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Volume 47--No. 39.

The Glencoe Transcript.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1918.

A GOOD INVESTMENT
It pays to advertise in the Transcript, the local paper with a circulation. Try it.

Whole No. 2435.

MUNICIPALITY OF EKFRID

Notice is hereby given that a court will be held, pursuant to the Ontario Voters' Lists Act, by His Honor the Judge of the County Court of the County of Middlesex, at the Town Hall, Appin, on the 14th day of October, 1918, at the hour of five o'clock afternoon, to hear and determine complaints of errors and omissions in the Voters' List of the Municipality of Ekfrid for 1918.

Dated at Ekfrid this 28th day of September, 1918.
A. P. McDOUGALD,
Clerk of Ekfrid.

TENDERS FOR WOOD

Sealed tenders will be received by the undersigned for 25 cords of 18-inch green beech and maple wood, to be delivered at Burns' church, Kilmartin—10 cords in 1918 and 15 cords by 1st of March, 1919.
D. W. MUNROE, 35-2

FOR SALE

Part of the west half of the north half of lot 22, con. 1, Ekfrid, known as "Fairview Place." Contains about 35 acres of clay loam soil, good house, barn, orchard, etc. An ideal small farm, with telephone and rural mail, and only one mile from school, church and railroad station. Apply to John B. McRae, Appin Road. 34-13

FOR SALE

10,000 feet of 4-inch casing; 10,000 feet of 4 1/2-inch casing; a quantity of 5-inch casing; 6,000 feet of 5-inch casing; Pumping Rig and 12-hp. Engine, in good repair; a quantity of good Jerker Lines.—Robert Kettle, Petrolia, Ont. Phone 174. 32-4

FARM FOR SALE

100 acres, north half of lot 13, 2nd range south of Longwoods Road, Mosa township. This property has a good brick house, grain barn, horse stable, feed and cattle shed and large hen house on it and is well fenced. Soil of clay and sandy loam, and unceasing supply of good water. This farm is desirably situated on a good gravel road, 2 1/2 miles from village of Wardsville, 5 churches and high school, 1 1/2 miles to common school, 2 phone systems to the place. Will be sold to settle estate. Terms easy. Apply at farm or Mrs. Mary Halliday, R. R. No. 2, Wardsville, Ont.

Cream Wanted

Having engaged with the Lambton Creamery Co. as their local manager for the purchase of Cream and Eggs, I hereby solicit a share of your patronage. Cream will be received, tested and paid for by me daily at the Glencoe Butter Factory. Will also have a man collecting on the road.
Phone 73 ALEX. MCNEIL.

A. B. McDONALD
Agent for Fire, Life, Accident, Automobile and Animal Insurance. A share of your business solicited. Office at residence, Main street, Glencoe, Phone 71. 120

WESTERN Business College
WINDSOR, ONTARIO
A High Grade School. Write for Catalogue. Hundreds of students prepared annually in DETROIT and WINDSOR, L.S. McAlum, Prin. P. O. Box 56 Accountants

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Highlands of Ontario

CANADA
The Home of the Red Deer and the Moose

OPEN SEASONS

DEER.—November 1st to November 15th inclusive.

MOOSE.—November 1st to November 15th inclusive. In some of the northern districts of Ontario, including Timagami and the territory north and south of the Canadian Government Railway from the Quebec to Manitoba boundary, open season for Moose is from October 1st to November 30th inclusive.

Write for copy of "Playgrounds—The Haunts of Fish and Game," giving Game Laws, Hunting Regulations, etc., to C. E. Horning, District Passenger Agent, Union Station, Toronto, Ont.

C. O. Smith - Phone 5

CHANTRY FARM

Lincoln Sheep
and Shorthorn Cattle

ED. DE GEX, Kerwood, Ont. 114

M. A. McALPINE LICENSED AUCTIONEER

Is prepared to conduct all kinds of sales, large or small. Terms reasonable. Satisfaction guaranteed. Write or phone him at Campbellton. 432

J. B. GOUGH & SON

Furniture Dealers
Funeral Directors
MAIN STREET - GLENCOE
Phone day 23, night 100

FIRE PREVENTION

PROCLAMATION

Issued by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Ontario.

Whereas next to the care of those who are offering their lives on the front line of battle, the conservation of all our energies and substance is our most important problem;
And whereas the saving of human life, thrift, and the prevention of loss of property through destruction by fire is an aid which every one should give willingly to the community at large;

And whereas the reckless and impoverishing fire waste that confronts the people of our province is appalling;
Therefore, believing that the loss can be minimized only by awakening in the public mind a universal watchfulness against carelessness, accumulation of rubbish and unsanitary conditions;

Because of this great need and in order to arouse a sense of watchfulness, carefulness and cleanliness, and to create a greater personal responsibility in reducing the number of preventable fires;
We have thought fit, by and with the advice of our Executive Council for our Province of Ontario, to name and do hereby name Wednesday, the

9th DAY OF OCTOBER, 1918

AS

FIRE PREVENTION DAY

And we do hereby urge that on this day, throughout our Province of Ontario, attention be called in schools and public places to the conditions that exist and to the need of immediate action and co-operation on the part of everyone; and special exercises, addresses and other means be employed to impress on the public mind lessons of Fire Prevention.

To insure the success of this great Clean-up Campaign it will be necessary to have the hearty and harmonious co-operation of all who have for their objects civic, social and industrial betterment.

The Proclamation should be read in all Schools and at Public Gatherings.
Department of the Attorney-General. GEORGE F. LEWIS, Deputy Fire Marshal.
Toronto, Sept. 21st, 1918.

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

INCORPORATED 1869

Capital Authorized.....\$25,000,000
Capital Paid-up.....14,000,000
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits.....15,000,000
Total Assets.....39,000,000

SIR HERBERT S. HOLT, President

E. L. PEASE, Vice-President and Managing Director

C. E. NEILL, General Manager

STUART STRATHY, Supervisor of Ontario Branches

521 Branches. Correspondents in all parts of the world. Savings Departments at all Branches.

Special attention given to business of Farmers.

Glencoe Branch - E. M. DOULL, Manager

Branches also at Strathroy, Appin, Wardsville, Dutton and Rodney

Keith's Cash Store

Our Millinery Opening takes place on Thursday, Sept. 19th, and following days. A very large assortment of the latest styles of hats.

P. D. KEITH

Garage Special

A Preston Garage, 10 x 18, with metal roof, hardware, glass and painted, erected on your place—\$715.00.

or we will furnish

material for garage 10 x 18, felt roofing, doors made up, rafters and studding cut, window frame and sash, everything ready to put together, including glass, nails and hardware—\$75.00.

McPHERSON & CLARKE

Lumber Yard and Planing Mill

Glencoe, Ont.

BIG SHOE SALE

Starting this week to sell our entire shoe stock at cost and less than cost, as we have decided to go out of the shoe business.

Come and get your share of the bargains while they are on the go.

W. J. Strachan

DAUGHTERS OF THE EMPIRE

Meetings every Tuesday night and Thursday afternoon during this month for hospital work and soldiers' field supplies.

Selling of tags.....\$130 00
Mrs. Oxley.....10 00
Mr. Doull.....5 00
Mr. Alf. Aldred.....5 00
A friend.....5 00
Collection of lecture.....34 00
\$189 00

Meeting in McRae Hall this Thursday afternoon for preparing work, and a business meeting in the evening. All members to be present.

All finished work to be brought in this week. Will ship next Monday.

Apples Wanted

AT GLENCOE EVAPORATOR

Good hard, sound fruit. No soft apples wanted. Will pay the best prices going—fifty cents per 100 lbs. 31st

A. H. COPELAND.

DELCO-LIGHT

The complete Electric Light and Power Plant

Saves time and labor.—Increases farm efficiency.—Pays for itself.

M. C. MORGAN - DEALER
Kerwood, Ont.

Cream and Eggs Wanted

Get our proposition re cream; highest prices paid. Wagon always on the road. Phone us if you want us to call.

D. R. HAGERTY, Glencoe

House, 31st. Store, 80.

Eye Comfort

is obtainable through the aid of perfect fitting glasses.

Our spectacles and lenses are guaranteed perfect in fit and focus.

C. E. Davidson

Jeweler Optician

Marriage Licenses Issued

JAMES POOLE

Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance Agent, representing the greatest fire insurance companies of the world, and the leading mutual fire insurance companies of Ontario. Office at residence, first door south of the Presbyterian Church, Glencoe.

WARDSVILLE

Mrs. Bury of Chicago and Bert Heywood of Toledo spent a few days with their mother, Mrs. Roberts.

Mrs. Clark of Erie, Pa., is visiting Mrs. Alex. Douglas.

Don McRae was taken to St. Joseph Hospital, London, on Friday and went through an operation successfully.

His brother Jim is here from Michigan looking after the business.

Mrs. Jack Calder and daughter Mary of Beaverton are here, the former taking care of her mother, Mrs. Aitchison, who has been quite ill.

Miss Farrington spent Saturday in London.

Will Stinson, who was hurt with a pitchfork at a threshing, is somewhat better.

GLENCOE RED CROSS

Receipts from Fair Day:

Hot supper.....\$225 00

Booth.....100 00

We acknowledge, with thanks, \$5.00 from Mr. John Gilbert.

All the unclaimed dishes left from the supper the night of the fair can be obtained Tuesday and Friday afternoons, when the Red Cross rooms are open.

Jean Sutherland, Molly Taft, Treas. Sec.

DISTRICT AND GENERAL

William Stinson of Alborough was injured at a threshing, when a fork penetrated his chest.

A meeting of the St. Clair District Press Association will be held at Petrolia on October 11th.

Howard Gardner, near Wardsville, threshed 700 bushels of oats and barley from nine acres of land.

London had quite a pronounced snow storm on Thursday morning. This is the earliest on record.

The recent rains are said to have done considerable damage to the bean crops in Wardsville vicinity.

Wardsville high school students will hold their annual field sports on Thursday afternoon, October 3rd.

The Dominion and Provincial Governments are to co-operate in the matter of settling soldiers on the land.

Canada will resume ordinary time at 2 a. m. on Sunday, October 27. All clocks will at that hour be put back 60 minutes.

Russell McPherson of Wardsville was married to Miss Bertha E. McMaster at Wardsville on Wednesday, September 25.

Henry Grigg of Bosanquet township had both his arms torn off and died instantly while trying to put a belt on a threshing machine.

James Hughes, a farmer near Kent Bridge, threshed 250 bushels of alfalfa clover seed, which he marketed at \$12 a bushel, making a total of \$3,000.

Peter Johnson, an Alborough farmer, was fined \$200 and costs at St. Thomas on pleading guilty to a charge of forging weigh scale checks at West Lorne a year ago.

Prior to her marriage recently to M. A. McAlpine of Campbellton, Miss Gertrude Morrison of Brookville was tendered a shower by her friends, when she was made the recipient of many useful gifts.

The death after a brief illness with pneumonia occurred at Melbourne on Wednesday morning of last week of Mrs. John Hitchcock, who recently moved to the village from Mayfair.

She leaves a husband, two sons and eight daughters.

Aaron Ellwood, aged 42, of Bothwell, committed suicide by shooting himself through the heart, using a revolver for the purpose.

The deceased had from his childhood suffered from infantile paralysis, which had made him melancholy.

Keith McEachern of Alvinston, who during the summer joined the Canadian Engineers, has been discharged from the service on account of having wrenched his knee while riding a horse at camp, thereby making him unfit for further use in the army.

With the object of publishing a daily paper devoted to the interests of the farmers of Ontario, the Farmers' Publishing Co. has been incorporated with an authorized capital of \$500,000.

Toronto will be the headquarters of the new publication. The name of the paper has not been announced yet.

Reports from the largest bean growers in Elgin county state that the crop this year is an excellent one, far exceeding former years.

The grain is free from rust and the pods are exceptionally well filled. Reeve Wm. Tolmie of Alborough, one of the heaviest bean raisers in Western Ontario, states that his crop will be a bumper one. He has more than 100 loads in his barns ready for the threshers.

PREDICTS SUGAR FAMINE

That Ontario will be practically without white sugar before Christmas is the assertion of H. E. Guppy, wholesale merchant at Windsor. "There will be some relief in a week or two," said Mr. Guppy, "when the beet sugar is ready for the market, but as Canada grows only enough beets to give the Dominion sugar for one week there seems to be no chance of a permanent supply of the Cuba crop is ready."

Housewives of the border cities, especially in the east end of Windsor, were unable to buy white sugar Monday.

CAN HAVE TWO RESIDENCES

A decision in an unique case under the Ontario Temperance Act was given by Magistrate Graydon at London when he dismissed a charge against Maurice Gootson of unlawfully having liquor in a place other than a private dwelling.

He ruled that it was possible for a man to have more than one place in which liquor could be lawfully kept or consumed.

The case is without parallel in court records, so far as can be learned. Gootson, whose home is at 41 Midland street, claimed that for personal convenience he had been sleeping at 541 Philip street, where the liquor was found. The court accordingly ruled that he had two private dwellings.

ACCIDENT CAUSES DEATH

The death occurred on Sunday evening, Sept. 22, at the Strathroy Hospital, of Daniel Grant McLean, a well-known farmer of Metcalfe township, in his 54th year.

While engaged in sinking a well on the farm of his brother, William McLean of Metcalfe, on the Saturday previous, Mr. McLean met with an accident. In boring, for which horse power was used, a whiffletree became unhooked, allowing the arm to fly back, which struck him with terrible force, fracturing one of his legs badly.

His condition appeared satisfactory until Friday morning, when blood poisoning set in.

FAIR FINANCIALLY

Weather favored the forty-third annual fair of the Mosa and Ekfrid Agricultural Society held at Glencoe last week, and the result was most gratifying from a financial standpoint.

The gate and grandstand receipts were the largest on record. In other respects the fair was up to the average, with an increase of exhibits in some classes and a falling off in others.

Indoors there was a finer display than ever, particularly so in grain. The wheat was a splendid sample, as were also the oats and barley. Spring wheat was shown for the first time in the native varieties, but the Southern variety, grown quite extensively in this district as an experiment, had not ripened and it is evident would be unprofitable to grow, except, perhaps, for silo-filling.

There were good potatoes and other roots of all kinds. Apples predominated in the fruit line, with a few pears and plums, all splendid quality, and one small exhibit of grapes that in an ordinary season for grapes in this section, owing to winter-killing of the fruit wood.

Vegetables of a good sample were shown quite extensively.

The ladies made a large and splendid exhibit in the dairy section, including cookery, and in the fancy work and fine arts departments they excelled as usual.

The horse ring, always the centre of attraction, showed a falling off in several of the classes, owing no doubt to the extra attention required to be given at this time to other lines of production on the farm and the scarcity of farm help, leaving little time to prepare animals for exhibition.

The show was good, however, and with the special events in front of the grandstand enthusiastic interest was maintained.

There was a fairly large show of cattle, all bred and in prime condition. In sheep, only a few Lincolns were shown. The hog classes also were unimpaired, and the show of poultry was small.

The program in front of the grandstand had the added attraction this year of a baby show, in which there were some twenty entries. An exhibition of high jumpers was promised by the Local Hunt Club, but owing to unforeseen circumstances this had to be withdrawn. Good music was furnished by the Wardsville band.

The little folk were disappointed that there was no merry-go-round, but in a way made up for this by patronizing the booths, of which there were several.

The Races.

These were good and well worth seeing. Not many horses were entered as has been frequent, but this left the starting an easy matter and there were no long, agonizing waits for the heats to get away. Results were as follows:

Free-for-all

1st—Ora Mitchell; F. Hadley. 1 1 1

Strathroy

2nd—Ola Bars; J. Walker. 2 2 2

Wilton Grove

3rd—Topsy L.; W. Pickler. 2 2 2

Longwood

Time—2:32, 2:34, 2:30 1/2, 2:30. 3 3 3

2:50 Class

1st—Eel Brino; T. H. Hadley. 1 1 1

Strathroy

2nd—Molly Mack; T. McCracken, Melbourne. 3 2 2

3rd—Teddy G.; L. Goff, Glencoe. 2 4 4

4th—Dr. B.; Perkins, Mid. 4 3 4

demiss

Time—2:49 1/2, 2:49 1/4, 2:49, 2:49 1/2.

Baby Show.

A protest having been entered in this event on the grounds that one of the exhibits was over the specified age, the decision of the judges as announced is not published. When the matter is finally decided the names of the winners will be given out.

Evening Concert.

The usual concert in the evening was held at the opera house, when the Trespian Dramatic Club of London staged "Mrs. Temple's Telegram," an exceedingly laughable play and one which was greatly appreciated by a crowded house.

The play was under the direction of Miss Jean Walker and the players, who were formerly members of the Presbyterian Union Dramatic Club, were Mrs. H. Langford, Misses Helen McFarlane, Stella Donnie and Irene Stevens, and Messrs. Harry Craig, C. L. Wideman, Mervin Kenyon, Wendell Hughes and J. Wilson.

That two of the players, Mrs. Langford and Miss McFarlane, were former residents of Glencoe added to the local interest in the play. Both the ladies took leading parts, Miss McFarlane as Mrs. Temple and Mrs. Langford as Mrs. John Brown. They performed their parts admirably, as in fact did the whole cast. The net proceeds of the concert amounted to \$75.

Ladies Served Supper.

A splendid supper was served by the ladies of the Red Cross in the town hall in the evening. This was an accommodation much appreciated, and especially so by those remaining for the concert. Although provision was made on an extensive scale there were no extras to carry home, and it is understood that the ladies were greatly delighted with the financial results. The Red Cross also operated a refreshment booth on the grounds.

