

# The St. John Standard

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FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 27, 1916.

WEATHER—FAIR

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## ROUMANIANS WIN AT SEVERAL POINTS, FIGHTING BRAVELY

### GREAT BRIDGE ON DANUBE BLOWN UP

Berlin and Petrograd Reports Conflicting and Some Uncertainty as to Roumanian Situation—Four More German Attacks at Douamont Repulsed by French.

### BRITISH SUCCESSFULLY RESIST VIOLENT ATTACK NORTH OF FAMOUS STUFF REDOUBT NEAR THIEPVAL—GERMANS FAIL ALSO IN ASSAULTS AGAINST RUSSIANS IN CARPATHIAN REGION.

Except for the announcement that the Roumanians before their retreat from Tchernavoda blew up the big bridge spanning the Danube river, thereby placing an obstacle in the way of the advance of the Teutonic Allies from Dobruja into Old Roumania, little fresh knowledge of the real situation in that sector of the world's war has been vouchsafed by either the Roumanian or Teutonic allied war correspondents.

According to Petrograd the force of the violent blows which Field Marshal Von Mackensen had been delivering in his rapid drive northward in Dobruja has slackened somewhat, although Berlin asserts that the Teutonic allies are still making progress against the Roumanians and Russians.

Conflicting Reports.

Along the Transylvanian front the Roumanians and Austro-Germans are still engaged in hard fighting at various points; Berlin reports that in the Trotus Valley, south of Parotiu, and in the region of Dragoslavia and Campulung the Allies of the Central Powers have met with further success. On the other hand Bucharest asserts that the Austro-Germans have been driven from the entire western frontier of Moldavia, northern Roumania, suffering heavy losses, and that in the United Olutz valleys, the Roumanian arms have also been successful.

Germans Attack at Verdun.

Again the Germans have delivered counter-attacks—four in number—against the newly won French positions at Douamont, in the region of Verdun, but like all of their efforts since the big French drive of Tuesday, they were successfully withstood. Similarly a violent attack against the British in the Stuff trench, north of the famous Stuff redoubt near Thiepval, was put down, the Germans suffering considerable casualties and the loss of 41 men made prisoners.

Elsewhere on this front there were only artillery duels.

In the wooded region of the Carpathian mountains the Germans essayed assaults against the Russians, but according to the Petrograd war office their efforts failed. In Volhynia to the west of Lutsk the Russians without previous artillery preparation, attempted to storm with infantry, a German position. The German artillery, however, broke up the sortie.

French Capture Villages.

Two villages southwest of Lake Doiran, on the Macedonian front—Golobrdia and Laletita—have been captured by the French. Elsewhere in this theatre the fighting is being done mainly by the artillery, although there is still infantry activity in the Cerna river region.

The Austrians are holding an intense artillery fire on the Italian positions in Gorizia.

The British mine sweeper Genista has been torpedoed and sunk with the loss of all her officers and 73 of her crew of 85 men.

Serbians Victorious.

Paris, Oct. 26.—The statement follows:

"North of the Starogrob mountains Serbian troops charged the Germans and Bulgarian forces and seized the fortified heights and the confluence of the Cerna and Strohnicna rivers (east of the Cerna bend, southeast of Monastir). One hundred and eight prisoners remained in the hands of our allies.

"Southwest of Lake Presba our cavalry, supported by infantry units, on Tuesday occupied the Zvezda bridges and also the villages of Golobrdia and Laletita.

"On the remainder of the front 11

operations were hindered by fog."

Roumanians Fight Hard.

Bucharest, Oct. 26, via London.—The text of the Roumanian official statement follows:

"North and northwestern front: To the west of Tulgheze there have been artillery actions. We have taken Mount Kerekharas, to the south of Biaz.

"In the Trotus Valley the situation is unchanged.

"In the Uzul Valley the enemy has been repulsed towards the west as far as Nazol Hill.

"In the Olutz valley the action continues beyond the frontier. We have captured one officer and 157 men.

"To sum up: On the western frontier of Moldavia, after violent combats, the enemy everywhere has been repulsed beyond the frontier.

"He now occupies but a small portion of territory between Sutzia and Trotus, and a small insignificant portion of the Uzul Valley. His losses were very heavy.

"In the Buzue Valley, at Butzi, Bratocca and Predeal, there is nothing new to report. An action continues to the south of Predeal. Enemy attacks have been repulsed.

"In the region of Dragoslavia we repulsed violent enemy attacks.

"In Jilul the enemy has progressed in the region west of the valley. General Dragalina, who was in command of the army, was wounded while directing operations against that district.

"There has been an artillery duel at Orzova.

"Southern front: On the Danube there has been some artillery activity.

"Dobruja: There is nothing fresh to report."

Enemy Driven Off.

London, Oct. 26.—The communication from the British headquarters in France issued tonight reads:

"This morning, after a bombardment, the enemy delivered an attack against Stuff trench, which runs northward of Stuff redoubt. He was driven off with considerable losses. Forty-one prisoners remained in our hands.

"During the day the enemy artillery was active against our front south of the Somme."

Tchernavoda Falls.

Sofia, Oct. 25, via London, Oct. 26.—A large quantity of supplies was captured by the forces of Field Marshal Von Mackensen at Constanza, the war office announced today.

"In Dobruja," the statement says, "the (Teutonic) allies are pursuing the enemy. On Tuesday evening they reached the line of Tascual, west of the village of Ester-Dorabatu, Toroman, Movilla, Mossu, Oprea and the village of Kokurien. On Wednesday morning the first infantry division captured Tchernavoda. The pursuit continues.

Russians Fire Constanza.

London, Oct. 26.—Everything in the port of Constanza that would have been useful to Field Marshal Von Mackensen's forces was destroyed by Russian sailors before the port was evacuated, says a Roter despatch from Petrograd today.

The Russian flotilla did not leave the bay until the port, with everything useful to the enemy was in flames. The flotilla escaped unscathed.

SENTENCED TO DEATH FOR FOURTH TIME.

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 25.—Charles F. Stielow, three times reprieved while under sentence of death, for the murder of Charles D. Phelps at West Shelby, March 21, 1915, was re-sentenced by the court of appeals today to be executed at Sing Sing prison during the week beginning December 11.

### NINETEEN PERISH IN HOSPITAL

Fire Destroys St. Elizabeth's Hospital Conducted by Grey Nuns at Farnham, Que.—Financial Loss about \$135,000.

Farnham, Que., Oct. 26.—St. Elizabeth Hospital, managed by the Grey Nuns, and comprised of two buildings, was totally destroyed by fire last night, and a total of nineteen lives were lost, so far as known tonight.

These consist of five children, eight women and six men, the buildings having been used as a home for aged people and children. Eleven injured inmates are being cared for in the convent of the Grey Nuns. There were 218 people in the hospital at the time of the fire, 113 of these being children, 36 aged men and 37 aged women, the remainder being servants to the Grey Nuns. The origin of the fire is unknown. The material loss is estimated at \$135,000, and there is \$35,000 of insurance.

### NEARLY 100 PERISH ON MINE BOAT

British Sweeper Genista Torpedoed and Sunk by German Submarine—Only 12 Men Saved.

London, Oct. 26 (4.54 p. m.)—The British mine-sweeping vessel Genista has been torpedoed and sunk, according to an announcement given out by the British Admiralty. All the officers and 73 members of the mine-sweeping crew were lost. The survivors numbered 12.

The statement as given out by the British admiralty says:

"One of our mine sweepers, H. M. S. Genista, Lieut. Commander John White, R. N., was torpedoed by an enemy submarine on October 23 and sunk. All her officers and 73 men were lost and 12 men were saved.

"When last seen the ship was sinking, but was still engaged with the enemy submarine."

### TURKS CLAIM VICTORY NEAR KUT-EL-AMARA

Constantinople, Oct. 25, via London, Oct. 26.—Turkish troops last Sunday night surprised the British camp near Sheikh Saad, on the Tigris river near Kut-el-Amara, and penetrated the British trenches, according to the official statement issued today by the Turkish war office. After capturing a quantity of arms and supplies, the statement adds, the Turks returned to their own positions. The text reads:

"Tigris front: We carried out a surprise attack Sunday evening against the British encampment in the neighborhood of Sheikh Saad, during which our troops penetrated the enemy trenches and returned victorious after capturing a quantity of arms and ammunition.

### CANADIAN PACIFIC MAKES SACRIFICES FOR EMPIRE

Vice-president Grant Hall Tells of Numerous Concessions Made to Prevent Disastrous Strike which Would have Interfered with Conduct of War—Terms of Settlement.

Special to The Standard.

Winnipeg, Oct. 26.—Mr. Grant Hall, vice-president and general manager of the western lines of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, made a statement to the press today. He said in part:

"As I considered it my duty, I placed the demands before the Minister of Labor and he communicated with the representatives of the employees. The results of his attempted intervention are already known to the public. As the time for the proposed strike drew near the Prime Minister of Canada, telegraphed to the men and offered his services for settlement.

but was told that the proposed strike could not be postponed. The Prime Minister and Minister of Labor then sent a mediator to Winnipeg with a view to attempting to get the company's officers and the men together. First through this mediator, and later directly, I suggested to the men that the matters in dispute between us be submitted to a single arbitrator, his decision to be final and binding in both parties. I suggested the names of Sir Robert Borden, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Chief Justice of Canada, Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, and Mr. Ash Kennedy, vice-president of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. The offer was declined.

"The company was therefore faced with the fact that unless the men's demands were met before 5 p. m. on Wednesday, October 25th, a strike would take place. I, therefore, entered into direct negotiations with the men and effected a settlement at noon yesterday. This, of course, involved further substantial concessions."

Terms of Settlement.

Winnipeg, Oct. 26.—Following are the terms of settlement of the difficulty between the C. P. R. trainmen and the C. P. R. company, over which a strike was threatened, given out unofficially:

1. A reduction of main line passenger mileage from 5,600 to 5,000 miles.

2. With the exception of fifteen minutes, the company will pay for all preparatory time spent in the yards before the trains begin to move. The concession of fifteen minutes by the men is a compromise, as they formerly stood out for payment for the whole of the time spent in preparing for the journey.

3. The company will pay for a minimum mileage per month of 2800 miles covered by trainmen. Men asked that the minimum be 2,400 miles, and compromised at 2,800.

4. Yardmen are granted a general increase in pay of two cents per hour.

5. A crew in charge of a freight train which arrives at its objective terminal and is held out of the yard by being kept standing on the main line whilst entrance to the yard is blocked by the switching operations of the yard crew, regardless of the fact that the trip from the initial terminal has been made in less than the allotted number of hours constituting a day's work, be paid over time while so detained.

6. All unassigned short runs of less than 100 miles shall be allowed as 100 miles with certain reservations respecting the British Columbia division.

7. Adoption of standard minimum day in all freight service and in all unassigned passenger and mixed train service, regardless of number of miles to be run.

8. Payment for all switching, overtime and detention in excess of the guaranteed monthly wages without regard to the time actually engaged in work or the nature of the regular service.

9. Allowance to baggagemen for the handling of government mail.

10. That all men engaged as pilots or engine herders be given yard foremen's pay.

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### THINKS GERMANY INTENDED TO BRING U.S. INTO WAR

Baron Beresford Expresses Opinion That Such a Development Would Enable Germany to Say She Could Not Fight the Whole World at Once.

FOREIGN SECRETARY GREY AND OTHERS DISCUSS U-BOAT QUESTION IN HOUSE OF LORDS—LORD SYDENHAM SAYS AMERICAN WARSHIPS ENABLED HUNS TO DEFEY PRESIDENT WILSON'S "SACRED RULE."

London, Oct. 26.—The activities of the German submarine U-53 near the American coast and the general question of the relations of the United States to submarine warfare are matters to be considered between the American and German governments, said Foreign Secretary Grey in the House of Lords today. He deprecated discussion of these questions, and said it was for the American government to decide on the policy and action required by the circumstances of the case.

Baron Beresford stated that the action of American ships did not appear to be quite within the bounds of neutrality and that he thought the British were bound to take notice of this fact.

America in War?

Baron Beresford expressed the opinion that Germany intended to bring America into the war, so as to be able to say she could not fight the whole world; also because the United States would be a valuable asset to her at the peace conference. He continued:

"The United States are really rather aiding and abetting this rather serious state of affairs. If the United States had not set their ships, which for some extraordinary reason, happened to be on the spot, to save life, the Germans would no doubt have broken the pledge to which their attention had been called. I think we are bound to take notice of a fact which does not appear to be quite within the bounds of neutrality, as far as the United States are concerned."

Secretary Grey's Reply.

Foreign Secretary Grey said: "We have no understanding with the United States government as to what information they are going to get, or what they will do with the information when they have obtained it. All we can do is to obtain information, for ourselves from such sources as are open to us."

The submarine question was brought forward by Lord Sydenham, who asked if the particulars of the sinking of the British steamer Stephanos and the others had been received, and whether the circumstances were in accordance with the German pledge to the United States. He referred to the "activities of the U-53 under the very eyes of the American navy" and to the declaration of President Wilson, which had resulted in the German pledge. Lord Sydenham declared:

"Even before the exploits of the U-53 that pledge was torn to shreds. Yet the government of the United States has made no sign whatever that the sinking of neutral ships goes on almost every day. The Norwegians have lost eighteen vessels in this one month, and what small neutrals think of their powerful representatives?"

No life, he said, was lost because of the presence of American warships. Lord Sydenham took the position that the presence of American warships actually enabled Germany to defy what he said President Wilson had described as a sacred and indisputable rule of international law.

T. J. Lee, Wetless Bay, Nfld. Wounded—

L. L. Bishop, Shelburne, N. S. S. T. Blaine, West Baccar, N. S. G. B. Cushing, St. John, N. B. S. De Long, Nashville, N. B. W. Gault, Truro, N. S. C. Gibbons, Southampton, N. S. M. G. Larson, Jordan Falls, N. S. P. A. MacPhail, River Deny's Station, N. S. T. Morris, River Phillip, N. S. J. Pitt, St. John, N. B. Acting Sergeant-Major J. H. White, house, St. John, N. B.

NEWFOUNDLAND EDITOR POSTMASTER GENERAL.

St. John's, Nfld., Oct. 25.—Hon. John Alexander Robinson, editor of the St. John's Daily News, has been appointed postmaster-general, and Hon. Charles Emerson has been appointed registrar of the supreme court. Mr. Emerson is minister without portfolio in the Morris cabinet.

### THIS IS LAST WORLD WAR THE UNITED STATES CAN KEEP OUT OF.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Oct. 26.—Discussing the attitude of the United States to the European war, President Wilson today declared that "this is the last war that involves the world that the United States can keep out of."

He gave as his reason his belief that "the business of neutrality is over," and that "war now has such a scale that the position of neutrals, sooner or later, becomes intolerable."

He added that the nations of the world must get together and say, "nobody can hereafter be neutral as respects the disturbance of the world's peace for an object which the world's opinion cannot sanction."

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# VON MACKENSEN CONTINUES HIS DRIVE ON ROUMANIA

## PAINTS PRISON CAMP AS PLACE OF DELIGHT

German Writer Depicts the Happy Fate of British Captives at Ruhleben.

## FOUND FOOD IN PLENTY.

Disputes Grey and Clemenceau and Derides Stories of Inhuman Treatment of Captives.

ger. But it is to be read between the lines of the complaining writer, and the avowed but just censorship can do nothing to stop it. The natural result of these 'touches' is the abundance of gifts mentioned above.

"It is now permitted that—for a period of two hours once a month—mothers may visit their sons, wives their husbands, and sisters their brothers.

"The inmates of Ruhleben are allowed as much liberty of movement as possible. The prisoners have organized their own police and civil administration. Only the guards at the entrance and around the outside of the camp are soldiers. Everything else, even the censorship is attended to by the prisoners—naturally under the close supervision of the commandant's staff. And then they want to talk about torments and oppression.

"One of the interned men was caught in the act of throwing a postal package of butter just arrived from England into the sewer. When called to account and asked why he had done this and why, if he had received too much, he had not given the excess to his less fortunate companions, he said curtly: 'I've got plenty of it, and I don't care for the others.' Upon the request of the officer in charge the man was not punished for this act because of reasons not open to public discussion, but which I had to admit were justified in the general interest. He will doubtless receive his punishment later.

"As further evidence of the 'bad treatment' of the interned men, the following two cases cited to me by the camp commandant may be recounted:

**A Church For Prisoners.**

"A merchant named Wittkowski wrote to the commandant asking that his two boys, aged 13 and 15 years, respectively, be admitted to the camp, because they would get good food there and above all else, 'would enjoy an excellent course of school instruction.' In fact, the school and church arrangements in Ruhleben are really exemplary. The room that was built for daily prayer and Bible study is separated from the general amusement hall by a board partition. On Sundays this wooden wall is shoved aside and thus a large church holding many hundreds of persons is created, which is always crowded at the services on religious holidays. But the Englishmen at Ruhleben also are enthusiastic attendants at the frequent theatrical performances, concerts and sporting events.

"The second case was as follows: A group of prisoners had succeeded in escaping, but they soon found themselves in confinement in the city jail of Berlin. Then they did everything in their power to get back to the camp at Ruhleben, making the most solemn promises never again to try to escape. A bank official who was one of the lucky prisoners to be exchanged sent the following telegram to the camp commandant from London via Vlieland: Commander Count von Schwerin, Englishmen's Camp, Berlin-Ruhleben.

