

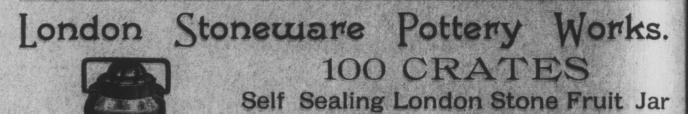
THE LEADING WHOLESALE TRADE HANDLE OLD CHUM PLUG AND GUT SMOKINO



Manufacturers of High Grade Patents, Strong Bakers, and Family Flours.

OATMEAL

WE MAKE THE CELEBRATED ROLLED OATS.



Special trade discount till 15th Sept., twenty per cent.

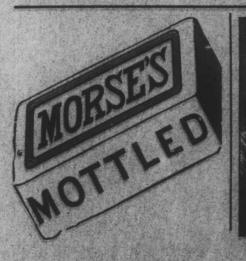
30 Crates 14 oz. Self Sealing Jam Jars. 25 per cent. discount nett till 15th Sept. 3 gross in crate.

100 CRATES Dominion Fruit Jar

Discount 10 per cent, till 15th Sept.

Fruit Jars with Corks, Pickle and Preserving Jars with Stone Covers. Special trade discount till further notice 10 per cent.

GLASS BROS & CO., - - London, Ont.



We have removed to our new premises, No. 146 & 148 Carling St. Call and see us when in our City.

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J. S. FRY & SONS

Bristol, England.

Manufacturers of CHOCOLATE AD COCOA.

No article of consumption has increased so rapidly in sale and use as COCOA and CHOCOLATE, and the last report of the Royal Commissioners states that within the past five years the consumption of COCOA in Great Britain has increased 34 per cent. They further say :--We have no reason to doubt that there is still abundant room for the further advance in the consumption of this wholesome article of food.--(Vide Commissioners' report for 1891 92.

COCOA continues to grow in popularity wherever used. It cannot be classed as a rival to tea and coffee. The latter are stimulating beverages, whilst the former is nutritious and sustaining in its properties.

MESSRS. FRY & SONS are the oldest house in the manufacture of this article, and are also the largest. They have just added a new factory that employs upwards of 300 additional hands, making a total of upwards of 3,000 employees.

IT PAYS TO KEEP THE BEST



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DIAMOND CHOCOLATE.

PURE CHOCOLATE.

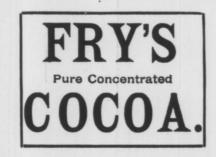
"GOLD MEDAL," SWEET.

ALL FRY'S GOODS PAY A GOOD MARGIN TO THE RETAILER.

FRY'S Diamond is the best low-priced Chocolate in the Market.

FRY'S Gold Medal Sweet is the best Chocolate at the price.

FRY'S Pure Chocolate is an absolutely pure article---unsweetened.



Is the strongest preparation of Cocoa made, and is absolutely pure, without flavoring matter or any other ingredients.

It is recommended by the highest medical authorities for its marvellous purity, strength and solubility. It is a profitable line to handle.

These goods can be obtained from all leading dealers Samples will be gladly furnished together with prices on all varieties, on application to the undersigned.

ARTAUR P. TIPPET & GO., Agents for Ontario and N. W. 43¹/₂ Wellington St. East, TORONTO.



Are sold by all Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Ganada, Are recommended by all Users, and Are fully guaranteed by the Makers.

Toronto Branch: 29 Front St. W. Montreal Branch: 318 St. James St. MAMMOTH FACTORIES :

HULL, - CANADA.



Published in the interest of Grocers, Qanners, Produce and Provision Dealers and General Storekeepers.

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TORONTO, OCTOBER 28, 1892.

J. B. MCLEAN, President. HUGH O. MCLEAN, Sec.-Treas. THE J. B. MCLEAN PUBLISHING COMPANY, FINE MAGAZINE PRINTERS AND TRADE JOURNAL PUBLISHERS.

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17 Victoria St., London, S.W R. Hargreaves, Manager.

Advertisers and Subscribers may have their correspondence addressed to the care of any of our offices and they are invited to use them at any time. At the Head office. Toronto, a place is set apart where they can see all the latest newspapers and the latest issues of trade papers from all parts of the world, where they can do their correspondence or obtain any information. Parcels may also be directed to the Head office.

The prices at which this year's crop of blue fruit comes on the market would indicate that the growers of Malaga are not making much headway in repairing the ruin the phylloxera wrought in their vineyards several years ago. The market has strengthened materially since the opening, an advice to hand on Monday reporting it excited, owing to an unexpected shortage which chiefly affects the finer grades. Canadian orders have all been filled, however, and the bulk of the shipments for this market are on the Escalona, which is due at Montreal in a few days. The price is likely to rule generally higher than it did last year, though this is contrary to the expected course of development, as an increase in the crop is looked for every year. The yield used to be three or four times what it is now, but was brought down enormously by the phylloxera which threatened the extinction of the vine. For the past six years the work of recovery has been going on, but each year finds it little farther forward. The young vines are now bearing, and it is probable that next year's crop will more fully answer to the expectations. The young vines

are healthy and appear to withstand the phylloxera. The grafting of Malaga cuttings on American roots is said to be a successful means of ensuring the vine against the disease.

The "nerve" of some merchants has been sorely tried this summer by the sugar trade. The wholesalers who bought large quantities at high prices in March in anticipation of higher ones in July had to wait until September for the turn of the tide, but they stayed manfully with their competitors, and now and then forced the pace a little. But there came a time when the people who had sugar bought were better off than those who had to buy it ; and then it was expected that there would be a pause for profits. Sweeter than profits, however, was the satisfaction of dosing the other fellows with their own medicine. Profits were as little regarded in the summer's trade as horse flesh was in the long cavalry ride in which Austrian and German troopers vied with each other to make the shortest time. The wholesalers who bought sugar at low prices always made business lively for those who did not. The retailers too rarely followed a wiser course. Many a grocer sold sugar at prices that did not repay him the mere money outlay, much less interest or profit. Some did so from a mistaken and foolish belief in "nerve," which they consider a requisite of modern business. To stand up and cheerfully shovel out sugar at losing prices is now and then a matter of choice between two evils, the other evil being the loss of trade. In certain circumstances loss on sugar is the lesser evil, and then a man has to face it with the best grace he can. But where traders resort to it out of pure waywardness, with the idea of doing a sensational trade, it is a must irrational course. There is an ignorant notion prevalent among people who have no clearly defined idea of mercantile matters that this is "business." It is "business" in the sugar trade, it seems, and it would appear that grocers are coming to accept it as an article of faith that sugar must not be sold at a profit. It is possible that some dealers would be dissatisfied with a salesman who should do a fair and profitable trade in everything, sugar included, and sell sugar at a paying price. They most likely would reason that, if a comfortable business could be done upon a basis of a profitable sugar trade, it could be immensely developed if sugar profits were discarded. It would be a shackle on the talents of some merchants, if the circumstances permitted they were required, to sell sugar at a profit or cost. They would be in dread of failure.

No. 44

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It is possible to make money in the retail grocery trade. There are grocers who demonstrate this at the end of every year, by the figures of their annual balance sheet. Their success controverts the hopeless plaint that there is no money to be made in the retail grocery trade. There is one method of proof often invoked by those who hold this latter view. They put side by side the number of those who fail and the number of those who become wealthy, and of course the latter is insignificant beside the former. But the same test would prove that every mercantile calling was a non-paying one. It is said that 95 per cent. of the men who go into business fail at some stage in their career, but 95 failures against 5 successes do not prove that there is no money to be made in trade. They do prove that the secret of making money is not shared by all at the outset of their career, and that it is hard to acquire without a lesson or two from failure. They show that business is not the easy matter that it seems and that so many traders go on taking it to be. Of course it is not easy to make money; it is not

easy even to remain solvent. The very common practice of the methods which lead to failure is not only directly productive of insolvency but indirectly as well. The conscientious and conservative trader has many times more trouble in keeping his business clear of consequences of rivals' actions than of consequences of his own. The effects of recklessness are farther reaching than the effects of care. The grocers who make money require to be not merely well versed in their knowledge of goods, but they must clearly recognize the conditions that trade is now done under. Prices are cut on many lines, cost prices are variable from time to time, goods are sold by wholesalers on short time, the credit system is dangerous, the expenses of doing business are greater than they ever were. The country merchant must make his produce pay him a good profit if he is to accept it as an equivalent for cash, all must study the tea trade to make it pay them a profit on itself and one on sugar, discounts must be secured, credit must be sparingly and discriminately given, bookkeeping must be faultless, collection infallible, prices maintained on proprietary lines, buying done with all the shrewdness a man can command. The care and display of stock, personal attention to customers and manifold matters of detail are all of importance as factors in the increase of capital that is employed in the retail grocery trade. The problem of how to make it pay is one that should never be absent from the mind. The people who lead an easy thoughtless life during the inintervals when demands for payment are not disturbing them, cannot expect to succeed. You are not behind the counter any single moment for mere gossip or any other idle entertainment. If you do gossip, it is in pursuance of one predominating purpose always present to the view of the earnest trader, and that is to make it pay you. A merchant who is constantly turning over the problems of his business in his mind and constantly working out their solutions is a hard man to drive out of business.

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Several of the busiest retail grocers in Toronto believe in and practise early closing at this time of year. Some of the mturn the key in the door at seven o'clock, others at eight. They comprise many who were unconvinced by the arguments in favor of early closing in summer, and who met those arguments by citing the solid returns of their own fruit business between the hours of

THE CANADIAN GROCER

eight and 10 p.m. Of course the fruit business is a factor on the side of late summer hours that it is hard to get over. The view taken by those who adopt an early closing hour at this season is, that the evenings are too cool for the perambulations of the citizens, whose saunterings in the warm evenings brought so much chance trade. People are enjoying the comforts of their homes or are taking part in some of the evening gatherings that are numerous now. Hence, the amount of shopping done after dark is small. The places of amusement are open, evening classes of various sorts are starting and the inside entertainments generally are now in their season. Salesmen, saleswomen and office hands might as well have a chance to benefit by these opportunities for relaxation and improvement of the mind.

THE FRACTION IN PRICES.

A score of years ago, anybody who knew enough about whole numbers to add, subtract, multiply and divide with could do all the reckoning called for in a retail store. Fractions seldom disturbed his peace of mind, unless in relation to the pound or other unit of weight or measure, and then generally only halves and quarters were involved. Occasionally, when butter would be 13c a pound a farmer's wife would have 8 lbs. 13 oz., or some equally inconvenient weight, and then the odd ounces would be allowed for in a rough way if the buyer happened not to know how to manipulate fractions. But prices were mostly all integral. Even the whole numbers which expressed the prices were apparently chosen with a view to the convenience of the reckoner. Prices were given in numbers ending in 5 or o very usually. But all this has changed. Odd numbers, prime numbers that will not factor, numbers with fractions now have to be faced. But lhe trader does not always bother with these fractions. If granulated sugar costs him 43%c. laid down in his store, and he calculates on making ¼c. per lb. profit, he should sell at 47% c. per lb. or about 201/2 lbs. for a dollar. But he wants an unbroken number to express a dollar's worth and would like one to express a half dollar's worth, so he says 22lbs. for a dollar and II lbs. for a half dollar. Thus he sells at a shade below his buying price. However he quotes he is forced to calculate in fractions, as these now play a large part in the wholesale prices, the shrinkage in prices consequent upon increased production, greatly cheapened cost of transit and intense selling competition having brought the fraction into great use. Years ago wholesale prices used to fluctuate in degrees of I or 2 or even 5 cents, whereas a change of a sixteenth of a cent makes as much difference now in trade as several units did in those times. But to

avoid the fraction the grocer will adopt a price that divides his fair margin with the customer. An article that cost him nearly 5c per lb. he will sell at 5c rather than say 5½c. The prices of to-day may be compared with those of a generation ago in the same way as many a man of to-day may be compared with the man ne was then. They were like well-filled out plump figures then ;* they are like attenuated forms now, on which the drawn skin shows the rough angles of the bony framework. They are worn as close to the intrinsic cost as it is possible to get. The retailer should give more attention to fractions and make up his prices on a margin that he knows the width of. Prices must be low, but let them not be shrivelled up to satisfy anybody's liking for simple integers, though they may be inflated for that purpose.

So fine are the distinctions drawn in quotations upon some classes of goods that decimal fractions have to be used instead of vulgar fractions. It is a pity they were not more commonly used. They are as easily handled as whole numbers, as in form they are simply an extension of our system quotation past the units' place, a system which is not bounded downwards any more than it is upwards. Hence decimal fractions can be operated up as whole numbers can.

THE PATRONS AT HUNTINGTON.

The Enterprise of Huntingdon,Que., gives a report of a meeting of the Patrons of Industry in that town on the 15th inst., and we make a few extracts from it.

In his speech Mr. Mallory, the Grand President of the order had this to say about salt :- The entire salt output of Canada was controlled by three men. These men were enabled to keep up the price of salt by gauging the supply. Only enough salt was put on the market at one time to keep up an active demand, and prices were never allowed to come down. The Patrons, at a meeting of the Grand Association, extended negotiations to one of the three men to come out of the combine, and they would agree to take a certain quantity of salt. Many vexatious delays and hindrances were put in the way by the other members of the combine, who even went so far as to have the County Judge issue an injunction restraining the members with whom they were negotiating from supplying the Patrons of Industry with their salt. This injunction expires on the 31st December, and the speaker said that it gave him pleasure to inform the Patrons present that they would receive their salt about January 1st, at half the price they would otherwise pay. According to the agreement made the Patrons will be furnished with from 500,000 to 1,000,000 barrels of salt at a stated price.

Mr. Mallory was followed by G. W. Stephens, M.L.A., who thought that it was a mistake for the Patrons to interfere with

traders. He thought that the latter class had enough competition already amongst themselves to keep prices down. He did not believe in farmers going into trading themselves, for just so sure as a man goes into anything he knows nothing about, just so sure would he come out with an immense quantity of experience. Speaking of the cash system, he said that a long credit system was bad. If people would only pay cash for what they got, everything would be cheapened. He pointed to the Dominion Cotton Co., as an instance of the evils of a combine, and explained how this company watered their stock so as to create the impression that they were making more than six per cent dividends. Farmers should take an active and intelligent interest in the affairs of the country.