(Continued on page four)

A BRIGHTER PROSPECT

The capitulation of Bulgaria hastens the end of the war. The territory of Bulgaria which covers the Danube and the railway to Constantinople passes into the possession of the Allies, and Turkey, isolated, must it seems presently capitulate. Austria, which is already seeking peace, will be exposed to new dangers. In France the pressure of the Allies is maintained and the Germans yield. There is no suggestion now of a counter attack. Hertling resigns and the German newspapers sold and harangue the people to greater effort. But at this stage greater effort is impossible and the newspaper harangues are likely to stir, if not a revolutionary mood of the people, at least an irresistible clamor for peace.

MELBOURNE FAIR

The last fair of the season and always popular will be the Melbourne fair, to be held on Friday, October 11. It promises to be bigger and better than ever.

GRAVEL CONTRACT LET

At a recent meeting of Glencoe council the contract of hauling gravel for the improvement of the south portion of Main street was let to Wm. Tomlinson and Wm. McRae. This work is being done under the county good roads system and is being supervised by County Engineer Talbot, who is here this week. The amount to be expended on this portion of the street at this time is \$1,000.

DEATH OF C. W. CURRIE

The death occurred at his home in Thamesville on Tuesday morning at one o'clock of Dr. Charles W. Currie, dentist, aged 45 years, after an illness of several weeks with pneumonia.

Dr. Currie was a son of the late John Currie of Mosa township, and leaves besides his wife several brothers, among them being J. N. Currie, merchant, Glencoe, and W. A. Currie, also of Glencoe. Deceased had been practicing his profession at Thamesville for some twenty years, and prior to that at Ridgetown. Dr. Currie was a useful citizen, being one of the village auditors, secretary of the patriotic society and treasurer of the Presbyterian church. For a number of years he was a valued member of the school board, also secretary of the local Conservative Association.

The funeral will be on Friday afternoon, with service in the Presbyterian church at Thamesville at 1:30 o'clock and interment in Oakland cemetery, the cortege coming to the cemetery by Longwoods Road.

"FIRE PREVENTION DAY"

The Provincial Fire Marshal has designated October 9th as "Fire Prevention Day" for the province, and as appears in a notice published in another part of this week's Transcript the people are asked to respond to the call for installing preventive measures.

The request comes directly from Premier Hearst and has been deemed exigent on account of Canada's heavy fire loss last year. Glencoe council has been instructed to deal with the matter and no doubt at the meeting of the council next Monday evening steps will be taken to have a systematic visit made to all the homes and places of business in the village, explaining to the occupants the necessity of keeping their cellars and back yards free of litter, also to see that pipes and chimneys and garrets are properly cleaned and made free from dirt and soot. Every measure of dirt in the province is being strongly advised to co-operate in this good work.

ESCAPED ON A RAFT

Rev. and Mrs. Charlton had all doubts and anxieties as to the fate of their son who was on the torpedoed "Galway Castle" set at rest yesterday when they received a letter from him written at Borden Camp, England, on Sept. 15th. The letter says in part:

Here I am again in Borden after having been since the 9th lost at sea. Everything went well while we had the escort with us but the night they left us was to our sorrow, for the next morning at 7 o'clock they torpedoed us in the Atlantic right in the centre and broke the Galway Castle's back. Luckily we stayed afloat. The sea was very rough and it was pitiful to see little children being drowned and women floating away to eternity. After all boats had gone a naval officer, an old man from our medical corps and myself got hold of a raft and tied it to a rope and threw it over the side. We three men got into the sea and onto the raft, and wishing ourselves good luck set

Fresh as a Flower,
and just as fragrant!

"SALADA" TEA

is just the tiny buds and young leaves from
hill-grown shrubs—So economical because
it yields so generously in the teapot.

A Man Chooses

PART II.

She stirred the oysters, forgetting
her own letter, a letter from home,
as the postmark told her. "If you
were free, Bud, unhampered, may-
be you might—"

He missed the acute misery in her
voice. Roughly he drew out a chair
and dropped into it.

"Of course," he retorted grimly,
almost resentfully. "That's what
young folks always get by tying up
in the puppy age! What's your news?"

Better read it."

Her face went but little paler when
she read her news. It was from the
old-maid sister at home.

Mother is very sick. The doctor
has but little hope of her recovery.
I'm sure. And, Deen, she is pining
to see you once more. Can you ar-
range to come home, if only for a few
days? Remember, you haven't been
back since you married. It seems
to me, from what I've seen of this
husband, that husbands are cheaper than moth-
ers. We are losing ours. Will you
try to come?

It was then Bud Barnes rose to his
feet, and said:

"Of course you are going to your
mother," he announced when he had
read the word. "A fellow, yester-
day, was wanting to buy my old fid-
dle. I can spare it now. I can use
the Beech. First thing in the morn-
ing I'll hunt him up. He'll pay cash,
and glad to do it. Get your things
ready. I'm sorry about Mother,
Deen. We've neglected her, but it
looks like we never could make the way
to go."

There was no pleasure for Nadine
in that belated visit—only grief and
a sense of unreality. The dear moth-
er, grown strangely remote, the
pinch of death in its sagging lines,
strangers coming and going, noise-
lessly, sympathetically everywhere
the atmosphere of waiting—it was all
like a bad dream. But through it all,
hidden and unacknowledged, ran a
deeper, sharper ache—Bud and his
chance.

A stranger face grew very familiar
during that hard time—the face of
the attending physician. She grew
to watch for his little personal flash
of understanding and sympathy. There
had been so few in her bare young
life who cared, however remotely, for
her needs, physical or spiritual. It
was a new sensation to be followed by
respectful but admiring glances. It
was a new sensation to rest her weak-
ness on a man's strength. In her
awful trance, watching the fight for
a life, the subtle fascination crept
through. And when the end came,
and out of chaos she heard this new
friend offering what seemed a larger
life, she came suddenly to a place
where her life's road blurred before
her.

On its face the proposition was
honorable and munificent. A chance
of travel, a new atmosphere, a big salary

The Story of a Struggle to
Attain a Great
Ambition.

By R. W. Johnson.

—all to care for and train a little
weakling child. Somehow the man,
without the vulgarities of speech, let
her know just what the child's moth-
er was not, just why he and the child
needed Nadine. There was nothing
Bud would have resented, nothing the
world would condemn. But—
"I will consider your proposal," she
faltered, and in the night's silence
faced her problem.

Toward morning she arose, and
bent a face, convulsed and tear-wet,
over the letter pad on her knee. She
wrote:

Dear Bud: "I have not slept any.
All night I have been trying to decide
what I shall do. This is it, and I
want you to forgive me if the decision
hurts:

You married me without sufficient
thought. Bud, we were both too young.
We thought only of our love and
longing for each other. But life has
so many other problems.

I am setting you free of me—for a
time, for all time, just as you choose.
I am bound, always. I shall love
you always, just as in the beginning.
I have found honest work, and I
mean to see you through that col-
lege you so wished to enter. I'll sell
the chickens, the horses, and the cow,
the money will start you. Leave
the rest to me. Get ready. I want
you to begin as soon as you can.

Nadine.

Nadine's trunk was strapped and
waiting in the hall. She sat by the
fire, wearily listening for Doctor
Norris' car, watching the snowflakes
hit and slush down the window pane.
They seemed to hit and slush into her
heart.

Just then the door opened stormily,
and she started to her feet to close
and bolt it against the wind. But it
wasn't the wind—it was Bud, dishevel-
ed, fierce, passion-bleached. He
reached her at a stride and roughly
gathered her into the folds of his
wet coat.

"You little fool!" he gasped. "I
got your crazy letter, and do you think
for a moment—"

At their door he stopped to insert
the key.

"This is a fresh beginning," His
voice was like the glimmer. "Don't say
anything to me about the school. He
pushed the door wide. "Go in! This
is what I want—home, and children,
and you. I know what I want."

She went in, holding tightly to his
hand. Her glance went straight to
the far corner and clung there in
shocked dismay. Where its creator
had hurled it lay the splintered wreck
of the Little Red Beech.

(The end.)

TALISMANS FOR THE HUNS

Fortune Tellers Are Reaping Harvest
In Teutonic Empires.

Superstition always has played a
great part in all wars, but, according
to German newspapers, the belief in
charms and talismans in the present
conflict has become so universal in
the Teutonic empires that a big in-
dustry has developed as a result of
it.

In Vienna there are numerous
shops which make a specialty of
charms for soldiers alleged to have
the property of sparing them in bat-
tle. Rabbits' feet, horseshoes, butts
of guns found on battlefields, bullets
and parts of shells form some of
the charms too numerous to mention.



Are Fruits and Vegetables Luxuries?

In the House of Diet fruits and
vegetables may be likened to windows
and doors, fireplaces and chimneys;
we could dispense with them, we could
board up our windows and make a
fire on a big stove in the middle of
the room, letting the smoke escape
through a hole in the roof but such a
coarse would not mean comfort
year in and year out. So we may
exist without fruits and vegetables
but it is worth while to stop to con-
sider what we gain by their use.

There is an old adage, "An apple a
day keeps the doctor away," which if
true, means that the apple is a real
economy, a kind of health insurance,
for an apple costs seldom over five
cents, often only one, and a doctor's
visit may easily cost a hundred times
as much. There is a certain amount
of truth in the saying though the ap-
ple does not have a monopoly on the
supposed virtue.

It is more accurate if less poetic, to
say that an assortment of fruits and
vegetables helps to keep us in good
health. Before the days of modern
cold-pack canning, in the spring months
used to assemble their little home
groups and, in spite of sandy hid-
ings under tables on the part of re-
luctant Johnnies and Susies, dutifully
portion out herb tea or sulphur in
molasses. Spring cleaning could
never stop short of "cleaning the
blood!"

And after a monotonous
winter of meat and potatoes no doubt
herbic measures were necessary to
make up for a badly balanced diet.
Nowadays we recognize no such sea-
sonal need. We carry our surplus of
fruits and vegetables over from sum-
mer to winter and profit not only in
the greater daily pleasure of our
tables but in clearer skins, brighter
eyes and less "spring fever."

How do fruits and vegetables help
to keep us well? In the first place,
by their wholesome effect upon the
bowels. As a rule we associate regu-
lar daily movements with health
but do not always recognize the part
which diet plays in securing them. If
we eat little besides meat and pota-
toes, bread, butter and cake or pie,
we are very likely to have constipa-
tion. This is particularly true for
those who work indoors or sit much
of the time. Now fruits and vegeta-
bles have several properties which
help to make them laxative.

In the juices of fruits and vegeta-
bles we find a variety of laxative
substances. This explains why ap-
ple juice (sweet cider), orange juice
or diluted lemon juice may be a very
desirable morning drink. The effect
is partly but not wholly due to the
acid. Juices which are not acid to the
taste, as those of prunes, figs,
onions, are laxative.

So from a great variety of fruits
and vegetables, especially those which
are fibrous or acid or both, we may ob-
tain the substitute for "pills" in
wholesome foods which are generally
cheaper than drugs.

No diet can be properly built with-
out a suitable supply of mineral salts.
The free use of milk is our greatest
safeguard against lack of any save
iron but when milk is scarce and has
to be saved as now for the babies of
the world, it is fortunate that we can
make fruit and vegetables take its
place in part. Some of our very com-
mon vegetables are good sources of
the calcium and phosphorus so freely
supplied in milk. Among these may
be taken as an example the carrot,
which has not had due recognition in
many quarters, and in some is even
spoken of contemptuously, as "cattle
food."

Its cheapness, which comes
from the fact that it is easy to grow
and easy to keep through the winter
should not blind us to its merits. A
good-sized carrot (weight one-fourth
pound) will have only about half the
fuel value of a medium-sized potato
but nearly ten times as much calcium
as the potato and about one-third
more phosphorus. While actual fig-
ures show that other vegetables, es-
pecially parsnips, turnips, celery,
cauliflower and lettuce, are richer in
calcium than the carrot, its cheapness
and fuel value make it worthy of
emphasis; a medium-sized carrot will
furnish as much calcium as a scant
quarter of a cup of milk.

Even when meat and eggs are not
prohibitive in price, fruit and green
vegetables are an important source
of iron in the diet. And when war
conditions make the free consump-
tion of meat unpatriotic, it is reas-
uring to think that we really can
get along without meat very well if
we know how. Two ounces of lean
beef will furnish no more iron than a
quarter of a cup of cooked spinach or
half a cup of cooked string beans or
dried beans, or one-sixth of a cup of
raisins, or half a dozen good-sized
prunes. Cabbage, peas, lettuce, dan-
dion greens, beet tops, turnip tops, and
other "greens" are well worth includ-
ing in our bill of fare for their iron
alone. By the time children are a
year old we begin to introduce special
iron-bearing foods into their diet to
supplement milk. Aside from egg
yolk, we give preference for this pur-
pose to green vegetable juice or pulp,
especially from peas and spinach or a
mixture of both.

There is a further significance for

fruits and vegetables in their contri-
bution to the diet of the growing
child, health-protecting vitamins. That
the presence of fruits and vegeta-
bles in the diet is a safeguard
against scurvy is well known, though
the full scientific explanation is not
yet ours. That the leaf vegetables
(spinach, lettuce, cabbage, and the
like) contain both of the vitamins
which are essential to growth in the
young and to the maintenance of
health in the adult, seems assured and
gives us further justification for
emphasis on green vegetables in the
diet of little children, when properly
administered; that is, always cooked,
put through a fine sieve and fed in
small quantities.

Those who have plenty of highly
flavored meat are apt to be satisfied
by it or to demand stronger flavors
(coffee, outcups, pickles and tobacco)
than those found in fruits and vegeta-
bles. They are also apt to spend
so much money on meat that they
have none left to buy what seem to
them unimportant items in the diet
and apt to have a much less whole-
some diet than they might have for
the same money. Studies of ex-
penditures in many families show that
a good rule to insure a well balanced
diet is to spend no more money for
meat than one does for fruits and
vegetables. Also it is well to remem-
ber that vegetables are usually cheaper
than fruits and that dried ones
may largely take the place of canned
or fresh ones.

For wholesome and economical liv-
ing have fruit of some kind at least
once a day and make the main dish
of one meal, a vegetable dish when-
ever possible. Thick cream soups,
souffles, creamed or scalloped vegeta-
bles are all substantial and appetiz-
ing. The way to learn to like such
foods is to keep trying. One may
learn contentment with the proverbial
dinner of herbs more easily by realiz-
ing that one is building valuable
bricks into the house of diet. And
in the present emergency one may, by
selection of fruits and vegetables of
high energy value, save more portable
foods for our soldiers and allies. The
knowledge that a banana is equivalent
in "calories" to a large slice of bread
or a small pat of butter becomes
tremendously significant; that an ap-
ple, an orange, four prunes, four
dates or a cupful of figs, may not
only take the place of bread but ac-
tually add something which the bread
does not contain, means that we shall
be the gainers from our own sacrifices.

Canada's Stake In the World Conflict.

How Canada is becoming, thanks
to the skill and heroism of her sons,
linked up with the world conflict, says
Prof. Osborne of the University of
Manitoba. The young man who
brought down Baron Richthofen, Ger-
many's premier aviator, was Brown,
a boy born in Carleton Place, and
educated, they say, in Alberta schools.
There was a clash for you between
Democracy and Autocracy, between
peace and militarism. I read a few
weeks ago of a certain young Rose-
vear, a Canadian boy, who had crash-
ed to the earth and been killed after
bringing down 23 German aviators.
Later I learned that he was a son of
a college classmate of mine, H. S.
Rosevear of Port Hope, now living
at Port Arthur. All honor to such
sons and such fathers. I talked the
other night with an honored school
inspector at Guelph, William Tytler,
who, as a teacher, had had for a
pupil McCrae, the author of the de-
servedly famous "In Flanders Fields
the Poppies Grow." And so it was
the air of Guelph, the soil of Guelph,
the flowers and fruits and fields of
Guelph that had ministered to the
upbuilding of the man who was to
write lines of such haunting beauty
that the world will not let them die.
How Canada, I repeat, is being bound
into one—East and West, Catholic
and Protestant, rich and poor, French
and English—and brought into vital
relation with world movements,
world causes, world conflicts!

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sive and powerful in 1914 are puny
in 1918. Thus heavy artillery, whose
weight tied it down to fixed fortifica-
tions, is now moving merrily over the
field of battle. Where formerly we
talked in millions now we talk freely
in billions. Before the war twenty-five
to thirty knots was "battle-cruiser
speed"; to-day we have such ships of
from 150,000 to 200,000 horsepower
steaming at from thirty-five to forty
knots. A notable instance of this
growth is in the field of aviation,
where the British have aeroplanes of
600 horsepower, and the Italians have
gone up to 1,000. And the end is
not yet.

Bamboo has been found very ser-
viceable in the construction of light-
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FROM SUNSET COAST

WHAT THE WESTERN PEOPLE
ARE DOING.

Progress of the Great West Told
in a Few Pointed
Paragraphs.

Khaki-clad women are in charge
of the Imperial Oil service stations,
Yates street, Victoria.

The fourth anniversary of Hea-
ther Day, the day of the first de-
parture of troops for overseas, was
a Tag Day at Victoria for patriotic
work.

A total attendance during the six
days of the exhibition of over 100,000
and receipts amounting to \$27,890
were revealed when the figures for
the week were tallied up by Man-
ager Rolston at Vancouver.

