

THE QUEBEC TRANSCRIPT,

AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

Vol. II.—No. 36.]

MONDAY, 13th MAY, 1839.

[PRICE ONE PENNY.]

BRITANNIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 1, PRINCES STREET, BANK, LONDON.

CAPITAL, ONE MILLION.

Directors.

WILLIAM BURGESS, ESQ.
SAMUEL BEVINGTON, ESQ.
WILLIAM FECHNEY BLACK, ESQ.
JOHN BRIGHTMAN, ESQ.
GEORGE COHEN, ESQ.
MILLIS COVENTRY, ESQ.
JOHN DREWETT, ESQ.
ROBERT EGLINTON, ESQ.
ERASMUS ROBERT FOSTER, ESQ.
ALEXANDER ROBERT IRVINE, ESQ.
PETER MORRISON, ESQ.
WILLIAM SHAND, JUN. ESQ.
HENRY LEWIS SMALE, ESQ.
THOMAS TEED, ESQ.

ADDRESSES.

EDWARD BEVAN, ESQ.
ANDREW JOPP, ESQ.

MEDICAL OFFICERS.

JOHN SMITH, M. D. Cavendish Square.
EBENEZER SMITH, ESQ. Surgeon, Bal-
[liter Square.]

STANDING COUNSEL.

THE HON. JOHN ASHLEY, New Square, Lin-
coln's Inn.

SOLICITOR.

WILLIAM BEVAN, ESQ. Old Jewry

BANKERS.

MESSRS DREWETT & FOWLER, Princes St.

THE real and substantial advantages afforded to
the Public by well-regulated Establishments
of Assurance of Lives, and the sound basis on
which these institutions are founded, are proved,
constantly, by their complete and continued suc-
cess, and by the remarkable fact, that, in no one
instance, have they ever failed in their engagements,
in consequence of an exhaustion of the Funds pro-
vided to meet the claims. So decided and so un-
dermined are the benefits derived from the system of
Assurance in general, both in regard to the
provision it affords to Families in the event of pre-
mature death, and the Security it gives to Creditors
debts otherwise irrecoverable, that with every
increase of information and intelligence, there ap-
pears to be excited, on the part of the Public, an
increased desire to participate in its protective ad-
vantages. So some are desirous that they are the prin-
ciples on which Life Assurance Companies are bas-
ed, that neither commercial difficulties nor dis-
tress on the one hand, nor pestilential epidemics on
the other, have ever yet affected their stability or
impeded their successful progress.

CLAIMS MAY EITHER BE EFFECTED BY EARLY
OR THEIR OWN LIVES, OR BY FAMILIES INTER-
ESTED THEREIN ON THE LIVES OF OTHERS.

THE effect of an Assurance on a person's own
life is to create an equal Property in Reversion,
which can be no other than the realisation of
the sum insured, for instance, the case of a person of the
age of Thirty, who by the payment of £5 per Annum,
becomes at once possessed of a bequestable
sum amounting to £1000, subject only to the
deduction of his continuing the same payment
yearly during the remainder of his life—a
sum which may be fulfilled by the mere sum-
mer of about 200000 weekly in his expendi-
ture.

Thus, by the exertion of a very slight de-
gree of economy—such, indeed, as can scarcely
be considered as an inconvenience, he may at once real-
ise a capital of £1000, which he can bequeath or
use in any way he may think proper.

ASSURANCES may be advantageously effected on
lives of others, either for the purpose of secur-
ing loans or debts, or in any case where the party
has an interest in the life of another, so as to be in-
sured in the event of his decease. To insure a
Policy of Assurance affords a certain,
in many cases the only means of security—
the debtor is too frequently unable to pay the pro-
ceeds for an Assurance on his life, and the credit-
or to whom security is the main object to be re-
solved, may make the payment of such Premium
condition of his forbearance in not insisting
on the immediate payment of his demand. In
the same manner the circumstances and prospects
of a borrower, and the nature of the security he has
for, are frequently such as to render it absolute-
ly necessary for an Assurance to be effected on his
life, in order to enable the lender safely to advance
the amount required.

IN addition to the published rates, an extensive
Table has been compiled for Assurance, for
Reversionary Annuities, Endowments for
Widows and Children, and for every possible con-
tingency affecting human life, against which it may
be prudent or expedient to provide.

FOR OTHERS, THE FOLLOWING IMPROVEMENTS
OF THE SYSTEM GENERALLY ADOPTED, ARE RE-
COMMENDED TO THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC:

Table of increasing rates of Premium on a new
remarkable plan, peculiarly advantageous in
cases where Assurances are effected by way of se-

curing loans or debts, unless immediate payment
being required on a policy for the whole term of
life than in any other office; and the holder hav-
ing the option of paying a periodically increasing
rate, or of having the sum assured diminished ac-
cording to an equitable scale of reduction.

Officers in the Army or Navy, engaged in ac-
tive service, or residing abroad, and persons afflic-
ted with Chronic Disorders not attended with im-
mediate danger, assured at the least possible addi-
tion to the ordinary rates, regulated in each case
by the increased nature of the risk.

Ladies and others to whom it may be inconve-
nient to appear at the office, will be visited at their
own houses, by one of the Medical Officers.

All claims payable within One Month after
proof of Death.

No proof of Birth is required at the time a claim
is made; the Age of the Assured, being in every
case admitted in the Policy, cannot, under any
circumstances, be afterwards called in question.

Policies effected by parties on their own lives
are not rendered void in case of death by duelling
or the hands of Justice. In the event of suicide, if
the policy be assigned to a third party, the sum
assured will be paid without deduction. If the
policy be not so assigned, the full amount of Pre-
miums received thereon will be returned to the
family of the Assured.

Policies having become forfeited in consequence
of the non-payment of the renewal Premiums, may
be re-issued without the creation of a fine, at any
time within twelve calendar months, on the pro-
duction of satisfactory evidence relative to the state
of the health of the Assured, and the payment of
the Premiums due.

By these and similar Regulations, many of which
are peculiar to this Establishment, it is presumed
that the important object has been attained of ren-
dering a Policy of Assurance as complete an Instru-
ment of Security as can possibly be desired.

THE Subscriber having been appointed Agent
to the above Company in this City, is pre-
pared to receive propositions and to give the requisite
information as to the mode of effecting Assurances.

R. PENISTON.

Medical referees.—Doctors MORRIS and SEWELL,
Quebec, 4th Jan. 1839.

QUEBEC BANK.

NOTICE.—A General Meeting of Stock-
holders will be held at the Bank on
MONDAY, the 3rd of June next, at ELEVEN
o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of
Directors for the ensuing twelve months, and
at which General Meeting it is the intention
of the Directors to submit for confirmation or
rejection, such By-Laws, Ordinances or Regu-
lations as are at present in force for the govern-
ment and management of the Bank.

By order of the Board.

NOAH FREER,
Cashier.

Quebec, 20th April.

QUEBEC BANK.

CHANGE ON London bought and sold.
NOAH FREER,
Cashier.

Quebec, 27th Feb. 1839.

NOTICE.

AN AGREEMENT having been entered
into between the Phoenix Fire Assurance
Company of London, and that of the Metellus
Company of Glasgow, which provides for the cessa-
tion of the business of the latter, and the assumption
of its risks by the former, we hereby announce
the same to the public, and request that the
holders of Policies issued by us as Agents of the
Metellus in all things relating thereto.

