketbook full of new, crisp money as a result of three weeks' work in the harvest fields this summer. Many of them have earned enough to buy their winter clothes. There is no way to tell the exact number of girls who were employed in the wheat fields this year, but from the numerous notices of town girls going out to do harvest work, as contained in the local newspapers of the state, it is believed that no less than 500 women were thus employed. The work is easy, and the pay is \$2 per day. They can sit on a binder or mower, shock wheat or rake hay, just as the old farmers may wish. The day's work is from sun to sun, and the men treat them with great respect and courtesy. But the girls will not allow the men to relieve them of their share of the work.

Eighteen young women from McPherson this year went into the fields and earned enough money to pay for their harvesting to take them on a trip to the Atlantic coast, at which place they are now. Other girls have earned enough to send them to school this winter, and many more have spent their money for fine clothes and jewelry. The daughters of the farmers do not work in the fields so much as do the town girls, who go out during the summer to make a little vacation money. The harvesting is now over, but many girls may be seen running plows. In some parts of the state they help thrash the wheat, but women at that work are not seen near Wichita.

THOUGHT IT WAS A SCORPION.

He was a brawny Hibernian and a gentleman, and he offered his car to a stylish young woman who entered the car and reached for a strap.

"Take me seat, lady!" he said, rising, and her smile of thanks caused him to make a little vacation money. The harvesting is now over, but many girls may be seen running plows. In some parts of the state they help thrash the wheat, but women at that work are not seen near Wichita.

"What is all this?" inquired the conductor, swinging around.

"Why, this man is either drunk or crazy," said one of the men. "He deliberately struck this young lady."

"The Hibernian held up his hand. 'Howd on! Lit me explain!'"

"That's what we are waiting for," said the conductor.

"The lady had a terrible scorpion crawl on her neck, awn Ol! toad! to kill it before it stung her. Thors' ugly reptile!"

They all gazed down and there was a green head, peering out from the black lace beneath the young woman's neck. It had been quicker than the Hibernian's hand.

"You dear little thing!" said its fair owner, cursing the little green head, and then she looked at the Hibernian. "The idea of your trying to kill my pet! Looks like a scorpion, does he? Well, you should study natural history. I want you to see this (tiny gold chain). I wear him in place of a bracelet. Brother sent him to me from Cuba. Poor little thing!"

She ran her fingers over the chameleon's little body and the passengers smiled. But the Hibernian made a silent vow never to move finger if he saw a rattler circling the neck of a woman.—Chicago News.

SUBJUGATED.

The word subjugated is of Latin origin—sub jugum—under the yoke. Although oftentimes used in a figurative sense, it might have been applied in all literalness to a certain Maine boy whose singular experiment with a calf, as described by the Lewiston Journal, may recall to our readers the recently published story of "Dad and Broad."

This farmer had had always taken a special interest in oxen, and delighted to brandish the goad-stick over his father's good-natured pair. His great ambition was to own for himself a pair of steers.

Last summer he became the proud possessor of

A FATEFUL...DIAMOND

He knew what her answer would be, for there could be no mistaking the light on that fair, beautiful face, and he drew her into a fond, close embrace, laying one hand lovingly, yet nervously, upon her golden head, his whole being thrilling with the mighty love that filled his heart.

And she? She stood for one minute thus enraptured, then she lifted her tender face to his, while tears trembled upon her golden lashes—tears of wondrous joy which this grand, inspiring love had called to her eyes.

"Louis! Louis!" she murmured, and the very intonation of his name betrayed an affection as deep and true as his own.

There was no need of words; each knew that each belonged to the other for all time. And in the misty future wedded souls could belong to each other, for all eternity too.

From the moment of our first meeting, love—from that hour when you thrust this dear hand between the iron bars of your father's gate and dropped this little coin in the dust at my feet—you have been the lodestar that has drawn me onward and upward toward an honorable manhood, toward success, and—yourself, Louis!

A little later, when both had become more familiar with the new, great happiness that had come to them.

"Ah, Louis, you must have been already somewhat charged with honor and manliness, else you could have been drawn neither upward nor onward," Margaret replied, with such fondness that he could not resist bestowing an appreciative caress upon the lips that had given utterance to the tender words.

"Margaret," Louis said, suddenly and very gravely, "I am afraid I have done wrong in not telling you before this what I know of my history; there is one blot upon my life which may make you hesitate to give yourself to me."

"A blot upon your life?" she repeated, lifting her startled eye to his face and growing slightly pale.

"Well, not exactly that, perhaps; but a blot upon a life connected with mine."

"Ah, that is different!" she said, with a sigh of relief. "So long as you are good and true, what others may have done cannot affect you."

Tears sprang to the strong man's eyes at these words, for nothing could be more touching and beautiful than this pure, unselfish love that he had won for his simple worth alone.

But he told her all his story, not omitting the fact that his father was a man of whom he had reason to be ashamed, and with whom he could never be associated in any way, except to relieve his necessities if he should ever need such relief.

"What he has done or what he is cannot affect you personally, dear," she said, with tender sweetness when he had concluded; "it is Louis Dunbar whom I love and whose wife I hope to be."

For answer the young man bent forward and touched those sweet, red lips with his own. He had no language with which to answer her words of simple faith and noble trust.

CHAPTER XVI.

"I imagine that young Dunbar, to whom Mrs. Houghton introduced me this evening, is a fine fellow; he has a grand head, a noble, earnest face, and there was something about his eyes that impressed me very strangely, as if I must have seen him before."

