

Conquer Their Con-
quers.

Empire.

of the Chinese has
conquer their con-
quers, but by gentle
own course, while the
women who accept all
commands with sweet
acceptance in words, yet
own line of conduct
after this felt the
Chinese have tamed
so many years ago they
may have been the
shanghai tamed the
best Shanghai
settled. By the
Chinese recruiting
the Chinese and
roads and
water and electric
are steadily and calmly
nursing on the
filling the houses and
and light, while they
to one of their own
and which they are
enjoying when they
a hand.

undertaking to build
by her soldiers
and drill the troops of
gains the residence for
by Russians in China
of the highest class,
are not of quite an
Chinese, like the Anglo-
from the
many points of
starting. It is not
in China they
with Chinese ways
but a short time ago
already so many of
taken to opium
duced opium smoking
of the conversion of
that will happen in
to be true already, one
men of fine physical
an insufficiently de-
restraint, as is shown
themselves in their
upon the nation with
and also after a leave
of the wild scenes of
so many of us have
and dinner in his house on election day
and banished him for it.

Crown Lands Agent Giligan admitted
furnishing the whiskey to Murphy.
He had paid about \$40 for the whiskey
out of his own money. The election
cost him \$200 or \$300.

Council for the respondent expressed
surprise at the evidence, and offered to
abandon the seat. The court consented
and voided the election with costs.

Mr. Loughrin was returned at the
general election by 61 majority over C.
Lamarche.

THE LORD OF ANTICOST.

French Press of Quebec Excited Over
Exposures of His Transactions.

Montreal, Nov. 8. (Special) — The
French newspapers continue to devote
considerable space to the claims of Mr.
Menier concerning Anticosti. Le So-
leil, a Liberal paper of Quebec city, asks
when this ridiculous chorus against
Menier because he is a Frenchman is
going to stop. "When Mr. Whitney, an
American politician, purchased the coal
and oil fields of Nova Scotia there was
no outcry about 'Canadian' interests be-
ing in danger, nor when General Alger
and his associates undertook their big
works at Grandmeac was there a simi-
lar outcry. Why should Menier be
singled out simply because he is a
Frenchman?"

Le Patriote says: "The blunders of cer-
tain generals and politicians have cre-
ated the Anticosti scandal. Two years
of intolerance seek to make us be-
lieve that Menier has acquired a large
part of the rights acquired by Mount
Zion was extremely curt, while on all
important occasions the French consul-
general attended in order to assert
France's guardianship of the island."
Moreover, it appears that the
Sultan practically took forcible posses-
sion of the land he presented to Emperor
William, the owner objecting to sell the
property.

The authorities here tried to clear the
harbor of all shipping. The
view of the arrival of their German
majesties, but the steamers of the
company, being held to the
French steamship company, refused to leave.

STEAD AND THE PRINCESS.

How the London Editor Advertises the
Great Company He Keeps.

London, Nov. 8. — W. T. Stead, writing
to the Daily News from St. Petersburg,
after having had an interview with the
Czar at Livadia, reiterates his conviction
in proposing direct annexation. He
says it is impossible to repeat the con-
versation, and he adds: "But my opin-
ion is summed up in a remark which I
made to a prince of the court, who, meet-
ing me as I was leaving, asked me:
"Well, what is your opinion?" I re-
plied simply, "I thank God for him."

Mr. Stead adds that he found the
Czar possessed of exceptional rapidity
of perception, united with a remarkable
memory and a very wide grasp of an
immense range of facts.

MARCHAND'S AMBITION.

He Admits the Design of Extending to
the Nile French Domain in Africa.

Castro, Nov. 8. — Major Marchand, in
a speech delivered at the French club
last night, expressed great sorrow over
an abandonment of French Africa. In
reply, he said, had started to carry
the French hand grip across French Af-
rica to the French of Egypt, who, if few
today, would be numerous to-morrow,
forgetting nothing and abandoning nothing.

PRIVATE POSTAL CARDS.

United States Extends Domestic Priv-
ilege to Cards for Canada,
and Mexico.

Washington, Nov. 8. — Postmaster-
General Smith has issued an order ad-
mitting private mailing cards authorized
by the act of May 19, 1898, into the
foreign mails at one cent postage for
Canada and Mexico, and two cents
for all other postal union countries.
This permits the sending of any kind
of card in lieu of requiring the usual
postage, provided the size is the same as
the official cards.

COCA

COMFORTING
in every form
of Pleasantry
and Nutritive
Specially grate-
ful to the dyspep-
tic, indigestion,
and other ailments.
S. & Co., Ltd.,
London, England.

COCA

COMFORTING
in every form
of Pleasantry
and Nutritive
Specially grate-
ful to the dyspep-
tic, indigestion,
and other ailments.
S. & Co., Ltd.,
London, England.

COCA

COMFORTING
in every form
of Pleasantry
and Nutritive
Specially grate-
ful to the dyspep-
tic, indigestion,
and other ailments.
S. & Co., Ltd.,
London, England.

COCA

COMFORTING
in every form
of Pleasantry
and Nutritive
Specially grate-
ful to the dyspep-
tic, indigestion,
and other ailments.
S. & Co., Ltd.,
London, England.

COCA

COMFORTING
in every form
of Pleasantry
and Nutritive
Specially grate-
ful to the dyspep-
tic, indigestion,
and other ailments.
S. & Co., Ltd.,
London, England.

LIBERALISM IN FLASKS

Election Appeals Revealing How
Hardy's Bare Majority Was
Procured in Ontario.

Crown Lands Agent Who Thought
It Profitable to Spend Freely
for the Cause.

Supplied Two Dozen Flasks to One
Agent of Liberal Candidate
— Seat Abandoned.

Special to the Colonist.

North Bay, Nov. 8. — At the Nipissing
election trial yesterday, J. N. Murphy,
agent of Mr. Loughrin, the Liberal
member, told in his cross-examination
that the day before the election he was
furnished with two dozen small flasks
of whiskey by E. J. Gillespie, crown
lands agent in Mattawa, and
put in his house on election day.
He did not drink himself. About 40 voters
had dinner in his house on election day
and banished him for it.

Crown Lands Agent Giligan admitted
furnishing the whiskey to Murphy.
He had paid about \$40 for the whiskey
out of his own money. The election
cost him \$200 or \$300.

Council for the respondent expressed
surprise at the evidence, and offered to
abandon the seat. The court consented
and voided the election with costs.

Mr. Loughrin was returned at the
general election by 61 majority over C.
Lamarche.

THE LORD OF ANTICOST.

French Press of Quebec Excited Over
Exposures of His Transactions.

Montreal, Nov. 8. (Special) — The
French newspapers continue to devote
considerable space to the claims of Mr.
Menier concerning Anticosti. Le So-
leil, a Liberal paper of Quebec city, asks
when this ridiculous chorus against
Menier because he is a Frenchman is
going to stop. "When Mr. Whitney, an
American politician, purchased the coal
and oil fields of Nova Scotia there was
no outcry about 'Canadian' interests be-
ing in danger, nor when General Alger
and his associates undertook their big
works at Grandmeac was there a simi-
lar outcry. Why should Menier be
singled out simply because he is a
Frenchman?"

Le Patriote says: "The blunders of cer-
tain generals and politicians have cre-
ated the Anticosti scandal. Two years
of intolerance seek to make us be-
lieve that Menier has acquired a large
part of the rights acquired by Mount
Zion was extremely curt, while on all
important occasions the French consul-
general attended in order to assert
France's guardianship of the island."
Moreover, it appears that the
Sultan practically took forcible posses-
sion of the land he presented to Emperor
William, the owner objecting to sell the
property.

The authorities here tried to clear the
harbor of all shipping. The
view of the arrival of their German
majesties, but the steamers of the
company, being held to the
French steamship company, refused to leave.

STEAD AND THE PRINCESS.

How the London Editor Advertises the
Great Company He Keeps.

London, Nov. 8. — W. T. Stead, writing
to the Daily News from St. Petersburg,
after having had an interview with the
Czar at Livadia, reiterates his conviction
in proposing direct annexation. He
says it is impossible to repeat the con-
versation, and he adds: "But my opin-
ion is summed up in a remark which I
made to a prince of the court, who, meet-
ing me as I was leaving, asked me:
"Well, what is your opinion?" I re-
plied simply, "I thank God for him."

Mr. Stead adds that he found the
Czar possessed of exceptional rapidity
of perception, united with a remarkable
memory and a very wide grasp of an
immense range of facts.

MARCHAND'S AMBITION.

He Admits the Design of Extending to
the Nile French Domain in Africa.

Castro, Nov. 8. — Major Marchand, in
a speech delivered at the French club
last night, expressed great sorrow over
an abandonment of French Africa. In
reply, he said, had started to carry
the French hand grip across French Af-
rica to the French of Egypt, who, if few
today, would be numerous to-morrow,
forgetting nothing and abandoning nothing.

PRIVATE POSTAL CARDS.

United States Extends Domestic Priv-
ilege to Cards for Canada,
and Mexico.

Washington, Nov. 8. — Postmaster-
General Smith has issued an order ad-
mitting private mailing cards authorized
by the act of May 19, 1898, into the
foreign mails at one cent postage for
Canada and Mexico, and two cents
for all other postal union countries.
This permits the sending of any kind
of card in lieu of requiring the usual
postage, provided the size is the same as
the official cards.