(Signed) TREMAN, WHITE & CO.

In consequence of the agreement referred to
in the above advertisement, we beg to inform
the holders of Policies of the Metellus Fire
Company of Glasgow, that the Phoenix having
assumed the risks of that Company in the Can-
adas, they are ready to issue new Policies
of the Phoenix, free of charge, for the unex-
pired term of those of the Metellus.

(Signed)

GILLESPIE, MOFFAT, JAMIESON & Co
Agents for the Phoenix Fire Assurance
Company for the Canadas.

R. C. TODD,

HERALD PAINTER,
No. 16, St. NICHOLAS STREET,

THE LAME PEDLAR,

Shortly after his arrival in the village of
Bursley, the pedlar found himself comfortably
seated by the kitchen-fire of the village inn.

A mouthful of bread and cheese, and a mug of
ale, sufficed him for refreshment; and after a
little unimportant chat with the landlord, he
brought himself to retiring to rest, being too
much fatigued to think of opening his pack
and endeavouring to do business on this even-
ing. This he reserved for the morrow. Before
Willie put in execution, however, his
purpose of retiring, two men entered, whom he
would at once have set down as constables
from their appearance, even if the landlord had
not so designated them. These men's looks
were eager and excited, and they bent them
on the pedlar, who was the only stranger pre-
sent, in such a way as to make him at once
conjecture something uncommon to have occur-
red. But Willie had the peace of a calm con-
science within, and probably the men felt that
the expression on his open and ingenuous
countenance betokened this, for they ceased to
regard him with the same looks as they had
done. In the mean time, they had called the
landlord to them and commenced a whispering
conversation with him. Willie had some curi-
osity to know if any thing remarkable had
occurred, but perceiving that the men showed
no inclination to make it public, if such were
the case, he thought it would be as well to go
to his rest. Taking up and lighting the candle
which had been placed beside him for this pur-
pose, he rose, and was leaving the kitchen,
when one of the men, choosing to turn his
head at the time, started up and exclaimed
loudly, 'It is the very man, unlike it as he
looks at home as a Chelsea pensioner!' The
other constable and the landlord had started
also at this exclamation. 'Come, sir,' contin-
ued the first speaker to Willie, 'we must
speak with you.' The man then, after whisp-
ering a moment with his comrade, desired the
landlord to lead them to a private room, whither
our hero, startled, but neither afraid nor con-
fused at their request, followed them. On being
seated in another room, and being asked his
name, &c. Willie simply and briefly gave
them an account of his way of life, described
his late journey, and whether he was going,
in his turn he inquired what had occurred, and
was informed that in the course of the day, a
man had been found, not far from the Bristol
road, wounded mortally, and robbed. He had
only lived to say a few words, part of which
communication was, that his murderer was
lame.

Finding Willie's story to be clear and unequivocal,
the constables seemed rather at a loss
how to act, when the one who had spoken be-
fore, after talking for a moment with his com-
rade, 'I should be sorry,' said he, 'to put an
innocent man to trouble, but as it is your
chance to be lame, we cannot fulfil our duty
without subjecting you to a search, as some
part of the stolen property is known to us.' The
pedlar readily gave his assent; but, alas! one
of the first things observed by the constables,
as the reader may anticipate, was the blood
upon Willie's coat! Then did our poor lame
pedlar turn pale for the first time; for then,
for the first time, did it occur to him that the
business might bring him into trouble. His
pale face was not unobserved by the men, who
next lighted on his handkerchief, also stained
with blood! The tone of the constables chang-
ed; Willie's explanation of the manner in
which the stains came upon his clothes, was of
course not believed. In the pedlar's pack of
boxes, also was found a silver watch. The in-
jured man had been robbed of one. Why did
we linger on these matters? Ere noon of the
following day, Willie Colquhoun lay in
Gloucester jail, under a strong suspicion of having
committed a murder!

Truth, it has been many times said, is more
difficult to believe than fiction, and so it may
prove to be, perhaps, with this story, though
the whole is simply a narrative of facts of ev-
ery recent occurrence. For several months the
unfortunate Scottish lad lay in prison, and
when the first assizes, which were to decide
his fate, came on, he was simply remanded

to confinement—his case being continued over
to the next sitting, in the hope that something
further would come out respecting the murder.
The circumstances that told against Willie
were insufficient to condemn him, or even to
support a case against him, but, unhappily, he
was unable to bring evidence on his own part
to explain these circumstances satisfactorily,
and substantiate his innocence. His having
been at Bristol on the day he stated, and his
having given a true account of his way of
life, were not sufficient to prove his
innocence, as the deed laid to his charge was
committed during the very day on which he
had travelled from Bristol, and near the same
road. Nor was poor Willie, friendless and in
a strange country, able to gather, from a dis-
tance, testimony in his favour; and, above all,
he was unable, from his situation, to set on
foot inquiries respecting the butcher's boy who
he had accidentally met in the streets of Bris-
tol, and who had caused him so much uncon-
fidence. For, after all, the stains of blood
were there, real and the strong circumstances
against him, as the watch found in his pack
had been declared by the relations of the mur-
dered man not to be that taken from the de-
ceased.

When the second assizes came round, the
charge against Willie Colquhoun was dropped for
want of proof, and after a confinement of nearly
twelve months, he was liberated. But in
what a condition was he set free! Wasted to
a skeleton in body, and truly broken hearted.
Accustomed to enjoy, every day of his life,
the free air of heaven, confinement had rapidly
destroyed his health; the disgrace of the
charge, the lonely friendlessness of his condi-
tion, and the sickness of hope deferred—of the
law's delay—had preyed upon and borne down
his spirits. He could not bear to inform his
mother of his situation, though his mind pined
for her continually, pining for tidings of her
dear lame boy far away. His name, he knew,
never met her eye in the public prints, and no
one he rightly judged, who saw it, would
tell her. The jail fever, too, had fallen upon
him, and he had but newly risen from his pal-
let, rescued for a time from the jaws of death,
when the time of his liberation arrived.

As a matter of course, Willie Colquhoun
had his little property restored to him when
the charge was given up against him. Perhaps,
had his means been all along at his command,
he might have been able to prove his innocence.
And what, does the reader think, was Willie's
first act when he regained his freedom? Though
yearning with a heart full of sad forebodings,
to see his mother's face once more, he went
straight to Bristol, to make an endeavour to clear
his name of all suspicion. After a long search,
during which his firm resolve impelled and
supported his weak body through the task, he
discovered the butcher's lad, succeeded in bring-
ing the incident distinctly to his recollection,
and procured an attested certificate of what
had occurred. It may be observed that this
evidence was the more complete, as the boy
confessed that the circumstance of casting the
stains was not altogether unintentional! And
deep shame and grief did he feel on learning
what the consequences of his thoughtless, and
wanton act, trifling as it was, had been. With
the certificate mentioned, Willie returned to
Gloucester, and had no difficulty in obtaining
a public testimony that the circumstances
which had led to his long detention had been
satisfactorily explained, and that no grounds
for suspecting him of the crime laid to his
charge now existed.