Victoria's second community sing
at Beacon Hill Park was attended by
over three thousand.

The first run of spring salmon in
the Alberni canal is excellent, and
salmon is selling at eight cents a
pound.

Dr. R. L. Miller, Deputy Assistant
Director of Medical Services, No. 11,
at Victoria, has just been promoted
from the rank of captain to major.

On her next trip to the Orient the
Canadian Pacific Overseas Services
steamer Monteville will again be
under the command of Capt. F. L.
Davison, Capt. A. J. Hailey having
relinquished the command of the big
vessel to her former master on the
ship at Vancouver.

Flight Lieut. Charles Homewood,
Royal Air Force, formerly of Uelue-
let, and brother of Mr. E. Homewood,
of Port Alberni, was accidentally
killed in England on July 8th when
one of the wings on his aeroplane
collapsed.

John Campbell, a full-blooded
Mackenzie River Valley Indian, has
arrived from Fort Yukon, travelling
3,000 miles by trail, canoe, river
steamer and steamship to Vancouver,
to enlist in the Canadian army at
Dawson.

Major the Hon. Leonard V. Drum-
mond-Hay, M.C., in the direct line
of succession to the Earldom of
Kinross, Perthshire, Scotland, has
been killed in action. He was the
eldest son of Mrs. J. M. Bournes, of
Vancouver.

Few families in Victoria have ex-
perienced more of the agony of war
than that of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Ste-
wart, of Oak Cottage, Richmond road,
for out of a family of five sons three
have been killed at the front, while
one has returned suffering from
wounds.

Sergeant-Major James Robinson, Van-
couver, the first Canadian to win the
D.C.M. in the present war, has en-
rolled for service in the British Col-
umbian contingent of the Canadian
Siberian Force. Robinson is a former
first vice-president of the G. W.
V. A. of Canada.

Eight thousand people attended the
international swimming gala held
at the Gorge Park, Vancouver, the
presence of American and Vancouver
competitors proving a great
draw.

A request made by the Alberni
Lumber Company, Ltd., to the Pro-
vincial Secretary for permission to
erect a powder house within two
miles of the city of Port Alberni is
to be granted.

PAPER FAMINE IN GERMANY

Use of Copy-Books in the Schools
is Forbidden.

Paper is so scarce in Germany that
the government has prohibited the
use of copy-books in the schools for
the sake of conservation. The Ber-
ner Bund, of Berne, Switzerland, has
an interesting article on the subject
in a recent edition that has reached
here.

According to the figures obtained
by the government, from 700,000 to
800,000 copybooks were used in the
schools of Germany in 1917. The
amount of paper this represents is
gigantic, and by stopping the manu-
facture and use of copybooks during
the war the government hopes to
save enough paper for what is con-
sidered more important needs. Here-
after the children are to do their pen-
manship lessons on old and discar-
ded paper which they can collect some-
how, somewhere, and bring to school
with them. If they cannot obtain
such paper, they are to do without
lessons in penmanship entirely.

In addition no new school books
will be allowed to be printed, and the
old readers and other text books, no
matter how tattered and torn, will
have to be made the best use of that
is possible in the circumstances. Pa-
per is now being used in Germany
in the manufacture of hats for wo-
men, vests, waist and other similar
garments. Even hosiery is now made
of paper, and the Berner Bund says
that it is surprising what beautiful
hosiery the Vienna shops display, the
sheen of silk being cleverly imitated.
The industry of making every avail-
able thing in Germany from paper is
growing to tremendous proportions,
and for this reason paper is being
conserved in all non-essential branch-
es.

It is reported that the milk cows
of New Zealand, because of improved
breeding and feeding, produced an
average of 19 pounds more butter-fat
in 1917 than in 1911, netting the
farmers an increased revenue of \$6,
261,654.

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83-20

MAIN HINDENBURG DEFENCES STORMED ON FRONT OF 250 MILES

French, British, American and Belgian Forces in Greatest Allied Drive Since Beginning of the War—Enemy Defeated At All Points.

London, Sept. 29.—Over a front of more than 250 miles from the North Sea to the Meuse the allies are smashing the German defences on four wide and important sectors, and important strategic points are being taken from the enemy by the sledge-hammer blows of the French, British, American and Belgian forces.

The enemy is faced with the greatest allied offensive effort since the beginning of the war. On all sectors British, French, American and Belgian troops are progressing successfully. Serious inroads are being made into the German defensive system north of Ypres, around Cambrai, north of Aisne and on the Champagne-Verdun sector. Additional prisoners have been added to the allied total of 40,000 for the last three days and several hundred more guns of all calibres have been taken from the enemy.

Vital successes are being gained by the British in their new drive for Cambrai, in which Canadian troops are aiding in the region west of Le Catelet. The capture of Cambrai by the British would appear to be near if it has not already fallen. From the west the British are within 1½ miles of Cambrai at two points and all natural obstacles have been overcome. The Canadians are actually fighting in the outskirts of the city. Meanwhile the plight of the Germans in the Cambrai sector has been aggravated by loss of valuable railway communications. The enemy in that region is now in a serious position and with one alternative, that of abandoning

the Hindenburg line, which already has been pierced at four points.

Looked upon as the keystone of the enemy defence system between Ypres and the sea, the village of Gheluvelt, the key to the Ypres-Menin road, has also been taken, the prisoners totaling 6,000. The new thrust of the Anglo-Belgian armies was a complete surprise to the Germans. It is being made against territory held by the enemy since 1914.

In the north the British are pushing forward rapidly. South-west of Cambrai, Field Marshal Haig's men are fighting for crossings of the Scheldt Canal.

Douai, the German base north-east of Arras, and one of the outlying defences of the great fortress of Lille, also is threatened by the Cambrai operation. The British have crossed the high road between Douai and Cambrai and the railroad connecting them is useless to the Germans. South-east of Douai the British have taken Arras.

Belgian troops entered the great offensive Saturday by beginning an operation in conjunction with the British in the Dixmude-Ypres area. The allies pushed forward rapidly, fighting their way through to Houtholst Forest, which has been captured.

British and American troops launched an attack Sunday morning north-west of St. Quentin and as a result the British are astride the St. Quentin-Cambrai railway. Le Catelet, La Vacquerie, Nauroy, Bony, and Villers-Guislain, in the St. Quentin sector, are reported captured.

exactly as they did at Amiens, and were equally confident of victory.

A MIGHTY HAUL OF PRISONERS

Paris, Sept. 29.—The Havas Agency says:

French, British, American and Belgian troops in the last three days, have captured 40,000 prisoners, 3,000 guns, 20,000 machine guns and enormous quantities of material. This does not take into account the operations in Macedonia and Palestine.

CAMBRAI AND ST. QUENTIN MUST SOON FALL TO ALLIES

London, Sept. 29.—The fall of Cambrai is considered only a matter of time, and the allies having gained an important footing on the eastern side of the underground canal in the neighborhood of Bellicourt, there is every likelihood that St. Quentin soon will share a similar fate.

fact that Arab cavalry and infantry are north of it, and British troops forces east of it, and British troops inward on the enemy, while the Jordan, with the crossings, is in the hands of the allies.

The full Turkish strength in Palestine is not definitely known, as hardly two Turkish divisions are of the same size or organization. It is known, however, that the allies had to deal with 18,000 fighting men west of the Jordan, with about 1,000 men on communications, as well as many thousands east of the Jordan.

A despatch from Lausanne, Switzerland, says: Public irritation in Constantinople has become so great, according to a despatch from the Turkish capital to the Lausanne Gazette, that rumors are again spreading that the Ottoman Government will seek a separate peace. The Sultan himself, the message says, would favor a separate peace if he could obtain favorable conditions from the Entente powers.

The British casualties during the offensive were less than one-fifth of the number of prisoners taken from the Turks, the announcement states.

The Fourth Turkish Army on the Palestine front is virtually surrounded in the region east of the Jordan, and faces annihilation by General Allenby's forces.

The annihilation of the Fourth Army, now hoped for, would complete the clearing up of the Turkish forces in Palestine, accounting for about 80,000 men.

The precarious position of the Fourth Army may be seen from the

CANADIAN LOSSES IN RECENT FIGHT

Under 2,000 in the Capture of Bourlon Wood.

With the Canadian Forces in France, Sept. 29.—The following are the net results to the Canadian corps of Friday's fighting:

Penetration of about five miles with possession of the Canal du Nord and a possible turning of Bourlon Wood, which overlooks Cambrai, and whose fall may follow in a few days; prisoners, 71 officers and 2,300 men passed through the cages last night with total of between three and four thousand men.

The prisoners are of the best type yet encountered, being mostly Prussians and Hanoverians.

Our own casualties are less than the number of prisoners.

Our men went singing into battle.

BRITISH TROOPS CONTINUE TO SURROUND THE SEA OF GALILEE

Occupies Tiberias and Amman—Fourth Turk Army Faces Annihilation in Region East of the Jordan.

A despatch from London says: British troops operating in Palestine are extending their occupation about the Sea of Galilee. They have occupied Tiberias and Semakh, on the borders of that sea, and Es-Samra, it was officially announced.

Pushing on the east of the Jordan, the British have occupied the strategic town of Amman, on the Hedjaz Railway.

The British casualties during the offensive were less than one-fifth of the number of prisoners taken from the Turks, the announcement states.

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BELGIANS CAPTURE PASSCHENDAELE RIDGE AND TOWN OF DIXMUDE

King Albert Directed Offensive in Person—11,500 Prisoners and Much Territory Falls to Gallant Belgian and British Troops.

London, Sept. 29.—The whole of the famous Passchendaele Ridge was overrun by the British and Belgians in a powerful assault on the Flanders front Saturday morning, which carried them from four to five miles forward on a 20-mile front. Capture of the range along its whole length from the south of Passchendaele toward Roulers and Ypres and to Mesines, Bethune, Dixmude and Ypres has been authoritatively announced; 11,500 prisoners were captured. King Albert, of the Belgians, personally directed the drive, which is under his immediate command. The British are now east of Mesines. A semi-circular wedge has been driven into the German lines.

Continuing the advance on Sunday Dixmude has been captured by the Belgian troops. The Belgians have also taken Zerrum (Zarrent?), Stadenberg, Passchendaele, Moorslede and part of Westbroesebeek. This means an advance of several miles.

In addressing the Belgian army before its attack Saturday morning, King Albert asked his soldiers to drive the enemy from the Belgian coast with the help of their French and British comrades.

"This is the decisive hour," said the King. "Everywhere Germany falls back. Be worthy of the sacred cause of our independence and the traditions of our race. Forward for right and liberty and for glorious and immortal Belgium."



Canadian Brigadier-General and His Staff, in front of a captured German camouflaged shelter, examining a new short German automatic rifle, capable of forty shots, which its owner in headlong flight left behind.

LEADING MARKETS

Breadstuffs

Toronto, Oct. 1.—Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$2.24½; No. 2 Northern, \$2.21½; No. 3 Northern, \$2.17½; No. 4 wheat, \$2.11½, in store Fort William, not including tax.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 87½¢; extra No. 1 feed, 84½¢; No. 1 feed, 84½¢; No. feed, 82½¢, in store Fort William.

American corn—No. 3 yellow, kiln dried nominal; No. 4 yellow, kiln dried, nominal.

Ontario oats, new crop—No. 2, white, 76 to 78¢; No. 3 white, 75 to 77¢, according to freight outside.

Ontario wheat—No. 2, winter, per car lot, \$2.31; No. 3 winter, \$2.27; No. 2 spring, \$2.26; No. 3 spring, \$2.22, basis in store Montreal.

Peas—No. 2 nominal, at \$2 to \$2.50. Barley—Malting, new crop, \$1.05 to \$1.10.

Buckwheat—Nominal.

Rye—No. 2, nominal.

Manitoba flour—Old crop, war quality, \$11.25, Toronto.

Ontario flour—War quality, old crop, \$10.75, in bags; Montreal and Toronto, prompt shipment.

Milled—Car lots, delivered Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, \$36.40 per ton; shorts, \$41.40 per ton.

Hay—No. 1, \$19 to \$20 per ton; mixed \$17 to \$18 per ton, track, Toronto.

Straw—Car lots, \$9 to \$9.50, track Toronto.

Country Produce—Wholesale

Butter—Creamery solids, per lb., 43½ to 44½¢; prints, per lb., 44 to 45¢; dairy, per lb., 39 to 40¢.

Eggs—New laid, 46 to 47¢.

Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, 33 to 35¢; roosters, 28¢; fowl, 28 to 30¢; ducks, 33¢; turkeys, 32 to 35¢.

Live poultry—Roosters, 20¢; fowl, 23 to 25¢; ducks, 18¢; turkeys, 27 to 30¢; Spring chickens, 28¢.

Wholesalers are selling to the retail trade at the following prices:

Cheese—New, large, 23½ to 24¢; twins, 23½ to 24¢; old, large, 25½ to 26¢; twin, 25 to 26¢.

Butter—Fresh dairy, choice, 42 to 43¢; creamery prints, fresh made, 48 to 49¢; solids, 46 to 47¢.

Margarine—31 to 35¢.

Eggs—No. 1 storage, 50 to 51¢; selected storage, 52 to 53¢; new-laid, in cartons, 57 to 59¢.

Dressed poultry—Spring Chickens, 38 to 40¢; roosters, 25¢; fowl, 30 to 32¢.

Live Stock Markets

Toronto, Oct. 1.—Extra choice heavy steers, \$15.50 to \$16.00; choice heavy steers, \$14.50 to \$15.00; butchering cattle, choice, \$12.75 to \$13.50; do, good, \$11.75 to \$12.50; do, medium, \$10.50 to \$11.25; do, common, \$8.50 to \$9.00; butchers' bulls, choice, \$10.50 to \$11.00; do, medium bulls, \$7.25 to \$8.25; butchers' cows, choice, \$10.25 to \$11.00; do, good, \$9.35 to \$10.25; do, medium, \$7.75 to \$8.25; do, common, \$7.25 to \$7.75; stockers, \$8.00 to \$10.50; feeders, \$10.50 to \$11.00; canners, and cutters, \$5.50 to \$6.75; milkers, choice, \$14.00 to \$17.75; hogs, fed and watered, \$19.50 to \$19.75; do, weighed off cars, \$19.75 to \$20.00.

Montreal, Oct. 1.—Choice steers, \$11.00 to \$12.00; butchers' cattle, \$7.50 to \$8.00; butchers' cows, \$7.00; sheep, \$12.50; lambs, \$16.50 to \$17.00.

CANADIANS TAKE BOURLON WOOD: HAIG'S ARMY WITHIN 3 MILES OF CAMBRAI

British Make Quick Progress in Cambrai Area—Hindenburg Defences Crossed at Several Points—Canadian Losses Light.

A despatch from London says: British troops advanced to a point within three miles of Cambrai in a great attack made on a wide front. They took between 5,000 and 6,000 prisoners. The attack started shortly after five o'clock. Some German guns, including a complete battery, were captured by Field Marshal Haig's men.

Haig's maximum advance on Friday was three miles. The Hindenburg outposts defences were crossed at several points. At two o'clock on Friday afternoon the British line advanced from Gouzeaucourt, east of Beaucamp, west of Maroing and east of Graincourt, where some of the enemy were still holding out. Thence it ran between Amann and Canting and east of Bourlon and the Bourlon Wood; a thousand yards west of Railencourt and along the road to Maroing. It is not known whether the British or the Germans hold Maroing.

The capture of Bourlon is of the highest importance, because it is the bulwark of Cambrai. It was captured, notwithstanding the waterline in front of it, the whole of which has now been crossed.

The British are in a good position to capture Cambrai. Even now the enemy cannot use the town, as the railway, roads and junctions are under the British fire.

A despatch from the Canadian Forces says: A great and impressive victory, and with relatively few casualties—that is the situation

Provisions—Wholesale

Smoked meats—Hams, medium, 37 to 39¢; do, heavy, 30 to 32¢; cooked, 51 to 53¢; rolls, 32 to 33¢; breakfast bacon, 41 to 45¢; backs, plain, 45 to 46¢; boneless, 43 to 50¢.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 30 to 31¢; clear bellies, 29 to 30¢.

Lard—Pure, tierces, 30 to 30½¢; tubs, 30½ to 31¢; pork, 30½ to 31½¢; prints, 33 to 33½¢. Compound, tierces, 25½ to 26¢; tubs, 26 to 26½¢; pork, 26½ to 26½¢; prints, 27½ to 28¢.

Montreal Markets

Western, No. 3, 98¢; extra No. 1 feed, 97½¢. Flour, new standard grade, \$11.35 to \$11.45. Rolled oats, bag, 90 lbs., \$5.20 to \$5.30. Bran \$37.25.

Shorts, \$44.25. Mouille, \$68. Hay, No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$17. Cheese, finest, eastern, 24½¢.

Butter, choice creamery, 47 to 48¢. Eggs, selected, 58 to 60¢; No. 1 stock, 54¢; No. 2 stock, 49¢. Potatoes, per bag, car lots, \$2.40 to \$2.50. Dressed hogs, abattoir killed, \$23.50. Lard, pure, wood pairs, 20 lbs, net, 31½ to 32¢.