Returned to London after having been a prisoner of war in Germany, I take the liberty of sending most respectful greetings to you and your son, the Count. Also to Prince von Turn and Taxis, Commander-in-Chief von Kessel, Captain Count von Hohenberg, Captain von Mutschenbecher, First Lieutenant Baron von Taube, Chief Surgeon Dr. Geisler, Acting Lieutenant and to the rest of the officers at Ruhleben whose great personal friendship toward me during my confinement in the Ruhleben camp deeply touched my heart. You were all very friendly and sympathetic toward me, and I assure you that I sincerely appreciate your attentions. My best wishes to all the British prisoners of war in Ruhleben, toward whom you were similarly considerate and attentive under difficult conditions. A. London County Westminster Bank, 106 Finchley Road, London N. W.

"How do these things agree with Lord Robert Cecil's threats of adopting reprisals because of the inhuman treatment of the Englishmen interned at Ruhleben?

"Indeed, when the camp commandant accompanied me to the exit I had a good chance to observe how the philanthropic ruler of this little kingdom had won the respect of these people. On the occasion of my first visit he had said to me: 'I have never issued an order requiring the people to salute me. I wanted to let every one act as he wished.' And, in fact, at that time I had noticed that those who saluted were few. But today there was scarcely one of them who did not take off his hat, or, if bareheaded, bow. And when there was one in a while one who did not show any deference, his external appearance plainly showed him to be a 'rough-neck.'

**New Essayist Comedian.**

H. A. Spoor of the Essany Film Service, has captured Max Linder, the famous French comedian, so says the Toronto Star. Mr. Spoor went over to France to sign up matters, and the contract signed provides that Max shall leave Paris for Chicago early in October, and that he shall appear in one two-act feature every month. He is to be supported by an American company, and he will be under an American producer.

Max has been a film actor for eleven years, the last seven of which have been spent under the Pathe banner. Hitherto he has written and directed all his own photoplays, but with Essany his work will be confined to acting.

On the outbreak of war Max placed himself and his automobile at the disposal of the French minister of war, and he had some thrilling experiences as a despatch carrier.

## TEUTONIC TROOPS PUSH FURTHER INTO ROUMANIA

Berlin Claims Field Marshal Von Mackensen Still Winning — Bridge Over Danube Blown up by Roumania.

Berlin, Oct. 26, by wireless to Sayville.—Field Marshal Von Mackensen is progressing with his operations against the Russo-Roumanian armies in Dobruja, the war office announced today. The bridge over the Danube has been blown up by the Roumanians, the announcement states.

The text follows:

"Field Marshal Von Mackensen's army group: The operations in Dobruja are progressing. The Roumanians blew up the large bridge over the Danube near Tchernavoda, which proves the importance in Roumanian opinion of the Roumanian defeat.

"Our attacks successfully bombarded on the night of October 24-25 railroad establishments near Tereost west of Tchernavoda."

**Bavarians Victorious.**

Berlin, Oct. 26, by wireless to Sayville.—Teutonic troops have pushed their way further into Roumanian territory on the northern front, according to today's war office announcement. Ground has been gained on the road to Slnaja.

**German Chancellor to Reply.**

Berlin, Oct. 26, via London.—It is reported in parliamentary circles that the imperial chancellor, Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg, will answer in the Reichstag tomorrow the speech recently delivered by Viscount Grey, British foreign secretary, before the foreign press association in London.

**Exchange of Prisoners.**

Berlin, Oct. 26, by wireless to Sayville.—Details of the agreement reached between Germany and Great Britain for the exchange of all German and British civil prisoners detained in England or in Germany, and who are more than 45 years of age, are printed in the semi-official Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung. The newspaper says:

"It is further agreed that younger prisoners shall be exchanged as soon as they reach the age of 45. Both countries, however, are authorized to except from this exchange persons of the age mentioned, if military reasons warrant. This amendment was added by Great Britain and accepted by Germany."

**Russians Meet Reverse.**

Berlin, Oct. 26, by wireless to Sayville.—Russian battalions yesterday evening made an advance without artillery preparation against the German positions on the west coast, in Volhynia, says today's official statement. The storming Russian waves, it adds, broke down under the German artillery fire.

**How Huns Explain Verdun.**

Berlin, Oct. 26, by wireless to Sayville.—Fort Douaumont, in the Verdun region, was evacuated by the German garrison prior to its capture by the French, says the official statement issued today by the war office. Further French attacks against German positions north of Fort Douaumont and also Fort Vaux yesterday were repulsed by the Germans, the statement adds.

**Austria Accuses Serbia.**

Berlin, Oct. 26, via London, 12:33 p. m.—The Austro-Hungarian foreign office has published a Red Book, dealing with 116 cases which are termed violations of international laws, and committed by countries at war with Austria-Hungary.

Much space is devoted in the official document to the alleged atrocious treatment of Austro-Hungarian prisoners by the Serbians. It is stated that of a total number of 63,000 Austro-Hungarian prisoners in the hands of the Serbs from 35,000 to 40,000 died in captivity.

**180 Ships Sunk in September.**

Berlin, Oct. 26, by wireless to Sayville.—The admiralty today made the following announcement:

"In the month of September 141 hostile merchantmen, with an aggregate tonnage of 182,000, were sunk or brought in by submarines of the Central Powers, or destroyed by mines. Thirteen captains of hostile ships were taken prisoner, and three cannon of armed steamers were captured. In addition, 39 neutral merchant ships, of an aggregate tonnage of 726,000 were sunk for carrying contraband."

**Roumanians Repulsed.**

Vienna, via London, Oct. 26.—The Austro-Hungarian war office today issued the following communication:

"Front of Archauska Charles Francis: North of Campulungu a Roumanian counter-attack was repulsed. South of the Predeal Pass our Hoved troops are successfully progressing. In the Berzer mountains the Bavarians have cleared a mountain ridge of the enemy. Around Yvel and Parotuz and in the Troina Valley fighting on Roumanian ground, the Austro-Hungarian troops repulsed the Roumanians at several points.

"In the three country corner, on the heights at the Negra stream, Russian attacks were repulsed.

"Front of Brezice Leopold: North of Zaturze (Volhynia) an attack by

## MEN IN KNARKI WERE WELL ENTERTAINED

Boys of 165th and 180th Guests at Pleasant Social in St. David's.

St. David's church lecture room presented a gay scene last evening when the doors were thrown open for the usual Thursday evening at home for the men in khaki quartered in the city. Halloween decorations were on all sides and the games played at the Young People's Association annual social on Tuesday night were in full swing. The waitresses garbed in their appropriate witches' costumes, ghosts and Jack-o'-lanterns tried to stare the soldiers out of countenance with amusing results. The first part of the evening soon passed with the singing of songs with gramophone accompaniment, the piano and the different games.

Mr. R. E. Armstrong, the chairman of the evening, on behalf of the congregation welcomed the boys, and especially the new arrivals in the city to St. David's, and trusted they would always feel at home with them.

Capt. Morrow, the popular chaplain of the 180th Battalion then arrived and was greeted with cheers by the boys and cries of "Here a jolly good fellow," and they were not satisfied till he had expressed for them their appreciation of the evening's entertainment, ending in three cheers for St. David's.

He later led all the boys in singing and the battalion yell. The balance of the programme was as follows:

Miss Freda Jenkins, solo; a splendidly rendered quartette by the boys from the 165th, and a reading by Miss Carrie Ballis. Miss Marian Cruikshank was pianist for the evening and the boys kept her busy.

Among the prize winners of the games were Sergeant March and Private Grey, who became the proud possessors of a woolly dog and an animated duck, much to the amusement of the assemblage.

Over 200 of the boys attended and the girls all voted "that they were jolly good fellows and gentlemen all."

After refreshments the meeting closed with the singing of the National Anthem.

Following the custom inaugurated at camp the 180th Battalion are planning to parade to St. David's at 9.30 a. m. Sunday for a special half hour service.

## FEAR OF ASSASSIN GRIPS GREEK KING

New York, Oct. 26.—King Constantine of Greece is barricaded in his summer palace at Tator, afraid if he ventures forth except under heavy guard he will be assassinated by one of his subjects or rushed into exile by Allied military officers, according to Nicholas G. Paiki, a lawyer of 49 Wall street, who returned to New York this week on the Espagno, after having spent three months in Athens.

Mr. Paiki believes the economic pressure that the Allies are bringing against the Greek nation, coupled with the activities of the new national defense movement, will combine to throw Greece into the war with the Entente powers within the next month.

"Here in America we one day hear that Constantine is pro-Ally, the next day we hear that he is pro-German," Mr. Paiki said, "America should dismiss all doubt from its mind. There is no loyal subject in all the Kaiser's empire a more loyal subject than the King of Greece."

"What the secret behind the king's stance pro-Germanism may be, one can only guess. But the Greeks make no effort to suppress the rumor that early in the war their king received from the Central Powers, a magnificent financial present upon his promise to keep his country neutral. The belief is general that this is what actually occurred. In some quarters it is stated that the reward for neutrality has not been paid but is to be made at the close of the war—after Constantinople has been delivered the commodity which he is believed to have sold."

"Manufacturing from one end of Greece to another, is paralyzed, due to the fact that the Allies are only allowing small quantities of coal to pass in. So spare is the supply of this important commodity that Athens itself is dark 15 nights out of the month. The Greek people realize the source of this pressure, but, instead of resenting it, resent the action of their king in keeping them out of the war."

## TWO WOUNDED BOYS OF 28TH HEARD FROM

Fred W. Sumner, agent-general for New Brunswick at London, has received several most interesting notes from Canadian boys in English hospitals. Two of his correspondents fought with the gallant 28th. A guest of the letters follow:

1st Birmingham War Hospital, Rednal, Birmingham, September 28th, 1916.

Dear Mr. Sumner—Received your kind letter this morning, thanking you for same. I am pleased to inform you that my wounds are not very serious (shrapnel in left leg). I hope to be up very soon. By the way, you said you had New Brunswick papers on file; I would be much obliged to you if you could send me a few of the latest you have, as I have not seen a Canadian paper for some time.

If I should go to London I shall be pleased to call on you.

Thanking you again for your kindness, I remain,

Yours sincerely,

CAPT. W. J. STEED, 26th Canadians.

P. B.—My home address is Box 138 North Sydney, N. S. My people moved from N. B. four years ago.

No. 2 General Hospital, Lilly Lane, Moston, Manchester, October 1st, 1916

Mr. F. W. Sumner:

Dear Sir—In answer to yours of 27th ult. At the present I am getting on fine; the shrapnel taken out of my shoulder Wednesday, and think I will soon be quite well again. I am out around again. My home address is Ennisfield Station, Queens county, N. B., Canada. When I go to London I won't fail to call.

With kind regards,

JAMES DUPLISEA, No. 69239, 26th Canadians.

Countess of Lytton's Hospital, 6 Nottingham Place, W. October 5, 1916.

Mr. F. W. Sumner:

Dear Sir—Your letter of the 2nd October received, and I wish to thank you for your kind inquiries. Am sorry to state my wounds are serious enough to keep me in bed for a couple of months, and I am going under an operation this afternoon. I am not a New Brunswick man, having been drafted to the 26th from the 40th N. S. Reserve Battalion, but I found the N. B. boys to be of the best. My home address is 39 Agricola street, Halifax, N. S. My wounds are large hole in left leg (shrapnel) shrapnel in left thigh, and small finger wound on right hand, but my general health is good.

This hospital is in receipt of St. John papers for which I am glad, as

## IF BACKACHE OR KIDNEYS BOTHER

Eat less meat and take a glass of Salts to flush out Kidneys—Drink plenty water.

Uric acid in meat excites the kidneys, they become overworked; get sluggish, ache, and feel like lumps of lead. The urine becomes cloudy; the bladder is irritated, and you may be obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night. When the kidneys clog you must help them flush off the body's urinous waste or you'll be a real sick person shortly. At first you feel a dull misery in the kidney region; you suffer from backache, sick headache, dizziness, stomach gets sour, tongue coated and you feel rheumatic twinges when the weather is bad.

Eat less meat, drink lots of water; also get from any pharmacist four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then get fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to clean clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity, and to neutralize the acids in urine, so it is no longer a source of irritation, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inoperative unless it cures; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everyone should take now and then to keep the kidneys clean and active. Druggists here say they sell lots of Jad Salts to folks who suffer in over-crowded kidney trouble while it is only trouble.

## BERLIN CLAIMS FIELD MARSHAL VON MACKENSEN STILL WINNING

Bridge Over Danube Blown up by Roumania.

Berlin, Oct. 26, by wireless to Sayville.—Field Marshal Von Mackensen is progressing with his operations against the Russo-Roumanian armies in Dobruja, the war office announced today. The bridge over the Danube has been blown up by the Roumanians, the announcement states.

The text follows:

"Field Marshal Von Mackensen's army group: The operations in Dobruja are progressing. The Roumanians blew up the large bridge over the Danube near Tchernavoda, which proves the importance in Roumanian opinion of the Roumanian defeat.

"Our attacks successfully bombarded on the night of October 24-25 railroad establishments near Tereost west of Tchernavoda."

**Bavarians Victorious.**

Berlin, Oct. 26, by wireless to Sayville.—Teutonic troops have pushed their way further into Roumanian territory on the northern front, according to today's war office announcement. Ground has been gained on the road to Slnaja.

**German Chancellor to Reply.**

Berlin, Oct. 26, via London.—It is reported in parliamentary circles that the imperial chancellor, Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg, will answer in the Reichstag tomorrow the speech recently delivered by Viscount Grey, British foreign secretary, before the foreign press association in London.

**Exchange of Prisoners.**

Berlin, Oct. 26, by wireless to Sayville.—Details of the agreement reached between Germany and Great Britain for the exchange of all German and British civil prisoners detained in England or in Germany, and who are more than 45 years of age, are printed in the semi-official Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung. The newspaper says:

"It is further agreed that younger prisoners shall be exchanged as soon as they reach the age of 45. Both countries, however, are authorized to except from this exchange persons of the age mentioned, if military reasons warrant. This amendment was added by Great Britain and accepted by Germany."

**Russians Meet Reverse.**

Berlin, Oct. 26, by wireless to Sayville.—Russian battalions yesterday evening made an advance without artillery preparation against the German positions on the west coast, in Volhynia, says today's official statement. The storming Russian waves, it adds, broke down under the German artillery fire.

**How Huns Explain Verdun.**

Berlin, Oct. 26, by wireless to Sayville.—Fort Douaumont, in the Verdun region, was evacuated by the German garrison prior to its capture by the French, says the official statement issued today by the war office. Further French attacks against German positions north of Fort Douaumont and also Fort Vaux yesterday were repulsed by the Germans, the statement adds.

**Austria Accuses Serbia.**

Berlin, Oct. 26, via London, 12:33 p. m.—The Austro-Hungarian foreign office has published a Red Book, dealing with 116 cases which are termed violations of international laws, and committed by countries at war with Austria-Hungary.

Much space is devoted in the official document to the alleged atrocious treatment of Austro-Hungarian prisoners by the Serbians. It is stated that of a total number of 63,000 Austro-Hungarian prisoners in the hands of the Serbs from 35,000 to 40,000 died in captivity.

**180 Ships Sunk in September.**

Berlin, Oct. 26, by wireless to Sayville.—The admiralty today made the following announcement:

"In the month of September 141 hostile merchantmen, with an aggregate tonnage of 182,000, were sunk or brought in by submarines of the Central Powers, or destroyed by mines. Thirteen captains of hostile ships were taken prisoner, and three cannon of armed steamers were captured. In addition, 39 neutral merchant ships, of an aggregate tonnage of 726,000 were sunk for carrying contraband."

**Roumanians Repulsed.**

Vienna, via London, Oct. 26.—The Austro-Hungarian war office today issued the following communication:

"Front of Archauska Charles Francis: North of Campulungu a Roumanian counter-attack was repulsed. South of the Predeal Pass our Hoved troops are successfully progressing. In the Berzer mountains the Bavarians have cleared a mountain ridge of the enemy. Around Yvel and Parotuz and in the Troina Valley fighting on Roumanian ground, the Austro-Hungarian troops repulsed the Roumanians at several points.

"In the three country corner, on the heights at the Negra stream, Russian attacks were repulsed.

"Front of Brezice Leopold: North of Zaturze (Volhynia) an attack by

**Waltham**

FROM \$10 UP

**SPECIAL NURSE'S AND DOCTOR'S WATCH**

THE nurse or doctor whose every action must be governed by exactness and precision will find the service of a Waltham Watch. The plain, distinct second hand and dial is a typical advantage which enables one to read the time of the hand without difficulty, even in many grades from \$10 up. Write for the booklet "Concerning a Timepiece."

WALTHAM WATCH COMPANY, MONTREAL

I wish to follow up the news of my battalion.

And now I must conclude, promising you a call as soon as I am able to walk, and thanking you again for your inquiries, I remain,

Yours sincerely,

HARRY B. KANE.