These things accomplished, poor Willie fled
like a stricken deer to Scotland, to lay his head
again to rest on his mother's bosom. Though
his mind was now in a measure at ease, he felt a
sad consciousness that he would never again be
what he had been before his great and unmiti-
gated calamity had befallen him. He was fore-
winded to take the coach to the neighbourhood of
his native Teviot-side, and even the little way
which he had to walk afterwards was accom-
plished with difficulty. His mother was liv-
ing and well, though sad at heart for her boy.
When he entered her cot, she knew him not,
until he fell on her neck, and breathed out the
word, 'mother!'

THE QUEBEC TRANSCRIPT.

Willie never rose from the bed on which he lay down the hour he entered his home. For some time, indeed, it appeared as if a mother's care and his native air would have relieved him, but consumption (so said the doctor of the district) had fixed upon him as its prey. And so it proved, for ere long he lay by his father's side. But, ere the disease cut him off, he had told all to his friends, by whom Willie is universally to this hour regarded as a victim of the law. And thus ended the career of the lame pedlar boy. His mother lived many years after him, and in the close of her days preserved the pack of her beloved son, and the testimonials of his innocence as her greatest-her bosom treasure. She now lies by his side and that of her husband.

UPPER CANADA.

Kingston, May 8th.—There is no longer any doubt but the robbers of the mail came from the United States. We have it from authority on which we can rely, that several loafers at French Creek have lately had plenty of Canada bank bills and have been spending them very freely. It would be difficult to identify the paper stolen, and we apprehend, still more difficult to arrest the robbers.—(Chronicle.)

LOWER CANADA.

A dreadful murder was committed last week in the Township of Grenville. A woman named Angely took her infant of less than a year old, into the bush some little distance from her house, where she cut its throat and immediately afterwards cut her own; the infant died immediately, but the mother did not effect her intention of committing suicide, and is recovering. A coroner's inquest was held on the body of the child on Tuesday, when a verdict of wilful murder was returned against the mother, who was committed, and will be sent to this goal as soon as she can be removed.—Montreal Herald.

THE TRANSCRIPT.

QUEBEC, MONDAY, 13th MAY, 1839.

A short time after the Transcript went to press on Saturday, the steamers Canada and Charlevoix arrived in port, and brought slips from the Montreal Courier office, containing intelligence received by the steam-ship Liverpool. The news however was so unimportant, that it was not considered worth while to issue a second edition.

The Liverpool arrived at New-York on Tuesday last, after a fine passage of seventeen days. She brought ninety-four cabin passengers, rather more than her full complement. The advices are from London to the 19th, and Liverpool to the 20th ult., both inclusive.

The letters and papers by the Liverpool came on by post this morning.

The Boundary question appears to have entirely lost its interest in England—there being no longer any probability of its leading to a rupture. The subject is scarcely mentioned. The Ministerial crisis in France is at an end; the King has triumphed; the Liberals are defeated. M. Passy, the Court candidate, is elected President of the Chamber of Deputies. Although the new ministry was not yet organized, the difficulties in the way of it were considered at an end.

The British Parliament assembled on the 11th after the Easter Vacation. On the 15th, in the Commons, a debate commenced on Lord John Russell's motion relative to the government of Ireland, and was not concluded on the 19th. Lord John's motion was as follows:—"That it is the opinion of this house that it is expedient to persevere in those principles which have guided the executive government of Ireland of late years, and which have tended to the effectual administration of the law, and the general improvement of that part of the United Kingdom."

Death of Mr. Galt.—We are sorry to learn from the Greenock Advertiser of Friday last, that Mr. John Galt died in town early on Thursday morning.—He had suffered no fewer than thirteen paralytic shocks before that which proved fatal.

Lord Brougham was sufficiently recovered to leave Paris for London. His Lordship's indisposition is said to have arisen from his having swallowed a needle.

A Wedding Cake.—The cake made in commemoration of the marriage of the Marquis of Doro, eldest son of the Duke of Wellington, with Lady E. Hay, is the largest known for

some years past, it weighing upwards of 100 lbs. and decorated with the armorial bearings of the noble families of Wellesley and Hay. Her Majesty wore at the dinner on Wednesday, a scarlet velvet train, lined with white satin, and trimmed with a rich gold border and swansdown. The trimming was made of the down of the black swan from New South Wales, lately presented to Her Majesty.

The Hon. Edward P. trie, who has been residing on the continent for the last four years, is on the eve of returning home. His expenses on the last five years' sojourn, exceeded £200,000; and his other debts were considerable. Every claim is now liquidated, under the able superintendance of the principal trustee, his uncle, the Duke of Norfolk.

The Bible.—In the House of Commons, on the 11th April, the Lord Advocate stated, in answer to a question from Sir G. Clerk, that it was not the intention of the Government to renew the patent, (which will expire on the 17th July next,) granted to the Queen's Printer in Edinburgh, conferring the exclusive right of printing the Bible; but that a measure would be brought in to secure the purity of the text in printing of the Bible, and at the same time to allow unlimited freedom in its publication.

Paganini.—The physicians despair of being able to prolong the days of this eminent artist, who appears to have lived for some time past by positive enchantment. It is said that Paganini will leave a fortune of ten millions of francs, (£400,000), which according to his last intention, will be divided among his musical colleagues both in France and Italy, whose number is rated at between 700 and 800.—France Musicale.

A Bill has been brought in, after some debate, to deprive Jamaica of its Legislative Chamber, and to govern the Island by Councillors appointed by the Crown, on account of the refractory conduct of the planters, in connection with the emancipation system.

By a general Order, dated 2nd instant, the public are in future, to pay 6d. only for the alteration of the Artillery clothing on foreign stations, the remainder to be paid by individuals; previously, the men paid 5d. and Government the excess, which amounted, on the average, to 1s. 9d. per suit.

The Liverpool brought despatches for His Excellency Sir John Colborne, the purport of which has not yet transpired.

General Post Office, March, 1839.—The postage on letters to and from North America, conveyed by Her Majesty's packets, having been reduced to the uniform rate of one shilling single, and two shillings double, and so on in proportion, you will in future charge that rate upon such letters, without adding any extra for inland postage. Letters for Nova-Scotia, New-Brunswick, and the Canadas, may be forwarded as heretofore with the previous payment of postage.—By command, W. L. Maberly, Secretary.

Halifax, St. John, and Fredericton papers, the former to the 2nd, and the two latter to the 4th instant, were received by post on Saturday. The English April mail arrived on the 30th, bringing London dates to the 4th, and Falmouth to the 6th.

The Fredericton Sentinel of the 4th, states that on the day previous it was decided in Council, held at the Government House, that the Timber lately cut upon the Disputed Territory, shall, under the peculiar circumstances, be allowed to go to market on the payment of a duty of eight shillings per ton, or upon good and sufficient securities for the payment of that duty, within six months.

A Bill is in progress through the New York State Legislature, appointing an Agent to procure to Europe to procure copies of certain documents touching the Colonial History of New York.

The New York Express says, that all the Havre Packets are coming out full of German agriculturists as passengers. The new ship Iowa, of Bolton, Fox & Livingston's Line, has four hundred persons of this class—all bound for Illinois and Michigan.

The publication of the Fantasia was resumed on Wednesday last, and is intended to be continued weekly. It is under the management of Mr. Aubin, the former editor.