JAPAN'S MODEL CABINET.

Marquis Yamagata Forms a Ministry
From Which All Politicians
Are Excluded.

Yokohama, Nov. 7. — Field Marshal
Marquis Yamagata Arimono has formed
a ministry to succeed Count Okuma
Stagaki, the first party cabinet in the
history of Japan, which took office on
October 28 and resigned on October 31,
owing to differences over the question
of filling the portfolio of public instruction.

The Yamagata cabinet contains no
member who is connected with any of
the political parties. It is constituted
as follows: President of the council and
premier, Marquis Yamagata Arimono;
minister of foreign affairs, Viscount
Aoki, formerly Japanese ambassador to
Germany; minister of the interior,
Marquis Saigo Isegunichi; minister of
finance, Count Matsumi; minister of
war, Lieutenant-General Katsumi;
minister of marine, Admiral Tamamotou;
minister of justice, M. Kikuzawa Keigo.

THE PHILIPPINES.

Bold Declaration by United States
Would Save Trouble Suggested
German Objectors.

London, Nov. 7. — The Standard says
editorially: "We can see no alternative.
Spain must accept as inevitable the loss
of the Philippines. The United States will
assume a heavy and serious responsibility,
but it augurs well for the future that the
public men of America appreciate and are
ready to meet it. England will not
be brought to a satisfactory
conclusion in a friendly spirit."

London, Nov. 9. — The Times says this
morning: "Whatever may be the result
of the elections in the United States the
administration has gone too far to retreat
on the Philippine question. The Ameri-
can reply may perhaps modify the original
proposals but there is no doubt that the
main demand will be pressed to a suc-
cessful conclusion. It is impossible not
to feel sympathy with Spain and we
trust on the financial side the Americans
will show themselves generous toward a
true enemy."

After expressing satisfaction that future
misunderstanding will be avoided by
the immediate adoption of a solution
which may be ultimately inevitable the
Times says: "We trust America has
learned to appreciate the fact that com-
mercial restriction and imperial expansion
do not thrive together. But it must be
confessed that our sympathy with the
Americans in their new course suf-
fers a great strain by such blunders as
the order for the regulation of trade at
Manila, and the order for the regulation
of the British navigation acts which
the Americans found so oppressive."

The editorial concludes by expressing
hope that the present economic situation
will prevent any recurrence of any acute
currency crisis.

VANCOUVER'S BUDGET.

A Burglar Surprised Uses His Re-
volver and Jumps From an
Upstairs Window.

"Every Possible Support" the
Merchants' Pledge to New
Frisco Service.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, Nov. 8. — Two prisoners
named Calhoun and sentences of three
months for attempting to break jail
at Westminster. Calhoun was serving
several years for breaking into Trapp's
hardware store and "Baldy" Smith four
years for arson and burglary at
Chilliwack.

On behalf of the W. C. T. U. Rev.
Mr. McLaren waited upon the Van-
couver city council with the request that
they consider the framing of a curfew
law for children. The committee ap-
peared to take kindly to the idea. An
other matter brought up, the appoint-
ment of a matron to tend females in the
city prison, is being arranged by the
council.

A sensational attempt at murder and
robbery took place at Vancouver on Mon-
day night. The burglar entered the pre-
mises of Lacey B. Johnson while the chil-
dren were home. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson
were in bed. The burglar entered the
room and fired one shot which struck
Lacey Johnson in the chest. The burglar
then fled. The police are searching for
him. The burglar was seen to pass
through the coat within an inch of the
body. The next instant the burglar
threw the glass and falling thirteen feet
to the ground. No trace of him has been
obtained.

In connection with the proposed new
steamship service, the following is the
memorandum which the committee ap-
plied for at the meeting of the citizens'
and merchants recommended the board
of trade to endorse:

"We, the undersigned bankers, mer-
chants, manufacturers and citizens of Van-
couver, British Columbia, hereby pledge
ourselves to give every possible support
to the proposed service. The undersigned
Gagnon, T. Edwards and Frank
Richardson, for five years, in the event of
their putting on and maintaining a regu-
lar five-day service, and well equipped
line of steamers to run between San
Francisco, Victoria and Vancouver. The
city of Vancouver to be the home port.
The rates not to exceed current rates."

"We also further pledge ourselves to
give them every possible support if they
put on and maintain steamers to Wrag-
gell and Lynn Canal ports and also con-
necting line on lakes and rivers to Daw-
son City, the rates to Dawson City and
en route to be current rates."

"We also further pledge ourselves to
afford them every possible assistance in
any application which they may make to
the Provincial or Dominion government
for a charter of incorporation, powers as
may be necessary, and for the necessary
providing always, that such powers are
consistent with the carrying into effect
of good and speedy transport facilities."

LORD STRATHCONA.

Montreal, Nov. 8. (Special) — A Star
cable news from Lord Strathcona and
Mount Royal was asked to
about the statement published in
Canada that he was about to resign the
British Commissionership and be suc-
ceeded by Sir Richard Cartwright. "He said
that of course he knew nothing of Sir
Richard Cartwright's resignation, and
he himself was quite innocent of knowl-
edge of any intention such as alleged."

"The Duke and Duchess of York are
about to visit the Dominion. The
British Commissionership and be suc-
ceeded by Sir Richard Cartwright. "He said
that of course he knew nothing of Sir
Richard Cartwright's resignation, and
he himself was quite innocent of knowl-
edge of any intention such as alleged."

St. John's, Nfld., Nov. 7. — The British
cruiser Cordelia and Pelican will
be held at Sydney to capture St. Pierre
and protect St. John's in the event of
war being declared. The cruisers are
also instructed to break the French cable
between St. Pierre and Brest, France.

PAY FOR PHILIPPINES

Paris Possessed of Idea That United
States Will Yet Grant
Compensation.

London Times Also Suggests That
the Victors Be Generous
Financially.

Trade Restriction at Porto Rico a
Rude Shock to British Sym-
patizers.

By Associated Press.

Paris, Nov. 8. — The Gaulois, this
morning referring to today's sitting of
the peace commission, says it will in no
way modify the Spanish-American situa-
tion, "as the American commissioners
have asked to await further instruc-
tions from Washington."

The Gaulois then says those instruc-
tions will depend upon the results of
the elections, which the paper mentioned
thinks will be favorable to the Republi-
cans, adding: "The American govern-
ment will certainly recognize that pecuniary
compensation is due to Spain for the
evacuation of the Philippine islands, and
the negotiations will continue until a
friendly spirit."

London, Nov. 9. — The Times says this
morning: "Whatever may be the result
of the elections in the United States the
administration has gone too far to retreat
on the Philippine question. The Ameri-
can reply may perhaps modify the original
proposals but there is no doubt that the
main demand will be pressed to a suc-
cessful conclusion. It is impossible not
to feel sympathy with Spain and we
trust on the financial side the Americans
will show themselves generous toward a
true enemy."

After expressing satisfaction that future
misunderstanding will be avoided by
the immediate adoption of a solution
which may be ultimately inevitable the
Times says: "We trust America has
learned to appreciate the fact that com-
mercial restriction and imperial expansion
do not thrive together. But it must be
confessed that our sympathy with the
Americans in their new course suf-
fers a great strain by such blunders as
the order for the regulation of trade at
Manila, and the order for the regulation
of the British navigation acts which
the Americans found so oppressive."

The editorial concludes by expressing
hope that the present economic situation
will prevent any recurrence of any acute
currency crisis.

INSURANCE MEN INDICTED.

Kentucky Grand Jury Against Pooling
to Prevent Free Competition
in Rates.

Cincinnati, Nov. 8. — The grand jury
of Kenton county, sitting in Covington,
Ky., to-day rendered indictments
against 53 of the leading fire insurance
companies of the United States, Can-
ada and England. The indictments
charged that the companies have formed
an unlawful pool to prevent free com-
petition among the companies and their
agents doing business in Covington,
and thus extort a greater pre-
mium than otherwise would have to be
paid.

FOR LITTLE GIRL WAIFS.

Eccentric Chicago Bachelor Provides in
His Will Annual Gifts
For a Century.

Chicago, Nov. 8. — A remarkable will
is to be presented to Judge Kohlsaat to-
morrow for probate. The will, which
was made by Orlando D. Hadsell, an
eccentric old bachelor who died recently,
divides among a hundred little girl
waifs every year for 99 years the inter-
est on \$50,000. Hadsell is reported to
have his money in chattel mortgages.

Although Hadsell seemingly spent the
last years of his life almost as a hermit,
he was a generous benefactor. He was
made by two women, one of
whom claims to have been his book-
keeper for a number of years. William
Hadsell, a brother of the deceased, is
deceased, is in Chicago, awaiting the
probation of the will.

LORD HERSCHELL'S OPINION.

The Czar Really Desires of Peace — The
Anglo-American Friend-
ship.

Indianapolis, Nov. 7. — The Rt. Hon.
Lord Parmer Herschell, chairman of the
joint international commission, is in the
city the guest of Mr. Fairbanks. He was
asked if, in his opinion, the era of good
feeling between England and this country
had arrived, and as to the depth of
the feeling.

"Whatever is felt here," was the reply,
"is quite reciprocated on the other side.
I think perhaps you people of the States
are more demonstrative than we. The
only thing that has held our people back
from great demonstration of this senti-
ment is the fear that the matter is be-
neath the notice of the British govern-
ment."

