

The Union Advocate.

A WEEKLY JOURNAL

W. C. ANSLOW,

Our Country with its United Interests.

EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

Vol. XXX—No. 27.

Newcastle, Wednesday, April 7, 1897.

Whole No. 1535

PROFESSIONAL

Law & Collection Office.

C. J. Thomson,
BARRISTER AT LAW,
Commissioner Newcastle Civil Court.
Public Building,
Newcastle, N. B.

Thomas W. Butler,

Attorney & Notary Public,
Fire, Life, & Accidental Insurance Agent,
Collecting and Conveyancing Promptly attended to.
Office over T. Russell's Store, facing the Public Square,
Newcastle, N. B.

O. J. McCully, M. A., M. D.

Specialist.
DISEASES OF EYE, EAR & THROAT.
Office: Cor. Waterman and Main Streets
Moncton, Nov. 11, 1896.

Musical Tuition.

The subscriber is prepared to receive pupils for instruction on the VIOLIN, CORNET, BARITONE, and all Brass Band Instruments.
TERMS ON APPLICATION.
Wm. Green.
Newcastle, March 2, 1897.

HOTELS.

HOTEL BRUNSWICK,

MONCTON, N. B.
Geo. McSweeney, Proprietor.

Clifton House.

Princes and 43 Cornelia Street.
ST. JOHN, N. B.

A. N. Peters, Prop'r.

Heated by Steam throughout. Prompt attention and moderate charges. Telephone Communication with all parts of the city.
April 6, 1897.

Notice to Housekeepers.

Why buy doubtful brands of flour when you can get the famous Jersey Lily Brand for the same money.
And don't punish your family with bad, smoky oil, buy American Home Light and you will be the gainer.
Sold by
P. Hennessy.
Newcastle, Sept. 23rd, 1896.

MILLINERY.

We are giving a Big Reduction on all our Millinery for the next three weeks. Our stock is new and includes the very latest in Hats, Ribbons, Veils, Flowers, Wings, Sprays, etc.
Also in Stock
A fine range of winter underclothes from 50c up. Ladies' Wrappers, Skirts, Blouses, Silk Waists, Trimmings, Night Gowns, Corset Covers, Hosiery and Mitts, Old Ladies' Dress Caps, Infants' wool Bonnets and Tams.
A fine children's Elder down Coats selling at a cost to clear.
A fine selection of stamped linen goods and working silks.
All orders for Millinery made promptly and in first class style.
Mrs. H. A. Quilty,
Opposite the Square,
Newcastle, N. B., 22nd, 1896.

WANTED

To Purchase, 2000 Hides for which Cash will be paid.
All those Customers are wanted to purchase a large lot of
Boots and Shoes.
which are offered at Reduced Prices.
E. Hickey,
Newcastle, Nov. 16, 1896.

Tuning and Repairing.

J. O. Biedermann, Pianoforte and Organ Tuner.
REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.
Regular visits made to the northern Counties of which due notice will be given.
Orders for Tuning etc. can be sent to the Advocate Office, Newcastle.
J. O. BIEDERMANN.
St. John, May 6th, 1894.

First Class

Job Printing

done at the

Advocate Office.

BICYCLES FREE.

SAVE YOUR WELCOME SOAP WRAPPERS.

We will give FOUR BICYCLES, Two for Nova Scotia and two for New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island—(Ladies' or Gentlemen's wheels, at option of the winner) FOR THE
Largest Number of Welcome Soap Wrappers
Sent in up to and including May 31st, 1897.

The Bicycles are the Celebrated "Red Bird" (new 1897 model) costing \$100 each, regarded as the standard high-grade wheel of Canada.
Cut out the yellow square in centre of the wrapper and send it in with your name and address as collected—or keep together and send in all at once at May 31st, next. Results will be published and wheels awarded without delay. Winners taken from duplicate mailings will not be counted. Our employees and their family connections are barred.

The Welcome Soap Company, St. John, N. B.

Famous Welcome Soap.

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

Say I Where are you GOING

When you come to Town let us make you a Suit of Clothes.

Something that will Fit You,
(of course if you want a poor cheap suit we are not in it) but for good cloth, good wear and good fit this is the spot at moderate prices.

Cutler Block where the Bank of Nova Scotia and your truly have plenty of money.

Simon McLeod,
Newcastle, Feb. 12th, 1897.