These remarks were made by Mr. Forest to his nephew, as, after their return from the opera and their meeting with the Houghton party, they were seated in their private parlor smoking their fragrant Havanas and talking over the events of the evening.

"He has a fine position; if that can make a fine fellow, I suppose he must be one," Arthur snoring replied.

"What is his position?" asked Mr. Forest.

"He is general manager of the telephone interests in this country."

"Indeed? That is a responsible position for a young chap like him. He must be wonderfully smart."

"He's smart enough to feather his own nest pretty well. I am told that he is getting rich fast," replied the young man, merrily.

"How old is he?"

"Twenty-three or four."

"Who is he? Where does he come from? Dunbar is a familiar name."

"He was brought up until he was twelve years old by a poor woman in Boston. About that time he came out to our place and worked for a farmer named Brown, sticking closely to his employment in the summer, and going to school in the winter, for three or four years; after that he went back to the city as office boy for a lawyer, and I never saw him again till I met him here."

"He is an orphan, then?"

"Yes—or, at least, he always passed himself off as one."

"You do not seem to like him very well."

"I! He is nothing to me!" Arthur hastened to assert, somewhat scornfully. "But—"

"But what?"

"I have no faith in him; he was up to all sorts of things when we went to school together, and I believe these old tricks, particularly if they are mean ones, will cling to a boy all his life," Arthur responded; and, verily,

we believe that he knew whereof he spoke.

"Oh, I don't know about that; all boys are full of mischief, and I reckon he was no worse than others," Mr. Forest remarked, charitably.

"Well, you can judge for yourself," returned his nephew, and then he proceeded to relate that story of the lost coin with which we are familiar, coloring it to suit himself, and making Louis feel in his earlier days.

"He does not look like a chap of that character; I think his face a fine one—very."

Arthur made no reply, but his lips curled, showing his teeth in a disagreeable smile.

"I imagine also," pursued the gentleman, shooting another searching glance at his companion, "that your pretty little Miss Houghton thinks so, too."

Arthur scowled, hunched uneasily in his chair, impatiently threw away his cigar, and suppressed an oath.

Mr. Forest appeared not to heed his disquiet, and finally fell into a reverie that lasted a long time.

The following morning he informed Arthur that he was obliged to run down to Havre for a few days on business, but he must try to enjoy himself as well as he could during his absence. His traps, he said, he would leave in his care, although he supposed there was no danger of anything happening to them.

But that night found Arthur Aspinwall "enjoying himself" in a remarkably strange manner.

Every door leading to his uncle's room was locked, and the portieres were closely drawn over them, every window was closed, and the shades drawn down, and the heavy draperies dropped over them, while the young man might have been seen sitting before a strong, iron-bound chest, trying numerous keys in its massive lock.

He was certainly "looking after" his uncle's traps in a most literal manner. His efforts were at last rewarded; the bolt slipped in the socket, and the next moment he had lifted the lid of the chest—a mysterious article that had attracted and excited his curiosity the first time he had seen it—and its contents were at his mercy.

An examination of these revealed valuables of various kinds. There were trinkets and curiosities from different countries, boxes and bundles of papers relating to business transactions, account books, bank books, notes and bonds. There were packages of beautiful goods, silks, satins, embroideries, gloves, handkerchiefs, etc., evidently intended for friends at home.

Among these was Arthur's own mother, his uncle's sister, whom now he would never see in this life.

Every package and box, book and paper, was thoroughly examined, and before morning Arthur had been through this wonderful treasure chest, and could have told almost as much regarding his uncle's business and the amount of his possessions as Mr. Forest himself.

The clock on the mantel struck five, and he had examined everything save a narrow tray which was built into one side, or end, of the chest, and securely locked.

He, however, finally succeeded in opening it with one of his smaller keys, and, lifting the cover, the first thing that caught his eye was a large velvet case.

Opening it he was dazzled by the glitter of a set of diamonds fit for a queen—necklace, tiara, ear-pendants, bracelets and brooch.

"Where on earth did he get these, and for whom are they intended?" he exclaimed, almost awed by their splendor and priceless value.

Another small case or box contained a variety of unset jewels, very valuable.

There remained now only a small mother-of-pearl case, fastened with a golden clasp.

Something made Arthur Aspinwall hesitate before opening this; he seemed to realize for the first time that he had been guilty of a mean and unworthy act in thus prying into the secrets of another.

But curiosity again prevailed over the small stock of honor that he possessed; he unfastened the golden clasp, turned back the velvet-lined lid, and found himself looking into the face of one of the loveliest women he had ever seen.

The picture was painted on porcelain, and the tints were exquisitely soft, the outline charming.

Lovely brown eyes, large, liquid and confident, gazed up at him with a look so strangely familiar that every nerve in his body began to thrill, as if from some electric shock, and his own face suddenly blanched with an undimable fear.

The low, white forehead gleamed pure as a pearl through graceful waves of nut-brown hair, which were drawn back from the delicately veined temple, and coiled in a careless knot at the back of her pretty head.

The nose was small and slightly retroussée; the mouth one of wondrous sweetness, its scarlet curves perfect and beautiful beyond description; the eyes, like molten wax, curving away into the graceful neck.

[To be Continued.]

Light and Shade.

The proprietor of the bicycle repair shop had a bolt on the back of his neck, and was feeling ugly.

When, therefore, somebody rung him up and asked him—

"Are you open after six o'clock?"

