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Athens, Ont.

# The Athens Reporter

AND

COUNTY OF LEEDS ADVERTISER.

Vol. XXIX. No. 29

Athens, Leeds County, Ontario, Wednesday, July 23, 1913

G. F. Donnelley, Publisher

THE ROBERT WRIGHT COMPANY LIMITED  
Closed Wednesday Afternoons

## At The July Sale

### Men's Closed Crotch Combination Suits 49c.

Men's Cool Summer Underwear. Regular 90c. Combination Suits, fine elastic ribbed, all sizes up to 40, per suit 49c.

### Ladies' \$10.00 Outing Coats for \$5.00

Large Checked All Wool Mackinaw Coats or Blazers for outing wear in Red and Black, Black and White or Blue and Black. Regular price \$10.00. Sale Price \$5.90.

### Trimmed Hats at \$1.98

Clearing out the Millinery—40 pretty trimmed Hats, in a great variety of new styles, all colors, regular prices \$4.00 to \$8.00, your choice for \$1.98.

## Silks at the July Sale

### \$1.00 Black Paillette for 59c.

100 yards Black Paillette Silk, good weight, warranted pure silk, 36 inches wide, a silk of unusual merit. Regular price \$1.00 a yard, sale price 59c.

### 75c Taffeta Silks for 29c.

All our colored Taffeta Silks in pale blue, pink, greens, browns, cream, grey, etc. Regular prices 50c and 75c yard, sale price 29c.

The **ROBERT WRIGHT CO.** Limited  
BROCKVILLE CANADA

## Big Profits for You!

The last pair of Summer Shoes must be sold. First cost not considered. This to be one grand effort to clear our shelves of our summer footwear. You have four months yet in which to wear Low Shoes and Pumps. This is the most important value-giving event of the entire year.

The object of this sale is to make a decisive clearance of all summer merchandise regardless of the loss involved.

# KELLY'S

The Shoe Store of Quality  
Next Door West of Robert Wright's. BROCKVILLE

## ANNUAL

# Midsummer Sale

now in progress. We are conducting the greatest clean up sale ever attempted in Brockville. You remember our sale last year, well this one will be bigger and better than ever, larger assortments and varieties of bargains. Boys and Men can save dollars everywhere through our store during this famous sale.

## Our Guarantee to Buyers at this Sale

This is the sale for the definite purpose of clearing out odd lines and up-to-date stock which we do not want to carry over.

In no sense are our business methods changed during this sale.

If any goods are not quite what you want when you get home, say so; and we will cheerfully make an exchange. All alterations in clothing made without extra charge.

# COLCOCK'S

Brockville Ontario

## ENTRANCE RESULTS

Pupils of the Athens Model School made a highly successful showing at the recent High School Entrance examination—a record of which Principal Hitsman and his assistants may well be proud. There were 23 pupils who wrote and of these 19 passed, as follows:—

|                         |     |
|-------------------------|-----|
| Cross, Keitha.....      | 412 |
| Derbyshire, Lorne.....  | 479 |
| Donnelley, John.....    | 481 |
| Fitspatrick, Elsie..... | 401 |
| Hanna, Vera.....        | 403 |
| Johnston, Charles.....  | 482 |
| Johnston, Douglas.....  | 498 |
| Kendrick, Rhena.....    | 525 |
| Latimer, Hazel.....     | 391 |
| Layng, Delbert.....     | 398 |
| McChane, Earl.....      | 450 |
| McKendry, Earl.....     | 431 |
| Philips, Amy.....       | 477 |
| Philips, Ford.....      | 455 |
| Purcell, George.....    | 459 |
| Rhmer, Florence.....    | 507 |
| Smith, Keitha.....      | 454 |
| Williams, Florence..... | 508 |
| Wittse, Gwendolyn.....  | 414 |

Other successful students who wrote at Athens were the following:—

|                        |     |
|------------------------|-----|
| Barrington, Vera.....  | 444 |
| Beach Ethel.....       | 390 |
| Bellamy, Gertrude..... | 420 |
| Brown, Harold.....     | 441 |
| Brown, Grace.....      | 399 |
| Campbell, Hugh.....    | 417 |
| Craig, Thelma.....     | 484 |
| Dowsley, Gordon.....   | 393 |
| Earl, Leslie.....      | 415 |
| Ferguson, Andrew.....  | 390 |
| Flood, Eulalia.....    | 427 |
| Flood, Leo.....        | 422 |
| Fortune, Francis.....  | 442 |
| Gould, Veda.....       | 392 |
| Gray, Irene.....       | 417 |
| Halladay, Katie.....   | 391 |
| Justus, Ivan.....      | 396 |
| Kelsey, Alice.....     | 397 |
| Loverin, Arnold.....   | 443 |
| Morrissey, Mary.....   | 390 |
| Purcell, Augusta.....  | 459 |
| Scott, John.....       | 391 |
| Shea, James.....       | 446 |
| Thomas, Sarah.....     | 394 |
| Wing, Ethel.....       | 393 |
| Young, Norma.....      | 415 |

## A BUDDING TOWN

Writing to the Reporter from Landscape, Sask., on July 12, Mr F. F. Booth says: Only a few Athenians are located here, but all are hale and hearty. We have had abundance of rain during the past three weeks and some very heavy thunder storms. There is only one building yet on our town site—a general store 14 x 16 feet, 10 feet high and a flat roof. The basement is being dug for a similar building on corner of Main Street and Railway Ave, to be used as an extensive hardware store. Passenger trains are making regular trips now and a post office was installed here this week. The new pumping station is running full blast and is being run by a man from the East. A report is afloat that he is to be removed to Assinabois in the near future.

## ATTEMPTED BURGLARY

On Tuesday night about 1 o'clock, the Misses Covey, who reside with their mother on Sarah street, were awakened by some person attempting to force an entrance by way of the front door. Mrs Covey was not home, and hastily dressing, the girls escaped by way of the back door and ran, calling for help, towards Main street. Mr G. D. McLean was aroused and admitted the girls. The burglar pursued them but dodged behind a tree as Mr McLean appeared. Rev. W. G. Swayne and Mr Beach were also aroused and the three men visited the Covey home and made an inspection. Evidence of the serious intention of the midnight visitor was afforded by the screen door, part of the screen being torn loose. Mrs Covey is seldom away from home, and this coupled with the fact that Miss Covey, who is a teacher, had just been paid her salary, indicates that the offence was committed by some person having knowledge of the circumstances.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.  
The Kind You Have Always Bought  
Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Galt*

## DEATH OF REV. J. E. ROBESON

At Shannonville, on Thursday evening, July 17, death came suddenly to Rev. J. E. Robeson, Methodist minister, to which circuit he was appointed at the recent annual Bay of Quinte conference. Heart disease was the cause. Deceased was about sixty-five years of age and had been in the ministry for forty years. Surviving are his wife and family. He had only been at Shannonville two weeks.

## COUNTY GOOD ROADS

Athenians have been wondering as to just when the County Good Roads workmen would return to Athens and complete the work so inauspiciously begun last season. Over in Gananoque an uneasy feeling prevails in respect to this matter, and in a report of a meeting of the town council the following paragraph occurs:—  
Reeve Britton brought up the matter of good roads, which it was generally understood were to have been started not later than July 15th. Nothing was being done and the prospects were no brighter for a start now than some months ago. He reviewed the interviews with the chairman of the Good Roads Commission, also with the Engineer. There was certainly a nigger in the fence somewhere. If matters continued as they were he proposed to have an injunction served against the Counties' Treasurer, so he could not pay out any more money on this work through the Counties until a start was made on the work in Gananoque.

## REGISTERED SEED GRAIN

On Saturday evening a number of farmers gathered in the office Mr W. H. Smith, Local representative of the Ontario Department of Agriculture, to hear an address by Mr Raynor of the Seed Branch, Ottawa, on the growing of registered seed.  
Mr Raynor was introduced by Mr Smith and he gave a very practical discourse along the lines of pure seed production, explaining best method of eradicating a variety of the most noxious weeds. The plan generally pursued in producing seed of registered standard is to set aside a breeding ground of from one-quarter to three acres, usually taking a piece of ground upon which a hoe-crop had been grown the previous season. This is carefully cultivated and kept as free from weeds as possible during the growing period by hand-pulling or spraying. When threshed it is thoroughly fanned and bagged for home use or for market.  
During the growing period it is visited and passed upon by an inspector and when ready for sale it is examined by a representative of the Seed Grower's Association and, if approved, is stamped as being of registered standard.

Apart from the benefit derived by the grower, there is a good market at a highly remunerative price for all that is offered.

This breeding ground, Mr Raynor said, should bear the same relation to the field crops that the thoroughbred sire bears to the herd, and that more care in seed production or selection would prove a distinct gain to the farmers.

The object in forming a Seed Centre is to enable members to co-operate in the growing and marketing of registered seed, and Mr Raynor asked for an expression of opinion on the formation of a Centre here. No organization was formed, but the following farmers signified their intention of establishing a breeding patch, and placed orders for seed grain, chiefly Banner oats: Messrs. Wm. Steacy, Manager of the House of Industry, E. Livingston, H. B. Knapp and W. J. Taber.

At the close of his address Mr Raynor replied to a number of questions, giving much useful information on a variety of topics.

Mr Smith has already interested the Lansdowne Farmers Club in seed growing, and the start made here on Saturday evening may result in the establishing of a prosperous Centre here.

## IN MEMORIAM

In loving remembrance of our dear father, Benjamin Livingston, who entered into rest on May 18th, 1913. No one knows how much we miss him, None but aching hearts can tell, Earth has lost and heaven has gained him—  
Jesus doeth all things well.  
Gone but not forgotten.  
Wife and three daughters.

WE ANNOUNCE THE GREATEST CLEAN-UP SALE

OF

## Summer Goods

ever attempted by any store continuing for 10 days

We advise you to come early expecting bargains—you will not be disappointed. Everything sacrificed.

A Great Sacrifice of all Whitewear  
Wonderful Values from our Ready-to-wear Department

We have everything as advertised

# C.H. POST

Phone 54

BROCKVILLE ONTARIO

## Hot Weather

Take advantage of our July Cheap Sale and come here for great bargains in men's and boys' light weight suits, outing trousers, underwear, soft shirts, straw hats, jerseys, etc.

## GLOBE CLOTHING HOUSE

The Store of Quality

BROCKVILLE ONTARIO

Store closes every Wednesday at 12.30 during July and August.

## Suits That Stand Out

From the ordinary in the crowd are the regular products of our work rooms. You get none but fashionable clothes here, because that is the only kind we produce. Try us on your new suit and see how perfectly we fit you, and how well the clothes are made.

# M. J. KEHOE

Clerical Suits a Specialty.



LESSON IV.—JULY 27, 1913.

Moses' Request Refused.—Exod. 4:20-6:1.

Commentary.—I. Moses received by his people (vs. 29-31). From the fact that Moses and Aaron called the elders of the Hebrews together it is fair to conclude that the enslaved race had some sort of organization. As Moses addressed them they saw that he spoke with authority and the signs which he did gave such sanction to his words that they believed him to be their divinely-appointed leader to bring them out of bondage. Moses' attempt to deliver his people forty years before this time had the effect of turning them against him; his appearance now gave them the assurance that God had undertaken to deliver them by the hand of Moses. Told Pharaoh.—The Pharaoh of this lesson is supposed to have been Menephtah, the son of Rameses II. Moses' experience in the court of the king of Egypt was an advantage to him now, for he knew how to gain access to Pharaoh. That they may hold a feast.—It was a reasonable request, for each nation had its own religious system and form of worship. The Hebrews had not probably, during their years of servitude, had the opportunity of holding a great religious service. In the wilderness.—The children of Israel desired to worship by themselves, apart from the influence of the sun-worship by the Egyptians. It is not necessary to suppose that Moses intended at this time to lead the Hebrews into the wilderness for a religious feast, and then unceremoniously effect their escape. Moses was practising no deception. This was the first step, and was preparatory to Pharaoh's final, urgent command for them to go with haste. 2. Who is the Lord?—God is here mentioned under the name of Jehovah. Pharaoh's question indicates that he does not acknowledge the authority of Jehovah. God of Israel (v. 1). Neither will I let Israel go.—This is the fulfilment of God's words to Moses in Gen. 3:15. Pharaoh suspected that the children of Israel intended to throw off the yoke of their oppressors. 3. The God of the Hebrews.—This answers the question of Pharaoh in the preceding verse. The Egyptians well knew that the Hebrews worshipped a different God from theirs. Sacrifice unto the Lord our God.—The Hebrews were deeply fixed in the minds of the Hebrews. This act would please Jehovah, who would ward off pestilence and the sword. The public and general worship of God had been too long neglected. Moses insisted that it was Jehovah who required of them this act of worship. II. Pharaoh's refusal (vs. 4-9). 4. Moses and Aaron.—The king charged them with interfering with the work of his slaves.—Release them from their works.—Release them from their tasks, unto your burdens.—The Hebrews still dwelt in Goshen and attended to their flocks and herds, but they were compelled to labor a part of their time under Egyptian overseers upon public works. 5.—Are many.—The children of Israel twenty years old and upward, able to go to war, now numbered more than six hundred thousand (Num. 1: 45, 46). Much loss of labor would be effected by several days' absence of such a host. 6. Taskmasters.—Egyptians who directed the work of the enslaved Hebrews. Officers.—Hebrews who had direct oversight of companies of slaves. They acted under the orders of the taskmasters. By many it is supposed that they were scribes to keep exact records of the slaves and the work done by them. 7.—Straw to make brick.—Bricks were made by mixing mud with chopped straw to keep the mud from cracking and cleaving apart. The mud was put in moulds to form the bricks, which were dried in the sun. Let them go and gather straw.—The straw would no longer be garnished. The Egyptians harvested their grain by cutting the straw a lie below the heads, leaving the stubble long, and the stubble was gathered and chopped to use in making bricks. 8. Tale.—Number; that which is told, or counted. Shall lay upon them.—They were required to make as many bricks now, when gathering straw for themselves, as when it was furnished them. For they.—Pharaoh thought he saw the solution of the problem before him in making the work of the Hebrews heavier. His charge that they were idle or sought to be idle was without foundation. 9. Let them not regard vain words.—Let them be fully occupied with their work, and have no time to regard "vain words" (R. V.), as if God had really demanded a pilgrimage of them.—Driver. IV. Burdens increased (vs. 10-18). 10. Thus said Pharaoh.—The taskmasters were under the necessity of making their cruel announcement to the Hebrews already severely oppressed. 11. Get you straw.—Those whose task it had been to procure straw for the brick-makers could be employed in other work, thus rendering to Pharaoh more service. 12. Scattered abroad.—to gather stubble.—It is impossible to imagine a more aggravated cruelty, a more perfect specimen of Oriental despotism.—J. F. & B. The remains of ancient sun-dried bricks show that reeds as well as straw were chopped up to mix with the mud. 13. Hasten to us.—The Hebrews were to hasten to the making of the full number of bricks. 14. Were beaten.—The mode of punishment was for the offender to lay flat on the ground, face downward, and firmly held, while the blows were given. Those beaten were the Hebrew officers who had not been able to drive the brickmakers fast enough to secure the making of the full number of bricks. 15-18. The complaint which the officers made to the king were given no heed. He had ordered the increased labor, and showed no sympathy for his overburdened subjects. He had no disposition to modify his original demands. V. Moses encouraged (vs. 19-6:1). 19-22. Moses' task was in no sense an easy

one. Those who trusted him to bring relief to them found that his efforts had only made their burdens heavier and their enslavement more intolerable. Their complaints to Moses were disheartening and he was driven to seek an explanation from the Lord. Out of the depths of his grief he cried unto God. The Lord had not changed his purpose regarding Israel. He encouraged Moses with the promise, that not only would Pharaoh permit the Hebrews to go forth from Egypt, but he would even thrust them out. Questions.—Why did Aaron go to meet Moses upon the return of the latter from Midian? What was Moses' first act upon returning to Egypt? How did he convince his people that he was commissioned to lead them out of bondage? What request did Moses and Aaron make of Pharaoh? How did Pharaoh answer them? In what way were the Hebrews' burdens increased? Who were the taskmasters? The officers? What complaints were made to Pharaoh? How were they received? What did the Lord say to Moses about the deliverance of Israel?

