





NOTICE LIBERAL CONSERVATIVES

A meeting of the Liberal Conservatives of the South Riding of the County of Wellington will be held in the City Hall, Guelph, on Thursday, December 12th, 1889, at 7.30 p.m., sharp, for the purpose of electing Officers of the Association, appointing Committees, and for General Business.

LOCAL NEWS.

Brantford's taxation this year will be 17 mills. Mr. Charles Nelley, of Toronto, spent Sunday in the city. Mr. H. Loughhead, wife and sister-in-law have gone to New Westminster, B.C.

The many friends of Mr. John McKenzie, will regret to learn that he is at present in a very low condition. Tottenham thinks of building an elevator next summer and is asking the farmers to buy shares at \$20 each.

The Guelph firm will hold their annual ball on New Year's eve, and already preparations are in progress for the event. Rev. David Savage is conducting revival services at Forest, and much good is being done. He will remain another week.

Complaints are still made about boys being allowed to use the post office as a play house between the hours of 7 and 8. The annual meeting of the Ontario Branch of the Dominion Alliance will be held at Toronto on Wednesday, December, 19th.

Two forcible sermons were preached at St. George's church on Sunday, by the Rev. Archdeacon Dixon. The Rev. Wm. Bravley, of Amaranth, who resided a mile from Grand Valley, has gone to the Hamilton Asylum, having become slightly deranged in his mind.

Mrs. Wilkinson, of Eagle Place, Brantford, on Friday afternoon was carrying a basket up the front steps when she slipped and fell, breaking one of her legs. The C. P. R. Company have presented two large scenes on the line of their railway to the free library.

The customs collections at the Port of Guelph for the month of November 1889 were \$3,800.18 as compared with the corresponding month last year this shows an increase of \$1,630.15. The Wallaceburg Herald-Record says that square can boast of more mud to the square inch than any place of its size in the history of Canada.

Mr. H. F. Gadsby, B. A., has been appointed temporarily on the teaching staff of the Stratford Collegiate Institute to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Principal McBride. The Rev. W. P. Clarke occupied the pulpit of the Congregational church at both services on Sunday.

A pigeon pop took place at Sleeman's flats on Friday afternoon, when the following scores were made: H. Williams, 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 1; J. Hudson, 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 1; W. Williams, 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 1.

Woolwich street and a rough east building at the corner of Norfolk and Woolwich streets. Printers Ink: a Journal for Advertisers, will appear weekly after the New Year. Its publishers are George P. Rowell & Co., of New York, who also issue the American Newspaper Directory, and are the proprietors of the oldest and best known of all the advertising agencies.

The Ontario Government has given up all hope of overhauling the Gall poisoning case. Detective Murray is morally certain that he could put his hands on the fund which murdered poor little Meta Cherry, but there is no evidence which could be relied upon to convict him before a judge.

The Rev. G. R. Turk entertained the members of the Dublin street Methodist church Bible class at his residence on Thursday evening, when parlor games, etc., were indulged in. During the evening refreshments were served, which were heartily partaken of. The gathering broke up at a seasonable hour, after having spent an enjoyable time.

The Moskow County Farmers' institute meet in the town hall Dunville on Thursday next to discuss matters pertaining to the farmer. Prof. Robinson, of Guelph Agricultural College, will lecture to the convention on an important subject. Other talented speakers, including A. Boyle, M. P., Dr. Montague, ex-A. C. Callum and others will address the different sessions.

Saturday afternoon while a team was being driven over the G. T. R. track on Neve street, a his broke which caused the horse to become unmanageable. They turned and dashed down the track at a lively pace, throwing the driver out. They were caught opposite the vegetable sheds before any damage was done. The driver was not hurt beyond a severe shaking up.

Mr. George F. Neagle, of Fergus, who graduated a few days ago at the Guelph Business College, has obtained a responsible and lucrative position as bookkeeper for the firm of Harkley Bros., 431 Spadina avenue, Toronto. To have been the successful applicant out of several is complimentary to Mr. Neagle, and shows the reputation for efficiency which the graduates of the Guelph Business College have established.

PHRENOLOGY.—There was a large gathering of pupils and teachers at the Brantford Collegiate Institute on Friday evening to hear Miss Henderson, of Guelph, explain the principles of Phrenology—a number of the most eminent phrenologists for business, books, and mechanics, were pointed out. Great interest was manifested in the lecture.

POLICE COURT.—William Beard and Joseph Beard appeared before the magistrate on Saturday, charged with fighting on Queen street on Thursday last. They pleaded guilty and were fined \$10 and \$20 costs. Jas. Mills and James Philips pleaded not guilty to a charge of snow balling on the Erasmus road on Wednesday. As the evidence offered in the prosecution was very weak the defendants were discharged.

COLLEGE PAPER.—The Literary Society of the O. A. C. has commenced the publication of a monthly journal. The initial number is a very creditable one, and gives promise of being a useful medium to the largest community. Ex-students of the college will thus have an opportunity of keeping posted as to what is going on at the institution from which they graduated. It is hoped the venture will prove a success.

MASONIC.—The regular meeting of Speed Lodge No. 180 was held on Tuesday, the election of officers took place and resulted as follows: R. W. Bro. John Scow, W. M.; H. N. Childs, S. W.; H. N. Barry, J. W.; R. W. "Wm. Ross, Treasurer; W. W. Parker, Secretary; Chas. F. Tarnish, Chaplain; H. Bolton, Tyler.

THE INSTALLATION will take place on Dec. 27th. A NOTED ARRIVAL.—There arrived in this city on Friday last, in company with Mr. John Huber, brother-in-law of Mr. John Haugh, a Russian journalist named Mr. Brant. He conducted the latest newspaper in his own country, when he was arrested and banished to Siberia for life. After serving twelve years in that country, he fled to the United States, where, with the aid of friends, managed to escape to Japan, where he met Mr. Huber and was induced to come to Canada. He arrived here a few days ago, and will spend a short time in Berlin, for which he left Saturday, after which he will go to Washington.

to find an honest man. A few days ago a Garafara farmer delivered some potatoes to a gentleman in Elora, who by mistake paid the seller four dollars too much. On Tuesday the vendor, having discovered the error, called on the gentleman, and amount to his customer.—Elora Express. The editor of our contemporary seems to be started at finding an honest man in this neighborhood, and would come to this city he would find everybody honest.

THE METHODIST CHURCH LAY SURVIVORS' MEETING.—Rev. G. H. Cobblehead, of the Methodist church, occupied the pulpit of the Methodist church on Sunday with great acceptability. Large congregations were present, both morning and evening. The text in the morning was Titus 2: 14.—Who gave himself for us that he might redeem us from all iniquity, and that of the evening, John 7: 17.—"If any man will do his will he shall know of the doctrine, whether it be of God." Mr. Cobblehead's sermon was both clear and lucid manner of expressing himself and makes his points with convincing force.

LARGE FUNERAL.—The funeral of the late Dr. H. H. Hoffman took place from his late residence Macdonnell street and was very largely attended. The corpse was placed in a coffin by the Church of Our Lady where Requiem High Mass was sung by the Rev. Father Dumortier. Rev. Fathers Plante and O'Leary sang at the organ, and sub-deacon. After the religious exercises had been concluded the funeral procession re-formed and proceeded to the R. C. church where the remains of the late Dr. Hoffman were consigned to the dust. The pall bearers were Messrs. T. O'Connor, J. McAtee, C. Reinhardt, H. Malone, J. Hallett, and J. Palmer.