He replied:

"I'm never open. Do I look like a sign of the-zodiac man? Ring off!"

Mr. Kewdie—I wish you wouldn't interrupt me every time I try to say something. Do I ever break in when you are talking?"

Mrs. Kewdie—No, you wretch, you go to sleep!

The Maiden—Mr. Courtwell, before I answer you, what is your politics?

The Ardent Lover—I am a rock-bottom Democrat.

The Maiden (with a sigh)—Well, I'm a Middle-of-the-Road Populist. We can't fuse, Mr. Courtwell.

She walked the hot and barren sands, and yet she was in clover, and was engaged to three young men. Before the stay was over.

"Didn't it require a lot of nerve to stand up and face the enemy in battle?" asked the interested listener.

"Yes," said the old soldier, and it took a whole lot of muscle when the bloody beggars charged on us."

"If you'll walk slowly across the floor again," the photographer said. "This one shows you with your foot in the air."

"That's all right," replied the prominent citizen. "I'll send it to my daughter's young man."

"That measly cad from Yankeland I'll now proceed to crush."

And on the face of the Prince of Wales there came a royal flush.

MANGANESE MINING

Latest Enterprise of the Czar of Newfoundland.

Operations on a Gigantic Scale—A Sturdy Scotchman Who Seems to Be Bigger Than the Colonial Government—He Owns All the Public Works and Transportation Lines of the Island.

When Robert G. Reid, the Scotch millionaire, went to St. John's, N. B., ten years ago and by virtue of a contract with the colonial government obtained control of a tract of land covering thousands of square miles in the eastern part of the island, he little thought that he had become the owner of a large deposit of a valuable mineral seldom found in the western hemisphere.

The investor had operated mines of many kinds throughout his vast territory at different times and until recently was of the opinion that the possibilities of his possessions in that direction were well nigh exhausted.

Two members of Mr. Reid's staff of prospectors, returning from a trip along the shores of Conception Bay brought with them pieces of rock chipped from cliffs jutting out into the water. These specimens, they said, showed traces of manganese which, although accompanied by the usual number of alloys could be extracted at a moderate cost.

The principal vein of the ore was found to start from the face of a rugged ledge at a point several inches below the high water mark. For a short period every day the incoming waves render work impossible, but the miners do not remain idle, as several smaller pockets of the mineral have been brought to light in nearby places, where the delvers after nature's hoarding may continue their labor. A large but gloomy and forbidding cave has been formed by the digging of the mine. The sides are dotted with green and yellow blotches, indicating the presence of copper and other metals, while from the low ceiling incrustated with the flaky deposit of the salt spray water drips continually upon these below.

Mr. Reid intends to confine the traffic in the product of his manganese mines to this side of the Atlantic. The foreign market for the commodity is supplied from mines scattered throughout the whole of Europe.

The successful manner in which Mr. Reid has opened and extended the manganese mine is typical of his methods in connection with many other projects. Before coming to Newfoundland he contracted for and built some of the largest bridges in America. He erected the first international railway bridge across the Niagara river, the one at Eagle Pass between Mexico and Texas, the Lachine bridge entering Montreal and several on the line of the Southern Pacific railroad.

It was in August, 1890, when the capitalist arrived in the island to enter into competition for the building of a government railway through the trackless interior. He carried the day and constructed 250 miles of road from St. John's to Notre Dame bay at \$15,600 a mile payable in the colony's 3½ per cent. bonds. When the work was finished, Mr. Reid was asked by the government to continue the line to Point au Basques, the other extremity of the island. This was a distance of 350 miles more, and he agreed to do it on the same terms. As he was closing this contract a third proposition was made him. The road when completed would revert to the colony. It ran through a country without a settler. It could earn nothing to help pay its way, and to finance it would impoverish the taxpayers and beggar the island. Therefore it was suggested that Mr. Reid undertake its operation for ten years. He was not unwilling in consideration of a subsidy of 5,000 acres of land for each mile operated.

The colonial government agreed to the proposition and passed an act providing that the ownership of all minerals found on this island, even when sold by Mr. Reid to farmers, lumbermen or others, should still vest in him and be workable by him. Finding himself with 3,000,000 acres of land, Mr. Reid sent a small army of trained officials over the island, and wherever they found arable sections, timber areas, mineral belts or lakes and streams with likely water power they promptly "selected" these lands for their employer.

Mr. Reid launched a new plan in the fall of 1897. With the aid of A. B. Morine, a brilliant lawyer, a bill providing for the transferring to Reid of every actual and potential asset of the colony in return for a cash payment of about \$1,500,000 was prepared and placed before the legislature. The lawmakers favored it, and to-day "Czar" Reid, as he is called, owning all public works and transportation lines, has more to say in local affairs than the highest of the island's officials.

old Law Case Settled.

The United States court of claims has just settled a case 102 years old.

Reid has opened and extended the manganese mine is typical of his methods in connection with many other projects. Before coming to Newfoundland he contracted for and built some of the largest bridges in America. He erected the first international railway bridge across the Niagara river, the one at Eagle Pass between Mexico and Texas, the Lachine bridge entering Montreal and several on the line of the Southern Pacific railroad.

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During July and August,

the warmest months of the year, most people have difficulty in keeping cool. By clothing lightly, dieting lightly and refraining from alcoholic drinks, a long step towards physical comfort is made. But the most satisfactory refrigerant is

Abbey's Effervescent Salt.