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Mr. Scriver, M. P., was the next speaker. He said that if the farmers are oppressed it is largely their own fault. Mr. Mallory had remarked that farmers preferred to be represented by one of themselves. If there was any rock on which the association might split it was in arraying one class against another. It was not men of any particular class that were wanted, but honest men, who would give them an honest administration of affairs. He did not think that the profits of the storekeepers nowadays were unreasonable. He did not think they could point to any one around here who has made a fortune at retailing merchandise. Speaking of his own personal experience a man would not get rich very fast.

THE POSITION OF TEA.

The strong advance in prices of tea which we have been experiencing lately, differs from the occasional excitement of past seasons, in that the position looks certainly favorable to a steady market. Therefore, without anticipating any very wild operations among tea speculators, the general impression seems to be that tea at the prices at which it has been bought is a fairly safe investment. In China the Pingsuey men, as already noted in these columns, have determined on a reduction in the production to 135,000 half chests against 160,000 halt chests last year. This is certain to ensure speculation across the line. In Japan there is no accumulation despite the heavy shipments of the past season, and stocks are not any larger than they were this time last year, while advices with regard to the last crop state that it was 2,000,000 lbs. short and that all there is coming forward is now afloat. With regard to Indian and Ceylon teas, advices from London are that the market has held strong for several weeks. They put the total available supply for Great Britain from India at about 107,000,000 lbs. If this is so, brokers consider that it it is not more than will be actually wanted. The statistical position of Ceylon stock also, according to British advices, appears even

stronger, as the total import into Great Britain is not estimated at more than 70,000,-000 lbs., while the consumption of the tea by the English market is placed at 78,000,000 lbs. a year. On the whole the position seems to favor firmness, and it looks more and more as if prices were going, if anything a little higher. Lower grades of India and Ceylons have been worked up 1d. to 1 1/2 d., and Pekoe Souchong cannot be bought now under 6d. per. lb. Java and green teas also point upwards, the crop news on the latter being unfavorable. Prices in consequence are firm at full values. It would seem therefore as if those buyers who got the low grade goods at the recent auction sale in Montreal at such low values, owing to the absence of competition, have made a good thing of it.

THE DECLINE IN SUGAR.

This staple and its phases has been an interesting study recently, furnishing for the nonce an apt illustration of how sympathetically the markets of the world act with one another at times. No sooner was there an interruption to the supply of beet stock across the lines and attention devot-ed to cane for supplies, than the beneficial influence was felt by Canadian re finers. Naturally, with no supplies of beet in prospect, prices hardened un-der the increased call for cane stock. and our refiners had a chance to send a considerable quantity of sugar across the Hnes, as everyone knows. This steadied the Canadian market in the face of a quiet domestic trade, but now the position of affairs is altered. Supplies of beet recommenced at New York and United States refiners reduced their prices to meet foreign competition, not-ably Canadian. This shuts the latter 'of the market across the lines out and as the domestic market is dull and heavy, the decline of a fortnight ago was inevitable.

In fact, prices seem likely to tend lower. The American Sugar Trust by its recent course seems determined to keep its own field to itself, and should our refiners meet its move by a further reduction, would probably cut prices still lower. The possibilities of the domestic trade, therefore, is all that remains to our refiners. If jobbers are to be believed, they are well supplied ahead, and this is a natural assumption, as the movement of sugar from first hands has been pretty steady during the fall. There is no urgent necessity therefore of provid ing for fresh supplies at the moment unless some inducement is offered, and as buyers hold the view that the present easiness will be of some duration, they are not likely to be urgent for some time to come. As a matter of fact, there is no reason they · they should, for if jobbers are selling at first cost. or within a small fraction of it, which we know to be the case, there must be some very good reason for it. Briefly, the weak feeling is un-doubted, and it will not be surpris-ing if we see still lower prices, unless some radical change occurs on outside markets calculated to effect a recov-ery. This is a remote possibility and hardly worthy of consideration. There is nothing in the position of

There is nothing in the position of the raw sugar market to warrant any apprehension on the part of buyers.

In New York importers are endeavoring to sustain prices on cane, but there is nothing very special in the posi-tion, while receipts of beet stock have been very free recently. There is a prospect, however, that Southern States cane will be hurried forward more rapidly this year than usual, while reports from some sections say the crop is unusually large. New su-gar was marketed in New Orleans on the 1st of October this year, being a couple of weeks earlier than the regular date for that event. It is understood also that every arrangement is being made by the government to facilitate the marketing of the crop by hurrying the weighing and inspection of the sugar. With regard to the crop itself in Louisiana. the Picayune, of New Orleans, say that all reports warrant the belief that the crop will be unusually large. Some sanguine planters and sugar men go so far as to predict that this sea-son's yield will not only exceed all crops since the War, but also go ahead of the best ante-bellum records

LOSSES ON APPLE SHIPMENTS.

As the season advances the prospects for those speculators who went in early and paid extreme figures for apples in the country do not improve. In fact, allowing for all the conditions, some of the figures paid seem ridicu-lous in the extreme, comparing the present season with previous ones. The Canadian crop this year, both of fall and winter apples, was an exceptionally good one, and in addition to this, advices from the apple producing countries on the continent of Europe indicate that they would send the aver-age quantity of stock to the English market. It is true the English growth itself was short, but the deficiency was more than made up by the excess in supplies elsewhere. Last year no such condition of affairs prevailed, and the first cost of apples in Canada only averaged from \$1 to \$1.25 per barrel. This year, on the contrary, they were fully 25c. to 75c. higher for the first cost of the fruit at the orchard. In a word, fruit in Montreal ready for shipment costs to-day from \$2.25 to \$2.50 per barrel, against \$1.75 to \$2 last year, and this increase does not include any margin of profit for a turnover. On this basis operators stand to lose a tidy little sum, unless prices in Great Britain improve materially. Some of the shipments of early fall apples which have gone forward mean big losses to some people, dealer estimating that from \$100,000 to \$125,000 must have been dropped in the aggregate on some shipments. Little of this comes out of the pockets of Montreal shippers, who would have nothing to do with apples at the ex-

and values. The preferred to allow the speculators in the country to drop their money. Latterly it is worthy of remark that growers are disposed to talk more reasonably than a month ago, and this is taken as an indication that the people in the country who have been boosting up prices have got tired of the game, the inference being that they found it unprofitable. The shipments from Montreal also have been remarkably heavy, ranging all the way from 10,-000 to 25,000 barrels per week since the apple shipment season opened, and they keep on.

ON BOTH SIDES OF THE COUNTER.

FOR WANT OF A NAIL THE SHOE WAS LOST, ETC.

A grocer ordered some hams to be sent up in the morning, that being the usual time for the driver to deliver his goods in that direction. But this day the driver was slow and did not arrive until about 5 o'clock in the evening. The following is the consequence: That grocer had an order waiting the arrival of the hams, but could not send them until they came from the packer's. As it was a long distance to send, he wished to make one trip do, and he refrained from sending the other goods of his customer's order without the hams for fear of offending her. A servant came down twice to see why the goods did not come up. The grocer made the excuse that he was waiting for the hams. She said they needed the hams in the worst way, as there were some strangers invited to spend the afternoon and stay for tea, and she suggested that he had better send the rest of the things and the ham afterwards. This he did. He received the hams about 5 o'clock. He sent one up but it was returned, as it did not get there in time to be cooked. The story falls into the form of that about the House that Jack Built. The packer's delivery was long behind time, consequently the grocer's was, the people had waited all day for the ham and at last were disappointed; the driver had two very long trips, one trip for nothing ; the people, who were good customers were disgusted, and withdrew their account : the grocer lost the customer and all the customer's friends, because they could not depend on getting their goods when they wanted them ; the grocer buys his ham and bacon after this from another packer.

FOR A FRIEND IN NEED.

How would it do to let part of the surplus fund of the Grocers' Association go to help some poor but really deserving grocer when in need? Timely assistance might often be rendered when sickness, fire or other misfortune had reduced a fellow-member to a condition of destitution.

HELLO, CENTRL !

SCENE I.-Grocerystore.-Grocer wipes persperation from his brow.

Grocer's Wife .- Well, did she give you a big order ?

Grocer .--- No, it's enough ic make any one sick. I've been all that way, about miles, only to be told that she could not think of a single thing she needed to-day.

[Telephone Bell rings. Grocer's wife answers.]

Grocer's Wife .- Hello !

Customer.-Hello, is that Mr. R?

Grocer's Wite.-No, its Mrs. R.

Customer .- Mr R. was up this morning and I could not think of a single thing I wanted, but on looking over I find I need a pound of rice and a pound of sugar. Would

you please send it up at once, as my cook is waiting for it?

Grocer's Wife .- All right ma'm. Is there anything else?

Customer .- No, not to-day.

Grocer's Wife -All right ma'm.

Grocer .- Who is that ?

Grocer's Wife .- The woman you called upon an hour ago.

Grocer.--I just expected as much. Now I supposed I'll have to drive all that way for one cent profit.

SCENE 2 .- Same store 2 o'clock in afternoon; Bell rings. The grocer has returned from delivering.

Grocer.-Hello.

Customer .-- Is that Mr. R.

Grocer -Ves

Customer.-I forgot to order 5c. worth of mixed spice, when you were up. Would you please send it up at once.

Grocer to himself .-- I would like to send you to Jericho.

LOSS AND GAIN.

Lady Customer .- How much are your readers?

Shopkeeper.-They are 15c.

Lady Customer.-Oh, E. sells them at 10c. I guess I'll go down and get them there.

Shopkeeper .-- All right, ma'm. I can't sell them at that price.

She takes the boy with her, pays 5c. car fare for herself and 3c. for the boy, 8c. there and 8c. back, that is 16c., to get 5c. ahead of her grocer and 11c. ahead of herself.

BEWARE.

Some employees' mode of operation in trying to bring others down to their own level is this : they try by their suave manner to make friends of the other employees, especially those who have any power, lead them on into some mischief, get them to do something wrong so that they cannot squeal on them when they do anything that is not right. When the better man yields to this cunningly devised scheme he is in the grip of the devil. Beware, young men, when the tempter asks you in his friendly way to partake with him in some idle or vicious pleasure. Shrink from him as if he were a viper. Which he is.

A NEW VARIETY OF TEA.

The tea that is always drunk in novels -orange pekoe-is a tea perfumed by laying orange flowers among the tender young leaf buds, but not produced in nearly sufficient quantities ... he demands made upon it by the lady novelists. A new perfumed tea, however, is being introduced. It is called Fayham tea, and is expected to soon have the vogue in literature of orange pekoe. It is even more valuable in life, because it is described as agreeable cold or hot, and can be used to flavor custards and ices, while in punch its own aroma is even more fragrantly distilled by the other ingredient. Fayham tea, it seems, is made of the flat-dried leaves of a white orchid that grows as a parasite in

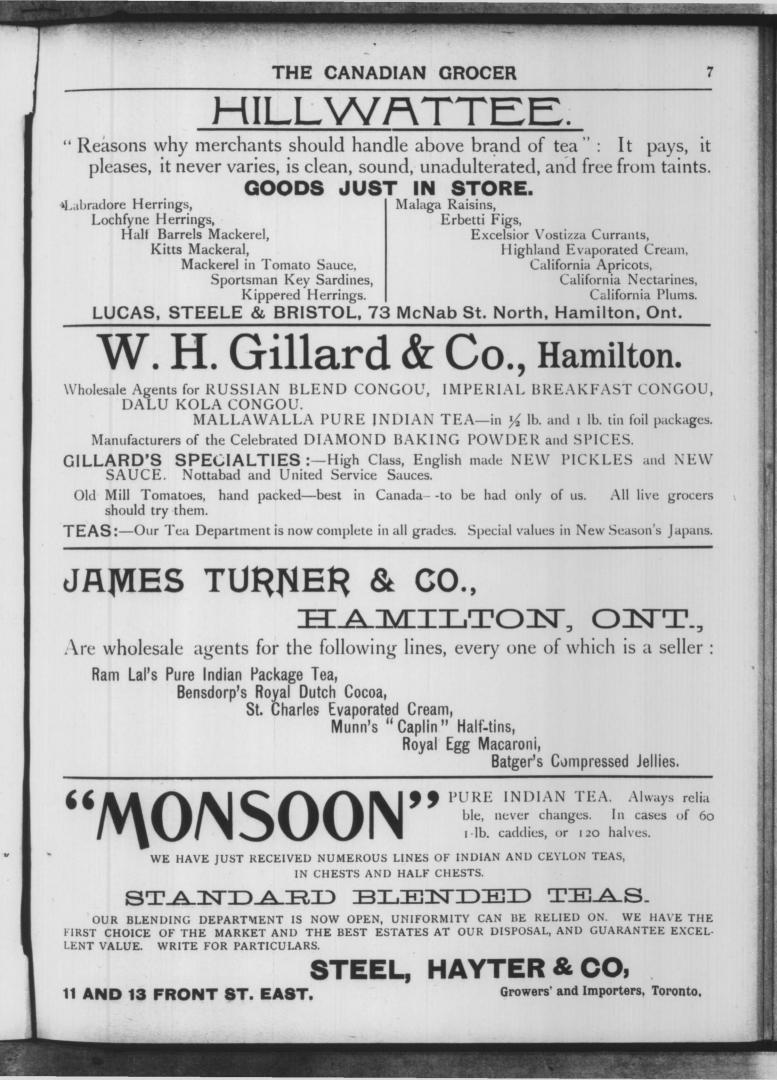
the forests of Mauritius. Its botanical name is Angræcum fragrans. The plant has long been known, but only recently orchid tea has been introduced in Paris, where it has since become an article of commerce. But it is not only as a tea that this parasite is making itself a reputation. Cigars have also been made of the leaves, and the vanilla-like odor they emit is described as worthy the end of the century. The orchid of all plants has been hitherto regarded as the most purely ornamental, as it not even supports itself. The discovery of a variety that rivals both tea and tobacco on their own grounds is regarded of economic importance, and the probability is that the orchid, which belongs to the very highest botanical circles, will yet be cultivated and numbered with the crops. -N. Y. Sun.

JAMAICA COCOANUTS.

