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THE PULLMAN BOYCOTT.

The Action of the Union Felt by the Northern and Southern Pacific.

Employees Ready to Handle All Trains Except Those Having Pullman.

Troubles on Other Lines Arising Out of Various Demands of Employees.

HELENA, Mont., June 28.—The first effects of the Pullman boycott were seen here yesterday. When the east-bound Northern Pacific train arrived the west-bound train was tied up at Livingston, and the superintendent of the Montana division ordered the east-bound train to be killed when it got to Helena. This was done, and the 200 passengers were scattered about the city sight-seeing. There has been no excitement, and everyone takes the situation good naturedly. On the Montana division, extending from Helena to Livingston, not a wheel is moving owing to the fact that the shopmen at the latter point have taken advantage of the Pullman boycott to present their demands for an increase of pay, and have gone out. There are a lot of tourists at Livingston and a big number in the National park who have been caught by the tie-up. From Helena west trains are operated. The Great Northern, which runs its own sleeping-cars, is running all right.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 28.—The American Railway Union men in the employ of the Southern Pacific have asserted their power. As a result of their attempt to enforce the Pullman boycott sleeping trains are tied up at every railway centre in the state, and there is every indication that the tie-up may be protracted. An official of the Southern Pacific Company declared that his people had made up their minds that if they are not to be allowed to run Pullman coaches they will not run trains at all. The local officers of the American Railway Union declare that the Pullman coaches must be withdrawn, and both sides seem to be prepared for a bitter and determined fight.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 28.—The local branch of the American Railway Union having considered the order of General President Debs, of the American Railway Union, decided to put it into effect. A message was sent to the officials of the Southern Pacific in San Francisco, notifying them that no Pullmans would be handled by members of the order. In the yards of the road, as soon as the hour referred to arrived, the men who had been cleaning Pullmans abandoned their work, and the half-finished coaches were left in the yards. The engineers in charge of the finished engines refused to pull the Pullman coaches, and the result was that the trains were running on the Santa Fe, owing to the Pullman boycott. Five trains are held at Raton, N.M., and one at La Junta, Colo. The company is determined not to move trains without the Pullmans, and has appealed to the Federal courts here and at Santa Fe, N.M., for protection. Marshals will be sent from Denver to La Junta, Colo., and from Santa Fe to Raton, N.M.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 28.—A committee from the American Union was sent to the Port of Calloway this afternoon to call out all the yard and engine-men. The yardmen of the Chicago & Alton road were ordered out during the afternoon. All the union men employed on the Alton road were ordered to go out on strike to-night. It is reported that 500 non-union men are on their way from San Francisco to take the place of the strikers.

COLUMBUS, O., June 28.—The committee of the employees of the Columbus, Hooking Valley & Toledo Railway called upon President White this morning and presented a demand for a 10 per cent increase in wages. It is made for a 10 per cent increase in wages that have been systematically cut during the past year. Office clerks, shop hands and trainmen are included in this list. The miners are in sympathy with the employees, and the company asserts they will not mine coal to move trains manned with non-union men. President White gave his reply this afternoon: "If the company is refused until normal conditions prevail, and there is no longer danger of a strike, when the company will restore the last ten cent cut and date it back to June." It is not believed that the employees will accept the terms offered by President White. The restoration of wages is under the auspices of the American Railway Union.

MILWAUKEE, June 28.—Receiver Henry C. Payne, of the Northern Pacific Railroad, said this afternoon that the receivers would do nothing to compel their employees to remain at work so long as the men do not interfere with the property of the trust estate. "There remains little for us to do," said he. "They have a perfect right to strike under the orders issued by Judge Jenks provided they do not interfere with the rights of the company as guaranteed by the laws. The privilege to quit was never denied them by the court." Asked whether the receivers would proceed to fill the men's places at once, Mr. Payne said that the matter was in the hands of General-Manager Kendrick, who had full power to act.

ST. PAUL, June 28.—A Northern Pacific switching crew refused to make up a train. The U. S. marshal sent half a dozen deputies to the yard. The Northern Pacific has posted notices calling the attention of the men to the fact that it owns a half interest in the Pullman cars, and warning them not to interfere with their operation.

LIVINGSTON, Mont., June 28.—All the employees of the Northern Pacific yards and shop hands have gone out. Not a train is moving in either direction. The American Railway Union has decided that one of the conditions of the strike would be the restoration of the wage schedule in force prior to January 1.

SACRAMENTO, June 28.—The Southern Pacific has been made to feel the American Railway Union boycott against all Pullman cars, when a passenger train running between this city and San Francisco, and carrying a Pullman sleeper for the benefit of Los Angeles passengers, was stalled in the yards. The American Railway Union is strong among the Southern Pacific employees. The east-bound passenger train was permitted to proceed, inasmuch as the American Railway Union had allowed the train to leave the Oakland yards, but the

CABLE NEWS.

Special Examinations of Canadian Cattle—The Death Duties Bill as Amended.

Cost of London Cab Drivers' Strike—Manchester Ship Canal—The New Cable.

LONDON, June 27.—The Board of Agriculture has given notice that the special examinations of Canadian cattle, which have been proceeding since the middle of May, will cease this week. Eight suspicious cows have been sent to London for further examination. Professor Hunting has seen two of the cases, and he reports that their appearance is similar to that of the cases which he examined in 1893 and found contagious; though the nature of the present cases is somewhat similar to that of the contagious cases. Professor Hunting has pointed out the difference to the Board of Agriculture.

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HOW THE STAGE WAS BOBBED.

Just how the Carleton stage robber did his work last Monday is described by Mr. Phelps, a well known resident of the upper country now in Victoria. He was a passenger on the 150 on the wagonette held up, sharing the driver's seat, there being also one other passenger "inside." The stage left the 150 Mile House at daybreak, and the lone highwayman made his appearance about half-an-hour later, a little after 3 o'clock, stepping from the bush into the middle of the road and covering the driver with his rifle, at the same time commanding him to "hold up."

The driver did so, and he and Mr. Phelps had plenty of opportunity to observe the robber. He was a tall man, of about nine or ten, very quick and agile. His grey eyes were sharp and keen, and seen through two holes in a hastily constructed mask made from a piece of gunny sack which completely covered his face and hands. The hands which held the rifle quivered as though the highwayman were very nervous, though his voice was calm.

As soon as the stage had been brought to a standstill he ordered the driver to throw out the express box. "I can't do it," was the reply, "it's tucked away behind. You'd better get it out for yourself."

"Don't get funny now," was the reply, "throw out the way bag then."

The driver informed him that it, too, was tucked away behind, and he was then instructed to "hold up" about it.

While lifting out the box and bag the driver made an ineffectual attempt to get at his revolver, which was in his hip pocket, but the robber anticipated the action and took good care to prevent its accomplishment.

In the meantime the inside passenger, thinking there was likely to be "some shooting," had started down the road on a run; he was the recipient of a moment's attention from the highwayman, who brought his rifle to bear on him, soon had him back on the stage.

As soon as the express box and mail sack had been taken from the stage was allowed to proceed. It is Mr. Phelps' opinion that the robber expected to possess himself of some of the Horse Fly gold, which, however, had not yet commenced to come down. He is believed to be the same man who stopped the stage only a short time ago, when he brought the driver to bear on him, soon had him back on the stage.

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ENTHUSIASTIC MEETING.

Mr. John Bryden Has a Splendid Reception at Englishman's River.

The Opposition Candidate Completely Nonplussed—The Government Policy Endorsed.

ENGLISHMAN'S RIVER, June 27, via Nanaimo, June 28.—(Special)—The schoolhouse at Englishman's River was crowded to the very doors this afternoon, it being previously advertised that Mr. Bryden would hold a meeting at that place. Mr. Pillar was voted to the chair, and in a few brief remarks stated that they had to-day the privilege of having both Mr. Bryden, the government candidate, and Mr. Smith, the opposition candidate, to address them. He hoped the audience would give the various speakers their careful attention.

Mr. Bryden upon rising was greeted with such loud and prolonged applause that he was for some time unable to speak. He briefly stated that he had allowed himself to be nominated not to endorse all the government may have done or might do, but to carry out his address or platform to the very letter. He forcibly showed up Mr. Smith, who had stated at a meeting at Wellington that the present survey made by the E. & N. Railway Co. to Comox was a farce and was just for the election. Mr. Bryden went on to say that the E. & N. Railway had on two or three previous occasions started on a surveying expedition, for the purpose of locating the good or bad, high or low lands, so that purchasers when going to the land office at Victoria would have pointed out to them the condition of the land as the case might be.

After disposing of the various charges made by Mr. Smith against Mr. Bryden and the government, of which Mr. Smith was unable to make any defence, Mr. Bryden went on to illustrate and comment upon his platform, taking it plank by plank. He further stated that the Davis government was a progressive government, and he felt sure, taking it with all its faults and all its virtues, it was a government that every British subject ought to be proud of and to look upon. The manner in which the business of the province was conducted in the last session was indeed a convincing proof that the reins of power had been placed in trustworthy hands. He went on to show that the finances of the province had been very properly managed, and demonstrated the progressive spirit of the Davis administration.

Mr. Bryden, who had now been speaking for some time, asked if anyone had any questions to ask, to which he received a responsive "No." He then thanked the audience for their kind attention, and took his seat amid cheers and great applause, which lasted for several minutes.

Mr. Smith, the opposition candidate, but very little to say and received no applause whatever. He endorsed Mr. Bryden's platform and said if he followed it up he would convert the province into a paradise. He dealt with the National and Dominion Railways and said he was not responsible for what Mr. Forster might have said concerning the government. His remarks throughout were brief.

H. A. Dillon, the next speaker, said "You will be glad to hear that the province has been in the province thirty-two years ago, and I think he will make an able representative." John Horrobin addressed the audience with but little or no effect, they being anxious to hear Mr. Bryden's supporters only. He said Mr. Smith's whole interests were in the province.

"Shout!" he has none." Mr. Alex. Sharp, amidst great applause, replied to Mr. Bryden in an able manner. He showed the progress the province had made under the Davis government, and dealt extensively with the financial question, showing the indebtedness of some of the cities as compared with that of the province. After speaking for about thirty minutes he took his seat amid loud cheering.

Mr. William Lee, of Englishman's River, who supported the government and Mr. Bryden, said that the opposition had done nothing for the past four years they had been in power; but he believed Mr. Bryden, having an extensive experience, would attend to the wants of the district, adding that Englishman's River did not want any more opposition.

A vote of thanks to the chairman brought the proceedings to a close, the audience dispersing with three hearty cheers for Mr. Bryden.

IN THE CLOUDBURST.

(From the Montreal Witness.)

Sir Henry Gore Booth has reached Montreal after an exciting experience on the C. P. R. from Vancouver. He rather liked it all, but the cloudburst and the broken bridges, which they came perilously near falling into, were perhaps a little trying on the nerves.

Sir Henry is the bearer to Sir William Van Horne of a vote of thanks, passed unanimously by the passengers of the train, appreciative of the courtesy and resource of the C.P.R. officials, from the highest to the lowest, along the route.

It was on June 2 that Sir Henry started to come to Montreal. He only reached the commercial metropolis last night. To be sure, he took the boat from Winnipeg, and had a look at Niagara Falls, but from Vancouver to Calgary was a journey to remember. The fire that was the cloudburst. The train passed through it. There was a breathless, awful moment, and then—safety.

But one had not well recovered from this terror till another one stalked before them. A little out of Ashcroft the bridge had broken down. The train was thundering on, and all would have been precipitated to a depth of twenty feet. But the engineer, who was a capable fellow, received warning in time; the engine was stopped; and all went well. But the passengers had to go back to Ashcroft and remain all Thursday morning.