A new sporting paper entitled "The Whisp," is about to appear in New York.

The steamer John Bull arrived in port yesterday, at three, P. M., with an unusual number of passengers.

We beg to remind all the play-going and charitably disposed portion of the public that a dramatic performance by the Garrison Amateurs will take place at our theatre this evening.—The pieces selected are popular and attractive; no pains have been spared in the "getting up," and we have no doubt that the "going off" will be such as will sustain the favorable opinion which these amateurs have justly acquired.

From the Montreal Gazette of Saturday.

It is stated in the Cornwall Observer, that the seven AMERICAN brigand prisoners, who were conveyed from this city a few days since, to UPPER CANADA, along with SUTHERLAND, for the purpose of being sent to the UNITED STATES, there to be liberated, were on Saturday last taken over, under care of the Sheriff, from CORNWALL to ST. REGIS; and afterwards delivered over to the nominal custody of an AMERICAN Magistrate, who attended on the other side of the lines, for the purpose of receiving them. It appears, however, that SUTHERLAND still remains in custody, the authorities at CORNWALL having discovered, shortly in consequence of some unaccountable error, his name was not included in the return of prisoners delivered to the Sheriff. This will no doubt be rectified; for it is evident, that it was intended that SUTHERLAND should be sent to the United States in company with his fellow prisoners.

We find in the Missisquoi Standard a strange story from a Vermont paper, called the *Callonian*, with respect to the last confessions said to have been made by an individual of the name of Samuel Drown, who died at Wheelock, Vermont, on the 21st of March last, at the age of 71. These confessions, and a narrative of Drown's death, are drawn up and authenticated by "the Rev. Mr. Young, a worthy preacher of the Free Will Baptist Connection." The following is one of the many confessions of crime, reported in the narrative to have been made on Drown:—

"A short time before he died, it seemed as though the Almighty extorted from him a confession of the horrid deed; he said, that at a certain time, when he was in Canada, (about twenty-eight years ago,) near Three Rivers, he killed a man. Some one asked him if he really killed him? He said, "yes, I took up a stake, and struck him an awful blow, and killed him dead." He said he stuck the stake up by the river, and took all his money."

COMMERCIAL.

Liverpool, March 20th.—Montreal Pot Ashes remain firm at 26s. to 26s. 6d.; the sales, however, scarcely exceed 200 barrels. Pearl Ashes are in very limited demand.

London, April 20.—Wheat.—The arrivals since this day's receipt are very heavy; the principal supply is from the Mediterranean, but yesterday and this morning, several cargoes have arrived from the lower Baltic ports, and as the duty is now advanced to 10s. 8d. it will prevent the fresh arrivals coming on the market, for the whole will go under lock. We have to rice a very slack week, and a small decline in wheat and oatmeal. Flour has been in better demand, and fully supported Tuesday's prices. This day's market was fairly attended by country and town dealers, but the dull accounts from London prevented them purchasing to any amount. We quote a decline of 2d. to 3d. per bushel on inferior wheat, and the best parcels are 2s. lower. Irish fully supported last Tuesday's rates, owing to the short supply. Flour is down 1s. per sack, with a moderate inquiry.

New York, May 8th.—ASHES.—There has continued a very fair shipping demand for Pots at the previous price, farther sales to the extent of about 600 bbls. having taken place since our last, at \$5. In Pearts, there has also been some increase of animation in the demand fully 200 bbls. having been disposed of at \$6 50 per 100 lbs.

MONTREAL, May 11, 1839. Large additions to the stock of produce continue to be made—3581 brls. flour, 700 brls. pork, and 30 kegs butter having been received by the Lachine Canal since our last. A sale of a lot of fine flour, of a good brand has been made of 40s. per hl.—In pork a slight decline has taken place; about 300 bbls. have been sold during the week, at \$18 @ \$18 1/2 per prime, \$20 @ \$21 for prime mess, and \$25 @ \$25 1/2 for mess. Beef, lard, and butter still continue scarce.

The MONTREAL Bank draws on LONDON at 10 per cent premium.

It is stated in the Kingston Chronicle, that the UPPER CANADA Banks will resume specie payments on the 12th August.

At an extensive sale of leather, on Thursday, at the stores of Messrs. Galt, Montreal, the following prices were realized:—

	d.	s.	d.
2900 sides light and midding weights,.....	1	11	1 1/2
500 do. heavy,.....	1	13	1 1/2
500 do. good, damaged,.....	0	11	7 1/2
300 do. poor,.....	0	4	7 1/2
400 do. Kips, per side,.....	5	6	5 9
200 do. Upper, do,.....	10	0	11 6
Calf Skins, per lb.,.....	4	0	7 3

To CORRESPONDENTS.—We are obliged to defer to our next the communication signed D. C. B. A.

Shipping Intelligence.

PORT OF QUEBEC.

ARRIVED.

Ship Toronto, Morgan, 29th March, London, general cargo for Montreal—1 cabin passenger.
Bark Stately, Neagle, 5th April, London, ballast, to order.
Bark Chippewa, Miller, 6th April, London, general cargo for Montreal.
Bark Dorchester, Lockert, 4th April, Bristol C. E. Levey & Co.—general cargo.

ENTERED FOR LOADING.

Rainbow, 347, Bristol, W. Chapman & Co., Pat. Jones' Wharf.
Urgent, 622, London, Atkinson, Osborne & Co., Jones' Wharf.

* In the list of passengers in our last, the Toronto was inadvertently inserted for the Great Britain.

PASSENGERS.

In the Chippewa, from London: Mr. Clark, lady and servant; Lieut. Lloyd, R. N., lady and three children; Miss Colton; Miss Wyatt; Mr. Stewart; Mr. Burwell; Master Savage.
In the steamer Liverpool—Mrs. Dr. Campbell, Messrs. W. Gonnell, John Blackwood, J. A. Perkins, J. Ewing, J. Hutchinson, G. D. Watson, Robertson Melstosh, Samuel Greenhields, T. Kay, Colin Russell, T. Forsyth, James Savage, James Cuthbertson, Robert Fronto, and D. Bell, house, all of Mont. Mr. and Mrs. W. Maitland, Messrs. James Burns, Wm. Chapman and James Rogers of Quebec.

Ten o'clock, A. M.—The wind is light at N.E.—Nothing yet reported by telegraph.

The Stately, Captain Neagle, reports having seen a number of seals off Cape May. The General Hewitt left London on the same day with the Stately, and several vessels which sailed ten days before her have not yet arrived.

We understand that the fine steam-ship, built by Mr. Mann, St. Rochs, will be launched in a few days.

DIED.

At his residence St. Anne Bout le Lale, on the 6th inst, Simon Fraser, Esq., aged 72 years, formerly a partner in the Northwest Company, and subsequently one of the firm of Fraser, Caldwell & Co. of Albany.
At St. John, L. C. on the 7th inst. in his 6th year, Mr. Robert McGinnis, second son of the late Mr. John McGinnis of L'Acadie.

NEW TUSCAN BONNETS.

C. T. BROWN,

Importer and Manufacturer of

LEGHORN and TUSCAN BONNETS, WILL, on WEDNESDAY, open two cases direct from London, of the newest shapes.