He was asked if he thought the strain-
ed relations between England and France
would result in a war. "I do not consider that the conditions
are dangerous. My personal belief is
that the Czar is really desirous of
peace."

IF WAR SHOULD COME.

French Islands in the St. Lawrence
Would Quickly Pass to Great
Britain.

St. John's, Nfld., Nov. 7. — The British
cruiser Cordelia and Pelican will
be held at Sydney to capture St. Pierre
and protect St. John's in the event of
war being declared. The cruisers are
also instructed to break the French cable
between St. Pierre and Brest, France.

PUZAZLED ARBITRATORS.

Venezuelan Boundary Case Most Diffi-
cult Ever Submitted.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 7. — The Russian
official gazette reports the progress in
the Venezuelan question under Professor
Martens. Both Great Britain and Ven-
ezuela communicated historical documents
and maps to support their respective
claims in March last. The British case
comprised eight large volumes and an
enormous atlas, while the Venezuelan
case comprised four volumes and an at-
las.

The second phase of arbitration opened
in August, when each government had
in a counter-case to its opponent's
arguments. The members of the arbi-
tration court have received up to the
present time over 2,200 documents in
French, English and Dutch, covering
four centuries.

The official gazette says that judging
from the material thus presented, the dis-
cussion is the most difficult ever sub-
mitted to international arbitration. The
two governments must furnish the arbi-
trators their final conclusions, or printed
opinions, by noon, when the court will
begin the preliminary stage. The court
will hear verbal arguments in the spring
at Paris.

THE CUMBERLAND STABBING.

The Dead Jap Had Knife Driven
Through His Head — Wounded
Man Will Recover.

Nanaimo, Nov. 7. (Special) — Further
particulars in the fatal stabbing among
Japanese at Cumberland have been re-
ceived. The Jap stabbed was named
Mutan; and the man who is alleged to
have driven the knife through his head
has been arrested. The coroner's jury
returned a verdict of murder.

The Jap injured about the head and
shoulders will recover.

LANGWORTHY TRAGEDY.

Villain of Piece Dies Stricken with
Remorse at His Scorned
Wife's Death.

By Associated Press.

London, Nov. 7. — The famous Lang-
worthy case, which caused a great sen-
sation in England in 1887, has been re-
vived by the death of Mrs. Langworthy
and the suicide of her husband in the
Grand Hotel at Paris.

The wife was the heroine of extra-
ordinary proceedings, which William T.
Stead, to whom she appealed, exposed
in the Pall Mall Gazette. Her maiden
name was Mildred Long, and she was
a teacher in Paris when she met Lang-
worthy, a wealthy widower, who had
inherited £50,000, and to whom she had
been married in 1872.

Langworthy met Miss Long in 1882
and married her secretly in a Catholic
church at Caen. He afterwards went
to South America in his own steam
yacht, the Meteor. He constantly ill-
treated his wife, and when he learned
she was in a delicate condition of
health, he separated from her at
Buenos Ayres, declaring their marriage
null and void.

Thereupon Mrs. Langworthy returned
to her father and began proceedings
against her husband, who declared there
had been no lawful marriage between
them. The divorce court was obliged
to decide that the marriage was invalid,
but granted her alimony to the amount
of £1,200 per year, which was not paid.
Her husband fled from the country.
Eventually Mrs. Langworthy became
 penniless, and in despair
sought consolation in the arms of
Mr. Stead, who warmly championed her
cause in the Pall Mall Gazette, of which
he was then editor. All London be-
lieved in the infidelity of Mrs. Langworthy,
and subscriptions flowed in for
her assistance.

She then brought an action for breach
of promise of marriage against Mr.
Langworthy, which was settled by the
payment to her of £20,000 and the
granting of £500 yearly to her child,
Gladys.

The parties after that disappeared
from public view until the tragedy at
San Pedro de Macoris, where Mrs. Langworthy
recently committed suicide. He had
apparently been reconciled to his wife,
who died shortly before he destroyed
himself. Langworthy left a letter in
which he said he committed suicide on
account of his wife's death.

EXPLOSION AT WASHINGTON.

Gas in the Basement Works Harve
With the Supreme Court Room.

Washington, Nov. 7. — The United
States supreme court room, located near
the centre of the Capitol, is wrecked,
the valuable law library connected with
it is seriously damaged, and many of the
valuable records fled away in the
explosion which occurred in the
Capitol house have been destroyed. This is
the result of an explosion of gas which
occurred in the sub-basement of the
Capitol just beneath the supreme court
room at 5:20 yesterday afternoon.

The explosion destroyed the flooring
and entrance to the room immediately
below the supreme court room, and the
fire which followed communicated at
once to the law library. Twenty thousand
dollars had just been expended in improv-
ing the supreme court.

The water have left this
chamber, model of classic beauty, in a
sorry condition. The window and sash
of the fine old colonial windows flanking
the entrance to the room immediately
below the supreme court room, and the
carpets and draperies are soaked.
The interest of the justices,
their robes, etc., were found to be un-
injured. The main loss in the court
room was in the marble office and storage
rooms, where valuable old records are
kept. The extent of this last loss has
not yet been exactly determined.

THE FOUNDATION OF HEALTH.

Medical journals endorse and physicians
in the United States endorse. Salt.
The daily use of this standard English pre-
paration is essential to the health of
dyspeptics at 60 cents a large bottle. Trial
size 25 cents.

A RECORD IN BRITAIN

Ontario Liberals Have
Elected Their Candidate in
London.

Bribed Voters Required to Commit
Perjury So That Ballots
Might Be Seen.

Returning Officers Described as
Partisans Acting for Respond-
ent at His Request.

Special to the Colonist.

Toronto, Nov. 8. — Particulars in the
London election case filed by the Con-
servatives establish a new record in On-
tario trials in so far as they contain
86 charges of bribery, and cite instances
of offering meat, drink and refreshments
in number over 500.

In one case money is said to have been
given infants to influence fathers.
Half a dozen agents are alleged to
have conspired to get intending voters to
swear that they, the voters, could not
read or write, so that the ballots might
be seen, ensuring that they would vote
on the Liberal side as arranged, for
which the voters are alleged to have
received in some cases \$5 and \$3 in
others.

Lawyers, doctors, manufacturers and
relatives of Leys, the respondent, are
named as distributors of money alleged
to have been spent.
A sweeping charge is made that over
forty deputy returning officers were par-
tisans, acting for the respondent at his
request.

The respondent, it is alleged, prom-
ised the local Jewish congregation money
to erect a synagogue.

MOD

THE PIONEER.

Schooner Diana Reaches Home But With No Tidings of the Overdue Sealer.

Tempestuous Weather in the North Pacific - The Boscowitz Will Be Floated.

Instead of relieving the anxiety felt for the schooner Pioneer-or Pathfinder as she was formerly known-the news brought yesterday by the schooner Diana has rather increased the concern of those most interested in the fate of the vessel.

Though not wishing to create any alarm over the Pioneer, Captain Scarf has not much expectation that the schooner will ever reach port. One of the principal owners, Mr. Andrew Bechtel, however, is strongly of opinion that she is safe.

The steamer City of Kingston made her last trip for the present on the Victoria-Tacoma route yesterday and for the next two months will be in the hands of the engineers, boiler makers and carpenters, receiving new boilers and being otherwise improved.

AT THE MARINE RAILWAY. The company "Manasse" will this morning come off the Esquimaux marine railway, where she has been undergoing repairs and will be followed on by the C. P. N. Co.'s steamer "Tea", which is to be extensively altered.

THE BARBARA BOSOWITZ. Capt. Bissett, of the steamer Thistle, which has returned from the North, is of the belief that the Barbara Bosowitz can be saved and the purchaser, Mr. West, who with others bought the wreck for \$500, will be well rewarded for the wrecking operations now in progress.

WENT HALF WAY. Dutch Harbor was the half way point between Victoria and St. Michael to the river steamer City of Paris, which left on Monday morning.

NOVEMBER DIVING. SUCCESS, PROFIT AND PLEASURE WHEN DIAMOND DYES ARE USED.

Not one in twenty are free from some little ailment caused by friction. Use Carter's Little Liver Pills. The result will be a pleasant surprise. They give positive relief.

THE FULL COURT.

Van Volkenburg vs. Canadian Western Ranch Co. Allowed-Election Appeal Partly Argued.

The Full court had another sitting yesterday and disposed of a number of appeals.

Argument in McNeerhan vs. Archibald was heard, the appellant being assisted by Mr. Justice Irving and now appearing for the appellant (plaintiff) Mr. E. P. Davis, Q.C., for the respondent (defendant) Mr. Justice Irving.

THE PROTESTANT ORPHANAGE. Mrs. Walker's Resignation as Matron Accepted With Regret - Dangerous Dog.

The usual monthly meeting of the Protestant Orphanage of the British Columbia district was held yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. W. F. Haywood, Kent, Munroe, and Mesdames Denny and Higgins, Milne, Trotter, Denny and Andrews and Miss Carr.

AT THE MARINE RAILWAY. The company "Manasse" will this morning come off the Esquimaux marine railway, where she has been undergoing repairs and will be followed on by the C. P. N. Co.'s steamer "Tea", which is to be extensively altered.