Intercolonial Railway.

On and after Monday the 7th September, 1896, the trains of this Railway will run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:

WILL LEAVE NEWCASTLE.

Through express for St. John, Halifax and Pictou, (Monday excepted). 4.05

Through express for Quebec, Montreal and Pictou, (Monday excepted). 10.45

Accommodation for Pictou, (Monday excepted). 10.45

Accommodation for Pictou, (Monday excepted). 12.15

All trains are run by Eastern Standard time.

D. POTTINGER, General Manager.

Moncton, N. B., Sept. 3rd, 1896.

Murray & Lanman's

FLORIDA WATER

THE SWEETEST MOST FRAGRANT, MOST REFRESHING AND ENDURING OF ALL PERFUMES FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF, TOILET OR BATH.

ALL DRUGGISTS, PERFUMERS AND GENERAL DEALERS.

REMOVED.

My Customers and the public generally are hereby notified that we will find my office and warehouse in the building on the Public Square, formerly occupied by John McLaughlin, Esq., where I will keep on hand a full supply of

PROVISIONS

consisting of Flour, Beef, Pork, Ham, Bacon, Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Barley, Peas, Beans, Lent, Beans and Peas, Baked and standard Oatmeal and Cornmeal in bbls and 4 bbls, Ontario and Montreal Cracked Feed, etc. American Hestlight Oil, etc.

Store on Public Square.

J. A. RUNDLE.

Newcastle, Feb. 16, 1897.

Ten Per Cent DISCOUNT

I am now offering the balance of my stock of

Crockery, China & Glassware

at ten per cent discount, to make room for my large spring importations.

—Stock comprises—

Dinner Sets, Tea Sets, Chamber Sets, Cups, Saucers, and Plates in great variety by the dozen.

Also a large stock of fancy China Ware.

CHINA, HANGING & HAND LAMPS.

I always keep on hand a general supply of Groceries which I am offering at bottom prices.

J. W. Davidson.

Newcastle, Feb. 22, 1897.

Ladies Attention.

The subscriber is prepared to do all kinds of

Plain Sewing,

at reasonable rates. Will also keep articles of White Wear in stock.

Mrs. Jas. Moore.

Newcastle, March 2, 1897.

SHARP'S BALSAM

OF Horehound and Aniseed

cures Croup, Coughs, Colds.

50 YEARS IN USE

Price 25 cts a bottle.

General Intelligence.

CHERRY'S TROUBLES

Were of the Heart—Human Skill was almost lavished when Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart Fall into the Breach and in a few Minutes After one Dose He Found Great Relief, and Five Bottles Made a Bad Heart a Good One.

Wm. Cherry, of Owen Sound, Ont., writes: "For the past two years I have been greatly troubled with weakness of the heart and fainting spells. I tried several remedies, and consulted best physicians without any apparent relief. I noticed testimonials of great cures made by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. I procured a bottle, and the first dose gave me great relief. The first bottle did wonders for me. After using five bottles there are none of the symptoms remaining whatever. I think it is a great boon to mankind."—Sold by E. Lee Street.

A BIG EFFICIT.