Corner Shop of Rue du Fort and Duade Street
* A Milliner wanted.
Quebec, 13th May, 1839.

QUEBEC BANK.

NOTICE.—A Dividend of Three per cent upon the amount of the Capital Stock has been declared, and will be payable at the Bank on or after the 1st June next.

By order of the Board,
NOAH FREER, Cashier.
Quebec, 1st May 1839.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

CONFECTORER.

NO. 20, CHAMPLAIN STREET,

GRATEFUL for past favours, begs leave to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has at present on hand a very large and choice assortment of every thing in his line, which for quality cannot be surpassed.

JAMES HOSSACK.

CRACKERS AND WINE DISCUT BY THE BARREL
Quebec, 4th May, 1839.

CONVENIENT

A Street, near the Apply at the Trans Quebec, 1st May.

THEATRE



UNDER DISTINGUISHED

For the Benefit of the FOR SOLDIERS' WID

THE Garrison Amate Artillery, Coldstream Volunteers, will

PERFORM THE THE SIEGE

After which, the popular

will be performed

In the course of a variety of Sentimental SINGING

By Messrs. SALTER, FORT, and

The whole to conclude with a grand

ST. PATRICK'S DANCE

OR, THE SCHEM

Dress Circle, 5s.; Upper each; Gallery, 1s. 3d.

Doors open at 7 o'clock, to be before eight.

Box office open on Saturday to four o'clock.

For small bills of the day.

AUCTION

BY B. C.

On TUESDAY NEXT at his stores, ST. J reserve:

A QUANTITY of various kinds, the some leaving Quebec, a the country.

Also A very handsome PLE Sale at ONE o'clock—C Quebec, 13th May, 11

HOUSEHOLD

BY S. AI

On MONDAY, 13th in wing days, on the residence of CHA will be sold by auction o'clock each day, that House and Farm

THE Furniture consists of Chairs, Tables, Sideboards, Sofas, Carp Pianoforte, Paintings, Plate, plated Ware, 1 Forks, Table Linen, 1 Lamps, Chandeliers, J Custards, Decanters, J Liquor Cases, Chimne Sets, Centre Glasses, Lamps, Hall Chairs, Ornery—B. Steads, Pearl Toilet Sev., and Toilet article of elegance an housekeeping.

The Live Stock and consists of good Milch Horses, together with Carriage, Sleighs, and other large and valuable

—ALS A very excellent 4 vernal Calves, Gigs, D Harnesses, Horse Cloz Aprons, &c., &c., &c.

TO LET
A CONVENIENT OFFICE in Garden Street, near the Court House. Apply at the Transcript Office. Quebec, 1st May.

THEATRE ROYAL.



UNDER DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE.

For the Benefit of the Military Asylum FOR SOLDIERS' WIDOWS AND ORPHANS.

THE Garrison Amateurs, composed of Royal Artillery, Coldstream Guards, and Queen's Volunteers, will

PERFORM EVENING, MONDAY,

Perform the Tragedy of

THE SIEGE OF MEAUX;

After which, the popular Melo-Drama entitled

TWO CALLET SLAVES.

In the course of the evening,

A variety of Sentimental, Glee & Comic SINGING,

By Messrs. SALES, PORT, MATE, FOX & SEYMOUR

The whole to conclude with a laughable Farce entitled

ST. PATRICK'S DAY,

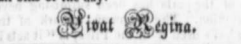
OR, THE SCHEMING LIQUORIST.

Dress Circle, 5s.; Upper Boxes and Pit, 2s. 6d. each; Gallery, 1s. 3d.

Doors open at 7 o'clock, curtain to rise at a quarter before eight.

Box office open on Saturday and Monday, from ten to four o'clock. For further particulars see small bills of the day.

Vivat Regina.



HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

BY B. COLE,

On TUESDAY NEXT, the 14th instant, at his stores, St. John Street, without Reserve:

A QUANTITY of Household Furniture, various kinds, the property of families, some leaving Quebec, and others removing to the country.

ALSO,

A very handsome PHETON and GIG. Sale at ONE o'clock—Conditions CASH. Quebec, 13th May, 1839.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

BY S. ALCORN.

On MONDAY, 13th instant, and two following days, on the premises, (Smithville,) the residence of CHARLES SMITH, Esquire, will be sold by auction, punctually at ONE o'clock each day, the entire Moveables of that House and Farm:

THE Furniture consists of elegant Mahogany Chairs, Tables of every description, Sideboards, Sofas, Carpets, Window Curtains, Pianoforte, Paintings, Engravings framed, Plate, plated Ware, Tea Urns, Knives and Forks, Table Linen, Looking Glasses, Table Lamps, Chandeliers, richly cut Glassware, Cusards, Decanters, Jellies, Wines, Cruets, Linque Cases, Chimney Ornaments, China Sets, Centre Glasses, Pier Glasses, Hall Lamps, Hall Chairs, Oil Cloth, Stoves in variety—Bedsteads, Feather Beds, Bedding, Toilet Sets, and Toilet Glasses, with every article of elegance and utility required in housekeeping.

The Live Stock and Farming Implements, consists of good Milch Cows, Oxen, Sheep, Horses, together with Ploughs, Harrows, Carts, Sleighs, and every article in use on that large and valuable farm.

—ALSO—

A very excellent 4 wheeled Carriage, several Calashes, Gigs, Driving Carts, armoires, Harnesses, Horse Clothing, Carriage Robes, Aprons, &c., &c., &c.—Conditions—CASH.

WANTED. An active and intelligent BOY, to attend in a retail store.—Particulars to character will be required. Apply at the Transcript Office.

STOLEN.

ON THURSDAY or FRIDAY last, from a house in Saint John Street, a lot of Old Silver Coins, about 100 in number; also, a pair of Ear-Rings, set with brilliants, a Diamond Ring, and a Silver Pickle Fork. Persons are requested to stop the articles should they be offered for sale and give notice at the Office of the Transcript. Quebec, 11th May, 1839.

BOARD AND LODGING.

ONE OR TWO GENTLEMEN can be comfortably Lodged and Boarded in St. Stanislaus Street, Upper Town. Apply at the Transcript Office. Quebec, 9th May, 1839.

SWAIM'S

CELEBRATED PANACEA.

FOR SALE BY

MUSSON & SAVAGE, Chemists and Druggists.

JUST RECEIVED,

AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER, Corner of St. John and St. Stanislaus Streets,

6 PUNS. SUPERIOR CIDER,

10 Boxes FRESH ORANGES AND LEMONS.

AND ALWAYS ON HAND:—Hams, Bacon, Pork, Pease, Butter, Flour, Oatmeal and Barley, with a general assortment of genuine Groceries.

ALSO, Crackers, Wine, Water and Cabin Biscuit. Confectionary of every description, wholesale and retail.

THOS. BICKELL.

11th May.

HAVANNAH CIGARS.

Just Received,

A FEW HAVANNAH CIGARS, of superior quality.

PETER DELCOUR,

No. 3, St. John Street.

22nd Dec. 1838.

FOR SALE.

THAT well finished and comfortable HOUSE, situated on the Saint Louis Road, lately occupied by the Honorable GEORGE PEMBERTON.—Attached to the House are commodious Out-Houses, and an extensive Garden.—Enquire of

J. H. KERR.

Quebec, 13th April.

