

Poor Joe!

Chamberlain Says Events Point to a Liberal Reunion.

And He Advises His Colleagues to Prepare for the Change.

The British Budget Receives the Third Reading.

Rev. Walford Green Elected President of the Wesleyan Conference—Disastrous Results of the Cyclone in Bavaria.

The Wesleyan Conference.
LONDON, July 17.—The annual Wesleyan Conference opened in Islington chapel today with 900 ministers and 240 laymen present. The Rev. Walford Green was elected president.

The Irish Land Committee.
LONDON, July 17.—The alleged disputes which it is said have threatened to break up the Irish land committee have been satisfactorily settled, and Mr. Morley has consented to retain his position as chairman.

Plot to Assassinate Morocco's Sultan.
TANGIER, July 17.—A dispatch from Mequinez says that the Grand Vizier Halil Amatt, his brother Mohammed Soreir, ex-Minister of War, and two other court officials have been arrested for plotting to murder the Sultan.

A Would-be Assassin.
ROME, July 17.—Paul Lega, who attempted to kill Premier Crispi, June 16, will be arraigned for trial at the assizes on Thursday. The technical charge against him will be attempting to murder a State official after premeditation. Lega maintains his calm demeanor. He says he had no accomplices, and he has nothing to reveal.

Joe Would Like to Get Back.
LONDON, July 17.—Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, presiding at a private conference of Unionists at Birmingham today, spoke very hopefully of an ultimate reunion of the Liberal party, to which he said events were plainly pointing. In the circumstances he advised his colleagues to modify their attitude and tone towards the Gladstonians.

Help for the Helpless.
CONSTANTINOPLE, July 17.—The Sultan has headed the fund for the relief of the earthquake sufferers with a subscription of 1,500 Turkish pounds. M. Cambon, the French ambassador, has presented £500 from French subscribers.

The Bavarian Cyclone.
BERLIN, July 17.—The Bavarian cyclone devastated a tract of land fifteen miles long by three miles wide. The loss amounts to 2,000,000 marks. The sufferers are poor and the locality is unable to refund the losses. A few fatalities occurred and 100 persons were injured. A large forest area was leveled. In some instances trees were carried 500 meters.

Let Him Do It!
LONDON, July 17.—The Westminster Gazette, commenting on the report that Lord Salisbury has decided to accomplish the throwing out of the budget bill when it reaches the House of Lords on account of the estates duty clauses, expresses the hope that the report is true. If such a thing were done, the Gazette says, it would unite the whole of the Liberals to demand of the Government that they give immediate effect to the mandate of the Leeds anti-Lords conference.

The Cholera—A Warning.
LONDON, July 17.—The Local Government Board have issued a circular which has been sent to local authorities throughout the United Kingdom, warning them of the recurrence of cholera on the continent, and urging the necessity of taking all possible precaution against the appearance of the disease in Great Britain.

St. Petersburg, July 17.—The health authorities report 196 fresh cases of cholera and 79 deaths from the disease to-day.

A cablegram was received at the Marine Hospital Bureau, Washington, today, announcing the prevalence of cholera in Danzig, northeastern Prussia.

A Fiery Speech in the French Chamber.

PARIS, July 17.—The floors and galleries of the Chamber of Deputies were crowded today when Prouquy de Boisserin, Radical Republican, ascended the tribune to speak against the Government's anti-Anarchist Bill. The bill, he declared, was a retrograde measure, and more tyrannical in its provisions than any law enacted under the monarchy or empire. He denounced the parties of the Right and Center and the Socialists, the former for their connection with the Panama canal scandals and the latter for their teachings, and declared that all of them had contributed to the spread of the spirit of anarchy. The speaker's remarks elicited a storm of protests and denials. Prouquy de Boisserin declared the Republican Government had neglected to introduce and advocate legislation favorable to the masses. He concluded by heaping reproaches upon the Deputy Ministry. At the conclusion of the speech the uproar in the Chamber was prolonged.

M. Brisson (Radical) stigmatized the bill as a reactionary measure. It was not a Draconian law that was necessary, but it was rather a more thorough and effective system that was needed. With this improvement the existing laws would abundantly suffice. (Radical cheers.)

British Parliament.
LONDON, July 17.—In the House of Lords today Lord Salisbury formally moved the second reading of the Alien Immigrants Bill. Lord Rosebery opposed the bill on the ground that such proposals ought not to be made to Parliament except upon the initiative of the Government. It was not through

neglect on the part of the Ministry, he declared, that the alien question had not been touched. When Lord Salisbury was in power the case against alien immigrants was infinitely stronger than it is now, as immigration was much greater, yet the Conservative Ministers then opposed any special legislation on the ground that aliens were few, and that the right of asylum in England ought to be upheld. Lord Rosebery quoted copiously from statistics showing that immigration was now at a lower point than it had reached in many years. The bill, he said, had not the slightest chance of becoming a law, and it was therefore a waste of time to put it through the House of Lords. On the authority of the Home Office he could deny the allegation that any plot against a foreign Government or an official of a foreign Government had been hatched in England since the present Ministry came into power. He advised Lord Salisbury by all means to drop the measure.

Lord Salisbury expressed regret at the Government's refusal to support the bill which was necessary legislation in the direction of protecting the workmen against the competition of low-priced labor and also as a preventive of England's becoming a permanent asylum for Anarchist refugees. He declined to withdraw the measure.

A division was taken and the bill passed its second reading, 89 to 37.

In the House of Commons Sir Wm. Harcourt announced that to-morrow he would make a statement of the Parliamentary programme of the Government for the remainder of the session.

A motion made by Sir John Lubbock to reject the budget bill was lost by a vote of 283 to 263.

On Sir William Harcourt's motion the bill then passed its third reading and loud cheers.

Several Yale professors and students visited the House of Commons today. Mr. Burns acted as their cicerone.

Late Canadian News.

Staff Sergt. Simpson, of the Bielew Team Loses His Wife—A Supposed Smuggler in Limbo.

Lieutenant-Governor Mackintosh is recovering from his illness.

The Masonic Grand Lodge will meet in convention at Hamilton today.

The corner-stone of the new Baptist Church at Scotland, Ont., was laid Tuesday afternoon.

Rev. J. G. Murray, Presbyterian minister of Guelph, has been allowed to retire, and will be placed on the supernumerary list.

Grand Trunk earnings for week ending July 14, 1894, \$327,251; against \$394,851 in corresponding week last year. Decrease in 1894, \$67,600.

Frank L. Gilchrist, of Toronto, arrested in Detroit for opium smuggling was sent to jail in default of \$2,500 bail to await examination.

It has been announced that the elections of Hon. J. M. Gibson and J. T. Middleton for West Hamilton and East Hamilton respectively, will be protested.

Edmund G. Burke, aged 43 years, proprietor of the Northumberland paper mills, Campbellford, died very suddenly Monday morning of hemorrhage of the brain.

Rev. P. A. Tinkham, formerly Baptist minister at Port Colborne, has been received into the Hamilton Presbyterian ministry and recommended to take one term at the Theological College.

About 80 members of the Michigan Press Association spent a few hours in Toronto on Tuesday. They arrived on a G. T. R. special from Sarnia. They visited the Parliament Buildings, and were welcomed by members there.

While absent with the Canadian Bielew team, Staff-Sergt. Jas. H. Simpson, of the Twelfth Battalion, the crack shot of the corps, has sustained a heavy loss. His wife died Tuesday morning of heart disease. Three bereaved children await the homecoming of their father.

Prince Gregoire Galitzin of Russia has arrived at Halifax. He is a lieutenant-general in the Russian army and is a member of the council at St. Petersburg. He expresses himself as very much interested in the subject of immigration and intimates that large numbers of German and Russian immigrants intend coming this way next fall.

News comes from Severn Bridge that Dan McCauley and Elijah Mark, who had been drinking heavily Monday night, got into an argument with Wm. Hamilton and Elijah Morris, which ended in a fight. McCauley stabbed Mark in the left lung. Mark is not expected to live. Morris had two cuts, not very serious. McCauley and Weston were jailed.

What would Fenimore Cooper say if he heard that his favorite Blackfoot Indians had earned upwards of \$3,000 by freighting and selling coal? Yet, according to the Calgary Herald, they did this last year, and they now have three mines on the reserve, but the mining is carried on in a primitive fashion. They are putting up new houses with lumber taken out at Castle Mountain, and many of the buildings are painted.

Wandered Away and Died.

FOREST, Ont., July 17.—Miss Mary McKimley, aged 56 years, left the residence of her brother-in-law, John Douglass, five miles from here, at 9 o'clock last night. She had been ill and her mind was affected. Search was made all night by a large number of neighbors, but she was not found until 3 p.m. today, when her body was discovered in an open field, about a mile from the house. Death was caused by paralysis. The McKimley family are among the most prominent residents of Plympton township.

Prospects of a Coal War.

BOSTON, Mass., July 17.—A special to the Transcript from Philadelphia says the Norfolk and Western Railroad Company is unable to agree with the coal producers along its line as to prices for the season of 1894-95, and a coal war may result. The question was to be arbitrated here, but yesterday the railroad company withdrew its arbitrator. Thirty-eight producers threaten to close their mines. The operators claim they are entitled to 87 cents per ton at the tipple, but the railroad company will allow only 75 cents. If the mines are closed it will cripple industries all along the line.

Steamship Arrivals.

July 17. At From
Spre. Southampton. New York
Majestic. Liverpool. New York
Hamilton. Father Point. Bristol

Prison Preferred

By the Leaders of the A. R. U. Strike

To Taking Advantage of Legal Loopholes.

Debs and His Lieutenants Therefore Go to Jail.

Battle Creek Members of the A. R. U. Disavow and Condemn Any Such Action as the Wrecking of Trains—Serious State of Affairs at Birmingham, Alabama.

