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Volume 51.—No. 30

# The Glencoe Transcript.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, JULY 27, 1922

DAILY PAPER RENEWALS  
The Transcript office handles new subscriptions and renewals for the daily papers at a saving to the subscriber.

Whole No. 2633

**FOR SALE**  
Frame house and barn in Glencoe, north of G.T.R. tracks; in good condition; electric lights; hard and soft water. Apply Box 7, Transcript office.

**FOR SALE**  
House and lot in village of Appin; also 33 acres of land adjoining the village. Good barn and well. Apply to L. H. Payne, Appin.

**FOR SALE**  
A good opportunity to purchase lot with house and stable, on O'Mara street, at reasonable price. Apply to A. B. McDonald.

**DR. W. H. CADY**  
Chiropractic and Electrical Treatment  
**WEST LORNE**

**PEARLIE J. GEORGE, L.L.C.M.**  
(Gold Medalist of London Conservatory of Music)  
**PIANO INSTRUCTION**  
Glencoe Studio—Sydney Street.  
Newbury Studio—Mrs. Peter Galbraith's, Tuesdays.  
Phone 109, Glencoe.

**DRS. HOLMES & HOLMES**  
SURGERY, X-RAY & RADIUM  
219 KING STREET - CHATHAM

**FARM FOR SALE**  
Two hundred acres, first-class producing farm; good buildings. Will divide property to suit. For further particulars apply to E. V. Thornicroft, Appin.

**FARM FOR SALE**  
Lots 17 and 18, concession A, township of Aldborough, county of Elgin, 120 acres, on the Thames river, three miles from Wardsville. A splendid pasture farm. Good dwelling and barn. Formerly owned by Mr. Sam Haining. Must be sold to wind up an estate. Apply Fred H. Brisco, 161 King St., Chatham, Ont.; phone 397 (Office open evenings.)

**INSURANCE**  
The Great-West Life Assurance Co., sick and accident insurance.—Mac. M. McAlpine, Agent, Glencoe; Box 41.

**GLENCOE LODGE, No. 133**, meets every Tuesday evening at eight o'clock sharp in the lodge room, opposite Royal Bank building, Main street. All brethren of the Order cordially invited to attend.—B. F. Clarke, N.G.; W. A. Currie, Jr., R.S.

**TO RENT**  
Fifty acres of pasture land, being composed of the east half of the south half of lot number ten in the second concession of Mosa. Apply to Elliott & Moss, Solicitors, Glencoe, or John A. Campbell, 3261 Fifth St., Detroit.

**BUSINESS BLOCK FOR SALE**  
Village of Highbury; at present occupied by Abney Bros. as garage; formerly owned by Mr. Sam Haining. This property must be sold at once to close up the estate. For further particulars apply Fred H. Brisco, Trustee, Chatham.

**H. J. JAMIESON**  
**FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE**  
PHONE 92 - GLENCOE

District Agent  
**Manufacturers' Life**

**J. A. ROBINSON & SON**  
**Funeral Directors**  
HANDSOME MOTOR AND HORSE SERVICE

Hand-made Walnut, Oak and Chestnut Finished Caskets  
We also keep the best Factory Caskets and Vaults in stock  
Phone 155 - Newbury, Ont.

**J. B. GOUGH & SON**  
**Furniture Dealers**  
**Funeral Directors**  
MAIN STREET - GLENCOE  
Phone day 23, night 100

**Chas. Dean**  
**Funeral Director**  
Residence, Brick House,  
Corner Main St. and Appin Road  
Phone 76 - GLENCOE

If one be troubled with corns, he will find in Holloway's Corn Remover an application that will entirely relieve suffering.

## Kintyre Garden Party

The 61st anniversary of Kintyre Presbyterian Church will be held on August 6, 1922. Rev. A. R. McRae, of Glen Morris, will speak at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m.

### Monday, August 7th

The annual garden party will be held. Baseball game Kintyre vs. Turin at 4 p. m. Supper as usual 6.30 to 8.30. An entirely new program will be given by the following artists:—Troubadour Octette consisting of Imperial Male Quartette; Lyric Ladies' Quartette; Miss Westland, reader; Louch Brothers, Hawaiian players, and Miss Nellie Heard, violinist. Supper and concert, admission 60c and 25c.

## MONSTER Garden Party

**WEBSTER'S LAWN, STRATHBURN**  
**Thursday Ev'g, August 10th**  
Under the auspices of the Progressive U. F. O. Club.

**Miss Agnes McPhail, M. P.**  
First lady member Federal Parliament, will give an address. Good program given by STONE'S FAMOUS ORCHESTRA and MALE QUARTETTE; MISS ERIE WEBSTER, Soloist, and MISS MAYME GRANT, Reader.

Speakers—Mrs. Harold Currie, Mrs. T. W. Dykes, Messrs. Bolton & McDougall  
Harold Currie, Chairman  
A Good Booth will be on the grounds.  
Should the weather prove unfavorable this program will be carried out in the Carmen Arena, Glencoe.

Admission, 50c Children 25c  
GEO. WEBSTER, President. JOSEPH WALKER, Secretary.

## LAWN SOCIAL

The Women's Institute of No. 9, Mosa, are holding a lawn social on the school grounds on  
**FRIDAY EVENING, JULY 28**

An excellent program will be given, including selections by the McPherson Orchestra, the Mac Singers and the Two Darky Comedians, of Campbellton; Miss Mary McPherson, Reader, of London; Mr. Fred Shively, Comedian, of Springfield, Stanley Humphries and Little Donald McRae, of Glencoe.

Lachlan Leitch, Chairman  
Admission, 35c and 15c Refreshment Booth on ground



You can pay more for a car but you can't get better value for your money

CHASSIS \$445  
RUNABOUT 495  
TOURING 535  
COUPE 840  
SEDAN 930  
F. O. B. FORD, ONTARIO  
Not including Government Taxes

**G. W. Snelgrove - Dealer**  
Glencoe - Ontario

## Few Equal --- None Superior

FOR CLEANLINESS AND QUALITY, TRY  
**HUMPHRIES**

For Spring Lamb, Veal, Fresh and Salt Pork, Fresh and Corned Beef; Cured Meats—Hams, Cottage Rolls, Picnic Hams, Peamealed Backs, Breakfast Bacon, Bologna, Sausage, etc. SPECIAL—Cooked Ham, 55c per lb.

We deliver every day until 10 a. m. All day Saturdays. Phone 60.

### DISTRICT AND GENERAL

Alvinston brass band has disbanded. Alvinston cemetery is to be enlarged.

Robert Yates has opened a public dancing pavilion at Wardsville.

A decrease of fifty cents per barrel is noted in the price of crude oil.

A New York man is suing a dentist for \$10,000 because he pulled the wrong tooth.

James W. Collins, a well-known farmer of Canoe township, died suddenly on Monday evening.

It is stated that women gamblers bet money to the extent of \$20,983 at the Windsor races on July 4th.

The annual picnic of the Aldborough Old Boys will be held at Port Glasgow on Wednesday, August 16.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. James A. Young, of Aylmer died in his third year, from eating green apples.

The Presbyterian Church in Canada will issue a "Book of Order" to establish uniformity in church services.

Frederick Gill, of Strathroy, died a party given in honor of his 40th birthday.

Hydro-electric lighting has been installed at Rondeau Park, and was turned on for the first time last Wednesday night.

James Page has sold his 100-acre farm on Lake Erie, known as the Whiteside summer resort, to A. E. Newman, of Leamington.

Forest business men who gave orders in January last for advertisements in a county directory are still awaiting the appearance of the book.

The London Advertiser has been purchased by a syndicate for \$250,000. Hon. W. C. Kennedy, minister of railways is one of the chief financiers in the deal.

The sixth annual garden party at Campbellton, held recently, was a big success financially and in point of numbers present. The proceeds exceeded \$800.

While fixing a pulley on the jokers at the Fairbank & Carman oil fields, near Bothwell, a ten-day illness of blood poisoning supposed to have been caused by a mosquito bite on the hand.

A touring party passing through Oklahoma City had a trailer to their automobile carrying the family cow. They said they wanted to be sure of fresh milk daily.

Next year's Masonic Grand Lodge for the Dominion in the province of Ontario will be held in Toronto. London was runner-up, Toronto winning by 563 votes to 516.

Wm. H. Page, of Wallaceport, died in the hospital at St. Thomas last Friday after a ten-day illness of blood poisoning supposed to have been caused by a mosquito bite on the hand.

Dugald McIntyre, a former resident of Ekfrid township, died at his home in London on Tuesday night of last week, after a long illness. Interment was made at Mount Pleasant cemetery, London.

A bond issue of the village of Dutton to the amount of \$18,000, bearing interest at 6 per cent., and repayable in twenty annual instalments, has been sold to the Mosaic Bank, on a bid of \$18,100, and accrued interest.

It is being planned to turn Peache Island in Lake St. Clair into a Canadian public park. The island is owned by the Detroit & Windsor Ferry Company and is situated less than one-quarter of a mile from the Canadian mainland, a short distance above Belle Isle.

A plan to reclaim 12,000 acres of swamp land near Komoka is being investigated by a staff of engineers and agricultural experts sent into the district by the Ontario Department of Agriculture. Since the construction of a Government drain a year ago the land has dried up and it is believed that reclamation can be accomplished.

On an illustration farm in the West Walter Tact tested out sunflowers as compared with corn for ensilage. A yield of corn was five tons to the acre and sunflowers seven and one-half tons per acre. The cost of producing the corn was \$4.60 per ton, the sunflowers \$2.32. The sunflowers not only yielded heavily but withstood the early fall frosts much better than the corn.

As is well known, the rural telephone companies throughout Western Ontario suffered severely from the ice storms of early spring. Out of 223 different systems, one suffered losses amounting to \$20,000; four, \$10,000; five, \$9,000; eight, \$8,000; nine, \$6,000; seven, \$5,000; eleven, \$4,000; fourteen, \$3,000; eighteen, \$2,000, and 243, \$1,000 and less. The total damage was more than \$600,000.

A letter from the Forest, W.C.T.U. was read at the last meeting of the Forest council, expressing dismay at the increase in cigarette smoking; the loitering of young people on the streets at late hours; the frequenting of the movies and the pool rooms by young people, and the general desecration of the Sabbath, and petitioning the council to appoint a chief of police who would see that the law in these respects is carried out.

Perhaps it has occurred to middle-aged folk that the young people of an earlier generation were a finer lot because they had more sensible parents.

### WHERE LIVING IS CHEAPER

Pretty Little Western Town Furnishes Its Table at Pre-war Rates

Mr. and Mrs. Alex. McAlpine, who are spending some time at Preeceville, Sask., where their son Warren is in charge of a mission station, had an enjoyable trip out to that part of the West and were greatly impressed with the beautiful scenery en route.

Mr. McAlpine writes that Preeceville is one of the prettiest villages in that part of Saskatchewan. It lies on the banks of the Assiniboine River and presents an imposing appearance with its four large elevators, and has high school, local newspaper and other attractive features of a growing town. Typical of most of the towns out there, however, are the ill-kept lawns, hardly any persons keeping their lawns mowed.

Crops are for the most part good, having received some splendid showers lately which almost ensures them for the balance of the season against failure as regards drought. At a "sports day" spent in a neighboring village, to see all the cars parked in the vicinity of the games one would not think there was any dearth of finances. There was also an aeroplane taking passengers up on about 15-minute trips at \$10 per trip, and the pilot was kept fairly busy.

The baseball mania prevails here as it does in our town, writes Mr. McAlpine. "One of the main features at the doings was a baseball tournament with seven teams participating. I do not think they are so hard pressed here as in a good many localities in the West, as they tell us there is hardly ever a total failure of crops, and the farmers as a rule keep a number of cows, which means their salvation financially to a large extent. One of the employees of the butter factory told me today that they made over 10,000 lbs. of butter last week and issue cheques daily of from \$300 to \$500.

"Living is somewhat cheaper than in Glencoe. Creamery butter retails at 25c, eggs brought to the door at 15c per doz., 15 quarts of milk for \$1, and steak at 12 1/2c per lb.

"There is no call for a daylight saving law here, as it is at the present nearly all daylight, not getting dark until about 6 o'clock and daybreak coming at about 2 o'clock, with the nights cool and ideal for sleeping."

### FARMERS' BIG PICNIC

The annual Mosa and Ekfrid U. F. O. picnic will be held in H. Weekes' beautiful grove on Wednesday August 16. Hon. Manning Doherty, minister of agriculture, Mrs. J. S. Amos, of Woodstock, president of the United Farm Women of Ontario; B. W. Fancher, M. P. for West Lambton, and J. D. Drummond, M. P. for West Middlesex, will be the principal speakers. A splendid program of music, sports, etc., is being prepared. Watch for bills giving full particulars next week.

### NOTICE

Some unscrupulous person or persons are discrediting the honesty of Miss Agnes McPhail, M. P. Miss McPhail set the date of August 16, 1922, to attend a garden party under the management of the Progressive U. F. O. Club, and the committee, knowing her integrity, have every confidence in her being present.—Joseph Walker, Sec.

