

WILL YOU RENT ANOTHER HOUSE OR BUILD ONE?

Some Facts and Figures Which May Help St. John People Who Are Standing at the Corner of Indecision.

One of the most serious questions which will come up for discussion in many homes during the next couple of months is that of deciding whether or not the family will move next May. Then if the latter is decided upon, there comes the question whether to buy a house or keep on renting. Needless to say that the majority who are now considering the matter and have done so at this time for the last half dozen years will keep on renting. The average man hesitates to invest his hard earned savings in real estate ventures and to tie it up where he cannot get at it readily in emergencies. A study of the relative expenses of these two modes of holding property is an interesting one, while to the heads of families whose salaries range from \$800 to a \$1,000, and who are paying a quarter or more of their total earnings for rent the study is a vital one.

There are a number of side-issues which must always be taken into consideration. Many a man has rented the same house annually for a dozen or so years and found it fairly suitable to his tastes. It would never, however, occur to him to buy it. His ideal, always before his mind's eye, which he intends to possess some day as really and truly his own, is quite different. There are to be noted the little inconveniences in this home, which he puts up with, in the rented house. It would never do perhaps to have a basement kitchen and dining room, as so common in the houses erected after the fire of 1877. Again it is a hard wood floor, or another bedroom or two which is the necessary. In short, the house which one would consider purchasing is probably worth a thousand or so more than the house which one has been renting.

WANT GIRLS TO WORK IN HERRING FACTORY

EASTPORT, Nov. 5.—There has been a big demand during the past week for girls to work in the boneless herring plant which has been started up at neighboring towns. The wages offered do not compare with those of the sardine factories, now closed, a fair amount can be made by the female trimmers of the smoked herring. It is slow work for the new hands peeling off the skin and removing the backbone from the newly smoked herring, but with nothing else in sight for the winter, the work is considered a benefit to many here. With the recent closing of the sardine canning plants—a month ahead of the usual time—many of the regular employees left the city for outside work, and most of the out-of-town employees returned to their homes feeling that they would not make much above their board money by remaining, so all the benches in the boneless herring plants have not been filled as soon as was expected. The same industry has also been started up at neighboring towns and it will be more extensively entered into this winter than ever down east, and as the prolific herring fresh from the weirs will not be canned again until April, those in the city who want work will be obliged to enter the boneless industry, even if they are unable to make wages to compare with the sardine canning business.

SHOOTING IRONS

THE SEASON IS NOW OPEN Never before have we shown such a variety of snow including the latest models.

Winchester, Marlin, Davenport, Iver Johnson and Savage GUNS. Johnson & Lefevre GUNS, Ammunition for All Kinds of Guns and Rifles. Canvas Canoes for Sportsmen's Use (Sporting Goods Flat, Second Floor). Best Silk Bolting Cloth \$3.00 to \$10.

W. H. THORNE & CO., LIMITED

Market Square, St. John, N. B.

DEATH OF WELL-KNOWN PHILANTHROPIST.

MONTREAL, Nov. 5.—Charles Alexander, a retired business man, and the well-known philanthropist of the city, was accidentally killed last evening. On retiring for the night he found his room too warm and in opening the window fell to the ground, a distance of thirty feet, receiving injuries which proved fatal two hours later. Mr. Alexander was born in Dundee, Scotland, June 13, 1816, and was educated there. He came to Canada in 1840, and during the major part of his career lived in Montreal, where he was actively and successfully engaged in business on his own account. He sat for many years in the Montreal city council, and in 1874 was elected to represent Montreal in the legislature, filling the vacancy caused therein by the retirement of the late Hon. L. H. Holt. At the ensuing general elections he was defeated by the late A. W. Ogilvie, afterwards a senator. He was displayed throughout the warmest interest in local charitable and philanthropic works, and was regarded as one of the leaders in all movements of the kind originating among the people of Montreal. He was one of the founders and first president of the Institute for Protestant deaf mutes and the blind; one of the founders and a president of the Protestant house of industry and refuge; one of the founders and president of the Canadian Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals; one of the founders and a vice-president of the Protestant Hospital for the Insane. Very recently he had been elected a founder of the Female Prison, established for reclaiming women of all denominations. He likewise built the "Alexander wing" to the Boys' Home, and has been at the head of trustees connected therewith for many years. He also served on the committee of management of the Montreal General Hospital and of the Society for the Protection of Women and Children; and was also a member of the board of directors of the Montreal Homeopathic Association and Hospital. He was at one time on the directorate of the Congregational College of St. John, and a vice-president of the Inst. Canadian. Politically Mr. Alexander was a liberal. In 1886 a claim was made on his behalf to the dormant earldom of Stirling.

SERIOUS FIRE AT ELLSWORTH, MAINE.

ELLSWORTH, Me., Nov. 5.—Fire that started about three o'clock this morning in the furniture store of L. W. Jordan, burned at first in a nest of wooden buildings, virtually ruined three business blocks, two of which were owned by Fred A. Eddy, the other by T. J. & R. B. Holmes and badly damaged a fourth. The fire, which was caused by Mr. Eddy, causing a total loss of about \$25,000, upon which there is only partial insurance. The fire is supposed to have originated in the chimney, and when discovered had complete possession of the upper portion of the three structures, which joined each other and were located in the very heart of the business section. The other stores on the ground floor of these buildings were unoccupied, but on the upper floor of the Woodruff and living rooms of Dr. H. L. D. Woodruff, the offices of Dr. J. D. McDonald and J. A. French's tailor's room, were completely buried out and the Woodruff family was obliged to make a hasty exit. The fire had gained good headway before the arrival of the firemen owing to a delay in giving the alarm, and soon spread to the adjoining building of Mr. Eddy's, occupied entirely by J. P. Eldredge, dealer in stoves and hardware. Here the firemen checked the flames and the building was saved from total destruction. The losses are as follows: Fred Eddy, building, \$4,000; T. J. & R. B. Holmes, building, \$4,000; L. W. Jordan, furniture, \$5,000; J. P. Eldredge, stoves and hardware, \$2,500; Dr. H. L. D. Woodruff, \$3,000; Dr. J. D. McDonald, \$300; J. A. French, tailor, \$500.

RAILWAY MATTERS.

FREDERICTON, Nov. 5.—R. A. Harry of the district head offices of the Grand Trunk Pacific railway has been offered the position of assistant chief engineer of the Florida—East Coast railway. This road is being opened for the development of the fruit belt of Florida as an adjunct to the Gould system. He may go to Florida at New Year's. J. C. Meredith, the chief engineer of the road, and Mr. Harry were associated in the construction of the Rock Island system terminals several years ago. A railroad engineer told your correspondent that he has it on the authority of the firm's consulting engineer that Mackenzie & Mann's intention is to connect their western roads with the Atlantic seaboard with Pughwash harbor as a seaport. He says the firm will build a road down the St. John valley if the G. T. P. gives the central route. Chief Engineer Guy C. Dunn of the Grand Trunk Pacific says the staff will remove to St. John about the latter part of this week.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 6.—Luke Howard was fatally injured this afternoon at Sellville, near Columbus, while "loping the gap" in an automobile this afternoon. The machine had gone safely through its evolutions, then it bounded up after landing and turned over, falling on Howard and breaking his back.

RUSSIA'S TROUBLES ARE GRADUALLY DIMINISHING.

Count Witte Having Trouble Organizing His New Cabinet--Text of Imperial Manifesto Concerning Finland.

Reports received from many points indicate that the situation throughout the Russian provinces is improving. The first train out of Odessa since the disorders began arrived yesterday at St. Petersburg, having taken 13 days to accomplish the journey. The struggle for autonomy in Poland has been revived and flags bearing the Polish coat of arms are flying from many buildings—preliminary to further action. Count Witte is having trouble in organizing his new cabinet and has taken up his residence in the palace in St. Petersburg so that he may be at the emperor's elbow when his majority returns, which is expected to be very soon. The text of the imperial manifesto concerning Finland has been made public, and has caused great rejoicing in Finland and other cities of Finland. Despatches to the London morning papers tell of great distress in Kieff, in the Caucasus and other places which have been the centres of disorders. MANIFESTO TO FINLAND. ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 6.—Following is the text of the imperial manifesto concerning Finland: "By the grace of God, we, Nicholas II, emperor and autocrat of all the Russias, Czar of Poland, Grand Duke of Finland, etc., in virtue of the law of the Diet of April 25, 1869, command an extraordinary diet to consider the following questions: "We trust that the budget of 1907, provisional taxes and a loan for railway construction. "Second—A bill providing by a new fundamental law, a parliament for Finland on the basis of universal suffrage with the establishment of the responsibility of the local authorities to the nation's deputies. "Third—Bills granting liberty of the press, of religion and of unions. "We expect from all an exact execution of our will." (Signed.) NICHOLAS. Another imperial manifesto says: "Having examined the petition of Jan. 13, 1904, we have ordered the elaboration of bills reforming the fundamental laws for submission to the diet on the basis of universal suffrage. For many years the council of ministers is appointed by the Official Messenger this morning.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 6.—Emperor Nicholas this afternoon received M. Shipoff, former president of the Moscow Zemstvo, who started on his return to Moscow tonight. It is understood on official authority that M. Shipoff has accepted office in Count Witte's cabinet and that M. Shipoff, director of the treasury department, who accompanied Count Witte to the United States, will be appointed. ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 7.—The appointment of Count Witte as president of the council of ministers is announced by the Official Messenger this morning.

NEWS FROM THE DOMINION CAPITAL

May Place Another Cruiser in Columbia Waters—A New History—Cabinet Meeting.

OTTAWA, Nov. 6.—It is stated the government will place a second cruiser in Columbia waters to prevent Americans from encroaching on the Canadian fishing grounds. The presence of Sir Daniel McMillan, lieutenant governor of Manitoba, in the city has revived interest in the question of the appointment of his successor. In the event of Sir Daniel not having his term extended, as it is believed, the post will go to Kenneth McKenzie of Winnipeg. There is no fixed term for lieutenant governor, but it is provided in the constitution that after five years the lieutenant governor can be replaced without any reasons being given. Dr. Doughty, dominion architect, recommends to the government a conference of university representatives to arrange for the publication of a new history of Canada in the light of certain important historical documents which recently have been discovered at the Government House and which were forwarded to the archives department by Lord Minto. Lieut. Col. Bliss of the ordnance stores corps here has been transferred to Winnipeg. The cabinet had a short meeting today at which only routine business was transacted. After the meeting Fielding, Brodeur, Patterson and Cartwright left for Montreal to resume the tariff enquiry. Sir Wilfrid and Lady Laurier and Prefontaine go to Montreal in the morning to attend the first performance of a play written by Miss Barry (Francois) a well known literary lady. Telegraphers from No. 4 division of the C. P. R., tonight presented C. W. Spencer with an address and magnificent loving cup on his retirement from the road to assume the duties of general manager of the Canadian Northern eastern lines.