CHURCH RE-OPENED.—After undergoing extensive repairs and alterations the St. James' church, under the supervision of the Rev. Father Hespeler, was re-opened for public worship on Sunday. Rev. Alexander Jackson, D. D., of Galt, conducted the services at 11 a. m. and at 7 p. m. This evening a tea meeting and entertainment will be held, at which addresses will be delivered by Revs. Alex. Jackson, D. D., and J. A. R. Dickson, B. D., of Galt; J. C. Smith, B. D., of Guelph; W. F. Fergus, and the resident minister, Miss Johnston, soprano vocalist. Woodstock, and the church choir will furnish a choice program of music.

OPEN MEETING.—An open meeting of the League of the Cross was held Monday night in the Guelph Catholic Union hall where there was a large attendance. The program consisted of a prayer, the reading of the O'Connell, occupied the chair and delivered an address on the objects and aims of the Order, setting forth in a forcible manner the benefits derived from membership. During the evening Rev. Father Plante delivered an able address. The other gentlemen who spoke were Mr. Downey, E. Doyle, J. E. McElderry, John Higgins, W. Campbell and B. Gibson. An insurance company was given by Mr. Newbauer. Songs were sung by Messrs. John Higgins, J. Scantlan, Jas. Higgins, Geo. Weismann, P. Nanan, and others. Altogether a most enjoyable evening was spent.

THE LAW WILL BE ENFORCED.—As dealers in tobacco, and others interested, have not complied with the provisions of the "Inland Revenue Act" and regulations established thereunder, to the Ontario Permanent Excise and as the department feels it imperative to enforce the law, they are now informed that any non-compliance with the requirements of the regulations will render them liable to the penalties therein provided. The above is the preface to a circular which has this week been distributed among dealers in tobacco and cigars. The circular is an extract from the Act, and includes the provisions of the law and defining the penalties for infringement or neglect. Special emphasis is placed upon the duty of the dealer to deface the excise stamps, which states that these stamps must be "disfigured or destroyed in such a manner as to render them incapable of being used again."

CANADIAN CLUB.—At the meeting of the Canadian Club on Thursday evening, the name of Howard K. Cockin, in this city, in the company of Mr. John Huber, brother-in-law of Mr. John Haugh, a Russian journalist named Mr. Brant. He conducted the latest newspaper in his own country, when he was arrested and banished to Siberia for life. After serving twelve years in that country, he fled to the United States, where, with the aid of friends, managed to escape to Japan, where he met Mr. Huber and was induced to come to Canada. He arrived here a few days ago, and will spend a short time in Berlin, for which he left Saturday, after which he will go to Washington.

INLAND REVENUE RETURNS.—The following are the Inland Revenue returns at the port of Guelph for Nov. 1889: Spirits, ex-Factory, \$ 1654.96; Malt, ex-Factory, 2023.96; Cigars, ex-Factory, 47.01; Cigars, ex-Factory, 631.00; Tobacco, ex-Factory, 433.65. Total, \$ 3100.59. Month Nov. 1888, 1889.36. Increase, \$ 2110.23.

ENJOYABLE EVENING.—After the meeting of Guelph Council, No. 127, R. T. of P., Monday evening, a "Doughnut Social" took place. Parlor croquet, carpet balls, fort, etc., were played for a time, after which a musical program was rendered as follows: Band, W. Stovell, W. E. Bliton, Ed. Campbell, J. Johnston, H. Johns; soloists, Bro. Alderson, song, Bro. Payne; instrumental, the band; reading, Bro. Payne; address, Bro. Henry. The doughnuts and coffee were then served with much more than mere civility. The party then broke up.

NEW SOCIETY.—Tuesday evening the students of the Guelph Business College met and organized under the name of the "Guelph Business College Literary Society," with the following officers: Honorary President, Principal MacCormick; President, E. H. Roos, Waterloo, Ont.; Vice-President, H. M. Allison, Rothsay; Secretary, S. Clouston, Guelph; Treasurer, S. Clouston, Guelph. The Executive Committee consists of the said officers and Messrs. L. E. Rowen, city, and E. C. Austin, London, England. The society has some other notable auspices, and will meet on Tuesday evenings, in the college hall.

AN HONEST MAN.—The post says an honest man is the noblest work of God. In these days, and the general strife of mankind to get hold of the shekels, it is sometimes refreshing to find of them and of the great clock

in the tower, which the corporation keeps lit up by electricity as a public benefit. The clock will be the sympathy of a large circle of friends in their bereavement. ANOTHER WASHINGTON MACHINES VICTIM.—The Harrison Tribune says that last summer a couple of patent rights called upon the Tribune, and after explaining the merits of their article in glowing terms and showing by figures the heaps of money to be made, they asked the Tribune to purchase a share of the property in which he could sell this superb washing machine. The price he paid for this right was \$400, and the money was paid for the machine. Then Mr. Dally thought he should have longer time upon the machine, and he sold it for \$1,000. This appeared to be satisfactory to the patent right men, and they agreed to grant him time and saw that the machine was drawn up and signed, the owners plucking up both legs and arms, and shouting "Hurray!" About a month ago Mr. Dally received an invitation to attend court at Hamilton, and it was gently hinted to him that the parties who sold him the patent right did not possess any such right, and that the case of Miss Greenleaf, and surely the hearts of the children will be made glad by the many articles offered to complete the dolls' wardrobe. The names of the little children here are: Misses M. Brown, G. Luce, H. Powell, P. Lett, M. Thurlwell, M. and K. Change, etc. At the Blue Booth we had the practical side of life, made beautiful by dignified ladies, who show that even spruce can be made a thing of beauty. The ladies in attendance here are: Mrs. Walker, Mrs. Willis, Mrs. A. E. Lyon, and Miss Reynolds. The Green Booth—Lovely summer has returned and the delicate perfumes that greet ones senses, and the floral jewelry that meet ones eyes, make us imagine that the "desert has blossomed like a rose." Those in attendance here are: Miss Crawford, Mrs. Finlay, Miss Clarke, Miss Chisholm.

At the Yellow Booth—The young ladies here are in Russian attire. They do not give us the cold shudder, but a very warm invitation to inspect their choice and extensive collection of fancy work, which, with its costly furs and yellow gleams, suggest that guineas must have been spent in the manufacture of their wares. The Orange Booth is in charge of Mrs. Richardson, Mrs. Willocks, Miss Heady and Miss Armstrong. After all the loveliness of every variety of dress, it is very refreshing to pause beside the Orange booth and partake of a cup of tea or piece of cake dispensed by four interesting girls by our visit to this booth.

At the Red Booth is presided over by Miss Rodgers, Miss Jones, Miss Cullen, Miss Cotterell. After our delightful repast in the "orange grove" we are quite ready to turn to the Yellow Booth, where we find the Yellow Booth has a most formidable rival in its collection of fancy articles, and that this the last color in our rainbow is very far from the least, but it is the ending, which forms the completeness of the whole. One bow is now completed and we turn to the Art Gallery which is in charge of Mrs. Walter Clarke. It is a gallery of choice and rare collections from artists eyes and rare collections from foreign lands to delight any lover of Art in all its branches; the gypic camp is very interesting where the dark eyed Zingari forecasts the future to wondering eyes; perhaps one of the most attractive features of the Fair, is a courier of Charles Fifth, who is surely a most fitting emissary of justice, and proves that you can be weighed in the balance and not found wanting; but the most important part in the long list of attractions is surely the lupine room, all the delicacies of the season are dispensed by able and willing hands. The standard bearers will be: Violet Booth, Jack Harvey; Indigo, K. Lett; Blue, Fay Willis; Green, Bertie Gummer; Yellow, C. Davidson; Orange, Harvey McKennie; Red, Percy Rodger.