The next move was to Kamloops. Here the track was flooded. A pilot engine was sent in advance, but disappearing within the flood, the engineer was within an ace of losing his life. Here there was another stop till Tuesday morning. The passengers were provided for by the company, whose officials showed a fertility of resource which excited

WISCONSIN WIRINGS.

Winnipeg, June 27.—(Special)—The funeral of Archbishop Tache to-day was largely attended. Bishop LaSalle, of Three Rivers, preached the sermon. There was no procession, the interment taking place in the vault below the church.

The Rockwood Liberals have passed a resolution endorsing Messrs. Laurier and Martin as the delegates appointed to select a candidate for Lisgar.

The Synod of the Anglican diocese of Rupert's Land opened this morning. Archbishop Tache in his opening address on church work referred to religious instruction in schools and to the late Archbishop Tache.

An unknown man was killed by falling from a C.P.R. freight train at Vermillion Bay to-day.

WINNIPEG, June 28.—(Special)—A severe hail storm damaged the crops in the vicinity of Sewell and Manchester yesterday.

Stewart Mulvey has been appointed a police magistrate for Winnipeg.

A proposition is on foot to move the Archbishop's seat from St. Boniface to Winnipeg before Archbishop Tache's successor is appointed.

PLAYING INDIANS.

CAMDEN, N.J., June 27.—Charles Benny, a 12-year-old boy, who was burned at the stake by some companions several months ago while playing Indians, died yesterday in the Homeopathic hospital. Benny, together with five or six boys of his own age, went out on the meadows and began to play Indians. One of the boys suggested that one of them be burned at the stake just as Indians used to do. It was finally decided that Benny should be the one burned. The flames soon began to close on Benny, and when the boys saw what they had done they became frightened, and instead of trying to save Benny they ran away. Benny was terribly burned before he was released by some men who were passing and happened to see the boy afire.

The boy was taken to the hospital where he has remained since. Skin grafting was tried without success. The boy who inflicted the injuries on young Benny were all arrested, and are now in the Reform school at Jamesburg.

FAILURES AND LIABILITIES.

NEW YORK, June 28.—R. G. Dun & Co. say that no correct statement of the failures for June or the half year is yet possible, but the weekly returns show a gratifying improvement over last year. In June the failures have been about 950, and in the half year about 7,100. The aggregate of commercial liabilities only, with a part of June ending, has been \$18,183,465, against \$13,515,760 in May. At the end of the liabilities were about \$48,000,000; at the west, \$28,000,000, and at the south, \$25,000,000. The cleared returns show about \$41,000,000 of manufacturing, and \$20,000,000 of trading liabilities. In Canada the failures, the half of June ending, were 1,032, and the commercial liabilities were over \$9,000,000, about \$6,200,000 being of trading character. This week the failures have been 21 in the U.S., against 307 last year; and 35 in Canada, against 27 last year.

ONTARIO POLITICS.

TORONTO, June 28.—(Special)—The government has appointed C. F. Fraser, late Commissioner of Public Works, to be inspector of registry offices. Hon. Mr. Drury has been made sheriff of Simcoe; Dr. Gilmore, ex-member for West York, has been appointed registrar for East and North Middlesex; Dr. McMahon, ex-member for North West York, stamp distributor at Osgoode Hall, Toronto; N. A. Belmont, of Ottawa, clerk of the peace and county crown attorney for Carleton, and F. W. Mowton, of Hamilton, sheriff of Westworth.

Crediting West Algoma to the government, the standing of the parties for the Ontario Legislature is now: 48 Liberals, 27 Conservatives, 16 Patrons, 1 Independent, and 2 P.P.'s.

WESTMINSTER PENITENTIARY.

NEW WESTMINSTER, June 28.—(Special)—The Royal Commission on penitentiary affairs was continued to-day. Instructor Miller testified that 4,000 flour sacks had been taken away by order of the Deputy Warden. The only other witness was Deputy Warden Fitzsimmons, who denied every charge preferred against him, but admitted many irregularities. He contradicted Judge McCraith's statement regarding the keeping of the latter's horse, claiming that the Judge did not pay for the horse's keep, but gave him the money to be spent on charity.

FAST ATLANTIC SERVICE.

MONTREAL, June 28.—(Special)—In an interview regarding the proposed fast Atlantic service yesterday, Sir William Van Horne said an Atlantic steamship service of the highest class was one of the very greatest needs of the country, and he had no doubt of its success if properly established and handled.

Wood's and Only Hood's. Are you weak and weary overworked and tired? Hood's Sarsaparilla medicine will give you purity and quicken your blood and give you appetite and strength. If you do not take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not expect to buy any other. Any effort to substitute another remedy is proof of the merit of Hood's.

Wood's Pills are the best after-dinner Pills, assist digestion, cure headache, dry a box.

BRAMPTON, June 28.—Dr. Robinson, Liberal, has retired from the contest in favor of the Patron candidate, E. J. J. J.

COLONIAL CONFERENCE.

Inaugurated Under the Most Enthusiastic and Encouraging Auspices.

The Governor-General's Welcome—Speeches of Lord Jersey and Other Visitors.

General Desire Manifested For More Intimate Relations—Banquet to the Delegates.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, June 28.—The great colonial conference opened to-day with an amount of excitement unprecedented in Canada. Ottawa put on a festive air for the occasion, and flags and bunting were flying from a hundred buildings. The Senate chamber was crowded to the doors by a brilliant assemblage.

Lord Aberdeen took the chair promptly at eleven o'clock, being followed into the chamber by the delegates in order of seniority. While in Canada they are the guests of the government. The Governor-General delivered a warm welcome and said the occasion on which they had assembled was likely to prove a memorable one. He trusted that the deliberations would result in benefits to the Empire of Great Britain.

Sir John Thompson delivered a happy speech in welcoming the delegates on behalf of the Dominion government. As on previous occasions Colonial delegates had exchanged pledges over the grievances, to-day they pledged anew their faith in the progress and development of this great Empire which they represented. (Loud cheers.)

The Earl of Jersey returned thanks for the hearty welcome which had been accorded the delegates. The historian liked to mark the epochs of peace, and they might thank the Earl of Jersey for the opening of an epoch which should be fruitful in, although the former conference had been to perfect arrangements for protection in time of war. He expressed himself as in full sympathy with the objects of the conference, and declared his confidence that the delegates had done to bring the Northern and Southern parts of the Empire together, and praised the enterprise which had built the C.P.R. (Applause.) He thought it was a happy occasion for the opening of the conference that the good wishes and smiles (indicating the galleries) of the fairest ones of Canada should look down upon us (loud applause) and the delegates took the earliest opportunity to offer them their homage and respectful admiration. In conclusion he expressed his assurance that they would spend a pleasant time in Ottawa, after the reception they had received.

Lord Jersey's speech was acknowledged to be the speech of the occasion.

Hon. Nicholas Fitzgerald, representing Tasmania, followed. He referred to the picturesque scenery of his colony and its foremost position in loyalty and devotion for extended trade relations with the rest of the Empire. It was an auspicious day on which they met, being the anniversary of the severance of the ties which had bound the conference would be fruitful in the world's blessings of trade and commerce. He concluded by endorsing the sentiments of his countrymen, saying that he hoped the conference would be productive of much good to the colonies and the empire.

Hon. Mr. Suter, of New South Wales, and Mr. De Villiers, of the Cape of Good Hope, then called upon and made pleasing replies.

Hon. Thomas Playford, of South Australia, dwelt in a business like manner upon the possibilities of the extension of trade between his country and Canada.

A. L. A. of Ontario was followed by Hon. Simon Fraser for Victoria. After Mr. Thyne, of Queensland had spoken, Mr. A. L. A. moved. "That a committee be appointed to prepare a list of resolutions for presentation to the conference to Her Majesty the Queen on the occasion of her having attained the 50th anniversary of her coronation." This was done and a resolution on those lines was adopted by the conference, Lord Aberdeen expressing his heartfelt pleasure it would give him to forward it to Her Majesty and assuring them beforehand of his gracious reception.

The meeting broke up by singing "God Save the Queen."

The banquet given by the Canadian government to the Imperial and Colonial delegates was a most successful function. Three hundred gentlemen—senators, members of parliament, representatives of boards of trade, etc., were present. The speeches were characterized by expressions of loyalty, and devotion to the Queen and motherland, and the desire for preferential trade arrangements within the Empire were strongly expressed. Several Australian spokes of the great object lesson which United Canada furnished to the world, and said they should return home strengthened in the determination to work for the federation of the Australian colonies. A reference to Hon. Cecil Rhodes evoked tremendous cheering.

Wheat in Chicago.

CHICAGO, June 28.—The close on wheat to-day was one-eighth of a cent higher than yesterday, but the market throughout the entire session, and until within a few minutes of the end of the day's trading, was decidedly weak, and prices ruled one-quarter to three-quarters cents under Thursday's figures. The rally came about through the sale of 15,000 bushels of cash wheat by Sellers, who afterwards posted in the market a buy order of futures. The Liverpool closing prices were opposed to a decline, although early in the market at that point the weak and lower. Private advices report the close to be firm, owing to a falling off in supplies. There was a continued liquidation of "long" wheat to-day. July received the most attention in that respect, although there was plenty of offerings of September. The weather was one of the leading factors on the "bear" side.

TORONTO, June 28.—It is stated that the general manager of the Standard Bank has been offered to James C. Plummer, assistant general manager of the Bank of Commerce.





The Colonist

FRIDAY, JULY 6, 1894.

THE POLICY OF MURDER.

Tragedies such as took place in Lyons on Sunday are unhappily not confined to any age or to any country. There have been bloody-minded men everywhere since the world's history began.

What will the anarchists, if Cæsar Santos is an anarchist, gain by the murder of the President of the Republic of France. Another President has been already elected, and in all probability he will not be so moderate, so humane, or so kindly as the man who was so foully and so wantonly murdered.

It is indeed not at all unlikely that the nations will combine to stamp out a combination which they may regard as a conspiracy against society and civilization.

Now that the results of the Ontario elections are known it is not a little amusing to read the calculations, the assurances and the predictions that are contained in the Ontario newspapers published a week or so ago.

General Kinnohant has gone to Cariboo under the auspices of the Vancouver Advertiser. That paper does its very best to make the way smooth for the Major General.

From the latest reports it also appears to be probable that Major-General Kinnohant will agree to be his colleague on the Opposition ticket. If this should be the case, the people of Cariboo in particular and the Opposition party generally are to be congratulated.

If the electors of Cariboo can resist this seductive offer of unlimited capital and a railway—two things of which they stand greatly in need—their political virtue must be indeed unconquerable; or they can have

no faith in the glowing representations and the promises of the Opposition organ. The intention to bribe the electors of Cariboo is conspicuous in every line of the above extract. The tempter evidently knows what the district of Cariboo most requires for the development of its resources and the enrichment of its inhabitants, and he offers the bribe which is most attractive.

INCOERCIBLE.

The courage of the Columbian is almost if not quite phenomenal. It is a courage of a bad sort, it is true, but one can hardly help admiring it. It was only the other day that our contemporary was convicted of the most impudent and malignant lying about a matter that was within the field of observation of its editor and his staff.

The Vancouver World comments upon the fact that neither the News-Advertiser nor the Victoria Times has deemed it prudent to publish Mr. Gordon's letter addressed to the people of British Columbia.