SENSATIONAL CLIMAX.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 17.—There was a sensational climax late this afternoon to the troubles that have disturbed railroad circles during the past three weeks, when President E. V. Debs, of the American Railway Union, and his cabinet, Vice-President Geo. W. Howard, General Secretary Sylvester Kelher and L. W. Rogers, chairman of the executive committee, were taken to the county jail and incarcerated as prisoners of the United States for violation of the injunction issued July 2 by Judges Woods and Grosscup, restraining them from combining and conspiring to hinder in the State commerce, traffic or the movement of the United States mails. The imprisonment of the chiefs of the railway union was not in any sense an arbitrary proceeding. An opportunity was afforded the defendants of presenting bonds for their appearance in court a week hence. This proposition, however, was rejected on the ground as emphasized by President Debs after the court had rendered its ultimatum that the principle involved was one entirely too serious in its nature to admit of the defendants availing themselves of any technicalities that might be regarded as loopholes. Bondsman offered aid to the union leaders, but their overtures were declined and the prisoners suffered themselves to be taken to jail and locked up. Unless in the meantime they should tire of incarceration, they will remain until Monday morning of next week.

In support of the contention of the Government that defendants violated the court's injunction, several scores of telegrams, which had been secured from a telegraph company under a ruling of the court, were cited. These are specimens of the whole.

"To Court Head, South Butte, Mont.—The general managers are weakening. If strike is not settled in 48 hours complete paralysis will follow."

"Potatoes and ice are out of sight. Save your money and buy a gun. E. V. Debs."

"To W. F. Smith, Grand Junction, Col.—It will take more than injunctions to move trains. Get everybody out. We are gaining ground everywhere. E. V. Debs."

Only a few of these dispatches had been read when Judge Seaman interrupted to remark that sufficient had been shown to indicate a willful and deliberate violation of the injunction.

At 4:30 Marshal Arnold escorted the prisoners to an open carriage, in which they were driven to the county jail. On their arrival at the jail the prisoners were courteously received. The marshal did the introductory honors, and the prisoners shook hands cordially with their new custodian. No feature of jail methods was, however, relaxed in their behalf. On the hands and wrists they held their handcuffs, and submitted to a search. They were deprived of all their valuables and then led to cells in the debtors' department.

CAST IRON CONDITIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 17.—Each applicant for re-employment with the Southern Pacific Railway Company is required to sign a promise that he will sever his connection with the A. R. U., that he will not join a labor organization during his employment by the company, and that he will not become a member of any brotherhood or union for five years.

A REIGN OF TERROR.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., July 17.—A second battle was fought at about 2 o'clock of the Pratt mines simultaneously with that at No. 3, and the total number of dead reaches six, with at least a score wounded.

Forty-two alleged miners were jailed this morning on a charge of murder; 50 more will be arrested. A monster citizens' indignation meeting is being held here now, and as the excitement is intense further trouble is feared. Military companies are arriving from various parts. Last night 700 troops were here.

Several attempts were made during the night to burn broad cars in the yards here, but they were unsuccessful.

An attempt was made to wreck the Louisville and Nashville passenger train, No. 4, by breaking a switch. A freight of terror results.

Two more were added to the number of victims of the casualty at slope No. 3 by finding this morning the dead bodies of a Frenchman and a colored man. The former was one of the attacking force and the latter a miner. The mines and railroad shops are guarded tonight by soldiers, with a heavy reserve in camp.

"MORAL AID" FOR THE A. R. U.

NEW YORK, July 17.—President Samuel

ALL MEN

Young, old or middle-aged, who find themselves nervous, weak and exhausted, who are broken down from excess or overwork, resulting in many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dimness of sight, palpitation of the heart, emissions, lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, headaches, pimples on the face and body, itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eyelids and elsewhere, bashfulness, deposits in the urine, loss of will power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, dullness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, snakes eyes, surrounded with leaden circles, oily looking skin, etc., are all symptoms of nervous debility that lead to insanity unless cured. The spring of vital force having lost its tension every function wanes in consequence. Those who through abuse committed in ignorance, may be permanently cured. Send your address and 10c in stamps for book on diseases peculiar to man, sent sealed. Address M. V. LUBON, 24 Macdonnell avenue, Toronto, Ont., Canada.

Please mention this paper.

Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, got back from Chicago today. He says if there is any coldness or quarrel between him and Debs he (Gompers) does not know of it. President Gompers says Debs' assertion that the strike is still on is true, and there will doubtless be more men who will go out in support of Debs and his strikers. They will be workmen, however, contiguous to localities already affected, and in trades in some way connected with the railroads or that the railroads are dependent upon. Mr. Gompers said the Federation intended to do all in its power to assist the American Railway Union in a moral way. There would be no pro rata financial assessment to give assistance to them, but the unions have generally given voluntary financial aid.

M. C. L. AND A. R. U.
President H. B. Ledyard denies the statement of the strikers that the Michigan Central road is discharging those members of the A. R. U. who stayed by the company during the strike. "I don't know whether we are refusing to take back any strikers or not," said he yesterday. "We are not discharging any men who went to work in order to give places to those who struck."

THE A. R. U. AND THE G. T. R. WRECK.
BATTLE CREEK, July 17.—The American Railway Union No. 236 held a largely attended meeting yesterday afternoon, and passed the following preamble and resolutions:

Whereas, it has come to our notice that from some cause totally unknown to us, there occurred this morning a serious wreck on the Chicago and Grand Trunk, causing loss of life and property, and

Whereas, we, as participants in the present troubles existing between the aforesaid railway company and its employees, are accused with having interfered with the company's property in such a way as to cause this accident, therefore be it

Resolved, that we, the members of local union No. 236, American Railway Union, here assembled, condemn any such action of striking our present struggle, by peaceful means, and be it further

Resolved, that we denounce any action whereby the lives of an innocent public are jeopardized, and if known that such accident was caused by interference with the company's property, that we lend all assistance in bringing the guilty parties to justice.

TROUBLE IN OKLAHOMA.

GUTHRIE, Oklahoma, July 17.—Rioting and destruction went on today worse than ever on the Rock Island Railway. One bridge was blown up with dynamite, one burned and a dynamite bomb thrown under a train carrying soldiers. Telegraph wires were cut, a train guard fired upon and the section men driven from their work.

STRIKE NOTES.

Meetings of strikers were held in Ullrich's Hall, Chicago, today to hear reports. Some of the reports were not indicative of success. A former Nickel Plate employee reported that more than half the strikers had returned to work. A committee of the Illinois Central strikers from Harvey asked for an order to return to work, but permission was refused.

Vice-President Howard made a speech in which he claimed that eight-tenths of the switchmen, trackmen and shopmen were still out 90 per cent of the engineers and 25 per cent of the firemen. Mr. Rogers said: "The way to end this is for every workingman in Chicago to drop his tools."

One of the switchmen who went out at Laramie died today from a beating administered by strikers. Strikers at Laramie, Cheyenne and Rawlins are very bitter against the men who have taken their places.

At West Superior, Wis., the train crews of the Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic struck this morning, tying up the road for the day.

At Oswego, N. Y., the militia have everything in hand at the yards, but longshoremen are trying to prevent non-union men from going to work by threats and acts of violence.

SPIRIT VS. SPECTATOR.

Lively Wrestling Scene at a Seance in Bradford, Pa.

BRADFORD, Pa., July 17.—Local spiritists are all torn up over an exposure made by one of their number at a seance at the house of James Campbell, on Congress Place in this city. The exposure was made Sunday night. About 30 members of the local spiritist circle attended the seance and paid \$1 each for the privilege of conversing with the deceased individuals who were to come to earth through the influence of Medium Orens Stevens.

The room was darkened, and at the proper time a tall, white figure appeared at the cabinet opening. The white spirit made a speech and disappeared. Then a baseball glove, who said he had been killed in a hot game in Tennessee some years ago, appeared and jumped about the room, showing how he threw his curves. The phenomenal pitcher gave a specimen of his style in the presence of W. L. Dudley, a spectator. Dudley snatched the glove and found it to be a very active individual still in the flesh. Dudley is a muscular man, but the spirit kept him hustling. Finally the spirit put a strangle hold on the investigator and got back to his cabinet.

Great confusion followed, and in the excitement Stevens reappeared and said he was a Southern gentleman and could lick the man that had grabbed him. He thus acknowledged that he had impersonated the ghost of the ball-player, and still there were believers present who joined him in denouncing Dudley. Peace was finally restored and the next day the medium left town. Dudley will have him arrested for obtaining money under false pretenses if he returns to this place. Stevens came here last fall from Indianapolis, and has lived in clover since. He is a Lily Dale star, and will probably appear there in his specialties during the summer.

Destructive Apple Tree Blight.

MOUNT MORRIS, N. Y., July 17.—A new and as yet unexplainable blight has struck the apple orchards of Wyoming and the adjacent counties, which threatens the total destruction of the crop. The apple crop is worth \$1,000,000 a year to the farmers of this part of the State. At the opening of the season its prospects were never brighter. Within two weeks a blight has spread over the orchards, causing the leaves to shrivel and turn yellow, and the young apples to fall to the ground. One young apple in this vicinity says his farmer's annual crop, in average seasons, of 1,000 barrels of apples is lying on the ground, the fruit having grown to about the size of cherries. Similar reports come from all parts of the apple district. This blight never appeared in western New York before. It is not the result of any worm or insect pest.

KINGSMILL'S

JULY JOBS!

At 4c Yard

Seven cases American Savon-de-Loines, Fast Colors and Good Widths.

At 5c Yard

Twenty-seven pieces French Organdie Muslins.

At 10c Yard

Three cases American Azuline Blue Prints, scarce goods, warranted fast colors.

At 12½c Yard

Twenty-three pieces French Jocard Chambrays, fast colors, worth 40c.

At 18c Yard

Any of our French Sateen Dress Fabrics, reduced from 40c.

At 20c Yard

Thirty-three different patterns in French Chambrays; new goods.

KINGSMILL'S

Dundas and Carling Streets.

JUST RECEIVED—A full line of Cashmere Vests, worth \$2 50; our price \$1 50. Also a large assortment of Cambric Shirts, worth 75c, our price 50c.

Patton's
179 LUNDAS STREET.

10. Inspection of Lodge Charters.—It is the conclusion of the congress that a visitor to a lodge has no right to demand an inspection of the lodge charter.

no binding effect upon the jurisdiction represented, but are simply the opinions of the congress as formulated on the subject discussed.

BYLAWS.