### ODDFELLOWS' INSTALLATION

On Tuesday evening of last week the following officers of Glencoe Lodge No. 133, I.O.O.F., were installed by T. A. Craig, D.D.G.M., assisted by past grands of the lodge: Noble Grand.....B. F. Clarke Vice Grand.....W. A. Currie, Jr. Rec. Sec'y.....A. B. Sinclair Fin. Sec'y.....A. A. Hagerty Treasurer.....A. J. Wright

Conductor.....W. R. McEachern Outside Guard.....J. A. Jones Inside Guard.....W. B. McAlpine R. S. N. G.....Fred Gough L. S. N. G.....W. G. Christner R. S. V. G.....H. J. Jamieson L. S. V. G.....W. B. Mulligan R. S. S.....Vivian Eddie L. S. S.....Russell Quick Chaplain.....S. F. Coon

Refreshments were served in the lodge room after the installation.

### FARMERS LOSE MONEY

Farmers in the vicinity of London who are out some \$12,000 as the result of the closing of the plant of the International Creamery Company will probably have to pocket their loss without a fight. W. G. Lister, who was employed as manager of the company, is a Chatham man. He states that he is also a heavy loser in the collapse of the business. Only three days before the factory closed he had closed his home in Chatham and moved his family to London. His salary for a few weeks is unpaid.

The company had a purchasing agency at Glencoe, of which Alex. McNeil was in charge. This agency is now closed, and Mr. McNeil was fortunate in having funds enough of the company on hand to pay the farmers of this section for their cream immediately it was delivered here.

### JUNIOR LEAGUE STANDING

	Won	Lost
Florence	6	2
Glencoe	4	3
Thamesville	3	5
Bothwell	3	5

### HIGH SCHOOL ENTRANCE

List of Successful Candidates at Glencoe and Wardsville

**GLENCOE**—Mildred Anderson, Glen Abbott, Clarence Anthes, Martha Boyd, Jean Beales (hon.), Arthur Childs, James Gordon Campbell, Clarence Eddie, Garnet Ewing (hon.), Sidney Feasey, Edward Feasey, James Graham, Lita Gould, Alice Gardiner, Irene Gould, Jean Gillies (hon.), Wilfred Haggith (hon.), Mary Hurdle, Lorna Hodgson, Ida Irwin (hon.), Ruth King, Sarah McLachlan, Dorothy McIntyre, Lowell Best, Joe Caruthers, Harold Gates, Scott Irwin, Hugh McKellar, Donna McAlpine, Irene McCaffery, Thelma McCaffery (hon.), Lila McCallum, Barbara McVicar (hon.), Jean McVicar (hon.), Catharine Mitchell, Jean Munroe (hon.), Ewart Munroe (hon.), James Nevin, Miriam Oxley (hon.), Viola Payne, Catharine Parcell (hon.), Jean Sherwood (hon.), Margaret Smith, Georgina Smith (hon.), Elliot Sutherland (hon.), Clarence Sutherland, Jean Tanner, George Treastin, Ernest Walker, John Walker, Merwin Webster, Kenneth Webster.

**WARDSVILLE**—Albert Brooks (hon.), Helen Brooks, Wesley Conley, Mary Hutton, Margaret Harold, Madeline Kraft, Irene McCready, Mary McIntyre (hon.), Sadie McMaster, John McRae, Marion Reid, Janet Stalker, Jean Taylor, Austin Thompson, Thomas Weir, Florence Willis.

**MELBOURNE**—Kathleen Bamford (hon.), Willie Campbell, Arthur Carruthers, Evan Cornelle, Helen Horne, Ronald Lewis, Wilfred Lockwood, Clarence Long, Frank Lucas, Orville Marshman, Madeline McCracken, Morley McCracken, Argyle McGowan, Jacqueline McIntyre, Hazel McRobert, Douglas Murray, Vera Nagle, Deborah Rae, Gilbert Stevenson.

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**No. 3, Mosa**  
Third Class—Florence Fry, Mary Watterworth.  
Second Class—Helen Eddie, Alex. Giles, Winnie Goff, Ethel Harvey, Jim Squire, Nellie Squire, Garnet Tunks, Margaret Watterworth.  
A. E. Peters, Teacher.

**No. 13, Ekfrid**  
Third to Fourth—Kenneth Peckham 339, Cameron McTaggart 367, Barbara Sinclair 357, Melvin Gough 345, Hazel Perry 342, Ivan Cushman 333.

**Second to Third—Alice Bardwell 396, Eva Bardwell 370, Edison Hughes 360, Dorothy Hughes 334, Duncan McTaggart 333, Eleanor McColl 332, Manetta Tanner 330, Harley McDonald and Howard Pole (on trial).**

**First to Second—Olive Hughes 473, Marie Huston 461, Alice Galbraith 461, Kathleen Nevin 421, Emma Leith 417, Kathleen McColl 410, Kenneth Johnson 412, Alex. Mc**



# The Cow Puncher

BY ROBERT J. C. STEAD.

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Synopsis of Preceding Chapters.  
Dr. Hardy, famous specialist, and his daughter Irene, meet with an accident while on a motoring trip in the foothills of Alberta and find a refuge in the cabin of the Elden ranch where dwell David and his dissolute father. The girl and boy promise to meet again in the future. After his father's drunken death David goes to seek his fortune in town and loses all his money at a pool table. He spends an evening with Conard, his poolroom acquaintance, and two actresses and takes liquor for the first time. Next morning he awakes from a drunken sleep resolved to amend his ways. He is attracted by the singing of a choir girl in a church; then he attended a Socialist meeting.

## CHAPTER VI.—(Cont'd.)

"You talk about your masters and your slaves, and your taxes and your marriages, and the women, and all that shrill voice that penetrated every corner of the building. 'I can tell you something about masters and slaves. I'm hearing everywhere that what this country wants is population; that is the talk of the politician, and the learned men, that are supposed to know. Now, what is the country doing for those that bring the population—not from the slums of Europe, that is not what I'm asking—but for those that bring the native-born population—the only population that doesn't have to be naturalized? I'm the mother of six, and what has the country done for me, but leave me at the mercy of those who charge more for an hour's attendance than my old man can save from a month's drugery? And then, with my health broken down—in the service of the State—I have to go to the hospital, and they tell me I must have an operation, and I wake up with a horrid pain and a bill for a hundred and fifty dollars. All done in an hour, or less, and that's the bill, or part of it, for the hospital dues, and the extras and etceteras are still to come. Masters and slaves! More than I can save in a year, or two years, and no one to see whether the money was needed or not, or whether it was well done or not. When my kitchen pipes are plugged a plumber fixes them and charges me a dollar, and if he doesn't do it right he has to do it over again, and when the human pipes go wrong the man-plumber charges a hundred and fifty dollars, and if he doesn't do it right he collects just the same, and the undertaker adds another hundred. Now I don't know whether this comes under the head of Capital or Labor or Single Tax, but I do know it is outrageous extortion—extortion of blood money, imposed by the wealthy and prosperous on the poor and the sick and the unfortunate, and while the State clamors for population, it does not raise a finger to protect those who are bringing the native-born."

During this philippic Dave had turned toward the woman; her thin face still wore marks of refinement, and even his uncultured ear recognized a use of English that indicated a fair degree of education. But she was broken; crushed with the joint cares of motherhood and poverty, and desperate at the injustices of a system that capitalized her sacrifices. He had heard much talk of slaves, but here he felt, he saw one; not in the healthy, well-fed men with their deep mutterings against employers, but in this haggard woman from whose life the lamp of joy had gone out in the bitterness of suffering and physical exhaustion.

He spent the rest of the day alone, thinking. He was not yet sure of any road, but he knew that his mind had been made to think, and that his life was bigger than that night in the cabin in the morning. He might not find the right road at once, but he could at least leave the old one. He felt a strange hunger to understand all that had been said. He felt, also, a tremendous sense of his own ignorance; tremendous, but not crushing; a realization that the world was full of things to be learned; problems to be faced; conclusions to be studied out, and underneath was a sense almost of exaltation that he should take part in the studies and perhaps aid in the solutions. It was his first glimpse into the world of Reason, and it charmed and invited him. He would follow.

He went early to bed, thinking over all he had heard. His mind was full, but it was happy, and, in some strange way, fixed. Even the morning service

came back with a sense of worth-while as he recalled it in the semi-consciousness of approaching sleep. The music had been good. It had made him think of spring and the deep woods . . . and water . . . and wood smoke. . . . It was about a far-away land . . . and Reenie Hardy. She was very like Reenie Hardy.

## CHAPTER VII.

Fortunate Fate, or whatever good angel it is that sometimes drops unexpected favors, designed that young Elden should the following day deliver coal at the home of Mr. Melvin Duncan. Mr. Duncan, tall, quiet, and forty-five, was at work in his garden as Dave turned the team in the lane and backed them up the long narrow drive connecting the family coach.

As the heavy wagon moved straight to its objective, Mr. Duncan looked on with approval that heightened into admiration. Dave shovelled his load without remark, but as he stood for a moment at the finish wiping the sweat from his coal-grimed face Mr. Duncan engaged him in conversation. "You get mighty sick of it," he said. "Where did you get the knack?"

"Well, I came up on a ranch," said Dave. "I've lived with horses ever since I could remember." "You're a rancher, eh?" queried the older man. "Well, there's nothing like the range and the open country. If I could handle horses like you there isn't anything would hold me in town." "Oh, I don't know," Dave answered. "You get mighty sick of it."

Elden shot a keen glance at him. The conversation was becoming personal. Yet there was in Mr. Duncan's manner a certain kindness, a certain appeal of sincere personality, that disarmed suspicion. "Yes, I got sick of it," he said. "I lived on that ranch eighteen years, and never was inside school or church. Wouldn't that make you sick? . . . So I beat it for town, and then he said, 'No, I ain't. That's what makes me sick now. I came in here intendin' to get an education, an' I've never even got a start at it, except for some things perhaps wasn't worth the money I spent to get it.'"

"There always will be," said Mr. Duncan, "until you start." "I suppose so," said Dave, wearily, and took up the reins. "But Mr. Duncan persisted. 'You're not in such a hurry with that team,' he said. 'Even if you are late—even if you should lose your job over it—that's nothing to settling this matter of getting started with an education.' 'But how's it to be done?' Dave questioned, with returning interest. 'Schools an' books cost money, an' I never save a dollar.'"

"And never will," said Mr. Duncan, "until you start. But I think I see a plan that might help, and if it appeals to you it will also be a great convenience to me. My wife likes to go driving Sundays, and sometimes on week-day evenings, but I have so many things on hand I find it hard to get out with her. My daughter used to drive, but these new-fangled automobiles are turning the world upside-down—and many a buggy with it. They're just numerous enough to be dangerous. If there were more or less they would be all right, but just now every horse is suspicious of them. Well—as I saw you driving in here I said to myself, 'There's the man for that job of mine, if I can get him'; but I'm not rich, and I couldn't pay you regular wages. But if I could square the account by helping with your studies a couple of nights a week I used to teach school, and haven't altogether forgotten—why that would be just what I want. What do you say?"

"I never saw anything on four feet I couldn't drive," said Dave, "an' if you're willing to take a chance, I am. When do we start?" "First lesson to-night. Second lesson Thursday night. First drive Sunday." Mr. Duncan did not explain that he wanted to know the boy better before the drives commenced, and he felt that two nights together would satisfy him whether he had found the right man. Dave hurried back to the coal-yard and completed the day's work in half spirits. It seemed he was at last started on a road that might lead somewhere. After supper he surprised his fellow-laborers by changing to his Sunday clothes and starting down a street leading into the residential part of the town. There were speculations that he had "seen a skirt."

Mr. Duncan met him at the door and showed him into the living-room. Mrs. Duncan, plump, motherly, lovable in the mature womanliness of forty, greeted him cordially. She was sorry Edith was out; Edith had a tennis engagement. She was apparently deeply interested in the young man who was to be her coachman. Dave had never been in a home like this, and his eyes, accustomed to comfortable furnishings, appraised them as luxury. There were a piano and a phonograph; leather chairs; a fireplace with polished bricks that shone with the glow of burning coal; thick carpets, springy to the foot; painted pictures looking down out of gilt frames. And Mr. Duncan had said he

was not rich! And there was more than that; there was an air, a spirit, an atmosphere that Dave could feel although he could not define it; a sense that everything was all right. He soon found himself talking with Mrs. Duncan about horses, and then about his old life on the ranch, and then about coming to town. Almost, before he knew it, he had told her about Reenie Hardy, but he had checked himself in time. And Mrs. Duncan had noticed it, without comment, and realized that her guest was not a boy, but a man.