In preparing his tariff measure Mr. Fielding will have to provide for a huge deficit for the current fiscal year. According to the figures published in the last Ottawa Gazette the revenue for the eight months of the fiscal year ended 28th February was \$23,071,548 and expenditure \$22,282,843, showing a surplus of \$808,705 while in the corresponding period last year the revenue was \$23,871,102 and expenditure \$21,377,572 showing a surplus of \$2,493,530, so that while the revenue has decreased \$1,843,497 the expenditure has increased \$884,037. But bad as this showing is it does not fairly represent the effect which the Government's lack of policy on the tariff question has had in paralyzing trade and causing an unprecedented falling off in the revenue. To understand this properly it is necessary to divide the eight months into two periods, one from the opening of the fiscal year on 1st July, when the Conservative Government was practically out of office, to the 30th September when transactions which had been entered into while it was thought the Conservative party would remain in power; and the other covering the five months during which Mr. Laurier's Tariff Commission has been fishing for a policy. For the first three months the revenue was \$8,846,308, as compared with \$8,610,504 for the same three months in 1895, showing an increase of \$235,804; and the expenditure was \$4,093,351, as compared with \$3,537,637 in 1895, a decrease of \$555,714, showing a betterment of \$1,110,930 in the three months. Now see what followed. On 5th October, Parliament was prorogued without any announcement being made on the tariff, and at once the revenue fell off, but the expenditure, under an "economical" Grit Government took an immense leap upward. The revenue for the five months was only \$14,225,340, as compared with \$15,390,698 last year, a decrease of \$1,165,358, while the expenditure for the same period rose from \$15,840,348 in 1895, to \$17,700,495 in 1897, an increase for the five months, of \$1,860,147. To put it in another way, during the first three months of the fiscal year the revenue increased \$235,804, and the expenditure decreased \$555,714, while for the last five months the revenue has decreased \$1,025,258, and the expenditure has increased \$1,760,249. In other words, the revenue is decreasing at the rate of \$800,000 a month, and the expenditure increasing at the rate of \$375,000 a month, and if these rates continue for the next four months, and they are likely to grow worse instead of better, Mr. Fielding will be from \$2,000,000 to \$2,800,000 worse off than nothing before the end of the fiscal year is reached, and to this must be added the \$5,000,000 or \$6,000,000 to cover interest on Savings Bank deposits and other items of expenditure which are only charged once a year, so that the deficit cannot well be less for the year than \$7,000,000 or \$8,000,000. To this must be added the expenditure on capital account, about \$4,000,000 to \$5,000,000, and it will be seen that the net result of the first financial year of the "Economic" Grit Government will be an addition to the Public Debt, of about \$13,000,000.

JOHN A. PHILLIPS.

RIGHT FROM THE MINES.

Family Ties may be Broken in the Grand Rush for Gold, but What's Wealth Without Health—Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder is a Wonderful Cure. It Never Fails to Relieve in Ten Minutes.

Also a large stock of fancy China Ware.

CHINA, HANGING & HAND LAMPS.

I always keep on hand a general supply of Groceries which I am offering at bottom prices.

J. W. Davidson.

Newcastle, Feb. 22, 1897.

Ladies Attention.

The subscriber is prepared to do all kinds of

Plain Sewing,

at reasonable rates. Will also keep articles of White Wear in stock.

Mrs. Jas. Moore.

Newcastle, March 2, 1897.

THE SITUATION IN CRETE.

VIENNA, March 31.—It is understood here that Great Britain does not desire

SOUR STOMACH, FLATULENCY, AND ALL OTHER FORMS OF DYSPEPSIA

K.D.C. DYSPEPSIA

HERE IS NOTHING LIKE K.D.C.

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

OR NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA

THE KING OF MAN-KILLERS.

Bright's Disease of the Kidneys Baffled the World's Most Eminent Medical Authorities Until

Mr. Fred Cartwright, of the

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

Hadley's Disease of the Kidneys

The Union Advocate

Established 1867.
NEWCASTLE, MIRAMICHI, N. B.
WEDNESDAY, April 7, 1897.

Newcastle Societies.

MEET AS FOLLOWS:
NORTHUMBERLAND LODGE No. 17 A. F. & A. M., in the Lodge rooms on the evening of the second Tuesday of each month at 7 o'clock.

NEWCASTLE DIVISION No. 45 S. T., in the Temperance Hall every Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

COURT MIRAMICHI No. 165 I. O. F., in their rooms, Masonic Hall, on the evening of the fourth Thursday of each month at 8 o'clock.

NEWCASTLE BOARD OF TRADE, in the room in the Barron building on the evening of the first Monday in each month at 8 o'clock.

Derby.
COURT HAPPY REPEAT No. 159 I. O. F., in Foresters' Hall, on the evening of the 3rd Thursday of each month at 7:30 o'clock.

Temperance Social.

A very pleasant social was held under the auspices of Newcastle Division No. 45 Sons of Temperance on Thursday evening last, April 1st. The members of Northumberland Division had invited members of W. C. T. U., Sons of Temperance, and Good Templars of Chatham, Douglastown, Newcastle, Derby and North York and South Esk. Although the roads were there was a large attendance. The Newcastle Division was called to order shortly after 7 o'clock, the order of business proceeded with and then the doors were thrown open for invited guests. The platform was neatly decorated and furnished.