MORRISTON CORRESPONDENCE. MORRISTON, Dec. 4.—The shooting match held in the village last Thursday was a great success. Guelph, Hespeler and other places were represented and some excellent shooting was made. Everything passed off pleasantly. Mr. Wm. Beane, our fashionable tailor, took a trip westward last Sunday. Mr. B. B. Korison and wife were visiting in Hamilton. The services in the G. E. church on Sunday last were fairly well attended. All were much impressed with the Rev. Mr. Wing's sermon. Mr. E. Humphrey is taking a few holidays in the Amherst city. Mr. and Mrs. P. Zinner, of Hanover, are in the village, spending a few days. Mr. E. Stryker took a day's shooting last week, but on account of the scarcity of game was unable to show off his abilities as a marksman. Mr. C. Morlock, jr., has been on the sick list for the last few days.

Good Boys Die Young. Unless they are fed on Viduals made with Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder. A Generous Offer. Mr. T. P. Coffee, having learned that negotiations were in progress between the Board of Trade and the E. C. Gurney Manufacturing Co. to locate a branch of that firm here, he generously offered to grant five acres of land to the company if they will establish their works permanently here. He has written the following letter to Mr. E. B. Bollett, secretary of the Board of Trade, which will explain itself: DEAR SIR.—Having heard that the E. C. Gurney Manufacturing Co. are contemplating removing their business from Toronto, and that Mr. Gurney has promised the representation of the Board of Trade to visit Guelph with a view to ascertaining what advantages our city can offer his company, I beg to say that I will give them a clear field of five acres of land, in the second range of division F, in this city, provided they permanently locate their works on this property. The land is well situated, within a few minutes' walk of the city hall opposite the water works and within about one hundred yards of the C. P. R. track. I trust the Board will satisfy Mr. Gurney that Guelph is the most suitable place for his company to locate. Yours truly, THOMAS A. COFFEE, Secretary Board of Trade, Guelph, Guelph, Nov. 29, 1889.

RAINBOW FAIR. An Enchanting Sight at the City Hall. The Rainbow Fair under the auspices of St. George's Church Young People's Association opened in the city yesterday, and will continue for two days. The hall has been handsomely decorated for the occasion and with its pretty adornments looks quite enchanting. A rainbow is to be seen at the south side of the hall, which extends the full length of the apartment and ends in a pot of gold presided over by Sunshine (Miss Annie Mills), who in her costume of cream and gold, sits in a basket above, and "shades" (Miss Lillian Graham) an attendant of the goddess Knox, which shows us that without her we could not appreciate Sunshine, and in her costume of black and silver makes us remember that every cloud has its silver lining. Several booths are located under the rainbow. At the east end is situated the Violet Booth, with its delicious confectionery of all kinds and descriptions is very tempting to the palate. It is presided over by four young ladies in becoming French costumes. They are: Miss Alice Phipps, Miss Florence Reynolds, Miss O'Connell, and Miss Nellie Murton. At the Indigo Booth dwell the Puritan maidens, under the care of Miss Greenleaf, and surely the hearts of the children will be made glad by the many articles offered to complete the dolls' wardrobe. The names of the little children here are: Misses M. Brown, G. Luce, H. Powell, P. Lett, M. Thurlwell, M. and K. Change, etc. At the Blue Booth we had the practical side of life, made beautiful by dignified ladies, who show that even spruce can be made a thing of beauty. The ladies in attendance here are: Mrs. Walker, Mrs. Willis, Mrs. A. E. Lyon, and Miss Reynolds. The Green Booth—Lovely summer has returned and the delicate perfumes that greet ones senses, and the floral jewelry that meet ones eyes, make us imagine that the "desert has blossomed like a rose." Those in attendance here are: Miss Crawford, Mrs. Finlay, Miss Clarke, Miss Chisholm.

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RAINBOW FAIR. An Enchanting Sight at the City Hall. The Rainbow Fair under the auspices of St. George's Church Young People's Association opened in the city yesterday, and will continue for two days. The hall has been handsomely decorated for the occasion and with its pretty adornments looks quite enchanting. A rainbow is to be seen at the south side of the hall, which extends the full length of the apartment and ends in a pot of gold presided over by Sunshine (Miss Annie Mills), who in her costume of cream and gold, sits in a basket above, and "shades" (Miss Lillian Graham) an attendant of the goddess Knox, which shows us that without her we could not appreciate Sunshine, and in her costume of black and silver makes us remember that every cloud has its silver lining. Several booths are located under the rainbow. At the east end is situated the Violet Booth, with its delicious confectionery of all kinds and descriptions is very tempting to the palate. It is presided over by four young ladies in becoming French costumes. They are: Miss Alice Phipps, Miss Florence Reynolds, Miss O'Connell, and Miss Nellie Murton. At the Indigo Booth dwell the Puritan maidens, under the care of Miss Greenleaf, and surely the hearts of the children will be made glad by the many articles offered to complete the dolls' wardrobe. The names of the little children here are: Misses M. Brown, G. Luce, H. Powell, P. Lett, M. Thurlwell, M. and K. Change, etc. At the Blue Booth we had the practical side of life, made beautiful by dignified ladies, who show that even spruce can be made a thing of beauty. The ladies in attendance here are: Mrs. Walker, Mrs. Willis, Mrs. A. E. Lyon, and Miss Reynolds. The Green Booth—Lovely summer has returned and the delicate perfumes that greet ones senses, and the floral jewelry that meet ones eyes, make us imagine that the "desert has blossomed like a rose." Those in attendance here are: Miss Crawford, Mrs. Finlay, Miss Clarke, Miss Chisholm.

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At the Red Booth is presided over by Miss Rodgers, Miss Jones, Miss Cullen, Miss Cotterell. After our delightful repast in the "orange grove" we are quite ready to turn to the Yellow Booth, where we find the Yellow Booth has a most formidable rival in its collection of fancy articles, and that this the last color in our rainbow is very far from the least, but it is the ending, which forms the completeness of the whole. One bow is now completed and we turn to the Art Gallery which is in charge of Mrs. Walter Clarke. It is a gallery of choice and rare collections from artists eyes and rare collections from foreign lands to delight any lover of Art in all its branches; the gypic camp is very interesting where the dark eyed Zingari forecasts the future to wondering eyes; perhaps one of the most attractive features of the Fair, is a courier of Charles Fifth, who is surely a most fitting emissary of justice, and proves that you can be weighed in the balance and not found wanting; but the most important part in the long list of attractions is surely the lupine room, all the delicacies of the season are dispensed by able and willing hands. The standard bearers will be: Violet Booth, Jack Harvey; Indigo, K. Lett; Blue, Fay Willis; Green, Bertie Gummer; Yellow, C. Davidson; Orange, Harvey McKennie; Red, Percy Rodger.