It is a tacit confession that in their estimation at least no reply satisfactory to honest and fair-minded men can be made to the statements of fact contained in that letter. It also shows that they do not wish the electors of the Province to know the true nature of the man whom the Opposition in this Province have chosen as their leader.

General Kinnohant has gone to Cariboo under the auspices of the Vancouver Advertiser. That paper does its very best to make the way smooth for the Major General. In fact its recommendation of the military candidate is a curiosity in its way. It is, if we do not very greatly mistake, a good deal more than a mere curiosity; it is as barefaced an attempt as was ever made to bribe a constituency. In order to see how openly the Vancouver purist goes about bribing when it is its interest to bribe, we reproduce below the News-Advertiser's offer:

Mr. Schon as a young man, with a possible future before him, might have known better than to lend himself as a tool for any party or class of people to go so far from home into a territory where he is unknown to worthy representatives of the pioneer mining section of the Province—old Cariboo. His election would prove of great importance to Cariboo, since his personal qualifications and standing and his connections in Great Britain would undoubtedly be of great service to the interests of the constituency.

The heads of a panther and a wolf, shot at Gordon Meadows, Esquimalt, this week, were yesterday brought in to the city.

THE BOYS' TURN Comes With The Third Day of the Closing Exercises in the Schools.

James Bay Ward Presents a Somewhat Novel and Pleasing Programme.

Notwithstanding the fact that the various schools have been giving their closing exercises during the entire week, the attendance increases with each day. Yesterday morning the James Bay school held their final examinations and suspended work for the holidays. It was concluded that the old schoolhouse would not be large enough to hold those who would attend the ceremonies, so the South Park building was used instead.

At the conclusion of this programme the lists of promotions were read and the prizes awarded to the lucky competitors. Trustees Lovell and Glover made a few remarks upon the work of the year, and complimented the school on the very excellent showing made. They hoped that there would be no abating of the efforts on the part of the pupils, and they knew there would be none on the part of the teachers.

The special prizes annually presented by the Minister of Education for competition among the schools were captured this year by Miss Alice Cronin, who made a record of 620 marks out of a possible 700. She was closely followed by Master J. A. Richards, about 8 years old, and who has only been two terms in the school.

The entire programme was promptly and cleverly executed, the club singing especially calling out a vigorous encore. Inspector Burns acted as chairman of the meeting. The teachers of the school desire to express their sincere thanks to the various friends who thoughtfully sent prizes and so many beautiful bouquets of flowers.

From the latest reports it also appears to be probable that Major-General Kinnohant will agree to be his colleague on the Opposition ticket. If this should be the case, the people of Cariboo in particular and the Opposition party generally are to be congratulated.

Mr. Schon as a young man, with a possible future before him, might have known better than to lend himself as a tool for any party or class of people to go so far from home into a territory where he is unknown to worthy representatives of the pioneer mining section of the Province—old Cariboo. His election would prove of great importance to Cariboo, since his personal qualifications and standing and his connections in Great Britain would undoubtedly be of great service to the interests of the constituency.

The heads of a panther and a wolf, shot at Gordon Meadows, Esquimalt, this week, were yesterday brought in to the city.

would not give up but try harder than ever next year. Rev. J. B. Haslam advised the boys to strive for a sound mind in a sound body, and aim to excel in their games in their lessons. Trustee Macdonald had something to say about many boys. He did not think it was a mark of manhood to use tobacco, to swear or to gamble, and he hoped that none of the boys present would do any of these things.

Promoted to the High School—Joseph Hinmuth, Frederick Egan, R. H. B. Nettieberry. Promoted to the Junior Third to Senior Third—Alice Cronin, Joseph A. Richards, Florence Jackson, Herbert Wendry, Mary Tait, Orville Kipling, Keta Shears, W. L. Woolcock, David Kipling and Katie Beattie.

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General Kinnohant has gone to Cariboo under the auspices of the Vancouver Advertiser. That paper does its very best to make the way smooth for the Major General. In fact its recommendation of the military candidate is a curiosity in its way. It is, if we do not very greatly mistake, a good deal more than a mere curiosity; it is as barefaced an attempt as was ever made to bribe a constituency. In order to see how openly the Vancouver purist goes about bribing when it is its interest to bribe, we reproduce below the News-Advertiser's offer:

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Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report.

There was to have been elections of North V. Wednesday night, but Mr. Booth's candidature, and Captain Robertson's opposition man, were to form. A number of people went out, and the Premier's surdity of his Mr. Booth's.

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EVERY PAIR GUARANTEED. ADDRESS SAN FRANCISCO CAL.





JUBILEE HOSPITAL.

What Was Done at the Annual Meeting of Subscribers Yesterday.

Reports Presented, the President's Address and Election of New Directors.

The subscribers of the Royal Jubilee Hospital held their annual meeting yesterday afternoon in the city hall, the president, Mr. Charles Hayward, in the chair.

After the adoption of the minutes, the directors' report for the year was read as follows:

DIRECTOR'S REPORT.

"Ladies and Gentlemen:—The directors beg to submit the fourth annual report of the institution for the information of the donors, subscribers and public generally.

"Owing to the depressed state of business in the city during the past year the revenue of the hospital has suffered considerably, and in March last an arrangement was made with the city council to place a by-law before the citizens for a loan of \$35,000, which has since been carried by a large majority. In January last, the late Hon. J. D. Pemberton bequeathed the magnificent sum of \$2,000 to the institution, which was largely supplemented by Mrs. J. D. Pemberton by a donation of \$500. The Board, to express their appreciation of such a munificent gift, have decided to erect a maternity ward (plans of which are now being prepared), to be named the 'Pemberton ward.'

"The estimate for the year ending on the 31st of May 1894, has not been reached, the amount received this year being under \$5,000.

"The drainage of the hospital is still a source of much anxiety to the directors, and it is to be hoped now that the city have attended to this matter, that the hospital is still done with coal oil, but it is hoped the city will now see its way to adopt electric light or gas. The item of laundry is still heavy, but until proper drainage is adopted by the city and laundry established at the hospital, this cost is not likely to be materially lessened, owing to the enormous amount of work done at the institution.

"The report of the resident medical officer shows a very large list of out-patients treated numbering 245, and 506 out-patients. Dr. Richardson, the resident medical officer, has continued their earnest efforts in every way during the past year, and the harmonious working of the whole staff under his control is worthy of all commendation; the training school for nurses in active operations, and is fully staffed in his report.

"The honorary treasurer's statement of accounts and report is likewise appended, as also that of the auditor, and giving a complete statement of the financial standing of the institution to the 31st May, 1894. The list of donations has considerably fallen off from the previous year, owing no doubt, as stated before, to depression in business.

"The directors beg again to thank all the visiting medical officers for their great attention at all times, and their indefatigable exertions on all occasions to promote the welfare and popularity of the institution. The directors beg also to thank the very numerous donors of gifts of every description.

"The thanks of the Board are also due to the King's Daughters for fully furnishing a set apart for the care of sick children; to the D. G. Society for their successful concert and bazaar in aid of the funds of the hospital; to the Arion club; the Ladies' Auxiliary, who have at all times and in many ways assisted the Board; and to Messrs. Yates & Co. for the use of their room for holding the meetings of the Board.

"In conclusion, the directors confidently appeal to the general public for a continuance of their liberality, and although the expenses may appear heavy yet the great amount of good work done at the institution can only be obtained by an efficient staff and thorough equipment.

"All of which is respectfully submitted."

"H. M. YATES, Secretary."

On motion of Mr. N. Shakespear, seconded by Mr. H. Saunders, the report was adopted.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

"The honorary treasurer begs to submit his fourth annual financial statement of the provincial Royal Jubilee hospital to 31st May, 1894.

"The balance on hand at the commencement of the fiscal year at the Bank of British Columbia was \$429.59 and in the hands of the honorary secretary \$3.23, or a total of \$432.82, as for the 31st May, 1894, there was the sum of \$49.63 in the hands of the institution in the same bank and \$19.12 in the hands of the honorary treasurer, or a total of \$68.75.

"Any remarks on my part of the new arrangement in this annual report will be quite unnecessary; I would only remark that the city will now have the benefit of representation on the directorate of this great institution.

"The report of the auditor, Mr. E. E. Wylie, is herewith appended. The honorary treasurer begs to thank his co-directors for their assistance and suggestions at various times. A further financial statement will be issued by the present board of directors has been re-arranged after the 30th June, 1894.

(Sgd.) WILLIAM M. CRUDLEY, "Honorary Secretary."

Victoria, B.C., June 19, 1894.

AUDITOR'S REPORT.

"Having examined the books and accounts of the Royal Jubilee Hospital for the twelve months ending the 31st day of May, 1894, I hereby certify that the same are correct and in order, all receipts of cash having been duly entered, and all items of expenditure charged accounted for by their corresponding vouchers. And the credits balance at 31st day of May, 1894, were as follows, viz:

"In Bank of British Columbia as per pass book, \$68.75.

In the hands of the Honorary Treasurer, \$19.12. (Sgd.) CHARLES G. WYLIE, Auditor.

ABSTRACT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE FROM 31ST MAY, 1893, TO 31ST MAY, 1894.

To balance on hand 31st May, 1893, at Bank B.C. Co. \$432.82

To balance in hands of the treasurer, \$19.12

Total \$451.94

To cash found in city hall box, \$2.55

To Home (at French hospital) from B.C. Corporation, 300.00

To Government, 100.00

To Annual grant, \$3,000.00

To rent from Mrs. Pemberton, 10,000.00

To rent from Mrs. Pemberton, 2,000.00

To cash from patients, 69.50

To cash from patients, 131.20

To cash from patients, 125.00

To cash from patients, 25.00

To city corporation, annual grant, 2,000.00

To city corporation for furniture at Old Man's Home, as agreed, \$5.00

To First Presbyterian church (from Mr. Fortman), 12.75

To water supplied isolation hospital, 7.75

To cash found in hospital door box, 9.95

To cash proceeds of bazaar, 658.10

To cash proceeds of O. Society's bazaar concert, 358.33

To cash per Dr. Hasell for lecture on Anemia, 50.00

To hospital sundry collections: Pandora street church (Methodist), \$20.00; George road church (Methodist), \$20.00; Episcopalian, \$25.00; St. James' church (Episcopalian), \$25.00; St. John's church (Episcopalian), \$25.00; St. Saviour's church (Episcopalian), \$25.00; St. Andrew's church (Presbyterian), \$25.00; St. Paul's church (Presbyterian), \$25.00; Victoria West (Presbyterian), \$25.00.

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The Colonist

FRIDAY, JULY 6, 1894.

THE OPPOSITION MEETING.

The meeting in the interests of the Opposition held in Victoria West last evening appears to have been only remarkable for the number of glaringly false statements contained in the addresses of the candidates, in the comfortable assurance that their untruthfulness could not be immediately exposed, as no opportunity to speak was to be afforded anyone favoring the Government. Mr. Dutton, in seeking to use as a weapon against Mr. Rithet the employment so considerably found by him for a number of workmen during the distress of last winter, further misrepresented the facts, and merely cast a slur upon the quality of the meal which Mr. Rithet generously provided for the workmen. He falsely stated Mr. Turner's position with regard to the Chinese in the canneries; and he libelled the Lands and Works department in the allegation that dishonorable advantage is taken of information conveyed by intending pre-emptors. Dr. Milne, however, of whom something better might have been expected, even more grossly violated the truth. Ignoring the finding of the Royal Commission, before which he had not the courage to go with any representations whatever, he juggled the Nakam & Sloan figures in the attempt to show that the plan now being carried out, and plainly proved to be the cheaper, is in reality dearer than that for which it was so wisely substituted. He represented the money spent in excess of the appropriations or roads, streets and bridges as recklessly squandered, while there is not any evidence whatever that a dollar of the amount was misapplied; and he sought to create the impression that the House had no opportunity of pronouncing upon the expenditure, while the fact is that it was expressly sanctioned after the explanations made by the Government at the ensuing session. His most remarkable use of suppression of the truth, however, was in relation to the \$600,000 loan, which he compared with the recent loan effected by the city of Victoria without the explanation which honesty and truth required, that in one case the interest offered was 3 per cent. and in the other 4 1/2. He seemingly trusted that his audience would not be sufficiently familiar with the details of floating loans to know that, both the borrowers being of sound reputation financially, the rate of interest offered had everything to do with the price obtained. By covert insinuation, so baseless that it is almost foolish to give it circulation, he sought to create the impression that the stock-broking house with which the son of the Agent General is connected had been unfairly favored in the handling of the loans. When the Opposition speakers are bold enough to so flagrantly violate the truth on public platforms when no immediate reply is expected, what must be the nature of the statements they make in private?