Live Stock Markets

Toronto, Oct. 1.—Extra choice heavy steers, \$15.50 to \$16.00; choice heavy steers, \$14.50 to \$15.00; butchering cattle, choice, \$12.75 to \$13.50; do, good, \$11.75 to \$12.50; do, medium, \$10.50 to \$11.25; do, common, \$8.50 to \$9.00; butchers' bulls, choice, \$10.50 to \$11.00; do, medium bulls, \$7.25 to \$8.25; butchers' cows, choice, \$10.25 to \$11.00; do, good, \$9.35 to \$10.25; do, medium, \$7.75 to \$8.25; do, common, \$7.25 to \$7.75; stockers, \$8.00 to \$10.50; feeders, \$10.50 to \$11.00; canners, and cutters, \$5.50 to \$6.75; milkers, choice, \$14.00 to \$17.75; hogs, fed and watered, \$19.50 to \$19.75; do, weighed off cars, \$19.75 to \$20.00.

Montreal, Oct. 1.—Choice steers, \$11.00 to \$12.00; butchers' cattle, \$7.50 to \$8.00; butchers' cows, \$7.00; sheep, \$12.50; lambs, \$16.50 to \$17.00.

BULGARIA INVADED BY BRITISH CAVALRY IN MARCH ON USKUB

German Reinforcements Fail to Stem Allied Advance—300,00 Bulgarians Doomed if Allies Reach Uskub First.

A despatch from London says: The reports received on Thursday emphasized the demoralization of the Bulgarians who are retreating in confusion, leaving behind an enormous amount of material, and probably many thousands of prisoners, as the allied troops strain every energy to get to Uskub and thereby make the victory complete.

It is pointed out that the Bulgarian army, estimated to aggregate 300,000 men, is in a dangerous position, but the victory will not be decisive, in the opinion of the military experts, until Uskub, the centre of all the enemy's communication lines, is captured. If that is accomplished it is believed the victory will be numbered among the few decisive ones of the war.

The renewed resistance of the Bulgarian reinforcements and the arrival of German reinforcements in Macedonia have not succeeded in stemming the great allied advance. British cavalry on Thursday entered Bulgaria, opposite Kosturino, thus avoiding the Belachista mountains, which it was feared might bar its progress, while the Serbians, French, Greek, and British troops routed the Bulgarians from either side of the great salient, which now stretches far into Serbia.

The Serbians, who are taking the leading part in the liberation of their country, are at the gates of Iahbit (one report says they have captured the town), and their cavalry, entering the town of Iavor, has cut the only remaining road northward—that running from Priep to Veles, and along which a large body of Bulgarians are reported to be attempting to escape. Unofficial reports also state that

NO PRIVILEGES ALLOWED TO MENNONITES

A despatch from Edmonton says: Opposition to the invasion of Western Canada by Mennonites is very strong and protests are being poured in from all over the country. Hon. George P. Smith, Minister of Education, has lost no time in making the policy of his department plain and has issued the following emphatic statement: "So far as the Department of Education of Alberta is concerned, no special privileges of any kind will be extended to these new settlers. They will be required to conduct and support public schools under the law of this Province, to use our authorized textbooks, to use only the English language, to employ teachers with proper Alberta qualifications and to satisfy the regularly appointed school inspectors in the employ of the department."

It is the want of motive that makes life dreary.

FRANKFORT BOMBED BY BRITISH AVIATORS

A despatch from London says: British airplanes on Wednesday dropped bombs on the German city of Frankfort, according to an official statement issued on Thursday evening by the War Office. Five enemy machines were shot down. Four British airplanes are missing.

FRANCO-AMERICAN TROOPS IN SUCCESSFUL ATTACK IN CHAMPAGNE

8,000 Prisoners and 14 Towns Captured on 40-Mile Front—Advance of From Four to Seven Miles—Menaces the German Line in That Vast Territory.

A despatch from Paris says: Marshal Foch delivered a new attack on Thursday morning against the Germans in the Champagne on a front of 40 miles, from the Suippe River, east of Rheims, to the River Meuse, just north of Verdun. The offensive was launched in a dense fog after six hours' artillery preparation. The Americans advanced to an average depth of seven miles, penetrating the defences to a depth of nine miles at the maximum point. They captured 5,000 prisoners and 12 towns. The French made a gain to an average depth of four miles and 3,000 prisoners have already reached the cages. The enemy, anticipating the attack, had voluntarily abandoned their forward positions. The Americans attacked on the right wing and the French made their assault on the left.

Taken in conjunction with the allied offensive which has materially kept back the German front in Flanders, Artois and Picardy and along

the Aisne, the new drive of Marshall Foch in the south will bear important fruit if it meets with success. Driving northward the entire western battlefront would be shaken and of necessity be compelled to readjust itself. Lateral railway lines of great importance to the German positions between Laon and Verdun lie directly in the path of the advancing Franco-American forces.

An important railway junction on the main line from Laon to Metz is but 12 miles north of Servon, which already is in the hands of the French.

The Americans through the capture of Ger court, north-west of Verdun, are in the Meuse Valley, which leads northward to Sedan, and a little farther west at Varennes, have won the Aire Valley, which winds in a north-westerly direction to Vouziers.

A successful advance along these two valleys for any appreciable distance would be disastrous to the German lines from the North Sea to the Swiss frontier.

SERBIANS ADVANCE TOWARD USKUB CAPTURING MOUNTAIN RANGE

Italians Capture Krushevo and Pursue Bulgarians on Monastir-Kichevor Road—British and Greeks Advance on Petrich.

London, Sept. 29.—Large fires are burning around the important base of Uskub, towards which the Serbians are advancing from Veles, which they captured Friday, according to the Serbian official statement on Saturday. The Serbians have captured the important mountain range of Plachkovits, south of Kochana.

North-west of Monastir allied troops advanced 11 miles up to Friday, and along the entire front had captured more than 300 guns, according to the French official statement on operations in Macedonia.

Further important captures of prisoners have been made. The allies are also making progress between Lake Presba and Lake Ochrida.

Krushevo, an important Bulgarian base, 20 miles north of Monastir, has been captured by Italian troops, who also have driven the enemy from the mountain ranges between the Cerna and Velika Rivers. The official statement from the Italian War Office says that the Italians still are pursuing the Bulgarians on the Monastir-Kichevor road north of Demir Hisar, an advance of 20 miles. The Bulgarians are retreating rapidly in the direction of Kirobo.

British and Greek forces also are moving on Petrich along the Strumitsa valley. Petrich is about 20 miles inside the Bulgarian frontier. Several guns of various calibres have been captured.

10 FISHING BOATS SUNK BY SUB

Canadian Shipping Suffered During August.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Canadian fisheries suffered a material loss through the activities of a German submarine operating off the Atlantic coast during the month of August. The monthly statement of sea-fishing results issued from the Department of Naval Service shows that nine vessels from Lunenburg County, N.S., valued at \$264,000 and laden with fish worth \$136,000, were sunk. One Yarmouth vessel with a good catch of fish on board also fell a prey to the German raider. Notwithstanding its great loss, the quantity of cod landed by the Lunenburg fleet during August was only 4,800 cwt. less than during the same month last year.

The statement shows that the total value of sea fish, in first hands, caught in Canada during August, was \$4,260,388, an increase of \$139,177 over August, 1917. The quantity of cod, haddock and hake landed on the Atlantic coast was 66,063 cwt. less than last year, but herring and mackerel were caught in greater quantities, the former by 52,166 cwt. and the latter by 12,495 cwt.

NEW SIBERIAN ARMY OF 200,000

30,000 Officers Available to Lead Conscripts—Army Under Strict Discipline.

A despatch from Washington says: A despatch to the Russian Embassy on Thursday from M. Golovatcheff, Assistant Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Omsk Government, said that an army of more than 200,000 men had been formed in Siberia by conscription, and that there were 30,000 officers available there to train and lead it. The army is being organized on the basis of strict military discipline, it is said, and will constitute an increasingly powerful force to co-operate with the allied and Czechoslovak forces in Siberia.

Out of the chaos which has existed in Russia since the overthrow of the Kerensky Government by the Bolsheviks there is emerging a central authority which officials and diplomats here hope will be able to re-establish order and renew the fight against the common enemy.

WORLD'S BIGGEST LOCK NEARING COMPLETION

A despatch from Sault Ste. Marie says: Work on the new Government lock here, which will be the largest in the world and will connect the upper and lower levels of Lake Superior and Huron, will soon be finished. Only the installation of the 1,100-ton steel gates remain to be done.

The foundations of the lock are built into the solid rock floor of St. Mary's Falls. The work of excavation was commenced in 1912. The total cost of the lock will be \$3,000,000.

CANADA'S NET LOSS TO DATE 115,806 MEN

A despatch from Ottawa says: To Aug. 14, 1918, the net losses in the overseas military forces of Canada in England and France were 115,806 officers, non-commissioned officers and men. This includes those killed in action or died of wounds, died, missing, prisoners of war, discharged as medically unfit, discharged to take up other lines of war work and those given commissions in the Imperial army.

It does not take into account officers and other ranks wounded in action who have rejoined their units or are still fit for service overseas.

TRAIN FERRY ACROSS CHANNEL

A despatch from London says: A train ferry from England to France has been in operation for some time. Coaches and wagons for use on the French railways have been going over regularly for months, but recently the first passenger train was ferried across.

The ferry is a broad boat with rails laid on deck, which receive the train direct from the dock of departure. The train is broken into sections and made fast on the ferry's rails. On reaching its destination it is assembled and proceeds on its journey.

BRITISH COMMISSIONS FOR 3,833 CANADIANS

A despatch from Ottawa says: Canadian military headquarters in London state that up to August 1, 1918, 3,833 non-commissioned officers and men of the overseas military forces of Canada had been given commissions as officers in the Imperial army. This substantial number of recognitions to the rank and file of the Canadian overseas army does not include any individual Canadians who came on their own responsibility to England and joined the Imperial forces without being taken on the strength of the overseas military forces of Canada.

Glencoe's Best Clothing House

Always a Good Selection
Always the Right Quality
Prices Yet Moderate for
Early Buyers

Real Progress

To hold old customers as well as to make new friends of the store from year to year—that is what we consider "Real Progress." That is what in our business we have endeavored to do. That is what we have succeeded in doing.

To hold our old customers we realize that we must supply them with good goods, give them the best service within our power, and last, but by no means least, to make it a pleasure for them to do business with us.

In Every Department Real Value

Clothing with the quality and style that appeal to the careful, exact buyer.

Underwear of best quality, from best mills, such as Stanfield's, Watson's and Penman's. All bought months ago at much below today's values. Full stocks right now.

Women's Coats—Stylish, Moderately Priced

We feature the "Princess" and "Roger" makes in Salt's celebrated plush and imported Whitney cloths. Prices, \$16.50 to \$35.00.

The "King Quality" Hats, \$3.50 and \$4.00

For men who want the best. The new shades are cactus and hazy green, elephant grey, African brown and navy. This same quality is 50c and \$1.00 more in city hat stores.

Shoes of Quality for Real Service

Men's heavy wearing kip shoes.
Boys' heavy wearing kip shoes.
Women's and Misses' glove grain for solid wear and dry feet.
Men's and Boys' Long Rubber Boots of guaranteed quality, where guarantee means something.



Fine English Type Dress Shoes for Men and Women

"Empress" make featured in best lines for women; "Derby" for men.

This Store Carries the Largest Stock of Staple Goods

We purchase in large enough quantities to get best mill prices. We pay strictly cash and get all discounts. We buy so far ahead that we save much for our customers. Make closest comparisons of prices in Flannels, Flannelettes, Cottons, Linens, Denims, Shirtings, Towellings, Tickings, etc. You will see our quality just one step ahead, and our prices one step back of all others, including city stores.

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The Transcript

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Address all communications and make remittance payable to J. N. CURRIE & CO.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1918.

AGENTS MUST HAVE LICENSE

The attention of the Canada Food Board has been called to the practice frequently adopted by licensed dealers in apples, turnips, potatoes and other fruits and vegetables, of having men living in different parts of the country acting as their agents, buying or contracting such produce, superintending the loading of same on cars ready for shipment, and receiving a commission from said dealers for such work.

All such agents operating in the manner mentioned without first having secured a license from the Board are doing so contrary to the Order dated 13th December, 1917, wherein it states that on and after the 1st day of February, 1918, no person shall deal wholesale in fresh fruits or fresh vegetables without first having obtained a license from the Food Controller, and in violating such order are guilty of an offence and subject to a penalty not to exceed \$1,000 and not less than \$100.

SUBSCRIPTIONS ACKNOWLEDGED

Mr. Carman has received the following self-explanatory letter from headquarters in New York of the French War Relief Fund:

September 17, 1918.
Dear Mr. Carman,—We are very grateful for your check for \$25.30, covering a subscription from the children of Glencoe amounting to \$23.30, and the balance from yourself as agreed upon with the children.

Will you please tell the children that the little children of France will be very happy to receive this money and that it will help them very much in getting food and clothing and shelter. All these things cost a great deal in France and are very hard to come by. I am sure they will think very kindly of their little friends in Glencoe. Yours sincerely,
JOHN MOFFAT.

SWEETS INSTEAD OF SMOKES

Send the boys at the front candy instead of smokes, says the Middlesex convention of the W. C. T. U. held last week in London. Mrs. May R. Thornley read the resolution and it was heartily indorsed by those present. "Although we recognize the kindness of heart that in many cases prompts the sending of large stores of cigarettes to our boys in France, we have not altered our minds as to the exceedingly great physical and mental injury this form of tobacco inflicts upon its habitual users," says the resolution, with this addition: "It is a common saying at the front that the man who does not smoke must have candy. Sugar is harmless and a most effective stimulant, therefore let the W. C. T. U. mothers send their boys candy instead of cigarettes."

When Holloway's Corn Cure is applied to a corn or wart it kills the roots and the callous comes out without injury to the flesh.

POETS, HERE'S YOUR CHANCE

The Dominion Press News and Feature Committee of the Victory Loan 1918 organization announces a poem contest in connection with the coming campaign. Canadians with poetical talent are invited to submit offerings not exceeding 200 words, which will be judged largely on their effectiveness as publicity designed to persuade Canadians to buy Victory Bonds. A prize of a \$50 bond of the new issue will be awarded for the best poem submitted. The next best 24 will be awarded special mention and \$5 will be paid for those which the committee decides to use in the course of the campaign. Professor M. W. Wallace of the Toronto University and the editor of Victory Loan National Press News and Feature Service will be the judges.

The committee offers to supply information concerning the urgency of the situation necessitating the coming loan to all contestants who may apply to the committee's office, 18 King St. West, Toronto.

The contest closes on October 15th, and awards will be announced a few days later.

RECRUITING IN IRELAND

County Clerk John Stuart has received a paper from Ireland with an account of a recruiting meeting at which his brother, Major D. E. M. Stuart, was one of the speakers. Major Stuart practiced law in Glencoe and London for some years prior to the South African war. He served all through the African campaign, and remained there for some time after peace had been declared.

Returning to Canada he took up his residence in Calgary, where he was practicing his profession when the present war broke out. He promptly offered his services, and was in charge of a western internment camp for some time. Later he went over as major with the 135th Battalion and was transferred to the 38th Battalion in France. At present he is on a short leave, and is filling in his time making recruiting speeches in Ireland, and according to the accounts his speeches are taking effect.

HOW PTE. KUNES FELL

M. H. Jackson, chaplain of the battalion to which the late Pte. Isaac Kunes belonged, writes a letter, addressed to the deceased soldier's mother, under date of France, Sept. 13th, in which he says:

"Pte. Kunes was killed while the Canadians were taking one of the strongest positions in the German line on the western front. I buried him, with about fifty of his comrades, in a British cemetery near Dury, near where he fell—plot 2, row B, grave 36. A cross will be erected in a few days. In your sorrow it will be a comfort to keep in mind that your noble son was bravely doing his duty in this glorious cause for freedom and justice for humanity when he made the supreme sacrifice for that cause. Thus he will ever be honored by all good, true, freedom loving people, and the great and just Judge is sure to give him his due reward for work well done."

Mrs. Kunes, mother of the deceased soldier, died a few weeks ago and the letter of Chaplain Jackson was forwarded to her daughter, Mrs. Charles Cummings, Dresden.

Those who do not fight must save. The man who saves for his country helps himself.

Wise mothers who know the virtues of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator for always have it at hand, because it proves its value.

GLENCOE FAIR

(Continued from page one)

An Observation or Two.

President A. B. Gillies and James McRae, superintendents of the grounds, say the crowd was the most orderly one and the easiest to handle they had ever dealt with, and they are gratified that there was no accident or untoward incident to mar the occasion.

A small but apparently powerful farm tractor, built after the style of the British army tanks, was a side feature of the exhibition that attracted no little interest. That the time is not far distant when every farmer will have a tractor was the general comment.

Mr. Morgan of Kerwood showed the Delco light system in operation, and Mr. Dotterer of our own town showed an engine that was operated by crude oil and required neither electric spark nor fire—a decided novelty and a motor that should prove inexpensive in this district where the crude is so plentiful.

More than one visitor to the fair expressed the hope that in future cattle should not be allowed to pasture on the grounds for a period of some days at least before show day.

The Judges.

In the portion of the prize list handed us for publication this week the judges were—Light horses, James McKim, Petrols—Heavy horses, W. L. Mossip, Mossley; cattle, J. A. Cause, Sarnia; hogs and sheep, John T. Lethbridge, Glencoe.

Some of the Winners.

Heavy Horses
Brood mare with foal by side—Dan McMillan.
Foal of 1918—Dan McMillan.
Gelding or filly 3 years old—Dan McMillan.

Gelding or filly 2 years old—George Vosburg.
Span—1 George Vosburg, 2 Dan K. McRae, 3 Sandy Clark.