MORRISTON CORRESPONDENCE. MORRISTON, Dec. 4.—The shooting match held in the village last Thursday was a great success. Guelph, Hespeler and other places were represented and some excellent shooting was made. Everything passed off pleasantly. Mr. Wm. Beane, our fashionable tailor, took a trip westward last Sunday. Mr. B. B. Korison and wife were visiting in Hamilton. The services in the G. E. church on Sunday last were fairly well attended. All were much impressed with the Rev. Mr. Wing's sermon. Mr. E. Humphrey is taking a few holidays in the Amherst city. Mr. and Mrs. P. Zinner, of Hanover, are in the village, spending a few days. Mr. E. Stryker took a day's shooting last week, but on account of the scarcity of game was unable to show off his abilities as a marksman. Mr. C. Morlock, jr., has been on the sick list for the last few days.

Good Boys Die Young. Unless they are fed on Viduals made with Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder. A Generous Offer. Mr. T. P. Coffee, having learned that negotiations were in progress between the Board of Trade and the E. C. Gurney Manufacturing Co. to locate a branch of that firm here, he generously offered to grant five acres of land to the company if they will establish their works permanently here. He has written the following letter to Mr. E. B. Bollett, secretary of the Board of Trade, which will explain itself: DEAR SIR.—Having heard that the E. C. Gurney Manufacturing Co. are contemplating removing their business from Toronto, and that Mr. Gurney has promised the representation of the Board of Trade to visit Guelph with a view to ascertaining what advantages our city can offer his company, I beg to say that I will give them a clear field of five acres of land, in the second range of division F, in this city, provided they permanently locate their works on this property. The land is well situated, within a few minutes' walk of the city hall opposite the water works and within about one hundred yards of the C. P. R. track. I trust the Board will satisfy Mr. Gurney that Guelph is the most suitable place for his company to locate. Yours truly, THOMAS A. COFFEE, Secretary Board of Trade, Guelph, Guelph, Nov. 29, 1889.

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HE PAYS THE PENALTY OF HIS CRIME ON THE GALLOWS.

A BABY BUNDED EXECUTION.

HE MAINTAINS A DEEP SILENCE AS TO HIS LIFE BEFORE HE CAME TO CANADA.

AND DOES NOT SPEAK ON THE GALLOWS.

OTHER CAPITAL OFFENCES IN THIS COUNTY.

The last sad end in the lamentable tragedy which was reached Friday morning, when William Harvey was executed for killing his wife and two daughters on the 30th of March.

Thursday night the Ven. Archdeacon Dixon visited the unfortunate man in his cell and engaged in religious exercises with him until 10 o'clock, when he retired.

At 12:10 Harvey awoke, and asked the time. The guard told him when he was asked what time it was.

At 12:30 Harvey awoke, and asked the time. The guard told him when he was asked what time it was.

At 1:30 Harvey awoke, and asked the time. The guard told him when he was asked what time it was.

At 2:30 Harvey awoke, and asked the time. The guard told him when he was asked what time it was.

At 3:30 Harvey awoke, and asked the time. The guard told him when he was asked what time it was.

At 4:30 Harvey awoke, and asked the time. The guard told him when he was asked what time it was.

At 5:30 Harvey awoke, and asked the time. The guard told him when he was asked what time it was.

At 6:30 Harvey awoke, and asked the time. The guard told him when he was asked what time it was.

At 7:30 Harvey awoke, and asked the time. The guard told him when he was asked what time it was.

At 8:30 Harvey awoke, and asked the time. The guard told him when he was asked what time it was.

At 9:30 Harvey awoke, and asked the time. The guard told him when he was asked what time it was.

At 10:30 Harvey awoke, and asked the time. The guard told him when he was asked what time it was.

At 11:30 Harvey awoke, and asked the time. The guard told him when he was asked what time it was.

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the 6-foot light. Think the old system of hanging by a trapdoor the best. I think that if the rope had been properly adjusted, death would have been more sudden than it was.

This was all the evidence offered and the jury retired. They returned in half an hour with the following verdict: That the said William Harvey committed the crime of murder.

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and the one older contracted scarlet fever and died. Their death caused William Harvey great grief, and he was seriously ill for about two months in consequence.

On November 1875 Mr. John Livingston, of the Dominion Paper Company in that city, advertised in a newspaper for a clerk for his office.

He received an application for the position from Wm. H. Harvey. When Livingston told him the position would not suit him, that he merely wanted a youth whom he could train.

Harvey had abilities and experience for better things, at a remuneration in keeping with his abilities; that the position was not a clerical one.

He declined on the ground that he would only be discontented; but, as he urged, he gave him the place, shortly after in his hands.

My Dear Willie, I have looked anxiously all day for a telegram from a Guelph friend who promised to send me word as soon as the result of the petition was known.

All we have promised to do for Willie we will do, God being our helper. Rest assured our Heavenly Father will be unskillful men.

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station duty man removing it from his lips to place it with the others he made a slight protest, and was allowed to keep it.

THE PISTOL. The pistol, from the barrel of which there is little doubt the three fatal shots were fired, was found in the left-hand pocket of the prisoner.

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PER YEAR

SUBSCRIBE AT ONCE

THE GUELPH WEEKLY HERALD

And Get the Balance of this Year

THE GUELPH WEEKLY HERALD

THURSDAY MORNING, DEC. 5

CANADA'S PROGRESS.

Exports for the first four months of the current fiscal year, \$46,816,464, corresponding period last year, \$38,620,686; increase, \$8,195,778; imports for the four months this year, \$41,643,174; same period last year, \$39,055,985; increase, \$2,587,189.

Such, in brief, is the grand record of Canada's trade. The quarter's returns were of a most cheering nature, but with another month added the outlook is better than ever. The increase in the exports may be considered extraordinary, the October figures alone showing an augmentation of \$2,700,000. The following is the statement:

Table with 2 columns: Product, Value. Includes items like Wheat, Flour, and other agricultural products.

The value of mineral products is about the same as October '89; the fisheries show an increase of \$300,000; forest, \$800,000; animals and their products, \$620,000; manufactures, \$110,000; agricultural products being about the same. The duty collected on imports in the respective four months is as follows: 1889, \$8,442,533; 1888, \$8,277,179.

A TRIBUTE TO MR. W. R. MEREDITH.

Mr. E. E. Sheppard, in his paper, the Toronto Saturday Night, last week, made reference to the recent election in West Lambton, in the course of his remarks speaking of the leader of the Opposition as follows:—"To raise any clamor at this moment for the deposition of Mr. Meredith is certainly not in good taste. The Opposition and their organs have long been acquainted with the fact that he regards property and the right government of the Province as more important than his own promotion or the obtaining of power by the party of which he is leader. He is too fair-minded to take advantage of his opponents, too large-hearted to be ungenerous to anyone, too genial to make a prize fighter, and too conscientious to be either a premier or a political thug. In all my acquaintance, which from itinerancy and contact with a large number of public men is not inconsiderable, I have not known a more lovable, more beautiful character than that of William Ralph Meredith. He is one of those occasional products of a country which by reason of rarity are misunderstood. A man of honest private character, one of those pure-minded men who take no pleasure in evil associations, a man who never takes a drink of intoxicants, and yet is never heard of as a temperance advocate, a man who never swears or uses improper language, and yet does not pose as a Christian politician, truthful, honest, loved by his neighbors, respected by his enemies, there are few men like him in Canada. A loyal friend, unassuming, radical in his opinions, thoroughly democratic, an able lawyer, everything that we should imagine the people would esteem; stalwart, handsome in figure and face, noticeable in any company as a distinguished man, one can hardly imagine why he is not the hero of the people, whose cause he has always championed, whose friend he has always been."

AN ABSURD IDEA.