THE OPPOSITION'S POLICY.

The Opposition have no policy so far as the management of the affairs of the Province is concerned except a very feeble imitation of the policy of the present Government. But they have a well pronounced policy in the conduct of the election campaign. It is a policy of falsehood and trickery, their organs lie about everything and resort to all kinds of shabby tricks to win votes. So addicted are they to falsehood that it is not safe to believe a single statement that appears in the Opposition newspapers relative to the doings and the sayings of politicians and the political condition of the Province. It seems impossible for any of them to give a true version of what happens at public meetings. One of them invents and publishes a falsehood, and all the others copy it as if it were well-established truth. That a lie is an impossible one gives the inventor and publisher of it no concern at all. If it involves the reading of a man's thoughts and the knowing of his intentions it is published with as much confidence as if it were a statement of facts readily discernible and easily proved. The News-Advertiser, which now competes in falsehood with the Westminster Columbian, in its issue of July 2, says: "The four which the Minister of Finance, Mr. Turner, has just concluded through several of the constituencies on the Lower Fraser, has destroyed any lingering hope that he may have had when he came up from Victoria of the Government's being sustained by the people." How could the News-Advertiser tell what Mr. Turner entertained of the Government being sustained by the people? How can it by any possibility find out whether or not they have been destroyed. Yet the News-Advertiser makes positive assertions as to what can only be known to Mr. Turner himself. The editor of the News-Advertiser evidently takes for granted that none of its readers will see the absurdity of anyone taking upon himself to read Mr. Turner's thoughts, and for the sake of creating the impression that the Opposition will be sure to win in the present contest, he unhesitatingly arrogates to himself the attribute of omniscience. After some statements which could only be honestly made by a man who has the power to read men's thoughts it ventures an assertion relative to a matter which is to some extent provable. He states without qualification that "the masses of the people in Victoria are giving unmistakable evidence that they are still opposed to the administration of Mr. Davis." As every one in Victoria knows that "the masses" are giving no such evidence but that the indications are all the other way. The meeting at Chilliwack in which Mr. Williams, one of the Opposition candidates for Vancouver, was shamed into silence by the indignant electors for his mis-

representation of Col. Baker's labors on the Fraser is in the same paper spoken of as a Government meeting which was carried by the Opposition. It states that Mr. Williams was absolutely satisfied with the hearing he received. The monotony of straight lying is broken by predictions so manifestly false and assurances so clearly fictitious that they could not by any possibility be made by a man who had the slightest scruple as to the means he uses to deceive the people. It remains to be seen whether or not the policy of deception and falsehood will be in any degree successful. We believe that it will not. We have a higher opinion of the intelligence of the electors of British Columbia than to believe that they can be deceived by gross falsehood and transparent trickery.

DONNYBROOKISM.

Principal Grant, in a letter which he recently wrote on the political situation in Ontario, said: "Woe to our province and to Canada when statesmen fancy that grave problems can be solved in Donnybrook fashion; farewell to our hopes of building up a British Canadian nation." These are words which the electors of this Province would do well to take to heart. There have been manifestations in more places than one in British Columbia lately of the Donnybrook spirit, and the chief apostle of Donnybrookism has been, we are ashamed to say a Minister of the Presbyterian Church. Nothing can be further from the principles of genuine Presbyterianism than the election tricks resorted to and encouraged by the Rev. Mr. Maxwell in Vancouver. We leave the sober-minded electors, no matter to what party they may belong, to imagine the state the country would be in if demagogues as they would like to wield. The country would be in a state of harmful agitation from one year's end to the other, and public men instead of devoting all their energies to devise means to improve the condition of the country would waste their time in studying how they could please the clerical demagogue and the crowd to whom he panders. We do trust that the vote in Vancouver, Westminster and elsewhere will be a rebuke of the severest and most effectual kind to all, whether clergymen or laymen who resort to Donnybrook methods and who place dependence on the Donnybrook policy. If those methods are continued and that policy practiced, British Columbians may rest assured that the "woe" against which Principal Grant warns the people will come upon them and counteract every refining and elevating influence that may be at work to improve the people.

A FAIR DIVIDE.

There are some agitators in the Province who are doing their utmost to set the Island against the Mainland, and the Mainland against the Island. These men do not care a button how much harm they do, or how much ill-feeling they create. All that they desire is to get votes for the Opposition, no matter by what means. A scurrilous electioneering broadsheet, the authorship of which is by no means difficult to discern, tries in the meanest and most dishonest way to create the impression that the Government has in the matter of redistribution favored the Island at the expense of the Mainland. In order to show how fairly the representation has been apportioned between the two sections we will give our readers a few figures easily authenticated from public documents. We find by the census that in 1891 the white inhabitants of the Province were 65,527. The number of members in the Legislative Assembly is thirty-three. This gives an average of 1,986 inhabitants for each member.

There are on the Mainland 37,293 white inhabitants. That section of the Province sends to the Legislature nineteen members. This gives to each member a constituency of 1,962. On the Island there is a white population of 27,997. They are represented in the Legislature by fourteen members, being one member for every 1,999.9 inhabitants. This apportionment is as nearly mathematically fair as it is possible to make it. Compare the figures: The Province has one member for every 1,986 inhabitants. The Mainland one for every 1,962 inhabitants. The Island one for every 1,999.9 inhabitants.

We see from this that the difference between the representation is too insignificant to be worth mentioning, but what difference there is in favor of the Mainland. There is, however, absolutely no grounds as far as representation is concerned for jealousy between the two sections. The men therefore who are endeavoring to excite jealousy between Island and Mainland are nothing better than unprincipled mischief makers. It is a reproach that there is among them at least one clergyman. In taking the part he does in the present electoral contest he will soon find that he is his own worst enemy.

A BOLD ATTEMPT TO DECEIVE.

It is well known that Dr. Milne is not by any means a brilliant man, but he is supposed to be a paragon of honesty. But whatever reputation he had for honesty in political matters he certainly forfeited on Tuesday evening. He was then guilty of a piece of deception as impudent as it was shallow. Like the other members of the Opposition he did what he could to belittle and to damage the credit of the Province. Closing a one-sided and not by any means clear criticism of the loans effected by the Finance Minister, he is reported in the Times to have said: "It can readily be reckoned that our

bonds are not 91 but 87. This cannot be said to be a good showing when compared with even local bonds. Victoria City sold some of her bonds the other day above par, while the provincial bonds only realized 87." It will be observed that in making this comparison Dr. Milne did not say a single word about the rates of interest. This omission could not by any chance have been accidental. To quote the prices of stocks without mentioning the rates per cent. is an act so manifestly stupid or so transparently dishonest that a man of Dr. Milne's standing and in Dr. Milne's position cannot be supposed to have unwittingly committed it. If Dr. Milne had said that the interest on British Columbia stock was only 3 per cent., while the bonds with which he compared them bore 4 1/2 per cent. interest, any man who had the least knowledge of business would have seen that there was nothing whatever to admire in the latter being sold at par. Assuming, what we are not at all prepared to admit, that the Doctor's figures are correct, the city in order to make a good bargain as the Finance Minister did ought to have received a high premium on its bonds instead of a paltry bonus of a miserable \$900. Dr. Milne ought to have told his audience, if he wanted to deal fairly with the men who composed it, that British Columbia 3 per cent. inscribed stock was quoted on the 13th of the present month in the London money market, not at 87, but at 93. This means that the man who wants British Columbia Government stock bearing interest at only 3 per cent. must give \$93 for every hundred pounds of stock he purchases. It is now in order for Dr. Milne to tell the electors of Victoria why he made a comparison between the securities of the Government and the bonds of the city without saying a word about the rate per cent. that each bears. Was this glaring suppression of the truth caused by dishonesty or by stupidity?

NOBODY TO VOTE FOR.

We are not surprised to find that thoughtful and well-versed men of the late Opposition deplore the want of good men among those who have undertaken to lead the Opposition to the present Government. There is not among these latter a single man of any experience in the conduct of public affairs, or of even fair natural ability. The new men have repudiated the Hon. Mr. Beaven, and to tell the truth, he has given evidence that he has outstayed his time in the political arena. As for Mr. F. C. Cotton, it would be the merest folly to trust him if his abilities were far greater than they appear to be. As for the other men who are ambitious to represent the people, not one of them has given evidence that he has any of the qualities that an eminent public man should possess, and many of them have shown very clearly that so far from being competent to lead, they are not fit intelligently and prudently to follow a leader. Let any man of intelligence go over the whole roll of Opposition candidates, and he will find that we have rather understated than overrated the unpleasant and unwelcome truth.

When enquiry is made, it will be found that the sensible and experienced men even of the Opposition have no faith in the persons who have placed themselves at the head of their party. They regard many of them as presumptuous blockheads and ignoramus whose ambition is very far indeed ahead of their ability. So far from feeling proud of them and being glad that an opportunity has been afforded them to vote for them they feel humiliated to think that such men have forced themselves to the front rank of their party, and they are ashamed to admit that the party feeling is strong enough to prevail upon them to vote for them. If some of the Opposition candidates knew what the men of their own party think of them and say about them they would not, if they had the least spirit, feel proud that they are candidates for legislative honors. Yet it is these men of whom many of their own party are ashamed who predict that they are going to sweep the Province. They cannot believe what they say. They are not so hopelessly stupid as not to see how they are regarded by the men of their own party and they are not so infatuated as to believe that men who despise them and have no faith in them will cast their ballots for them on election day.

Advices from the Mainland are to the effect, and these are to a large degree confirmed by newspaper reports, that the campaign in the Lower Mainland has degenerated into a crusade against the Island and Victoria in particular. The issues are the meanest and lowest which can be imported into politics, viz: personal slanders, sectionalism and ecclesiarism. The names of Beaven and Milne, as politicians, are received everywhere with ridicule and contempt, and alliance with them is openly repudiated on the platform. There seems to be absolutely no respect for truth or honesty, and every trick is being resorted to and every kind of statement manufactured of which unscrupulous politicians are capable. It has been decided to defeat the Government at any cost or at any sacrifice of principle if the same is possible. Nicolai C. Sobou has been hired to contest East Kootenay against Col. Baker, and Major-General Kinchast, Cariboo, who was repudiated and cast off by the labor organizations of Victoria and Vancouver, and who recently wished to negotiate with the Government for the support of the clique here now represented, has been sent up to Yale; James McGee, who has been the butt of Vancouver audiences for the past five or six years, appearing alternately on one side and

the other, has gone to help Sobou; Mr. Bowser, the spry but politically dis-appointed lawyer, another Vancouverite, is off to Yale to fight Mr. Martin.