PRACTICAL SURVEY. Topic.—Contest for freedom. I. Intervention for Israel. II. Retaliation upon Israel. III. Consolation for Israel. 1. Intervention for Israel. Moses was divinely prepared and sent upon his mission. He had been instructed by a vision from God. He had been enriched by life's discipline. He had gathered inspiration through communion with God. He was invested with power to work miracles. He was given the message which he was to deliver to Pharaoh. He was an ambassador from the King of heaven to the King of Egypt. He and Aaron went before Pharaoh at the risk of their lives. Their demand touched the honor and revenues of the King. Moses' first appeal was made to Pharaoh's sense of fairness, his humanity and respect for religion. His heart was thus tested as to honor and piety. One question confronted Pharaoh, whether or not he would obey God. Pharaoh refused to obey or to pay anything like respect to God's demand. Moses made it plain that God required Israel to acknowledge him publicly as their God, that they should offer sacrifice to indicate their acceptance of the deliverance, and that everything else should yield to the discharge of those duties. Pharaoh acknowledged no such Jehovah, and neither recognized his authority nor admitted his claims. Israel's freedom was hopeless only as God interfered and worked miracles in their behalf.

II. Retaliation upon Israel. Pharaoh was not accustomed to look upon the moral side of questions. He judged every one by his own low moral standard. He used the language of superiority, of decided opposition, of contempt, of defiance. In his opinion, there was no need of such religion and no danger in neglecting the alleged commands of God in the matter, and no intention among the people to engage in worship. At any rate he determined that his slaves should be taught that rebellion was not likely to be successful. He insisted that Moses, through selfish ambition, had incited the people to action, and treated him as a mere politician and Israel as insurrectionists. He became more unreasonable in his demands. He was cruel in his resentment and mistaken in his judgment of guilt. He pressed his cruel measures in requiring the impossible, and mocked their woe, while he exaggerated the importance of worldly pursuits and ignored Israel's religion. By hindering Moses Pharaoh assumed a fearful responsibility, which resulted in Israel's losing faith. If the Israelites could have read Moses' heart they would have found occasion for supporting him with the greatest tenderness, gratitude and patient endurance. He thought much more upon Israel's sorrow than he did upon Israel's sin. III. Consolation for Israel. There is help in God, was one of the great lessons which all those painful years were meant to teach Israel. Israel's methods of working called for divine interposition. Moses at first failed to see that the increased burdens were the first indication of success. In all his perplexity Moses still acted upon the firm confidence that Jehovah would continue to reveal His will, and to Him he poured out the burden of his heart. In answer to his cry God vouchsafed a new and sublime revelation of His character, a sublime revelation of His name, a comforting reference to His covenant, a pathetic reference to the sorrows of Israel. Though Pharaoh had made bitter temporal life of a fleeing generation, as fast as it was possible, he was a righteous and omnipotent God. The enslaved people must be delivered because God had promised to deliver them. The haughtiness of Pharaoh was the preliminary step to his overthrow. Moses had discharged his duty thus far with dignity and courage. The revival of true faith and loyalty to Jehovah was the fundamental need in Israel. Long years of oppression by an idolatrous people had dimmed their spiritual vision.—T. R. A.

MAY HEAR JACKSON

In Heresy Case Before the British Conference.

London, July 21.—Under the chairmanship of Rev. Luke Wiseman, the outgoing president, the Wesleyan Conference opened this evening at King Street Chapel, Plymouth, with over a thousand ministers and laymen in attendance. An invitation to meet at Leeds next year having been accepted, Rev. F. S. Collier, of the Manchester Mission, was elected president for the ensuing year. This evening's business was largely formal. Some doubt is now being expressed as to whether the question of the appointment of Rev. George Jackson, of Toronto, who has been accused of heresy to a position on the teaching staff of Disbury can be raised at all in the representative session, which is by its constitution debarring from the discussion of theological issues, but it is not unlikely that Mr. Jackson himself may ask permission to make a plain statement of his views, and if this is accorded it is difficult to see how a general debate can be avoided. A section of the opposition is already clamoring for his expulsion from the ministry.



TREATMENT OF DAIRY CATTLE.

There is some truth in the assertion that "no one ever sells his best cow." It, therefore, is established that to have profit-making cows it is important for the dairyman to raise his own herd, and not rely on purchasing animals to keep up the supply. Inherited capacity for milk production is a point that must not be overlooked in breeding cattle. In fact, it is the first thing the dairyman should avail himself of, and to strongly further this end a good bull of one of the dairy breeds should be used.

The work of establishing a good dairy herd, however, is only begun when the breeding is done. Starting with dairy inheritance the heifer calves should be fed and handled with a view of increasing the influence of the maternal function on which milk production depends. The feeding of the heifer calves intended for the dairy is a very different thing from that calculated to make a good calf in the sense of pleasing outline and a thrifty plumpness. These latter points should be aimed at by the breeder, of course, but in dairying, while the heifer calf should be well nourished, it should be done with feeds that produce angularity of form, rather than plumpness. This means that little or no fattening food should be fed, and that the tendency to lay on fat should never be encouraged at any step in the feeding. A heifer calf that insists upon putting on fat should be left out of one's calculations so far as the dairy herd is concerned, and prepared for the butcher, for whose use the capacity to lay on fat is desirable. The calf should be handled, also, regularly every day, and with kindness, so that it will never be afraid of man and the early establishment of the maternal function is important dairy heifers should be bred early. There is a tendency in some breeds to overdo at this point. A good many heifers are bred too early. About 15 months is about right for breeding dairy heifers.

In dairying it is important that the calf be suckled as little as possible. Many dairymen never allow the calf to take the dam's milk direct at all, believing that any nursing whatever awakens the instinct to do so in both dam and calf, and when the latter is denied, makes both fret to a greater or less extent. Others allow the calf to suck a couple of times, taking care not to permit it to gorge itself, so that it will begin life with a bad case of scour, and when they then remove the calf entirely out of sight of the mother, the future thrift of the little fellow will then depend upon it being taught to drink promptly. To do this put warm diluted milk in a pail and get the calf in a position where it cannot back away from the operator, stand astride of its neck, hold the pail in the left hand, dip two fingers of the right hand into the milk and then gently insert them into the calf's mouth. Instinct will cause it to suck the fingers, and as it does this its mouth should be placed in the milk and the fingers slowly removed. After a few trials the calf will usually learn to drink without assistance.

At this stage of the feeding of the calf care should be taken to avoid overfeeding. More calves are injured by permitting them to gorge upon milk quite early in life than in any other way. Nature's own methods in this respect are a good guide, and for the first week little and often should be the rule. In the course of a week the calf should be gradually brought to a skim-milk diet by reducing the whole milk little by little, and supplying the like quantity of water, sweet skim milk.

Warmth and sweetness in the feed must be insisted upon. If the milk given be cold, or if it be a little bit turned, digestive disturbances are almost sure to follow, and perhaps the calf will be raised and perhaps not. As it gets to a skim-milk diet an effort should be made to replace with the best substitute obtainable the fat that is removed from the whole milk by skimming. The best means to do this is by the use of a little ground flaxseed, every pound of which contains about one-third its weight of quite easily-digested vegetable fat. It is sometimes added directly to the milk in the form of gruel, made by boiling a pint of ground flaxseed in a gallon or two of water. As early as possible, however, not only this, but whatever other supplemental feeds are added to the ration, should be fed dry, as it is important to teach the calf to eat dry meal as early as possible.

Conformal in the proportion of about eight or nine parts to one of ground flaxseed makes a very desirable substitute to a skim-milk diet, beginning with a small amount of it and gradually increasing it from a couple of tablespoonfuls in the beginning to twice as much within a week, and then slowly increasing to a pound a day; and when the calf is two months old a pound of oatmeal or wheat shorts may be added and continued for a couple of months longer. Care should be taken not to overdo the skim milk portion of the ration. Twenty pounds a day is abundant, and, properly supplemented, a considerably less quantity will answer well.

The demand for draft horses is far in excess of the supply, and prices are at a point where satisfactory returns are sure to accrue to the breeder. Drive slowly when the horse is full of food and water, but after the muscles are relaxed and the system empty, increase the speed. Never keep the same gait and speed for a long time, for a change of gait is equivalent to a rest.

When cultivating corn do not plow so deep as makes a very rough bed, but demonstrate time and again that shallow cultivation is best for corn. When a limb of a tree is to be removed

entirely the cut should be made at the union with and parallel to the surface from which the limb arises.

Covering the ends of the whiffletrees and hames with burlap or leather will protect the orchard trees from being barked or bruised while driving through the orchard with horses.

Milo maize is similar in composition to Indian corn and will make very good silage. For all practical purposes it has about the same feeding value as corn silage.

A good liniment for wire cuts, where the bones of the feet of the animal have been injured, is made as follows: Chloroform, one ounce; tincture of belladonna, one and one-half ounces; tincture of opium, one ounce, spirits of camphor, two ounces, and olive oil, two and one-half ounces.

FALL FAIRS

To Be Held Throughout Province This Year.

Table listing various fall fairs across the province, including locations like Aberfoyle, Abingdon, Alexandria, and dates from Oct. 1 to Oct. 12.

BRUTAL HIRED MAN

Assaults Western Employer and Co-laborer.

Man, Sask., July 21.—While his employer, C. D. Beneson, was stabling his team last night, Lloyd Atz, hired man at the Silvermoon Ranch, south of here, made a vicious assault upon him with a whiffletree, beating the unarmed man to the ground. Beneson struggled to his feet and staggered toward the house, but Atz followed and within a few yards of the door made a second attack, leaving his victim for dead. Beneson, however, managed to make the house, where he was taken in by his wife and a Miss Wolfe. Atz had disappeared, but the woman's cries for help attracted John Brocknow and his sisters, who were driving past. Brocknow barred the doors as Atz returned to the house. The hired man made an unsuccessful attempt to enter and went away. About this time Miss Wolfe remembered the other hired man, Leonard Wame, was somewhere about the farm, and she went out into the night to find him. After a brief search she found Wame, unconscious and with terrible wounds on his face and head. Despite the fact that Wame weighed 180 pounds, the girl raised him and carried him on her back to the house. Nothing more was seen of Atz.

FROM JOY-RIDER TO ROBBER.

St. Thomas despatch.—The magistrate today committed for trial Joseph Demice and Albert Lamin, negroes, for committing robbery and beating Miles Kitchem, a farmer, near the west end market. At a late hour last night Kitchem was waiting for a traction car when the two men walked up, and after addressing a few words to him struck him on the head with a bottle, knocking him to the ground. While he lay dazed with the blow the men went through his pockets. Demice was just released from custody last week, and fined \$50 for stealing T. J. Prime's car out of the garage and going on a joy ride.

MONTREAL LIVE STOCK.

A Montreal, Que., despatch: East end market: Cattle—Receipts, about 950; milch cows, 1,000; calves, 1,300; sheep and lambs, 925; hogs, 920. Trade was slow, but good cattle brought higher rates than were paid here a week ago, quality considered. Prime beefs, 6 7/8 to 7 1/4; medium, 4 3/4 to 6 3/4; common, 3 to 4 1/2. Cows, \$30 to \$65 each. Hogs, \$3 to 6c. Sheep, 4 to 4 1/2c. Lambs, \$4.25 to \$6 each. Hogs, 10 to 10 1/4c.

Market reports table listing various commodities and their prices, including items like Butter, Eggs, Spring chickens, Turkeys, Apples, Potatoes, etc.

WINNIPEG GRAIN EXCHANGE.

Table showing grain exchange data for Winnipeg, including Wheat, Oats, and Flax prices.

MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN MARKET.

Minneapolis—Close—Wheat—July, 87-1/2; Sept., 87-7/8; Dec., 92-1/4; No. 1 hard, 91-1/8; No. 1 northern, 89-5/8; No. 2 hard, 87-5/8; No. 2 do., 85-5/8; No. 2 soft, 85-1/2; Oats—No. 3 white, 36 1/2c to 37c; Rye—No. 2, 56c to 58c. Flour and bran unchanged.

DULUTH GRAIN MARKET.

Duluth—Close—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 91-1/4; No. 1 northern, 90-1/4; No. 2 do., 88-1/4c to 88-3/4c; July, 89-3/4c; Sept., 32c; No. 3 feed, 30c.

CHEESE MARKETS.

Brockville, Ont.—No sales were recorded at the cheese board meeting today. The best bid was 12 1/2c.

GLASGOW CATTLE MARKET.

Glasgow.—Watson cables average supplies of Scotch and Irish cattle. Good demand for all classes. Scotch steers 15-14 to 16-12c; Irish, 14-14 to 15-12c; bulls, 12-3-4c to 13-12c.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Cattle—Receipts 4,300. Market—Steady. Texas steers, 7.00 to 8.00; Stockers and feeders, 3.80 to 5.00; Cows and heifers, 3.50 to 5.00; Calves, 8.00 to 11.25. Hogs—Receipts 15,000. Market—Strong. Light, 9.00 to 9.47 1/2; Mixed, 8.00 to 8.50; Reserve to heavy, 8.00 to 8.80; Pigs, 7.50 to 7.75. Sheep—Receipts 24,000. Market—Weak. Native, 4.25 to 4.50; Yearlings, 1.50 to 2.00; Lambs, native, 6.00 to 7.00.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE.

Wheat—Spot—No. 1 Manitoba, 75 3/4-1-1/2. No. 2 Manitoba, 74-1-1/2. Futures—Steady; July, 75 3/4-1-1/2; October, 75 3/4-1-1/2; December, 75 3/4-1-1/2. Corn—Spot steady; American mixed, new, 48c; old, 50c. American mixed, old—Nominal. Old, via Galveston, 48-50c. Futures—Easy, Sept. 48-50c; Oct. 48-50c; Nov. 48-50c; Dec. 48-50c. Flour—Winters, 20s 6d; Hops in London (Pacific Coast)—4 1/2 to 5 1/2. Beef, extra India mess—12 1/2s 9d. Pork, prime mess, western—10 1/2s. Hams, short cut, 14 to 15 lbs—8s 6d. Bacon, Cumberland cut, 25 to 30 lbs—70s. Short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs—78s. Clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs—70s 6d. Long clear middles, light, 25 to 34 lbs—75s. Long clear middles, heavy, 25 to 34 lbs—75s. Short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs—28s. Shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs—21s. Canadian, prime western, in tierces—2s 3d. American, refined—5s. Cheese, Canadian, finest, white, new—6s. Colored, new—6s. Tallow, prime, 31-6d. Australian in London—96s 1-1/2. Turbentine, spirits—2s. Resin, common—10s 6d. Petroleum, refined—3-3/8d. Lard, 50 lb—27s 6d. Hull, refined—Spot, 3s 1/2. Buffalo Live Stock. East Buffalo, N. Y. despatch—Cattle—Receipts 150 head, active and steady, \$6 to \$12. Hogs—Receipts 1,000, active, 10 to 20c higher. Heavy \$9.50 to \$9.65; mixed \$9.00 to \$9.10; Yorkers, \$8.50 to \$8.50; stage, \$6.50 to \$7.75; dairies, \$9.25 to \$9.35. Sheep and lambs—Receipts 1,000 head, active and steady. Lambs \$5.50 to \$6.25; yearlings, \$6 to \$7; wethers \$5.45 to \$5; ewes, \$2.50 to \$2.25; sheep, mixed, \$5.25 to \$5.00.