Shortly after 8 o'clock the officers were installed by Bro. W. C. Anslow, assisted by Bro. Edward McFarlane as Grand Conductor. The following were the officers installed:

W. P.—Bro. E. P. Williston.
R. S.—Sister Mrs. H. Ingram.
A. R. S.—Bro. Percy Peddie.
Treas.—Bro. Daniel McFarlane.
Chap.—Bro. S. McLeod.
Con.—Bro. George McMurdo.
A. C.—Sister Adeline McLeod.
L. S.—Bro. Vernon Goldsmith.
O. S.—Bro. Walter Saltmarsh.
Superintendent of Young People's Work.—Bro. W. C. Anslow.

Organist.—Sister Marian Malloy.
P. W.—Sister Miss Reid.
The W. P., after a few brief remarks proceeded with the following programme:

Opening Chorus, by the choir. Sister Leighton presiding at the organ.

Address of Welcome, Bro. Anslow, who, in his remarks, referred to the advance made in Canada in total abstinence principles during the last forty-five years. He also referred to the promised pledges and hoped that every effort would be made to pull a full vote to make the majority as large a one as possible. He also referred to the approaching jubilee of our beloved Queen, and thought temperance people should take some steps to suitably celebrate the day appointed, Sunday, June 20th, and he had been asked to suggest that wherever in this country there was a W. C. T. U., Division of the Sons of Temperance, a Lodge of Good Templars or Royal Templars of Temperance, that they should make arrangements to proceed to march to church, wearing the badges of the Order to which they belonged, and there listen to a jubilee-temperance sermon or address which had been previously arranged for with their minister. He wished to call the attention of those present to this matter so that at the next regular meetings of their societies, it might be brought up and committees appointed to carry out such arrangements as were to be made.

Reading, by Bro. Thos. A. Clarke.
Solo, by Bro. Doni. Malloy.

Dialogue, by several of the sisters and brothers of Newcastle Division.

Recitation, Sister Annie Nicholson.
This piece deservedly received an encore to which Miss Nicholson responded.

Reading, by Bro. Walter Saltmarsh.
Recitation, by Bro. Edward McFarlane.

Refreshments were then handed round, tea, coffee, sandwiches, cake, etc., of which there was an ample supply. Then came speeches by some of the leading visitors, among whom were the following:

Mrs. McLeod, President of the W. C. T. U., addressed those present as dear friends of the great Temperance cause, and tendered to the members of Newcastle Division the thanks of the W. C. T. U. for their kind invitation.

The ladies of the W. C. T. U. then referred to the badge of the Sons of Temperance had been referred to and as with those of the W. C. T. U. such badges meant the up lifting of all. A Plebiscite on the question of Prohibition was expected to be taken within the next year. It would be the greatest temperance battle we ever had and all friends of prohibition should join one or other of the various temperance societies. The divisions and lodges should have a regular caucus for members and there we might largely increase our numbers. The liquor dealers made money their chief desire. We have our homes, our dear ones. The other ones needed prohibition, our boys and girls need it, and to save them we ought to battle for the right, and thus be able to protect our children from the destroyer, who is the struggle for money and not for the souls and bodies destroyed by their iniquitous traffic.

Our case, that of the mothers and daughters, wives and sisters was to pray for success, while young men—young men and old men—by their votes must give effect to our prayers. In the W. C. T. U. now was the time to do it. A gentleman had recently offered \$500 if the membership of the W. C. T. U. of Canada could be doubled during the year, and she hoped that the people of this country would help to secure this money by sending in their names to the nearest W. C. T. U. She also invited the gentlemen, they were eligible to become honorary members. We had passed a pleasant evening and she hoped abundant success would attend their work.

Short addresses were made by Bro. John Menzies, of Whiteville, Bro. R. H. Jessiman and Colter, of Douglastown, Bro. Anderson and Kerr, of Chatham, and others.

Closing Chorus, Good Night; the closing Ode of the Division and a verse of God Save the Queen, brought the proceedings to a close.

Northumberland Circuit Court.

His Honor Justice McLeod Presiding.

Owing to the sickness of one of the jurymen in the Allison vs. Mastermans case it was not proceeded with on Tuesday last week and on Wednesday it was stated that the case had been settled out of Court. Mr. Allison receiving the sum of \$2000 and to pay his own lawyers. Mastermans to pay the costs of Court.

The case of the Queen vs. Rich trial on Tuesday last week resulted in a verdict of not guilty.