Then Mr. Duncan talked about gardening, and from that to Dave's skill in backing his team to the coal-chute, and from that to coal itself. Dave had shovelled coal all winter, but he had not thought about coal except as something to be shovelled and shovelled. And as Mr. Duncan explained to him the wonderful provisions of Nature; how she had stored away in the undiscovered lands billions of tons of coal, holding them in reserve until the world's supply of timber for fuel should be nearing exhaustion, and as he told of the immeasurable wealth of this great new source of coal resources, and of how the wheels of the world—traffic, and industry, and science even—were dependent upon coal and the man who handled coal, Dave felt his breast rising with a sense of the dignity of his calling. It was no longer dirty and grimy; it was part of the world; it was essential to progress and happiness—more essential than gold, or diamonds, or all the beautiful things in the store windows. And he had had to do with this wonderful substance all winter, and not until to-night had it fired the divine spark of his imagination. The time ticked on, and although he was eager to be at work he almost dreaded the moment when Mr. Duncan should mention his lesson. But before that moment came there was a ripple of laughter at the door, and a girl in tennis costume, and a young man a little older than Dave, entered.

## (To be continued.)

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**The Lost Land.**  
We question of the Captains  
Each morning on the quay,  
"Good Masters, have you ne'er a ship  
That sails to Arcady?"  
"North and East and South and West,  
Our white sails take the wind,  
But never port o' Arcady,  
May skipper touch or find."

O lost land and lovely land, across the  
leagues of foam,  
Across the sea, across the sand it's  
we'd be winning home,  
For that we chose to wander once in  
quest of golden gain  
Is never ship upon the sea can take  
us back again?

We question of the Wise Men;  
"Fair Sirs, of courtesy,  
Now show us where the glad star lies  
That shines o'er Arcady?"  
"North and East and South and West,  
We call the stars by name,  
But never land o' Arcady,  
Is lighted by their flame."

O lost land, of faith and truth, not all  
our useless tears,  
May bring us back the dreams of youth  
across the crowded years,  
Nor merchants in the market place,  
nor skippers on the sea,  
Nor craft, nor skill, nor wish nor will  
lead back to Arcady.

—Theodosia Garrison.  
**Mammoth Pumping Plant.**  
A pumping plant has been installed  
deep in a South African gold mine that  
can lift 8,000,000 gallons of water a  
day 2,600 feet above its level.

**New Tea Kettle.**  
Water is boiled in one compartment  
of a new tea kettle and as desired ad-  
mitted to another containing the tea.



**Woman's Interests**  
Let's Have a Bacon Bat.

The season is here for planning a day along the untraveled ways through the woods or down the stream. Oh, yes, we have much need of sary tramping around the house and garden but there is nothing quite like that whole day of recreation with all the girls in the neighborhood.

A "bacon bat," you know, is just a term applied to the outdoor feast at which broiled bacon is the king of the occasion. It may be necessary to have a meeting for arrangements. To make the hike really interesting, it is always a good idea to visit some point of interest, either historical or natural, and there must be water available. We will not forget the girl who is yet a tenderfoot in hiking. On the first trip, the distance must not be too great for her.

There will be a captain and lieutenants for the day who will take charge and whose orders we must all agree to obey—of course, we hope they will not be too strict. The captain selected is preferably the mother of one of the girls; the lieutenants are girls who will act as leaders of squads, selected as recreation leaders, water carriers, wood gatherers, cooks and dish washers.

Comfortable clothing is a necessity. Walking shoes with low heels; a khaki suit if we have one; if not, a comfortable dress and sweater, a hat with a brim and one of Dad's big handkerchiefs tied around the neck in cowboy fashion.

And remember, girls! We are much like Napoleon's army. You remember Napoleon thought of the necessity for his men. So let's think about the provisions to carry. Can you imagine anything better than sizzling bacon or juicy frankfurters broiled over the camp fire, and eaten between some of Mother's home-made rolls? And if you have never roasted potatoes in the coals under the camp fire, you simply don't know what you have missed!

The long stick on which the bacon is to be broiled will do double duty if roasting ears are ripe, as they too can be roasted over the fire. There must be something to drink, of course. Shall we decide upon cocoa? To supply the necessary foods for this dinner, each girl may bring her own potato and roasting fork. For the other items, we will divide the girls into groups, all the girls of one group bringing extra rolls, others bring bacon, frankfurters, cocoa, milk for the cocoa and sugar to season it, butter for the potatoes, and so forth. Should the day be thundery, the milk will be sure to keep sweet until needed if scalded before starting.

**Have KEEN'S DSF MUSTARD**  
with all your meals  
Freshly Mixed  
Aids Digestion



Serve hot with or without sauce. If sauce is desired, a delicious one is made according to the following recipe:  
Cream a quarter of a cup of butter, add one-half cup of powdered sugar and beat until smooth and light. Devonshire Apple Tart—Core, pare and slice tart apples. Line the sides of a well-buttered, deep pie plate with thin pastry and fill with the sliced apples. Add two tablespoonsful of cold water, one tablespoonful of butter cut into small pieces and about three-quarters of a cup of maple sugar sprinkled over the top. Cover with pastry strips and bake in a moderate oven until the apples are tender and the crust a delicate brown. Serve with cream.

When is a pancake not a pancake? Naturally, when it becomes a delicious, nutlike flavored doughnut made after the following recipe:  
Dropped Pancakes—One egg, one-half cupful sugar, one-third teaspoonful salt, one-third teaspoonful grated nutmeg, one-half cupful milk, one-half lemon, grated rind, 1 1/4 cupfuls flour and three teaspoonfuls baking powder. Sift the flour and baking powder together and mix the ingredients in the order named. Drop by teaspoonfuls into hot fat. Fry like doughnuts until a rich brown in color.

**The Blue Apron.**  
It tells a tale of beds to make, And pies to bake, and mats to shake; Of china rare to wash with care, Her blue check apron hanging there.

In this brave armor, day by day, She fights the fray and keeps at bay Her hated foes of soot and dust And smears and stain and moth and rust.

And all her fond housewifely cares, Her thrills and fears this comrade shares, Abets and aids each charming plan To cheer a hungry homing man.

Ah, wife! although with dainty grace, In silk and lace you take your place, For me, the heart of home, my dear, Is your blue apron hanging there.

—G. M. Fowell.  
**Very Sorry.**  
Little Michael had been on a visit to his grandmother, who had not been very well. His father had come to fetch him home, and Michael, as he was leaving, felt that he must be polite.

So he looked up at his grandmother and said: "Good-bye, granny. I am so sorry you have been ill!" "And I'm sorry, too!" his father put in.

Michael felt that this lessened the merit of his remark. So he continued: "But my granny is much bigger than his sorry, granny!"

**Roll Butter.**  
The young housekeeper who told the fisherman that she wanted some eels and when he asked her how much, replied, "About two yards and a half," has a rival in a Baltimore woman.

"I wish to get some butter, please," she said to the dealer. "Roll butter, ma'am?" he asked, politely. "No; we wish to eat it on toast. We seldom have rolls."

**Minard's Liniment for Burns, etc.**  
Bess, crying: "Boo, hoo! I scratched my hand on the pussy-cat."

**Minard's Liniment for Dandruff.**

**I Will.**  
I will start anew this morning with a higher, fairer creed;  
I will cease to stand complaining of my ruthless neighbor's greed;  
I will cease to sit repining while my duty's call is clear.

I will waste no moment whining and my heart shall know no fear.  
I will look sometimes about me for the things that merit praise;  
I will search for hidden beauties that elude the grumbler's gaze;

I will try and find contentment in the paths that I must tread,  
I will cease to have resentment when another moves ahead.  
I will not be swayed by envy when my rival's strength is shown;

I will not deny his merit, but I'll strive to prove my own;  
I will try to see the beauty spread before me, rain or shine—  
I will cease to preach my duty and be more concerned with mine.

—S. E. Kiser.  
**The Procession of Bottles.**  
A singular custom is that observed in Boulbon-en-Provence, a village in the department of the Bouches-du-Rhone, near the town of Aramon, so famous for its red wines.

Every year, on St. Marcellin's Day, that is on the first of June, there is a procession of bottles. About 7 o'clock in the evening, while the bells are ringing at full pitch, the men—the men alone—assemble and in a procession march to a distant chapel, every one carrying a bottle of his best wine.

The cure blesses these bottles after which the participants drink a gulp of this wine while the priest chants psalms. At the end of the ceremony the cottage returns to the village, this time following the banner of St. Marcellin. And then every one goes home with the precious flask which is only opened in case of fever, stomach trouble or other indispositions.

St. Marcellin, in Boulbon-en-Provence, is as favorable to water as he is to wine. In periods of drought his bust is carried across the vineyards, whereupon the carriers sing, and immediately it rains.

**Vaseline CARBOLATED**  
PETROLEUM JELLY  
A VERY efficient antiseptic when used as a first-aid dressing for cuts, scratches, bruises, insect bites, etc. Keep a tube in the house for emergencies.

CHESEBROUGH MFG. COMPANY  
(Consolidated)  
1880 Chabot Ave. Montreal

## SUPERIOR--The Inland Sea

### "The Blue, the Fresh, the Ever Free"

A H this is a trip to remember! Six glorious days on the Great Lakes, voyaging 1,100 miles from Sarnia to Sault Ste. Marie, Port Arthur, Port William, Duluth and return. Six days of fresh air, sunny skies and blue waters. As long as you live you will recall with longing, the delicious meals they serve on board the "Northern," "Hamlet" and "Huron." But best of all to most of us, is the daily life on shipboard—the dances, promenades and concerts—the delightful days on the wide, shady decks of a magnificent Great Lakes liner. And the trips ashore; the luncheon at Prince Arthur Hotel Port Arthur, the trip by train to Kakeboka Falls, near Port Arthur, the day in beautiful Duluth.

## SIX DAYS ON THE GREAT LAKES

### Sarnia--Soo--Port Arthur--Duluth

**Special Features—Dancing,** every evening, a theatrical performance, **Concerts, Luncheon** at Prince Arthur Hotel, Port Arthur. Trip by train to **Kakeboka Falls**, near Port Arthur. **Golf masters, Afternoon Tea, "North-east" Navigator's** daily shipboard paper, **Mile March, Music, Noonday Chorus on Deck, Social Hostess.** Round trip continuous cruise rate Sarnia to Duluth and return, including meals, berth and side trips—\$74.75. **Non-stop** Hamilton and Huron leave Sarnia (Point Edward Dock) at 4 p. m. E.T. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Special steamboat train leaves Union Station Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 10:02 a.m. St. Hamilton and London direct to Sarnia.

Buy your ticket to the West via Northern Navigation Water Way from any Canadian National-Grand Trunk Ticket Agent or write for folder to P. D. GIBBING, Gen. Passenger Agent.

## Northern Navigation Company

### Canadian-National-Grand Trunk Route



**Nothing Easier.**  
Mr. and Mrs. Jinton, a young couple recently married were beginning their housekeeping and were doing the work of putting the rooms in order themselves.

Mr. Jinton was having some trouble in hanging one of the presents, a fine clock, upon the wall of the dining room. "Why is it taking you so long, dear," asked the young wife, to put up that clock?" "I can't get it plumb," he replied. "Then why don't you send for the plumber?" she asked in perfect sincerity.

**The Reason.**  
Tourist—"Why, Donald, you surprise me. You don't like the English people and yet you have an English wife." Donald—"With a sigh"—"Ay, mon, that accounts for it."

## RADIO



Hear Toronto and Montreal Radio Concerts every night, just as though you were in one of these great cities, with our Marconi Radiophone (Model C). Write for full information and prices. The AUTOMATIC TELEPHONES and TIME RECORDERS TORONTO CANADA



## ALLIED COMMISSION TAKES CONTROL OF GERMANY'S FINANCIAL AFFAIRS

Minister of Finance is Limited to Expenditure of \$1,000 Per Month—Beyond That Sum He Must Obtain Permission of the Allied Control Commission—Even France is Satisfied With the New Arrangement.

Berlin, July 23.—Germany's financial sovereignty has been completely signed over to the Allied Control Commission. This is evident from the memorandum of the Guarantee Commission of Chancellor Wirth, which he has accepted and which is published this morning under such headings as "Germany's Financial Enslavement."

Paris, July 23.—The plan for the allied control of Germany's finances worked out by the Committee of Guarantees, official acceptance of which by the German Government was announced yesterday, provides for the accrediting of the committee's representatives to practically all the departments of the German Ministry of Finance, over which they will exercise personal supervision.

The bureau's dealing with receipts and expenditures, the movement of capital abroad and questions relating to the publishing of financial and economical statistics will be especially controlled.

Germany agrees to furnish the committee with monthly statements showing the progress in the collection of taxes, including the income tax. The

percentages assessed on private business, daily statements of the amount of the floating debt and statements every ten days setting for the Government's finances are documents which the German Government has promised faithfully to make. Monthly reports of the receipts from customs, taxes, the post offices, the telegraphs and the railroads, supplemented by a monthly report of the situation of the floating debt are further requirements which Germany has agreed to.