TORONTO MARKETS

FARMERS' MARKET. Dressed hogs, heavy, 12.00 to 12.50. Do., light, 12.75 to 13.25. Butter, dairy, lb., 0.25 to 0.28. Eggs, new-laid, dozen, 0.27 to 0.28. Spring chickens, lb., 0.25 to 0.30. Fowl, lb., 0.19 to 0.21. Spring ducks, 0.20 to 0.25. Turkeys, lb., 0.22 to 0.25. Apples, bbl., 2.50 to 3.50. Potatoes, new, bush, 0.75 to 1.00. Beef, forequarters, cwt., 8.50 to 8.75. Do., hindquarters, cwt., 11.75 to 13.00. Do., choice sides, cwt., 10.75 to 11.25. Do., medium, cwt., 8.75 to 9.75. Do., common, cwt., 6.75 to 8.25. Mutton, light, 9.00 to 10.00. Veal, common, cwt., 9.00 to 10.00. Do., prime, cwt., 11.00 to 14.00. Lamb, cwt., 19.00 to 21.00.

SUGAR MARKET.

Sugars are quoted in Toronto, in bags, per cwt., as follows: Extra granulated, St. Lawrence, \$4.40. Do. do. Redpath's, 4.40. Do. do. Acadia, 4.35. Beaver, granulated, 4.25. No. 1 yellow, 4.00. In barrels, 5c per cwt. more; car lots, 5c less.

LIVE STOCK.

Export cattle, choice, \$6.75 to \$7.19. Do., medium, 5.50 to 6.75. Do., bulls, 5.25 to 5.75. Butchers' cattle, choice, 6.00 to 6.90. Do., medium, 5.50 to 6.00. Do., common, 4.50 to 5.00. Butchers' cows, choice, 4.50 to 5.50. Do., medium, 4.15 to 4.50. Do., canners, 2.00 to 3.00. Do., bulls, 4.00 to 5.00. Feeding steers, 4.00 to 6.00. Do., light, 5.00 to 5.50. Milkers, choice, each, 50.00 to 60.00. Springers, 30.00 to 35.00. Sheep, ewes, 3.00 to 3.25. Bucks and culls, 1.50 to 3.00. Lambs, 3.00 to 3.50. Hogs, fed and watered, 9.70 to 10.00. Hogs, L.O., 9.45 to 9.65. Calves, 8.00 to 9.15.

OTHER MARKETS

WINNIPEG GRAIN EXCHANGE.

Table showing grain exchange data for Winnipeg, including Wheat, Oats, and Flax prices.

MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN MARKET.

Minneapolis—Close—Wheat—July, 87-1/2; Sept., 87-7/8; Dec., 92-1/4; No. 1 hard, 91-1/8; No. 1 northern, 89-5/8; No. 2 hard, 87-5/8; No. 2 do., 85-5/8; No. 2 soft, 85-1/2; Oats—No. 3 white, 36 1/2c to 37c; Rye—No. 2, 56c to 58c. Flour and bran unchanged.

DULUTH GRAIN MARKET.

Duluth—Close—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 91-1/4; No. 1 northern, 90-1/4; No. 2 do., 88-1/4c to 88-3/4c; July, 89-3/4c; Sept., 32c; No. 3 feed, 30c.

CHEESE MARKETS.

Brockville, Ont.—No sales were recorded at the cheese board meeting today. The best bid was 12 1/2c.

GLASGOW CATTLE MARKET.

Glasgow.—Watson cables average supplies of Scotch and Irish cattle. Good demand for all classes. Scotch steers 15-14 to 16-12c; Irish, 14-14 to 15-12c; bulls, 12-3-4c to 13-12c.

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ALLOW ME TO PRESENT MY BEST FRIEND

**ROYAL YEAST CAKES**

IN BUYING YEAST CAKES BE CAREFUL TO SPECIFY ROYAL YEAST CAKES. DECLINE SUBSTITUTES.

E. W. GILLET CO. LTD. TORONTO, ONT.

## PLOTS THAT FAILED

She knew how they had been attracted from the beginning and that three weeks of constant companionship must have drawn them irrevocably toward each other. Her guilty soul trembled with fear lest in an unguarded moment Clarence Neville had revealed to Bab that it was he who had rescued her in the terrible accident which had fallen her as she left home—instead of Rupert Downing.

The young man greeted India kindly, courteously—but there was neither gladness nor eagerness in his eyes, nor in the touch of his hand.

"I have lost a great deal of time," she thought to herself, and her anger at Bab knew no bounds for not acquainting her of the fact in her letters that Clarence Neville was at Long Branch.

"She is learning to be tricky," she thought.

She could scarcely wait to get Bab alone to question him and when India faced her without mentioning that she was there, she answered:

"Really, India, it seemed to me of such little moment that I quite forgot it."

The French girl looked at her long and keenly, searchingly, but Bab's face did not betray what was in her heart.

During the next two days that followed, Clarence Neville did not get the opportunity of exchanging so much as a word with Bab—India was with her so continuously. He was growing desperate—she her or communicate with her he must. In sheer desperation he wrote her a little note, which he bribed one of the maids to convey to her.

It contained but a few words, and was as follows:

"Miss Barbara: I leave Long Branch tonight. I should appreciate more than words can tell, your kindness if you would but come down on the beach alone in the gloaming to say good-by to me. It is asking too much, forget that I have requested it and forgive me. Yours sincerely,

Clarence Neville."

A very fever of unrest seized him—the very food he ate seemed to burn his lips as he touched them. He did not see Mr. Haven or the two girls enter the spacious dining-room.

"What detained them?" he wondered; "was anything amiss?"

Then he fell to wondering whether or not Bab would keep the appointment.

The twilight deepened into the night, the stars slowly fixed themselves one by one in the blue arched dome overhead, gleaming in the dark waters like points of dancing flame.

"Ten thousand stars were in the sky. Ten thousand in the sea."

The water dashed silently upon the beach, breaking at his feet in a low, murmuring sob—the moon was rising over the water and a great path of gold seemed to lead directly to it—but he was oblivious to the beauty of sky or water, or to the throngs of people promenading the beach, or to the bewilderling strains of music that floated out upon the night air from the hotel verandas.

"Will she come?" he muttered, glancing at his watch for the twentieth time, but the waves at his feet could give him no answer.

In her room at the hotel at that moment Bab was twisting the note about in her fingers in a very distressed way. Should she obey Clarence Neville's request—or not? He was leaving her—she might never look upon his face again. Would it be very wrong to step down on the beach to say good-by to him?

India was writing a letter for Mr. Haven, dinner was over, and it was just the hour when most of the guests were grouped about on the piazzas.

How could she arrange to go without India or her father noting her absence? If she were to ask his permission a refusal would certainly be the result; he would not even let her go if India accompanied her; he had often given it as his opinion, most emphatically, that it was decidedly out of place for ladies, unaccompanied, to promenade the beach, even though they were in plain view of the hotel of which they were guests.

Now if she kept the appointment, she must slip out unobserved and risk her father's anger as well as India's.

"I will go," she said to herself, clasping her little hand over her beating heart.

She crossed to the window and stood looking out upon the sands; the silken portières of the bay windows quite concealed the slender form from India's watchful eyes.

With a sigh of impatience she gave herself up to the letter in hand. She was anxious to get through with it and get down upon the veranda to see the clock of her usual departure. Clarence Neville, to whom she had given the great passionate love of her heart, unasked. She did not see Bab emerge from the curtained recess, glide slowly toward the door and disappear through it, her light footsteps making no sound in the corridor without.

pledge to wed another.

"This solemn kiss settles it, my darling," he whispered, eagerly, and, trembling like a flower in a chill wind, Bab whispered back a faltering, "Yes, Clarence."

That was the beginning of one of the most pitiful tragedies that was ever enacted.

"Here is the New York boat," he exclaimed. "We will take that, and in ten minutes we will leave all trouble and heartaches behind us, sweet."

What happened afterward always seemed more like a dream to Bab than a reality; the night boat cutting its way through the bright, starlit waters, the hum and buzz of the passengers who crowded the deck, and the face of the lover whom she was to wed so romantically bending over her, his low-spoken words of love making strange, sweet music in her beating heart.

Still more like a dream seemed the landing, with the hurrying throng at the dock, the ride in the hansom cab, and at last standing before the old white-haired minister, who uttered the words that bound her for life to the handsome young lover by her side. Then the sail back over those same starlit waters, with Clarence Neville clasping her hands tightly, and calling her in every breath his darling little bride—his, to love and to hold, to love and to cherish until death did them part.

"And are we really married, Clarence?" she whispered, clinging to him like a frightened child. "It seems so unreal."

The sound of his happy laughter and the answer he made her rang in her ears until the hour she died.

"It is real enough, my darling. I have anchored you so fast to me that no one in this world can ever take you from me; we may have to face a little anger at first, but it will be like the clouds that obscure an April sun—it will pass away directly, leaving the sky of our future all the brighter."

Another thought crossed his mind. He had saved her from a fate worse than death in rescuing her from a marriage with Rupert Downing, of whose follies he knew altogether too much.

He never meant to tell sweet, innocent little Bab of the girl who had sworn that Downing should never lead any other girl than herself to the altar. She defied him to ever attempt it, vowing that it would end in a tragedy; that the bride should be clasped by the bridegroom death, at the very altar; that she should never turn from it alive. Since those old college days in which Rupert Downing had been dare-devil enough in every way possible, Clarence Neville found that after Downing's return from gay life abroad he had developed into a libertine and a gambler. He had done his best to arrest his old college chum's downward course, but to no purpose.

He had learned more of Rupert Downing's true character during the week he had passed with him in East Haven than all the years he had previously known him, and on the very day of Bab's memorable birthday party he had come to the conclusion that his old college chum was no longer a fit companion for an honorable man, and that he would draw his visit short and drop his acquaintance forever. It had also been the cause of much agitation to him as to whether he ought to inform Bab's father of Downing's true character when the fact of his betrothal to Mr. Haven's lovely daughter had first become known to him.

He had insisted to Rupert Downing that he should make a clean breast of the past to Mr. Haven; that it was due him, for his innocent young daughter's sake, and in consequence had parted from each other the bitterest of enemies.

"It is simply a case of jealousy on your part," Downing had said, with a sneer. "I do not thank you for interesting yourself so conspicuously in my business. What they do not know concerning my past will not hurt them; it will be time enough to acknowledge my misdeeds, as you are pleased to term them, when they come to light and confront me. You would like to make yourself out a model young man, and me a libertine; but it will not work, Clarence Neville. I would kill you—do you hear?—I would kill you ere you should win from me the little beauty upon whom I have set my heart."

Clarence Neville knew Rupert Downing well enough to know that he would challenge him to a duel on sight; but he had no fear. They were both equally skilled in the use of firearms, and he would have gone through seas of blood for Bab's dear sake.

He and Bab loved each other; that was reason enough for the step he had taken.

He was willing to take any consequences which might follow. This hasty marriage had been born of the impulse of the moment; he had meant to say farewell to Bab forever when they met on the sands, and at the last moment his mighty love for her had conquered him. He said to himself that he should never regret what he had done, nor should the dear little girl who had trusted him with her future.

No, he would make her life too beautiful a reality for that.

Mr. Haven would naturally be displeased, but when he learned how devotedly they loved each other he would forgive them willingly, no father would stand in anger against the happiness of the child he loved better than life itself, especially when the lover, who had won her, was worthy of her.

And again he said to himself, comfortingly, "That all was fair in love and war."

Meanwhile the steamer glided rapidly on to her destination; already the lights of Long Branch glistened in the distance.

CHAPTER XXIX.

So engrossed were the bride and bridegroom with each other as they sat upon the deck that neither had noticed how the sea and the sky changed on the homeward trip. The young moon shyly hid herself behind a huge bank of dense clouds, the stars died out one by one, and a cold, gray mist seemed to rise up from the waters. Even the light of Long Branch seemed glowering, and very indistinct, considering how near they were to them.

Suddenly, and without a moment's warning, they discovered the meaning of it a fog had arisen; a white mist, enveloping and obscuring all things, rendering it an impossibility to recognize objects scarcely three feet distant.

"Come into the cabin, my darling," exclaimed Clarence. "See, the deck is quite deserted by all save ourselves. You will take your death of cold, and I—"

The rest of this sentence was drowned by the low clanging of the fog bells.

"Come, my love," whispered the solicitous young husband, anxiously. "I should never forgive myself for permitting you to have one moment's discomfort which I could ward from you. Come, Bab, let us go into the cabin. Of course, it is not so delightful as sitting out on the deck, where we can make love to each other to our heart's content, but we shall have all the remainder of our lives to adore each other in, and that will make up for this brief half hour."

With those tender words ringing in her ears, and making sweet music in her pulsing young heart, Bab turned to follow his outstretched hand.

That was the last clear remembrance she had of what transpired. Before she could take the first step toward a violent shock hurled her to the farthest end of the deck.

In less time than it takes to tell it, the wildest pandemonium reigned, hoarse cries from men and shrieks of horror from women and children. Then above the seill cry, "Two steamers! Two steamers!" came a dark, eagerly watching for Bab.

She had missed her quite as soon as she had left the roop, making a hurried excuse to Mr. Haven that her head ached, and that she would be glad if she could be permitted to finish the letters on the morrow, she had arisen hastily and had started off in search of her cousin.

There should be no more interviews between Bab and Clarence Neville, she told herself. At that moment she caught a glimpse of a bit of crumpled paper on the floor in a bay window at which Bab had been standing. She pounced upon it quickly, and smoothing it out and reading it found that it was a note from Clarence Neville, begging Bab to meet him just once more at the old trysting place. Her rage knew no bounds.

She did not know just what place the note referred to, but she knew it was somewhere in close proximity upon the beach.

Bab will tell him that Rupert Downing comes on the morrow, and that she will end in the elopement of Bab with the man she loves, unless I can in some way prevent it," she muttered.

Like a veritable shadow India Haven glided up and down the entire length of the beach where it was possible they might be, but her search was in vain. The sands were crowded with young and beautiful maidens, with their escorts and chaperons, but Barbara Haven was not among them.

As a last desperate effort she reached the pier just as the New York boat was moving out and there upon the forward deck she beheld them.

She shrieked out frantically to them, but the crash of the dance music from a nearby pavilion, and the hum of the hundreds of people rushing hither and thither about the pier drowned her voice. She hurried to a lone spot on the beach, and there, throwing herself face downward upon the sands, wept as few women weep in a lifetime.

Despite all her plottings and planning to keep them apart, they had eloped together at last, the sweet, baby-faced young cousin whom she so heartily detested, and Clarence Neville, the man whom she loved in secret, and with such mad idolatry that she grew frightened at herself at times, when she felt wondering what she would do with her life if Barbara Haven succeeded in winning him from her. And now what she had feared and dreaded most had actually occurred.