Queen vs. Donald Sutton, indictment for theft. Prisoner pleads guilty.

Queen vs. James Watson, indictment for theft. Prisoner pleads not guilty. This case being tried, the jury, by direction of the court, finds the prisoner not guilty. S. Thomson, Q. C., for Crown, J. J. Tupper, C., for prisoner.

In the case of the Queen vs. Daniel Sutton, the prisoner was discharged upon entering into recognizance with his father, George Sutton, in the sum of \$200 to appear any time within two years when called upon by the Court to take sentence and in the meantime to keep the peace and be of good behaviour.

On Wednesday the case of the Queen vs. John Fish was taken up. J. A. Davidson and L. A. Currie, Q. C., for the defence and John L. Carleton and Warren C. Winslow prosecuting for the Crown.

Joseph Allison sworn, I reside in Kent Co. I posted a letter to P. J. Hennessy, Newcastle. Mrs. P. J. Hennessy is Postmaster. I registered it and received no receipt. I wrote Mr. Hennessy twice since and received no reply. It was four or five weeks before I got a receipt from Hennessy. I got no receipt from the Postmaster. I never got a reply to the letters I wrote.

To Mr. Currie. My P. O. is St. Louis de Kent, about seven miles from Richmond. I got the goods I wanted. I did not get them at that time. I wrote a letter containing money on March 9th. I could not, of my own memory, say what day I went to the post office, and Mr. Johnston showed me the entry. I can't say who made the entry. I gave letter to Mrs. Johnston. She is appointed postmaster. He is clerk. Sometimes one and sometimes the other attends to it. I don't know when entry in book was written or who wrote it. It contained forty two dollars in paper and eighty cents in postage stamps. I know the money was enclosed a letter with it. I have never seen it since. I wrote him to send me six candles Lincoln Tobacco, for which I enclosed money. I was square with him. I never knew him before.

I sent money before, and always received goods. I wrote him in about ten days. The date of my second letter was eight or nine days after the first. I mailed letter at St. Louis de Kent. I have never seen it since. I wrote him to inform him that I had sent money, and that I desired an answer. I wrote him again. I wrote him in the same strain as before. I sent money to Mr. Johnston, and asked him to write. I told him to write about that letter. After a few days I received the tobacco, and a postal from Mr. Hennessy, saying that he had shipped tobacco. He said that the registered letter was missing. I thought he had received money because I received tobacco and he never killed me. I have sent money since. This is the only case in which I lost my letter. I did not send there listen to a jubilee-temperance sermon or address which had been previously arranged for with their minister. He wished to call the attention of those present to this matter so that at the next regular meetings of their societies, it might be brought up and committees appointed to carry out such arrangements as were to be made.

Reading, by Bro. Thos. A. Clarke.
Solo, by Bro. Doni. Malloy.

Dialogue, by several of the sisters and brothers of Newcastle Division.

Recitation, Sister Annie Nicholson.
This piece deservedly received an encore to which Miss Nicholson responded.

Reading, by Bro. Walter Saltmarsh.
Recitation, by Bro. Edward McFarlane.

Refreshments were then handed round, tea, coffee, sandwiches, cake, etc., of which there was an ample supply. Then came speeches by some of the leading visitors, among whom were the following:

Mrs. McLeod, President of the W. C. T. U., addressed those present as dear friends of the great Temperance cause, and tendered to the members of Newcastle Division the thanks of the W. C. T. U. for their kind invitation.

The ladies of the W. C. T. U. then referred to the badge of the Sons of Temperance had been referred to and as with those of the W. C. T. U. such badges meant the up lifting of all. A Plebiscite on the question of Prohibition was expected to be taken within the next year. It would be the greatest temperance battle we ever had and all friends of prohibition should join one or other of the various temperance societies. The divisions and lodges should have a regular caucus for members and there we might largely increase our numbers. The liquor dealers made money their chief desire. We have our homes, our dear ones. The other ones needed prohibition, our boys and girls need it, and to save them we ought to battle for the right, and thus be able to protect our children from the destroyer, who is the struggle for money and not for the souls and bodies destroyed by their iniquitous traffic.