On the island of Jamaica are found several varieties of cocoanuts. They are distinguished by shape and size and the thickness of the husk and the flesh part of meat. The Curacoa is a very large nut, with thick husk and meat. The Maiden variety is very small and grows in large bunches, and while the Curaco seldom has more than six or seven nuts to the bunch, there was recently exhibited a bunch which contained thirtynine nuts of the Maiden variety. The Curaca produces the largest amount of oil, usually averaging twelve quarts to 100 nuts, more than any other variety. In sprouting the cocoanut, the flattest of its three sides should be laid on the ground, and should be so inclined that the water, or milk, will flow towards the eyes. The uppermost ridge should be chipped to allow the moisture to penetrate, causing the eyes to grow more quickly. The earlier the nuts are transquickly. The earlier the nuts are trans-planted after sprouting (the season being faborable) the stronger will be the plant. The beginning of the October season is the best time to transplant. In laying out a plantation the land should be thoroughly cleared, as the young plant requires no shade

It has been tound best, by experience, not to cut the branches or to trouble the tree in any way in its growth. A plantation usually will commence to bear in seven years, and be in full bearing in ten years. Generally be in full bearing in ten years. Generally the nuts are permitted to fall to the ground, and are gathered every day or two and taken to the storehouse. The greater part of the nuts shipped from Jamaica go to America and Canada, although a considerable quant-ity go to England and the Continent. In shipping to the first-named countries all the nuts are husked, while they are sent to Europe in the husks. The average price realized by the producer is 2 cents per nut. Some growers, instead of shipping the nuts, prefer to extract the oil, which is done by a very simple process. After being husked the nuts are broken up and pieces laid near a fire until the meat will come away from the shell. Then the meat is washed, the thin black skin that lies between it and the shell not being removed. After being washed the meat is grated, placed in a vat, boiling water poured over it, and the whole strained. When the water cools the oil floats on the top and is skimmed off and cooled and 15 ready for shipment. The oil sells for 12 cents per pint bottle. It is now proposed to introduce into Jamaica the manufacture of cocoanut bútter .- American Grocer.

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ARCUIMBAU MORANDS MERLES PHILIPS VALENCIAS SELECTED LAYERS OFF STALK BOXES-HALVES and QUARTERS AND ORDINARY New Currants, Figs, Eleme Layers, and Natural.

FANCY GOODS OUR STOCK IN THIS DEPART-MENT IS NOW COMPLETE. IT WILL PAY YOU TO CALL WHEN IN THE CITY.

M. MASURET & CO., Wholesale Grocers, LONDON.

TAKE TIME.

Every day you hear some business man or merchant complaining that he gets no time for doing thus and so. It is a very convenient excuse for negligence or lack of a proper system of working. The fact is there is a time for everything under the sun, if people will only take it, by seizing time by the forelocks as they should. A man has no business to work at anything that he has not ample time for doing, and doing well. If a business man gets insufficient time to attend properly to all the details of his business, there is something radically wrong with his system, or in the running gears of his establishment that should be righted at once. He lacks sufficient help in some department, or is practising false economy, or else wasting time somewhere.

Some people foolishly fancy that they get no time for any rest or recreation, they do not ever find time to eat or sleep properly, but get so wound up in their business that they fly around like a buzz saw and those nervous, restless mortals are never still. They are a sort of animated perpetual motion machines. There seems to be no happy medium; people either wear out or rust out, and one way of giving out is as bad as the other.

There is a vast difference between the systematic, methodical, regular, steady-going business man, and the one who flies around until he files off the handle, and never gets time to properly oil up. These are they who fill our lunatic asylums, or plod around as poor nervous dyspeptics and drop into an early grave, because they never got time to attend to nature's laws. Old father Time reaps them in with his keen edged scythe and they are harvested before they are ripe. They have to take time to die and it is only then that they get their long neglected rest. The wise man of Holy writ said : "There is a time for all things, a time for rejoicing and a time to mourn."

The true business man ever finds time too precious to waste in frivolous things, but he has always time for a pleasant word for those around him. He works like clock work, and takes time to get wound before he runs down. He keeps his hands busy as well. He never wastes time in long stories and useless talk argument. He works easily and smoothly because he is systematic. He finds time to eat his food with a relish, to sleep and rest, to get acquainted with his wife and play with his babies. He never says, "I had no time to attend to that little matter," because he is punctual to the stroke. He is like a time piece well regulated. If he does go on tick he is punctual to the hour. He strikes-" while the iron is hot." His keeps all his appointments and engagements to the letter, and those with whom he deals know that they can trust and depend upon him. He is a good time piece, and all men look up to him with confidence

that they will never be too late for the train.

It is not steady work that kills. It is nervous, fretful worry. It is letting your clock get too fast or too slow. It is getting out of plumb with the world. My friend, if you are a business man, keep your works clean, well regulated, and balanced. Mark time as you go, and do not get wound up too tight or fly off your balance, until the mainspring of life has worn out by time's unceasing stroke, the wheels have ceased to revolve and the clock has struck, "never to go again," until it is prepared by the great Creater.---Detroit Herald of Commerce.

The Vancouver Clerks' Asociation held their first annual ball in the Market hall Wednesday evening, the 19th inst.

" Happy Thought " IS BOUND TO WIN

Merchants that appreciate despatch, neatness, permanency and exectness will use nothing but our new "Happy Thought" Counter Check Book. No Carbon Paper required. Every page copies to the very edge and nothing to do but use your pencil upon the bill. Surely the invention is a "Happy Thought."

Every Merchant is made happy, contented and safe when they use "Happy Thought." Made in all sizes and shapes of Carter and Grip Books. Send for samples of "Happy Thought" and Store and Office Supply price list, etc.

> J. K. CRANSTON, GALT, ONT.

Agent for Carter and Grip Counter Check Books as well. SP Mention this Paper.



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EVER

Strike you that you can save money by buying direct from us.

We can give you the best goods at lowest prices. Send for a sample caddy or two.

Empire Tobacco Co.,

MONTREAL.

DRY GOODS.

The past week has been a quiet one with the wholesalers in some lines, but general trade is good. In fact it may be said that in all except the heaviest woollen goods the demand has been brisk. Buyers are still cautious and wary, but staple lines are being bought in fairly large parcels.

Holiday novelties are being talked up in all quarters, and dealers are picking up leaders for their holiday trade. Many lines are being shown, but most of the wholesale houses have not yet received their full lines of this class of goods. Ties of all kinds are being pushed just now in contemplation of the usual brisk trade at this season of the year. All kinds of patterns and colors are displayed with a profusion which has never been excelled on this market.

Dress tweeds are not selling so rapidly as before, but the great demand is now on black and navy serges. The old stand-bys have sold well this season in all varieties, and at present stocks are very low. Although wholesalers were prepared for a moderate demand, they did not anticipate so great a reaction in their favor.

Sewing silks are expected to advance in price in a few days; in fact, all kinds of silk goods are held at firm prices at present, and spun silk has already materially advanced in price. Most of the travellers now on the

road report a good sorting trade. but heavy goods are not moving very freely. The present cold snap may work a speedy change in regard to this situation. Most of these are now carrying spring samples, but it is too early yet to gauge the real feeling of the trade with regard to spring goods.

NOTES.

Wyld. Grasett & Darling have placed in stock a fresh shipment of glass cloths in fancy checks ranging through all usual prices. They claim that these goods are of the best quality. In domestic shirtings they are offering some splendid drives These cottons bought at old prices, and are now being sold at prices equal to the present cost at the mills. They are showing one special line in ladies' underwear at \$9 per dozen, which is taking well; this is a line of natural wool, the sale of which is controlled by them in this city. They are also pushing a nice line of laced kid gloves which were received recently. These are much in demand at present, and they carry a full range. In their furnishing department underwear is moving freely, and there is a strong demand for lined gloves in kids, napa bucks, buckskin, etc.; and also mufflers in fine cashmeres and silks. These latter are shown in fancy designs, such as polka dots, checks and Paisley patterns.

Gordon, McKay & Co. have just secured four thousand pieces of flannelettes in checks and stripes. This lot will comprise one hundred different patterns, but only one quality. These goods have been bought at about 20 per cent. below manufacturers' prices, and will be sold at a close margin. They guarantee them first quality and worthy of attention in all respects. Although cottonades have advanced in price, this firm is offering two special lines of overalls at low prices which are excellent value. They have large quantities of them.

Guantities of them. Samson, Kennedy & Co. are opening up a lot of chenille curtains, which comprises a large range both as to pattern, color and quality. In children's and misses' wool caps and hoods they are showing a good range. One of their specialties at present is a line of cornice poles in antique oak, ebony, mahogany and ash, at all prices. For the cheaper class of trade these poles are taking extremely 'well, and the enquiry for them has been increasing, notwithstanding the short time they have been on the market. The poles are fitted up with wooden rings and brackets. They are also doing a good trade in brass pole trimmings. In scalettes and mantle cloths their range is extensive at present, having been kept so by repeats, notwithstanding the strong enquiry for them and the numerous and bulky orders executed. They have a low line of all-wool henriettas which they are running on at present. A shipment of black and colored velveteens has just passed the Customs and will soon be placed in stock.

John Macdonald & Co. have opened up another shipment of ladies' and children's fine ribbed wool hose. They are the balance of a manufacturer's stock, secured at a low figure, and early purchasers will get the benefit. Odds and ends of dress goods are now being offered at clearing prices, and are being rapidly picked up. Their lines of dress goods have been good sellers this season, and consequently odd and broken lines are valuable. A manufacturer's stock of braces, comprising over 2,000 dozens, has just been opened up. This shipment contains 23 different styles, and are placed on sale so as to be cleared rapidly at about one-third less than us ual prices. They have also just passed into stock three cases containing eleven hundred dozen of manufacturer's job handkerchiefs. A case of ladies' portmonnales have just been received in ten different numbers. They have refilled their stock of yarns by repeats in Saxony wools, fingering and domestic yarns. Elght different numbers of new style American corsets are being shown. They are extra good value, and with Thompson's English glove-fitting corsets, and the best domestic makes, their stock presents a very large variety.

THE SHEEP AND THE GOATS.

The best and most effective object lesson on the relative advantages of buying and selling for cash and of trading on the credit system is that happily conceived and practiced by a California grocer. He has arranged two distinct and separated departments. On each side of the store there is kept a complete stock of groceries, the difference being that the goods on one side are sold for cash, while those on the other side are sold "on time." When a customer presents his order he is asked whether he desires to purchase for cash on credit, and is at once brought face to face with the fact that there is a distinction with a very perceptible difference between the two methods.--Commercial Inquirer.

10

FRESH RRIVALS Bevan's Valencia Shelled Almonds. Imperial Cabinets. Connoisseur Clusters. Eleme Figs in 10, 20 and 28 lb. boxes. Natural Figs in 28 lb. boxes. Evaporated California Apricots.

304, 306 St. Paul St.,

143, 145 Commissioners St.

H. P. ECKARDT & CO., WHOLESALE GROCERS, TORONTO.

To the Trade :

HUDON, HEBERT & CIE. Wholesale Grocers

-AND-

Wine Importers,

GENTLEMEN :-

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We have exhausted the twelve tons of Pepper that we had at stock taking last January, and have placed our order for 200 sacks, about 14 tons, of the finest Tillicherry. You will see that we will be able to fill your orders with the finest goods at the lowest prices for some months to come. Asking you for a continuation of your valued patronage. We remain,

> Yours. THE NOW DRIFT CO., BRANTFORD



Wm. Paterson & Son BRANTFORD.

Best Value Made. Ocean Wave

Sold only in Cans.

Todhunter, Mitchell & Co., HIGH GRADE COFFEES. Baking Powder

Old Government Java, Arabian Mocha, Plantation Ceylon, Maracaibo and Santos. Grocers draw trade by selling their FAVORITE EXCELSIOR BLEND.

RELIABLE ROASTING BY PATENTED PROCESS.

MONTREAL, CANADA.

11

We offer to arrive ex S. S. "Avlona."

Finest Provincial Currants in barrels and half barrels. Finest Filiatra do in barrels and half barrels. Finest Vostizza do in half cases. Valencia Raisins, "Fine Off Stalk." "Four Crown Layers." do do

L. CHAPUT, FILS & CIE. Wholesale Grocers, Montreal.

Caverhill, Rose, Hughes & Co. WHOLESALE GROCERS.

MONTREAL, P.Q.

TORONTO.

New fruits, all kinds. Too busy to specify them.



[This department is made up largely of items from travellers and retailers throughout the Dominion. It contains much interesting information regarding the movements of those in the trade. The editor will thank contributors to mail copy to reach the head office Wednesday.]

D. Vincent has opened a new store at Novar, and another is being fitted up there by Mr. Cooper.

Porter E. Ronald's china and glassware house, Winnipeg, was badly damaged by fire on Friday night with heavy loss.

Next year is expected to be a fat year on the Fraser River. There appears to be a regularly recurring strong run every fourth year.

The Fisheries Department has issued a warning that it is illegal to catch whitefish or salmon trout in the province of Ontario between the 1st and 30th of November.

The other morning Mr. Gamble, a storekeeper on the Manotick road, jumped off an electric car before it had come to a standstill at the junction of Maria and Bank streets, Ottawa. He was thrown on his head and badly injured.

Henry Barber & Co., assignees, have sold the estate of Ruby & Hilker, of Port Elgin, tor 68 cents to L. A. Hilker. The estate of Henry Hilker, of Underwood, was sold for 65 cents, and the store property for \$1,250 to AmosHilker. There are \$50,000 assets yet unsold.

Warren Bros. & Boomer have received a a copy of a book containing a list of all the tea, indigo, silk, coffee and sugar plantations in India and Ceylon, with their factory marks, etc., and other interesting information relating to the Indian and Ceylon tea trade.

G. Hector Clemes, advertising manager for THE CANADIAN GROCER, is making his headquarters at the Exposition, and is establishing cordial relations and valuable acquaintanceship with members of the Manufacturers' Association, besides making lots of friends socially.—Commercial Enquirer.

THE GROCER extends its most hearty congratulations to A. A. Parks, Williamsford, Oct., and wishes Mr. and Mrs. Parks very many happy and properous years of married life. In Mrs. Parks, who is the third daughter of John Stewart Sullivan, he has a most estimable and talented companion.

The estate of Vincent White, of St. John, N.B., provision merchant, was valued at \$100,000 personalty. Deceased leaves the incoine of \$40,000 to the widow for her lifetime, and a small sum to a sister, \$2,000 to the Home for Aged Females, and \$2,000 to the Protestant Orphan Asylum. The balance goes to his son, Dr. White, of that city.

A test made at Kingston of the use of black pepsin in milk in order to increase the quality of butter is pronounced a failure. The quality of the butter was injured.

The other night thieves broke into the store of Mr. Smeath, Burgessville, and carried off a number of pairs of pants, shirts, tobacco, pipes, and a 25-pound sack of flour, together with other small articles, amounting in value to about \$50. The next night, at Globe's corners, the general store of Mr. Bugberry was the object of attack, and goods to the value of \$100 were carried off, as well as a few dollars in cash.