(To be Continued.)

## UNSIGHTLY PIMPLES CAME ON FACE.

Sores Spread Until Face Was Covered. So Itchy Could Not Resist Scratching. Cured Entirely in About Two Weeks by Cuticura Soap and Ointment.

Claran, Ontario.—"My trouble started with sores breaking out on the face. They came as pimples and were unsightly. These sores seemed to keep spreading until my face was covered. They were so itchy that at times I could not resist scratching them. After trying two or three different salves which did not stop the sores breaking out, I tried a cake of Cuticura Soap also Cuticura Ointment. I found that they cured me entirely of the sores in about two weeks." (Signed) Fred E. Meyer, Feb. 12, 1912.

## LEGS BURNED AND ITCHED

Souris West, P. E. Island.—"My little girl, aged four years, was troubled with a painful rash on her legs. It began in a dry rash very hot and itchy and after a few days it looked like little pimples with a white top on them. Her legs burned and itched very much and she was very restless and was also cross and fretful. She used to scratch and make sores when I was not watching her. I had to leave her stockings off her as they would irritate her legs. I used to bathe her legs with warm water and use the Cuticura Soap freely, then dry her legs and rub on the Cuticura Ointment and she was cured in one week." (Signed) Mrs. P. J. Mulhally, Aug. 1, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere. For a liberal free sample of each, with 32-page book, send post card to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Dept. 51 D, Boston, U. S. A.

## BASED ON SCIENCE.

Were Forecasts of Prophets of the Bible.

A London theologian has recently claimed for the prophets of old a knowledge of science far greater than modern men give them credit for. He says that they prophesied because they understood perfectly the laws of nature.

For instance, the weather moves in cycles and that was a fact known ages ago. The cycle is nineteen years. Elijah predicted a drought in the land. As the Lord God of Israel liveth there shall not be dew nor rain these years but according to my word."

The scientists of those days could have predicted the drought as well as Elijah, or it was known at that time that droughts move in cycles of nineteen years, and it was then just 4219 years after Pharaoh's drought in the days of Joseph, and that was 519 years after the drought in the time of Isaac, as recorded in Genesis xxvi.

Nineteen years after Elijah called down the drought and famine on the land of Israel, said, "For the Lord hath called for a famine." And then drought and famine came on the land.

The drought in David's time was not predicted, but it was expedient as being because of Saul and his "bloody house." Yet it occurred just 3619 years after Pharaoh's drought.

In all probability the astronomers of the ancient world were familiar with the cycles of drought and famine just as they were with the cycles of eclipses 4,000 years before our era. So undoubtedly the Egyptians knew of the cycles of the fat and lean years, and the Jews carried that knowledge with them when they left Egypt.

## WOULD HELP A LOT.

(Niagara Falls, N. Y., Gazette.)

If British diplomacy can enlarge the entire cord to include Germany this world will be a lot nearer the dawn of universal peace.

## Oh, Yes, He Came in for Pie, Allright!



(To be Continued.)

## THEIR SPECIAL PROVIDENCE.

(Guelph Mercury.)

There seems to be a special providence hanging over the greenery and his girl in the snow, for the casualty list is proportionately small.

The man who goes up against the wool market often gets worsted.

## CONFIRMS BIBLE.

Giant California Trees Tell of Giant Drought.

Biblical history has been recalled by the forestry bureau of the Government to assist in advertising a new pamphlet it has just issued on the giant trees of California. The tree scientists have discovered in the grains of the California trees what they claim to be unmistakable proof that the great drought and famine in Palestine, in the days of the prophet Elijah, 770 years before Christ, was equally felt on the Pacific Coast of the United States. However, the present agent of the Bureau of Forestry tells his own story in the following language:

"In the days of the Prophet Elijah sore famine afflicted the land of Palestine. No rain fell, the brooks ran dry and dire disaster prevailed. 'Go through the land,' said King Ahub to the prophet, Obadiah, 'unto all the brooks; peradventure we may find grass and save the horses and the mules alive, that we lose not all the beasts.'

"When Obadiah went forth in search of forage he fell in with his chief, Elijah, and brought him to Ahub, who greeted him as the troubles of Israel. Then Elijah prayed for rain, according to the Bible story, and the famine was stayed. From this famine in Palestine, some 870 years before Christ, to the forests in the Sierra Nevada, in the twentieth century, is a far cry, but the connecting link between the past and the present, between the ancient east and the modern west, is found in the big trees of California, the huge specters known as Sequoia Washingtonians.

"In a publication entitled, The Secret of the Big Trees, by Ellsworth Huntington, just placed on sale by the Superintendent of Documents, Washington, D. C., it is shown that the growth rings in the big trees of California indicate that in general the same sequence of climatic changes took place in California and Asia Minor. Curves indicating climatic conditions in California and Asia Minor show a remarkable resemblance between the two regions.

"The curves begin with the epoch of the Trojan War about 1200 B. C. There both curves dip very low, indicating an epoch of sudden and severe desiccation. That particular period, historians tell us was one of the most chaotic in all history.

"The famine in the days of Elijah appears in both curves. Apparently at that time the climate did not become extremely dry, nothing like so bad as it had been a few hundred years earlier during the twelfth century, but there was rather a distance falling off in the amount of rainfall as compared with the uncommonly good conditions of the preceding century. About 700 years before Christ both curves stand high in the day when the Greeks were laying the foundation of their future greatness, and the empires of Mesopotamia were at their height. Then comes a pronounced falling off, with a recovery 300 of 400 years before Christ, another decline eliminating about 200 B. C., and a recovery reaching a high point about 50 B. C.

"The time of Christ, the great era of universal peace under the sway of Rome, was apparently an epoch of favorable climate. Time of abundant rain and consequent good crops in all the countries around the Mediterranean Sea and eastward in Asia, as well as in California. Next comes a long period of decline culminating six or seven centuries after the time of Christ. No period in all the history, save that which centers about 1260 B. C., was more chaotic, and that early period appears to have been a time of greatly diminished rainfall."—Chicago News.

## Pure Fiction.

"We enjoyed your visit so much." "Say, Central, I've been waiting twenty minutes." "My wife and I never had a word with each other." "I never wore a hat that cost less than eighty-five dollars." "I've had only one drink to-day." "I never put myself out for company." "We did not have a fly in the house all summer." "I've got to meet a customer to-night." "We never have trouble keeping servants." "I was reared in luxury and refinement." "When the baby came their happiness was complete."—August Smart Set.

## UNPROFITABLE AIR NAVIGATION.

(Philadelphia Record.)

There is no profit yet in the navigation of the air. The aeroplanes can't carry passengers; the huge, unwieldy, costly and fragile dirigible balloons encounter too constant a succession of disasters to permit them to come anywhere near to paying their expenses. A German company that is building the airships invented by Count Zeppelin, and operating some of them commercially, gets a subsidy from the Government, but it admits a deficit last year of \$375,000, or one-fifth its capital. Yet its charges are far higher than are justified by any commercial service it renders. Only while it lasts novelty will men pay \$50 for a couple of hours' ride.

## If It's Hot.

If you should think it's hot, Think of a private yacht; Think of a shower cool; Think of a shady pool; Think of an ice-bound shore; Think of a zero score; Think of an ocean dip; Think of a North Pole trip; Think of artesian wells; Think where the Storm King dwells—Head all these hints of mine If you'd feel fresh and fine! John Smith, Buffalo Express.

## LITTLE WRAPS.

Are't they fetching? And aren't they dainty? Some are altogether shapeless. And some show stole lengths ends. Children's raincoats is a favored fabric. A pinked robe is the approved trimming in hatters. Embroidery, richly heavy, is also used on some of these wraps. Some of them dip down low in the back and others are very short.

Daudet received \$200,000 for "Sapho"; Victor Hugo \$100,000 for "Les Misérables"; but Dwight L. Moody received \$1,000,000 for his share of the profits on the famous hymn-book.

# Hamilton Centennial Industrial Exposition and Old Home Week

August 11th to 16th, 1913

Manufacturers' Exposition of Hamilton-made Products, filling two Armories and Parade Grounds. Grand Carnival Midway. Aviation Exhibition daily. Military Pageant, with seven Canadian and U.S. Regiments participating. Fourteen Military Bands. Aquatic Sports. Motor Boat, Sailing and Rowing Races. Championship Athletic Events. Championship Ball Games, two U.S. League Teams. Trap-Shooting Tournament. Rifle Matches. Big Parades daily.

Come to Hamilton—Canada's Magneto

and see the biggest Civic Holiday Week and Industrial Demonstration that has been seen in Canada—or elsewhere.

Special Rates by Rail and Boat—ask your Local Agent.

CHAS. A. MURTON, Secretary

# CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

## What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

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The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

## YOU PAY WHEN CURED

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NO NAMES OR PHOTOS USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT

### NERVOUS DEBILITY

Thousands of young and middle-aged men are annually swept to a premature grave through Early Indiscretions, Excesses and Blood Diseases. If you have any of the following symptoms consult us before it is too late. Are you nervous and weak, despondent and gloomy, specks before the eyes, with dark circles under them, weak back, kidneys, irritable palpitation of the heart, bashful, dreams and losses, sediment in urine, pimples on the face, eyes sunken, hollow cheeks, careworn expression, poor memory, lifeless, distasteful, lack energy and strength, tired mornings, restless nights, changeable moods, weak manhood, premature decay, bone pains, hair loss, sore throat, etc.

### YOU WILL BE A WRECK

Our New Method Treatment can cure you and make a man of you. Under its influence the brain becomes active, the blood purified, so that all pimples, blotches and ulcers disappear, the nerves become strong as steel, so that nervousness, bashfulness and despondency vanish, the eye becomes bright, the face full and clear, energy returns to the body and the moral, physical and sexual systems are invigorated; all drains cease—no more vital waste from the system. Don't let quacks and fakirs rob you of your hard earned dollars. We will cure you or no pay.

### EVERYTHING PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL

READER: No matter who has treated you, write for an honest opinion Free of Charge. Books Free—"The Golden Monitor" (Illustrated) on Secret Diseases of Men. QUESTION LIST FOR HOME TREATMENT SENT ON REQUEST

**Drs. KENNEDY & KENNEDY**  
Cor. Michigan Ave. and Griswold St., Detroit, Mich.

**NOTICE** All letters from Canada must be addressed to our Canadian Correspondence Department in Windsor, Ont. If you desire to see us personally call at our Medical Institute in Detroit as we see and treat no patients in our Windsor offices which are for Correspondence and Laboratory for Canadian business only. Address all letters as follows: DRs. KENNEDY & KENNEDY, Windsor, Ont. Write for our private address.

## A 'CROSS COUNTER TALK



Customer: "What constitutes good paint?"  
Dealer: "Good paint depends on the materials used, the process of manufacture, and the skill of the paint maker—no more, no less."  
"Sherwin-Williams Paint, Prepared, is good paint—the best paint, in fact, that can be made. No care or detail is lacking in its manufacture. The materials employed are of the highest quality and are properly put together by experienced paint makers. The linseed oil—the vital part of paint—used in S.W.P. is made especially by The S.W. Co. in their own mill. The pigments are selected with greatest care and scrupulously tested. The tinting colors are products of the Company's own dry color works. And the mills used for grinding and mixing are designed and made in the machine shops of the Company. They embody the most advanced ideas in paint making. With such high quality materials, such care and attention, S.W.P. must be and is good paint all the way through."

Everything in Shelf and Heavy Hardware

Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Etc.

**E. J. PURCELL, Athens**

## DAZED THE MOROS

Sights the Sultan's Suit Saw on Board the Charleston.

### FUN IN FRAMING A TREATY.

General Bates Had a Sort of Circus on His Hands While Negotiating With the Filipino Potentate For the Transfer of the Islands to Uncle Sam.

Few treaties ever were negotiated in more interesting and ludicrous circumstances than those that attended the one made in 1899 between General Bates and the sultan of Moro.

When, after much dillydallying, the Filipino potentate was finally induced to come on board the Charleston, the general's headquarters, every effort was made to put him in good humor. He and his suit partook freely of drink, but refused all food as coming from the hands of Christians. Yet they were in no danger of starving, for they had been careful to bring with them enormous sacks of rice.

When the guests were conducted over the man-of-war they marveled at its mechanical mysteries. At the suggestion of an officer the sultan touched an electric button, and instantly a Chinese servant appeared. Again, in response to a suggestion, he touched the button twice, and a United States marine stood in the doorway.

From that time every ornament aboard the ship that in any way suggested an electric button was pushed by the sultan or by some member of his suit. An officer conducted him into a dark room and showed him how to turn the button that adjusted the lighting apparatus. The flood of light that resulted left him with gaping mouth and dilated eyes.

His wonderment continued to grow throughout the afternoon, and whenever an opportunity afforded he repeated the performance of pushing electric buttons and turning electric lights on and off. He even went so far, when he thought himself unwatched, to try to appropriate one of the lighted bulbs.

When ice water was brought in the lump of ice in the pitcher was immediately seized by his royal highness and as quickly dropped to the floor. As the lump gradually diminished in size the sultan's party looked at it in suspicion.

Mr. Shuck suggested to the sultan that he order one of his men aloft and recall him when he reached the crow's nest. The first order was easy to execute, but when a return was ordered, his voice having failed, to carry, a megaphone was brought, and into this the sultan shouted for the man to return under penalty of instant death. Immediately the thoroughly frightened Moro dropped to the deck. The ruler took the dimensions of the strange mouthpiece and declared that he would make one for himself.

The most amusing incident occurred when the sultan upon invitation fired a Colt automatic gun. The explosion of the first discharge appeared to root him to the spot. His hands gripped the trigger, with the result that shells continued to pepper the surrounding waters.

Again and again the royal gunner begged the officers to stop the action of the infernal machine, not knowing that the means of doing it lay in his own hands. So thoroughly frightened was he that it was impossible to make him loosen his hold, and an officer ordered the tape cut, thus stopping the supply of ammunition.

The one pounder was next brought into play, but the sultan refused to go near one of the eight inch guns, which he had been invited to fire.

Meantime the knives of his attendants had been taken to the dynamo room and charged with electricity, with the result that the suit were of the opinion that the evil one himself was aboard. They begged and implored to be taken ashore and, quite forgetful of their bags of rice, scurried down the gang ladder.

At night the searchlight was brought to bear upon the Moro town of Bus Bus, and the instant desertion of the town followed, even the dogs leaving it. For many weeks thereafter no amount of persuasion could induce the inhabitants to return.

General Bates made his headquarters in the town of Jolo, and thither the sultan and his staff came on several occasions to discuss the treaty. Subsequently they made another visit to the Charleston. This time the mother of the sultan accompanied the party, and during the visit a phonograph owned by one of the officers rendered selections for the entertainment of the guests.

The aged dame sat entranced throughout the performance, and it was not until the time came for her son to affix his signature to the treaty that she awakened. On one condition only would she permit the sultan to sign—the phonograph must become hers at once.

For a time that phonograph threatened to be the means of upsetting all General Bates' well laid plans for the amicable taking over of the islands, but fortunately the owner was prevailed upon to part with the machine in the interests of his government, and the treaty was executed.—E. C. Rost in Century Magazine.

Result of His Researches. Investigator. What, in your opinion, is the secret of good roads? Downstate Chauffeur—The secret of good roads is to find 'em.—Chicago Tribune.