Our case, that of the mothers and daughters, wives and sisters was to pray for success, while young men—young men and old men—by their votes must give effect to our prayers. In the W. C. T. U. now was the time to do it. A gentleman had recently offered \$500 if the membership of the W. C. T. U. of Canada could be doubled during the year, and she hoped that the people of this country would help to secure this money by sending in their names to the nearest W. C. T. U. She also invited the gentlemen, they were eligible to become honorary members. We had passed a pleasant evening and she hoped abundant success would attend their work.

Short addresses were made by Bro. John Menzies, of Whiteville, Bro. R. H. Jessiman and Colter, of Douglastown, Bro. Anderson and Kerr, of Chatham, and others.

Closing Chorus, Good Night; the closing Ode of the Division and a verse of God Save the Queen, brought the proceedings to a close.

effect. He said he would have to pay the money. I have sent this book before, and this entry, and my signature. When I signed "Error on 18th" was already there and he told me to sign above that. My understanding of my signing was, that it was to be a post card, and that he was to send it to me. He said he would have to pay the money. I never received a letter from Mr. Allison of St. Louis. I learned from Mr. Allison that there was a letter from St. Louis missing and she wrote a letter to Mr. Allison. I sent a post card saying that he sent the money wanted the goods, so I shipped them immediately. If Father Dixon told me before my father, I do not remember. He asked me to report, for it would be well to report to him. I did not remember. He asked me to report, for it would be well to report to him. I did not remember.

To Mr. Currie. The first I heard was from my daughter. I do not remember having any conversation with Mr. Fish about the letter. Father Dixon did not say any time within two years when called upon by the Court to take sentence and in the meantime to keep the peace and be of good behaviour.

On Wednesday the case of the Queen vs. John Fish was taken up. J. A. Davidson and L. A. Currie, Q. C., for the defence and John L. Carleton and Warren C. Winslow prosecuting for the Crown.

Joseph Allison sworn, I reside in Kent Co. I posted a letter to P. J. Hennessy, Newcastle. Mrs. P. J. Hennessy is Postmaster. I registered it and received no receipt. I wrote Mr. Hennessy twice since and received no reply. It was four or five weeks before I got a receipt from Hennessy. I got no receipt from the Postmaster. I never got a reply to the letters I wrote.

To Mr. Currie. My P. O. is St. Louis de Kent, about seven miles from Richmond. I got the goods I wanted. I did not get them at that time. I wrote a letter containing money on March 9th. I could not, of my own memory, say what day I went to the post office, and Mr. Johnston showed me the entry. I can't say who made the entry. I gave letter to Mrs. Johnston. She is appointed postmaster. He is clerk. Sometimes one and sometimes the other attends to it. I don't know when entry in book was written or who wrote it. It contained forty two dollars in paper and eighty cents in postage stamps. I know the money was enclosed a letter with it. I have never seen it since. I wrote him to send me six candles Lincoln Tobacco, for which I enclosed money. I was square with him. I never knew him before.

I sent money before, and always received goods. I wrote him in about ten days. The date of my second letter was eight or nine days after the first. I mailed letter at St. Louis de Kent. I have never seen it since. I wrote him to inform him that I had sent money, and that I desired an answer. I wrote him again. I wrote him in the same strain as before. I sent money to Mr. Johnston, and asked him to write. I told him to write about that letter. After a few days I received the tobacco, and a postal from Mr. Hennessy, saying that he had shipped tobacco. He said that the registered letter was missing. I thought he had received money because I received tobacco and he never killed me. I have sent money since. This is the only case in which I lost my letter. I did not send there listen to a jubilee-temperance sermon or address which had been previously arranged for with their minister. He wished to call the attention of those present to this matter so that at the next regular meetings of their societies, it might be brought up and committees appointed to carry out such arrangements as were to be made.

Reading, by Bro. Thos. A. Clarke.
Solo, by Bro. Doni. Malloy.

Dialogue, by several of the sisters and brothers of Newcastle Division.

Recitation, Sister Annie Nicholson.
This piece deservedly received an encore to which Miss Nicholson responded.

Reading, by Bro. Walter Saltmarsh.
Recitation, by Bro. Edward McFarlane.

Refreshments were then handed round, tea, coffee, sandwiches, cake, etc., of which there was an ample supply. Then came speeches by some of the leading visitors, among whom were the following:

Mrs. McLeod, President of the W. C. T. U., addressed those present as dear friends of the great Temperance cause, and tendered to the members of Newcastle Division the thanks of the W. C. T. U. for their kind invitation.