A teaspoonful of this delightful preparation in a glass of ordinary cool drinking water reduces the temperature of the blood, and quenches thirst in a natural manner without chilling the stomach suddenly. It stimulates the digestion and refreshes the body.

A pamphlet explaining the many uses of this fine preparation will be mailed free on application to The Abbey Effervescent Salt Co., Limited, Montreal. For sale by all druggists, 25c and 60c a bottle.

The Fall Fairs.

WESTERN FAIR, London, Sept. 6-15. Industrial, Toronto, Aug. 27 to Sept. 5. Kingston, Kingston, Sept. 10-14. Owen Sound, Owen Sound, Sept. 11-13. Central, Ottawa, Sept. 14-22. Northern, Walkerton, Sept. 15-20. South Huron, Exeter, Sept. 17-18. Tavistock, Sept. 17-18. W. Middlesex, Stratford, Sept. 17-19. North Waterloo, Berlin, Sept. 18-19. Northwestern, Goderich, Sept. 18-19. Southern, Walkerton, Sept. 18-19. E. Elgin, Aylmer, Sept. 18-20. Central, Guelph, Sept. 18-20. Great Northern, Collingwood, Sept. 18-21. N. Brant, Paris, Sept. 25-26. Southwestern, Essex, Sept. 25-27. Fullerton and Logan, Mitchell, Sept. 26-7. N. Oxford, Woodstock, Sept. 26-28. Northwestern, Wingham, Sept. 27-28. Springfield and South Dorchester, at Springfield, Sept. 28, 29. N. Perth, Stratford, Oct. 2-3. South Waterloo, Galt, Oct. 2-3. East Lambton, at Watford, Oct. 2-3. North Dorchester, Oct. 3. N. Kent, Chatham, Oct. 9-11. North Norwich, Norwich, Oct. 12-13. Norfolk Union, Simcoe, Oct. 16-18. Owen Sound, Owen Sound, Oct. 18-19. Secretaries of Western Ontario Fair Associations are invited to send the dates of their local fairs to The Advertiser.

A CARD

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a twenty-five cent bottle of Dr. Willis' English Pills, if, after using three-fourths of contents of bottle, they do not relieve Constipation and Headache. We also warrant that four bottles will permanently cure the most obstinate case of Constipation. Satisfaction or no pay when Willis' English Pills are used. J. Callard, Chemist, 390 Richmond street, London, Ont. B. A. Mitchell, Chemist, Gothic Hall, London, Ont. E. W. Hoyle, Druggist, 652 Dundas street, London, Ont. J. G. Shuff, Chemist, 540 Dundas street, London, Ont. H. J. Childs, Druggist, Dundas street, London, Ont. C. McCallum, Druggist, London, Ont. N. W. Emerson, Druggist, 120 Dundas street, London, Ont. N. I. McDermid, Druggist, corner Dundas and Wellington streets, London, Ont. W. S. B. Barkwell, Chemist, corner Dundas and Wellington streets, London, Ont. Anderson & Nelles, Druggists, 240 Dundas street, London, Ont. 2a w

The National Library of Paris has 1,400,000 bound books and 900,000 pamphlets.

HOW TO CLEANSE THE SYSTEM.—Parma's Vegetable Pills are the result of scientific study of the effects of extracts of certain roots and herbs upon the digestive organs. Their use has demonstrated in many instances that they regulate the action of the liver and kidney, purify the blood, and carry off all morbid accumulations from the system. They are easy to take, and their action is mild and beneficial.

"Milled by Tillson"

When your grocer says to you, "Yes, Madam, this is made by Tillson," he is simply expressing the confidence he feels and which he believes you share—that when Tillson makes it it must be right.

The way in which

Molina

has supplanted the expensive package foods is a good proof that Tillson's name begets confidence.

MOLINA is sold by the pound.

LADIES

wishing skilled treatment and care or confinement away from their homes

Address Smith Med. Home, 54 Goodell St., Buffalo, N.Y.

A Skin of Beauty Is a Joy Forever.

Dr. T. Felix Gouraud's Oriental Cream or Magical Beautifier. Removes tan, pimples, freckles, moths, patches, redness, and every blemish on beauty, and defies decoration. It has stood the test of 32 years and is so harmless we issue it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of his acquaintance: "As you ladies will use them I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the skin preparations. Also Poudre Subtile removes superfluous hair, without injury to the skin."

FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop., 37 Great Jones street, New York.

For sale by all druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers throughout the United States, Canada and Europe.

A DAINTY DESSERT:

Cream Puffs

20c per dozen, at Friend's.

CLARKE & SMITH,

Undertakers and Embalmers

Scientific work, first-class appointments.

113 Dundas St. Phone 588.

APIOL & STEEL

For Ladies.

A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES

Superseding Bittle Apple, Pil Cochon, Penny Royal, etc.

Order of all chemists, or post free for \$1.50 from Evans & Sons, Limited, Montreal, Quebec, Toronto, Ont., and Victoria, B.C., or

MARTIN, Chemist, Southampton, Eng.

FREE TO WOMEN

I will send to any lady a receipt for painful or delayed periods. It will relieve in 2 to 5 days. Absolutely harmless. Mrs. Morton, 27 W. Ferry St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Common Sense Kills

Roaches, Bed Bugs, Rats and Mice.

Sold by all druggists, or 381 Queen W., Toronto.

Beware of worthless imitations.

Railways and Navigation</

HELPS TO BUSINESS SUCCESS.