## AN ARCHITECTURAL MARVEL.

St. Sophia and Its Wonderful Dome That is Said to Be Doomed.

The world would mourn were the great dome of St. Sophia to fall. There are persistent reports that the structure is in danger, that the masonry is rotten and crumbling and that the final doom of the edifice is not far off.

When it is remembered that St. Sophia was built in the sixth century, that it has for more than thirteen centuries withstood the vicissitudes of fires, earthquakes, sackings and bombardments, rain and wind, heat and cold, the marvel is that it has endured so long. Having stood through all these ages, there will be the keenest regret if it finally yields to the destructive forces of nature.

St. Sophia is often spoken of as the grandest monument of Christian architecture. It is the perfection of the Byzantine style, differing from the early Romanesque and late renaissance of western Europe and the beautiful Gothic which must be considered the ideal of ecclesiastical architecture. It may not be as impressive as other great edifices built from five to ten centuries later, but its strength, solidity and grandeur, together with its great antiquity, give it a place unique among churches.

The collapse of St. Sophia's dome would be a greater loss than was the fall of the Venetian campanile, and its reconstruction would be utterly impossible. The problems of its building were so intricate and complex that the secret of them died with the architect Anthemius in the sixth century. It has been said that St. Sophia, "like Karnak, in Egypt, or the Athenian Parthenon, is one of the four great pinnacles of architecture; but, unlike them, it is no ruin, nor does it belong to a past world of constructive ideas, although it precedes by 700 years the fourth culmination of the building art in Chartres, Amiens or Bourges and thus must ever stand as the supreme monument of the Christian cycle."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

## ONE DAY'S WORK.

That is All There is Before You, So Do It to Perfection.

You have a hard thing to do. So hard it is that your breath comes short when you think of it, and your heart sinks down and becomes a bottomless pit of despondency.

If you let it go on sinking down and down you are done for, so stop it! Climb up again and look around.

You underestimate your own courage if you tell yourself you cannot accomplish this task which looms before you.

Men have done great things before now—things which make one gasp at the splendor and glory of human achievement. Do you think their hearts never failed them; that they never looked forward with utter weariness to the heights they must climb and the seas they must cross and the years they must wait before success crowns them?

How did they manage it?

The secret is simple. Through the eyes of imagination they pictured their distant goal as close to them; they saw it only one day ahead. Then they did one day's work—cheerfully, hopefully. And still the goal was one day distant—only one day—and, in fact, it had been brought one day nearer.

Sometimes through weariness or discouragement the goal vanished from sight, but the acquired habit of plodding on steadfastly, step by step, one day at a time, from hour to hour, brought them close to it in spite of themselves. And so, necessarily, at last they "arrived."

For tasks in hours of insight willed. Can be through hours of gloom fulfilled. Never were truer words spoken.

Let us make the most of our "hours of insight," never thinking of the visions we see in them as delusive dreams and impossible ideals.—London Express.

### Helping the Bride.

When Mrs. Blank, who had always lived near the coast, was married she went to live in a small inland town.

Shortly after her arrival she called on her butcher and ordered a quart of scallops.

"Why, Mrs. Blank," said the dealer. "I guess you will find those at the dressmaker's. And," he added kindly, remembering that she was a bride, "I think they're sold by the yard."—Lippincott's.

### Disagreeable Advice.

"I asked him how he got rich, and he told me, but I shan't follow his advice."

"Why not?"

"I don't like his methods."

"Dis honest?"

"Not at all. He said he simply saved his money instead of spending it for everything he thought he wanted."—Detroit Free Press.

### In Russia.

"What is the matter?" demanded the grand duke.

"Excellency, your cook demands a vacation."

"Give her a knowing," was the autocratic command. Kansas City Journal.

### The Solo.

He (during a number)—I don't care much for the solo. She-Solo! Can't you see that there are two ladies singing? He—Yes, but one hasn't any voice.—Boston Transcript.

### Playing Safe.

"I want you to understand my word is as good as my bond."

"That's why I'm playing safe and insisting on the cash."—Detroit Free Press.

DATES OF FAIR. AUG. 30, SEPT. 1, 2 and 3. DATE OF FALL TERM, SEPT. 2. DATE OF NEW YEAR TERM JAN. 5, 1914.

No Entry Fee Required No Entry Fee Required

Another Interesting and Instructive Contest

**\$60.00 SIXTY DOLLARS IN PRIZES \$60.00**

1st Prize—A full three month course of tuition, value... \$30.00  
2nd Prize—One half of above, value... \$15.00  
3rd Prize—One third of above, value... \$10.00  
4th Prize—One sixth of above, value... \$ 5.00

**What To Do**

Find out how many names of Canadian cities, towns, villages, counties and townships you can make out of the letters which form the words:

**BROCKVILLE BUSINESS COLLEGE**

Each correct name will count as one point and ten points will be added for penmanship and neatness. Send your completed list to G. C. McLEAN, Sec'y, Brockville Fair, or to W. T. ROGERS, Principal Brockville Business College.

N.B.—Every person is eligible no matter where residence may be. Successful competitors not wishing to use tuition may transfer same. The above contest is in connection with the Brockville Fair. The awards will be announced in due time in the press.

**Brockville Business College**  
BROCKVILLE — — ONTARIO  
W. T. ROGERS,—PRINCIPAL

# THE ATHENS REPORTER

## ... OFFICE ...

### Poster Printing

Our job printing department is specially well fitted for all kinds of poster work. Orders for entertainment bills promptly filled at very reasonable prices. If you contemplate holding a concert or social it will pay you to get our figures before placing your order.

### Commercial Work

Bill-heads, statements, letter heads—business forms of all kinds at lowest rates.

### Society Printing

Wedding Stationery—latest type designs—you should see these goods. Calling cards of finest quality.

We will be pleased to assist in arranging copy for any kind of advertising. Call and see what we can do for you.

The Reporter, Athens.

**CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.**

"AROUND THE WORLD" on the "Empress of Asia" from Liverpool, JUNE 14 \$639.10

Full particulars on application.

**Homeseekers' 60 Day** Return Excursions to the Canadian West

Every Tuesday. Very low fares.

**A. GRAHAM, CITY AGENT**  
Brockville City Ticket and Telegraph Office, east corner King St. and Court House Ave.  
Agency for all Steamship Lines

**LUMBERING and SAW-MILLING**

I am installing a **New Mill** near Athens

and am now in a position to guarantee the best of good work. Custom sawing will be given prompt attention.

I am in the market for the purchase of all kinds of logs. Arrangements for sale and delivery may be made now.

**WOOD**—Orders will be taken for 1,000 cords of wood. Will begin delivering with first sleighing.

**SHINGLES**—When you want shingles, learn what we have to offer.

F. BLANCHER, Athens

**"Three Removes are as Bad as a Fire"**

That gem from the philosophy of Benjamin Franklin contains a lot of truth.

Make one move do. Get a good house once for all by a "House Wanted" ad.

Houses may be scarce but our Want Ads will put you in touch with the best in the market.

Illustration of a man with a house on his back.

**FREE TO FUR SHIPPERS**

The most accurate, reliable and only Market Report and Price List of its kind published.

"The Shubert Shipper"

Mailed FREE to those interested in Raw Fur

SEND US YOUR NAME ON A POSTAL—TODAY

It's not a Trapper's Guide, but a publication issued every two weeks, which gives you reports of what is doing in all the Markets of the World in American Raw Furs. This information is worth hundreds of dollars to you.

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The Largest House in the World dealing exclusively in American Raw Furs  
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**Dr. de Van's Female Pills**

A reliable French regulator never fails. These pills are exceedingly powerful in regulating the circulatory portion of the female system. Refuse all cheap imitations. Dr. de Van's are sold at \$1 a box, or three for \$2. Mailed to any address. The Scofield Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

**DR. C. M. B. CORNELL.**  
COR. GARDEN AND PINE ST  
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PHYSICIAN SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR

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Physician and Surgeon  
X-Rays and Electricity employed in treatment of cancer and chronic diseases  
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Office and residence, Henry Street, Athens

Do You Realize

the money you can make selling fruit trees? The present season for Nursery stock is the greatest in the history of the business. Everybody who has the land is planting or preparing to plant.

We Want Now

for Fall and winter months a reliable man to sell in Athens and surrounding district. Good pay, exclusive territory, and all the advantages in representing an old established firm. Over 600 acres under cultivation. Established 35 years. Write  
**PELHAM NURSERY CO.,**  
Toronto, Ontario

WANTED

Good Local Agent

at once to represent the OLD & RELIABLE FORTNILL NURSERY. Splendid list of fruit and ornamental stock for Fall delivery 1913 and Spring delivery 1914.

Start at once and secure exclusive territory. We supply handsome free outfit and pay highest commissions.

Write for full particulars.

STONE and WELLINGTON

The Fortnill Nurseries

Toronto — Ontario

MADAM LAVAL'S  
Cotton Root Compound Tablets

A RELIABLE REGULATOR  
These Pills are compounded with the greatest care from the most reliable remedies known to science; such as are being used with much success by the most celebrated physicians known. They are a specific for the distressing disorders to which the female constitution is liable.  
Price \$2 a box. No. 2 (much stronger), \$3 a box. Sold at all drug stores, or by mail from The Laval Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

Electric Restorer for Men

Phosphonol restores every nerve in the body to its proper tension, restores vim and vitality, cures premature decay and all sexual weakness averted at once. Phosphonol will make you a new man. Price \$3 a box, or two for \$5. Mailed to any address. The Scobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

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MEMORIES OF THE LATE  
GEORGE WEBSTER

(Creemore Star)  
The late George Webster was born near Charleston Lake, in Leeds Co., Ont., February 17th, 1825, where he lived with his parents on the farm until a young man.

When a boy he went to a farm near Brockville to see the first threshing machine used in Canada. It was made in York State and brought over from Morristown. This machine consisted of a cylinder and concave only of the same pattern as used to-day, but had no separator attached.

While in his early twenties he spent the winters working in the lumber woods, or as it was then termed "going to shanty." One summer he took a trip through the Eastern States and saw for the first time, a steam locomotive running on a railroad.

In 1848 he was induced by his brother, Edward, to make a trip to Creemore, which he did by stage from Brockville to Kingston; then taking a boat from Kingston to Toronto; then by stage coach to Holland Landing. From there he tramped through the woods, following a trail which led him via Alliston, where he arrived about noon on the second day. It was here that he heard the first sound of a human voice that day, and on following the sound discovered the late Mr Fletcher, founder of Alliston, and grandfather of W. J. Fletcher, who now carries on the electric light business of that town. This sturdy old pioneer was driving oxen and clearing a place in the woods to start building the first dam in Alliston.

A second incident in his tramp through the woods was the meeting of the late Robert Weatherup, father of Robert W., of Creemore, who, then a lad about sixteen, was driving a team of horses on his way to Holland Landing (or "the front") for supplies. The first clearing he came to was lot 1, con 5, owned by the late William Thompson, grandfather of the Thompson family on the fourth line. Arriving at Creemore late that June evening he found himself still in the wilderness of forest, but with some attempts at farming visible. During the first few years in Creemore he was employed in running the combined saw, grist and carding mill, owned by his brother, Edward, and brother-in-law, Wm Nulty. He assisted in the building of the present flour mill in 1852-3, and assisted Michael Steed and John Kendrick in the building of the old St. Luke's church in 1854-5. About this time he built the first two taverns, a store and some dwellings in the village. In 1858 he built a grist mill for the late Mr Plewes, father of the late Simon Plewes, near Maple Valley, on the Noisy river. In 1860 he built the Bolster store and the third tavern in Creemore.

He was married to Esther Gowan at Collingwood, by the Rev. John Lanry, on Nov. 6th, 1861, and started married life in the little white house north of Mill street bridge, now occupied by Arthur Lyons. He went to Leroy with his family in 1863, but returned to Creemore in 1865, and started farming on the farm now occupied by Thos. Gowan, where most of his children were born, and where he spent the happiest time of his life. In the spring of 1873 he sold this farm and moved to lot 9 con. 6, where he had built a saw mill the previous year. About this time he procured about 450 acres of mostly timbered land in this vicinity.

In February, 1875, he employed E. Stewart, P. L. S., to survey the village of Websterville, where he sold a water power and a number of lots. In 1883 he built a second saw mill in Websterville, where, on Oct. 3rd, the following year his youngest son, Walter, was killed. After carrying on farming and saw milling for thirteen years, he retired to the village of Creemore in 1886, where he remained until his death on June 1st, 1913. He was an adherent of the English church and a Liberal in politics.

He is survived by his widow and four sons,—Herbert, of Norwich; George, of Vancouver, B. C.; Alberta of Toronto, and Frank, of Nottawasaga.

To Teach Agriculture

The Education department has announced its intention of adding a course of study in agriculture to the curriculum of the high schools and the collegiate institutes when they open in September. The students will carry on their experiments in suitable plots of ground, with which all schools will be provided.

The high school teachers taking up this work will be paid \$75 and the school boards employing them will be given grants of \$100. To aid in this new venture the department will grant \$50 to every public or separate school board employing a teacher holding a certificate of agriculture. Teacher's salary will be augmented by a \$30 bonus given by the department.

A recent change in the Division Court Act provides that in any place where fees and emoluments are under \$500, the municipal tax must pay \$2 for every sitting of the Division Court, to be paid by the ratepayers.

For their books as heretofore, but also for the necessary forms required.

A BUSY BUSINESS

It happened that I had charge of Mr Holmes' apiary, located, as is well known, in the pleasant and prosperous village of Athens, while that gentleman, as reeve, was attending the counties council.

I need not refer to the details of the apiary. It is here that the Beekeepers Association hold their annual summer session and picnic, discuss great theories in bee culture, receive a great amount of valuable instruction from Prof. Pettit of Ontario's praiseworthy Agricultural College, and have a general social good time.

Mr Holmes has had many years' experience, enriched by frequent intercourse with the leading apiarists of Ontario. At these annual meetings Mr Holmes kindly allows his lawn for the luncheon and his colonies in the apiary to be freely handled and opened for the demonstration of difficult problems and the teaching of practical lessons. The interest that Mr Holmes has taken is in evidence upon all occasions, such as the recent gathering referred to above. In fact, he has long been prominently connected with every organization which has had for its aim and object the betterment of conditions in beekeeping. He is at present a member of the Board of Management of the Ontario Beekeepers Association and is ex-president of that organization.

Almost continuously, for 35 years, I have travelled among the homes of beekeepers, met many curious incidents made a few discoveries, invented a number of devices handy for the beginner, one of which will quickly capture all the queens in a second or third swarm, or even in half a dozen (which sometimes there are).

But for a number of years past I have been struggling to abandon my enthusiasm for bees and to lay up a little treasure in Paradise before the welcome call comes, "This day shalt thou be with me in Paradise." I never treasured the transient, evanescent wealth of this world, but give to me the Crown, the Robe, the Harp, the Royal Palace—where I may receive an occasional call, if only once in a billion years, from King Jesus.

W. S. H.

An Object Lesson

Many are viewing with interest an exhibit of apples in the window of the local Department of Agriculture. There are two lots, both from the same orchard at Delta and both the same kind of fruit. No. 1 is from a tree that has been pruned and sprayed and the fruit (Russian Transparent) is already large and clean-skinned. No. 2 is from a tree that has received no attention from the Department's experts, and every little apple is a marvel of deformity. Apparently, moths and midgets of all kinds were working their own sweet will before the advent of the Department's officials, and the change they have been able to work in this much neglected orchard should prove a valuable object lesson to the farmers of the county. It has been demonstrated that good apples can be grown in this district, and if proper methods were pursued the farmers would be exporting instead of importing apples.