TO BE LET.

THE WELL KNOWN SHOP & Premises at present occupied by the Subscribers, or those Premises adjoining, fronting the Neptune Inn, at present being put into first-rate order.—Apply to

G. B. & SHAW

Lower Town, 13th April, 1839.

TO BE LET.

From the First of May next, THE BREWERY WHARF at Pres-de-Ville, with the Buildings thereon.

ALSO,

The Wharf and Stores adjoining the south side of the above.

The premises are both at present occupied by Mr. Alex. Hamilton.

For terms apply to the undersigned, S. MACAULAY, Agent. Quebec, 20th Feb. 1839.

TO LET,

THE principal part of a LARGE HOUSE, on the Esplanade, with every convenience.

Apply at the Transcript Office, St. John Street Quebec, May 4th, 1839.

TO LET.

A CONVENIENT and pleasantly situated COTTAGE, near the Church at Beauport, lately in the occupation of Mr. HARRISON;

ALSO,

APARTMENTS suitable for a Family in the large House belonging to the Heirs of the late K. GRAY, Esq., on the Beauport Road, about three miles from town. Apply on the premises to

MRS. THE WIDOW RITCHIE.

13th April, 1839.

W. LECHEMINANT,

No. 1, Fabrique Street, Upper Town, HAS JUST RECEIVED:—

10 BOXES ORANGES, 10 lbs. Borasa APPLES.

Quebec, 4th May, 1839.

A. PARROTT,

Copper & Tin Smith, Brassier & Plumber, &c.

HAS REMOVED to No. 19, Mountain Street, opposite Mr. Neilson's Bookstore, where he will be happy to receive orders for all kinds of work in his line.

Quebec, 8th May.

ICE.

ICE, in large or small quantities may be had at the GERMAN HOTEL, Notre Dame Street, Lower Town.

Quebec, 8th May, 1839.

FOR SALE,

AN UPRIGHT PIANO FORTE, in excellent order, belonging to a person having no further use for it. Can be seen any day between the hours of 2 and 6.

Apply at the Transcript Office, St. John Street Quebec, 4th May, 1839.

JUST received by the Subscriber:—

5 Seroons HAVANNAH SEGARS.

W. LECHEMINANT.

Quebec, 4th May, 1839.

JOSEPH AULD,

SADDLER.

IN returning thanks to the Public and Gentlemen of Quebec for the very liberal support he has received since he has commenced business, begs leave to inform them that he removed to the Shop lately occupied by Mr. Oliver, Saddler, Fabrique-street, who retires from that business, and who has so kindly recommended J. A. to his customers.

J. A. will have on hand a more extensive assortment of goods in his line than formerly, which he will dispose of as reasonable as any in the trade. Hoping that by constant attention and punctuality to orders he will merit a continuance of that patronage he has so long enjoyed.

8th May.

TIMOTHY AND CLOVER.

THE SUBSCRIBERS offer for sale—TIMOTHY AND CLOVER SEEDS of very superior quality.

ALSO,

A few Bushels CHINESE SKINLESS OATS.

MUSSON & SAVAGE.

Quebec, 17th April.

J. HONSTAIN,

TAILOR.

BEGS leave to inform his friends and the Public, that he has REMOVED to No. 13, Couillard Street, opposite Mr. Deverry, Confectioner, where he hopes to merit a continuance of the patronage he formerly received. Quebec, 6th May.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

TWO APARTMENTS neatly furnished, in a respectable private family, with board, for a single gentleman. The neighbourhood of Hope Gate would be preferred.

Address, stating terms, No. 29, Transcript Office. Quebec, 1st May.

BOARD AND LODGING.

THREE or FOUR GENTLEMEN can be accommodated comfortably and on moderate terms, with Board and Lodging, in an airy situation, outside St. John's Gate. Enquire at the Transcript Office. Quebec, 10th April, 1839.

FOR SALE.

THE FARM known under the name of "THE BLUE-HOUSE FARM," situated on the Lorrette Road, containing about Fifteen superficial Acres, and an excellent House and extensive Out-Houses thereon erected. A valuable Garden is attached to the premises.

Liberal terms will be given.

J. H. KERR.

Quebec, 13th April, 1839.

FOR SALE,

TWO HUNDRED Barrels of American Pitch.

R. PENISTON.

Quebec, 2nd March, 1839.

SUPERIOR

BOTTLED SODA WATER, MANUFACTURED AND SOLD BY

MUSSON & SAVAGE.

MOFFAT'S

LIFE PILLS & PHENIX BITTERS, FOR SALE BY

MUSSON & SAVAGE.

GARDEN SEEDS.

THE Subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public, that they have received their usual extensive assortment of

English and American GARDEN, FIELD & FLOWER SEEDS,

which they can WARRANT of the growth of 1838; detailed Catalogues of which can be obtained at their store.

MUSSON & SAVAGE, Chemists & Druggists.

Quebec, 12th April, 1839.

THE Subscribers have just received a large supply of the following celebrated Medicines, viz:

OLDRIDGE'S BALM OF COLUMBIA, HAY'S LINIMENT for Piles, Rheumatism, &c. HEADACHE REMEDY.

ALSO, A fresh supply of MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS and PHENIX BITTERS.

BEGG & URQUHART, 13, St. John Street, and 8, Notre Dame St. E.

5th October.

CALEDONIA SPRINGS.

THE favorable opinion I formerly entertained of the waters of the Caledonia Springs is MORE THAN CONFIRMED, as well from the benefits I personally derived from their use, as from what I observed of their effects on others. The water should be drank in moderate quantities before breakfast, and persevered in for some weeks at least.

(Signed) WILLIAM ROBINSON, M.D.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE

100 Boxes fresh Digby Herrings,

20 Tierces East India Rice,

4 Pipes Cognac Brandy,

100 Barrels American Pitch,

30 do. do. bright Varnish,

10 do. Brewers Bungs,

150 Kegs fresh U. C. Butter,

100 do. Hoop's Lard,

15 Cases Ladies' Twist and Cavendish Tobacco

2 do. James River Tobacco in tins,

1 do. Cassia,

5 do. Port Wine, each 5 doz.

1 do. Glazed Hats,

15 Bales American Hops,

1 do. striped Cotton and Calico Shirts,

2 do. assorted sewing Thread,

A small Lot of Prime Pork.

ALSO,

Walls and Seal Oil, in hhds. and blbs. Quills, assorted qualities, Principe Cigars.

Hy. J. NOAD, Hunt's Wharf.

Quebec, 2nd March, 1839.

FOR SALE OR CHARTER.

THE splendid new copper-fastened Bark, about 298 tons, old measurement, will be fastened according to Lloyd's new Book.

If not sold will accept a Charter to Liverpool or Belfast. Apply to

EDWARD OLIVER, St. Roch.

4th April.

PASSAGE FROM BELFAST.

PERSONS desirous of having their friends brought out from Belfast in Mr. Grainger's ships the ensuing spring, may have it done by paying the amount of passage to the undersigned.

G. H. PARKE, Quebec, 14th Feb'y. 1839.

FOR SALE OR CHARTER.

THE splendid new copper fastened Ship "WELLINGTON," about 480 tons, old measurement, built and fastened according to the rules laid down in Lloyd's new book. Will be found a desirable vessel where carrying and speed are required.—The Rigging, Sails, &c. being here, will ensure an early vessel.