RUMFORD FALLS, Me., Nov. 6.—Snow, which began to fall in this section of the state early this morning, had tonight reached a depth of nearly eight inches.

OVERCOATS

That are Right in Style, Cloth and Price. We might harp away till doomsday about "best style, best make and lower prices" and not convince the people unless they were "best." It's results that count and we're selling more OVERCOATS this fall than ever before—no business has grown so rapidly as this one has—its because we give the values. Try us and see. See our MEN'S OVERCOATS at \$5, \$6, \$7.50, \$8.75, \$10, \$12, \$13.50, \$15 to \$20.

J. N. HARVEY, Men's and Boys' outfitter, 199 and 207 Union St.

NEW BRUNSWICK MAN UNDER SERIOUS CHARGE.

BOSTON, Nov. 5.—With the recovery from the bottom of the harbor today of a leather bag containing a head, believed to be that of Miss Susanna A. Geary, the dress suit case victim, and a message from New York that one of the men under arrest there had thrown the blame of the primary operation performed on the girl upon a woman and one of the men now in custody, the local police feel that they have well in hand the major details of what for weeks has been a very baffling case. When asked tonight concerning the alleged confessions of Louis W. Crawford and William Howard, Boston New York prisoners, Chief William B. Wats of the Boston bureau of criminal investigation, said: "All I will say is that the confession of these two men is the most startling and sensational story I have ever heard. I do not like to think of it. It is a terrible story and the most remarkable tale I, in all my years of police service, ever heard of. I believe that both men have told the whole truth, for never before in my life have I ever heard the confession of a criminal so complete in detail and vivid in its description. If it is ever given in its entirety to the public, and I hardly think it will unless it comes out of the trial, the effect upon the people will be stunning." The New York prisoners, Morris Nathan, who was brought here from Philadelphia, Pa., and Dr. Percy D. McLeod, who was arrested in Boston, are all charged with the same crime, that of abducting and according to the local authorities there can be no mitigation of this charge, as it holds against anyone who may be involved in any way in such a case. According to the laws of this state, a charge of being an accessory in such a case cannot be made in a warrant against any person. With a death occurring in this state is not less than five or more than twenty years in state prison. The police are still searching for Mary S. Dean, said to have been housekeeper and nurse at the house where Miss Geary died. Nathan has not yet left the city hospital, but his condition is much improved and he may be arraigned tomorrow. Dr. McLeod's name will not be called in court until Friday.

SUDDEN DEATH OF KINGS CO. MAN.

STEPHEN JONES OF APOHAQUI PASSED AWAY YESTERDAY AFTERNOON. (Special to the Sun.) APOHAQUI, Nov. 6.—The sudden death occurred at Apohaqui today after an illness of only three days, during which he suffered acutely, of Stephen Jones of this place. He was born at Kings on June 6th, 1837, and was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Jones, both of whose parents were of Loyalist descent. He was married on July 16th, 1861, to Miss Eliza Erb, daughter of the late Seth Erb. He leaves a widow and five sons and three daughters to mourn his loss. The sons are Seth S. Jones, Geo. B., William A., Herbert S., and Harley S., the last four being all of Apohaqui. His daughters are Mrs. Neil Johnson of this place also and Misses Idora and Margaret M., who reside at home. The late Mr. Jones is also survived by a brother, David, farmer, of Kars, and five sisters, Mrs. Wm. Hazen and Mrs. Wm. Carter of Kingston, Mrs. Seymour Urquhart of Kars, Mrs. Alfred Urquhart of Springfield and Mrs. Edward Cowan of Boston. The deceased came from Kars to this place thirty-three years ago. He was a strong liberal conservative and a staunch supporter of the school law when that measure was before the public. Besides his immediate family he leaves a large circle of friends and acquaintances to mourn their loss. The funeral will take place from his late residence on Wednesday at 2 p. m.

SAYS HE BRIBED SYDNEY ALDERMAN.

HALIFAX, N. S., Nov. 5.—At the trial of Neil J. Sutherland at Sydney, the accused gave evidence to the effect that he had paid David Ahearn, crown prosecutor for the county of Cape Breton, then Alderman Ahearn, \$500 to help secure the license of the city council to grant a license to the Cape Breton Brewery Co. Mr. Sutherland was an active promoter of the brewery, and while the consent of the council was secured for the license, the public raised such a storm of protest that the inland revenue department declined to grant the license. The brewery was near the high school and the voters' objection to citizens. The giving of this piece of evidence by Sutherland created a decided sensation. Mr. Ahearn explains that the money was paid him for professional fees and as a bribe.

CANADIAN HONORED.

KINGSTON, Ont., Nov. 3.—H. A. Guess, formerly of Queen's, has been appointed assistant manager of the Silverton, Colorado, silver mines, at a salary of five thousand dollars a year. His brother, George Guess, will take his place as chief chemist for the Canadian (Sonora, Mexico) Mining Co. Both are well remembered in Kingston.



# History of Methodism in the Miramichi.

BY REV. DR. WILSON.

The Miramichi is, next to the Saint John, the largest river in New Brunswick, stretching from the Straits of Northumberland far away into the interior. It is rich in magnificent scenery, much excellent farming lands lie along its course, its waters abound with the most valuable of fish, while the output of lumber from its many mills is simply enormous. Newcastle, the shiretown, is located on its northern bank, near where it is crossed by the Intercolonial railway, and is about equidistant from Moncton and the Quebec boundary. The town is well provided with churches, schools, hotels, and whatever is deemed necessary for comfort and pleasure in these days of progress and high civilization. Chatham for many years the head of the old Miramichi circuit, is situated on the south side of the river a few miles farther down. It is a busy place, has some very fine private residences, carries on a large trade with the outside world, exports an enormous quantity of lumber, has two excellent schools, several churches, good schools, and its people are well and favorably known for their thrift and business ability. It is the home of His Honor Lieut. Governor Snowball, whose father, the late John Snowball, was at one time the resident Methodist minister there.

### THE EARLY THEORY.

In the early history of this region the people have been in the troubles and dangers of the period, and the savage maled by menace, and the savage legislation by the bloody statutes of the townshank and the knife. During the contest between France and Britain for the supremacy on the continent some terrible deeds were done, and after the Briton had been acknowledged the conqueror, it was no easy matter to establish relations between the victors and the vanquished. But it was done and the Frenchman found British rule the best he had ever known, and the Indian learned that British promises were sacredly kept.

As no account of this section of country would be complete without some mention of the great fire of 1825, we give the following from the pen of the late Rev. Dr. Cooney: "The summer had been remarkably dry, scarcely any rain had fallen, and very extensive fires had been raging for some time all the way from the St. Lawrence to the borders of Quebec. From the 5th of October to the 7th the heat was intense . . . there was not a breath of air, and there was over-loaded, an irresistible lazarine seized the people, and the whole country seemed to be encircled by a fiery zone. Earth, air, sea and sky seemed to conspire in this terrible conflagration, and to inflict violence by the gale that had suddenly arisen, foamed with rage, and flung its boiling spray upon the land. The thunder pealed, and the lightning rent the firmament at the moment all nature appeared to be hushed into dumbness, when suddenly a lengthy and sullen roar came booming through the forest, and the whole of the northern side of the river burst forth as an hundred miles, and over six thousand square miles, became enveloped in an immense sheet of flame. A calamity never before seen in the forest country, and the general character of the scene was such that all it required to complete a picture of the Day of Judgment was the blast of a trumpet, the voice of the Archangel, and the Resurrection of the Dead."

### TALE OF DISASTER.

In this terrible calamity 160 persons were burnt or drowned, 636 buildings and 875 head of cattle destroyed, and the loss in property amounted to over a million of dollars. Very generous was the aid extended to the sufferers. Great Britain sent \$25,000, United States and other foreign places, \$22,000, old Canada, \$26,700, Newfoundland, \$2,500, Nova Scotia, \$2,100, Prince Edward Island \$850 and New Brunswick \$23,650, of which over \$21,000 went from this city.

Methodism was introduced into Newcastle and Chatham on the same Sabbath in the month of August, 1828. The Rev. John B. Strong, then stationed in Fredericton, after a horseback ride of three days, reached Newcastle, and on the Sabbath preached there in the forenoon and evening at the school room at Chatham. Of the evening service Mr. Strong wrote this: "Many were without, with hats off and as still as night. After the service the people thronged to the little band of emigrants they had never seen a Methodist preacher since leaving their native land and begged me for their sakes and for the sake of their children to abide with them or use my influence to send them a missionary." On Monday morning Mr. Strong made his way up the North-west Branch, where he found Robert Tweedy with his wife and eight children. This good man "was the leader of a little band of Irish emigrants who had not left their religion behind them, and who for five years had by means of the class meetings and other simple services, kept alive their altar fire, and hoped and prayed for the coming of one of their own ministers. Three of the sons of this Godly couple entered the Methodist ministry. Robert James and William, who after many years of service, passed to the reward. A son of the latter is one of the professors in the Mount Allison educational institutions."

Of Mrs. Isabel Maclean, the sister of Robert Tweedy, the Rev. John Brewster was wont to tell the following story with thrilling effect, and perhaps never more so than at a conference missionary meeting held in this place. "The story ran thus: 'As the little band of emigrants were about to embark the husband was so moved by the sorrow shown by the friends they were leaving that he proposed remaining in the old land, when the little wife said, 'Sing John Brown's hymn.' John Brown had been their class leader, and a favorite hymn of his began with the words: 'Away with our sorrow and fear.' The hymn was sung and wiping

- 1834-36—Richard Williams, Peter Sleep.
1837-38—Richard Williams, Humphrey Pickles.
1837-38—M. Pickles, Wm. Bannister, S. D. Rice.
1838-39—Wm. Semple, S. D. Rice.
1839-40—Wm. Semple, T. McMaisters, M. Pickles.
1840-42—Arthur McNutt, David Jennings, W. Allen.
1842-43—Arthur McNutt.
1843-44—Richard Sheppard.
1844-45—George Johnson.
1845-52—Christopher Lockhart.
1852-55—John Snowball.
1855-59—William Smith.
1859-62—George M. Barrett.
1862-64—William M. Perkins, Wm. M. Heartz.
1864-65—William W. Pickles, C. B. Pitblado.
1865-69—Frederick W. Moore.
1869-88—Edwin Evans, A. D. Morton.
1888-70—Edwin Evans, Chas. H. Forsley.
1872-73—Ingham Sutcliffe, A. D. Morton.