## MARRIAGES.

**Springer-Davis.**

A very pretty wedding was solemnized Wednesday afternoon at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jeremiah Davis, Queenstown, Queens county, when their daughter, Helen B., became the bride of Bruce O. Springer of Jolmes. The ceremony was performed by Rev. S. J. Perry of Keswick. The bride entered the parlor on the arm of her father to the strains of the wedding march played by Miss Jennie Belyea, cousin of the bride. The bride looked charming in a dress of ivory silk with lace trimmings and bridal veil and orange blossoms. After the ceremony a dainty luncheon was served to about fifty guests, after which the bridal party left by auto for their future home in Jolmes, followed by the good wishes of their many friends.

A number of useful and costly presents were received of silver, cut glass and china. Among the out of town guests were Mr. and Mrs. William Sharp, Norton; Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Fliewelling, St. John; Miss Nellie Springer, St. John; Mrs. A. Urquhart, Newcaste, and Mrs. Elizabeth Day, St. John.

## MARRIED.

**HATFIELD-CAMPBELL**—At the home of the bride's parents on Wednesday evening, October 25, by the Rev. W. H. Sampson, Florence Pearl Campbell to Harold Austin Hatfield, both of West St. John. (Amherst and St. Stephen papers please copy).

**MCKINNEY-WOODS**—Married at Welsford, October 24, 1916, by Rev. A. E. Chapman, B. A., James McKinney, Jr., appraiser in His Majesty's customs service, St. John, to Miss Mabel M. Woods, of Welsford.

**CASTORIA**

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of J. C. Ayer & Co.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

**CASTORIA**

THE BENTLEY COMPANY, NEW YORK 2000.

**MARRIAGES.**

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# CAPT. JOHN E. MERRILL FOUND NOT GUILTY IN MURDER CASE

## At Suggestion of Attorney General Baxter, Judge Chandler Directs Jury to So Find and Prisoner will be Treated for Insanity at Provincial Hospital—Merrill Enlisted in St. John.

Special to The Standard.  
Dorchester, Oct. 26.—At the suggestion of Attorney General Baxter, Judge Chandler directed the jury this afternoon to return a verdict of not guilty by reason of insanity, in the case of Capt. John E. Merrill, charged with shooting and killing John Fletcher Rogers, a Canadian Government Railways clerk at the general offices of the system in Moncton on the afternoon of Tuesday, Oct. 17. Capt. Merrill, who by a strange circumstance began his career as a British soldier in the present war at St. John will be taken to the Provincial Hospital at Fairville and will be treated there for his mental condition.

### Government Rests.

The trial began yesterday. At today's session Chief of Police Rideout completed the testimony for the crown. Chief Rideout testified to seeing the body of John Fletcher Rogers and the wounds; he produced the bullet in court. The revolver also was produced and he said the bullet would fit this revolver. He saw the prisoner at three o'clock at the police station. He would consider that the prisoner was drunk. The prisoner was lying down. He did not smell liquor on him then but did smell liquor on his breath after six o'clock. Witness asked the accused his name and said: "You know what you have done. You have murdered a man, and I want to warn you that anything you may say will be used in evidence against you at your trial."

### Case For Defense.

Councillor E. R. McDonald of Shediac of counsel for the defendant, addressing the jurors asked them if they believed that a man of the valiant self-sacrificing qualities of the accused could be guilty of such a crime as is charged against him? The act was not consistent with the same man. The counsel asked the jury to consider what this man had done through at the front. They had before them the statements of men coming back from the front, and had read letters from the front, telling of the experience of men in the trenches. We are under conditions never known before in the history of the world, and they must expect from these extraordinary conditions such extraordinary returns. He said that the defense proposed to show the conduct of the accused in Halifax and on his way by train to Moncton, and they would show further that he was incapable of controlling himself because of the strain of his life he had gone through while fighting for his country. It was not John E. Merrill, battered and wounded and shelled by the Huns, who was accused.

### Halifax Man Testifies.

George E. Boak of Halifax, coal merchant, was the first witness for the defense. He came from Halifax to Amherst on Oct. 17th on the Ocean Limited. About 9.15 o'clock he and the accused and some others were talking in a smoker on the Pullman. The accused told them that he had fought at Ypres, St. Etienne and Gallipoli, and that he had been gassed. Some reference was made to an article regarding President Wilson and the accused said that Wilson was no good. A New York gentleman was in the party and told the accused that he had better be careful as he was an American citizen. The witness said the accused at that time was absolutely sober. Mr. Boak said the accused was worrying considerably about his lack of funds on the trip across the Atlantic and that he had left England with only ten shillings in his pocket and did not have enough to tip the stewards, but that he had arranged with them to go to a bank in Halifax when he arrived there and give them a cheque for \$150. The accused was

very restless and the witness said that he noticed a white spot between the accused's lips as if it were spittle or foam.

The accused asked the Pullman porter to bring him some whiskey. A bottle partly filled was brought in and all in the party drank except the witness. The accused stated that he was going to Toronto and his wife and children were coming and they would have a big dinner there on Christmas, one of the finest dinners that was ever put up. Having said this he made an unnatural laugh. The accused told Boak that while in the hospital in London he got news of a terrible tragedy that had befallen his father and mother, that they had been burned to death in a western city and that all the property was left to him, but he had turned it over to his brother. He said that the property was in New York and valued at \$97,000 and the taxation on it amounted to \$38,000, but when the property was made over to his brother the taxation bill was only \$20,000. He was taking legal steps to get back this taxation money which he claimed was excessive, and he had given a cheque for \$2,000 to a New York lawyer. Boak said that between Truro and Amherst the accused took two drinks. From Halifax to Truro there was no drinking. After the second drink the accused was not talking.

Witness Boak said he would call Capt. Merrill restless. He was frequently up and down. He would make intelligent remarks. Cross examined by Attorney General Baxter, witness stated that he did not notice any marked pallor about Merrill's face. Merrill said he had been in the hospital four or five months.

### St. John Witness.

Lieut. Charles P. Inches of the 3rd Canadian Garrison Artillery, Partridge Island, St. John, produced service roll showing that J. E. Merrill had joined that unit on Sept. 17, 1914, giving as his address, 844 Third Avenue, New York. Howard Ryan of Halifax, a brother-in-law of the accused, and a petty officer on H. M. C. S. Nobe, stated that he had known the accused for two or three years and met him first in the fall of 1914 when he was bright, intelligent and normal. He met him again on the 6th of this month in Halifax and noticed that he was looking much older and the witness stated that at that time Merrill was melancholy and seemed to be living over again the experiences he had gone through at the front. The witness said that on those occasions he would joke with the accused, who would make a quick start and give an unnatural laugh. The witness stated that he saw no evidence of drinking before he left Halifax for Montreal.

After similar testimony by other witnesses Attorney General Baxter submitted certain documents regarding the military career of Capt. Merrill. These show that he was an officer in the 10th Lancaster King's Own Regiment.

Attorney General Baxter stated that he had opened the case with the impression that the tragedy was due to excessive using of intoxicants, out on hearing the evidence he thought that it was unnecessary to call any more witnesses and the case might stop here, if the Judge would feel justified in directing the jury to return a verdict of not guilty because of insanity. He felt that the accused was not in a normal condition, but for the sake of protecting the community he should be taken care of. Major Huntington of defendant's counsel, stated that the attitude of the Attorney General exemplified his fair mindedness and his desire to see justice done. He further stated that he and Mr. McDonald were convinced during their conversation with Merrill during the past few days that he

# RECRUITING ORGANIZATION IN PROVINCE

## List of Recruiting Officers and Medical Examiners in the Counties of New Brunswick.

The list published below gives the names of the county recruiting officers and medical examiners in each county as well as the chief recruiting officer and deputies in New Brunswick.

- St. John—Sergt. K. C. Storey, St. John; Capt. Bishop, Capt. Curran.
- Westmorland—W. H. Price, Moncton; Major R. O. G. Murray, St. John; Dr. F. A. Richard, Dr. J. O. Colman.
- York—J. J. McCaffrey, Fredericton; Major S. P. Walwright, O. E. Morehouse, B. W. Robertson, C. H. London.
- Albert—F. M. Thompson, Millboro; Dr. J. T. Lewis, Dr. S. C. Murray.
- Carleton—T. C. L. Ketchum, Woodstock; Capt. N. P. Grant, Dr. I. Currie, Dr. W. D. Rankine, Dr. H. W. Peppers.
- Restigouche—A. McG. McDonald, Campbellton; Dr. L. C. Pincus, Dr. A. Blair, Dr. J. A. Wade, Dr. Bibb, Dr. J. D. Coffin, Dr. R. W. Earle, Dr. Lorenzo Chapman, Dr. Claude A. Guy, Madawaska—Lieut. D. R. McKendrick, St. Leonard; Dr. L. J. Violette, Dr. A. N. Sormany, Dr. J. Adolph Guy, Queens-Subsary—A. John T. Gibson, Marysville; Dr. H. B. Hay, Dr. J. Hetherington, Dr. V. D. Davidson, Dr. G. W. Bailey.
- Northumberland—P. A. Murdoch, Chatham, N. B.; Lieut. J. E. Parks, Dr. W. S. Loggie, Dr. Wier, Dr. Ryan, Kent—D. T. J. Bourque, Richibucto, N. B.; Dr. Barnam, Dr. Bourque.
- Kings—J. D. McKenna, Sussex; Dr. J. U. Burnett, Dr. D. L. Freeze.

Chief recruiting officer, Captain F. May, St. John, N. B.

Deputy recruiting officers, Capt. A. E. Barton, Moncton, and Lieut. A. A. Rice, Edmundston, N. B.

was and is now not in a normal condition.

### Trial Fair On!

Judge Chandler stated that the trial had been conducted fairly and that the suggestion made by the Attorney General met with his approval. He felt that it was the wisest course to pursue. While there was much sympathy with the family of John Rogers, he felt that the accused should be committed to a place of safe keeping. It would be very improper for him to be set at liberty, but he should be put in some place and given medical treatment and kept absolutely secured if it meant his entire life. The Judge therefore instructed the jury to return a verdict of not guilty on the ground of insanity.

## PARCELS FOR PRISONERS OF WAR IN GERMANY MUST BE WELL PACKED

The post office department has been notified by the British post office that many parcels sent from Canada to Prisoners of War in Germany are being received in London in a damaged condition, so that frequently they have to be repacked before they can be forwarded to Holland for transmission to Germany. The British post office adds that in most cases the damage appears to be due to the fact that the parcels were inadequately packed by the sender.

The public are warned, therefore, that parcels for Prisoners of War, unless they are very strongly packed, will probably arrive in such a condition as to be of little or no use to the recipients.

The following forms of packing are recommended:  
1. Strong double cardboard or strawboard boxes. Those made of corrugated cardboard and having lids which completely enclose the sides of the box are the most suitable.  
2. Tin boxes such as are used for packing biscuits.  
3. Strong wooden boxes.  
4. Several folds of stout packing paper.

# COL. GUTHRIE MAY COMMAND WHOLE BRIGADE OF KILTIES

## Brigadier General H. H. MacLean Utters Encouraging Words at Officers' Dinner—Speakers Warmly Praise Sir Sam Hughes, Col. Guthrie, Gen. McLean and These who are Fighting the Foe.

Special to The Standard.  
Fredericton, N.B., Oct. 26.—That the 256th Overseas Battalion, New Brunswick Kilties, (Sir Sam's Own), now that authority has been given to recruit from all the MacLeans and their connections throughout Canada, will be filled in a short time to overflowing and that Lieut. Col. Guthrie will have with him not only a full battalion but perhaps enough men to form a brigade wearing the tartan of the McLean of Duran, was the statement made by Brigadier General MacLean at the opening dinner of the Kilties' officers mess last night. Brigadier General MacLean in proposing the toast to "Our Minister of War," Lieut. General Sir Sam Hughes, described him as being the right man in the right place in this time of national distress. He ennobled the head of Canada's Militia Department as being particularly qualified by reason of his professional training, temperament and intense energy to raise the overseas force in the Dominion. It required a man of Sir Sam's energy and vision looking to the needs of the Empire to undertake this great task. Of course mistakes had been made but a strong man was not afraid of mistakes and criticism for he knew he would be judged by results.

What Lord Roberts Said.  
The Brigadier referred to a banquet held in London at which the late Lord Roberts was one of the principal speakers, and in proposing the health of Sir Sam Hughes said that Canada's Minister of War was one of the great men of the Empire. (Applause.) He was satisfied that when Lord Roberts put the hall mark on Sir Sam it was as strong a recommendation as any one interested in the army could desire.

Speaking to the toast "The G. O. C. New Brunswick Command," Col. Guthrie declared that no son of New Brunswick had brought to himself or his native province greater renown in the professions of law, politics or arms. He briefly sketched the career of the distinguished guest who was born in Fredericton, and as a boy eagerly donned the Queen's uniform to become a bugler in the old 1st Regiment. Gradually he worked his way up until at the time of the Northwest rebellion he was adjutant of the 62nd. Years passed and the young soldier was always to be found in

camp during the annual training of the militia. Next he was in command of the troops in the Maritime Provinces in England at the historic occasion of King George's coronation. Later he represented the eastern provinces in a similar capacity at the 100th anniversary at Quebec. Now with age bearing on him and his beloved Empire in trouble he had again come to the front. Leaving his law practice he had again donned the uniform and had given himself and his two sons to the cause.

Col. Guthrie in graphic language eulogized the G. O. C. as an outstanding personality not only in the eastern provinces but in the Dominion, for he was one man who excelled in law, in politics and militia. He was also an imperialist in the greatest sense in putting party aside at a national crisis, when he voted for his convictions on the question of Canada's contribution to the navy. Fredericton should be intensely proud of her son and particularly the Kilties, as it was largely through the Brigadier's personal efforts that the necessary funds to equip the battalion were raised so successfully.

A perfect ovation greeted Brigadier

General MacLean on rising to respond to the toast. In a humorous vein he sketched his early career in Fredericton, and in passing paid a warm tribute to his old friend, Premier Clarke, whom he was proud to see among the guests. He touched on his offer to Col. Guthrie to raise funds necessary to equip the battalion in his beloved tartan and said that it was a particularly pleasant task, as wherever he went and spoke of the former O. C. of the 10th, the white surkhas, he had no difficulty in securing financial support in a most generous manner.

The fame of the officer commanding the Kilties was known far beyond the borders of New Brunswick, and this had been evidenced by an offer of Vice-President Denis of the C. P. R., who had declared if Col. Guthrie went to Calgary he would guarantee to raise him a full company in Alberta. Again Vice-President Bury had intimated that influential friends in Montreal and Toronto would raise and equip not one but two companies of MacLeans in Ontario and Quebec. The Kilties, he knew, were proud of the fact that they were to be led by a fighting man, and he would not be surprised before very long to learn that not only had one regiment of Highlanders been raised, but a whole brigade. This indeed was the desire of Sir Sam Hughes to see Col. Guthrie at the head of a brigade that would shed further lustre and fame on his native province.

He assured his listeners he would take the greatest personal interest in new units, and watch with pride its achievements when the time arrived when New Brunswick would have its own Scotch regiment fighting the Empire's foes on European battlefields. He concluded his remarks with a reference to Col. Greer's sportsman's battalion now in St. John, and expressed the hope that Mayor Mitchell

would not miss the opportunity of extending a hearty invitation to his Toronto colleague to have this crack regiment visit Fredericton.

Major C. G. Gessie then proposed toast of New Brunswick, which brought Premier Hon. George J. Clarke to his feet. He thought to have heard something of war from men schooled in such arts, but who were equally able to do justice to works of peace. While the province, perhaps, did not loom very large on the map of the Dominion, nor did it boast of many great industries, yet he was proud to say it had contributed its share to a group of truly great men who had ruled the destinies of Canada with capable minds. It was also true that New Brunswick had contributed a goodly proportion of its best manhood to the firing line, and there were none of whom the province was more proud than of Lieut. Col. Guthrie.

Premier Clarke also referred to the fact that all of Lieut. Col. Guthrie's officers in Kilties had been on the firing line, knew the fighting game and realized what they were doing when they went back to the trenches once more. Such a battalion, he said, should bring new fame and renown to New Brunswick. Lieut. Col. Greer gave a racy sketch of the history of his battalion which was recruited in record time as a result of a novel recruiting campaign. He said that a new appeal had been used in raising the unit, men of sporting instincts being appealed to, particularly on the ground that if this country was good enough to play in it was worth fighting for.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel McDonald, of Halifax, are visiting in St. John for a few days, having just returned from a two weeks' trip to Boston.

LUSCIOUS the pie that Elizabeth made. Crisp was the crust and of delicate shade. Never a flake of it soggy or sour. Art, a good oven and Purity Flour.

MORE BREAD AND BETTER BREAD

PURITY FLOUR

WATCH your alert, keen-eyed, clear-headed business man at breakfast. You never see him eating heavy, soggy foods that clog the body and slow up the mental processes. No, as a rule, he selects some appetizing, easily digested cereal such as Kellogg's, for he knows that these thin, crisp, toasted corn flakes supply all the nourishment that the ordinary body needs without dissipating his energy in digesting and absorbing them. Kellogg's Toasted Corn Flakes go well with fresh or cooked fruits in place of the usual milk or cream.