If not sold, will accept a Charter to Liverpool or Belfast.—Apply to

EDWARD OLIVER, St. Roch.

Quebec, 9th March.

FOR PUBLIC CONSIDERATION.

IN no instance has prevalent infatuation been productive of more deplorable consequences, than the blind concession that the members of the medical profession alone are competent to administer remedies for disease. The general co-operation which is given to this preposterous pretension of an interested class, is one of the most prolific sources of disease, suffering, and early death. How many thousands of persons there are, at this moment surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of almost every variety of human malady, from their reluctance to incur the expense of consulting a physician, and from their ally prejudice against the most simple medicines, unless sanctioned by the mystic authority of a pretendedly learned prescription! If they could see that prescription in plain English, they would find, in a vast majority of cases that it ordered nothing in the world but a little rhubarb, or senna or jalap, or aloes, mixed with sugar and water, and mystified with a little peppermint, or some other scented drug; and a simple cathartic like this is generally efficacious. But the druggist keeps the prescription, and when the patient gets ill again he has again to consult the physician, instead of procuring for himself, at a mere fraction of the original expense, the wonderful remedy which had relieved him. It is that a majority of the population of every civilized country suffer disease to work its insidious way into their system, because the relief they desire from medical aid is at once expensive, transitory, and difficult of access; and thus is exemplified the memorable confession of an eminent physician, that "Prescriptions in the Roman language have indirectly killed more than all the Roman armies." A medicine so compounded that it will cleanse the alimentary canal of all its feculent accumulations and incumbrances, give a new and invigorating action to all the viscera that contribute the agency to the digestive functions, and by promoting the insensible perspiration, relieve the whole system of febrile and inflammatory symptoms, must necessarily prove a great blessing to mankind, if rendered at a price which places it within the reach of all classes. If it have an extensive sale, it cannot fail to work more cures, and to do far more general good, than all the members of the medical profession combined can possibly accomplish within the comparatively narrow limits of their private practice. Such a medicine the public has in **MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS** and **PHENIX BITTERS**, the efficacy of which are established throughout the United States, and voluntarily certified by thousands of individuals whom they have relieved and cured. It is vain that the interested denouncers of popular medicines attempt to include these in their indiscriminate opprobrium. Facts beat theories and are more stubborn even than prejudices. Could the most eminent and successful physician that ever lived collect so many testimonials of remarkable cures, and of an extensive alleviation of suffering under an almost endless variety of human diseases as have been spontaneously presented to the proprietor of the **LIFE PILLS** and **PHENIX BITTERS** during the last two years? He believes not, and would be happy to put the question to the test.

The pre-eminence of these medicines being firmly established upon the basis of innumerable facts, it only remains necessary to name persons who are unacquainted with them of some among the multitude of maladies in which they have repeatedly proved successful, and in which, therefore, it may confidently be presumed they will succeed hereafter: 1. Dyspepsia, both chronic and casual, under the worst symptoms of restlessness and pain, flatulency head-ache, nausea, loss of appetite, heart-burn, costiveness, bilious salivations, general debility and wasting away of the body. 2. Diarrhoea, whether feculent, mucous, serous, hemorrhagic, bilious, or tubular. 3. Jaundice, both bilious and spasmodic, hepatic, insalutary, and of the dark green variety. 4. Echinostoma, or worms, both alvine and anal, and of every variety, from the large tape and joint worms to the insect larvae of the stomach and rectum. 5. Piles, of the blind, the bleeding, the white and the caruncular varieties. 6. Costiveness, whether arising from constipation or obstruction, and of long or long standing. 7. Colic, the iliac, the painters' the constipated, the constructive, and flatulent. 8. Coughs, the common or humid cough, and the dry and the whooping cough. 9. Asthma, the nervous or dry, and common or humid. 10. The Breast pang, acute and chronic; and also Pleuritis, or chronic pain in the side. 11. The Daily Fever, whether of the mild, the acute, or the sweating variety. 12. Fever and Ague. 13. Intoxication, in any stage. 14. Dysentery, acute and chronic. 15. Rheumatism, acute and chronic, together with podagra, or gout. 16. Marasmus, whether as general atrophy or loss of flesh, or pulmonary decline and consumption, if taken before cavities have been formed in the lungs. 17. Scrofula—tubercular and rapidly ulcerous even in the worst cases. 18. Scary. 19. Hypochondriasis, and all other nervous affections. 20. Spasmodic Palpitation, of the heart and of the arteries. 21. Head-ache.

It is evident, therefore, that these medicines are compounded of ingredients which act upon the system universally, and not mere aloetic preparations. They act without causing pain, or producing any prostration of nervous energy, but on the contrary, strengthen, invigorate and enliven, from the first day of their operation, until the period of convalescence. Directions for use accompany them.

All post paid letters will receive immediate attention. Sold wholesale and retail by **W. M. MOFFAT**, 367 Broadway, N. Y. A liberal deduction made to those who purchase to sell again.

BEGG & URQUHART.

N. B. The Life Pills may also be had of the principal druggists in every town throughout the United States and the Canadas. Ask for **Moffat's Life Pills** and **Phenix Bitters**; and be sure that a fac simile of John Moffat's signature is upon the shell of each bottle of bitters and box of pills. Quebec, 11th May, 1839.

LONDON HATS, BOOTS, SHOES

FOR SALE AT THE STORE OF
HORATIO CARWELL,
No. 4, Fabrique Street.

A SMALL selection, assorted prices, Gentlemen's Black and Grey BEAVER HATS, made to order, of the newest shapes.

ALSO:
Three trunks Gentlemen's Dress Pumps; Wellington Cloth and Leather and Clarence Dress Boots, made of the best materials and of the most fashionable make.
10th April, 1839.

INDIA RUBBER SHOES.

JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE,
LADIES', Gentlemen's, and Children's
INDIA RUBBER SHOES, of the best quality.

FREDR. WYSE,
No. 3, Palace Street, opposite the Albion Hotel, Upper Town, and the foot of Mountain Street, near the Neptune Inn, Lower Town.
Quebec, 20th Sept 1838.

GARDEN, FLOWER AND AGRICULTURAL SEEDS.

THE Subscribers beg to inform the Public that they have received their supplies of the above,—all of which they can warrant **FRESH.**

AMONGST THEM ARE THE FOLLOWING:
Red, White, and Yellow Onions,
Early Battersea and other Cabbages,
Early Green Clester Cucumbers—very fine,
London and Flax Lett,
Early Frame, Drumhead, and other Lettuces;
Peas, Beans, Turnip, Timothy, Clover, &c. &c.

BEGG & URQUHART.

R. & D. received last fall, a Choice Assortment of FLOWER SEEDS, which they can warrant.

CATALOGUE TO BE HAD AT THEIR STORE—
No. 13, Saint John Street, Upper Town,
and No. 8, Notre Dame Street, Lower Town.
Quebec, 6th April, 1839.