The Hamilton Spectator points out the absurdity of Mr. Wiman's commercial union scheme in the following:—"Let us suppose for the sake of argument that Mr. Wiman could show commercial union to be desirable. He cannot do it, but let us just suppose for a moment that he could do so, and let us suppose that the consent of the people of Canada and of the United States were secured. It cannot be secured, but let us suppose that it could be. How does Mr. Wiman propose to put commercial union into operation? 1. Will he permit the United States tariff to remain as it is, and the Canadian tariff to remain as it is? It is quite certain that could not be done, because in that case all imports into the United States would come by the way of Canada in order to pay the lower Canadian duty. It is very evident that this proposal is absolutely impracticable.

2. Would he lower the United States tariff to an equality with that of Canada? If that should be done, it is very evident that the revenue would not suffice for the needs of both countries. So that that scheme will not work. Nothing remains but to increase the Canadian tariff to uniformity with that of the United States, which is about 50 per cent higher than our present tariff. As duties on trade between Canada and the United States would be lost, the total customs revenue would not exceed the present

customs revenue of the United States, which average less than \$200,000,000 a year. Canada's share would be one-thirtieth or say \$16,000,000 a year. Our present tariff yields from \$32,000,000 to \$35,000,000 a year, so that the new arrangements would compel us to pay higher duties by 50 per cent than we now pay and then to raise from \$1,000,000 to \$9,000,000 annually by direct taxation.

That is the scheme which Mr. Wiman asks the people of Canada to accept."

FAIRMORTGAGES.

Sir Richard Cartwright, who deplores the farm mortgage debt of Ontario, as though this Province was exceptionally burdened in that respect, might find not a little consolation by examining the condition of the farms in the Western States. A correspondent of the New York Evening Post for example has compiled from "Ohio statistics"—the official report of the Secretary of State of that state—a table showing the mortgage indebtedness from 1870 to 1887. It is entitled very properly "A Mournful Exhibit," and shows that the mortgages on farms and houses in Ohio are increasing year by year. In 1870 the number of mortgages recorded was 40,980 and the amount secured \$52,677,474. The number released the same year was 19,072, covering the sum of \$24,399,857; so that the increase of mortgage indebtedness that year was \$28,277,617. From that time until 1877 there has been a steady annual increase in the number of mortgages and the amount of indebtedness. In 1880 the increase was but a little over \$1,000,000; but in 1882 it was over \$80,000,000. The total increase for the eighteen years was in number of mortgages 401,719, and in amount of indebtedness \$462,834,568. This showing, remarks the Detroit Free Press, is too utterly inconsistent with the theory of agricultural prosperity to be offset by any suggestion as to "purchase money" mortgages. It represents an increased indebtedness in eighteen years amounting to 49 per cent of the entire value of real estate in Ohio. In 1880, And Ohio, it should be borne in mind, is one of the thriftiest and best settled of all the Western States. Its inhabitants, indeed, hardly care to be classed among Western people when such classification implies anything of newness or inferiority to the East. Ontario is in a far better position.

AUSTRALIAN NATIONALITY.

The question of national defence promises to pave the hitherto impassable way to a federation of the Australian colonies. In 1885 a step in this direction was taken by the creation of a Federal Council under legislation of the British Parliament, but the refusal of New South Wales to accept representation in the Council, and the lack of executive authority to enforce its decrees have rendered the system practically useless. Recently General Edwards made a report upon the whole subject of Australian defence, with special reference to the need of a common army under one direction, the carrying out of which, in the opinion of the Premier of Victoria ought to be committed to the Federal Council. He accordingly advised the several Premiers of this view, and in his reply Sir Henry Parkes, of New South Wales, submits as an alternative and more practical plan a federation of the colonies. Two objections are advanced by Sir Henry to the proposal that the recommendations of General Edwards should be carried out by the Federal Council: one that this body does not possess the requisite power, the other that New South Wales declines representation in it. The vitally important recommendation made by General Edwards is, in any light from which it can be viewed, one of national magnitude and significance. The vast annual expenditure by the Australian colonies for defence works and services would be of greatly enhanced value in time of public danger if the scattered and unconnected forces locally maintained could be brought under one command, and whenever advisable, directed to one field of operations. Sir Henry Parkes is satisfied that this cannot be done by any existing machinery; and hence "this great federal question brings us, in spite of preferences or prejudices, face to face with the imperative necessity for federal government, and why should we turn aside from what is inevitable?" Accordingly the Premier of New South Wales has invited the governments of the sister colonies to appoint representatives to a national convention for the purpose of devising and reporting upon an adequate scheme of federal government. It is proposed that, in order to avoid any sense of inequality in debate or any party complexion, that the number of delegates from each colony should be the same, and equally divided between the two political parties, elected by the several parliaments due compassed by the governments-in-council. In all, if New Zealand joined the convention, it would consist of forty members. The scheme of federal government, Sir Henry adds, would necessarily follow close upon the type of the Dominion Government of Canada, and would provide for the appointment of a Governor-General, and for the creation of an Australian privy council, and of a parliament consisting of a senate and house of commons.

THE BALLOT IN BRAZIL.

The provisional government of the United States of Brazil has decreed universal suffrage. The despatch announcing this gives no hint of conditions or modifications, so that the presumption is all the people without distinction of race, color or previous condition of servitude, have been decreed the right of voting.

In doing this the new Brazilian government have evidently been influenced by the example set by the United States. Whether the step was a wise one is open to doubt. Under the empire the right to vote was conditioned on a property qualification, the required value being about \$300. It was believed that under the new order of things the property qualification would be changed for one based on education and that the admission of the manumitted slaves would be graduated instead of letting them come into the ranks of voting citizens in a body. Experience has convinced many in the United States who favored, at first, the immediate admission of the freed slaves to equality with other citizens in the matter of suffrage, that it might have been better for the colored people themselves and for the country if there had not been such precipitancy of action

and the freedmen had been given time to prepare themselves for their new privileges and responsibilities. Of the 14,000,000 population of Brazil about one-third are estimated to be of European origin, the other being negroes, freeborn or manumitted slaves, mulattoes, half caste and nomadic Indians. When the work of gradual emancipation began eighteen years ago there were about 1,800,000 slaves in the country and at the present time the wild Indians and other uncivilized tribes are estimated at 1,000,000. It is hardly to be supposed that the latter are given the right to vote. A large proportion, nevertheless, although the work of education has been pushed with commendable zeal within a few years. Elementary education is under the control of the general assembly and the local legislatures. Grants are made by the central government, mostly to the colleges and universities. In some of the provinces a system of compulsory education has been adopted. Under the liberal constitution of the empire and the personal encouragement of the Emperor the cause of education made great progress and it is most probable that the republic will make education still more general. Probably no people on the southern continent are better, if as well, prepared for universal suffrage than the Brazilians, yet the result of the step taken will be watched with some anxiety by the friends of the new republic.

CANAL-BUILDING.