SCHOOL LEGISLATION

The continuation schools were a boon to the "common people," as they enabled children to obtain their higher education at small cost and without leaving home. In discussing this subject, the Cornwall Freeholder says: "This year the township of Finch wished to start a continuation school, but found that at the last session of the Legislature, the Whitney Government had amended the school law by not only taking it out of the power of the county council to establish continuation schools, but had done away with continuation schools and have made them all high schools, which means dearer education."

This result is that Dandas now has 6 high schools, Stormont has 2 and Glengarry has 2. The trouble with the Government is that when making amendments to the school law, they do not consult the municipal councils nor the school trustees, but simply rush ahead upon the recommendation of a new union known as the Teachers Association. We have no objection to the Teachers' Association or to the Government considering recommendations from them, but they should also consult the people through the municipal councils and the school trustees before tinkering with the school laws and doing away with schools that were doing good work.

Prescription for Headache!

If you should go to your family physician and ask him for a prescription for headache, and he knew the very latest discoveries in medicine, he would prescribe the ingredients of ZUTOO tablets. Yet he might not get the happy combination of the ingredients secured in ZUTOO tablets after long trial and experiment.

Prescribed for headache by the very best physicians of the day. Praised by all users, thousands gladly testify to the merits of this reliable cure for headache. 25c at dealers. Try it.

Look for this label on every bag

It means best quality—tested quality—full measure and thorough satisfaction.

It is on every bag of

CANADA Portland CEMENT

UNLESS you have facilities for testing cement, you must depend upon the manufacturer for Cement that is reliable—Every car of Canada Cement is thoroughly tested, and unless it passes every test it is not allowed to leave the mill.

You can depend upon Canada Cement. Be sure you get it.

Canada Cement Company Limited, Montreal

There is a Canada Cement dealer in your neighborhood. If you do not know him, ask for his name. Write our Information Bureau for a free copy of the 160 page book "What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete."



OTTAWA  
Sept. 5-13, 1913  
Central Canada  
EXHIBITION

Freight paid on All Live Stock Exhibits from Ontario and Quebec Points.

Two Daily Aeroplane Flights starting from front of Grand Stand. Great Spectacular Show, "Siege of Delhi," and Latest Creations in Fireworks.

Full Programme Six Days and Six Nights  
New \$100,000 Implement Hall Completed

\$20,000 in Premiums  
Industrial Displays  
Free Band Concerts  
Big Improved Midway  
Exciting Horse Races  
8 Vandeville Tropes  
Lowest Railway Rates  
Entries Close Aug. 29

Prize List, Programme, Etc., sent on application.

**E. McMahon, Manager,**  
26 Sparks St. Ottawa.

HIGHER PRICE FOR CHEESE

Parth Courier.—Mr G. G. Pablow Chief Dairy Instructor for Eastern Ontario, states that the make of cheese so far this season is about fifteen per cent short of what it was last year at this time. Mr Pablow is of the opinion that even under the most favorable circumstances from now on the make of cheese this year will be fully one hundred thousand boxes short, and he would not be surprised if the price reached fourteen cents in the very near future. This statement prompted a reporter to ask Mr Pablow if he did not think it would be advisable for salesmen who have factories with good curing rooms to hold on to their cheese; in other words not to rush it on the market. In reply Mr Pablow said that there was no doubt that the cheese market would show considerable strength and in view of this and the big shortage in sight he felt quite safe in advising factory men to stand firm. He would not go so far as to say hold the cheese, on account of the more or less risk to be taken in doing so; but on the other hand he felt quite satisfied that the farmers had a more promising market in sight. Presse! for further information, Mr Pablow informed the reporter that the make of cheese during May and June had been exceptionally good, but the quality was somewhat below the mark just now on account of the extreme dry weather and the dust. The farmers were taking good care of their milk, and the cheese were leaving the factories better cured.

Early in the morning of Saturday, July 12, Sidney Empey and Wesley Doran, two moulders in the James Smart Works, Brockville, went up the river on a fishing trip. Empey returned alone and stated that Doran had left him and gone up the river in a boat with two men. Empey's stories were conflicting and on July 17 he was placed under arrest on a charge of manslaughter. On Sunday last the body of Doran was found floating in the river near Odgensburg. The inquest failed to elicit anything new and the charge will likely be dropped.

The Sells-Floto circus will show in Brockville on August 9.

AUCTION SALE

Of Real Estate, Household Furniture Etc.,

The Executors of the late Elisabeth McBratney, dec'd on Wednesday the Twentieth day of August, A. D. 1913, at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon on the premises formerly owned by the said deceased in the Village of Athens, the following Real estate, viz: All and singular those certain parcels or tracts of land and premises situated lying and being in the Village of Athens in the County of Leeds being composed of Village Lots Numbers Nineteen and Twenty on the West side of Sarah Street in the said Village of Athens as laid down on a Plan made by Walter Beatty O. L. S. and filed in the Registry Office for the County of Leeds as Plan No. 111.

On the property there is a frame house and some fruit trees.

There will also be sold at the same time and place a quantity of Household Furniture, consisting of beds, bedding, furniture, glassware, crockery, a clock, stoves and other articles.

TERMS  
Twenty per cent of the Purchase money of the Real estate to be paid down at time of sale, the balance within 30 days thereafter without interest.

All sales of personal property cash. For further particulars apply to James F. Gordon, Ormond L. Moore or to the undersigned.

T. R. Beale  
Solicitor for Executors,  
Dated at Athens the 15th day of July, 1913.

SALLOW COMPLEXION

Indicates indigestion, constipation or liver trouble. F.I. PILLS will regulate your system and build up the nerve forces so that you can sleep and enjoy life. At all dealers 25c and 50c or The Fig Pill Co., St. Thomas Ont.

**Scobell's Liquor, Tobacco and Drug Cure** Permanently dis- Alcohol, Tobacco and Drugs. felt the need for effects almost instantly—removes all cravings. After taking the treatment there will never be any need to drink intoxicants or use drugs again. Can be given secretly. We have yet to hear of one failure. Mailed under separate cover to any address. Price \$5.00 box, or 8 boxes for \$40.00. The

SEASONABLE FASHIONS

The latest fashion plates now here, Call and select the style of Suit you want for Winter wear.

LATEST FABRICS

We have in stock a line of new goods of extra value. Leave your order at "The Old Reliable" and you will get garments that will fit well, look well and wear well.

A. M. CHASSELS

HARDWARE

The attention of

Farmers - and - Builders

Is directed to my stock

Shelf and Heavy Hardware  
Paints and Oils  
Glass and Putty  
Gardening Tools  
Spades, Shovels, Forks etc.

All my goods are of the latest design the product of reliable manufacturers and will give good satisfaction.

Choice line of cutlery and many articles for the household. We ask only a fair price and invite inspection of the values offered. Open every evening.

W. G. JOHNSON

B.W. & N. W.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

| GOING WEST         |            |           |
|--------------------|------------|-----------|
|                    | No. 1      | No. 3     |
| Brockville (leave) | 9.45 a.m.  | 4.10 p.m. |
| Lyn                | 10.10 "    | 4.25 "    |
| Seelys             | *10.20 "   | 4.32 "    |
| Forthton           | *10.33 "   | 4.43 "    |
| Elbe               | *10.39 "   | 4.48 "    |
| Athens             | *10.53 "   | 4.55 "    |
| Soperton           | *11.13 "   | 5.12 "    |
| Lyndhurst          | *11.20 "   | 5.19 "    |
| Delta              | 11.28 "    | 5.25 "    |
| Elgin              | 11.47 "    | 5.39 "    |
| Forfar             | *11.55 "   | 5.45 "    |
| Crosby             | *12.03 "   | 5.50 "    |
| Newboro            | 12.13 "    | 6.00 "    |
| Westport (arrive)  | 12.30 p.m. | 6.15 "    |

| GOING EAST          |           |           |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------|
|                     | No. 2     | No. 4     |
| Westport (leave)    | 7.00 a.m. | 2.45 p.m. |
| Newboro             | 7.15 "    | 3.05 "    |
| Crosby              | *7.25 "   | 3.18 "    |
| Forfar              | *7.30 "   | 3.24 "    |
| Elgin               | *7.36 "   | 3.37 "    |
| Delta               | 7.50 "    | 4.00 "    |
| Lyndhurst           | *7.56 "   | 4.10 "    |
| Soperton            | *8.03 "   | 4.19 "    |
| Athens              | 8.20 "    | 4.55 "    |
| Elbe                | *8.27 "   | 5.02 "    |
| Forthton            | *8.32 "   | 5.08 "    |
| Seelys              | *8.43 "   | 5.20 "    |
| Lyn                 | 8.50 "    | 5.31 "    |
| Brockville (arrive) | 9.05 "    | 6.00 "    |

\*Stop on signal  
W. J. F. S. S. 51p



NEWS OF THE DAY IN BRIEF

Forty Asphyxiated in Sicilian Sulphur Mine.

NEW R.M.C. TEACHER

Another Revolution Promised in Hayti.

County Court Judges may get larger salaries.

W. H. Peterson, a prominent lawyer of Guelph, is dead.

A Newtonville man was heavily fined for selling liquor on Sunday.

James Melnis was found guilty of manslaughter at Georgetown, P. E. I.

Mrs. William McDougall died at Edgeley, aged 100 years and one month.

Mr. Joseph Featherstone, former member of Parliament for Peel, died.

Garbage of all kinds was found littering a backyard owned by Toronto.

The Department of Education declined to take a hand in the London school situation.

Crop prospects in the central counties of Ontario are the brightest in five years.

A motor stolen in Toronto was abandoned near Orangeville when the thieves were pursued.

Major A. Sharpe, of Kingston, collapsed on a Toronto street car and died shortly afterwards.

News received from Hayti is to the effect that the revolutionists are very active and the regime of President Orestes will soon be overthrown.

The Carling Brewing and Malting Co., of London, has been absorbed in a huge merger of Canadian breweries effected by an English syndicate.

Earth shocks of more or less violence continue in Nicaragua, principally in the department of Managua and Masaya. In Masaya several houses have been destroyed. Santiago volcano inactive.

The London Times says that the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada is about to make an issue of \$1,000,000 five per cent. five-year equipment notes at a price of 98.

Captain Thompson, of the Northamptonshire Regiment, has been appointed professor of military topography and superintendent of drills and gymnastics at the Royal Military College, in succession to Major J. P. Shine.

An early morning fire in the business section of Kingston did damage estimated at about \$5,000, but the firemen were able to get control of it in good time, and prevented what at first had every appearance of being a bad blaze.

Forty men were asphyxiated during a fire in a sulphur mine at Caltanissetta, in Sicily. Rescuers made repeated descents into the mine and saved sixty men. It is feared that there are more victims still in the mine.

The five men who were entombed at the Spruce Mine, Eveleth, Minn., on Wednesday as a result of a cloudburst were rescued. The imprisoned miners were located by tapping on a pipe which had been drilled 100 feet into the mine.

The De Grasse Paper Company in conjunction with The New York World have purchased from D. H. Pennington, of Quebec, his pulpwood limit at Murray Bay, comprising 52,000 acres. The price paid was \$400,000.

The residence of David Tewesley, in the township of Wainfleet, near Fort's Road postoffice, was burned, together with nearly all the contents, the house being unoccupied when the fire started. A small amount of insurance was effected. The cause is unknown.

A BIG CHEQUE

\$88,000,000 Transferred in Merger Dissolution.

New York, July 21.—With a slip of paper in his pocket representing about \$88,000,000, Frederick V. S. Crosby, treasurer of the Union Pacific Company, walked into the office of the Central Trust Company to-day. He turned the paper over to the trust company and thereby completed the first step in the dissolution of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific railroads, as decreed by the courts.

The document was a certificate for Union Pacific's holdings of Southern Pacific, exclusive of those turned over yesterday to the Pennsylvania Railroad, in exchange for that road's holdings of Baltimore & Ohio. The trust company was designated by the court to act as trustee pending distribution of the stock among persons not holders of Union Pacific stock.

TELLER SHOT FOR BURGLAR.

London, Ont., despatch.—Arthur D. Mertens, of Toronto, teller at the Dominion Bank at Seaford, was mistaken for a burglar by his friends last last evening, and shot through the lungs. He is not likely to recover. A motorcycle outside the bank had gone wrong, and the staff occupying rooms in the bank building mistook the noise for someone trying to get into the bank, and, taking the revolver, shot Mertens as he was coming into the building without turning on the lights.

DULUTH MINE FLOODED.

Duluth, Minn., July 21.—No word of further rescues in the flooded Spruce mine at Eveleth had reached this city this morning. Five men still were in the mine, and efforts were being made to reach them, or at least to find out whether they were dead or alive. They are supposed to be on an upper level, and may have escaped the water.

SHIELD FOR POLICE

London Bobbies Are To Be Protected.

London, July 21.—A large metal shield, some three feet long by two feet broad, carried over the shoulders like a housewife's apron, may be worn by the London policeman in the future when dealing with armed burglars and lunatics.

For some months official Scotland Yard has been engaged in testing and experimenting with various types of bullet-proof shields which will protect the head and body of the constable and at the same time allow him to use his revolver effectively and with perfect safety.

A white paper on shooting outrages on the police, just issued, gives some interesting figures showing the number of cases in which firearms have been used against police officers from 1908 to 1912. The total number of police officers shot at between 1908 and 1912 was 92, of whom 6 were killed and 24 injured, while 62 escaped injury.

MISSING PEARLS

Theft of Necklace Was Cleverly Worked.

By Sharp Band of International Crooks.

London, July 21.—There is not a glimmer of light on the mysterious disappearance of the \$675,000 pearl necklace which was shipped from Paris to Max Mayer, a merchant, of Hatton Gardens, by Mr. Salamon, his representative at the French capital. The necklace was sent in a registered letter. When Mr. Mayer received the letter he found only pieces of sugar of the same weight as the necklace.

When the package left Paris it had seven seals impressed with the letters "M. M. When it arrived it had 13 seals, the extra six hiding the place where the package had been opened. The extra seals were palpable imitations of the real ones. Mr. Mayer declared to the police to-day that the necklace is worth \$750,000. He said he bought it nine months ago.

The activities of a band of international thieves were reported to the Paris police about a week ago, and the officials there are inclined to connect these big crooks with the recent thefts of diamonds at Antwerp, and the loss of 30,000 sovereigns in transit to Egypt from London, as well as other robberies between Paris and London, including the necklace which disappeared yesterday.

Mr. Salamon, Mr. Mayer's representative here, in posting the package containing the necklace, paid the registration fee of seven francs, but did not affix the stamps himself, and did not declare the contents of the package.

FOR THE CHINESE

Churches Unite for West China University.

Toronto despatch.—Dr. Endicott, field secretary of Methodist Missions, and Dr. Shore, secretary of Foreign Missions, left last night for New York to attend a meeting of the Board of Governors of the West China University.

This new university, which is to be erected at Chengtu, will be under the auspices of the Canadian Methodists, the Methodist Episcopal, the American Baptist Churches and the Friends of England Society. The architect has been chosen, and he will submit and outline his plans at the New York meeting. The building which will cost in the neighborhood of \$250,000, will be the largest and most up-to-date educational building in China. The plans provide for an administration, medical and science building, as well as for a Normal school, a library and four separate theological buildings.