"O & W. Thum Co. are enlarging their works by the addition of a building 75 by 100 ft. and three stories high to accommodate additional machinery. New engine and boiler house and storehouses will also be completed before next spring. O & W. Thum Co. mean to have no trouble next year to supply Tanglefoot in sufficient quantity to meet the requirements of the trade.

Ed. L. Liddicot, grocer, of East London, Ont., was united in marriage Wednesday, the 19th inst., to Miss Alice J. Allen, of the same place. The wedding took place at the residence of the bride's father, 1074 Francis street. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. Philp, in the presence of about fifty guests. The presents were numerous and valuable. The happy couple will at once take up housekeeping at 886 Dundas street.

At a meeting of the Council of the Woodstock Board of Trade a letter from Thomas McClay, the contractor, was considered. It contained an offer to put up a 125-bbl. flouring mill on his premises in the East end if the town would exempt said premises and mill from taxation for ten years and give him free water, the mill to be a fine brick and stone structure, and ready for operation before the 1st of January. The members of the board present passed a unanimous resolution in favor of asking the Town Council to grant the terms asked.

Keep a good lookout for the counterfeit United States five-dollar note, which may find its way into Canada one of these days. It is of the 1880 series, and is numbered A 224,455,760. It has the vignette of Jackson and is a very bad imitation. The paper and engraving of the front are bad. The silk threads are imitated by creases in the paper. The reverse side of the note is very good. The counterfeit was discovered by the receiving teller at the Continental National Bank in Baltimore, recently.

It is said that there is a movement on foot to promote an export trade in dead meat from the Canadian N rth-west territories to China and Japan. Extensive refrigerators are to be established at Vancouver, on the C inadian side of the Pacific, and at Shanghai, Yokohama and Hong Kong on the Asiatic coast, all of these being owned and controlled by the prospective company. I, is understood that the greater portion of the cattle required will be obtained from the ranches of Alberta, and that the killing will be done at Calgary or at some adjacent point on the Canadian Pacific line.

The Leland House, which is situated in the centre of the business part of the city of Winnipeg, has now accommodation for 150 to 200 guests, and is fitted up with all the latest modern improvements ; elevator from basement to top storey ; lavatories and bath. rooms on every floor ; electric light and gas in every room, and is steam-heated thorougly throughout. The dining-room acco. modation and the cuisine is not surpassed by any hotel west of Chicago, and as a commercial house both as regards situation and convenience is one of the best, if not the best in the city. One feature, not often met with in hotels, is its telephone system, which connects the different business portions of the house, nine in number.

A meeting of the clerks of the town of Renfrew, Ont. was held the other evening, to consider if they would take steps to try to induce their employers to continue the earlyclosing movement—six o'clock, three nights in the week—the year round, instead of for the summer months only. All agreed that they would like to get the concession; but the general store clerks were not quite sure, if they were the bosses themselves, that they would want to close up so promptly any nights in the winter months, when far-off customers get in late in the day, and want to do their shopping at night. It was decided, however, to name a committee to find out the opinion of the senior merchants themselves on the matter, and D. W. Stewart, W. R. Barnard and J. R. Morley were selected.

Ald. Burns, talking over the proposal of the mayor that no ice for any purpose whatever be cut from the bay, said that the change would put about \$100,000 a year into the railway coffers. It costs \$1 per ton to haul ice from Lake Simcoe, and often a carload of fifteen tons is reduced by shrinkage through detention to nine or ten tons. Before the city passes the by-law he thinks something should be done toward securing a reduction of freights. The people he finds favor the change and a great many are will-ing to pay the extra cost for Lake Simcoe ice. The alderman made rather an original proposal when he said :- " If you will prevent the sewage of the city and byres from draining into Ashbridge's Bay and will restore it to its old clear condition I will give \$20,000 a year for the privilege of cutting 100,000 tons of ice from it." This would go a long way 10ward paying the interest on a reclamation scheme.



We are now taking fall orders for October shipment. Please order early as our stock is limited.

BLAIKLOCK BROS, MONTREAL. General Agents for Canada TOBONTO AGENTS :

WRIGHT & COPP, 40 Wellington St. East, Toronto



14

TORONTO MARKETS.

TORONTO, Oct, 27, 1892. GROCERIES.

The state of trade owes little to this week, as scarcely a shadow of change has passed over it since our last report was written. Business is quiet all along the street and nobody claims that it is more than moderately good. Canned goods, which for the last two or three years have been depended on to flush in a strong volume of orders in October, have not benefited trade much this year. Dried fruits particularly Valencia raisins, receive their wonted attention, which is always limited to present wants until a little later in the fall. Tea is rather active but not remarkably so. Sugar is dull and quiet. Retailers are not favored with any unusual demand from agricultural quarters. The farmers are not selling their grain as freely as they might ; consequently they are not buying freely, nor are they paying their accounts as retailers would like to see them doing. The wholesalers note this backwardness in the payment of store accounts, and complain that it prevents money getting to them when it should. Renewals are grudgingly given at this time of year, but they have to be con-ceded now and then.

COFFEE.

The market has lost little if any of its strength. The stocks ip hands of holders here were bought when prices were high and will likely beheld at current figures until they are run off, no matter how the outs de markets act. Another shipment of Rio is on the The price here continues at 191/2 to way. 21c. Java is firm at 30 to 40c., the highest



priced being specially choice stock. Mochas quote from 28c. upwards.

THE CANADIAN GROCER

DRIED FRUITS.

Valencia raisins, despite the stronger tone of the market last week and the continuance of the new strength then imparted, are still quoted at from 5c. up for off-stalk truit. The demand is reported good, some houses having been quite busy upon orders for Valencias. The lower grades are in chief request. Selected off-stalk Valencias are 6½c. up-wards. Layers are 7½ to 8c. The latest advices from Denia report the market there to be very favorable to sellers. The Malaga crop, according to letters received this week. shows a greater shortage than was expected. The scarcity is most marked in the finer classes of fruit. The bulk of the shipments for this market are aboard the Escalona, which The limited will soon arrive at Montreal. stock in store here is quoted at \$2.85 to \$3.25 for London layers, \$4 25 to \$4.50 for black baskets, connoisseur clusters \$4 to \$4,50, extra deserts \$5 to \$5.25. Sultanas are 71/2 to 11c., but have advanced outside, chiefly on account of higher freight. Currants are not in free demand. The quality of some grades appears to be open to exception, though when good prices are paid good fruit is obtained. Patras and Provincials in barrels are 534 c., in half-barrels 576 c., Filiatras 6c. in barrels, 6¼c, in half-barrels, Vouzzas in cases 7½c. Figs are unchanged and in fairly good demand at 11c. for 14 oz. and 10 lb. boxes, and 15 to 16c. for 30 lb. boxes of 7-Crowns. Candied peel quotes at 15 to 16c. for lemon, 16 to 18c. for orange and 27 to 30c. for citron. None of the October shipments of figs have yet come to hand. A cable advising a considerable advance in the Sphinx brand is the latest news on this market. Old crop fruit is quoted at 5% c. upwards.

RICE, SPICES, ETC. The quiet trade in rice that is now done by whole alers is unvaried by any new features. Common grades are 31/8 to 4c., Japan is 5 to 5 1/2 c.

Spices continue in good request at quotations in Prices Current.

SUGAR.

The sugar trade is more easily handled this week than it was even last. Of course so important a staple at so low a price cannot fail to be a large factor in trade at any time, but by comparison with the sales made during late fruit preserving, current business looks very small. Granulated is quoted at 41% to 43% c. Yellows are 35% c. upwards. The Canadian sugar market is dull. Our refiners are able to do but little business now with United States jobbers, as the latter have prices at home that will hardly pay Canadian shippers. And the refiners in this country have a productive capacity that could supply several times the demand that the Canadian trade now yields. They seem to have the raw material bought at favorable prices too. The wholesalers whose sugar was contracted for early in the summer or in spring are now pretty well to the end of deliveries. The features of the Canadian market are nearly allogether of a negative character. Business is not active, prices are not weak, merchants are not heavily stocked. Prices look as if they were in a state of equilcbrium that might not be disturbed for a long time. If the equilerbium shou d be disturbed the balance would tilt to the side of lower prices. Barbados raw sugar is 31/4 c. in barrels.

SYRUP AND MOLASSES.

Canadian syrups are plentiful only in the brighter grades. The price begins at about (Continued on page 16.)

CANNED GOODS.

TORONTO.

The state of prices may cause prolonged hesitation on the part of all trade buyers but it does not cause any cessation in the consumption of canned goods. People will eat these goods no matter what quandary traders may be in. Consequently the jobbing demand for current supply is good, but of course it is a poor substitute for the contract business that used to be one of the most important elements in the fall grocery trade. Lots running as high as 100 cases have been sold occasionally this week, and smaller lots very numerously. The price holds at from 85c. to \$1. The grocers who make it a point to keep the best lines in all classes of merchandise are buying choice brands for present requirements quite freely. In fact the business in these brands is well supported by the general demand. But buyers refuse to anticipate their wants at present prices, preferring to trust to future quotations for thereplenishing of supplies. This standing off attitude is as pronounced on the part of jobbers as on that of retailers. Both classes of traders are shy of giving orders for quantities that they do not see an immediate outlet for. The pack everybody believes will be large, and it seems impossible that everybody should be mistaken, but whether they are or not, the prevalence and firmness of the conviction that it will be cannot but have the effect of keeping prices down. Low prices will cause an expansion of trade, even the same prices as ruled last year would probably not have prevented an expansion, as it is believed that canned vegetables have not found out all the nooks and corners of consumption even yet. Fruits are quiet and unchanged. Salmon is scarce on spot, and there is a very limited supply of the Horse Shoe brand in wholesale hands here. The price has gone up. No brand of salmon is now quoted below \$1.50.

The B. C. Commercial Journal says of the salmon market : The situation shows no change since last review. The pack of the northern canneries is gradually being brought down to shipping ports. The mar-ket continues strong. Dealers will not quote Sockeye fish for Eastern Canadian market. They report none for sale, and that about every thing will be shipped to the U. K, as previously reported. There is nothing doing in English business as nearly everything packed has already been engaged. Eastern firms are reported to be offering \$5 a case for Sockeye f.o.b. Victoria, but there is none for sale. Cohoes have lately been sold for the Eastern markets from \$4.50 to \$4.75 per case. Some of these are labelled by canners as fa'l fish, to distinguish them from the standard brands of sockeye fish. The cur-rent quotations in England are reported at 23s. ex ship for talls and 27s. for flats.

MONTREAL.

The canned goods market continues quiet and business is not large. Values on canned (B.C) salmon continue firm at \$1.45 to \$1.50, but in vegetables there is nothing doing.



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MARKETS. - Continued

2%C. The low grade stock on the market is all United States syrup and quotes from 1%C. There is not much disposition among jobbers to increase their stock of dark syrups by importing, as some who bought United States syrups would rather they had not.

Molasses has a little better chance to figure in trade at this time of year than it had in summer, but the demand is of insignificant strength here at the best. New Orleans in barrels is 32c. upwards, and there is a grade of West Indian in barrels quoted as low as 30c.

TEAS.

The demand for tea grows. The favorite grades with buyers just now appear to be such as can be had at prices ranging at from 18 to 25c. Japans and Ceylons catch a large part of this trade, and Assams and Indias are not far behind them. A fair movement in the better grades of Young Hyson tea at 30 to 37c. is reported. Low grade Hysons are in demand, but are not freely offered. A big tea trade appears to be done in London. Local jobbers have not yet shown much inclination to pay the last advances that have taken place there.

MARKET NOTES.

[Importers, wholesale merchants and manufacturers should send any items intended for this department so that they may reach the head office not later than Wednesday morning. The editor will always welcome such information.]

A cable from Marseilles reports the crop of Grenoble walnuts damaged by drought.

It is said that there are only 40,000 cases of the northern salmon pack remaining at the canneries.

H. P. Eckardt & Co. have a consignment of North Shore cranberries in barrels. The quality is fine.

A private despatch says that Licht's estimate of the beet crep is 100,000 tons short of the previous estimate.

W. T. Harris, Chatham, N. B., dealer in general merchandise, offers 200 cases canned lobsters, also dried cod of finest quality. 52.

On Tuesday Sloan & Crowther received a shipment of Bowlby's preserved apples, of which the high reputation is well known to the trade.

Eby, Blain & Co. control the sale of the Royal Arms cheese, manufactured by C. Bate, Brockville. This is a double cream cheese, put up in jars, and is free from indigestible properties.

Some of the wholesale grocers are determined that their trade shall not be injured by canned goods for which pretensions are made that the goods themselves do not bear out. A round lot of peas was refused the



The St. Croix Soap Mf'g Co.,

MONTREAL: 17 St. Nicholas St. TORONTO: Wright & Copp, 40 Wellington st. east.

other day, not because the brand had a bad name, but because this particular shipment was not up to the standard established by the brand.

Branches :

A letter advice from Patras, under date of Oct. 3rd, states that half the currant crop had been shipped by that time, and that scarcely any Patras fruit remained in growers' hands.

The advance in peanuts is due to the very poor crop reports. The yield will be very light and of poor quality, except for Spanish shelled, which have stood the dry weather, and with an increased acreage the crop promises to be half as large again at last season.

A trial shipment of Florida oranges is to be despatched to England on the 15th inst., from Fernandina in that State. Thus not only is the supply of American grown oranges narrowing the American market for Mediterranean fruit, but aspires to competition with it for the European market.

A botanical authority, writing from Hong Kong, expresses his belief that Chinese ginger is much more succulent than West Indian ginger—so much so that it is impossible to dry the rhizomes sufficiently to render them fit for export in the usual commercial form—or, if it had been otherwise dried ginger would have been exported from China long ago. So far as he has been able to learn, preserved ginger is made at Canton and Hong Kong only. The Imperial Chinese Customs returns for last year show that in junks alone the quantity of fresh ginger exported from Carton to Hong Kong was over 6,000 piculs (a picul is 133 lbs.) Preserved ginger is manufactured in Hong Kong to a large extent for export to the United States.—N. Y. Commercial Bulletin.

St. Stephen, N.B.,

The Grocers' Chronicle, an English paper has this to say in its report of the Bristol market: This week large arrivals of Canadian butter flood the market and make trade dull for other grades. Just at the moment prices have now reached a fairly high level and retailers experience a difficulty in getting what they want for Is. per lb. on the counter. Stored goods sell freely and are making holders very good profits.

