

THE WEEKLY ONTARIO

AND BAY OF QUINTE CHRONICLE

ESTABLISHED 1841.

BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1915. MORTON & HERITY, Proprietors.

BRITISH FIRM IN FACE OF TURK SHELLING

MAJORITY FOR UNION LOCALLY

Kingston Presbytery Receives Returns

The total vote on church union in the Presbytery of Kingston to date is shown in a statement issued at the meeting of the Presbytery in Kingston Hall, yesterday, by the Rev. W. T. Wilkins, Trenton, clerk of the Presbytery. There were 3,970 votes cast. Of the number 2,169 favored union and 1,801 opposed it, or a percentage of 54.63 in favor and 45.37 against, or a total majority of 9.26 per cent.

Of the 34 mission fields that voted twenty favored union and four opposed it, while twenty sessions were in favor and eight against and five were tied. The majority in favor as shown by the ballots cast by adherents was 152, ballots cast by communicants 290, and by elders 26.

Other important business was taken up including the Presbytery's approval of the call from Cooke's church to the Rev. E. R. McLean, of Bonar church, Toronto.

The stipend was fixed at \$1,600. Induction takes place Jan. 19.

There are seven vacancies in the Presbytery.

The financial statement was presented by Professor Matheson and showed a balance on hand of \$317.23 as compared with a balance of \$412.49 last year. The decrease was attributed to the failure of several churches to pay the 1915 rate.

A report on the Home Mission work was presented by the Rev. Henry Bruce of Gananoque, and was very satisfactory. It also mentioned the fact that because of unfavorable conditions at Hillier and Concession winter services were out of the question. The report recommended that students be in charge of the work in various places. Mr. Snider was authorized to make change of Hancock, Mr. O'Brien at Father White, and Mr. Day was placed under the care of Desautels.

Horse Jumped Over Bridge Girder

Mr. James A. Roy's fine team of horses ran away yesterday afternoon about 4:30 o'clock. Carrying up Front street, they swung on to the upper bridge. Not being able to turn in the space at their disposal, one of the heavy animals was compelled to jump over the iron girders on the north side. As a result he was suspended in the walk devoted to pedestrians while the other was drawn against the girder on the other side. With some difficulty the equines were liberated. Fortunately no one was on the walk at the time. The horses escaped serious injury.

Horses Ran Away

On Tuesday a team of horses belonging to Mr. H. E. Fairfield ran away from the G.T.R. depot, breaking away from the sleigh. The animals ran down town and were somewhat out of control.

Death of Sister

Mrs. W. E. Griffith of the McFoss's Bank apartments, Belleville, has been called to Niagara Falls, Ontario, on account of the sudden death of her sister, Mrs. F. P. Sumner, which occurred on Monday morning.

Estimated Losses

Mr. William Alford was in Pictou yesterday approving the loss on several properties destroyed in last Friday's fire.

Rifle Shooting at Armouries

Last night's scores, possible 100.

- W. J. Davison 97
- J. G. Wille 95
- D. D. Gratton 95
- H. Hall 95
- W. J. Andrews 94
- J. Doseh 94
- B. Smith 93
- J. V. White 93
- Dr. Clarke 93
- A. Sneyd 93
- A. B. Symons 93
- A. Harman 93
- J. J. Symons 93
- J. A. Fook 88
- J. J. Wills 86
- M. G. Weene 86
- M. Wright 87

Latest Phases of the Temperance Movement

Conservative Comment.

The Hamilton Spectator (Con): "The popular approval of special regulations to keep the soldiers under training out of temptation, has led many a citizen who heretofore has not given much attention to the temperance question, to wonder whether the Province is not ripe for a change as radical as that which has supervened in Russia. Certainly the vote that would be cast in favor of prohibition outright would be larger in Ontario today than ever before."

The Peterborough Review, (Con): "The result of the present campaign for prohibition hardly admits of a reasonable doubt. Ontario just now seems to show an inclination to follow the West. When the people of Ontario, by a plebiscite vote, declare for prohibition, there is nothing left for any Legislature that may be in power at the time to do but to give the mandate attention with all legal expedition."

Local Opinion. Over two hundred licenses in the Province are being assailed in the present Local Option campaign. What makes the contest this winter even more spectacular than generally is the unusually large number of cities which are to vote on the question. There are eight of these: Belleville, Brantford, Fort William, Niagara Falls, Port Arthur, Sarnia, Stratford, and Woodstock, with a total of one hundred and fifteen licenses.

Committee of One Hundred. Already the Committee of One Hundred, the strictly non-partisan organization whose motto is "Ontario Dry by First of July," has at least two big accomplishments to its credit. First, the bringing of Billy Sunday to Toronto, which caused more shake up and commotion than any event in Ontario for some time, and secondly, the appointment, as its general organizer, of Mr. George A. Warburton, the General Secretary of the Y. M. C. A. in Toronto, and one of the best organizers of philanthropic and patriotic movements in the country.

With such a stimulus and under such leadership the movement is bound to be vigorous and effective. Saskatchewan. Striking reductions in the arrests for drunkenness is the report from Regina since the new law went into effect in Saskatchewan. All bars are closed, with only 23 Government-controlled shops left in the province—two in Regina. It was on the first of July that the bars were closed and the arrests for July, August and September, compared with the same period of 1914, were as follows:—Regina, 1914—220; 1915—52. Moose Jaw, 1914—294; 1915—74.

Two Belleville Officers Appointed

Lieut. Col. C. A. Lowe, O.C. 146th Battalion, Kingston, has two Belleville men among his officers. Lieut. J. J. Bennett, and Lieut. D. L. Bennett. The two young officers are brothers and are members of the 15th Regiment.

Election of Officers

Royal Black Preceptory No. 853, R.B.K. of I. at its last meeting held in the Orange Hall, Friday, Dec. 10 elected the following officers for the ensuing year. Preceptor—Sir Knight George P. Rutan. Deputy Preceptor—S.K. Simon Kerr. Registrar—S.K. Everett Bell. Treasurer—S.K. F. M. Clarke. Lecturer—S.K. Louis Soule. 1st Lecturer—S.K. Fred Bell. 2nd Lecturer—S.K. Simon Lemeun. 1st Censor—S.K. Geo. A. Reid. 2nd Censor—S.K. C. B. Boyle. 1st Sten. Br.—S.K. R. A. Adams. 2nd Sten. Br.—S.K. Joe Alexander. Pursuivant—S.K. C. B. Donistoe. Committee Sir Knights W. C. Mikel, R. J. Graham, A. H. Walker, Henry Brown, E. Guss Porter, Geo. Phillips and A. Collins. Past Preceptor Sir Knight W. C. Reid conducted the installation ceremony.

Rose Remanded

Oliver Rose, charged with bigamy, has been further remanded owing to the crown attorney being busy at the county court.

GERMAN DESIGNS ON EGYPT MATURING? BRITISH ENTRENCH ON SUEZ CANAL

Liners Abandon Suez Canal and Follow Cape Route—Bulgars Remain on Serbian Side of Greek Boundary—British Forces Firm at Kut El Amara After Three Days' Shelling—Nearly Two-and-Half Million Men Enlisted Under Lord Derby's Scheme—Lull on the Serbian Front Today.

GERMAN DESIGNS ON EGYPT REPORTED MATURING.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—A Rotterdam despatch says the announcement that the Dutch East Indies liners and mail boats will abandon the Suez Canal and follow the Cape route together with reports of trench construction by the British on both sides of the Canal is regarded as confirming reports or rapidly maturing German designs on Egypt.

BULGARS HAVE NOT ENTERED GREEK TERRITORY.

ATHENS, Dec. 15.—The Greek government denies reports of the entrenching of Bulgarian forces in Greek territory. LONDON, Dec. 15.—Athens official despatches today report a lull in the fighting on the Serbo-Greek border and declares that no Bulgars have yet crossed the frontier. The allied lines extend to Kukus, 25 miles north of Saloniki.

CONSTANTINE IS TAKEN ILL.

ATHENS, Dec. 15.—King Constantine, who contracted influenza and has been ordered to abstain from state affairs.

BRITISH FORCES STILL HOLD FIRM AT KUL-EL-AMARA.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—A despatch from Kul-el-Amara reports the British forces holding firmly after three days' shelling by the Turks.

MILLIONS ENLISTED UNDER LORD DERBY'S SYSTEM.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—Between two million and two million five hundred thousand have enlisted under the Earl of Derby's recruiting plan according to the Daily Sketch.

Christmas Dinner for the Soldiers

To have no Christmas dinner is about the most unfortunate experience that one could have and to be away from home at Christmas is almost as unpleasant. The latter is to be the case with about two hundred of the soldiers located here, but the former will not be if it is within the power of the citizens to avoid it. To this end a committee of ladies representing the various churches is to meet at the Y. M. C. A. on Thursday at 10.00 a.m. to arrange for a Christmas supper for the men in the barracks on Christmas Day. The scheme is being promoted jointly by the ladies of the Khaki Club who have done so much for the soldiers and the military Y. M. C. A. which is bending every effort to help the men here and at the other points as well. As these two organizations have been closely in touch with the men since they came they are in a position to know just what is required on such an occasion and how best to go about it. To provide supper for two hundred men on Christmas Day is a large order, but with the ready assistance of everyone it will be a burden on none. Here is the menu, 50 pies, 20 cakes, 15 puddings, 15 dozen oranges, 50 lbs of nuts, 50 lbs of raisins and 250 lbs of turkey. Definite plans in regard to securing these items will be available before the end of the week. In the meantime enquiries or offers of assistance may be addressed to Mrs. Falkner of the Khaki Club or Mr. Sharpe of the Militia Y. M. C. A. Up to date nothing official has been received by the Headquarters of the 80th Battalion here in regard to extras for the men at Christmas, which would be provided by the Government. This will assure us that there will be no danger of overlapping or double providing.

Military Notes

Mr. W. A. MacInnes, who has been operator in the Grand Trunk offices, Belleville, for the past four years, has joined the 155th Battalion and is now at work in the orderly office.

The headquarters of the 155th Battalion have been removed to the upper part of the armouries. Lt. Col. Adams occupies one room of the 15th Regiment's headquarters and the orderly office is now located in the Sergeants' mess. The rooms are bright and cheery.

Col. Adams went to Pictou this afternoon to visit D company of the 80th Battalion.

A number of new officers have been taken on the strength of the 155th. Among them is Lieut. Philip H. Wills, 15th Regiment, a Belleville boy who has been resident in the west. Others are Lt. Harry L. Wallace, 15th Regt.; Lt. W. Davern, 16th Regt., transferred from the 139th and Lt. J. H. Davy, 58th Regt., member of a firm of Chartered Accountants, of Montreal.

Recruits for the 155th are coming in well in the rural districts of Hastings and Prince Edward. Over one hundred have been secured.

Recruiting for the new battalion is not well under way at Belleville as the local officers have not yet got into harness. They have however secured many promises and once they get on the khaki, the ranks of the men will fill up.

Lt. Percy B. Harris, 46th Regt., has been attached to the 80th for duty.

Private Segalowitz, 80th, was discharged from Pictou Hospital yesterday.

Pte. W. J. Luck, 80th, was admitted to Napanee Hospital.

The 80th Battalion are giving their vaudeville concert at Stirling tonight, exactly as presented here.

The regular concert will be given at the Khaki Club tonight.

Four banks were today invaded by soldiers with pay cheques for cashing.

So far the 80th Battalion have received no instructions as to the transfer of Lt. J. M. Phelan to the 155th as announced several days ago.

The Call For Recruits

Many young men are holding themselves back on the plea that nobody has asked them to enlist. A matter of this description should not, of necessity, have to be commented on as there is one main cure and that can easily be effected, by the men themselves offering their services without fear of being turned down unless deemed medically unfit. Any man having the misfortune to be turned down would have the satisfaction of knowing that he willingly offered his services in the great struggle being carried on in Europe.

Now, lads, there are vacancies for 150 men in the ranks of the 80th overseas battalion, O.E.F. which is providing itself second to none. Just consider for a minute which carries the better prospects, the fact of having enlisted when the call was most urgent, or to be pointed out, after the war, as one of the civilians who 'would rather let other lads do it for them'!

There is far more honor in being in a voluntary battalion than in a conscript battalion. Join now, lads, when the opportunities are richest for a trip to Europe with the 80th overseas Battalion O.E.F. with everything supplied, including rifle and ammunition, free of cost. Duck shooting and other sports cost money, this does not. Don't hesitate, enlist now with the 80th overseas battalion, O.E.F. in your own home town.

Wants Trial by County Judge

Lee How the Chinaman accused of taking a letter belonging to another Chinaman, yesterday refused to be tried by the County Judge on Jan. 31st.

Lieut. W. E. Turnbull of 16th Regiment, Pictou, has been appointed to the 155th Battalion.

Retreat for the ensuing week will be sounded at 4.30 p.m.

It is published for general information that Winter Uniform will be taken into wear from this date. No N.C.O.'s or men will be permitted to proceed outside the barracks without wearing the great-coat.

When we make a sale our aims are to satisfy the purchaser and delight the recipient.

The Spirit Of Xmas

CHRISTMAS is the great giving time. But just WHAT you don't always just know. We have been assisting some of you for half a century, and the younger ones all your lives.

Never before in our 55 years' experience of fair and square dealing have we been in the position we now enjoy to do so.

The moment you enter our new, spacious, handsomely equipped, up-to-date store you are greeted with hundreds of suggestions, ranging in prices to suit any pocket book or bank account.

Never in Belleville has there been such an extensive and varied assortment of novelties and utilities in Gold, Platinum, Silver, Precious Stones, etc. All the craft and handiwork of the gold and silver smiths, the glass cutter, the watch maker, the clock manufacturer, are at your disposal.

All goods marked in plain figures and one price to all.

One of the Oldest Jewelry Houses in Canada.

Angus McFee

Jeweler and Mfg. Optician—216 Front Street
ESTABLISHED 1860.

A personal inspection of our complete stock places you under NO obligation to buy.

The Weekly Ontario
Morton & Herby, Publishers

ADVERTISING RATES on application.
The WEEKLY ONTARIO and Day of Quinte Chronicle
is published every Thursday morning at \$1.00 a year,
or \$1.50 a year to the United States.
JOB PRINTING—The Ontario Job Printing Department
is especially well equipped to turn out artistic and
stylish Job Work. Modern presses, new type, com-
petent workmen.
WILMINGTON MAIN 99, with private exchange connect-
ing all departments.
The DAILY ONTARIO is published every afternoon
(Sundays and holidays excepted) at The Ontario build-
ing, Front Street, Belleville, Ontario. Subscription
\$3.00 per annum.
W. H. Morton, J. O. Herby,
Business Manager. Editor-in-Chief.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 11, 1915.

MR. REDMOND'S MESSAGE.

It has remained for Mr. John Redmond, the Irish Nationalist leader, to bring from the front the most cheerful and optimistic report yet given of the position of the Allied forces in France. Mr. Redmond went to the front for the special purpose of paying a visit to the Irish regiments. He has returned full of hope and confidence, and as the fine speech which he made on his return to London indicates, kindled with a real and deep emotion for the brave men, British and Irish, Nationalist and Ulstermen, who are upholding the cause of freedom in the trenches in Flanders.

Mr. Redmond has seen for himself the conditions in the British lines, and he comes back filled with admiration not merely of British bravery and endurance—for all the world now pays tribute to the British soldiers—but as well of British efficiency, of the marvellous organization which feed and supply the army, and the splendid medical service which cares for the wounded. He pays a fine tribute also to the clergymen of all denominations who are doing the finest devoted service "in the unity of the spirit and the bond of peace," where all around is cruel strife. There is one impression which Mr. Redmond brings from the front which we think cannot be too strongly emphasized. It is that of the absolute confidence of the troops. It part Mr. Redmond says:

There are no pessimists at the front. From the Commander-in-Chief down through all ranks of the army, there is one feeling, that of absolute confidence in the result of this war. I can say from my experience that there is a universal feeling of resentment against those people in this country who are spreading the spirit of pessimism. It has been said to me over and over again: "Why is not the 'All-Is-Lost Brigade' sent to the front? The only remedy for any man who is depressed or despondent is to go to meet the troops at the front. The real truth of the matter is that the Western front is concerned Germany is beaten. Every day and every hour she is getting weaker on that front and we are getting stronger. For every shell the Germans throw today we throw five, and anybody who would attempt to preach pessimism in the English or the French or the Belgian lines today would get a very uncomfortable reception."

It is one of the finest issues of this war that it has unified the Empire as it has never been unified before. In South Africa Briton and Boer fought side by side and shoulder to shoulder, in upholding the British cause. In Ireland Nationalists and Ulstermen have rallied to the colors, as one people with a passion for liberty. "In one part of the firing trenches," says Mr. Redmond, "I found a battalion of the Ulster Division from 'Belfast side by side with the Dublins. I spoke to them all and I found that so far from friction 'having arisen between them, they were like 'true comrades and brother Irishmen.' This is the spirit which inspires and impels the Irish people, without distinction of party or creed, in this great struggle, and we feel sure that all lovers of the Empire will rejoice in this splendid manifestation of unity so eloquently pictured by Mr. Redmond.

Some people of little faith have asked despondently whether there is ever to be an end of the interminable trench-warfare, and whether the great struggle of September, which won so few smiles at apparently such heavy cost and loss, served any intelligent purpose. Mr. Redmond gives us the answer. The Allied armies have earned their power and probed the weakness of the

enemy. They have gained the faith which enables them to endure in the invincible belief that the victory is in their hands.

The spirit of the army, after fifteen months of the most exhausting kind of warfare that soldiers were ever called upon to face, says the Westminster Gazette, is "the great fact of the war in the West, and it is worth more than any showy victory or local success. Gradually, as the months have passed, German militarism has brought up against itself a machine that is the equal of its own and a spirit which, in the end, will conquer it. We may have the surest confidence that what the Germans could do last autumn they will not do this winter or next spring. No diversions, however dazzling or temporarily disconcerting to the Allies, will alter the fact that the tide is slowly but surely turning against the enemy in the main theatres of war. It only remains for the public at home to be as constant and patient in their security as the soldiers are in the place of danger to make the end sure.

The Boston Transcript says that without close inspection of the date line it is often difficult to tell whether a German despatch came through the Half-Sea-Over News Agency or via So-They-Saville.

Senator Henry Cabot Lodge has made it very plain, in burning words, that the protection of life is far more important than the sale of a bale of cotton. "Frigid silence" over wholesale murder at sea and all the other infamies of which Germany is guilty, is not calculated to strengthen the "mediating influence" of the United States, to which President Wilson aspires.

The figures of the enormous increase in the public debt, and the constantly growing interest charges, which soon will amount to half our customs revenue, should impress upon the Government the imperative need of economy and retrenchment.

"Better days for Serbia are coming," says the Premier. The gallant little nation has still an army of 200,000 intact and when re-equipped and reinforced by the Allies, may confidently be expected to repeat the victories of a year ago when it cleared the enemy out of its territory. The Kaiser's Balkan adventure has not won him anything.

A LITTLE BOY'S CHRISTMAS WISHES

I'd give a nickel and a dime—
I'd give most all I got,
If every year at Christmas time
I just could eat a lot;
I think old Santa's 'bout the size
For fifteen tarts and fourteen pies!
I wish I was an elephant,
A mile around the waist;
Because us human people can't
Eat pudding 'nough to taste;
We just can eat a little scrap
And then we have to quit and nap,
I wish I was a tall giraffe,
With 'bout a mile of neck—
I'd make the fellers shout and laugh,
But I'd get square, I 'spec'
For I could feel the ice cream slide
About an hour, down inside.
I'd like to be a kitten, too,
So I could stay awake,
And watch the tree the whole night through
And nibble nuts and cake;
It almost makes me have to weep—
To waste the night time fast asleep!
I wish I was as deer so I
Could pull old Santa's sled
Across the snow-clouds in the sky,
With big horns on my head;
I think it's just a mean old shame
That boys can't always play some game.
But then I wonder just a bit,
If we could play and play—
Now wouldn't we get tired of it
And beg to rest all day?
And so I guess it 'ranged alright,
To play all day and sleep all night.

Other Editors' Opinions

"REMEMBER THE LUSITANIA"

The women and children of the Anconas have perished as did those of the Lusitania. They have perished because their murderers were satisfied that no American act would follow such a crime. They have perished because Berlin and Vienna rightly believed that in America "safety first" is the motto of the Administration and of the people, whom the Administration represents. Berlin and Vienna believe that Mr. Wilson and his advisers will see, not the unfortunate human beings tossed into the sea, but some technical excuse by which they can escape the responsibility of honor and humanity which rests upon the nations whose citizens are thus destroyed.

We have come a long way since the morning of the Lusitania stirred our moral indignation and universal horror. By degrees we have grown callous to all the appeals of human sympathy and human emotions. "Safety first" has become the watchword of the sons and grandsons of those who through four long years gave their lives that the conception of America which came to them from their fathers should be transmitted unscathed and unstained. Fifty years ago men died without hesitation that the things that were more than life might live. Today we are taught and our Government is conducted on the idea that to escape all danger and avoid all sacrifice is the noblest possibility in life or citizenship, that life itself is everything, and what one takes of life is nothing.

So far we have come. Let us not mistake the fact of the cause. Is it not possible that some day those who are responsible for this betrayal of America, the true America, may be overwhelmed by an uprising that will find its inspiration in the words "Remember the Lusitania?"—New York Tribune.

THE WAR AND ALCOHOL.

One of the most extraordinary features of the present devastating war is the effect it has had on the consumption of alcohol. For many years, temperance reformers have been inveighing vociferously against the evils wrought by the use of alcoholic beverages and recommending that some form of prohibition be instituted. However, as a rule, these indictments of drink have been as "the voices of those crying in the wilderness." The war has changed this, and in some of the European countries the past nine months have witnessed greater progress in temperance reform than would have been thought possible from eight years of vigorous campaigning. Russia, which in many respects, and certainly as regards the peasant class, was the most drunken country on the face of the earth, by one stroke of the pen has been rendered the most sober. Absinthe, one of the most deadly poisons and one of the most harmful in effect on the nervous system, has been abolished from France. In Germany the liquor traffic is strictly controlled and in Great Britain strong efforts are being put forth to check the sale of alcoholic beverages. It will be more difficult to prevent the excessive consumption of alcohol in Great Britain than in any other country. The British have always prided themselves on their freedom to do as they wished provided that they conformed with the law. One of the most eloquent prelates that ever sat on an archbishop's throne in England, Archbishop Magee, once said in a speech made in the House of Lords at a time when prohibition was advocated, that he would rather see Englishmen drunk and free, than sober slaves and this expresses the general opinion of Britons. Still, as long as the war continues, it may be taken for granted that military and governmental areas will be kept under drastic restrictions. Thus the war in Europe, by emphasizing the impairment of human efficiency resulting from the excessive use of alcohol, has had a far more far reaching effect on the consumption of liquor than the reformers ever dreamed of.—American Medican.

in it, stimulating the bowel muscles and lubricating the bowel canal, it strengthens the wasted muscles and drying of the lining of the bowel which has resulted from the foolish use of drugs. Unlike all drugs, it removes the cause of constipation instead of making it worse. If you take a drug your bowels may move but your constipated habit will be worse. If you take Roman Meal or its ready cooked form—Roman Meal Nuggets—the year bowels will be certainly moved but your constipated habit will be lessened. Dr. Jackson's Roman Meal Nuggets can be carried in the pocket or hand-bag on outings trips or sports. Carry a pocketful. They prevent fatigue. Ask your doctor. At all grocers 10¢ and 25¢.

Dr Jackson's Roman Meal

The Only "Money Back" Food
That is a fact. It is all very well to make claims and let the other fellows take chances. Roman Meal Company does not ask you to take chances. It asks you to try Dr. Jackson's Roman Meal or Roman Meal Nuggets for constipation, which, if they do not relieve completely, naturally, delightfully, will give your money back. Because it does this naturally by the brain and tasteless, flavoured contained

Biographies of the Ontario License Commissioners

The following are brief biographies of the members of the License Commission, sitting in Belleville today, taken from a circular issued by the Government.
Mr. J. D. Flavelle, chairman of the Commission, is a well known merchant of Belleville, and is connected with many industrial and financial institutions throughout the province. Born in Peterboro in 1859 he has been engaged in business in Lindsay since 1884, and all through his life has been connected with public undertakings of one character or another. He is a councillor of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, and in 1904 was appointed to the Dominion Grain Survey Board, Chairman of the Ross Memorial Hospital, he is also a generous patron of amateur sport, and is one of the "most famous curlers in Canada."
Mr. W. S. Dingman, Vice-Chairman of the Commission, is one of the best and most widely known journalists in Canada. His election as President of the Canadian Press Association in 1899 marked the recognition due to long and worthy career in Canadian journalism. He ap-

proached the editorial chair through the composing room, and has been variously connected with the Stratford Dispatch, Port Arthur Sentinel, and latterly with the Stratford Herald. All through his life he has been an ardent supporter of temperance principles and advanced temperance legislation.
Mr. Fred Dane is of Irish extraction. Born in Belfast in 1861, he came to Canada in 1880, and organized the grocery brokerage of Frederick Dane & Co., which had extensive connections. In December, 1906, he was appointed member of the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway Commission and later became Land Commissioner in connection with the operations of the railway. He became president of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society in 1908, and also held a high rank in the Orange and Masonic bodies of the Province. He resigned his position on the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway to become Canadian Commercial Agent at Glasgow and retired from that office to take up his new work.
Mr. George T. Smith bears one of the household names in Northern Ontario. One of the pioneers in that country, Mr. Smith not only understands the difficulties of administering the liquor license, but is a force of character that will be of great assistance to his colleagues in securing an efficient enforcement of the law in those dis-

WHELAN & YEOMANS
OFFER THE FOLLOWING
PROPERTIES FORSALE
GET UNDER YOUR OWN ROOF

- SEVEN Room Frame House, Foster Ave., barn, two extra lots, good garden, some fruit, good well at a bargain.
- \$1500—Bleeker Ave south, two-story brick house, first-class repair, good cellar, electric light and water.
- \$1000—Two story frame house, Pope Street, almost new.
- \$4000—Bridge St. East.—One of the finest located homes in the city.
- \$2800—Two story brick house, Dunbar St., all conveniences, barn and large lot in first-class repair.
- BARGAIN—Large frame house with all conveniences, barn and two lots close to G.T.R. station.
- \$4200 Lot 1, Con. 3, Tyendinaga, 100 acres with good buildings, 75 acres worked, balance pasture; workland well fenced and watered; special terms for quick sale.
- \$650—Frame house with large lot, West side Yeomans St.
- \$1500—Frame house, Great St. James Street.
- \$600—Frame seven room house, Catherine Street.
- \$3500—Large lot on east side of Front Street, about 80 foot frontage with two houses and other buildings.
- \$200 Each—Burnham Street, 6 lots, 42 x 132.
- \$12 per foot—Cor. Bridge and McDonald Avenue.
- \$350—Albert Street, 50 x 100, West side.
- \$125—Dufferin Avenue, between Pine Street and Victoria Ave.; lots about 60 feet frontage.
- \$500—Corner Dundas and Charles Streets, 50 x 88.
- \$250—Lot 65 x 135, Lingham Street, just north Victoria Avenue.
- \$125 EACH for two good building lots 40 x 174, on Ridley Ave. next to Midgate Street.
- \$150 EACH for two lots east side Ridley Ave. size 40 x 170 ft.
- \$75 EACH, North Coleman Street, 5 lots, 45 x 160.
- A BARGAIN block of 12 lots on Sidney Street.
- \$10 per foot—Foster Avenue, north of Bridge.
- \$3500—One of the best livery and feed barns in the city, handy to any part city.
- 6 ACRES on bay shore, the best factory site in the city, good dockage and along C.N.R. Double frame house on ground.
- \$800—Five acre block near Albert College, just outside city. Land suitable for gardening, seven minutes' walk from Front St.
- \$4500—75 acres, 4th Con. of Tyndinaga; well watered, 50 acres of fenced bank barn 30 x 50, two-story frame 10-room house, some fruit.
- \$6000—150 acres, one mile from Cannifton, 7-room frame house, bank barn, drive house etc., well watered and fenced.
- 145 Acres—One of the best located farms on the bay shore in Ameliasburg Township, all first-class buildings, well fenced and watered, about 600 apple trees, close to church school and cheese factory; terms arranged to suit purchaser.
- \$6500—100 acres, 3rd Con. of Tyndinaga, good state of cultivation, buildings in good repair, well fenced and watered.
- \$6000—92 1/2 acres, 3rd Con. of Tyndinaga, good basement barn and frame dwelling, well fenced and watered.
- \$3400 will buy 370 acres, good stock farm about 125 acres timber, good house and barn, 1st Con. of Hungerford.
- 100 Acre farm, 6th Con of Thurlow, first-class buildings, well fenced and watered, price right, easy terms.
- \$14000—300 Acres, 1 mile of Peterboro, 200 acres work land, 100 acres pasture and wood land, extra fine buildings, well fenced and watered, first-class for stock or mixed farming.
- \$6500—200 acres clay and sandy loam, all well fenced and watered on Bay shore, five miles from Pictou, two-story 9 room frame house, large new verandah, cellar and large cistern, large barn, stabling for 25 head sheep, and cattle shed, new wagon house with large loft and stable, orchard and about 25 acres fire wood, R.M.D. and close to church, school and blacksmith shop, buildings all painted. Good terms.
- 7 1/2 Acres, just north of city, good frame house and barn, about 9 apple trees at a bargain.

- 100 Acres on Kingston Road. Fine brick house and barn. One of the best situated market gardens close to Belleville and Point Anne markets. Would make a good dairy farm. Between 600 and 700 apple trees in first-class condition.
- \$1800—Just west of city limit, 7 room frame House; good cellar, well and cistern, electric light, over one acre of ground with barn and fruit.
- \$3700—Two-story brick House and barn, all conveniences, hot water heating, large lot, extra lot if wanted; Victoria Ave.
- \$2500—Double House, Moira St. good cellar, electric light, gas for cooking, city water in house and barn.
- \$3000—Two-story brick nine-room House; large lot and barn, hot water heating, just north of city limit.
- DOUBLE brick house, Mill Street, lately remodelled, up-to-date with full plumbing and hot water heating, electric light and gas, large stables suitable for livery or boarding stable. Deep lot 80 foot frontage.
- \$2800—New two-story 8-room brick House; all modern conveniences, full basement with gas for cooking in kitchen and basement.
- \$2600—New up-to-date frame Dwelling, Foster Avenue, electric light, gas for cooking, full plumbing, good basement.
- \$4000—South Charles St, New two-story brick, hardwood floors throughout, sleeping porch, large basement, all conveniences; one of the best finished homes in city.
- \$1800—Rough cast Dwelling and barn, Bridge St. west, city water on lot, two garden lots at rear. Cheap if required.
- \$2650—Two story brick House; 7 rooms, hardwood floors on first flat, gas for cooking, electric light and furnace.
- \$710—Frame Cottage, five rooms and outside shed, city water cor. Strachan and Grier Streets.
- \$2200—Two-story eight room brick House; electric light and city water; Mill Street.
- \$4000—New two-story nine room brick House; all modern conveniences, large basement and verandahs. Great St. James St.
- \$2500—New two-story frame House; all conveniences, full basement, good lot with pear and apple trees. Chatham Street.
- \$900—Seven room frame House, large lot, first-class garden soil. Strachan Street.
- \$3000—Two-story brick House; twelve rooms, in first class repair. Alexander Street.
- \$1400—Two-story frame House South Pinnacle Street, water and hot water heating, large lot with barn.
- \$1200—One and one half-story frame double house, Pinnacle Street, large lot, city water.
- \$1350—Solid brick house Bleeker Ave., three minutes walk to G.T.R. station. Large lot. Will make first-class boarding house.
- \$3500—Up-to-date eight room brick house on John St. Electric light and gas, full-sized basement. Five minutes from Front St.
- FINE up-to-date frame House on Great S. James Street, large verandah, hardwood floors throughout, electric light and bath, large lot.
- \$2000—Two story, 8 room brick house near Albert College. Easy terms and handy to G.T.R.
- \$1100—Fine two-story, 8 room frame house, electric light and water, large lot, St. Charles Street.
- A NEW 8 room brick house all modern conveniences, electric light and gas, full size cement basement. Five minutes from Front Street on North John Street.
- \$4000—Eight roomed solid brick Street on Warburton Street, three large lots, finest view of the bay and harbor in the city.
- \$1800—On Sineclair Street, fine 7 room brick house, with verandah, large lot and barn. About 70 ft frontage. Terms arranged.
- SEVEN Room House, good barn, well and cistern, in good locality on East Hill. Snap for quick sale.
- \$2200—Six miles north of Trenton, 2 miles from Wooler, 45 acres, good stone house, frame barn and drive house, well fenced and watered.
- \$5000—For a good 125 acre farm 5th Con. Thurlow, 9 room house, barns 24 x 48, 36 x 64, and drive house 18 x 24, no open barn house, etc., 2 good wells and spring, about 40 apple trees and small fruit. Well ploughed and 11 acres of wheat. All well fenced. R.M.D. and main telephone.
- 160 Acres, Conseccon, the cannery district of Prince Edward, good land and buildings, fences, well watered and close to factories and station.
- \$3500—Lot 2, 6th Con. Township of Haldimand county, of Northumberland, 100 acres clay and sandy loam, 5 acres good orchard, two-story brick 8 room house, basement barn, drive shed, etc., 7 acres of good pine lumber worth about \$1,000. Well fenced and watered.