### CHATHAM MINISTERS.

The Chatham ministers since 1875 have been:

- 1875-76—John Waterhouse.
1876-77—Robert S. Crisp.
1877-78—Hezekiah McKeown.
1878-82—Stephen T. Teed.
1882-84—Douglas Chapman.
1884-85—Frederic W. Harrison.
1885-88—Frederic W. Harrison.
1888-90—Thomas S. Crisp.
1890-93—Thomas Marshall.
1893-97—George Steel.
1897-1900—George M. Young.
1900-02—William Matthews.
1902-06—James Strathairn.
The Newcastle ministers for the same years have been:

- 1875-76—John Crisp.
1876-77—Edward Jenkins.
1877-79—George M. Campbell.
1879-81—George Steel.
1881-82—Thomas Pierce.
1882-84—Thomas Hickey.
1884-85—Fred W. Harrison.
1885-86—Douglas Chapman.
1886-87—Stephen M. Rice.
1887-90—John A. Clark.
1890-93—George Harrison.
1893-94—Levi S. Johnson.
1894-96—James Crisp.
1896-99—John A. Clark.
1899-1900—George W. Fisher.
1900-02—Fletcher P. Pickles.
1902-03—A. L. Paine.
1903-06—Hammond Johnson.

As might have been expected from the followers of Wesley, the friends of the temperance movement felt they could always count upon the sympathy of the moral support of the Methodist ministers. A leading merchant of Charlottetown, and elder of the Rev. William H. Heartz, of Yarmouth, and the present president of the Nova Scotia conference. After some years of service in this country, he retired from our work, but not being the immediate cause. Later he removed to the United States whither so many have gone in search of health and higher work, which, however, they have not always found. The principal man agent in bringing about this revival was the wife of the Hon. Peter Mitchell, who for many years played a prominent part in the public life of this province. Mrs. Mitchell, while a member of another church, was a regular attendant at the Methodist services then held on a Sabbath afternoon. Becoming dissatisfied with her present church, she was intended for something nobler than mere pleasure, she had a talk with Mr. Perkins and requested him to hold some special services. Surprised and with such a request coming from so unexpected a quarter, the request was readily acceded to. Services were arranged for and an old-fashioned protracted meeting entered upon. Mrs. Mitchell was the first to go forward to the seakers' seat and others followed her example. Among the many who came into the church at that time were Mr. Williston, afterwards a judge of the county court; Miss Wilson, relative of Rev. Dr. Donald, then of St. Andrew's church, St. John, who became the wife of Rev. Charles B. Pitblado above referred to, who some years later sought a home under the Stars and Stripes; Miss Gregory, sister of Judge Gregory, who was married to another minister of the Rev. John Winterbotham; Miss Aggie Bilzard, now Mrs. Bogart, of this city, daughter of Ald. Bilzard, so long a prominent member of the city council. Another active worker of the city was Mr. Morall, who at that time carried on the business of shipbuilding here, but whose duties called him to Newcastle, and who while there rendered excellent service. The influence of the revival was felt in all the surrounding country and the church was correspondingly strengthened.

Almost immediately after Mr. Pickles had entered upon his work steps were taken to erect a place of worship and the building was so far advanced by November that services were then held here. It was a modest structure, and answered the purpose and many a one was helped to a better life by what was heard there. After the revival of 1882 the place having become too small for the congregation, another and more suitable one was provided. In securing the necessary funds Mrs. Mitchell engaged in the work of collecting and very largely through her amount was secured and the new quarters taken possession of.

### AT CHATHAM.

The first Methodist church in Chatham was commenced in 1830 by Rev. Mr. Pickles and formally set apart by Rev. Enoch Wood on July 31, 1831. Among the members of the trustee board were Robert Morrow, Joseph Spratt, James A. Pierce, Joseph Dutton and John McLean. The building was after the old style, high profile, square pews and lofty galleries, and could accommodate six hundred persons. Having suffered by fire in 1845 it was rebuilt and rededicated, and continued to be the place of meeting until the present handsome structure took its place. Chatham and Newcastle continued to be known as the Miramichi circuit until 1874, when each under its own name was set off by itself. The conference appointees between 1830 and 1874 were the following:

- 1830-31—Michael Pickles.
1831-32—Enoch Wood, Arthur McNutt.
1832-33—Enoch Wood, Henry Daniel.
1833-34—Albert Desbrisay, Henry Daniel.

in the financial realm. One good brother so persistently kept the money question before the people that a was described him as sitting with his arms around the cash when the quarterly returns were paid in and saying: "This, this is the God we adore, Our faithful, unchangeable friend."

### NOTED PAINTER DEAD IN NEW YORK

J. Staples Rowe, a portrait painter well known in this city, Boston and Philadelphia, died yesterday at his apartments, in the Hotel Collingwood, in West Thirty-fifth street, from liver complaint. He was forty-nine years of age.

Mr. Rowe pursued his art studies in Boston and came to this city eighteen years ago. For several years he devoted most of his time to small portraits on porcelain and ivory, and later to the more successful painting of his life size portraits. In recent years his work has consisted almost entirely of life size portraits. Many persons of prominence have sat for Mr. Rowe. One of the best examples of his work was a miniature on ivory of Miss Helen Gould, which he painted a few years ago, for which he received \$1,500.

Other portraits which he has painted are those of former President McKinley, Pierpont Morgan, Mrs. Hobart, Andrew of the former vice president, Dean Hoffman, the Countess De Castellane, and other members of the Gould family.

Mr. Rowe was an accomplished musician. He was a member of the Boston Art Club, the Philadelphia Art Club and the Orpheus Club. He is survived by a widow.

The subject of the above sketch, which is reproduced from the New York Herald, was born in St. John, and left here when about seventeen years of age, going to Massachusetts with his parents, who returned to their native state after the fire of '71. Freely they to the fire his father, the late John S. Rowe, carried on business in this city as a watchmaker and jeweller.

John S. Rowe, the father of the deceased, died at Lawrence, Mass., about five years ago. Since that time Mrs. Rowe, mother of the celebrated artist, has resided with her daughter, Mrs. Walter R. Miles, of 269 Charlotte street. The other surviving members of the family are: Mrs. J. M. Hay, St. John; Mrs. W. Bell, Moncton; Mrs. Butler and Mrs. Livetts of Lawrence, Mass.

The news of Mr. Rowe's death came as a great shock to his mother and his illness, but had no idea that he was not expected to recover. The funeral took place yesterday, and remains being interred at Mohawk, New York, in the native place of the deceased's widow.

### PRINCE LOUIS AT WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—Rear Admiral Prince Louis of Battenberg was received by the president and Mrs. Roosevelt at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The Prince was the bearer of a personal message of goodwill from King Edward to President Roosevelt, and was presented to the president by Sir Henry Drummond, British ambassador. The presentation was made the occasion for a brilliant reception.

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### Was a St. John Man Who Left Here 30 Years Ago

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### MEANT POISON SALTS FOR FATHER.

PRESQUE ISLE, Me., Nov. 2.—That the person suspected of putting strychnine in the Epsom salts used in the case of which last Sunday the death of Pearl, daughter of Isaac Barnes, had possession of this drug several months ago, was established by today's investigation, as was also the positive conclusion that the person against whom the murderous intentions were directed was the father of the family and possibly his son-in-law as well.

### When Bilious and Sallow

Many people are subject to periodical attacks of biliousness, sick headaches, indigestion, and constipation. These are the result of a sluggish liver, which is especially responsible for this suffering.

### HOW MISSIONARIES WERE MASSACRED.

HONG KONG, Nov. 3.—Bishop Meret, of the Roman Catholic church has received a letter confirming the news of the massacre of American missionaries at Lienchow, and giving the following particulars:

### RESCUED FROM THE DEADLY CLUTCHES.

SMITH'S FALLS, Ont., Nov. 3.—(Special.)—Mr. Theodore Young, a well-known citizen of this place, is one of the many Canadians who have been rescued from the clutches of the most dreaded Bright's Disease, by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

### ONE MORE CURE OF BRIGHT'S DISEASE BY DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

Mr. Theodore Young, of Smith's Falls, Was Beyond the Doctor's Aid—Now He's Well and Strong

### NOTED PAINTER DEAD IN NEW YORK

J. Staples Rowe, a portrait painter well known in this city, Boston and Philadelphia, died yesterday at his apartments, in the Hotel Collingwood, in West Thirty-fifth street, from liver complaint. He was forty-nine years of age.

### Was a St. John Man Who Left Here 30 Years Ago

The subject of the above sketch, which is reproduced from the New York Herald, was born in St. John, and left here when about seventeen years of age, going to Massachusetts with his parents, who returned to their native state after the fire of '71. Freely they to the fire his father, the late John S. Rowe, carried on business in this city as a watchmaker and jeweller.

### MEANT POISON SALTS FOR FATHER.

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**SURPRISE SOAP**  
A PURE SOAP  
HARD  
You Can Use  
"SURPRISE" Soap  
in any and every way,  
but we recommend a  
trial of the "SURPRISE"  
way, without boiling or  
scalding the clothes.  
READ THE DIRECTIONS ON THE WRAPPER.  
ST. JOHN SOAP MFG. CO., ST. STEPHEN, N.B.

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What is this? It is a Procter & Gamble Soap. It has been used by millions of people and has proved itself to be the best soap in the world. It is pure and soft on the skin. It is the best soap for the face. It is the best soap for the hands. It is the best soap for the laundry. It is the best soap for the kitchen. It is the best soap for the bath. It is the best soap for the whole family.

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# OUR BOYS AND GIRLS Conducted by Polly Evans

"Dull November brings the blast, Hark! the leaves are whirling fast!"

## Guy Fawkes Day

A London Holiday Which is Kept in Memory of a Great Crime's Failure

WAS this a queer-looking picture? What do you suppose it is? Polly Evans will tell you. Just 300 years ago there was to have been a terrible crime committed in London, England. The King, James I., his ministers, the lords and all the members of the House of Commons were to be blown up. For months wicked men had been plotting for this dreadful deed, and when the conspiracy was fortunately discovered, just before Parliament assembled on November 5, the fuse of gunpowder stored in the cellar of the House of Commons.

was already laid to great lengths. You can imagine what an excitement was aroused, especially among the Protestants, who thought the Catholics were trying to destroy their religion. In those days people were rather cruel, and the conspirators were first tortured, then hanged and finally drawn and quartered; at least all those who were caught, for many escaped.



THE PROCESSION OF THE GUY

stant, who thought the Catholics were trying to destroy their religion. In those days people were rather cruel, and the conspirators were first tortured, then hanged and finally drawn and quartered; at least all those who were caught, for many escaped.

Once the burning of Guy Fawkes was a very important ceremony in London. A big bonfire, often 300 carloads of wood, would be lighted on Lincoln Inn Fields, and sometimes as many as thirty "guys" were burned. The butchers of London, the same evening, after parading the streets, making a great din with their knives and cleavers, would light another great pile, in Clare Market, while the people all shouted and the church bells rang.



A Fine Sail

John and Joan set out for a sail. Ploshed high on the back of a great polar whale. With their lunch lashed in casks to be safe in a gale.