The only product made in Canada by The Battle Creek Toasted Corn Flake Co.; Limited London, Ontario, Canada

Kellogg's TOASTED CORN FLAKES 10¢

# Best Nerve Specialist in England Was Consulted

## But Nervous System Failed to Respond to Treatment Prescribed.

Nervous disorders frequently result from injury to the nerves in accidents or because of the shock to the system. The writer of this letter was injured in a mix-up with some colts, remained unconscious for three weeks, and in spite of continued treatment in hospital could not obtain restoration of the internal nerves which control the action of the digestive and other vital organs. He travelled to Europe and consulted England's greatest nerve specialist. Relief was only temporary, in spite of many treatments used. His letter gives the facts briefly and tells how he was finally cured by using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. Can you imagine any more severe test of this great nerve restorative? Mr. Henry P. Venn, Cefu Ranch, Malakwa, B. C., writes: "Dr. Chase's Nerve Food has restored my nervous system and given me new health. Having met with a severe accident

seven years ago, from which I was unconscious and which left my nerves in a very sore plight, I was treated by doctors galore and consulted one of the greatest nerve specialists in England, but nothing seemed to do me much good. Hypophosphates and, in fact, all and every kind of nerve mixture in almost every form was used, but never with more than temporary benefit. "But Dr. Chase's Nerve Food has acted very differently, for it has built up my nervous system until I feel like my old self again. If this medicine will do for others what it has done for me, I shall not regret having written this letter. I have recommended the Nerve Food personally to many, and shall always esteem it my greatest restorative value." Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, all dealers, or Edmanston, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

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CATASTROPHE NOT FEARED BY RUSSIA

Loss of Constanza, Roumania, Chief Black Sea Port, However, Puts that Country in Serious Position.

Petrograd, Oct. 25, via London.—The loss of Constanza, Roumania's chief seaport on the Black Sea, according to semi-official comment among members of the general staff, "puts Roumania in a serious position," but it is not to be supposed it will entail any catastrophe. Colonel Shumsky, military critic of the Bourze Gazette, says the success of the Teutonic Allies lacks the importance which it appears to have, and means only that Roumania has fallen back on a new defensive line from Tchernavoda to the Black Sea, slightly northward of the railroad, and protected on the Danube by the strong fortified fortifications. The assault of the invaders along the Constanza-Medjide line is likened to the Belgian operations in the number of men crowded on the short front. Colonel Shumsky estimates that there is one division on every three miles of the thirty-mile stretch—a strength said to be seldom exceeded on any front.

Meanwhile the Austro-German campaign against Roumania continues to be accompanied by the delivery of a series of blows against the extreme left flank of the southwestern Russian front. From Dorna Watra to the Roumanian frontier, the Austro-Germans are attempting to pierce the Russian line in order to isolate Roumania and prevent the further passage of Russian troops to the assistance of Roumania. The Russians, it is said, have been able to check the offensive at all points on this sector.

On the northeastern front the enemy today attacked the Roumanian troops near Focsea, 13 versts south of Kronstadt, in the Tigruluj Valley near Kimpung and in the Vnula Valley and forced them to fall back a little.

In Dobruja, enemy attacks continue along the whole front. Our troops and the Roumanians, fighting as they retire to the north, were compelled to abandon their position from Tchernavoda to Tachinjak lake.

NO STOMACH PAIN, GAS, INDIGESTION IN FIVE MINUTES

"Pape's Diapepsin" is the only real stomach regulator known.

"Really does" put bad stomachs in order—really does" overcome indigestion, dyspepsia, gas, heartburn and sourness in five minutes—that just that—makes Pape's Diapepsin the largest selling stomach regulator in the world. If what you eat ferments into stubborn lumps, you belch gas and eructate sour, undigested food and acid; head is dizzy and aches; breath foul; tongue coated; your insides filled with bile and indigestible waste, remember the moment "Pape's Diapepsin" comes in contact with the stomach all such distress vanishes. It's truly astonishing—almost marvelous, and the joy is its harmlessness.

A large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin will give you a hundred dollars' worth of satisfaction or your druggist hands you your money back.

It's worth its weight in gold to men and women who can't get their stomachs regulated. It belongs in your home—should always be kept handy in case of a sick, sour, upset stomach during the day or at night. It's the quickest, surest and most harmless stomach regulator in the world.

TWO VESSELS DISMASTED.

A Mobile despatch of Oct. 23 says: Schs M. A. Achorn and Longfellow, the former bound to Calabrien, Cuba, from Mobile, and the latter to Tampa, Fla., from the south side of Cuba, with cedar box lumber, are in the lower bay anchorage; they will come to Mobile to discharge and repair, both vessels having been dismasted during the recent hurricane; the Achorn was towed into Fort Morgan by tug Nelms.

CATHOLIC INSTITUTE DIRECTORS APPOINTED.

The board of directors for the management of the new Catholic Institute of this city were chosen on Wednesday night and are: R. O'Brien, J. O'Ragan, J. F. Owens, Joe. Harrington and T. M. Burns for three years; John Keefe, Joseph Dwyer, Geo. Cunningham, Thos. Nagle and John McGowan for two years. Ernest Harrington, Dr. L. Flemming, Fairville; Judge H. O. McInerney, Alfred Dever and J. Henry Cochran. The officers elected were: President, John Keefe; vice-president, H. O. McInerney; secretary, T. M. Burns, and treasurer, Thos. Nagle.

MAY RECOVER TREASURE ON THE LUSITANIA

New York Salving Firms Said to be Planning Attempt to Raise Big Cunarder.

Plans to save the treasure of the Lusitania, variously estimated at from one million to several millions of dollars in money, jewelry and other valuables, lying beneath the waves eight miles off the Irish coast, are being made secretly in New York city.

The attempt may be made early next spring by one salving firm, and there may be others, including an English company, which is planning to use a sporting phrase, "anybody's pigeon."

It is known that negotiations are proceeding with the English underwriters of the ship, and that all available data concerning the position and condition of the sunken steambship, including the depth of water, temperature and generally prevailing conditions, are being collected.

The information acquired during the past few months has now led to a confidence that what treasure there is in the strong room, passengers' cabins and baggage holds can be raised in a reasonable amount of time by the use of the latest apparatus.

Down 270 Feet.

The Lusitania lies resting 270 feet below the surface at an accurately charted point directly off the Old Head of Kinsale, eight miles seaward. Such a depth a few years ago would have rendered salvage work practically unthinkable, but modern improvement in diving apparatus has made it possible for divers to work at that and even greater depths for considerable periods of time at a stretch.

This was demonstrated in raising the United States submarine F-4, which sank outside Honolulu Harbor on March 25, 1915, and was refloated and towed into the harbor on Aug. 29 of the same year. She lay on a slope of the ocean bed, her bow 288 feet below the surface and her stern 308 feet; yet divers worked in fair comfort at these depths and thereby established a world's record.

Depth to Wreck. In considering the 270 feet depth it was pointed out that this is the maximum, and proper allowance should be made for her height on beam, depending on whether she is lying fairly upright or on her side. Her beam is over 80 feet and her height approximately the same. This, it was contended, would considerably reduce the depth of which it would be necessary for the divers to work.

Rich Prize. Although the Lusitania is a prize that makes the mouths of the salvage people water, if the yield was but a million dollars—and that to the salvage people is a very pleasurable appraisal of what, with luck, they would retrieve from the Lusitania—the profit would be more than satisfactory. Usually the underwriters with whom the salvage companies work in agreement are content with 10 per cent of the recoveries, leaving 90 per cent of which to pay for operations and make a profit.

SHIPPING NEWS

MINIATURE ALMANAC. October—Phases of the Moon.

Table with columns for phases of the moon: First quarter, Full moon, Last quarter, New moon.

PORT OF ST. JOHN, N. B. Arrived Thursday.

BRITISH PORTS. Sharpness, Oct. 22—Arr: Sch H S Lanfair, Donovan, St. John, N. B. via Queenstown.

FOREIGN PORTS. Boston, Oct. 24—Arr: Str Hochelaga, Louisbourg, C. B.; Schs Arthur J Parker, Shelburne, N. S. via Boothbay; Rose Dorsetha, Gloucester.

Associated with Admiral Chester is George D. Stillson, who several months ago retired from the United States Navy with the rank of chief gunner and the reputation of being the best diver the service ever developed.

Admiral Chester's son, Colby M. Chester Jr., who is one of the directors of the company, which has its offices at No. 120 Broadway, was asked when his company intended to save the Lusitania.

SHIPPING NEWS

Waters, Gale, Shutes, N.B. for New York; Harry W. Lewis, Berry St. John, N. B. for do; F. G. French, Goodwin, Sand River, N.S. for do; John J. Perry, Boston; Ida B. Gibson, Latty, Bangor for New York; Ernest T. Lee, Rawlings, Calais for do; Charles H. Trickey, Kennebec for do; Lizzie J. Call, do for do; Nat Meader, do for do; Abenaki, do for do; Lizzie Lanor, do for do; Irene E. Henshaw, Lanor, do for do; Navis, St. John, N. B. for Boston.

Delaware Breakwater, Oct. 24—Arr: Schored at Overfalls: Sch Lavinia M. Snow, from Liverpool, N. S.

New Haven, Oct. 21—Arr: Schs William Mason, Cheverie, N. S.; Lillian M. Newey, New York.

Vineyard Haven, Oct. 24—Arr: Sch F. F. Tyler, New York for Edgartown (and sailed).

Have, Oct. 21—Arr: Str Bayamo, Quebec and Sydney, C. B. via Cherbourg.

Marseilles, Oct. 19—Arr: Str Bay-west, Sydney, C. B.

Dieppe, Oct. 19—Arr: Str Fama (Nor), Sydney, C. B.

New York, Oct. 24—Arr: Schs Alcaza, Liverpool, N. S.; King Josiah, Bridgewater; Mary D. Young, Hubbard, N. S.; Carrie Hurtle, Lunenburg; Thomas L. James, Liverpool; Quickstep, Bridgewater; E. A. Scribner, Sherbrooke; Annie E. Mitchell, Long Cove; J. C. Bowers, Huntington.

Old Oct. 24: Schs Abbie Keast, Digby; Scotia Queen, Perth Amboy.

City Island, Oct. 24—Arr: Schs Anne Lord, Perth Amboy for St. John, N. B. (anchored); Methesebec, Jersey City for Bangor, Me. (anchored).

STRIPPING WRECKED STEAMER. Considerable progress was made on Tuesday by the large gang of wreckers employed in stripping the stranded steamer Bay State. In addition to much valuable metal secured considerable of the interior work, including doors and fine finish, was brought ashore. A lot of the piping and rods were being disconnected, the value of the metal in her engine room alone being estimated at about \$1,000.

DANGERS TO NAVIGATION. Str Le Coq reports Oct. 16, lat 14 27 N, lon 48 21 W, passed 4 empty fisherman dories, apparently French.

Str Nordboon (Dan), from Matanzas, reports Oct. 21, lat 36 21, lon 74 46, passed the abandoned waterlogged three masted schooner T. W. Dunn, masts standing, main deck broken up, deckload washed away.



The Perfect Gum in the Perfect Package. Sealed tight—kept right.

WRIGLEY'S is sealed—that's the thing I like about it. No matter when or where I buy it, the flavor is there—full strength, and it's fresh and clean.

So I always make sure to get Wrigley's in the sealed package—it's the greatest five cents' worth of beneficial enjoyment I can buy.



Chew it after every meal. MADE IN CANADA. Officer Seal—he keeps this goody good. Write Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Ltd., Wrigley Building, Toronto, for free jingle book by the Spearman.

TRANSPORTATION ADVERTISING

DONALDSON LINE. Glasgow Passenger-Freight Service.

SATURNIA. Oct. 7. For information apply local agents or The Robert Reford Co., Limited, General Agents, 162 Prince William Street, St. John.

WEST INDIES. Excellent Accommodation for 1st, 2nd and 3rd Class Passengers. Special Facilities for Tourists.

MANCHESTER LINE. From Manchester to St. John.

FURNESS LINE. From London to St. John.

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CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

St. John—Montreal. OCEAN LIMITED. Daily Except Sunday.

Crystal Stream Steamship Co. St. John-Fredericton.

Majestic Steamship Company. Steamer Champlain will leave public wharf, North End, on after Tuesday, Oct. 17th, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 10 o'clock for Hatfield's Point and intermediate landings.

ST. JOHN - FREDERICTON. STEAMER HAMPSTEAD. Will leave old May Queen wharf at 8:30 a. m. (St. John time) on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for Fredericton and intermediate ports.

GRAND MANAN S. S. CO. After Oct. 1st and until further notice the S. S. Grand Manan leaves Grand Manan, Mondays 7:30 a. m. for St. John, returning leaves St. John Wednesdays 7:30 a. m., both ways via Campobello, Eastport and Wilson's Beach.

Eastern Steamship Lines. All-the-Way by Water. INTERNATIONAL LINE.

MANILLA CORDAGE. Galvanized and Black Steel Wire Rope, Oakum, Pitch, Tar, Oils, Paints, Flags, Tackle Blocks, and Motor Boat Supplies.

J. S. SPLANE & CO. 19 Water St.

GIVEN UP AS LOST. The ocean tug C. W. Morse, which sailed from New York on Sept. 17 for the African coast by way of San Juan and the Cape Verde Islands, has practically given up as lost, she having failed to reach San Juan up to the first of this week.

TRAVELLING? Passage Tickets By All Ocean Steamship Lines.

WM. THOMSON & CO. Limited. Royal Bank Bldg., St. John, N. B.



HOTEL MARLBOROUGH. 36th St.—Broadway—37th St. One of the Most Comfortable Hotels in New York City.

Too Much Indoors Causes HEADACHE. That miserable feeling is due to impure blood resulting from winter's indoor living.

Dr. WILSON'S HERBINE BITTER'S. A preparation made from Dandelion, Mandrake, Bunchard and other purifying herbs.

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# The St. John Standard

Published by The Standard Limited, 32 Prince William Street, St. John, N. B., Canada.

H. V. MACKINNON, Managing Editor. ALFRED E. MCGINLEY, Editor.

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By Mail.....3.00  
Semi-Weekly, by Mail.....1.00  
Semi-Weekly to United States.....2.00

ST. JOHN, N. B., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1916.

**"We are fighting for a worthy purpose, and we shall not lay down our arms until that purpose has been fully achieved."—H.M. The King.**  
TO THE PEOPLE OF THE EMPIRE—Every fighting unit we can send to the front means one step nearer peace.

### LAURIER VS. BLONDIN.

It pleases some Liberal newspapers to claim that the Conservative press criticising Sir Wilfrid Laurier's action in refusing to join the Premier in the recruiting appeal to Canadians should first pay attention to certain members of the Borden cabinet, said to have given utterance to most disloyal sentiments. In this connection Hon. P. E. Blondin is held up by the Liberal press as a horrible example of disloyalty and his sincerity in participating in recruiting meetings in Quebec today is questioned.

When Liberal newspapers quote Mr. Blondin's utterances of the past and claim that because he made them he is not sincere in his patriotic efforts of today, it is reasonable to ask whether Sir Wilfrid Laurier is to be judged by his speeches and actions of the past or his professed loyalty of today. If Mr. Blondin is not sincere what better claim to that virtue can Sir Wilfrid make, especially when the records show that for every anti-British statement made by Mr. Blondin there can be produced an anti-British statement from the lips of Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

Hon. Mr. Blondin addressed a splendid recruiting meeting in Quebec the other day, and in the course of his address candidly admitted that in days gone by he had used language that was unpatriotic and un-Canadian, but he manfully added that experience and world events had taught him he was wrong.

It has never been the custom in British countries to repudiate converts to the beneficence of British rule; yet the Liberal press seek to cast doubt upon Mr. Blondin's alienation from Nationalism. If his sincerity is doubted why is Sir Wilfrid Laurier's entitled to credence?

Mr. Blondin, in his early political days in the province of Quebec may have been taught that it was Canada's duty to hold aloof from British wars, but he never went so far as to declare for the independence of Canada. He did not carry his "disloyalty" to the point where he was prepared to condone the offense of the rebel Louis Riel. He never declared on United States soil that Canada would break from the Motherland as "ripe fruit falls from the parent tree." He did not announce that he "preferred a Yankee dollar to a British shilling any day." He never attempted to keep this country from participation in the Boer war. He never tried to sacrifice the fiscal independence of Canada upon the Washington affair. He did not oppose the naval aid asked by the Admiralty in 1912. He did not refer to General French as "that man French." He did not eulogize the German Kaiser as a great moral force and a power for peace.

Every one of these counts can be laid at the door of Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his supporters and newspapers are well aware of it. Therefore, if Mr. Blondin is insincere because of utterances made by him prior to 1910, why should not Sir Wilfrid Laurier be judged by expressions he used as recently as 1913—in some cases but a few weeks prior to the actual outbreak of war.

The Times sees fit to bracket Mr. Blondin with Henri Bourassa as guilty of disloyalty. Let us see what evidence can be produced in support of that contention. Look at the record.

Before the war Mr. Blondin favored increases in militia expenditure. Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Bourassa opposed them. Mr. Blondin favored the granting of assistance asked for by the British Admiralty. Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Bourassa opposed it. And so on all the way down the line.

The Telegraph and Times point out that to accuse Sir Wilfrid Laurier of disloyalty is a dangerous practice. It is not necessary to make any such accusation. A mere recapitulation of the Laurier record will permit the people to judge for themselves and in their hands it is quite safe to leave the verdict. It only remains to be said that when the Liberal newspapers attack Mr. Blondin they quite overlook the men in their own camp more guilty than he. His record will not suffer in comparison even with that

of the revered wearer of the white plume.