Agricultural Horses
Brood mare with foal by side—1 Dan McMillan, 2 D. D. Campbell, 3 Foal of 1918—1 D. D. Campbell, 2 Dan McMillan.

Gelding or filly 3 years old—1 John T. McLean, 2 and 3 Peter J. Campbell, 4 McMillan, 2 David Leitch, 3 S. H. Reynolds.

Span—1 John T. McLean, 2 J. D. McPhail, 3 John Cane.
General Purpose
Brood mare with foal by side—D. D. McCallum.

Foal of 1918—1 D. D. McCallum, 2 James H. Walker.
Gelding or filly 3 years old—M. Sullivan.
Span—T. Kerr.

Special by Royal Bank for best animal class 1—George Vosburg.
Special by Royal Bank for best animal class 2—John T. McLean.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of

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FALL FAIRS

Alvinston—Oct. 8, 9.
Melbourne—Oct. 11.
Mt. Brydges—Oct. 4.
Ridgetown—Oct. 14.
Wyoming—Oct. 10, 11.

Special by Royal Bank for best animal class 3—D. D. McCallum.

Special by Grafton & Co. for best general purpose team—T. Kerr.

Special by D. C. Ross for best 2-year-old draft—George Vosburg.

Special by Oak Hall Clothiers for best draft team—George Vosburg.

Special by Frank Durn for best 2-year-old agricultural colt—Dan McMillan.

Special by R. A. Eddie for best agricultural team—John T. McLean.

Special by Godfrey McMurchy for best animal under 3 years on grounds—George Vosburg.

Carriage Horses
Brood mare with foal by side—Chas. Osier.

Foal of 1918—Chas. Osier.
Gelding or filly 3 years old—Dan McMillan.

Gelding or filly 2 years old—Chas. Osier.

Colt or filly 1 year old—Roy Goff.

Single gelding or mare in harness—1 J. J. Mitchell, 2 D. N. Munroe.

Span, mares or geldings—1 D. N. Munroe, 2 James Cullen & Son, 3 Charles Osier.

Roadsters
Brood mare—J. D. McIntyre.

Foal of 1918—J. D. McIntyre.
Gelding or filly 2 years old—1 L. McKelvie, 2 Henry Childs, 3 Jamieson Bros.

Single roadster—1 Jamieson Bros., 2 James Poole, 3 Andrew Beatty.

Span—1 Peter C. Gillies, 2 T. Kerr, 3 Gilbert McLean.

Saddle horses—1, 2 and 3, S. H. Reynolds.

Shetland Ponies
Pony under 3 years—John C. Simpson.

Special by Royal Bank for best animal class 4—D. J. Mitchell.

Special by Royal Bank for best animal class 5—Jamieson Bros.

Special by Frank Hayter for speediest roadster driven by lady—Melvin Sullivan.

Best lady driver—1 Miss Williams, 2 Miss Kelly, 3 Miss Love.

Special by D. Lamont for best 2-year-old carriage horse—Chas. Osier.

Special by P. Lumley for best lady driver—Miss Williams.

Special by J. B. Gough & Son for best 3-year-old roadster—Jamieson Bros.

Special by James Poole for best span roadsters—Peter C. Gillies.

Special by Wagon Clothing Co. for best 3-year-old carriage horse—Dan McMillan.

Special by J. C. Elliott for best high stepper—D. J. Mitchell.

Special by Don H. Love for best lady driver, amateurs only—George L. Sinclair.

Special by Mac. McGeechie for best 3-year-old carriage horse—Dan McMillan.

Special by George Parrott for best 2-year-old roadster—L. McKelvie.

Special by A. W. Moore for best gentleman's turnout—D. J. Mitchell.

Short horns
Bull 1 year and over—1 Dan McDonald, 2 Wm. Reycraft.

Bull calf under 1 year and over 6 months—Duncan R. McRae.

Heifer 1 year old—1 and 2, Dan McDonald.

Best herd—Dan McDonald.

Best bull, any age, any breed—Dan McDonald.

Herefords
Bull 1 year and over—A. E. Perry.

Bull calf under 1 year and over 6 months—A. E. Perry.

Bull calf under 6 months—A. E. Perry.

Best cow—1, 2 and 3—A. E. Perry.

Cow, 3 years—1 and 2, A. E. Perry.

Heifer 2 years old—1, 2 and 3—A. E. Perry.

Heifer 1 year old—1 and 2, A. E. Perry.

Heifer calf under 1 year and over 6 months—1 and 2, A. E. Perry.

Heifer calf under 6 months—1 and 2, A. E. Perry.

Best herd—1, 2 and 3—A. E. Perry.

Polled Angus
Bull 3 years old—James Buchanan & Son.

Bull 1 year and over—1 J. L. Tait, 2 M. C. Toohill.

Bull calf under 1 year and over 6 months—1 and 2, J. Buchanan & Son.

Bull calf under 6 months—1 J. L. Tait, 2 M. C. Toohill.

Best cow—1 J. Buchanan, 2 J. L. Tait, 3 M. C. Toohill.

Cow 3 years old—1 and 2, J. Buchanan, 2 J. L. Tait, 3 M. C. Toohill.

Heifer 2 years old—1 M. C. Toohill, 2 and 3 J. Buchanan.

Heifer 1 year old—1 and 2, J. Buchanan.

Heifer calf under 1 year and over 6 months—1 J. L. Tait, 2 and 3 J. Buchanan.

Heifer calf under 6 months—1 M. C. Toohill, 2 J. Buchanan.

Best herd—1 J. L. Tait, 2 M. C. Toohill, 3 J. Buchanan.

Jerseys
Cow—1 and 2 Henry Childs.

Grade Cattle
Best cow—1 Wm. Reycraft, 2 Duncan R. McRae, 3 Dan McDonald.

Best dairy cow, any breed—Henry Childs.

Heifer 2 years old—1 Duncan R. McRae, 2 Wm. Reycraft.

Heifer 1 year old—1 and 3 Dan McDonald, 2 M. C. Toohill.

Heifer calf under 1 year—1 and 3 M. C. Toohill, 2 A. E. Perry.

Steer 2 years old—Wm. Reycraft.

Steer 1 year old—1 and 2 Wm. Reycraft.

Steer calf—1 A. E. Perry, 2 Wm. Reycraft.

Best herd—1 Dan McDonald, 2 Duncan R. McRae, 3 Wm. Reycraft.

Best fat animal—1 and 2, A. E. Perry.

Special by McPherson & Clarke for best herd—A. E. Perry.

Special by Ontario Creamery for best dairy cow, any breed—Henry Childs.

Special by A. M. Smith for best female Shorthorn, any age—Dan McDonald.

Special by M. Garvey for best 3 dairy cows, any breed—Henry Childs.

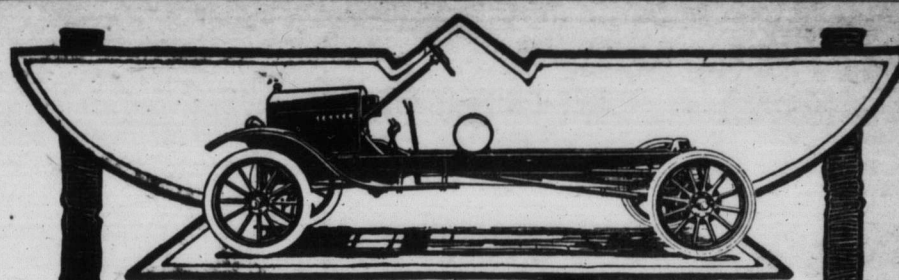
Special by Dowler for best herd Aberdeen Angus—J. L. Tait.

Special by Merchants Bank for best grade cow—Wm. Reycraft.

Special by Free Press for best herd, any breed—A. E. Perry.

Bankers' special for boys and girls—Willie Reycraft.

Lincoln Sheep
Aged ram—D. A. Campbell.



Saves Money For The Farmer

PRICES of farm products have reached a high level. The farmer can take full advantage of this situation only by adding to his equipment of time and labor-saving machinery. Time and labor are money. When time and labor are saved, money is saved.

Time and labor-saving devices for working the land do not produce complete results in themselves. The farmer must have rapid and dependable means of placing his products on the market.

The Ford One-Ton Truck will make trips to town so much more quickly than the horse that you will have many extra hours of time to devote to productive work. A large number of farmers have proven the Ford One-Ton Truck to be a time and money-saver—have you?

Price (chassis only) \$750

F. O. B. Ford, Ontario

ALEX. DUNCANSON, DEALER, Glencoe

Ram lamb—1 D. R. McRae, 2 and 3 D. A. Campbell.
Ewe having raised lamb—1 and 2 D. A. Campbell, 3 D. R. McRae.
Shearling ewe—1, 2 and 3 D. R. McRae.

Ewe lamb—1 and 2 D. A. Campbell, 2 D. R. McRae.

Best pen—D. R. McRae.
Chester White Hogs
Boar under 1 year and over 6 months—John Gould.

Sow under 6 months—J. Gould.
Yorkshires
Sow 1 year and over—J. C. Simpson.

Boar under 6 months—1, 2 and 3—J. C. Simpson.

Sow under 6 months—1, 2 and 3—John C. Simpson.

Tamworths
Boar 1 year and over—Wm. McCutcheon.

Sow 1 year and over—W. A. McCutcheon.

Boar under 6 months—1, 2 and 3—W. A. McCutcheon.

Sow under 6 months—1 and 2 W. A. McCutcheon.

Sow and pigs—W. A. McCutcheon.

Special by D. D. Graham for best sow and litter of pigs under 6 weeks old, any breed—1 John C. Simpson, 2 W. A. McCutcheon.

Special by E. Daly for best pen of bacon hogs—W. A. McCutcheon.

Bankers' special for boys and girls—Willie Reycraft.

THE LLOYD-GEORGE TYPE

The one thing we all admire in Lloyd-George is that we know where to find him. He acts definitely. He is no luke-warm weakling. He fights on like our splendid boys are doing despite the 25,000 casualties since August 6th.

Are you doing your part as well? Have you taken your stand on the right question? Have you definitely decided that out of your good returns this year you will lay by such-and-such an amount for a Victory savings account?

If you have done nothing in the matter you are not of this Lloyd-George type. You have heard the call to bring your dollars into the service of the country when she calls. And having heard, you have not acted. Make the decisive move now. Start the fund at once!

BEST CARTOON GETS \$50 BOND

In connection with the coming Victory Loan campaign, the Dominion Press News and Feature Committee announces a cartoon contest. Artists are invited to submit sketches suitable for a two-column engraving, which will be judged on their merits as publicity calculated to assist in the selling of Victory Bonds. The committee offers a \$50 bond of the new issue for the best cartoon. A number of cartoons will also be awarded special mention. The sketches submitted are to become the property of the committee and a nominal fee will be paid for any that are used in the campaign.

C. F. Crandall, managing editor of the Montreal Star, and the editor of Victory Loan National Press News and Feature Service will be the judges. The contest will close on October 15th, and awards will be announced a few days later.

Have you received this FALL FASHION CATALOGUE?



We have a copy for you. A postcard with your address will bring it by return mail. Write to-day!

SMALLMAN & INGRAM
LIMITED

LONDON, ONT.

The Brunswick
ALL PHONOGRAPHS IN ONE

Truly said! The Brunswick is all phonographs in one. For sweetness of tone, lack of noises, beautiful design and finish, it has no peer. Best of all, it plays all makes of records. No attachments to get lost, no needles to change. Come in and see and hear the ideal machine.

H. I. JOHNSTON, Phm. B., GLENCOE
DRUGGIST, OPTICIAN, STATIONER

STOP THAT AWFUL WASTE OF FUEL.



DEMONSTRATION
of the Wonderful Invention
Fikeco Ranges and Heaters
"The Great Fuel-saving Stoves"
Thursday, October 10
10 a.m. to 9 p.m.

Come and see how to do your cooking and baking on one-half the fuel you are now using, and have a warmer kitchen in the winter time and a cooler kitchen in the summer time with only half the trouble in operation.

JAMES WRIGHT & SON
MAIN ST., GLENCOE

MRS. CURRIE'S
MILLINERY PARLORS
SILK WAISTS AND SILK SKIRTS
Opposite Royal Bank Building

FLOWER DEPT.
Potted Plants and Cut Flowers for all occasions.

Highest cash price for Butter and Eggs.
Phone 25

FANCY GOODS DEPT.
Stamped Linens and Embroidery Silks; Crochet Cottons of all kinds.

RAILWAY AND POSTAL GUIDE.
GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Main Line.
Eastbound—No. 12, mail and express to London and intermediate points, 5:25 a.m.; No. 14, express, local points to London, 2:55 p.m.; No. 16, Eastern Flyer, for Toronto, Montreal, etc., 8:05 p.m.; No. 18, local accommodation to London, 10:25 p.m.
Westbound—No. 13, local mail and express, 7:30 a.m.; No. 15, Detroit express, 1:31 p.m.; No. 17, local mail and express, 5:37 p.m.; No. 19, International Limited, from Toronto and east for Detroit, 10:45 p.m.
Nos. 14, 15, 16 and 18, Sundays included.

Wabash and Air Line.
Eastbound—No. 332, mixed, local points to St. Thomas, 3:30 a.m.; No. 2, Wabash, 12:30 p.m.; way freight, 4:30 p.m.
Westbound—No. 333, mixed, local points to St. Thomas, 5:50 a.m.; No. 25, passenger, 7:05 a.m.; No. 334, mixed, 1:31 p.m.
No. 2 Sundays included.

King's Court Branch.
Leave Glencoe for Alvinston, Petrolia, etc., connecting for Sarnia Tunnel and points west—No. 360, mixed, 7:55 a.m.; No. 283, passenger, 6:40 p.m.
Arrive at Glencoe—No. 272, passenger, 7:05 a.m.; No. 361, mixed, 1:31 p.m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.
Eastbound—No. 634, 12:42 p.m.; No. 672, Windsor mixed, 4:17 p.m.; No. 22, daily, stop for Toronto passengers, 4:35 p.m.
Westbound—No. 635, for Windsor, 4:48 a.m.; No. 671, Windsor mixed, 9:30 a.m.; No. 683, 8:16 p.m.
Trains 633, 635 and 634, Sundays included.

GLENCOE POST-OFFICE
Mails closed—G.T.R. East, 9:06 a.m.; G.T.R. West, 6:06 p.m.; London and East, 7 p.m.
Mails received—London and East, 8 a.m.; G.T.R. East, 7 p.m.; G.T.R. West, 9:45 a.m.
Street letter box collections made at 8:30 a.m. and 5:30 p.m.

ROY SIDDALL
Flour, Feed, Grain, Seeds,
Coal, Wood and Cement

All kinds of Grain bought and sold.

Up-to-date Chopping Mill in connection.

Terms Cash, or extra charge for credit.

Patronize Home Industry by buying
McLACHLAN'S BREAD

Made from the best Flour that money can buy, along with other ingredients which make it wholesome. Try our Homemade Bread made with Fleischmann's Yeast. Also our Buns, Cakes and Pastry, fresh every day. Have our wagon call.

J. A. McLachlan
GLENCOE

We Carry a Full Line
—OF—
Tin, Enamel and Galvanized Ware, Sinks, Bathtubs, etc.

Plumbing, Furnace-work, Roofing, Eavestroughing, Repairing, etc., done by a Practical Mechanic.

J. M. Anderson
GLENCOE
Tinsmith Plumber

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

—Miss Mabel Kerr is visiting her sister, Mrs. Tanner, Geneva.

—Miss Coyne of Detroit is visiting friends in Glencoe and vicinity.

—Mrs. Charles of London is visiting her daughter, Mrs. (Dr.) McIntyre.

—Miss Jessie Humphries left on Tuesday to attend Toronto University.

—Mr. Miliken of Nain visited his daughter, Mrs. John Strachan, last week.

—Mrs. Patterson of Alvinston spent last week with her sister, Mrs. John Hayter.

—Miss Lorna Luckham left on Monday for Toronto, where she will attend the University.

—Mrs. Bullock and little daughter of Gananogue are the guests of Miss Tena Sutherland.

—Miss Annie George left on Monday for London where she will attend the collegiate institute.

—R. M. Edmundson of Wroster spent the week-end with his sister, Mrs. J. L. Tomlinson.

—Arthur Merritt of Louisville is spending a couple of days with Mr. and Mrs. Colin Leitch.

—Mr. and Mrs. M. J. McAlpine left on Tuesday for Detroit, where they will spend a few days.

—Miss Margaret Stinson of St. Thomas is spending a month with friends in Glencoe and Chatham.

—Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Suttler are visiting their daughters, Mrs. Raynor, Grimsby, and Miss Ruby, Toronto.

—Miss Evelyn McLachlan left on Tuesday for Lambeth, where she will visit her sister, Mrs. H. G. Vicary.

—Mrs. Cleve Adams and family of Detroit are the guests of Mrs. Adam's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Precious.

—Mrs. Levi Smith was called to London on Tuesday owing to illness of her mother, Mrs. Small, that city.

—Mrs. Margaret Black of Appin has returned home after spending a few days with Mrs. Duncan Leitch, Ekfrid.

—Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Reycraft of Detroit have returned home after spending a few days at Richard Reycraft's.

—Mr. and Mrs. I. J. Davidson of Thamesville spent a few days last week with the former's brother, C. E. Davidson.

—Mr. and Mrs. Tyrrell and baby daughter Jean of Bothwell were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Hayter last week.