THE BARBARA BOSOWITZ. Capt. Bissett, of the steamer Thistle, which has returned from the North, is of the belief that the Barbara Bosowitz can be saved and the purchaser, Mr. West, who with others bought the wreck for \$500, will be well rewarded for the wrecking operations now in progress.

WENT HALF WAY. Dutch Harbor was the half way point between Victoria and St. Michael to the river steamer City of Paris, which left on Monday morning.

NOVEMBER DIVING. SUCCESS, PROFIT AND PLEASURE WHEN DIAMOND DYES ARE USED.

Not one in twenty are free from some little ailment caused by friction. Use Carter's Little Liver Pills. The result will be a pleasant surprise. They give positive relief.

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA

Auction Sale of Mining Stock in Prospect - Mr. Bostock's Political Base.

Dry Sundays Prescribed for Rossland-Inquest on Victims of Sunset Gas.

The inquest over the remains of Patrick Nolan and William J. Cain, who were killed at Rossland in an accident at the Sunset No. 2, resulted in the verdict that death resulted from gas poisoning in the mine. The jurors recommended that the mining inspector and the government enforce the provisions of the mines inspection act.

THE PROTESTANT ORPHANAGE. Mrs. Walker's Resignation as Matron Accepted With Regret - Dangerous Dog.

AT THE MARINE RAILWAY. The company "Manasse" will this morning come off the Esquimaux marine railway, where she has been undergoing repairs and will be followed on by the C. P. N. Co.'s steamer "Tea", which is to be extensively altered.

THE BARBARA BOSOWITZ. Capt. Bissett, of the steamer Thistle, which has returned from the North, is of the belief that the Barbara Bosowitz can be saved and the purchaser, Mr. West, who with others bought the wreck for \$500, will be well rewarded for the wrecking operations now in progress.

WENT HALF WAY. Dutch Harbor was the half way point between Victoria and St. Michael to the river steamer City of Paris, which left on Monday morning.

NOVEMBER DIVING. SUCCESS, PROFIT AND PLEASURE WHEN DIAMOND DYES ARE USED.

Not one in twenty are free from some little ailment caused by friction. Use Carter's Little Liver Pills. The result will be a pleasant surprise. They give positive relief.

Not one in twenty are free from some little ailment caused by friction. Use Carter's Little Liver Pills. The result will be a pleasant surprise. They give positive relief.

THE STATE OF TRADE

Local Merchants Report Business Very Good in All Lines.

Large Orders Coming in Freely From Mining and Other Districts.

A better feeling prevails in Victoria business circles to-day than there has been for a number of years past. This is warranted not only by the increased trade that Victoria merchants are at present enjoying, but also by the prospects for the winter and spring, which were never brighter.

THE PROTESTANT ORPHANAGE. Mrs. Walker's Resignation as Matron Accepted With Regret - Dangerous Dog.

AT THE MARINE RAILWAY. The company "Manasse" will this morning come off the Esquimaux marine railway, where she has been undergoing repairs and will be followed on by the C. P. N. Co.'s steamer "Tea", which is to be extensively altered.

THE BARBARA BOSOWITZ. Capt. Bissett, of the steamer Thistle, which has returned from the North, is of the belief that the Barbara Bosowitz can be saved and the purchaser, Mr. West, who with others bought the wreck for \$500, will be well rewarded for the wrecking operations now in progress.

WENT HALF WAY. Dutch Harbor was the half way point between Victoria and St. Michael to the river steamer City of Paris, which left on Monday morning.

NOVEMBER DIVING. SUCCESS, PROFIT AND PLEASURE WHEN DIAMOND DYES ARE USED.

Not one in twenty are free from some little ailment caused by friction. Use Carter's Little Liver Pills. The result will be a pleasant surprise. They give positive relief.

Not one in twenty are free from some little ailment caused by friction. Use Carter's Little Liver Pills. The result will be a pleasant surprise. They give positive relief.

THE CORONER'S INQUEST.

Result of the Inquiry Into the Murder of Henry Smith.

The inquest on Henry Smith's body was held yesterday, and while the jury, from the evidence, had no opinion but to bring in a verdict that the killing was done by someone unknown, there was not the least doubt that Hammond was the murderer.

THE PROTESTANT ORPHANAGE. Mrs. Walker's Resignation as Matron Accepted With Regret - Dangerous Dog.

AT THE MARINE RAILWAY. The company "Manasse" will this morning come off the Esquimaux marine railway, where she has been undergoing repairs and will be followed on by the C. P. N. Co.'s steamer "Tea", which is to be extensively altered.

THE BARBARA BOSOWITZ. Capt. Bissett, of the steamer Thistle, which has returned from the North, is of the belief that the Barbara Bosowitz can be saved and the purchaser, Mr. West, who with others bought the wreck for \$500, will be well rewarded for the wrecking operations now in progress.

WENT HALF WAY. Dutch Harbor was the half way point between Victoria and St. Michael to the river steamer City of Paris, which left on Monday morning.

NOVEMBER DIVING. SUCCESS, PROFIT AND PLEASURE WHEN DIAMOND DYES ARE USED.

Not one in twenty are free from some little ailment caused by friction. Use Carter's Little Liver Pills. The result will be a pleasant surprise. They give positive relief.

Not one in twenty are free from some little ailment caused by friction. Use Carter's Little Liver Pills. The result will be a pleasant surprise. They give positive relief.

Not one in twenty are free from some little ailment caused by friction. Use Carter's Little Liver Pills. The result will be a pleasant surprise. They give positive relief.

THE STATE OF TRADE

Local Merchants Report Business Very Good in All Lines.

Large Orders Coming in Freely From Mining and Other Districts.

A better feeling prevails in Victoria business circles to-day than there has been for a number of years past. This is warranted not only by the increased trade that Victoria merchants are at present enjoying, but also by the prospects for the winter and spring, which were never brighter.

THE PROTESTANT ORPHANAGE. Mrs. Walker's Resignation as Matron Accepted With Regret - Dangerous Dog.

AT THE MARINE RAILWAY. The company "Manasse" will this morning come off the Esquimaux marine railway, where she has been undergoing repairs and will be followed on by the C. P. N. Co.'s steamer "Tea", which is to be extensively altered.

THE BARBARA BOSOWITZ. Capt. Bissett, of the steamer Thistle, which has returned from the North, is of the belief that the Barbara Bosowitz can be saved and the purchaser, Mr. West, who with others bought the wreck for \$500, will be well rewarded for the wrecking operations now in progress.

WENT HALF WAY. Dutch Harbor was the half way point between Victoria and St. Michael to the river steamer City of Paris, which left on Monday morning.

NOVEMBER DIVING. SUCCESS, PROFIT AND PLEASURE WHEN DIAMOND DYES ARE USED.

Not one in twenty are free from some little ailment caused by friction. Use Carter's Little Liver Pills. The result will be a pleasant surprise. They give positive relief.

Not one in twenty are free from some little ailment caused by friction. Use Carter's Little Liver Pills. The result will be a pleasant surprise. They give positive relief.

THE STATE OF TRADE

Local Merchants Report Business Very Good in All Lines.

Large Orders Coming in Freely From Mining and Other Districts.

A better feeling prevails in Victoria business circles to-day than there has been for a number of years past. This is warranted not only by the increased trade that Victoria merchants are at present enjoying, but also by the prospects for the winter and spring, which were never brighter.

THE PROTESTANT ORPHANAGE. Mrs. Walker's Resignation as Matron Accepted With Regret - Dangerous Dog.

AT THE MARINE RAILWAY. The company "Manasse" will this morning come off the Esquimaux marine railway, where she has been undergoing repairs and will be followed on by the C. P. N. Co.'s steamer "Tea", which is to be extensively altered.

THE BARBARA BOSOWITZ. Capt. Bissett, of the steamer Thistle, which has returned from the North, is of the belief that the Barbara Bosowitz can be saved and the purchaser, Mr. West, who with others bought the wreck for \$500, will be well rewarded for the wrecking operations now in progress.

WENT HALF WAY. Dutch Harbor was the half way point between Victoria and St. Michael to the river steamer City of Paris, which left on Monday morning.

NOVEMBER DIVING. SUCCESS, PROFIT AND PLEASURE WHEN DIAMOND DYES ARE USED.

Not one in twenty are free from some little ailment caused by friction. Use Carter's Little Liver Pills. The result will be a pleasant surprise. They give positive relief.

Not one in twenty are free from some little ailment caused by friction. Use Carter's Little Liver Pills. The result will be a pleasant surprise. They give positive relief.

Advertisement for Ross & Co. featuring various goods like flour, sugar, and other household items with prices listed.

Advertisement for Elephant Brand diamonds and jewelry, highlighting the quality and variety of their products.

Advertisement for Hood's Sarsaparilla, describing its benefits for various ailments and its effectiveness.

Advertisement for Carter's Little Liver Pills, detailing its use for liver and digestive issues.

Advertisement for Epps' Cocoa, emphasizing its health benefits and delicious taste.

Advertisement for Well Made Makes Well, promoting a health product for overall well-being.

Advertisement for the Registrar of the Land Registry Act, providing information on land transactions.

Advertisement for Epps' Cocoa, featuring a testimonial from a satisfied customer and highlighting its nutritional value.

The Colonist.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1898. THE PROSPECTS OF KOOTENAY.