In the present emergency Mr. Blondin is doing his utmost to urge his fellow countrymen to do the khaki. Sir Wilfrid Laurier's assistance has been confined to a few speeches containing a strange mixture of patriotism and politics—chiefly politics.

### NO NATIONAL SERVICE FOR THEM

The Liberals in the person of their leader, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, have refused to co-operate with the Government in directing the labors of the National Service Commission. The Liberal party evidently expects to gain a party advantage from the criticism of alleged errors, weaknesses and inefficiencies in the labors of this commission. For the sake of this expectation it refuses to lend its aid for the prevention of errors, the consolidation of strength and the increase of efficiency. It will, no doubt, go further and strive to invent errors and weaknesses and to cause inefficiency as far as it can, to further the interests of the Liberal party, in this instance at the direct expense of the country's welfare.

This emphasizes what has already been fairly obvious that national service can only be carried on in the face of the hostility of the Liberals, says the Winnipeg Telegram. The scope and labor of this commission are purely national. It had to be brought into being by the Government, but not by the Government as composed of members of the Conservative party but as representing the people of Canada. That its work there is nothing that could be conceived more completely outside the scope and influence of partisan warfare.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier is the leader of a party, the great party which happens to be in opposition. There is no other character in which he could be called upon to assist in a national organization upon which no two persons are divided upon party lines. He has refused because he confounds the Dominion of Canada with the Conservative party, and he is willing to strike at the efficiency of the Dominion of Canada in war, if by so doing, he can injure those to whom he is opposed in party politics.

The Conservative party is between the shafts of the wagon of Canada's administration which it is drawing over the rough country of foreign war. Sir Wilfrid Laurier's idea of national service is not to put his shoulder to the wheel, but to stand on one side and kick the horse while he quarrels with the driver over the route. His purpose is very clearly to upset the driver, take his place and substitute a quadruped of his own. He had better make it pretty plain to the people of Canada what kind of animal he intends to put between the shafts and the direction in which he proposes to drive the wagon. The passengers want to get through, and are in the mind to tell him to get clear out of the way if he cannot help.

**THE EMPIRE OR MR. MURRAY?**

The Times Wednesday evening devoted a lengthy editorial to the possible establishment of a new Conservative newspaper in Ottawa because the Ottawa Journal was "of too independent a strain to be dependable." In the light of its estimate of the Journal's position the Times can hardly classify as "the opinion of a hidebound Tory newspaper," the following, which appeared at the head of the Ottawa Journal's editorial column on Monday:

"General Sir William Robertson, head of the British army: 'The Empire's life continues in peril. We must have more men. Everybody please help!'

"Sir Thomas Tait: 'I withdraw. Look what Borden has done to Mr. Murray.'

"Sir Wilfrid Laurier: 'I decline to help. Look what Borden has done to Tait.'

**"Party Can Wait"**

(Ottawa Journal).

Confronted with vast, solemn issues of war and ever-lengthening casualty lists with their message of sorrow and death it is hard to conceive that the Canadian people support the few party-mad politicians reported to be

planning a general election. We have reached the most solemn hour of the war; the coming year will be fraught with consequences that will probably change the whole course of human history. It should hardly be necessary to say that such a crisis is not the time to weaken the national effort by dividing against ourselves and by distracting the attention of our people from the one supreme issue that confronts them. The need for absolute concentration upon the war was so clearly emphasized in a recent letter by Mr. Austen Chamberlain, and the advice so well applies to Canada, that the Journal reproduces it as follows:

Sept. 29, 1916.  
"India Office, Whitehall, S. W."  
"My Dear Titterton—Whatever defects there may have been in Unionist organization, and even if it be the case that there is need for a more democratic management in the party, I agree with you that the moment is not happily chosen for such a movement. I frankly confess for myself that since I have been a member of the government I have been quite unable to give any time or thought to party affairs, and I should certainly be unwilling at such a time to take any step or hold any gathering in my own name, connected with which were a party aspect. We have to think and act as a nation. Party can wait until the war has been won. At the same time, I have always been ready, as you know, to address a meeting of my constituents on subjects connected with the war. If it was thought desirable that I should do so.

"At the moment of writing, my work has been enormously increased owing to my having accepted the chairmanship of the Manpower Distribution Board, at the request of the members of the War Committee. But if and when you think the time has come for such a meeting, I should do my best to find an early date for it. At the same time I feel that for the present it is hard work and not speeches, that is wanted, and that it is as true of the audience as of the speakers. All are busy, and I doubt whether any meeting could be largely attended, or would serve any very useful purpose. I know that this has been your own view in the past, but if at any time you see reason to change it, please let me know, and I will endeavor to conform to your wishes.

"Yours very truly,  
"Austen Chamberlain."

This simple but forceful appeal to dedicate heart and mind to the war is impressive because fortified by the logic of events. And in the United Kingdom today, where an election is longer overdue than in Canada, no one dreams of dividing the country by a contest at the polls.

Speaking before the Federation of Liberal Clubs in Toronto last year Sir Wilfrid Laurier said:

"Let the Prime Minister and his colleagues say that there shall be no election as long as the war shall go on and I will pledge myself and the party that we shall stop all preparations and think of nothing but the war."

By its action last session in introducing a bill for the extension of the life of Parliament for a year the Government did all that the constitution permitted to give Sir Wilfrid the assurance he desired. The Journal understands, though it has no authority to speak for the administration, that this assurance is to be renewed at the coming session by a measure to extend the life of Parliament for still another year. Under the circumstances the Journal cannot see how Sir Wilfrid, in view of his Toronto pledge, not to mention many subsequent similar declarations, can consistently or even honestly decline another extension. Upon him alone will depend whether the country, in the heart anguish of war, is to be plunged into the turmoil and strife of an election. Will he give politics the right of way, and let patriotism wait?

**HOTEL ARRIVALS.**

Victoria.  
M. McMurray, Sydney; G. A. Ross, Florenceville; B. L. Knowles, Windsor; J. N. Dow, C. S. Bennett, St. Stephen; T. J. Doucett, Moncton; F. Weston, Boston; F. S. Levin, Buffalo; E. G. Fiset, Miss M. Carroll, Miss M. Cunningham, Moncton; C. Nason, McAdam; J. A. Murray, York Mills; G. B. McLaughlin, Perth; E. M. Sherwood, Hillsboro; Wm. L. Fraser, Fred Perkins, Wm. Perkins, Jos. Hatch, Lynn; W. P. Downing, Windsor; Wm. McCormack, Montreal.

Royal.  
A. K. Mackasey, D. M. Mendels, J. M. Whelpley, F. Beresford, W. J. Lynd, Toronto; W. Pineo, Waterville; C. S.

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**Party Can Wait**  
(Ottawa Journal).

Confronted with vast, solemn issues of war and ever-lengthening casualty lists with their message of sorrow and death it is hard to conceive that the Canadian people support the few party-mad politicians reported to be

## Little Benny's Note Book

THE PARK AVE. NEWS.

Weather. No snow yet, wats your hurry? Sports. The Invictas played the last game of the season last Saturday, score 87 to 59 favor the Park Wonders, being the highest score of the season, the fielders being so tired they kicked all the way wanking home, saying if they wassent put on bases next season they woud aine up with some other team.

### SHORT STORY.

A Dark Nite.

It was a dark nite.  
"Who goes there—friend or foe?"  
"Neither. Im neutral."  
"Then look out for this bullet. Bang!"  
It was a dark nite.

Theend.

Sisley Notes. Mr. Puda Simkins essay cuzzin Persey had a birthday party last Toosday, Mr. Simkins being the only one of the crowd there, on account of him being a relation and Persey not being able to keep him out, and the rest of the crowd, instead of acting mean because they wassent invited, went and serenaded Persey outside the parlor window with cheerful voices and tin pans hit by sticks, until the 3rd bucket of wattr came out of the 2nd story window.

Lost and Found Department. Lost—A 10 cent rubber ball with a slit hole in it. Sockabel ward. Ed Werrick.

Found—Nothing.

Advertisement. Drawing homework done in exchange for arifmetick homework. Algernon (Skinny) Martin.

Everett, St. Andrews, E. H. Ranges, New York; L. Jamieson, P. G. Canlay, J. R. Saunders, Toronto; G. L. Swett, Boston; F. C. Stephenson, Marion; G. L. Clark and wife, Woodstock; R. W. Rogers, New Glasgow; A. G. Watson, Halifax; J. W. Williamson, Wolfville; D. M. Roy, J. Hooter, Toronto; A. Alcorn, Blackville; M. J. Mills, Boston; E. B. Garrigues, Moncton; A. F. Bentley, St. Martins; W. W. Nearing, Brunswick, Me.; A. Winn, Toronto; C. W. Armstrong, N. Y. C.; H. A. Perry and wife, Geo. B. Haru, Bar Harbor, Me.; A. J. F. Montabone, Montreal; A. E. Nickolson, Boston; J. L. Hart, Toronto; T. E. Speaker, W. R. Rehr, A. J. Tingley, Boston.

### Park.

C. A. Jamieson, Sussex; D. Manfield, New York; G. D. Gibbs, Fredericton; W. Ross, Halifax; H. B. Cleaves, Bridge-town; A. B. Locke, Halifax; H. B. Perrin, Boston; C. Lovett, Halifax; N. Patterson, Hampstead; James Baldwin, Halifax; W. Morgan, McAdam; F. J. Edgett, Hillsboro; J. E. Bigney, Truro; D. S. Giddens, do; W. E. Benn, McAdam; H. Applin, Fredericton; E. C. Corbett, Halifax; Thos. B. Carson, St. Martins; W. J. McKenzie and wife, Glasgow; F. W. Hope, Halifax; J. McLaughlin and son, Campbellton; D. Quinn, Moncton; T. Honness, do; Boston; M. C. Daley, Moncton; Chas. Stimmins, Fredericton; J. Smith, Montreal; P. Henderson, Halifax; C. J. R. Summers, Fredericton; George Thompson, Chance Harbor; Lt. A. Michaud and wife, Edmundston; Harry Stein, Halifax; J. P. Keating, do; W. P. Eaton, do; J. L. Brashley, Amherst; G. W. Hopper, Truro; M. M. Hope, Lepreau; Harry E. Small, Mace's Bay; Sheriff Williams, Queens, Co.

### Dufferin.

E. Smith, Quebec; J. F. Hayes, Boston; W. J. Wilson, Montreal; J. D. McKee, Toronto; F. J. McCleskey, Grand Falls; Paul Parent, Grand Falls; Lieut. A. L. Rice, Edmundston; G. Stanley Helps, Hartland; Hewlett E. Upton, Boiestown; J. C. Erhard, Detroit; H. O. Dunn, Boston; Wm. Connors, Black Harbor; J. F. Reid, Boston.

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#### ANNUAL MEETING OF ST. JOHN ART CLUB.

The annual meeting of the St. John Art Club was held last night in the club rooms on Peel street. T. H. Estabrooks acted as chairman. The treasurer's report for the past year was read and showed the club to be in a fair condition. Officers for the coming year were elected as follows: President, W. S. Fisher; first vice-president, T. H. Estabrooks; second vice-president, Col. E. T. Sturdee; third vice-president, M. V. Paddock; recording secretary, T. O'Brien; corresponding secretary, Miss C. O. McGovern; treasurer, E. B. LeRoy; curator, C. H. Flewelling. The club council, consisting of ten members, were elected as follows: Mrs. J. W. V. Lawlor, Wm. Brodie, Mrs. W. Edmond Raymond, John Sealy, W. F. Hatheway, Dr. James Manning, Miss Lillian Hansen, G. Fred Fisher, Mrs. Courtland Robinson and A. Watson. Art classes will be continued this year with Miss Haggerty and Miss Holt in charge. It was agreed to send a letter of condolence to Mrs. R. G. Murray with reference to the lamented death of her husband.

## WAR VETERANS APPEAR BEFORE CITY COUNCIL

## EXPERIENCED SPEAKERS DEAL WITH THE PROBLEM OF THE BOY

### Provincial Leadership and Boys' Work Conference Opened in Centenary Church Yesterday Afternoon—The Future of the Boy One of Canada's Greatest Problems.

Two matters only were discussed at the committee meeting of the council held yesterday at noon. The matter of a settled policy for street work and the employment of returned soldiers. The Mayor brought up the matter of a systematic programme of street work for the coming year, and said that more and better work should be undertaken. The local improvement act had worked well in other cities and he could not see why it would not work here. The citizens were asking for repair work as well and he suggested that the engineer prepare a plan of the needed work for consideration by the council.

Commissioner Fisher was of the opinion that the city should proceed carefully in the matter. He felt that the abutters should contribute, but did not think that the present act was suitable. The agreement with the street railways also introduced some problems which would have to be dealt with.

A delegation from the European War Veterans' Association, composed of "Bud" Tippet, E. J. Puddy, J. J. Barbour, W. Coughlan, A. E. Lockett and William Cooper, appeared before the council and asked that a returned soldier be appointed to the position made vacant by the resignation of W. W. Donohoe as ferry collector on the West Side. Mr. Tippet acted as spokesman and reminded the council of the promise which had been made to look after the returned soldier.

Commissioner Russell announced that the man he had promised the position to had retired and that a returned soldier would get the place.

Mr. Tippet stated that some of the men employed on the West Side docks were alien and that one of them was a German, and Mr. Barbour said that one of the men working there had taken the oath of allegiance to the United States.

The commissioners had no knowledge of these things but promised to investigate them.

Mr. Tippet said that they did not want to take any man's job away from him, and Mr. Barbour claimed that they had men who were capable of filling almost any position in the city service. Charles Robinson, the secretary, had the names of the men and was ready to give it to any person who had employment to offer.

Commissioner McLellan stated that so far as his department was concerned the men on the police and fire department had to measure up to a certain standard but he was willing to employ any returned soldier that he could. He expressed the opinion that it should not be necessary for the returned soldiers to come to the city, the city should go to them. The city was spending a great deal of money for watchmen and some of them looked as if they might be able to go to the front.

Com. Russell—"You supported the arrangement."

Com. McLellan—"I did not support fifty odd men. In my department I put on fourteen men in less than three months we had 400 aliens whom the military authorities had not discovered. Among others we found two Germans actually employed in the soldiers' mess on King Square, a discovery due to the present chief of police."

He claimed that no previous promise should stand in the way of appointing a returned soldier to any vacancy in the city employ which he could fill.

Commissioner Wigmore said he had been in his department and they had given excellent service. He had dispensed with the services of one man who could be in khaki, and the man had afterwards enlisted. He wanted to go himself and had offered and was in hopes that the way might yet open up so that he would realize his wish.

Commissioner Russell said that he was the first commissioner to employ returned soldiers and he had discharged some of his men who had refused to go to the front with the Carleton band.

Commissioner Fisher suggested that the representatives of the returned men go over the list of his staff and if they found any positions which soldiers could fill, he would be glad to make a change.

Mr. Tippet said they did not wish that they did not wish to take any man's job from him, all they wanted was a chance at the vacancies.

Mr. Barbour approved of the plan of forcing city employees, who are fit, to enlist.

Mr. Lockett spoke warningly of the greater numbers who will be coming and said that an organized effort should be made on a larger scale to find work for them.

The Mayor said there were difficulties in the way. He could hardly ask

The New Brunswick "Leadership and Boys' Work Conference" opened yesterday afternoon in Centenary church at 2 o'clock. Addresses were delivered by Rev. F. H. Langford and I. W. Williamson, T. H. Hutchinson and L. A. Buckley addressed a meeting of the High School boys at 4.30. In the evening at 7.30 a banquet was held at Bond's followed by addresses by Rev. P. R. Hayward, Rev. C. A. Myers and T. H. Hutchinson, and a demonstration of charting by Rev. P. H. Langford.

#### Afternoon Session.

The afternoon session convened at 2 o'clock. The devotional exercises were led by Rev. W. A. Ross after which Rev. P. H. Langford was called on. He spoke on the subject, "The Boy and the Church," and developed his theme under three heads, namely: The church needs the boy, the relations of the boy and the church vary at different stages in his life.

The church needs the boy because from the boys of today will come the men of the future. The supply of men to lead was to be met if must be from the ranks of the boys who were growing up in the church today. If the church did not reach the boys and get them interested between the ages of 14 and 20 the chances were against their ever taking up Christian work. Seventy-five per cent. of the members of the Centenary church had decided to take up the work of the ministry before they were 20 years of age; 85 per cent. of the foreign missionaries and 75 per cent. of the leaders in all Christian work. These figures told how much the church needs the boy.

The boy needed the church because of these homes the most powerful influence in establishing right relations between himself and the world at large and in helping him to make the most of his life. There were agencies at work which acted on the life of the boy, home, school, church and society. Of these homes was the most powerful either for good or ill, but it needed to be supplemented by the training which came from rubbing elbows with the other fellow, mentally, morally and physically.

The relations of the boy and the church varied at different stages in his life. In the first stage he was receptive and passive; in the second stage he became very active; the third was the re-adjustment age and the fourth was the adult. In the first stage he needed to be taught about God as the Loving Father. In the second stage he was interested in the men of action and needed to be led to follow in the steps of the great heroes of the Bible and the church. The third stage was that of youth when the boy began to realize his individuality and to act for himself and to find out that in acting for himself that he had to face the consequences, and find out that he was related to the life around him. He had to re-adapt himself to his surroundings and fit into society. This was the most critical time in the life of the boy and his after years depended a great deal on the kind of a start he got at this time. This period was the cross roads of life and the boy needed the church at this time to start him on the right way to live a clean, upright Christian life.