- \$4500—Hundred acres, lot No. 12 Con. 2, Tyendinaga, 80 acres work land, 2 acres sugar bush, balance pasture. Barns 36 x 50 and 35 x 45 new drive house 24 x 30, hen house, hog pen etc., about 20 apple trees, two-story 8 room frame house. Three miles from two R.R. stations, about 5 acres fall ploughed. All well watered and fenced.
- \$2500—Lot 34, Con. 5, Tyendinaga, mile north of Longdale, 112 acres, 6 room frame house with kitchen, drive shed 14 x 18, shed 24 x 34, barn 34 x 54, timber for about 12 years.
- 50 Acre farm, 4th Con. of Thurlow, storey frame house and two barns, 1 acre orchard, all kinds of fruit, 8 acres in fall wheat, balance fall ploughed, all first-class soil. Two wells and well fenced. Easy terms.
- 100 Acre Farm, one of the best in Thurlow, within three miles of the city, farm and buildings in first-class shape. On reasonable terms.
- 100 Acre Farm, part lot 20, Con. 5, Tyendinaga, good buildings and silo, for sale at a bargain if disposed of at once.
- 100 Acres, 5th Con. Thurlow, about 80 acres work land, balance pasture and wood land. Well fenced and watered, about 8 acres of apple orchard. Two barns, drive house, hog pen, hen house, 1 1/2 storey 7 room frame house.
- 75 Acres, Big Island, on bay shore, brick house, well fenced, and good barn, would accept one-quarter down, balance easy terms.
- 110 Acre farm, 2nd Con. Sidney, all good work land, well watered and fenced, 10 room frame house, 2 barns, sheds, stables, drive house, etc., 3 acres orchard.
- \$3500—95 acres, Thurlow near Latta P.O. Good house, barn and drive house. Possession after harvest.
- 100 Acre farm, close to city, first-class land suitable for a garden or mixed farming.
- \$2500—Three miles from city, 9 1/2 acres good land, first-class buildings and fruit.
- \$2500—80 acres, lot 92, Con. 2 Ameliasburg, good frame house, barns, drive house, etc. All well fenced and watered, plenty of fire wood, 5 acres orchard, about 40 acres of work land. Soil clay loam.
- \$4000 for 100 acre farm, lot 30, 3rd Con. Thurlow, 5 room frame house with wood shed 20 x 20, barns 30 x 50, and 22 x 62, drive house 22 x 27, 4 wells, all good water, 10 acres swamp with timber, acres apples and other fruit, 70 acres good work land, balance pasture land, one mile from school house, two miles from post office and church. R.M.D. applied for, 40 acres in hay, 6 acres in fall wheat. Easy terms.
- \$7000—Township Huntingdon, 200 acres clay loam, 125 acres work land, balance wood and pasture land, 2 good springs, barns 48 x 30, 30 x 50, 24 x 40, stone basements and cement floor, drive house, hog pens, hen house, implement shed, etc., well fenced and watered and all in good repair. Easy terms.
- ONE of the best Farms in township of Thurlow, 190 acres, first-class buildings throughout, price right, on very easy terms.
- \$1600—Two-story 7 room frame House; electric light, city water, gas for cooking, good cellar, first-class garden with fruit; Moira St. west.
- CHEAP New 7 room Bungalow, cor. of St. Charles and Strachan St.
- \$1500—New brick House, North Front St. just off Moira St., all modern conveniences.
- \$2800 Each for two new brick Houses, all modern conveniences, Chatham St.
- \$3500—Fine two story brick House, all conveniences, large verandah, small barn, all in first-class repair.

CALL OR PHONE US TODAY.
WE ARE ALWAYS PLEASSED TO GIVE FULL INFORMATION REGARDING PROPERTIES.

HOW OLD IS MARY



She won't tell the census man.
We won't give it away because she always sends the neighbors to us for wedding cards whenever there's anything doing in the MATRIMONIAL LINE.
Follow Suit — Try Us

CH...
Ev...
Do...
yo...
exa...
LICENSE...
Held Session...
Consider...
ty-Licens...
Thurlow...
Opposed...
Flavalle's...
on Their...
The court room...
was crowded at the...
ning then the Licen...
Ontario opened its...
the applications for...
County of H...
Flavalle presided. V...
were present. All...
shops had their...
the court.
Mr. J. W. Johns...
the chairman and...
commission to Bell...
Mr. J. W. Johns...
had been honorabl...
to take a seat be...
of the Ontario Com...
welcome these gen...
the highest esteem...
They have had the...
entrusted to their...
mission is the crea...
mier of Ontario and...
nature. No such p...
to them was ev...
"After close observ...
these gentlemen's...
satisfaction."
There was never a...
reaching in its effe...
of this commission...
in carrying out the...
have the appreciat...
Addressing the me...
liquor trade, Mr. J...
men under the old...
have the same cha...
not obey the law. O...
astroy by seeing o...
out severe consequ...
mission will give ev...
chance. The laws wi...
and any man w...
to follow the laws...
of business.
The commission ha...
ly fair in all their...
object—to minimize...
drinking.
One thing remains...
books—that any ma...
a man under the...
should immediately...
Mr. Johnson would...
measure.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS For Men and Boys

Everything and anything you want, and at prices that will please you

Buy Early

Do not put off buying until the last minute and get in the crush. We will put away your purchase, label it properly and deliver exactly when you want it.

Oak Hall

LICENSE COMMISSION MAKES FIRST VISIT TO BELLEVILLE

Held Session This Morning at Court House to Consider License Applications of Entire County--License Reduction Asked by Belleville and Thurlow Deputation -- Women of Belleville Opposed to Belleville Club License--J. D. Flavalle's Plain Talk to Licensed Victuallers on Their Duties.

The court room in the Court House was crowded at ten o'clock this morning when the License Commission for Ontario opened its session to consider the applications for liquor licenses in the County of Hastings. Chairman Flavalle presided. Various deputations were present. All the hotels and shops had their representatives in the court.

Mr. J. W. Johnson sat along side the chairman and introduced the commission to Belleville.

Mr. J. W. Johnson, M.P.P. said he had been honored by being requested to take a seat beside the chairman of the Ontario Commission. He would welcome these gentlemen, who have the highest esteem in the province. They have had the greatest power entrusted to their charge. The Commission is the creation of the Premier of Ontario and the Ontario Legislature. No such power as entrusted to them was ever known before. "After close observation, I may say these gentlemen are giving entire satisfaction."

There was never an attempt so far-reaching in its effects as the creation of this commission. If they succeed in carrying out the object, they will have the appreciation of the public.

Addressing the men engaged in the liquor trade, Mr. Johnson said all men under the old system did not have the same chance. Some would not obey the law. Other might be led astray by seeing others erring without severe consequences. The commission will give every man an equal chance. The laws will not be obeyed and any man who is not willing to follow the laws had better get out of business.

The commission has been absolutely fair in all their decisions with one object--to minimize the evil effects of drinking.

One thing remains to be put on the books--that any man giving liquor to a man under the influence of liquor should immediately lose his license. Mr. Johnson would support any such measure.

If the license holders wished to establish themselves, they had better obey the law. It is in the interest of the public and the family that we should have no drunkards.

Mr. Johnson heartily welcomed the commissioners to Belleville, in behalf of the citizens, ladies, and of the men who have to make their living in the business and who appreciate the stand taken by the commission.

The chairman said it was hard to live up to the reputation painted by Mr. Johnson. It was a great pleasure to be in Belleville, which he had always thought an ideal town.

The purpose of the meeting was to consider applications for Belleville and Trenton. The findings of the commission would be announced shortly after the new year.

The chairman read the applications from the various licensed municipalities in the county.

Deputations from the Civic Welfare League and the Women of Belleville were then heard in regard to the Belleville applications.

Dr. H. A. Yeomans headed a deputation of the Civic Welfare League of Belleville. He said Belleville had 18 licenses, Niagara Falls was the only place having a similar number of licenses. Brantford had a much smaller number.

Of the 14 hotels, some are exceptionally well kept. Some are not so careful. There have been cases reported of sale of bottles and sale of liquor to men and women in rooms at some hotels. In many cases hotels do not try to carry out accommodation but merely to cloak the bar trade by means of a license. Belleville has a local option contest on hand.

"We ask the commission to give us a reduction of at least 50% of the licenses in the City of Belleville."

Mr. W. E. Denson spoke in a similar strain, urging reduction.

Mr. Sinclair said Belleville was one of the most heavily licensed places in Ontario. One-half of the hotels do not meet the law and are merely what are called "other side" would be

called saloons. The infringement of the law in local option municipalities is due to the breaking of the law in Belleville, and cited the case of a Frankford citizen who was fined in Belleville police court for the breaking of the local option law.

Miss Emily J. Guest, M.A., on behalf of the women spoke on behalf of temperance. This war shows us that the men have one sphere and women another. We want efficiency and strong nation building and therefore heartily second the Civic Welfare League.

The Women's Institute had taken up the question of the Belleville Club license. 778 voters petitioned last spring against the club license, because those from St. Michael's.

It is not the ordinary places that cause most harm, but the respectable places.

Therefore the women of Belleville petitioned the commission to use its good offices to try and have the Belleville Club license cancelled. It was understood this club had not acceded to the request of the Commission to close at 8 o'clock in the evenings.

"I have more respect for the decent hotel than the club," said Rev. Chas. G. Smith. The license was pure class legislation. He mentioned a case of a bright young man who came out of Belleville-Club and went home drunk one night.

Rev. S. C. Moore, president of the Belleville Ministerial Association, on their behalf supported the stand of the Civic Welfare League. In the event of local option not carrying, the speaker urged the reduction of licenses by at least 50 per cent. There is a growing sentiment here against the number of the bars. The presence of 600 soldiers emphasized this.

Capt. Ruston of the Salvation Army quoted instances to show that liquor was the greatest foe to the poorer classes. A reduction of licenses would mean a great help in his work.

Frankford Deputation.

Mr. George A. Rose, deputy reeve of Sidney, said local option in Frankford had proven a success.

W. E. Windover, Frankford, said drunkenness had decreased very much in the village. Occasionally some one gets too much liquor in Frankford. It is brought there by some outsider or shipped in. "The only thing to make local option a total success is to curtail the bringing in of liquor from Belleville and Trenton." He cited the case of liquor shipped to "W. E. N." but it was found in a drug store. It was a bogus transaction.

Mr. A. M. Chapman, county clerk, declared Frankford would like to overcome the shipments of liquor in local option municipalities. This instance, cited above was that of liquor shipped to a man in Trenton who was not a dealer.

"The shops are selling liquor, which it is believed, is being resold. The

quantities are suspicious.

Rev. C. H. Coon of Tweed introduced a body of men from that village. Tweed is happy under local option, but its good effects are spoiled by the hotels at Stoco and Actinolite. It is feared a bottle trade is going on. He quoted a case of a man who has fallen into a deplorable mental state as a result of drinking. Before lapsing, he said, he has got two quart bottles at a certain hotel.

Mr. J. E. Johnson of Tweed Council asked for redress, citing convictions of illegality.

Mr. Harry Foster of Hungerford living near Stoco and Actinolite gave information showing that licensed hotels at these places were not used for accommodation. The populations are small.

Rev. William Johnson represented the Citizen's League of Tweed.

Trenton.

Dr. Farley, Trenton, was the first speaker of a deputation from that town. Instead of an increase, he favored a reduction. "There were more licenses now than there were required. He thought four hotels would accommodate Trenton's requirements for the travelling public.

Rev. Mr. Harrison produced a petition signed by one third of the possible voters of Trenton, asking for a reduction of two bars licenses and one shop license.

Rev. J. W. Jose, Tamworth, urged cancellation of the Marlbank license. He made a complaint against the inspector of East Hastings for alleged knuckling of his fists three or four times in the face of the speaker, and said Marlbank people felt there was no inspection. He presented a petition signed by three ministers at Marlbank asking that the license there be not granted or the pool room be removed from the hotel. The hotel is within 300 feet of the church.

Mr. E. J. Butler appeared for Belleville Club, Limited.

Mr. A. Abbott, K.C. for the license-holders of Trenton said Trenton had six first-class hotels. The two shops keep the law. The hotel accommodation is taxed.

Mr. J. F. Wills, K.C. spoke on behalf of Mr. Chappell at Actinolite, referring to the need of accommodation there. He also referred to the Stoco application.

No club should allow a man to get drunk. He should be put out, said Mr. Flavalle.

Mr. McGlosh, superintendent of the Sulphide Chemical Works, said his company employed 200 men. There is a certain amount of liquor coming into the mining camp; he did not know where. He would like to see both licenses at Stoco and Marlbank cut off.

Mr. A. M. Chapman thanked the board for its hearing of the delegates and expressed the confidence of the public in that body.

Mr. J. D. Flavalle, chairman, then made some announcements.

The board would make no comment now on the petitions for license reduction in Belleville, beyond that Belleville had enough.

Small places have to show strong reasons why they should have licenses. The licensed bar is only an adjunct provided public accommodation needs it. It is always hotel accommodation first and the bar afterwards.

The Frankford case will be thoroughly investigated. Bogus sales are grave offences.

Due attention will be given to the petition against the Belleville Club.

The case quoted by the Baptist clergyman of a young man coming out of the Belleville Club highly intoxicated, if true, would weigh heavily.

The commission has the power to cut off club licenses if it sees fit.

The board as far as possible will visit the licensed places.

"The question with us is, is the house necessary at present, and then its bar comes after."

The chairman then devoted his attention to the licensed victuallers present explaining to them the law as it stands today.

He outlined the broad administrative powers as possessed by the Commission. "We have no hesitation whatever in driving out of business those men who break their solemn contract with the government." The board can cancel a license. There is no appeal to any other body. The members appreciate the power which has been placed in their hands.

There is an opinion among license holders that the commissioners are trying to drive them out of business and knife them at every opportunity. The truth is the opposite. The power will protect the man who obeys the law, against the pirate who tries to rob him.

During the itinerary, there had been found many infractions of the law. These are done from a commercial reason, because it is thought easier to break the law and pay fines. The smart hotel keeper is the most dangerous man, but he cannot escape the Commission even if he avoids police convictions.

The hotelkeeper who breaks the law may be brought before the board

in Toronto six months after an offence.

The license inspectors were asked to keep records of every visit regarding drunken men found in hotels, regarding military men, and men intoxicated but still drinking. A few black marks will cut off a license.

If the licensee obeys the law, a man cannot get drunk in a hotel.

"Remember men; it is not the temperance men it is not the board, it is yourselves, as lawbreakers, it is yourselves and no one else who are driving you out of business. I ask your considerations."

"We prefer to give the few the monopoly than to put many on starvation competition with temptation in their way."

"Supply liquor to an Indian is tantamount to losing a license unless the hotelman can show absolute innocence."

The chairman impressed upon the licensed victuallers the military regulations. The board intends to put its whole power behind the military measures, which allows no drinking except between 6 and 8 o'clock at hotels.

Shop-keepers are likely not selling bottles to soldiers. But the work of getting bottles to soldiers is carried on by bootlegs or the boys of the community. The onus is upon the liquor stores to know that these bootlegs are not giving liquor to soldiers. This is an abnormal time and we must see to it that our soldiers are not made less efficient for this is our war and many of us know it to our sorrow.

"We do not consider that any man who drinks to excess is a fit and proper man to conduct a bar." A drinking man had better get out of business, as he is not fit to be there.

CLUB LICENSES

The board not having power to curtail club hours, requests clubs to do so. Surely when Prince and peasant are fighting side by side it is not too much to ask them to curtail their hours of sale to correspond with the hours of sale of taverns.

The poor claim that the tavern is the poor man's club. "We ask you to join with the working men and prevent one united front to the enemy and curtail the hours of sale."

Ninety-five per cent of the clubs have curtailed their hours of sale until war is over.

Mr. E. J. Butler said he had no doubt that the Belleville Club would coincide with the request of the board. Any member of a club who gets intoxicated, should be warned, and if the offense is repeated, expelled, said Mr. Flavalle.

Mr. E. F. Chapman informed the board that he knew that officers were getting liquor during the day at Belleville Club. He declared that he appreciated the kindness of club members to men who were on overseas service and that he held a certificate of honor from a medical officer, but while every favor should be shown them the law was being broken and he desired members of the club to deny that officers some under 21 years had been served with liquor at the club.

The chairman and other members of the board inquired if this were true and warned the club directors to be aware.

This concluded the session of the commission.

The members of the board present were J. D. Flavalle, chairman, W. S. Dingman, Fred Dane and George T. Smith.

The following licenses were applied for to begin May 1st, 1916--

Taverns 14
Shops 3
Club 1
Trenton
Taverns 7
Shops 2
Madoc, taverns 2
Marmora, taverns 2
Maynooth, taverns 2
Bancroft, taverns 2
Actinolite, tavern 1
Queensboro, tavern 1
Deseronto, taverns 4 shop 1
Hungerford, taverns 2
Sto. tavern 1
Lonsdale, tavern 1
Marysville, tavern 1
Melrosv, tavern 1

Delicate Young Girls,
Pale, Tired women

If you are tired, nervous, sleepless, have headache and indigestion, you need Dr. Hamilton's Pills; they tone the stomach, assist digestion, brace you up at once. Taken at night--you're well by morning. Sickness and tired feeling disappear instantly. Vim, spirits, hearty health, all the joys of life come to everyone that uses Dr. Hamilton's Pills. No medicine so satisfactory. Get Dr. Hamilton's Pills to-day, 25c. per box at all dealers.

Accused of Robbing Hotel

William Clarke, Frank Trenton, and George White, all young men, were arrested in Trenton and brought to Belleville today. It is alleged they were trying to dispose of cigars, which are thought to have been stolen from the Royal Hotel at Marmora on the night of Dec. 8th.

They are charged with breaking and entering the hotel and with having stolen 3000 cigars the property of Till Neil. They were remanded to jail.

Card From Front

Mr. Geo. Frost,
93 South John Street
Dear Father--
I suppose you will be surprised to hear from me in England. I got a bullet through my right fore-arm, only a flesh wound so will only be laid up for a couple of months. It is nothing serious. Good-bye for now.
--Walter

The ease with which Corns and Warts can be removed by Holloway's Corn Cure is its strongest recommendation. It seldom fails.

PANAMA CANAL HELPS OUR COAST PROVINCE

Reduces Freight Rates to Meet Competition--Many Canadian Interests Seek Solution of Problems

Since the Panama Canal has been in operation such has been the divergence of freight traffic to the all-winter route in the coast to coast routing that several of the big American railroads, notably the Southern Pacific and the Santa Fe, are demanding the right to reduce overland charges in order to maintain their existence. Although the canal is an American undertaking and the position of Canada far to the north largely disposes of Canadian interest therein, the shortening of the water route to British Columbia from around the Horn to through the Great Cut has had a certain effect and will have a greater effect upon competitive rates between the Pacific Coast and Eastern Canada.

In this problem Canadian railroads, the Railway Commission, the Government and the Manufacturers' Association, are vitally interested and developments are being closely watched. Adjustment of certain freight rates for transcontinental business is likely to be the method adopted to meet the issue, but there have been suggestions of routing through New York to American lines or the establishing of a subsidized Canadian service from Montreal.

Eastern States Compete

According to W. R. MacInnes, freight traffic manager of the Canadian Pacific, who has been following closely the effect of the Panama shortcut on Canadian traffic, the problem is one of commerce rather than of transportation. And being a problem of commerce it has to be studied in view of the commercial conditions which have prevailed during the period since the opening of the canal. By this is meant that the effect of the war has been such upon the volume of traffic between Eastern Canada and British Columbia and so great has been the disorganization of ocean services and ocean rates that it is impossible to work definitely from the actual returns. In the manufacturing belt of the North Eastern States and in Ontario and Quebec there are certain similar products for which there is a competitive market in British Columbia. Now if the Panama route has the effect of permitting the American manufacturer to ship his products by water down the Atlantic coast and up the Pacific, and then carry his duty at the coast ports of entry and make more favorable prices than in the past, it becomes a direct question of reducing the Canadian overland charges so as to meet this condition. Taking the Eastern and Western Canadian markets as the ends of a horseshoe, the water route might be illustrated by the shoe itself and a direct line between the calks would represent the over-land. If by the opening of the canal the rates on the long route are reduced, then those of the shorter route must come down also. It is not just a question of traffic for the railroad, but a problem of commerce to preserve the British Columbia market to the Canadian manufacturers.

Since the opening of the canal the railroads and the manufacturers of Canada have been working together and have been keeping their case before the Railway Commission. The railroads explained to the manufacturers that if there were reduced rates made on certain commodities to British Columbia, they must be regarded without bearing upon the tariffs to the prairie sections. Already some slight adjustments have been made and it is taken that there will be further changes when the situation takes definite form and the railroads and manufacturers can bring proof that American interests have gained an advantage on the Pacific coast. One effect of the canal route will undoubtedly be that, as regards certain heavy products, Eastern Canadian manufacturers will have to regard British Columbia in the same light as an export market and be prepared to meet the keenest kind of competition.

Subsidized Steamers?

The opinion in railroad circles is that the problem will be solved largely by reduced transcontinental freight tariffs, not of great significance in relation to the traffic as a whole, but still sufficient to meet commercial competition. At Ottawa there have been at least two other proposals made. One of these that the Government open a Customs office at the port of New York and that Canadian manufactures be shipped by rail to that point and then by boat by the canal to British Columbia; the other that the Government subsidize a line of steamers from Montreal to Vancouver to work through the Panama cut. From a national business standpoint, it would not appear that either of these schemes is likely to be adopted. In the first place, Canada has more railroads than her present development requires, and in the second place the Government itself has a large interest in some of these systems.

EASY HOME-MADE TOYS

Children Benefit From Utilizing Many Articles, in Toy-making

Hundreds of toys are thrown into the dustbin, or on to the fire, in every house in the course of a few weeks. This sounds rather a sweeping statement, but it is a true one. There are in all homes many little things, utterly unconsidered trifles, which the real toy-making enthusiast will pounce upon as soon as he sees them, and which he will save and guard jealously, till such time as he has need of them. The less material you need to buy, the better the toy maker you are. "How cheap 't somethin' one may exclaim, and so it is. Here are a few of the things to be found in all houses which are invaluable for this work, but which few people have the foresight to save:

Matchboxes, the large, strong ones, are particularly useful; the empty cases in which incandescent gas mantles arrived; cotton boxes of all sizes; tin-foil; cardboard boxes of all shapes and sizes; the fluted cardboard packing, which is such an excellent substitute for corrugated iron; old buttons; beads; silver paper; all kinds of scraps of material. These are only a few things of course. Many more will suggest themselves to the toy-maker as the work progresses. In time it will be found that there is a use for almost everything that had formerly been cast aside as worthless. A glue pot is one of the necessary "properties" of the toy-maker; thin wire is another; a little enamel or paint is also useful; feathers are often needed, and should be saved for use when required. You never can tell just what you will want such things, and the best plan is to have a cupboard shelf or a drawer which is sacred to these things, and in which all the materials can be kept.

Children are kept happy, and contented for hours together making toys. The work has an educational value, for it teaches them to think. They must be able to offer suggestions concerning the toy they are making; they must think of the box, way in which to make use of the materials they have; they should not be encouraged to run to shop for everything they want; it is far better training for them to put up with their own materials available. This will be a game, and at the same time it will tend to bring out all the ingenuity latent in the little ones. And when a toy has been made, no matter whether it be a properly furnished doll's house or a humble chest of drawers made out of matchboxes, how much the children will value it, since they have made it all for themselves!

The reason toys so often are badly used and quickly broken is that they are too easily obtained. The child has had no trouble to get them, he has no affection for them, and so the things are treated carelessly. There is a feeling of affection for a toy that one has made, or helped to make. It has a personality. It has cost effort. And so we shall find that the home-made toy is a blessing, not only to us, but also to our children. It will teach them carefulness, self-reliance, patience. It will train them in habits of observation, and it will keep them employed during the dull hours; and lastly, it will teach them respect for their possessions--something which the cheap toy has very nearly destroyed.

ARM OF COINCIDENCE

Many Examples Showing Close Relation of Names

Some time ago in London three adjacent newspaper placards belonging to different papers read in the following order: "Germany's Air Squadron," "40,000 Invade London," "Are We Ready?"

Lately at the Central Court three jurors who sat next to one another--ran Chaplin, Priest, and Wickers; and in a certain suburban road the names on three adjacent doors are Marche, Halt, and Gee!

A reporter lately went to West Wickham to report the marriage of Mr. Wickham to Miss Marriage. This is how it came out: "Forty years after the marriage of Mr. Wickham, while living at Wickham, of their daughter, Miss Marriage, and the bridegroom, being a Mr. Wickham, she consequently became Mrs. Wickham."

Finally, here's a puzzle coincidence to unravel. Old Hawood had two daughters by his first wife, of whom the elder was married to John Cashwick, the son, and the younger to John Cashwick, the father. Cashwick senior had a daughter by his first wife. This daughter old Hawood married, and had a son, which led to the following complication to be spoken of by Cashwick's second wife: "My father is my son, and I am my mother's mother; My sister is my daughter, and I'm grandmother to my brother."

GAS ENGINES

1 3-4 Horse Power only \$60.00

3 Horse Power only \$90.00

We are agents for the famous Canadian Fairbanks-Howe Co. We handle a kinds of Farm Machinery and Farmer's Supplies

311 Front St. H. C. PETTET Phone 704

LIST OF CONTRIBUTORS TO THE THURLOW RED CROSS SOCIETY

The Thurlow Red Cross Society, which has been organized a little over a month...

Brenton 5.00. Queen Mary Patriotic Society—Chas Liddle 3.00; M. A. Easton 5.00; G. Hamilton 1.00; E. W. Brown 4.50; R. Ketchapaw 2.00; Geo Beer 2.00; J. B. Haight 2.00; M. Bradshaw 1.00; W. Clarke 1.00; W. Casey 3.00; S. Walk-er 1.00; L. S. P. P. 5.00; Fred Swan 1.00; Albert Latta 1.00; J. E. Cooley 1.00; Harold Beatty 1.00; Merklely Windower 1.00; Gilbert Clapp 1.00; Samuel Dean 1.00; Zera Vanvalkenburg 1.00; J. L. Palmer 1.00; George Phillips 1.00; C. Casey 5.00; Joe Roach 5.00; A. Palmer 2.50; W. Yatesman 5.00; W. Morrison 2.50; A. Morrison 2.50; F. McAvoy 2.50; T. McAvoy 2.50; J. O'Carroll 2.50; H. Wallbridge 2.50; Jas Sills 2.00; Owen Robin 5.00; J. C. Badgley 1.25; W. N. Badgley 1.00; W. H. Bradshaw 2.00; W. M. Bradshaw 1.00; E. H. Way 5.00; W. P. Way 1.00; J. Hanna 5.00; B. Martin 5.00; Peter Mather 1.50; A. Snider 5.00; Mrs. H. Leslie 5.00; Miss S. Ross 2.50; G. N. Brown 2.50; Nina Denke 2.50; M. R. Denke 5.00; Mr. Rita 5.00; Mrs. Rita 2.50; Mrs. Peggoc 5.00; Alex Lawson 5.00; Mr. McCullough 1.00; Luther Bacon 2.00; L. Sherman 1.00; H. English 1.00

Collected by Phillipaton Women's Institute—J. Y. Ketcheson, \$3.00; B. Sayres, 2.00; J. F. Ketcheson, 2.00; F. Commins, 2.00; Everett Sills, 2.00; L. Johnson, 2.00; W. Carter, 1.00; L. Robeson, \$1.00; Will Harding, 1.00; Walter Parson, .50; Frank Howard, .50; A. Lloyd, .25; Blake Sills, .25; T. H. Wannamaker, .50; T. Morlan, 1.00; M. B. Phillips, 1.00; J. W. Phillips, .50; S. Chambers, .75; Mrs. W. Chambers, .25; Mrs. W. Emerson, 1.00; Harrison Phillips, 2.50; S. Saxon, 1.00; J. L. Foster, 1.00; Jas. Phillips, 2.00; Arthur Casey, 1.00; Arthur Holgate, 1.00; S. Elliott, 1.00; Earl Masters, 1.00. Collected by Holloway Patriotic Society—Wm. Tufts, \$25.00; W. A. Carman, 1.00; Geo. Smith, 1.00; Geo. Ostrom, .50; Martin Hough, 1.00; A. Friend, 1.00; Jas. Elliott, 2.00; E. Jose, .50; H. Jose, 1.00; A. Friend, 1.00; M. R. Shanks, .50; J. Lowry, .50; J. C. Dafeo, 1.00; R. B. McMullen, 1.00; J. A. McMullen, .50; H. Townsend, 2.00; S. Bird, 1.00; Clayton Denyes, .50; S. Townsend, 1.00; T. J. Kelly, 1.00; S. J. Kelly, 1.00; H. Skillicorn, .50; C. H. Kelly, 1.00; E. Hough, .50; Mr. Hays, .25; R. Townsend, 1.00; C. Wilson, .75; W. Kelly, .50; J. Wilson, .75; A. Salisbury, 1.00; H. Carter, 1.00.

Collected by the Quinte Institute—Canada Cement Co. Limited, employes, plant 5, \$300.45; Robert Garbutt 5.00; S. D. Geddes 3.00; J. Wickett 1.00; Harry Green 1.00; T. D. Brown 1.00; Randall Smith 1.00; James Bunsnett 1.00; George Johnson 5.00; J. Chisholm 5.00; T. E. Wilson 5.00; Mrs. T. MacDonald 1.00; Employees of Pt Anne Quarries Co., unanimous in giving one day's pay, \$6.00; Mrs. N. McDonald 1.00; Mrs. W. C. McDonald, 1.00; T. Malick 5.00; Mrs. D. Laughlin 1.00; Mrs. Palmer 1.00; C. H. Vander 1.00; John Hart 5.00; T. McDonald 1.00; Lorenzo McDonald 1.00; Mrs. Dennee 5.00; N. McDonald 1.00; Wm Clazie 1.00; Mrs. W. B. Dostater 1.00; A. Cooper 1.00; A. Clazie 2.00; W. C. McDonald 5.00; C. Grass 2.50; J. K. Mitchell 1.00; Fred McDonald 1.00; Geo. Hall 5.00; James Grills 1.00; F. Purdy 1.00; Miss Canlan 5.00; Mrs. M. Dennee 2.50; Mrs. P. Shaw 2.50; Mrs. Gene 1.00; P. Wickett 1.50; J. Huck 1.00; Wm Aris 1.00; John Aris 1.00; Fred Cousins 1.00; Mrs. W. LaRue 1.00; Mrs. B. LaRue 5.00; Mrs. LaRue 2.50; A. G. Bennett 1.00. Also the following donations:—Stroud Bros.—Cut Glass Berry Bowl, J. S. McKee—Bottle of Perfume, J. P. McIntosh—Large box of children's games. Ketcheson and Earle—Battenburg buffet scarf. J. P. Knight—Barrel of Nothern Spy apples. Vermilyea and Son—Pair of Ladies' Slippers. Then we wish to thank all the ladies of Thurlow for their hearty cooperation in the bazaar, at which we made \$250.00. This makes a grand total of about \$2050.00 to the great credit of the Thurlow Red Cross. If any one in Thurlow has not had the privilege of helping this great cause, just deposit your subscription to the Society's credit in the Standard Bank. If there are errors in this report ask the one to whom you gave your subscription or Mrs. J. A. Faulkner Foxboro, and corrections will be made.