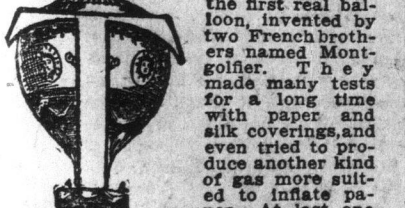
That whale drawing breath two cold shivers did expect. "My! my!" shrieked Joan, "would I had my umbrella!"



Jack Horner's Pie

RECENTLY you heard of the ancient and their dreams of aerial navigation; to-day Polly Evans will tell you something of the first balloons. An English chemist—Henry Cavendish—back in 1782, discovered how very light was hydrogen gas, or inflammable air, as it was then called. Soon a Scotchman—Robert Black, of Edinburgh—

thought that a light envelope containing this gas would rise of itself; but the first real experiments were made by a man named Cavallo, who filled swine bladders and paper bags with hydrogen gas. These experiments did not turn out very well, and he only succeeded in raising soap bubbles inflated with gas.



Wish I Were

Wish I were a porcupine. Every time that I get mad through and through. And with San Brown have a fight, I can only scratch and bite. Or just give a kick or two. As boys do. But if I had lots of quills Down my spine, Then each time my "back got up" I'd roll right up in a ball. And on smarmy Sammy fall. Maybe then he wouldn't whine! Wish I were a porcupine— Yes, I do.

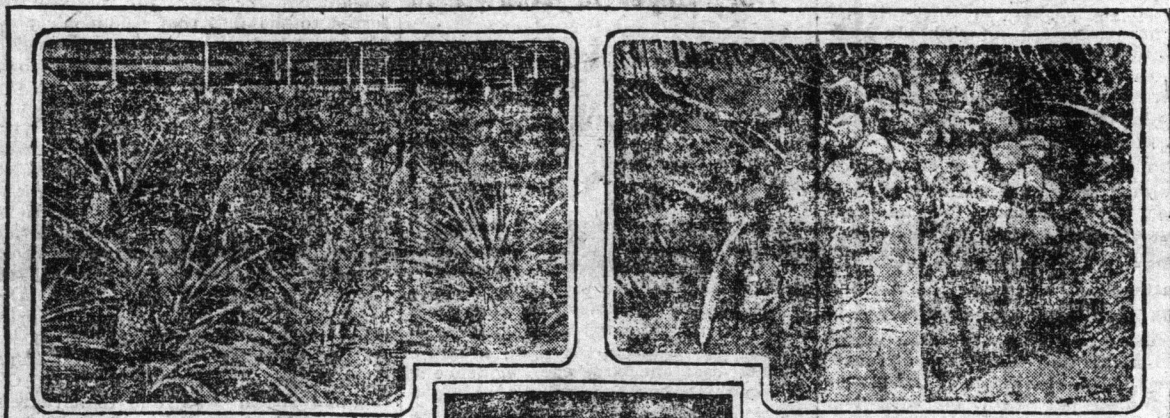
When even now a balloon-raising attracts a crowd, you can imagine what a sensation such an event created. The people of Paris heard of it and sent for the two brothers, who, on August 27, 1783, gave an ascension from the Champ de Mars, the largest open space of the city. More than 300,000 people gathered to see this strange and wonderful sight.

What do you think the first fly-creatures to go up in a balloon? A sheep, a cock and a duck. They were put in a basket attached to a Montgolfier balloon, and came to land again all right, though breathing, crowing and quacking with fear. Their ascension was made from Versailles, and the poor unfortunate King and Queen, Louis XVI. and Marie Antoinette, and the little dauphin and his sisters, were much interested in the whole affair, which they watched from the palace.

The first men to go up in a balloon were Pilatre de Rozier and the French Marquis de Arlandes, in November, 1783. They were in the air twenty-five minutes, sailing across the River Seine and half of Paris. These first fire-balloons were much more dangerous than those of to-day and are now never used. About three years later the same aeronaut, Pilatre de Rozier, was killed by his balloon falling to earth with fearful rapidity.

Boys and girls, how many of you have a nickname. Probably every one of you, for even your parents decide to call you James or Henry or Sarah; you are very apt to be Jim and Harry and Sally to your friends. But how many of you know how nicknames got their name? It comes from an old English word, "kenning," meaning to draw out, to add to. Then an extra name was added to a person's own name. After while, an extra name came to be written as nickname.

## POLLY EVANS AND JACKY VISIT UNCLE CHARLEY



Uncle Charley

"Give up, auntie?" "Yes, what is it?" "A fig. Eat it, I've had one." So Polly Evans ate it, and—um! it was good! After that we had fresh figs with sugar and cream nearly every night for dessert.

Just so, my boy!" laughed the King. "but be in mind that you are on a comparatively small island, and that this railroad is exactly thirteen miles long! Here we are. This place is called Para, and here you will take a carriage for five miles to your Uncle Charley's place. Leave your horse, for my place is in a different direction. Good-bye. I'll look after your valise, which, by the way, is on the steamer. It was left by mistake and the captain was in too great a hurry to send it ashore with it last night. Too bad! But I'll see that you get it on Saturday."

"MANY TELEPHONES THERE" "Thank you, very much," said Polly Evans, "and blessings on the telephone." "It's right," said the King, "I don't know what we would do without our telephones. Your Uncle Charley introduced them here the very first thing after they were invented, about twenty-five years ago. And ever since has been connected. We have a central office for the whole island. Think of that!" "Indeed, Uncle Charley has a long-distance telephone, then?" asked Jacky. "Yes, but it is limited, you understand. We cannot use it more than a mile or two. When we want to communicate quickly with the other islands we have to use the wireless telegraph. Well, goodbye, again. I hope you will have a good time. I'll tell him to see the captain of the steamer when he stops on his return trip, and meanwhile I'll try to find out if the valise is in and get it for you. I'll send word to the captain when it comes, and they will return it to let it off at the wharf. "When will that be?" asked Polly Evans.

"A SHORT RAILROAD" "Not before next Saturday," said the King, "and Polly Evans' heart sank, for this was only Tuesday night. So, it would be four whole days before the valise and Jacky could even hope to see their tooth brushes again! But before the valise was sent to the station, Polly Evans drove through the darkness, took them across the island to the village of Wallu-ki (clearly, the Indian equivalent of Wallingford), and there at the neat little hotel, with its bright little lanterns, they were delighted to hear that the stores were good, very early, and they could buy good tooth brushes, which they did, bright and early next morning, you may be sure.

After breakfast the carriage took them through the village to the station, which was a freight station, full of iron, sweet, heavy odor of sugar. Presently, from around a bend in the hills, came a tiny narrow-gauge locomotive pushing two or three flat cars before it and pulling a combination baggage and passenger coach behind it. We all clambered aboard, and were delighted with our coach, which was a new one, fitted up with cane seats. In a few moments we were off, and the time we were at the head of the procession, which made our first good start as an observation car. Indeed, it was a pleasure to realize that we were not in an ordinary everyday electric car, for we could not see the locomotive, and for about forty minutes along the coast, and, to Jacky's surprise, the "King" remarked that we were nearing the terminus.

"Bless your heart, Jacky," said Polly Evans, "and blessings on the telegraph of the same picture in that old United States history at home." The lights became more distinct, and presently we reached the landing, a rude affair of a few boards on a little piling. Back of it were one or two shanties, but otherwise this was a wilderness. "Here a hand, a voice from the pier. 'Be careful when you step,' and the people all shouted and the church bells rang. Now, however, Guy Fawkes has been forgotten, and, except that the children have lots of fun with their scarred logs, the celebrations would have ceased long ago.

### Puzzles and Problems

**Numerical Enigma.**  
My whole is composed of thirty-two letters and is a familiar quotation from Pope.  
My 23 28 31 21 25 27 is liberal.  
My 20 27 4 20 21 25 is permanent.  
My 24 2 5 21 is a child's toy.  
My 19 3 14 is a noise.  
My 23 19 25 is a brand of beer.  
My 20 19 18 is help.  
My 23 13 15 is a distilled liquor.

**Six States.**  
The following pictures represent the fictitious names of six of the United States. What are the names, and what States do they stand for?

**Down the Steps Puzzle.**  
... 3 A short sleep.  
... 4 One of the Hawaiian Islands.  
... 5 To banish.  
... 6 A species of tree.  
... 7 A species of tree.  
... 8 A large wild animal.  
... 9 A species of tree.

**A Zigzag.**  
x \* \* \* A wooden shoe.  
x \* \* \* An outbuilding.  
x \* \* \* A market.  
x \* \* \* A girl's name.  
x \* \* \* A fish.  
x \* \* \* A bird.  
x \* \* \* A holiday.  
x \* \* \* One of the U. S.  
x \* \* \* To pain.  
x \* \* \* A Chinese historian.  
x \* \* \* Chipped.  
x \* \* \* A name of a bird.  
x \* \* \* A word being guessed and placed one below another, the letters marked by crosses, beginning at the top, will spell a beautiful October flower.

**Answers to Last Week's Puzzles and Problems**

**Answer to All-Halloween Pl.**  
"Some merry, friendly country folks To burn their straw, set 'em their stocks, And 'bout their Hallows—Robert Burns."

**Answer to a Maze.**  
Nut-crack night.

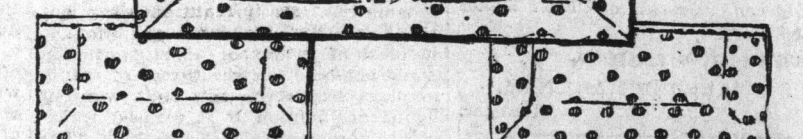
**Answer to Easy Riddle-Me-Ree.**  
Halloween.

**Answer to Who Can Throw Light On It?**  
Jack-o'-lantern.

## Christmas Presents to Make

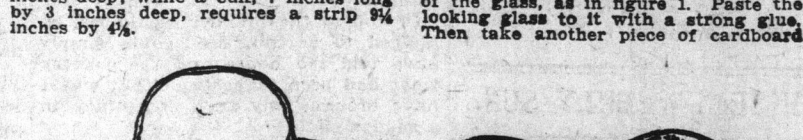
Some Hints for the Young Folks Who Are Looking Forward to the Great Day

GIRLS, if you want to be perfectly certain to give a present that will be appreciated, make turn-overs and cuffs. Oh! you say, those are so old. Yes, but they are just as popular as ever, more so, now that dark silks and cloth shirt waists are worn again. You can buy them ready made? Perhaps you can, but the hand-made ones are very expensive, and the others do not wear half so well as those Polly Evans will tell you how to make.