It will be observed by reference to the grand secretary's report, that a very considerable number of lodge bylaws and amendments of bylaws were submitted to me during the year for approval. Atten-

tion was called by me last year, as had been frequently done by my predecessors, want of due formality in the submission of bylaws, but there has been no noticeable improvement. Probably there never will be.

DECISIONS.

Again I refrain from submitting to the Grand Lodge any of my rulings during the

any of them have been of sufficient importance to go on record. In the majority of cases the points referred to me could have been disposed of by the district deputy grand masters. In a few instances masterly inactivity has been deliberately practiced by me, as the best remedy for the difficulties in which my intervention was sought. A little time for reflection gives

to brethren who appear to be "spoiling
a fight" over practically nothing, inste-
ad of promptly coming down with an ab-
olute decision in favor of one and to the en-
tire discomfiture of the other will not im-
mediately result in the passing entire-
ly away of necessity for any deliverance.

DISPENSATION.

On March 29 last a dispensation was

issued for a new lodge at Hanover, known as Hanover Lodge. The petition was endorsed by Saugeen Lodge, No. 1 of Walkerton, and recommended by D.D.G.M. The new lodge will simply occupy territory formerly covered by a lodge of the same name at the same place whose warrant was surrendered on September 21, 1886.

The grand master praises the work of the lodge.

the General Masonic Relief Association a defense against impostors. He also discusses the question of jurisdiction candidates, which is not very clear in grand lodges, and proceeds to speak of LODGE WORK, in the ritualistic portion of which there recently been a marked and general improvement. The grand master, however, is somewhat of the

does not regard good work on the floor and a full treasury as the chief of Masonry, and he strongly that the promulgation of Ma principles shall characterize the ever life of the brethren. In conclusion he "For all the generous consideration has been shown to me my heart is f gratitude which I am not able adequ express. But while, as I pass from

chair and my name becomes en-
among those of your honored past.
masters, the mark of distinction you
conferred on me remains for all time
assured brethren, my appreciation of
kindness shall never grow less."

GRAND SECRETARY'S REPORT.

The report of R. Wor. Bro. J. J. M.
grand secretary, shows that the rece-

the Grand Lodge for the year
\$18,991 15, and the expenditure \$16,
GRAND TREASURER'S REPORT
M. Wor. Bro. Hugh Murray, gran
retary, submitted the following rep
the year:
Balance at credit of current account
at May 31, 1893.....\$
During the year I have received from
the grand secretary the following
sums, viz:

On account of general fund.....	\$
On account of asylum fund.....	\$
Total.....	\$
Expenditure for general purposes	
during the year.....	\$
For benevolence.....	\$
Total.....	\$
Balance at credit of current account	
in Canadian Bank of Commerce.....	\$
Transfers of Grand Lodge, amount	

The funds of Canada Life, May 31, 1894, to \$83,014 78; \$75,000 invested in the debentures of loan companies, the smallest sum invested in any company being \$5,000, and the highest \$100,000. The debentures are in the custody of the Canadian Bank of Commerce for safekeeping.

Gives Up Its Dead.

PORT LAMBERTON, July 18.—Yesterday morning the body of W. M. Nichol, school inspector of West Kent, drowned near the dock on the June 30, was discovered floating down the river, on the American.

It will be conveyed to Blenheim, an inquest will be held to determine the circumstances under which death

It is easier to make new opportunities than to find lost ones.

Worth Ten Dollars a Bottle

Any person who has used Nerviline, the great pain cure, will be without it if it cost \$10 a bottle. A good thing is worth its weight in gold. Nerviline is the best remedy in

The ancient principles defined by without identified essentials by which Masons. for all kinds of pain. It cures in five minutes; toothache in one minute back in one application; headache moments; and all pains just a Why not try it today? Large cents, sold by all druggists and dealers. Use Polson's nerve pain Nervilleine.

Scrofula humors and all diseases

Too much turkey today may mean dinner of feathers tomorrow.

Having suffered over two years with constipation, and the doctors helped me, I concluded to try Blood Bitters, and before I used it was cured. I can also recommend it for sick headache. Ethel D. Haines Ont.

Office in rear Dr. Woolverton's, street, upstairs. Electric bells, a specialty. Telephone number 282; residence, 952



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LONDON, CANADA.

London, Wednesday, July 17.

God is in his heaven,

All's right with the world.

—[BROWNING.]

If you trust in God and yourself you can surmount every obstacle. Do not yield to restless anxiety. One must not always be asking what may happen to one in life, but one must advance fearlessly and bravely.

—[PRINCE BISMARCK.]

—Only those communications to which the writers are willing to have their names appended in print will be published in these columns. Neither the writing nor the publication of anonymous letters can be justified.

SERIOUS ACCUSATIONS AND THEIR DISPOSAL.

Mr. Tarte, M.P., on his responsibility as a member of the House of Commons, made several serious charges against Quebec judges. He was challenged to do so by his political opponents, who professed to be anxious that there should be an investigation.

Sir John Thompson nominates himself judge and jury at the same time, and refuses all investigation, on the grounds that the judges deny the truthfulness of the accusations, that he does not believe there is any truth in them, and that they are not definite enough, anyway.

Col. Lazier, of Belleville, a respected militia officer, who had for over 30 years served his country, was recently dismissed from the service in disgrace. His friends assert that he was guilty of no wrongdoing. Whether he was or was not guilty, however, it was admitted in Parliament that though the alleged cause of Col. Lazier's ignominious dismissal was that he had been guilty of peculation and wrongdoing, there had been no inquiry made into the charges. The accusations were not even sent to Col. Lazier so that he could make a defense.

Mr. Patterson, Minister of Militia, confessed that he had dismissed Col. Lazier on these grounds without trial and without calling for any explanation!

Mark the difference of the treatment of the Quebec friends of Sir John Thompson and of this old servant of Canada.

Sir John Thompson refuses all investigation into the charges of wrongdoing against these judges, just as he at one time refused investigation into most serious accusations brought against an Ontario judge who had interfered with the course of justice to serve a seat for a member of his Cabinet. In thus refusing inquiry, which would bring discredit on the accused if his charges were, as is contended by the government, ill-founded, Sir John Thompson does a very poor service to the judges attacked. He should have afforded ample opportunity for investigation.

But if the conduct of the Government in regard to these charges is censurable, what shall be said of their diametrically opposite course in the case of Col. Lazier? He was dismissed in disgrace, Mr. Patterson, Minister of Militia, says, without a trial, without even being informed of the charges lodged against him. Is this British justice?

—Swinburne contributes an sonnet on "Carnot" to the July Nineteenth Century, in which he expresses himself with his old-time vehemence. The closing lines are: France, now no heart that would not weep for thee

Loved ever faith or freedom. From thy hand The staff of state is broken; hence, unmaned With anguish, doubts if freedom's self be free. The snake souled anarchy's fang strikes all the land Cold, and all hearts unsundered by the sea. The "apostle of revolution" is gaining sense as he grows older.

THINK OF IT!

The following comparative statement shows how great is the necessity for a change in the rulers at Ottawa:

	1875.	1893.
Taxation by customs duties.....	\$12,782,824	\$20,954,003
Expenditure on account of consolidated fund.....	23,603,158	\$6,514,052
Expenditure in administration.....	5,258,494	10,384,272
Increase in population between 1875 and 1893.....		20 per cent.
Increase in customs taxes.....		63 per cent.
Increase in total expenditure.....		56 per cent.
Increase in administrative expenditure.....		97 per cent.

The country has been robbed for the benefit of a few contractors, politicians and tariff beneficiaries. Men and methods must be changed if this country, with its magnificent natural resources and opportunities, is to prosper as it ought to prosper.

—Toronto Telegram: Toronto is Mr. Meredith's client, and he is sworn and paid to protect the city's interests.

THE INQUISITION WILL CONTINUE

Sir John Thompson has resolved to drop the bill for the revision of the Dominion Franchise Act, with the exception of the section providing for the changing of the lists to meet the needs of the constituencies re-arranged by the last Gerrymander Act.

This decision is to be regretted. We had hoped that a sense of common justice and a desire to reduce the expenditure of time and labor to the community would move the Dominion authorities to forego the anomalous measure which has for eight years governed Dominion elections. We have proved that it is in the public interest for the Dominion Government either to totally repeal its Franchise Act, or to amend it so as to provide for the adoption of the "one man one vote principle," and for the registration on the eve of an election of the manhood suffrage voters.

The Dominion Franchise Act was forced on the country in 1885, despite the fact that it was not petitioned for by one representative body in any portion of the community. It was alleged that the measure would give us better lists than those provided by the municipal officers free of cost. But, though the operation of the Franchise Act has cost the taxpayers directly over \$1,000,000, and the political parties about an equal sum, it is conceded on all hands that the lists compiled under its provisions have been far less fair, complete and satisfactory than those formerly provided by the non-partisan municipal officers, while the gravest of scandals, unknown in the days of municipal control, have been recorded as an outcome of appointing violent partisans to act as revising officers.

A Government desirous of practicing economy, and of providing for fair lists, would have passed a radical measure of reform; and the Conservative leader did bring in a measure that would have been a decided improvement on the existing law, but he seems to be powerless to resist the influences that demand the continuance of the present inefficient measure, with all its expensive and unfair attachments.

The public, then, is doomed not to have equality of voting power in the Dominion elections. The voters' lists are still to cost the country an enormous sum every time they are revised. When they are made up they will be, as hitherto, far from complete. Loopholes for partisan officials to crawl through will remain. The democratic principle of "one man one vote" is denied the people. The foreign vote will still rule in all close elections, and the political party that spends the most money in bringing voters back from the United States will be successful. The young men who stick by Canada will find that they are without votes, while those who have deserted the Dominion will, under this law, be able, as before, to return and settle the destinies of the country in which they no longer have a stake.

At the revision of voters' lists we will continue to have the inquisitorial proceedings. Before a manhood suffrage voter can have his name put on the list, he will have to disclose his personal affairs, tell how much he pays for his board, his washing, and other necessities to existence and, after all, may fail to get a right to exercise his franchise because he was sick for a few days in the previous year! While a poor man's son is thus treated, the rich property owner can have his son's name put on the list without question, though he may be a cigarette-smoking dude, who has never done an honest day's work in his life.