From Gossett and Conroyville Patriotic Society—H. Conroy Distillery Co., limited \$25.00; A. J. Gossett, 15.00; W. J. Hume 10.00; J. H. Ome 5.00; W. E. Cole 1.00; A. Roper 3.00; F. Mages 2.00; J. Cramp 1.00; T. Smith 5.00; H. A. Roper 5.00; J. Logan 1.00; R. July 2.00; W. Harvid 5.00; T. Stur-geon 1.00; J. Parrn 1.00; R. Johns 2.00; G. Shaper 2.50; S. Johns 1.00; J. Whit-ting 1.00; B. Fairman 1.00; C. Parrn 1.00; W. Varley 2.50; J. Clapp 5.00; J. Clamond 5.00; T. Titterton 5.00; T. Reeves 5.00; Ed Titterton 2.50; J. Hutchins 1.00; A. Brady 1.00; B. Jose 1.00; H. White 5.00; L. Pollard 5.00; L. Williams 5.00; D. Johns 5.00; S. Palmer 5.00; A. Hume 5.00; J. Smallhorn 1.00; J. Badgley 5.00; W. Clapp 1.00; J. Brazier 2.00; R. White 1.00; W. White 1.00; F. O'Neil 1.00; J. White-man 5.00; S. Clapp 2.50; S. Sebastiana 2.50; R. Whispe 5.00; Umberto 5.00; Silvio 5.00; B. Esara 5.00; H. Holton 1.00; J. H. Allen 3.00; A. Gehred 1.00; B. Davidson, 1.00; W. Worrall, 2.00; T. Cleveland 1.00; J. Scott 5.00; A. Colbar 5.00; J. L. Cavanagh 5.00; S. Golder 5.00; Wm Goddellow 1.00; D. Lawrence 5.00; A. Gunois 5.00; P. Ross 2.50; J. Woodcock 1.00; J. Ash-bury 1.00; J. Ketchapaw 1.00; A. Leodes 1.00; E. Smith 5.00; H. Hume 5.00; J. C. Culkeen 1.00; O. Pollard, 1.00; H. Lawrence 5.00; Mrs. Sarg-ent 5.00; J. Lambert 2.50; A. Taffron 2.50; Mr. and Mrs. N. Vermilyea 25.00; L. J. Jones 1.00; Arthur Vermilyea 2.00; Clarence Vermilyea 2.00; Agnes Jones 1.00; John Izard 2.50; Mrs. Fry 2.50; Mrs. Twiddy 1.00; Robert Dunning 5.00; Chas Callery 5.00; Mrs. A. Cal-ley 2.00; Wm. Bleekman 1.00; H. Boyce 2.00; F. Putman 1.00; C. W. Badgley 1.00; C. Mills 1.00; A. Friend 2.50; Jas Smith 1.00; Mr. Bedell 1.00; Mr. Boyd 1.00; Chas Brown 1.00; C. Pope 1.00; Tom Waldron 1.00; Walter Waldron 1.00; Ed Brenton 5.00; Joel

Collected by Spencers' Ladies' Aid, 2nd Concession—W. Sine 1.00; C. Mc-Intosh 1.00; A. McDonald 2.00; A. Brown 1.00; J. Fitzgerald 5.00; Horace Wright 1.00; T. Vivian 1.00; Elmer Vi-wian 1.00; Fred Barlow 5.00; John Rode, 1.00; W. Miner 1.00; J. Houg-er, 1.00; H. R. Atkins 1.00; Mrs. J. Jordan 1.00; Mrs. A. Browning 2.50; Jas. McAvoy 1.00; Mrs. Collip 2.50; Mrs. S. D. Eggleston 2.50; W. A. Hall 5.00; Wm. Grills 1.00; Mrs. A. Barnum 2.50; Wm. Donaldson 1.00; Mrs. Bonts bridge 5.00; Mrs. Louck 2.50; Miss C. Davis 1.00; W. H. Moorman 2.000; Mrs. Arthur Houston 5.00; S. Sine 1.00; Alex. Milne 1.00; J. Donaldson 3.00; H. R. Grills 1.00; C. Weese 5.00; W. Johnson 2.00; W. Gray 2.00; Mr. Ya-cobman 5.00; Wm. Driver 5.00; A. H. Ma-tee 1.00; C. H. Weese 1.00; Dan Mc-Donnell 5.00; John Lynch 2.00. 5th Concession and Carmel—Mr. Harvey Homans 10.00; Bron Fair-

Collected by the Quinte Institute—Canada Cement Co. Limited, employes, plant 5, \$300.45; Robert Garbutt 5.00; S. D. Geddes 3.00; J. Wickett 1.00; Harry Green 1.00; T. D. Brown 1.00; Randall Smith 1.00; James Bunsnett 1.00; George Johnson 5.00; J. Chisholm 5.00; T. E. Wilson 5.00; Mrs. T. MacDonald 1.00; Employees of Pt Anne Quarries Co., unanimous in giving one day's pay, \$6.00; Mrs. N. McDonald 1.00; Mrs. W. C. McDonald, 1.00; T. Malick 5.00; Mrs. D. Laughlin 1.00; Mrs. Palmer 1.00; C. H. Vander 1.00; John Hart 5.00; T. McDonald 1.00; Lorenzo McDonald 1.00; Mrs. Dennee 5.00; N. McDonald 1.00; Wm Clazie 1.00; Mrs. W. B. Dostater 1.00; A. Cooper 1.00; A. Clazie 2.00; W. C. McDonald 5.00; C. Grass 2.50; J. K. Mitchell 1.00; Fred McDonald 1.00; Geo. Hall 5.00; James Grills 1.00; F. Purdy 1.00; Miss Canlan 5.00; Mrs. M. Dennee 2.50; Mrs. P. Shaw 2.50; Mrs. Gene 1.00; P. Wickett 1.50; J. Huck 1.00; Wm Aris 1.00; John Aris 1.00; Fred Cousins 1.00; Mrs. W. LaRue 1.00; Mrs. B. LaRue 5.00; Mrs. LaRue 2.50; A. G. Bennett 1.00. Also the following donations:—Stroud Bros.—Cut Glass Berry Bowl, J. S. McKee—Bottle of Perfume, J. P. McIntosh—Large box of children's games. Ketcheson and Earle—Battenburg buffet scarf. J. P. Knight—Barrel of Nothern Spy apples. Vermilyea and Son—Pair of Ladies' Slippers. Then we wish to thank all the ladies of Thurlow for their hearty cooperation in the bazaar, at which we made \$250.00. This makes a grand total of about \$2050.00 to the great credit of the Thurlow Red Cross. If any one in Thurlow has not had the privilege of helping this great cause, just deposit your subscription to the Society's credit in the Standard Bank. If there are errors in this report ask the one to whom you gave your subscription or Mrs. J. A. Faulkner Foxboro, and corrections will be made.

Military Notes

Captain J. M. Wilson, C.A.D.C., who becomes A.A.D.S. of the third division has reported for duty at Kingston. He had had charge of the dental work of the 80th Battalion. Major H. R. Wilson, D. A. A. and Q.M.G. is at Stirling taking over the stores of the 49th Regiment from Capt. Wait, former quartermaster. Capt. Wait is now in the dental corps and goes overseas with Capt. Winnett. He was in the 80th battalion for a while. Crown Attorney, Wm. Carme has presented Lt.-Col. Adams, 155th Battalion with a fine span of horses. Col. Adams has written Mr. Carme a letter expressing his gratitude.

Carpet Ball

The final game between the Business Men's Class and the Yoke Fellows was run off last evening at the Baptist church, completing the first round in the League. The Yoke Fellows had the best of the first half, but during the second half the visiting team kept the score even, the result being 50 to 20 in favor of the Yoke Fellows. The line-ups were as follows: B. M. B. C.—Mr. Kerr, skip; Mr. Sills, vice skip; Mr. Moon; Mr. Robinson; Mr. Bleecker; Mr. Allison; Yoke Fellows—Mr. McLaughlin, skip; Mr. Kidd, vice skip; Mr. Salisbury; Mr. Smith; Mr. Kelley; Mr. Delaney. Mr. H. Lennox of the S.O.E. proved a very satisfactory umpire. The standing of the teams in the league at the end of the first round: Won Lost Alpha Club 4 3 Sons of England 3 3 Yoke Fellows 3 3 Business Men's Class 2 2

County Court.

Garten vs. Springer and Safe. The parties are all junk dealers carrying on business in Belleville. In October of this year the defendants purchased from the plaintiff as he claimed \$250 worth of junk which was delivered by one Diamond and the plaintiff, and the plaintiff sued to recover this amount from the defendants. The defendants claimed they bought the junk from Diamond against whom they have a claim for \$55, and to whom they had paid \$25 on account and claiming they had the right to set off the \$55 owing to them by Diamond against the purchase price as also the \$25 they had paid on account, no matter who owned the junk as it had been sold in Diamond's name. The evidence was very conflicting, the court holding the plaintiff had not satisfied the onus resting upon him of showing that the time of the purchase, the defendants knew that the junk belonged to the plaintiff and consequently the defendants had the right of set-off they claimed and dismissed the plaintiff's action and gave judgment for the defendant. The money paid out to court by the defendants as the amount of their admitted liability to be paid out to the plaintiff. O'Flynn, Diamond and O'Flynn for plaintiff. E. Guss Porter, K.C. and C. A. Payne for defendants.

Lectured on the War

Mr. Frank Yeing of Toronto appeared before a fair sized audience in Bridge Street Methodist Church, parlors last evening and delivered one of his characteristic lectures on Canada and the war. The address was illustrated by many views of Canadian life from east to west. Scenes in Flanders were shown, even of views on the battle front. The lecture was deeply appreciated by those present. Mr. Emille Brown and Miss Mary Marsole were married on Wednesday at Moodie Cottage. Mr. Wm. Mackintosh, of Madoc, formerly P.S.I. for Center Hastings, is in town today. Mr. Albert Shannon, formerly of the Kingston Standard, now of Ottawa is in the city. Rev. A. S. Kerr of St. Andrew's, moderator of the Kingston Presbytery was in Kingston yesterday. Mrs. Jas. McDonald and daughter Mrs. Hattie McDonald of Rochester are visiting Mrs. McDonald's daughter, Mrs. F. E. Calman, 2nd Line of Thurlow.

Hockey

Manager Arnott announces the grand opening of the Arena Skating rink tomorrow evening with band in attendance. Something new in local hockey is the new division, Belleville juniors will play in the group with Peterborough, Campbellford and Lindsay, while the local intermediates are grouped with Picton, Kingston Frontenac and Queen's. This means a fine array of games to be scheduled here this winter.



It is the average home the only room which the daughter of the house can claim as her own is her bedroom. This should be as dainty as possible, signifying girlhood in all its freshness and beauty. Unfortunately many girls believe that daintiness costs money and pass it by on the plea of a small pocketbook. Daintiness, as a matter of fact, can be achieved for a very small amount of money, provided one is willing to spend some time and not a little thought on the decoration of one's bedroom. Pink and blue have been the colors long honored as the young girl's, but the young person of decided character who feels that these pale tints do not reflect her vivid personality may choose in these very modern times cubist and primitive colorings and, with the aid of some of the new and artistic chintzes, may achieve a very stunning effect. The furniture par excellence for the girl's room is finished in white enamel, and if you are not fortunate enough to possess this sort you can easily change what you have at hand by a can of white paint and one of white enamel. Painting is by no means easy work, but it is worth which many a girl has accomplished successfully at home. It will be necessary first to purchase a can of paint remover so as to take off as much as possible of the original stain. Then give the pieces of furniture two or even three coats of white or cream paint and finally one of white or cream enamel. This should be allowed to dry thoroughly before an attempt to use it is made. Now, if your bed is a wooden one you can produce a very quaint effect by pasting over the head and base boards chintz in a pretty design. This should be cut to fit the boards exactly and edged with braid to match the chintz, while the whole is glued flat on to the head and base boards, or braided tacks placed at one inch intervals, will be used to hold the chintz. Some girls have created a very pretty effect by cutting out flowers or birds from chintz and pasting these designs at conventional intervals on the base and head boards. The dressing table can be made very pretty by the aid of chintz, and if you want a dressing table don't despair. Just make one. "How?" perhaps you ask. It is really a easiest thing in the world, if there is a chintz that is not used for any particular purpose stain it as your own and use this as the foundation for your dressing table. First it must be coated with white or cream paint or enamel. Then fit a cover of the chintz over the top and sew a ruffle of the same around this flat cover. The ruffle should be only three or four inches long and should be quite full so that it will ruffle prettily. Over the top of the table should be placed a thick piece of glass, which can be purchased and have cut to fit at any glassier's. This will be the most expensive item in the making of the dressing table—it will probably cost \$4 or \$5—but this money will be well expended, for it saves the top of the table and the chintz from dirt and wear. Now comes the question of the mirror over the table. In the basement of any of the big department stores a mirror can be purchased for \$1.00 or \$2. This will have a brown or imitation mahogany frame and will not be a thing of beauty. But the glass will be fairly good, and the frame can be covered. Remove the nails which hold the back of the glass and the front of it together, take off the frame and cover neatly with the chintz, gluing it flat to the surface and allowing an inch or two to overlap to the back on either side. When this is quite dry put the back on the glass and fasten the back to the front with the nails which were removed previously. Hang over the mirror and complete the charming effect by purchasing two white enamel candlesticks which should be topped by dainty shades made from the chintz. To carry out the color scheme drape the window with thin silk net in a white or cream shade, at 25 cents a yard, and sew a band of chintz to the edge of the curtains, or use the null curtains plain, edging with a bit of lace, and introduce the chintz effect in a short valance at the top of the window. Do not, however, leave ever curtains of the chintz. They shut out too much light and air, and a bedroom needs as much of these as possible. Egg Values. American cooks use the egg white more than the egg yolk, but how true is the instinct of the European cook in preferring the yolk even if the white cannot be utilized the generally market called "discards" with it can be seen by studying some of our most recent scientific books on foods. An expert says of the egg yolk, "The yolk is a much more concentrated food material than the white, containing in a given weight about seven times as much energy, as well as larger amounts of protein and of the chief nutrient matter." A great European doctor who recommends yolks of eggs with oatmeal porridge has wonderful things to say about the food and curative value of eggs and especially recommends for anemic stomach and eggs, instead of "taking expensive medicaments and artificial preparations of iron."

LUNCHEON BOXES.

What to Put in Them For School Children.

The Matter of Nourishing School Lunches is becoming a National Issue, Something That Every Good Mother Provides For With Care. The season brings once more the school luncheon problem to mother's attention, and it is one to be solved early in the season if the basket or box is to be filled invitingly and nourishingly for the daily meal. If she has been thoughtful with this problem in view she has already stored away in the preserve closet in individual paper jelly cups a good share of each kind of jam and jelly and fruit butter which she has made throughout the summer and early fall. A school luncheon means one meal a day away from home, but it is a meal which the less and should be both nourishing and attractive. The preparation for such a meal is not always easy, and never, never should it be thought lessly made, lest the child's stomach suffer. Study of food values and a few experiments to determine what foods the child enjoys most, as well as what foods are easiest to carry, will soon help the luncheon packer in arranging her menus. A goodly supply of waxed paper, which comes in five and ten cent rolls, plain brown paper, crumpled tissue paper, and individual paper cups should be purchased at the outset. The little sanitary paper cups are a boon, as they cost little and serve as excellent transports for baked beans, stiff custards, bread puddings or "spreads" for bread. She will now invest in half a dozen little pottery ramekins that may be used for the entrees, simply made, and puddings, which the child will find good and wholesome and a welcome change from the everlasting sandwich. Small paper covered ramekins or pails, with a little wire handle, will be found very handy carriers for any of the simple salads which belong to the child's menu. A pint patent bottle is also an excellent addition to the luncheon outfit, as it enables the child to enjoy cocoa, bouillon or any other hot drink. Jointed fowls, cold boiled eggs, deviled eggs or cold sliced steaks, wrapped in waxed paper, are easily carried and make a variety. Macaroni as gratin may fill a ramekin one day, creamed codfish delicately baked a second day, simply scalloped oysters one day, baked macedoine vegetables one day. Mince cream chicken, a wee meat pie and jellied chicken, all in tins, may be used and are all good food. Simple chicken salad, fruit salads or vegetable salads are usually liked by children and may be carried in the little paper pail, which when empty can be thrown away. Despite the newer things for luncheon purposes, the sandwich will also be called upon to do its duty and may be invitingly varied by means of white, rye, whole wheat, raisin, brown and gluten breads. But bread is delicious for sandwiches and not too rich for older children. Date or fig fillings for sandwiches are more than acceptable to most juvenile palates and are splendidly nourishing. Nuts in moderation are also good. As a general rule, strong seasonings, highly spiced cheeses and pickles should be excluded from a child's menu. Ripe olives, however, have decided food value and may safely be eaten by most children over five or six years of age. Beware of monotony in preparing luncheon baskets or boxes. Because Sammy is fond of a certain kind of sandwich or cookie don't give it to him every day until his soul loathes the return of the luncheon hour. Cudgel your brains, if need be, to achieve variety. The luncheon menu deserves as much thought and skill spent upon it as does the dinner for your grandest guests. Guests can't have their digestion ruined by one meal, but a school child may have his health much impaired by haphazardly thrown together improper luncheons. "I always put up slices of plain bread and butter and then a tiny cup of 'spread,' which Clara has to put on the bread herself," says one wily mother. "I do that for the simple reason that it forces her to eat more slowly. I know her habit of bolting her food and then rushing out to play, if she has to spread her peanut butter or jam or cheese filling herself, she simply can't gobble so fast as she could if I spread her bread ready for instant consumption." Speaking of peanut butter, how many women know that it is ten times more delicate in flavor and generally appetizing if the very thick paste that comes in the jars is diluted with olive oil? A Wedding "Shower." Just before a girl's marriage recently her friends organized a wedding "shower" for her benefit. A wedding shower is a method of presenting gifts to a bride to be. For a linen shower the guests would bring various linen articles and thus help to furnish the house in that respect. For this shower the guest of honor was told that her friends had engaged a maid for her. The "maid" was a dummy figure, clothed in all kinds of kitchen linen and decorated with various kitchen utensils.

THE WOLF IS A COWARD

NEW ONTARIO VARIETY ARE COWARD-HEARTED ANIMALS.

Some Facts About the Beast for Whose Extermination the Government Spends Eighteen Thousand Dollars a Year—Deer—First Appeared in the North Country in the Year 1897. Is an Algoma wolf dangerous? The Government, you know, spends some \$18,000 on the extermination of the grey wolf each year, so that some importance is attached to his increase. Last year I heard a man on the Goulais River argue that if the Government would allow the wolf to go ahead and destroy the deer the wolf would automatically remove himself, because till the deer came wolves were unknown in Algoma. Of course, men on the Goulais are fond of argument. And this one didn't recognize the fact that the Government collected about twice the money for deer licenses that is paid for wolf tokens, says J. W. Curran, in The Toronto Star Weekly. In 1892 Ernest Seton Thompson told me there were no red deer north of Lake Nipissing. He was right. In 1897 the first track of a red deer in New Ontario was reported. Now the eastern shore of Lake Superior swarms with them. The wolves have followed them into that territory, too, though these timid skulkers are not so numerous there as farther east in the Mississauga Forest Reserve. And the friendly black bear is not infrequent as you might say. Last fall a train running into the Magpie mine stopped, so the crew and passengers could get out and chase a fat specimen. Now it may be as well to say at the outset that the great wilderness north of the Soo to Michipicoten can never be a great game country because there isn't a soul there to take proper money. There are no hotels, no road houses, and only a few wayside stations. There are "tote" and lumber roads, a few hunters' cabins, and a scattering of a lumber camp, in use and abandoned. And still it is the greatest deer and moose district in America. Listen! Sault Ste. Marie district issued about 2,500 of the 12,500 deer licenses issued in the whole Province of Ontario last year. And the entire State of Maine last year issued very many less than this one district. In a deserted lumber camp on the banks of the Goulais River—which runs into Lake Superior—little white tracks that shrink into the grey timber wolf, the biggest coward that walks. He is afraid of the fall of a leaf, or his own shadow, and man he fears with a fear that gives him sleepless nights. This shinking vagrant is so possessed of puffed fear that he could never be induced to do believe to tackle a cow unless actually driven to it by starvation. By long association he has learned the defencelessness of the deer and the toothlessness of the porridge. He got his reputation for being a dangerous party through the newspapers. As an advertising agent he is a pronounced success. Every little while we read about the mall carrier at Batchewana or a camp courier back of Blind River having a run for it. It's all press agent work—superbly-imagined. Every Ontario hunter is an ignorant potter who does occasionally walk into view. He does it because he does not know anyone is looking at him. He doesn't know enough to duck unless he sees someone even when his intuition should tell him to. Pete Lajoie shot two wolves on the shore of an unnamed Algoma lake two years ago. Pete was sitting back from the shore about 150 yards. The two wolves walked to the bank and probably intended to do a little fishing. But while they lingered on the shore Pete nailed one with his 28.55. The other wolf was sitting on his haunches at the time and looked at his fallen companion in a wondering kind of a way. He didn't sense danger, and Pete put a bullet through his head before he could get anything else through it. The skulker's much-advertised intuition wasn't in evidence. "Seemed to me he looked kind of stupid," said Pete. Down the Goulais from us, say 50 miles from the Soo, a lumber foreman killed a couple with 9. revolvers and another two got away. The only reason the first two didn't was because they got stage fright on seeing the man. One of the great industries of Ontario—I mean the northern portion—is killing wolves. I have been told by a Toronto man. If you don't believe it, says he, look up the wolf bounty figures paid every year by the Ontario Government. The dust on the Indian reserves keep themselves in store clothes with their wolf money. Peter Yamagisak, Joe Pataas, and the others all look forward to the day when the wolf bounty will be raised, as ardent hunters advocate. I never yet met a man in the woods who wasn't willing to argue that the wolf bounty should be doubled. They never debate the deer license or the moose rules. But they must have a say on the wolf bounty. A Recruiting Parade. A novel method of securing recruits was inaugurated by the 77th Battalion and the Soldiers' Wives League of Ottawa recently, when the wives and children and female relatives of Ottawa soldiers now at the front participated in an automobile parade through the city. Every car bore banners with mottoes such as "My daddy is in the trenches—where is yours?" and "Our fathers, brothers and husbands are 'doing their bit'—what about yours?" The 77th is engaged in filling up its ranks, depleted by recent drafts.

Make the Cows Work! They will pay you big Dividends if you feed them right. "Farmer Brand" Cotton Seed Meal contains 41.48 per cent Protein and when intelligently fed with grain is the greatest and cheapest Milk Produce on the market. Being so rich in Protein it is much cheaper than Grain. We are quoting it now at \$40.00 per ton, or \$2.10 per cwt. The Hanley-Netterville Co. 329 Front Street

PHILIPSTON.

Our annual Christmas Tree will be held on the same date as usual, Dec. 23rd. The books arrived from New York over two months ago and every effort is being put forth to make it a greater success than ever. Mr. and Mrs. Morgan spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. L. Robson. A great many from this neighborhood are attending the revival services at Moira where Rev. Mr. Kemp formally of this circuit is assisting their pastor Rev. Mr. Reddick and we hope a great work will be done. Mr. and Mrs. Walker Sayers and Mr. and Mrs. B. McKee spent Sunday the guests of Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Commins. The W. M. S. held their monthly meeting at the home of Mrs. Everett Sills where the ladies met in the forenoon to carry on their Red Cross work. Dinner was served by Mrs. Sills which was enjoyed by all. Mrs. Alice Snider has returned home to spend the holidays with her parents Mr. and Mrs. W. Emerson. We are sorry to hear that Miss Leah Phillips who has been teaching school in Ottawa is ill with diphtheria and all hope for a very speedy recovery. Mr. Walker Sayers who was our delegate to the Sunday School Convention in Toronto gave his report last Sunday, which was very interesting and helpful to us all. Miss Vera Robson of Montreal spent last week with her uncle, Mr. L. Robson. Mr. Simon Elliott spent a few days last week in Toronto. Miss Evelyn and Miss Lena Phillips spent a few days last week the guests of Miss Ruth Commins. The Zion Cheese Factory will hold their annual meeting on Friday Dec. 17th. Mr. Peter Robson is visiting relatives in Montreal. Don't forget our Christmas entertainment, Dec. 23rd. Miss Nina Denike is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ketcheson.

FRANKFORD

On Sunday, the 5th Mr. and Mrs. F. Sine and Mr. and Mrs. D. Benedict of Rawdon and Mr. and Mrs. L. Sine spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Benedict. On Monday evening Rev. Mr. Knox motored to Bethel in Rawdon to hold a service there. Miss Pearl Benedict who has been visiting her parents and other relatives in and around town for some time returned home with her uncle and aunt on Sunday. Master Elmer Southard spent Wednesday night with his uncle Mr. S. Myers, also talking in the concert in Windsor's hall in the evening. The concert given by the Guild of Trinity church on Wednesday evening was well attended and was appreciated by all who were present. The regular meeting of the Ladies' Aid of the Methodist Church was held at the home of Mrs. J. B. Ford on Thursday at 2:30 p.m. Rev. Mr. Elliott of Brighton and chairman of the district was in town on Saturday and Sunday the guest of Rev. Mr. Knox. We are sorry to report that Mr. Joe Surles is being on the sick list. Mr. Frank Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Smith and Mrs. Tweedy of Madoc were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Smith on Sunday. Service was held in Trinity church at 7 p.m. on Sunday. Pte Ralph Oonn is visiting his parents Mr. and Mrs. D. Oonn of the 4th He expects to leave for the front soon. The service in the Methodist church was well attended on Sunday evening. Rev. Mr. Knox preaching. On Sunday last we were pleased to have present with us at the Methodist S. S. at church, Mr. Clancy and Mr. Besanette of Stirling each wearing the King's uniform. These remained with Mr. Martin of Stirling spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Lowery.

CROOKSTON.

The Ladies' Aid are busy making socks and shirts for our soldier boys. Miss Myrtle Holland took in the oyster supper at Cooper last Friday evening. The young people are busy practicing for the Christmas entertainment. Messrs. Foster Wilson and Percy Lancaster and Misses Betella Kilpatrick and Margaret Sullivan took tea with Mr. and Mrs. Harry Mullett on Sunday evening. Wellington Kilpatrick of the 80th Battalion, Belleville spent over Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Kilpatrick. Our popular blacksmith, Mr. Harry Mullett is very busy these days. Mrs. C. Twiddy of Madoc spent Sunday with Mrs. Sullivan. Mr. Raymond Chambers of Stirling spent a few days last week with his cousin Mr. J. Chambers. Miss Margaret Wood and Mrs. A. T. Downey spent Sunday evening with Mrs. Sullivan. Mr. and Mrs. Harry Mullett spent

Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Agnes Kilpatrick.

STOCKDALE.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Preston of Taber made a visit at Mr. Charles Chase's on Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. George Davidson attended the funeral of the late Mr. O'Quert at Belleville on Friday last. Mr. and Mrs. H. Gay of Sidney spent Sunday at Mr. J. Williams' home. Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Bryant and Mr. and Mrs. H. Wait spent Sunday at Mr. N. Bates' home. Mr. and Mrs. J. Hubbell of Frankford visited at Mr. H. McMarter's on Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Morley Davidson took dinner at Mr. Arthur Chase's on Sunday. Don't forget the Sunday School entertainment to be given on Thursday evening, Dec. 23rd. A good time is promised. Mrs. G. M. Sanborn who has been nursing at Mr. Morley Scott's of Sidney for several weeks has returned home. Mr. and Mrs. N. Bates visited friends at Belleville a couple of days last week.

VICTORIA.

Jingle bells, jingle bells. Jingle all the way. Oh what fun it is to ride in A one horse open sleigh. A number from here attended the funeral of the late Mr. William Andrew Brinkman, who died after a short illness. The interment took place at Albany cemetery on Sunday. A number of relatives were in attendance from a distance—Mr. John Russell, of Buffalo, Mr. Stanley Russell, of St. Albans, Mr. and Mrs. Osborne, of Colborne and Mr. and Mrs. R. Roberts of Wicklow. He was buried under the auspices of the A.O.U.W. lodge. No service in our church next Sunday. Mrs. E. Brickman and Miss Vera Brickman spent last week in Belleville. Mr. and Mrs. Hae Fox visited at Mr. Louis Lom's on Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Everett Brickman drove to Trenton on Monday.

CARRYING PLACE

Mr. and Mrs. D. Rowe spent one evening last week with Mr. and Mrs. B. Alyea. Mr. Victor Little spent Friday with his aunt, Mrs. G. Taylor. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Brown have moved to Oorbyville. Miss Lulu Rowe spent Sunday in Ameliasburg. Mr. and Mrs. Louis Brown spent Sunday under the parental roof. Mr. Arthur Hayes spent Sunday at Mr. Ross Chase's. Mr. and Mrs. H. Orser entertained a number of their friends last Tuesday evening.

POINT ANNE.

Bessie Laughlin of Maribank is a guest of her sister, Mrs. J. D. Murphy. Misses Jennie Laughlin and Mary Bowyer of Belleville spent the weekend with their respective families here. Mrs. A. G. Bennett entertained the members of the Energetic Club and their friends Wednesday evening. Mrs. Joseph Taylor gave a dance to a number of her friends Wednesday evening. Mr. and Mrs. Palmer and Mrs. Gordon of Belleville spent Sunday evening with Mrs. J. Palmer. Mrs. A. G. Bennett attended the red cross meeting held in Foxboro on Friday afternoon. Mrs. Don Macdonald is able to be about after a few days' illness. Mr. Edward Macdonald of Wellington spent last Thursday with his parents Mr. and Mrs. N. Macdonald. A young son, Robert Gordon, was born to Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Macdonald on Saturday. Mr. W. Kelley of Tamworth is the guest of his sister, Mrs. Manson Macdonald.

WALLBRIDGE.

Our cheese factory is still making cheese throughout the month of December. A number from here attended the Stone church on Sunday evening and listened to a splendid sermon delivered by Rev. C. G. Smith, Baptist minister of Belleville. L. O'Connell Ketcheson visited at his home Monday afternoon and attended the patriotic concert in the Methodist church in the evening. P. E. O'Flynn, Esq., occupied the chair. Addresses were given by Col. W. N. Ponton and Sergt. Sandford, recently returned from the front. The 80th Battalion orchestra furnished music. The regular meeting of the Farmers' and Women's Institutes will be held here on Monday, Dec. 13th. The women will hold an afternoon meeting in the Methodist church and Miss M. V. Powell of Whitby will address them. A joint meeting will be held in the town hall in the evening. The young people are busy preparing for a Xmas entertainment

OAK HILLS.

The W.M.S. social was a success in every way. All seemed to enjoy the program and there was lots to eat. Mr. John Juby and Mr. Nathan Kilgallon left Tuesday for a trip to Guelph. Mrs. Wm. Best, Malone is visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. R. Chambers. Mr. and Mrs. M. Haggerty, Wooler motored to Mrs. Wm. McMullen's on Monday. Mrs. Robert Vanallen and Mrs. J. Phillips of Stirling spent Sunday at Mr. Frank Stapley's. Pte Clarence Ashley, of Kingston, spent a day or so here with friends.

MELROSE.

Christmas trees is the topic of the day. The recent snow-fall has made excellent sleighing. Mr. George Lazera has moved to their new home at Emmons' Corner. We regret their removal from our midst. Miss Knapp of Selby is visiting her sister, Mrs. Jean Badgley. We are pleased to report that Mr. William English is recovering from an attack of indigestion. On Wednesday evening last the young ladies and young men of the Methodist Sunday School including their teachers, Mrs. Geo. English and Mrs. Edward Simpkins gathered at the home of Mr. George Lazera. After a pleasant evening had been spent Rev. Mr. Mair, pastor of this place read an address of appreciation for services rendered and regret at the removal of the Misses Gladys and Florence Lazera from their midst and presented each with a beautiful toilet set.

CARMEL.

The monthly meeting of the Y.P.S. was well attended last Wednesday evening. Mr. and Mrs. J. Derbyshire and Mr. and Mrs. Gorow spent Tuesday evening at Mr. E. Horton's. Mr. and Mrs. G. Saylor, Sydney, spent Sunday and Monday with Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Gilbert. Mr. and Mrs. W. Brown of Carrying Place have moved with the latter's father, Mr. W. Gilbert. Mr. and Mrs. J. Pitman spent Tuesday in Foxboro. Mrs. A. Jones is visiting her daughter Mrs. J. Clapp. Miss Wanda Reik, Belleville spent the weekend at home.