—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. A. Martin and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ashplant of London were guests at M. J. McAlpine's for the fair.

—Mrs. C. Cantwell and son Jack left for their home in Toronto after spending two weeks with Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Tomlinson.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Johnston and little son Innes of Mildmay were the guests of Mrs. Johnston's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Innes, for fair week.

—Mrs. Wm. S. Stewart of Gleichen, Alberta, returned home last week after a visit to her father, Robert Webster, Ekfrid, who has been in ill health.

—Mrs. J. Banghart of Chicago, who has been visiting in Strathroy for the past week, motored over to Glencoe fair day and visited her sister, Mrs. Wm. Innes.

—Mr. and Mrs. Mac Leitch and three children of St. Thomas spent a few days last week with Mr. Leitch's mother, Mrs. Mary Leitch, and other relatives here.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. Watson Young and children of Camrose, Alberta, are visiting at Mrs. Young's former home at Strathroy and spent a day or two in Glencoe last week.

—Mrs. Charles Cummings and Miss Minnie Carey of Dresden are visiting Mrs. Alex. McBrayne, Mosa. Mrs. Cummings and Mrs. McBrayne spent Tuesday with Glencoe friends.

—Miss Grace Reynar of Detroit has returned home after spending her vacation with her uncle, George McGill. She was accompanied home by her cousin, Miss Gertrude McGill.

On sale everywhere.—There may be country merchants who do not keep "Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil," though they are few and far between, and these may suggest that some other oil is just as good. There is nothing so good as a liniment or as an internal medicine in certain cases. Take no other. The demand for it shows that it is the only popular oil.

The Word "Slave."
The word "slave" is a word of brilliant historical antecedents. Its original, the Russian "slava," means glorious and is the title of that race which includes the Russian people. But when the Germans reduced hosts of the Slavs to servitude their name, from malice or accident, as Gibbon says, became synonymous with "servile."

How It Happened.
"Why did you leave your last place?" asked the boss.
"I didn't leave it. It left me."
"Rather strange. I should say."
"Not at all. I worked in an ammunition factory."

Heroic Wireless Operator.
The heroic conduct of Vignola, the wireless operator in the Messageries liner Natal, sunk in the Mediterranean, was brought to light by survivors. When the collision occurred Vignola, who had been temporarily relieved by a petty officer, rushed to his post and telling his substitute to save himself, sent out a signal of distress. Then he reported to the captain, who replied, "All right, now save yourself!" Instead of doing so the operator returned to his telegraph cabin and with absolute calm sent out fresh signals, which were picked up by the Marcellus station. When the ship sank a quarter of an hour later Vignola went down with it.

Stop the reckless spending.
Patches in war-time are often an evidence of patriotism.

Saving brings its own reward compounded.

CONSTANT PAIN AFTER EATING
The Tortures of Dyspepsia Corrected by "Fruit-a-tives"

St. Martin's, N.B.
"For two years, I suffered tortures from Severe Dyspepsia. I had constant pains after eating; pains down the sides and back; and horrible bitter stuff often came up in my mouth. I tried doctors, but they did not help me. But as soon as I started taking 'Fruit-a-tives', I began to improve and this medicine, made of fruit juices, relieved me when everything else failed."
—MRS. HUDSON MARSHBANK.
50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c.
At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

SPECIAL NOTICES
Small sum of money found on fair grounds. Apply at this office.
For sale—two milk cows and two yearling steers.—T. C. Reycraft.
For sale—good rubber-tired top buggy.—W. R. Stephenson, Appin, 25th.
Dawson's Golden Chaff seed wheat for sale. Apply Simpson Goff, Gore, Ekfrid.
Flour and feed for sale at store corner of Main and McKellar streets.—J. D. McKellar.
Cream and eggs wanted at the old stand, as usual. Highest prices paid in cash.—Wm. Muirhead, Get our
Wanted—daily work or cooking, by reliable young married woman, in Glencoe. Apply box 110, Glencoe.
For sale or exchange—one Lincoln yearling ram.—D. A. Coulthard, Glencoe.
Wanted—a good, capable girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. Tompkins, care of the Royal Bank, Appin.
Yellow peaches, fancy plums and grapes arriving daily from Niagara—now at their best. W. A. Currie, Main street; phone 25.
The ladies of St. John's church will hold their annual bazaar and supper on Friday, November 29th. Other notices later.
Having purchased the grain warehouse at Walkers I am open every day for all kinds of grain. A full stock of feed and mill supplies. Glencoe preferred. Reliable; age 39. Apply box 110, Glencoe.
Wanted—light indoor employment. Any position—bookkeeping or store management; good at figures; have held similar position. Glencoe preferred. Reliable; age 39. Apply box 110, Glencoe.
Strayed—about a week ago, from farm of Major Grover, one pure red yearling steer, dehorned and with one short ear. Please phone or write information to Major Grover, phone 461718, route 2, Glencoe.
Two buildings, nearly new, for sale—one 29x24, good hardwood floor; the other 20x20 and lean-to; both sided with good matched lumber, painted, and with paroid roof. Apply to A. B. McDonald, Glencoe.
George Hulse has opened a garage on McKellar street in the rear end of Roy Siddall's grain store, and solicits a share of your patronage. All kinds of auto repair work will receive prompt and careful attention. Tires and accessories. Phone Roy Siddall, No. 8.
Clearing sale of shoes.—Our spring and summer shoe trade has been good and in order to make room for the fall and winter stock we are going to clean out the balance of the present stock in our sweeping sale. All will be sold regardless of cost. Sale now on. Special price on groceries while lasts. Strictly cash.—Chas. George.
On Friday evening, October 18th, there will be given in the town hall an unusually attractive concert by Anita Patti Brown and her company. Patti Brown has sung in both northern and southern hemispheres. In the British West Indies she is called "The Empress of Melody." On the streets of Rio de Janeiro she is called "La Trovata." Watch for further particulars.

A sure corrective of flatulency.
When the undigested food lies in the stomach it throws off gases, causing pains and oppression in the stomach region. The belching or eructation of these gases is offensive and the only way to prevent them is to restore the stomach to proper action. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will do this. Simple directions go with each packet and a course of them taken systematically is certain to effect a cure.

Chopping Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.—W. R. Stephenson, Appin.
The village of Melbourne will install Delco light for their 24-hour-a-day electric service and will use one of the largest plants built by "The Domestic Engineering Co." of Dayton, Ohio. Several of the individual systems will go into service, including one for Geo. Graham near Inwood. This district is being handled by M. C. Morgan of Kerwood and R. O. Spalding of Watford. An interesting exhibit of the system was given at Glencoe fair.

Asthma brings misery. But Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy will replace the misery with welcome relief. As soon as smoke or vapor it reaches the very inmost recesses of the bronchial passages and soothes them. Restriction passes and easy breathing returns. If you know as well how this remedy would help you as do thousands of grateful users, there would be a package in your home tonight. Try it.

Self-denial must take the form of money-saving—thrift.

LET THESE FACTS SINK IN

You people of Glencoe and vicinity—you are right now face to face with the biggest money-saving event that you have witnessed for a long time. Right now when others are making long profits on these goods we are giving you an opportunity to supply your winter needs at a fraction of their worth. Don't let anything keep you away. Come early for best choice.

COME SOMEHOW! GET HERE ANYWAY!

Buy your needs ahead and save!

It's time to get into your new Fall Suit and Overcoat—and we're ready for you. Why? ? ?

All our Tweeds, Worsteds, Serges and Linings were bought over a year ago, before the heavy advance in prices, and you are today receiving the benefit of our foresight.

MEN'S HATS, UNDERWEAR AND SHIRTS AT TREMENDOUS SAVING

Rely on this store for Window Shades, Linoleum, Oil Cloths and all Home Furnishings.

MILLINERY
New Hats, trimmed by wholesale houses in the latest New York styles, at very much lower prices than regular.

Just received our fall shipment of FINE FRENCH KID GLOVES to wear with your new suit—\$1.50 to \$2.00.

All the new shades in HOLEPROOF SILK HOSE.

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S WINTER COATS from \$5.00 to \$18.00.


All new ideas in Fashionable Shoes to wear with your new dress or coat will be found in our exclusive Shoe Department.

Newest Neckwear Novelties include Collars, Sets and Vests of the new Arlette Crepe and also all lace, besides the popular organdies, satins and crepes.



E. MAYHEW & SON

An Advertisement by Charles Dickens



CHARLES DICKENS is one of the world's great teachers. Here is what he has to say in one of his books:

"My other piece of advice, Copperfield," said Mr. Micawber, "you know. Annual income £20, annual expenditure £19. 19. 6—result, happiness. Annual income £20, annual expenditure £20. 0. 6—result, misery. The blossom is blighted, the leaf is withered, the God of Day goes down upon the dreary scene, and—in and in short you are forever floored. As I am."

The saving of a part of one's income was always a good policy.

Prudent men and women have always maintained a margin of saving.

But to-day we must go farther in our efforts to save than ever before.

To-day it is a matter of the gravest importance that each Canadian seek ways and means to economize by cutting down expenditures for unnecessary things, saving the money he spends on things he could do without, so that when the Nation needs to borrow money he will be in a position to do his full duty.

There is war-shortening work waiting for every dollar that can be saved.

IF Charles Dickens were writing to Canadians to-day he would probably give us advice to this effect:

"My other piece of advice, Canadians, you know. No matter what percentage of your annual income you have previously saved, your efforts to-day should be to save more. The advantage of doing is threefold: By the practice of economy you conserve the material and labor which must be devoted to the grim task before us; you cultivate the priceless habit of thrift; you gather more and more money to lend to the Nation for the prosecution of the war to a quick and certain Victory."

Published under the authority of the Minister of Finance of Canada

20

Soils and Crops

By Agronomist.

This Department is for the use of our farm readers who want the advice of an expert on any question regarding soil, seed, crops, etc. If your question is of sufficient general interest, it will be answered through this column. If stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed with your letter, a complete answer will be mailed to you. Address Agronomist, care of Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., 73 Adelaide St. W., Toronto.

Beware of Frosted Clover.

Caution should be exercised in pasturing red clover after its growth has become checked by frost. Because many farmers have given their horses and cattle free range of clover fields after hard frosts in the fall without injury it is difficult to convince them that it is dangerous to utilize this tempting feed. There are many prudent farmers, however, who, knowing the danger of pasturing frosted clover will not permit horses, cattle or sheep to graze on it. If they do not fear injury to the animals they have learned from observation and experience that there is no surer means of injuring a good stand of clover than to allow stock to graze and trample it down. Even though the frosted clover does not quickly injure the animals that graze on it there is such certainty of injury to the clover plants that it is poor economy to let the stand become injured in the effort to find nourishment from feed of doubtful value.

The extent of injury and time required for it to become known is sure to vary with the condition of the animals given access to the frosted crop. The stock may have a regular ration of roughage and grain at the barn and no visible derangement of the stomach or bowels result, but this proves nothing as to the value of the frosted clover. It merely proves that under certain conditions it is not deadly, and may be used with impunity. But when animals have no other feed than frozen clover we have conditions that will be followed by derangement of digestion, which may be evident from forms of colic and acute indigestion, followed in due course by scours, constipation or severe inflammation of the bowels. Science has been unable to explain just how frost affects the digestibility of clover plants. But we do know that when frost gets in its work, the aroma, the juices and the gums change and eventually disappear, leaving only the skeleton or woody fibre. There is a perfect passing of the plant from its perfected growth back to earth and atmosphere, where it originally came. The feeding value of the plant declines rapidly as these nutritive juices and gums change or are dissipated.

The clover plant in full maturity not only contains the largest per cent. of nutrients, but it contains them in the form and quantity best suited to the requirements of the animal's digestive system. All departures from this perfection of feeding value tends to depreciation until it arrives at a point

of decomposition, when it is no longer fit for food. The freezing of an immature, succulent plant throws the juices to the surface and as they carry off the gums and sugars, they are soon washed off or change into compounds so as to leave the plant reduced in palatability and digestibility. It is poor economy to make horses, cattle and sheep try to digest plants that carry so little nutritive value, especially when his effort at economy is sure to result in injury to the succeeding crop of clover, and probable injury to the animals.

The Care and Preparation of the Farm Buildings for the Housing of Live Stock for the Winter Months.

This is the season of the year when every farmer should be considering the putting of his farm buildings in the best shape possible for the winter housing of his live stock, that is (1) in regard to cleanliness, (2) light, (3) ventilation and (4) warmth.

First—The farmer should see that all dirt and cobwebs that may have accumulated through the summer are swept down and a good coat of white-wash applied with a certain amount of disinfectant, such as is used on all farms, added to the white-wash, in order to eliminate as much as possible any disease which may be present.

Second—See that there are as many windows as possible in your buildings and that the glass is tight in all of them, for there is no better preventive of disease than plenty of light. If it is not possible to have double windows for all your stables be sure to use what you have on windows on the north side in order to conserve heat.

Third—Ventilation is one of the most important things in live stock industry, and unfortunately, one that there is not enough stress laid upon, for without proper ventilation, it is practically impossible to get the good, healthy development and benefit from feed consumed. We should have in our live stock.

Fourth—It is also very important to see that all boarding is tightly nailed down and all cracks closed in order to keep as uniform a temperature as possible and prevent drafts which are very detrimental to our live stock at certain times.

The Experimental Farm system is pleased at all times to forward bulletins of farm buildings, ventilation, etc., also answer questions and help prepare plans of such buildings as may be required on your farms.

FUNNY FOLD-UPS

CUT OUT AND FOLD ON DOTTED LINES



THERE'S PAPA'S COAT AND HAT ON GEE!
I WONDER HOW THEY'D LOOK ON ME!
THE COAT'S A LITTLE LARGE, YOU SEE!
I DON'T KNOW HOW THE HAT WILL BE!



Nest Boxes For The Birds.

Before the leaves fall is the best time to choose the spots where the new nest-boxes are to be hung. If this is left until Spring they must be up before the leaves are out of the way, and it is then very difficult to tell whether the spot chosen will be too shaded when the foliage has grown.

Possibly, however, the most important thing to consider first is the importance of these nest-boxes. So many have said: "We cannot stop to think about birds in war time." If one would stop to consider one would realize that the war has made the protection of birds all the more important. Innumerable instances might be given of the good they have done in saving crops from destruction by insects. Perhaps what would seem just now the most timely benefit is their lessening the need for spraying and much of the spray material is used for various war purposes.

One of the best authorities on birds has made the statement, after very careful observations, that if it were not for vireos, warblers, chickadees, kinglets, wrens and nuthatches, the insects destroyed by these small birds would quickly destroy our forests and set at naught the best work of the fruitgrower. The bluebird also has an excellent record as an insect destroyer, and of this bird a noted scientist has said: "One hundred bluebirds at even thirty insects a day (and they would devour many more) would eat in eight months about seven hundred and sixty thousand insects. If these birds were destroyed or driven away the result would be the preservation on the territory where these birds would have nested of about seventy thousand moths and caterpillars (a large proportion of these cutworms), twenty thousand leaf hoppers, ten thousand curculios, and sixty-five thousand locusts and grasshoppers. What injury such a horde of insects could bring to the farms and gardens! And the bluebirds, the destroyers of these pests fatal to our vegetable life, can be attracted to any spot by suitable nest-boxes hung in suitable places and protected from dangers. Is it not time well spent?

Many of the small birds that work among the trees literally saving our forests every year can also be attracted by suitable nest-boxes. The natural home of the chickadee and the nuthatch is a hollow tree, not an easy thing to find about most orchards now, but a nest-box made out of an old log with an egg-shaped oval scooped out is almost sure to attract them. As to the invaluable little wren almost any sort of a nest-box will satisfy it, and no tenant will pay better rent for the value received.

A Prayer for the World's Rebuilders. We send them off to school again today, This cool September morning. All the street Is musical with pattering of small feet And little, shining faces all the way Seem wayside posies for our smiles to greet.

I wonder if they ever guess or know With what strange tenderness we watch them go? Just children on their way to school again? Nay, it is ours to watch a greater thing— These are the World's Rebuilders, these must bring Order to chaos, comforting to pain, and light in blasted fields new fires of spring.

Dear Lord, Thy childish hands were weak and small— Yet had they power to clasp the world withal, Grant these, Thy little kindred, strength as true— They have so much to learn, so much to do!

You can't eat wheat and ship it.

GOOD HEALTH QUESTION BOX

By Andrew F. Currier, M.D.

Dr. Currier will answer all signed letters pertaining to health. If your question is of general interest it will be answered through these columns; if not, it will be answered personally if stamped, addressed envelope is enclosed. Dr. Currier does not prescribe for individual cases or make diagnosis. Address Dr. Andrew F. Currier, care of Wilson Publishing Co., 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto.

The Sin of Quackery.

There is a class of men calling themselves doctors and hanging out their sign as such, who pose as specialists in certain disorders which are very common among young men, but are not nearly so serious in the majority of cases as they are represented to be.

They also, as I have very good reason to believe, find diseases, particularly in the sexual organs of young men, which do not exist.

But because they impose upon these young men and tell them they have serious, exhausting and perhaps fatal diseases, they frighten them beyond measure and extort from them large sums of money.

When they have drained their victims of their pecuniary resources their interest in their welfare ceases. If a rejected young man can possibly raise more money he may be taken in by another sharper of the same kind.

When his money is all gone he perhaps awakens to the consciousness that he has been duped, and he is fortunate if he at length realizes that there is not and never has been anything serious the matter with him, and goes about his business with less and less worry about imaginary ailments and their serious significance.