If the independent electors of Canada tolerate the continuance of such a system a moment longer than they can find opportunity to put in power a Government that will sweep from the statute book this iniquitous measure and put in its place a simple statute like that now in force in Ontario elections, we shall lose faith in our fellow-countrymen. Too long have expensive and unjust class laws remained in force.

—The Minerve (Conservative), denounces the Quebec Liberal members who voted against the proposed treaty with France, over which nobody hereabouts rejoices, as fanatics! The Minerve always appeals to the prejudices of its readers when it desires to make political capital.

SOCIAL PROBLEMS AND THE CHURCH.

Rev. Dr. Wilbur Crafts has recently written a thoughtful paper regarding the position of the Church to the great social reforms of today in which he points out that while the Church, as an organization, may not be taking that decided stand regarding needed reforms that it should, these reforms are almost entirely carried on by members of the various Churches. He says: "There is Christian unity, on a small scale, in social reform where there ought to be church union on a larger scale for the world's sake and for the Church's sake."

His conclusion, which is no doubt correct, is that, "The real difficulty seems to be not so much lack of sympathy with social reforms, as failure to adjust ancient Church creeds and discipline to the new social conditions of our times. The chief denominations were organized in the age of individualism, before the age of cities and of social solidarity, when environment did not need to be converted as well as character. It should also be noted that the Churches mostly originated in doctrinal controversies, before Christian ethics had been fully developed, when liquors or lotteries were neither of them ethically heterodox, when Sunday trains, Sunday mails and Sunday papers were unknown."

He thinks that now denominational conferences should hasten to adjust their creeds to the new developments of Christian ethics, and whether they can agree on standards of doctrine or not, there should be substantial agreement regarding the right position of the Church in moral and social reforms, so that the world shall receive all the advantages of such united influences and co-operation. In Canada our leading Churches are becoming more and more outspoken and aggressive in these matters, and it is a useful sign of the times. Our pulpits are less timid and good results are everywhere apparent.

JOSEPH WANTS TO GET OUT OF THE WET.

Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, M.P., the leader of the Dissident Liberals in the British House of Commons, is weakening. He knows he has no future as a leader in the Conservative party, to the tail of whose kite he has been attached since he ceased to co-operate with the Liberal leaders. He, therefore, counsels his friends to get ready to re-enter the Liberal ranks. This is a significant indication of the trend of events in Great Britain. We beg to prophesy that before five years have elapsed, there will be no Liberal "Unionist" party. The unnatural alliance between Mr. Chamberlain and the Conservatives will soon cease. Those Liberals whose predilections will not permit them to be absorbed in the Conservative ranks must find a new field for their exertion. As they have almost everything in common with the historic Liberal party, it is natural that their leader should yearn to get back into the fold. Birmingham's Joe has a long head. He knows the strength of Liberalism, and he apparently has faith in its future. Lord Rosebery is making better headway than either friends or enemies believed to be possible. Mr. Chamberlain's advice is a tribute to the stability of the Liberal party in spite of the troubles which it has had to encounter. It will be interesting to hear what the Liberal leaders have to say in response to Mr. Chamberlain's olive branch.

"We are not going to have a mob," said Mr. Patterson, Minister of Militia, while discussing charges against his department in the House of Commons last night. "When we pretend that we have a militia, we don't want it to be a Knights of Pythias excursion." What have the Knights of Pythias done to deserve this attack?

A FARMER'S TERRIBLE DEATH.

Kicked in the Head by a Horse and Then Mangled with a Sleigh.

FOREST, Ont., July 17.—Yesterday forenoon a young man named Thomas Freeland, son of James Freeland, Forest, who was working on the farm of Wm. Knapp, four miles from town, met a terrible death. He was driving a mower, and while oiling the machine was kicked in the head by one of the horses. The team ran away and he was dragged under the mower and terribly mangled. Life was extinct when assistance arrived.

THE STEWART CASE.

Mr. Stewart Pays a Visit to Pictou—Consulted by His Many Friends on His Restoration to Health.

PICTOU, N. S., July 16.—Good news sometimes travels as fast as bad news, which is proverbially fast. Many people here knew that Mr. Allan Stewart, of Springfield, P. E. I., had been for many years afflicted with kidney disease and gravel. It was known, too, that last year he was so bad that public opinion put him down as likely to die soon. Mr. Stewart fooled public opinion, though, for he began using Dodd's Kidney Pills, and ten boxes of them completely cured him. When he paid a flying visit to this city a few days ago he received many hearty congratulations on his restoration to health and improved appearance. Dodd's Kidney Pills have never yet failed to cure in this part of the Dominion.

Going to See "The Calf."

BROOKLIN, July 17.—The Brooklyn football club sent a team to Guelph Wednesday to play a friendly game with Berlin at 2:30. The South Ontario Farmers' Institute is running an excursion to the Model Farm that day, and nearly all the county intend taking a holiday to see the notorious calf of election fame.

Sprained Her Tongue.

WINSTED, Conn., July 17.—Mrs. J. J. Taylor, of Waterbury, came here to visit her parents a month ago and sprained her tongue during a fit of laughter. She thought little of the matter until a few days ago, when her tongue began to swell. Some of New York's best physicians have treated her in vain. She has been unable to eat for the past three days.

WHY I INSURE, AND WHERE.

Because the moment my life is insured my estate is worth fully the amount of my policy in addition to its previous value. Because a policy of insurance secures my life will give me the comfort and freedom from solicitude which in sickness contributes to recovery and thereby lengthens life.

Because, if I owned a house, the value of which was \$1,000 per year, I should deem it a duty to my family to keep it insured; then, how much more a duty, having but one life which is worth \$1,000 a year to my family, to keep that insured. Every man will die; only one house in 500 will burn. Because, as death is certain, every dollar invested in life insurance must return to my estate, and at a time when my family will need it most.

Because, whatever as a matter of theory it is possible to do in the way of laying aside small sums annually, experience proves that I shall not do it unless an obligation is created by which I feel bound to do so; whereas, by the stipulation to pay a small sum annually, I at once secure to my family an accumulation which could only be the result of the savings of many years.

Because the experience of more than a century proves that well-managed Life Insurance Companies are the safest institutions in the world.

Because other investments with promise of as profitable returns are not so easily found, and generally being of a speculative character, not unfrequently end in entire losses.

I want the BEST SECURITY, a LIBERAL AND UNRESTRICTED POLICY, a company which pays its claims PROMPTLY and HONORABLY, and other things being equal, I prefer to keep my money in the country, whose commerce I am interested in supporting. I prefer a CANADIAN COMPANY, and I want a policy at the LOWEST COST consistent with these conditions.

Moreover, Canada is a country of good lives and profitable investments. Companies which confine their business to the Dominion and avoid unhealthy climates have, as a natural consequence, a lower death rate than their more reckless competitors; and companies investing in Canadian mortgages and debentures receive higher rates of interest than do the British or American companies.

I have investigated for myself and among the excellent Canadian companies I have found one which meets all the requirements. The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company is a quarter of a century old, has proven itself unsurpassed for its policy holders, and I have placed my application with the agent, Mr. J. F. SANGSTER, whose office is over the C. P. R. ticket office, London.

31u vx



Fast Colors, that are not affected by soap and water,

are not affected by Pearline. They will seem brighter and fresher, of course, but that is the way they looked when new. Washing with Pearline has simply taken out the dirt, and restored them. Use nothing but Pearline, and everything will "look like new" longer. There's no rub, rub, rub in keeping your things fresh and dean with Pearline. Take away this ruinous rubbing, and what is left there to make them look old? 350 JAMES PYLE, N.Y.

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Incorporated to Promote Art.

This company will distribute among its subscribers on the

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3432 Works of Art, Aggregating in Value \$32,115. Every subscriber has an equal chance. The Grand Prize is a Group of Works of Art valued at \$18,750. Subscription tickets for sale at the New Brunswick Royal Art Union Gallery in St. John, N. B., price 50c each. In addition to the monthly chance of winning a valuable prize, the holder of twelve consecutive monthly subscription tickets will receive an original Work of Art by such artists as Thos. Moran, N. A.; Wm. H. Shelton and others.

Send money for subscriptions by registered letter, money order, bank check or draft to THE NEW BRUNSWICK ROYAL ART UNION, Ltd., St. John, N. B.

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WEAKNESS OF MEN

Quickly, Thoroughly Forever Cured

by a new perfected scientific method that cannot fail unless the case is beyond human aid. You feel improved the first day, feel a benefit every day; soon know yourself a king among men in body, mind and heart. Nerve force, will, energy, brain power, when failing or lost, are restored by this treatment. Victims of abuses and excesses, reclaim your manhood! Sufferers from folly, overwork, early errors, ill-health, regain your vigor! Don't despair, even if in the last stages. Don't be disheartened if quacks have robbed you. Let us show you that medical science and business honor still exist; here go hand in hand. Write for our book with explanations and proofs. Sent sealed, free. Over 2,000 references.

Erle Medical Co., Buffalo, N.Y.

WATSON'S MEXICAN SWEET CHOCOLATE

Is absolutely pure, nothing whatever being added but sugar and flavor. For icing cakes or making a cup of Good Chocolate it has no equal. Put up in 5c tablets. Try it.

CAMPELL'S QUININE WINE. JUST WHAT YOU NEED... THIS SPRING.
It will tone up your system, and restore the appetite.
The best cure for Debility.

McGILL UNIVERSITY, MONTREAL.

SESSION 1894-5.

The calendar for the Session 1894-5 contains information respecting conditions of entrance, course of study, degrees, etc., in the Several Faculties and Departments of the University, as follows:

FACULTY OF LAW. (Opening Sept. 3.)
FACULTY OF MEDICINE. (Sept. 20.)
FACULTY OF ARTS OR ACADEMICAL FACULTY—Including the Donalds Special Course for Women. (Sept. 17.)

FACULTY OF APPLIED SCIENCE. Including Departments of Civil Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, Mining Engineering, Electrical Engineering and Practical Chemistry. (Sept. 18.)

FACULTY OF COMPARATIVE MEDICINE AND VETERINARY SCIENCE. (Oct. 1.)

McGILL NORMAL SCHOOL. (Sept. 3.)