The "high grade" tomato catsup now placed on the market by the Ontario Canning Company of Hamilton, and for which Lucas, Steele & Bristol are local agents, is attracting much attention. This catsup is prepared from fresh ripe tomatoes without fermentation. Send to Lucas, Steele & Bristol for a sample case of two dozen.

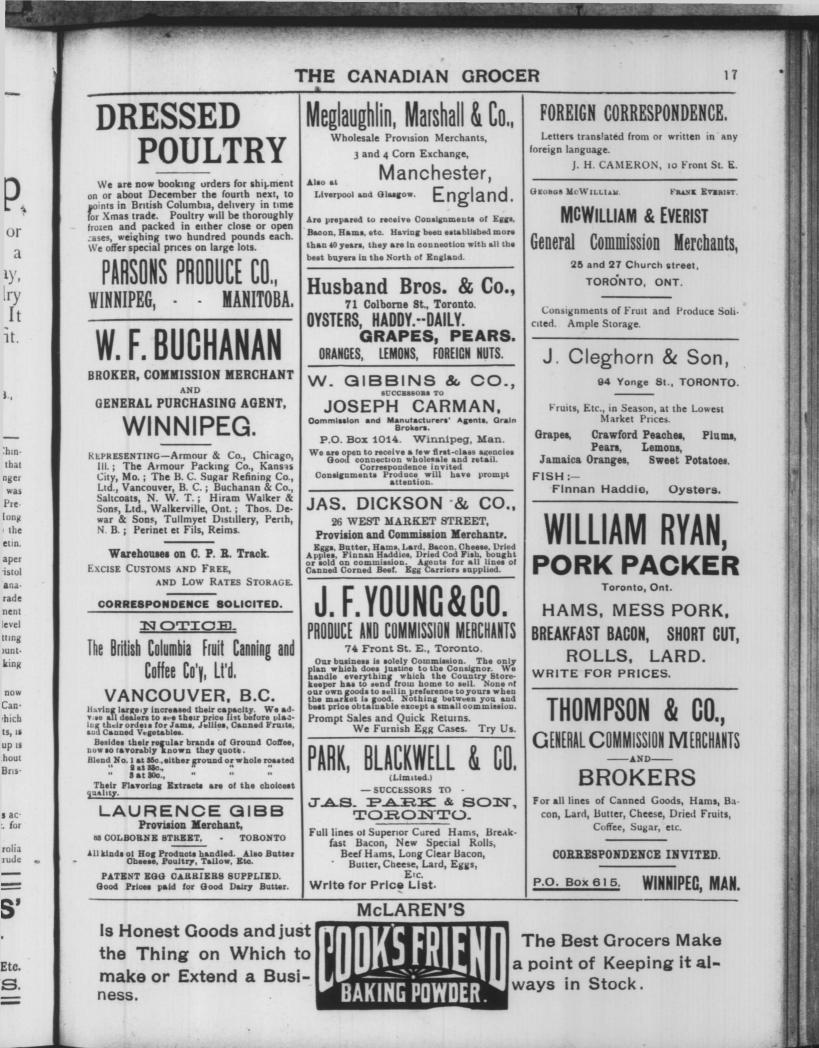
PETROLEUM.

The market is unchanged. Trade is active, but prices remain at 14 to 14½c. for Canadian refined,

The Petrolia Advertiser reports : Petrolia crude \$1.27 per barrel ; Oil Springs crude



16



3.,

MARKETS-Continued

\$1.27 1/2 per barrel. As the fall season advances, the evidences of increasing activity in the refined oil market become more pronounced. Still, business is confined for the most part to the supplying of what we might call jobbing orders, for small buyers as a rule do not appear to be able to bring them - . selves to the point of where they will anticipate their requirements. However the volume of trade so far has been very satisfactory and if it does not exceed that of the corresponding time last year, is every whit equal to it. Prospects, too, are very encouraging, and the verdict of a good many is that the outlook was never more favorable than at present. Holiday time is now about over, and buyers are settling down to business again, this must soon have some effect upon the market, if its influence has not at present been felt. All our refiners are at the same time ready and anxious to do business. The Imperial Oil Co. were never since their incorporation in better shape to cater to their customers. The National Oil Co. have added several thousand dollars worth of plant to their refinery. The Premier with some of the oldest and best heads in the business are still in line. The Petrolia Oil Co. has an able and long headed management composed of some of the best far seeing men in the petroleum business.

The crude oil market remains about the same in price, and there are several good and sound reasons advanced for this state of affairs, and the most prominent among which is that the producer, instead of investing his money as heretofore, in trying to boom the crude oil market, has, tempted by the scarcity of crude oil and the high price thereof, been investing his money and time in leasing and drilling new territory.

BUTTER AND CHEESE.

The price of butter is as firm now as it was a month ago, and the prospect for the remainder of this year is favorable for a continuance or an increase of strength. The market is poorly supplied. Country mer-chants appear to have had the benefit of good competition among buyers and got paying prices as soon as they chose to ship. They have as a rule done no storing but forwarded stock as soon as they received it. The English market afforded a capacious outlet for our production. The finest dairy tub is worth 18 to 20c., good grades below the finest are quoted from 16c. upwards. Large rolls of prime quality being 17 to 19c. Store tubs are worth 16 to 18 or 19c. Creamery tub is 23 to 24c.

The price of cheese is 10½c. for the best in stock. This does not include September cheese, which jobbers are not doing much in, as they could not afford to job it at 11c.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

BEANS—The demand is of small magnitude, the price is \$1.15 to \$1 25.

DRIED APPLES—The price paid by buyers for round lots is 4¼ to 4½c., and supplies appear to be liberal at that quotation.

EVAPORATED APPLES—The offerings are freer, producers evidently becoming reconciled to the prospect of a low market. The price paid for round lots is $6\frac{1}{4}$ c.

HONEY-Good clear extracted is 8 to 10c., while dark honey can be had as low as 5c. Sections are 13 to 16c.

HOPS—Growers and brewers seem to recede farther from each other. The former refrain from selling at the prices the latter offer, namely 15 to 16c., and are holding out for as much as 25c. in some cases. It is impossible to say yet whose ideas will prevail until the state of the outside market determines the extent of importations.

ONIONS—The price is unchanged at \$2.25 per barrel, and the demand is moderate.

POTATOES—The price for carloads is 60 to 65c. per bag for faultless stock, which is sold out of store at 70c. But some recipts to hand this week have been very bad, so much damaged with rot as to be unsaleable

POULTRY—Turkeys are 11 to 12c., geese 6 to 7c., chicken 40 to 60c., ducks 50 to 60c. GREEN FRUIT.

The stock of oranges on the market has been increased by the arrival of a few Floridas, which were taken up as soon as they got into wholesale hands. They quoted at \$4. to \$4.50. Jamaicas are \$8.50 to \$8.75 per barrel, but some shipments have been re. ceived in boxes, put up like Floridas. These quote at \$4. to 4 50. The lemons now on the market are nearly altogether Malagas, and are held at \$6 to \$6 50 in boxes, and \$10 to \$10.50 in half chests. There are a few Maioris at \$10. Bananas are firm and scarce at \$1. to \$1.50. Canadian grapes are about done. They are still quoted at 31/2 to 33/4 c. for Concords, and 41/2 to 5". for Niagaras. Quinces are 50 to 650. a basket, apples \$1.50 to \$2.00 per barrel, cranberries \$8 to 8 50 per barrel. Sweet potatoes are \$3 50.

FISH AND OYSTERS.

There is a fairly active trade in fish at 7c. for white fish and salmon trout, and \$1.50 upwards for lake herring. In dried and salt fish there is little movement yet, but prices are unchanged.

Oysters are more active since the cooler weather set in at \$1.30 to \$1.35.

HIDES, SKINS, WOOL, TALLOW.

HIDES - No. I green cows' are still quoted at 4½c. Cured are moved out at 5c. in car lots.

SKINS-Sheepskins are 75c. Calfskins are quiet at 5 to 7c.

WOOL-Combing fleeces are 17c., clothing freeces 19 to 20c. The market is very dull. In pulled wools prices remain at 22c. for super and 26c. for extra.

TALLOW-Is quiet at 534 c. for rendered and 2c. for rough.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

MONTREAL, Oct. 27, 1892. GROCERIES.

The movement of groceries has shown somewhat smaller volume in the aggregate this week, but there is still a fair business to note. The deal in the newly arrived Valencia raisins and in currants ex steamship Avlona has been one of the leading features of the market. As we predicted in our last, raisins have moved up a trifle, but the influence of large offerings of low grade currants coupled with easier advances from primary markets have resulted in a somewhat lower range on this fruit. In sugars also easiness is noted in yellows, which are fractionally lower than a week ago, butgranulated is unchanged at the decline noted last week. Teas are firm but rather quiet, while the market has a very bare supply of coffees. Spices show more firmness and there has been a little more doing in Pimentos and pepper which are quoted rather stiffer. In other lines there is nothing special to note.

SUGAR.

The American Sugar Trust having dropped prices, our refiners although they still have enquiries from points in the Western States

FLOUR AND FEED.

TORONTO

The flour shipping business has few fits, the movement outward being very steady and of moderate volume, so that one week differs little from another in the season's his tory of the flour trade. This week may have been a little more active than last week. The shippers still complain of their very narrow margin, but a narrow margin is the thing taat all classes of traders have to cope with these days. Prices have changed a little for the worse in Manitoba patents and Strong bakers', and for the better on Straight roller. Feed is featureless.

FLOUR.—City millers' and dealers' prices are: Manitoba patents, \$4.70; strong bakers', \$4.40; white wheat patents, \$4.60; straight roller, \$3.80; low grades, per bag, \$1.25 to \$1.50.

Car prices are: Toronto freights-Manitoba patents, \$4 35 to \$4.45; Manitoba strong bakers' \$3.90 to \$4.10; Ontario patents, \$3.40 to \$3.50; straight roller, \$3.20 to \$3.45; extra, \$2.90 tc \$3; low grades, per bag, \$1.00 to \$1.50

MEAL-Oatmeal is \$3.80. Cornmeal is \$3.50.

FEED—Bran is \$11.50 to \$12, shorts \$12.50 to \$13 mixed feed \$22, leeding corn 60 to 62c, oats 30 to 31c.

HAY-New baled timothy 1s \$9.

STRAW-Is steady at 1610 \$6 50.

MONTREAL.

There is a moderate volume of business on local account, but prices are sull in Luyers' favor, although the latter show somewhat more disposition to stock up. Ontario straight rollers are offering at \$3 65 to \$3 85, and it is understood that the inside figure has been shaded in some cases. Very little is doing in extras. A fair business is report-ed in spring wheat brands, and this is e isy to understand when choice strong bakers can be had at \$4 delivered. Some sales have been noted on Newfoundland account, and dealers here report that quite a lot of flour is going through from the west direct from the mills on Maritime pro-vince account advices to millers agents here stating that their correspondents have contracted for a month ahead, which would inter that buyers down there consider prices low enough. It is worthy of remark also that Quebec is buying more freely in the west. There was an increase of 3706 barrels in store on Saturday last compared with a week ago, and a decrease of 191 barrels compared with a year ago. We quote :--Patent, winter \$3.90 to \$4.15; patent, spring \$4.25 to \$4.50; straight rollers \$3.65 to \$4; extra \$3.20 to \$3.25; superfine \$3.00 to \$3.15; city strong bakers \$4.10; strong bakers \$4.00 to \$4.10.

REINHARDT & CO., SALVADOR LACER IS THE VERY BEST. TORONTO.

18

THE CANADIAN GROCER 19 **DOWAN'S** A. HAAZ & CO., OATMEAL Bonded Manufacturers of OCOAS AND Honey Dew, White Wine, Malt and Cider HOCOLATES VINEGARS. 74 Bagot Street, - Kingston, Ont. Dominion Mills. Are Standard, and sold by LONDON. The Western Milling Company all grocers. Excelsior Mills, MITCHELL. (Limited.) ND Write or wire for Thomson's Brands ZWINE REGINA, ASSA. ROLLED DATS, PINHEAD & STANDARD MEALS. VINEYARDS C? Manufacturers of all kinds of SPLIT PEAS, POT BARLEY, CORN MEAL, ETC. Brantford and Pelee Island J. S. HAMILTON & CO'Y, BRANTFORD, ONT Sole Agents for Canada. All kinds of Chop and Mill Feed. High Grade Flours. Hungarian Patent, GENERAL GRAIN DEALER. COUGH DROPS. Highest price paid for Oats and Peas in car lots. and Strong Bakers. London and Mitcheil. Every retailer should have them at this WALTER THOMSON, season of the year. Watson's Cough Drops We also handle Hard Wheat, Oats, and are the best in the world for the throat and other kinds of feed. chest ; for the voice unequalled. "R. & T. BRANDON ROLLER MILLS. We would solicit the patronage of the Millers' of the Eastern Provinces, wanting Manitoba Hard Wheat. All orders en-W." stamped on each drop. Write Brandon, Man. R. & T. WATSON, TORONTO, for Prices, etc. MANUFACTURERS OFtrusted to us will be carefully and promptly Mention THE GROCER. Hungarian, Patent, Strong Bakers filled. BUY THE BEST. Correspondence Solicited. SEELY'S Also Oatmeal, Rolled Oats, Rolled Oatmeal Granulated and Standard. Embro Celebrated Dealers in all kinds of grain and feed. ALEXANDER, KELLY & CO'Y, Flavoring **O**atmeal PROPRIETORS. Extracts. LEMON. VANILLA, **N.WENGER&BROS.** and Assorted Flavors. Standard Goods of Am-AYTON, ONT. erica (established in EMBRO, ONT. D. R. ROSS. 1862). Once tried, al-MILLERS - -A CHOICE QUALITY OF ways used. Roller, Standard and Granulated (Hungarian Process) Seely Manufacturing Co. **BRANDS**: Windsor, Ont. Detroit, Mich. tmea KLEBER, MAY BLOSSOM.



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The Celebrated White Eagle Brand of Rolled Oatmeal, also Standard and Granulated Oatmeal, CORNMEAL, Dessicated Rolled Wheat and Wheat Germ, put up in barrels, half barrels and bags. Write or wire us for samples and

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find it difficult to fill such orders on a figure below the American Trust prices. In the local market the demand has been very quiet, and offers are made at lower prices from the refineries than could be had a week ago. Jobbers have been taking a few yellows on the basis of 3 7-16 to 3% c., which applies to almost any quantity from the refinery. There is no change in granulated stock which is still quoted at 4%c. There is some new stock offering here on the open market and some fair sized quantities of extra fine centrifugals have left first hands at 434 c. Cable advices to importers here quote cane as quiet in London, but steady with Java at 155.94. and fair refining at 135.6d. Beet is quoted steady at 135.9d. spot and November.