These men, who have nothing more to recommend them than a "gift of the gab," who are all strangers to the people they have gone to talk to and who are nearly all, comparatively speaking, strangers to the Province and its politics, have but one mission to perform, and that is to inflame the public mind with prejudice. They have no standing to lose and are entirely without scruples as to the methods they employ.

It is a strange sight in a country like this to see men of this stamp, claiming for their leader a man whose unscrupulous methods have placed him in an unfavorable position, endeavoring to run this Province and obtain control of its finances. The Times referred a short time ago to what it was pleased to call "the Davis scheme" in reference to the Government scheme for assisting the Fraser River settlers and inaugurating a comprehensive system of dyking; but a pretty carnival would ensue with Messrs. Cotton, Daval, McGee, Maxwell, and a host of their ilk, at the head of affairs in British Columbia. No wonder that a prominent British financier telegraphed back after a brief visit to this Province that if the Opposition were returned it would greatly injure the credit of British Columbia.

There is fortunately no danger of the Opposition being returned, but it is the duty of every self-respecting citizen of this Province, irrespective of political lines, to rise and record his vote as an emphatic protest against the attempts to place the government in the hands of a heterogeneous combination and an "omnium gatherum" such as are opposing the present administration.

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BAD BLOOD CAUSES Bolls, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores, Scrofula & Skin Diseases. B.B.B. CURES BAD BLOOD



DEAN BRAS—I was covered with pimples and small sores after continuing no relief from a doctor's tried remedies without success until Sunday I was given 2 of a bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters. By the use of which the sores were sent flying in about one week's time. I trust my name never to be without B.B.B. in the house, and I can highly recommend it to all.

FRED CARTER, HANEY, B. C. I can answer for the truth of the above. T. C. CHRISTIAN, HANEY, B. C.

IF YOUR TONGUE IS COATED YOU NEED THEM 25 CENTS A BOX. ESELEY'S LIVER LOZENGES. They are not a cure all, but are the best medicine known for Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Pimples, Sallowness, and all disorders arising from impure blood or sluggish liver.

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Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLOROZYNE. Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Pater Woods stated publicly in court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the inventor of Chlorozyne and that the whole story of the defendant's discovery was literally untrue, and he regretted to say that it had been sworn to in the Times, July 15, 1884.

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Table with 2 columns: Name and Tons. Lists coal exports from various locations like Pioneer, Port Townsend, etc.

GREAT INDUSTRIAL ENTERPRISE WHICH WILL BEYOND EXTENSIVE LEAD MANUFACTURE Local and Foreign Have Consolidated Kootenay... The most important been taken in the development of the mining region of the Kootenay in the announcement of negotiations for the acquisition of all interests of the Kootenay Smelting Co., and the Kootenay Reduction Co. The corporation of these interests in (chiefly through the exertions of Mr. H. H. Hendryx of New York) to exist with a paid-up capital of \$2,000,000, and the object of the enterprise is to acquire complete control of the lead and silver mines of the Kootenay region, and to manufacture and smelt a considerable quantity of lead and silver. The first action of the company will be to acquire the Kootenay Smelting Co., which are to be operated for the entire Kootenay region. The completion of the Kootenay Smelting Co. is the purpose of those who are interested in the Kootenay region. The Kootenay Smelting Co. is a large and important enterprise, and its completion will be a great benefit to the Kootenay region. The Kootenay Smelting Co. is a large and important enterprise, and its completion will be a great benefit to the Kootenay region. The Kootenay Smelting Co. is a large and important enterprise, and its completion will be a great benefit to the Kootenay region.



The Colonist

FRIDAY, JULY 6, 1894.

THE OPPOSITION LEADER.

Nothing has been said by the leading men of the Opposition in Victoria about a leader for their party. In Vancouver and other places where the Opposition feel themselves strong, speakers do not hesitate to regard as the Hon. Mr. Beaven as the leader of the Opposition. They speak of that gentleman in a very contemptuous way and recognize Mr. F. C. Cotton as their leader. It would appear that the former admirers of Mr. Beaven acquiesce in the deposition of their old leader, for they have not protested against it, neither have they publicly at any rate—repudiated the leadership of Mr. Cotton. Under ordinary circumstances this would be a matter of very little consequence, but there are considerations which make it surprising that some of the Opposition party in different parts of the province do not repudiate Mr. Cotton as leader more promptly and more emphatically than the late Independents do Mr. Beaven. It might be supposed that they would consider that they owed it to themselves as well as to their party to refuse to be looked upon as the followers and partisans of Mr. F. C. Cotton.

A DISHONORABLE OPPONENT.

Mr. A. Williams did not appear to advantage, either as a gentleman or an honorable opponent, when he tried to lead the electors of Chilliwack to believe that Colonel Baker's object in exerting himself to relieve the necessities of the sufferers by the flood was to gain voters, and when he read what purported to be an extract from a private letter to deepen the impression he was endeavoring to make. Mr. Williams knew perfectly well that the Provincial Secretary was doing what was simply his duty when he personally superintended the distribution of relief to the settlers. It was work that could not be properly left to subordinates. If Colonel Baker had hurried away to Kootenay immediately after the dissolution, and left the work of relieving the settlers to hirings, or if he postponed it until the flood had abated, would not Mr. Williams have denounced him and the Government of which he is a member at every public meeting at which he spoke for heartlessness and neglect? And he would have good grounds for his strictures, no matter how severe they might be. But to try to make capital out of his efforts to help the settlers and to organize a system under which they could get seed for a new crop as soon as the ground was fit to receive it, was an example of mean and pettifogging politics which is fortunately very seldom seen in this or any other country. It is on a par with the discreditable effort of the Columbia to lead the public to believe that the supplies sent by Col. Baker were not fit to be used.

We do not wonder that the honest farmers of Chilliwack showed in a very emphatic manner that they did not approve of the contemptible methods of both the lawyer politician and the newspaper editor. With such an exhibition of the contemptible methods of the Opposition before them, it is not surprising that the electors of Chilliwack do not look with favor on its representative man, Mr. Kitchen. It is the testimony of all who had opportunities of observation that Col. Baker nobly did his duty in the valley of the Fraser in a trying time in more senses than one. His conduct was that of a zealous servant of the people and a large and tender-hearted man, and we are glad to know that his services are appreciated by those whom he was sent to help. Mr. Williams and men of his calibre and his spirit will find it impossible to prejudice the farmers of the Fraser against the man whose every act when he was among them showed that he was actuated by something higher and better than a desire to further the interests of a political party.

WORK, NOT BOASTING.

The supporters of the Government will not, we trust, pay any attention to the election predictions and assurances which they see in the newspapers. They should bear in mind the saying of Sir John Macdonald, that "the two most uncertain things in the world are an election and a horse race." As no one can read the minds of his fellow-countrymen, near and remote, so no one can pronounce with anything like certainty on the result of an election. There is only one way in which the elector can ensure the return of the Government candidates, and that is by voting right himself and by doing all he can to get those over whom he has any influence to vote right too. When any member of a party acts as if the result of the election depends upon the way in which he votes and works, that party is sure to give a good account of itself at the polls. Guessing and calculating go for very little when the votes are being counted, but honest voting and intelligent working go for a very great deal. It is far better for each individual voter to consider the result of the election uncertain until the last moment than to be cocksure and waste valuable time and needed energy in bragging and prophesying. Nothing is easier than for a man to deceive himself as to the prospects of his party and there are some who believe that it is equally easy to deceive others. But bragging does not deviously so much in the way of encouraging friends or discouraging opponents as many appear to imagine. In fact often has an effect exactly the opposite of that hoped for by the booster. It makes those who believe him too confident and it stimulates his opponents to greater exertions. Those then who do not want to hurt their own cause and at the same time to spur up their opponents will do very little bragging or prophesying.

THE PULLMAN STRIKE.

The strike, or boycott, which has thrown the railways of the Western and Northwestern States into confusion is a very singular one. The Pullman Car Company, according to the representations of the leading members of the firm, have been forced, owing to the business depression, to lower the wages of their employees. They did everything they could to keep their workshops in operation, even to taking contracts for less than what they knew were paying prices. In order to prevent them losing more than they could bear they were forced to cut down the wages of their work-people. They had either to do that or close their workshops altogether. But the men would not submit to the reduction and declared a strike. The Company were, in consequence, forced to close their workshops.

The American Railway Union then, it appears, took up the case of the Pullman employes and directed its members not to handle Pullman cars in any way or to work on trains of which such cars formed a part. Obedience to this order on the part of the train hands of the different roads led to serious disagreements with other railway companies and these disagreements have caused complications, the end of which it is difficult to foresee. The American newspapers are full of accounts of strikes on railroads and of attempts to bring about a better understanding between the companies and their employes. So far there is no sign of their coming to an agreement. The companies are endeavoring to run their trains by non-union men and men whose unions are not connected with the American Railway Union, and the strikers are simply standing by inactive. There has as yet been no violence on either side. The receivers who are in charge of the Northern Pacific have taken measures to assert the authority of the court whose agents they are.

The whole issue of the success or failure of this great strike, says the Seattle Post-Intelligencer, "therefore rests upon the ability of the railway companies to secure competent men to take the place of those who refuse to handle Pullman cars. If they are able to do this the strike will fall, or will degenerate into a lawless attack upon the rights of companies. If they are unable to do it within a reasonable length of time, the chances are that the strikers will succeed so far as the temporary operation of the roads without Pullman cars is concerned." In these days the success or failure of a strike in a very great measure depends on the amount of support and sympathy it receives from the general public. So far as we can see public opinion in the United States does not favor this Pullman boycott. The sympathies of the great body of the people seem to be with the companies rather than with the strikers.

TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS.

The child who was born on the day in which the union of the provinces of British North America was consummated is now a man. The changes which he has undergone in those twenty-seven not very eventful years are not much greater than those who have watched the growth and development of this Dominion have witnessed. They have seen a number of scattered and comparatively insignificant colonies gradually develop into a closely united commonwealth which attracts the attention and commands the consideration of the whole civilized world. There is not a part of the Dominion which has not grown and improved during those twenty-seven years. Provinces and territories which then did not exist have been created and grown into importance. Villages have become towns, towns, cities, and cities have increased wonderfully in population, in wealth and in importance. It is the fashion with some to complain that the development of the Dominion is slow, but the man who is old enough to remember what British America was like in 1867, will wonder how so many and such great changes could have been made in so short a time. British Columbia, for instance, was then almost a terra incognita to the inhabitants of the other colonies, separated from them by an almost immeasurable wilderness and a sea of mountains, and reached only by a long and toilsome journey, or by a voyage still longer and more unattractive. Now the journey from ocean to ocean is a mere pleasure trip, and the wilderness has become dotted throughout its whole length by cities, towns, villages and settlements which are every year increasing in size and importance. Twenty-seven years ago the inhabitants of the different colonies were strangers to each other. People in the far East and the far West talked about Canada as if it were a foreign country, and although being of the same race and speaking the same language they were separated by prejudices and jealousies that in some cases had become almost antipathies. But now Canadians are one people, old prejudices have almost completely died out, and old distinctions have been nearly effaced. In a very few years there will be fewer differences between the English-speaking provinces of the Dominion than there are between the inhabitants of the different counties of the Old Country.

The success of the Canadian Confederation has been so remarkable and has produced such happy results that it is regarded as an example which the other dependencies of Great Britain ought to follow, and some enthusiasts consider it as a forerunner of the Confederation of the whole British Empire. So rapidly has this idea grown and so favorably has it been received that there is sitting to-day in Ottawa a Conference of the representatives of the whole Empire, assembled to devise the means by which this idea may become an accomplished fact.