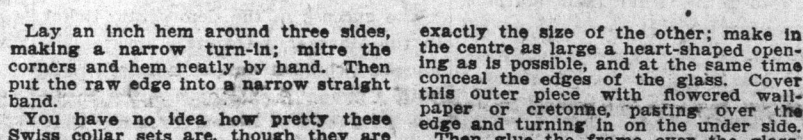
Turn-over Cuff

Another Set. This set is made very much like the last, except that the inside is of sheer white muslin or Persian lawn, while the inch hem is made of colored dotted Swiss—pink, blue, green, lavender or yellow. The hem can be doubled and neatly hemmed on, or if you can fancy it to the white, it will be still prettier. Of course, in cutting your strips for this set, you make double the width of the hem; that is, for an inch hem take a piece 2 1/4 inches wide. Be sure to allow in the length for the mitre.



Mittens

how to fasten. If you once learn that, you can make all sorts of pretty things. A Pretty Mirror. This is something the boys can make; that is, if they can use a paste pot. The materials required for this are: a broken piece of looking-glass, some heavy cardboard and old flowered wallpaper. Cut a heart-shaped piece of the looking-glass to fit a strong glue. Then take another piece of cardboard



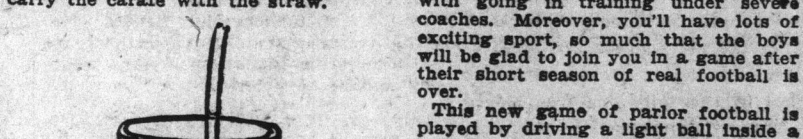
Heart-shaped Mirror

Lay an inch hem around three sides, making a narrow turn-in; mitre the corners and hem neatly by hand. Then put the raw edges into a narrow straight band. You have no idea how pretty these Swiss collar sets are, though they are so simple to make. If you like, you can vary these sets by embroidering in solid colors over all the dots, or over just those in the hem. This embroidery is very easy to do, only be sure to keep your stitches even. Blue, pink or black dots in the hem look very well.



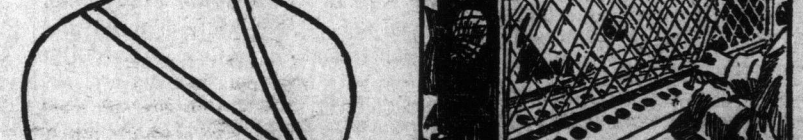
Swiss Collar Set

A LIFTING TRICK. Who can lift a carafe with a straw? Impossible, you say. Just try it, and you will believe nothing is as hard to do as that first seems. Take a very strong, firm straw, fold it into a V, and push it into the neck of the broken part into the carafe. If you then proceed with great care, you will be surprised to find being able to carry the carafe with the straw.



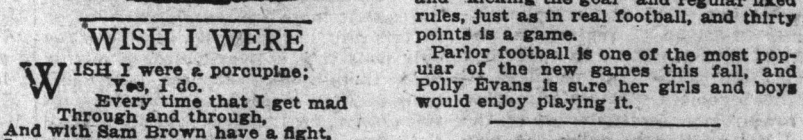
Lifting Trick

HOW A JAP WAS SAVED. "But the Jap had succeeded in stopping his descent by throwing one leg over the roof of a small tree, and there he hung for some time in almost a dead faint. Finally, he revived, and when, after a long time, he heard steps on the path, even at the risk of its being the really, he called out, 'It is a ghost! It is a ghost!' and he threw himself on guard, grappled with the other fellow and engaged in a life-and-death struggle with him that finally brought them to the very edge of the rock; and the Jap, weakened through loss of blood, fell over into the gulch below, or so his antagonist thought. And off he went leaving the poor Jap to his fate."



Man Hanging from Tree

PARLOR FOOTBALL. GIRLS, did you ever have a secret wish to play football? If you did, you can begin right off without any fear of broken arms and legs and other discomforts that boys do not seem to mind. Your athletic field can be a dining room table, and you need have no bother with going in training under severe coaches. Moreover, you'll have lots of exciting sport, so much that the boys will be glad to join you in a game after their short season of real football is over.



Parlor Football

WISH I WERE. Wish I were a porcupine. Every time that I get mad through and through. And with San Brown have a fight, I can only scratch and bite. Or just give a kick or two. As boys do. But if I had lots of quills Down my spine, Then each time my "back got up" I'd roll right up in a ball. And on smarmy Sammy fall. Maybe then he wouldn't whine! Wish I were a porcupine— Yes, I do.

Wish I were a great giraffe. You, I do. When a jolly football game I must pay out all my munn Just to have that hour of fun. Or else stay at home as do Not a few; But if I'd a mile-long neck— My, I'd laugh. Near the field I'd stroll as meek As a calf. Till the game would first commence; Then I'd stretch up o'er the fence. And look on right through each hall While I were a great giraffe— Yes, I do.

Alas! poor Bill's unhappy fate. He started too late. Though he "struck a ball," He was "missed his date." So he "missed his date."



Giraffe









NEW! OF... about getting the... is the only... of any benefit... of kidney... system.

ORLD... THE TRUTH... Nov. 1.—Reporters... at the humble... who died last... week. The widow... gathered about... asked for par... took pencil and... the following note:

Y DEAD... Madame Cambon... Jules Cambon, re... to Great Brit... today. She was 84...

v. 4.—Young Ma... and Hugh Kelly... an eight round... Milwaukee boxing...

TIME... There and What... Then... does not always... ally—sometimes it... the victim by slow... noticeable for a... signs, the day will... coffee drinker... and must have...

AT "THE LONDON HOUSE,"

St. John, Nov. 7th.

French Satin Delaine Waistings.

Purest wool—very pretty—washable.

These are some of the finest French waistings of the purest wool and with a surface like satin.

They wash beautifully without a sign of shrinking, and the colors are perfectly fast.

Write for samples.

Special, 50c yd

Usual price, 60c yd.

Very Pretty Line of Velour Flannels.

Write for samples and mention particularly the line of American velour flannels. There are some of the daintiest things among these for kimonos, lounging robes, dressing jackets, etc., you could wish to see.

16c to 25c yd

Special Velveteen for Ladies' Dresses. 75c yd.

"Queen" velveteens are the nearest approach to silk velvets that would seem possible.

A costume of "Queen" velveteen is very handsome.

24 inch, 75c yd

Write for Samples.

Six Newest Ladies' Collars

SENT ON APPROBATION.

To out-of-town customers we will send, on approbation, an assortment of the latest lace, chiffon and silk stock collars.

Prices, 25c to \$1.00

You may keep any or none, and remit for those you retain. Send in your request.

F. W. DANIEL & Co.

London House, St. John, N. B.

CITY NEWS.

Recent Events in and Around St. John.

It is thought that in the near future a new industry may be established in St. John, as W. S. Fisher, vice-president of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association for New Brunswick, has received a communication from a Cincinnati man who wishes to find a suitable locality for a patent kitting factory.

To cure Headache in ten minutes use Kumfort Headache Powders, 10 cents.

MRS. E. R. MACHUM DEAD. The death occurred Monday of Lella R. wife of E. R. Machum. She was not unexpected, as Mrs. Machum has been in ill health for some time, but is a great blow to her husband and young family.

HARCOURT NEWS.

HARCOURT, N. B., Nov. 4.—Wm. F. Buckley, our popular boot and shoe merchant, is receiving congratulations on the arrival of a son in his home yesterday.

Rev. Wm. M. Townsend and Miss Townsend are back to Bass River from a visit to Prince Edward Island.

Business at the coal mines in this county has been very dull for a long time.

Mr. and Mrs. Joshua Reid of Beersville are moving into their newly purchased home here.

Miss Etta Hutchinson of Molus River has gone to Moncton.

Miss Jesse Ferguson has returned to her home in Rexton.

One of the most thoroughly organized Sunday schools in the province is to be found in the Methodist Church at Bluetouche, under Mrs. Lucas as superintendent. It has primary, junior and advanced classes, temperance, normal, home and cradle roll departments, and temperance classes.

John P. Dorothy is home from his trip to St. John. Miss Katie B. Price spent Wednesday and Thursday in Rogersville.

WHY MR. COHOE IS LEAVING BRUSSELS ST. CHURCH.

Courageous and forcible Sermon Sunday---

A Plea For Broadness---Day of Sectarian Church is Past.

In Brussels street Baptist church Sunday morning Rev. A. B. Cohoe talked to the congregation with regard to his recent resignation from the pastorate of that church.

Mr. Cohoe spoke as follows: "Last Wednesday evening after careful consideration, I presented my resignation to the church. I had hoped that it would be unnecessary for me to make a statement respecting my reasons for so doing. I have, however, received so many inquiries, and heard so many false or partially false representations, that it has become necessary for me to set before you in a frank manner the reasons which weighed with me in forming my decision. At the outset let me remove one misconception. It has been made to appear that I am disagreeably at variance with certain members of the congregation. Nothing could well be further from the truth. It is doubtless true that there are some who differ quite radically from me in theological opinions, but I trust the day has passed when such a difference is to be made the ground for personal enmity. Let me say emphatically that I cherish no unkind feelings toward any member of the church.

"As every member of the church knows we are neither a large nor a wealthy congregation. We are in the position of the majority of churches in that our income is not large enough to meet our absolutely necessary running expenses. With us this is not a matter of recent history, but has been the condition of affairs for many years back. We need the financial and moral support of every member. The loss of any number of members would very seriously cripple the work of the institution unless such loss could be made good by a corresponding gain. It is not surprising, therefore, that those who have been chosen to be optimistic have believed that advance was possible. I am not prepared to join the ranks of the pessimists even in this regard, but I am compelled to face existing conditions. As a denomination we possess five churches in the south end of the city. Even supposing we received one-fifth of the additions that come by the welcoming of strangers from only two churches this would be no great factor. Further it is known that every family or nearly every family in St. John is already identified with some church. Any great growth, therefore, that the church is almost certain to be attended by a corresponding decrease in some other church. Frankly, I do not desire increase that is obtained in such a way. With every other denomination represented and especially over-represented in this section of the city, and with our own decidedly over-churching, it seems to me absolutely hopeless to look to any very considerable increase in our membership. If we cannot look to a large influx from outside can we hold those families that we do now hold? I have been reluctantly compelled to admit that we cannot. In fact that church can't. There are always some who are perfectly justifiable reasons desire to leave one church and work with another. These are not always deserving of the name of malcontents. Very frequently they are men and women of the best motives. I am not unmindful of the fact that not a few people have found my ministry lacking in elements that they very much desired. Some have already left us and there are others who remain only from a sense of duty. The conditions should be such that this minority could feel free to go elsewhere if they so desired. With the present situation you cannot afford to lose any minority and men and women who are not happy in their present relations cannot feel free to go. In that you have my first reason for retiring.

"I do not retire because I disagree in point of doctrine with any man, and do retire because that disagreement promises to place the church in an impossible financial position.