I am not now referring to the venereal diseases, those are certainly as bad as they can be painted, and there is a class of quacks which feast and fatten upon them, they may or may not be distinct from those to whom I have been referring.

I have many times received letters from the victims of the quacks and charlatans to whom I am calling attention, asking me to advise them.

One of these bearing the essential marks of genuineness was from a man who said he was 23, was in great distress of mind and body and had been told by a so-called doctor whose name and address he gave, that he was suffering from varicose veins and disease of the prostate gland.

This quack got \$40 out of him for three months treatment, he then told me that he had paid \$200, up to the time when he wrote me, was then out of work, was suffering unbearable pain, as he said, and begged me to tell him where he could have an operation, performed to be paid for when he could get work.

Of course with this man and with many others who have written similar letters the disease was mainly in his mind.

He had been imposed upon by a series of advertising quacks, he imagined he was suffering and every time he visited one of the quacks fuel was added to the flame.

Varicose veins may come to anybody but that they should cause such dire distress as was depicted in the literature which this poor victim sent me, while conceivable, is possible only in rare instances.

The story was a fraud and an imposition. The other disease, while possible in a man of 23 is almost exclusively confined to advanced life. The medicines which these men give are probably the least harmful part of their treatment. It is more than likely that their only value is in their appeal to the imagination.

If they were to deal with powerful drugs, the drugs would be too expensive and they might do serious harm to the victim which would hurt the sharper's business in either case.

That such men should perform surgical operations when operations are not called for or required is one of the causes for the disrepute of legitimate surgery among large numbers of people.

It has led to mutilations and disfigurements and loss of function in countless cases which were entirely inexcusable.

Two hundred dollars of the earnings of a clerk or book-keeper or professional man means a good deal of money, and to throw it away in this fashion is worse than speculation in stocks. It would be well if every community where this evil abounds would take pains to get rid of it.

The Origin of Conscription.

The Athenians had a mode of universal military training more like that of modern Europe than were most of the other military training schemes of the ancient world. Every Athenian youth was compelled to do two years of garrison duty at Piræus, the Port of Athens.

WANTED

POULTRY, EGGS AND FEATHERS
Highest Prices Paid
Prompt Returns—No Commission
P. POULIN & CO.
39 Bonsecours Market - Montreal

The Gentle Rebuke.

When a wealthy man who was stopping at a Florida hotel neglected to inquire the hotel rates, the proprietor took advantage of the oversight, and at the guest's departure presented an exorbitant bill.

The guest, however, paid without a murmur. Then, he said, as he folded up the receipt in his wallet:

"By the way, have you any two-cent stamps?"

"Yes, sir," said the proprietor.

"How many would you like?"

"Well," answered the guest, cautiously, "how much are they apiece?"

Neither France nor Italy could continue the war without British coal.

WANTED

POULTRY
of all kinds.
Better quality preferred.
Write for prices.
STANFORD'S, Limited
128 Mansfield St. - Montreal

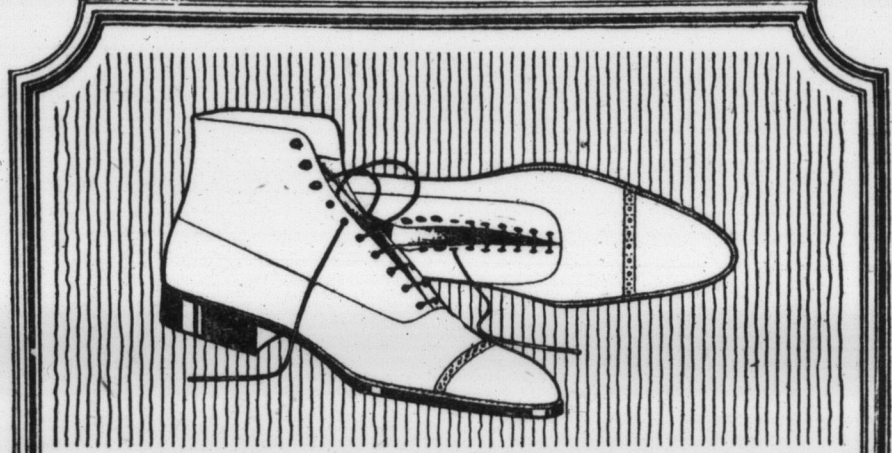
TRAPPERS AND

BUYERS WRITE
FUNSTEN
FOR FREE

Market Reports, Supply Catalog, Game Laws, Trappers Guide & Shipping Tags.
This is going to be one of the biggest years for trappers and fur shippers ever known. More furs needed—fewer men to trap. Get ready early for big money.
Look over your traps and supplies now. Get our FREE BOOK—Supply Catalog, Game Laws and Trapping Secrets—all three in one book. Shows you in natural color, factory prices on traps, smokers, etc. Write today—sure!
FUNSTEN BROS., 284 Funsten Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

If You Want the Highest Market Prices

Ship all your
RAW FURS
to us—no matter what quantity
We guarantee satisfaction and pay all express charges
ABBEY FUR COMPANY LOUIS ABINOVITCH
(In business for 30 years) Manager
310 ST. PAUL ST. W. MONTREAL, P.Q.
Reference, Bank of Hochelaga, St. Henry, Montreal.



Correct style worn by well dressed young men in all localities. Lace boot—medium narrow recede toe, low heel—made in black, tan or patent calf. Price, \$7.00 to \$10.00.

Style—Plus Service at a Fair Price.

THE style illustrated above is one that is largely preferred by Canadian business men—especially young men. It has the medium long vamp and narrow, somewhat pointed toe which gives the foot a slim and "dressy" appearance, without being extreme in style. Those who like this type of shoe will find it thoroughly satisfactory in fitting qualities and a comfortable easy shoe to walk in.

This style can be obtained in several grades of black and tan. The price range—\$7 to \$10—considering the present leather market, is extremely moderate.

Next spring a shoe of the same wearing qualities will cost from ten to twenty per cent more. It would cost more now except for the fact that the resources of this company enable us to cover our needs well in advance.

A.H.M. War-Time Selections offer special Service Value for Men, Women and Children. Ask your dealer for them.

AMES HOLDEN McCREADY

"Shoemakers to the Nation"

ST. JOHN MONTREAL TORONTO WINNIPEG EDMONTON VANCOUVER

When you buy Shoes look for—



—this Trade-mark on every sole

MR. LEWIS MEETS A NATURE STUDENT

"You noticed that young fellow from the city that's been boardin' with me a spell this summer, Martin?" asked Mr. Lewis as he wound his reins round the whipstock and disposed himself aside upon the seat of his "porter wagon."

"I've seen him once or twice," admitted Mr. Martin. "Fust time was a day or two after he got here—mebbe 'twas a week. He looked kind of bunged up to me. That was one time. And the next time I saw him was down to the post office one mornin'. He walked kind of lame that day. What's been the matter with him?"

"Mr. Lewis grinned a little ruefully. "When he come," he said, "he was goin' to stay all summer and write a book. He was some kind of a scintist, so he told us. He'd studied up things in the schools in the cities, and now he'd got to the p'int where he was goin' to jest move into the country, where he'd have a chance to observe things at fust-hand—that's what he told me and my wife—and make notes of all he saw, and then he'd be at cocked and primed, near's I could gather, to write all about 'em."

"Well, why didn't he stay and do it?" demanded the practical Mr. Martin.

Mr. Lewis grinned again. "I kind of got the notion from what I've seen of him in the past three weeks," he said, "that in one way and 'nother he's picked up enough information to last him a considerable time, such as 'tis. But I don't believe much of it'll ever get printed in any book he'll be likely to write."

"What kind of information?" asked Mr. Martin, impatiently.

"Well," said Mr. Lewis, easily, "I d'know's I can make it plain to you any easier'n to tell you some of the things he's learnt. Fust place, one of the things he was sharp set on was the 'wild flora' that grew round here; he tol' me he meant by that the wild flowers of the fields. I tol' him that I'd farmed most fifty years but I'd never come across any weed of that name, fur's I could remember. He smiled at me 'sif I didn't know much and tol' me he'd show me—and the next day he was good's his word. He come home 'bout noon with his hands and arms full of one kind of truck and 'nother, and round his neck he had 'nough p'ison ivy to fill a meal bag; he explained to us that it was a very pretty vine, and he'd brought it along to compare with his book and find out what it was, and he'd draped it round his neck so he could carry it easy, his hands bein' full. The next day he was somethin' to look at; his eyes was shut tight and his face all swelled out of shape, from that ivy. That was when you thought he looked kind of bunged up, I guess."

Mr. Martin nodded.

"'Nother thing he was set on doin'," Mr. Lewis continued, "was to get 'quainted with the small animals in the woods hereabouts. He knew 'em perfectly from books, he said, but he wanted some fust-hand knowledge—and he managed to get some."

"He come limpin' into the house one day, takin' on bad. Seems what he took to be a woodchuck turned out to be a hedgehog, and when he undertook to stir it up a mite with his foot, he got his leg full of spines. I took him on the grain chest in the barn and pulled 'em out with p'ison, and every one I drew he'd yelp like a fox cub. You say he went a mite lame that day down to the post office? Well, that was why he did."

"I kind of thought that would tame him down and keep him from meddlin' with things he didn't know about, and it did for a spell; but yesterday he come chargin' down out of the pasture, wavin' his arms and battin' with his hat. He tol' me he'd found some 'fungoid' growth on a tree, but jest as he got ready to pick it some insect attacked him, and he had to quit. But he wanted that 'fungoid'—from what he said I thought it was some kind of toadstool—and wanted I should go with him and get it. I made up my mind he'd mebbe trod on a ground wasp's nest, and by goin' round the other side of the tree we'd steer clear of it."

"But when we got to the tree and he p'inted it out, I see what it was—a hornet's nest as big as a peck measure, and while I was tryin' to think of what to call him, I'm a sinner if he didn't walk up and try to pick it off with his hands!"

"No," said Mr. Lewis in response to a look, "I didn't wait to see what happened; I put off 'cross that pasture' faster'n a man as old and fat as I be ought to run. I got one look at that 'scintist' as I was startin' and he seemed to be in a kind of fog of hornets, but he was runnin'! He hadn't fell into the brook all over, I d'know but what they'd have stung him to death. And this mornin' he started for home."

"He come to the country to learn," said Mr. Lewis as he took up his reins, "and he did learn. But, as I said, I don't believe he'll feel to write a book about it!"

"If your foot slip you may recover your balance, but if your tongue slip, you cannot recall your words."

The end will come, and this much-tortured earth Find a forgetting and a fuller birth. Man can destroy, but Nature will replace, And from man's ruins raise a nobler race.

From Erin's Green Isle

NEWS BY MAIL FROM IRELAND'S SHORES.

Happenings in the Emerald Isle of Interest to Irishmen.

A card rationing system has been suggested as a solution of the coal supply problem in Dublin.

The sales of war savings certificates in Ireland for the month of June amounted to £175,908.

The Hon. John Donohoe Fitzgerald, K.C., who died recently in Dublin, left an estate valued at £121,165.

The death of Lord Wallcourt, of Ardilly Castle, Orammore, County Galway.

Mr. Shortt has stated that the Irish Government will take up the question of re-housing after the war.

Constable McBrien, Royal Irish Constabulary, has been appointed clerk to the station sergeant at Belfast.

Lieut.-Col. P. E. Leahy, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Leahy, Tralee, was killed by a shell while leading his men into action.

Word has been received of the death in action of Colonel A. C. Pratt, R.I.F., of Enniscope, County Mayo.

It is stated that previous service in the army would be the chief qualification for appointment in the Metropolitan Police Force, Dublin.

Employers who are paying less than the minimum wages have been warned that they will be proceeded against by the government.

Lieut. J. R. Barnett, R.A.F., son of R. Barnett, Leeson Park avenue, Dublin, was accidentally killed while flying.

The Cork Steam Packet Co. has been sold to a large shipping firm, but the name of the firm has not yet been disclosed.

The death is announced of Lieut.-Col. L. Corlan, of Bettyville, Fermoy, a brother of the late General Corlan.

Thomas Murphy, the Faythe, Wexford, has received Lloyd's silver medal and £50 for having saved fifty lives at sea.

The Irish Turk Club has given £1,000 to the Irish Red Cross Society and £500 to the Irish Prisoners of War Fund.

Major J. C. Callaghan, R.A.F., son of Mr. and Mrs. Callaghan, Fernside, Blackrock, Co. Dublin, has been killed in action.

The St. Patrick's Society of Shanghai are giving £75 a year to endow a bed in Galway hospital for Irish soldiers.

Private James Duffy, active of Letterkenny, was decorated with the Victoria Cross by the King at Buckingham Palace.

GERMANY TO GET PAINTINGS.

It is said Famous Cassel Collection Will Be Released.

Berlin despatches say that the agreement between Germany and the Russian Soviet provides for the return to Germany of the valuable paintings carried from Cassel to Paris in 1906 and afterward sold to the Hermitage in Petrograd, says the Chicago Daily News.

Among the pictures are several famous works by Rembrandt.

The group of pictures in the Hermitage galleries at Petrograd known as the Cassel collection have had an interesting history. They were gathered together by the landgrave of Hesse and Cassel, Germany.

In 1806 Napoleon seized them and transported them to France and turned them over to the Empress Josephine. They then became a part of the so-called Malmaison collection of thirty-eight pictures.

After the fall of Napoleon the Hermitage secured the collection for \$40,000 francs (about \$235,000), a price that to-day would be paid for one of the pictures alone.

The Hermitage also purchased paintings from the collections of Queen Hortense of Holland, and of Marshal Soult, one of Napoleon's generals, many of which were collected by the spoliation of other galleries.

It is believed that some of the Cassel pictures are in these collections also. The Hermitage collection is among the finest in the world. It includes forty-one Rembrandts, six Velasquezes, sixty-one Rubenses, thirty-four Van Dycks, forty Teniers, nine Potters, forty Ruydaels, twenty Murillos, fifty Wouvermans and many others.

The Germans have removed many famous works of art from St. Quentin, Laon, Brussels and other occupied cities. It remains to be seen whether or not they will make good their boast that they do this to place them in security, or whether they will have to be forced to disgorge them at the end of the war.

The Banner.

A man who has taken much interest in the woman suffrage movement was persuaded to carry a banner in a parade.

His wife observed him marching with a dejected air and carrying his banner so that it hung limply on its standard, and later she reproved him for not making a better appearance.

"Why didn't you march like somebody, and let the people see your banner?" she asked.

"Dearie," sighed the husband, "did you see what was on that banner? It read 'Any man can vote. Why can't I!'"

WHY NOT BE A MECHANIC IN THE ROYAL AIR FORCE?

Have You Mechanical Ability?
Can You Drive a Car?
Can You Handle Horses?
Are You a Good Clerk?
Do You Understand Gasoline Engines?

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY
is here offered for men in Medical Category "B" who are under the M.S.A. and for men who are not under the M.S.A. to work in the flying fields, workshops and offices of the Royal Air Force in Canada. No other branch of the Service offers the possibilities for improvement that is obtained by ambitious endeavor in Royal Air Force work. It is a big opportunity to serve the Allied cause, in congenial and healthy surroundings, and in instructive and interesting work.

SKILLED AND UNSKILLED MEN NEEDED
If you are skilled in a R.A.F. trade, you will be given the opportunity to work at it. If you are unskilled, you will have the chance to make yourself proficient in some branch of work that will be of benefit to you when you return to civilian life.

APPLY PERSONALLY OR BY LETTER
OFFICER IN CHARGE TRADE TESTS, R.A.F.
COR. GEORGE & DUKE STS. TORONTO

ST. BERNARD DOGS ECONOMY VICTIMS

ALL BUT SIX AT FAMOUS MONASTERY KILLED TO SAVE FOOD.

Bread Shortage Affects the French Nation More Seriously Than Any Other.

All but six of the famous St. Bernard dogs kept by the monks of that ancient monastery in the Alps have been killed. Shortage of meat caused by the war led to this massacre.

The St. Bernard Pass is of historical renown. It connects the valleys of the Rhone and the Dora Baltea. It was traversed by Roman legions thousands of years ago. In mediaeval times the pass served the armies of conquerors and the hands of mercenaries.

Napoleon crossed the Alps at this point in 1800.

The great monastery was built in the middle of the sixteenth century. It was maintained for the relief of travellers who were surprised by snowstorms while crossing the pass. The St. Bernard dogs were used to find the frozen victims of the storms in the snowdrifts. They were specially trained for this work of relief and carried the first aid to the injured in a little basket attached to their collars. These dogs rescued thousands of human beings, many of whom were of historical prominence. And for the first time in the history of this famous monastery the dogs had to be slaughtered for want of food.

Human Food First Interest.

At other times a report of this sort would create profound interest in Paris, but at present the human race is thinking of its own necessities and cares less about dog heroes living more than 8,100 feet above the surface of the sea.

To-day the people of France are restricted in the consumption of meat, bread or any other article of food in the making of which dough or flour is used and sugar. There are three meatless days and to prevent any one buying meat in advance the rule restricts purchases to 200 grams of meat on a day preceeding a meatless day.

The sale of meat is prohibited on Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays. In hotels and restaurants no guest is entitled to more than 100 grams of meat as part of a meal Tuesdays. This restriction is aimed at hoarding. Even slaughter houses are entirely closed the meatless days. Thus the attempt

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FRENCH WAR DOGS.

Faithful Servants Are Cared For By Blue Cross Society.