The four denominations will each have one theological college under its control, and the students will be taught by professors appointed by the separate churches. The students will be graduates of the middle schools of China, and upon the completion of the academic career in the new university they will be granted the degrees as granted in Western universities and colleges.

Rev. C. E. Manning, secretary of the Home Missions Department of the Methodist Church, also left last night for New York, where he will enquire into the budget system of finances of the missionary societies of the United States. The present system in Canada, inaugurated by Mr. Parker, is not quite satisfactory, and Mr. Manning will endeavor to secure pointers from the American system that will be advantageous to the Methodist Missionary Society in Canada.

SIR RUFUS ISAACS

Will Succeed Alverstone as Chief Justice.

London, July 21.—The Daily Express states that Sir Rufus Isaacs' appointment as Lord Chief Justice is officially announced, to take effect before the Michaelmas sittings next October. Lord Alverstone, the present holder, owing to illness, was compelled to obtain long leave of absence. This will expire at the end of the present sitting of the law courts, and it is certain that he will then place his resignation in the hands of the Chancellor. Recent reports in some American papers about Mr. Asquith taking the Lord Chief Justiceship never had the slightest foundation. Sir Rufus Isaacs was slated for the post when Lord Alverstone fell ill, and even when the Marconi campaign was at its height the Premier never hesitated in his intention of offering it to the Attorney-General, though the expediency of announcing it at such a time was debated.

LEPROSY CURABLE

Canadian Lazaretto Superintendent Gives Proofs.

Early Stages Yield to the Treatment.

Ottawa, July 21.—That the dread disease of leprosy is curable is shown in a statement made by Dr. Langis, medical superintendent of the Lazaretto at Tracadie, N. B., to the public health department here. Two patients who were at the early stage of leprosy have been discharged during the past year from the Lazaretto after treatment from Dr. Deykes' nastin therapy followed since May, 1911. Dr. Langis had at first fifteen patients to treat, and gave between thirty-six to sixty-eight injections of nastin to each. With this, as with any other treatment, a few patients attributed intercurrent illness to its use, and refused it after a few injections. Generally the patient suffers from ten to thirty minutes from the burning sensation produced by the medicine at the place of the injection, but after this abates he has a general sensation of warmth, feels stimulated and stronger. With mostly all patients there is an elevation of temperature for a few hours after the injection, which varies from one to two degrees.

Old anaesthetic cases are very little helped by nastin, but two patients were discharged at the early stage of this type of leprosy. One, a man of 39, left a year ago. He received only twenty injections of nastin. He has visited twice since, and he remains well. The other case, a man of 67, left in November last. He had received sixty injections. Dr. Langis saw him recently and found him in good health, free from the disease. Both had been taking the old treatment, salubromol, oil, strychnine, etc.

Another case of mixed leprosy is so much improved that Dr. Langis has great hopes to discharge him in the near future.

With five nodular cases there has been, for a certain time, arrest of the leprosy process, with some retrogression of the leprosy symptoms. Three of these are certainly better to-day, the two others are in the last stage of the disease.

The patients are supplied with musical instruments and some games, to help them pass away the time and divert their thoughts from themselves. They are taking advantage of these amusements and seem to enjoy them. The sisters make every effort to contribute to the physical and moral comfort, and respond to many calls by day and by night. There are at present in the Lazaretto at Tracadie, N. B., 21 patients—eleven males and ten females. Seventeen of these are of French-Canadian, two of English, one of Icelandic and one of Russian origin. No deaths and no admissions occurred during the year.

The leper Lazaretto at Darcy Island, B. C., was used during this year for accommodation of four Chinese lepers while awaiting deportation under the immigration regulations. The death of one of these men occurred at Darcy Island. The other three cases were deported to China. They were given the address of the leper mission hospital at Canton, and given money enough to pay for their stay there for some months.

DIANA REFLOATED

McMillan Arctic Expedition Off Barge Point.

St. John's, Nfld., despatch: The Donald B. McMillan Arctic exploring ship Diana, which stranded on Barge Point, on the southern coast of Labrador, Wednesday night, was refloated last evening, according to a message received by Job Brothers, the owners, here, from the telegraph operator at Red Bay, in the Straits of Belle Isle, today.

The firm assumes that the vessel is coming here for repairs, but had no direct word from her to-day, and it is possible that the Diana was only slightly damaged, and is proceeding on her voyage to Crocker Land. A message to the owners yesterday from Professor McMillan, who is at the head of the expedition, said that the ship was fast aground, and expressed the fear that she would be a total loss.

The Newfoundland revenue cruiser Stella Maris started for Barge Point to offer assistance early yesterday, but can hardly reach the scene before to-morrow.

GRAFTER SPLITS

Becker's Agent Makes Damaging Confession.

New York, July 21.—The police graft situation was brought to the front again to-day. Charles B. Pitt, jun., who was the so-called press agent of former Police Lieutenant Charles Becker, has submitted to District Attorney Whelan a five-page typewritten statement, reputed to be a confession of facts relating to the alliance between the police "system" and the underworld. Mr. Whitman assigned one of his assistants to talk with Pitt, who is under indictment on a perjury charge, with a view to determining if Pitt's statement is worthy of grand jury investigation.

Pitt's "sneak" is reported to contain the information long sought by the prosecutor, that will enable Mr. Whitman to follow the graft trail to police headquarters. An inspector, a civilian attaché at headquarters, and several minor officials, are said to be mentioned in Pitt's statement. The statement is declared to deal also with alleged participation in graft by Becker, who is now under sentence of death at Sing Sing prison for the murder of the gambler, Herman Rosenthal, a year ago.

A BOY MURDERER

Is Charge Against Manitoba 9-Year-Old.

Winnipeg despatch.—One of the most extraordinary cases which has yet come before the provincial police was one to-day which may result in a charge of murder being preferred against Anton Sawchuk, a nine-year-old child, who is alleged to have murdered Annie Luzzy, aged two and a half years, on a farm at Tyndal on Monday. At an inquest last night at Tyndal the verdict was an open one, and the boy was brought to the city to-day.

As far as can be learned the boy planned to rob the home of the Luzzys. He is supposed to have entered the house when only Annie was there and to have deliberately shot her. The boy is also alleged to have planned to murder the whole family.

THE MEN REFUSE

Eastern Employees Decline Railroads' Demands

To Have Their Grievances Also Arbitrated.

New York, July 21.—The 80,000 trainmen and conductors who threatened a strike against the Eastern railroads will not agree under any circumstances to have the roads' grievances arbitrated at the same time as the men's demands for better wages under the Newlands amendment to the Erdman Act, according to a statement issued to-night by W. G. Lee and A. B. Garretson, presidents respectively of the Trainmen's and Conductors' Brotherhoods.

Mr. Lee, in a verbal statement supplanting the formal one, declared that the railroads persist in their present stand to have their own grievances arbitrated. It is absolutely certain that a strike will follow.

Washington, July 17.—President Wilson late to-day selected William L. Chambers, of the District of Columbia, to be commissioner of mediation and conciliation under the Newlands Act, and G. W. W. Hanger as his assistant. Their names will be sent to the Senate to-morrow. The other two members of the board will be Judge Martin Knapp, of the United States Commerce Court, and Louis F. Post, Assistant Secretary of Labor.

Immediate confirmation of the President's nominations is expected. Democrats and Republicans in both Houses of Congress joined hands Tuesday to put through promptly the Newlands Bill which provides for the arbitration of strikes of 50,000 conductors and trainmen on Eastern railroads.

The commissioner and his assistant will devote all their time to their new duties, but the other two members of the board will retain their present Federal positions and act as mediators only when called upon.

The employees' position as announced to-night brings about a deadlock. The roads, however, while insisting that their demand is an equitable one, have agreed to meet Seth Lee, president of the National Civic Federation, who has interested himself in the men's behalf, and hear his presentation of reasons why the railroad representatives should yield the point. Mr. Lee will be heard by the conference committee to-morrow afternoon.

NO BUTTER EXPORT

Canada Is Now Importing It Instead.

Ottawa, July 21.—According to statistics just prepared, during the past year for the first time in over sixty years Canada shipped no butter to the United Kingdom, Canada is now, on the other hand, classed among the butter importing countries. During the past fiscal year there was an enormous increase and the butter imports reached a total of some 7,000,000 pounds, mostly from New Zealand.

The total exports of butter were the smallest on record, amounting approximately to half a million pounds, which consisted chiefly of timed butter to the West Indies and dairy butter to the United States. There was also a decrease during the year in exports of cream to the United States on account of the high price of butter in Canada.

The dairy branch of the Agricultural Department here claims that the decline in Canada's export butter trade and the increase in the imports of butter do not indicate any decline in the dairy industry. The growth of the home market is given as the principal cause for the change in the situation. According to the officials here the production of milk in Canada is larger at the present time than it ever was in the history of the country. It is also claimed that in addition to the increase in consumption due to greater population there is a large per capita increase in the use of milk, cream and icecream.

LEOPOLD'S WIDOW GETS DIVORCE

Paris, July 21.—The court to-day confirmed the divorce granted on March 8 to Mme. Durieux, formerly Baroness Vaughan, the morganatic wife of the late King Leopold. M. Durieux appealed from the previous decision on the ground that he was not present at the first trial. He was non-suited.

The court at the same time authorized an inquiry into the charges made by M. Durieux that the Baroness Vaughan has been leading a disorderly life and has been passing the nights in the Montmartre section.

When the enquiry is finished the divorce case will come up for final, definitive judgment.

JAPS ARE BLAMED

By Chinese Officials for the Rebellion.

Charged With Supplying Funds and Officers.

Peking, China, July 21.—The situation brought about by the rebellion in the southern provinces of China has improved somewhat to-day, when regarded from the northern point of view. Fewer soldiers have deserted the Government of Provisional President Yuan-Shi-Kai than had been anticipated by the authorities.

Heavy fighting is expected to occur at Kiu-Kiang, in the Province of Kiang-Si, after the lull following the recent defeat of the southern forces at Hu-Chow, in the Province of Che-Kiang.

The southerners have been joined by the forces at Wu-Sung, a seaport ten miles to the north of Shanghai and at Nanking, the southern capital, both in the Province of Kiang-Si, while the large force of soldiers occupying them also has gone over to the rebels.

The leaders of the southern forces issued a proclamation to-day announcing the appointment as President of the Republic of Tsen Chun-Huan, a former Viceroy of Canton, and Yuan-Shi-Kai's old enemy, Wang Chung-Wei is named Foreigner Minister, and Cheng Huan-shan, Finance Minister. All three are considered in northern circles to be fanatics.

The southern rebels yesterday killed 20 officers who had remained loyal to the Peking Government, including the new Governor of the Province of Ngan-Wei.

Provisional President Yuan-Shi-Kai had a long conference with the loyal generals to-day, when plans for the suppression of the rebellion were discussed. The belief prevails very generally in Peking that the Japanese are financing the revolution in the southern provinces and some of the newspapers assert that 40 officers of the Japanese army are with the rebel troops.

GETTES AT LAW

Non-Hunger Strikers Protest Expulsion.

London, July 21.—Two Suffragettes, Leila and Rosalind Cadiz, brought an action in the Chancery Division at Dublin to-day to restrain a committee of the Irish Women's Franchise League from expelling them from that society because they refused to go on a "hunger strike."

The Master of the Rolls stopped the case and dismissed the action, remarking that the plaintiffs' case had no more merit than that of the defendants', all being engaged in a criminal conspiracy.

May Dennis, better known as Lillian Denton, the militant Suffragette, after traveling over the country for several weeks in various disguises with the police at her heels, has escaped into France. After the Kew Gardens outrage, for which she was convicted, but released on license, she disappeared for several months. She reappeared in a dramatic manner at Doncaster during the trial of another woman for setting fire to a building. She admitted that she was the guilty party, and on her own confession was again arrested and later on remanded to Armitage Jail. She was released once more after going on a "hunger strike" under the provisions of the "Cat and Mouse" Act. She got away from police surveillance again, and the detectives traced her to Dundee, Cardiff and Dover. At the latter place she disguised herself as an old woman, and with a shawl thrown over her head hobbled along the coast till she found a sympathizer with her cause, who picked her up and took her in a yacht to France.

ARSENAL HEAD OUT

Col. Gaudet is to be Superannuated.

Ottawa, July 21.—Following upon an investigation recently made into the conditions attending the manufacture of ammunition at the Government Arsenal at Quebec, it is understood that Colonel Gaudet, superintendent of the Arsenal, will be granted leave of absence until the report of the commission appointed to investigate into the Arsenal has been considered, when he will be superannuated.

Meantime, it is understood that Major Lafferty, Quebec City, will be appointed as Colonel Gaudet's successor in the management of the factory. It is also likely that Major Panet first assistant to Colonel Gaudet in the arsenal, will return to his ordnance corps here in the capital, and that Major Weatherby, Halifax, a Canadian, highly trained in Woolwich, will succeed him.

While the contents of the report of the commission on the arsenal have not been made public, it is understood that 12 million rounds of ammunition, worth \$400,000, will have to be destroyed. The main defects are cartridge cases badly made, and the prevalence of the danger of back-firing. Col. E. W. B. Morrison, director of artillery, was the chairman of the commission appointed to investigate matters.

FROZEN MID WINTER HEAT

New York, July 21.—Hugo Weisner, a young helper in a Brooklyn ice plant, was frozen to death early to-day in a sealed apartment which he entered to adjust machinery. Companions found him stiff and stark. The temperature on the street at the time was nearly 80.

WILD HORSE RAIDS

Are Causing Havoc on Western Ranches.

Ottawa despatch: Hon. Duncan Marshall, Minister of Agriculture for Alberta, who arrived in the capital yesterday, urged upon the Dominion Government the necessity of taking some steps to put a stop to the depredations of wild horses in the Grand Prairie and Peace River district. It is contended that the wild stallions have made raids upon the ranches of the new settlers, have killed many of the domestic horses, and have led away many of the well-bred domestic mares, which have been imported at considerable cost, and which are one of the principal assets of the new settlers.

From the Bow River westward even through passes which a railway could not tread these animals have swooped down on the domesticated animals of ranchers as far west as Kamloops.

Hon. Dr. Roche, Minister of Interior, pointed out that the Department of Interior and the Federal authorities had no jurisdiction in the matter. The Interior Department recognized that it was a serious problem, but decided that most effective action could only be taken by the provinces individually. If it was found that Provincial legislation was ineffective the Minister of Interior gave an informal promise that the Federal Government would endeavor to relieve the situation.

WAITED 50 YEARS

Now Lady Sues a Civil War Veteran.

Paterson, N. J., July 21.—Miss Emma Mahaney, 67 years old, of Wooster, Ohio, asks a heart-balm of \$25,000 from John Wolf, a 77-year-old veteran of the civil war, and a retired merchant, in papers which have been served upon him here.

Miss Mahaney asserts that she has not seen Mr. Wolf since their separation in '63, when he went to the front, after it is alleged, he had proposed to her. She says she has waited 50 years in the hope that her sweetheart of youthful days would some day wed her, and that she was recently encouraged by a second proposal of marriage by mail, but later received word that the marriage would never take place. She has forwarded scores of alleged love letters, many of them containing poems.

MAY LOSE SIGHT

Accident to Summer Tourist in the North.