Copies of the Calendar may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

J. W. Brakenridge, B. C. L. Acting Secretary.
ADDRESS—McGILL COLLEGE. 21

AN EXCURSION
—TO—
CHAPMAN'S

That's the impression you'd have to see the crowds that come here from day to day. Indeed the people avail themselves of every mode of conveyance to come for the values we are offering.

THIS WEEK

WE SHOW

9 GREAT LEADERS 9

1 Tweeds:

Three great specials, not the shoddy stuff you sometimes see for the price, but fine wool Tweeds, good colors and neat patterns, at 30c, 35c, 50c; cut to measure free of charge.

2 Shirts

Large stock, great variety, fast colors, recommended for their wearing qualities, at 9c, 10c, 12c and 15c.

3 Prints

See our heavy wide width fast colored Prints, at 6c, see our splendid assortment of Prints and Delaines at 10c.

4 Sheet

Unbleached, 2 yards wide, at 18c, 20c, 25c. Also bleached in plain and twill at 20c, 22c, 25c, 30c.

5 Cottons

Unbleached Cottons, 36 inches wide, 5c, worth 6c; at 6c, worth 8c; at 8c, worth 10c.

6 Table Linen

See the values we are offering in unbleached Damask, at 25c, 35c, 45c and 50c. Also in bleached Table Damask, at 35c, 45c, 50c, 63c, 75c. Table Napkins at 75c, 88c, \$1, \$1 25, \$1 50, \$2 per dozen.

7 Towels

All linen, red ends, at 8c, 10c, 12c, 15c, 20c. Note especially our very large Pure Linen Huck Towel, at 25c per pair. Large Bath Towels at 12c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 30c.

8 Canton Flannels

Heavy, wide width Canton Flannels, at 6c, 7c, 8c, 10c and 12c.

9 Flannelettes

Large Stock, good patterns, fast colors, 5c, 7c, 8c, 10c, 12c. Fine Ceylon Shirtings, at 12c, 15c, 18c, 20c.

These and many other lines equally attractive are what brings the people from all points of the compass to

CHAPMAN'S.

126 and 128 DUNDAS STREET.

WHENEVER I see Hood's Sarsaparilla now I want to bow and say "Thank You!"

I was badly affected with Eczema and Scrofula, covering almost the whole of one side of my face, nearly to the top of my head. Running sores discharged from both ears. My eyes were very bad, the eyelids so sore it was painful opening or closing them. For nearly a year I was deaf. I went to the hospital and had an operation performed for the removal of a cataract from one eye. One day my sister brought me



Mrs. Paisley.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

which I took, and gradually began to feel better and stronger, and slowly the sores on my eyes and in my ears healed. I can now hear and see as well as ever. — MRS. AMANDA PAISLEY, 176 Lander Street, Newburgh, N. Y.

HOOD'S PILLS cure all Liver ills, jaundice, biliousness, indigestion, sour stomach, nausea.

Summer Pastimes.

Lawn Tennis Championship Contests at Wimbledon.

Canadian Rifleman Making a Good Record at Bisley.

Detroit Cricketers Defeat the Rosedale Eleven—Other Sporting News.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE SCORES—TUESDAY.
At Philadelphia—R. H. E.
Philadelphia..... 1 10 0
Boston..... 2 9 0
Batteries—Taylor and Buckley; Staley and Tenney. Umpire—Campbell. Boston refusing to abide by the decision of the umpire, the game was given to Philadelphia, 9 to 0.

At New York—R. H. E.
Washington..... 2 6 3
New York..... 7 14 1
Batteries—Mauie and McGuire; Rusie and Farrell. Umpire—Emslie.

At Baltimore—R. H. E.
Baltimore..... 13 15 2
Brooklyn..... 4 10 4
Batteries—Gleason and Robinson; Kennedy and Daily. Umpire—McQuaid.

At Cincinnati—R. H. E.
Cincinnati..... 15 20 2
Cincinnati..... 7 7 3
Batteries—Griffith, Cuppy and O'Connor; Crois, Flynn and Murphy. Umpire—Gaffney.

At Chicago—R. H. E.
Chicago..... 8 14 2
Louisville..... 5 10 3
Batteries—Stratton and Schriver; Kneil and Weaver. Umpire—Hartley.

At St. Louis—R. H. E.
Pittsburg..... 5 10 3
St. Louis..... 4 10 3
Batteries—Khrst and Mack; Mason and Peitz and Twineham. Umpire—Hurst.

EASTERN LEAGUE SCORES—TUESDAY.
At Providence—R. H. E.
Providence..... 2 6 3
Providence..... 2 6 3
Batteries—Egan and McWulfe; Hoffer and Short. Umpire—Swartwood.

At Springfield—R. H. E.
Springfield..... 7 8 3
Springfield..... 8 15 3
Batteries—Doan and Leahy; Heay and Bager. Umpire—Snyder.

At Troy—R. H. E.
Troy..... 6 11 2
Binghamton..... 4 5 3
Batteries—Meakin and Murphy; Duryea and Halter. Umpire—Doecher.

At Syracuse—R. H. E.
Syracuse..... 5 11 1
Wilkesbarre..... 3 10 0
Batteries—Bauswein and Hess; Quarles and Warner. Umpire—Kittick.

MURDERED BY A BALL PLAYER.
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 17.—Charles Sweeney, formerly one of the best baseball players in the country, is charged with murder. He shot Conductor McManus during a saloon row on Sunday, and McManus died yesterday.

FLYS.
A game of ball was played on the Erie Flats Tuesday afternoon between a picked nine from the city league and the Victors, the score resulting 23 to 13 in favor of the Victors. Batteries—Victors, Blane and Cowley; picked nine, W. Butts and Avey.

LAWN TENNIS.
THE ENGLISH CHAMPIONSHIP.
LONDON, July 17.—In the lawn tennis championship at Wimbledon today Mrs. Hildyard beat Miss Austin two love sets, taking the championship which Miss Dool does not defend. Crowds of people were present in the afternoon, when Pim successfully defended the championship against Budgeley, the ex-champion. Pim won by score of 10-8, 6-2, 8-6.

THE TRIGGER.
CANADIANS AT BISLEY.
LONDON, July 17.—In the shooting at 500 yards for the Queen's prize the following scores were made by the Canadians: Davidson and Baylis, 33 each; Hayhurst, Turnbull and Rose, 32 each; Kamberley, 33; Bertram, Belle, Simpson and Moore, 30 each. Twenty-one Canadians are competing. Adj. Kilpatrick, of the Canadian rifle team, was interviewed today concerning the team's work at Bisley. He said that although he regretted the loss of the Kellogg cup he was pleased with the success of the team.

Milligan scored the highest possible mark in the Jaffray contest for target rifle. Hayhurst also made the highest possible score, but he dropped a point in the tie shoots in the Apsley-Bellat contest, open to all comers, distance 200 yards. King, Mitchell, Ross and Ogg each made 34, or 1 point below the best possible score, and won valuable prizes.

In the field rifle contest, Bertram and Milligan made 54 each and got prizes. In the first stage at 200 yards—of the

contest for the great Queen's prize, Ross, Mitchell, Milligan and Baylis yesterday reached a total of 30.

THE WHEEL.

SIX NEW RECORDS.
WALTHAM, Mass., July 17.—Six new world records were established today on the Waltham Bicycle Park. Walter Sanger, riding for the Springfield, Mass., Bicycle Club, tried for a mile without pace-makers and with flying start. The existing record was 2:16 for such a trial, and was held in France. In the face of a stiff wind Sanger broke not only the mile mark, but also that for every fraction of the mile without pace-makers.

The new records are: Quarter mile, 25.8 seconds; one-third mile, 40 seconds; half, 1:01 2-5; two-thirds, 1:24; three-fourths, 1:35 4-5; mile, 2:11 2-5. A claim for these records was entered immediately after the riding was finished.

"ON A BICYCLE BUILT FOR TWO."
A wee bit of a woman about 40 pedaled a solid tire wheel with a baby on a seat in front through a perfect maze of vehicles in Buffalo recently and seemed as unconcerned as possible. She wore black and looked neat and cool. The baby shook a rattle to warn drivers and pedestrians. — [American Wheelman.]

SPOKES.
The road race of the Meteor Bicycle Club to St. John and return will be held tonight. The start will be made at "The Guns," Victoria Park.

Another Donny road race from St. Thomas to Port Stanley has been arranged. THE TURF.

DETROIT RACES.
DETROIT, July 17.—With one of the biggest prizes of the year to be competed for at the Grand Circuit meeting here today, the attendance was more than 10,000, which greeted the light harness cracks on Monday. The spacious new stand was packed, and upwards of 7,500 people were on hand to see the battle for the Horseman Stake, which was worth \$20,355. Of this \$10,000 was apportioned for the race today with a cup valued at \$1,000 to the breeder of the winner. Summaries:

2nd class, trotting, purse \$2,000:
Rose leaf..... 1 1 1
Nevada..... 2 4 5
Judge Fisher..... 3 5 2
Mary Best..... 4 6 3
Don Lowell..... 5 7 4
Katie S..... 6 8 5
Bessora..... 7 9 6
Gabrielle..... 8 10 7
Greenleaf..... 9 11 8
Ant Deilall..... 10 12 9
Antesara..... 11 13 10
Mahneta..... 12 14 11

Time—2:19, 2:16, 2:16, 2:17.
Horseman Stake for foals of 1899, trotting, purse \$1,000:
Dan Count..... 1 2 6 1
Nemolin..... 2 3 7 2
Siklon..... 3 4 8 3
Margrave..... 4 5 9 4
Altivo..... 5 6 10 5
Bernadotte..... 6 7 11 6
Ukanet..... 7 8 12 7
Wistful..... 8 9 13 8
Lea..... 9 10 14 9
Gold Coast..... 10 11 15 10

Time—2:16, 2:16, 2:16, 2:17.
21st class, pacing, purse \$2,000:
Joe Patchen..... 1 2 1 1
T. N. H..... 2 3 2 2
Ramond..... 3 4 3 3
Ameila..... 4 5 4 4
Havah..... 5 6 5 5
Patlo..... 6 7 6 6
Syrone..... 7 8 7 7
Drelnocart..... 8 9 8 8
Blue Ridge..... 9 10 9 9
Jennie McWay..... 10 11 10 10
Carle Onward..... 11 12 11 11
Lord Ferguson..... 12 13 12 12
Ring Rose..... 13 14 13 13

Time—2:11, 2:15, 2:13, 2:14.
TIPS.
At Hamilton Mr. James Bridgewood's gad horse, Guy Allen, died on Monday of inflammation of the bowels. He was a black stallion, 7 or 8 years old, and had a race mark of 2:32, made on the Woodbine track, Toronto.