WHAT OF THE FUTURE? "I have been asked by some people in what respect the situation would be improved by my resignation. Let me answer that question emphatically. The church may be in no better condition, but it ought to be. If you perpetuate the present situation and call another man—and I may say that I have already received an application for the position, if you call another man—will he be a phenomenal man who can build up Brussels street at the expense of some other church you will find the present situation recurring again. Suppose you call a so-called liberal theologian, you create exactly the same position that we have today. Suppose, on the other hand, you call a conservative theologian—well, I am not sure that the members who lean to liberal tendencies are certain to be content

under his ministry. Supposing his theological opinions are colorless—will he please everybody? Is it not clear that so long as your possible income is so near to your necessary expenditures you place your pastor and yourselves in the hands of any half dozen who from the best of reasons feel that they must retire. And here you have my second reason.

SHOULD REORGANIZE. "The Baptist churches of the south end of the city will never do the work they ought to do until by readjustment they are so reorganized that each church which shall then exist will be able to guarantee to themselves and to their pastor that the support of the minority is not necessary. I believe that if the problem is approached in the spirit of Jesus and in the interests of the kingdom that such a reorganization can be realized. "I do not retire to give place to a more suitable man. I hope that there may be no such man—because until you have earnestly tried to remove a situation which will even handicap both you and your pastors."

On Saturday night thirteen sheep were killed and six or seven others hurt by dogs at Kane's corner on West-morland Road. John McDonald, the butcher, of Brussels street, had a flock of about one hundred sheep in a field near Kane's corner, where they were being kept preparatory to being taken to the slaughter house. Late Saturday night or early on Sunday morning three or four dogs belonging to people

AN EYE-OPENER FOR MEN WHO SHY AT READY-MADE CLOTHING!



A man came in the other day to get his boy a Suit. Happened to talk with one of our Men's Clothing salesmen, who suggested that he—the man—try on a suit.

"Why, you can't fit me," he said. "I'm too stout and large; I've had to get my clothing made to measure for twenty-five years."

But the salesman insisted—gently, of course, and the man put on a suit. It fit perfectly—all except the trousers, which were a little long. They were altered, and he bought the suit on the spot.

"Why," he said "Here I have been spending twice as much money on clothing as I ought to, all these long years, under the delusion that I couldn't be fitted!"

How many more men are under the same wrong impression? Some will come in to-day to investigate, at least—unless we miss our guess! Winter stock ready for fat men, thin men, tall men, short men—all men.

Suits, \$6.00 to \$25.00. Overcoats, \$6.00 to \$35.00.

Buy the Boy's Clothing at Oak Hall

If you want the Fullest Worth for your money.

One of the chief facts that "stand out" about Oak Hall Clothing for Boys is that it is well made, of good fabrics—gives the best of wear. Another fact is that prices are, quality for quality, we believe, lower than other good stores ask. Dependable clothing both in wear and in price.

We are ready to fit out the boy with his Winter Suit or Overcoat.

- Boys' Norfolk Suits, \$2.25 to \$7.50
Boys' Sailor Suits, .90 to 9.00
Boys' Vest Suits, 3.00 to 9.00
Boys' Fancy Overcoats, 4.25 to 7.50
Boys' Regular Overcoats, 3.75 to 12.00
Boys' Reefers, 1.50 to 6.50

GREATER OAK HALL,

KING STREET, COR. GERMAIN. SCOVIL BROS. & CO. Branch Store 703 Main Street, North End.

KINGSTON SCHOOL VISITED; MANUAL TRAINING.

When the question of the introduction of manual training into the schools of St. John becomes a more active issue than it is at present, there are four leading citizens at least, who will be armed with accurate knowledge to bring into discussion. These men are E. A. Schofield, W. S. Fisher, T. H. Estabrooks and J. M. Scovill. Only one of these, Mr. Fisher, is directly interested in educational matters, being a member of the educational committee of the board of trustees, but all wanted to see for themselves the working of the manual training system. So on Friday last they drove to Kingston Consolidated School and spent the day there. One of them, Mr. Schofield, remarked that it was the best half day of schooling he ever had in his life. They were all greatly impressed with the advantages of the system as adopted in the Kingston Consolidated School, and are quite ready to believe that Prof. Robertson's ideal of education as exemplified there, is about as near perfect as this generation requires. Mr. Fisher told the Sun of the trip. "I am speaking for the whole four of us when I say that we saw enough to convince us that manual training is needed everywhere. The future of Canada depends upon the ability of her people to do something, and not upon masses of unemployed idlers, stored in the back corners of brains.

OLD FASHIONED FARE Hot Biscuits, Griddle Cakes, Pies and Puddings.

The food that made the fathers strong is sometimes made for the children. The old-fashioned fare of our grandfathers is being changed by civilization is constantly bringing in. One of Mr. Bryan's neighbors in the great state of Nebraska writes: "I was raised in the South, where hot biscuits, griddle-cakes, pies and puddings are eaten at almost every meal, and by the time that I located in Nebraska I found myself a sufferer from indigestion and its attendant ills—dizziness and pain after meals, an almost constant headache, dull, heavy sleepiness by day and sleeplessness at night, loss of flesh, impaired memory, etc., etc. "I was rapidly becoming incapacitated for business, when a valued friend suggested a change in my diet, the abandonment of heavy, rich stuff and the use of Grape-Nuts food. I followed the good advice and shall always be thankful that I did so. "Whatever may be the experience of others, the beneficial effects of the change were apparent in my case almost immediately. My stomach, which had rejected other food for so long, took to Grape-Nuts most kindly; in a day or two my headache was gone, I began to sleep peacefully and before a week was out the scales showed that my lost weight was coming back. My memory was restored with the renewed vigor that I felt in body and mind. For three years now Grape-Nuts food has kept me in prime condition, and I propose it shall for the rest of my days. "And by the way, my 1 1/2-year old baby is as fond of Grape-Nuts as I am, always insists on having it. It keeps her as healthy and hearty as they make them." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. There's a reason. Read the little book "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

SHIP NEWS.

Domestic Ports.

HALIFAX, Nov 4—Ard, sch Victor, from fishing grounds, and to return; str Mercator, from Jamaica; str Carthage, from Glasgow; and Liverpool via St. John, N.B.; Sen-lac, from St. John, N.B., via ports. Sailed, 4th, str London City, for Liverpool; str St. John, for London. NEWCASTLE, Nov 2—Cld, sch Geo R Alston, Herman, for New York. QUEBEC, Oct 30—Passed in at Father Point, str Manchester Shipper, from Manchester for Montreal. Passed out at Father Point, Oct 29, str Sarratman, from Montreal for Havre and London. Passed in, at Point Amour, Nov 1, 7:50 a.m., str Virginian, Vipond, from Liverpool and Moville for Montreal. Passed Belle Isle, Oct 30, str Parsian, from Montreal for Liverpool. HILLSBORO, Nov 2—Cld, sch Hild, Jacobson, for Oak Point. YARMOUTH, Nov 2—Ard, str Ovidia, from St. Lawrence River via London.

British Ports.

LIZARD, Nov 4—Passed, str Evans-selle, from Halifax for London. BUTT OF LEWIS, Nov 4—Passed, str Balonia, from Montreal for Leth-bridge. GREENOCK, Nov 4—Ard, str Tritonia, from Montreal for Liverpool (not previously). LIVERPOOL, Nov 4—Sld, str Campania, for Wabana. QUEENSTOWN, Nov 4—Sld, str Arable, for Boston. GLASGOW, Nov 4—Sld, str Corean, for St. Johns, N.B., Halifax and Philadelphia. BRISTOL, Nov 4—Ard, str Montfort, from Montreal via Liverpool.

Foreign Ports.

MONTEVIDEO, Oct 4—Sch Agnes G Donohue, Ryan, for Halifax, N.S. CITY ISLAND, Nov 4—Bound east, str Volund, for Windsor, N.S. ROTTERDAM, Nov 3—Sld, str Tauris, for Wabana. DELAWARE BREAKWATER, Nov 5—Passed up, str Glimie, from Windsor, for Philadelphia. BOOTHBY HARBOR, Nov 5—Sld, str Mary E. Fennell, for New York; Rebecca W. Huddell, for do. EDGARTOWN, Mass., Nov 4—Ard, schs Wm L Elkins, from South Amboy, for St. John; Louis V Chaples, from New York, for do. REBECK ISLAND, Del., Nov 4—Passed down, str Grane, from Philadelphia, for Hillsboro. VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Nov 4—Ard, schs Edyth, from Weehawken, for Halifax; Moravia, from Chatham, N.B., for New York. Sld, sch Bluenose, from New Haven, for Bass River, N.S. Passed, sch E H Roberts, from New York, for Port Greenville, N.S. NEW YORK, Nov 5—Ard, schs A & M Canale, from Port Wool, Va; Ellen Little, from Brunswick; Elizabeth M Cook, from do, for Calais; Exception, from do, for Parrsboro. CITY ISLAND, Nov 5—Bound south, schs Gypsum Empress, from Walton, N.S. Melba, from Tacket, N.S.; Three Sisters, from St. John; Annie Booth, from do; Almida Wiley, from do; F G French, from Valais via New Haven; Julia and Martha, from Calais; Jonathan Cone, from do. OPORTO, Oct 30—Ard, brig Clementine, from St. John's, Nfld. LEIKOES, Oct 30—Ard, sch Searchlight, from St. John's, Nfld. SALEM, Mass., Nov 5—Sld, schs J Chester Wood, for Bangor; Andrew Ben-ger, for do; John G Walters, for Sackville, N.B.; Ida M Barber, for Vinal Faves. CALAIS, Me., Nov 5—Ard, sch Sarah

November 7th, 1905.

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"If you want work, or if you desire to increase your income during spare time, write us now, and we will give you profitable work in your vicinity. We pay well for services rendered. PELHAM NURSERY CO., Toronto, Ont."

MEN WANTED—Reliable men in every locality throughout Canada to advertise our goods, tack up show-boards on trees, fences, along roads and all conspicuous places; also distributing small advertising matter. Salary \$800 per year, or \$75 per month and expenses \$3 per day. Steady employment to good reliable men. No experience necessary. Write for particulars. EMPIRE MEDICINE CO., London, Ont.

WE PAY SALARY—TWO TO SIX dollars per day—either sex—introducing our "NEW IDEA"; free training; rapid advancement; opportunity sure. NICHOLS COMPANY, LIMITED, Toronto. (Mention this paper.)

MONEY TO LOAN.

H. H. PICKETT, B. C. L., Barrister, Solicitor, etc., Canada Life Building.

HOUSEKEEPERS—ATTENTION!

Wanted Housekeepers to send for copy of illustrated catalogue. Up to date household specialties, a fine line of goods listed in this catalogue. It will interest you. Copy free. Address WALTER A. BAILEY, St. John, N.B.

Eaton, from New York for St. George, N.B.

Arth 4th, sch Geo I Edmunds, from Boston.