The German Ministry of Finance also must submit to the committee quarterly statements of the receipts and expenditures under the current budget. Finally, yearly, the recapitulation of the receipts and expenditures of the national budget after the annual settlement and balancing of the German Government accounts must be furnished. The majority of the opinion in French financial circles expresses satisfaction with the plan adopted. A few extremists desire a more stringent control, but generally, it is thought that that would be more difficult to exercise without prejudicing the sovereignty of the state.

## HAGUE CONFERENCE ENDS IN FAILURE

Passed Into History Without Accomplishing its Chief Aim.

A despatch from The Hague says:—The United States Government figured in the closing scene of The Hague Conference, which on Thursday passed into history without accomplishing its aim—the reaching of an economic accord with Soviet Russia. M. Catter, of Belgium, made the statement at the final session at the Peace Palace that he was authorized by the American Charge d'Affaires to say that the United States Government would adhere to the resolution which had just been adopted, whereby the Governments engaged not to assist any of their citizens in attempts to acquire property in Russia which belonged to citizens of other countries and was confiscated since November, 1917.

The United States, he added, had no intention of departing from its line of conduct with regard to property expropriated in Russia.

The resolution itself gave rise to some debate. France, through M. Alphonse, moved to amend the resolution so that the word "belonged" would become "belongs." France's idea was that although the property had been seized by the Bolsheviks it was legally left in the possession of foreigners, and that in the resolution the use of the present tense of the verb should clearly record this fact. The amendment was repealed.

The resolution concerning expropriated property, adopted by the conference reads:—"The conference recommends for consideration of the Governments represented thereupon the desirability of all Governments not assisting their nationals in attempting to acquire property in Russia which belonged to other foreign nationals and was confiscated since November 11, 1917, without the consent of such former owners or concessionaries, provided some recognition subsequently is made by the Governments represented at The Hague conference to all the Governments not represented, and that no decision shall be reached except jointly with these Governments."

## Overseas Teachers Touring Great Britain

London, July 23.—A party of overseas school teachers, 175 of whom are Canadians, are making the most of their opportunities for carrying out a crowded program.

Yesterday, after a busy day sight-seeing, they were accommodated in front positions for the Royal review in Hyde Park of the London Territorials. To-day they visited Westminster Abbey, where Canon Carnegie addressed them. He declared they had chosen a fitting place of meetings, since the Abbey claimed, without presumption, to be the mother church of the English-speaking races of the world.

Later the party took tea with the Dowager Countess of Jersey.

## C.N.R. BOARD OF DIRECTORS TENDER RESIGNATION TO GOVERNMENT

A despatch from Toronto says:—The following official statement was issued from the head office of the Canadian National Railway on Thursday evening:

"At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Canadian National Railway, held to-day, the members of that Board tendered their resignations to the Government."

"These resignations are preliminary to the appointment of the single

## MANITOBA FARMERS CHOOSE BRACKEN

Principal of Agricultural College to be Next Premier.

A despatch from Winnipeg says:—John Bracken, aged 39, a native of Ontario, graduate of the Guelph Agricultural College, and for some years principal of the Manitoba Agricultural College, is to be the next Premier of Manitoba. He was the choice, unanimous, it is understood, of the United Farmer members-elect of the Legislature as their political leader and that post carries with it automatically succession to Hon. T. C. Norris as Prime Minister. Announcement of this selection and acceptance was made on Friday night at six o'clock, by C. Barclay, member-elect for Springfield, who was chairman of the conference.

Mr. Bracken's selection came as something of a surprise. He has taken no active part in public life, and has not been identified with the farmers' political movement.

It is assumed Bracken will receive a summons from the Lieutenant-Governor to form a Government, and that he will accept the responsibility and ask for time to choose his colleagues.

Mr. Bracken was not a candidate in the elections, and it is thought he will seek election in The Pas, one of the deferred seats, represented in the last House by Hon. Edward Brown, who probably will return to private life.

With the completion of the election count for Winnipeg city and announcement of the return of four Labor candidates, two Liberals, two Conservatives, one Progressive and one Independent, the standing of the parties in the Legislature is shown to be as follows:

United Farmers, 24; Progressives, 1; Independents, 8; Liberals, 7; Conservatives, 6; Labor, 6; deferred, 3; total, 55.

In the last House, at dissolution, there were 13 Independent Farmers, 21 Liberals, 7 Conservatives, 10 Labor and 4 Independents. All of the organized parties lost to the farmers, for whom it was their first provincial campaign.

With the support of R. W. Craig, the Winnipeg Progressive, and conceding them two of the deferred elections, the Farmers will have 27 seats, or an actual minority, but there is a very general opinion that Independent support will be forthcoming in sufficient measure to relieve the situation of any embarrassment to the Government which is to come into being.

## New Soviet Law Regarding Baptism

A despatch from Moscow says:—The baptizing of children will not be allowed in Russia in the future. The Supreme council of the church, which is under Soviet control, is elaborating a new church law dealing with baptism. In this the age of baptism is fixed at 18, and the consent of the person concerned must be obtained in writing and filed with the authorities.

Board of Directors which will succeed the separate boards of the Canadian National Railway and the Grand Trunk Railway. This will afford the Government a free hand in the selection of the new Directors.

"Such selection may not be completed immediately, but in the meantime the interests of the Government Railways will not suffer, as the present Directors will continue to act until their resignations have been formally accepted."



DEMOBILIZATION OF THE CANADIAN NAVY  
Some of the officers and crew of H.M.C.S. Aurora, who sailed from Montreal for England, on the C.P.S. Minnedosa—the last members of Canada's Navy to be demobilized. It is just a little over eleven years ago that the Niobe, the first unit of the Canadian Fleet, arrived at Halifax.

## CANADIAN SCIENTIST MAKES REMARKABLE ASTRONOMICAL DISCOVERY

Victoria, B.C., July 23.—Twin suns, fifty-two quadrillion miles from the earth, have been discovered by Dr. J. S. Plaskett, director of the Dominion Astro-physical Observatory here, through the observatory's big 72-inch reflector telescope. Scientists beheld the discovery as the outstanding astronomical achievement of recent times. The suns have been named Plaskett, after their discoverer.

The light, which, travelling at the rate of 186,000 miles a second started from these suns, five thousand years before there was any credible human history on this earth, is reaching here only to-day. An aeroplane travelling from this earth at the rate of 200 miles an hour would require 30,000,000

years to reach these twin suns. They burn at a temperature of 30,000 degrees Fahrenheit as they whirl around one another. One, the more massive, is seventy-five times the bulk of our sun. The lesser is sixty-three times heavier. One is 15,000 times as bright as the sun, the other 12,000 times as bright. Plaskett is more than five times as large as any other known heavenly body.

Professor Harold Jacob, of Columbia University, noted astronomical authority, declares it is the "most remarkable investigation and discovery"; it is outstanding among recent astronomical investigations, he says, and declares that the measurements recorded by Dr. Plaskett must be accepted as most reliable.

## RAILWAY STRIKE LEADERS SUMMONED

U.S. President Will Try Hand at Settling Transportation Difficulties.

A despatch from Washington says:—President Harding and his advisers are turning to the rail strike as the "key" in the existing industrial crisis. The President, it is said, has decided that the quickest and surest way to avert a catastrophe is by settling first the railway strike and then the coal strike.

The first move in this direction is expected to be made on Friday following the cabinet session, when, it was intimated by a member of the Administration, the President will call to Washington for a joint conference of railway executives and strike leaders.

The decision that the rail strike is the "key" to the situation, is based upon the fact that even if an adequate supply of coal is mined as a result of the executive's invitation to State Governors to encourage miners, it would not be possible to move the coal with the roads partially tied up by strike and the present poor condition of locomotive power and rolling stock.

President Harding also, it is said, has discerned a weakening in the arbitrary stand by the railway executives, and believes that exertion of administrative pressure previous to and during a joint conference will result in successful arbitration of the differences between employer and employee, which is now said to exist solely on the refusal of the railway managers to concede old seniority standing to strikers who return to work.

Farmer Party returned the largest group in Manitoba elections.

## Irish Irregulars Retreating to Mountains

Dublin, July 23.—Telegraphic communications between Galway and Athlone were restored to-night, thus permitting communication.

The Galway Irregulars pulled the Dunmore, North Galway, police barracks, Saturday morning and then retired in the direction of Ballinasloe, from which place it is reported from the irregular field headquarters they have withdrawn from Castlebar.

This is held here to indicate that the Irregulars intend to abandon County Mayo and retreat to the mountains, which would afford them ample cover.

## World Membership of Boy Scouts Near 2,000,000

Paris, July 23.—An international congress of Boy Scouts, presided over by Lieut. General Sir Robert S. Baden-Powell, founder of the Boy Scouts and Girl Guides, opened at Sorbonne to-day.

The congress, which will last throughout the week, has as its purpose the adoption of measures for intensifying the enrolment of boys in Scout organizations of various countries into closer relation with each other.

General Baden-Powell announced that the membership of the Boy Scouts of the world was now nearing the two million mark.

Only two persons in Canada had incomes of more than one million dollars during the last fiscal year, according to income tax returns. For the same year nineteen corporations paid income tax on incomes in excess of this sum. Altogether there were 194,257 persons paying income tax in the Dominion.



## LIMERICK TAKEN BY FREE STATE TROOPS

Irregulars Set Fire to Positions Including St. John Castle and Barracks.

A despatch from Dublin says:—Limerick and Waterford have been practically cleared of irregulars, and are completely in the hands of the National forces. The Free Staters took large numbers of prisoners in both cities.

Waterford was taken on Thursday. During the night the attackers crossed the Suir River unobserved in lighters and ferries, about two miles below the city. Working quietly up to East Side, they surprised the irregular garrisons, and in a short time had all the insurgent positions in the Hotel San Reginald's Tower in their possession.

Around Limerick the Nationals have been hampered by the destruction wrought by the irregulars, and by the flying columns. Much of their attention during the last few days has been directed to clearing up these obstacles.

The irregular positions were subjected to fire from field guns on Friday, while the National troops suffered from sniping and ambushes. Gradually, however, their greater numbers and superior equipment overcame the irregulars, who were driven from one stronghold after another. This proved a comparatively easy task after the bombardments; there were not very many casualties, but a large number of the insurgents were captured.

However, the irregulars systematically fired the building they occupied as soon as they withdrew. Fire from such posts as Castle Barracks (St. John's Castle) and Strand Barracks, and hotels and other buildings held by the irregulars has spread, and Limerick has been illuminated by the flames all night. Firemen attempting to cope with the blazes have been fired upon by snipers, but are operating under the protection of the National troops. It is said there are now only three hundred or four hundred irregulars holding Cork, the remainder of the Cork and Kerry strength having been used to garrison other points and fill out flying columns, which have since been captured.

## British Army to Use Radio Telephones

A despatch from London says:—Radio instead of cable telephones will be used in training infantry divisions of the army. Lord Cavan, Chief of the Imperial General Staff, announced on Friday while speaking at the Eton officers' training camp. This was his firm intention, Lord Cavan declared, owing to the fact that thousands of men were killed during the war while laying telephone wires. It was also believed that the use of radio in this manner by the army would encourage its general use.

## Viscount Lascelles Withdraws From Typewriter Trade

A despatch from London says:—Viscount Lascelles, Princess Mary's husband, is withdrawing from the typewriter manufacturing business. The works of the Conqueror Typewriter Manufacturing Company, near Leeds, where mass production of typewriters had been planned, have been sold.

Lord Lascelles was the head and the principal shareholder. It is reported that he spent a great amount in an effort to make the business pay.

## Mining Prospector Dies on Mountain Top

A despatch from Vancouver says:—Alex McMaster, mining prospector and pioneer, was found dead last week on the top of Ladner Mountain, where he was prospecting alone. News of his death and burial on the spot was brought back by Coroner Agassiz and Constable Hazleton, who went up to dispose of his body.

McMaster was born in Glangarry County, Ontario, about 65 years ago.

## 23-Hour Aerial Trip London to Moscow

A despatch from Moscow says:—Russia is taking a new interest in aviation as the result of a successful flight by a Russian aviator from London to Moscow. Although the journey lasted three weeks the actual flying time was only 23 hours. The machine met with a mishap in Holland and then on flying into German territory was held up by an official order forbidding British planes from flying over Germany. This caused considerable delay; the pilot finally being allowed to proceed after the Soviets had made diplomatic intervention with the Berlin authorities.

## Russia Moves too Slowly in Offering Concessions

A despatch from Riga says:—M. Tsurupa, who is replacing Premier Lenin as President of the Soviet, and the People's Commissar, arrived at Riga on Thursday en route to Berlin to confer with Foreign Minister Tchitcherine and Leonid Krassin. It is stated that M. Tsurupa's intention was to confer with the Russian delegation, possibly to make new concessions before the break-up of The Hague Conference.

Japanese buyers are looking to Canada to supply them with rubber footwear for the rainy season. Inquiries have been received by the Department of Trade and Commerce from nearly a score of Japanese export and import firms asking if Canadian manufacturers can supply them with storm rubbers for rubber over boots and also the long rubber boots similar to those worn in Canada.

## MANDATE SYSTEM PUT INTO OPERATION

The League Council Confirms Palestine and Syrian Orders.