Rev. I. W. Williamson.

The second speaker was Rev. I. W. Williamson who took the place of Taylor Statten and explained the Canadian standard efficiency tests programme, as Mr. Statten had received a message which called for his presence in New York.

This programme was the result of the vision which a few men had of the necessity of some definite method of working if the boys of Canada were to be made that they should be, and make this Canada a truly Christian nation in the years to come. Religion had to do with every day in the week and the aim of this programme was to make the coming manhood of the Dominion a truly religious one and have the boy live the "Jesus" life. It was all round fully developed man and in order to follow in His footsteps the boy needed to be developed all round and the C. S. E. T. was intended to develop him in wisdom, stature, favor with God and favor with man. This programme if given with fair chance would solve the teen age problem.

Commissioner Russell to employ more men when they were criticized him for having so many. He thought it might be a good idea to over the civic payroll and advise those who were capable of bearing arms to seek a place with the colors.

Commissioner Russell stated that Mr. Donohoe would remain at his post until November 1. He would recommend a man for the place on Tuesday.

The delegation then withdrew and the council adjourned.

as far as the church was concerned. It was also big enough to interest the biggest man in the country in the problem of saving the boy.

The church offered the best avenue of putting this programme into operation for it touched life in all its relations and was already organized. It was not the aim to have any new organizations but to use those which already existed.

At the close of Mr. Williamson's address a question box was conducted and a number of queries were answered by him and Mr. Langford.

In four o'clock L. A. Buckley and T. H. Hutchinson addressed a meeting of the High School boys in the lecture room of the High School on the "Challenge to Canadian Citizenship."

#### Evening Session.

The evening session began at 6.30 o'clock with a banquet at Bond's. Rev. J. H. A. Anderson, chairman of the New Brunswick advisory committee for boys' work, presided. After the banquet a short devotional exercise was conducted by Rev. I. W. Williamson and T. H. Hutchinson explained the morning watch or daily Bible study plan.

Rev. P. R. Hayward.

Rev. P. R. Hayward spoke on "The Observation of Boy Life as Canada's Greatest Task."

It was a great task because of its urgency. It was an urgent task because of the temptations that lay in wait for and beset the life of every boy. The saloon keeper understood the necessity for conserving the boy life

he knew of cases where saloon keepers had distributed free beer tickets among the boys and when a certain number had been redeemed the boy would be given a revolver. It was urgent because of a certain lowering of ideals which had been brought about by the present war, and of the possibilities of development after the war. It was a great task because of the vastness of the work. There were in Canada 500,000 boys of 15 and up, and to reach them was a great task.

It was Canada's greatest task because of the inadequacy of the present programme. Under present conditions 65 hours in each year was supposed to fill the needs of the boy on the religious side, but this was not in any way adequate to properly train and direct the boy in the right path.

It was a great task because of its strategic possibilities. Boy life developed very rapidly and sometimes a very slight influence turned the scale either for good or ill.

The best channel for the accomplishment of this task was the local church and Sunday school. They were already equipped and manned and all that was needed was a good constructive programme. The best programme for the accomplishment of this task was the Canadian Standard Efficiency Tests, because it was Christ-centered and developed the whole boy and did not over emphasize any one department of Christian activity.

In closing he said: Life is never created except at the risk and cost of life. Your task will call for your life and you will pay it on the installment plan and unless you are willing to make this contribution, even the efficiency programme will fall to build new life in Canada's boys.

"The Word became flesh and dwelt among us and we beheld His glory." Your boys are waiting for truth and beauty, goodness and health, honor and purity to become flesh in your form and dwell among them, and then they will see the glory of this, the highest life, and choose it for themselves.

Rev. F. H. Langford gave an illustration of charting a boy who was just starting to take up the programme which was very instructive to the leaders who were present. He took up the different items on the list, and demonstrated just where the boy was weak and where he was strong and brought out very clearly the things which needed strengthening.

Rev. C. A. Myers.

Rev. C. A. Myers was to have spoken on organization but as the hour was late it was decided to have a special meeting in Centenary church on Monday night to which each church would be asked to send two delegates in addition to the Sunday school superintendent and pastor.

T. H. Hutchinson called the attention of those present to the "Boy Builder," the official organ of the movement which is published every two months and said that he was prepared to receive subscriptions for it.

Today sessions will be held at 9 o'clock in the morning and 2 o'clock in the afternoon. At 7.30 in the evening the first session of the boys' conference will be held.

#### Local Casualties.

Probably the first member of the draft of the 1st Battalion that crossed over from England to reinforce another battalion in France recently, to have his name appear on the casualty list, is Pte. James H. Pitt, 61 Duke street, West St. John. A despatch received yesterday from Ottawa said that Pte. Pitt was officially reported admitted to No. 2 general hospital, Havre, France, October 4, gunshot wound in hand and face, accidental.

Mrs. Emily Whitehouse, of 14 1/2 Harding street, received a telegram from Ottawa yesterday notifying her that her husband, Acting-Sergt. Major John H. Whitehouse, had been admitted to No. 4 ambulance hospital on

Sept. 29, suffering from shell concussion.

That Private George B. Cushing, son of Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Cushing, of Lancaster Heights, has been wounded in the right hand by shrapnel and had been admitted to a field ambulance was the word received by his mother yesterday morning.

That Pte. Alonso Keirstead, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Keirstead of 130 Elliott Row, had been wounded in the wrist on October 16, was the word received by his parents yesterday morning. Pte. Keirstead was slightly wounded in last February, in the side, but soon recovered and returned to the firing line. He is twenty-three years old and went overseas with the ammunition column. After recovering from his wounds in last February, he was transferred to the heavy guns. Prior to enlistment he was in the employ of the Corona Candy Company as a traveler.

#### C. of E. Anniversary.

The anniversary services of the Church of England Institute were held yesterday. In the morning Holy Communion was celebrated at Trinity church and in the evening an evening song and sermon were given in the Mission church, Paradise Row. Rev. G. F. Scovill and Rev. L. R. Sherman conducted the morning service and Archdeacon Nowham of St. Stephen conducted the evening service. In his sermon Archdeacon Nowham pointed out ways that the Institute might increase in usefulness and he also spoke about the work of the Institute. These services have been held every year since the Institute was founded in 1876. There was an offertory taken at both services for the work of the Church of England Institute.

## EVEN CROSS, SICK CHILDREN LOVE SYRUP OF FIGS

If feverish, bilious, constipated, give fruit laxative at once.

Don't scold your fretful, peevish child. See if tongue is coated; this is a sure sign its little stomach, liver and bowels are clogged with sour waste.

When listless, pale, feverish, full of cold, breath bad, throat sore, doesn't eat, sleep or act naturally, has stomach-ache, indigestion, diarrhoea, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the foul waste, the sour bile and fermenting food passes out of the bowels and you have a well and playful child again. Children love this harmless "Fruit Laxative," and mothers can rest easy after giving it, because it never fails to make their little "insides" clean and sweet.

Keep it handy, Mother! A little given today saves a sick child tomorrow, but get the genuine. Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Remember there are counterfeiters sold here, so surely look and see that yours is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company." Hand back with contempt any other fig syrup.

## Fall and Winter Clothing

We want to talk to you about your Fall and Winter Suit or Overcoat. The time is here—and we have an exceptional display of the season's new and appropriate ready tailored clothing.

We are anxious that you should see them—don't put off until tomorrow what you may do today. Make your selection now as most goods cannot be repeated. We will gladly reserve your selection until later if you desire it.

## GILMOUR'S

68 King Street.

## Fish

Fresh Mackerel, Haddock, Codfish, Halibut. Good assortment of Smoked Fish

## Vanwart Bros.

Cor. Charlotte and Duke Sts. Tel. M. 108



## First Aid!

In case of severe toothache rush your patient to one of our offices where instant relief may be obtained.

We do work painlessly and well.

### Boston Dental Parlors

Head Office 527 Main Street  
Branch Office 35 Charlotte St.  
Phone 683 Phone 38

DR. J. D. MAHER, Proprietor.

Open 9 a. m. Until 9 p. m.

## Good Looks

There is character in glasses. Properly fitted glasses make people look bright and intellectual. Poorly fitted glasses make good looking men and women appear commonplace. The glasses you secure at The Optical Shop are as attractive in appearance as they are easy to the eye.

### The Optical Shop

107 Charlotte St.

## Your Physician and Your Sick

both demand the best drugs for satisfactory results. This store is not the cheapest, but we do guarantee to supply the best money can buy.

### THE ROYAL PHARMACY

47 King Street.

### S. Z. DICKSON

Produce Commission Merchant

STALLS 8, 9, 10 AND 11 CITY MARKET

Telephone Main 252 Terms Cash.  
ST. JOHN, N. B.

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Dealer in Poultry, Meats, Hides and All kinds of Country Produce.

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## WHOLESALE FRUITS

36-38 Germain St. St. John, N. B.

## FRESH FISH

HALIBUT, CODFISH, SHAD AND SALMON.

JAMES PATTERSON,  
19 and 20 South Market Wharf, St. John, N. B.

### J. LEONARD HEANS

ARCHITECT.

84 Germain Street St. John.  
Phones:  
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## Most Kiddies Favor

## Colonial Cakes

Ask Your Grocer

You'll Prefer Them, Too

## LANDING

### 10,000 Bus.

Manitoba and P. E. I.

## OATS

C. H. PETERS SONS, Ltd.,  
Peters Wharf

## Oysters and Clams

Usual variety of fresh, smoked and salt fish

### Smith's Fish Market

25 Sydney St. Phone 1704

# RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

NEWS AND COMMENT FROM THE FINANCIAL WORLD

QUOTATIONS IN THE ST. JOHN MARKET

Numerous changes in the prices of commodities have taken place during the past few days, a pronounced increase having occurred in almost every department.

Table listing various commodities such as Sugar, Beans, Cornmeal, and their current market prices.

Table listing various commodities such as Flour, Oatmeal, and their current market prices.

Table listing various commodities such as Beef, Pork, and their current market prices.

Table listing various commodities such as Beans, Baked, and their current market prices.

Table listing various commodities such as String, Clams, and their current market prices.

Table listing various commodities such as Corn, Herring, and their current market prices.

Table listing various commodities such as Oysters, Pineapple, and their current market prices.

Table listing various commodities such as Sliced, Grated, and their current market prices.

Table listing various commodities such as Singapore, Peas, and their current market prices.

Table listing various commodities such as Peaches, Plums, and their current market prices.

Table listing various commodities such as Pumpkin, Raspberries, and their current market prices.

Table listing various commodities such as Salmon, Pinks, and their current market prices.

Table listing various commodities such as Cohoes, Red Spring, and their current market prices.

Table listing various commodities such as Tomatoes, Strawberries, and their current market prices.

Table listing various commodities such as Pork, Corn, and their current market prices.

Table listing various commodities such as Beef, Lard, and their current market prices.

Table listing various commodities such as Lard, Butter, and their current market prices.

Table listing various commodities such as Eggs, Turkey, and their current market prices.

Table listing various commodities such as Chickens, Potatoes, and their current market prices.

Table listing various commodities such as Fish, Hloaters, and their current market prices.

Table listing various commodities such as Cod, Herring, and their current market prices.

MARKET INFLUENCES SOMEWHAT UNCERTAIN

Wall Street Manifested Irregular Tendency Through Day—Low Priced Railway Stocks Advance.

(McDOUGALL & COWANS.) New York, Oct. 26.—The market continued irregular throughout the day. The low priced railroad stocks continued to receive increased attention and advances were recorded in several of them.

Third avenue reported a deficit after changes for the month of Sept of \$328,000 due directly to the strike. Recent decline in the stock seems to have discounted this. Norfolk and Western sold off following the declaration of the regular dividend.

United States Steel and related stocks fluctuated within one to two points.

MONTREAL SALES (McDOUGALL & COWANS.)

Morning. Montreal, Thursday, Oct. 26th.—Steamships Com.—25 @ 34. Steamship Pfd.—5 @ 89.10 @ 89.14.

Can. Loco.—25 @ 53.15, 55 @ 54.5 @ 54.4. Brazilian—75 @ 53.4. Can. Cement Pfd.—5 @ 94.1, 1 @ 94.

Can. Cement Com.—10 @ 70, 15 @ 69.4, 100 @ 69.1, 115 @ 68.8.

Steel Canada—95 @ 65, 135 @ 65.5, 25 @ 65.8, 285 @ 65.8, 365 @ 66, 80 @ 65.8.

Dom. Iron Com.—885 @ 70, 400 @ 69.4, 200 @ 69.1, 175 @ 69.5, 50 @ 70.4, 125 @ 70.4.

Shawinigan—10 @ 134.4. Civic Power—130 @ 62.4, 250 @ 62.4.

New War Loan—5,500 @ 98.4. Dom. War Loan—1,000 @ 98. Can. Car Com.—5 @ 40.15, 15 @ 42.

Can. Car Pfd.—10 @ 71.5, 25 @ 72, 25 @ 73. Detroit United—10 @ 117.5, 50 @ 117.5, 55 @ 117.

Mon. Cotton—25 @ 56.4, 10 @ 56. Smelting—85 @ 36.4, 85 @ 36.4. Laurentide Pulp—160 @ 213, 10 @ 212.4, 90 @ 212.4.

MARKET AGAIN PROFESSIONAL

Bethlehem Steel Rises 27 Points to New Record of 642—International War Bonds Slump Heavily.

New York, Oct. 26.—Like the preceding sessions of the week today's active, broad and frequently irregular market derived almost its sole initiative from professional sources.

Latest additions to the ranks of prominent and strong rails were Lake Erie, Chicago Great Western, and Lake Erie, Chicago Great Western, and Lake Erie, Chicago Great Western.

Seasoned rails and other representative stocks were subjected to considerable backing and filling, though displaying a degree of steadiness in the final hour.

United States Steel and related stocks fluctuated within one to two points.

N. Y. QUOTATIONS (McDOUGALL & COWANS.)

Open. High. Low. Close. Am Beet Sug 103 103 102 102 1/2.

Am Car Pk 67 67 67 67 1/2. Am Loco 79 79 78 78 1/2.

Am Sug 123 123 121 121 1/2. Am Smelt 109 109 108 108 1/2.

Am Steel 62 62 61 61 1/2. Anaconda 93 94 93 94.

A. H. and I. Pfd 68 68 68 68 1/2. Am Can 61 64 60 64 1/2.

Alchison 107 107 107 107 1/2. Balt and Ohio 88 88 88 88 1/2.

Beth Steel 603 603 603 603 1/2. Brook Rad Tr 83 83 83 83 1/2.

Butte and Sup 63 66 63 64 1/2. C. F. I. 53 53 52 53 1/2.

Ches and Ohio 68 68 68 68 1/2. China 57 57 57 57 1/2.

FRENCH GAINS AT VERDUN IMPORTANT

Wall St. Sits Up and Takes Notice—Copper Production to be 50 per cent Greater Next Year.

(McDOUGALL & COWANS.) Montreal, Oct. 26.—The steel stocks were the feature today, Dominion Steel selling up to 70.

With Rock Island earnings large as they are at present, and with the believers in the property saying that the new preferred stock should sell around 85.

The French gains reported at Verdun are being looked upon in international financial circles.

Some of the holders of Norfolk and Western common estimate that they will not turn their stock for an eight per cent. guarantee by the Pennsylvania unless there should be an important extra distribution prior thereto.

Important interests stand ready to buy Norfolk and Western on all conditions, saying it is the best railroad property in the East barring none.

MONTREAL MARKETS (McDOUGALL & COWANS.)

Bid. Ask. Ames Holden Com. 25 26. Ames Holden Pfd. 65 65.

Brazilian L. H. and P. 53 53 1/2. Canada Car 41 41.

Canada Cement 94 94. Canada Cement Pfd. 94 94.

Win. Cotton 60 61. Civic Power 82 83.

Crown Reserve 50. Detroit United 117 117 1/2.

Dom. Bridge 213 214. Dom. Iron Pfd. 84 84.

Dom. Iron Com. 69 69 1/2. Penma. Com. 86 86.

Shaw W. and P. Co. 134 135. Spanish River Com. 18.

STEEL STOCKS FEATURE IN MONTREAL MARKET

Paper Shares as Rule Easier, but Laurentide was Steady, Closing at 211 1/2.

(McDOUGALL & COWANS.) Montreal, Oct. 26.—The steel stocks were the feature today, Dominion Steel selling up to 70.

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"We Go On Forever"

Have You Made a Will?

Do you realize that if you do not dispose of your property by will your estate may be disposed of by law very differently from the way you would wish?

The Eastern Trust Company

C. H. FERGUSON, Manager for N. B.

McDOUGALL & COWANS

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INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE

Representing—Aetna Insurance Co., London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Co., Ltd., and Hartford Fire Insurance Co.

CHICAGO PRODUCE (McDOUGALL & COWANS.)

Chicago, Oct. 26.—Wheat, No. 2 red, 1.79 1/2 to 1.80 1/2; No. 3 red, 1.72 to 1.89; No. 2 hard, 1.83 to 1.85; No. 3 hard, 1.77 1/2 to 1.83.