KROGSTON, July 1.—News has reached here that Emily Brask, aged 29, and Lena Zimmack, aged 14, were killed by lightning near Killalee.

JUST AND UPRIGHT.

The Residents of Wellington Bear Testimony to Mr. Bryden's Good Record.

And Present Him With Souvenirs of Their Very Kindly Regard.

WELLINGTON, June 30. (Special.)—A very large number of the Wellington employes and their families assembled at the call of their committee—Messrs. J. B. Hugo, T. Heggart, M. Matheson, W. Bald, and D. McLean—in the Masonic hall this evening, for the purpose of giving expression to their heartfelt appreciation and esteem of the long-respected and well-beloved manager, John Bryden. At 9 p.m., the hour for making the presentation, the large hall was filled to its full capacity, not even standing room being left. Mr. J. Dunsmuir, the Messrs. Dunsmuir, Mr. Mrs. and Miss L. Bryden, and Dr. Eberts and party were present.

Mr. James Haggart presided, and said that he was pleased to see so many present to do honor to their old manager. His example could be well and profitably followed by the younger element in Wellington. He (the chairman) had known Mr. Bryden for a number of years, and all who worked under him knew him to be affable, courteous, kind and just. His punctuality and high sense of duty were unexcelled. The chairman declared that general and sincere respect was felt at the fact of Mr. Bryden resigning his position as manager of the Wellington collieries.

A short programme which had been prepared for the occasion was then entered upon, the first number being an overture, "Rubicon," by the Wellington silver cornet band. Considering the short time the above organization had in existence, the overture was given in a creditable and effective manner.

"Must We Part?" was sung with so much tasteful feeling by Mrs. Butler that she had to be excused by the choir. Mr. Graves' rendition of "The White Squall" was admirable, and he was followed by the old-time Wellington favorite, Mr. John Thomas, who in his usual effective manner sang "Kathleen." A piano solo by Mrs. Barber was well received, and the style in which it was given and the hearty applause with which it was received proved that Mrs. Barber is a valuable addition to the musical ability of Wellington. The duet, "A. B. C.," by Miss Mathews and Prof. Barber was a decided success, and was repeated in response to a hearty and deserved encore.

Mr. Johnson next gave a recitation, "John Maynard," which was very favorably received. The last, but by no means the least item on the programme, was Master Tom Stephenson's pathetic rendering of "Mother's Last Words," which called forth a storm of applause, to which he responded by singing in an equally effective manner, "A Soldier and a Man."

After the musical part, Mr. James Reid, who was called upon to make the presentation, said that he had known and worked under Mr. Bryden for thirty-two years, and during all that time he had not uttered one unkind word to him. John Bryden, he declared, was true and just, and he promised he would, if possible, perform.

Mr. James McIntosh addressed the meeting in a few brief words. He had, he thought, worked under Mr. Bryden nearly twenty years, and he promised he would do his best to be courteous, kind and just. The deepest regret was felt at his departure.

Mr. Reid then read the following address: To Mr. John Bryden, General Manager of the Wellington Collieries. On the eve of your retirement from the position which you have so long and so ably filled, we, the employes of the Wellington Collieries, have gathered under your supervision, with expressions of regret, to bid you adieu. You have been a true and just manager, and at the severance of the relations that have so happily existed between us. You have by the many just and considerate ways in which you have conducted your business, and by your kindly and courteous bearing towards us, won our respect and esteem, in token of which we bring you our warmest congratulations, our best wishes for the welfare of yourself, Mrs. Bryden, and the rest of your family. You will all we assure you, be long and pleasantly remembered by our workers in Wellington.

BRITISH COLUMBIA CROPS.

Despite the Havoc of the Floods the Prospects Are Far From Discouraging.

General Notes of the Production Throughout the Province—Orchard Pests.

The general outlook for crops this season in British Columbia is excellent, both as to quality and quantity. The floods in the Fraser river district have done an immense amount of damage, as the extent of the territory flooded, in length 100 miles, and varying in breadth from 10 to 20 miles, would render unavoidable; but the loss has been greatly exaggerated in the reports circulated at the first news of the disaster. Most of the farmers in the Delta and other flooded districts have re-seeded their land, and expect to harvest a large crop, though the wheat will be a failure. Fair crops of hay should also be obtained, and if the fine weather continues the root crop will give a heavy yield.

In the upper country—Okanagan and Spallumcheen districts—more land has been put in cereals than in any previous year. An early spring has advanced them more quickly than usual. The very heavy harvest in 1893, and the fact that the soil is still rich, will be fully 20 per cent. greater than last year. In the lower districts of the Mainland, which include those invaded by the late flood, it is impossible to make a correct estimate, but while the crop of wheat is practically no wheat or barley will be produced. On Vancouver island, the crops all round are excellent, and the yield will be at least 20 per cent. greater than last season. Farmers have already commenced to gather in their hay which is of fine quality. Oats look wonderfully well; they are long in the straw and very full in the ear, and no doubt a continued wet spell can prevent an enormous yield.

The hop crop throughout the province promises well. This will soon be one of the most important agricultural industries of British Columbia, and a few more seasons like the present, which has been favorable to this fertile plant, will induce landowners to make hop-raising a specialty. The area under hops is at least a fifth greater than in 1893, and the attention that has been brought to this industry will result in a yield being doubled in the next three years. On the Mainland the potato crop in the upper country is fair, but in the lower country it is very poor. On Vancouver island potatoes look better than ever before, and the yield on the island will probably be sufficiently great to supply any deficiency caused by the floods along the Fraser river.

There will be a big crop of plums and stone fruits of other kinds throughout the province, cherries promising especially well. There will be few if any pears except in one or two small districts, and the apple crop, save in isolated spots, will be a complete failure, the woody apple being prevalent everywhere, and having played havoc with the buds. On the island, where apples come in a greater proportion of the orchards, this will prove a serious loss.

The board of horticulture are not yet in possession of complete returns of the cereals produced in the Province during 1893; but the appended statistics look better than the total output at least 15 per cent. all round.

Table with 3 columns: Crop, County, Lower, Island. Rows include Wheat, Barley, Oats, Rye, and Potatoes.

In comparing the prospects of the year with last season, wheat and barley from the lower country must be reduced at least 50 per cent., and the oat and hay crops in the same districts will be hardly as good as last season, but in other parts of the Province the yield of cereals will be at least 20 per cent. greater than last year, and the hay fully 25 per cent. better.

THE DISTRICT SCHOOLS.

Good Educational Progress Reported All Along the Line—Now for HOLIDAY GAZETTES.

HOPE, July 2. (Special.)—The educational work of the Hope school for the 1893-94 term was pleasantly brought to a close on Friday last, when the annual examination was held, and the pupils tested in the various subjects of the public school course of study, in the presence of many parents and visitors. The school during the past school year was taught by Mr. S. B. Campbell and Mr. George Moore, B.A. One of the enrolled pupils, Miss Edith Ward, who wrote on the examination in New Westminster, passed successfully for entrance to a high school.

Hope school is one of the pioneer schools of the province, as its organization dates back to 1874. The number of pupils enrolled on the register during the year was 34. The roll of honor for the year is as follows: Department, John George Smith, regularity and punctuality; Miss Edith Ward, regularity and proficiency; Samuel John Ryder.

At the annual school meeting for the election of trustees, Mr. John H. Beas was re-elected on the 30th inst.

FLUMPER PASS, July 2.—(Special.)—The school here for the year 1893-94 closed on Thursday morning, and the annual meeting was held in the school building, the seating capacity being barely sufficient to accommodate the number of friends who attended. The trustees were present, and the desks and windows were decorated with bouquets of roses, giving a very attractive effect. Under the tuition of Mr. W. S. Sinclair, the children are receiving a thorough education and the parents express themselves as delighted with the progress.

THE MINISTERIAL RECORD.

One of Which They Have Reason to Feel Proud—Claims of Parties Contrasted.

The Situation Would Be Critical Were There Any Probability of Opposition Success.

(From the Kamloops Sentinel.) There are now but two parties among the candidates, the Ministerialists and the Opposition. The mask of independence is now useless—any party clique or faction, however inconspicuous, is welcomed, so long as hope is offered of the overthrow of the present administration. The Ministerial party appeal to the electors on their record. During the period of years in which they have held office British Columbia has made more substantial progress than ever before. In the matter of railways the Liberal policy of the government has made possible the building of railways, which will help along the development of the resources of the province. During the life of this administration the annual expenditure on public works has not been increased, yet the taxes have not been increased. Under the present Minister of Finance the credit of the province has been improved, and now it stands foremost among colonial securities.

The opposition candidates in their election addresses, and members in the house, have dealt only in generalities. They advocate economy, but offered no important amendments to the estimates, and in their discussion, nor have pointed out where they would cut down, if elected to office. The opposition have relied only on criticism and fault-finding, and local or personal prejudices to catch votes. They ask the electors to reject the present government, while they would do nothing tangible to substitute in its place, which would likely prove of more advantage to the province. Were there any probability of the opposition succeeding in the campaign, the situation would be a critical one for the province. Every elector by voting for the Opposition candidates, says in effect, that he is willing to place the affairs of the province in the hands of a party, without a policy, without a member capable of being a leader, and without members of ability sufficient to fill the cabinet positions.

Every elector by voting for the Opposition candidates, says in effect, that he is willing to place the affairs of the province in the hands of a party, without a policy, without a member capable of being a leader, and without members of ability sufficient to fill the cabinet positions. The welfare of North Yale and of the province will be maintained and forwarded by the return of the present government and Mr. Martin, an independent supporter of the present government. He has always used his best efforts in the interests of this riding, and with good success, as the results testify. We cannot see where city, riding, or province would have anything to gain by the election of Mr. McCreoch, the Opposition candidate, but on the contrary much to lose in his election.

A SURPRISE.

The Nakusp Meeting Gives a True Insight into Mr. Brown's Questionable Tactics.

Mr. Kellie's Admirable Presentation of the Government's Policy—His Rousing Reception.

(From the Nakusp Lodge.) The joint political meeting in the school house resulted in a surprise in more ways than one. Firstly, because the citizens of Nakusp were given a true insight into the very questionable tactics Mr. Brown is resorting to carry the election; secondly, because of the vastly superior ability displayed by Mr. Kellie in his presentation of the government's policy, and the tactical shrewdness exemplified in his handling of his opponent; and thirdly, because of the undoubted feeling manifested by the audience in favor of Hon. Mr. Davie.

Mr. Brown, rather than expatiate upon the policy of the opposition, had recourse to personalities—a contemptible proceeding at any and all times. His insinuations about the expenditure on roads in this district and his assertions that public money had been recklessly frittered away, met with a flat contradiction and a challenge to proof.

Mr. Brown did not vouchsafe, nor did he, notwithstanding these denials, deign to answer the charges levelled at his opponent, the opposition candidate harped away thereon in a truly painful manner. Mr. Kellie dealt with the questions of the day in a manner that was not only satisfactory, but that was a credit to his ability, and held up his rival in an unenviable light, both for his decidedly negative occupation of a seat in the legislature and Hon. Mr. Beave's administration and the tactics of the opposition, he had already won away public opinion. The meeting terminated with rousing cheers for Hon. Mr. Davie's government—an emphatic demonstration of Mr. Brown's defeat, indeed, he required it, that his hopes of support in Nakusp never had a foundation.

TURNING THE TABLES.