SYRUPS AND MOLASSES.

The low prices available on sugar has rather attracted the demand away from sugar and business in consequence is rather quieter, and Canadian is easier, principally owing to the 134 being now quoted for the inside price, and on the basis the American product is being pretty badly pressed. In Molasses there is not much activity to note. A range of from 31 to 32c. being quoted, the inside figure representing prices to regular custo-mers, and the outside what is asked from most houses. We note the sale of a lot of Barbadoes at the inside figure to-day.

TEAS.

The local tea market is somewhat quiet at present, but the steady feeling is fully main-tained. There is a moderate movement in Japans and Congous. Cables show no change in tenor advices from Foochow to brokers here, stating that all the common cargoes are sold, and the market there is very stiff.

COFFEES

The coffee market does not furnishing anything special, and some Rios have been moving at 191/2 to 20c., but the supply is extremely light.

SPICES

Spices all round show a firmer tendency. Pituento is firmer having moved up to 61/20 at which price we note business in good sized lots. There is a little more doing in pepper also from first hands on the basis of 7 1/2 c

RICE.

Rice is firm and fairly active this week. We quote standard \$4 to \$4.20 ; Japan \$4.50 to \$5 ; Patnas \$5 to \$5.50 and Caralinos \$7 to 8c. per 100 lbs.

DRIED FRUIT.

Our remarks about the firmness of raisins made last week can be repeated with full force this week. The Avlona lots are practically absorbed now and the supply offering in a wholesale way is much lighter than it was. In fact values are a $\frac{1}{4}$ c. higher on the advance noted last week for it would certainly take 43 c. net cash to move any round lots of Valencias with prime brands 5 to 5 % c. in the ordinary way. There has been considerable business doing at these prices also for we note sales of 1,500 boxes to-day at 47% to 5c. which is an indication of what is doing. The Escalona has not been reported from Halifax yet but our information regarding her lot given specially in last weeks number does not require any connection.

In currants low prices have been reported on low grades in a wholesale way for we understand that some round lots of this grade of stock has changed hands at 5 to 5 1/2 c. In prime provincials however, business is not possible under 514 to 516c. in barrels which is a somewhat lower range than the one

given last week. This is due to the influence of the Avlona's lots on the market and the easier cables from primary markets. GREEN FRUIT.

The S. S. America has arrived and landed her cargo of 2000 boxes and 500 barrels Jamaica oranges and 600 bunches of banan-The condition of the fruit was not all as. that could be desired and it has been put Some of the oranges have been into store. moved at \$6 to 6.50 per barrel and \$4 to \$4.50 per box. The bananas are selling slowly at \$1 to 1.50 per bunch.

The firmness of Almeria grapes noted last week is freely maintained, there having been free sales at the advance \$5.50 to \$7. per keg Light supplies are still the feature of the market.

The market is steady for figs, large boxes moving at 10 to 12 1/2 c. per lb. Some crystalhzed are selling at 15c.

Dates newly arrived are in fair demand at 51/2 to 7c. per lb. Cocanuts new bags are selling at \$4. to \$4.50 per 100.

The approach of Holloween has quickened the demand for all kinds of nuts, and freer sales are reported. We quote as follows:---Pecans 10c. to 12½c. per lb. Tarragona, Al-monds, 14 to 15c.; Grenoble walnuts 13½ to 14c. filberts 9 to 10c. Ivica, 12½ to 13c. Bordeaux 91/2 to Ioc. peanuts No. I roasted 91/2 c. Brazil 11 to 121/2 c. marbots 11 1/2 c per lb.

There is a fair demand for Spanish onions and supplies are light. Spanish choice crates move at 8oc good to fine 6oc.

APPLES. The stocks of fall apples here have been subjected to considerable weeding out and as a consequence somewhat better prices have been obtained, but the improvement was badly needed to let holders out on some of their purchases. At present straight car lots are selling at \$1.50 to \$1.75 per barrel. With regard to export shipments the position has not been altered to any material extent. Mail advices state that some of the lots of fall goods have arrived in pretty bad condition and did not meet a good sale. Cables at the latter part of last week quoted 6s. 6d. on fall varieties, 14s. to 15s. for greenings and 205. to 225. for Kings. Even at these figures which average about \$2.25. Montreal market will have to improve to let out purchasers of winter stock on the basis of \$1.50 to \$180 in the country, when the freight, cost of packing, etc, are considered. It is understood however that growers in the country are showing a more reasonable spirit recently, from which it may be inferred that those who have been boosting prices have had enough of it.

FISH. The fish market does not present any particular feature. The demand for Labrador and Cape Breton herring is quiet but with light stocks, and supplies elsewhere limited, prices are firm at \$5.25 to \$5.50 and \$5.50 to \$5 75 per barrel respectively. In smoked fish smallsales of kippered herring transpired at \$2.50 to \$3.00 per box of 100. Finnan haddies move at 7½ to 8½c. per lb. In fresh fish haddocks is scarce and firm at 3 to 3½c. British Columbia salmon is moving at 14 to 15c. We quote green cod, \$4.55 to \$5 per 200 lbs.; dry cod, \$4.75 to \$5.25; B. C. salmon, \$14 to \$15, and Labrador, \$12 to \$14: N. S. and Newtoundland herring, \$5.50, and C. B.'s, \$5 50 to \$5.75; Portland haddies, 71/2 c.; Malpecque oysters, \$310 \$5.50, according to pick.

EGGS.

The scarcity of eggs has resulted in a furth er advance in prices which are now quoted at 2c, for the outside price on choice stock.

Offerings of strictly fresh stock are very small and command full prices with pros-pects of further stiffening. We quote 15 to 18c. as a range. The English market con-tinues firm, and sales have been made at an advance on figures possible a week ago.

BEANS.

The market is featureless and prices are unchanged. Good fair stock can be moved at \$1.20 to \$1.40 as before but poor stock is not wanted.

ASHES.

The ash market is extremely firm sales of first pots having been made as high as \$5. Holders speak of still higher prices.

DRESSED POULTRY.

There are small receipts of chickens which move at 8c. per lb.

GAME.

A few partridges are offering but the mar-ket is hardly quotable yet. Sales of No. i have been made at 85c. per brace.

HONEY.

Extracted has sold at 7 to 8c. which is a somewhat better basis than was possible a week ago. Comb stock has also made higher rate a lot of 20 cases going the other day at 14c. and we quote 14 to 14%c.

HOPS.

The same difference of opinion is to note between buyers and sellers and a reliable. quotation is difficult. It is simply a question of who can hold out longest growers or consumers. For small lots for actual wants 18 %c. has been paid but this is hardly a fair quotation as representing the market.

HAY.

Cattle shippers are still sending forward hay to the other side and some good profits are reported in this connection during the week. We quote pressed hay at \$8.50 to \$9 for No. 2 with No. 1 about \$1 higher.

DRESSED HOGS

It is yet a little too early to speak of dressed hogs but some small receipts have been turned over at \$6 to \$6.50 according to quality.

PROVISIONS

The American market has shown greater firmness during the week and the influence has been felt to a certain extent on the market here. Canada mess is firm at \$16.50 to \$17 per bbl. while it would cost \$15 90 to lay down regular American mess in Montreal. There is stock here however that can be had at \$15.75 and we quote a range of \$15 75 to \$16. A fair business is doing in lard for jobbing account at \$1.40 to \$1.45 but round lots have changed hands at \$1.35. Smoked meats furnish a fair volume of business at II to 12c. as to quality and quantity. Ca-nadian short cut, per bbl \$16.50 to \$17; mess pork, western per bbl \$14 50 to \$15.50 short cut, western, per bbl. 0.00 to 0.00. hams, city cured, per bb. 0.00 to 0.00. hams, city cured, per lb. 0.11 to $0.11 \ co.31 \ co.35 \ bacon, per lb. 0.10 \ to 0.11 \ co.35 \ to 0.00; iard, com; refined, per lb. 0.07 to 0.07 \ c.$

BUTTER AND CHEESE

The quiet feeling noted in butter in our last is still to note and business is of moderate volume. Creamery is still held too high to prevent of business for shipment and the consequence is that attention is directed to the cheaper grades. We note in this connection sales of gilt edge western dairy as high as 18c to 19c and some lots of odd sizes of Kamoraska have also gone forward on the basis of 18c. We quote as follows :--Creamery choice fall 23c, to 23½c.; do good to fine 21½ to 22c.; Eastern

MONTREAL Markets continued



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CHANGES IN CHINA'S TEA TRADE.

Townships dairy, choice fall 20 to 21c.; to do do good to fine 181/2 to 191/2c.; Morris-burg and Brockville 18 to 201/2c.; Western

Cheese is a difficult market to describe as reports are conflicting. It is undoubted, however, that there is business passing for shipment at 10¼ to 1038c., but these figures do not represent holders ideas on finest Ontario Septembers and the figures for these is nominal. We quote ;- Finest Ontario Septembers 103% to 101/2c.; Finest Townships 101/8 to 101/4 c. ; Earlier makes 10c.

The shipments of butter and cheese last week from this port were somewhat less than those for the corresponding period last year, the first time it has occurred during the present season but the total to date is still largely in excess of that for the corresponding period last year. These have been exported to date 1,359.438 boxes of cheese against 1,124,-960 for the same period last year, an in crease of 234 478 boxes. The exports of butter to date are 86,159 packages against 60,343 for last year, an increase of 25,816 packages.

GRAIN.

The grain market has been quiet as before, prices on wheat remaining nominal. Peas and oats remain much the same and there is no change in other lines. The stocks in store at Montreal on Saturday the 231d show a decrease of 25,855 bushels of wheat, 1,303 bushels of corn, and an increase of 101,120 bushels of peas, 76,461 bushels of oats, 4.349 bushels of barley, 2,855 bushes of rye. Compared with the corresponding date last year there is a decrease of 51,725 bushels of wheat, 73 207 bushels of peas 92,273 bushels of barely, 92 322 bushels of rye, and an increase of 17,783 bushels of corn, 105,106 bushels of oats. We quote as follows :- No. 2 Lard Manitoba 83c.; No. 3 do., 73 to 75c.; peas, 76 to 78c. per 66 pounds; oats, 34 to 34 ½ c. per 34 pounds; corn, oo to 62c. duty paid.

EQUABLE DISTRIBUTION OF ASSETS.

The following resolution was discussed at its last quarterly meeting by the Board of Trade of Victoria, B. C .: - Whereas the law in force in the province gives the first judgment creditors a first claim against the estate of debtors, and frequently to the entire exclusion of the claims of other creditors, and whereas it is desirable that an equable distribution of insolvent estates be made :

Therefore, be it resolved. That this board is of opinion that in case of the insolvency of the debtor the execution creditor or creditors should rank upon his estate equally with other creditors whose claims are filed within 30 days from date of such prior judgment ; and further :

That in all cases where such debtor shall make an assignment within thirty days of such prior iudgment, all monies levied upon an execution against the property of such debtor shall be recoverable from said judgment cred tor for the general benefit of the debtor's estate, but the costs incurred in obtaining such judgment shall be first paid.

From a consular report recently prepared at Pekin the following extracts are taken. The annexed figures give the export trade in tea during the last four year :

1888. 1889. 1820. 1891. Piculs. Piculs. Piculs. Piculs. Black 1,542,210 1,356,524 1,149,311 1,201,880 192,326 199,504 206,760 209,578 Green 307,441 Brick & tablet 412,642 310,178 336,100 Dust, leaf, etc. 3,332 10,420 9.140 5.300 2.167.562 1.877.331 1.665.396 1.750.040

"It is evident that it, in the near future, the diminution is as constant and as regular -for the increase of 1891 over 1890 is only due to a delay in the export-it will be necessary to adopt serious measures if one of the chief articles of Chinese trade (silk only being superior to it) is to retain its importance. It is black tea comprising the varieties know as Congou, Oolong, Souchong, Ponchong, Flowery Pekoe, Orange Pekoe, and Scented Caper,' the export of which has chiefly dimin ished, while the other qualities, and particularly green tea, appear to maintain their position. From 1887 to 1891 the export of black tea fell off to the extent of 428,000 piculs, and it is chiefly in the export to England and her colonies that this decrease has shown itselt. Russian consumption continues to make great progress, but the development of this market cannot compensate the Chinese products for the loss of the English market, which has become dependent upon the products of India and Ceylon."

It is to be hoped that the salmon supply of the coming season will not fall short of the sanguine anticipation of the canners and fishermen. Already extensive preparations are being made all through and around Faser River fishing circles for the run of "'93," and for the next eight months these preparations will be continued with more or less rush and energy. Besides the big London's Landing factory, which will be one of the most extensive cannery establishments on the Fraser, and which will be controlled and operated by a company of men, some of whom have spent many years at the trade, there are five other canneries projected, three of which will be built sure, and some of the existing factories will be extended and enlarged, among others that of Mr. D. Drysdale, on the coast near Blaine, Wash .- Vancouver News Advertiser.

A commission consisting of Samuel Wilmot, superintendent of fish culture, Ottawa ; Edward Harris, of Port Dover, and Thomas Marks, of Port Arthur, has been appointed to enquire into and report as to the pericd in which the undermentioned fishes are found in spawning condition in the waters of the province of Ontario, namely, sturgeon, fresh white herring, ciscoes, salmon trout, white fish and speckled trout. The commiswhite fish and speckled trout. The commis-sion is also to report on the size and mesh of gill nets, which would allow various immature fishes to escape, and also to consider the propriety of reserving grounds for spawning and for angling only in Georgian bay. This step has been taken on account of the contradictory statement with reference to the spawning seasons which have been made by interested parties in different portions of the province.



TO THE RETAILER.

EDITOR CANADIAN GROCER

SIR,-"Did you ever think" of looking into the question of tares on figs at this season? A good many are sold in small lots and the buyer pays some house say \$1.15 per box of 10 lbs. In looking into this matter he will find he usually gets 10 lbs, gross weight, equal to about 9 lbs. net, making the cost of the goods nearer 13c. than 111/2 cent. Many houses sell at so much per lb. and are often handicapped through this box quotation which should not be permitted. TRAVELLER.