That is what our literature might be called. We will gladly send catalogue of either course, College Journal, etc., upon application. Forest City Business and Shorthand College, London, Ont.

J. W. WESTERVELT, Principal.
College reopens Sept. 4.

West of England
Pantings at \$5.00

These goods are the finest made, in several choice patterns, and the regular price has been \$6 and up.

See the goods in our window.

O. Labelle, 372 Richmond

Doyle's Liniment.

The Greatest Known Remedy for the Relief and Cure of RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, BRUISES, BURNS, MUSCULAR SWELLINGS, SORE THROAT, SORENESS OF THE THROAT OR BACK, or wherever a LINIMENT is required. It also cures the worst case of PILES.



London, Ont., May 15, 1929.
I have been suffering from Rheumatism for years, my right arm was perfectly useless, I was unable to do any work. I was told to use Doyle's Liniment. I bought a bottle of Doyle's Liniment. It is about four weeks ago. I consider it one of the greatest remedies known. (Signed) FRED. M. ALBERT, EMPLOYER G. T. R. L., London, Ont.

The only known Remedy that will cure the Sprained Collar, Joint or a Horse.

Price 60 cents per Bottle. Sample Bottle, 25c.

JOHN W. DOYLE, Ont. ywt

FITZGERALD AND FITZGERALD, BARRISTERS.

171 Dundas Street, Fitzgerald Block.

FAIRBAIN MERCHANT TAILOR.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

No smoke, no dust, no cinders, going to Springbank on the electric cars.

James F. Hunt & Sons' Bed and Mattress Cleaning Factory.

We have New Mattresses, Feather Pillows, Cushions, Brass and Iron Bedsteads. Featherbeds sold by the pound. Ticks filled with feathers. Upholstery and repairing. Stoves bought and sold. 593 Richmond Street North. Telephone 897.

15 Day Seashore Excursion—Tickets Only \$10 the Round Trip.

Just the time to visit the Atlantic Seashore Resorts. The Lehigh Valley Railroad will run a special Atlantic City, Cape May, Seaside, Ocean City, Ocean City excursion, Thursday, Aug. 6. Tickets only \$10 for the round trip from Suspension Bridge. Tickets good for return until Aug. 23. Good for stop-over at Philadelphia. For tickets and further information apply to station ticket office, Suspension Bridge, or to Robert S. Lewis, Canadian Passenger Agent, 33 Yonge Street, Toronto.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25 cents. E. W. Groves' signature is on each box. 2295

Take trolley rides to Springbank for that tired feeling. Doctors prescribe one dose daily. Pleasant to take. Even the children like it, and cry for it.

Electric Turkish Baths.

Be careful of your nerves. Nervousness is a disease which can be cured by the electric vapor bath and massage given at 320 Dundas Street. Good rooms for those who require to remain over night, after taking the baths.

Steamship Arrivals.

Aug. 8.	At.	From.
Arcturian		
Oceanic		
Brazilian		
Oceanic		
Louisiana		
Manchester		
Toronto		
Harold		
Indianapolis		
Briancon		
Elia		
Almerian		
Alka		
San Antonio		
Elia Sayer		
Manchester City		
Antonic		
Barbarossa		
Majestic		
Rhyland		
Caledonian		
Hekla		
Rotterdam		

No smoke, no dust, no cinders, going to Springbank on the electric cars.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE paid for old gold and silver, lead and copper dross.

Canada Smelting and Refining Company.

\$24.90

A FEW LEFT.

OUR

Winchester Bicycles

are selling fast at the reduced price. It pays to buy now. Call and see them.

WM. GURD & CO., 135 Dundas Street.

THOSE POPULAR PATTERNS

IN TWEEDS AND FANCY WOOLSTED SUITINGS ARE HERE.

COME IN AND SEE THEM.

SOUTHCOTT'S, Fine Tailors, 361 Richmond Street

METEOROLOGICAL

Toronto, Aug. 8, 8 p.m.—The great heat continues in Ontario and over the larger portion of the United States, and it has now spread as far east as Montreal. Toronto again records the highest temperature in Canada, 96 degrees. Some local thunderstorms have occurred in Ontario, and rain has fallen in many portions of Quebec. Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 52-70; Kamloops, 50-70; Calgary, 40-70; Qu'Appelle, 50-78; Winnipeg, 60-86; Port Arthur, 56-82; Toronto, 72-96; Ottawa, 64-84; Montreal, 66-80; Quebec, 62-80; Halifax, 60-70.

Local temperatures.—The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the observatory on Wednesday, Aug. 8, were: Highest, 93°; lowest, 72.5°.

Today (Thursday) the sun rose at 5:15 a.m., and sets at 7:31 p.m. The moon rises at 6:27 p.m., and sets at 3:44 a.m.

Johnston Bros.

BREAD

Will Please You.

For sale by city grocers or delivered by wagon.

PHONE 818.

The Old Boys Are Coming

We welcome you back again and will be delighted to show you our complete stock of Watches, Clocks, etc.

Take a souvenir home with you in a Belt Buckle, Pins, Brooches, Cuff Links, Hat Pins, etc. Call and examine our stock.

Thos. Gillean, 402 RICHMOND STREET.

Phone 893.

Issuer of Marriage Licenses.

London Advertiser.



The Summer Vacation.

Subscribers leaving the city to enjoy their summer holidays can have the Daily Advertiser regularly mailed to their address without extra expense.