London, July 23.—Final confirmation was given the Palestine and Syrian mandates yesterday by the Council of the League of Nations.

This means that the mandate system of government becomes effective throughout the world almost immediately. There remains for settlement only certain minor points between France and Italy, respecting Italian schools, immigration, and some economic features in Syria.

The Earl of Balfour, Rene Viviani and Marquis Imperiali, respectively the delegates of England, France and Italy, will make declarations on Monday regarding the future policy of their Governments in the mandate areas.

Urging the confirmation of the mandates, Earl of Balfour said yesterday that their immediate adoption was imperative in order to lay the agitation and unrest among the different racial elements in the mandate areas. He said that, while custody of the Holy places was of great interest and importance to the outside world, they were of little concern to the inhabitants of Palestine and Syria. M. Viviani endorsed this view. He said that France was anxious that the mandates should be accepted immediately. Marquis Imperiali, who contended for the definition of the Vatican's rights to the Holy places, yielded on this point.

The action of the council marks the culmination of three years' effort and negotiation on the part of the League to institute the mandate system in the Pacific Islands, Central Africa and Asia Minor. It is construed as a victory for the Earl of Balfour, and as giving further effect to the establishment of a Jewish national home.

The mandate for Mesopotamia automatically disappears with the creation by Great Britain of an independent state in that country. There was no real divergence of opinion regarding the Syrian mandate, but on article 14 of the Palestine document, defining the functions and powers of the commission for the custody of the Holy places, is now revised to meet the wishes of all the parties. The composition and competency of the commission will be determined by Great Britain before the next session of the assembly in September.

## Famous Pilots to Race Around British Isles

A despatch from London says:—The King has offered a cup for an airplane race around the British Isles to be held in September. The race has aroused intense enthusiasm among airplane manufacturers, and many of the most famous British racing pilots will compete. A special machine has been ordered by a duke, whose name has not been revealed. This has almost been completed at the London air station.

The race will start either at Hendon or Croydon and will take a course slightly inside that which the unfortunate Hawker followed in 1913 when, through the slipping of his feet from the rudder bar, the machine fell into the sea and he failed by a short distance from completing the circuit.

One problem facing the fliers is the construction of a plane which will be able to land at a much slower speed than usual owing to the uncertainty of the landing grounds. In air circles the race is regarded as the first step toward the establishment of fleets of private racing planes whose owners will enter in races throughout the world just as is now done with racing automobiles and horses.



## You Cannot Govern The Weather

But you can buy wearing apparel that will help a whole lot to add to your comforts during the hot weather

Underwear—in Silk, Lisle and Cotton.  
Hosiery—Silk, Lisle and Cotton  
Smart Gingham Dresses, \$2.75 to \$4.75.  
Voile Blouses; Outing Skirts.  
Outing Shoes, Oxfords, Canvas Shoes.

Closing out remnants and broken lines right now when best used to Advantage

Headlight, Peabody's, Snagproof and Walker's best Overalls and Work Shirts.

**J. N. CURRIE & CO.**

Attend the Chautauqua, at Glencoe, Aug. 14-17.

## COOL THINGS FOR HOT WEATHER

Having bought the Grocery, Confectionery and Ice Cream Business of J. A. McLachlan I am prepared to serve the Public with Fresh Groceries at Rock Bottom Prices.

Also up-to-date Confectionery, and we manufacture a Special Ice Cream which cannot be beat. Taste and try which will satisfy,

At A. J. Traver's

## FLOUR AND FEED

The C. E. Nourse Company wish to announce that they have purchased the flour and feed and other business connected therewith from Bruce Mc Alpine, and are prepared to give their best attention to the wants of the community in their line. The business will be conducted on a strictly cash basis.

They are also prepared to buy all kinds of grain, paying the best market prices.

J. D. McKellar, Manager.

## Irwin's NOVELTY STORE

Phone 24

Best place in Glencoe to buy STATIONERY, SMALL WARES, FANCY GOODS, CROCKERY, ETC.

Agency for Parker's Dye Works and Pictorial Review Patterns



The long, graceful lines of the season are charmingly interpreted in the new

**Pictorial Review Patterns for August**

20c to 35c None Higher

With special Cutting and Construction Guide.

DRESS 1207 35 cents

**IRWIN'S NOVELTY STORE**

## TRACTORS

Massey-Harris 12-22 Horse Power, Four Cylinder Motor  
New Price \$750.00

**D. M. McKellar**  
MASSEY-HARRIS AGENT  
GLENCOE

## The Transcript

Published every Thursday morning from The Transcript Building, Main Street, Glencoe, Ontario. Subscription—in Canada, \$2.00 per year; in the United States and other foreign countries, \$2.50 per year.

Advertising.—The Transcript covers a wide section of territory in Western Ontario, and its readers are the leading farmers and townspeople. It is a first-class advertising medium. Rates on application.

Job Printing.—The Jobbing Department has superior equipment for turning out promptly books, pamphlets, circulars, posters, blank forms, programs, cards, envelopes, office and wedding stationery, etc.

A. E. Sutherland, Publisher.

**BIBLE THOUGHT FOR TODAY**

Bible Thoughts memorized, will prove a priceless heritage in after years.

THE GLAD AWAKENING.—As for me, I will behold thy face in righteousness: I shall be satisfied, when I awake, with thy likeness.—Psalm 17: 15.

Make the visiting auto parties welcome to town. They are profitable visitors.

Facts, figures and statistics are available in almost every industry to prove that business generally is gathering momentum.

Why worry? Just as the country is being threatened with a coal famine Canadian astronomers have discovered two new suns.

We progress only by right motives and faithful service, and retrograde by wrong motives and inferior work. If all men realized this, there could not be an inferior article made, for no man would daily hew away his own character if he realized what he was doing.

Monday, August 7, is Glencoe's civic holiday. As yet there are no "doings" announced. It is suggested that the day be just a holiday for the citizens to entertain themselves as they see fit. Most of us are dead tired of public functions where a holiday is commercialized.

Bachelors and spinsters make up the larger part of those who in their old age are obliged to depend on the town or state for support. Figures show that of men who have a trade only one in a hundred thousand has to go to the poorhouse and that of men with a college education the proportion is smaller still.

With the threatened shortage of coal becoming a more serious matter every day, the Government should not lose any time in taking steps to supply the country with a fuel substitute. If oil is found to be a profitable fuel to use on ocean vessels, it would seem not unreasonable that an oil burner for stoves and furnaces might be made and marketed for those desiring to try it out.

Soda water fountain owners and confectionery stores who dispose of drinks over their counters must not be bottling works establishments must pay a license fee of \$2 and turn over 5 per cent. sales tax to the excise authorities. This order came into effect July 1. Under this latter regulation, purveyors of soft drinks of their own make who sell at summer resorts are held liable.

This is the season of the year

when the number of automobile fatalities at railroad crossings begin to mount up. A suggestion has been made that at least 100 feet on each side of a railroad crossing a bump in the road about eight or ten inches high be constructed. This would compel the driver of the motor car to slow up. It would also be a warning to him that he was approaching a railroad crossing. These safety bumps could be built from the same material as the highway and would last for years.

## LIVING TOO MUCH ON THE PRODUCERS

The president of the American Association of Manufacturers, John E. Edgerton, has put his finger on one of the main social and economic evils of today. Speaking frankly, he declared to the association that there were too many parasites living on those who do the hard work of producing.

"High priced hotels, theatres, ball parks and other camping grounds of amusement and non-production are enlarging their capacities to accommodate the ever-increasing army of refugees from the storms of life. Golf clubs, cigar factories, jewelry establishments, walking cane emporiums, pet dog kennels, canary bird dispensaries and bootlegging joints are flourishing as never before. Every street and highway throughout the land is teeming with automobiles that are burning expensive gasoline in the presence of self-imposed idleness. And all this time the coasts of north, south, east and west are teeming with multitudes of the weary—the constructive forces of society with marvellously increased demand on them are at this moment suffering from the lack of adequate nourishment."

One of the reasons for the excess of luxury and craving for high living, on the one side, and the hard conditions of life on the other, is the unequal share of profit taken by producer and distributor. The distributing interests, highly organized, often get more out of the consumer than the creator of the product. This is notoriously true. There are too many middlemen, agents, commission takers and others between the original producer and the public. Mr. Edgerton continues:

"When you add to this excess of distributors the countless number of others whose duty it is to reform, regulate, inspect, denounce, tax, plunder and otherwise live upon those who are trying to produce something it will not be difficult to discover the principal factor in the continuing high cost of living."

These conditions are fairly well recognized, but the question is: What can be done to remedy them? Can middlemen be legislated out of business, or can the taxers, regulators, inspectors and plain rake-off interests be compelled to go into hard work for a living? The individualist system rather ridicules any such idea. A good deal of urban life is based on complex middlemen interest of one kind and another. The farmers seem to have been the chief sufferers, and railway freight rates in particular have been their chief distribution burden. The whole question will bear study, from an economic point of view, but before sound remedial measures are possible, that study will have to be more comprehensive than any yet put before the public.—Mail & Empire.

## LOOK, Read, and Save Money!

The Transcript has arranged to handle subscriptions for The Family Herald and Weekly Star, Canada's Great National Weekly Journal, and you will save money, worry and bother by handing or mailing your renewal or new subscription to us.

The price of The Family Herald and Weekly Star is \$2 per year. Clubbed with The Transcript will give it for \$1.75, and assume all risks in sending.

Renew only with us for these terms.

**THE TRANSCRIPT**  
Glencoe, Ont.

**NOTICE**

We have added some new equipment for the handling of the wagon and buggy tire trade. Also have added a stock of auto spring steel for the repair of springs. We have a new special line of steel horse shoes, rubber and leather pads. Let us supply your wants.

**DON H. LOVE**  
The Village Blacksmith  
Main Street Glencoe, Ont.

One of the most effective vermifuges on the market is Miller's Worm Powders. They will not only clear the stomach and bowels of worms, but will prove a very serviceable medicine for children in regulating the infantile system and maintaining it in a healthy condition. There is nothing in their composition that will injure the most delicate stomach when directions are followed, and they can be given to children in the full assurance that they will utterly destroy all worms.

## BY-LAW NO. 292

To Authorize Raising the Sum of \$2,500 to Purchase a New Gasoline Fire Engine and \$1,000 to Construct Cement Storage Tanks in the Village of Glencoe.

WHEREAS it is deemed necessary to issue debentures for the amount of three thousand five hundred dollars for the purchase of a new gasoline fire engine and to construct cement storage tanks.

Be it therefore enacted by the municipal council of the village of Glencoe:

1st.—That it shall be lawful, and debentures of the corporation shall be issued to the amount of \$3,500.00, in sums of not less than \$100.00 each, within one year after the date on which this by-law is confirmed by a vote of the duly qualified electors of the village of Glencoe, and each of the said debentures shall be dated on the day of issue thereof, and shall be payable within ten years after the date of the village treasurer of the corporation, as hereinafter provided, and as to both principal and interest may be made payable in Canadian currency, and shall have coupons attached for the payment of interest. Each debenture shall be signed by the reeve of the corporation and by the treasurer of the corporation, and bear the seal of the corporation.

2nd.—The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 5% per cent., payable yearly, and in such amounts that the aggregate sum payable for principal and interest in any year shall be equal to what is payable for principal and interest in each of the other nine years of the said period.

3rd.—There shall be raised and levied in each year for the period of ten years the sum of \$469.94 by special rate on all the rateable property in the said village of Glencoe, being a sum sufficient to discharge the several instalments of principal and interest accruing due on said debt as the same become respectively payable according to the following schedule:

Year	Principal	Interest	Annual Payment
1	\$268.69	\$201.25	\$469.94
2	284.14	185.80	469.94
3	300.48	169.46	469.94
4	317.76	152.18	469.94
5	336.03	133.91	469.94
6	355.35	114.59	469.94
7	375.73	94.16	469.94
8	397.39	72.55	469.94
9	420.24	49.70	469.94
10	444.40	25.54	469.94

4th.—This by-law shall take effect and come into operation from and after the final passing thereof.

This by-law was lawfully passed on the 24th day of July, 1922.

Charles George, A. McPherson, Clerk. Reeve.

## NOTICE

Take notice that the foregoing is a true copy of a by-law which has been taken into consideration and which will be finally passed by the council of the municipality (in the event of the assent of the electors being obtained thereto) after one month from the first publication in The Glencoe Transcript, the date of which first publication being Thursday, the 27th day of July, 1922.

Further take notice that tenants who desire to vote must deliver to the clerk not later than the tenth day before the date appointed for taking the vote the declaration provided for by section 265, sub-section 3, of The Municipal Act, R.S.O. 1914, Chapter 192.