CHAPMAN

Selling fowls seems to be the order of the day in our vicinity. M. Clayton VanAllen of Kingston is home again on leave of absence. Mr. Wallace Simmons spent Sunday with Mr. Stephen Fuke's. The light fall of snow we had on Wednesday night makes us think that Christmas will soon be here. Miss Margaret Dwyer spent a few days last week at Mr. Peter LaBarge's. We are pleased to see the little daughter of Mrs. William Laughlin about again after a few weeks' illness. We are sorry to hear of the illness of Mr. George Clarke, St. Bethel Church intends having a Christmas tree. Mr. Clayton VanAllen took tea at Mr. Murray Graham's one day last week. Miss Effie Cassidy spent Saturday in Tweed. Mr. Murray Grills entertained company on Sunday. Mr. Leslie Adams who has spent the past few months in Saskatchewan, arrived home on Sunday. We all welcomed you back again Leslie. Quite a number from around here took in the variety shower in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Bowers given at Mr. Arthur Brechea's.

HILLIER.

Miss Effie Campbell spent a few days last week with her sister, Mrs. F. White of Gilead. Miss Luella Palmer visited her friend Miss Maggie Rupert last Thursday. Miss Dorothy Palmer spent one day last week with Mrs. Charlie Benway. Master Douglas Grant has been visiting his grandparents. Miss Helen Gilbert spent last Tuesday evening with her friend, Miss Dorothy Palmer. Miss Gladys Wait spent the weekend with friends at Concession. Mrs. Jack Smythe spent the weekend with Mrs. A. Lloyd. Mr. Harry Foster has come to the village to work at his trade as blacksmith. Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Lord and Mr. and Mrs. Levi Palmer motored to Trenton last Tuesday. Miss Barbara Shurie of Rose Hall spent Saturday and Sunday with Miss Winnifred Foster. Miss Helen Gilbert spent the weekend with Miss Nina Vanderwater, of Wellington. Miss Dorothy Palmer visited Miss Maggie Rupert on Sunday last. Mr. and Mrs. R. Jones and Miss Velma visited Mrs. Post of Wellington one day recently. Mr. Charlie Bailey was in the village Saturday night.

FOXBORO.

The jingle of sleigh bells are to be heard in our vicinity. Mr. Herb Watt and sister, Miss Tena returned home last Monday after spending a couple of days in Wellington. Mrs. Taylor of Madoc and her sister of Chatham returned to Madoc after spending a week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Wickett. Mr. Harford Ashley and Mr. Robt. White are in Ottawa attending the horse show. The annual Methodist Christmas tree will be held on the 24th. A most pleasant time was spent at the home of Mrs. Melzar Honan last Tuesday evening when her S.S. class gathered together to spend one more memorable time before the departure of Miss Cora Sprague who is leaving for the States. She will be greatly missed in our class. Mrs. Elliott of Tyendings visited at the home of Mrs. Walter Wickett a couple of days last week. And still another one of our young boys has enlisted for overseas service last night they presented Mr. Weatherhead with a wrist watch, we are certainly proud of our boys.

SPRINGBROOK.

Some of our friends were enjoying their first sleigh ride last Sunday. Miss Ida Rollins went to Madoc on Friday and returned on Monday. Miss Lena Wellman entertained a number of her young friends at the other evening. We are glad to see Mrs. Murray around again. Mr. and Mrs. Mack are expecting their son Pte. Fred Mack home from the front. He spent a number of weeks in the hospital in England and is now in Quebec on his way home. Q. We are pleased to hear that Mrs. C. L. Meiklejohn has received word from her son, Gunner H. Meiklejohn who has been at the firing line for nearly a year and that he was well. The young ladies of the J.F.W. Club ably assisted by the young men are holding a concert in the 9th line school house of Rawdon on the evening of the 17th in aid of the red cross. Our new team is doing a fine business.

Some of our people attended the surprise party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Hough, Halloway. There were about seventy friends present in spite of the weather. An address was read by (Rev.) Mrs. Jones of Foxboro and Miss Hough was presented with some beautiful silverware, consisting of one dozen knives and forks and one dozen tea spoons, also some pieces of linen. Miss Hough expressed her thanks in a way that appealed to all. Speeches were made by Mr. Clifford Wilson and others expressing their respect and appreciation of the willing assistance in the League and other church work and of the example and lessons we might take from Miss Hough's life though afflicted as she is.

BURR'S.

Mr. Mrs. Bruce Tice, Bowberman's and Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Chostans, Ameliasburg, were guests on Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Nelson. Mr. and Mrs. Will Ainsworth, Christian St., were guests of her parents Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Moon on Sunday. Miss Myrtle Moon was the guest of Mildred Fox on Sunday evening. Mr. and Mrs. F. Burkitt, Miss V. Brinkman, Messrs. Arthur and Everett Hough, and Ross Barr and Mrs. A. W. Hough visited the city on Saturday. Miss Gladys Vanocot is dangerously ill. We hope for her speedy recovery. Miss Villa Terri, Bowberman's, was the guest of Miss Claudus Peterson on Sunday. The teacher and pupils of Burr's school intend holding a Xmas tree entertainment in the schoolroom on the afternoon of Dec. 22. Proceeds in aid of patriotic fund. The re-opening services at Burr's church will be held (D.V.) next Sunday, Rev. R. Barnforth is expected to preach morning and evening.

CROFTON.

Sorry to report Miss Gladys Vanocot very seriously ill. Mr. Lorne Crandal of Hillier spent over Sunday at Mr. L. Caughey's. Mr. J. Haight and Violet were guests at Mr. S. Pines on Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Calnan visited at Mr. J. S. Calnan's on Sunday last. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Caughey entertained a number of their friends on Monday last. Miss Coral Fox has been spending a few days at the home of Mrs. H. Vandaele of East Lake. Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Calnan spent the weekend with Mr. and Mrs. A. Calnan 1st con. Sidney. Miss Beulah Spencer of Demorestville spent Sunday with her friend Miss Merle Moran.

WEST HUNTINGDON

A Presbyterian guild has been organized to meet in St. Andrew's church every Thursday evening at 7.30. All are invited to attend. "Go to Church Sunday" was held in Andrew's church on Dec. 12th, the attendance being 120. A number of our young people spent Saturday evening at Fuller. Mrs. Eliza Wallace who has been on the sick list is recovering. Mr. and Mrs. W. Wright of Harold and Mr. and Mrs. Walt Wright and Miss Sadie of Stirling spent Sunday under the parental roof. Pte Charlie Welsh and Pte Roy Holgate of the 80th Battalion, Belleville, spent Sunday in our vicinity. Mr. George Dafeo spent Sunday with Mr. Morley Wright.

HALLOWAY.

A number from here attended the anniversary services held in Foxboro Methodist church conducted by Rev. Dr. Workman of Toronto. Mr. Fred Haight of Moira spent a few days last week under the parental roof. Mrs. George Smith is confined to the house with rheumatism. Mr. Simon Elliott has gone to Toronto where he has secured labor for the winter. Mr. and Mrs. A. Salisbury and family were the guests of Mr. Sydney Bad's last Sunday. Don't forget the date of our annual Xmas Tree which is to be held on Wednesday evening, Dec. 22nd, the committee is planning for an interesting programme. Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Morgan spent one evening last week visiting at the home of Mr. John Wilson. Rev. A. C. Huffman of Plainfield circuit will occupy the pulpit here next Sunday afternoon. A unique gathering assembled at the home of Mr. Martin Hough last Monday evening in honor of their daughter Ethel who is about to leave our midst. Miss Ethel was completely taken by surprise when between sixty and seventy of her friends and neighbors gathered to say farewell and to show their appreciation prior to her marriage. At 8.30 Miss Ethel was asked to come forward and was presented with a dozen silver knives and forks, and a dozen silver tea spoons, also a set of beautiful tray cloths and an appropriate address

was read by the Rev. Mrs. Jones. Dear Miss Ethel. You may be meditating upon the cause of the gathering together, at your happy home of a few of your many admiring friends, who have come to enjoy the pleasure not only of holding you close in the embrace of their admiration and love, but also to try to convey to you in some slight way the sense of gratitude they all feel for the many helpful influences you have ever exerted upon them through your exemplary moral and religious life. Meditation is a characteristic state of mind upon such an occasion and also essential to the unkindled operation of the full powers of heart and mind in the redeeming of a promise made and in the entering into that alliance which means so much for the future. Meditation is not only characteristic and essential to that frame of mind through which we all believe you to have been passing, but is also prophetic of that happiness which most invariably follows that careful and ever prayerful consideration of all those interests suggested. Few there be, if any, who wholly escape the ebb and flow of the great life-tides which work in the commercial, social and religious realms, upheavals which might sometimes be bitterly borne but for that Hebrew faith and Saxon sense before which the dread of fatalism and the fallacy of chance vanish, declaring that "God is in His Heaven, all's well with the world." We have therefore gathered tonight in this happy way to offer you our sincere congratulations upon having reached the height of ambition in the social sphere. We know you are worthy of the best and though you no doubt shall soon be taking ship upon some Mayflower to that state of matrimony, yet we know that there and there alone ever woman comes to her noblest and best. But words cannot express to you our tenderest regard and sincerest good wishes so we ask you to accept this silver ware, hoping that for all the coping days you may be happy in that serviceableness which enriches all life with which you may come in contact. Signed on behalf of the Halloway friends.

THE HILL

Mr. and Mrs. W. Meyers and family spent Sunday with Mr. T. Spencer. Mrs. T. Spencer spent a few days of last week with her mother Mrs. J. Munns of Belleville. Mr. Study Ashe of Madoc spent a few days with friends on the 4th line. The atork visited the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. Cassidy and left a baby girl. Mr. and Mrs. M. Shorey spent over Sunday with friends in Belleville. The young people are busy practicing for the Christmas tree on Dec. 23. Mr. and Mrs. E. Phillips visited at Mr. T. Cassidy's on Sunday. A number from here attended the Institute meeting at Wallbridge on Monday.

CHAPMAN

Selling fowls seems to be the order of the day in our vicinity. M. Clayton VanAllen of Kingston is home again on leave of absence. Mr. Wallace Simmons spent Sunday with Mr. Stephen Fuke's. The light fall of snow we had on Wednesday night makes us think that Christmas will soon be here. Miss Margaret Dwyer spent a few days last week at Mr. Peter LaBarge's. We are pleased to see the little daughter of Mrs. William Laughlin about again after a few weeks' illness. We are sorry to hear of the illness of Mr. George Clarke, St. Bethel Church intends having a Christmas tree. Mr. Clayton VanAllen took tea at Mr. Murray Graham's one day last week. Miss Effie Cassidy spent Saturday in Tweed. Mr. Murray Grills entertained company on Sunday. Mr. Leslie Adams who has spent the past few months in Saskatchewan, arrived home on Sunday. We all welcomed you back again Leslie. Quite a number from around here took in the variety shower in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Bowers given at Mr. Arthur Brechea's.

MADOC JOT.

Mrs. E. G. Clarke returned from Chicago on Monday, where she has been visiting her brother for some time. Her friends will be pleased to hear she has been in much better health lately. Mrs. Needham of London, Ont., is visiting her mother, Mrs. J. Bird. Mr. and Mrs. G. Pollard and daughter Lillian visited friends here last Sunday. Several attended the oyster supper at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. Sables one evening last week. All report a pleasant time and an excellent supper. A reception for the bride and groom. Mr. and Mrs. J. Cooke was given at the home of the groom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. Cooke. A number from Halloway, West Huntingdon and other places were invited. Mr. and Mrs. Cooke have settled near Peterboro. Rev. Mr. Byers conducted a service at Mr. John Juby's last Sunday afternoon. There was service in the evening at the home of Mr. J. Bird conducted by Rev. Mr. Collins of Stirling. Those who attended the service at St. Andrew's church on Sunday heard an inspiring sermon by Rev. Mr. Kemp of Enterprise. The lesson was "The parable of the good Samaritan" Luke 10. If our people do not doubt these things it will not be too long until we need more men who believe that "this is the crowning glory of our churches". Mrs. Stanley Eggleston and Ethel daughter have been visiting friends here before settling in their new home in Frankford, where Mr. Eggleston has been engaged as overseer for the coming season. Before leaving Thurlow they were entertained at the home of Mr. Mitchell, president of Thurlow cheese factory and treated to an oyster supper. Among those invited were Rev. Mr. Robeson and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Wright of Tweed, the cheese factory at Frankford is one of the best equipped and largest factories in the District and Mr.

Eggleston's friends are pleased to know he has secured one of the best and will wish him every success. Some of our people attended the surprise party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Hough, Halloway. There were about seventy friends present in spite of the weather. An address was read by (Rev.) Mrs. Jones of Foxboro and Miss Hough was presented with some beautiful silverware, consisting of one dozen knives and forks and one dozen tea spoons, also some pieces of linen. Miss Hough expressed her thanks in a way that appealed to all. Speeches were made by Mr. Clifford Wilson and others expressing their respect and appreciation of the willing assistance in the League and other church work and of the example and lessons we might take from Miss Hough's life though afflicted as she is.

BURR'S.

Mr. Mrs. Bruce Tice, Bowberman's and Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Chostans, Ameliasburg, were guests on Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Nelson. Mr. and Mrs. Will Ainsworth, Christian St., were guests of her parents Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Moon on Sunday. Miss Myrtle Moon was the guest of Mildred Fox on Sunday evening. Mr. and Mrs. F. Burkitt, Miss V. Brinkman, Messrs. Arthur and Everett Hough, and Ross Barr and Mrs. A. W. Hough visited the city on Saturday. Miss Gladys Vanocot is dangerously ill. We hope for her speedy recovery. Miss Villa Terri, Bowberman's, was the guest of Miss Claudus Peterson on Sunday. The teacher and pupils of Burr's school intend holding a Xmas tree entertainment in the schoolroom on the afternoon of Dec. 22. Proceeds in aid of patriotic fund. The re-opening services at Burr's church will be held (D.V.) next Sunday, Rev. R. Barnforth is expected to preach morning and evening.

CROFTON.

Sorry to report Miss Gladys Vanocot very seriously ill. Mr. Lorne Crandal of Hillier spent over Sunday at Mr. L. Caughey's. Mr. J. Haight and Violet were guests at Mr. S. Pines on Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Calnan visited at Mr. J. S. Calnan's on Sunday last. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Caughey entertained a number of their friends on Monday last. Miss Coral Fox has been spending a few days at the home of Mrs. H. Vandaele of East Lake. Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Calnan spent the weekend with Mr. and Mrs. A. Calnan 1st con. Sidney. Miss Beulah Spencer of Demorestville spent Sunday with her friend Miss Merle Moran.

WEST HUNTINGDON

A Presbyterian guild has been organized to meet in St. Andrew's church every Thursday evening at 7.30. All are invited to attend. "Go to Church Sunday" was held in Andrew's church on Dec. 12th, the attendance being 120. A number of our young people spent Saturday evening at Fuller. Mrs. Eliza Wallace who has been on the sick list is recovering. Mr. and Mrs. W. Wright of Harold and Mr. and Mrs. Walt Wright and Miss Sadie of Stirling spent Sunday under the parental roof. Pte Charlie Welsh and Pte Roy Holgate of the 80th Battalion, Belleville, spent Sunday in our vicinity. Mr. George Dafeo spent Sunday with Mr. Morley Wright.

HALLOWAY.

A number from here attended the anniversary services held in Foxboro Methodist church conducted by Rev. Dr. Workman of Toronto. Mr. Fred Haight of Moira spent a few days last week under the parental roof. Mrs. George Smith is confined to the house with rheumatism. Mr. Simon Elliott has gone to Toronto where he has secured labor for the winter. Mr. and Mrs. A. Salisbury and family were the guests of Mr. Sydney Bad's last Sunday. Don't forget the date of our annual Xmas Tree which is to be held on Wednesday evening, Dec. 22nd, the committee is planning for an interesting programme. Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Morgan spent one evening last week visiting at the home of Mr. John Wilson. Rev. A. C. Huffman of Plainfield circuit will occupy the pulpit here next Sunday afternoon. A unique gathering assembled at the home of Mr. Martin Hough last Monday evening in honor of their daughter Ethel who is about to leave our midst. Miss Ethel was completely taken by surprise when between sixty and seventy of her friends and neighbors gathered to say farewell and to show their appreciation prior to her marriage. At 8.30 Miss Ethel was asked to come forward and was presented with a dozen silver knives and forks, and a dozen silver tea spoons, also a set of beautiful tray cloths and an appropriate address

Death of Respected Resident of Prince Edward County

Feelings of the deepest sorrow and regret were expressed throughout the Township of Ameliasburg and surrounding district when it was announced that Wm. A. Brickman, late Treasurer of the Municipality had peacefully passed away at his home near Robin's Mills on Friday morning, Dec. 10th, 1915 after a short illness. The late Mr. Brickman had been a familiar figure throughout the county for over half a century and few men enjoyed throughout a life of upwards of four score years, from his fellow citizens, the esteem, respect, trust and affection which he had up to the time of his death. The deceased was born in the Township on January 1st, 1837 and had continued to live there the greater portion of his life. When a young man for a time he followed the profession of a public school teacher, but his choice of pursuit was that of farming which he followed until his decease. In January, 1862 he married Catharine Cunningham, daughter of the late Geo. Cunningham. The result of their marriage being two sons, Barton, who died under the most saddest circumstances in 1876 and George who died in 1885, after a short illness. This was a terrible blow to Mr. and Mrs. Brickman, from which neither of them fully recovered. The loss sustained through the death of his boys was followed some years later by the decease of his wife who had assisted in no small measure when in good health to lighten the load of sorrow Mr. Brickman felt at the time was more than he could bear. He held several positions of trust during his life. For a time he was a member of the municipal council and for about 15 years he was treasurer of the Township. His kindly disposition and his unquestionable honesty and integrity ably fitted him for this position which he continued to hold so many years with credit and honor to himself and the entire satisfaction of the whole municipality. In politics he was a Conservative and held strong ideas favorable towards better trade relations with our neighbors across the line. He was a member of the Methodist church for years. The late Mr. Brickman might be classed as an allround sportsman and particularly enjoyed a good hunt and was recognized as one of the best shots of the Gun Club. For some years he was an active member of the Masonic order but of late years had confined his interests more to the A.O.U.W. of which he was a member. He knew to its fullest extent what sorrow, bereavement and grief meant and was always the first to extend to others his heart-felt sympathy when occasion required. His greatest comfort and happiness for some years past was derived from the interest and many kindnesses he so generously bestowed upon the family of his sister, the late Mrs. Geo. F. B. Russell. He watched with a father's love the marvellous success of his nephews, who in a like manner never omitted anything which would contribute to their uncle's happiness or pleasure. The funeral took place on Sunday, the 12th inst., the service being conducted in the Albany church by Rev. Mr. Webber in the presence of a large assembly of relatives and friends who had come to pay the last tribute of respect to one whose death will be a distinct loss to the community. The interment took place in the family plot near the church. The A.O.U.W. assisted in the burial, the beautiful service of the order being conducted by P. Catherall, Master and Herbert Dempsey, Secretary. The bearers, being members of the order were, W. McFaul, H. Dempsey, A. Dempsey, O. Glean, N. Willson and S. L. Deloag. A few of those from a distance were Mr. and Mrs. Marion Osborne, Mrs. and Carl Murphy, Colborne; Mr. and Mrs. R. Roberts, Grafton; John W. Russell, nephew of Buffalo, N.Y., and S. S. Russell, nephew, St. Albans.

\$100 REWARD, \$100. Thereaders of this paper will be pleased to learn that there it at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts through the blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Cure that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Advertisement for 'The Kind You're In Use For' featuring 'Castoria' and 'Genuine' products. Includes text: 'The Kind You're In Use For', 'Castoria is a gentle, reliable, and safe medicine for children', 'Genuine', 'Phaetons', 'Auto Seats', 'Open Demos', 'We have', '2 Second', 'Rubber', 'painting', 'The Finest'.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

FARMS

Prince Edward or Hastings)

CEO. W. ANDERSON

Office Over Dominion Bank, Belleville

Discount Sale Of Carriages and Wagons

All This Month.

Phaetons Steel Tubular Axle Wago
Auto Seat Top Buggies Milk Wagons
Open Democarts Bread Wagons

We have a large number of Second Hand Top Buggies and Democarts in stock all fitted up as good as new.

2 Second Hand Lumber Wagons.

Rubber Tires a specialty; high grade repairing—painting and upholstering of carriages and automobiles.

The Finnegan Carriage & Wagon Co.
BELLEVILLE, ONT.

WHEN driving a binder it's aggravating to have to stop because "the twine went wrong."

Sometimes the trouble is a bad spot in the twine—sometimes a tangled ball. Such delays are the real price you pay for cheap twine.

PLYMOUTH TWINE

speeds up the work—cuts down the costs. Plymouth is stronger and ties more bundles than any other brand. The quality never varies and the balls don't fall down.

If you want an easy and economical harvest, get your twine from us. And take our advice, order Plymouth EARLY.

W. R. Mitz, Agent

WEST HUNTINGDON

WHAT LOCAL OPTION HAS DONE TO THE VILLAGE OF STIRLING

Reeve Coulter Has Changed His Opinions—Would Now Oppose Repeal—Village Never so Prosperous Before—Not a Vacant House or Store in the Place—Considerable Trade in Bottles by the Underground Route—Village Lacks Machinery for the Thorough and Effective Enforcement of the Law—But Still a Wonderful Change for the Better is Almost the Unanimous Testimony.

We have already reported upon seven of the largest towns and cities in Ontario where local option is in force. There are still two other places of considerable population in the Province which have endorsed the by-law—Ingersoll and Renfrew. We may possibly visit one or both of these later.

We had not intended going to any of the smaller towns or villages because of our belief that conditions in regard to enforcement and other problems were so different from our own that their experience would be of little value as a guide.

A number of our readers, however, have expressed a desire to hear from some of the places nearer home. We therefore have visited the village of Stirling which has had eight years' experience of drought.

The problems are not, however, intrinsically so different as one might suppose. It all resolves itself into the question of the proper enforcement of the law.

It is one of the easiest things in the world to frame laws and to pass them. To enforce them conscientiously and thoroughly is often a matter of extreme difficulty.

At first glance it would seem very much more simple to enforce local option in a village community like Stirling than in a city like Owen Sound or Galt.

But after having seen the work and the difficulties of both, we are inclined to the opinion that the law stands a better show of rigid observance in the larger places than in villages like Stirling or Frankford.

Difficulties About Enforcement.

The trouble is, as Reeve Coulter explained to us, that the village community lacks adequate machinery to carry out the necessary work that the by-law entails.

In the villages, too, everybody knows everybody. There are intimate social relations that are by no means so general in the town of larger dimensions. It is with the greatest reluctance that citizens come forward to lay information or to back up their complaints with an offer to go into court and give evidence. These facts will be brought out more fully in the interesting story told to us by Stirling's popular Reeve.

Eminently Respectable.

The history of Stirling, and of its experience with King Alcohol, contains many chapters that are unspeakably sad. In no small community within the range of our experience could so many tales be told of blighted hopes, ruined careers and ultimate tragedy and death. Brainy and brilliantly gifted young men, who might otherwise have reached the plane of national prominence, followed the behest of an early acquired appetite, and filled out life's all-too-brief span with the trifles of an inebriate.

The trouble was that drunkenness was respectable. Anybody who wished to be anybody in Stirling was almost compelled to bow to the popular standard. To be able to carry a huge jag without wobbling was considered an enviable accomplishment. The older men drank, the younger men drank, the boys drank, the working men drank, the merchants drank, the professional men drank, the social lions drank. Hitting the can was well-nigh universal and eminently respectable.

A New Generation.

But a new generation of businessmen arrived upon the scene. Competition became keener. It gradually dawned upon many in Stirling that the stern requirements of modern business called for a man's best efforts, and these best efforts could not be put forth in combination with cheap whiskey.

Therefore it was that a number of Stirling's new and influential citizens, and also a number of Stirling's old and influential citizens, who had seen things, put their heads together and said, "Let's have a change."

And therefore it was that a vote was taken on the local option by-law in January of the year 1908, and the by-law was carried by the handsome majority of six and a fraction votes, the Three-Fifths' iniquity notwithstanding.

Only those who know Stirling—the old, unregenerate Stirling—can appreciate how handsome and marvel-

lous an accomplishment it was to get that six of a plurality.

The scale was turned, so we were told, by a dozen or so of the veteran bar-boosters turning traitor to their cause and voting for an arid Stirling.

Reeve Coulter Changes His View-Point.

Among those who were opposed to a change from the license system was Robert P. Coulter, the present Reeve. Mr. Coulter informed us that he came to Stirling from a district where the Scott Act was in force. The Act was more of a fraud than a measure of temperance reform, and he believed local option was something along the same line. "But," said Mr. Coulter, "if a vote on repeal were to come up tomorrow, I would vote to keep local option."

Reeve Coulter's Experience.

We found Mr. Coulter at his office on Front Street where he conducts a prosperous flour and feed business. He is regarded as one of the shrewdest and most aggressive business men of the district. On account of his public-spirit and progressiveness, he makes a most useful chief magistrate for his municipality.

After informing us of the reason for his opposition to the by-law, which he both voted and worked against, Mr. Coulter went on in his forcible way.

"Under local option, conditions have greatly improved in a moral way. But there is one damnable practice that we have not yet been able to kill. There is very little liquor sold in Stirling, but there is quite a trade carried on in bottles by outsiders who bring it to the town under cover of night and hand it out to their customers. They have no regular night for coming, but there seems to be an understanding. I have stayed up till after midnight to catch them, but they were very cautious and it was difficult to get sufficient evidence.

A Troublesome Hotel Situation.

"There was a bad condition of affairs after local option passed," continued Mr. Coulter, "because of the hotels all closing down. It was announced both in the Methodist and Presbyterian churches prior to the vote that the temperance people had a fund of \$10,000 on hand with which to cope with any trouble in regard to hotel accommodation. This did not subsequently appear to be the case. The hotels did close, and for several weeks there was no move by the local optionists to open them up. I called a meeting of citizens to which three turned out to see what was to be done. With the other two I rented the Stirling house and hired a man and his wife to run it. At the end of 15 months, each of the three partners had lost \$13.75. But we accomplished our purpose. We forced the Kerby house to open also. Since that time both hotels have been continuously open.

Don't Worry

about your digestive troubles, sick headache, tired feeling or constipation. The depression that induces worry is probably due to a disordered liver, anyway. Correct stomach ailments at once by promptly taking

BEECHAM'S PILLS

They aid digestion, regulate the bile, gently stimulate the liver, purify the blood and clear the bowels of all waste matter. Safe, sure, speedy. Acting both as a gentle laxative and a tonic, Beecham's Pills help to

Right The Wrong

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents.

erable illegal selling in the village, but it was not by the hotels. It was brought in in bottles by outsiders in the district surrounding the village and sold at night by the bottle. There was no means of knowing, but in his opinion there was more hard stuff sold in this way than before. Stirling had been a great place for beer-drinking under license, but this practice had almost disappeared.

Mr. Bird complained of the attitude of citizens who found fault with some of the things they saw or knew about, but who refused to go before the magistrate and give testimony. "They expect me to convict men without evidence," concluded Mr. Bird.

No Question As To Improvement.

In the absence of a regular police service, Stirling employs Mr. John Tanner as village constable. Mr. Tanner does not patrol duty, but merely acts when complaints are laid.

"There is no question as to the improvement in regard to sobriety," said Mr. Tanner. "There is no doubt local option has made a great change in Stirling. I find it hard to get evidence against the outsiders who are carrying on the bottle business. Only a short time ago I warned two boys who had been tampering."

A Difference Between Stirling and the Licensed Towns.

Mr. E. S. Bennett, publisher of Stirling's new paper, The Leader, said there was a great difference between Stirling and some of the licensed towns around like Marmora and Madoc. He thought local option a great improvement over license. Business in the town was excellent. There were no vacant houses. He had seen no bottle drinking and almost never saw any intoxicated men.

No Outward Indications.

Mr. John Shaw has one of the finest and most sanitary bakeries in Ontario and turns out the gilt-edge variety of goods.

"I have heard it said," remarked Mr. Shaw, "that there is as much liquor consumed in Stirling as ever. If that is true I don't see the outward indications of it. I certainly regard local option as a great benefit to the town. Business is good."

A Good Thing.

Dr. F. Zwick is one of the best known physicians in the county of Hastings, and has for many years enjoyed an extensive practice. He spoke very emphatically to The Ontario man about the improved condition in Stirling. "Local option has been a good thing for the town," was Dr. Zwick's assertion.

No Drunks on the 24th.

Mr. Harold Martin is one of the live insurance and real estate men of the county. As we discussed local option with him at his office he expressed himself as follows:—"Conditions are greatly improved. At our last 24th of May celebration there was not a drunk to be seen. We used to have dozens. We have first-class hotels. Travellers all speak of their excellence. I have never heard anyone say that local option injured business here in any way. I don't believe you could find five men of any standing in all Stirling who would now oppose local option."

Old Timers Have Quit.

Mr. James Currie, the veteran publisher of The News-Argus said that many of the old-timers who couldn't get liquor conveniently, had quit. Local option was a benefit to them and their families as well. The cases of drunkenness that he saw were mostly those who had procured liquor outside and then came to Stirling while in an intoxicated condition. The licensed places around, like Belleville, Trenton, Madoc and Marmora, made it harder to enforce local option at Stirling. Conditions are very much improved in my opinion," was Mr. Currie's summary of local option's effect.

A Great Change in Stirling.

Mr. Wm. Melkielehn J.P. informed The Ontario that he had presided as magistrate on a great many liquor cases in other days. "Local option has made a great change in Stirling," he said, "I now almost never see a drunken man in the streets."

Boom Commenced When Local Option Passed.

"Stirling commenced to boom when local option passed," were the words of enthusiastic endorsement used by Mr. Lindsay Melkielehn, hardware merchant, a member of the Council, and one of Stirling's leading citizens. "Building increased and property improved in value. So many families are now better off. Many of the farmers who used to get intoxicated nearly every time they came to town have straightened up. It is now a rare thing to smell liquor on a man's breath, let alone see a drunken man. It is absurd to say that any large

quantity of liquor is consumed in the town. It can't be done without showing the effects of it. One great thing is that our young men are not coming in contact with the open sale of liquor. They have every chance to grow up sober. People prefer to send their sons to high school here because it is a local option town. I do not know of a single farmer who is taking his custom to other towns because of local option. But it is strange how partial women are to trading in a local option town. Women have thanked me personally for helping to carry local option here. The building trade is no longer interrupted because of men being off drunk. I have never heard repeal proposed. It would be no use. I have nothing but the greatest praise for local option."

The Transformed Scott House.

Mr. Melkielehn pointed to the block across the street which had formerly been a licensed hotel known as the Scott house. The building had been acquired by Reeve Coulter and was now known as the Empire Block. In the part previously occupied by the bar, the district representative of the Ontario Department of Agriculture had taken up his quarters, and there were a library and other rooms for the use of the farmers. At the corner of the building was the Union bank. At the opposite end a laundry. The upper flat was used as dwellings. The property paid a better revenue than it had under license.

Didn't Want To Go Back.

Mr. G. H. Luey, the village clerk, conducts the second largest general store in the town, and carries a very large stock of goods in the premises formerly occupied by James Milne.

"I wouldn't go back to the old days of stop and beer and whiskey. Our wives and children couldn't go up and down the streets without hearing foul talk and cursing. There may be a little brought in here in bottles, and once in a while there may be a drunk, but I want to tell you that when we had licenses here I have seen women in abject terror of their lives because they had to drive home with drunken husbands. Those same men now are saving money and paying their bills. They come here and transact their business and go home sober. It is ridiculous to say that as much liquor is brought in now in boot-legs and suit-cases. In the old days it came in by barrels and wagon loads.

The Only Business Knocked Out.

"The only business knocked out has been the whiskey business," was the estimate of the effect on business made by Mr. J. S. Morton, who conducts a very large drug, stationery and fancy goods store. "Local option isn't perfect, but I wouldn't want to go back to the old system. I haven't heard one valid reason against it. My own business increased several hundred dollars the first year that local option passed, and it has been growing ever since. They say druggists get rich under local option. I wish to state that I have never sold \$100 worth of liquor in a single year since local option passed."

"I made the statement in a public meeting at Marmora that I had seen more drunks in Marmora in a day than I had seen in Stirling in all the years since local option had passed. The statement was ridiculed at the time. But it was afterwards corroborated by reliable testimony.

"There is not a vacant house or a vacant room in the village. A man went all over the place to get two rooms for the winter and couldn't find them. There is no man in Stirling but can pay for goods when he orders them.

"Our hotel accommodation is better than it ever was. It is rarely that we see a man with liquor in him at our public demonstrations.