A LOCAL BUDGET

A RUNNER.
If I should run for office I should get so dreadfully scared, I know that I'd forget the various speeches I prepared, and when they got to calling names the whole affair I'd drop; I'd just start in a runnin' and I'd run an' never stop.

—Miss Ethel Holcombe is visiting her parents in Seaford.

—Mr. H. Edwards is spending his holidays in Seaford.

—Mrs. Anderson, of Lorne avenue, has returned from a three weeks' visit to friends in Hamilton.

—Miss Marguerite Warrington, of this city, is the guest of Miss Mac Warrington at St. George.

—Miss Bacon's class of the Memorial Sunday school, had an enjoyable outing at Queen's Park yesterday.

—Mrs. Whitehouse and son, of Hamilton, are visiting her uncle, Mr. Amor, of 736 Queen's avenue, London East.

—P. C. Robert West is enjoying his holidays. He leaves tomorrow for Cleveland, where he will spend a week.

—Mrs. K. Bowden and her two sons, of Chicago, are visiting her brother, Mr. Amor, of 736 Queen's avenue, London East.

—Clarence Jackson, the boy who had his skull fractured by a baseball bat on Gerry's flats on Monday, has materially improved at Victoria Hospital.

—Arthur Dowell, an employee of the London Electrical Construction Company, ran into a street car on Dundas Street on Tuesday, and had two fingers broken.

—Galt Reformer: Two thousand machinists from Toronto, Hamilton, Dundas, Bradford, St. Thomas and London will picnic at Idylwild two weeks from today (Monday).

—The L. E. and D. R. R. laid down a spur over one of the streets of Chatham to the Manson Campbell fanning mill factory. The council ordered it

DINE...

where every provision is made for your comfort. Coolest room in London. Regular service. Lunches during day on European plan.

PALACE CAFE, OPPOSITE CITY HALL.

CHAIN BRACELETS.

The Chain Bracelet is a style of bracelet that never goes out of fashion. It is always popular with ladies. We always keep a full assortment of these in gold and silver, in different styles of links.

WARD, THE JEWELER, 374 Richmond Street.

taken up, and now the Campbell Company say they will move to the alkerville, where they have been offered a free site.

—Charlotte Seaton, the patient who escaped from Victoria Hospital Tuesday night, was found by the police about midnight sitting on the river bank in the vicinity of the institution.

—Mr. George Johnston, late of the firm of Watson, Johnston & Company, is leaving the city, having severed his connection with said firm. He has accepted a position with the John White Company, Woodstock.

—The South African correspondent of the Montreal Herald, writing from the Springs on July 1, says: Major Denison, A. D. C. to Field Marshal Lord Roberts, who was sick with enteric fever at Bloemfontein, has recovered and resumed duty at Pretoria. Capt. Barker, of C company, who has been in hospital with enteric fever at Bloemfontein, has been sent to Cape Town. Lieut. Mason, who was wounded at Paardeberg, is still at Cape Town, and will not rejoin the regiment here, as no more officers or men are being sent up.

—The wedding of Miss E. Adams, youngest daughter of Mr. George Adams, of 1335 Laura street, and Mr. John H. Back, only son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Back, formerly of Toronto, was solemnized in St. James' Church, South London, Tuesday morning. The ceremony was performed at 8 o'clock by Ven. Archdeacon Davis. The bride, who was wearing a suit of pearl gray, was assisted by Miss Barbara Adams, her sister, and little Miss Bertie Adams was maid of honor. Mr. R. J. Stevenson, of Stratford, assisted the groom. After the wedding breakfast, served at the bride's home, Mr. and Mrs. Back left on a trip east.

—A correspondent writes: "Owing to the kindness of Mr. Wm. Fraser, D company of the Seventh Fusiliers were allowed to camp in the orchard adjoining the Fraser House, a perfectly ideal spot for camping. A section under Sergt. Insley went down on the early morning train, and when the rest of the company arrived in the afternoon they found the tents up, blankets served and everything in the best of order. The strictest discipline was maintained throughout the whole outing. The quietness of Port Stanley was disturbed by the Bugle Band of the Seventh Fusiliers, under Sergt. Insley, who played extensively on the parade ground. The parade was held at 10 o'clock. Both parades were held at reveille both mornings, and every officer, non-commissioned officer and man attended them. Divine service was held on Sunday. The camp was besieged all day Sunday by visitors, one and all expressing themselves pleased with the order maintained and the cleanliness of the camp. The company returned home on Monday morning, and from the enthusiastic way in which they all speak of the outing, it was an undoubted success. This is an entirely new departure from the old system of entertainment which has been in the habit of giving. Generally an annual dinner has been given, but instead of spending the money in that way, D company decided to hold a camp."

CLOSE OF THE FLOWER SHOW.

The flower show, given by the London Horticultural Society, in the city hall, was brought to a close last night, and was one of the most successful shows of its kind ever held in the province. The attendance, yesterday afternoon and evening, totaled over 2,000 persons. The crush was so great in the evening that many of the foliage plants had to be removed to increase the floor space. The directors of the society and exhibitors have had a successful exhibition, it having far exceeded their fondest expectations. There were in the neighborhood of 1,500 vases of the choicest blooms. Judge R. M. Meredith made a splendid show, and everything shown in the best of order. The Horticultural Society are to be congratulated upon the outcome of their undertaking.

2,000 PEOPLE

In Attendance at the Annual Picnic.

Cook's Church, Caradoc—Splendid Programme.