ROCK CREEK, East Yale, June 26.—(Special.)—A meeting called by Mr. Donald Graham in the interests of the Opposition was held here yesterday evening, Mr. Graham being accorded a patient hearing, during the course of a speech lasting upwards of an hour and a half, in which the principal topics touched on were the election of the new provincial buildings at Victoria and over which Mr. Slater and Okanagan railways, and the assistance by which their construction had been retarded.

Mr. Rabbit followed, going over much the same ground as the previous speaker, and like him exhausting himself in discussing Hon. Messrs. Davie and Vernon, who very possibly might have been interested in their remarks—which, however, those present were not.

On a show of hands being asked for, "all those who were in favor of the opposition policy," only one hand holding a vote was slowly raised as if the owner did not know whether or not he was making a mistake. A second show of hands, all those in favor of the present government, brought the whole audience to its feet, the electors being heartily glad to see themselves in the opportunity to express their feelings.

This ended a meeting of complete and unbroken success. The result seems to be principally made up of a collection of insignificant personal grievances.

THE VICTORIA SPORTS AND GAMES.

The Vancouver Cricket Victory—James H. Nainaim.

Lacrosse With Variants Athletes of Honor.

It was called Lacrosse by the fair form of Mills led out the Lawyers the Merchants at Caledon there was a glare in his eyes through the ranks of team—it was Death. A selected as referee and Mr. Wollaston acted as umpire. The ball was followed by the teams took positions as follows: Merchants..... Goal..... Godson..... Cover Point..... MacKay..... Defence..... Gardiner..... Centre..... Moore..... Home..... Martin..... Field..... Mulvaney..... Outside Hon..... Anderson..... Outside Hon..... The ball was faced at 3:45 p.m. in eight, Gregory threw down that way "the editor faints—which will be a technical term. In the meantime the ball roared, blithe as a school vacation. Auto obtruded lightly in that direction a hastened over to get points on the stick. When some of arrived on the spot they found that the ball had sailed the Lawyers' goal. Mr. McCreoch, the Opposition candidate, but on the contrary much to lose in his election.

The second game open by Robertson which miss Schmitt, Gardiner, Austin, son, Godson, and the batting fence to settle which has stuck. Robertson tried, and a body rushed down to see Schmitt was making an excellent fence film on a high jump. The third game was somewhat tedious, the batsmen made a successful of 23 minutes, the exchange themselves on the ground. The batsmen were "Dead March," and the batsmen were stilled as for the ball was faced. The first wicket was the signal for a fast and furious game, the fence to settle which has stuck. Robertson tried, and a body rushed down to see Schmitt was making an excellent fence film on a high jump. The third game was somewhat tedious, the batsmen made a successful of 23 minutes, the exchange themselves on the ground. The batsmen were "Dead March," and the batsmen were stilled as for the ball was faced.

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THE "BATS" SCORED TO-NIGHT. NAINAIM, June 30.—(Special.)—The day game which was played between James Mac and Nainaim easy win for the Victoria game to two. Nainaim won by 15 minutes. The batsmen made a successful of 23 minutes, the exchange themselves on the ground. The batsmen were "Dead March," and the batsmen were stilled as for the ball was faced.

THE MOONLIGHTERS' WESTMINSTER, June 30.—Junior championship lacrosse was splendidly contested. The victors were the Westminsters score of 3 to 2.

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MR. RALPH SMITH, the opposition candidate, also addressed the meeting. His remarks were not so well received. Capt. Dillon, Northside, Mr. Sharp, Wellington, and Mr. W. H. Lee, French Creek, all spoke in favor of Mr. Bryden's candidature; he will be returned by a large majority.

CAMPAIGN NOTES. There was a rousing meeting at Kamloops on the evening of June 30, at which the chief speakers were Premier Davie and Mr. George B. Martin, and over which Mr. Slater presided. Mr. Hugh MacCreoch, Mr. C. A. Semlin and Mr. W. J. Bower, the latter of Vancouver, were the opposition orators. Hon. Mr. Davie's review of the policy of the government and the results was, of course, the feature of the evening. The Sentinel (Kamloops) says: A political meeting in Mr. H. MacCreoch's interest was held in the North Thompson school house on Thursday afternoon. Mr. T. Roadley presided. Mr. McCreoch and Mr. Martin spoke, both being satisfied with the results. Nomination day in East Yale has been fixed for July 4 (to-day), the election day being July 18. The opposition candidates in the city are to hold a public meeting at Philharmonia hall Friday evening, when also Capt. Robertson will address the electors of Spanish.

FROM THE DAILY COLONIST.

The Vancouver Cricket Victory—James H. Nainaim.

Lacrosse With Variants Athletes of Honor.

It was called Lacrosse by the fair form of Mills led out the Lawyers the Merchants at Caledon there was a glare in his eyes through the ranks of team—it was Death. A selected as referee and Mr. Wollaston acted as umpire. The ball was followed by the teams took positions as follows: Merchants..... Goal..... Godson..... Cover Point..... MacKay..... Defence..... Gardiner..... Centre..... Moore..... Home..... Martin..... Field..... Mulvaney..... Outside Hon..... Anderson..... Outside Hon..... The ball was faced at 3:45 p.m. in eight, Gregory threw down that way "the editor faints—which will be a technical term. In the meantime the ball roared, blithe as a school vacation. Auto obtruded lightly in that direction a hastened over to get points on the stick. When some of arrived on the spot they found that the ball had sailed the Lawyers' goal. Mr. McCreoch, the Opposition candidate, but on the contrary much to lose in his election.

The second game open by Robertson which miss Schmitt, Gardiner, Austin, son, Godson, and the batting fence to settle which has stuck. Robertson tried, and a body rushed down to see Schmitt was making an excellent fence film on a high jump. The third game was somewhat tedious, the batsmen made a successful of 23 minutes, the exchange themselves on the ground. The batsmen were "Dead March," and the batsmen were stilled as for the ball was faced.

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THE CITY.

The King's Daughters held a delightful garden party yesterday at the home of Mrs. R. Finlayson on Douglas street. Outdoor amusements prevailed; delicious refreshments were served in abundance, and the Bantley family orchestra supplied good music.

The funeral of the late Herbert Mansell took place yesterday from the residence of Mr. J. T. Jones, Cormorant street, many sympathizing friends attending and the following acting as pall-bearers: F. A. Gowen, George Barthwick, H. A. Porter, J. Johnson, S. Sea and George McCann.

Among the passengers for the North by the steamer Danube, which sails this evening, will be a number of missionaries who are to engage in the work in the northern field. Among these are Rev. Mr. Hill, Rev. E. Reid, Miss Beane and Miss Dowling, all of whom are booked for Alert Bay.

At St. Andrew's (R. C.) cathedral, on Tuesday evening, Rev. Father Nicolay united in wedlock Mr. H. P. McDowell and Miss Annie Baille, both of Victoria. Dr. Wade gave the bride away, and after the ceremony the many friends of the high contracting parties looked them with congratulations and best wishes for their future welfare.

The D.D.G.C. last evening installed the following officers of Sunset Lodge No. 40, K. P., assisted by W. Allen, grand prelate, and Bro. H. A. Levin, grand master. The officers are: W. H. Harris, grand master; J. E. McDonald, master at arms; J. Shannon, inside guard; and C. L. Wark, outside guard.

At a congregational meeting held in the Central church last night the following gentlemen were unanimously chosen as managers to fill vacancies caused by the retirement of some of the members of the present board: Messrs. Burns, Shaw, Hewatson, J. Gordon, Curry and Blackwood. It was also resolved to move over to the James Bay district at the earliest possible date.

Monday was a day of picnics. At Sidney, the Methodist Sunday schools of the city with their friends to the number of about one thousand, passed a delightful afternoon. The friends of Saanich with their families held their annual reunion at the South Saanich Agricultural Park, and the members of the Presbyterian schools with the children of the Victoria ladies' guild went to Goldstream; Maanala Point, taken possession of by Emmanuel Baptist Sunday school; while at Oak Bay, the True Believers, the Salvation Army, and numerous other smaller societies were held. At each of the larger picnics there were well arranged and keenly contested programmes of sports and games.

The women's tournament at Vancouver held on the Dominion Day proved to be one of the most interesting events of the day. The Victoria team made a good record though they failed to capture some of the first positions which they expected. The first test was won by the Vancouver team by 4 seconds, Victoria, Whatcom and Nanaimo coming behind in the order named. Vancouver again won in the dry test by a fractional second, with Victoria second, Nanaimo third and Whatcom last. The Victoria team was shut out of the hub and burr race by a misunderstanding. The arrangement was that if the gun snapped there would be no start. This is just what happened, and the Victoria team, waiting for a proper start, had the pleasure of seeing other teams allowed to run it out and the race given to Vancouver, Nanaimo second, and Whatcom third, Victoria by 11 seconds.

FROM THE ORIENT.

The R.M.S. Empress of China, Captain Archibald, arrived from Yokohama last evening, completing what her officers unite in pronouncing the most delightful voyage on record. She did not visit Hongkong at all, on account of the prevalence of the plague there, and she brought no steerage passengers, for the same reason. Though filled to her capacity with valuable cargo, the ship was not so deep in the water as usual, the freight being principally new season's tea, and consequently light in weight. The distribution of cargo was given in the Colonist several days ago.

In the saloon the Empress had a full list of passengers, who unite in voting the trip delightful in every detail. As a matter of course, the delay of fourteen hours at Nagasaki, and the strict quarantine regulations now prevailing. Among the notable passengers disembarking here was Dr. Oppert, a linguist of considerable note, who has for the past twenty years been residing in Madras; his knowledge of the many languages spoken throughout India cannot, it is said, be surpassed. He is now returning home to Germany having been relieved from duty, and on large pension. The doctor somewhat regrets arriving in America at a time when many of the universities are closed for the summer, as he is anxious to gain information by visiting them, as to their working. Mr. Mannock, another passenger, is the owner of large cotton mills in Manchester, England, and is now on the homeward stretch of a two years' pleasure tour extending through the European countries, Australia and Asia. Major G. Adye is a member of a party of four gentlemen returning home on leave from Her Majesty's service in England. The other members of the party are Messrs. W. G. Reddie, J. R. Reddie and W. E. Washburne. Mr. W. G. Reddie has visited Victoria on several previous occasions. Mr. and Miss Thompson were met on their arrival here by Captain Thompson and the officers of the U. S. S. revenue cutter Canada, now in port. They are from Yokohama and on a visit to Captain Thompson.

Four of the Empress' lady passengers landed here; two being tourists bound for Alaska. The entire saloon list is appended: Major G. Adye, Mr. Alexander, Mrs. Behm, Dr. Begg, Lieut. Bell, R.N., Mr. Benjamin, Mr. R. W. Bernard, Mr. Stewart, Mr. E. B. Blinn, Mr. W. P. Bliss, Mr. Albert Boer, Mr. R. A. Beaton, and Mrs. Bryant and three children, Dr. Busted, Hon. Hugh Campbell, Mr. F. G. Casper, Mr. F. Chaplin, Mr. George Chapple, Mr. C. G. Carling, Dr. Deacon, Mr. P. O. De Yagasti, Miss Dickerson, Miss Dodson, Mr. H. Fielden, Rev. Pere Fouillat, Mr. Fraser, Miss Gheer, Mr. Hedderwick, Mr. Incham, Mr. J. Kauffman, Mr. and Mrs. Kaufmann, Miss Y. Kauffman, Capt. Mani-patrik, Mr. Mannock, Hon. W. W. Maxwell, Mrs. May, Mr. Mortimore, Dr. and Mrs. Nevers, Miss Noyes, Dr. Oppert, Mr. E. H. Parker, Mr. W. H. Parsons, Mr. E. E. Peake, Mr. Roberts, Miss Roberts, Mr. R. G. Robert, Rev. J. Cooper Robinson, Mrs. J. Cooper Robinson, Miss Hill, Miss Robinson, Miss Lucy Winifred Robinson, Mr. W. G. Rockfield, Mr. J. R. Reddie, Mr. W. G. Reddie, Mr. Paul Schramm, Mr. A. Schultz, Mr. Edgar

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

Victoria Wins From Westminster at Cricket—A Great Baseball Game.