"I cannot see why any man would say that local option can injure business. The proceeds from the bar go into general circulation. The most of those who said it would injure business here are still in business."

Still Opposed.

Mr. Thos. McKee, the senior member of Thos. McKee and Son, harness manufacturers and dealers in horsemen's supplies, had opposed the passage of local option. The measure had done some good, he admitted. Public celebrations went off better. Their hotels were the best in the country. There was less drunkenness as far as he knew. But admitting all these benefits, he still was of the opinion that the license law, well enforced was preferable.

Drinking Not Popular.

Mr. Fred McKee, the junior member of the firm, was heartily in favor of local option. Drinking is no longer popular, said Mr. McKee. Drunk-



quantity of liquor is consumed in the town. It can't be done without showing the effects of it. One great thing is that our young men are not coming in contact with the open sale of liquor. They have every chance to grow up sober. People prefer to send their sons to high school here because it is a local option town. I do not know of a single farmer who is taking his custom to other towns because of local option. But it is strange how partial women are to trading in a local option town. Women have thanked me personally for helping to carry local option here. The building trade is no longer interrupted because of men being off drunk. I have never heard repeal proposed. It would be no use. I have nothing but the greatest praise for local option."

The Transformed Scott House.

Mr. Melkielehn pointed to the block across the street which had formerly been a licensed hotel known as the Scott house. The building had been acquired by Reeve Coulter and was now known as the Empire Block. In the part previously occupied by the bar, the district representative of the Ontario Department of Agriculture had taken up his quarters, and there were a library and other rooms for the use of the farmers. At the corner of the building was the Union bank. At the opposite end a laundry. The upper flat was used as dwellings. The property paid a better revenue than it had under license.

Didn't Want To Go Back.

Mr. G. H. Luey, the village clerk, conducts the second largest general store in the town, and carries a very large stock of goods in the premises formerly occupied by James Milne.

"I wouldn't go back to the old days of stop and beer and whiskey. Our wives and children couldn't go up and down the streets without hearing foul talk and cursing. There may be a little brought in here in bottles, and once in a while there may be a drunk, but I want to tell you that when we had licenses here I have seen women in abject terror of their lives because they had to drive home with drunken husbands. Those same men now are saving money and paying their bills. They come here and transact their business and go home sober. It is ridiculous to say that as much liquor is brought in now in boot-legs and suit-cases. In the old days it came in by barrels and wagon loads.

The Only Business Knocked Out.

"The only business knocked out has been the whiskey business," was the estimate of the effect on business made by Mr. J. S. Morton, who conducts a very large drug, stationery and fancy goods store. "Local option isn't perfect, but I wouldn't want to go back to the old system. I haven't heard one valid reason against it. My own business increased several hundred dollars the first year that local option passed, and it has been growing ever since. They say druggists get rich under local option. I wish to state that I have never sold \$100 worth of liquor in a single year since local option passed."

"I made the statement in a public meeting at Marmora that I had seen more drunks in Marmora in a day than I had seen in Stirling in all the years since local option had passed. The statement was ridiculed at the time. But it was afterwards corroborated by reliable testimony.

"There is not a vacant house or a vacant room in the village. A man went all over the place to get two rooms for the winter and couldn't find them. There is no man in Stirling but can pay for goods when he orders them.

"Our hotel accommodation is better than it ever was. It is rarely that we see a man with liquor in him at our public demonstrations.

"I cannot see why any man would say that local option can injure business. The proceeds from the bar go into general circulation. The most of those who said it would injure business here are still in business."

Still Opposed.

Mr. Thos. McKee, the senior member of Thos. McKee and Son, harness manufacturers and dealers in horsemen's supplies, had opposed the passage of local option. The measure had done some good, he admitted. Public celebrations went off better. Their hotels were the best in the country. There was less drunkenness as far as he knew. But admitting all these benefits, he still was of the opinion that the license law, well enforced was preferable.

Drinking Not Popular.

Mr. Fred McKee, the junior member of the firm, was heartily in favor of local option. Drinking is no longer popular, said Mr. McKee. Drunk-

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years Always bears the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

(Continued on page 13)

CHRISTMAS OF CHRIST
REAP AS THEY SOW

The "responsibility of the Spiritually Illuminated."

Christians Now on Trial for Life or Death—The Illumination of Jesus at Jordan—The Illumination of the Church—Jesus Sowed to the Spirit—His Footstep Followers Do Likewise—Both Reap Glory, Honor, Immortality—Suffering First, Glory Afterward—Riches of Grace in Future Ages for God's Faithful People.

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 12.—Pastor Russell gave a profitable and interesting discourse here to-day, from the text, "Whoever sows to the Spirit, shall also reap." (Galatians 6:7.) He spoke as follows:—

Some weeks ago we spoke particularly of the sowing and reaping. To-day we sow especially to the Church of Christ. Thus applied, the Apostle's thought would be that whatever a Christian sows that shall also reap. The Christian is now on trial for life or death eternal. The world is not now on trial. If the Christian lives according to the Spirit of God, he shall receive life everlasting; but if he sows to the flesh, he shall reap corruption—everlasting death.

The Church has more enlightenment than has the world. Some in the world are naturally brighter than some in the Church. There are many wise, rich, or noble are called to be saints in Christ Jesus. (1 Corinthians 1:26-29.) But in proportion as the Church class have knowledge, they have the opportunity of obtaining the information which God gives to His people, not to the world. When they consecrate themselves to God and become living sacrifices, our Lord Jesus takes them and makes them acceptable to the Father by imputing to them of His merit. Then God gives them the begetting of the Holy Spirit; and whoever is begotten of the Holy Spirit begins immediately to have an enlightenment of the mind.

So it was in the case of our Lord Jesus Christ. When He had made His consecration at Jordan and had gone down into the water, had symbolically gone into death, then as He came up out of the water the Holy Spirit descended upon Him in the form of a dove and "the heavens opened unto Him." (Matthew 3:16.) All the highest things began to open up to His mind, things that He did not see before, things not seen by the natural mind, things seen only by this power of the Holy Spirit.

Jesus' Experiences After Baptism
As soon as our Lord's eyes of understanding were anointed with the Holy Spirit, He was driven of the spirit into the wilderness—driven by His own newly begotten mind, His own will. He went there to get away from everybody and everything that might distract His attention from the higher things. His was a very great mind. From boyhood He had been studying the Scriptures, but He had not understood the deep things; for the natural mind, even though perfect, cannot understand these matters. (1 Corinthians 2:14.) He knew the various features of the Mosaic Law; He had read the prophecies. But He did not understand them fully. He was familiar with the writings of Moses. He knew the story of the brazen serpent lifted up in the wilderness; He was aware that a bullock and a goat were sacrificed on the Day of Atonement; He was acquainted with the prophecies relating to Messiah. But He did not know what all these things signified.

A perfect mind would be able to repeat whatever it had ever heard. Our Lord's mind was perfect. Therefore everything He had read or heard was fast in His memory, and He could recall any part of the Scriptures. He needed neither Bible nor concordance to refresh His memory or to furnish references.

During His forty days in the wilderness our Lord thought over those Old Testament Scriptures. As He did so, the things therein about which He had previously wondered began to open up to His understanding. He was now illuminated. So busy was He in His Bible study that He forgot all about eating. But after those things which had been obscure to Him had grown clear, He became hungry. He did not understand everything in the Scriptures, however; for He afterwards said that He did not know the time for the setting up of the Messianic Kingdom. "Of that day and hour knoweth no man, neither the angels, nor the Son, but the Father only." God had not given our Lord this knowledge as yet. But our Lord knew all that was then due to be known and He assured His disciples that as His Father should reveal things to Him, He would reveal them to His followers, in due time.—Mark 13:32; Acts 1:7; Revelation 1:1.

Our Lord Jesus Christ was granted the illumination of the Holy Spirit, and thus was an illustration of how all God's people of this Gospel Age would receive a supernatural illumination. There would not be in the same degree, however, for His life was perfect, far beyond that of fallen man. He had left the glory which

He had with the Father, had humbled Himself to come down to earth and be made flesh. (John 1:4.) A man He was perfect, and in addition had the illumination which came to Him as a spirit-begotten New Creature. This was instructing and guiding Him. From that time forward His life was one of daily guidance by this Spirit of continuous enlightenment.

How Jesus Sowed to the Spirit.
This enlightenment was with respect to the Father's will for Him; for He said, "I came to do the will of My Father in Heaven." What He did was to sow to the Spirit. His Father's proposition to Him was that He should present His body a living sacrifice, and be faithful unto death. He was not to settle beforehand how it could be done, for the Father would direct that matter. He kept looking into the Word of God. His mind was kept open to see what the Word instructed Him to do; and thus He was guided by the Word. He ordered His life by the Father's will. He did those things which the Scriptures said that He was to do.

This course led the Master to be out of accord with the people of His time, and this meant that those who would be in harmony with Him would be out of harmony with men. His followers were to have only one Master, Christ. Our Lord had only one Master, even the Father. He has set us an example, that we should walk in His steps. Having received the invitation to cast in our lot with Him, to consecrate our lives as He did, we are called to share with Him in the sowing of this present time, that we may share in the glory that shall follow. The one depends upon the other.—Romans 8:17; 2 Timothy 2:11, 12.

The Spirit-Begotten Are Illuminated.
Some of us have accepted this offer. We have consecrated ourselves to God and have received the illumination from above. When we received this enlightenment, our minds began to open to see the things of God as never before; and we are now seeing truths which our neighbors, children, parents, and others do not see. Having the illumination of the Holy Spirit, we have the mind of Christ. This Heavenly Illumination makes clear the will of God for us. Because we have taken the proper steps, He has accepted us and has given us this earnest of our inheritance—the Holy Spirit—through which we are enabled to discern His will. This causes the true Christian to separate and distinct from the world.

"Blessed are your eyes, for they see; and your ears, for they hear," said the Master. Others did not hear nor see. The great majority of those who heard our Lord Jesus did not comprehend His teachings, things which could comprehend, blessed were they!

It is for those illuminated ones to sow to the Spirit, and not to the flesh. They are to use their wills, their talents, and their influence for the spiritual things, but not for the earthly things. They have given up the natural things, the things of the earth. Of course they must have the necessities of life; but our Heavenly Father has promised to give His children what they need. "Your Father knoweth what things ye have need of." (Matthew 6:32.) We cannot tell Him what we need; for we know not well enough to do so. He knows, and all will be well. If He should grant us too many earthly blessings and privileges, we would feel all the more fearful lest we should make a mistake in using them.

Whatever may be our talents, they are given to God; and we are to use them to His glory. According to our use of them we are sowing either to the natural, earthly things or to the spiritual, Heavenly things. If we are sowing to the Spirit, we are using our time, our talents, etc., to the best of our ability as God would have us use them; and He will be very gracious in dealing with us.

Results of Living After the Flesh.
There is no standstill for the New Creature. He must go on and reach a certain standard of perfection; else he cannot be accounted as one of the Kingdom class. So we must surely do the best that we are able to do, and then leave the matter with the Lord. But if we should give our lives over to the flesh, to live according to our own natural preferences, to live in the base of the brain, minding natural, earthly things—if we should give time and attention to pet cats, dogs, ponies, automobiles, fine clothes, fine earthly appointments, and the pleasures of life, sowing to the gratification of the human nature, we would be living after the flesh, even though we do not murder, steal, lie, etc. And "if ye live after the flesh, ye shall die."—Romans 8:13.

Should anyone ask why God would destroy a consecrated Christian who lived according to his natural inclinations, we reply that the Christian is on trial for life or death. He has consecrated himself to God. The world has not. He has been begotten of the Holy Spirit. The world has not. Mankind are not now in the condition where they are on trial for life; but the Christian has consented to give up these natural, earthly things in order to get the spiritual things. The fact that God has given of His Spirit to this class is the indication of their acceptance by Him. Therefore if any of them should turn back, should break their contract with the Lord by minding earthly things, he would die.

During the Millennial Reign of Christ, the world will be on trial for life or death everlasting. Then no one may live a thousand years unless he shall be obedient to the laws of the Kingdom, and unless he shall turn to the Lord, shall seek to do the will of the Lord and shall manifest, at least outwardly, the Spirit of the Lord. Yet at the end of the thousand years will not be accounted worthy of everlasting life. By that time all should have the Spirit of God; for during that period He will pour out His Spirit upon all flesh—the Spirit of the Lord in the human nature. Perfect human nature will be able to have the Spirit of God working perfectly in the human body. But if at the end

of the thousand years anyone shall choose to live according to the flesh, he will not be granted everlasting life.

Choosing the Better Part.
Those who now choose the spiritual things are wiser; for "eye hath not seen, nor ear heard" the graces and blessings in store for the Church of this Gospel Age. (1 Corinthians 2:9.) When our great Redeemer shall present His faithful Bride class blameless and irreprovable in the presence of Jehovah God, then they will receive their reward who have lived according to the Spirit, who have willingly and gladly sacrificed the earthly things, who have continued to dwell in the secret place of the Most High. They will be of the Jewel class, cut, polished, and mounted to shine forth to all eternity, a diadem in the hand of our God.—Malachi 3:17; Isaiah 63:3.

To the Church of Christ the Apostle says: "We are God's workmanship." (Ephesians 2:10.) When the Church shall have been fully completed and glorified, then truly we shall exclaim, "What hath God wrought!" What are the children of God begotten by His own Spirit, to reflect His glory throughout all eternity. He is showing us exceeding great favor now, but this is only a prelude to the future glories, the things which He hath prepared for those that love Him.

"In the ages to come He will show the exceeding riches of His grace in His kindness toward us through Christ Jesus."—Ephesians 2:7.
St. Paul does not attempt to tell us what these riches are. We would have us see that our God is rich in mercy, rich in grace, rich in every other estimable quality of character, and would that we could see the riches of a Father who will do for His children "exceeding abundantly more than we could ask or think." Indeed, he assures us elsewhere that it is impossible for the mind to comprehend the riches of our inheritance.—Ephesians 1:18-23.

Riches of Grace in Future Ages.

"Eye hath not seen, nor ear heard, neither can we conceive the things which God hath prepared for them that love Him; but God hath revealed them unto us by His Spirit." Nevertheless, this revelation is only an approximate one. We can clearly discern the main things; we cannot comprehend them with our finite natural minds. But with the new mind we can, even though but vaguely, grasp the thought of God's Heavenly Father's richest of grace and love, and draw analogies from the things of the present life. Thus we can gain some faint idea of the glorious things which await the Church; and thus by faith we are enabled as New Creatures in Christ to see the things which are invisible and to rejoice in the wonderful things which are only partially disclosed at the present time.

As we gaze up into the starry heavens, we see great constellations of fixed stars, slowly revolving about some distant centre. Astronomers tell us that the use of powerful telescopes has revealed the fact that these stars are suns, and that around each one of these one hundred and twenty-five millions of suns revolves a planetary system similar to our own. This would mean that there are probably as many other worlds as there are ours. So far as we know, these worlds are uninhabited. But it seems reasonable that God's work will one day extend to these planets. The foundation of our world has already laid and the glorified Church of Christ may have a work to do in connection with them—all under our Father's direction and in association with our Lord Jesus.

"In the ages to come He will show us the exceeding riches of His grace toward us" according to His loving kindness in Christ. Day by day we are coming to know our Heavenly Father better; and as we see more and more of His loving kindness toward us, the more we love in return.

"What Shall the Harvest Be?" With Each?

When we consider all our present favors from the Lord, and all the possibilities of the future, what do we purpose to do? Shall we sow to the flesh, and reap corruption—death eternal? Or shall we sow to the Spirit, and reap eternal life? This is what we desire. But let us remember that "he that soweth sparingly shall reap also sparingly; and he that soweth bountifully shall reap also bountifully." There will be a great difference in the reaping.

Those who sow sparingly shall not reap any share in the Messianic Kingdom. Many spirit-begotten ones will not reign with Christ in that Kingdom. While they do not repudiate the Lord, yet they are measurably unfaithful to their covenant. Through great chastening they will wash their soiled robes in the blood of the Lamb, and will come in as honored servants of the King. They will be bridesmaids to "the Bride, the Lamb's Wife." (Revelation 7: 9, 14-17; Psalm 45: 14, 15.) But the Father has invited us to be of the Bride class.

It is in vain that we profess to be the Lord's people, profess to be the servants of righteousness and truth, profess to love these principles, if our conduct clearly demonstrates that we love unrighteousness. Such persons to claim to be God's people is to mock our God by assuming that He cannot read the heart, and that He is unable to see the hidden things of the heart. He is able to see the heart of the child, the extent of his ability and trust in the Redeemer's merit to compensate for unintentional shortcomings. Such are righteous in God's sight; such are approved.

Let us then, while rejoicing in the Divine favor, see to it that we walk circumspectly. Let us be sure that our walk in life is not after the flesh, which eventually leads to death everlasting, but after the Spirit, which leads to life eternal with our dear Redeemer.

SINCLAIR'S

Ladies' Plush Coats

This has been a wonderful Plush Garment season and we have now less than 25 Ladies' Plain Plush and Fancy Fur Fabric Coats. If you are interested in Plush Coats we would advise you to make an early selection as Plush Coats cannot be repeated. Our Coats range from

\$17.50 to \$37.50 EACH

Christmas Waists

Never have we shown such a beautiful collection of Ladies' Silk Waists as now, never have we offered such a variety to select from, in fact we have hundreds of Ladies' Waists in Silks, Crepes, Chiffons, Nets, etc., at every price from

\$1.98 to \$7.50 EACH

Dress Goods and Trimmings

Christmas season makes many demands for Dresses and for this reason we give special attention to the display of not only Dress and Suit Materials but we also make a fine showing of Trimmings to suit our goods. If you want Dress Goods, our store will supply all your needs.

Wool Knitted Goods

For Christmas shopping we show a splendid collection of Wool Knitted Goods, including Ladies' and Children's Sweaters, Knitted Underskirts, Wool Clouds and Scarfs, Children's Knitted Wool Play Suits, Knitted Overalls, Wool Kimonos, Shawls, Wool Jackets and Wool Toques, Caps, Hoods, Sashes, Mittens, etc., etc.

Everybody Welcome

Long experience has taught us many lessons and with Christmas so near, we advise our friends not to delay Christmas shopping. There are many advantages in shopping early and we want you to enjoy the full privileges of our stock. That's why we say, everybody is welcome at SINCLAIR'S

Fix Right Now for Christmas

Christmas Appeal

FOR THE Hospital for Sick Children COLLEGE ST., TORONTO.

Dear Mr. Editor:—Thanks for your kindness in allowing me the privilege of appealing at this Christmas time on behalf of the Hospital for Sick Children, Toronto. The Hospital for Sick Children gives the Hospital for Sick Children gives a province-wide service, for little patients from every section of Ontario have sought its aid. Last year 499 patients were admitted from 225 places outside the city of Toronto. In 1914 there were 394 from 210 places. Of the 2,838 in-patients last year 1,771 were medical cases and 1,067 surgical. In the orthopedic department 17 discharges of hip, 42 tubercular treated for deformities, 21 Pott's disease of the spine, 10 bow-legs, 57 club-foot, 17 discharges of hip, 42 tubercular disease of knee, hip, ankle, wrist and elbow; 76 infantile paralysis, 8 wry neck, and 21 miscellaneous.

Our battle is never-ending—is one that will continue while the world lasts, for it is the fight between the armies of life and death, to save the child life, the sick little ones, sons and daughters not only of soldier men, but of the father and mothers still in this home-land province. The Hospital is beating back disease and death, the enemies that assail the lives of little children as the British Empire is beating back Germany, Austria and Turkey, the enemies that assail the life of liberty. So we appeal to the generous people of Ontario not to forget those so near and dear to us, who lie in the beds and cots of this great charity. Will the people at large, as of old, respond to our call? Will they remember that every year is a war year for the Hospital, every day a day of battle, and that the Hospital needs money, not for its own sake, but for the children's sake? The Hospital has waged its war for forty years. The people of Toronto and Ontario, have been its friend, and its only of all years it requires help. Surely you will give to a charity that cares for every sick child in Ontario, for only as your money reaches the Hospital can the Hospital's mercy reach the children. Every dollar is a link of kindness in the chain of mercy that joins the money in your pocket to the miseries of some child's life, some mother's heart. Remember that Christmas calls you to open the purse of your kindness to the Hospital, that the Hospital may open the heart of its help to the children. Will you send a dollar, or more if you wish, to Douglas Davidson, Secretary-Treasurer, or J. ROSS ROBERTSON, Chairman of the Board of Trustees, Toronto.

"Is marriage a failure?" "Yes; to those who get left."—Cleveland Leader.



Long experience has taught us many lessons and with Christmas so near, we advise our friends not to delay Christmas shopping. There are many advantages in shopping early and we want you to enjoy the full privileges of our stock. That's why we say, everybody is welcome at SINCLAIR'S

Long experience has taught us many lessons and with Christmas so near, we advise our friends not to delay Christmas shopping. There are many advantages in shopping early and we want you to enjoy the full privileges of our stock. That's why we say, everybody is welcome at SINCLAIR'S

Long experience has taught us many lessons and with Christmas so near, we advise our friends not to delay Christmas shopping. There are many advantages in shopping early and we want you to enjoy the full privileges of our stock. That's why we say, everybody is welcome at SINCLAIR'S

OBITUARY

Mrs. H. Janeway

After two weeks' illness Elizabeth Janeway, wife of Mr. Harry Janeway died yesterday at her home 23 Poplar street. She was a native of Ireland and was in her 77th year. For half a century she had resided in Belleville. In religion she was an Anglican, being a communicant of St. Thomas' church. Mourning her loss she leaves her husband, two sons, Edward of Campbellford, and John of Kingston and one daughter, Mrs. David Kenny of Rednersville.

Sunday Concert

The Griffin Theatre was again packed last night for the Concert given by the Fifteenth Regiment Band in aid of a Poor Children's Xmas Tree. The program of music was excellent and the audience acknowledged its pleasure by frequent applause.

Dr. Moore at the Tabernacle

Rev. Dr. T. Albert Moore, of the department of Temperance and Moral Reform of the Methodist Church addressed a large congregation at Bridge Street Church yesterday morning. In the evening he occupied the pulpit of the Tabernacle and a crowded house greeted him there also. In the evening he chose for his subject the question,—"Is the World Right Side up?" Then he proceeded to ask,—"Is the right side up with regard to the liquor traffic, with regard to children and with regard to the social evil? All these questions he answered by a strong arraignment of many present-day conditions. He then outlined in a vivid manner a part of the work being accomplished along the line of moral uplift by this new department of the Methodist church. At the conclusion of the sermon a special collection was taken for the fund, to which there was a liberal response.

Police Court

Jerry Brant, an Indian, was fined \$10 and costs this morning for being drunk. Charles Manahan, who resides in a local option municipality was fined \$10 and costs for the same. The Canadian Pacific runs two new passenger trains from Toronto and Ottawa, passing here at 5.30 p.m. daily. Tickets and information from E. Burrows, Agent.

SINCLAIR'S

Special Black Dress Silk

For the Christmas trade we show three special values in yard wide Black Dress Silks. These are Duchesse and Paletete Silks that we can guarantee the wear of, in double width Silks, to sell for

89c., \$1.00, \$1.25 PER YARD

Ladies' Coats \$10 to \$15

At these prices we show some exceptional values in Ladies' and Misses' Winter Coats, in Heavy Wool Tweeds, Whitney Cloth and Chinchilla, this season's smartest and best styles, in a full range of sizes, to sell at

\$10, \$12.50 and \$15 EACH

Ladies' and Misses' Dresses

Just now we are making a special display of Ladies' and Misses' Wool Serge, Velvet and Velvet Cord Dresses, in Blacks and Colors, all very new styles, very prettily trimmed, and all very low priced, to sell

\$7.00, \$7.50, \$8.50, \$9.00 \$10.00 \$11.50 and \$13.50 EACH

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA HEAD OFFICE - TORONTO A General Banking Business Conducted. Accounts of Farmers, Merchants and Manufacturers receive careful attention. TRUST FUNDS should be deposited in our SAVINGS DEPARTMENT. Highest current rates of interest are paid half yearly.

BELLEVILLE BRANCH,

Shannonville Office open Mondays and Thursdays
Forsythville " " Tuesdays and Fridays
Rednersville " " Wednesdays

UNION BANK OF CANADA

A Joint Account is a Great Convenience

for family funds. It may be opened with the Union Bank of Canada in the names of two persons, either of whom can make deposits or withdraw money when in town or when passing the bank. It is especially convenient if the husband is frequently away on trips, as it enables the wife to procure funds for expenses on her own signature alone.

Belleville Branch J. G. Moffat, Manager
Picton Branch, C. B. Beamish, Manager.

Cheaper Rates on Parcels to Soldiers

The Honourable T. Chase Casgrain, Postmaster General of Canada, has been successful, as a result of negotiations entered into with the Imperial Postal Authorities, in effecting an arrangement with the British Government, whereby parcels from Canada for Canadian soldiers in France and Flanders will be carried at the same rate of postage as applies to parcels from the United Kingdom for the Expeditionary Forces on the Continent, that is—

For parcels weighing up to three pounds 24 cts
For parcels weighing over three pounds and not more than seven pounds 32 cts
For parcels weighing over seven pounds and not more than eleven pounds 38 cts

This means a material reduction on the cost of parcels, and it is hoped it will be a source of satisfaction to the Canadian public. This reduction has been brought about by Canada foregoing all postal charges for the conveyance of these parcels in Canada and on the Atlantic. The public are reminded, however,

300 EXEMPTED VOTERS

Appeals Made by

Some three hundred voters have their names on the Voters' List for the coming year, but were adversely affected by the opening of the Court of Exemption. The opening of the Court of Exemption has a right to appeal entered on the Voter's List, and according to the assessment roll, it is said that he is earning an annual income and is willing to be taxed with the city. This case was November 15th. Nine appellants on affidavits by that date had not put in either their names or the local option license holders. They were allowed.

No exempted income been put in by the voters, but Mr. J. P. Williams, one of 300 of them, license holder. How these three hundred had until the opening of the Court of Exemption, and according to the business of the Court of Exemption, about thirty-five new names out of the one thousand, the local option license holders, 175 or 176 and the license holders in getting 25 names entered on the list.

Mr. J. P. Williams, K.C. Wright represented the appellants and advised the voters, and they were allowed. Mr. Irwin Hill, Mr. P. of Dundas and Mr. E. of this city were of the local option much indebted to Mr. and Mr. E. Chapman, the Civic Welfare League on all the applications into the court.

Judge Roche's decision exempted income cases of 1915 and was read by the present Mr. H. Williams each with a copy appeal should be made as follows—

JUDGES DECISION

"In considering the right of income voters, the Voters' List, 1915, weeks ago, about the list was posted up and the list of appeals was made. Mr. Williams and Mr. Chapman were the appellants, and I thought I had not gone carefully but I remember something about an appeal made which would be into. At that time I had recollection as to the of the statute but had read it when the Statute published. Later on, after the appeals were such a large number of income voters considerable attention to the various Municipal Act, Assessors' Voters' List Act and Amendment in the 1914 Statute.

"I took the trouble to study of section 8 of the Act from its first as years ago as well as bearing on the same that the section in the must play a very important decision and left to conviction by either what it meant. I had pretty well satisfied asking to be placed on List for exempted income without making the application of section 8 of the Act but I was undecided when that affidavit was made and filed with the fore the returning of the very latest it must fore at at the time of the County Judge.

CONSULTED OTHER JUDGES

"My own interpretation toward the latter it trouble however to confer county judges, and in each case the view of was that the affidavit filed with the assessor form of his roll.

MEASURE RATHER

"I have now listened arguments by Mr. Williams of those opposed to local Mr. Hilliard in behalf of some feeling in regard protection of this section

HALF MILLION HUNGARIANS PROTEST AGAINST STARVATION

LONDON, Dec. 13.—A Budapest letter to the Morning Post says that more than half a million persons have signed a memorandum for presentation to the Hungarian parliament declaring that the coming winter threatens to overwhelm the population by starvation and urging the impossibility of going on under present conditions much longer.

300 EXEMPTED INCOME APPEALS FAILED AS RESULT OF RULING

Appeals Made by These Against Local Option Were Not Properly Accompanied by Affidavits—Judge Deroche's Decision as to Filing of Affidavits.

Some three hundred appeals by citizens to have their names placed on the Voters' List for exempted income were adversely affected and accordingly failed by a decision which His Honor Judge Deroche made at the opening of the Saturday evening session of the Court of Revision on the Voters' List. His ruling was that in some of exempted income a voter has a right to appeal to have his name entered on the Voters' List and upon the assessment roll, but that the affidavit that he is earning over \$400 per annum and is willing to be taxed must be filed with the city clerk not later than the last day of appeal, which in this case was November 19th.

Nine appellants only had filed their affidavits by that date and these were not put in either by the representatives of the local option people or the license holders. These appeals were allowed.

No exempted income appeals had been put in by the local option workers, but Mr. J. F. Wills, K.C. had filed about 300 of them in behalf of the license holders. However none of these three hundred had affidavits filed until the opening of the Court of Revision and accordingly all failed.

The business of the court of revision was completed late Saturday evening. About three hundred and twenty-five new names were added out of the one thousand appeals of those the local optionists got between 15 or 19 and the license holders succeeded in getting about 130 or 140 names entered on the roll.

Mr. J. F. Wills, K.C., and Mr. M. Wright represented the license holders and were ably supported by Messrs. Stanley Vandervoort and Brock Shorey. Mr. Irwin Hilliard, K.C., M.P., of Dundas and Mr. W. D. M. Shorey of this city were the legal talent for the local optionists. They were much indebted to Mr. A. M. Chapman and Mr. E. F. Chapman, secretary of the Civic Welfare League for information on all the appeals that came into the court.

Judge Deroche's decision on the exempted income cases is a most important one and was read by His Honor, who presented Mr. Hilliard and Mr. Wills each with a copy in case that an appeal should be made. The finding was as follows—

JUDGE'S DECISION

"In considering this question of the right of income voters to be placed on the Voters' List, I may say that some weeks ago, about the time the Voters' List was posted up and when the question of appeals was being considered, Mr. Wills and Mr. Chapman each asked me what view I took in regard to income voters and I told each of them that I had not gone into the matter carefully but I remembered there was something about an affidavit to be made which would be worth looking into. At that time I had not any clear recollection as to the exact wording of the statute but had just casually read it when the statutes were first published. Later on and particularly after the appeals were put in and I saw such a large number of applications of income voters, I gave considerable attention to the interpretation of the various sections of the Municipal Act, Assessment Act, and Voters' List Act and the last amendment in the 1914 Statute, Section 2.

I took the trouble to trace the history of section 8 in the Assessment Act from its first being passed many years ago as well as other sections bearing on the same subject. I felt that the section in the 1914 Statute must play a very important part in this decision and left my mind open to conviction by either side as to just what it meant. I had however become pretty well satisfied that no person asking to be placed on the Voters' List for exempted income could do so without making the affidavit spoken of in section 8 of the Assessment Act, but I was undecided in my mind as to when that affidavit must be made. It seemed to me that it must either be made and filed with the assessor before the returning of his roll, or at the very latest it must be made before or at the time of the appeal to the County Judge.

CONSULTED OTHER COUNTY JUDGES

My own interpretation rather leaned toward the latter time. I took the trouble however to consult some other county judges, and I may say that in each case the view of these judges was that the affidavit must have been filed with the assessor before the returning of his roll.

MEASURE RATHER DRASTIC

I have now listened to very careful arguments by Mr. Wright in behalf of those opposed to local option and by Mr. Hilliard in behalf of those in favor of local option and I still have the same feeling in regard to the interpretation of this section. It seems to me rather drastic, although that may have been the intention of the Legislature, to say that a man who wished to be assessed for exempted income and thus have a vote must lay his ground work for an appeal to the County Judge, weeks or months before, when the assessor was returning his roll.

WHEN TO MAKE AFFIDAVIT

"And it seems to me the section should rather be interpreted that the affidavit must be made by the voter saying he desires to be assessed, and desires to have a vote but that he should be given the opportunity to make that affidavit any time up to the last day of making appeal to the County Judge.

"I cannot see, on the interpretation of this statute, how it is at all possible in any sense to say that the affidavit could be filed after that date.

JUDGE DEROCHÉ'S RULING

"I therefore hold that in case of exempted income a voter has a right to appeal to the County Judge to have his name entered upon the Voters' List and upon the assessment roll but that the affidavit must be filed with the clerk of the municipality not later than the last day for appeal to the County Judge."