Some two thousand people attended the annual electric light picnic of Cook's Church, Caradoc, on Tuesday evening, and were delighted with the splendid programme. The affair took place on the mammoth school house grounds. The place was brilliantly illuminated, and this accompanied, with a scene a very pleasing one. There was music galore by the bands, and vocal and instrumental selections. The 26th Regiment Band played the following programme in an exceptionally pleasing manner.

March—The Flag of Victory. Von Blous Grand Valse—Wedding of the Winds—The Colored Major.

Irish Valse—The Annie's Whistle.

Song and Dance—Sweet Little Daisies—F. R. Seltzer.

March—Annie Laurie—MacKie Valse—D'Amore.

Waltz—The Rounders, Victor Herbert.

Two-Step—Jasper Jenkins. H. P. Vogel.

Waltz—Sweet Rosie O'Grady—Fischer.

Cakewalk—Darktown is Out Tonight—Marion.

The proceeds amounted to over \$400.

The following additional entertainment was given, Rev. Mr. McIntyre, of St. Thomas, filling the chair to the general satisfaction.

Overture—26th Regt. Band, London.

Address—M. McGugan, M.P.

Song—J. H. Cameron, Toronto.

Drennan's Concert Company.

Address—Rev. W. A. Wylie, Hyde Park.

Our Best Bread...

is the delight of many tables in this city. It is made by practical bakers from material that insure, good results. This bread is light and wholesome; it is sweet and nutritious. You'll like it if you like good bread. It has every desirable quality.

THE PARNELL-DEAN STEAM-BAKING COMPANY, LIMITED.

Telephone 923. OFFICE—75 Bruce Street, South London.

Song—Harry Bennett, Toronto.

Interruption of 20 minutes for refreshments.

Drennan's Concert Company.

Address—Rev. A. Campbell, Komoka.

Song—J. H. Cameron (Double encore).

Drennan's Concert Company.

Address—Rev. R. Stuart, Melbourne.

Song—Harry Bennett.

Address—Rev. R. W. Leitch, Delaware.

Song—J. H. Cameron (Double encore).

Drennan's Concert Company.

Address—Harry Bennett.

Song—J. H. Cameron.

OLD BOYS' REUNION

Majority of the Visitors Have Departed From the City.

The Gathering of 1900 Brought to a Close—Presentation to Bandmaster Hoststrawser, of Chicago.

The London Old Boys' reunion of 1900 is now a thing of the past, and the majority of the visitors have departed for their homes, happy in the recollection of pleasant meetings with old friends and the viewing of old scenes. They carry with them the kindest wishes of every citizen of London, and the hope that they will return next year, reinforced by many more of those who spent their childhood in the city, the highest praise is due, and if anything were needed to induce the Old Boys to favor the city with their presence to an increasing extent each year, it is the fact that the local committee has been found so ready and anxious to entertain and carry out so successfully the many details necessary to insure the comfort and happiness of the visitors.

Yesterday morning four special cars filled with visitors made the circuit of the city, and the system of travel was rendered more convenient by the management of the company. The visitors all expressed themselves as surprised and delighted at the many evidences of the city's improvement which they witnessed. The Chicago First Regiment Band accompanied the excursionists.

In the afternoon a band concert was given at Springbank by the First Regiment Band and the Seventh Regiment Band of London. A large number of citizens enjoyed the feast of music provided. In the evening the Chicago band tendered a complimentary concert to the citizens from the balcony of the Tecumseh House. An immense concourse was present, and each number was enthusiastically received. At the close of the concert the local committee, to show their appreciation of the manner in which Bandmaster Hoststrawser had placed himself, and his band completely at their disposal, presented him with the following address:

To T. H. Hoststrawser, Esq., bandmaster of the First Regiment Infantry Band of Chicago, Ill., U. S.:

At the close of the occasion of the most agreeable visit of the London Old Boys from Chicago and elsewhere, it affords a happy opportunity to express our pleasure and appreciation of the successful exertions of your band in supplying our citizens and numerous visitors with the most delightful music that it has ever been their lot to listen to in the city of London.

No band, whatever its pretensions may be, has ever furnished more excellent or agreeable music than has yours on every similar occasion. We cannot help thanking you for that music, and for your ready and cheerful kindness in at all times responding when requested for more by the admiring listeners.

We also desire to congratulate you on the excellent discipline of the band under your highly successful leadership. Their conduct and yours has been such as to stamp them as a band of thorough gentlemen, led by one.

We feel that the Chicago Old Boys are to be congratulated and thanked in having made such a happy choice in securing you and your grand band.

We are sorry you are going. We will be happy to meet you all again. We will not soon forget your visit, and delightful and appreciated efforts, and trust our old friends from Chicago will be enabled to secure your attendance on every similar occasion, and that you may have many such delightful reunions as the one just brought to a close.

On behalf of the local London Old Boys,

P. McPHILLIPS, President.

FRANK LOVE, Vice-President.

JAMES T. BELL, Secretary.

The address was read by Mayor Rumball, and the recipient made a suitable reply. The address will be engrossed and forwarded to Bandmaster Hoststrawser, at Chicago.

The Chicago Band will be at Springbank Friday and Saturday, afternoon and evening.

REALIZED \$48,000 ON SHORTHORNS

Hamilton Times: Mr. W. D. Platt's sale of pure-bred Shorthorn cattle in Chicago yesterday was a great success. He took over 60 head of cattle from the Trout Creek herd, and sold them at auction. There was a good attendance of buyers, and the prices obtained were quite satisfactory. All 60 head were sold, bringing the large total of \$48,000, which is an average of \$800 for each animal. The highest price obtained for any individual head was \$2,600, for a heifer 13 months old.