John Mero gives \$4,000 in purses at Tilsonburg Driving Park for the 21st, 22nd and 23rd of August. CRICKET.

The Detroit Cricket Club defeated the Rosedale at cricket on Tuesday by 103 to 129. The game was decided on the first inning, though the Rosedales went to the bat a second time and scored 137 for three wickets. AQUATIC.

THE VIGILANT'S VICTORY.
BANGOR, Ireland, July 17.—The Vigilant acquitted herself gloriously today in her second contest over the Royal Ulster Yacht Club's course of two miles for the rear commodore's cup, valued at \$250, and a cash prize of \$125. Some of the lustre of her victory was lost by the failure of the Britannia to finish, but nearly three-quarters of the course had been sailed over when the Briton carried away her gall and limped back home. The lead of the Yankee yacht was then about six minutes, and as the breeze held steady all day she doubtless would have increased her advantage in the last three legs. The Yankee sailed over the course, and under the rules of the regatta defeated the Britannia and won the cup and the cash prize, which will be divided among the Vigilant's crew. The Vigilant finished at 3:49:40, thus covering the 50-mile course in 4 hours, 49 minutes and 28 seconds, or at the rate of somewhat more than ten knots an hour, which, considering the many turns and fourteen miles of hard windward work, is exceptionally fast. If she had been pushed she probably would have reduced the time by half an hour, but as her victory was assured she came home not as swiftly as she would have done if the Britannia had been chasing her. Every English yachtman with whom the United Press correspondent talked said that it was apparent when the accident happened to the Britannia that she had no chance whatever of catching up.

The Ocean Rate War.
NEW YORK, July 17.—Today the North German Lloyd and the Hamburg Lines joined in the ocean rate war and made a rate of \$10 to all the British ports, thus meeting the lowest eastward rate made up to this time.

Forests on Fire!
WEST SUPERIOR, Wis., July 17.—The forests east of here have been burning all day. There is also a heavy fire on Duluth heights, but the buildings on the heights are not yet in danger. The town of Patridge on Eastern Minnesota is burning.

Patrick, Joseph and Mary.
BROCKVILLE, July 17.—Mrs. Barnes, wife of a G. T. R. employee, yesterday gave birth to triplets, two boys and a girl. The infants are all well. The boys weighed 5½ pounds and the girl 6 pounds. They have been christened Patrick, Joseph and Mary. The extraordinary event has created great excitement in the town, as it is the first of the kind on record here.

The United States Tariff.
WASHINGTON, July 17.—The meeting of all the conferees on the Tariff Bill was called to order at 2 this afternoon and until 2 o'clock tomorrow morning without doing anything beyond discussing the general situation. There is little likelihood of an agreement and the general impression of those who were in the committee room is that the report when made will be a disagreement on the essential points in the bill.

Incomparable.
He—Darling, there's nobody in the world like you.
She—Do you mean to say I am a freak?

A Good Mark

For the Malice of Prejudice of Cabinet Ministers.

The Franchise Bill to be Dropped Excepting One Portion.

Gen. Herbert's Administration of Military Matters Scathingly Criticised—Want of Confidence Motion Defeated, 87 to 42.

(Special to the ADVERTISER.)

OTTAWA, July 17.—A strange spectacle was presented in the public accounts committee this morning as a member of the Cabinet beginning inquiry into improper expenditure in one of the departments. Mr. Haggart charged that the Deputy Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs had paid money out of the capital of the Indian trust funds, and that the Auditor-General should not have enabled him to do so by issuing letters of credit to the department. Vankoughnet, who was until recently Deputy Superintendent-General, was dismissed, and is now an opponent of the Government. The Auditor-General was appointed by Mr. Mackenzie in 1878, and is a life-long Liberal, and is regarded as a good mark for attack by members of the Cabinet that he is constantly holding in check.

Mr. Haggart asked the Auditor-General to explain how he allowed the Indian land management funds to be overdrawn by \$78,000.

The Auditor-General replied that it was not overdrawn at all but had \$77,000 to the good.

Mr. Haggart did not press the matter, as he said he required further papers, and the Auditor-General is to appear tomorrow with them.

Mr. Haggart's main point was to ask the Auditor-General to produce his authority for issuing the letters of credit to the department in excess of the amount of this fund. The Auditor-General said he never had done so, as the department gets a general letter of credit and they draw on it as they please. His audit was an audit after payment, and he could not get back any money paid out, but he could object if he saw anything wrong, and in this case he had a long correspondence on the subject with the department.

There was no order in council preventing the department from drawing on the capital of the land management funds until it was exhausted. What the Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs had done was to draw against the interest when there was no interest, and to charge it against interest; but the Auditor-General took a different view and believed that as there was no interest on hand it should be charged to capital.

Mr. Mulock expressed the opinion that had management and extravagance of the Department of Indian Affairs were responsible for trenching on the capital funds, which were held in trust by the department for the Indians.

Mr. Haggart asked what was the value of an audit if a thing like this could occur? The Auditor-General replied that he was ordered by the statute to issue general letters of credit to all departments, and he knew of no way he could prevent the Department of Indian Affairs from drawing against one fund or another. The matter will be gone into with more preciseness tomorrow, as Mr. Haggart was not prepared to go on.

Sir John Thompson announced to the House today that the Franchise Bill would be dropped except that portion making the revision of the voters' list this year applicable to the constituencies as arranged under the Redistribution Act of 1892.

On the motion to go into committee of supply, Lieut.-Col. Tisdale drew attention to the recent suspension of Adjutant-General Powell by General Herbert. He noted the difference between regular soldiers and volunteers, and between the volunteer force of Canada and volunteer force of England. He came to the conclusion that General Herbert had no authority to suspend the Adjutant-General of Canada. The latter need not have submitted to the humiliation of suspension, but in that he did show the soldier. Even if the general had authority, his action was unjustifiable and unprecedented. The miserable quibble upon which the general based his action—the lack of initials to a routine general order—was narrated and then Col. Tisdale dilated on the services rendered to Canada at the time of the Red River expedition, the Fenian raid, the Northwest rebellion and other occasions by Col. Powell. He characterized the suspension as an outrage. Turning to the administration of Gen. Herbert he corrected the popular impression that the general was an impartial officer, and concluded by saying that the first duty of an officer was to control himself and feeling that it would be better to the efficiency of the force if he should resign.

Major Hughes described General Herbert as a total failure in the management of men. He gave a dozen instances, said he, I would not be surprised if Gen. Herbert next placed the Minister of Militia under arrest. As a volunteer of 27 years standing Major Hughes declared that he would stand Herbert's harsh, unjust and arbitrary treatment of volunteer officers.

Col. Denison put in a good word for Gen. Herbert as a soldier.

Mr. Mulock dwelt on the case of Lieut.-Col. Lazier, in command of the Fifteenth Battalion, Belleville, who was dismissed about three months ago. He recited the facts that owing to some friction between the department and the D. A. G. of the district Lieut.-Col. Lazier sent in his resignation. "Instead," Col. Lazier wrote in a letter to the Minister (read by Mr. Mulock), "of the department accepting my resignation and thanking me for my 30 years of volunteer services, I was kicked out without being told the reason. I was dismissed without trial. I have worn her Majesty's uniform too long to submit tamely to such an outrage."

Mr. Patterson, Minister of Militia, made a long statement in reply. He had not yet received the Adjutant-General's reply to Gen. Herbert's charges. He would not answer the question raised whether Gen. Herbert had the authority to suspend Adjutant-General Powell. He was responsible for all the official actions of Gen. Herbert. He had to learn the characteristics of Canadian people, but he had a high sense of duty. The Minister said he had approved of Col. Lazier's dismissal, as he had been charged with insubordination and peculation. He admitted that the charges had not been sent to Col. Lazier and no inquiry had been made as to their truth.

Messrs. Seriver and O'Brien denounced the suspension of Adjutant-General Powell as unjustifiable. The matter dropped.

After recess Mr. Charlton moved the following amendment: "That the amount of taxation by customs duties in Canada was \$12,782,824 in 1878, and was \$20,954,003 in 1893, an increase of \$8,171,179; that the expenditure of Canada on account of the consolidated fund was \$23,503,138 in 1898, and was \$36,514,052 in 1893, an increase of \$13,310,854; that the expenditures on account of administration of justice, arts, agriculture and statistics, fisheries, quarantine, judiciary legislation, militia and defense, public works, excise, superannuation, Northwest Territories government, mail subsidies and steamship subsidies, civil government, adulteration of food, miscellaneous and Northwest Mounted Police amounted to \$5,266,424 in 1878, and to \$10,384,272 in 1893, an increase of \$5,127,848, or 97 per cent; that while the increase of the population of Canada from July 1, 1878, to July 1, 1893, did not exceed 20 per cent, the increase of customs taxation for the same period was 63 per cent, and the increase of expenditure for the same period was 56 per cent; that this House expresses regret that the increase of customs taxation and of expenditure should have been permitted to reach a ratio three times greater than the increase of population since 1878; that the controllable expenditure should have been permitted to reach a still higher rate of increase, and that a considerable portion of the annual expenditure has been absorbed by grants made for party or political purposes and not in the public interest, and that this House expresses the opinion that the enormous annual expenditure places a burden upon Canada so serious in amount that strict honesty and rigid economy in the future management of the finances of the Dominion should be practiced with a view to lessening the public burdens."

After speeches by Foster and Cartwright the amendment was rejected by 42 to 87.

Mr. Girouard asked what was going to be done by Mr. Tarte's charges against the judges.

Sir John Thompson read letters from Judges Davidson, Oulmet, Teller, and a telegram from Judge Bosse denying the charges and asking that an inquiry be had. Sir John Thompson held that the charges as made did not warrant an investigation.