Private Allen and Angrove of the 80th Battalion have been admitted to hospital.

Private McGuire has been discharged from Napanee hospital.

Lt. Bates D Co., has been transferred from the 130th Battalion.

It speaks well for the orderly room system of the 80th battalion when officers of other battalions come here for insight into the local system. Several units will owe good points to their orderly room systems to that of the 80th.

Notice has come that Lieut. Jack M. Pheasant who has been attached to the 80th has been appointed to the 155th battalion. Lieut. Pheasant recently took the school of infantry course. He is popular with all ranks.

Lieut. Herbert Fish of Rochester, a former member of the 155th, has written stating that he will report for duty with the 155th when desired.

The villages of Hastings County and Prince Edward are waking up to their duties. Already Capt. Blecker has signed up 26 recruits in Springbrook and Madoc village is getting a good crowd together. So is Marmora. Madoc will soon have the 25 recruits necessary. Capt. Blecker will recruit in Marmora on Wednesday and speak at night. Lieut. Ferguson is going to Springbrook to look after the recruits.

Billet accommodation for about 80 soldiers has already been offered by the citizens of Belleville for the 155th battalion. The local squad is not using these as yet because they are put up at the St. George's restaurant.

Military Notes

It is published for general information that with regard to Christmas and New Year's, leave being granted the officers, non-commissioned officers and men of the 80th Overseas Battalion C.E.F., authority is granted for 50% of our unit to be granted Christmas leave from 4.30 p.m. 22nd inst. until reville the 28th inst and 50% from 4.30 p.m. the 29th inst until reville 4th January, 1916. This will give 4 days to each officer, non-commissioned officer, and man at his own home. This privilege is not restricted to well conducted and deserving men only.

In view of the above order, officers commanding companies will issue no further passes during the remaining portion of this month unless special permission has been secured from the orderly room.

It is published for the information of all concerned, that when officers, N.C.O.'s and men are transferred from one unit of the C.E.F. to another, their declarations or attestation papers should be forwarded at once to Militia Headquarters together with accompanying letter showing to what unit they originally belonged, and the unit to which they are transferred.

This action is necessary in view of the fact that the documents of officers and men who have been transferred, have, in many cases, been taken to England with those of the unit to which they originally belonged.

POLICE MAGISTRATE OF ORILLIA ON LOCAL OPTION CONDITIONS

Third of Mass Meetings by Local Optionists in Griffin's Theatre--G. M. Clarke Declared Orillia Has Prospered--Dr. T. Albert Moore's Short Speech.

Griffin theatre on Sunday afternoon held its third capacity audience in connection with the Local Option Campaign, when Police Magistrate Clarke of Orillia and Rev. Dr. T. Albert Moore of Toronto were the speakers. Magistrate Clarke who knows the moral pulse of the community as only a police magistrate does, told of actual conditions in the town and held his audience for an hour.

Dr. Yeomans, president of the Civic Welfare League, who was in the chair, declared that it was a sign of the times when such large gatherings assembled Sunday after Sunday. The chairman urged all to maintain their interest in the campaign to the closing minute and predicted in that case a victory for local option and another stupendous defeat for liquor.

The president explained that local option would wipe out every bar, club, and shop license in the city.

Mr. A. M. Chapman conducted the opening song service, and Mr. J. K. Pimlott sang "Mother's Prayer."

Magistrate Geo. M. Clarke, in his opening remarks drew attention to a suggestion that had been made by the license-holders of Belleville of a donation of \$1,500 to the Red Cross if the local optionists would defer the campaign. He had given his only son to his country's cause, and did not attach any such strings to his enlistment. "I am proud that the citizens of Belleville arose and said 'We will have none of your blood money.' Why did they want to give it? To debauch your sons for another year."

Mr. Clarke said that at the present time both political parties are catering to the temperance people. "If you vote to close the licensed bar, with the officials we have at present, the government will see that the laws are maintained."

Orillia voted on local option in January 1908 and it carried. The by-law was quashed on a technicality, but Hon. Mr. Hanna cut off the licenses for three years. In October 1910, in one week, 57 per cent. of the voters signed a petition to bring on a local option campaign. And in January local option carried. Two years ago the liquor men got out a small petition to bring on a repeal vote but the council paid no attention to it.

Mr. Robert Curran, Editor and Publisher of the News-Letter, Orillia, was first opposed to local option, voted against it the second time, and today admits he was mistaken. Local option he says will not be defeated in Orillia.

Mr. M. B. Tudhope, solicitor for the licensed victuallers in their first fight now appears on the public platform doing everything possible to bring about a dry province.

Mr. Clarke was magistrate for eight months under the licensed system. In that time he sent five men to Kingston Penitentiary and six men to prison for terms aggregating 19 years, in every case liquor being to blame. Under local option for four times as long a period he sentenced only one man for three months and that man had been convicted before in places under license.

"Our experience is that under license we had in Orillia more blind pigs than under local option," said Mr. Clarke.

When the licensed system was in vogue, two boys died violent deaths owing to liquor, one man broke his neck, a woman fell and broke her neck, a boy of 21 years blew his brains out, a man in a stupor was drowned in a pool, a young man suicided with laudanum. All these were due to drinking. "Since we voted out the licenses, we have not had a solitary instance of this. These were the costs we had to pay for our affiliation with the liquor traffic."

Orillia had for two years thousands of men in town or vicinity constructing sewers, and the Canadian Northern and Canadian Pacific lines. This work was done by foreign labor because it was impossible to employ Canadian or British to do it. In that time Orillia did not have one solitary case come into police court, except one for wages.

One could remember scenes of another day when debauchery ruled, fights occurred, and the streets were unsafe for women. That was under license.

"The liquor traffic has got to have our boys. Without them it must go out of business. This is the responsibility you must face in January. They will have the traffic. How will they have it succeeded? I tell you there is only one way to regulate the liquor traffic, that is, deal it a blow between the eyes."

Mr. Clarke produced a certificate signed by almost all the leading men of Orillia testifying to the advantage of local option.

Mr. J. B. Tudhope, one of the shrewdest business men and employers of labor in Orillia, president of Canadian Carriages Limited found that local option was a great benefit to employers. There were no drunken men at the pay day.

"Local option closes up the doors of temptation to the young men of your city. It will stop the treating system which has been a curse. A man drunk in a local option municipality will be fined not less than \$25 and will be compelled to tell where he got his liquor or go to jail for three months. The men engaged in the liquor traffic are about the biggest class of criminals you will find. If they find you mean you are going to enforce the law they will throw up their hands. He told a case in which he sent a man to prison for four months for breaking the law in Orillia.

"Beware of literature circulated on the last day by the license holders." Mr. Clarke read a statement published in Saturday Night to show that prohibition works well in Kansas City. In three years Orillia under local option outstripped Barrie the county town of Simcoe. Barrie with a larger population declined under license while Orillia grew by several thousand and now has a net advantage over Barrie of 1555 of population.

"The fact that a town goes dry does not ruin its business or lessen its population. Under license Orillia had seven hotels. They did not cater to the travelling public. Now Orillia under local option had better hotel accommodation and the hotels cater to the travelling public.

Does Not Hurt Business.

"The hotelmen will say local option hurts business. Orillia owns its own light and water plants. The revenue from these under local option was over \$80,000 and under license only \$36,654. That's how it is hurting business. (Applause). A manufacturer would not go to Smiths Falls because they had too many bars to bring up a family in safely and has built in Orillia a plant covering 5 acres floor space because local option was in force. The churches of Orillia have prospered. So has the Y.M.C.A.

On the first night the 76th battalion came to Barrie (under license) 47 men were in the guard house drunk. At Orillia since the troops arrived there, not one case of arrest for drunkenness has taken place.

"I neither touch, taste, keep on my table or have it in my cellar. I would not have the stuff near me," said the speaker referring to an insinuation which had been thrown out in another place. He knew what it was to have friends hewers of wood and drawers of water because of the liquor traffic. "Are we going to give the poor forgers a chance? Should we not make it as hard as possible for them to go wrong? The best way is to drive out the liquor traffic."

Referring to "personal liberty," he said "Did the Master think of His per-

sonal liberty?" Magistrate Clarke closed with the expression of the hope that when the returns were complete on January 3rd, it would be flashed over the province that Belleville had gone out of partnership with the liquor traffic.

Dr. T. Albert Moore.

"The only good thing in a license law is its prohibition clause," said Rev. T. Albert Moore, secretary of Moral and Social Reform in the Methodist Church. "Then let's get some more prohibition into the law and put the liquor business out of business."

Dr. Moore told a story of his meeting with Col. Peary, discoverer of the North Pole. He had been around with him as the colonel was making purchases for his expedition to the North and Dr. Moore asked him if he had laid in his "grog." "Yes," said Colonel Peary. "I've just been buying it here." "But I mean the barrels upon barrels of liquor for the voyage," said Dr. Moore.

Col. Peary said that the only liquor he would take was what he had in his pocket, a little bottle of whiskey. "If I gave my men liquor when the feast came, we would never get to the north pole. We would be frozen to death on the ice." Col. Peary asked Dr. Moore to sign his name on the label of the whiskey bottle.

After Col. Peary's return from the successful expedition to the pole, he invited Dr. Moore to a banquet in his honor. At the feast he said he had something for Dr. Moore. He pulled out the bottle of whiskey with Mr. Moore's name on. "And the cork has never been taken out," said the colonel.

Leave Cork in Bottle.

"I believe," said Dr. Moore, "that if a young man wants endurance, he should leave the cork in the bottle. And the young men are doing it. Distilleries are some of them doing nothing. Connie Mack the baseball hero of the boys will not allow any of his athletes to touch whiskey, for it destroys efficiency."

"Boys are the natural things that are necessary to the liquor business. What mothers are willing that their sons should be the food of this traffic? They talk of blind pigs. I think the liquor business is a hog business. The bar with the lights and marbles, and crystal, that's a pig with its eyes open. If a boy is to be attacked by a pig I would rather it was a blind pig than a wide-awake hog."

Both speakers were enthusiastic but you have got to buttonhole everyone. It is a big movement, but you have to localize it and get down to personal work. Get your coats off and work for God and the homes of Belleville. Go in and win."

Both speakers have sons at the front in khaki.

Dr. Yeomans in commenting upon the addresses said the audience had no hesitation in pledging themselves to work until the last vote was in. The national anthem was sung at the close of the meeting.

RICHIE'S, THE XMAS STORE

Ritchie's Men's Store is Crowded With Practical Gifts for 'Him'



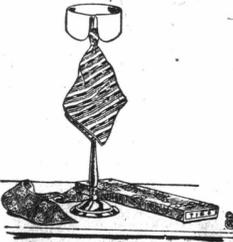
SMOKING JACKETS, BATH AND LOUNGING ROBES

If you want to please 'him' extremely well why give him some of these exceedingly useful garments. You can't imagine how much enjoyment he'll derive from it. We have some excellent new models in our Xmas showing, made up in the newest patterns and fabrics, reasonably priced.



What Shall I Give Brother? and Daddy

Right now this is the chief of your worries. Naturally you want your gift to be to his liking, to reflect the taste he'd exercise if he bought it himself. This timely advertisement outlines what most men would appreciate, and the recommendations are made by a store that is schooled in serving men to the highest degree of satisfaction. Select your Xmas gift in a man's store—
The Ritchie Co., Limited



MEN'S AND BOYS SHIRTS

Perhaps nothing so well pleases a man as a shirt for Xmas, and no man ever has too many of them. We have assembled a Xmas stock of shirts that will instantly appeal to the man whose choice is keenly critical—W. G. & R. and Tooke's—these two famous makes are well respected. Priced from \$2.00 to \$3.00.

MEN'S and BOYS' UNDERWEAR

Could you imagine a more useful present than a Suit of Winter weight Underwear for him. We are showing a large stock of the best makes—Penna's & Watson's, Turnbull's, Stanfield's, and Tiger Brand in the various qualities, all selling at before the war prices.

HANDKERCHIEFS

To wonder and ponder about what to give a man is quite needless, and Handkerchiefs are always acceptable, and Handkerchiefs chosen here will be received more enthusiastically for we show a vast assortment of initialled and plain designs in silks, linens and mixed fabrics at moderate prices.

WAIST COATS

For the man who takes particular pride in his appearance we suggest a Waist Coat for his Xmas present. We've some very exclusive designs in the best styles, all neatly packed in Xmas boxes and priced very reasonably.

USPENDERS

The practical man will say "Thank You" with a hearty ring in his voice if you give him Suspenders. Choose a pair you give complete stock. Prices 25c and 50c from our pair.

SWEATER COATS

Buy Sweater Coats for Xmas Gifts. They will delight every male member of the family. Our present large stock was bought before the large increase in prices and therefore we are in a position to save you from 10 to 20 per cent. Our stock includes just the style and weight that the Men and Boys you want them for would pick out themselves.

GLOVES AND MITTS

Why not give him Gloves or Mitts for Xmas. They're practical—and a sensible gift for a man expresses the holiday spirit more admirably than a useless one. We have assembled the largest showing in all qualities we have ever had and all to sell at old prices.

MEN'S CHRISTMAS NECKWEAR

Neatly done up in Xmas Boxes Free

There isn't a single Cravat here that any man wouldn't be glad to receive as a gift. All the newest shapes and shades are now displayed in the new textures and every one packed in a handsome gift box free of charge. The colors, patterns and style are extremely well chosen. A special line of boxed Neckwear at 25c, others priced up to \$1.50.

MUFFLERS

We've served men so long that we believe a Muffler or Reeler for Xmas would please them immeasurably. We have a vast showing of new and clever designs at low prices.

CAPS AND HATS

The days of useless present are over. Give a man or boy something that he can really use and appreciate, Caps or Hats for instance. We've an assemblage of both here for every occasion, all best quality and style at a wide range of prices.

UMBRELLAS AND WALKING STICKS

It's quite impossible to commit a gift error if you give a man a Walking Stick or Umbrella for Xmas. You can rest assured he will be pleased with either. See our fine showing and the reasonable prices. Those priced \$2.00 and over initialled free.

CLUB BAGS AND SUIT CASES

Does he travel? Most men do some time or other. Perhaps some article of luggage will suit him best for Xmas. Our display of Club Bags and Suit Cases includes all that is newest and best at moderate prices.



BUY EARLY and avoid the inconvenience of a crowded store and depleted stock



The RITCHIE Company Limited

The Weekly Ontario
Morton & Herby, Publishers

ADVERTISING RATES on application.
The WEEKLY ONTARIO and Bay of Quinte Chronicle is published every Thursday morning at \$1.00 a year, or \$1.50 a year to the United States.
JOB PRINTING—The Ontario Job Printing Department is especially well equipped to turn out artistic and stylish job work. Modern presses, new type, competent workmen.
TELEPHONE MAIN 99, with private exchange connecting all departments.
The DAILY ONTARIO is published every afternoon (Sundays and holidays excepted) at The Ontario Building, Front Street, Belleville, Ontario. Subscription \$2.00 per annum.
W. H. Morton, Business Manager.
J. O. Herby, Editor-in-Chief.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 11, 1915.

INDIA'S SECURITY.

From time to time fantastic stories emanating from German sources, of plots and mutinies in India have been set afloat. Brahmins, Buddhists, and Mahometans, we are told, have united to destroy British rule, and grave disorders are reported to have occurred in many parts of Britain's Indian Empire. Only a couple of weeks ago, an Associated Press despatch sent out a sensational story from Washington to the effect that Lord Kitchener had been despatched to India to quell a serious uprising of the natives.

Generally, these reports are of the vaguest character. Names and places are not specified, but in one of the most recent and most fantastic of these inventions, announcement was made that the people of Hyderabad had risen against and deposed the Nizam, because of his loyalty to the Imperial Government. The Nizam of Hyderabad is a Mahometan, the first Prince in the Indian Empire, and is a man distinguished by his loyalty to Great Britain. These clumsy fictions which were designed by their German authors to influence neutral nations have been given an emphatic denial and their absurdity has been completely exposed in a statement recently issued by the India Office as follows:

Statements from the German press with regard to alleged disorders in India have been reproduced in certain foreign countries to the effect that revolt has broken out everywhere that Brahmins, Buddhists, and Mahometans have united to make all possible difficulties for the detested English, that the Rajah of Bhagalpur heads the movement, that grave disorders have occurred at Bombay, Madras, Nagpur, Allahabad, and Anaspur, that in the last-named place rebels have endeavored to stop the departure of native troops, and that British troops have had to retire and rebels have occupied barracks and arsenals. The Secretary of State for India announces that there is not a word of truth in these statements from beginning to end. It may be added that there is no such person as the Rajah of Bhagalpur. If the Nawab of Bhawalpur is referred to, he is a minor of 11 years of age.

From the very beginning of the war the Germans have circulated the most preposterous stories about rebellion in India and Egypt, and the march of incredibly huge armies against the Imperial Government from Afghanistan and elsewhere, and since the Kaiser's plunge into the Balkans the German lie factories have been exceedingly active, doubtless in the hope that their fabrications might prove useful to them at a time when they were endeavoring to link up with Constantinople. There is so much ignorance of India and Indian affairs in neutral countries that it is highly desirable that the Imperial Government should promptly issue a denial of all such inventions about unrest and risings in India; for no matter how absurd they may be, they are bound to cause disquietude among those who do not know how securely Britain's position in India has been established by the honesty and justice of her rule. India has proven her loyalty and devotion to the Empire by the truly magnificent contributions which she has made to the cause for which we are fighting. She has responded as freely and as enthusiastically to the call of Empire as any other portion of the great Dominions of the Crown.

PERFIDIOUS CONSTANTINE.

The interview which King Constantine is reported to have given to a staff correspondent of the Associated Press, is cunningly designed to win the sympathy of the United States and other neutral nations. It is distinctly pro-German in its tone. While the King protests his innocence, and, we are told, "thumped the table with his clenched fist," by way of showing how earnest he was, yet we cannot forget that he has a German wife who is well understood to be the dominant personality in the royal household. It is quite probable, then, that the interview, if not actually prepared, was inspired, by his German relatives.

Nothing the King has said is likely to remove the suspicion and distrust of him aroused

by his unconstitutional and shifty conduct. While the King professes friendliness towards the Entente Powers, he is playing the German game in proclaiming to the world that the Allies have failed in the Balkans, and that their expedition on behalf of Serbia is doomed to disaster. That influence has been at work in Greece for a long time. The German propaganda has been so active that recently ex-Premier Venizelos stated, although the great bulk of the Greek people while still ardently desiring the victory of the Allies believe, not that Germany will win, but that she has won already. That opinion, King Constantine, with his close family relations with the German Emperor, evidently desires to foster.

His declaration of "benevolent neutrality" must not be taken too seriously. Greece has mobilized and concentrated some fifteen divisions of the Greek army in the Saloniki district. This mobilization was undertaken when Venizelos was Premier, presumably, for the purpose of co-operating with the Allies, who had gone to Saloniki at the invitation of the Greek government. But, Venizelos is no longer Premier, and this large force is in the hands of the King and a Premier who, we know, is opposed to intervention on the side of the Allies. It is under the control also of a General Staff, which is notoriously pro-German. The Allies, then, have on their flank at Saloniki fifteen divisions of Greek troops, whose object and purpose are unknown. They can cope far better with an open enemy than with even a "benevolent neutral," who may be merely waiting the opportunity to stab them in the back at the bidding of his German kinsman.

King Constantine declares that he has given his "personal word" that the Greek troops will never be used to attack the Allied forces in Macedonia, but of what value is the King's "personal word"? What evidence is it of the "good faith" of Greece, when we consider how Greece's treaty obligations to go to the relief of Serbia were shamelessly repudiated! The Allies are in Saloniki because it was the only way in which assistance could be sent to Serbia against the Austro-German attack. They went there at the invitation of Premier Venizelos, who, when he was returned to power, asked for the support of 150,000 troops of the Allies. When Venizelos was dismissed from office, King Constantine repudiated the Serbian treaty, and instead of the Greek army marching to the relief of Serbia, as Greece was in honor and duty bound to do, followed by the Allied forces, the Allies were obliged to undertake the enterprise alone. In view of the King's treachery, no provision at the moment could make them large enough for the emergency. King Constantine insinuates that Britain is unwilling, to send an adequate force to the aid of the Serbians, but it is nearer the truth to say that whatever inadequacy there has been has been due largely to the fact that the King of Greece had been false to his most sacred trust.

We are not disposed to deny that King Constantine has troubles of his own. He is threatened by the Germans if he does one thing and he will be held to strict account by the Allies if he does another. But, making all allowances for the embarrassments of his position, he ought to have the courage to do the straight thing and the right thing. His troubles are largely the result of his own vacillation and perfidy. The effort he has made to justify himself in the eyes of the world will be unavailing unless he does something to remove the stigma of disgrace which attaches to his desertion of the Serbian nation. If he is determined not to redeem his treaty obligations, the least he can do is to make it as easy as possible for the Allies to bring aid to the Serbians, to vindicate international justice, to establish the sanctity of treaties and safeguard the security of small States. Greece can never hold her head high among the nations of the world until the action of her weak and vacillating ruler during the past few months, has been undone.

Notwithstanding Hindenburg's bravado his interview sounds like the wail of a beaten man. Russia is his nightmare.

When Henry Ford gets a little farther out to sea his wireless messages will run up against the Censor, and then, good night!

And it is not improbable that the British submarine which is cutting capers in the Sea of Marmora was built in Canada.

Somebody has recently defined "Kultur" as that which enables people to look on at murder and call it heroism. Very good!

The Labor leaders of the United States could not be bribed with German gold to engineer strikes in munition factories. Good for them!

All that need be said about Greece and Roumania is that their action or non-action is dictated by selfish purposes first, last and all the time.

The Overseas Dominions' contributions to the British Red Cross amounted to Four Million

Dollars. That was a Trafalgar celebration worth while.

The United States spent this year fifty-three million dollars on its rural mail service. Next year Postmaster-General Bulleston proposes to cut the cost of the free rural delivery to \$48,500,000.

If the United States wants to do the job right it ought to chase Berstorff out along with his under-strappers. They are all in the same boat.

From the way President Wilson slammed the "Hyphens" in his message to Congress it almost looks as if he did not care a rap for the German vote.

The Minister of Militia is arranging to cable a daily Canadian news service to the soldiers at the front. Sir Sam is an old newspaper man himself, and if he undertakes to edit the service the boys in the trenches will get some "hot stuff."

The French economist who holds out for us the cheerful ruin, the end of the war will be followed by a period of great industrial activity rather spoils the picture by predicting an era of abnormally high tariffs. But it is easy to prophesy.

It turns out that there is one newspaper reporter to each one and a half active members of the Ford expedition. Apparently Henry has at least one weather eye upon the publicity end of his propaganda. Sort of out-Liptoning Lipton, isn't it?

"What we want to avoid, what we shall avoid," says Premier Skouloudis of Greece, "is associating Greece with the uncertain outcome of the war." It has no doubt already been suggested to the Greek Premier that the surest way of attaining the very desirable result at which he aims is for his country to cast in its lot with the Entente Powers. Strange he hasn't already seen it that way?

As one of the young princelings is going to be married, the Kaiser has put the end of the war down for February. The Allies will do their best to accommodate him, but the chances are that by that time Wilhelm and his family will not be in the mood to enjoy the wedding party.

The monitor, an invention of the American Civil War, and afterwards discarded, turns out now, with modern improvements, to be a most useful type of vessel. On the coast of Belgium, at the Dardanelles and up the Tigris they have been found most useful auxiliaries to the larger type of warships. Their shallow draft and heavy armament enable them to go where larger warships cannot venture, and they do the work quite as efficiently.

Ulstermen and Nationalists are fighting side by side in Flanders, vying with one another in their enthusiasm for the cause of freedom. It shows how gloriously the Kaiser's hope of a rebellion in Ireland has been dissipated just as it is the promise of national peace and unity after the war.

The British Admiralty's report on the sinking of a few small vessels in the Adriatic by Austrian submarines furnishes fresh proof of the worthlessness of the German "wireless" yams. One of the "large" vessels measured 30 tons.

Traditions are being broken every day now. That old tradition of the sea that a captain who loses his ship can not get another has been broken. Captain Turner of the Lusitania recently sailed from this side in command of another Cunarder. The other day Captain Finch,

County Court Sittings

The following causes have been entered for trial at the County Court Jury Sittings, Tuesday, Dec. 14th, before His Honor Judge Deroche.
Garten vs. Springer and Safe—O'Flynn, Diamond and O'Flynn for plaintiff; Porter and Carnew for defendant.
Amelsh vs. Chapman and Lavall—O'Flynn, Diamond and O'Flynn for plaintiff; Porter and Carnew, and T. A. O'Rourke for defendant.
Elvin vs. Coultter—T. A. O'Rourke for plaintiff; O'Flynn, Diamond and O'Flynn for defendant.
Fowle vs. Stewart—Porter and Carnew for plaintiff; W. C. Mikel for defendant.
LaBelle vs. Smith—A. Abbott for plaintiff; O'Flynn, Diamond and O'Flynn for defendant.
Non-Jury Cases.
Zwick vs. Johnston—O'Flynn, Diamond and O'Flynn for plaintiff; Geo. Traubner for defendant.
Murphy vs. Murphy—Herrington, Warner and Grange for plaintiff; Porter and Carnew for defendant.
Hall Bros. vs. Orton—A. McDonald for plaintiff; M. E. Tudhope for de-

fendant.
Carter vs. Trent River Paper Co.—Porter and Carnew for plaintiff; Wills and Wright for defendant.
Jeffrey vs. Alyea—Porter and Carnew for plaintiff; O'Flynn, Diamond and O'Flynn for defendant.
Letts vs. Marmora Co-operative Co.—Porter and Carnew for plaintiff; Wills and Wright for defendant.
Finlay vs. Maclure—Wills and Wright for plaintiff; Royce, Henderson and Boyd for defendant.

Remains Brought To Belleville

The remains of the late Cancel T. Docter who died suddenly on Sunday at Foleyette, New Ontario, arrived here last evening and were taken to his late residence, No. 52 Cannifton Road, accompanied by Mr. Alfred Docter, brother of deceased.
Cancel T. Docter was born in Belleville in the year 1866 and was accordingly 49 years of age. He was the second son of the late William Docter. He spent the greater portion of his life in Belleville. In 1899 he went south and later served in

of the Arabic took the big White Star liner Adriatic into New York. No exception can be taken to these welcome reversals of the old rule.
It is reported that, as one result of the war, 25,000 women are employed in railway service in France. They are serving not only as crossing guards, but as conductors and station masters as well. It is, however, not only on the railways that women in France have found a new field. They have gathered the harvests and but for their help French munition factories could not have been kept going, and the post office service would have broken down.
What will happen after the war is over? Will women be ready then to go back to household work alone? And, if they are not willing to do this, what will be the effect on wage scales in employments heretofore monopolized by men?

"THE SPIRES OF OXFORD."

I saw the spires of Oxford
As I was passing by,
The gray spires of Oxford
Against a pearl-gray sky,
My heart was with the Oxford men
Who went abroad to die.

The years go fast in Oxford,
The golden years and gay,
The hoary Colleges look down
On careless boys at play.
But when the bugles sounded war
They put their games away.

They left the peaceful river,
The cricket-field, the quad,
The shaven lawns of Oxford
To seek a bloody sod—
They gave their merry youth away
For country and for God.

God rest you, happy gentlemen,
Who laid your good lives down,
Who took the khaki and the gun
Instead of cap and gown,
God bring you to a fairer place
Than even Oxford town.
—W. M. Letts, in the Westminster Gazette.

THE SPLENDID SERB.

"By your old men's bones on the mountain,
By the blood of your youth in the plain,
By the tears unshed, for your holy dead,
By the children of your slain,
Ye, who fought till no fight availeth,
O Serbs! 'tis the hour to shield
All that is left of your people—
The hour to yield!"

Hark! on the hill-winds ringing
O'er the thunderous drone of war,
From the snow height of Kara Dagh
To the valleys of Vardar,
The splendid Serb has answered
From a patriot's soul of flame,
"Better to die in honor
Than live in shame!"

"It is said . . . it is done. Till we perish
We fight and we ask not why,
Back from our blacken'd homes and fields,
Till we've nothing left but the sky.
Till the last man on the last lone hill
Shall cry as death calls his name:
'Better to die in honor
Than live in shame!'"

O world of men and sorrows!
In words of immortal light
The whole of heart of living
The creed of eternal right
Comes down from the Serbian summit,
For each man's soul the same:
"Better to die in honor
Than live in shame!"
—James Bernard Fagan, in the New York Times

\$60,000 Fire in Picton Today

(From Friday's Daily)
Fire aggregating a loss of between \$50,000 and \$60,000 broke out on Main street, Picton at 9:10 o'clock this morning.

The blaze started in the residence of Mr. Robert Norman, ex-M.P.P. for Prince Edward, supposedly from an electric fuse burning out. This was in the upper story of the brick block owned by Mr. Norman. The entire upper part was fire swept while the five stores below had their entire stocks ruined by water. These were George Loesse's store, Casey's drug store, Carter Bros., Miss Dougherty's and Miller's. Carter Bros. had a stock of about \$30,000.

Bristol's store was slightly damaged by fire. This afternoon at three o'clock the conflagration was under control.

Belleville Men Carried off Turkeys

On Thursday afternoon a good number of the members of the Belleville Rifle Association and the Gun Club went to Mr. Harry Jose's, Prince Edward and had a fine turkey shoot. Although many Prince Edwarders were present, Belleville carried off all the birds.

In the rifle competition the winners were
J. D. Gratton, 3 turkeys
J. Douch, 2 turkeys
J. Anderson, 1 turkey
A. R. Symons, 1 turkey
H. Halls, 1 turkey
The shot gun competition resulted in the following wins
H. Day, 4 turkeys
J. Woodley, 2 turkeys
E. B. Harris, 1 turkey
J. Ketcheson, 1 turkey
W. Andrews, 1 turkey
G. Williams, 1 turkey

Mr Sinclair Makes An Offer

Belleville, Dec. 9, '15
Editor Ontario—
In your write-up of the Town of Bowmanville in Wednesday's issue, you state that some people question the fairness of your report. I need hardly say that for business reasons I am so interested in the welfare of the City of Belleville as the average man is, and certainly have as much at stake as most men have, and for these same reasons I stand for a Bigger and a Better Belleville.
Assuming that every citizen who employs labor or conducts a business of any kind is interested in this question of Local Option, purely as a business proposition and apart entirely from its moral significance and for the purpose of testing the correctness of the Ontario's write-ups in these various Local Option Towns, I therefore make the following offer—
I will be one of a party of three, the others being the President of the Belleville Board of Trade and one man to be selected from either the Belleville Hardware Co., the Springer Look Works or Marsh and Henthorn's Foundry, this party to visit Bowmanville, Get or Orilla, the full expense of the party to be borne by the writer, the only condition being, that a report of our visit be published in the two Belleville newspapers.
Respectfully yours,
D. V. Sinclair.

Successful Red Cross and Patriotic Meeting

On Thursday evening, the 2nd in a very successful Red Cross and Patriotic meeting was held in the Central Methodist Church, Township of Ameliasburg. Instructive and interesting addresses were delivered by Capt. Ketcheson, Captain of the 86th Battalion C.E.F., Belleville, H. F. Ketcheson, President Belleville Board of Trade, and John Elliott, manager of the Standard Bank, Belleville. The music of the evening was furnished by Messrs. Howell, Townsend, Stafford and the choir, and many very acceptable selections were given. At the close of the meeting a vote of thanks to those taking part was moved by Mr. Wm. McFaul and seconded by the Rev. R. L. Edwards.
The proceeds of the meeting was applied to assist in paying for a Red Cross Ambulance which the school children of Prince Edward County are

Soldier Returns From Front

Private Fred Mack of Springbrook who went to the front with the First Contingent in the Second Battalion, arrived home Wednesday morning, Dec. 8th. Mr. Mack enlisted with the 49th Hastings Rifles in August, 1914.
Rev. A. M. Hubly has been confined to his home all this week but is around again today and will be able to take charge of the services tomorrow.

What Local Has Done Village

Continued from

ness has been pre-
the outsiders who
Stirling to tank up
more and had sober
not see that trade
one way or the oth
Not So Much
Mr. J. M. McGee
expressed the opin
law hadn't injured
way. He occasion
on Saturday night
not nearly so much
before.
Mr. Clinton McGee
firm of McGee and
wish to give an opt
the other.