CHATHAM, Mass., Nov 5—Light north winds, cloudy at sunset. Passed east, str Volund, from New York for Windsor, N.S.

SPRINGTOWN, Conn., Nov 5—Ard, sch Fanny, from St. John. SALEM, Mass., Nov 4—Ard, sch John G Walter, from New York for Sackville, N.B.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov 4—Ard, sch Stella Maud, from St. John. PORTSMOUTH, N.H., Nov 4—Sld, schs Klondyke, from Cheverte, N.S. for Boston; R Carson, from St. Martins for do.

PORTLAND, Me., Nov 5—Ard, str Cornishman, from Liverpool; North Star, Bragg, from New York; barkentine Kramlin, McNeill, from Boston (light), in tow of tug Palms. Large fleet windbound vessels, bound east.

BOSTON, Nov 5—Ard, str Cymric, from Liverpool; Idaho, from Hull, Eng; Arkansas, from Copenhagen and Christiania; Prince George, from Yarmouth, N.S.; Catalone, from Louisburg, C.B.; bark Avonia, from Manchester via Delaware Breakwater, in tow from Vineyard Haven; tug Leader, from Free-stown, towing sch Marcus Edwards, from Weymouth, Mass. for Boothby, Me.

PROVIDENCE, R.I., Nov 5—Ard, schs St. Bernard, from River Herbert, N.B.; Hunter, from St. John via Salem, N.S.; sch Scotia Queens, for Halifax, N.S.

HYANNIS, Mass., Nov 5—Passed, schs Frances Goodnow, from South Amboy, for Saco; David K Alken, for Yarmouth.

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WHAT ST. JOHN WOMEN WEAR, AND ARE LIKELY TO WEAR.

A little Commonsense Chat, not on New York or Paris Styles, but Home Styles. By POLLY CADABOUT.

reach St. John? Boston, too, has some funny new notions, which may eventually be felt in this eastern city, all of which influences may upset our ready-made dress as we know it.

THE CONSENSUS OF OPINION AMONG THE LARGE DEALERS who keep in close touch with both supply and demand is that this will be the biggest winter season on the wash waist in the history of the trade.

AMONG THE NEW AND DECIDEDLY NOVELTY WEAVES PUT OUT FOR NEXT SPRING is one which has received the appellation of Bagdad Silk Crash.

THE KIMONO, IN BOTH LONG AND SHORT GARMENTS, HAS BEEN SO MANIPULATED and so complicated that in many models there is not a single hint or outline of the Japanese original.

MORE INTEREST IS BEING TAKEN IN THE TAILORED STYLES IN TAFFETA AND PLAID SILK WAISTS, buyers evidently anticipating the time when many women will desire something of a more practical nature than the lingerie waist.

AS REGARDS MILLINERY, THE PARIS AUTHORITIES ARE DIVIDED. Some favor the smaller, tip-titled hat, while others show a fondness for the larger picture shapes.

PLAIDS HAVE INVADED THE CLOSET, and are now being shown in interesting designs as well as in considerable variety.

THE TAILORED STOCKS this season, taken as a whole, are unusually neat in design and show some pretty new ideas which strongly recommend them to the buying public.

WITH THE TENDENCY OF THE SEASON ALL IN ONE DIRECTION, it seems strange that a hat which defies every canon of fashion should crop up and make a big hit.

felt was introduced and has become a great fad, and it is safe to predict that there are more blue scratch felt derbies than ever before.

ARTISTIC DESIGNS IN FANCY EFFECTS OF TURN-OVER COLLAR AND CUFF SETS are being well displayed in prominent department stores.

A NOVEL NOTE IN THE GENERAL ASPECT OF TOILETTES THIS YEAR is given by the fact that millinery will match in color the garment rather than the dress.

HERE'S ANOTHER BATCH OF NOVELTIES SEEN IN THE STORES AND ON SWELL DRESSERS: Walking suit of black broadcloth, made in conventional fashion, with skirted coat, showing semi-tight back.

DRAPERY VELS for fall wear, of chevron, with heavy chenille dots—black, brown and navy.

SCOTCH CLAN-PLAID dress goods in a wide choice of styles. Light-weight embroidered broadcloth (eyelet embroidery) intended primarily for home wear.

EXAMINING INTO CHARGES OF MILLERS (Special to the Sun.) OTTAWA, Nov. 3.—Chairman Kilham of the board of railway commissioners has today called Chief Traffic Officer Hardwell and Mr. Wait, representing the Dominion Millers' Association, are busy at work in the office of the Grand Trunk Railway Company examining into the truth of the charges preferred by the millers that the railway company has discriminated against them.

YOU MAY DO BUSINESS WITHOUT ADVERTISING, but you won't do much—Nathaniel C. Fowler, Boston.

NOTICE The Canvassers and Collectors for the SEMI-WEEKLY SUN are now making their rounds as mentioned below.

EDGAR CANNING, in Aberg and Westmorland Counties, N. B. E. S. CHAPMAN, in King; G. N. J. AUSTIN, in Sunbury & Queens

HUNTERS HAD GREAT SUCCESS

October Records For "Kills" in Maine

Shows 1,711 Deer, 102 Moose, 22 Bears Were Brought Down in the Border State.

SKOWHEGAN, Me., Nov. 3.—October, 1905, made a better showing for game in Maine than did October, 1904, the total for the former being 1,711 deer, 102 moose and 22 bears, against 1,546 deer and 82 moose for the month in 1904, and 1,675 deer and 78 moose in 1903.

It is generally believed that this year's total record will be ahead of what was done the two past seasons, but it is doubtful if the "kills" equal the number of those in 1902, which was the banner year of the Maine seasons, so far as deer were concerned, and was very nearly up to the limit with moose.

The Bangor and Aroostook is the only railroad which keeps a record of the game shipments each year, and a conservative estimate fixes what is brought down over that line as about equal to those from all other sections.

On that basis the figures which follow would represent one-half the number of deer and moose sent out of the state. In 1902 4,495 deer and 224 moose were sent away, and probably the record for the whole year was being 9,000 deer and nearly 600 moose. This amount of deer was never equalled, but in 1901 289 moose were sent down the line, and in 1903, 232. Those were the only years in which 1902's moose record was beaten, but 1904 came very close with 222, although way behind with deer, showing only 3,558, which was exceeded by all three years previously, and beaten also in 1899.

Judging from the present indications this year 1905 will do better with moose than has been the case for several years and will be fully up to the average with deer. In 1895 only 112 moose and 1,581 deer were sent out. In 1896 the figures increased to 153 moose and 2,245 deer; 1897, 189 moose and 2,340 deer; 1898, 202 moose, 3,877 deer; 1899, 168 moose, 3,758 deer; 1900, 210 moose, 3,379 deer; 1901, 259 moose, 3,852 deer; 1902, 224 moose, 4,495 deer; 1903, 222 moose, 3,788 deer; 1904, 222 moose, 3,558 deer.

SHOOTING AVERAGE GOOD. These figures show that a good general average has been kept up during the year despite the great increase in the number of gunners and that if the restrictive laws are properly observed, there is no danger that the game will be killed off. If the process of decimation had any influence on the percentage or natural increase it would have been shown four or five years ago, as a result of the big jump in the killing of deer in 1897, when 3,910 were shipped, to 1901, when the figures reached 3,863.

According to one of the oldest and best game wardens in the state, deer are increasing under the strict observance of the law, which provides for a comparatively short open season, while moose are about holding their own. It is not likely that this will be true in regard to the latter a few years hence, however, as railroads and the progress of civilization drive the huge ungulates back into the woods, and the search for them is carried on with the same zeal for six weeks or even longer.

It will be necessary to still further shorten the moose season in order to retain their presence to great advantage in the border, on the other hand, is practically satisfactorily settled, and there is apparently no particular danger that this branch of the antlered family will be the first to go in Maine for some decades yet.

BEAR HUNTING GREAT SPORT. As a matter of fact there is as much sport in hunting bear as moose, and except in the rutting season there is decidedly a greater element of danger. Bear hunting is a more available sport, more courage, pertinacity and determination than does the chase after the big-headed antlered creature. A moose is likely to fight if wounded and cornered, but is ever anxious to get away from his human enemies, while a bear, although ordinarily anxious to get out of the way and avoid any semblance of trouble, will, if wounded, put up about as interesting a battle as it is possible to imagine.

It is only a few years since the Maine legislature repealed the bounty on this fur-bearing animal, and the species has not increased to any material extent, although the cutting down of trees and the subsequent growing of berry bushes have made ideal feeding grounds for the creatures.

They are very troublesome to the farmers, more so than deer, and even without the bounty there is no question that the residents of agricultural districts will go after a pelt whenever opportunity offers. Through sportsmen and in trailing and killing a bear as exciting a time as they wish, and the thought that a mistake at any time is likely to lead to unpleasant consequences adds to the zest of the occasion.

A strange feature about the game situation in Maine is the almost entire lack of wolves, not only at the present time, but during the last 75 years. There is an old saying that where the deer go wolves will follow, but this has not been true in Maine, by any means, and there is no known record of any of the present generation of guides or game wardens having seen any of the four-legged brigands, although they are said to be quite plentiful further north, across the Canadian line.

YEGGMEN SPREAD TERROR IN MAINE

Have Made Numbers of Breaks Since Sept. 1. Gang Believed to be Hiding in Shawmut Woods Waiting Chance to Come to Canada.

SKOWHEGAN, Me., Nov. 3.—The gang of "yeggmens" who have been terrorizing western Maine is now believed to be in hiding in the woods of Franklin and Somerset counties, evidently intending to break through to Canada, or the eastern part of the state at the earliest opportunity.

There seems to be little chance for them to get away by seeking the cities to the south, and they are almost as badly off to the north. Their only hope lies in keeping in the woods as long as possible, and that is a difficult undertaking unless they are well skilled in woodcraft.

The gang has operated extensively since Sept. 1, and its methods have been similar to those described by John McCarthy, the convict, in the state prison at Windsor, Vt., whose interesting experiences as a yeggmans were related exclusively in the Herald last summer. The members have confined their work to burglaries in post offices and banks in small towns, and have undoubtedly had headquarters from which they could quickly ride to the scene of intended operations and jump out again as soon as the work was completed.

The gang has been gradually working east, and probably intended to continue toward Bangor along a line from 29 to 46 miles north of the Maine Central railroad, until the chase which was begun by Sheriff Smith of Somerset county, after the robbery of the post office at Shawmut, which resulted in the burning of the store where the business was conducted, entailing a loss of about \$3,500.

The knowledge that the sheriff had discovered evidence of their movements probably led to a change of plans, and there are many circumstances which indicate that they endeavored to work back over the same road from the west by which they traveled on the Maine Central, which is between 40 and 50 miles across country from the scene of the last break, presumably by the same gang, and nearly twice as far by railroad.