Corn—No. 2 yellow, 1.08 to 1.09 1/2; No. 4 yellow, new, 1.02; No. 4 white, new, 69.

Oats—No. 3 white, 51 1/2 to 52; standard, 52 1/2 to 53 1/2.

Barley—No. 2 nominal. Timothy—3.25 to 5.25. Clover—11.00 to 15.00.

Pork—29.00. Lard—15.00. Ribs—14.20 to 14.50.

MONTREAL PRODUCE.

Montreal, Oct. 26.—CORN—American, No. 2 yellow, 1.12 to 1.13.

OATS—Canadian Western, No. 2, 66; No. 3, 65 1/2; extra No. 1 feed, 65 1/2.

Winnipeg Wheat Close. May 179 1/2. Dec 177 1/2. Oct 183.

Free from Taxes in New Brunswick

Bonds of this character find growing popularity among cautious investors.

J. M. ROBINSON & SONS

Call, Phone, Wire or Write

"We Go On Forever"

Have You Made a Will?

Do you realize that if you do not dispose of your property by will your estate may be disposed of by law very differently from the way you would wish?

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ZINC PLATES

For Boiler Use—Orders solicited for prompt delivery.

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All Sizes.

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We manufacture Electric Freight, Passenger, Hand Power, Dumb Waiters, etc.

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Buildings and All Structures of Steel and Concrete

DOMINION COAL COMPANY

GENERAL SALES OFFICE

COAL

LYKENS VALLEY EGG FOR FURNACES.

SOFT COALS

Now Landing

STEAM BOILERS

On Hand at Our Works and Offered For Sale

1 Inclined Type, on skids .50 H. P.

1 Locomotive Type, on skids, 20 "

1 Vertical Type . . . . . 20 "

ONLY TV PLAY

There were only National League class last season.

They were Dodger and Bill Pirates, and bot marks.

Last year .301 and this year Finchman batted and season boost.

Larry Doyle and fought it out for last season, both hitting this year.

captain waloped this season as compared while Luderus, who was the Phillies' star.

went down to 234 of Cincinnati, who was 307, hit 6.

The new men in season include Hal Holke of New York.

Charmy of New York whom played in le.

Wheeler of Brooklyn, son of the Giants.

son of the Cardinals, who as Robertson.

The unofficial fix can League find speakers.

Leaders in the Speaker, Jackson are the players in season.

who have circle ever since in the American League.

Speaker and his marks of a year at 322 last year, who leads the American average of between

with 365 this season last year's figure, who hit for .341 this season.

through a year at 332, while this season 314. Men who of class this season.

Athletic, Gardner Felsch of the White the Tigers. Rise of games hit for .315.

One of the hitters usual 300 hits in the 300 class, in the 300 class, in the 300 class, in the 300 class.

It was thought in the big show last year's figure, because Melnes in the major leagues.

sons of 300 hitting entirely did not feel on with all his o and for a good pe was hitting close.

During the latter he picked up and to 285.

Four The police mad terday and each with drunkenness.

Bring

CAN I DINTY TELL I WON OVER

# LATE SPORTING NEWS AND VIEWS

## ONLY TWO PLAYERS TO REPEAT

There were only two players in the National League who hit in the 300 class last season and repeated this year. They were Jake Daubert of the Dodgers and Bill Hinchman of the Pirates, and both improved their marks. Last season Daubert hit for .301 and this year his average is .323. Hinchman batted for .307 a year ago and season boosted his mark to .315. Larry Doyle and Fred Luderus, who fought it out for the batting honors last season, both fell down in their hitting this year. The former Giant captain walloped the ball for .274 this season as compared with .250 last year, while Luderus, who hit for .316 in helping the Phillies to win the pennant, went down to .284 this season. Griffith of Cincinnati, whose average last season was .307, hit for .286 this year.

The new men in the select class this season include Hal Chase, with .335, Holke of New York with .365, and McCarty of New York with .343, both of whom played in less than 100 games; Wheat of Brooklyn with .312, Roberts of the Giants with .308 and Hornsby of the Cardinals with the same figure as Roberts.

The unofficial figures of the American League find practically the same leaders as in previous years. Cobb, Speaker, Jackson and Eddie Collins are the players in the 300 class this season who have been in the select circle ever since they became regulars in the American League. Of this quartet Speaker and Jackson are the only ones who have improved over their marks of a year ago. Speaker hit for .322 last year, while this season he leads the American League with an average of between .385 and .390. Cobb with .365 this season is five points below last year's figures, while Joe Jackson, who hit for .308 last year, is up to .341 this season. Eddie Collins came through a year ago with a mark of .332, while this season he dropped to .314. Men who climbed into the 300 class this season are Strunk of the Athletics, Gardner of the Red Sox, Felach of the White Sox and Veach of the Tigers. Rice of the Senators in 59 games hit for .315.

One of the disappointments of the usual 300 hitters in the American was Stuffy McInnes of the Athletics. For six consecutive seasons McInnes was in the 300 class and being a natural hitter, it was thought he was the best in the big show to go after Hans Wagner's mark of 17 straight seasons because McInnes is the youngest player in the major leagues with six seasons of 300 hitting. But Stuffy apparently did not feel the same this season with all his old team-mates gone, and for a good portion of the season was hitting close to the 200 mark. During the latter part of the campaign he picked up and boosted his average to .285.

### Four Arrests.

The police made four arrests yesterday and each prisoner is charged with drunkenness.

## RACER IS EASILY BROKEN

In discussing the superior qualities of thoroughbreds as hunters and jumpers at the recent races at Piping Rock, Thomas Hitchcock, a member of that club and an amateur horseman who has developed more high-class steeplechasers and hunters than probably any other man in the country, had this to say on the subject to a reporter of the New York Times: "There is no horse in the world that is comparable to the thoroughbred as a hunter, or as a matter of fact, for almost any purpose. You will find men decrying him as being too 'hot' to give satisfaction when put to any other task than racing. There never was a greater mistake. Persons who talk in that fashion have never had anything to do with the higher type of thoroughbred, and their experience has come from contact with culls which have been discarded because of their shortcomings."

"As a matter of fact," continued Mr. Hitchcock, "the thoroughbred is not as hot as the half-bred, if the same animals are subject to equal tests. Put a half-bred horse in training and ask as much of him as you do of the thoroughbred, and the result will be surprising. The half-bred would not stand the acid test of racing and come through with a perfect disposition. The thoroughbred has been bred for 150 years, and the culls during that time have been eliminated. "I have had twenty-five years experience with thoroughbreds, and during that period I have experimented with them widely. My twelve-year-old son has ridden them in the hunting field on Long Island, and another of my children, only 8 years of age, has ridden them in the show ring. They are more easily broken to harness than any other horse in the world, and, illustrating this, let me tell you something I saw S. T. Harrison do at Lexington, when the thoroughbred market was at its lowest ebb some years ago. He bought a lot of young stallions, mares, and geldings, from 2 to 3 years of age, and turned them all into a big paddock. They agreed famously, and it was not three weeks till those that were old enough were broken to harness and being sold all over the country.

"The half-bred horse is fine, too," continued Mr. Hitchcock, "and we have to bring him in the grade in order to secure an average of size, just as in Ireland they went to the cart horse to secure a larger hunter type, but the thoroughbred, when you get him large enough, meets all these requirements."

### ONE-TIME CHAMPION.

Arlon, one-time champion trotter of the world, has been given by Lister Winterspoon, of Versailles, Ky., by holders of the estate of the late M. W. Savage. At one time Arlon, now twenty-seven years old, was sold for \$125,000. As a two-year-old Arlon trotted to the high sulky in 2:10 2/3, which still stands as a record. Minor Hefr, another famous horse of the Savage string, has been sold to W. C. Crawford, of Williston, Tenn.

## FAMOUS ATHLETES WHO WILL APPEAR MONDAY

All arrangements have been completed for the 180th Battalion entertainment which is to be held in the Imperial Monday night, after the conclusion of the second show.

Captain Thomas Flanagan, the promoter of the show, told The Standard last night that in listing the sporting celebrants in the ranks of the battalion he had omitted the famous Charlie Glover, the Herculean giant. Glover appeared before thousands, as the strongest man in the world, with the Barium and Bailey four ring circus, and his feats of strength were upon as marvelous. He will probably appear on Monday night at the Imperial.

The programme will be ready for publication on Monday. This will give the people the correct names of those who are to participate in St. John's biggest athletic show.

Tom Longboat brooks no peer as an erratic Indian. Interviewed yesterday he said: "No, I'm not going to run at the big concert of the Sportsmen's Battalion on Monday night—I'm going to fight." The interviewer looked for a handy means of getting out of the zone of fire should the famous Tom let loose his fists, but gaining confidence he inquired of the champion runner just what he meant by "I'm going to fight."

Longboat then explained that some time ago he had put on the gloves with a certain gentleman named Tom Daly, one-time champion amateur boxer of United States and Canada. This occurred in the Queen City. They had a four round "go," and the referee decided the match a draw which displeased the Indian greatly.

Few people, although most sportsmen have followed Tom Longboat's career closely, know that he is a boxer of no mean ability, and boxing is no new role for him. A padded mitt can be wielded with almost equal dexterity as a spiked shoe as he will demonstrate Monday night at the Imperial Theatre.

Most Indians are of a happy go lucky nature, but Tom has a grouch just now. He is tired of "pale face" referees in his short experience with them and he is now scoring the count for a man of his own tanned complexion to handle his bout with Daly on Monday night. Whether he will be successful or not is difficult to say, but if there is a competent Indian referee in the province Longboat wants to know it. At any rate he will meet Daly in four rounds, no matter what the complexion of the referee is, but red is the color he prefers for his coming match.

This will be the first time Eastern Canada has seen Tom Longboat in "punches" instead of "strides," and no doubt the announcement will excite considerable interest. This is one time Longboat would sooner fight than run and it will be one of the premier attractions at the big concert on Monday night.

A meeting was held yesterday afternoon in Walter Golding's office in the Imperial Theatre at which arrangements were completed for the affair. Through the kindness of T. McAvity and Sons their big motor truck has been secured for Saturday afternoon. In this, after it has been properly decorated with bunting, the band of

the 180th will be drawn through the streets of the city. A similar concession has been granted by W. T. Thorne and Company and on Monday after the Imperial performance the procession will be repeated, in order to fully advertise the concert. The committee for the reception of returned soldiers is working hand in hand with the officers and the 180th Battalion and Mr. Golding as a portion of the proceeds will go to that committee.

## TRIS AND NUNEMAKER AFTER MOOSE

Tris Speaker, the husky Texan, who with sincere regret left the Boston Americans, his many friends, and a congenial environment in the deep field bleachers, to go to Cleveland, and Leslie Nunemaker, the stone-wall back stop of New York, and for years a Boston player, are having the time of their lives up the line. Tris and Nunemaker have just repeated their success in stopping the lorry mouse up in the Canadian region and are now resting after an arduous tramp and ducking rain storms in the wilds of the big game country.

The famous players are guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Tingley, of the railway hub. The name hub, two years ago attracted the former Boston players and it required little persuasion at that time by their close friend Dr. George Tingley, of Boston, to lead them to new pastures after a strenuous season.

### P. E. I. Enjoying Prosperity.

The amount of freight moving between Prince Edward Island and the mainland at present is without precedent. An official of the P. E. Island Railway declares that never in the history of the province has so much island produce passed over the P. E. I. Railway. So great has been the movement of freight that the congestion at island ports had almost become serious. Fortunately the worst appears to be over. Summerside is now practically cleared up as the result of an extra trip by the Northumberland on Sunday and it is expected that she will now be able to handle all that offers. All day Monday the Car Ferry steamer was being loaded with the freight which had gathered there, and when she left at an early hour Wednesday there were about sixty-five carloads stowed into her hold—chiefly oats and potatoes. The congestion at Point du Chene and Picton has been equally heavy. All this means that this is the most prosperous season in the history of the province, more money is being done and more money being put into circulation.

### Retail Fish Market.

Fresh fish was not plentiful yesterday, and prices were high. There was very little fresh cod and the small quantity on hand brought ten cents a pound. Haddock, sold at the same price, was to be had in fair quantity. There was a limited supply of smelt, selling at about 15c a pound. Mackerel brought from 20c to 35c each. Clams, at 25c a quart, and oysters at 90c, were on hand in good quantities. A jump has taken place in the price of frozen haddock, 15c a pound being asked for and paid. Salt cod may be had at from 15c to 18c a pound. Smoked fish is fairly plentiful and brings about the same prices as last week.

### U. S. Inspects Potatoes.

A recent circular issued by the U. S. Department of Agriculture defines the regulations governing the importation of potatoes. There is only a small duty but every shipment must be examined by an inspector of the department. It is required that importations be made only at points where an inspector is stationed, and anyone who desires to send potatoes from New Brunswick will have to have them sent to Portland or Boston.

## LOCAL BOWLING YESTERDAY

### THE CITY LEAGUE.

The first series in the City Bowling League opened on Black's alleys last night when the Nationals and Beavers broke even with two points each. In addition to the last season league bowlers some real good new talent is in the game this year, and it is expected that the 1916-17 season will prove to be more closely contested than ever before. Last season a number of records were broken, but there appears to be even more interest in the league contests than ever.

### The individual scores of last night's game follow:

Nationals.	
Gilmour	91 97 78-266 88 2-3
Howard	103 83 82-268 89 1-3
Cosgrove	84 101 84-269 89 2-3
Moore	112 94 89-295 98 1-3
McKean	91 88 83-262 87 1-3

481 463 416 1360	
Beavers.	
Cooper	83 91 89-263 87 2-3
Baillie	86 90 95-271 90 1-3
Scott	93 87 87-267 89
Maxwell	95 91 77-263 87 2-3
Carleton	108 83 119-310 103 1-3

### 465 442 467 1374

### Tonight's Game.

The Elks and Whips play tonight.

### THE ST. PETER'S LEAGUE.

In the St. Peter's Bowling League match last night the Maples captured three points from the Roses after a hard fight. The scores follow:

Maples.	
Howard	78 71 72-221 73 2-3
Colgan	84 85 73-245 81 2-3
Downing	86 100 77-263 87 2-3
Cronin	109 76 86-271 90 1-3
Bain	81 75 74-230 76 2-3

438 410 382 1230	
Roses.	
J. Harrington	70 86 70-236 75 1-3
H. McCarty	80 83 78-241 80 1-3
J. Martin	69 69 79-217 72 1-3
L. McCarty	67 78 80-225 75
Harrington	81 89 90-260 86 2-3

367 405 397 1169	
Game Tonight.	

The game tonight will be played between the Erins and Thistles.

### BRITISH GENERAL PREDICTS VICTORY

With the British army in France, via London, Oct. 25—"Can the German line on the western front be broken?"

Next to General Sir Douglas Haig, few British soldiers are in a better position to judge than General Sir Henry Rawlinson, General Haig's right-hand man in the Somme offensive.

"Undoubtedly it can," was General Rawlinson's reply to the question which the whole world is asking. "Rawley," as he is known, has been for nearly four months directing the sledge-hammer blows of one of the



## YOU can save Belgian lives!

Though you cannot fight and kill Germans, you can give and save some of their helpless Belgian victims, three million of whom must be fed or starve.

So little is needed to feed a Belgian family, and so economically are contributions handled by the Belgian Relief Commission, that there are very few of us who could not provide for at least one family through this winter, or till the end of the war.

\$2.50 a month—less than 10c a day—will do it! How easily you could save that much from your little indulgences—and how much it would mean to some Belgian mother and her hungry little ones!

Wouldn't a little self-denial now be richly repaid by knowing, when the war is over, that you had done your part, and had saved precious lives for our unfortunate Allies?

Enroll your name to-day among those who are doing their bit in this way! Send your subscription weekly, monthly or in one lump sum to Local or Provincial Committees, or

Send Cheques Payable to Treasurer **Belgian Relief Fund**

89 ST. PETER STREET, MONTREAL.

\$2.50 Feeds a Belgian Family One Month.

Jas. H. Frink, Treas. of Provincial Belgian Relief Committee, St. John, N.B.

armies under Sir Douglas Haig's command. "Are you satisfied with the results?" he was asked. "Yes," he replied, "we have taken position after position, and thirty thousand prisoners. For nearly four months this new army has kept on attacking. It has asserted its mastery over the enemy who had forty years of preparation. The dogged, heroic gallantry and tenacity of our infantry have been proved. Despite their desperate counter-attacks how few prisoners the Germans have taken?"

**RED BALL**

**ALE AND PORTER**

**SIMEON JONES, Ltd. BREWERS**  
St. John, N. B.

**GOING FISHING?**

Then don't forget to take along with you a plug of Master-Mason, the sportsman's tobacco made from choice, rich, mellow, fully matured selected tobacco, pressed into a plug, convenient, handy, easy to carry, and which retains the natural fragrance and moisture of the natural leaf.

**SMOKE Master-Mason** Equal by test to the very best, Much better than all the rest.

"It's GOOD TOBACCO"

Say **MASTER-MASON** to your dealer—he knows.

PRICE: 15 CTS. THE ROCK CITY TOBACCO CO., LIMITED

**WILSON'S**

"The National Smoke"

**BACHELOR CIGAR**

Delightfully fragrant and pleasing. A good cigar to tie to.