The ladies of the W. C. T. U. then referred to the badge of the Sons of Temperance had been referred to and as with those of the W. C. T. U. such badges meant the up lifting of all. A Plebiscite on the question of Prohibition was expected to be taken within the next year. It would be the greatest temperance battle we ever had and all friends of prohibition should join one or other of the various temperance societies. The divisions and lodges should have a regular caucus for members and there we might largely increase our numbers. The liquor dealers made money their chief desire. We have our homes, our dear ones. The other ones needed prohibition, our boys and girls need it, and to save them we ought to battle for the right, and thus be able to protect our children from the destroyer, who is the struggle for money and not for the souls and bodies destroyed by their iniquitous traffic.

Our case, that of the mothers and daughters, wives and sisters was to pray for success, while young men—young men and old men—by their votes must give effect to our prayers. In the W. C. T. U. now was the time to do it. A gentleman had recently offered \$500 if the membership of the W. C. T. U. of Canada could be doubled during the year, and she hoped that the people of this country would help to secure this money by sending in their names to the nearest W. C. T. U. She also invited the gentlemen, they were eligible to become honorary members. We had passed a pleasant evening and she hoped abundant success would attend their work.

Short addresses were made by Bro. John Menzies, of Whiteville, Bro. R. H. Jessiman and Colter, of Douglastown, Bro. Anderson and Kerr, of Chatham, and others.

Closing Chorus, Good Night; the closing Ode of the Division and a verse of God Save the Queen, brought the proceedings to a close.

present where I could hear when any money. I have sent this book before, and this entry, and my signature. When I signed "Error on 18th" was already there and he told me to sign above that. My understanding of my signing was, that it was to be a post card, and that he was to send it to me. He said he would have to pay the money. I never received a letter from Mr. Allison of St. Louis. I learned from Mr. Allison that there was a letter from St. Louis missing and she wrote a letter to Mr. Allison. I sent a post card saying that he sent the money wanted the goods, so I shipped them immediately. If Father Dixon told me before my father, I do not remember. He asked me to report, for it would be well to report to him. I did not remember. He asked me to report, for it would be well to report to him. I did not remember.

To Mr. Currie. The first I heard was from my daughter. I do not remember having any conversation with Mr. Fish about the letter. Father Dixon did not say any time within two years when called upon by the Court to take sentence and in the meantime to keep the peace and be of good behaviour.

On Wednesday the case of the Queen vs. John Fish was taken up. J. A. Davidson and L. A. Currie, Q. C., for the defence and John L. Carleton and Warren C. Winslow prosecuting for the Crown.

Joseph Allison sworn, I reside in Kent Co. I posted a letter to P. J. Hennessy, Newcastle. Mrs. P. J. Hennessy is Postmaster. I registered it and received no receipt. I wrote Mr. Hennessy twice since and received no reply. It was four or five weeks before I got a receipt from Hennessy. I got no receipt from the Postmaster. I never got a reply to the letters I wrote.

To Mr. Currie. My P. O. is St. Louis de Kent, about seven miles from Richmond. I got the goods I wanted. I did not get them at that time. I wrote a letter containing money on March 9th. I could not, of my own memory, say what day I went to the post office, and Mr. Johnston showed me the entry. I can't say who made the entry. I gave letter to Mrs. Johnston. She is appointed postmaster. He is clerk. Sometimes one and sometimes the other attends to it. I don't know when entry in book was written or who wrote it. It contained forty two dollars in paper and eighty cents in postage stamps. I know the money was enclosed a letter with it. I have never seen it since. I wrote him to send me six candles Lincoln Tobacco, for which I enclosed money. I was square with him. I never knew him before.

I sent money before, and always received goods. I wrote him in about ten days. The date of my second letter was eight or nine days after the first. I mailed letter at St. Louis de Kent. I have never seen it since. I wrote him to inform him that I had sent money, and that I desired an answer. I wrote him again. I wrote him in the same strain as before. I sent money to Mr. Johnston, and asked him to write. I told him to write about that letter. After a few days I received the tobacco, and a postal from Mr. Hennessy, saying that he had shipped tobacco. He said that the registered letter was missing. I thought he had received money because I received tobacco and he never killed me. I have sent money since. This is the only case in which I lost my letter. I did not send there listen to a jubilee-temperance sermon or address which had been previously arranged for with their minister. He wished to call the attention of those present to this matter so that at the next regular meetings of their societies, it might be brought up and committees appointed to carry out such arrangements as were to be made.

Reading, by Bro. Thos. A. Clarke.
Solo, by Bro. Doni. Malloy.

Dialogue, by several of the sisters and brothers of Newcastle Division.

Recitation, Sister Annie Nicholson.
This piece deservedly received an encore to which Miss Nicholson responded.

Reading, by Bro. Walter Saltmarsh.
Recitation, by Bro. Edward McFarlane.

Refreshments were then handed round, tea, coffee, sandwiches, cake, etc., of which there was an ample supply. Then came speeches by some of the leading visitors, among whom were the following:

Mrs. McLeod, President of the W. C. T. U., addressed those present as dear friends of the great Temperance cause, and tendered to the members of Newcastle Division the thanks of the W. C. T. U. for their kind invitation.

The ladies of the W. C. T. U. then referred to the badge of the Sons of Temperance had been referred to and as with those of the W. C. T. U. such badges meant the up lifting of all. A Plebiscite on the question of Prohibition was expected to be taken within the next year. It would be the greatest temperance battle we ever had and all friends of prohibition should join one or other of the various temperance societies. The divisions and lodges should have a regular caucus for members and there we might largely increase our numbers. The liquor dealers made money their chief desire. We have our homes, our dear ones. The other ones needed prohibition, our boys and girls need it, and to save them we ought to battle for the right, and thus be able to protect our children from the destroyer, who is the struggle for money and not for the souls and bodies destroyed by their iniquitous traffic.

Our case, that of the mothers and daughters, wives and sisters was to pray for success, while young men—young men and old men—by their votes must give effect to our prayers. In the W. C. T. U. now was the time to do it. A gentleman had recently offered \$500 if the membership of the W. C. T. U. of Canada could be doubled during the year, and she hoped that the people of this country would help to secure this money by sending in their names to the nearest W. C. T. U. She also invited the gentlemen, they were eligible to become honorary members. We had passed a pleasant evening and she hoped abundant success would attend their work.

Short addresses were made by Bro. John Menzies, of Whiteville, Bro. R. H. Jessiman and Colter, of Douglastown, Bro. Anderson and Kerr, of Chatham, and others.

Closing Chorus, Good Night; the closing Ode of the Division and a verse of God Save the Queen, brought the proceedings to a close.

table on my desk. It is the St. Louis de Kent letter No. 523. I entered it before breakfast. There are seven registered letters mentioned in that letter. I did not enter them all before breakfast. I think I entered four before breakfast. I entered the others as soon as I came from breakfast. I think all those letters are in my handwriting. When I went to breakfast, I took up the letter. I took it at that way (indicating) and closed the book. I put the passing-through book right on the top of that, and went into my breakfast. I put the letter in the office in charge. I was not gone more than half an hour. I returned and entered the balance, and after I got through entering the balance, and taking the letters up, I found that one of Mr. Hennessy's was missing. That was the St. Louis de Kent. The others were there. I got up from my desk, and went over to Smith's, to see if he was there, and he had gone out—looked at the door, and found it just on the half swing. I did not hear him going out or notice him. I went out that morning for about half an hour, or may be a little longer, and I took the register over to the safe storing them out, as I always did in the morning.

—That is right and left—that is those going on the right and those on the left in the morning and putting them in the safe—that is a regular thing every morning. I could not get any trace of that among those letters.

The Queen vs. John Fish. Indictment for opening, stealing and secreting post letters. The jury found the prisoner guilty. The defendant was discharged on entering into his recognizance for \$2000 to appear at the September circuit. J. A. Davidson, Esq., prosecuting officer with W. C. Winslow, Esq., for the Crown, and J. P. Currie, Esq., for the defence.

Queen vs. Meddie P. Smith. Indictment for secreting and detaining post letters. The jury found the defendant not guilty. J. A. Davidson, Esq., for the Crown, and J. P. Currie, Esq., for the defence.

The case of John Fraser vs. Wm. T. Harris was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till next Circuit. Wm. T. Harris vs. J. P. Currie, for plaintiff and W. C. Winslow vs. J. P. Currie, for defendant.

Bank of Montreal vs. John Shanks. The case of Montreal vs. John Shanks was continued over till