Not every one realizes the important place which dogs are taking in this war. Of course, the Germans began training dogs for war uses many years ago, but the French did nothing in that line for two years after war had begun. They now have 18,000 dogs trained or in training. These are cared for by the Blue Cross, which, at the request of the French Government, has attached a dog hospital to all the Blue Cross base hospitals in France where war horses are treated.

All dogs named by the French army are received at these bases, disinfected and quarantined. They are then assigned for duty or training.

Terriers are used to free the trenches of rats, and the larger dogs are used for patrol work, to police prisoners, as first aids to ambulances to carry appliances and water, to seek out the wounded men in shell holes and out-of-the-way places. It is said that Samoyede dogs have actually saved the guns to which they were harnessed; they carry shells, and even draw sleighs and light transport. Perhaps most important of all are the messenger dogs, which can travel where men cannot go, and exceed any other messenger except the pigeon in speed. They travel through the barrage, making 23 or 24 miles an hour, and, literally, "faithful unto death," striving even when wounded to perform their allotted task. No one would question for an instant the fine appreciation which has caused the French Government to "mention" its dogs in despatches.

So far, over 1,000 dogs have been treated at the hospitals. All operations on dogs and horses are performed under anaesthetics by trained veterinarians. The town of Mossley, lately presented to Lady Smith-Dorrien, president of the Blue Cross fund, a cheque for £1,050, which is the first instalment of its subscription towards this fine work. Mossley is a town of only 8,000 inhabitants.

Thistle Down.

Thistle down, thistle down,
Blowing from the west,
Sail across the surging seas
To the boy that I love best.
Kiss his rosy lips for me
And nestle in his ear,
And whisper "Mother waits for you,
Son-Boy, over here."

To-day the birds are singing
In their choir of maple trees.
And the goldenrod is courted
By the hum of myriad bees;
The squirrels with heaven-sent vision
Add to their winter store;
And the streamlet ripples laughingly
To join the ocean's roar.

But what is that sails into view
And wakes me from my trance?
An airship blots out the heavens blue
And speaks of war and France!
The wild fowls wilt, the song birds cease;
All beauty fades away!
Dear God send peace
My son's in France to-day!

Thistle down, thistle down,
Blowing from the west,
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And whisper "Mother waits for you,
Son-Boy, over here."

To-day the birds are singing
In their choir of maple trees.
And the goldenrod is courted
By the hum of myriad bees;
The squirrels with heaven-sent vision
Add to their winter store;
And the streamlet ripples laughingly
To join the ocean's roar.

But what is that sails into view
And wakes me from my trance?
An airship blots out the heavens blue
And speaks of war and France!
The wild fowls wilt, the song birds cease;
All beauty fades away!
Dear God send peace
My son's in France to-day!

Thistle down, thistle down,
Blowing from the west,
Sail across the surging seas
To the boy that I love best.
Kiss his rosy lips for me
And nestle in his ear,
And whisper "Mother waits for you,
Son-Boy, over here."

To-day the birds are singing
In their choir of maple trees.
And the goldenrod is courted
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For Autumn Days

Chic, indeed, is this little vest effect which slips under the panel in the back and buttons in front over gathered chemisette. McCall Pattern No. 8489, Ladies' Dress. In 6 sizes, 34 to 44 bust. Price, 25 cents.

Check suits always appeal for fall wear. This attractive design has an interesting shawl-collared which gives a soft finish to the neck. McCall Pattern No. 8487, Ladies' Coat. In 6 sizes, 34 to 44 bust. No. 8488, Ladies' Two or Three-Piece Skirt. In 7 sizes, 22 to 34 waist. Price, 20 cents each.

These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall dealer, or from the McCall Co., 70 Bond St., Toronto, Dept. W.

ANY CORN LIFTS OUT, DOESN'T HURT A BIT!

No foolishness! Lift your corns and calluses off with fingers—it's like magic!

Sore corns, hard corns, soft corns or any kind of a corn, can harmlessly be lifted right out with the fingers if you apply upon the corn a few drops of freezone, says a Cincinnati authority.

For little cost one can get a small bottle of freezone at any drug store, which will positively rid one's feet of every corn or callus without pain.

This simple drug dries the moment it is applied and does not even irritate the surrounding skin while applying it or afterwards.

This announcement will interest many of our readers. If your drugist hasn't any freezone tell him to surely get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.

To Be Exact.

A recruit on night guard duty for the first time, observed a shadowy form approaching. Following his instructions, he cried:

"Halt! Who goes there?"

"Shut up!" a husky voice replied with some impatience. "I ain't going; I'm coming back."

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Gents.—A customer of ours cured a very bad case of distemper in a valuable horse by the use of MINARD'S LINIMENT.

Yours truly,

VILANDIE FRERES.

The consumption of horse flesh for human food in France is steadily increasing. Paris alone reports that 70,000 horses were slaughtered for food last year.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

The Little Drum.

I was brave when they told me he was gone;
I shed no tear on that awful day,
Though the only light that had ever shone
On my lonely life had passed away.

I was calm when I touched his empty bed,
When I gathered up his clothes and hat;
I was firm when I saw his little shed,
But his drum—I could not look at that.

It seemed somehow to speak—that little drum,
That lies neglected, silent now;
To me more eloquent, though dumb,
Than any voice on earth, I vow.

How strange that out of all his things—
His skates, his wagon, ball and mitt—
His drum most poignant memories brings—
And still I cannot look at it.

LEMONS MAKE SKIN WHITE, SOFT, CLEAR

Make this beauty lotion for a few cents and see for yourself.

What girl or woman hasn't heard of lemon juice to remove complexion blemishes? To whiten the skin and to bring out the roses, the freshness and the hidden beauty? But lemon juice alone is acid, therefore irritating, and should be mixed with orchard white this way. Strain through a fine cloth the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing about three ounces of orchard white, then shake well and you have a whole quart of skin and complexion lotion at about the cost one usually pays for a small jar of ordinary cold cream. Be sure to strain the lemon juice so no pulp gets into the bottle, then this lotion will remain pure and fresh for months. When applied daily to the face, neck, arms and hands it should help to bleach, clear, smoothen and beautify the skin.

Any drugist will supply three ounces of orchard white at very little cost and the grocer has the lemons.

Impossible.

A good story appears in one of Ian Hay's books which should stand repeating. The scene is a Y.M.C.A. hut "over there." A Cockney soldier, thinking to be smart, says that a German spy got into the lines. "You see," said the Cockney, "the spy was disguised as a joke, and the sentry, being a Scotty, didn't see him." After the laughter had subsided a brawny "Jock" turned to the Cockney and said, "I suppose you think ye're uno clever, but look here, my mannie, did it ever occur to you what had happen tae England if Scotland was tae sign a separate peace?"

DON'T FORGET TO SEE THE FAIR WEEK BARGAINS AT PARR'S STORE, MELBOURNE

Now is the time to buy your Flannelette Blankets.
Reg. \$4.25 for \$3.95; reg. \$3.50 for \$3.05.

We have a splendid array of Corduroy Velvet and
Velveteen in all the leading shades, to sell while
they last at 65c and 75c per yard.

Exceptional Bargains in Men's Fleece-lined Under-
wear. Reg. \$1.10 garment for 98c. Children's
Underwear at 35c garment.

We carry Sterling's famous Working Shoes for Men.
Also a fine line of Boys', Women's and Children's
Shoes, at moderate prices.

OUR GROCERY STOCK IS COMPLETE AT ALL TIMES
HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR BUTTER AND EGGS

R. PARR MELBOURNE

Kitchener was right

when he said—

*"Either the civilian popu-
lation must go short of many things to which it is accustomed
in times of peace or our armies must go short of munitions and
other things indispensable to them."*

NOW the only way we can
possibly live up to that
obligation is by going with-
out in order that our soldiers
may have. For the money
we waste is not money at
all—it is equipment, clothing,
shot and shell that are ur-
gently needed in France.

By denying ourselves, there-
fore, we enable Canada to
procure to the fullest extent
the materials and labor which
she and our Allies need for
the successful prosecution of
the war.

What happens when we fail
to save?
A pull on labor by the Govern-
ment in one direction and a
pull on labor by the people
in the opposite direction.

Hundreds of millions of
dollars are of no use to the
country if goods and services
can be secured only to the
extent of eighty millions of
dollars. So we must do every-
thing in our power to release
both goods and labor for the
purposes for which Canada
needs them.

WHETHER it be food,
coal, wool, steel, leather,
labor or transportation, the
result in all cases is the same.
Whoever competes with the
nation by freely satisfying his
own desires, selfishly appro-
priates to his own use that
which is so urgently required
for our fighting men in
France.

*For the sake of your country and the boys "over
there," spend cautiously. Think of what Lord
Kitchener has said, and ask yourself first, "Is this
something I really need or can I do without it?"*

Published under the authority of the
Minister of Finance of Canada

The Transcript.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1918.

NEWBURY

William Hawke of the P. O. depart-
ment, Toronto, was the guest of Mr.
Murdoch last week.

Wm. Armstrong of Ann Arbor spent
last week with his sister, Mrs. Jane
Connelly.

Mrs. and Miss Parnall of Chatham
are visiting the former's son, W. M.
John Telfer and daughter Ettie
have moved from their farm to the
house bought from J. A. Armstrong.

Miss Lena Telfer has gone to train
for a nurse at Port Huron. Before
going she was presented with a purse
by the W. F. M. S. of Knox church.

Our school fair has come and gone
for another year. It seems each year
to be good, but this year was excep-
tionally good. The exhibits of chick-
ens, calves, colts and pigs outside
were splendid. A few friends added
much to the attractions outside by
showing ducks, bantams and geese—
the largest we had ever seen. There
were two cages of white baby ferrets
which were quite a novelty. Then the
inside of the tent—as you wandered
through and examined the different
varieties of vegetables and collections
of vegetables, apples and canned beets
and so on. Then the flowers—we
fancied even a florist would have be-
come so enthusiastic as we did. The
knitting, darning, hemstitching, but-
ton holes—this line, too, was splen-
dently done. The art work, writing,
etc., was very good. There were some
fine essays and drawings, too. A bit
of novelty work which won much
praise was a doll's chair completely
covered with different colored postage
stamps. Alberta Armstrong won a
special prize for it. We would surely
exceed our allotted space if we tried
to tell of all the very fine work shown,
but the tent looked like a land of
plenty and bower of beauty all in one.

There were plain and fancy races for
all, almost from babies up to the old-
est boy or girl. A lively game of base-
ball, Wardsville vs. Newbury, resulted
in a score of 16-2 in favor of the home
team. A new thing in competition
was started early in the spring by the
Merchants Bank. The bank advanced
the necessary money to any school
boy or girl to buy a calf, two pigs or
a colt, buy all the feed, etc., keep a
strict account of all expenditure.

Then they were to write an essay on
all this and exhibit the animals at the
school fair. The animals would do
credit to any fair. At present we
have not gotten the prize list. The
day was ended by a splendid play,
"Cranberry Corners," given for half
the proceeds by the Thamesville
Dramatic Club. The club won great
praise for the splendid work. Each
character was so well chosen for their
part. As yet we cannot give the cash
result. One very attractive spot was
Mr. Murdoch in his auto, he being
cashier when the prize money was
paid out for races, etc., as they were
won. The Women's Institute sold
refreshments. Everybody closed up
at noon and turned out to help make
the school fair a success, which it cer-
tainly was. Too much cannot be said
of the good, earnest work done by the
teachers, Miss Chasely and Miss Fen-
nell, and President A. Holman, Secre-
tary J. G. Bayne and Treasurer G.
Murdoch. All the committees, too,
worked well, and all harmony reigned.

Mrs. R. H. Moore returned on Fri-
day from a four weeks' visit in Flen-
sherton, Dundalk and Toronto.

R. H. Hanna, wife and children
motored to Newbury Saturday, spend-
ing the week-end at R. H. Moore's.

Among old friends at the fair were
Mrs. Roberts of Wardsville, Mrs. Jane
Bury of Chichego and Mrs. Cora Yorke
of Aldborough.

Mrs. Hazel Williams won the first
prize in the ladies' driving contest at
Glencoe fair with Mel. Sullivan's
horse.

This Space Belongs
to the

**NEWBURY
CASH STORE**

W. H. PARNALL

Successor to W. M. Edwards and L. B.
Gage. License No. 8-13967.

**WAIT FOR OUR SALE OF MISS
FENBY'S MILLINERY**

KILMARTIN

The death of Mrs. Mitchell took
place on Sept. 27th, after a few days'
illness. Her husband, the late Wm.
Mitchell, predeceased her four years
last February. Mrs. Mitchell was a
daughter of the late George McIntyre
and was in her 67th year. The funeral
was held on Monday and was largely
attended. Rev. D. Robertson con-
ducted the service. Interment was
made in Alvinston cemetery.

There will be a special rally day
service for the children in Burns'
church next Sunday.
Miss Edith Dewar is home from De-
troit.

Mrs. Mac. Secord and baby daugh-
ter of Detroit are visiting Mr. and
Mrs. John Secord.

Mr. and Mrs. and Miss Hathaway
and Mrs. Dewar and daughter Jean
of St. Thomas visited at John Secord's
and attended Glencoe fair last week.
Miss Margaret Walker, Brooke, is
visiting her sister, Mrs. Dougald Se-
cord.

West Lorne driving club will hold
a race meet on October 18th.

DO YOU WANT DRY FEET?

If so, buy the Regulation Leather Army Shoe.
This shoe contains three soles, is bench-made, and
guaranteed to be solid leather. This shoe is made
specially for farmers, engineers and mine-workers.

Breaks the wearing record of any shoe that was ever built.

Modern Shoe Store

Glencoe, Ont.

Phone 103



CLEVER NEW STYLES
IN
Tailored Suits
at **\$35.00**

Severely tailored or trimmed suits expres-
sive of B. Siegel Co. quality in Tweeds,
Check Velours, Gabardines, Serge and Ox-
ford Suitings, in all the Fall shades. The
fit of the back, the way the collars hug the
neck and the manner in which the sleeves
are set show that more than ordinary
care and attention has been given them.

WE ACCEPT CAN. DIAN MONEY AT PAR

B. SIEGEL & CO.
CORPORATELY OWNED & STATE
NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE
DETROIT

MELBOURNE

We are pleased to report that A. P.
McDougall, who has been ill, is im-
proving in health.

Rev. Mr. Stuart of London occupied
the pulpit in the Presbyterian church
on Sunday last.

The Sunday school rally day service
was observed in the Methodist church
on Sunday morning. A splendid pro-
gram was given. The Sunday school
choir furnished the music.

Pte. Percy Snook, 3rd a. m. of the
Royal Flying Corps, Camp Borden,
spent the week-end at his home here.

Mr. and Mrs. George Richards have
returned from an extended visit with
friends near Toronto.

Mrs. Caven, who sold her farm to
Mr. McNeil some time ago, held an
auction sale on Saturday which was
well attended. Mrs. Caven will move
to the village in the near future.

A number of people attended the
funeral of Mrs. John Hiscott of this
village on Friday last. The family
have the sympathy of the entire com-
munity in their sad bereavement.

The W. M. S. of the Methodist
church held an afternoon tea at the
home of Mrs. Wm. Lewis which was
well attended.

Some of our citizens attended the
pumpkin pie social which was held in
the town hall, Middlemiss, and report
a good time.

MOSSA

The Red Cross Society of No. 9,
Mossa, met at Mrs. James Brown's on
Thursday, Sept. 26, and packed a box
for the soldiers, containing 17 shirts
and 32 pairs of socks. The value of
the box was \$75. The collection was
\$7.75. The next meeting will be held
at Mrs. D. Currie's on Friday, October
25. A box of Christmas cheer for the
soldiers overseas will be packed at
this meeting. Anyone wishing to con-
tribute will please bring a box to this
meeting.

EUPHEMIA

Apple picking is the order of the
day.

A number around here have recently
had the phone installed.

Misses Ann and Gladys Balsdon of
Ekfrid spent the week-end with the
Misses Plaine.

Lachlin McTaggart, who has been
laid up for some time with a badly
sprained foot, is improving.

Will Smoke fell from an apple tree,
badly breaking his ankle.

Spare the children from suffering
from worms by using Miller's Worm
Powders, the most effective vermi-
fuge that can be got with which to
combat these insidious foes of the
young and helpless. There is no
thing that excels this preparation as
a worm destroyer, and when its qual-
ities become known in the household
no other will be used. The medicine
acts by itself, requiring no purgative
to assist it, and so thoroughly that
nothing more is desired.

The Road to Independence



Trouble comes to all of us at one time or
another.

The man with a snug bank account, is
fortified against the "slings and arrows of
outrageous fortune".

It is the duty of every man to lay aside
something for the inevitable rainy day.

Open a Savings Account today—and
take your first step along the road to
Independence.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Head Office: Montreal. Established 1864.
GLENCOE BRANCH, J. A. McKELLAR, Manager.
BOTHWELL BRANCH, R. J. GILFILLAN, Manager.
NEWBURY BRANCH, G. T. MURDOCH, Manager.



Seeing is
Knowing

The glass oven
door and the oven
thermometer on the
Pandora Range
make baking an ex-
act, absolutely con-
trolled operation.

You can see pre-
cisely how the oven is working—how fast or slow.

For Sale by JAS. WRIGHT & SON

**McClary's
Pandora
Range**

London Toronto Montreal Winnipeg Vancouver
St. John, N.B. Hamilton Calgary Edmonton Saskatoon

COUNTER CHECK BOOKS
Order your next lot of these at The Transcript office