The progress which Kootenay has made during the past season has exceeded the expectations of everyone. This splendid section of the province is going forward at a pace that will lead to surprising results in a very short time. An illustration of the progress being made may be noted that the shipments of ore from Rossland for the week ending October 29 were 4,415 tons, against 1,425 in the corresponding week last year. Eleven mines were shipping out of Rossland on October 29, and their total shipments since the beginning of the year had reached 91,523 tons. If the present rate of output is continued until the end of the year, the total for 1898 will be 131,258 tons, against 72,543 tons in 1897. It would be difficult to satisfy the man who would not be content with such expansion as this. We have not at hand similar details from the other sections of Kootenay, but know that they would make an excellent showing.

The completion of the Crow's Nest Pass railway to Kootenay lake will inaugurate a great period of activity in East Kootenay, besides contributing very greatly to the prosperity of the western section. The season's work has been a very successful one for prospectors, the number of finds being large and many of them being exceedingly promising. Much development work has been done on mines that have not yet entered the list of shippers, but will probably do so next year. We repeat that the progress of Kootenay during 1898 is such as surpasses all expectations, and gives promise of very remarkable strides in 1899.

THE ADVANCEMENT OF VICTORIA.

Any one who is at all conversant with the history of this city, will agree with the statement that Victoria needs more self-reliance and co-operation among its citizens. This is not a poor city by any means. There is not a poor citizen in the community. It is the headquarters of a large business. Why does it not advance more rapidly? It is making progress, but it might do better. At least there seems to be perfect unanimity of sentiment among the people on that score. Once a year Sir William Van Horne pays us a visit. Before he comes there is a good deal of talk about what he will be asked to do. When he comes he meets the Board of Trade, hears all our grievances, promises to take them into his consideration, and says good-bye. Sir William is an exceptionally diplomatic person. He gives no one an unwelcome answer. He has many subordinates, who bear the blame for everything that does not go just as the people of Victoria think it ought to. Sir William is also a very busy man. He has immense interests in his charge. He receives a very many delegations of various kinds in a year. If in a moment of frankness he should confess that he did not lose to and from his bed at night worrying out how he can help Victoria, the Colonist does not know that it would blame him for it. Just now the souls of some of our good people are yearning for a glimpse of the strong countenance of James J. Hill, of the Great Northern. If there is a man in the world who can say less in the same number of words than Sir William it is "Jim" Hill. Like the C. P. R. president, he is an excellent listener. He will let you tell him all you want to say, but he never tells you what you want to know. The Secret Service people used to interview him on every possible occasion, and these were many. He would hear them with becoming patience, give some sort of Delphic reply, and then gently hint that it would be a good plan if the Seattle people would try and do something to help themselves.

If the people of this city, instead of looking for some good fairy in the guise of a railway president to come across the mountains and shower down prosperity upon them, would get together and see what they can do themselves to help themselves, they would be surprised how much they would find they might accomplish. It is not necessary to make a great beginning. Co-operation in efforts to promote business prosperity acts just like a stone thrown into the water. The circles continue to widen steadily. We have no suggestion to cut and dried to what the people should unite upon. The solution of the problem is not so easy that one can sit down at a desk and think it out in a quarter of an hour. Interchange of ideas is needed. It is very curious how few people only think part way to any conclusion. That is all that most of us do. That is why, when a number of intelligent people get together and thrash out a subject, a wise conclusion is usually reached. Each man thinks a part of the way to the best result. Twenty-five earnest determined men of business experience, if they would meet occasionally and consult together, could discover ways and means of giving Victoria such an impetus as it has not had in twenty-five years.

Why does the News-Advertiser say that the opposition press desired to see until the latest possible day? The complaint of the opposition press has been that the house was not called together long ago. What descendant of Aanaiah and Sapphira has control of our esteemed contemporary's editorial column?

TECHNICAL EDUCATION.

Mr. Ian St. Clair sends the Colonist a letter dealing with technical education, and we print it this morning. His effort is a praiseworthy one. Undoubtedly the knowledge of a trade is of very great advantage to a young man. One of the great social evils of the last quarter of a century arises from the fact that a very large percentage of young men go out into the world without any special avocation. It does not follow that, because a youth learns to be a carpenter or a stone cutter, he must always work at those trades, but the fact that he is able to do so will often stand him in very good stead. Thousands of young men in Canada, if asked what they can do, will reply: "Anything," but if pressed to tell what they can do best will have to admit that they have not taken the trouble to learn anything thoroughly. Among men there are not many who can compare with the skilled mechanic. The man, who can take raw material and with the use of tools fashion something that people want, possesses a capital that nothing can deprive him of. He is not likely long to lack employment. A college education is an excellent thing, but for the purposes of nine out of ten of the youth of the country, the knowledge of a trade is better. If the two can be combined, the combination is of course preferable to either alone. The rush to the professions is to be deprecated. A successful lawyer or physician is in an enviable position, but an unsuccessful man in either of those professions is about as unappreciated as any one can be. His profession prevents him from doing things which he might readily do if he were an artisan, and will not because he would lose caste by doing them, but because it is absolutely essential, if a professional man expects to advance in his career, that he should not permit himself to become associated in the mind of the people with anything else than his profession, except it may be politics. The moment the public begin to think of a lawyer in connection with some other line of industry than the law, his chances of advancement begin to slip away. Ask any lawyer, who has engaged in journalism, and he will testify to the truth of this. It is the same with physicians. The younger members of these professions must work in very circumscribed limits. Unlike the young artisan, they cannot engage in something outside of the line of their business, while waiting for something in its line to develop.

We urge the boys of Victoria to seize upon any opportunity that may offer to acquire a technical education. It will certainly not hamper them in after life, and may prove immensely to their advantage, especially in a growing country like Canada.

THE RELIGION OF NEBUCHADNEZZAR.

Babylon was a great city twenty-three hundred years before Christ. It was built upon the site of a still more ancient city, and this upon the site of another. If we remember aright, there is reason to attribute an antiquity of at least 10,000 years to the most ancient tablets discovered in this remarkable series of ruins. The Babylon, of which sacred and profane history speak, is the newest of the cities, which, after an unequalled history for at least 3,000 years, fell into decay in the second century before the present era. This city was at the height of its grandeur in the time of Nebuchadnezzar, who reigned from 605 to 562 B. C., and made himself the emperor of West Asia and Egypt. His greatest ambition was the beautification of his capital, which he made unapproachable in its splendor. He enclosed it by a wall 55 miles long, with a height of 340 feet and a thickness of 85 feet. Two hundred and fifty towers were reared upon the wall, which was elevated by no less than 100 gates. Concerning the magnificence of the palaces of Babylon and its so-called hanging gardens, its wonderful temples, adorned with statues of gold, and its great system of canals, we must refer readers to any of the numerous works on the subject. Herodotus mentions that at the time of his visit, which was in the century following the reign of Nebuchadnezzar, and after the wall had been destroyed, Babylon was a city with broad streets and houses of three and four stories.

This brief sketch shows that Nebuchadnezzar's capital was the seat of a civilization evolved through many more years than that which we enjoy to-day. It was the home of art and science. It had its schools of philosophy. Its domestic affairs were managed with consummate skill. What was the religion of its people? The question is not very easily answered. The learned men, who have deciphered the tablets found among the ruins, give us the names of many deities. For example, the greatest temple in the city is said to have been dedicated to Merodach, but Merodach can hardly be said to have been regarded as a divinity. The name is that of a family of kings, who reigned about two hundred years before Nebuchadnezzar, and it is hardly possible that so great a monarch as the latter would have worshipped his predecessors whom he surpassed in magnificence. It seems more probable that the relation which Merodach bore to the theology of Babylon was something like that of the satins to Christian theology, and that temples were erected in his honor as shrines are erected in honor of the latter or great cathedrals are named after them. According to the narrative given in the Book of Daniel, Nebuchadnezzar had very different conceptions of religion to those that are commonly attributed to ancient nations. We find him telling Daniel: "I know that the spirit of the holy gods is in thee,"

and he closed his famous proclamation, given in the fourth chapter of Daniel, with an affirmation of his faith in the King of Heaven. There is reason for thinking that he was predisposed to accept the doctrine of a supreme deity, if indeed he did not hold it before he had received in his own person evidence that such a power existed. The chief god of the Babylonian people was called Sin, whose emblem was the moon, and who was regarded as superior even to the sun god. As the worship of the sun was purely materialistic, this recognition of a power superior to the orb of light indicates that the teachers of Babylon saw the spiritual side of man's relation to the universe. The latest discoveries identify the god Sin with the god An, and suggest that he is also probably identical with Jehovah. As was pointed out last Sunday in these columns, Abraham came out of the Kingdom of Babylon carrying with him the worship of Jehovah, whom Christendom worships to this day. It is quite probable that in Babylon thirty centuries before Christ, the people worshipped the same God as we do today, that is, they recognized the existence of a supreme spiritual head to the Universe. Possibly the masses of the people hardly appreciated the nature of their worship. Possibly they devised emblems to represent him. Doubtless they divided their worship with saints and demigods. And as human nature changes very slowly with the centuries, there is every likelihood that the ecclesiastics of that day built up a very elaborate system of creed and ceremonial. But the fact seems to be almost demonstrated that the foundation of the religion of Babylon was a belief in one supreme Deity. If we feel inclined to wonder at the manner in which he became a deity, we have only to attempt to think out now we would regard the nature of the Deity and our relations to Him, if it were not for the life and teachings of Christ.