And further take notice that the votes of the ratepayers shall be taken on the said by-law on the 21st day of August, commencing at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon and continuing until five o'clock in the afternoon, at the following places and by the following deputy returning officers:

1. Polling sub-division No. 1, Town Hall; Chas. George, deputy returning officer.

2. Polling sub-division No. 2, public school building; P. J. Morrison, deputy returning officer.

Further take notice that on the 18th day of August, 1922, at the town hall, Glencoe, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the reeve will attend to appoint in writing, signed by himself, two persons to attend at the final summing up of the votes by the clerk of the said corporation, and one person to attend at each of the said polling places on behalf of the persons interested in and desirous of promoting the passing of the said by-law, and a like number on behalf of the persons interested and desirous of opposing the passing of the said by-law.

And further take notice that the 22nd day of August, at the said town hall, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, is hereby appointed for the summing up by the clerk of the number of votes given for and against the said by-law.

Dated at Glencoe this 24th day of July, 1922.

Charles George, Clerk.

## VOTERS' LISTS, 1922

Municipality of the Township of Ekfrid in the County of Middlesex

Notice is hereby given that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in Section 9 of The Ontario Voters' Lists Act the copies required by the said section to be so transmitted or delivered of the list, made pursuant to said act, of all persons appearing by the last revised assessment roll of the said municipality to be entitled to vote in the said municipality at elections for members of the Legislative Assembly and at municipal elections, and that the said list was first posted up at my office in Melbourne on the twenty-fourth day of July, 1922, and remains there for inspection.

And I hereby call upon all voters to take immediate proceedings to have any errors or omissions corrected according to law.

A. P. McDougall, Clerk of the Municipality of Ekfrid.

Counter check books in stock at The Transcript office.

## A BANK FOR THE FARMERS OF CANADA



FARMERS can consult with this Bank with the knowledge that their problems will be understood and their banking requirements efficiently handled. We have made a special study of the financial needs of farmers, the difficulties they encounter, and their ways of doing business.

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It is estimated that a reduction of 1% friction (and this is easily possible with the right grade of Imperial Polarine Motor Oils) will increase the available power of your motor 11%.

Get the most out of your car at the least expense. Consult the Imperial Chart of Recommendations, the guide to proper lubrication.

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Unexcelled Dining-car Service. Sleeping Cars on night trains and Parlor Cars on principal day trains. Full information from any Grand Trunk Ticket Agent or C. E. Hornung, District Passenger Agent, Toronto. C. O. Smith, Agent, Glencoe; telephone No. 5.

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We handle the best grades of roofing, and have made arrangements with an expert Roofer to lay roofing of every description, and are prepared to give a price on Shingles, Brantford Slates, Roll Roofing, Galvanized Iron, etc., per square, laid on your roof.

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## Plymouth Manilla Rope

Has stood the test for 98 years, and has never failed to live up to the Standard.

In using Plymouth Twine you are taking no chances.

Glencoe Chautauqua, August 14, 15, 16, 17.

## JAS. WRIGHT & SON

Frost Fence Sherwin-Williams Paints







# Soils and Crops

Address communications to Agronomist, 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto

## The Removal of the Honey Crop and Requeening.

In both extracted and comb honey production, sufficient storage room on the hive for the whole crop should be provided. This should have been given consideration when planning and ordering for the season's work.

In the production of extracted honey, allow three full depth Langstroth supers or six shallow supers for each colony spring count; and for comb honey, six supers of twenty-eight sections each.

As it is desirable in extract honey production that most of the honey should ripen on the hive, supers should not be removed till, at least, two-thirds of the honey is capped over.

In comb honey production, however, supers should be removed as fast as they are capped, to prevent travel stain.

To get the bees out of the supers, the best method employed is by means of the bee-escape, which prevents both disturbance and robbing. The escapes should be placed late in the afternoon when the supers should be clear of bees in from twelve to twenty-four hours' time—depending on weather condition. One escape board, equipped with two 2-way bee-escapes should be allowed per colony—thus, with a full equipment, but one trip is necessary to remove the crop of an out-apiary. The springs of the escapes must be set properly; that is, so that a bee can just pass through; otherwise much brushing, shaking and smoking may be required to clear the supers of bees.

To place an escape all that is necessary is to tip the stack of supers to be removed and to slide the escape board underneath. If, however, clustering space for the bees and room to take care of the fall honey which may be gathered are required, place a super of empty combs on the brood chamber after which the escape and the supers of honey may be placed above.

Having placed the escapes, make a careful survey of the hives to see that there are no openings through which robber bees can enter the soon to be ungarded supers.

If the supers, after removal, are not immediately taken from the apiary, they should be stacked at different points in the yards with escape below and above to exclude robbers; till they can be removed by truck or wheelbarrow. This distribution of supers, by distributing the attention of the robbers, reduces the disturbance and facilitates the work of loading the

truck. In loading a truck or wagon, supers should be placed that all combs are parallel with the axle; but on a wheelbarrow they should be parallel with the wheel. Robber cloths, also, may be used to cover and protect the supers when taking them to the honey house. As a further means of preventing robbing, the entrance of the honey house should be large enough to permit the vehicle being driven through it.

Having considered the removal of this season's crop, we turn our attention to the first step in the production of the crop of next season—requeening.

Though the time and method of requeening will vary with the system of management employed, it is necessary that a vigorous queen shall head each colony in time to fill the hive with plenty of young bees for wintering. Therefore, all weak or failing queens should be replaced.

A good method of requeening—also of swarm control—is that practiced at the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, for the past two seasons. It consists in removing the old queen, on the appearance of advanced queen cells early in the clover flow, and destroying all cells; and nine days later again destroying cells and introducing a young laying queen.

## Silage Cuts Milk Costs.

Dairymen have found that the cow's board bill is the largest item connected with cost of milk. The man who buys a first-class dairy herd is inclined to believe that the original cost of the cows is the expensive part. After he has a few years of experience he changes his mind. It is the feed bill, in season and out, year after year, that totals up the big expense.

Our experiment stations have conducted many tests to determine the value of silage in the ration. The figures vary to quite an extent, but they all show the economic value of silage. Several years ago it was demonstrated that corn silage saved the dairy farmer ten cents a pound on the cost of producing a pound of butter, and forty cents on the cost of producing 100 pounds of milk. Many of the early cow-testing associations demonstrated that the silo was one of the most important factors in lowering the cost of milk. All of these experiments and tests, however, are only a small part of the proof of the economy of the silo. The most important proof is the fact that one-half million silos are now being used by our most progressive farmers.

## Wealth in Stones

By Louis Hurtubise

The Federal and Provincial Departments of Agriculture are continually urging Canadian farmers to follow methods calculated to produce larger yields from the areas they already have in crop rather than in increasing the acreage and being unable to till it properly. Crop yields in general are very much below what is possible, in many cases below that which is profitable. Compare, for instance, the achievements of Seager Wheeler and J. G. Hill with the harvests secured by the average farmer. Dr. Shutt, the chief chemist of the Dominion Experimental Farm says: "We have now arrived at that stage where we must change from extensive to intensive farming. It is going to be easier and more profitable to farmers to get sixty bushels from one acre than to get thirty bushels from two acres."

**Fertility Depends on Many Factors.** It is a postulate that what comes out of the soil must be put back if it is to be maintained with its productive powers unimpaired. One of the prime necessities for soil improvement is lime. Annual replenishing of the soil is necessary because the rainfall each year continually leaches the soil to such an extent that it becomes acid and the yields of nearly all common crops are reduced considerably. Expert agriculturists on both sides of the line are unanimous in the opinion that the cheapest, quickest and most prolific means of correcting this acidity is through the use of lime, and the wonder is that supplies of this product being easily procured in almost all farming areas, lime is not in more general use by Canadian farmers, particularly in the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Lime occurs under different forms, burned lime, water-slacked lime and ground limestone. The last is the most important for correction of soil; it is a simple material to handle and apply and under most conditions, the cheapest. Within certain limits it may be said that the more coarsely the limestone is ground the slower will be its action on the soil. Agronomists have recently and after elaborate experimentation reached the conclusion that the most economical form in which limestone should be applied to the soil is in the size of one-quarter inch and finer (almost the size of the average waste from commercial rock crushing plants). In this form, the limestone will be so graded that the finest particles will become almost immediately available to the soil; the coarser

particles gradually taking effect, and the coarsest (one-quarter inch) being a reserve supply available after all the finer have been utilized. Such application will need, therefore, only to be made at longer intervals than if all the limestone applied were so fine as to be immediately utilized by the soil, leaving no reserve supply for future seasons.

## Dr. Shutt's Recommendation.

Dr. Shutt, the Dominion Government Agricultural Chemist, recommends that this crushed rock be applied from two to ten tons to the acre but generally about four tons to the acre will be required for practical purposes. The application offers no difficulties as a spreader may be used or the ground rock be distributed by a shovel from truck or wagon. The spreading may be done at any time of the year, the rock being suited to light loams, heavy clays and soil poor in organic matter. The material should be harrowed in on cropped land but merely spread on the surface of meadows or pastures. The coarser limestone described above can be applied once in four or five years, the finer ground limestone requiring more frequent applications.

The Washington Department of Agriculture states "that the application frequently pays a dividend of 100 per cent. the first year and the profits in agriculture from its continual use are estimated to be from 300 to 500 per cent." The same department goes on to say that "if all sources of artificial chemical fertilizers failed, our total farm output could not only be maintained but even increased for a time simply by the application of lime to acreage that are now low in yield or lying fallow because they are too sour to grow profitable crops."

## The Early Riser.

This morning a rumble, bumble bee flew to my window and buzzed at me. "Z-Z-hame on you! Z-Z-hame on you! Zleepy-head, Open your eyes and hop out of bed. Fill up your lungs with the morning air, Polish your teeth and comb out your hair."

Then bumping and bumping he flew over the borders of flowers gay. I hopped and I hurried for, no siree! I wouldn't be beat by a bumble bee. —Myrene M. Garrison.

# Poultry

Here is a description of the worst case of feather eating I have ever seen. There were about thirty hens and two cockerels penned in a small bare yard. They were fed largely on table scraps emptied on the ground, plus a small amount of corn at night. The house contained no scratching litter and there was no place to scratch in the yard. The hens were in fair condition as regards bodily weight.

The two cockerels were nearly denuded of feathers and many of the hens showed large bare patches. Those cockerels would stand patiently while certain of the hens tugged away at the feathers until they came out. Then the hens promptly swallowed the feathers. A few of the hens were undoubtedly about ready to become sick because of the crop-bound condition caused by mats of feathers in the digestive system.

The cause of the feather eating was apparent. The cure is also made by removing the causes. I have not seen many cases of feather eating in a farm flock with abundant range and a chance to exercise and scratch some place. It usually occurs in the small flock owned by a town or city breeder who is compelled to keep his poultry within a very narrow range. This lack of exercise seems to be the prime cause. It is the idle hen that has time to stand around and pull feathers from her flock mates. When one hen starts the habit it may spread through the flock through imitation. Turn such birds on the range if the weather is at all favorable. Give them plenty of deep scratching litter in the laying-house and furnish a balanced dry mash. Possibly kill the worst offenders or isolate them until they can be turned on the range where they may forget the habit.

## Playing the Game.

The first thing necessary, if we expect to be successful in playing the game, is an understanding of the rules and regulations by which it is played. No amount of strength, or mental alertness, or skill of hand will make us a good sportsman unless we know how to take our part.

Then to this knowledge must be added skill of hand, head and heart to put the rules into execution. Often there are men in the bleachers who can repeat every word of the rule book forward and backward, but who cannot play a single position on the team. They may preach, but they do not practice, while the game was planned to exercise the body as well as the mind.

Finally, we must co-operate and not knock. If we insist on having our way regardless, then we are likely to be put out of the game, even though we may have a knowledge of the rules and the physical and mental ability to play.

And these suggestions apply to the great game of life. First, we should learn the golden rule and then fit ourselves to practice it, which means co-operation with our neighbors.

Even the rich should be conserving of the natural resources as extravagance on their part makes less for others to use, and adds to them the burden of higher prices.

## Parents as Educators

Nature Study for Little Children—By Augusta M. Swan

When Froebel was looking for a name suitable for his system of education, he did not call it "Child School," or "Child House," but "Child Garden," and he intended that the "garden" of the kindergarten should be the teacher herself.

Nearly half of Froebel's Mother Plays deal with the things of nature. At one time he said, "A little child that freely seeks flowers and cherishes and cares for them in order to wind them into a bouquet for parents or teachers cannot be a bad child, or become a bad man. Such a child can easily be led to the love, and to a knowledge of his Father—God—who gives him such gifts."

Love of nature is the heritage of childhood. It is a tendency in every child of every land, be he black, white or yellow.

All nature is skin to childhood; birds, animals, flowers, insects are all beautiful to children, even the "lovely crawling caterpillar," and the "creepy snail."

We all know how a dog will allow a child to stumble over him, recognizing the action by only an expression of long-suffering indifference; he will stand all kinds of teasing which he would not tolerate from an adult.

There seems to be a silent but mutual understanding among young animals of all kinds whether they have four legs or two.

As primitive man opened the early scenes of his life among the wonders of nature, so the child needs the experience of the race in nature wonder and play. All natural phenomena are matters of personal interest to the young child; and towards the moon, stars, sun, wind and rain he feels the inherent interest of the race.