FOR SALE

- By the Subscriber,
No. 11, NOTRE-DAME STREET, LOWER TOWN.
- 14 HHDS. Leaf Tobacco,
80 Kegs superior Plug, 16s and extra 16s.
150 Boxes Candles, long 6's & 8's.
100 do. Soap, 60 lbs.
120 do. do. 30 lbs.
40 bbis. bottled Port and Sherry Wines,
15 bbis. E. I. Madeira Wine, 3 doz. ea.
15 bbis. Pot Barley,
20 boxes Young Hyson Tea,
40 chests Bolea,
20 do. Trankley,
40 do. Hyson Skin,
5 do. Souchong,
20 Herces Sugar,
15 barrels Roasted Coffee,
3 hhds. Mustard,
2 cases Black Lead,
250 reams Wrapping Paper,
3 pipes 5 hhds. Cognac Brandy,
102 casks Sherry Wine,
60 punche. Whiskey.

JOHN FISHER.
4th May.

CUSTOM HOUSE BLANKS.

15 REAMS, comprising all the different Forms used at the Custom-House, ARE OFFERED AT

10s. PER REAM, or 2s. 3s. PER QUIRE.

APPLY AT THE
Office of The Transcript, 13, St. John Street.

THE Partnership existing under the Firm of **SAURIN & Co.** is dissolved from this date.—The business in future will be carried on by **JOHN J. SAURIN**, who solicits a continuance of the support he has at all times received, and hopes to give satisfaction to those who may honor him with their patronage.
Quebec, 9th April 1839.

FIREWOOD FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER offers for sale, from One to One Hundred Cords of Firewood, of the best quality.
S. TOZER.
Upper Town, Market.
Quebec, 9th March, 1839.

THE SUBSCRIBERS OFFER FOR SALE—

300 KEGS London WHITE LEAD,
100 Kegs do. do. genuine No. 1,
15 Casks English LINSEED OIL, double boiled,
5 do. Raw do.
100 Boxes superior English YELLOW SOAP
100 Casks fine Canada ROSE NAILS 3 1/2 lb.
36 lb.
10 doz. SHOVELS,
10 Cwt. best English GLUE,
WITH A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF **Hardware.**
JOHN SHAW & CO.
IMPORTERS, QUEBEC.
2nd March, 1839.

SPLENDID FRENCH SILKS, VEILS, &c.

FOR BONNETS AND DRESSES.
ALSO,
The NEW SHAPES in TUSCAN BONNETS, imported by the way of New-York.
And, just opened,
SEVEN CASES of LONDON MADE BEAVER HATS, to be sold cheap for cash.
BROWN'S CHEAP CLOTHING STORE,
Corner of Rue du Port and Baude Streets,
Upper Town.
Quebec, 17th April, 1839.

WINES.

GILLESPIE, JAMIESON & Co.
HAVE FOR SALE,
The following description of WINES, of a very superior quality:—
CHAMPAGNE, sparkling, in cases of Claret, Lafitte, Sauterne, &c. doz. each. 3 Old Port, in pipes and hogheads, Sherry, pale and brown, in butts, hhds. and qt. casks, Madeira, in pipes and hhds. Massed, in hhds.
Quebec, 20th April, 1839.

CHARLES McDONALD, HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER, GLAZIER, &c. &c.

RETURNS thanks for the liberal encouragement he has received from the inhabitants of Quebec and respectfully informs them that he continues to carry on business at
No. 13, St. Eustache Street,
where all orders will be promptly attended to, and he flatters himself that his terms will be found as reasonable, and his materials superior to those hitherto furnished.
Quebec, 10th April, 1839.

MORISON'S UNIVERSAL MEDICINE

NOTICE.
THE Subscribers, general agents for Morison's Pills, have appointed William Whitaker, Sub-Agent for the Upper Town, No. 27, St. John Street.

LEGGE & CO.
That the public may be able to form some idea of Morison's Pills by their great consumption, the following calculation was made by Mr. Wing, Clerk to the Stamp Office, Somerset House, in a period of six years, part only of the time that Morison's Pills have been before the public; the number of stamps delivered for that medicine amounted to three million, nine hundred and one thousand.

The object in placing the foregoing powerful argument in favour of Mr. Morison's system, and to which the public attention is directed, namely, that it was only by trying an innocuous purgative medicine to such an extent that the truth of the Hygeian system could possibly have been established. It is clear that all the medical men in England, or the world, put together, have not tried system of vegetable purgation to the extent and in manner prescribed by the Hygeians. How, therefore, can they (much less individually) know any thing about the extent of its properties.

MADEIRA WINE.

A FEW CASKS **HOWARD, March & Co's** MADEIRA WINE—price £70 per pipe of 110 gallons—for sale by
JOHN GORDON & CO.
St. Paul Street
Quebec, May 1838.

PILES, &c.

HEMORRHOIDS—NO CURE NO PAY!
Price \$1—Hays Liniment—No Fiction.

THIS extraordinary chemical composition, the result of science and the invention of a celebrated medical man, the introduction of which to the public was invented with the solemnity of a death-bed bequest, has since gained a reputation unparalleled, fully sustaining the correctness of the lamented Dr. Gridley's last confession, that "he dared not give his knowledge on this subject," and he therefore bequeathed to his friend and attendant, Solomon Hays, the secret of his discovery. It is now used in the principal hospitals and the private practice in our country, first and most certainly for the cure of the Piles, and also so extensively and effectually as to have erudition, unless where its effects are witnessed externally in the following complaints:—
For Dropsy—Creating extraordinary absorption at once.
All Swellings—Reducing the in a few hours.
Rheumatism—Acute or Chronic, giving quick ease.
Sore Throat—By cancers, ulcers or colds.
Croup and Whooping Cough—Externally, and over the chest.
All Bruises, Sprains and Burns—Curing in a few hours.
Sores and Ulcers—Whether fresh or long standing, and fever sores.
Its operations upon adults and children in reducing rheumatic swellings, and loosening coughs, and tightness of the chest by relaxation of the parts has been surprising beyond conception. The common remark of those who have used it in the Piles, is "it acts like a charm."

THE PILES.—The price \$1 is refunded to any one who will use a bottle of Hays' Liniment for the Piles, and return the empty bottle without being cured. These are the positive orders of the proprietor to the Agents, and out of the many thousands sold, not one has been unsuccessful.
CAUTION—None can be genuine without a splendid engraved wrapper, on which is my name, and also that of the Agents.
L. I. SIMS,
MUSSON & SAVAGE,
BEGG & URQUHART.
Quebec, 29th Sept. 1838.

SOLES, DROPSY, SWELLINGS, ALL SORES, RHEUMATISM. It is absolutely asserted on the most positive proof that the above complaints are arrested and cured by the timely use of Hays' Liniment. It is impossible to find room in this paper to present those proofs which are conclusive and convincing. They may be seen at length as below.
The true article has a splendid engraved wrapper with agents' and proprietor's name, and may be had of
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DR. E. SPOHN, a German physician of much note, having devoted his attention for some years to the cure and removal of the causes of NERVOUS AND SICK HEADACHE, has the satisfaction to make known, that he has a remedy which by removing the causes cures effectually and permanently his distressing complaint. There are many families who have considered Sick Headache a constitutional incurable family complaint. Dr. S. assures them that they are mistaken, and labouring under distress which they might as only alleviate, but actually eradicate by the use of his remedy. It is the result of scientific research, and is entirely of a different character from advertised patent medicine, and is pleasant to the taste. To be had of
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