Mr. Tarte reaffirmed his position and declared he could prove his charges.

Messrs. Davin and McCarthy protested against such scenes being enacted in the House, and declared that Mr. Tarte was not taking a proper mode of securing investigation.

Hon. Wilfrid Laurier said Mr. Tarte had the right to make charges from his place in the House against any person in the land.

Sir John Thompson promised an inquiry into the place of residence of Judge Oulmet, and the incident terminated. The House spent the balance of the sitting in supply.

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Baron Beyans, the Belgian Minister to Toronto, died in Paris on Tuesday.

The United States wallpaper trust is rapidly absorbing all small concerns; its capital is now \$58,000,000.

The new gun factory of Viceroy Chang Jaming, at Hang-San, has been destroyed by fire of an incendiary origin. Loss upwards of 1,000,000 taels.

Charles Marie Rene Leconte de Lisle, the French poet, died in Paris Tuesday evening. He was born in 1818, and was elected a member of the French Academy in 1880.

Two of the Iron Steamboat Company's steamboats came in collision off Norton's Point, New York harbor, during a heavy fog Tuesday afternoon. The Cephus had a hole punched in her iron hull, and was beached. The other boat, the Cetus, ran alongside the Cephus and took off the latter's passengers, numbering between fifteen and twenty.

One Lad Loses His Life at Toronto and Another at Yarmouth.

TORONTO, July 17.—A lad named Moore was drowned in the bay at the foot of Peter street this morning. He was picking up driftwood, and while doing so picked up a board owned by a man in the vicinity. The man chased the boy, who sprang on a boom and was upset and drowned.

YARMOUTH, N. S., July 17.—Hugh Cann, 8-year-old son of H. Bradford Cann, was drowned in the harbor today while sailing in a dory.

Death of an Ottawa Editor.
(Special to the ADVERTISER.)

OTTAWA, July 17.—T. P. Gorman, editor of the Free Press, died this evening, aged 38. He was one of the ablest and best informed political writers on the Canadian press. He leaves a widow and six children.

To the Best of His Memory.
Judge Guffey—What passed between yourself and the complainant?
O'Brien—I think, sir, a half a dozen bricks and a piece of paving stone.

KNOWLEDGE
Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation.

It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 75c. bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

For sale by W. S. Barkwell, city

American Binder Twine.

American Binder Twine.

American Binder Twine.

Brands, "H," "Standard Manila," "Absolutely Pure."

Hobbs Hardware Company

LONDON - - - ONTARIO.

Lawn Mowers

(4 BLADES).
10-inch, \$2. 12-inch, \$2.50.
14-inch, \$3. 16-inch, \$3.50.

These are the machines for perfect work. The best Canadian mower manufactured. Light, open cylinder, silent ratchet. For sale only at

McLean Hardware,
121 Dundas Street and 10 Market Square, LONDON.

ELECTRIC

CARS

OR

NOT,

YOU CAN GET SNAPS IN

Silk Scarfs, 15c. 2 for 25c.
Silk Four-in-Hands, 15c. 2 for 25c.
Men's Shirts and Drawers, 25c. each.
Men's Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, 37c. each.
Men's Cotton Socks, 10c. pair, 2 pairs for 25c.
Men's Galatea Coats, \$1.25 each.
Men's Alpaca Coat and Vest, \$3.
Men's Linen Vests, \$1 and upwards.
Boys' Sailor Suits, \$1 each.

PETHICK & McDONALD,

393 RICHMOND STREET, first door north of City Hall.

The Canada Sugar Refining Co

LIMITED, MONTREAL.

Manufacturers of Refined Sugars of the well-known brand:

Redpath

Of the Highest Quality and Purity, made by the Latest Processes and the Newest and Best Machinery, not Surpassed Anywhere.

LUMP SUGAR, in 50 and 100 pound boxes.
"CROWN" GRANULATED, special brand, the finest which can be made.
EXTRA GRANULATED, very Superior Quality.
"CREAM" SUGARS, (not dried).
"YELLOW" SUGARS of all Grades and Standards.
SYRUPS of all Grades in barrels and half-barrels.
SOLE MAKERS of high class Syrups in tins, 2 pounds and 8 pounds each.

BOWMAN, KENNEDY & CO.

Wholesale Hardware Merchants, LONDON, ONT.

FULL LINES FOR THE SPRING TRADE—
Spades and Shovels, Window and Door Screens,
Harvest Tools, Lined Oil,
White Lead, Castor Oil,
Mixed Colors, Paris Green,
Dry Colors, Window Glass,
Rope, Cut Nails,
Wire Cloth, Wire Nails,
And full lines of Shelf and General Hardware.

WRITE US FOR PRICES.

Auction Prices.

We are selling out all our stock of Upholstered Goods at less than auction prices.

\$25 Chairs for \$15.

\$100 Parlor Suites for \$75

ALL PRICES REDUCED TO CLEAR STOCK.

LONDON FURNITURE MAN'G CO.

184 to 198 King St., London, Ont.

GRAND OPENING

A Transformation.

"What a remarkable story!" says Miss Anson. "And what happened?"

"They had to get a stomach-pump, I believe," says Mr. Kitts, fixing him with his eye-glass, "did you ever hear that a thing may go too far?"

"Rather!" says Larry, calmly. "One of those dice went too far, anyway. It was never heard of again."

"He's incorrigible!" says Mrs. Adare, throwing up her hands. "And it wasn't one of the dice, Larry. It was her false tooth."

"Anyway, she frightened old Sir Darby out of his senses."

"You've ruined your tale," says Mrs. Adare. "No one will believe in it now. We all know that for the last twenty years of his life he had no sense to be frightened out of."

"It was wonderful how straight he could keep at times, though, when it suited him."

"When his wife had her eye on him, you mean."

Here Mr. Kitts gives way to mirth.

"Do you remember that last time we saw him?—when the English fellow came round on a temperance crusade? He didn't know anything about Sir Darby's propensities, of course, and thinking the little would sound well on the notice, asked him to take the chair at the meeting in the village. And he came, you know, to Miss Anson, who is the only person present who doesn't know the story. 'A little—just a little—dye see?' and when he got on his legs to start the show, he—ha! ha!—never got beyond the opening sentence. And what was that, I think? 'Ladies and gentlemen, I'm so full of the subject! Ha! ha! ha! he's got no farther. He was so full of the subject,' roars Mr. Kitts, 'that he slipped, and was carried out by the temperance man.'"

"Oh, was he?" says Miss Anson. She looks perplexed. "And what was the subject?" asks she, curiously. She is certainly terribly English.

At this Mr. Kitts turns away sadly and reproachfully, leaving Larry to explain.

"Whisky," says that young man, in a cheerful tone.

Provisionally at this moment something occurs to change the burning of their thoughts. It is the afternoon post; it consists of one letter for Terry, who, letters being very rare with her, seizes upon it, and, after a little glance at Fanny as if to ask permission, tears open the envelope:

CHAPTER XVII.

She is still reading it, when Max, swooping down upon her from behind, snatches it out of her hand.

"Now," cries he, darting away with it, "you told me yesterday you had no secrets from any one, so I'll read this out loud."

He holds up the letter teasingly, as if about to begin.

"Max!" cries Terry. There is something so sharp, so agonized in her tone, that Trefusis starts, and looks at her. Her face! What a face! Crimson when first he sees it, and now absolutely colorless, as white as paper, and with something in the eyes that is surely fear.

"Max, give me back my letter," says she, trying to control her voice, but failing.

"Max, do you hear?"

She is actually trembling. It is fear, then, that is stirring her! Trefusis feels suddenly as if everything has given way beneath him. Only a moment ago he was so sure, and now the earth has suddenly opened. He had never been so sure as in that moment ago. He had told himself that all was coming right with her and him, and now, now, suspicious seem to swarm upon him. What is in this letter to make her look like that?—guilty—yes, guilty, frightened. Would he have his wife look like that? She is not his wife yet, and his doubts of her are many and various. If, when she was his wife, he saw her look like that—

Larry, happening at this instant to look at him, reads the situation in a glance, and something of contempt enters his heart. He, that cold, cynical fool, to doubt her!

"A love-letter, Terry?" he asks. There is malice in the question—a sort of mad longing to dig a little dart into Trefusis's soul. Had he thought his idle, mischievous words would cause Terry the very faintest annoyance, it is only fair to him to say that he would have died rather than utter them.

Terry turns her large eyes on his.

"Get it, get it for me!" says she. Larry takes a quick step forward, seizes Max by the neck, and adroitly pulls the letter out of his hand.

"Here it is," says he, holding it out to Terry, whose fingers close over it with a most unmistakable haste. Trefusis moves abruptly away. Whatever this letter means, and it means to him that it means nothing, so far as he is concerned, it is not to him, and he has turned for help; not to him, the man she has promised to marry.

It is another little glimpse to the already too great anger that is burning in his bosom. The letter—it was not from him or from O'More; certainly it was from a third. How many lovers has she? And who is this last one, of whom no word has been uttered up to this?

With an impatience that scorches him, but that he hides so completely beneath the self-control that nothing can ruffle, he waits until the last of Terry's guests have driven away from the door, and then turns to her.

"I want to speak to you," says he, abruptly.

"To speak to me?" The girl stares at him lost in wonder. What does the cold anger in his face mean? She, once the letter was returned to her, had thought nothing more about it; had not understood that it might be a subject of thought to others. She had been taken up with her guests, and had scarcely had time, even if she had knowledge of it, to take notice of Trefusis's coldness. "You wish to speak to me?"

"Yes," says he, strong displeasure in his tone.

"Well, speak."

"Not here, where we may be interrupted; in the garden."

"Come, then," she takes the initiative, going, indeed, quickly before him, not speaking another word until the sweet precincts of the garden are gained. Here she stops.

"It has always been so peaceful here," says she. "I have had things hateful said to me here to make it sad to me."

"Here or there," says he, remorselessly, "I shall speak to you."

"Come, then," says she. She passes through the pretty hedges, and then stands still.

"You had a letter this afternoon?" His air is rather too like the counsel on the other side.

Terry looks at him with great surprise.

"Yes, you know that," says she. His continued gaze, however, mingled with the remembrance of what that letter contained,

brings a bright and beautiful flash to her face.