It is well to be able to tell the children the names of the plants and flowers they bring, and to awaken in them a longing to know more of the wonderful life of the bird, bee and other insects.

## Easy Way to Pick Geese.

One of the most heart-breaking jobs on the farm is the picking of feathers from ducks and geese. We have a method of doing this work which removes the objectionable features and makes it comparatively easy.

When we have poultry to pick, we first scald the birds in hot water at a temperature of about 160 deg. F. A minute or two at this temperature is all that is required. The bird is then taken from the water and quickly wrapped in a burlap sack, or similar covering, leaving only the head and part of the neck exposed. This allows for a thorough steaming.

The feathers are removed by rubbing instead of picking, starting from the head and working back. The burlap sack is pushed back as the work proceeds. Care is used so as not to push the sack away too far, as the feathers must be steaming while being rubbed off.

It never requires longer than ten or fifteen minutes to clean a goose or duck completely by this process, and the feathers can be removed from a chicken in three or four minutes.

—F. T. MacF.

## Dipping the Lambs.

The presence of ticks on lambs and sheep often cause much annoyance and occasionally result in stunted growth, and even a loss in bodily weight. These ticks can be easily discovered by parting the wool.

The insect is killed by dipping. One dipping will kill all the living ticks, but the eggs then on the sheep will hatch when a second dipping is necessary. This should be given about ten days after the first one is made.

There are a number of standard dips on the market, any of which are good. Directions are always given on the package and these should be followed closely. Where many sheep are being dipped a tank should be provided. This will save much time. In case only a few are treated, a barrel or tub can be employed. The water should be heated slightly and the mixture thoroughly stirred into the water before using. The bottom of the tank or barrel should be kept well agitated. Hold the sheep in the mixture for one or two minutes before removing. The work should be done on a warm day, preferably right after the sheep have been shorn.

## Vitamines in Meat.

Scientists now tell us that vitamins also exist in the muscle fibre of beef, veal, mutton, lamb and pork. The latter meat is said to be particularly well supplied with these vitamins.

Various cuts of the different kinds of meats were fed to rats and pigeons. In every instance pork was found to be relatively rich in vitamin content. It was fed in the form of pork tenderloin, fresh ham, smoked ham and pressed boiled ham. The results were much the same in each instance. In lamb, the amounts varied greatly, while beef and veal showed a relatively lower content.

In considering this evidence the reader should not be led to the conclusion that certain meats are low in nutritive value because they may be deficient in vitamins. Even though none was found in meats they would still have the distinction of ranking among our most important foods.

## The Value of a Tractor

By E. S. Hopkins, Dominion Field Husbandman

The Dominion Experimental Farm system owns on its farms throughout Canada a total of 26 tractors. The information which it has collected, therefore, on the operation of these tractors may be of some interest and value to our readers. Since the advent of the small tractor, no little discussion and dispute has arisen regarding the comparative value of horses and tractors for farm work. It is not the purpose of this article to engage in this discussion, but rather to point out where, in the experience of the Experimental Farms, the tractor has been found very valuable.

Presupposing that the farmer is not maintaining the necessary extra horses to meet emergency work of the rush seasons of seeding, harvesting and fall plowing, or is not keeping a number of brood mares, whose extra services may be used in such emergency, one of the main advantages of the tractor consists in being able to prepare land for seeding very quickly. Many tractors will disc as much in a day as from six to eight horses; and, moreover, may be operated if desired longer hours than horses. It is an ordinary day's work to double-dig from 16 to 20 acres. Such rapid work frequently enables fields being seeded before a rain storm, thus avoiding additional cultivation of the land and delay in seeding the grain. The value of early seeding in Ontario and Quebec is sometimes not fully appreciated; the following data secured from an experiment conducted over ten years at the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, shows the value of early seeding.

In this experiment the first seeding was made as soon as the land was ready to sow and five successive seedings were made at one week intervals. The best results in every case were secured at the second date of seeding, that is, seven days after the land was ready to sow.

The decrease in yield by delaying seeding one week beyond the period which these experiments have shown most favorable has entailed a loss with wheat of 30 per cent., with barley of 24 per cent., and with oats of 15 per cent. By delaying seeding two weeks a loss has been entailed with wheat of 40 per cent., with barley 28 per cent., and with oats 22 per cent. By delaying seeding three weeks a loss has been experienced with wheat of 50 per cent., with barley 40 per cent., and with oats 32 per cent. Finally, by delaying seeding four weeks a loss has been suffered

with wheat of 58 per cent., with barley 46 per cent., and with oats 46 per cent. The object of presenting these figures is to show how a tractor by doing the work of from six to eight horses in discing land enables seeding to be finished earlier, with a consequent increase in the yield per acre. This point is of very great importance in estimating the value of a tractor and should not be overlooked.

Another important advantage of the tractor consists in permitting plowing to be finished in the summer and fall when the land is in the best shape. Plowing may be done rapidly, from 4 to 5 acres being an ordinary day's work, and, moreover, no delay is experienced on account of hot weather. In addition to plowing and discing, the tractor has also been used for harrowing, and for hauling the binder, hay loader and road drag. For belt power, the tractor has been used in threshing, cutting ensilage, grinding feed and sawing wood.

It is difficult to present figures on the cost per acre of plowing or discing with a tractor compared with the cost when such work is done by horses. This cost will depend to a large extent on the acreage handled and the number of days per year the equipment is used. Two important items of expense in operating a tractor are depreciation charges and cost of repairs; these items are profoundly influenced by the type of man operating the machine. Careful attention is required if these costs are to be kept low, but the tractor should not be held responsible for neglect on the part of the operator.

To answer the pertinent question, "What size and type of farm should use a tractor," no definite statement can be given. Varying conditions and different inclinations alter each case. However, some general information may be given. A farm which requires only two or three work horses obviously cannot support the expense of a tractor. A farm which requires five or more work horses and which uses or could use considerable belt power, might very wisely consider buying a tractor and dispensing with two horses. It is true that dispensing with these two horses would cause some slight inconvenience during harvesting, but the much greater gain in power for spring cultivation and fall plowing might more than counter-balance this. Moreover, the remaining horses would be idle fewer days in the year, the amount of hired help would be less during plowing, and the capital invested would not be much greater than that in a good team.

farm and explaining about the use of each thing.

I find many things to like about a farm, but very few to dislike.—Margaret McKibbin, aged 16.

## THE CHILDREN'S HOUR

### Why I Like the Farm.

Where we live we expect to work and farm life means pretty much of outdoor work, while city life means mostly inside work. Out of doors there is always plenty of good fresh air, often scented with sweet blooming flowers, while inside the air cannot be perfectly fresh and is often scented with stale tobacco and coal smoke.

On the farm the wonders we see are made by God. In the cities nearly everything is made by man. Although man has made wonderful and beautiful things they do not compare with the works of nature.

The farmer never knows his exact income. There is always little mysteries being worked out. One year crop will do extremely well and another will nearly fail. The same way with the stock increase. There is always wonder and expectancy that keeps one hoping. The city man can figure everything in plain dollars and cents, but loses much in anticipation.

The farm is the ideal place for children. Here they can run and play over acres of green fields without being in danger of losing their lives by the traffic. They can gather beautiful flowers by the wayside without fear of rebuke. Running brooks are free for their pleasures. They learn many lessons from nature and learn to fear God instead of the cop.

Give me the farm life for all around natural existence.—Wayne Church, aged 16.

I have always lived on a farm and I tell you why I like it.

The air is pure and healthful and void of disease germs. A great variety of amusements can be found on a farm. I like the woodland swing, horseback riding, and even riding cattle—which some folks find difficult. I like the farm because I like farm animals. It is a pleasure to gather eggs and hunt nests, feed the stock, milk, and drive cattle to and from the pasture and water.

I like to pick berries and work in the soil, drive a team and dress as a boy and roam at will all over the farm.

I find real fun in picnics in the woods and a plunge in the lake on a hot, dry day.

The birds make music to wake me in the morning and the hill back of the house furnishes excellent coasting in winter. The lake over the hill furnishes skating.

The farm gives you a broader mind and good judgement. It makes you think clean thoughts and you are not always spending money on movies. I enjoy telling visitors about the

## THE SMALL TOWN

For the past few generations the trend of population has been toward the large cities where beat the hearts of industry with cold efficiency, and sanitation, but where the human heart grows restless and weary with the pace. During this trend the small town, with its sociability, freedom and quietude has dropped to mediocrity from the standpoint of public attention. In many cases it has been lured into an annul because all of the young life has gone to the big city. But the tide shows indications of turning.

It is said that steam made the big cities but that electricity will make the small town and the country. Steam transportation and steam power made the centralizing of industry necessary but electrical transportation and electrical power which can be transmitted hither and yon will make possible the development of manufacturing in the small towns.

With this apparent change in tendency it behooves the small town to advertise its advantages so that it may grow larger. And when industry and life comes back to it, the laborer, though he may pound steel all day, can get out to peace and quietude in the evening. He can get in closer communion with nature, which seems to be the fundamental longing of every human heart.

For the farmer the development of the small town will mean a better market in which to buy and sell. He will also find the entertainment and educational features of a well-developed community. Then, too, he may find a better place to get labor and when there is a lull in the farming business he can go to town and help industry a little.

The development of the small town will undoubtedly bring a closer relation between industry and agriculture and perhaps a better understanding of each other's problems. So let's speed the day.

## Potato Scab in the Soil.

It has been learned that the potato scab disease persists in the soil for a long time after potatoes have been grown there. This is particularly true of clay and loam soils. Less trouble is experienced on sandy land. Seed tubers should be disinfected in the usual way with corrosive sublimate or formalin. This treatment will prevent scab in soil that is free from the disease, but if the soil is already badly infected, then the seed treatment is likely to be of little benefit. In such instances the best course is to grow other crops on the land for a few years and probably plow under a green manure crop, such as clover or rye. The decomposition of these crops develops an acidity which will prevent growth of potato scab.

## Lime Necessary for Breeding Stock.

Where marsh hay has been grown in districts deficient in calcium or lime, trouble in breeding animals has been observed. Investigations have led to the general suggestion that the cause may be due to a deficiency of calcium in the diet. Supplementary investigations indicate that young animals from mothers who have received 45 of a pound of calcium oxide per day are strong and healthy where other conditions have been normal.

## Keep Colts from Mares.

If mares are being used for farm work, do not let colts run with them in the field. Keep the colts penned in a roomy, clean, cool, ventilated box stall in the barn. If the stall is screened to keep out flies, so much the better. Let the colts nurse morning, noon and night, and run with their mothers in the horse paddock at night.

## The Dairyman's Dreams.

No. T. B. bugs. Easy milkers. A clean barnyard. Cows all profit-makers. A steady worth-while market. A hired man who doesn't need a guide book of the farm. Methods of production that will be approved by the cost accountant.

## The Wicked Worm.

Cuthbert had been listening for half an hour to a lecture from his father on the evils of late nights and late risings in the morning.

"You will never amount to anything unless you turn over a new leaf," said the father. "Remember, it's the early bird that catches the worm."

"Ha, ha!" laughed Cuthbert. "How about the worm? What did he get for turning out so early?"

"My son," replied the father, "that worm hadn't been to bed all night; he was on his way home."

Don't forget to salt the cattle and sheep on the back fifty.

Forest fires destroy your inheritance. Help to prevent them.

Apparently the man who put "mins" into vitamins knew what he was doing.

Without doubt thousands of infants are being conscientiously sacrificed upon the altar of ignorant feeding.

Most indelible ink stains contain nitrate of silver, the stain of which may be removed by soaking in a solution of common salt and water and afterward washing with ammonia.







## July Clearance Sales

### OUR PRICES SAVE YOU MONEY

This week—A most unusual sale of Women's Voile Blouses, Voile and Organdie Dresses, Summer Underwear and Gingham, marked at new low prices for rapid clearance.

White Canvas Footwear, exceptionally low priced for July clearance, \$1.95.

#### The Crowds are Proof of the Values

Our 9-day Clothing Sale is sure bringing the crowds, Men, get in on it while the opportunity lasts, and don't forget a suit for the boy.

Men's Suits at our 9-day Sale, \$9.95, \$12.50, \$18.50 and \$25.00.

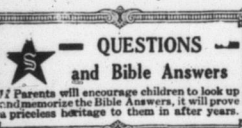
Boys' Suits at our 9-day Sale, \$3.95, \$5.50, \$7.50 and \$8.75.

Did you see our Window of Straw Sailors? Any Hat, \$1.95.

No matter what Style of a Suit you require you will find it represented here at the Sale Prices

Men's Overalls, Blue Stripe, 98c; Work Shirts, 75c; Ballbringer Drawers, 29c.

### E. A. MAYHEW & CO



What happened immediately after Jesus was baptized of John in the Jordan?—Matt. 3: 16, 17.