Go To Surround

Mr. G. G. Thraash
clerk of the munic
option passed and
vote. The new la
improvement. He
drunken man for
there were a few
it regularly. Some
surrounding town
There had been so
flasks by the boys
had all die out.
Local Option Sho
Another of Stirl
business men is W
and Fox. He wa
gaged waiting on
large general stor
few minutes for t
drawback about 1
Mr. Fox, "is that
the whole local o
thing that ever ha
There is a general
conditions. It
drunkards to get
cially. I cannot g
trade having been
cause of it.

Improvement in R

Mr. F. T. Ward,
ling's oldest and
chants, said there
ment in the town
briety. He couldn
tion had affected t
He heard there wa
to the village in bo
often see intoxicat
Conditions 100 F
Mr. J. L. Ashley
grocery and croch
has everything abo
spick-and-span. "O
per cent. better."
"I would hold up
cal option. We wil
key back in Stirl
ter. Everything is
is good. There is
in the town."

Hotel Accom

Stirling now ha
place of three ho
store under license
tels the people of
reason to be prom
a superior class.
We stopped at th
which is very effe
Mr. William Whit
With him is assoc
George Whitty, w
conducted the sar
success under lice
has recently rais
accommodation to
but the goods are
money. The mea
tising, with a goo
of excellent qual
tentive without b
rooms are light, a
carpeted. The be
fortable. A new
lavatories is now
The other hotel,
is also given the
know it best of t
stopping place. I
Mr. Wm. Barrigan
oughly understands
price is \$1.50 per
No one in Stirl
Stirling makes any
accommodation.

NOT

Conditions woul
ling as far as loca
people there woul
on the illicit bott
by the reeve and
zens. It might tak
perhaps a little m
a little backbone o
of the citizens in
evidence. But it w
ing. A large part
of local option, as
is being lost at St
operations of a ge
bring in their god
and ply their dirty
of the darkness. T
from Inspector Mat
Sound and a few l
lar fines judicious
do the trick.
We called twice
who conducts the
store in Stirling, b

What Local Option Has Done to the Village of Stirling

Continued from Page 9.

ness has been prevented. Many of the outsiders who used to come to Stirling to tank up couldn't get it any more and had sobered up. He could not see that trade had been affected one way or the other.

Not So Much Drunkenness. Mr. J. M. McGee, merchant tailor expressed the opinion that the by-law hadn't injured business in any way. He occasionally saw a drunk on Saturday night, but there was not nearly so much drunkenness as before.

Mr. Clinton McGee of the hardware firm of McGee and Lagrow did not wish to give an opinion one way or the other.

Go To Surrounding Towns. Mr. G. G. Thrasher, barrister, was clerk of the municipality when local option passed and therefore had no vote. The new law had worked an improvement. He hadn't seen a drunken man for a long time, but there were a few who seemed to get it regularly. Some go after it to the surrounding towns where it is sold. There had been some drinking from flasks by the boys at first but that had all die out.

Local Option Shouldn't Be Local. Another of Stirling's bright young business men is W. L. Fox of Cook and Fox. He was very busily engaged waiting on customers in his large general store, but he spared a few minutes for the reporter. "The drawback about local option," said Mr. Fox, "is that it is local. But on the whole local option is the best thing that ever happened to Stirling. There is a general trend to prosperous conditions. It enabled confirmed drunks to get on their feet financially. I cannot give any instance of trade having been driven away because of it."

Improvement in Regard to Sobriety. Mr. F. T. Ward, who is one of Stirling's oldest and best known merchants, said there was a real improvement in the town in regard to sobriety. He couldn't say that local option had affected trade for the worse. He heard there was some brought in to the village in bottles, but he didn't often see intoxication.

Conditions 100 Per Cent. Better. Mr. J. L. Ashley conducts a large grocery and crockery business and has everything about his premises spick-and-span. "Conditions are 100 per cent. better," said Mr. Ashley. "I would hold up both hands for local option. We will never have whiskey back in Stirling. Business is better. Everything is better. Business is good. There is not a poor family in the town."

Hotel Accommodation. Stirling now has two hotels in place of three hotels and a liquor store under license. Of these two hotels the people of the village have reason to be proud, for they are of a superior class. During our stay we stopped at the Stirling house which is very efficiently managed by Mr. William Whitty, the proprietor. With him is associated his father, Mr. George Whitty, who for many years conducted the same hostelry with success under license. Mr. Whitty has recently raised the price for accommodation to two dollars a day, but the goods are easily worth the money. The meals are very appetizing, with a good variety of food of excellent quality. The service is attentive without being fussy. The rooms are light, airy, clean and well carpeted. A new system of indoor lavatories is now being installed.

The other hotel, the Kerby house, is also given the name by those who know it best of being a first-class stopping place. It is conducted by Mr. Wm. Barrigan, a man who thoroughly understands his business. The price is \$1.50 per day.

NOTES. Conditions would be ideal in Stirling as far as local option goes, if the people there would only get a grip on the illicit bottle trade complained of by the reeve and several other citizens. It might take a little time, and perhaps a little money, and possibly a little backbone on the part of some of the citizens in the matter of giving evidence. But it would be worth doing. A large part of the good effect of local option, as seen in other places, is being lost at Stirling through the operations of a gang of pirates who bring in their goods from the outside and ply their dirty trade under cover of the darkness. Two or three visits from Inspector Matt. Beckett of Owen Sound and a few three-hundred-dollar fines judiciously distributed would do the trick.

We called twice to see Mr. Elliott, who conducts the largest general store in Stirling, but he was not in

his office on either occasion. Many others who would like to have interviewed but the time at our disposal was very limited. Stirling's homes present a very prosperous, thrifty appearance. Paint is plentifully used. Everything is tidy and in good repair. In the summer season the well-kept lawns, flowers, shrubbery and shade trees give to the town a beauty and distinction all its own.

Thank You, Bro. James

The editor is very grateful to Brother James of The Bowmanville Statesman for the following very complimentary reference.— Editor J. O. Herity of The Daily Ontario, Belleville, has proved himself a splendid interviewer and exceedingly interesting writer judging by the intensely instructive write-ups he has recently given of the cities and towns he visited last month to get at first hand the peoples' testimony on the working of local option.

Argument on Appeals Heard This Morning

Judge Deroche Has Not Yet Given Decision in Reference to Appeals for Income Voters.

The court of appeal under the Voters' List Act was resumed this morning at 9.30 o'clock having been adjourned from Tuesday. The morning was mostly taken up in completing the list of non-contentious appeals. About noon Mr. M. Wright commenced argument in behalf of appellants who wished to be put on the list for income. He contended that according to wording of the Assessment Act and of the Voters' List Act the gate was still open to have these names added.

This contention, Mr. Irwin Hilliard, K.C. opposed. To support his argument he quoted an amendment to the Voters' List Act passed by the Ontario Legislature at its session of 1914, which expressly states that there shall be no right of appeal in regard to income unless the parties had complied with the requirements of the Act in handing their names in to the assessor before the completion of the assessor's roll.

This amendment was designed, Mr. Hilliard said, to prevent such trouble as had taken place at Lindsay, where several hundred voters were added for income just previous to a local option contest. Then the legislature stepped in and said that if a man, having an income only to be assessed, allowed the regular time to go by could not get on the list merely because it happened to be to his interest to do so when a local option vote was in sight. The appeal must be put in in advance when conditions are normal.

The amendment was to obviate trouble, as when local option came up, promises might be made by others to pay the taxes. Mr. Wright in reply contended that the amendment was vague and indefinite and had no bearing on this particular case. If it had the legislature would have expressly said so.

When court resumed at two-thirty this afternoon, the judge did not deliver his decision as expected. He stated that he would do so later in the afternoon or perhaps at the evening session. It was a serious matter, and Judge Deroche said that if any of the legal gentlemen present could throw any light on the issue, he would be pleased to have it.

The High School Women's Institute. The December meeting of the High School Women's Institute was the scene of active plans for the pleasure and betterment of conditions for the students in home, school and city. A beautifully decorated dinner table under the management of Misses Bogart and Armstrong gave a delightful Christmas touch to the proceedings. The delegate Mrs. Armstrong, gave a breezy account of the recent provincial convention noting among other things the stress the authorities were laying on the necessity for women on school boards. Plans for establishing reading tables, also a skating rink for the High School in co-operation with the staff and students were discussed as also was the founding of Lower School Scholarship. Temperance legislation came in for its share of approval, a resolution favoring the present campaign being unanimously adopted at the close of the president's remarks in which she referred to "these strenuous times for mothers."

Hope for the Chronic Dyspeptic.—Through lack of consideration of the body's needs many persons allow disorders of the digestive apparatus to endure until they become chronic, filling days and nights with suffering. To these a course of Farnale's Vegetable Pills is recommended as a sure and speedy way to regain health. These Pills are specially compounded to combat dyspepsia and the many ills that follow in its train, and they are successful always.

Military Notes

Mr. T. E. Moffat, headmaster of the Madoc High School has been at his own request made recruiting officer for Madoc and district for the 155th Battalion.

Capt. J. V. Doyle, quartermaster of the 155th Battalion has returned from Kingston where he was getting instructions regarding his duties.

Capt. Gilmore of the 93rd, Peterborough, will report for duty with the 155th battalion today.

Recruits to the 155th are being reported from many sections of the two counties.

The 80th battalion paraded on Friday afternoon to Sept's Theater and attended "The Birth of a Nation" production. Owing to incoherence many of the boys could not turn out, but as it was 315 soldiers were in attendance. They one and all voiced the performance as wonderful.

Lt-Col. Putnam of the 80th has been transferred to the 155th.

Lieut. S. H. Powell, formerly of the 39th battalion has been transferred from the 80th to the 130th Perth Battalion.

Captain Watson is in Hamilton for a few days.

Fifteen recruits have been taken on the strength of the 80th this week.

Citizens are invited to attend the 80th battalion church parade on Sunday at 9.30 a.m. at the armories. Capt. (Rev.) Ketterson, chaplain, will deliver the sermon.

Sergt. Major Charles W. Thompson, 33rd battery who has been in Kingston General Hospital for several weeks where he underwent an operation and had a narrow escape from pneumonia, is improving. It is highly probable that he may be able to leave the hospital to come home for Christmas.

Sergt. Addison of the 80th Battalion, Belleville, has been appointed orderly room sergeant for the 146th Battalion, and will assume his duties at once at the armories.

Lieut-Col. Low contemplates having his family installed in Kingston before the first of the year.

The 80th Battalion gave a vaudeville show in Belleville recently, and it was such a great success that Lieut-Col. Keloheson has been importuned to give Kingston the privilege of enjoying the stage abilities of the men of his battalion. It is said that the colonel has consented, failing to refuse any request that would come from his many warm friends in Kingston. There will be some night in the Grand Opera House when the vaudeville of the 80th come to town.

Major Alger yesterday completed the inoculation of the 80th battalion. There were a few sick men around headquarters.

Private Tullock and Private Spoon have been transferred from the 59th and are taken on the strength of the 80th. Private Tullock is to be promoted to be acting police sergeant.

Gunner Hall has been transferred from 33rd Battery to 80th and Pte. Dwyer from 146th Batt to 80th.

The officers of the 155th Batt. are strong in municipal life. Capt. W. S. Harper Medical Officer is the reeve of Madoc village; Capt. Gilmore is deputy reeve of Pictou; Lieut. Ainsworth is reeve of Wellington, Capt. Wallbridge and Capt. McFee are Aldermen of Belleville; Capt. C. A. Bleecker is treasurer of Marmora.

Recruits are coming in well for the new battalion.

Some of the officers have already reported for duty and are engaged in stirring up the recruiting sentiment in their districts.

man, Peterboro. Sergt. Sandford, Sgt. Atchison and the two Pictou boys. The armories were packed to the doors. Addresses were given by Capt. Akerman, Sergt. Sandford, the two Pictou boys and Lt-Col. Adams. The patriotic spirit ran high and enthusiasm was rife. Mr. A. J. Cundick, Chairman of the Prince Edward Patriotic Speakers' League, presided.

Saturday's Market

This morning's market took on all the appearance of the holiday season, what with meats and poultry which were offered in abundance. Prices were firm all round. Eggs 40c; butter 30c to 32c; chickens 80c to 1.25 pair; ducks 75c each; geese 1.50 pair; turkeys \$2.50 upwards. Potatoes went up in price to \$1.75 per bag in some cases, but the closing price was \$1.50. Rough dressed poultry is quoted for shipment as follows:—Turkeys, 18c to 19c. Chickens, 10c to 12c. Geese, 10c to 11c. Hides are higher today:—Beef hides, 15c. Pelts, \$1 to \$1.50. Deacons, 65c to 75c. Hideshides, \$3. Rendered tallow, 5c to 6c per lb.

Rifle Shooting

The members of the Belleville Rifle Association held a practice shoot in the armories last night, 10 shots at 25 yards, highest possible score 100. Scores—

- J. Donoh 98
J. W. Davison 98
A. R. Symons 97
Dr. M. J. Clark 95
J. V. White 95
W. J. Andrews 94
H. Sneyd 93
H. Day 93
C. J. Symons 93
H. Halls 93
W. B. Vandervoort 92
G. D. Gratton 89
L. R. McMullen 87

Carpet Bowling

The first of the final games between the Sons of England and the Alpha Club was played last evening, Dec. 10th at the Tabernacle Church hall. The results of the game was a win for the Alpha Club by a score of 41 to 39. It was a snappy game from start to finish and all enjoyed themselves.

The final game will be played at the Sons of England hall on Monday evening, Dec. 13th. The following is the line-up for last night Sons of England: P. Fisher, skip. E. A. Ridley, vice skip. H. Lennox. J. Bly. G. Barlow. W. York. Alpha Club: W. F. Peake, skip. B. Kelly, vice skip. B. Grase. W. Fredrick. W. Robinson. W. Ashley.

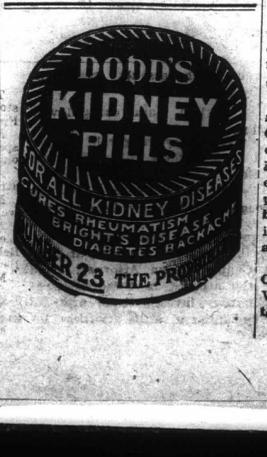
Mr. Robert Sills of the Business Men's Bible Class of Bridge Street church was umpire and gave great satisfaction. Come and see the final game boys.

A Real Sacrifice.

Captain Ponton in his modest but none the less wonderfully inspiring address before the Canadian Club yesterday gave some splendid advice to the men who are left behind in Canada and who for one reason or another are unable to go to the front.

"Put your hand down in your pocket until it bursts," said the brave young soldier, amid applause "and then—and not until then—will you be making a real sacrifice."

It is good advice, but fortunately not of a kind which need make Kingstonians hang their heads, since we know of no representative Kingstonian who has not given and is not giving freely and well up to his ability. In fact, both in men and in money Kingston is "doing its bit" splendidly and we feel sure that it will continue to do so. Nevertheless, such good reminders as Capt. Ponton gave us yesterday will not come in amiss.—Kingston Standard, Dec. 9



A Prisoner-of-War Exchanged

Among the seventeen invaded soldiers, who have entered the Convalescent Home, Kingston, was Pte. Sherman Young, Pictou, who was a prisoner-of-war in Germany for six months, and was finally exchanged because he was unfit for further military service. Pte. Young is only twenty-one years of age but shows the experience he has come through, and when he told some of them to the Whig and to Major Starr at the Convalescent Home, it was not in the spirit of boasting but the story of a man who had done his part.

Pte. Young enlisted at Pictou, on August 14th, 1914, and after going to Valcarier was given a position in the Machine-Gun section. The 2nd Battalion went into the trenches in February and after doing good work it finally had its big day at Langemarck. With the Royal Fusiliers and other English troops, intermingled with the Canadians in the wild charge there, was little possibility for organization but the Canadians fought like demons. Pte. Young said he had no idea he would come out alive, but he fought on until taken prisoner. His left hand was very badly wounded but the Germans took little care of that. He saw over twenty wounded Canadians, who were lying on the ground, killed by Germans. After he was taken back from the firing line he was better treated, and the German doctors did everything possible for his hand. He is very enthusiastic about the ability of these doctors.

He was a prisoner at Geissen. The treatment was not brutal in the camp but the men cry out for food. Practically all that he had to eat came from parcels sent by friends.

The ease with which Corns and Warts can be removed by Holloway's Corn Cure is its strongest recommendation. It seldom fails.

The Universities' Companies

The Universities' Companies are now well known throughout Canada. A fresh company is raised, equipped and partially trained about every two months, and it is unnecessary to advertise for recruits inasmuch as each company is made up of brothers, relatives or friends of those who have joined previous companies.

The first company under the command of Captain Gregor Barclay has joined the Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry and has been for some time in the trenches.

The second company under the command of Captain George McDonald and Captain Percy Meison is also on the continent.

The third company went overseas about 330 strong, and has gained a golden reputation at Shorncliffe.

The fourth company is at full strength and has now embarked. In quality it is in no respect inferior to its predecessors.

A fifth company has been authorized, a large number of applicants are on the waiting list, and recruits will be welcomed at Montreal on or after November 27th.

Those who wish to join must receive a rigorous medical examination locally by an Army Medical Officer. Those who are not medically and physically fit are not wanted, so there is a subsequent examination on reaching Montreal. The recruit should be attested locally before the nearest Justice of the Peace, and transportation to Montreal can be speedily obtained by sending a request letter to Captain A. S. Eve, 382 Sherbrooke St. West, Montreal. On arrival the recruit is issued without delay, his blankets, passbook and uniform, and his training commences on the Campus of McGill University and on the slopes of Mount Royal. As to barracks the Canadian Northern Land Company leases the headquarters building, McGill University lends the Molsen Hall, and the students not only lend the top floor of the Union but also give the soldiers the privileges of the building as though they were students. Moreover the Y.M.C.A. opens its quarters and places the swimming pool at their disposal. The training is varied, and includes shooting at the Q.P.R. gallery, drill, tactics, bayonet fighting and physical training.

Nearly 1200 men have already been raised by this organization, which is efficient, and also economical, inasmuch as there are no officers above the rank of captain.

A considerable number of young men who cannot get commissions in Canada are joining the Universities' Companies with a view to commission in England. About fifty men who joined as privates, have already been appointed as officers. Information has been received from London that there is room for 40 to 50 a month if suitable men are forthcoming.

Particulars may be obtained from Captain A. S. Eve, 382 Sherbrooke St. West, Montreal, who is in charge of the Dept.

Annual Meeting of Bible Society

The annual meeting of the Belleville Branch of the British and Foreign Bible Society was held Wednesday evening in Bridge St. Methodist Church Rev. H. S. Osborn, pastor, presiding in the absence of the president, Rev. A. M. Hubby.

The treasurer Rev. A. L. Geen reported that the branch was this year in a position to send more to the central organization than last year in addition to the amounts sent from the Sunday schools. The collections were as follows:—Miss Morton \$35.00; Mrs. Hubby \$4.00; Mrs. J. Elliott \$18.35; Mrs. J. McCarthy, 15.00; Miss Currie \$3.40; Mrs. C. Elvins 10.00; Mrs. Buck, 8.65; Mrs. Denmark 6.63; Mrs. J. R. Stevenson 5.35, making a total of \$180.33.

Officers were appointed as follows: Pres.—Rev. A. M. Hubby. 1st Vice Pres.—Mr. Walter Alford. 2nd Vice—Mr. W. B. Deacon. Secretary—Mr. S. A. Gardner. Treasurer—Rev. A. L. Geen. Executive Committee—composed of the pastors of the city churches and the following laymen—Bridge Street Mr. C. M. Reid; St. Andrew's, Mr. W. McIntosh; John St., Mr. S. Russell; St. Thomas', Mr. J. Elliott; Christ Church, Mr. F. P. Thompson; Emmanuel church, E. T. Thompson; Holyway/St. Mr. A. E. Bailey; Baptist church, Mr. J. S. Rough; Tabernacle church, J. E. Walsley. The Rev. Mr. Shields of Toronto, delivered a very able address on "The Bible and the War". There was a fair attendance of citizens.

A Mortgage Case Of Interest

Way vs Shaw—The Hon. Mr. Justice Britton in the non-jury Sittings of the Supreme Court of Ontario was engaged Wednesday afternoon and all day Thursday trying this case which has excited a good deal of interest throughout the country. The Plaintiff, the administrator of the late W. E. Way of Tweed, brought the action to set aside a mortgage alleged to have been made June 21st, 1912, W. E. Way to the Defendant John W. Shaw also of Tweed.

The mortgage was not registered till after the death of Mortgagee, the mortgagee claims by request of mortgagee, the party whose name appears on the Mortgage as witness, swore that he did not sign and was not present at the execution of the mortgage and knew nothing about it. The members of the deceased's family swore that they had never heard of the mortgage and deceased in his will made reference to, and arrangements for the payment of, another small mortgage but said nothing about the mortgage in question. P. K. Newton whose name appears on the mortgage as the commissioner who swore the witness' affidavit could not swear to his signature. The defendant claimed the mortgage was given for some notes he held against the deceased to make good a shortage in his accounts as Tax Collector. A large number of witnesses were called including expert evidence on handwriting.

Judgment was reserved. E. Gust Porter, K.C. and G. A. Payne for Plaintiff; W. C. Mikel, K.C. and A. B. Collins for Defendant.

Funeral of Late Evelyn E. Deroche

(From Monday's Daily) The obsequies of the late Evelyn Elizabeth Deroche took place on Thursday afternoon from the residence of her parents, Judge and Mrs. Deroche, corner of Church and Campbell streets. The Rev. H. S. Osborn of Bridge St. Methodist church and the Rev. J. N. Clarry of Holyway St. Methodist church conducted an impressive service in the presence of a large gathering of citizens and young friends of the deceased young girl, who was widely popular. Heartfelt floral tributes bore mute testimony to the public's sympathy for the bereaved parents and family and esteem for the deceased. Six girls, friends of the Pollyanna Club acted as pall-bearers, the Misses Clara Yeomans, Grace Graham, Grace Armstrong, Mary Thompson, Ellen Reid, and Marion Chapman. The interment was in Belleville cemetery.

United in Marriage

At Moody Cottage, Bridge Street West, on Wednesday evening the Rev. A. L. Geen united in marriage Eugene McDonald of Point Anne and Miss Enid Louise Williams of Shanville.

Often what appear to be the most trivial occurrences of life prove to be fraught with Buckle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the recognized remedy for all affections of the throat and lungs, of suffering. Drive out colds and the most momentous. Many are disposed to regard a cold as a slight thing, deserving of little consideration, and this neglect often results in most serious ailments entailing years

LEGAL.

NORTHERN & PONTON. Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Commissioners, Offices North Bridge Street, Belleville for Merchants Bank of Canada and Bank of Montreal, Money to loan on Mortgages. W. H. Foster, K.C. Belleville, K.C., M.P. E. D. Foster.

MIKEL & STEWART. Barristers, Solicitors, etc. Belleville, Madoc and Tweed. Solicitors for The Molsons Bank. W.C. Mikel, K.C. D.E.R. Stewart.

WILLS & WRIGHT. Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Offices: 23 Campbell St. Belleville. Money to loan at lowest rates. Malcolm Wright, J. Franklin Wills, K.C.

E. J. SUTLER. Barrister, Solicitor, Conveyancer and Notary Public. Office: 23 Bridge Street.

W. D. M. STOREY. Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor to the Dominion Bank and the Township of Ameliasburg. Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms. Office: 8 Campbell Street, Belleville.

INSURANCE. Established 1894. R. W. ADAMS. Insurance, Municipal Debentures and Real Estate. Marriage Licenses Issued. Office: 27 Campbell Street.

THOMAS STEWART. Bridge St. Belleville. Representing the oldest and most reliable companies for Fire Accident and Plate Glass Insurance. Real Estate Agent. Stocks and Bonds bought and sold.

H. F. KUTCHERSON. Representing North American Life Assurance Company, Anglo American Fire Insurance Co., British American Assurance Co., Equity Fire Insurance Co., Commercial Union Assurance Co., Montreal-Canada Fire Insurance Co., Hand-in-Hand Fire Insurance Co., Atlas Assurance Co., Merchants Fire Insurance Co., Independent Fire Insurance Co., Wellington Fire Insurance Co., General Accident Fire & Life Assurance Co., London Guarantee & Accident Insurance Co., Canadian Casualty & Boiler Insurance Co., Office: 23 Bridge St. Phone 238. Marriage Licenses issued.

ROBERT BOGLE. Mercantile Agency, Estates managed, Accountant, Auditor, Financial Broker, Real Estate Agent. Loans negotiated, Insurance, Fire, Life, Accident, Health, Plate Glass. All the best companies. Office: 23 Bridge St. Phone 238. Belleville, Ont. Above G.T.R. Ticket Office.

W. E. HUDSON. Representing Liverpool, London & Globe Insurance Co., North British and Mercantile Insurance Co., Sun Fire Insurance Co., Waterbury Mutual, Gore Mutual, Farm and City property insured in first-class reliable companies and at lowest rates. Office No. 13 Campbell St., Belleville.

CHANCEY ASHLEY. Representing Royal Fire Insurance Co., Norwich Union Fire Ins. Co., Western Assurance Co., Canada Fire Ins. Co., North British Fire Ins. Co., Travellers' Accident Co. I represent the above companies. Terms, (if and non-Tarif and Mutual, and can give you the best rates in reliable companies. Call and see before placing your insurance. Office: Bridge Street, Belleville, 999. Post Office.

MINERALS.

BELEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE. Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention, all results guaranteed. Office and Laboratory corner of Elizabeth and Victoria avenues East, Belleville. Telephone 399.

AUCTIONEERS.

D. J. FAIRFIELD, Licensed Auctioneer for the Counties of Hastings, Prince Edward, Lennox and Addington and Durham and Northumberland and also for the city of Belleville. Terms liberal, satisfaction guaranteed. Phone 460 at my expense, D. J. Fairfield, 223 Coleman St. Belleville.

J. L. PALMER, Licensed Auctioneer. Real Estate Agent. Pure bro stock a specialty. Belleville, Ont. Phone 183. Address Anglo-American Hotel or Route No. 6.

NORMAN MONTGOMERY, Auctioneer. Pure bred stock a specialty. Phone No. 101, Real Estate Broker, also City License. Box 180, Brighton Ont.

HENRY WALLACE, Licensed Auctioneer for the County of Hastings, special attention given to sales of Farm Stock. Phone or write Stirling P.O., R.M.D., Phone No. 3821.

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

In all countries. Ask for our INVENTOR'S ADVISER, which will be sent free. MARRON & MARRON. 865 BROADWAY, N.Y.

Dr. I. K. Mott, of Chincotiati, is coming to Belleville to spend Christmas with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. I. K. Mott, Howard St.

Rcd Cross and Women's Patriotic Association

The monthly meeting of the Red Cross and Women's Patriotic Association was held in the Liberal Club rooms on December 7th. The president, Mrs. Leaser, presiding.

The Secretary's report was read and adopted. The secretary also read a letter from Mr. McCourt of the Dominion Iron and Steel Co., Montreal, saying the cases containing the Christmas boxes for the soldiers in the trenches had reached Montreal and had been transhipped on one of the overseas transports which sailed from Montreal on November 15th.

The treasurer's report showed the following receipts for November:

Balance on hand	\$88.70
Membership fees	50
Purple Knitting Circle	50.00
Mr. G. N. Caniff, Wilmette	2.00
Red Cross box, Jennings and Sherry	1.55
	\$142.75
Expenditure	20.50
Balance on hand	61.95

Mrs. O'Flynn, convener of supplies reported that seven boxes had been shipped containing 954 pairs of socks. Five boxes had been addressed to the boys in the trenches and two to Miss Plummer, Shorncliffe. On hand 250 pairs. Since September 2300 pairs of hand knit socks have been handed in.

Mrs. Yeoman, convener of the Rainbow circles reported on hand \$314.03 816 pairs socks, 9 prs bed socks, three suits pyjamas and two hospital boxes.

Miss Greene, convener of hospital supplies, reported six boxes ready to be sent.

Mrs. Gribble convener of hospital supplies made by the circles reported on hand 36 pillow slips, 12 towels, 16 handkerchiefs, 22 pairs bed socks, 6 suits pyjamas, 3 night shirts, also the following handsome donation from the Bayside Women's Institute, 31 pairs pyjamas, 31 handkerchiefs, 165 wash cloths, 165 mouth wipes, also 13 prs socks.

Mrs. Lazier read a letter from Dr. Elliott of Chicago, enclosing \$25 for the Association also wishing the Association every success in the grand work it is doing. Also a letter from Mrs. and the Misses Elliott of California enclosing \$25 to help in the work.

A letter has been received by the Association from Mrs. Plumtree, acknowledging the receipt of \$100 for the Toronto Red Cross Fund.

Anna Hurley, Secretary.

Laid To Rest

The funeral of the late Geo. Covert was held yesterday afternoon, the Rev. C. G. Smith and Rev. H. S. Osborne conducting service at the residence of Mrs. B. A. Lucas, Octavia St. She is a daughter of the deceased. Interment was in Belleville cemetery, the bearers being Messrs. C. S. Clapp, H. A. Morgan, A. Blackburn, C. Hart, G. Bonesteel and Charles Bonesteel.

All that was mortal of the late Carol T. Dooter was laid to rest in Belleville cemetery on Friday afternoon. The obsequies were under the direction of the Masonic order, and many brethren were in attendance at the last sad rites. The remains had been removed from the family residence, Cambridge Road, to Christ church, where the Rev. H. C. Blagrove, D.D., conducted the Anglican order for the burial of the dead. The bearers were all members of the Masonic fraternity, J. S. McKeown, Chas. Woese, George Hall, H. Linn, S. Yeomans and G. Walker.

Rawdon Welcomes Returning Soldier

The quiet of Springfield village was quickly turned into considerable excitement on Wednesday morning when Pte. J. Fred Mack, of the 1st Canadian Contingent stepped off the morning train.

Sixteen months ago he went quietly away, enlisted to serve the Empire wherever he might be needed. Now he returned, one of those who had made the name and fame of the Canadian soldier something to be remembered as long as men remember this great war.

Ypres, Langemarck, Festubert, Hill 60, St. Julien, he had done his bit at them all. He had seen men fall on every side, stricken by bullet, shell and gas. Once a shell that dropped in the trenches near him left eight men killed or wounded. Yet he came through unharmed. But an injury which he received in his leg when a boy was so seriously effected by the long marches and the months in the trenches, that after some time spent in a hospital in France he was returned to England, and came to Quebec about two weeks ago. On receiving his discharge he returned to Springfield on his way to his home in Rawdon.

Rev. T. H. Hall happened to be in Springfield with his car and it was quickly decorated with flags. Capt. Blecker and Sergeant Sanford came along on their way from Marmora and a party was soon made up and Fred was taken in triumph to the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dan Mack, on the 11th line of Rawdon.

Pte. Mack was in the same trench with Pte. Bingham, of Frankford, when the account came in a newspaper from home of the largely attended funeral service held in memory of Pte. Bingham when he was reported killed, and he had the unusual experience of handing the paper to Bingham to read for himself the account of the service. So far as known Pte. Bingham is still alive and well.

Pte. Mack speaks very highly of the work done for the men by the Y. M. C. A. branches accompanying the contingents.—Marmora Herald.

B. H. S. Women's Institute

Never in the world's history did the temperance question have the prominence it has today. War is taking lives and ruining property, but the drink traffic ruins body and soul and visits its worst evils on those who are innocent. Every day the war is costing 1500 lives. That is appalling, isn't it, but every day the drink traffic costs the United States 2,000 lives, and over 7,500 per year in Canada, and no one says a word. The government licenses hotels and saloons and shops and clubs, and there are 18 such places in beautiful Belleville, and makes it legitimate business to lay waste all this life. Just think of all the economic waste this means, for Mr. MacLaurin in his address last month said, as an asset a boy was worth \$22,000 to a community. But even if he is not entirely lost, by so much as his efficiency standard is lowered, by just so much is his economic value to the community lessened. Now when the war is taking the very flower of our nation's young manhood, for the physically unfit are rejected, isn't it only sane that we should look well to the conservation of our boys. As mothers we must wake up and take a long look ahead in order to realize what kind of men we are building.

These are strenuous times for the mothers. Again I must refer to the Local Option Campaign and urge that we be not indifferent nor let ourselves drift in the matter of our influence. This is our opportunity. The great Lloyd George in his speech that has girdled the globe, said, "We are fighting Germany and Austria and drink, and so far as I can see, the worst of these three deadly enemies is drink." This war has demonstrated how utterly opposed the drink traffic is to every kind of human efficiency for the fathers of the next generation. It is in our power now, and our first duty is to do all we can to conserve the boys. Now the issue is before us in this local option campaign. The opportunity is within our grasp in the use of our influence. Our motto is "For Home and Country." Are we going to live up to it? Wouldn't it be a good plan to place ourselves on record as approving and commending the action of the Citizens' Welfare League in seeking to carry Local Option?