Take trolley rides to Springbank for that tired feeling. Doctors prescribe one dose daily. Pleasant to take. Even the children like it, and cry for it.

HOT WEATHER CLOTHING....

White and Striped Duck Trousers.....

Prices---75c, \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50

FIT-REFORM WARDROBE

ROBERT M. BURNS, 180 Dundas Street.

WAYS OF THE CHINESE PRESS

Only Newspaper in Pekin is the Oldest in the World.

In Treaty Ports There Alone Is Freedom, With Foreigners as Figureheads—Fond of Quotations.

Dr. Carl Witte, formerly interpreter of the German embassy in Peking, contributed to the Koelnische Zeitung a series of sketches concerning China, of which a recent one is relative to journalism in China. According to this sketch, the Peking Gazette—if the title of the publication is freely translated—is the oldest newspaper in the world. The date of its first publication is placed somewhere during the reign of the Tung dynasty (90-1366). The paper is now an official gazette in the strict meaning of the term, but a publication authorized by the government, which acquaints the country with imperial edicts and ordinances of the higher authorities, without any editorial or other comments. The latter are strictly prohibited. Moreover, they are not necessary, because the government accompanies all orders for rewards or punishment with explicit arguments. The "leaders" of this publication is always an imperial edict, even if it refers solely to some petition, which invariably accompanies the imperial utterance.

The Peking Gazette appears daily, and is eagerly read by all intelligent Chinese in every part of the great empire. Thousands of scribes in the provinces find employment in copying parts of the publication for such readers as are unable to pay the regular subscription for the entire paper. The subscription price is about \$6 per annum. The paper is printed by means of wooden types, which, like the modern metal types, are distributed again for subsequent use, and consists of nearly of from ten to twelve sheets of thin, light-brown tissue. Red lines divide each page into seven columns, and each of the latter contains four characters.

ORDERS OF THE MANDARINS.

A semi-monthly issue is devoted to orders promulgated by the mandarins. One of these issues—of Jan. 4, 1897—cites ten cases of higher military and civil officials who were guilty of glaring neglects of duty. The civil governor of Kirin placards in his issue not less than five higher officials. One of them, a general stationed near the frontier, is accused of having committed brutalities against peaceable inhabitants and of having embezzled pay for a number of soldiers who figured only on paper, and never existed in reality. A civil commissioner who was detailed to investigate this case never appeared upon the scene. A colonel of having neglected to send soldiers in pursuit of robbers who pillaged a village, but to have tolerated the sacking of houses by his soldiers. A third military official is charged with having appropriated repeatedly a number of guns and sold them, so that his men had neither sufficient arms for drill nor for the suppression of gangs of robbers infesting the district. This same official is charged with the same on paper and appropriated their pay.

For the conduct of these three military mandarins the emperor had no stronger condemnation than that it was "undignified," and their punishment was the striking of their names from the rolls. The same issue charges a general and a major with cowardice. They were ordered to attack a mountain stronghold of the robbers. First they delayed the march in an altogether indefensible manner, and finally they did not dare to proceed to the attack. These two officers were also dishonorably discharged, "as a warning to others."

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PRESS OF THE TREATY PORTS.

All other Chinese newspapers besides the Peking Gazette are published in the treaty ports, for the simple reason that the publishers feel safer there than anywhere else from arbitrary persecution by the censors and other high mandarins. These publishers frequently employ, for the sake of a freer expression of opinion, Europeans at a fixed salary, who simply furnish their names as responsible editors. A number of foreigners are also employed on newspapers printed in the Chinese language. These papers are all published in the foreign quarters of the treaty ports.

The first of these provincial papers appeared about 40 years ago in Shanghai, and two others followed soon afterward in Tien Tsin and Canton. They are nominally published by foreigners, but, as a matter of fact, owned by Chinese. Since that time, and particularly since the war with Japan, the number of Chinese newspapers has rapidly increased. The "Shen Pao," or Shanghai Gazette, is the most important, and it has an instructive history. This leading Chinese newspaper has undertaken the task to expose and to fight official abuses. It is particularly bent upon opposing the horrors of the torture inflicted by courts and

officials, and more than one case is on record in which the courageous attitude of the Shanghai Gazette caused the revocation of provincial sentences by the central government in Peking. During its career of more than 30 years this newspaper has always been in the van of reform movements, and on this account it is the most influential Chinese publication.

More than once the Shanghai Gazette confronted the danger of being suppressed. An energetic effort in this direction was made by the governor of She Kiang province, who was attacked by the paper for having decreed a judicial murder. The governor applied to Prince Kung, who was then president of the Tsung Li Yamen, for an order to suppress the paper, but Prince Kung called the governor's attention to the risk involved by the suppression of a newspaper published under the protection of a foreign flag in a foreign settlement. Moreover, he added, much to the chagrin of the governor, "We in Peking like to read such things."

Besides the Gazette there are in Shanghai twenty other Chinese newspapers and periodicals, while before the war with Japan there were but four. The influence of Occidental culture is also noted in the line of purely advertising mediums. The Chinese merchant, shrewd as he is by nature, quickly realized the value of advertising, and uses this medium of news quite extensively. Advertisements appear on the front page of the newspapers, after the English style of such publications