#### NEWBURY

Don't worry and broil on a hot day; let the City Laundry take care of your wash. Leave parcels with J. Parke, shoemaker; agent St. Thomas City Laundry.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. King were in Dresden on Wednesday attending the funeral of the late Wm. Elliott.

Elmer Sinclair, of London, spent the week-end at J. Grant's.

Mrs. Willard returned to Lloydminster on Thursday.

Miss Hazel Fennell visited friends in Detroit last week.

Mrs. Fletcher and grandson, Gilbert, are spending the week at A. J. Walker's, Grand Bend.

Mrs. C. T. Dobyns and sons, Garth and Ray, are visiting at Atkin.

Will Little and bride, of Welland, have been visiting at the home of his father, Sanford Little.

Mrs. Graham, of Toronto, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. R. H. Moore.

Dr. Owens, with his mother and sisters, spent the week-end with Denfield relatives.

J. P. McVicar and wife, of Inwood, visited Mrs. Wm. Bayne last week.

Miss Kathleen Hould of Mount Brydges, is visiting Miss Frances Archer.

Madeline Kraft, Irene McCreedy, Janet Stalker and Wesley Connelly were successful in passing the entrance exam.

Miss Bertha Crim, of Detroit, is visiting her mother.

Miss Winnie Stalker, of Toronto, is visiting her uncle, Duncan Stalker.

A Prime Dressing for Wounds.—In some factories and workshops carbolic acid is kept for use in cauterizing wounds and cuts sustained by the workmen. Far better to keep on hand a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil. It is just as quick in action and does not scar the skin or burn the flesh.

#### WARDSVILLE

Mr. and Mrs. Croker and daughter, of Windsor, spent a few days in this village.

Mrs. Graham and daughter Mary, of Toronto, are the guests of the former's sister, Mrs. R. J. Murphy.

Mary McIntyre is visiting relatives in Florence.

Branch Heath is visiting at his home here.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Minna and Mr. and Mrs. Anders and children spent Wednesday at Springbank.

Mrs. Blain, who has been seriously ill, is improving.

Misses Violet and Frances Murphy are visiting friends in Detroit.

Mr. Armstrong, a former resident of Wardsville, now of Strathroy, called on friends here last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Willis and Norma spent a day in Detroit last week.

The dancing pavilion which has been under construction by Robert Yates was opened Wednesday even-

## SHOE REPAIRS

### WHILE YOU WAIT

Old Shoes made like new.

Quality, Durability, and Neatness in every job guaranteed.

Let me fix your broken Harness. Charges reasonable.

### J. PARKE

Shoemaker, Newbury, Ont.  
Agent for the City Laundry, St. Thomas.

#### MELBOURNE

Melbourne, July 19.—Today is Melbourne's civic holiday. The village is deserted and business houses are closed. The Methodist and Presbyterian Sunday Schools united for a days' outing together. Arrangements were made to leave at 10 a.m. sharp for Springbank. The children were on time patiently waiting for the motor cars and truck to arrive to carry them to the picnic grounds.

On Monday afternoon a terrific wind storm accompanied by heavy rain passed over our village. Thirteen telephone lines were put out of order and two silos blown down. Another storm followed on Tuesday afternoon, but not as severe as the one on Monday. Although the rain came down in torrents and it was so dark that lights were necessary, farmers living about two miles west reported very little rain.

A short time ago Mrs. Walter O'Brien accidentally cut her finger, which did not give her any trouble for a few days. One morning she and her husband were motoring into London and when about Kilworth she remarked to her husband that her arm was paining and that she did not feel well. He hurried into Kilworth, taking her to her sister's home there. When they arrived she could not walk; it was necessary to carry her into the house. A doctor was called who considered that all the trouble came from the small cut and that blood poisoning had set in. Mrs. O'Brien is still with her sister, and a very sick woman, with a doctor and nurse attending her.

Misses Agnes and Elinor McNabb and Miss Marjorie McLean, all successful teachers from this place, are in Toronto taking a summer course in physical culture.

Before Miss Snell, our continuation school principal, left for the summer school to take a special course in music, the Methodist League, of which she was a very active member, presented her with a clock and held a social evening at the parsonage in her honor.

Miss May Griffiths, daughter of the late Fred Griffiths, who is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. George Richards, sang a solo in the Methodist church last Sunday evening.

Rev. John Elder, Mrs. Elder and son Arthur left on Wednesday to spend their vacation with Mrs. Elder's parents in Florida. They expect to return about the end of August. During Mr. Elder's absence his work will be in charge of Rev. Dr. Brown, pastor of the Methodist church. The union services will be held in the evening as usual. The morning service will be held alternately in the two churches.

Archie Carruthers and Mrs. Carruthers leave on Thursday to visit friends in the Canadian West. They will go to Victoria and Vancouver, and expect to return about the end of October.

Muscular Rheumatism Subdued.—When one is a sufferer from muscular rheumatism he cannot do better than to have the region rubbed with Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil. Let the rubbing be brisk and continue until ease is secured. There is more virtue in a bottle of it than can be fully estimated.

#### CAIRO

Mr. and Mrs. John Leitch and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. John A. Armstrong.

Frank Storie, wife and children, accompanied by Lella Smith, called on friends on their way to Dawn.

Miss Ila Burr is visiting in London.

Mrs. W. H. McKeown is spending a few days in London.

A number from here attended the funeral of the late Thomas Hands on Sunday.

Miss Annie Martin, of Vancouver, preached in the Armstrong church on Sunday.

The stomach regulates the condition of the blood and the foundation of good health or disease. Keep in good shape by taking Tanlac.—P. E. Lumley.

#### WOODGREEN

Mr. and Mrs. A. Daum left Monday to attend the funeral of Mrs. G. Daum, of Palmerston.

Mrs. Chas. Grover is on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Harvey and Alice, Earl and Ethel Harvey spent the week-end at Lawrence Harvey's, St. Thomas.

Miss Hattie Grover is spending a few days at her home here.

Mrs. John Schellenberg, of Springville, is spending a few days with her daughter, Mrs. A. Daum.

A number from here attended the masquerade carnival in Glencoe on Friday evening.

Miss Florence Simpson has returned home after spending a couple of weeks in Windsor.

Mrs. Greene and daughter Isabelle are visiting at T. Simpson's.

#### DAVISVILLE

Leonard Hillman has left for Detroit, where he intends to spend the summer.

Mrs. Wm. McRae and children, of Glencoe, spent the week-end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Armstrong.

A few of the young people took in the big street dance at Glencoe on Friday last and all had a very good time.



The Standard Remedy for HAY-FEVER and Asthma. Sold by Druggists. For Free Trial write Templeton, Toronto. Sold by Johnston's Drug Store.

## WARDSVILLE CASH STORE

Civic Holiday  
Wednesday, Aug. 2nd

Full line of Bulk Teas  
at old prices

### W. H. Parnall

#### MOSA

The regular monthly meeting of the No. 9 W. I. was held at the home of Mrs. Duncan McEachren on Thursday, July 20. There were nineteen members and three visitors present. Collection, \$2.80. Roll call was responded to by bread, buns and roll recipes. The following program was rendered:—Instrumental, Agnes McEachren; selection, quartette; solo, Agnes McEachren. A dainty lunch was served by the hostess, after which the meeting closed by the national anthem. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Godfrey McMurphy on Thursday, August 31. Those responsible for next program are Agnes McEachren and Lillian Henderson.—Sarah C. McLachlin, Sec.

#### STRATHBURN

The work has started of putting in wide culverts on the provincial highway at Battle Hill.

Mr. Sharp has finished the remodeling of Jas. Simpson's barn, which is a great improvement.

Clair Trestrain is home from Detroit.

The July meeting of the Battle Hill U.F.W.O. was held at the home of Mrs. Bert Gould, fourteen ladies being present. The meeting opened in the usual manner, after which Mrs. Lethbridge gave a report of a recent meeting in Strathroy and a splendid paper on Madame Albani, the first Canadian singer. Mrs. Isaac Watterworth gave a talk on "Desserts for warm weather." Miss Gladys George played instrumentals on the celestophone and Master Edwin Gould gave a fine recitation. Lunch was served by the hostess. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Jas. Gilbert on August 2nd. Roll call will be answered by naming a Canadian author, Mrs. B. Gould and Mrs. A. Clannahan will give papers.

Mr. and Mrs. D. H. McRae and family and Mr. and Mrs. David Allan motored to Port Huron last Sunday and spent the day with John A. McRae and Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Gordon.

Campbell McRae, who got hurt in an auto accident, is getting better.

Miss Minnie Wiley, who had her leg broken, is home from the hospital and is getting along nicely.

Major Grover is expected to start out this week with his threshing outfit.

John McKay has bought a new threshing machine.

#### CASHMERE

Mrs. B. F. Jeffery, of Newbury, spent the week-end with her daughter, Mrs. Calvin Sittler.

While helping her father to take in the harvest Jean Taylor fell off the load and sprained both wrists. We are glad to report that she is some better.

Miss Ethel Moore spent the week-end at her home here.

Miss Donalda Smith spent a few days in London recently.

Mrs. Spoor and Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Smith and daughter, of Niagara Falls, N.Y., spent a few days with friends and relatives in this vicinity.

On Saturday night, while milking, Ralph McIntyre felt faint and went to the house where he was assisted to a couch. In a few minutes he expired, death being due to heart trouble. The funeral was held from his home on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Munro visited Alvin friends on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. McAllister visited in Brooke on Sunday.

Sorry to report the dangerous illness of Mrs. Will Plaine, who on Monday last sustained a severe fall while picking berries, injuring her arm and back.

Most of the oats in this vicinity are ripe and about half of them are cut.

Mr. and Mrs. Gillies, of Mosa, spent Sunday with Neil Campbell.

Miss Lizzie McDonald visited her sister, Mrs. Alex. Clements, one day last week.

Mrs. F. Baisdon, of St. Thomas, is at her home here owing to the illness of her sister, Mrs. Will Plaine.

#### KILMARTIN

Through an error in issue of July 12 we stated that Walker's basketball team defeated Bethel on July 10. This should have read that Kilmartin team defeated Bethel, by a score of 12 to 2.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Moore and son Robert, of Walkerville, are holidaying at Mrs. Alex. D. McAlpine's.

Alex. Moore and Woodrow Moore, of Detroit, are visiting at Joseph Moore's.

May it in The Transcript.

## APPIN'S ANNUAL COLOSSAL GARDEN PARTY

will be given with all the well-known elan, eclat, zip and pep of this well-established summer entertainment, on

### WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 2

The revel will begin at 1.30 p.m. when a CALLITHUMPIAN PARADE will ramble hilariously through the shaded streets and umbrageous avenues of the village. For two hours there will be novelty contests to tickle your fancy. (Liberal prizes to competitors.)

At 3.30 a BASEBALL MATCH will begin—DUTTON vs. APPIN. This will be a game that Babe Ruth and Ty Cobb might watch with profit.

At 5 p.m. picked teams of ladies will play a game of BASKET-BALL, so that you may see youth, beauty and elegance in action.

The evening entertainment will begin at 7 p.m. with a BAND CONCERT by the FIRST HUSSARS BAND of London. Popular and classical selections to satisfy everyone.

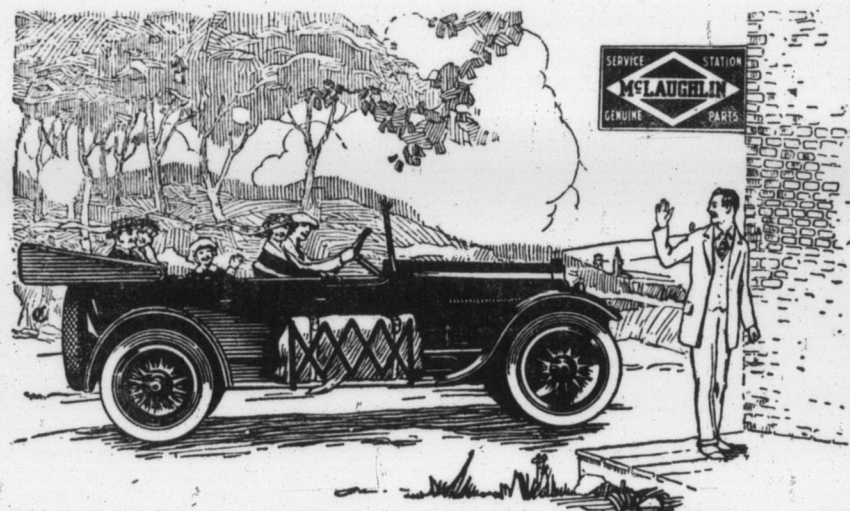
The chair will be taken at 8.30 p.m. by J. G. LETHBRIDGE, M.L.A.

Booths will be conducted by the local baseball team and Women's Institute.

You can't beat it! You mustn't miss it!

Admission to entire program, 50c. Evening admission, 35c. Children, 25c. Cars free, at owners' risk.

GOD SAVE THE KING



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You can go traveling in a McLaughlin-Buick with a sense of security that doubles your enjoyment.

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### M. J. McALPINE

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