Evidently artificial waterways are not going out of fashion. There are now thirty-seven ship canals either under way or in contemplation in addition to those already in existence, sixteen in number. The Buffalo Courier gives a list of these works and some interesting particulars. From our contemporary we learn that the canal from Manchester to the Mersey will be opened in 1891. It is also proposed to enlarge the old canal from the Clyde to the Forth from its present depth of nine feet to a depth permitting the passage of the largest vessels. Another canal across Great Britain is proposed between the Tyne and Solway Firth, and one across Ireland between Galway and Dublin. On the continent a canal is in process of construction across Holstein, which will cut off the passage around Denmark, and others are talked of to connect Brussels, Bruges, and Paris, respectively with the sea. One is proposed across Italy, and a great scheme contemplates the construction of one to connect the Oder and Danube, and a short one between the Don and Volga, thus connecting the Baltic Sea with the Caspian. Canals are suggested across France, cutting off the passage from Spain; from Acre to the Jordan valley and thence to the Red Sea; and from Antioch to the Euphrates, and thence to the Tigris. A canal originally begun by Nero will soon be opened across Greece, and Lesseps has obtained a concession to construct one across the Isthmus of Malacca. In the United States a ship canal is under way across Cape Cod, and others are contemplated to connect the Delaware and New York Bay and the Delaware and Chesapeake bays. A charter has been granted for one across Florida.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE.

The aggregate receipts of the Internal Revenue Bureau of the United States for the fiscal year ended 30th June last reached \$130,894,554, an increase of \$6,567,568 over the receipts of the previous year. The total collection was \$4,185,729. During the year there were produced 87,887,456 gallons of spirits and 1,471,054 gallons of rum distilled from molasses. The increase in the production of Bourbon whiskey was 14,497,174 gallons; rye whiskey, 3,870,078; gin, 156,978; high-wines, 13,059; pure neutral or cologne spirits, 963,441; miscellaneous, 1,135,069; total increase, 19,635,800 gallons. The quantity of distilled spirits in the United States, except what may be in customs bonded warehouses, on Oct. 31, 1889, was 102,550,982 gallons. The increase in the quantity of tobacco and snuff and in the number of cigars and cigarettes for the fiscal year over those taxed in 1887-88 was: Manufactured tobacco, 11,555,635 pounds; snuff, 626,631 pounds; cigars, 22,658,990; cigarettes, 288,780,290. The export account shows an increase in manufactured tobacco of 118,183 pounds, an increase in the number of cigars exported of 65,939,530. The number of cigars imported was 90,857,407. The value of the manufactured tobacco imported was \$70,353. The total number of special taxpayers is given as \$30,134, of whom 590,013 are dealers in manufactured tobacco. The number of violations of the Internal Revenue laws reported during the year was 1,353; number of persons arrested on information furnished by the agents of the bureau was 659; number of stills seized 456, resulting in the arrest of 296 persons, and in the death of one and the wounding of two officers of the law. The expense of the service during the year was \$4,390,530.

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SCOTLAND'S NIGHT.

St. Andrew's Society Hold Their Anniversary Concert.

A VERY LARGE GATHERING.

Notwithstanding the inclement weather on Monday evening, there was an immense gathering at the city hall to celebrate the anniversary of the Patron Saint of Scotland. Both halls had been thrown open and chairs placed in the aisles, but then it was supposed that all the Scotch people must have been fully 1,300 people present.

THE PLATFORM.

Shortly after 8 o'clock the strains of "The Bonnie Broom" could be heard in the dressing room off the stage, and a few seconds later four Highland lads and lassies stepped on the platform. They were followed by Mr. J. Anderson, who took the chair. On his right was seated Mr. T. P. Coffey, President of St. Patrick's Society, and on his left, Mr. W. Field, President of St. George's Society. The others who occupied seats on the platform were: Messrs. James Innes, M. P. Donald Macpherson, Mr. James Cormack, C. Davidson, D. Allan, Weatherston, James Stirling, Dr. Cowan, H. Walker, Wm. Mitchell, H. McLean, and others.

THE PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

The chairman rose and delivered the following address, which at intervals was loudly applauded: Ladies and Gentlemen:—I suppose the most proud part of the evening's entertainment is the President's address. The thought has sometimes occurred to me on this our natal day, how many of our people are being delivered throughout the whole civilized globe, ecologist of Scotland and Scotchmen, that many will think the Scotch mind is not the only one that is becoming stale and uninteresting. But Scotland, though a small, wee place, has such a voluminous literature that the love of letters, so replete with the incidents of the lives of so many eminent men and women, which tend to national greatness, and the keen mind can still recollections of her own literary record. I remember a story that was told by George Augustus Sala in his "London Telegraph" in the late American rebellion. Among other nationalities, the names of Sir Walter Scott and Robert Burns: Scott with his inspiring, chivalrous, poetical lays, his matchless historical fiction, tracing the career of the various phases of English and Scottish life, from the time of Coeur de Lion down to the time of George David Deans in the heart of Midlothian. He is like a meteoric flash from out of the peasant's ranks, shedding a halo of light and gladness over the homes of his countrymen with his merry humor, sturdy independence, patriotic verse and charming songs. These names are honored in every land; grateful people of different countries in commemoration of their worth and genius; but tablets and monuments will crumble and decay ere the words of their words shall be eradicated from the minds of generations yet to come.

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IT IS NOT GENERALLY KNOWN, SAYS A

It is not generally known, says a London paper, that in the city of London any one who purchases goods of a shop, except at a pawnshop, is entitled to the goods, as against the owner, whether they be stolen or not; but directly you are on the other side of Temple Bar (outside the city limits) the goods would have to be given up, and outside the city the only place of Market Overt are statute Fairs throughout the country. If you buy at such a Fair, and pay, you have the ownership, whether stolen or not. The sale being at Brixton, outside the city limits renders the purchases liable to return the goods. An auction sale within the limits of the city of London is "Market Overt."

THE FOUR STATE UNITED STATES VESSELS,

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there was over-muscle pleasure and over little pain." Burns says: "If heaven a draught of heavenly pleasure spurn, One celestial in this melancholy vale, When a youthful maid, in the forest, pale, In others' arms breathe out the tender tale, Beneath the milk-white thorn that scents the evening gale.

Scotch people are naturally proud of their countrymen in the world at large; there seems to be no limit to their aspirations for places of emolument, power and honor. There are none of them, it seems, in our day, have aspired to the Crown itself, but some of them have had the audacity to pluck jewels out of the Royal households of the present and prospective honored rulers of the Empire, giving a practical illustration of their black and ambitious tendencies. But it is not by any means largely from her titled aristocracy that Scotland draws her fame; it is more from her mechanics and engineers, men of commerce, sovereigns of science and art, men of letters, pulpit orators, explorers, colonizers, and her sons of martial renown. There is an inherent in the race, drawn no doubt largely from her heroic, traditional lore and native song. There is no finer example of heroic fortitude ever chronicled in the annals of any country than that transmitted to us by the Scotch Highlanders, who, in the face of humanity's familiar with their patient endurance amidst their misery and persecution; how they emerged from their dark tribulation, unengaged but not subdued, firm in their faith as their native rocks, still grasping the sacred banner of liberty and tolerance, proclaiming that they and their children and their children's children and you and I shall worship God according to the dictates of our conscience.

SCOTLAND'S MARTIAL HEROES ARE HOUSE-

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THE MENTAL PROGRAM.

was under the conductorship of Prof. Maitland, and to barely say that it gave satisfaction would be faintly filling the truth—it gave infinite satisfaction. It embraced the names of some of the best talent in the Province. The first number was rendered by Mr. H. K. Maitland, and the applause which greeted his song was assurance that he had lost none of his old-time popularity as a vocalist. He was recalled for each of his items on the program and graciously responded to their native rocks, still grasping the sacred banner of liberty and tolerance, proclaiming that they and their children and their children's children and you and I shall worship God according to the dictates of our conscience.