Bradley a Winner at Vancouver in Fast Time—Notes and Gossip.

After their defeat at the hands of the Vancouver Cricket Club, the Victoria team journeyed to Westminster on Monday morning and succeeded in winning by an innings and one run. Hon. Mr. Pooley winning the toss decided to bat, and started with himself. Clinton, with the score at 5, he was unfortunately bowled off his pads by A. Malins. Clinton clean bowled Little and Smith, and things began to look bad till Walls joined Pooley. These two stopped the "ros" and after the former had been disposed of for a useful 22, Morley assisted in carrying the score up to 101, when Pooley was beaten by a fast ball from Woods. He had made 44 in excellent shape with Morley's 31 was certainly the best cricket shown during the trip. Ward scored a useful 17, and the innings closed for 141.

Westminster commenced with Clinton and Ransom, and made a most disastrous start. In the first four overs Walls clean bowled Clinton, Ransom, E. Malins and Lefroy, whilst Govey succeeded in disturbing the Rev. Woods' stumps. Walls had an analysis of 4 wickets for 1 run up to this, but on A. Malins and E. Woods being clean partners the score was taken to 36, when Woods hit for 101, and was bowled by Morley. The innings eventually closed for 78, and being more than 60 runs behind had to follow on.

In the second innings Walls was in fine form with the ball and took 7 wickets for 27 runs, and the innings realized 61 runs, one more wanted to save a single innings defeat. The Victoria bowling was very strong in both innings, Govey and Morley being in good form, and the analysis will show that Walls was on the spot. The following is the score:

Table with columns for batsmen and bowlers, showing runs, wickets, and extras. Includes names like J. F. Pooley, J. Little, J. F. Pooley, J. Little, J. F. Pooley, J. Little.

WESTMINSTER. 2nd Innings. H. F. Clinton, b. Walls, 1 not out. W. B. Ransom, b. Walls, 0. E. O. Malins, b. Walls, 3. Rev. Woods, b. Govey, 4. C. B. Lefroy, b. Walls, 0. A. Malins, b. Govey, 0. J. F. Pooley, b. Walls, 31. R. H. T. Drake, b. Malins, 1. N. P. Ward, b. Malins, 1. T. Pooley, not out, 17. Extras, 1. Total, 141.

THE CITY MARKETS. This week has not been productive of many, if any, changes in business. A weakness in bran and middlings, however, is noticeable though prices of all mill stuffs remain steady. Importations from the Sound country and California continue to be large owing to the delayed arrivals of Eastern freight. Of this there are no less than six hundred carloads on the way somewhere between Calgary and Katz Landing for coast points, a considerable quantity of it being for San Francisco. Arrangements have been made with the C.P.N.C. to forward Victoria freight as quickly as possible, but it is expected that several weeks will be necessary for its accomplishment.

Table of market prices for various commodities like Flour, Sugar, Coffee, etc. with columns for item, price, and unit.

THE RACING BOARD. The Racing Board of the C.W.A. have decided the protest against a ruling of Chief Constable Gibbons, acting as referee at the Northfield race meeting on the 9th of June. The protest was by Mr. Caldwell of Vancouver, who held that only the winners in the trial heats should have been allowed to compete in the final of the half-mile event. The reply of the Racing Board is as follows:

HAMILTON, ONT., June 26, 1894. DEAR SIR:—Replying to yours of the 12th in regard to the matter you mention, I am sorry to say that the Racing Board was certainly right. In any race where two horses are run, it is absolutely necessary to allow the first two in each heat to compete. There were three prizes three riders in each heat would have been sufficient to the final, and so on. Respectfully yours, (Sd.) R. A. ROBERTSON. For the Racing Board.

YACHTING. The Off for Bellingham Bay. Saturday, intending to attend the yacht races at Vancouver on Monday, and afterwards proceed to the Fourth of July regatta on Bellingham Bay. The wind now blowing favorable, however, they failed to make the Terminal city, but had better luck in heading South as a telegram was received yesterday stating that on Monday afternoon they had reached Anacortes. The

THE OAR.

Vancouver's Regatta. Vancouver, July 3.—(Special)—All the forenoon was taken up with aquatic events. In the Indian races, the Fraser river Indians carried off the honors. In the other races, the Royal Arthur crew were victorious over those of the Phœnix. Eastham, of Nanaimo, won the single scull. The Vancouver boating club juniors won from the Burrard Inlets, showing that it will be the young bloods of the former club which will eventually redeem the lost laurels of the sunset era. In the inter-club race, the Burrard Inlet boys, (Henderson's crew), were again victorious, and R. Russell's crew being a very close second.

Toronto Regatta. Toronto, July 3.—Dominion Day was very generally observed throughout the country. There was an amateur rowing regatta on the bay here, in which local oarsmen participated. The Toronto junior four defeated the Argonauts and the Don. The Toronto juniors' doubles defeated the Argonauts' Bays' Ideas. The Don senior four defeated the Argonauts.

HERE AND THERE. The Canoe Club were to have held a meeting yesterday, but decided to postpone it till the 10th inst., at 8:30 p.m. The regular weekly meeting of the Victoria Wheelmen has been postponed until next Tuesday.

THE PREMIER AT KAMLOOPS. Hon. Mr. Davie Dissects and Disposes of the Opposition Contentions. Messrs. Semlin and Other Adversaries Forced to Beat a Hasty Retreat.

SALMON ARM, June 2.—(Special)—The public meeting on Saturday at Raven's hall, Kamloops, called by Mr. Davie, was a grand success. Mr. Slater presided. On motion of Mr. McIntosh, seconded by Mr. Fortune, three rousing cheers were given for the government.

Hon. Mr. Davie spoke first, for an hour, demolishing the published address of the opposition candidate, which was directed largely against monopolies and capitalists. Mr. Davie showed that it was only by encouraging capital that the country could be developed, but such principles as are advocated by the opposition frightened capital away and brought on hard times, as no one would invest in the want of land times were due not only to the want of land but to the timidity of capital. In answer to the opposition contention that the government were giving lands to speculators he vindicated the government's railway legislation and answered many objections to the opposition press, taking for his text the last number to hand of the Colonian.

He showed conclusively that the allegations of the opposition were unfounded and that the government were not in any way favoring monopolies and capitalists. He showed that the government were not in any way favoring monopolies and capitalists. He showed that the government were not in any way favoring monopolies and capitalists.

Mr. Bowser, of Vancouver, followed, but was met with impatience and his remarks fell flat. It being considered presumption for an outsider to interfere.

Mr. Semlin, who was well received, got off the usual arguments.

Mr. Martin spoke favorably and to the point for an hour, dealing with various matters.

Hon. Mr. Davie in his reply showed the untruth of Mr. McCutcheon's assertion re the Sentinel. Messrs. Jones, Finbow & Spink were the sole owners, and neither the government nor the opposition had any interest in or control whatever.

Mr. McCutcheon had succeeded in selling out when he did he would have been closed out by the sheriff and his creditors. There were large arrears of unpaid wages, and to save him Hon. Mr. Davie had assisted in procuring a loan from Mr. Jones without which the purchase could not have been carried through.

Mr. McCutcheon's return for the balance of the paper under Mr. McCutcheon, proving that he had supported the government measures which he had just been denouncing.

Messrs. McCutcheon, Bowser and Semlin left the town shortly before the close of the meeting, being thoroughly routed, and the proceedings were brought to a close with a vote of thanks for the speakers by Hon. Mr. Davie and Mr. Martin, and a vote of thanks to the chairman.

THE N.P.S.S. Company's liner Victoria, John Patton, R.N.R., commanding, sailed from Yokohama on Saturday last for this port with a very large cargo, consisting of all to 3,200 tons, composed of tea, rice, sugar, curries, etc. Her passenger list is light on account, no doubt, of the black plague, only 50 steerage being engaged. The cargo is made up as follows: For overland ports, 2,105 tons general merchandise; for Portland and Grand ports, 550 tons; for Victoria and British Columbia ports, 500 tons; and for New York, 50 tons silk. She is due to arrive on the 15th inst. The U.S.S. Siki, Capt. Rowley, arrived from Tacoma at 8:30 o'clock this morning, having made the run in the remarkably good time of six hours. Her cargo this voyage was somewhat lighter than usual, owing to the strike, and amounted to 1,400 tons, principally condensed milk, etc. She took up 50 tons of merchandise at this port, and sailed for Yokohama at 11:15 a.m. She took away as passengers 50 Chinese, of whom 10 went aboard here.

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A TOTAL WRECK.

Full Details of How the Popular "Irving" Met Destruction. The Machinery Will Be Saved—U.S.S. "Grant" Visits Victoria.

NEW WESTMINSTER, July 3.—(Special).—The loss of the fine steamer Irving on Saturday created a sensation in Westminister. The steamer Rithet broke her shaft on Thursday last at Maria Slough, and the Irving, which was at Cav's Landing loading freight and cattle, made a stop at the slough on the down trip Saturday to bring the disabled vessel to port. The steamer was all wrecked and started down stream; all went well until 2 o'clock, when opposite Farr's Bluff the current swept the heads of the vessels around, rendering them unmanageable. Before anything could be done to avoid disaster the bow of the Irving crashed fair on the rocky bluff. The force of the contact was immense and for a moment the crashing of the timbers created a panicky feeling among those aboard, many of whom were on the deck. Commodore Irving, who was at the wheel, promptly gave orders to cut away the wheel, Rithet, fearing that the Irving might sink and draw the other vessel down, when released the Rithet and started down stream; 60 yards and struck the bluff, crushing in her bows below the water line. Then a 5000 clear and floated down stream some 800 or 700 yards, where she anchored. The Irving got clear at the same time and was forced down stream in a sinking condition to a sand bar half a mile below. As she touched bottom her back broke, and she still lies in the same position, a complete wreck. The transfer was in Maria Slough at the time and soon after her arrival on the scene the cattle and freight on board the Irving were taken ashore and forwarded to their destination by rail. The furniture was also removed from the vessel, and when the water in the river lowered it is expected most of the machinery will be saved. The Irving was built twelve years ago at a cost of \$70,000, and can be replaced now at half that sum. She was the largest and most comfortable of the river steamers, and a great favorite with the travelling public. There was no insurance on the vessel. The steamer Rithet was towed down from Maria Slough to-day by the steamer Mamie, and proceeded to Victoria a few hours later. She will be docked at Esquimaux. Her forward bulkhead was made water-tight by her crew proceeding. Her contact with the rocks on Farr's Bluff did nothing worse than crush in her bows.

ON COAST DUTY. The U.S.S. Grant dropped anchor in the inner harbor yesterday morning. She is one of the vessels especially designed for coast patrol, and was ordered out from the New York coast for duty on Puget Sound. The Grant registers 450 tons displacement, is 185 feet long, 25 feet beam and 10 feet draft. She is a steel vessel, carrying 4 guns and a complement of about 50 men. The Grant had a very interesting trip out for her new location, taking in on the way the Bradshaw's assertion re the Sentinel. Messrs. Jones, Finbow & Spink were the sole owners, and neither the government nor the opposition had any interest in or control whatever.

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