Hamilton, 19th Oct., 1892.

EDDY CO'S LETTER TO THEIR BRANCHES.

We are running every machine full day and night on firm orders, booked for days and weeks ahead. Mr. Eddy and Mr. Millen are now

away in the Western States, visiting the most recently erected modern pa-per mills, and will hurry back to decide on what style of machine we shall put into the new two-machine mill that it is now imperative should have in running order with the least possible delay.

Our papers are leading everywhere. We positively cannot see a spare moment ahead of us on either news, brown wrapping, toilet, tissue, hardware or tea papers, and we shall be obliged to put in extra machines for book, white prints and colored papers.

THE E. B. EDDY COMPANY.

Percy Sherwood, the Commissioner of Dominion Police, received from Buffalo, a counterfeit two dollar Dominion note. As a considerable number of these bills may be put in circulation, some account of the defects of this bill may be of value in aiding their detection, though the counterfeit ts nct so faithful a copy of the true two dollar Dominion note as to deceive anyone who will look at it closely. It bears carefully forged signatures of J. M. Courtney, Deputy Minister of Finance, and of L. L. Sutton, of the Finance Department. After the first signature, however, the words " For Minister of Finance" do not appear as they should, and over the second signature the word " countersigned," which appears on the true bill, is missing too. After the words "Dominion of Canada will pay" in large lettering across the top of the face of note, the words in script " to the bearer" are also missing, and the number of the note is printed in purplish ink, instead of in blue.

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16 to 18 1/2 c.

MONTREAL Markets Continued.



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S.A.VanDam&Co

-and-

37 Old Corn Exchange, Manchester,

Solicit Consignments of

24

23 Mathew Street, Liverpool, England.

Bacon, Butter, Lard, Eggs, Cheese, and Canned Goods.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE.

FIRM FOUNDED 1850.

" REFERENCES "--Bank of British North America, Toronto; and Manchester and Salford Bank, Manchester, Eng.

MONTREAL TRADE NOTES.

The demand for Canada leaf lard is a feature of the provision market at the moment.

Stewart, Munn & Co. are offering selected boneless cod, packed in assorted boxes, 5 to 40 lbs.; also codfish steaks.

There is a good volume of business doing in smoked meats, and the C. M. P. sugar-cured hams go toward furnishing a good many sales. Hudon, Herbert & Co. report busi-

Hudon, Herbert & Co. report business good in the Quebec districts, the movement of goods in this connection being fully up to the average. The prospect of Halloween festivi-

The prospect of Halloween festivities is appreciated by the general fruit merchants here. It is increasing their sales of nuts to a material extent.

Mr. Lightbound, of the firm of Lightbound, Ralston & Co., says that he is prepared to fill orders for the finest grades of currants, and that if western buyers imagine- there is no fine stock to be had in Montreal, they have only to apply to his firm to be disabused of the idea which seems to prevail up west, that all the fine stock has gone in that direction.

prevail up west, that all the line stock has gone in that direction. W. S. Kennedy, of St. Paul street. agent for Rowntree's cocoa and Carr & Co.'s biscuits, has opened a new warehouse on account of his extra large stock of cocoa, biscuits and Christmas goods. Chaput, Fils & Co. report trade ra-

Chaput, Fils & Co. report trade rather quiet on currants, owing to the easier tendency at primary markets. Their off-stalk Valencias and fourcrown layers, ex Avlona, are meeting a good demand. The demand for canned vegetables is mother output at the moment but

The demand for canned vegetables is rather quiet at the moment, but Quintal & Co. state that their offerings of "De Salaberry" tomatoes are meeting with a fair call.

The steamship Escalona has not been reported at Halliax yet. She has to report first at that port, where she leaves off 12,000 boxes of Valencia raisins. She has a fair quantity of currants also for Montreal.

Lightbound, Ralaton & Co. report a good sale for their fine off-stalk Valencia raisins, ex s.s. Avlona. They



are placing nice orders for Japan and Congou teas also. A special offering this week is some choice Porto Rico molasses in barrels and half-barrels. E. B. Eddy and W. Millen, his superintendent, were in town last week. They were on their way to the States, where they intend visiting some of the most modern paper mills, to look up the most improved paper-making machinery.

The steamship America arrived this week with the largest direct shipment of Jamaica oranges ever received at Montreal, some 2,500 packages. The condition of the fruit was not all that could be desired, but the steamship agents say that their arrangements next year will preclude this, as they will have another boat on and both will have better fittings.

Will have better fittings. William Kerr, a young man of respectable connections, of Cote St. Antoine, was arrested last Saturday afternoon, charged with stealing \$20. He was engaged for a grocery firm, and was charged with taking the money, along with a purse, from a customer's house on St. Antoine street, where he had gone to deliver some goods. He pleaded guilty, but as the lady did not want to prosecute, sentence was suspended.

A good joke is going the rounds about a leading cigar manufacturer here. He was paying off his men last Saturday night, when a very ragged and unwashed band of boys entered the office. They accosted the cigar man and announced that they were members of a football team, and had christened it after a leading brand of his cigars. They wanted him to stand godfather and also chip in the sum of two dollars, the cost of a Rugby football, as their finances were low. The gen tleman thought it smart and paid up, but learned afterwards that several others of his confreres had been victimized the same way, and that the enterprising youngsters had scooped in about \$30 for their club. The last of the sugar boats for Mon-

The last of the sugar boats for Montreal this year, the ship George T. Hay, arrived in port Monday. The George T. Hay is in to the St. Lawrence Refinery, and is discharging at Hochelaga. She is from the Phillippine Islands, and had a very stormy voyage to Montreal.

An ingenious grocer, who had in vain devised all manner of methods for clearing his store from the nuisance of flies, has shown himself to be well up with the times by starting an electrical fly trap. This is driven by an electric motor, and consists of a band smeared with some sweet substance on which the flies alight, and on which they are carried along and swept into a wire trap. The new trap has been so successful that many grocers' shops in England are now supplied with it, and it is also installed in many shop windows, where it serves the double purpose of a unique fly catcher and a novel advertisement.

Lightbound, Ralston & Co., Wholesale Grocers, MONTREAL.

OFFER TO THE TRADE NEW FRUITS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

CURRANTS—In Barrels, Half-Barrels, Cases, and Qr. Cases. FIGS—Naturals, in 56 lb. Boxes. Fine Eleme in 10 lbs. and 20 lb. Boxes, and Loncoum Figs in 4 lb. Boxes. SULTANA RAISINS—In 16 lb. Boxes. Good average, golden and choicest golden. MALAGA RAISINS—In stock and to arrive per S. S. Escalona. SHELLED ALMONDS—Valencia, Jordan, and Bitter.

<u>SUGARS.</u> In view of probable advance, we notify the trade that we can offer both granulated and yellow, in any quantity up to 20,000 or 25,000 Barrels, enough for present wants. Molasses—Barbadoes, Porto Rico, Cuba, and Sugar Cane.

SALMON. A full supply of the favorite brands, Empress and Queen, Horse Shoe, British American, Globe, Owee-Kay-No, and a carload of Douglas brand—this last at \$1.35 per dozen.

N. B.—All funny circulars suspended until further notice. All illusions to the Sacred Siam Cow strictly prohibited. The Monetary Times of Toronto says :—"The after flavor is not grateful." We are———

by not subscribing for this paper. DPRICE'S Contains the Whites of Eggs. Other baking powders Substi-

tute Ammonia.

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Baffles Human Conception.

You can lose more than we do

Nature'sall-powerful healer is discovered and when imbibed freely radiates the arterial network of the body, absorbs and rushes off all effete, deadly poisonous matter. Also it contains all the sixteen elements of ripe molecular life, builds up every weak part, restores nerve and vital power, is the sunshine of life, the wonderful. So say all that use St. Leon Water. World, Feb. 18th, 1892.

St. Leon Mineral Water Co., Ltd., Head Office, 101% King St. W., Toronto BRANCH-Tidy's Flower Depot, 154 Yonge St. "SUNSHINE" What more do you want? Have you it in Stock?

BREWSTER SOAP WORKS,

308--310 Greenpoint Ave., Brooklyn. N.Y., U.S.A.

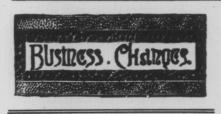
25

J. M. LOWES SON & CO, 35 Wellington East, Toronto Agents.

W. T. COSTIGAN & CO., Montreal Agents.



G. B. GANONG BROS., Ltd. ST. STEPHEN, N.B.



SALES MADE OR PENDING.

James Dunlap, grocer, St. John, N. B., has sold out.

John S. Moore, general merchant, Poquiock, N. B., has sold out.

Kelley Bros., grocers, Kincardine, Ont., advertise their business for sale.

Hunter & McKinnon, general merchants, New Denver, B. C., have sold out to Bourne Bros.

Davis & Smith, commission produce merchants, Vancouver, B. C., have sold out to Vaughn & Co.

The grocery stock in the estate of Mitchell & Co., grocers, Toronto, is advertised for sale by tender.

PARTNERSHIPS FORMED AND DISSOLVED. McRae & McKinnon, general merchants,

Port Hawkesbury, N. S., have dissolved. Shaffy & Neilly, grocers, Bridgetown, N.

S., have been succeeded by Neilly & Crowe. Connor & Martin, general merchants, Suffield, Que., are about dissolving partner-

ship. John C. Strang, grocer, St. Johns, New-

foundland, has admitted Joseph House into partnership under the style Strang & House.

Frederick W. Finlay and Charles Taylor, St. Johns, Newfoundland, have formed a new commission firm under the style Finlay & Taylor.

E. B. McDougall, commission merchant, St. John, Newfoundland, has admitted C. R. Campbell as partner, under the style McDougall & Campbell.

Bolduc, Lesperance & Co., flour merchants, Montreal and Valleyfield, Que., have dissolved, T. Bolduc retiring, and remaining partners continuing under the the style Lesperance and Company.

REMOVALS AND DEATHS.

Bernard Murray, general merchant, Sherbrooke, Que., 15 dead.

Stark & Tidy, grocers, Vancouver, B. C. have retired from business.

FIRES.

Anderson & Co., grocers, Halifax, were burnt out.

David McKay, general merchant, Lansdowne, N.S., is burnt out.

The Atlantic Mfg. Co., manufacturers of cod liver oil and extracts, Halifax, lost a quantity of stock by fire.

A. N. Hipwell, general merchant and grain dealer; Geo. N. Pringle, grocer and boat and shoe dealer; R. Scott, general merchant and owner of saw mill; were burnt



To secure this article, please ask for "Fry's Pure Concentrated Cocca,"

"It is especially adapted to those whose digestive organs are weak."— Sir Charles A. Cameron, M.D.

medical authorities for its marvelous purity and strength and solubility. It is a profitable line to handle.

IT IS ABSOLUTELY PURE !

Is the strongest preparation of Cocoa

made, and is absolutely pure, without flavoring matter or any other ingredi-

It is recommended by the highest

ARTHUR P. TIPPET & CO., 43 Wellington St. E., Toronto. Agents for J. 8. Fry & Sons for Ontario and N. W.

ents.

out in the fire which visited Beeton, Ont., last week.

DIFFICULTIES, ASSIGNMENTS, COMPROMISES. Fidele Blouin, jr., grocer, Quebec, has been asked to assign.

H. D. Chapman, grocer, Moncton, N. B., has assigned.

Israel Chavanel, truit dealer, Quebec, has been asked to assign.

Chas. Lays, general merchant, Newcastle, N. B., is offering to compromise.

Hugh P. McKinnon, general merchant, Port Hawkesbury, N.S., has assigned.

Mrs. Margaret Henderson, grocer, Brockville, Ont., has assigned to G. W. Baker.

Wintermute Bros, general merchants, Cayuga, Ont., have assigned to Robert H. Jarvis.

A. Cabana, jr., general merchant, St. Ephrem d'Upton, Que., has been asked to assign.

Thomas Acteson & Co., general merchants, Lanse au Gascon, Que., are offering to compromise.

White & Co., general merchants, Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., have assigned to John Ferguson, Toronto.

Archibald McGregor, merchant, Fort Wilham, Ont., has assigned to Alexander W. Thompson, Port Arthur.

John Barker, general merchant, Johnson's Landing and New Westminister, B. C., has assigned to D. S. Curtis.

SITUATION WANTED.

WANTED-SITUATION BY YOUNG MAN in grocery or general store, 4 years experience and best of references. B. W. T., Hartford, Ont.

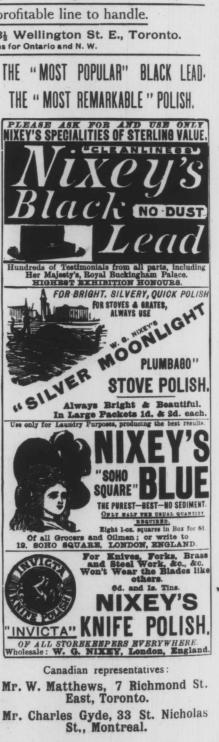
SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements for assistants in retail and wholesale houses, under this head, free.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

Advertisements inserted under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

CANADIAN AGENTS WANTED, FOE FOReign manufacturers of Vinegar and Mustard. Apply with references, C. & Co., care CANADIAN GROCEB.



26



THE CANADIAN GROCER J. C.S.

PURE CALABRIA "Y. & S." LICORICE, 4, 6, 8, 12 and 16s to pound. "ACME" LICORICE PELLETS, In 5-pound Tin Cans. TAR, LICORICE and TOLU WAFERS, in 5-pound Tin Cans.

LICORICE "Y. & S." LOZENGES, In 5-pound Tin Cans and 5-pound Glass Jars. "PURITY," PURE PENNY-LICORICE, 100 and 200 Sticks in a Box.

Manufactured

ufactured Exclusively by YOUNG & SMYLIE,

Where did you see this advertisement?