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STONES WERE THROWN. Fortunately No One was Seriously Injured. Toronto, Nov. 30. There was great indignation at the Roman Catholic palace on Thursday morning over the alleged insult to the Bishop by the throwing of stones.

THE NEW FLAG. The Mistake Made by a Brazilian Sea Captain. LONDON, Nov. 29.—The flag of the new Brazilian Republic was hoisted for the first time in English waters to-day with a result that must have been discouraging to the over-zealous officer who made haste to display his flag in advance of formal recognition of the government whose emblem was thus flaunted.

ARTIE'S BIG BUSTLE. Arrest of a Young Couple from Hamilton on a Charge of Smuggling. BUFFALO, Nov. 30.—The police of the third precinct have under arrest a pretty girl, 18 years old, named Artie Helly, and a young man named Alfred Taylor, both from the city of Hamilton, Ont.

CHICAGO, Nov. 30.—The fifteenth annual convention of the Railway, Passenger and Freight Conductors' Mutual Aid and Benefit Association of the Michigan Central Road, delivered an address in which he gave a good account of the work and condition of the association.

THIS HEAD CUT OFF. Terrible Death on the Truck Near St. Marys. ST. MARYS, Nov. 30.—A young man named William Bates was run over last evening at McIntyre's crossing, about two miles west of this station, by the 8:20 mixed train.

NEW Q. C.'S APPOINTED. OTTAWA, Dec. 1.—The following 50 barristers have been created Queen's Counsel: Hon. J. R. Cowan, O. Barris; Messrs. Neal, Kingsmill, George Tate Blackstock, Nicholas Murphy, N. G. Bigelow, R. M. Wells, Alex. J. Cattanchi, Huson W. M. Murray, A. R. Boswell, Joseph H. Ferguson, Thomas D. Delamere, Francis Arnold, James M. Keave, Adam R. Cressman, John A. Worrell, D. A. O'Sullivan, James S. Fullerton, Alfred H. Marsh, all of Toronto; J. J. Gormully, of Ottawa; James Hy. Ploek, Duncan McMillan, London; George Mackenzie Clark, Montreal; Alex. Miller, W. Hamilton Bowley; of Berlin; Joseph Donson, Brockville; John Davidson, Goderich; J. E. Farewell, Whitty; Geo. Moncrieff, M. P. Petrolis; Robert V. Rogers, Kingston; John Buchanan, Peterboro'; D. H. Preston, Nanapanee; Hy. W. C. Meyer, Wincham; Joseph Jamieson, M. P. Almonte; F. J. French, Prescott; A. H. Macdonald, Guelph; Geo. L. Tizard, Oakville; W. F. Walker, Hamilton; James Muir, Fergus; William H. White, Pembroke; Colin G. Snider, Cayuga; P. E. P. Penler, Barrie; A. R. Lewis, Port Arthur; James Leitch, Cornwall; Wm. H. Kingston, Mount Forest; E. Sidney Smith, St. Marys; A. B. Klein, Warkenton; J. A. Loughhead, Calgary, N. W. T., and R. E. Jackson, of Victoria, B. C. It will be observed that, with the exception of the last two named, the list only covers the Ontario bar.

BOY COVERED WITH SCABS. My boy, aged nine years, has been troubled all his life with a very bad humor, which appeared all over his body in small red bumps, which itchy and scabbed over him. Last year he was worse than ever, being covered with scabs from the top of his head to his feet, and constantly growing worse, although he had been treated by two physicians in a last resort, I determined to try the CUTICURA REMEDY, and am happy to say that after using it only a few days, the scabs disappeared, leaving the skin fair, smooth and performing a thorough cure. The CUTICURA REMEDY is all you need for them. They are worth their weight in gold. G. E. LEAVITT, No. Andover, Mass.

HOW MY SIDE ACHES! Aching Sides and Back, Hip, Kidney, and Uterine Pains, Rheumatic, Sciatic, Neuralgic, Nervous, Sharp and Shooting Pains, relieved in one minute by the CUTICURA Anti-Pain Plaster, 30c.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure. This Powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. It is more economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight shams or phosphates now on the market. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 108 Wall Street, N. Y.

PIPES! PIPES! PIPES! We have the finest stock ever brought to this city. Call and examine. THE CENTRAL TOBACCO STORE BEECHIE & WAGNER. Next to the Bank of Commerce. GO TO THE OLD RELIABLE TOBACCO STORE FOR YOUR CIGARS, TOBACCO, CIGARETTES, etc. Ask for the German Health Pipe. J. BERNHARDT & CO. Lower Wyndham Street. THE NEW CIGAR STORE. Tovell's Block. Opp. the Post Office. Has in stock all the popular brands of Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobaccos. Try our own mixture, the best in the Market.

MILLS' OLD STAND. COAL SCUTTLES AT 30 CENTS. Stove Pipe, new, 10c. Stoves, second hand, \$1.50. Stoves, new, \$2.25. Fire Shovels, 75c. Tea Kettles, 75c. Paper, Paper Bags, etc., at a low price. Note Paper, Envelopes, Foolscap, etc., at wholesale prices. W. F. MITCHELL & CO'S. Telephone 156. Woolwich street, Guelph. Box 549.

FREE! FREE! FREE! Light For All. We have decided to make a present to our patrons of this valuable Wanzler Lamp.

OVERCOATS! OVERCOATS! Cleaned, Dyed and Repaired to look like new. Also Gents' Suits Cleaned, Dyed and Pressed in first-class style. Ladies' Wearing Apparel and Outrich Finishes Cleaned and Pressed. N.B.—Fur and Seal Collars Renovated. City orders called for and delivered promptly. Orders by mail or express executed with dispatch. Post office address Box 547.

LUSCOMBE'S FAIR. A fact that we do not know is that steam old Winter is coming, and with it comes the question of Fuel, Stoves and Firing. A fact that you should know is that Luscombe has anticipated this and has bought a large lot of 6 and 7 inch Stove Pipes, the best Polish Iron, very cheap for spot cash, and is prepared to give you a good article at an unheard of price. Stove Pipes 11 lengths for one dollar, 21-bows to match at 25c, and as he wants the store room for other goods, expects to clear them out rapidly at the price. Another fact is that Stove Pipe Varnish, the best made, regular price 50c, he will sell at 25c. Non-stick Stove Pipes, regular price 15c, our price 10c. Dixon's best Black Lead, 6 ounce blocks, 4c. Stove Brushes, equally low. Shoe Blacking, Dubois' best French, regular price 10c, our price 6c.

JOHN DAVIDSON'S INSURANCE AGENCY. STEAMSHIP and MARRIAGE LICENSES. ISSUED BY HUGH BLACK, Rockwood.

NOTICE. IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT DAVID Philip Clapp of the Town of Harrison, in the County of Wellington, in the Province of Ontario, Public School Inspector, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next Session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Alice M. Clapp, nee McDonald, in the County of Addington.

Stationary. PLUSH CASES. Christmas Booklets, Toy Books, Fine Books, Fancy Goods AND OTHER FINE XMAS STOCK NOW READY AT Day's Bookstore DAY SELLS CHEAP ALWAYS THE FIRST

City Bookstore, CHRISTMAS NUMBERS OF Ladies Illustrated News, Xmas Graphic, Xmas Sporting and Dramatic, Xmas Holly Leaves, Xmas Globe, Xmas Saturday Night. We expect the Xmas Star, the gem of the season, in today. Leave your orders early and be sure of a supply from J. A. NELLES, Don't be misled, it's the cheapest and most reliable place in Guelph. 59 ST. GEORGE'S SQUARE Telephone 45.