Presumably, therefore, Nebuchadnezzar was not without instruction in the fundamental religion of his nation. Doubtless he conformed to all the superior requirements of the rites laid down by the priests and soothsayers, just as men to-day conform to ceremonies which they regard as non-essential, or as others do from an inherited belief in their efficacy. But with it all he had a sense that there was something higher and grander than the petty faith and elaborate ceremonial of the day, a belief in the "holy gods" of whom such men as Daniel taught. Nebuchadnezzar's conversion, as recorded in the chapter of Daniel above referred to, seems to have been simply a return to the original faith of his fathers. The great interest and value of such studies as this have is that they show that the belief in one supreme God is no modern fable, that its origin must be sought in a past age remote that longest lead-line of history has not yet sounded its depth; and in that they illustrate how, upon the simple belief in a supreme deity, human ingenuity can build structures so vast and elaborate that they hide the foundation altogether, and how much the world owes to Christ. The doctrine of universal brotherhood, the right to individual freedom, the obligation to universal charity, the institution of home with all its mighty influence for the betterment of mankind, the belief in a God who created the men and women to endure the trials of the present and face the uncertainties of the future without dread—these things we owe to the life and teachings of Christ. The religion of Nebuchadnezzar makes us the better able to appreciate the value of Christianity to the human race.

Caesar begins his commentaries with the observation that "All Gaul is divided into three parts." The resemblance in this particular to the most ancient country and the Brit party in British Columbia is evident to the most casual observer. That party is likewise divided into three parts, which are led respectively by Editor McLagan, Senator Templeman and Attorney-General Martin. An irrelevant correspondent says that this division suggests the World, the Flesh and the Devil. Naturally Mr. McLagan suggests the World, and Senator Templeman is a gentleman of good-sized physique. But where does the third partner come in?

An ingenious cipher has been discovered in connection with a recent bank robbery. Telegraphic messages were sent in plain words, but the first word was sent over the wire of one company and the next over the wire of another, the third over the first wire, the fourth over the second one, and so on. The party receiving them simply had to read first one word from one message and the next from the other to find out what was meant. Each message by itself was meaningless, and of course would defy any expert in deciphering.

A paragraph has already been printed about Major Marchand having offered to the Khalifa three French flags, saying that if they were hoisted at Omdurman the British would not attack him. The Khalifa's reply was not wired to Victoria, but it is given in other despatches as being to the effect that three Christian dogs had been sent against him; that he had killed one, namely Gordon, was about to kill the other, that is Kitchener, and would proceed to kill the other, namely, Marchand. It is a pretty story, whether it is true or not.

THE NORTHERN MAILS.

Mr. M. King, in the interview which we print to-day, says that sixty-five bags of mail for Yukon points are lying at Dyes, and have been there for some time, awaiting transportation to the Interior. We do not know who is immediately responsible for this state of things, but we would think the public will look to the post office department to explain how it came about. This is not a local matter. The mines in the Yukon represent people from every province of Canada and from nearly every part of the world. They have friends, who have had important messages to send them. Most of them have families, from whom they are anxious to hear. Every paper in Canada should call upon the postmaster-general to explain how this outrageous condition of things came about, and how he proposes to right the great wrong he has allowed to be done to the miners of the Yukon.

THE SALE OF CROWN LANDS.

What the News-Advertiser calls "a very radical change in the manner of dealing with the Crown lands" has been recently made. Before speaking of the new regulation, it may not be improper to say some observations regarding the action of the government in making any change at all. The public are familiar with the story of how the Semlin government came into power, and do not require to be reminded that it is not in temporary control of the assets of this province by the will of the people. Mr. Semlin is Premier, and his colleagues are Ministers, by the manner in which he and his colleagues have been elected to the office of Lieutenant-Governor, and as a makeshift pending the meeting of the legislature, and do not require to be reminded that it is not in temporary control of the assets of this province by the will of the people. Mr. Semlin is Premier, and his colleagues are Ministers, by the manner in which he and his colleagues have been elected to the office of Lieutenant-Governor, and as a makeshift pending the meeting of the legislature, and do not require to be reminded that it is not in temporary control of the assets of this province by the will of the people. Mr. Semlin is Premier, and his colleagues are Ministers, by the manner in which he and his colleagues have been elected to the office of Lieutenant-Governor, and as a makeshift pending the meeting of the legislature, and do not require to be reminded that it is not in temporary control of the assets of this province by the will of the people.

The change is made by a notice signed by Mr. Semlin as Chief Commissioner of Land and Works and is as follows: "Notice is hereby given that no lands or timber will be hereafter sold or disposed of by the government of British Columbia under special circumstances. Intending purchasers are advised to apply to the department of lands and works, showing special circumstances, before going to any expense. The use of the expression "disposed of" in this notice makes it cover pre-emptions by actual settlers. The News-Advertiser says "there will be no interference with the opportunities for pre-emption," but this language shows that the government claims the right to suspend the operation of the law pending the meeting of the legislature. The notice amounts to such a suspension, and the observation of the chief organ is a recognition of such a meaning. We protest that this is a high handed assumption of power by any government, and when taken by a ministry which has never received either popular or legislative endorsement, is an act of usurpation. We deny the right of the government to suspend the operation of the law pending the meeting of the legislature. If it claims such a power it is setting itself above the legislature, which has declared that any person may pre-empt vacant Crown lands, if it does not intend to claim that power, we can only say that Mr. Semlin's notice is most unhappily worded.

Applying the notice to sales other than those by way of pre-emption, it remains unjustifiable. The News-Advertiser tells us that the right of pre-emption is to be granted applications for the purchase of land was practically a dead letter under the late government. This is not the case. Our contemporary says that in practice every application, except for reserved lands, was allowed. What was the law on this point? It would be found in sub-section 3 of section 29 of the Crown Lands act, which reads thus:

The Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works after examination of the report of the survey, the field notes thereof, with the statutory declaration of the surveyor, and all other documents and information in relation to the application, if satisfied with the information and that it is not contrary to the public interest that the sale should be made (but not otherwise) shall name the price, based upon the classification provided for in the preceding sub-section, at which the land applied for may be sold to the applicant, and thereupon, but no sooner, the sale may be allowed to proceed.

This section gives the government all the authority which it possesses in the premises, and it is a right to decline to permit persons to purchase Crown lands under special circumstances. THE RIGHT TO REFUSE UNDER SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES IS NOT THE SAME AS THE RIGHT TO WITHHOLD ASSENT EXCEPT UNDER SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES. There is a real and important distinction. The legislature has declared that any man may purchase Crown lands, after complying with certain regulations, unless in the opinion of the government it is against public policy that he should be permitted to do so. This is the law. Every British subject has his right under that law. He has a right to take the land he wants and is ready to pay for, except its sale to him is not contrary to the public interest. The late government acted on the law and refused

any applications for the purchase of land because they thought it was not in the public interest that it should be sold. This was the case in regard to land on the Stikine last year. But subject to the right of the government to refuse his application when, by reason of special circumstances, it seems against the public interest that he should be allowed to do so, every British subject has a right to purchase land in British Columbia. This right the Semlin government now proposes to take away, and make the law as though it provided that no sales shall be made except for such reasons and to such persons as meet the approval of the government. This is a bold usurpation of authority. Such a notice might properly be given by a government which possessed the confidence of the house and the country, as a preliminary to proposed legislation that is, such a government, if it contemplated asking the legislature to change the law, might give notice that, pending such a change, it proposed only to permit sales to be made under special circumstances, but as a permanent change in the administration of the law, or rather in the law itself, a proposal brought into existence as that of Mr. Semlin was, it is an unprecedented stretch of power.

The notice does not tell the public what the government will regard as "special circumstances." Will what are considered sufficient for the benefit of the case of A. B. be considered sufficient in the case of C. D.? What part will political favor play in determining what circumstances are sufficient and what are not to warrant a sale of Crown lands? It is true that the law vests a discretion in the government, but this means a legal discretion, not a mere whim, notion, or desire to help a friend. The law contemplates that there shall be uniformity in the rules governing the sale of Crown lands; the government substitutes for this uniformity, its own notion, which may vary from day to day. This change is wholly at variance with British law and the British sense of the equality of all men before the law. It is one more proof that the News-Advertiser was right when it said that the British constitution did not apply to this province. The government has seized upon the Crown lands, and has declared its intention to parcel them out among those people whom it may see fit to favor, for which all the notice above quoted means.

Why will newspapers persist in printing "all right" as if it were one word, and worse than that in printing it "alright"? "Onto" is another abomination. There is never a case where "onto" either as a single word or as two words, singly, will always convey the meaning intended. "Onto" has got into the dictionary. The Century cites five authorities. One in Rider Haggard in the following sentence: "It is a very pleasant country seat, situated about two miles from the Frowning City, onto which it looks." As a matter of fact the phrase "onto which it looks" is bad English in the connection in which it is used, and hence authority for nothing. The second authority is the American Journal of Psychology, which speaks of past events being "joined onto" present ones. Surely "joined to present ones" would be quite as forcible and much more elegant. The third is where Charlotte Bronte makes one of her characters say that she is going "on to the leads"; but she uses the two words separately and one of them is clearly needless. This is a common colloquial error. The fourth is from the Biglow Papers, but that is not authority, being purposely written in outlandish style. The fifth is from Robert Elamere, where Mrs. Humphrey Ward says that one of her characters "subsidized onto the music bench." To subsidize either onto, on to, or upon a bench is very questionable English. "Subsidize" here used by Mrs. Ward is slang. She means that he became tranquil and sat down. If he had said "he subsidized upon" the bench she would have conveyed the same meaning. Thus we find that of the five authorities cited two are bad English, one is offensively outlandish and of the other two, in one the use of the compound is clearly unnecessary, and in the other the prepositions are both used but are not compounded. Better authority than these will be needed before "onto" will be accepted as elegant English.