Every "Bachelor" Cigar is stamped as above

**ANDREW WILSON & CO.** TORONTO, MONTREAL

## Bringing Up Father

CAN I PHONE RIDIN' WITH ME AN' TELL HIM I WON'T BE OVER?

NO—YOU'RE GOING OUT WITH ME AN' TO BE SURE YOU CAN'T GET BACK—WE ARE GOIN' OUT IN THE COUNTRY.

BY GOLLY—SHE'S ASLEEP AN' WERE TWENTY MILES OUT

STOP THE CAR AND UNTIE THAT BUNDLE I HID—

I'LL BE BACK TO DINTY'S IN TIME FER THE DANCE AFTER ALL!

Our Works For Sale

& CO. Ltd. Nova Scotia





**THE WEATHER.**

**Forecasts:**  
Maritime—Moderate fresh westerly winds, fair and mild.

Washington, Oct. 26.—Forecast: Northern New England—Fair Friday, Saturday increasing cloudiness, probably rain in west portion; moderate west winds becoming variable.

Toronto, Oct. 26.—Showers have occurred today in the Maritime Provinces and in Manitoba, and in Muskoka, elsewhere the weather has been fair. The temperature has been highest in Nova Scotia and near Lake Superior a little lower.

**Temperatures.**

	Min.	Max.
Dawson	14	24
Victoria	50	52
Vancouver	46	50
Kamloops	36	40
Calgary	34	52
Edmonton	36	54
Medicine Hat	44	52
Moose Jaw	36	45
Regina	32	48
Battleford	32	44
Prince Albert	30	40
Winnipeg	26	38
Port Arthur	26	36
London	38	45
Toronto	42	47
Kingston	44	50
Ottawa	40	50
Montreal	44	48
Quebec	40	40
Halifax	42	60
St. John	46	54

## FATHERS OF THE EMPIRE ADOPT A CONSTITUTION

**New Local Organization of Men Which Aims to Promote the Welfare of the Men in Khaki.**

The Fathers of the Empire held their second meeting for the purpose of organizing themselves last in the Empire Club rooms on Brussels street.

The meeting was well attended by fathers, sons and brothers of the men at the front, or of men who have made the supreme sacrifice.

The chairman of the meeting was Dr. Manning. The only matter of importance transacted was the report of the by-law committee, consisting of David Hipwell, George A. Blair, A. O. H. Wilson, Fred Flewelling and James T. McKee. The following clauses in the constitution of the association, which promises to be an influential one, were passed by the vote of the members:

1. The object of this association is for the purpose of assisting and in every way to help and to look after the interests of those who have been afflicted by this most cruel war.
2. Those eligible for membership are all fathers, brothers and sons, or any person recommended by an investigation committee.
3. The fee for membership in this society shall be fifty cents in advance every six months.
4. The officers shall consist of a president, 1st, 2nd and 3rd vice-presidents, secretary and treasurer, and also seven members shall be elected as an executive committee, of which five members shall be a quorum.
5. No general meeting shall be held unless there be at least twelve members present.
6. No person will be permitted to enter or remain in the hall during a meeting of the association while under the influence of liquor.
7. No political or sectarian discussions will be permitted during any meeting of this association.
8. This society will aid in every way in its power to secure positions for those who have donned the khaki or their dependents.
9. This society is formed for the mutual benefit and social intercourse of its members.
10. That each and every member of this society shall feel it their duty to urge in every legitimate way upon parents and guardians who have relatives physically fit to bear their share in this gigantic struggle for the existence of this Empire of which we are so proud.
11. At all meetings of this society the Union Jack, the emblem of our Empire, must be displayed.
12. Our motto:—That every one living under the protection of our Union Jack should do their bit. In God we trust.

The next meeting of the association will be held on Thursday night, November 2nd, at the Empire club rooms.



REV. R. TAYLOR MCKIM, New Rector of St. Mary's Church, recently appointed to succeed Archbishop Raymond.

### YEAR'S RECORD IN ADVANCE OF FOOD PRICES

How St. John Prices Yesterday Compared With the Corresponding Date in 1915—Higher in Every Case.

The whole question of food prices, or, the high cost of living, has been a subject of much concern the world over since the war began. The question opens up a wide area for discussion and thoughtful interest. In this connection it will be recalled that an influential deputation waited on members of the Dominion government recently and were promised due consideration of the questions at issue. This deputation were courteously received and it was made quite clear that the government is fully alive to the importance of controlling prices.

The whole question embodied in the term "The High Cost of Living," is complicated, but must, sooner or later, receive solution. All sorts of theories and suggestions have been brought forth with the view of explaining how it is that commodities, generally, are so dear. Of course the war is blamed most; but there are some who will have none of this. They say that this reason is not entirely satisfactory to the fellow who has ultimately to foot the bill—the consumer. He wants to have better reason advanced than those hitherto vouchsafed why he should be constantly asked to pay more, and yet more in return for his work.

A Statement of Prices.

The following figures concerning the prices of staples prevailing during the third week of October last year, compared with those during the corresponding period this year, will show that extraordinary advances have occurred in every department. The prices quoted, in every instance, are the jobbers' or wholesaler's prices in this city, so that to arrive at the retail prices of all the commodities mentioned in the list it will be necessary to add the retailer's profit:

1915.	1916.	
Flour, Manitoba	\$6.60	\$10.70
Flour, Ontario	6.10	10.05
Oatmeal, standard	6.75	8.50
Oatmeal, rolled	6.00	7.75
Sugar, standard	6.25	8.10
Corameal, gran.	5.75	7.00
Peas, split, bag	6.00	7.00
Currants, cleaned	1.15	.19
Lard, pure	15 1/2	20 1/2
Beef, Western	13	18
Butter, tub	30	34
Butter, creamery	32	40
Eggs, fresh	34	40
Eggs, case	32	35
Cheese, Can.	16 1/2	24
Chickens, lb.	22	28
Potatoes, bbl.	1.80	2.85

Potato prices are increasing at an alarming rate the world over and also flour prices. With reference to the latter staple the following despatch was received last night:

New York, Oct. 26.—Flour prices mounted today as high as \$11 a barrel in some sections of the country, according to reports here. The figures were highest since Civil War days.

**Lt. Good Heard From.**

Apparently all the officers of the 140th Battalion did not accompany their sections to the front as reinforcements. Yesterday Major Good at headquarters received a cable from his son, Allan, who was attached to "C" Company of the 140th, stating that he had been drafted to the 60th Battalion from Montreal. The cable also stated that Alval, the second son of Major Good, who went to the front in the 28th Western Battalion, was convalescing.

Montreal Daily Star, Montreal Standard, or The Family Herald, Phone West 869-41.

### Keep in Touch With the Weather Man

The maintenance of an even, comfortable temperature in either private or public buildings is only possible with the use of a thoroughly reliable Thermometer which need not be expensive to be thoroughly dependable. You will also find a Thermometer, fastened to the outside of the window casement, a great convenience in determining what to wear on going out.

**THE "TYCOS" THERMOMETER**

of which we show a very large and complete line, will give you most satisfactory service, being offered at the following prices:

Black Enamelled Brass, on Wood Mount, 35c., 40c., 45c., 50c., \$1.00; \$1.35, \$1.85, and \$2.15.

Plate Glass, \$1.45; Tin Case, 15c., 20c., 45c., and \$1.70. Copper Case, Candy Thermometer, \$1.50 and \$2.80.

Oven Thermometer, \$1.70; Bath Thermometer, \$1.15; Cottage Barometer, 25c.

Market Square—W. H. THORNE & CO., LTD.—King Street

### Around the City

**For Rockwood Park.**  
The Boston train brought to the city last night eight young raccoons which had been caught in the forests in Maine. The animals which are nicely marked were shipped from Osham. Their future home will be at Rockwood Park.

**Patriotic Entertainment.**  
The Albert School entertainment, which was held last Tuesday evening, will be repeated tonight in the City Hall, Carleton, for patriotic purposes. Already the proceeds from the last concert, \$250, have been donated to the patriotic society.

**Valuable Dog Poisoned.**  
The English bloodhound, Dalhousie's Mischief, C. K. C. 15947, owned by W. M. Sheehan, of Dalhousie, was poisoned on Wednesday. This dog, it will be remembered, won out first and special at the dog show here this month, finishing up his ten points for the Canadian championship, having won at St. John, 1915, Orangeville, London, Madison Square Garden, N. Y.; Montreal and St. John this year.

**Superintendent to Retire.**  
It is announced that Mr. Horace McEwen, Superintendent of the Prince Edward Island Railway, intends retiring at the end of the present year, after forty-three years of faithful service. During his incumbency Mr. McEwen has proved himself a capable, courteous and energetic official, ever mindful of the needs of the public. The P. E. I. Railway has, without question, never been in better shape than during Mr. McEwen's regime.

**Coun. Brewer Some Farmer.**  
Coun. Alex. Brewer, who resides on the Colter farm at Mouth of Keswick, is undoubtedly one of the largest producers of farm produce in York county. With 1,150 barrels of potatoes this season worth \$3 per barrel, he anticipates no difficulty in tiding over the winter. Coun. Brewer's cut of hay this season totals 150 tons. He has also 1,000 barrels of turnips and 1,000 bushels of grain. Coun. Brewer has solved the farm labor problem by raising boys of his own. He has five of them all husky chaps, who take a keen interest in farm work.

**No. 9 Siege Battery.**  
The boys of No. 9 Siege Battery held a meeting yesterday afternoon at which a sporting committee was chosen to arrange for games between the different teams in the battery and outside teams. The battery can produce several good teams, such as a football, baseball and basketball team. Speaking of games, one of the officers of the battery told The Standard that they would be willing to play any outside team in the province, after they had practiced a little. "Even the Sportsman's Battalion might be taken on," added the officer.

One recruit, Gunner Burchill, from Newcastle, reported for duty yesterday.

**Meeting of Appeals Committee.**  
A meeting of the appeals committee of the municipal council was held yesterday afternoon in the office of the county secretary. Those present were Councilors Russell, chairman, Carson, Boland, Dean, O'Brien, Golding, Hayes and Fisher. Five cases were disposed of, relief being granted in them all. Mrs. Carthy, on payment of \$15, was relieved of any further liability. J. A. Greedy and Taylor & Sweeney were relieved of \$5,000 each in their assessment. Councilor Dean was refunded an overcharge of \$25.05 and the St. Martins Telephone Co. will pay on a valuation of \$1,000 for the years in which they have not paid their taxes, and their valuation in the future in Simonds will be \$1,000.

**BOY WANTED.**  
Boy to run passenger elevator. Apply Standard Office.

### FIVE MEN ON HONOR ROLL YESTERDAY

One Recruit for 180th Came from Winnipeg—The 173rd at Sussex—Other Military Notes.

**HONOR ROLL.**

F. A. Chesley, St. John, N. B.  
Harold Chesley, St. John, N. B. Army Service Corps.  
J. Anderson, Winnipeg, Man. 180th Battalion.  
M. Burchill, Newcastle, N. B. 9th Siege Battery.

### APPLE SHOW TO BE OPENED ON TUESDAY

Third New Brunswick Apple Exhibition Likely to be Most Successful Yet Held—More than 1000 Entries Already.

The third New Brunswick apple exhibition will open in St. Andrew's rink here on Tuesday, October 31, and be continued on November 1st, 2nd and 3rd.

The official opening will take place at eight o'clock Tuesday night. Mayor Hayes will be present and addresses will be given by Hon. J. A. Murray, minister of agriculture for New Brunswick, and D. Johnson of the Dominion Fruit Commission, Ottawa. The band of the 165th Battalion will attend and provide a programme of music, and it is planned to have members of the Board of Trade attend.

The Natural History Society will be asked to attend on Wednesday evening and it is planned to have pupils in the higher grades attend the exhibition on Thursday.

The last exhibition was held here in 1911 and this one promises to be much more successful. Over 1,000 entries have been received and the problem will be to find space for all the exhibits.

There will also be conducted in connection with the show a packing school, under the direction of P. J. Carey, fruit inspector of Toronto, where the proper method of grading and packing fruit will be demonstrated.

The judges will be, Prof. T. G. Bunty of the MacDonald College, Quebec; A. J. Logsdall, horticultural expert from Ottawa; Prof. W. S. Blair of the experimental farm at Kentville, and Prof. Shore of the agricultural college, Truro.

Gundry's shows a number of very select patterns in Sterling Silver. These are Canadian manufacture and can always be added to. Our fall selection is now en route from the factory. Rogers' 1847 always carried in stock. There is not one article of inferior make in Gundry's entire stock.

**Viyella Flannels.**  
There are no goods in the market more desirable for Fall and Winter Blouses, Dresses and Suits than Viyella Flannels. P. A. Dryeman & Co. have a good selection of these dress goods. Prices range from 70c. to \$1.45 per yard according to the weight and width of material. These Flannels are also of extra value for pajama suits, men's shirts and for children's wear. Every yard of Viyella is guaranteed unshrinkable.

As a farewell to the members who will make up the draft, a dance will be held in the "Prentice Boys' Hall" tonight in West St. John. Invitations have been sent to relatives and friends of the boys, requesting their presence. A large number are expected to be in attendance tonight and a good time is anticipated.

On Tuesday evening a banquet will be tendered to the officer and non-commissioned officers of the draft by the boys of the Field Ambulance and this promises to be a memorable affair.

The draft will proceed overseas any time after the last of this month. It is probable that they will leave St. John at the same time as the 13th Battalion.

The 173rd at Sussex.

A large concourse of people assembled at the station at Sussex last night to witness the arrival of the 173rd Battalion, which was due to arrive in the afternoon. Two trains conveying the troops reached Sussex at 10.30, but owing to the lateness of the hour, they did not leave the cars. They remained in the coaches for the night.

The 173rd Battalion is a Highland regiment, recruited in Ontario. During mobilization the battalion headquarters were at Hamilton.

Lieut.-Col. Bruce is in command of the battalion, which has 1,000 names on the muster roll. According to reports from Camp Borden, where the battalion canvassed for the summer, the 173rd is a crack regiment.

Their stay in Sussex is indefinite.

**The 180th.**

The 180th Battalion will accept the invitation extended by Mayor Mitchell of Fredericton and give an exhibition of field sports at the capital. It is possible that the entire battalion, 1,000 men, will leave here in special trains in the morning and return at night. They will be leaving some time within the next two weeks.

The boys were busily engaged at their quarters yesterday, collecting and straightening out their belongings.

For a few hours in the afternoon battalion drill occupied their attention on the Barrack Square.

As no preparations are being made at or near the exhibition building for officers' quarters, it looks as though the 180th Battalion are not to be in St. John for any great length of time.

Several prominent military men when asked how long the battalion would be in the city replied, "You know as much as we do about that part of it."

**Field Ambulance.**

A draft of fifty-nine men, under the command of Captain McDonald of the Field Ambulance Training Depot, will shortly be leaving for overseas.

How St. John Prices Yesterday Compared With the Corresponding Date in 1915—Higher in Every Case.

### THE NEWEST IN MILLINERY ALWAYS

Millinery Bargains Today

**TRIMMED HATS**

In all the latest and most popular styles, including White Hats that we advertised in Tuesday's Standard. See what we are selling today at

**\$3.00**

**UNTRIMMED HATS**

Hundreds to select from in best quality Silk Velvet, Hatters' Plush and Velour—many just received this week.

**CHILDREN'S HATS**

EVERYTHING IN CORRECT MILLINERY

**MARR MILLINERY CO., LTD.**

### Have You Seen the Enterprise Sterling Range?

We refer with pleasure to anyone using a Sterling Range, knowing that a satisfied customer is the best recommendation.

The Sterling has many features which housekeepers will appreciate.

The price is so moderate as to place this beautiful range within the reach of all. Come in and look over the "Enterprise Line."

**Enterprise Stoves Give Satisfaction**

**Emerson & Fisher Ltd.**

STORES OPEN 8-30 CLOSE AT 6 P.M. SATURDAYS 10 P.M.

**MANCHESTER ROBERTSON ALLISON LIMITED**

KING ST. GERMAIN ST. AND MARKET SQUARE

## MILLINERY OPENING OF WINTER HATS

In Millinery Department

A Select Showing of—

### TRIMMED HATS FOR WINTER WEARING

The very newest ideas in shapes and trimmings, featuring WHITE and the three other popular colors, Cherry, King's Blue and Oyster.

The rage for skating and other outdoor amusements where appropriate costumes specially designed are worn has made these smart styles popular. Mostly close fitting, in lively colors, these pretty hats are very suitable for winter wear. Those in white are especially becoming, and almost any of the brighter colored shapes would live up an otherwise sombre costume.

## FALL AND WINTER COSTUMES

Representing the most authentic styles for this season, fashioned from good materials, in all the beautiful new shades that fashion demands.

**WOMEN'S AND MISSES' VELVET SUITS.** This season's most advanced styles. Colors: Burgundy, Plums and Greens. \$33.00

**NOVELTY COSTUMES.** Large Sizes, 40 to 46 inch Bust, Browns, Taupes, Burgundy, Greens, Black and Navy. \$35.00 to \$50.00

**SPECIAL VALUES IN SERGE CHEVIOT COSTUMES.** This season's styles in good quality material. Navy Blue. \$15.75, \$18.75 and \$22.75

**WOMEN'S, MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S JACKETS.** Velours, Plushes, Tweeds, Serges. Newest Models in All Colors.

**COSTUME DEPARTMENT.**

**Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited**