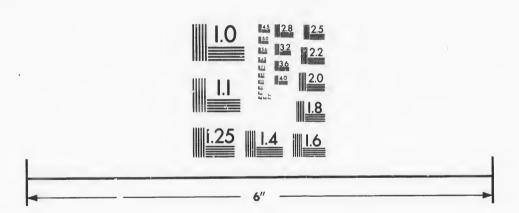


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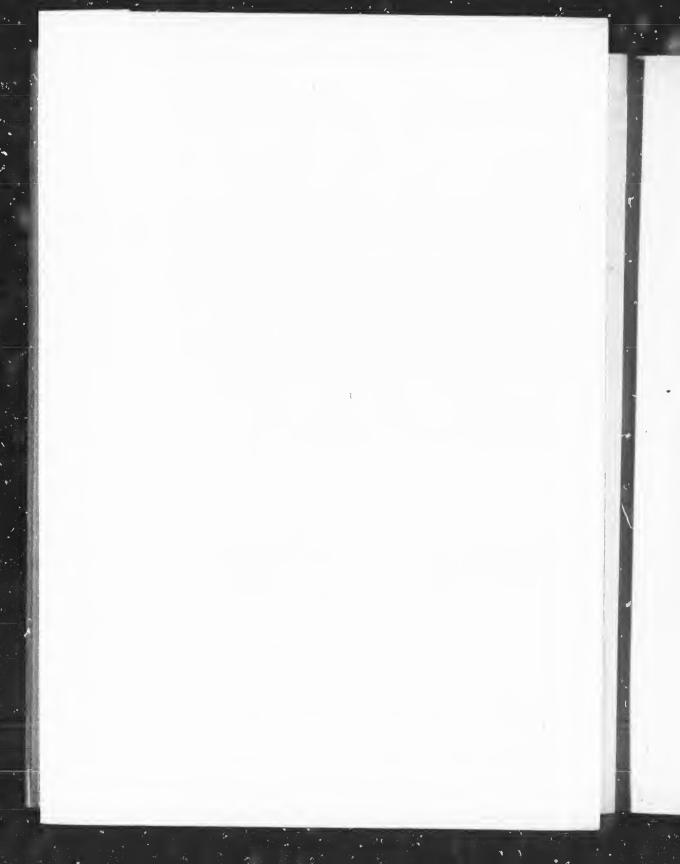
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SERMON

Preached before the

Incorporated SociETY

FOR THE

Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts;

AT THEIR

ANNIVERSARY MEETING

IN THE

Parish Church of St. MARY LE Bow, On FRIDAY February 17, 1809.

By the Right Reverend JOHN, Lord Bishop of SALISBURY.

LONDON:

Printed by S. BROOKE, Pater Noster Row.

M DCCCIX.

266.3 S

At the Anniversary Meeting of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, in the Vestry-Room of St. Mary le Bow, on Friday the 17th Day of February, 1809;

A GREED, that the Thanks of this Society be given to the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Salisbury, for the Sermon preached by him this day before the Society; and that his Lordship be desired to deliver a copy of the same to the Society to be printed.

WILL AM MORICE, Secretary.

SEPRIMON, Sc.

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with a ISAIAH, c. lx. v. 5.

The abundance of the Sea shall be converted unto Thee, the forces of the Gentiles shall come unto Thee.

THE encrease of the kingdom of Christ seemeth to have ever been in the divine purpose. No remoteness of place,—no diversities of manners,—no inequalities of natural or acquired endowment appear to furnish any exception to this great plan of Providence. Whatever difficulties may occur in the interpretation of many parts of the Prophetic writings, and whatever period, human

conjecture may affign to the fulfillment of those which are yet unaccomplished,—the enlargement of the Redeemer's Kingdom seems to be most distinctly and unequivocally enjoyned and predicted. To cite the various and repeated paffages which point to this grand purpose, we are not called: they are obvious to the most cursory reader, and leave very little room for difference of opinion with regard to the will of the Almighty, or the course of action to be pursued in consequence. It should seem also that the Instrumentality by which this purpose is to be fulfilled, is defignated with equal clearness and earnestness. Various external circumstances may either promote or obstruct its execution. But that under all these diversities the means are uniform and fimple is undeniably marked by the great Apostle of the Gentiles. "* How shall they " call on him in whom they have not be-" lieved? How shall they believe in him of "whom they have not heard? And how " shall they hear without a PREACHER? And " how shall they preach except they be sent, as it is written how beautiful are the feet ss of of those that preach the Gospel of Peace, and bring glad tidings of good things!"

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If then the enlargement of the Redeemer's Kingdom rests upon divine authority, -and is promoted by human instrumentality: -if those are indeed the doctrines of the holy Scriptures, -no confiderations derived from other views or motives can be fuccefsfully urged gainst them. To the Christian convinced of the power and providence of God, it will always be fufficient to fay, " * Nay But C man who are thou who replieft against God?" Unhappily however for the human Race, there exists among those who are immersed in the interests and concerns of this world a constant wish and effort to abate and depretiate the efficacy and the force of the principles of that holy faith, which they decline openly and directly to oppose. This mode of attack it hath been of late years the peculiar policy of the Enemies of Religion to adopt.

Those who seemingly are not reluctant to acknowledge the pure morality which the Gospel inculcates,—the benevolent tendencies it implants, the powerful consolations it sup-

plies

plies—still are inclined to check all efforts and exertions by which it may be communicated to those upon whom the Sun of Righteousness hath not yet risen.

It is therefore expedient upon the Conscientious Members of a Society whose views are so widely distinct from those just adverted to,—to recognize seriously, to support manfully, and to vindicate with a zeal tempered but not abated by meekness and discretion, the reasons and authority upon which this primary duty of our Christian profession rests.

It is admitted, or at least it is not steadily denied, that by the diffusion of Christianity, moral happiness is extended; and moral and (in a multiplicity of instances) physical Evil controuled and mitigated. But concerning the degree in which this is effected, a latitude of opinion is assumed. It is not unfrequently contended that though the Gospel is the highest perfection of our nature, and best adapted to the regulation of our conduct,—yet that from many systems of salse Religion very salutary effects may be expected; that Superstition is always innocent and frequently beneficial: that in many of its modes,

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particularly in Oriental Countries, are contained * the purest principles of Deism, brought down to the capacity of the vulgar by symbols, ceremonies, and external rites:—that the result of it serves the purpose of civil order as well as a more perfect Creed, and is frequently and in many instances as productive of morality as the Gospel itself.—But such opinions, (and such are very commonly and very considently advanced,) will not, we presume, bear for a moment to be confronted with Scripture,—or will they stand the test of Fact.

The Scriptures represent the state of Man unassisted by the Light of the Gospel under the similitude of a Being "+ in the valley of the shadow of death." They do not countenance any comparison between the Gospel and other systems which either the artistice of Impostors or the policy of Legislators have devised. To rescue then our fellow-creatures from Idolatry (even considered in its temporal effects only) is to rescue them from the debasement of their passions, the tyranny of their Priests, and the morbid and painful me-

Iancholy

See Afiatic Refearches, vol. 8.
 † Pfalm xxiii. 4.

lancholy which depresses their minds during the domination of these malignant Errors. Let those who do not proceed to the desperate length of discarding the authority of Scripture,--for a moment attend to the description given by the great Apostle of the Heathen world in his times, including the most civilized parts of it. He exhibits the Gentiles to our view as filled " * with all unrighteousness, " fornication, - covetouiness, - full of envy, " murder, deceit, -without understanding, -

" covenant-breakers, - without natural affec-

" tion,-implacable-unmerciful."

And do the best authenticated Reports of those who have collected information concerning modern Gentilism, represent it in a more favourable point of view? Are we on these documents warranted to esteem it less the workof Charity to convert those who are immersed in its abysis from the error of their ways, than it was in the first ages of the Gospel? Is it feriously advanced that those evils and corruptions, which Philosophy with all its refinements, could not abate, are to be reduced and mitigated by a barbarous incoherent mythology.

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Man, if abandoned to his own natural propensities, is in a worse condition even than when under the guidance of salse Philosophy He is represented by those among the antient Sages whose speculation have been most founded on fact and observation—to be, (without proper institution,) the wildest and most savage of beings, and carried by the impulse of his nature to every possible extravagancy.

The Coincidence of Scripture is most striking, "† that the imagination of man's heart is perpetually evil from his Youth." In vain do we search in Superstitions now existing for any remedies of human guilt and its inseparable concomitant, human misery. Nay from that very guilt and that very misery they derive their gain and their predominance. Who for instance that views the effects of the Brahminical system upon the human character and condition can affert that the interposition of the Gospel is not required by the sufferings and crimes there displayed? Does the forlorn Widow, hurried to the suneral Pyle

† Gen. viii. 21.

Pyle by the violence and fraud and vindictive anathemas of avaritious priests, stand in need of no kind hand to rescue her from this cruel destruction? * Shall the tears of these poor mourners never be dried up by the introduction of that most holy faith which would instill sentiments of tenderness and compassion, and curb the task-masters of Superstition from those inhuman exactions? Do not the various the barbarities which are exercised upon the sic and aged, by the perverted habits and maxims of their Idolatry, demand a remedy from the hands of those who are surnished with the means of administering it?

Do not the monstrous and nameless Lusts which invariably make a part of their most facred rites call aloud for that Purification which Christian Regeneration can alone effect?

Are

^{*} See the Brahminical fystem displayed with great ability and equal feeling in a Charge delivered to the Missionaries before the Society for promoting Christian Knowledge, by the Rev. J. Owen, now Archdeacon of Richmond. This excellent person was long resident in the East Indies, and reports what he himself had seen and observed.

It is much to be wished on every account that this important production were more known and read.

⁺ See the fame Tract.

Are not these usages the inventions of those who possess and obstinately retain the dominion over them, to weigh down their spirits and to blind their eyes for ever?—A total indifference, and in many instances a strong aversion to carrying the Gospel among these poor destitutes, can only be grounded on this savourite and most mischievous maxim,—namely, "that all Religions are alike,"—that that peculiar kind of Superstition which arises out of the measures of different nations, and accords with their passions and propensities, is that which it is the office of wisdom and prudence (for duty and humanity are out of the question) to perpetuate among them.

The times of ignorance among the Nations of Antiquity before the appearance of our Lord upon Earth, God, we are told "* winked at." But we have no reason to suppose that after he has interposed in the salvation of the World by so signal an interference, as the sacrifice and sufferings of his Son, he will acquiese in the permanence of those baleful errors which it was the very purpose of this transcendant mercy to remove. Christ came to destroy

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^{*} Acts, xvii. 30.

the works of the Devil, and we are told that all "the Gods of the Heathen are Devils."

The Zeal of the Lord of Hosts is not slackened, however the views of a false and short-sighted Policy may have caused the love of many to wax cold.—If the rewards of the Gospel follow the tempers of the Gospel (a truth not easily disproved) the depraved habits which false Religion generates must deprive its votaries of that heavenly Inheritance which the New Testament declares to belong to believers only. We pray daily "that God's kingdom may come," and have we authority to conclude that the Limits of that Kingdom are wider than the profession of the Gospel?

It is not for us to attempt to fathom the counsels of the Almighty, or to presume to enquire into the effects which he has annexed to an ignorance of his Dispensations. All his movements we know are in wisdom and mercy. But affuredly those deprived of the saith of Christ are represented to be deprived of privileges and benefits of unspeakable value in Eternity. Of one thing we are certain: that upon those who are enabled to enlighten the ignorance of their sellow creatures, and do it

not,—will these deprivations both in time and eternity be charged;—and in the awful and emphatical language of hory writ—"* from them will their blood be required."

We cannot then, I conceive, fail of discerning the grounds upon which those high duties
rest which we are this day met to recognise,
and, I trust, to perform.

I cannot help mentioning however that objections have of late been started, which arecalculated to enervate,—if not totally to proscribe all efforts in this glorious and beneficent undertaking, particularly in our widely extended Oriental Dominions. Before however we abandon a defign fo closely connected with our profession, - before we make concessions to the open adversaries of our holy faith, it becometh us to pause at least, and to weigh them in the balance of God's word, and offound experience. The great difficulty of the task is urged as a discouragement,—and the obstinate adherence of the Natives to their antient Superstition, is held out as an invincible barrier to all our efforts. But in the Propagation of the Gospel the slightest begin-

· Gen, xlii. 22.

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nings and most feeble attempts have ever produced effects which no human forefight could anticipate. It may be advanced in opposition to this,—that our efforts are merely human, accompanied by no miraculous powers in those persons whose instrumentality is employed. To this it may fairly be answered, that a duty enjoined is permanent and obligatory, whatever may be the degrees of affistance granted to us in the performance of it, -and that although no miraculous powers are imparted—the divine furtherance and affistance will not be with-held,and that God in divers manners as well as at sundry times, co-operates with those who are employed in his work: and if the Arm of the Almighty be with us, (as we have the fure word of Prophecy that it is) we need not concern ourselves about the mode in which it is exerted?

Great fears are also entertained of the jealousy which such a design may excite among the natives and other inhabitants of those distant regions: and apprehensions are expressed least our Empire there should be shaken to its foundation by our compliance with the divine injunctions.

Affuredly

Affuredly it becomes us to use discretion, prudence and foresight, and to proceed in this great work by gradual advances,—waiting for times and opportunities which even the first preachers of the Gospel did not disdain to observe.

Our Missionaries are called upon to combine "the wisdom of the Serpent with the innocence of the Dove." But this relates to the mode of accomplishing our purpose, and not to the purpose itself. We never can be justified in the fight of our Maker in abandoning a known and important duty for fear of performing it imprudently or unskillfully.

It may be added that the great and tried moderation of the English Church, and its remoteness either from Fanaticism or Superstition, may be presumed to guard Missionaries sent out from its bosom from either of these excesses.

Considering therefore the great bleffings which God, amidst the wreck of all the other nations of Europe, hath still preserved and continued to us,—and the eminent and conspicuous protection he hath afforded us for a long period from that destruction which the

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common Foe of all mankind has dealt around us,—it becometh us to demonstrate a zeal for every undertaking in which his honour is concerned, and the furtherance of Christ's Gospel promoted, in every part of the widely distant and extended Dominion he hath committed to us.

This is our Prudence. This our Policy. In full conviction of this, let not the poor African in our Western Isles, or the Inhabitants of the banks of the Indus or Ganges, be deprived through our selfishness or indifference of that holy faith which God hath established in its purest form, and in its most beautiful simplicity in these Realms.

The Events of the times in which we live more than ever demonstrate how vain the strongest Bulwarks are, without the protection of Almighty God, which protection can alone be secured by obeying his will, and executing his purposes as discoverable in the holy Scriptures.

Let us feriously remember that by our activity and vigilance in this great work of conversion,—or by backwardness or aversion to it, we declare in the strongest and most emphati-

cal manner in the fight of the Heathen, either our Veneration, or (I dread the expression) our contempt for the Gospel of Christ.

May God grant that by our pious labours, which never can be in vain in the Lord, we may be thought worthy to pierce beyond the furrounding gloom, and the anxious and fearful forebodings of the things which are affuredly coming upon the Earth,—and by faith to anticipate that bleffed period when the " fullness of the Gentiles shall come in, * and " the kingdoms of this world become the " kingdoms of the Lord and his Christ." †

Now to God, &c. &c.

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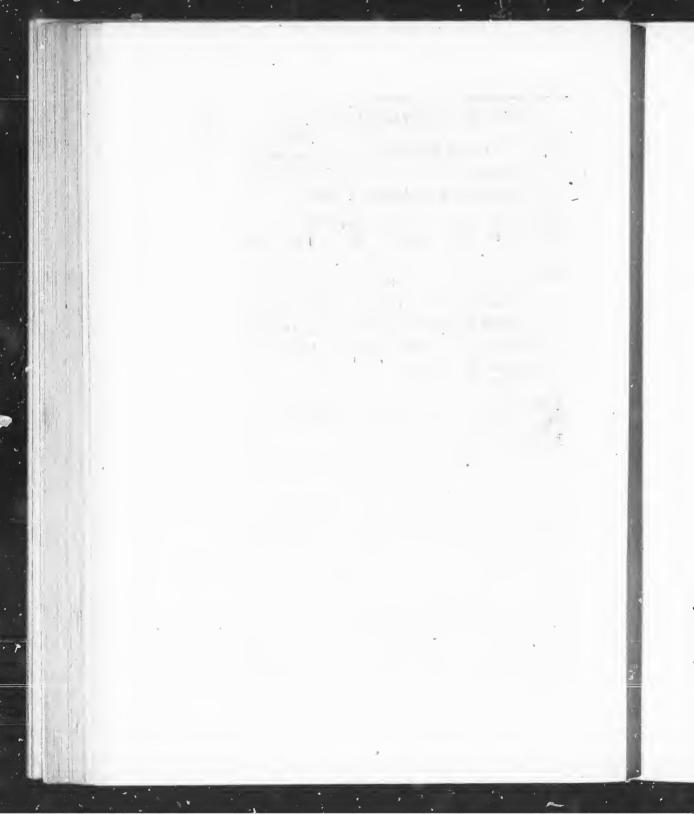
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* Rom. ii. 25. † Rev. ii. 15.

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An ABSTRACT of the

CHARTER,

And of the Proceedings of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, from the 19th Day of February, 1808, to the 17th Day of February, 1809.

ING William III. was graciously pleased, on the 16th of June, 1701, to erect and settle a Corporation with a perpecual succession, by the name of THE So-CIETY FOR THE PROPAGATION OF THE GOSPEL IN FOREIGN PARTS; for the receiving, managing, and disposing of the contributions of such persons as would be induced to extend their charity towards the Maintenance of a Learned and an Orthodox Clergy, and the making of such other provision as might be necessary for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, upon information, that in many of our PLAN-TATIONS, COLONIES, and FACTORIES beyond the seas, the provision for Ministers was mean, and many other of our said PLANTA-TIONS, COLONIES, and FACTORIES, were wholly unprovided of a maintenance for Ministers,

and the public worship of God; and that, for lack of support and maintenance of such, many of bis loving subjects wanted the administration of God's Word and Sacraments, and seemed to be abandoned to Atheism and Insidelity, and others of them to Popish Superstition and Idolatry.

The Society was composed, by the Charter, of the Chief Prelates and Dignitaries of the Church, and of several other Lords, and eminent persons in the State, with a power to elect, from time to time, such others to be Members of the Corporation, as they, or the major part of them, should think beneficial to their charitable designs, to receive the donations of all charitable and well-disposed persons towards this most pious design: And thro' an especial blessing this work of the Lord bath all along prospered in their hands.

The Society, as their Charter directs, give an annual account to the Lord High Chancellor, the Lord Chief Justice of the King's Bench, and the Lord Chief Justice of the Common Pleas, of the several sums of money by them received, and laid out, and of the management and disposition of the revenues of the Corporation: An Abstract of which, and of their proceedings, they annually publish, and take this opportunity of returning their most hearty thanks for the particular Benefactions and Legacies which were received in the year 1808, viz.

	£	s.	d.
From the Hon. Mrs. Anne Talbot,	5	,	0
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the Dean of York and his			
Friends,	6	II	6
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A LIST of the Society's Missionaries, Catechists and School-masters, with their respective Salaries, and the places at which they officiate.

	NEWFOUNDLAND. Annual Salaries.
1	Mr. John Harries, Missionary at St. 3100
2	Mr. Lionel Chancey, School-master at St. John's ————————————————————————————————————
3	Mr. Lewis Anspach, Missionary at Har- bor Grace and Carboneer,
4	Mr. William Lampen, School-master at Hurbor Grace.
5	Mr. John Tucker, School-master in Conception Bay,
	6 Mr.

15 Mr. Ichabad Corbit, School-master at

16 Mrs. Rebecca Bailey, School-mistress

17 Mr. Edward Willoughby, Missionary at ?

18 Mr. Robert Norris, Missionary at Corn-

20 Mr. M'Inerney, School-master at Horion, 10

21 Dr. John Inglis, Missionary at Aylesford, 50

19 Mr. Cornelius Fox, School-master

Annapolis,

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at Annapolis,

Windfor and Newport,

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Sate.

Annual
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22 Mr. John Kerr, School-master at Ayles- ford,
23 Mr. James Wiswall, Missionary at Wilmot 50
24 Mr. William Cropley, School-master at \\ \frac{1}{3} \]
25 Mr. John Millidge, Missionary at Gran-
26 Mr. School-master at 10
27 Mr. Roger Viets, Missionary at Digby, - 50
28 Mr. James Beckwith, School-master at Digby,
29 Mrs. Elizabeth Foreman, School- 5 5
30 Mr. Thomas Rowland, Missionary at 50
31 Mr. Richard Brazel, School-master at 10
32 Mrs. Brazel, School-mistressat Shelburne, 10
33 Mr. Ibomas Shreve, Missionary at Lu-
34 Mr. Miffionary at 350
35 Mr. Thomas Dewolf, Schoolmaster at 10
36 Mr. , Missionary at Cum-
37 Mr. Charles William Weeks, Missionary 30 at Guysborough, 50
38 Mr. Patrick Patton, School-master at Guysborough,
39 Mr. Ranna Coffit, Missionary at Yarmouth, 50
40 Mr.

		-
40	Mr. Benjamin Gray, Missionary at Sack- ville Mr. George Dill, School-master at Truro,)
	ville	50
4I	Mr. George Dill, School-master at Trura	TO
42	Mr. John Peitzch. School-mafter at)
	Mr. John Peitzeh, School-master at Truro, Campbell Town, Sheet Harbour, Mr. John Cambbell S. L.	15
4.2	Mr. John Campbell School maden as	
73	Mr. John Campbell, School-master at Stormont, Country Harbor,	TC.
	Stormont, Country Harbor,	-3-

NEW BRUNSWICK.

44 Mr. George Pidgeon, Missionary at Free 350 deritton,
Fredericton,
AD THE AMERICAN D. A. B. C. C.
47 Mr. Roger Viets, jun. Affistant at St. John's, 40 John's ————————————————————————————————————
John's
48 Mr. James Bisset, Missionary at Man.
48 Mr. James Bisset, Missionary at Maugerville, 35 40 Mr. John Summed on School 2
49 Mr. John Symondson, School-master at Maugerville, 50 Mr. Simeon Lugrin, School-master at Burton, Surton,
Maugerville,
50 Mr. Simeon Lugrin, School-master at?
Burton,
31 IVII. Ellas Scoull, Williamary at Kingfon
52 Mr. Walter Dibblee, School-mafter at
King ston,
52 Mr. Walter Dibblee, School-master at } 10 King ston, 53 Mr. Spring field, School-master at } 10
54 Mr. Samuel Andrews, Missionary at St 1
Andrew's, 50
54 Mr. Samuel Andrews, Missionary at St. 350 Andrew's, D 56 Mr.
30 1111.

55	Mr. James Berry, Catechist and School- master at St. Andrew's,
56	Mr. Ebenezer Bugbee, School-master at St. Stephen's, Mr. Richard Clarke, Missionary at Gage Town, Mr. George Knox, School-master at Gage Town, Gage Town,
57	Mr. Richard Clarke, Missionary at Gage 50
58	Mr. George Knox, School-master at }10
59	Mr. Oliver Arnold, Missionary at Sussex 350
60	Mr. Jeremiah Regan, Master of the Indian School at Susjex Vale, for teaching the White Children,
61	Mr. Frederic Dibblee, Missionary at Woodstock, Northampton, Prince William and Queenboro' Towns
62	Mr. School-master at }15
63	Mrs. Anne Woodland, School-mistress at Northampton, Mr. School-master at 10
64	Mr. School-master at Prince William and Queenboro' -

CAPE BRETON.

65 Mr. William Twining, Missionary at Sydney, 50

UPPER CANADA.

66 Dr. John Stuart, Missionary at Kingston, and to the Mohawk Indians, 67 Mr.

Proceedings of the Society.	27
67 Mr. School-master to the Mohawks at Kenti,	
York. George Okill Stuart, Missionary at ?	
69 Mr. John Langhorn, Missionary at 7	
and for vifiting the Indian	
71 Mr. John Strachan, Missionary at	
72 Mr. Richard Pollard, Missionary at 50	
LOWER CANADA.	
73 Mr. Richard Bradford Missioners	
Dunham Dunham	
Amand — Missionary at St. 350	
Chatham, Missionary at \ 50	
BAHAMA ISLANDS.	
7 Mr., Missionary 50	
8 Mr. , Missionary 50	
D ₂ AFRICA,	
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AFRICA.

79 Mr. Philip Quaque, Missionary, Catechist and School-master to the Negroes on the Gold Coast,

NEW SOUTH WALES.

80 Isaac Nelson, School-master, — 19
81 Thomas Tabar, School-master, — 19

NORFOLK ISLAND.

82 Thomas Macqueen, School-master, — 10 83 Susanna Hunt, School-mistress, — 10

The Society also continue to pay their former falaries to

- 84 Mr. William Clark, - 20
- 85 M. James Balfour, as a superannuated Missionary under peculiar Circum- stances,

Besides this, the Society are at considerable expence in surnishing Missionaries with books for a Library, and Bibles, Prayer-books, and small religious Tracts, to distribute among their people, as occasions require; and in Gratuities for extraordinary services. And as the Society generally receive from their Missionaries accounts of their proceedings, and of the state of their several Manions, it is thought proper to publish the following Abstract of such informations as were received from the Missionaries in the year 1808.

Newfoundland.

The Rev. Mr. Harries, Missionary at St. John's, has returned thanks to the Society for a large supply of Religious Books and Tracts, all of which he has distributed, and has requested a similar selection this year, which have been granted to him. In the course of the summer, he visited several of the Out Ports-Fortune Bay, Bay Bulls, and Ferryland-where a Protestant Minister is much wanted, the people in those places being funk into most lamentable ignorance. In attempting to go as far as Hermitage Bay, he met with a dreadful gale of wind, which greatly injured the vessel, and being 300 miles distant from home, he judged it prudent to return. The duties of his Mission encrease fast upon him. The influx of people from England, Scotland and Ireland, and the Out Ports, into St. John's Harbor, has been lately prodigious. During the last year, he baptised 93, married 37 couple, and buried 246. Communicants 117.

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fuch MifThe Rev. Mr. Anspach, Missionary at Harbor Grace and Carboneer, has acquainted the Society in his letter of the 2d of December last, that the result of his humble endeavours in the discharge of his duty has been encouraging. The great change, which has

taken place in the manner of observing the Lord's Day and in the conduct and habits of parents and children, evinces in his opinion the utility of the Sunday School, which is attended by twelve Boys and nine Girls, and is conducted, as well as the Day School, with great care and assiduity, by Mr. Lampen. He encloses the following Notitia: Baptisms 60, and in other parts of the Bay 24—Marriages 26—Burials 11. Eight have been added to the Communicants.

The Rev. Mr. Clinch, Missionary at Trinity, has acquainted the Society, that according to his usual custom, he has visited the Out Ports in the Bay. At each place, he read Prayers, and preached to the inhabitants, servants, and sishermen. At Bay De Verds, a Fishing Harbor, at the entrance of Conception Bay, althoroughly inhabited by Roman Catholics, be baptized 2 Adults and 21 Infants, and married 4 couple. That Mr. Thomas, the Schoolmaster, discharges his trust with unremitting attention. His Notitia at Trinity stands thus: Baptisms 1 Adult and 44 Infants—Marriages 14—Burials 15. At Silly Cove, Baptisms 5—Marriages 2—Burials 5.

Nova Scotia.

From letters received from the Rev. Dr. Stanser, Missionary at Halifax, it appears, that his parishioners are proceeding rapidly with the new Parsonage House, which, it is expected, will be ready for him this spring. His year's Notitia is as follows: Baptisms 145—Marriages 88—Burials 112.

The Rev. Mr. Perkins, Assistant to Mr. Bailey at Annapolis and Clements, in his letter of the 30th of June last, returns thanks for the Books fent to him by the Society. As Mr. Bailey's infirmities were encreasing, he had performed duty at both Churches every Sunday, in which he found little difficulty, the distance being but eight miles, and the roads That the School flourishes under good. Mr. Corbitt. The Catechumens, with the addition of Miss Bailey's scholars, amount to The people of Clements have painted near 70. their Church at the expence of £40, and both Parishes seem disposed to do every thing in their power to promote the prosperity of the Church. In the course of the year he baptized at Annapolis 14—at Clements 20 married 4 couple at each place; and buried at Annapolis 11—at Clements 3. The Communicants at Annapolis 24-at Clements 40.

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The Society have fince received information of the death of their Missionary Mr. Bailey—an able, diligent, and exemplary Labourer in the Vineyard. He had been nearly half a century in the Society's service.

The Rev. Mr. King, late Missionary at Rawdon and Douglas, has accepted the appointment of Principal of the Academ; at Windfor—a fituation which, he fays, he had repeatedly refused in happier days; but was induced to it to divert his grief for the loss of an amiable wife, and to provide better for four young children. He confesses to the Society that he had unfeigned concern at parting with a people among whom he spent ten years in much harmony and affection. left the House, Garden, and Glebe in compleat order; and he has no doubt but the Churchwardens and Vestry will take good care of every thing till the Mission be again filled. He returns the Society his most fincere thanks for many proofs of their attention and kindness, and his prayer to the Almighty is, that he will bless their pious zeal, and fend a supply of faithful labourers for his Service.

The Rev. Mr. Weeks, Missionary at Guysboro' assures the Society of the satisfaction he receives in the usual course of duty, and constantly meeting a large and well behaved Congregation, gregation, which is still encreasing. That there were 50 Communicants at Easter, of whom 7 were new. At Tracadie the number of black families is 23—the children 38, 18 of whom can answer any question in the Catechism.

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New Brunswick.

The Rev. Dr. Byles, Missionary at St. John's, complains of the encreasing infirmities of age; but receives much satisfaction from the exemplary conduct and approved services of his Assistant Mr. Roger Viets, jun. During the last six months, his Baptisms were 37; Marriages 12; Funerals 14.

The Rev. Elias Scovil, Affistant at Kingston, has acquainted the Society with his father's death, which happened on the 19th of December last. He was a very old Missionary of the Society, having been employed in their fervice nearly fifty years. His fon has earneftly requested the Society to appoint him to that Mission, with which they have the more readily complied, as the Bishop of Nova Scotia had recommended it foon after he was made Affistant, and his character and conduct fince, justly entitle him to this mark of the Seciety's approbation and favour. He informs the Society that a Grant has been lately obtained for certain Lands he formerly described as referved

ferved for the Church, which contain 450 acres, with 200 for the School. At present they will be of little profit to a Missionary; but the Wardens and Vestry propose to have a part of the Glebe Land divided into small lots and leased out. The Parishioners have entered into a subscription towards the repair of the Church, for which they have collected materials, and hope to finish the work next summer. In the last half year, he baptized 61 Insants and 6 Adults, and buried 20.

The Rev. Samuel Andrews, Missionary at St. Andrew's, in his two letters to the Society, gives this account of his Mission, and of the School at St. Stephen's. That the School flourished under the care of Mr. Clarke, who had more than 40 scholars; but that he removed last June to his father's to compleat his preparation for holy orders. Mr. Andrews was not able to supply his place till the 1st of October last, when he placed, with the approbation of the District, Mr. Ebenezer Bugbee in the School House, who complies with the directions of the Society, is a good English scholar, of a sober life and conversation, and gives full fatisfaction in the School. therefore begs the Society to confirm his appointment, which they have done. - Mr. Andre's further adds, that no place feems more to require the establishment of a Mission than St. Stephen's, which is fituated at the head of the 150

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the Navigation upon the River St. Croix, where there is now a very respectable Congregation. The Town encreases rapidly, and at present contains more inhabitants than any other Town in the Province, except St. John. The Parish would secure to the Missionary £30 a year, and the Glebe is worth £23 sterling more. Mr. Andrews performs his duty with the same punctuality as heretofore; but from age and infirmities has not been able this year to visit the Out Parishes. His Noticia, therefore, he says, is smaller; being only 28 Baptisms, 10 Marriages, and 4 Burials. Communicants 53.

Cape Breton.

The Rev. Mr. Twining, Missionary at Sydney, in his letter of September 10, 1808, acquaints the Society, that nothing material has occurred in his Mission. The Church remains as it was, with little project of it's being soon unished. That there are many Settlements on the north-west coast, which he cannot visit without a vessel: but he made an excursion of about 100 miles in the summer to Granby and Mira Bay, where there are about 20 Families, and where he baptized 10 children. His Parochial Notitia for the last year is, as follows: Baptisms 36; Marriages 12; and Burials 10. Communicants 17.

Upper and Lower Canada.

The Bishop of Quebec has informed the Society that the Rev. Mr. Rudd, the Missionary at William Henry, died early in the last year, and is succeeded by Mr. Bradford, of Chatham. That it is the design of Government to establish a Minister at Gaspè with the usual falary, to which place also the Bishop hopes that the Bounty of the Society will be ex-That there is no Settlement in those tended. Provinces in which a Clergyman is more wanted, and none which has more unequivocally manifested an intention to do all that can reasonably be expected towards his maintenance and comfort. The Society will gladly contribute their affistance whenever a Missionary can be tound for that place.

The Rev. Dr. Stuart, Missionary at Kingston, acquaints the Society that their Church is compleatly sinished, and the burying ground enclosed by a stone wall. That, as the Mohawks are now well disposed to receive a Schoolmaster, he is in treaty with a person whom he thinks suitable for that station. In the course of the year, he has baptized 35 Infants and 2 Adults, and buried 7.

The Rev. George Okill Stuart, Missionary at York, writes to the Society that his Congregation

gregation has encreased, and the state of the Mission as prosperous as could be expected. A pulpit has been erected in the Church, which cost £25 Currency. The Catechetical Instruction has been attended to every Sunday afternoon. His half year's Notitia is: Bartisms 33—Marriages 17—Burials 11. Communicants 18.

The Society have received intelligence from Mr. Addison, Missionary at Niagara, of the death of Captain Brant, the great Chief of the Mohawks, in December last.

The Rev. Charies Stewart is settled at St. Amand and Mr. Cotton at Dunham. The former has written two letters to the Society. From the first, dated April 22, 1808, they learn that he reached Quebec on the 27th Sep- . tember, 1807, stayed there and at Montreal some days, and arrived at St. Amand on the 21st of October, which is 70 miles fouth-east from Montreal. On the 28th he proceeded to the east part of the Paritin of St. Amand, eighteen miles in length and four wide. It was some time before he could procure a place fit for Public Worship; but at length a small School House was fixed on for that purpose, in which he first performed Divine Service on the 29th of November. That the inhabitants of that part of St. Amand have contracted for the building of a fuitable Church

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in a good situation. The site and two acres of land have been given by Messrs. Treleight. He had baptized 3 Adults (each the parent of several children) and 26 Infants, and married 2 couple. At Christmas Day there were 9 Communicants and at Easter 23. He concludes by saying, that with faith in Christ and gratitude to God, under the continuance of his blessing, he considers his Mission as a flourishing one. He requests some Prayer Books, Bibles, and Testaments, which have been granted.

In his fecond letter, dated November 5, 1808, he writes, that his fituation continues to be fatisfactory to him, and he believes profitable to the Church. That various circumstances have arisen to impede the progress of their new Church, but he hopes that after Christmas it would be fit or Divine Service. As Mr. Cotton removed into the Township of Dunham from the west end of that Parish before last May; fince the beginning of that month he had attended to the Congregation there. The places of Public Worship are ten miles apart. Since the 22d of April, he has baptized at the east end of St. Amand I Adult and II Children, married 7 couple, and buried 2 Children. At the west end of St. Amand he has baptized o Children: And in Vermont State he baptized 3 Children.

The Rev. Mr. Cotton, Missionary at Dunham, has acquainted the Society in his letter of the 30th of September last, that he removed to that place in the fpring, fince which Divine Service has been regularly performed in the house of a respectable settler, with whom he now resides. An acre of land has lately been granted for building a temporary Church, and for a Burying Ground, which will accommodate the greater part of the inhabitants. He has found the people in general very attentive to the Service, but greatly embarraffed for want of Books; "which the Society have ordered to be fent to him. He had baptized 6; married 4 couple; but no funeral.

The Society having of late years found great difficulty in prevailing with proper Clergymen to go abroad in their fervice, and conceiving that one cause of this difinclination arises from an ignorance of the whole of the Emoluments and Advantages annexed to the situation of a Missionary in the Colonies to which they are sent, have thought it proper to publish the following more full account than what appears in the general Annual Abstract of their Proceedings.

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The Colonies to which the Society fend out Missionaries are these following: Newsoundland, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick (lately taken from Nova Scotia), Upper and Lower Canada, Cape Breton, the Bahama Islands, and Africa.

It may be useful to notice, that before the Society send out a Clergyman to any new place, the people first petition the Society to do it, and signify that they are able and willing to contribute towards the Missionary's support. In general, it is required that a Church be built, a Glebe secured, a Parsonage House erected, and a subscription entered into by the people themselves, or such Engagements made as may induce the Society to establish a Mission before they are compleated; but where the people have failed in the performance, the Missionary has been removed to another station.

Upon the opening of a new Mission, the Society grant a yearly Salary of £50. Afterwards, it is increased or diminished according as circumstances may seem to require, the Glebe lands being in some places of more value than in others. Half a year's Salary is advanced to each Missionary upon his going abroad, and an allowance made towards the charge of the voyage, generally about £30.

Besides this, great aid has been afforded by Government towards carrying on the pious designs of the Society. In the Province of

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Nova Scotia thirteen Missionaries now enjoy an annual Salary from Government of £70 or £75. In New Brunswick eight Missionaries have each £100 a year. To the Missionary at Cape Breton £100 a year is allotted. And to five Missionaries in Newsoundland £50 a sear, with some allowance of ratios, in addition to the Society's Salary of £100.

The Missionaries in Canada have each of them an annual Salary of £100 from Government, and no one has less than £50 from the Society. The other growing advantages from Glebe, Subscription, and other Contingencies, cannot be accurately stated, as they must be subject, from many causes, to variation and uncertainty, and will be governed in some respects by the abilities of the people, and the estimation in which the Missionary is held.

In addition to this it should be observed, that the Society, ever attentive to the necessities of their Missionaries, have been accustomed, as occasions have required, to reward the diligent for any extraordinary services, and to alleviate the distresses of those who have been afflicted with sickness, or sustained any unforeseen losses or calamities, by pecuniary Gratuities.

There is also some provision, from an accumulation on a Legacy of Archbishop Tenison (the annual interest of which now amounts to nearly £300) for "fuch Missionaries, being F" English-

" Englishmen, and of the Province of Canter-

" bury, as have been by unavoidable acci-

dents, fickness, or other infirmities of the body, or old age, disabled from the per-

" formance of their duties, and forced to re-

" turn to England." Three Missionaries have

lately enjoyed the benefit of it.

These, with some other occasional advantages, are the encouragements held out by the Society to such plous and well disposed Clergymen as are willing to enter into their service.

The Society taking into their ferious confideration the absolute necessity there is, that those Clergymen, who are sent abroad, should be duly qualified for the work to which they are appointed, desire every one, who recommends any person to them for that purpose, to testify his knowlege, as to the following particulars:

1. The age of the person.

- 2. His condition of life, whether fingle or married.
- 3. His temper.
- 4. His prudence.
- 5. His learning.
- 6. His fober and pious conversation.

7. His

7. His zeal for the Christian religion, and diligence in his holy calling.

8. His affection to the present Government.

9. His conformity to the doctrine and discipline of the Church of England.

And the Society request all persons concerned, that they recommend no man out of favour or affection, or any other worldly consideration, but with a sincere regard to the honour of Almighty God, and our blessed Savi ur; as they tender the interest of the Christian Religion, and the good of mens souls.

But if any person should appear abroad in the character of a Clergyman of the Church of England, and disgrace that profession by improper behavior, the Society desire their friends to examine, if they can, into his Letters of Orders, and to inspect the list of the Missionaries annually published by the Society, by which if it should be found, that he came thither with their knowledge; they will, upon due information, put away from them that wicked person.

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The Receipts and Payments on the GENERAL ACCOUNT of the Society for the Year past, stood thus at the Audit, on the 27th Day of January, 1809.

RECEIPTS.

RECEILI	J .		
	£.	5.	d.
By balance of the last account -	2770	6	7
By benefactions and legacies -			0
By fubscriptions and entrances			6
By dividends from the funds -	3705	rr	0.
By rent of estates	73	3	9:
By annuity from the estate of the			
late Antony Barnes	20	0	0
By annuity from the late Mrs.			
Hanmer	5	5	0
£.	7288	0	10
			-

PAYMENTS.

d. 70609

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To Salaries and Gratuities to	s. ′	d.
Missionaries, Catechists, and School-masters, 3318		
To Officers falaries, 300 To books fent abroad, 72 To the Fund for printing the 3	8	01
To the Fund for printing the Scriptures in the Arabic language	0	0
To purchase of 2000/. Three per Cent. Reduced Annuities 1320	0	0
To printing and dispersing the Anniversary Sermon, Stationary, Postage of Letters, Law charges, the Hire of		
a Room for the Society's Meetings, and other inci-		
To balance in the Treasurer's hands, 1808	10	II:

£. 7288 0 10



A LIST of the

MEMBERS

OF

The Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts.

Time of Admission.

1800 HIS Highness Prince William Frederick

A

1794 THE Hon. and Most Reverend William Lord Archbishop of Armagh, and Primate of Ireland.

1788 The Right Reverend William Lord Bishop of St Asaph.

1758 The Rev. East Apthorp, D. D. Prebendary of St. Paul's.

1805 The Rev. Gerrard Andrewes, D. D. Rector of St. James, Westminster.

B

- 1778 THE Right Reverend Richard Lord Bishop of Bath and Wells.
- 1783 The Right Reverend John Lord Bishop of Bangor.
- 1767 The Rev. William Bell, D. D. Prebendary of Westmirster.
- 1777 The Rev. Andrew Burnaby, D. D. Arch-deacon of Leicester.
- 1782 The Rev. Sir Thomas Broughton, Bart. of Broughton in Staffordshire.
- 1782 John Baçon, Esq; Receiver of the First Fruits.
- 1784 John Burbidge, Esq; of Cornwallis in Nova Scotia.
- 1786 The Rev. George Barrington, M. A. Prebendary of Durham.
- 1788 The Rev. William Lloyd Baker, M. A. of Stout's Hill, Gloucestersbire.
- 1789 The Rev. William Bingham, D. D. Arch-deacon of London.
- 1793 The Rev. John Frederic Browning, D. D. Rector of Titchwell, Norfolk.
- 1793 John Butler Butler, Esq; one of His Majesty's Council at Halifax, Nova Scotia.
- 1794 Sampson Salter Blowers, Esq; Chief Justice of Nova Scotia.
- 1796 Alexander Brymer, Efq; Bath.
- 1803 The Rev. Edward Barnard, M. A. Rector of Bexley, Kent.

Time of Admission.
Lord 1804

1804 The Rev. James Burton, D. D. Canon of Christ Church, Oxford.

1805 The Rev. Richard Bullock, D.D. Rector of Strethan, Surrey.

of Corpus Christi College, Oxford.

1806 Brian Broughton, Esq; of Barnes, Surrey. 1808 The Rev. Charles Burney, D. C. L.

C.

1792 THE Most Reverend Charles Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, President.

1789 The Right Reverend John Lord Bishop of Chichester.

1791 The Right Reverend Henry Wunam Lord Bishop of Chester.

1804 The Right Reverend William Lord Bishop of Cloyne,

1805 The Right Reverend Samuel, Lord Bishop of Carlisle.

1806 The Right Reverend Christopher Lord Bishop of Clonfert.

1779 Richard Clark, Esq. Chamberlain of the City of London.

1779 The Rev. William Conybeare, D. D. Rector of St. Botolph, Bishopsgate.

1789 The Rev. Roger Clough, Rector of Thakeham, Suffex.

1792 The Rev. William Crawford, D. D. Arch-deacon of Caermarthen.

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1794 The Rev. George Cope, M. A. Prebendary of Hereford.

1798 The Rev. Septimus Collinson, D. D. Margaret Professor of Divinity in Oxford.

1800 The Rev. Thomas Causton, M. A. Prebendary of Westminster.

1804 The Rev. William Cockburn, M. A.

1805 William Campbell, Esq; His Majesty's Attorney General in the Island of Cape Breton.

1805 The Rev. Edmund Cartwright; jun. M.A. Rector of Storington, in Suffex.

D.

1762 THE Hon. and Right Reverend Shute Lord Bishop of Durham.

1803 The Right Reverend Thomas Lord Bishop of St. David's.

1777 Brampton Gurdon Dillingham, Esq; Grundisburgh, Suffolk.

1777 Philip Dehany, Esq;

1777 The Rev. Henry Jerome de Salis, D. D. Chaplain in Ordinary to His Majesty.

1778 The Rev. John Drake, D.C.L. Rector of Amersham, Bucks.

of Winchester Cotlege.

1784 The Rev. Thomas Drake, D. D. Vicar of Rochdale, Lancashire.

1785 The Rev. Jonathan Davies, D. D. Provost of Eton College.

Time of Admittion.

1798 The Rev. Daniel Francis Durand, M.A. Dean of Guernsey.

1802 The Rev. David Durell, M. A. Prebendary of Durham.

E.

1778 THE Right Reverend Thomas Lord Bishop of Ely.

1803 The Hon. and Right Reverend George ord Bishop of Exeter.

1808 The Right Reverend John Lord Bishop of Euphin.

1793 The Right Hon. Sampson Lord Eardley.

of Oriel College, Oxford.

F.

1778 THE Rev. James Falconer, D. D. Archdeacon of Derby.

1783 Lieutenant - General Edmund Fanning, D. C. L. Lieutenant-Governor of St. Fobn's Island,

1786 The Rev. Henry Ford, D. C. L. Principal of Magdalen Hall, Oxford.

1797 The Rev. Charles Fynes, D. C. L. Prebendary of Westminster.

1800 John Forster, Esq: Lincoln's Inn.

1806 The Rev. Sir John Fagg, Bart. of Mystole, in Kent.

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Time of G. Admission. THE Right Reverend George Lord Bishop of Gloucester. 1700 The Right Hon. James Lord Gambier. 1772 The Rev. Samuel Glasse, D. D. Chaplain in Ordinary to His Majesty. 1777 Sir Philip Gibbes, Bart. 1779 The Rev. Edmund Garden, Minister of St. Botolph, Aldersgate. 1784 The Rev. Charles de Guiffardiere, Prebendary of Salisbury. 1786 The Rev. Thomas Gisborne, M. A. of Yoxhall Lodge, Staffordshire. 1792 The Rev. George Gaskin, D. D. Rector of Stoke Nervington, Middleser.

1794 Francis Gosling, Esq;

1798 The Rev. Joseph Goodall, D. D. Canon of Windsor.

1804 The Rev. Robert Gray, D. D. Prebendary of Durham.

1805 The Rev. Brown Grifdale, D. D. Chancellor of the Diocese of Carlisle.

1807 The Rev. George Henry Glasse, M. A. Rector of Hanwell, Middlesex.

H.

1808 THE Right Rev. John Lord Bishop of Hereford.

1771 The Rev. Anthony Hamilton, D.D. Archadeacon of Colchefter.

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1783 The Rev. John Hallam, D. D. Canon of Windsor.

1797 The Rev. Thomas Hughes, D. D. Canon - Residentiary of St. Paul's.

1802 The Rev. George Heath, D. D. Canon of Windfor.

1803 The Rev. Anthony Hamilton, M. A. Rector of Loughton, Essex.

1804 The Rev. Charles Henry Hall, D. D. Regius Professor of Divinity in Oxford.

1805 The Rev. William Howley, D. D. Canon of Christ Church, Oxford.

1805 The Rev. George Harper, D.D. Rector of Stepney, Middlefex.

1807 The Rev. Robert Hodgson, M. A. Rector of St. George, Hanover Square.

I.

1768 THE Right Rev. Charles Inglis, D. D. Bishop of Nova Scotia.

1779 The Rev. Cyril Jackson, D. D. Dean of Christ-Church, Oxford.

1780 Robert Jenner, Esq;

1784 The Rev. James Jones, D. D. Arch-deacon of Hereford.

1788 The Rev. William Jackson, D. D. Canon of Christ Church, Oxford.

1797 George James, Esq;

1805 Gibbes Walker fordun, Esq;

K.

1774 THE Rev. Sir Richard Kaye, Bart.
D. C. L. Dean of Lincoln.
1792 Jahn King, Esq.;

L.

1767 THE Right Reverend Beilby Lord Bishop of London.

1775 The Honorable and Right Reverend Fames Lord Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry.

1786 The Right Reverend George Lord Bishop of Lincoln, and Dean of St. Paul's.

1804 The Right Rev. Euseby, Lord Bishop of Leighlin and Fernes.

1772 The Rev. John Law, D. D. Archdeacon of Rochester.

1797 George Leonard, Esq; One of His Majesty's Council, New Brunswick.

1797 The Rev. George William Lukin, D.C.L. Dean of Wells.

1804 The Hon, and Rev. Edward Legge, D. C. L. Dean of Windsor.

1809 The Rev. Robert Lowth, M. A. Prebendary of St. Paul's. Time of

M:

1801 THE Most Reverend Thomas Lewis, Lord Bishop of Meath.

1782 The Rev. John Moore, B. C. L. Rector of St. Michael Bassishaw, London.

1786 The Rev. Lewis Mercier, Minister of the French London Church in Thread-needle-street.

1787 The Rev. George Markham, D.D. Dean of York.

1788 The Rev. Spencer Madan, M. A. Canon Refidentiary of Lichfield.

1796 The Rev. Robert Markbam, M. A. Arch-deacon of York.

1796 The Rev. Henry Forster Mills, B. C. L. Chancellor of York.

1796 The Rev. George Moore, M. A. Prebendary of Canterbury.

1798 The Rev. Streynsham Master, M. A. Rector of Croston, Lancashire.

1804 The Rev. William Morice, B. D. Fellow of St. John's College, Oxford.

1806 The Rev. Joseph William Martin, B.C. Lie Rector of Keston, in Kent.

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1777 THE Right Reverend Henry Lord Bishop of Norwich.

1775 The Rev. Richard Nicoll, D. D. Chancellor of Wells.

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1785 The Right Hon. Sir Evan Nepean, Bart. 1789 The Rev. John Napleton, D. D. Canon Residentiary of Hereford. 1803 The Rev. Henry Handley Norris, M. A.

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1793 THE Right Rev. Charles, Lord Bishop of Oxford.

1779 The Rev. Arthur Onslow, D.D. Dean of Worcester.

1782 Henry Hoyle Oddie, Esq; Solicitor in

Chancery.

P.

1772 THE Right Reverend Spencer Lord Bishop of Peterborough.

1764 The Rev. Charles Poyntz, D. D. Prebendary of Durham.

1784 The Rev. Robert Price, D. C. L. Prebendary of Durham.

1785 Sir William Pepperrell, Bart.

1789 The Rev. Joseph Holden Pott, M. A. Archdeacon of St. Alban's.

1790 The Rev. William Pearce, D. D. Dean of Elv.

1792 The Rev. Phineas Pett, D. D. Archdeacon of Oxford.

James

1793 James Allan Park, Esq; Barrister at Law.

1799 The Rev. John Hayes Petit, M. A.

1800 William Morton Pitt, Efq;

1803 The Right Hon. Spencer Perceval, Chancellor of His Majesty's Exchequer.

1805 The Rev. Harry Powell, B. C. L. Rector of East Horndon, Essex.

Q.

1795 THE Right Reverend Jacob, Lord Bishop of Quebec in Canada.

R.

1776 THE Right Honourable Jacob Earl of

1792 The Right Reverend Walker Lord Bishop of Rochester.

1798 The Right Hon. William Lord Radstock.

1779 Jesse Russell, Esq;

1784 The Rev. F. Sonne Radcliffe, D.D. Arch-deacon of Canterbury.

1789 The Rev. Durand Rhudde, D. D. Chaplain in Ordinary to His Majesty.

1801 The Rev. George Robson, M. A. Prebendary of St. Asaph.

1804 The Hon. and Rev. Henry Ryder, M. A. Canon of Windsor.

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1804 Richard Richards, Efq; Barrister at

1804 The Rev. Raymond Rogers, B. A. Vicar of Bishop's Stortford, Herts.

S.

1787 THE Right Reverend John Lord Bishop of Salisbury.

1781 The Rev. John Strachey, D.C.L. Archdeacon of Suffolk.

1781 John Swale, Esq;

1785 Granville Sharp, Esq;

Justice of the Supreme Court of Judicature at Madras.

1790 The Rev. R.D. Shackleford, D.D. F.R.S. Vicar of St. Sepulchre's, London.

1799 The Rev. Peter Sandiford, M. A. Rector of Fulmonston, Norfolk.

1802 Clement Samuel Strong, Efq;

1805 The Rev. Thomas Sikes, M. A. Vicar of Guilsboro', Northamptonshire.

1807 The Hon. and Rev. Charles Stewart, M. A. Rector of Overton Longvile, Hunts.

T.

1766 THE Rev. Edward Tew, M. A. Fellow of Eton College.

1791 The Rev. Joseph Turner, D.D. Dean of Norwich.

1701 Robert Thornton, Esq; Clapham.

1806 The Rev. Henry John Todd, M. A. Rector of Allhallows, Lombard-street.

V.

1776 THE Reverend William Vyfe, D. C. L. Canon Residentiary of Lichfield.

1779 The Rev. William Vincent, D. D. Dean of Westminster.

1798 The Rev. William Van Mildert, M. A. Rector of St. Mary-le-Bow, London.

W.

1770 THE Honorable and Right Reverend Brownlow Lord Bishop of Winchester.

1797 The Right Reverend Folliott Lord Bishop of Worcester.

1764 The Rev. George Wollaston, D. D.

1781 The Rev. Francis Wollaston, B. C. L. Rector of Chisteburst, in Kent.

of St. George's, Bloomfbury.

1792 Sir John Wentworth, Bart.

1796 The Rev. Henry Whitfeld; D. D. F. R. S. Rector of St. Margaret's, Lothbury.

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M.A.

Fellow

1800 The Rev. John Wheler, B. C. L. Prebendary of Westminster.

1800 William Wilberforce, Esq; 1800 David Pike Watts, Esq;

1801 The Rev. John James Watson, D.D. Vicar of Hackney, Middlesex.

1805 The Rev. Nicholas Wood, M. A. of Oldton, Suffolk.

1806 The Rev. Christopher Wordsworth, M. A. Dean of Bocking.

1808 The Rev. Charles Webber, M. A. Arch-deacon of Chichester.

Y.

1785 THE Most Reverend and Honourable Edward Lord Archbishop of York, Lord Almoner.

MEMBERS by Charter.

- I THE Lord Archbishop of Canterbury.
- 2 The Lord Archbishop of York.
- 3 The Lord Bishop of London.
- 4 The Lord Bishop of Ely.
- 5 The Lord Almoner.

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RS

- 6 The Dean of Westminster.
- 7 The Dean of St. Paul's.
- 8 The Archdeacon of London.
- 9 The Regius Professor of Divinity in Oxford.
- 10 The Regius Professor of Divinity in Cambridge.
- 11 The Margaret Professor of Divinity in Oxford.
- 12 The Margaret Professor of Divinity in Cambridge.

LADIES Annual Subscribers.

THE Countess Waldegrave.
The Baroness Bagot.
The Honorable Mrs. Anne Talbot.
Mrs. Hayter.
Mrs. Collinson.
Mrs. Allen.

A LIST of the

BISHOPS, &c.

Who have PREACHED before

The Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts.

Anno.

HE Reverend Dr. Willis, Dean of Lincoln.

1702-3 The Lord Bishop of Worcester, Dr. Lloyd, not printed.

1703-4 The Lord Bishop of Sarum, Dr. Burnet.

1704-5 The Lord Bishop of Lichfield and Co-ventry, Dr. Hough.

1705-6 The Lord Bishop of Chichester, Dr. Wil-

1706-7 The Lord Bishop of St. Asaph, Dr. Be-veridge.

1707-8 The Reverend Dr. Stanley, Dean of St. Ajapb.

1708

LIST

1708-9 The Lord Bishop of Chester, Sir William Dawes.

1709-10 The Lord Bishop of Norwick, Dr. Trimnel.

1710-11 The Lord Bishop of St. Asaph, Dr. Fleetwood.

1711-12 The Reverend Dr. Kennet, Dean of Peterborough.

1712-13 The Lord Bishop of Ely, Dr. Moore.

1713-14 The Reverend Dr. Stanbope, Dean of Canterbury.

1714-15 The Lord Bishop of Clogher, Dr. Ash.

1715-16 The Reverend Dr. Sherlock, Dean of Chickester.

¹716-17 The Reverend Mr. Hayley, Canon Refidentiary of Chichester.

1717-18 The Lord Bishop of Hereford, Dr. Bisse.

1718-19 The Lord Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, Dr. Chandler.

1719-20 The Lord Bishop of Carlisle, Dr. Bradford.

1720-21 The Reverend Dr. Waddington.

1721-2 The Lord Bishop of Bristol, Dr. Bolter.

1722-3 The Reverend Dr. Waugh, Dean of Glo-cester.

1723 4 The Lord Rishop of Ely, Dr. Greene.

1724-5 The Lord Bishop of St. Asaph, Dr. Wynn.

1725-6

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Rei//e. Coadter. Flo-Dr. 5-6 1725-6 The Lord Bishop of Glocester, Dr. Wilcocks.

1726-7 The Lord Bishop of Norwich, Dr. Leng.

1727-8 The Lord Bishop of Lincoln, Dr. Reynolds.

1728-9 The Lord Bishop of Hereford, Dr. Eger-

1729-30 The Reverend Dr. Pearce.

1730-1 The Reverend Dr. Denne, Archdeacon of Rochester.

1/31-2 The Reverend Dr. Berkeley, Dean of Londonderry.

1732-3 The Lord Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, Dr. Smallbrooke.

1733-4 The Reverend Dr. Maddox: Dean of

1734-5 The Lord Bishop of Unichester, Dr. Hare.

1735-6 The Reverend Dr. Lynch, Dean of Canterbury.

1736-7 The Lord Bishop of St. David's, Dr. Glagget.

1737-8 The Lord Bishop of Banger, Dr. Herring.

1738-9 The Lord Bishop of Bristol, Dr. Butler.

1739-40 The Lord Bishop of Glocester, Dr. Ben-

1740-1 The Lord Bishop of Oxford, Dr. Secker.

1741-2 The Rev. Dr. Stebbing, Chancellor of Sarum.

1742-3 The Lord Bishop of Chichester, Dr. Mawson.

1743-4 The Lord Bishop of Landaff, Dr. Gilbert.

1744-5 The Reverend Dr. Bearcroft, Secretary of the Society.

1745-6 The Lord Bishop of Bangor, Dr. Hutton.

1746-7 The Lord Bishop of Lincoln, Dr. Thomas.

1747-8 The Lord Bishop of St. Asaph, Dr. Lisle.

1748-9 The Reverend Dr. George, Dean of Lincoln.

1749-50 The Lord Bishop of St. David's, Dr. Trevor.

1750-1 The Lord Bishop of Peterborough, Dr. Themas.

1751-2 The Lord Bishop of Carlisle, Dr. Osbal-diston.

1753 The Lord Bishop of Landaff, Dr. Cresset.

1754. The Lord Bishop of St. Asaph, Dr. Drummond.

1755 The Lord Bishop of Norwich, Dr. Hayter.

1756 The Lord Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, Dr. Cornwallis.

1757 The Lord Bishop of Chester, Dr. Keene.

1758 The Lord Bishop of Glocester, Dr. Johnson.

1759 The Lord Bishop of St. David's, Dr. Ellis.

1760 The Lord Bishop of Chichester, Sir William Ashburnham.

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1761 The Lord Bishop of Landaff, Dr. Newcome. 1762 The Lord Bishop of Oxford, Dr. Hume. 176. The Lord Bishop of Bangor, Dr. Egerton. 1764 The Lord Bishop of Peterborough, Dr. Terrick. 1765 The Lord Bishop of Norwich Dr. Yonge. 1766 The Lord Bithop of Glocester, Dr. Warburton. 1767 The Lord Bishop of Landass, Dr. Ewer. 1768 The Lord Bishop of Lincoln, Dr. Green. 1769 The Lord Bishop of Bristol, Dr. Newton. 1770 The Lord Bishop of Exeter, Dr. Keppel. 1771 The Lord Bishop of Oxford, Dr. Loweth. 1772 The Lord Bishop of St. David's, Dr. Moss. 1773 The Lord Bishop of St. Asaph, Dr. Shipley. 1774 The Lord Bishop of Carlifle, Dr. Law. 1775 The Lord Bisho; of Landaff, Dr. Barrington. 1776 The Lord Bishop of Peterborough, Dr. Hinchliffe. 1777 The Lord Archbishop of York, Dr. Mark. ham. 1778 The Lord Bishop of Worcester, Dr. North. 1779 The Lord Bishop of St. David's, Dr. Yorke. 1780 The Lord Bishop of Rochester, Dr. John

1781 The Lord Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, Dr. Richard Hurd.

Thomas.

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1782

- 1782 The Lord Bishop of Bangor, Dr. John Moore.
- 1783 The Lord Bishop of Chester, Dr. Beilby Porteus.
- 1784 The Lord Bishop of Oxford, Dr. John Butler.
- 1785 The Lord Bishop of Exeter, Dr. John Ross.
- 1786 The Lord Bishop of Lincoln, Dr. Thomas Thurlow.
- 1787 The Lord Bishop of Bangor, Dr. John Warren.
- 1788 The Lord Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, Dr. James Cornwallis.
- 1789 The Lord Bishop of Gloucester, Dr. Samuel Hallifax.
- 1790 The Lord Bishop of Norwich, Dr. Lewis Bagot.
- 1791 The Lord Bishop of Oxford, Dr. Edward Smallwell.
- 1792 The Lord Bishop of Lincoln, Dr. George Pretyman.
- 1793 The Lord Bishop of Salisbury, Dr. John Douglas.
- 1794 The Lord Bishop of Chester, Dr. William Cleaver.
- 1795 The Lord Bishop of Rochester, Dr. Samuel Horsley.

1796 The Lord Bishop of Gloucester, Dr. Richard Beadon.
1797 The Lord Bishop of Norwich, Dr. Charles

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Manners Sutton.

1798 The Lord Bishop of Carlisle, Dr. Edwara Vernon.

1799 The Lord Bishop of Peterborough, Dr. Spencer Madan.

1800 The Lord Bishop of Exeter, Dr. Henry Reginald Courtenay.

1801 The Lord Bishop of Bristol, Dr. Folliott Cornewall.

1802 The Lord Bishop of Chichester, Dr. John Buckner.

1803 The Lord Bishop of Oxford, Dr. John Randolph.

1804 The Lord Bishop of Chester, Dr. Henry William Majendie.

1805 The Lord Bishop of Gloucester, Dr. George Isaac Hunting ford.

1806 The Lord Bishop of Rochester, Dr. Thomas Dampier.

1807 The Lord Bishop of Bristol, Dr. George Pelbam.

1808 The Lord Bishop of St. David's, Dr. Thomas Burgess.

1809 The Lord Bishop of Salisbury, Dr. John Fisher.

The Form of a LEGACY to this SOCIETY.

TEM, I give to the Incorporated Society, for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, the sum of to be raised and paid by and out of all my ready money, plate, goods, and personal effects, which by law I may or can charge with the payment of the same [and not out of any part of my lands, tenements, or hereditaments] and to be applied towards carrying on the charitable purposes for which the said Society was incorporated.

The Rev. William Morice, D. D. No. 53, Gower-Street, Bedford-Square, is their SECRETARY; to whom all letters on the Society's business are to be directed.

Charles Bicknell, Esq. Spring Garden Terrace, is their TREASURER.

Mr. John Doggett, No. 24, South-street, Manchester-square, is their Messenger, who is authorised to receive the annual subscriptions of the Members.

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