We printed an extract from the Winnipeg Tribune in which it defined its position in regard to "keeping step" with its party. Its tone was of the right kind. The party papers keep step too closely with their party for its good or their own, not to speak of that of the country. We frequently find the leader of the opposition in parliament expressing his approval of something the government does, and often hear the leader of a government give his hearty endorsement of something advanced by the leader of the opposition. The same right extends to the press, and it is satisfactory to see the Tribune exhibit a determination to exercise it.

When the Hebrew Joseph became supreme in Egypt, he did not send for his brethren to take all the nice official snaps. Our Joseph pursues a different policy. Like a crowd who has discovered a particularly savory morsel, he sends his hoarse cry to his comrades in the woods and they come forth and get fat on the good things which fortune, in the guise of the Lieutenant-Governor, has placed within reach for a brief period. British Columbia welcomes Manitoba immigrants, but has hitherto not been offering them bonuses at the rate of \$200 a month.

THE SEALING QUESTION. Commenting upon an objection raised by the Hamilton Herald to the sale of the sealing fleet, that it will throw a number of persons out of employment, the Province says that there will be plenty of work for the men to do. We do not understand why the Province should take the trouble to say this. In the first place it is not true. There will be no work for very many of those who will be thrown out of employment if the schooners are sold. We refer now to the Indians, who form a considerable portion of the crews of the vessels. In the next place, if it were true, one would suppose that a British Columbia party would be the last to endeavor to create the impression that the sale of the sealing craft and the extinction of the industry would not be a lasting injury to the province. The Province and the gentleman, whose mouthpieces on public questions it is, would be better employed in endeavoring to discover what can be done for the benefit of that portion of British Columbia which will be the loser in the event of the abandonment of pelagic sealing.

900 DROPS. A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS & CHILDREN. Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC. Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep. Fac Simile Signature of Dr. J. C. Williams, NEW YORK. 35 Doses - 35 CENTS. EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA IS ON THE WRAPPER. Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else the plus or minus that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get G-A-S-T-O-R-I-A. The Doctor's Signature of Dr. J. C. Williams is on every wrapper.

THE NEW AGENT-GENERAL.

The provincial government has not only dismissed an experienced man from the position of agent-general for the province, but one who understands every part of the province very well. In its stead it has named a gentleman who whatever his other qualifications may be has had little or no opportunity of becoming informed from practical observation as to what the province is like. What British Columbia needs in London is a representative who can speak understandingly upon any question that may be asked him concerning the province, its business and resources. Such a man ought to be one who has spent at least several years here and thus been able to see for himself what the conditions are like. The ablest agent can accomplish very little, if his information is derivable wholly or chiefly from books. We hope the present arrangement is only temporary and that when the legislature has an opportunity of dealing with this subject, it will put the London office upon something like a proper foundation. This will cost something, of course, but we cannot hope to have the province properly represented in the world's metropolis without spending something.

The death of Harold Frederic, the newspaper correspondent, who was treated solely according to Christian science, has revived discussion as to that method of treating diseases. Christian science is very well in its place, but what authority can its professors cite for declining to make use of physical means to accomplish their desired ends? Christian science may be a fool just the same for refusing to swim, if he knew how.

The people of New Denver give notice that they mean to have a Queen's Birthday celebration next year. There is nothing like being in time.

SIGLKY WOMEN Find Health, Strength and Vigor in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Dodd's Kidney Pills are the Trust, Best Friend of Women of All Ages, From Girlhood to Old Age. Upon the women of Canada rests a tremendous responsibility. In their keeping is a great extent, lies the well-being of our future population. Upon them depends the strength or weakness of the men and women of the coming generations. Unhealthy mothers cannot bear healthy children. Unhealthy mothers do bear sickly, puny children, and such children grow up to be puny, unhealthy men and women, or else they die during their childhood or youth. It behooves the women of Canada, then, to retain their health and strength. Unfortunately there are a thousandfold more healthy than there are of those who suffer from Kidney Disease. Dodd's Kidney Pills have cured thousands of women of Kidney Disease and Female Complaints (the latter being, as a rule, merely different phases of Kidney Disease). Dodd's Kidney Pills root the disease out, and ensure a full and free supply of pure blood to make bone and muscle, nerve and brain, and all the organs of the body. Dodd's Kidney Pills are women's trust friends.

THE NEW AGENT-GENERAL.

The provincial government has not only dismissed an experienced man from the position of agent-general for the province, but one who understands every part of the province very well. In its stead it has named a gentleman who whatever his other qualifications may be has had little or no opportunity of becoming informed from practical observation as to what the province is like. What British Columbia needs in London is a representative who can speak understandingly upon any question that may be asked him concerning the province, its business and resources. Such a man ought to be one who has spent at least several years here and thus been able to see for himself what the conditions are like. The ablest agent can accomplish very little, if his information is derivable wholly or chiefly from books. We hope the present arrangement is only temporary and that when the legislature has an opportunity of dealing with this subject, it will put the London office upon something like a proper foundation. This will cost something, of course, but we cannot hope to have the province properly represented in the world's metropolis without spending something.

The death of Harold Frederic, the newspaper correspondent, who was treated solely according to Christian science, has revived discussion as to that method of treating diseases. Christian science is very well in its place, but what authority can its professors cite for declining to make use of physical means to accomplish their desired ends? Christian science may be a fool just the same for refusing to swim, if he knew how.

The people of New Denver give notice that they mean to have a Queen's Birthday celebration next year. There is nothing like being in time.

SIGLKY WOMEN Find Health, Strength and Vigor in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Dodd's Kidney Pills are the Trust, Best Friend of Women of All Ages, From Girlhood to Old Age. Upon the women of Canada rests a tremendous responsibility. In their keeping is a great extent, lies the well-being of our future population. Upon them depends the strength or weakness of the men and women of the coming generations. Unhealthy mothers cannot bear healthy children. Unhealthy mothers do bear sickly, puny children, and such children grow up to be puny, unhealthy men and women, or else they die during their childhood or youth. It behooves the women of Canada, then, to retain their health and strength. Unfortunately there are a thousandfold more healthy than there are of those who suffer from Kidney Disease. Dodd's Kidney Pills have cured thousands of women of Kidney Disease and Female Complaints (the latter being, as a rule, merely different phases of Kidney Disease). Dodd's Kidney Pills root the disease out, and ensure a full and free supply of pure blood to make bone and muscle, nerve and brain, and all the organs of the body. Dodd's Kidney Pills are women's trust friends.

THE VIEW FROM THE MOUNTAINS.

Mike King Country Disgraceful Northern grims

With his year Northern camps one in British Columbia approximate the than is Mr. M. Bennett lake. M. of the sturdiest lumbia has ever is known that he a personal examing country, Victoria anxious to know extent and worth It is, to put it in Atlia district will the enterprise of 'ing mine than Klondike. Fortu there perhaps in of figures, but a b tribut over the course naturally result of these new Bri grounds than for treasure land. In the first place is very much longer almost immediate pale of civilization for provisions and miners, is to come. Then, again, the b low-from but one the surface-uneab almost immediate while the mildness abundance of the me game, all coming region-for the free country, par excellen tadder for the plenitude of stand standing knee-deep the snowfall rarely twenty inches. He Nor must it be tak the statement that the Klondike for rich not quite a commercial. While in the Mr. King visited sev 2500 day to estimate ten, ten hours con day. Another miner some forty feet from creek just above the was packing his dirt realizing a net dirt quarter of a cent. King asked him for as to his very lowest claim, and after re assured that he had less than one ounce of ore, he turned to per work.

Still another pioneer leader is at the pice taria, has, in the tories, been working others, been from the creek, from the they have taken out their lumber, mill boxes and disposing of it to harvesting. Boulder creek enjo the unique distinct knowledge of the men. Its entire outp small divided betw alone as turning out nothing but chunks a similar pieces of ore. When Mr. King le 20th October, the p washing, and expect continue for a week eloquent testimony in length of the season. ore saving, cost him a 2-1/2 year cost with high grade dust, been equally fortun Taken on the whole gold fields have, great prospects in the ter of access they are ated, for with the m the Bennett and a heart of the mining d can experience the sil the death of the A. E. During the past seas charged for passage fr in 24 cents for the ore or 5 cents to discover this tariff will be m an immense distric doubt be established is to be won from the On the other hand, which they contain of of the field, for it has only fully commens an immense district, yet unexplored, which documents to the intel sufficiently well of At remain there. If the ture hunters would ta these men in their which to them count mine-hunting, all might prefer in many cases, low such will-be-wor rockers" and "deadma and the result is desor less disastrous disapp Speaking of the tr King brands as a self story received here a the old veterans, from Pasadena, throu trail and wandering in tory, unless they ch position maintain a is defined; while s and moras, none ex imagination of whoeve to the west.