Whereas our motto is "For Home and Country" and there is nothing so demoralizing as the liquor traffic in its effects on the home, nor so detrimental to efficiency as regards citizenship.

And whereas we have seen with great satisfaction the organization of the citizens of Belleville to carry Local Option,

Therefore be it resolved that we, the members of the B. H. S. W. I. at our December meeting, place on record our hearty approval of this movement, and pledge ourselves to help in any way we can to carry it to a successful issue.

Hettie M. Sinclair,
Pres. B. H. S. W. I.

TORTURED BY RHEUMATISM

Sunday School Supt. Tells How "Fruit-a-lives" Relieved

Toronto, Ont., Oct. 1st, 1915.

"I have lived in this city for more than 12 years and am well known. I suffered from Rheumatism, especially in my hands. I spent a lot of money without any good results. I have taken 'Fruit-a-lives' for 18 months now and am pleased to tell you that I am well. All the enlargement has not left my hands, and perhaps never will, but the soreness is all gone and I can do any kind of work. I have gained 85 pounds in eighteen months."

R. A. WAUGH.
50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c.
At all dealers or direct from Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

Supreme Court

GORDON vs. GORDON.

This action tried at the Supreme Court Sittings here before the Honorable Mr. Justice Britton was between two brothers living in Madoc. The defendant was owner of a farm in Madoc on which was discovered a deposit of talc. When he bought the farm his brother the plaintiff loaned him \$500 to pay on the purchase money, for which he gave his note. While the plaintiff was still holding this note unpaid he alleged that the defendant gave him the selling of the mine, agreeing to give him for selling it all he could get over and above \$2,500. The mine was sold by the plaintiff under this bargain for \$4,000 and he claimed payment from the defendant of \$1,500, being the amount in excess of \$2,500. On the day the sale was completed the defendant paid the plaintiff \$700. This amount the defendant claims was in payment of the \$500 note and \$25 interest and that the balance \$175 was a present to the plaintiff.

The plaintiff on the other hand contended that the \$700 was a payment on account of the \$500 note and interest and on the commission of \$1,500, leaving a balance due him of \$1,325.

Judgment was given to the plaintiff for \$1325, and costs of the action.

E. Guss Porter, K.C., counsel and C. A. Payne for plaintiff.

W. B. Northrup, K.C., counsel and A. A. McDonald for defendant.

McWILLIAMS vs. BLECKER.

This action between brother and sisters residing in Marmora over the estate of the late Rhoda McWilliams their mother of that village.

Rhoda McWilliams was the owner of a large lively business and considerable real estate in Marmora village and had contracts with the government and express companies for carrying mails and express from Marmora Station to the village, she was also the owner of a farm in the township. Some time before her death she made a will leaving practically the whole of her estate to the plaintiff her son, Wellington McWilliams, he to pay about \$2,000 in legacies to his sisters the defendants, and other members of the family. The mother had had a paralytic stroke shortly before her death and after the making of the will the plaintiff alleged she was improperly induced to make deeds of all her estate to her daughters, this defeating the provisions of her will and allowing the plaintiff nothing. This action was to have the will established and the deeds to the sisters declared void. Judgment was entered declaring the will valid and that the deeds were void and invalid.

E. Guss Porter, K. C. counsel and C. A. Payne for plaintiff.

W. B. Northrup, K. C. counsel and A. A. McDonald for defendants.

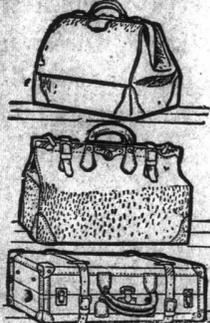
BLECKER vs. McWILLIAMS.

This was an action brought by the daughters of Rhoda McWilliams against her son Wellington to have her will set aside as having been obtained under undue influence and when she had not sufficient mental capacity to make a will. The facts were the same as in the case of McWilliams vs. Blecker above. The same judgment was entered in this action declaring the will to be valid and confirming the probate thereof issued by His Honor Judge Fraleak in the Surrogate Court.

W. B. Northrup, K. C. counsel and A. A. McDonald for plaintiffs.

E. Guss Porter, K. C. counsel and C. A. Payne for defendant.

Gifts of Merit For the Christmas Season



Club Bags, Suit Cases, Trunks, Grips, Etc.. always make acceptable and useful Christmas Gifts.

See Our Large and Elegant Display of Travelling Goods . . . at prices that will strongly appeal to careful buyers.

The J. J. Haines

Shoe Houses
BELLEVILLE NAPANEE TRENTON SMITH'S FALLS

Only Ten Shopping Days Before Christmas

GIFTS FOR MEN AND BOYS

Fleece lined Underwear at 35c and 50c
Wool Underwear of all kinds 40c to \$1.50
Wool and Cashmere Hosiery at 18c to 75c
Mitts and Gloves of every description 25c to \$1.75
Tremendous range of Neckties at 15c to 50c
Elegant Scarfs and Mufflers 25c to \$2.00
An endless variety of Sweater Coats 50c to \$7.00
Fine and Heavy Elastic Suspenders 10c to 50c
Garters and Arm Straps at 10c to 25c
Men's and Boy's Trousers and Knickers at 39c to \$2.50
A very fine Selection of Fine and Heavy Top Shirts at 50c to \$1.25
Hundreds of Men's and Boys Cotton and Linen Handkerchiefs, at 5c to 25c
Scores of other Christmas presents for Men and Boys that we have not time to enumerate.

Don't forget to purchase your Horse Blankets before Xmas. Prices Right

Wm. McIntosh & Co.

A. W. DICKENS.

ICE CREAM

We make only one quality—the best

In bulk by quart or pint 20c per pint
In bricks, plain flavor 20c per pint
In Neapolitan or fancy bricks 25c per pint
Sherbets or Ices, any flavor to order.
Delivered to any part of the city.

A. W. DICKENS

CHILDREN'S BOOKS

We are making a special effort this Xmas in our Toy Book Department. Over 15,000 Books in stock. Our range of prices is from

5c. to \$1.50

and includes almost every title of Children's Picture and Story Book published. Every Book is special value at the price.

THE BEEHIVE

CHAS. N. SULMAN

S. A. HYMAN & CO.
Established 1870 Makers of Fine Furs

HYMAN'S FURS

As gifts they satisfy the sense of good appearance and fitness as well as practical needs

LADIES' Muskrat Coats \$35.00 up
Black Wolf Sets - \$18.00 up

S. A. HYMAN & CO.
242 Front Street
N. B.—Best attention given Fur alterations and repairs

PILES CURED AT HOME BY NEW ABSORPTION METHOD

If you suffer from bleeding, itching, blind or protruding Piles send me your address, and I will tell you how to cure yourself at home by the new absorption treatment; and will also send some of this home treatment free for trial, with references from your own locality if requested. Immediate relief and permanent cure assured. Send no money, but tell others of this offer. Write today to Mrs. M. Summers, Box P87, Windsor, Ont.

Death of W. A. Brickman

An aged resident of Ameliasburg, passed away Friday morning at an early hour, in the person of William A. Brickman, at his home in Robin's Mills. He was in his 79th year. Born in Prince Edward County, he resided there most of his life. He was taken ill only a few days ago, death being due to a stroke.

His wife preceded him to the grave. He was a Methodist and a member of the A.O.U.W. Lodge. For many years he was treasurer of Ameliasburg township.

Kitchen Shower

On Monday evening, Dec. 6th a number of friends of Miss Eva Harker, chiefly members of the A.Y.P.A. of Christ Church, met in the Parish Hall to express their good-will towards Miss Harker in view of her coming marriage, in the form of a kitchen shower. A good supply of convenient articles was provided for future use, and a very pleasant social evening was spent.

- S.S. No. 23 THURLOW.**
- Class Sr. Fourth
Harry Wallace
Junior Fourth
Arthur Wallace
Senior Third
Harold Spencer
Olive Coulter
Floyd Sheffield
Muriel Hutcheson
Meriam Hutcheson
Arthur Belcauquel
Clifford Clare
Junior Third
Vera Sheffield
Anna Martin
Freddie Wallace
Class Second
Helens Balcauquel
Jessie Pope
Francis Huffman
Marion Wallace
Albert Wallace
M. W. Reed, Teacher.

Christmas Is Coming

Do Your Shopping Early

The spirit of the Christmas Season here is common sense in selecting suitable gifts for Men and Boys.

It matters not what age He may be, buy these things which will not only please Him but that will give you good service.

Don't trust to memory, but check below the articles you are interested in.

It will be only a pleasure for our splendid service to help you make a selection.

SUITS OVERCOATS HOUSE COATS BATH ROBES NECKWEAR SHIRTS GLOVES	SUSPENDERS HANDKERCHIEFS UMBRELLAS CAPS UNDERWEAR NIGHT ROBES PAJAMAS	SWEATERS SWEATER COATS HOSE RAIN COATS DRESS SHIRTS ETC., ETC.
---	---	---

We'll keep perfectly "mum" in regard to any selection you may make—deliver the same when wanted—and then we'll willingly make any exchanges necessary after Christmas.

Merry Christmas Everybody!

QUICK & ROBERTSON

THE OUTFITTERS

Belleville Branch of the Canadian Patriotic Fund

- The treasurer begs to acknowledge following payments since added to the lists published up to December 4th
- | | |
|--|-------|
| S. Lounsbury | 3.00 |
| Postmaster, staff and letter carriers for November | 25.00 |
| Wilbert S. Mabey | 3.00 |
| J. J. B. Flint | 25.00 |
| John Williams, Dec. | 5.00 |
| A. G. Vermilyea | 5.00 |
| Colonel T. Stewart | 4.00 |
| Miss H. A. Sisson | 4.00 |
| Thomas Givins | 2.00 |
| W. J. Givins | 2.00 |
| C. V. Watkins | 3.00 |
| J. C. Galloway | 2.50 |
| Andrew Haynes | 24.00 |
| Mrs. Mary Spry | 1.00 |
| B. Mayo | 3.00 |
| A. R. Wallbridge | 5.00 |
| Col. Inland Revenue and officials, Sept., Oct., Nov. | 90.00 |
| A. L. Geen | 20.00 |
| Household on John St., Dec. | 1.25 |
| George A. Reid | 5.00 |
| Mizpah Lodge 127 I.O.O.F. for November and December | 10.00 |
| Arthur Jones | 15.00 |
| Mrs. A. Jones | 5.00 |
| J. G. Moffatt | 6.25 |
| S. R. Burrows | 12.50 |
| G. N. Simmons | 12.50 |
| O. H. Scott | 5.00 |
| Miss T. Barragar | 1.00 |
| J. S. Tower | 2.00 |
| N. Lingham | 10.00 |
| J. W. Walker, Dec. | 5.00 |
| F. W. Rathman | 10.00 |
| O. J. Howell, Nov. | 10.00 |
| Dr. J. W. Kinnear | 12.50 |
| H. F. Doyle | 12.50 |

Don't Go Into Consumption

Cure Your Catarrh Now!

When your throat rattles, your lungs and chest are sore, your throat is stuffed with cold—don't fear consumption—use Catarrhone and get well! It clears the throat, cures hacking, relieves tight chest and soreness in the bronchial tubes. To clear away Catarrh of the nose nothing could be better. Catarrhone is nature's own remedy—it heals and soothes—cures every form of throat, lungs or bronchial trouble. Prescribed by many specialists and used by thousands every day. Get the dollar out—It lasts two months and is guaranteed. Small size 50c; trial size 25c; sold everywhere.

Officers of the 155th Battalion

LT-Col. Adams, O.C. the new 155th Battalion... Officers of the new unit— Officer Commanding— Lt-Col. M. K. Adams, 16th Regt. Second in command— Lt-Col. H. E. Pufman, 16th Regt. 2nd Major— Capt. A. P. Allen, 15th Regt. Adjutant— Capt. R. D. Ponton, 15th Regt., until fit to proceed overseas. Quartermaster— Capt. J. V. Doyle, 15th, with Hon. rank of Capt. in C. E.F. Paymaster— Capt. G. H. Hojton, 15th Regt. Medical Officer— Lieut. W. S. Harper, A.M.C. Captains— Capt. W. J. Cook, 15th with rank of Major. Capt. C. E. Wallbridge, 15th Regiment, with rank of Major. Capt. A. C. McFee, 15th. Capt. S. J. Gilmore, 16th. Capt. P. W. Geen, 15th. Capt. C. A. Heccker, 49th. Capt. Eben James, 49th. Subalterns— Lt. N. A. Irwin, 15th. Lt. W. H. Wrightmeyer, 15th. Lt. R. E. Noble, 16th. Lt. H. A. Fish, 15th. Lt. R. Duffin, 15th. Lt. L. H. Wrightmeyer, 15th. Lt. D. S. Ainsworth, 16th. Lt. W. B. Ferguson, 16th. Lt. C. F. Hamly, 16th. Lt. E. T. S. Kelly, 16th. Lt. E. S. Webb, 15th.

It is expected that a number of former residents of Hastings and Prince Edward counties will return and go with their old friends. These two counties have already recruited enough men to form a battalion, but Lt-Col. Adams and his officers are receiving great encouragement and confidently expect that the 155th will be up to full strength before spring. Let everyone boost for our own home battalion. The men will be billeted in their home towns where recruited as far as possible. The rates of pay are \$13.05 per week for married men and \$11.90 per week for single men. Recruiting is already in progress. The battalion has some recruits and the work of enlistment will be proceeded with as rapidly as possible.

Acknowledges Gifts

Flanders, Nov. 18, 1915. Mesdames— In the absence on duty of the Officer Commanding this unit, the pleasant task falls to the writer's lot of acknowledging on behalf of the non-commissioned officers and men of No. 7 company, Army Service Corps, Divisional Train, Second Canadian, the receipt today of a number of pairs of winter socks, the quality and workmanship of which, are beyond praise. Aside from the very great utility of the gifts, the extent of which can only be understood by one conversant with actual experience of the exceedingly trying weather conditions prevalent here; the fact that those at home, in dear Canada, keep their boys at the front in such practical remembrance, brings a glow to the heart of every one of Canada's sons now serving the Empire abroad. With renewed expressions of the grateful thanks of the men of this company, I am, Yours faithfully, Roland A. Laird, Captain.

Died

DOCTOR— At Foleyette, Ontario, on Sunday, Dec. 5th, 1915, Canon T. Doctery, aged 49 years. The funeral will take place from his late residence, No. 53 Cannifton Road, on Friday, Dec. 10th, 1915 at 2 o'clock to Christ Church, Interment Belleville Cemetery. COVERT— In Belleville on Wednesday, Dec. 8th, 1915, George Covert, aged 71 years. The funeral will take place from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. B. A. Lucas, No. 10, Octavia Street on Friday, Dec. 10th at 4.30 p.m. Service at house at 4 o'clock. Interment in Belleville cemetery.

Mr. Buller Will Go to Ottawa

Mr. L. W. Buller, who has been in charge of the Canadian Northern yards and freight department at Belleville since the advent of that road, has been promoted to take a similar but more responsible position at Ottawa. He will leave in a few days. It is not known who his successor will be. Mr. Ed. McDonald of the C.N.R. office, Ottawa, has taken a position with that railway line in the local passenger and freight office. Mr. McDonald formerly was in the Belleville office.

NINETEEN-YEAR-OLD VIOLINIST MARTYR TO HUNNISH CRUELTY

Joseph Vial of Australia, Brilliant Student at Leipzig Conservatory, Died in England-- Was Brought out of Germany by a Friend-- Brutal Treatment of Leipzig Jailers

After a lingering painful illness of more than ten months, Joseph Vial, the young Australian who received such brutal treatment at the hands of his savage German gaolers in Leipzig, has at last passed away, according to word received today from Rotterdam by Elmer L. Luck, M.A., now of the Edmonton (Alta) High School staff. This adds the last chapter to one of the saddest and most pitiful stories of German cruelty which have come to light since the beginning of the war.

Born in Newcastle, N.S.W., in 1895, Joseph Vial early in life showed exceptional musical ability, and at the age of fifteen was well known in the leading cities of Australia as a concert violinist. The money earned by his playing enabled him to go to Leipzig in 1911 to study at the Royal Conservatory of Music, and at the time war was declared he was recognized as one of the cleverest and most promising violin students in Leipzig. On Sept. 5th, 1914, the male British subjects in Leipzig (about 60 in all, including Mr. Vial and Mr. Luck) were arrested and imprisoned in the city jail, solely for the crime of being British subjects. At the time of his arrest Vial was in perfect health. He was placed in the same cell with a tubercular convict, and in spite of his appeals to the prison authorities he was not permitted to occupy any other cell. He was compelled to live under unspeakable sanitary conditions, and for exercise was allowed out only half an hour each day, to march slowly around the prison yard in solemn procession with the regular criminals. At the end of three months he showed unmistakable signs of having contracted the dread disease, and by Christmas time, 1914, he was so far gone that he could not stand, or even sit up. Absolutely nothing was done by the prison authorities to give him a chance for his life; when he complained that he was shivering the prison doctor told him with a curse to put on his overcoat (it had long before been taken away from him); and when he stated that he could not stand up he was told brutally to lie down on the floor till he could. It was not until January that through American intervention permission was finally given to have him moved to the hospital (Städtisches Krankenhaus Chemnitz). But here his treatment was scarcely better than in prison; nurses and doctors showed a heartlessness that none but a "Kultur"-ed people could be capable of, certainly no civilized people. On March 17th their harshness reached its climax, when they summarily ejected him from the hospital. The boy, only nineteen years of age, facing death, with his larynx and one lung already destroyed, was ordered out of the hospital, and sent into the street half dressed at 7 a.m. on a raw rainy day. With the greatest of difficulty Mr. Luck succeeded in finding a German boarding house where for an excessive cash consideration the people agreed to rent a bedroom to the patient. On March 28th, just eleven days later, the joyful and unexpected message came from U.S. Ambassador Gerard in Berlin that permission had been obtained for Vial to return to England, and that to Mr. Luck had been assigned the task of caring for him on the way, for by this time he was utterly unable to help himself in any way. The two passports were issued, not because of any kindness on the part of the German Government, but because the British Foreign Office had arranged the exchange by agreeing to send back to Germany two German consular officials in return for these two. They arrived in Rotterdam on April 2nd, after an exhausting railroad journey of 36 hours, which almost cost Vial his life then and there because of the hardships endured and the unkind treatment from railroad officials and from other passengers. The patient was lovingly cared for in the Rotterdam Ziekenhuis, one of Europe's most famous hospitals. The doctors considered the long trip to his home in Australia as absolutely out of the question, so after a week's rest he was taken on to England to St. Margaret's Hospital in Ramsgate, where he remained until his death a few weeks ago.

Immediately after their arrival in Holland, Mr. Luck had written to the parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin J. Vial, 737 Hunter St., Newcastle, N.S.W., informing them of their son's condition, and of the barbarous treatment which was responsible for it. The sad news when it arrived, was the first word

direct or indirect that they had had of him since the beginning of the war. The story was published far and wide in Australia, and in Newcastle, his home city, the citizens gave outlet to their burning indignation by wrecking many of the leading German business houses the same evening that the story was published. A subscription list was started at once, and in less than 24 hours over \$5,000 had been raised to send the broken-hearted mother all the way to England to see her boy before he died, and to provide him all the comforts and the best medical care that money could buy. She arrived in August after travelling for nearly two months via San Francisco and New York, and remained with him day and night till his death a few weeks ago. During the last few months his pathetic story has been a powerful stimulus to recruiting in England, where the details have been given wide publicity, along with photographs showing him as he was in health, and as he appeared on his arrival in Ramsgate, wasted away to a mere shadow of his former cheerful and happy self. The sympathy of the whole British world goes out to Mr. and Mrs. Vial in their sad bereavement; they have at least the consolation of knowing that their son's martyrdom through the inhuman cruelty of Hunnish "Kultur" has undoubtedly done infinitely more to help the British cause than if he had given his life for the Empire as a private soldier in the trenches.

Conservative Press On Fallis

Among the innumerable condemnations of J. R. Fallis, Conservator: M. P. for Peel, are the following from the Toronto Conservative newspapers. Toronto Telegram: "Mr. Fallis can still do right to the extent of forwarding his resignation as M.P.P. for Peel to the Speaker of the Ontario Legislature without further loss of time." Toronto News: "Horse trading in time of war, which robs the country as an offence which even with all the traditions in its favor cannot be overlooked. Moreover, when a representative of the people fills his pockets by dishonest methods he proves himself unworthy of public confidence and unfit for public position."

Wore Riot of Colors

School Teacher Adopted Unusual Costume to Escape Deer Hunters. St. Paul, Minn., Dec. 10.—The deer hunting season has ended, and Miss Carrie Brown has put away the costume she adopted to prevent further mistakes after three city hunters had fired at her while she was passing to and from her school near McGrath. The costume was composed of: one chrome yellow waist with large black spots; one red and white striped skirt; one white felt hat, with feather of robin's egg blue; one black, silver spangled belt; one pair magenta gloves; one pair grey suede shoes; one parcel of sea green, bound with mauve ribbon; one black fox muff, with lavender ribbon neck support. John Eimhurst, a forest ranger, said that in addition to this outfit Miss Brown carried a bell, which she rang loudly.

Won Many Prizes

Ashley Stock Farm horses won prizes at the Provincial Winter Fair at Guelph, amounting to \$105.00. \$100 REWARD. \$100. Readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure till its stages, and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the System thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Cure that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Overseas Hospital Supplies and Field Comforts for Soldiers

During the past six weeks Miss Falkner has shipped overseas from the Work Room at 53 West Bridge Street, the following supplies: Filled Christmas Stockings, 100. Pipes, 150. Tobacco, 182 pkgs. Cigarettes, 7,020. Plum Cakes, 38. Candy, 35 lbs. Chocolate, 5 lbs. Nuts, 25 quarts. Oxo, 306 boxes. Sour Drops, 30 lbs. Cards, 178 packets. Writing Pads, 106. Pencils, 106. Envelopes, 106 pkgs. Post Cards, 102. Wash Cloths, 193. Bed Socks, 59 pairs. Wool Socks, 168 pairs. Soap, 210 cakes. Hospital quilt, 1. Scarf, 1. Binders, 74. Nightgowns, 17. Pyjamas, 84 pairs. Bed Jackets, 36. Cuffs, 75 pairs. Bed Pads, 156. Handkerchiefs, 53. Linen Tray Covers, 129. Dressing Gowns, 201. Mop Cloths, 64. Dusters, 40. Triangular Bandages, 617. Machined Bandages, 1,003. Maple Seeds, 1 bag. Absorbent Swabs, 686. Applicators, 2,200. The above supplies were sent from the following societies: Rednersville Women's Institute. Mountain View Woman's Institute. Huff's Island Red Cross Aid. Rossmore Red Cross Aid. Messasaga Church Red Cross Aid. St. Ola Red Cross Aid. For the proceeds of the Card Party given at the Hotel Quinte, by Mrs. J. V. Jenkins, Mrs. Donald Waters and Mrs. Dolan, also Cigarette Shower given by Miss Aileen Jenkins, the following Christmas Comforts were sent overseas, last week. 36 Plum Cakes. 115 Bags Peppermints and Clove Candy. 115 Bags Nuts. 115 Bags Sour Drops. 115 Chocolate bars. 5,520 Cigarettes. This list does not include shipments made for Quinte Chapter I.O.D.E. which will be reported by Hon. Sec. of Chapter.

All Round Girl's Club.

The All Round Girls' Club held its third session on Friday evening. Particular success attended the meeting of last night, firstly from the standpoint of attendance, secondly of interest, and thirdly from the standpoint of profit. The school opened with the usual patriotic choruses. Miss Jean Sinclair then gave a very practical talk on Table Setting and Serving. Miss Sinclair actuated her remarks by setting an informal table and serving in her usual graceful manner. From nine to nine thirty the young women enjoyed Physical Culture and Drill, after which Folk Dancing was in order. Next Friday evening the members of the All Round Girls Club are going to give a Xmas Concert. With the exception of a few outsiders the talent will consist of members of the club. The East Belleville Women's Institute has been very fortunate in being able to plan a rink for this winter. It will be large and well managed. The Institute is to be congratulated upon such an undertaking. A large staff has been secured for the Industrial Dept. and also Recreational Dept. of the Club. The young women of the city who have not already joined this centre of industry, they are missing something worth while, as it is the opinion of all that this is a phenomenal undertaking and one that will profit the young women who are in business of any kind all day. The courses are as follows: Domestic Science—Misses McFee and Sinclair. English Grammar, Arithmetic—Mrs. Marjory Waters. Short-hand—Miss Nina Yeomans. Typewriting—Miss A. Lesier. Fancy Sewing—Miss Deacon, Miss Clarke. Millinery—Mrs. Wm Black. Piano Sewing. Physical Culture—Miss M. Jones. Field Dancing—Miss Jones and committee. A number of the staff are not mentioned here as all the names are not in. A full list will be in soon. Miss Bradley is doing her best to establish a technical school for all classes as in larger cities and I think when the board sees the great need and also takes the full responsibility, her dream will have been realized. Miss Bradley is a busy woman and along with many other things she is accomplishing, her wonderful insight is a help to our community.

Municipal Government by General Manager

This New System Explained by Mr. P. W. McLaughlin of Montreal in an eloquent Address Before the Trenton Canadian Club Special (Special to the Ontario) Trenton, Dec. 9.—After luncheon at the Canadian Club which was held last evening in the Masonic banquet room, Front St., Trenton, a most instructive and interesting address was delivered by Mr. P. W. McLaughlin of Westmount, on the subject of "Municipal Government through a General Manager." The following is a synopsis of the address. The first city to adopt the small commission system was Galveston in Texas. This city had been destroyed by a tidal wave in 1909, and the mayor and council form of government breaking down under the crisis was replaced by a commission of five, appointed as an emergency measure by the Governor of the State. Commissioners working swiftly and effectively, soon brought order out of the chaos and ruin worked by the flood, and worked the municipal government not only more efficiently, but less expensively than it had ever been done before. After the emergency passed, the citizens attempted to continue the system, but modified by having three members appointed by the State and two elected by popular vote. This method, however, was found to be unconstitutional, and the people of Galveston were compelled in spite of themselves to elect the whole five commissioners. The system worked so well that in a short time 325 cities of the United States had adopted the system of Government by a small number of elected commissioners or controllers. According to this system a committee of aldermen governed finances, another committee of aldermen had charge of the roads, another the police and sanitary matters, another the light department, another the parks department. Each of these committees was under the direction of a chairman, who was the head of that department. It was found, however, that this system provided no permanent head for the whole administration as the Mayor could not always be on the job. We found ourselves possessed of a very efficient corps of permanent officials in each department, but what we wanted was an efficient, experienced, permanent head who would be "on the job" all the time compelling the co-ordination and co-operation of the efforts of all the departments without waste of time or materials. Accordingly we decided to abolish the existence of wards, and allow each alderman to represent the whole city and not merely a part of it. We had four wards, each electing two representatives, and the whole body of electors electing a mayor. We decided to reduce this number to five as being a more widely and serviceable body, and that we should still keep our departmental committees of aldermen, each with a separate chairman and over all we would find and place an efficient and permanent head. This head we decided to call the general manager. We further decided that we should find this general manager wherever we could find the most suitable man. He might be taken from the local community, from another province, or even from the United States, the great qualification must be efficiency. This clear, convincing, and logical address made such an impression on the rulers of our town, that Trenton is likely to adopt this system of civic government in the near future.

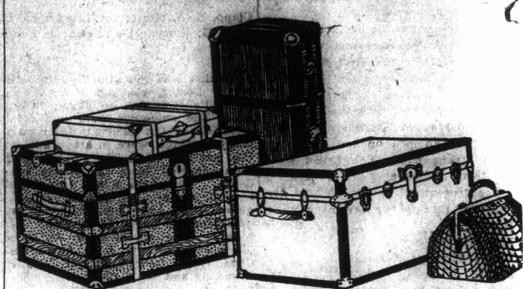
OBITUARY

GEORGE COVERT. George Covert passed away yesterday after having been in ill health for about one year. He was born in the fifth concession of Hillier, Prince Edward County and left there at the age of sixteen years going to Warkworth where he followed the occupation of Cooper. About fifteen years ago he came to Belleville to reside with his only daughter, Mrs. B. A. Lucas, Octavia Street. He was 71 years of age and a Baptist in religion. His wife preceded him to the tomb.

\$5000. Estate In Court

Ridley vs. Bly.—The plaintiff, Lucile H. Ridley, of Belleville brought action against Ross Bly, administrator of the estate of the late Edith P. Bly of Trenton, for half of the estate of the deceased, or for wages, alleging that she assisted the deceased in her store and house for 11 years on the promise that she would get half her estate at her death. The deceased died March 6th, 1915, but made no will. Porter and Carrow for plaintiff; W. C. Mikel, K.C., and T. A. O'Rourke for defendant.

Christmas Gifts



CLUB BAGS, SUIT CASES AND TRUNKS Make useful and handsome gifts. See our grand variety at prices that will appeal to all.

A.W. Vermilyea & Son THE STORE OF QUALITY & SERVICE

Persian Lamb G. T. Woodley Phone 421 273 Front St.

Ladies Hudson Seal Coats Price \$105 to \$115 Made up this year style, full Skirt, new style Collar and No. 1 Satin lining J. T. DELANEY 29 Campbell St. Phone 797. Opposite Y.M.C.A. N. B.—We buy Raw Furs

PRICES REDUCED ON OUR MAZDA TUNGSTEN LAMPS 25 WATT, 40 WATT OR 60 WATT 27 CENTS EACH THE BEST LAMP AT THE BEST PRICE

November Sale of Wallpaper, Pictures and Picture Framing At the New Up-street SCANTLEBURY STORE

C. R. Scantlebury the Decorator at the New Up Street Store.

The Trenton Electric and Water Co. Limited O. H. Scott, Local Mgr.

Cronk Auto Livery Phone 314 Driving for Private Parties a Specialty. Terms Moderate. We meet all trains and boats. Night and day calls promptly attended to. Residence No. 6 Bellevue Terrace

COLLIP FLORIST NIGHT PHONE 176—DAY 201 All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty. Shipped to all parts. Front Street opposite Geen's Drug Store

OUR LINES Automobile storage and car-repairing Automobile repairing Automobile Supplies Bicycle repairing Motor Cycle repairing Gas Engine work Electrical contracting Electrical supplies Oxy-acetylene welding Locksmithing Machine work Storage battery care and charge General and scale repairing Call and see us whether you are a business or not. At the Garage Greenleaf & Son 288 Pinnacle Street

Send your suits to be DRY CLEANED AND PRESSED New Method Telephone 194 174 Front Street

ESTABLISHED The VON HINDENBURG TO RETR... Have Buried O... Sanguinar... Berlin State... polli Have... Capture of... trograd--1... British Arm... VON HINDENBURG LONDON, Dec. 9.—Premier Asquith says that the Russian counter attacks against the British are enormous amount of... Five German... against which the... A sanguinary ba... BERLIN STATES BERLIN, Dec. 9.—The German press says that all the reports of Russian successes and other points on... REPORTED CAPTURE LONDON, Dec. 9.—The German press says that the Russian sea port... REPORTS OF HUNTERS LONDON, Dec. 9.—The German press says that the Russian reports in France say that the Russian thought to be for def... ONE MILLION MORE LONDON, Dec. 9.—The German press says that the Russian House of Commons and British army... VARNIA, IN RUINS LONDON, Dec. 9.—The German press says that the Russian bombardment of Varna, Bulgaria, it says the bombardment guns and laid the town... The Russians without artillery without against Bulgarian attacks... An earlier report of a Russian cruiser and two destroyers with troops, had arrived at Varna yesterday... FOUR GREAT ENEMY LONDON, Dec. 9.—The German press says that the Russian Premier Asquith says that the Russian army in the field. We want full resources of the country to be put at the disposal of the British. The financial burden which we are imposing on ourselves and our allies is not too heavy. "Finally, what we want to counteract the Russian direction by Great Britain and the other allies. The Russian position a fortnight ago will be a matter of course. MILLION AND MORE LONDON, Dec. 9.—The German press says that the Russian Premier Asquith says that the Russian contributes an article of enlistment under the name of Mr. O'Grady says that the Russian slowly vember the response was... "We therefore resolutely, as the result of one day to 336,000 men at the cost of the campaign, some