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120 ACRES.—A SPLENDID HINDS farm, situated in the Township of Guelph and fronting on the road leading from Guelph to Hopeville, being about four miles from Guelph, and composed of lots numbered 1 and 11 in the 3rd con. Division B, sixty acres cleared and in high state of cultivation; balance mostly timbered with hickory and cedar. There is a good stone house and large barn. The farm is well watered by both springs and wells. This is a rare chance for any person requiring a good homestead. For particulars apply on the premises, or by letter addressed, Jane Hinds, Adm. Districts, Guelph, P.O.

G. B. RYAN & CO'S Special - For - Fall - and - Winter - 1889-90.



IN MANTLES AND JACKETS, Guelph, and all we ask is that you would see our Goods before you buy, knowing what the result will be.

WE have pleasure in presenting for your inspection a fair representation of OUR SPECIAL HAT for this Season, one which we expect will have a big run. This is only one of the many lovely shapes shown by us this Fall, and we give the cut to show the effect when trimmed. We have paid special attention to our Stock of Shapes and Millinery this Season, and can offer you a Choice of over 1000 different Styles of the latest designs, and many of which you will look in vain for in 1st or stores, as the House we deal with in New York manufactures their own Shapes, and it enables us to place them on sale within a brief period of the date when they were made.

Our Feathers, Ribbons, Silk Velvets, Flannels, Alpacas, &c. we import direct from London and Paris, the selection being made by our Mr. RYAN personally, and are able in this way to place before our customers goods which are confined exclusively to ourselves.

DRESS GOODS. As we note the many customers limit our Dress Goods counter, it seems to us hardly necessary to say a word for this department, our trade in Dress Goods having grown to such a degree that we may say we have no longer any competitors in Guelph. Our customers not only remain our customers, but bring new ones with them, and in this way our trade continues to increase season by season, so that we need not say anything further on this subject, except that we can show you a variety of Goods not excelled by any Toronto House, and at prices lower than you would be charged in Toronto,—and as well lines that are strictly confined to ourselves.

Our trade is about double what it has been in any past season. We are now providing 500 square feet to this department, which gives us one of the finest Mantle Rooms in Canada, and all we ask is that you would see our Goods before you buy, knowing what the result will be.

G. B. RYAN & CO ONE PRICE ONLY. The Leading Dry Goods House of Guelph. SUCCESSORS TO JOHN HOGG & SON.

D. KENNEDY & SON, MARMALADE AND GRANITE DEALERS. Guelph - Ontario. All kinds of monumental work done on order. Office—Market S ure WELLINGTON MARBLE WORKS URBAN STREET GUELPH CLARK & CARTER. DIRECT IMPORTERS OF GRANITE and Marble Monuments and Headstones of all sizes and from the newest designs. All work and material warranted first-class. Parties wishing to purchase will please give us a call and inspect our stock and prices as we are confident we can compete with any establishment in Ontario. Having sold out our interest in the above firm, I respectfully solicit the patronage of my friends in the public on their behalf. W. HAMILTON.

COAL OIL. Wholesale, BY WILLIAM READ 55 Macdonnell Street. Also Agent for Clark's Wooden Pickaxe. NOTICE—I still carry on my Lorry, Tramping and Express business, in all the branches 46-50-52-54

SPECIAL TO THE PUBLIC. I have received a consignment of the Walkerton Red Felt Boots. I am the only agent in Guelph for these Goods. There is nothing in town like them for durability. Boots and Shoes of every description cheap for cash only. Give me a call before purchasing your winter Boots. D. TRIPP, Market Square.

N. TOVELL, UNDERTAKER. QUEBEC STREET, NEXT TO CHALMERS'S CHURCH, GUELPH. Telephone No. 118.

JOHN MITCHELL, UNDERTAKER. Douglas Street, Guelph near the Post Office. TELEPHONE No. 5.

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND. Diseases of the Spine, Hip, Joint, Knee & Ankle Joints, Club Feet, Etc., Artificial Legs. Twenty-two Years with Oruth and Gage. When I was a boy I had one of my legs paralyzed by lightning, rendering it utterly useless. For twenty-two years I was compelled to use a crutch and cane until Messrs. Authors & Cox, Toronto, fitted me with an instrument so perfectly that I am able to go around my office without any assistance. My address can be had from the firm. I will be pleased to give any further information on application. J. G. G. The above letter testifies to our skill as Mr. G. G. tried other parties in Toronto, without success, before applying to us. AUTHORS & COX, 121 Church St., TORONTO.

Farm For Sale. 120 ACRES.—A SPLENDID HINDS farm, situated in the Township of Guelph and fronting on the road leading from Guelph to Hopeville, being about four miles from Guelph, and composed of lots numbered 1 and 11 in the 3rd con. Division B, sixty acres cleared and in high state of cultivation; balance mostly timbered with hickory and cedar. There is a good stone house and large barn. The farm is well watered by both springs and wells. This is a rare chance for any person requiring a good homestead. For particulars apply on the premises, or by letter addressed, Jane Hinds, Adm. Districts, Guelph, P.O.

DRESS GOODS. Dress Goods Department, THIS WEEK. Now is your chance. Don't miss it. We have made some sweeping reductions in our Dress - Goods - Department, Correct Styles, and Tremendously Low Prices ALSO SPECIAL VALUE IN SE A LETTES

A. J. LITTLE & Co 77 Upper Wyndham Street, Guelph.

MCCONNELL'S CARRIAGE WORKS. IN FULL BLAST AGAIN. After having been out of business for nearly two years, I have returned, after visiting some of the principal cities in the world, and have now opened out in the Hazelton Block, Upper Wyndham street, where I will be glad to meet all my old patrons and as many new ones as will favor me with a call. I have one of the finest shops in Western Ontario, fitted up with the most modern improvements, and have goods up to the latest styles in stock. I will soon have a large stock of Sleighs and Carriages of the latest design, ever offered to the Public in Guelph. All my employes are skilled workmen and use the best stock. Repairing and Re-painting a specialty. All work superintended by myself.

John McConnell, Hazelton Block, Upper Wyndham St., Guelph.

HARDWARE. GLASS, PUTTY, NAILS, LOCKS, HINGES, PAINTS, OILS, Etc.

GEO. B. MORRIS & Co. Wyndham Street, Guelph.

RUPTURE. CHAS. CLUTHE, who after many years' trial by the medical profession, has secured their confidence and esteem, will be in your neighborhood, see below. If you or your Children are RUPTURED OR DEFORMED call and see him with your physician. Having spent his whole life in improving and perfecting appliances for Rupture and other deformities, is regarded by the best authorities that he is the only man in this line of business who can, after examining a patient, invent and construct a complete appliance to overcome the most difficult cases, as many thousands have testified. No two are made alike. More patients have been secured by him than all others combined. Testimonials of the most assuring character have been received from people in all callings who have used his appliances for cases of SPINAL DISEASE, CLUB FEET, and all deformities, especially RUPTURE. On receipt of 6 cents in stamps an illustrated book containing valuable information will be mailed. Address CHAS. CLUTHE, Don't Wait for the Last Hour. Surgical Mechanist & Mfr., 134 King St. W. TORONTO. WILL VISIT PROFESSIONALLY Guelph, Wellington Hotel, Saturday, November 16. Galt, Queen's Hotel, Friday, November 22. Berlin, American Hotel, Saturday, November 23.