At the present time, ranch Atlin is via Lak which point. Brooks' Camp, where their outfits enter on the ranch. Supplies of more cheaply by other; indeed, no other dress received serious the old veterans, with by Mr. King at has made a man's a trail, leaving Ashcroft unlucky day for him. It was October 20 w. Atlin, and all his horse, the greater part of

THE VIEW OF A VETERAN

Mike King Describes the Atlin Country as a Poor Miner's Paradise.

Disgraceful Inefficiency of the Northern Mail Service—Pillgrims of the Trails

With his years of experience in the Northern camps and mines, there is no one in British Columbia better fitted to appreciate the value of new country...

In the first place, the working season is very much longer. Secondly, the gold lands are not far away and beyond the pale of civilization...

Then, again, the bedrock running shallow from but one to eight feet below the surface enables the miner to work almost immediate profits on his labor...

Now must it be taken for granted from the statement that Atlin can never rival the Klondike for richness, that Atlin is not quite rich enough to satisfy the practical miner...

Still another pioneer of the Atlin district is Mr. J. C. Drewry, the managing director of the Canadian Gold Fields...

When Mr. King left Atlin on the 20th October, he was expected to be able to continue for a week or ten days longer...

On the other hand, there is not the slightest probability of the overcrowding of the field, for its rational prospecting has only fairly recently begun...

At the present time the best way to reach Atlin is via Lake Bennett, from which point steamer is taken...

plies had been exhausted. Hundreds, he declared, were struggling after him, scores and hundreds of whom would have reached the last of the gold...

The great complaint of the north is the want of mail facilities. The American contract with Mr. Ratten-Bennett was not yet in effect...

Now, however, there is no service at all, only the people of the North lament the ever-cumbersome news from home, with curses not loud, but deep.

HEROISM AT ROSSLAND.

Young Engineer's Daring Efforts to Rescue Men Overcome by Gas in Sunk Shaft.

William Cain, a miner aged about 40, residing with his wife and child on Rossland, was killed by gas...

Mr. Hunter claims that the case cannot be re-heard. The application for a writ of habeas corpus to meet the case, and though this was agreed to in court, Mrs. Leggart considers she is still aggrieved...

Mr. Harris proposes starting a 10,000 foot tunnel below Sandoz to cut clean through Noble Five mountain. A man of his name would be gained...

Resolved to Have Services Commemorating Twenty-fifth Year of the Church's Existence.

A quarter-century of existence will be completed by the Reformed Episcopal church on December 2. The synod which assembled recently in Philadelphia recommended that commemorative services should be held...

The initial number of the Ledger Monthly comes to us in an autumn cover of very great beauty. A wistful, dreamy, beautiful woman looks out of the cover of leaves in the brilliant colors of the October landscape...

Mr. Wright and Geo. S. Dawson returned this week from Omineca, where they have been working for the Forty-Third Milling & Mining Co. Col. Wright has been in charge of this work since the company first began prospecting...

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA

English Company Do Well at Ymir—Great Tunnel in Prospect—Silver Lead Smelting.

Omineca Attractive as a Field for Settlement as Well as for Mining.

Sandoz will have a continuation of the comique theatre. It was so decided when a vote was taken and the beer hall supporters won by four votes.

It is difficult to get men in the Slocan to cut wood, and in consequence there is said to be something like a wood famine in Sandoz.

Albert Clark, a freight brakeman, was on October 23rd employed by the passenger train from the west as it was coming into the Moberly station.

Mr. Hunter claims that the case cannot be re-heard. The application for a writ of habeas corpus to meet the case, and though this was agreed to in court, Mrs. Leggart considers she is still aggrieved...

SILVER LEAD SMELTING.

The Rossland Miner announces that Pilot Bay and Golden will soon be the scenes of extensive smelting operations.

Mr. Harris proposes starting a 10,000 foot tunnel below Sandoz to cut clean through Noble Five mountain. A man of his name would be gained...

Mr. Harris proposes starting a 10,000 foot tunnel below Sandoz to cut clean through Noble Five mountain. A man of his name would be gained...

TUNNELING IN SLOCAN.

"Up in Sandoz they are seriously contemplating the very serious work of a distance tunnel which has been talked of for years past," said James Dennistoun...

REFORMED EPISCOPAL SYNOD.

Resolved to Have Services Commemorating Twenty-fifth Year of the Church's Existence.

The initial number of the Ledger Monthly comes to us in an autumn cover of very great beauty. A wistful, dreamy, beautiful woman looks out of the cover of leaves in the brilliant colors of the October landscape...

THE LEDGER MONTHLY FOR NOVEMBER.

The initial number of the Ledger Monthly comes to us in an autumn cover of very great beauty. A wistful, dreamy, beautiful woman looks out of the cover of leaves in the brilliant colors of the October landscape...

COL. WRIGHT'S COMPANY.

Mr. Wright and Geo. S. Dawson returned this week from Omineca, where they have been working for the Forty-Third Milling & Mining Co. Col. Wright has been in charge of this work since the company first began prospecting...

BOARD OF ALDERMEN

Council Get Through the Business of the Weekly Meeting in Short Order.

Salaries of the Janitors of the Public Schools Ordered to Be Paid.

Last evening's meeting of the city council was an unusually short one, all the business being concluded by 9:30. There was a full board present.

The mayor addressed the council, recommending that Mr. Partridge, the rates collector, who has been ill for some time, be granted leave of absence until he recovers, without salary, and that Mr. Borde, the assistant collector, be made temporary collector at \$300 a month...

Ald. Wilson considered that the assistant was paid quite sufficient at present, while Ald. Kinsman suggested that one of the present officials might do some of the extra work.

The mayor did not think the system would be a success, as a night might be wanted in both offices at the same time. Ald. Wilson suggested that the water commissioner might take a hand in the approval of the contract...

A special committee, consisting of Ald. Williams, Bragg and Hall, were appointed to wait on Messrs. Dunsuir, the returning officer reported on the result of the fire department by-law.

Mr. H. B. Halded wrote that he had not paid his taxes, and that he was being done in the direction of removing the obstructions from David McGilivray's street...

The market superintendent submitted his report for October, showing receipts of \$28,300. G. Elliott, secretary of the board of fire underwriters, acknowledged the receipt of the clerk's letter on the subject of the fire department by-law...

The finance committee recommended that a special meeting of the council be held on Friday evening to take into consideration the by-law to provide for the allotment of the surplus revenue.

The estimates amendment by-law was reconsidered and finally passed. Ald. Humphrey moved, seconded by Ald. Williams, that the recommendation of the sanitary officer for the destruction of a shack in Chinatown be carried out.

Ald. Williams pointed out that the city engineer was responsible for the work which was being done on Broad street, and that the committee, who were held responsible by the Times.

Annual Sales over 6,000,000 Boxes. Beecham's Pills. FOR BILIOUS AND NERVOUS DISORDERS such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Giddiness, Fullness after meals, Headache, Dizziness, Constipation, Flatulence, Loss of Appetite, Costiveness, Itches on the Skin, Colic, Chills, Disturbed Sleep, Headaches, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations.

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE. BEECHAM'S PILLS, taken as directed, will quickly restore Females to health, will remove all obstructions or irregularities of the system, and cure sick Headaches, For a Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Disordered Liver, IN MEN, WOMEN OR CHILDREN Beecham's Pills are Without a Rival.

What better can you drink than JOHN JAMESON'S VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKY.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLOROZYNE. Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood stated publicly in court that Dr. J. Collis Browne was well known to the defendant...

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLOROZYNE is the best and most certain remedy in Cholera, Rheumatism, Etc. Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorozyne is prescribed in the development of cholera, and as soon as the development is detected, the expressed intention is to increase the size of the pill from 20 stamps to 80 stamps...

HOME WORK FOR FAMILIES

We want the services of a number of families to do knitting for us at home, whole or spare time. We furnish \$20 machines and supply the yarn free, and pay you for the work as sent in.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against Stephen Downes, late of Australia Ranch, Cariboo, farmer, who died on the 21st June, 1898, are required to send full particulars of their claims, duly verified, and of the nature of the securities (if any) held by them to J. A. Fraser, of Quesnelle, B. C., or to the undersigned, on or before the 30th day of January, 1899.

NOTICE.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to the 20th day of November, A.D. 1898, for the purchase of above section, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land in Cassiar District, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land in Cassiar District, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land in Cassiar District, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land in Cassiar District, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land in Cassiar District, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land in Cassiar District, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land in Cassiar District, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land in Cassiar District, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land in Cassiar District, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land in Cassiar District, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land in Cassiar District, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land in Cassiar District, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land in Cassiar District, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land in Cassiar District, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

NOTICE.

Section 100, Sooke District—Estate of the Late G. W. Brown, Deceased.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to the 20th day of November, A.D. 1898, for the purchase of above section, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land in Cassiar District, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land in Cassiar District, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land in Cassiar District, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land in Cassiar District, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land in Cassiar District, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land in Cassiar District, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land in Cassiar District, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land in Cassiar District, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land in Cassiar District, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land in Cassiar District, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land in Cassiar District, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land in Cassiar District, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land in Cassiar District, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land in Cassiar District, containing 117 acres, older bottom, and easily cleared. Good site for cannery, situated at the head of Bechey Bay.