If they had turned to the south they had excellent opportunities of making their way to Portland and Boston, either by the Maine Central road via Lewiston or the "front" route through Augusta. The officials are satisfied that they did not follow the course, however. To the north they could take the Phillips & Rangeley railroad, which would land them at Eustis or Rangeley, both "jumping-off places," or the Somerset railroad, which is between 40 and 50 miles across country from the scene of the last break, presumably by the same gang, and nearly twice as far by railroad.

That is the reason why the sheriffs and deputies feel so confident that the gang is "bottled up." The "yeggmens" are safe if they can find a secluded place in the forest, but immediately they take to the thoroughfares, either railroads or highways, they are in imminent danger of arrest.

It seems highly improbable that they are equipped to remain any great length of time in the woods, and a search for food is likely to result in complications, so thoroughly is the whole country aroused and so well have the farmers and lumbermen been posted. As help is scarce, the thieves might find it hard to work on the extension of the Somerset railway north of Bingham, or even as lumbermen, but their probable inexperience would soon attract attention to them, and it is not at all unlikely that they are anxious to labor very hard.

According to the officials, the burglars have not shown themselves very expert in the use of nitro-glycerine, and for that reason it is believed that they are not professionals, but rather hobnobbing acting under the direction of a "yegg" who has had some experience. It is supposed that the gang is composed of five, and there is little chance for any of them to escape in view of the sharp lookout kept on all the roads throughout Franklin and Somerset counties.

BABY BOZEMAN. "My daughter was afflicted with eczema from when three weeks old. Her entire face and head were raw, and she was in awful distress. When doctors failed we began the use of Dr. Chase's Ointment, which has entirely cured her and she has never had the least symptom of the terrible skin disease. MR. PATRICK SULLIVAN, Weland Ave., St. Catharines, Ont.

Dinner was a little late. A guest asked the hostess to play something. Seating herself at the piano, the good woman executed a Chopin nocturne with precision. She finished, and there was still an interval of waiting to be bridged. In the grim silence she turned to an old gentleman on her right and said: "Wouldn't you like a sonata before dinner?" He gave a start of surprise and pleasure. "Why, yes, thanks," he said, "I had a couple of my way here, but I think I could stand another." — Harper's Weekly.

It is proposed to dispense with electric lights in the streets of Preston, England, and to substitute incandescent gas lamps. Advocates of the change consider that they will get a better light than now at lower cost.

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The gang has been gradually working east, and probably intended to continue toward Bangor along a line from 29 to 46 miles north of the Maine Central railroad, until the chase which was begun by Sheriff Smith of Somerset county, after the robbery of the post office at Shawmut, which resulted in the burning of the store where the business was conducted, entailing a loss of about \$3,500.

The knowledge that the sheriff had discovered evidence of their movements probably led to a change of plans, and there are many circumstances which indicate that they endeavored to work back over the same road from the west by which they traveled on the Maine Central, which is between 40 and 50 miles across country from the scene of the last break, presumably by the same gang, and nearly twice as far by railroad.

If they had turned to the south they had excellent opportunities of making their way to Portland and Boston, either by the Maine Central road via Lewiston or the "front" route through Augusta. The officials are satisfied that they did not follow the course, however. To the north they could take the Phillips & Rangeley railroad, which would land them at Eustis or Rangeley, both "jumping-off places," or the Somerset railroad, which is between 40 and 50 miles across country from the scene of the last break, presumably by the same gang, and nearly twice as far by railroad.

That is the reason why the sheriffs and deputies feel so confident that the gang is "bottled up." The "yeggmens" are safe if they can find a secluded place in the forest, but immediately they take to the thoroughfares, either railroads or highways, they are in imminent danger of arrest.

It seems highly improbable that they are equipped to remain any great length of time in the woods, and a search for food is likely to result in complications, so thoroughly is the whole country aroused and so well have the farmers and lumbermen been posted. As help is scarce, the thieves might find it hard to work on the extension of the Somerset railway north of Bingham, or even as lumbermen, but their probable inexperience would soon attract attention to them, and it is not at all unlikely that they are anxious to labor very hard.

According to the officials, the burglars have not shown themselves very expert in the use of nitro-glycerine, and for that reason it is believed that they are not professionals, but rather hobnobbing acting under the direction of a "yegg" who has had some experience. It is supposed that the gang is composed of five, and there is little chance for any of them to escape in view of the sharp lookout kept on all the roads throughout Franklin and Somerset counties.

BABY BOZEMAN. "My daughter was afflicted with eczema from when three weeks old. Her entire face and head were raw, and she was in awful distress. When doctors failed we began the use of Dr. Chase's Ointment, which has entirely cured her and she has never had the least symptom of the terrible skin disease. MR. PATRICK SULLIVAN, Weland Ave., St. Catharines, Ont.

Dinner was a little late. A guest asked the hostess to play something. Seating herself at the piano, the good woman executed a Chopin nocturne with precision. She finished, and there was still an interval of waiting to be bridged. In the grim silence she turned to an old gentleman on her right and said: "Wouldn't you like a sonata before dinner?" He gave a start of surprise and pleasure. "Why, yes, thanks," he said, "I had a couple of my way here, but I think I could stand another." — Harper's Weekly.

It is proposed to dispense with electric lights in the streets of Preston, England, and to substitute incandescent gas lamps. Advocates of the change consider that they will get a better light than now at lower cost.

HANDSOME 97 PIECE DINNER AND TEA SET FREE. THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY. How a Full Size, Beautifully Decorated, Latest Pattern, 97 Piece Dinner and Tea Set may be obtained without cost, and our reasons for giving it away for disposing of less goods than any other firm, are fully explained in our Dishes Circular, which we will send to every person who writes to us.

Have you a friend in St. John? Ask him if he reads THE SUN, In the morning and THE STAR, In the evening. These papers have a combined circulation of about 10,000 a day.

Five Picture Post Cards. of local views, will be sent to any SEMI-WEEKLY SUN subscriber who sends one dollar on his subscription account before the 31st November, next. A splendid picture of King Edward VII will be sent to any new or old subscriber sending 75 cents for a subscription one year in advance.

FOUND MAN UNDER DED. NEW CATALOGUE For 1904-5. Is just out. It gives our terms, courses of study and general information regarding the college. Send name and address today for free copy. S. KERR & SON. A DIPLOMA. May be HARDER to get at the FREDERICTON BUSINESS COLLEGE. Than at some business colleges, but it is EASIER to GET a GOOD position after you get it. Send for free catalogue of this large, well equipped, well conducted, up-to-date school. Address W. J. OSBORNE, Principal, Fredericton, N. B. There is no notion of God that is of any value that comes from any other source than Jesus, Moses and David. These three Jews have completely furnished the moral mind of the world. Out of the narrowest race came the most unifying idea of all the earth. There is no stimulus in a practical, feasible ideal; the spirit in man demands infinite, impossibility in its ideals.



COUNTRY MARKET.

Table listing various market goods such as Turnips, Beef, Mutton, Ham, Eggs, etc., with their respective prices.

OILS.

Table listing oil products like Pot barley, Pratt's Astral, and other oils with prices.

KILGOUR SHIVES KILLED NEAR CAMPBELLTON.

Tragic Death of One of New Brunswick's Captains of Industry.

While Walking Through the Woods to a Lumber Camp His Rifle Caught on a Bough and Was Discharged, the Bullet Piercing His Body

CHATHAM, N. B., Nov. 5.—Merrill regret is expressed at the news of the death of Kilgour Shives, which was reported from Campbellton last night.

"HIS JUDGMENT CLOUDED" RALPH CONNOR ON LAURIER.

Surprise and Disappointment at Legislation Intended for Interests of the Church.

WINNIPEG, Nov. 2.—Canadians, conservative, independent and liberal, could not ask for more effective campaign literature than the following extracts from a letter written over Rev. C. W. Gordon's own signature.

DEADLY BOMB FOUND IN NEW YORK TENEMENT.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—The detectives were busy yesterday to solve the mystery of the deadly bomb which has ever come to the official notice of the Bureau of Combustibles.

WILL CANADA GAIN STRIP OF LAND?

Protest Has Been Made to U. S. Government by Important Milling Company.

OTTAWA, Nov. 5.—Dr. W. F. King of the boundaries commission, when seen in reference to a report from Tacoma that the states will give land and Canada will gain a strip of land fourteen miles wide and between two and three hundred miles long if congress acquiesces in the Alaska boundary survey.

ROYALTY WAS PAID ON SEVEN MILLION.

Government's Share of Gold Output in the Yukon.

OTTAWA, Nov. 4.—The government has received royalty on over seven million dollars worth of gold produced in the Yukon this year.

ENTERING ON THE SECOND HALF CENTURY.

FREDERICTON, Nov. 4.—The Fredericton Curling Club is about to start upon the first year of the second half century of its existence.

JAIL FOR CIGARETTE SMOKERS IN INDIANA—HOBES DELIGHTED

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—Indiana jails are filling up with tramps from Chicago and other northern cities.

WILL BE ALLOWED TO TRANSMIT CABLES.

CARACAS, Nov. 5.—The Venezuelan government on Friday delivered to Mr. Russell, the American minister, a note regarding the willingness of the government to withdraw its non-compliance with the French charge d'affaires at Caracas.

REV. J. de WOLFE COWIE THE NEW RECTOR

News from the Lumber Woods—New Maryland Man Badly Hurt—Recent Deaths.

FREDERICTON, N. B., Nov. 4.—The death occurred at McAdam last night of Miss Margaret A. Moffat, daughter of Arthur Moffat, and aged 13 years, of a m. train on Monday for burial.

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LOBSTER FISHERMEN ARE IN TROUBLE.

Had Established Permanent Base on Island Which is Claimed by Another Man.

(Special to the Sun.) CLARK'S HARBOR, N. S., Nov. 4.—At Allen's Island, one of the Tusket, near Yarmouth, forty-six fishermen, mostly belonging to that county, had their quarters during the recent lobster season.

PLEASSED WITH SHIPS.

Looking all the better for the ocean breeze, G. M. Bosworth, of the C. P. R., this morning launched on a fishing trip to the old country, and settled down to work in his office at the Windsor street headquarters with characteristic energy.

FOUR ACCIDENTS, TWO SERIOUS, ON SATURDAY.

Saturday was a busy day at the hospital, for no less than four accidents, two of them of a rather serious nature, were brought in.

WELCOMED HOME.

PARIS, Nov. 5.—Paul De Roulede, the founder of the League of Patriots, arrived in Paris this afternoon after an exile of six years.

HAD SHOT HIMSELF.

HALIFAX, N. S., Nov. 4.—Willie Nicholson, aged 14 years, son of Policeman Nicholson of Reserve Mines, was found dead in the woods near that place this morning, having shot himself with a rifle while out gunning.

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