North Bay, Ont., despatch: George Snow, aged 19, from Pittsburgh, Pa., a summer visitor at the cottage of Rev. J. Shayne Nicholas, on French River, was seriously burned by powder on Wednesday about the face and head. As the daily steamer had passed at the time it was twenty-four hours before the young man could be taken out to North Bay hospital, where he is now being treated. Physicians have hopes of saving the sight of both eyes, but his injuries are serious. The accident was caused by a match being thrown into a quantity of gunpowder.

WELLAND TENDERS

U. S. Firm Half Million Below Canadians.

Ottawa, Ont., despatch: It is understood that four tenders at least have been submitted to the Government for the construction of the first section of the Welland Canal, on the Lake Ontario end. These are now being considered. Among the tenders, it is stated, are M. P. Davis Co., of Ottawa, and Mackay & Pinkerwood, of Sault Ste. Marie. The former firm is prominent in the world of construction having built portions of the Cornwall and Soulanges Canal and having a contract for some of the superstructure of the Quebec Bridge.

In addition to the two Canadian firms are two American firms, whose names cannot be learned, are among the tenders for the work on the Welland. One of these, a Pittsburg firm, has, it is said, tendered nearly half a million lower than the lowest Canadian tender.

As the job is about a four million dollars, one this difference is very considerable and the Department is said to be somewhat at a loss how to act in the matter.

CUBAN CONGRESS CALLED

Havana, July 21.—President Menocal has signed a call for a special session of Congress on July 25 for the purpose of considering the interpretation of the paragraph in the constitution conferring immunity in the case of civil and criminal offences on senators and representatives. This has special reference to the charge pending against Senator Vidal Morales and Representative Arias in connection with the killing of General Amando Riva, Chief of the National Police.

BOY HERO DROWNS.

St. John, despatch: In a vain effort to save the life of his friend to-day, Sydney Fulton, aged 15, of St. John, N.S., drowned, as well as William Cowan, aged 16, of the same place. The boy was in a canoe when it upset. Fulton, who was ashore, swam to his friend's assistance and both perished before help could reach them. Both bodies were recovered.

**Athens Lumber Yard**

Building Lumber  
Sash and Doors  
Cedar Shingles  
Asbestos Plaster  
Portland Cement  
Land Fertilizers

**Athens Grain Warehouse**

Hay, Straw and Oats  
Horse Feeds  
Cow and Calf Feeds  
Hog and Pig Feeds  
Hen and Chicken Feeds  
Best kinds of Bread Flour

VERY LOWEST PRICES

**A. M. EATON**  
FUNERAL DIRECTOR  
MAIN STREET - ATHENS  
Rural Phone. Day or night calls responded to promptly.

**A. TAYLOR & SON**  
Agents for  
**BELL AND**  
**DOMINION**  
Pianos and Organs  
Main Street - Athens

**Plants:**  
Azaleas  
Tulips  
Daffodils  
Hyacinths, etc.  
**Cut Flowers:**  
Roses  
Carnations  
Violets, etc.  
**R. B. Heather**  
Tel. 223; G. H. 56  
BROCKVILLE, ONTARIO

**Kingston Business**  
**College Limited**  
KINGSTON - ONTARIO  
**Canada's Highest Grade**  
**Business School**

offers superior courses in Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Civil Service, General Improvement and all Commercial Subjects.

Our graduates secure best positions.

Particulars free.

H. F. METCALFE, Principa

**FURNITURE**  
CALL AND SEE  
our stock of  
**High-Class Furniture**  
For the trade of this season we have a stock of furniture well worthy of your attention.  
Whether you require a complete suite for the Parlor, Dining Room, Bedroom, or simply an individual piece, we can meet your requirements.  
Our long experience enables us to buy only reliable goods, and we offer them at very attractive prices.  
Your inspection invited.  
**T. G. Stevens**  
**PICTURE-FRAMING**

**The Merchants Bank of Canada**

NOTE THE FOLLOWING

Paid Up Capital .. \$6,747,680  
Reserve .. 6,559,478  
Total Assets (30th Nov. 1912) over .. 84,000,000

Your DEPOSITS are SAFE in the MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA.

MONEY LOANED on favorable terms.  
Seven Branches and Agencies in the district. CHEESE FACTORY cheques cashed as par on all local branches, and at BROCKVILLE if desired. Number of branches in Canada 186.  
Sub-Agencies at Frankville and Addison—open every Wednesday.  
ATHENS BRANCH: JOHN WATSON, Manager.

**Local and General**

Mrs I. C. Alguire is visiting friends in Ottawa.

There will be no service in the Baptist Church on Sunday evening next.

Mrs Martin of New York last week visited her father, Mr Alex Campo.

Mrs Harry Berney of Brockville is recovering from an attack of typhoid fever.

Miss E. McBratney of Toronto is visiting at the home of her parents here.

Mr Charles Powers of Ottawa is visiting at the home of Mr and Mrs A. E. McLean.

Mr and Mrs C. Culbert of East Orange, N. J., have been visiting at the home of Mr B. Culbert.

—Live poultry bought every Wednesday afternoon; must be fasted 24 hrs.

—Wilson's Meat Market.

Mr and Mrs W. G. Parish took up residence at their summer home, Charleston Lake, on Monday.

An installation of the officers elect of Athens lodge of I.O.O.F. will take place on Wednesday evening next.

Miss Hazel Washburn returned home last week from Brockville, where she underwent an operation for appendicitis.

Mr R. D. Judson's launch in which he has had installed a new 10-h p. Buffalo engine, was taken to the lake this morning.

The Lend-a-hand Club on Thursday afternoon will take the form of a sewing circle. Full attendance of members requested.

Mr and Mrs T. G. Stevens and Mr W. C. Smith have returned from a motor trip to the home of Mrs J. C. Hudgins, Selby.

Mr G. R. Putnam of Merrickville has been elected District Deputy Grand Master of St Lawrence District by the Masonic Grand Lodge.

Prof. G. G. Publow of Kingston is inspecting the cheese factories in this district, accompanied by the local instructor, Mr Almeron Wilson.

Mrs Blanchard and children of Toronto are spending the holidays in town, guests of Dr J. M. and Mrs Sinclair—Carleton Place Canadian.

Mr and Mrs Joseph Thompson who were married fifty years ago at Newboro, Leeds County, Ont., celebrated their golden wedding at Portage la Prairie last week.

Miss N. E. Colister and Miss H. Mayle of Addison have gone to Delta to spend a couple of weeks at Kumbert cottage, the guests of Mr and Mrs A. E. Stevens of Watertown.

—If you want what you have not or if you have what you want not, tell the people in the People's Column of the Reporter. Cost—one week, 25c; each subsequent week, 10c.

Rev. W. J. McAndrew of Hamilton, who with his wife is visiting at the home of his parents here, will occupy the pulpit of Christ's Church on Sunday evening next.

Exceptionally large black bass are being captured at Charleston Lake this season, and when the Outlet fishway is installed a noticeable increase in the number of these gamey fish is expected.

A very sad death occurred at Green bush on July 5, when the young wife of Charles Hill succumbed to a lingering illness with which she has been confined for upwards of a whole year. It is a death which the whole community mourns, and the bereaved husband has the sympathy of all.

× **Died from Burns**

Edward Michael, employed in R. C. Haskins' cheese box factory at Philipsville, who was so severely scalded between two and three weeks ago when a chair parted and threw him into a vat of boiling water, succumbed to his injuries at the General Hospital on Saturday afternoon. Michael was steaming a log when the accident happened.

Deceased was taken to Brockville, but from the very first very little hope was held out for his recovery. His wife and one child survive.

The remains were taken by Mr Haskins to Philipsville for interment.

William Hawkins, Smith's Falls, is visiting his brother, Mr Jet Hawkins.

An Ottawa woman was convicted and fined \$10 and costs for selling cigarettes to boys fourteen years of age.

Mr and Mrs Roy Oaten of Toronto are visiting friends in Athens for a few days. They are returning from a trip up the Saguenay.

Fourteen hundred dollars was the amount paid into Toronto police court the other day as fines imposed on the wine clerks on seven of the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company's steamers.

Master Alan Swayne is this week enjoying the breezes of Oak Leaf, where he is studying Agriculture in a very practical way under the direction of his young friend, Master Hobart Johnston.

The teaching of scientific farming by moving picture methods is likely to be the next step in the educational work the Ontario Department of Agriculture is carrying on for the promotion of improved farming methods in the province.

The members of the Athens Women's Institute are reminded of the date of the basket picnic, July 30th. Wagons will leave the new post-office corner at 9 a.m. Will all who intend going kindly leave their name with Mrs Chas Yates, or Mrs Etie Eaton on or before Monday 28th.

The citizens of Philipsville and vicinity will hold an ice cream social on Baptist Church grounds on Friday, Aug. 1st., in behalf of the sidewalk fund. A good programme, including music by Toledo Brass Band. Tickets 25 cents.

Hugh Kearns, the Chesterville farmer who refused to pay the amount of his cheque for \$150, which had been given to a real estate agent named Proctor in payment for a lot near Wainwright, Alberta was ordered in an Ottawa court to pay the amount.

The Herbert Darling farm in the seventh concession of the Township of Yonge consisting of 100 acres, was sold on Thursday last by Deputy Sheriff Trail at the Court House to Abraham Bonsteel, the highest bidder. The price was \$1,410. The property is nearly all under cultivation.

The buyers at the meeting of Brockville Cheese Board on Saturday wanted the goods, but their offers failed to meet the expectations of salesmen, and no sales were recorded. The highest bid was 12½c, a drop of ½c from the previous week.

According to statistics just prepared by the Department of Agriculture, during the past year for the first time in over sixty years Canada shipped no butter to the United Kingdom. Canada now, on the other hand, is classed among the butter importing countries.

At a special meeting of the village council, held on Monday evening, the council put through a number of By-laws relative to granolithic sidewalk construction and expect to be able to place on the market the debentures for this work in a few days.

Mr J. H. Sexton returned home this week from Toronto where he had been engaged as examiner. He says that the results of the Junior Leaving examinations will probably be made known next week and the Faculty results a few days later.

There are between 800 and 900 cheese factories doing business in Eastern Ontario. Owing to buttermaking and cream shipment, Prof. Publow estimates that the number of cheese made during the season will show a decrease of 100,000 boxes.

**After Twenty Years**

Mr and Mrs Frank Hess, St. Paul, U.S., were guests during the past week of Mr Albert Wiltse. Mrs Hess (nee Miss Mabel Hunter) is a grand daughter of Mr Wiltse, and after an absence of twenty years is pleasantly remembered by several who knew and loved her as a child. Many enquiries were made for her estimable mother, Mr Wiltse's daughter, who was born and raised in this neighborhood.

The aged gentleman enjoyed his grand-daughter's visit very much and took a bright and active part in entertaining his guests.

Mr and Mrs Hess left for home on Tuesday morning, much to the regret of a circle of friends and acquaintances.

Regulations which demand sterilization of every utensil used by barbers and a clean towel for each customer, have been issued in Toronto. Every barber chair must have a roll of paper to protect customers' heads, a new piece to be used for each: Caustic sticks must be immediately destroyed after being used once. The use of powder puffs and sponges is prohibited.

The House of Lords has rejected the second reading of the Irish home rule bill by 364 to 302. Next year the Lords will probably again reject it, and for the last time. It will then become law and it is confidently predicted that "Ulster men will fight." But Ulster will have to go up against the British flag and British bayonets, so the fight should and probably will be very brief.

The Grand Trunk Railway System have received a communication from the Barnum and Bailey Circus in connection with the handling of their four trains over their lines in Canada which reads as follows:—"We have pleasure in stating that your service in handling our shows has been most satisfactory; we also speak a word for your employees with whom we came in contact. They all seemed to do their utmost to make it pleasant for us, and I assure you it was greatly appreciated by our people."

**The People's Column**

**Heifer Astray**  
Came to the premises of the undersigned a 2-yr. old heifer, white with red spots on side, and neck nearly all red.  
W. S. Grey, Athens.

**For Sale**  
A mikado carriage, canopy top used but little, very comfortable and easy riding.—Selling cheap. Also a McLaughlin piano-box road wagon, nearly new.  
29-t.f. H. H. ARNOLD

**Cattle and Horses**  
For Holstein cattle any age, pure bred or grades; also horses, any style for any purpose.—Apply to  
29-t.f. S. HOLLINGSWORTH, Athens

**MEN!**

Let Us Sell You  
**RUDD'S**  
RELIABLE HARNESS

The Best by Test—all kinds  
Harness parts of every description always on hand.

Experience counts in Travelling Goods. We have what you want in Trunks, Bags and Suit Cases.

Our stock is large and our prices will please you.

**CEAS. R. RUDD & CO.**  
BROCKVILLE

**NEWCOMBE PIANO**  
is the Best PIANO  
MADE IN CANADA

If you are open to conviction and can be reached by a logical argument, we can convince you that it is the best, if you will call at our Warerooms and examine its merits.

Equipped with Howard Straining Rods which aid in creating the tonal and constructional superiority of the "Newcombe."

**KNABE PIANO**  
The World's Best Piano,  
Patronized by Royalty  
H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught having purchased three for Rideau Hall.

**Blundall Pianos**  
Is a High-Grade Piano  
of Distinctive Tone Quality, Exquisite Design and Finish.

Also a few carriages to sell at greatly reduced prices rather than carry them over.

**W. B. Percival**

**NEWCOMBE PIANO**  
is the Best PIANO  
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**CEAS. R. RUDD & CO.**  
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"The House of Hats"

**Question**

It has been asked us several times, "How can you afford to give away that beautiful \$350 Ennis Parlor Grand Piano as you advertise to do?"

**Our Answer**

We prefer to sell 100 articles at a profit of ten cents each rather than 10 articles at a profit of one dollar each. It means just ninety more people patronizing our store. The only reason for our being in business is to do business. This means that we must bring the people to our store. Low prices and good values will bring us customers always. Our giving away this piano is simply to bring additional business to our store and it is doing it, every day. It pays you and us.

**R. CRAIG & CO.**  
MANUFACTURING FURRIERS  
KING STREET - BROCKVILLE

**Painting Time**

**K Y A N I Z E V A R N I S H**

**Varnish**  
Whatever work you have to do, there is a Kyanize finish for it. For all floors and interior work we have a finish especially prepared in Natural and seven harmonious colors. Special varnish for outside work.

**Paint**  
We have a full line of Martin-Senour paints. A new stock of every color and for every purpose. One gallon will cover 400 square feet, two coats.  
These Varnishes and Paints are guaranteed satisfactory or money back.

**The Earl Construction Company**  
ATHENS - ONTARIO

**Domestic Model B**

**Easy to Operate**

To the Ladies of Athens and vicinity:  
I have taken the exclusive sales agency for the  
**Domestic Vacuum Cleaner**  
acknowledged in the United States as well as Canada to be the superior of all vacuum cleaners.  
The Domestic has ball-bearings throughout and runs so easy that a child can operate it.  
It has three powerful bellows with more suction power than any other hand-cleaner made.  
Its many points of superiority can best be appreciated when seen, and you are invited to inspect it at our store, or, if interested, we will demonstrate in your home.  
The Domestic is operated like the ordinary carpet sweeper and is made in three sizes. It can be supplied with brush attachment for taking up hairs, threads, lint and heavy surface dirt; also with a hose and nozzle attachment for cleaning upholstered furniture, mattresses, draperies, etc.  
No home should be without a Domestic Vacuum Cleaner.  
**H. H. ARNOLD**  
General Merchant - Athens, Ont.