28

BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

Prices Current Continued	Red Rose, 115 pieces 0 75	JOHN P. MOTT & CO.'S	Cracked, in bas
Plums, Gr Gages, 2's 1 75 2 00	Magic Trick, 115 0 75		papers Cracked, in bag
" Lombard 1 50 1 65 " Daupson Blue 1 50 1 90	Puzzle Gum 115 nieces 0 75	R. S. McIndoe, Agent, Toronto.)	Cocoa and shel
Pumpkins, 3's 0 90 1 00	Bo-Kay 150 " 1 00 Mexican Fruit, 36 5c. bars 1 20	Mott's Bromaper lb \$0 30	Breakfast Co
	Flirtation Gum (new) 0 65	Mott's Prepared Cocoa 28	Ip bxs 8 & 19 1b
Raspberries, 2's 2 00 2 40	(115 pieces)	Mott's Hommopat'c Cocoa (1s) \$2	In boxes, 12 lbs
Strawberries, choice 2's . 2 00 2 40		Mott's Breakfast Cocoa 35 Mott's Breakf. Cocoa(in tins) 40	decorated us
Succotash, 2's 1 65 Tomatues, 3's 0 90 1 00		Mott's No. 1 Chocolate 30	Broma-
"Thistle" Finnan haddies 1 50 Lobster, Clover Leaf 2 75	C. T. HEISEL.	Mott's Breakfast Chocolate 28	In boxes, 12 lbs
Lobster. Clover Leaf 275	To retailers per box	Mott's Caracas Chocolate 40	
" Crown flat 275	Red Jacket, 115 pieces. 0 75	Mott's Diamond Chocolate 22 Mott's French-Can Chocolate 20	
" Other brands 1 90 2 10	Royal Fruit, 36 5c. pkgs. 1 20	Mott's French-Can Chocolate 20 Mott's Navy or Cooking Choc 26	
	Digestive, 120 pieces. 0 80 Largest Heart 150 " 1 00	Mott's Cocoa Nibbs 30	Upplant Bi
Salmon, talls 1 40 1 60	Largest Heart 150 " 1 00 Globe picture 150 " 1 00	Mott's Cocoa Shells	A A A A
Readings Albert Wating 1914	0.000 p.0000 00 100 100	Mott's Vanilla Chocolate stick 222224	100 4 2
	C. R. SOMERVILLE.	Mott's Confec Chocolate	. The Chin
Martiny, %'s " . 10 101%	Mexican Fruit. 36-5c. Bars 1 20	more a Sweet Onto. Anguora are so	
Martiny, ½'s '' 10 10% Martiny, ½'s '' 10 10%	Mexican Fruit, 36-5c. Bars 1 20 Pepsin (Dyspepsia), 20-5c. Bars 0 70		Euaporated (rea
	Sweet Sugar Cane, 150 pieces 1 00	COWAN COCOA AND CHOCOLATE JO.	a sparning Cise
11 14 14's 11 33 36	Celery, 100 " 0 70	Cocoas-	
P&C, 4's tins			
" ["]	Jingle Bell, 1.0 " 1 00 Cracker, 144 " 1 00 O-Dont-O, 144 1 00 Little Jap, 100 " 0 70 Dude Prize; 144 " 1 00	Hygienic, 1, 1, 11b. boxes	CLOT
	O-Dont-O, 144 ' 1 00	Soluble (bulk) 15 & 30 lb bxs 18 20	
CANNED MEATS.	Little Jap, 100 " 0 70	Soluble(tins) 6 lb and 12 lb 20	5 gross, per be
(CANADIAN)	Dude Prize; 144 " 1 00	Cocoa Nils, any quantity 80 85	4 gross, "
Comp. Corn Beef 11b cans \$1 60 \$1 75 2 65 2 80 4 4 4 80 5 00	Clock Gum comprising, 500 pieces Gum (assorted flavors), and 1	Cocoa Shells, ary quantity 05 Cocoa Essenceper doz 1 40	6 gross, "
4 4 4 4 80 5 00	'Little Lord Fauntleyroy" clock	00000 2350400	
11 11 6 11 8 00 8 25 11 11 14 11 17 50 18 50	guaranteed.) 8 75	Chocolates-	CHAS. BO
11 14 11 17 50 18 50		Mexican, %,% in 10 lb bxs 30	b gross, single
Minced Collops, 2 lbcans 2 60	CHOCOLATES & COCOAS.	Queen s Dessert, " 40	Star, 4 doz. in j
Boast Beef1 " 1 50 2 60 2 75		Y & IIII & 00	
Par Ux Tongue, 2% ***********************************	Chocolate- Per lb	Sweet Caracas " 39 Chocolate Powder, 15, 30 lb bxs 35	
Par Ox Tongue, 21/2 " \$8 00 8 25	French, %'s6 and 12 lbs. 0 30	Chocolate Sticks, per gross 00	
Ox Tcugue 2 785 800	Caraccas, %'s6 and 12 lbs. 0 35 Premium, 1's6 and 12 lbs. 0 30	Pure Caracas (plain) 14, 14 lbs 40	C
Lurch Tongue1 8 00 6 25	Fremium, §'s6 and 12 lbs. 0 30	Pure Caracas (plain) 1/4 lbs 40 Royal Navy (sweet) 80	6
English Brawn. 2 " 2 75 2 80	Sante, ½'s, 6 and 12 lbs 0 26 Diamond, ½'s, 6 and 12 lbs. 0 22	Confectioners' in 10 lb cakes 80 Chocolate Creams, in 8 lb bxs 30	Mocha
Camb. Sausage. 1 " 9 50	Sticks, gross boxes, each 0 0.)	Chocolate Creams, in 3 lb bxs 30 Chocolate Parisien, in 6 lb bx# 30	Old Governme
English Brawn. 2 " 2 75 2 80 Camb. Sausage. 1 2 50 Souns assortad 1 1 35	Cocos, Homospat'c, 14's, 8 & 14 lbs 30		Bio
Boups, assorted. 1	Cocoa, Homopat'c, ¼'s, 8 & 14 lbs 30 'i Pearl 'i London Pearl 12 & 18 'i 22 '' Bock	WALTER, BAKER & CO'S	Plantation Ce
Sonns & Boulli. 2 " 1 80	" London Pearl 12 & 18 " 22		Porto Bico Guatemala
Soups & Boulli 2 1 80	" Bulk, in bxs	Uhocolate-	Jamaica
Potted Chicken, Turkey, or Game, 6 oz cans 1 60 Potted Ham, Tongue or Bcof, 6		Pre'um No. 1, bxs12 & 25 lbs each 40	Maracaibo
Game, 6 oz cans 1 60	EPP3. per lb	Baker's Vanilla in bxs 191bs each 59	
oz cans 1 35	Coeoa — per lb Case of 112 lbs each 0 35	Caraccas Sweet bxs 6 lbs each, 19	WHOLE OAST
Devilled Tongue or Ham, 1/2 lb	Smaller quantities 0 371	bxs in case 85	BLLIS (
cans		Eagle, sweet & spiced, bxs 12 lbs	BLDID I
Devilled Chicken or Turkey,	BENSDOBP'S ROYAL DUTCH COCOA.	each	-
Sandwich Ham or Tongue, 4	16 " " 4 50	in case, per box 85	Java
1b cans 1 50	i " " " 8 50	Spanish Tablets, 100 in box, 12 bxs	Java and Moc
Ham, Chicken and Tongue,	BERSDORF B KOTAL DOTA COGA. 34 lb. cans, per doz	in case 8 00	Plantation Ce Arabian Moch Santos English Break
ID CBIB I IU		German Sweet Chocolate-	Santos
CHEWING GUM.	Chocolata - north	Grocers' Style, in cases 12 hoves.	English Break
ADAMS & BONN	Carracas, 1's, 6 lb, boxes 0 40	12 lbs each	Boyal Dandel
To Retailers	Vanilla, 1's, " 0 40	Grocers' Style, in cases \$4 boxes, 6	TODEUNTER
Tutti Frutti, 36 5c bars \$1 20	"Gold Medal" Sweet, 61b bxs. 0 30	10s each	
Pepsin Tutti Frutti, 235c. packets 0 75	(A. P. Tippet & Co., Agents) Chocolate - per lb Carracas, 2's, 6 lb. boxes 0 40 'Gold Medal' Sweet, 6 lb bxs. 0 30 Pure, unsweetned, 2's, 6 lb bxs. 0 40 'Fry's' Diamond's 6 lb bxs. 0 40	19 lbs each	Excelsior Blen

s, 121bs., each, 1 lb. 89 ells, 12s and 25s ... 30 0008-

lbs., each, ib., tins 45 bs., each, ib tins, sanisters...... 45

bs., each, & 1b.tins... 40



THES PINS.

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0	gross,		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1	20

BOECKH & SONS. perbox

b gross, sin	gle	& 10box lots	0 75	08	ł
Star, 4 doz.	in	package		08	j

cotton bags 0 90 COFFEE.

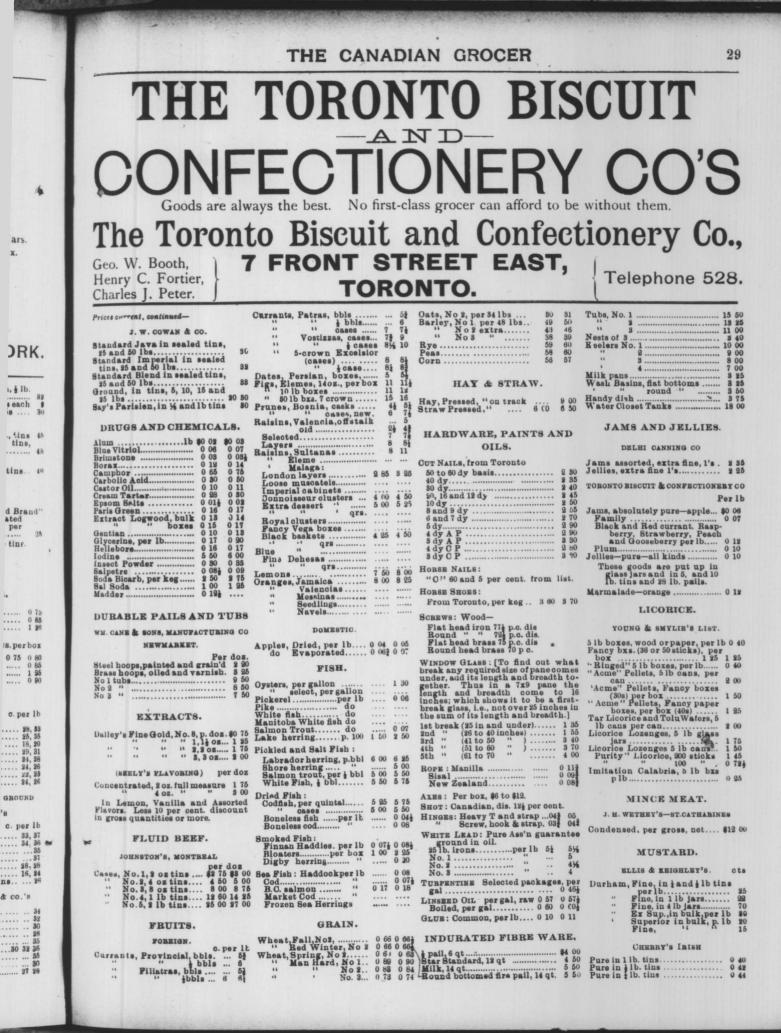
GREEN · c. per 1b

10	Mocha 28, 83	
30	Old Government Java 25, 35	
	Bio 18, 20	
	Plantation Ceylon 29, 31	
	Porto Bico	
	Jamaica	
	Maracaibo 24, 26	
0	Warmon	

TED OR PURE GROUND

BLLIS & KEIGHLEY'S	
c. per ll	b
Java	6 💓
Plantation Ceylon	5
Santos	4
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Excelsior Blend 3 Our Own "	4

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28, 83 25, 35 18, 20 29, 31 24, 28 24, 26 22, 23 24, 26

GROUND 18

c. per 1b

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28. 9 & co.'s

NUTS. per lb " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	Prices current, continued.	LEA & PERRIN'S. per doz-	Grand Duke	Oswego Corn Starch-for Puddings, Custards, etc
11monds, Ivica	NUTS. per lb	" pints 6 25 6 50 LAZENBY & SONS Per doz	Tapioca,	40-1b boxes, 1 lb packages 8 20-1b "
· Forsifie eta · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Almonds, Ivica	rickies, all kinds, pints 5 25	ROOT BEER.	am TAWDENCE AMADON CO.I.
The construct The	Almonds, Shelled Valencias 28 82	Harvey Sauce-genuine-hilf. pts 3 25 Mushroom Catsup " 2 25 Anchovy Sauce " " 3 25	Hire's (Liquid) per doz \$2 00	Culinary Starches- St. Lawrence corn starch
Strail 0 10	" Jordan. 40 45 " Canary 28 30			Durham corn starch
Hiberts, Stolly 10 args 11 args 11 args 10 arg	Bragil 10 124	PRODUCE.		
early a reading of a solution of a of a of a solution a solutio solution of a solution of a solution of a sol	Filberts, Sicily 104 11	DAIRY. Per b	Pepper, black, pure \$0 121\$0 15	No. 1, White, 4 lb. Cartons 4
" green 9 10 " medium 0 14 0 15 Gine field construction 20 20 10 Canada field stocom 20	Pasnuts rossted 10 12	" dairy, tubs, choice 0 16 0 20	" white, pure 20 28	
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 TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

 British Consols, 4's; brighttwist, 5's; Twin Gold Bar, 5's

 Brier, 7's

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 Heliotrope paper
 150

 Carnation
 60

 Rose Boquet
 0 60

 Cocoa Castile
 0 40

 Arcadian
 0 46

 New Arcadian, per gross
 4 25

 Occan Boquet
 0 45

 Barber's Bar, per 1b
 0 25

 Pure Bath
 1 00

 Magnolia
 1 90

 Oatmeal
 0 85

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CIGARETTE TOBACCO B. C. N. 1, 1-10, 5 lb boxes..... Puritan, 1-10, 5 lb boxes..... Athlete, per lb..... Hyde Park... VINEGAR. A. HAAZ & CO XX, W.W. 0 20 XXX, W.W. 0 5 Honey Dew 0 30 Pickling 0 30 Malting 0 40 WOODENWARE. per dos Pails, 2 hoop, clear Nc 1 ... \$1 70 Pails, 2hoops, clear No. 2... 1 90 1 60 1 80 1 80 " 3 " painted... " ... Tubs, No. 0...... 3. Washboards, Globe......\$190 Water Witch Northern Queen Planet.... Waverly.... X X 6 00 2 00 X.....Single Crescent... Double " Jubilee Globe Improved. Quick and Easy ... World Ber case. 2 25 1 90 1 80 1 75 Mops and Handles, comb. 125 MASHING COMPOUND. Housekeeper's Quick-Washing per case. 50 pkgs 1000 in case \$ 50 10c '' 60 in case \$ 50 PEERLESS WASHING COMPOUND.

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