Unlucky flash! It inflames his ire. As it driven to frenzy by it, he turns upon her. "I may as well say at once what is in my mind," says he, in the slow hold-back sort of way that always increases her; "it will be better, fairer. I have asked you to marry me, and you have said 'Yes.' You—looking at her for the first time—"you have said yes?"

"Why ask me?" she replies. "There is nothing to contradict. But what has all this got to do with—the letter?"

"Something, surely."

"Nothing, certainly."

"Do you say that? Will you tell me that there was nothing in that letter you did not wish me to see? Me? The man who is to be your husband?"

There is passion in his tone now. Terry's delicate face flushes. She hesitates. What does it all mean? What can she say?

"I—begin," she faintly. She stops.

The stop is fatal.

"Don't be unhappy about it," says he, coldly. "You need not answer me. Your face," with a contemptuous smile, "is an answer enough. And your agitation when your brother seized that letter—your fear lest it should betray its contents—new person of me."

"Well," says Terry, interrupting him hurriedly, "it was my own letter. Even supposing all you say be true, that I did not wish you to see it—still it was my own letter, my own affair. It had nothing to do with you or any one."

(To be Continued.)

A Grand Feature

Of Hood's Sarsaparilla is that while it purifies the blood and sends it coursing through the veins full of richness and health, it also imparts new life and vigor to every function of the body. Hence the expression so common now, "Hood's Sarsaparilla made a new person of me." It overcomes that tired feeling so common now.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, perfectly harmless, always reliable and beneficial. Over 1,000,000 inhabitants of New York, Chicago and Philadelphia.

A Wonderful Cure.—Mr. David Smith, Coe Hill, Ont., writes: "For the benefit of others I wish to say a few words about Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery. About a year ago I took a very severe cold, had dyspepsia, constipation and general debility. I tried almost every conceivable remedy, outwardly and inwardly, to cure the sore but to no purpose. I had often thought of trying Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, so I got a bottle and when I had done about one half the course showed signs of healing. By the time that bottle was done it had almost disappeared and my general health was improving fast. I was always of a very bilious habit and had used quinine and lemon juice with very little effect. But since using three bottles of the VEGETABLE DISCOVERY the biliousness is entirely gone and my general health is excellent. I am 60 years old. Parties using it should continue it for some time after they think they are cured. It is by far the best health restorer I know." 3

Aluminum is now used as a substitute for leather in building up the heels of boots and shoes.

Among the pains and aches cured with marvelous rapidity with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is earache. The young are especially subject to it, and the desirability of this Oil as a family remedy is enhanced by the fact that it is admirably adapted not only to the above ailment, but also to the hurts, disorders of the bowels, and affections of the throat, to which the young are especially subject.

A Spanish musician has devised a system of musical notation by which sharps and flats are done away with.

SHILOH'S VITALIZER. Mrs. T. S. Hawkins, Chattanooga, Tenn., says: "Shiloh's Vitalizer 'SAVED MY LIFE.' I consider it the best remedy for a debilitated system ever used. For dyspepsia, liver or kidney trouble it excels. Price 75 cents. Sold by W. T. Strong."

It was said of both Athens and Rome that so numerous were the temples and statues of gods it was easier to find a god than a man.

Why will you slow a cough to lacerate your throat or lungs and run the risk of filling a consumptive's grave, when by the timely use of Bickel's Anti-Consumptive syrup the pain can be allayed and the danger avoided? This Syrup is pleasant to the taste, and unsurpassed for relieving, healing and curing all affections of the throat and lungs, coughs, colds, bronchitis, etc.

Electrical weaving machines are in use in Germany. Seamless stockings with double heels are rattled out of each machine at the rate of eleven pairs an hour.

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Expeller is pleasant, safe and effective. If your druggist has none in stock, get the one for you.

In the coal region of Kansas they have begun to mine coal by electricity. Two coal cutters, operated by electrical current are now in use, and the results are very satisfactory.

SHILOH'S CURE is sold on a guarantee. It cures Incurable Consumption. It is the best Cough Cure. Only one cent a dose. 25 cents, 50 cents, and \$1 per bottle. Sold by W. T. Strong.

Musical amateurs are respectfully advised that some folks feel worse when they fiddle than when Rome burned.

Captain Sweeney, U.S.A., San Diego, Cal., says: "Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy is the first medicine I have ever found that would do me any good." Price 50 cents. Sold by W. T. Strong.

The man who took everybody's direction got lost and met the one that refused to consult the guide-post.

The Governor of Vermont, Hon. Levi K. Fuller, writes under the date of April 15, 1893: "I have used your remedy (Pond's Extract) for many years with gratifying results."

Even partisans have little confidence in newspapers that are edited at political headquarters.

Libbons' Toothache Gum acts as a temporary filling and stops toothache instantly.

A wood-stone is now made of sawdust, cement and magnesia, which can be sawed, planed or bored like natural wood.

There are 10,000 more women than men in the District of Columbia.

I was attacked severely last winter with diarrhea, cramps and colic, and thought I was going to die, but fortunately I tried Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, and now I can thank this excellent remedy for saving my life. Mrs. S. Kellert, Minden, Ont.

THE KING'S DAUGHTERS.

Inspiring Address of Mrs. Margaret Bottome, President of the International Society.

The parliament of King's Daughters was in session on Thursday, Friday and Saturday last at Long Beach, New York.

The convention room was decorated with flags, bunting and flowers. Against the wall above the speakers' heads was a semicircle, formed of 29 medallions framed in gold, on which were the names of the countries with which the corresponding secretary, Mrs. Isabella Charles Davis, has official communication.

"The cross of the King's Daughters," said Mrs. Davis, "is worn in every land beneath the sun."

At one side, back of the platform, was stretched a handsome ivory white satin banner of the international order, on which was inscribed in purple velvet letters the motto, "Not to be ministered unto, but to minister." On the other side of the platform was hung the society's banner of the State of New York, with its motto in gold letters, "By the cross we conquer."

THE SPEAKER OF THE DAY.

Among those who were on the platform at the opening of the parliament were Mrs. Chas. E. Dodge, Mrs. Margaret Bottome (president of the International Society of the King's Daughters), Miss Mary Cookman, Miss G. H. Libby, Mrs. Isabel Charles Davis and the Rev. Dr. David James Burrell, who opened the meeting with an address of welcome.

After this a hymn was sung, and then in a poem Mrs. Mary Low Dickinson told what the King's Daughters were. Then she introduced the speaker of the day, Mrs. Margaret Bottome, president of the International Society of King's Daughters.

Mrs. Bottome is a fine looking woman, whose hair is slightly gray and whose voice has the ring and quality of a man's. She is very enthusiastic in speech and holds her audience by her personal magnetism.

Mrs. Bottome began by a quotation from the New Testament, "I must be about my Father's business."

"I could not," she said, "give you a better keynote for this our first meeting by the sea. I have wanted so much to get light on the business of the Father, and the mind of the Master when he stood in the temple and said those words, 'Vist ye not that I must be about my Father's business?'"

"I am sure that it came to him that his Father's business was sacrifice. And in doing his Father's business he gave to us, who needed it, the best he had."

"I want to give you three masts, which should be the watchword for us to live by. I must work, I must do my Master's work, and I must suffer."

"A man or woman who has no must in them is good for nothing."

Let us give our time, our energies, our lives for the Master's work. Did he not give his life for us? Why should we not give ours for others? We are all assured to die as we live, and while it is called day let us do the work of him who sent us, that our lives, that our deaths, may not be in vain.

"The sad thing to contemplate is that many persons who have a Christ, do not link it to the lines of Christianity, for without the light of the Gospel all work is vain. It is the only thing to make our lives sublime."

"There is an inseparable link between suffering and beauty. It is through suffering, through sacrifice, that our lives, our characters are made beautiful. Some of us will know the highest, the noblest and the most beautiful reward for all we suffer and do here in his name."

It was an evidence of her suffering "in his name" for Mrs. Bottome to appear before an audience and speak. She is in the deepest grief for the death of her husband, the Rev. Dr. Bottome, who just two weeks ago met with sudden death through an accident in England, where he had gone to spend his vacation. (New York Herald.)

SHORT TALKS ON ADVERTISING.

(By Charles Austin Bates.)

Don't be too distinctly original in your advertising. Don't try to startle people with your wit.

The successful new idea is the one that everybody has unconsciously recognized for a long time. Don't get beyond the age.

I don't believe in the advertising. It may pay in the show business. I've heard that it does.

The other day I asked a theatrical manager whether he had ever tried newspaper advertising and he said he had.

He said he had. Said he had tried posters alone, too, and that a combination was better, but he said: "Nervelites and starting effects are best of all."

That is for theatricals.

Business methods and show methods must of necessity differ. A show stays a day, or three days, or a week. May never come again. Must get all it can then and get it quickly. There must be a "hurrah."

The more people are startled and the more their curiosity is aroused the better.

It isn't that way in a mercantile business. That stays. The longer it stays in one spot the better—if it is properly conducted. Show methods of advertising will beguete suspicion. Can't have "startling reductions" and "bankrupt sales" every day. That doesn't mean, never have a "sale." Have plenty of them, but find a good, honest reason for each one, and "fight it out on that line." Remember the boy who cried "Wolf!" and don't say anything startling unless it can be backed up with the facts. If you cry "Wolf!" let folks hear him howl.

Edison!

You may puzzle a long time over that word before you tell how to pronounce it. Take the last end first and read backwards, and you have the familiar word "notice."

Thus it might puzzle you to learn that "Yrevoosid Lucidem Nedlog" cures incipient consumption and all scrofulous impurities of the blood, and is a sure remedy for piles, skin diseases and all complaints due to deranged liver. Take the right hand end of your title and read backwards, and you have the "Golden Medical Discovery," the famous preparation of Dr. Pierce, of Buffalo. Get hold of disease by the right end. Don't wait till the undertaker is the only man that can do anything. "G. M. D." cures consumption, lung scrofula, when taken in the early stages of the disease.

LIVERY STABLES.

LILLEY'S LIVERY—No. 616 DUNDAS street, East London, Ont. Telephone 10, 66.

W. M. TRIPP'S LIVERY, RICHMOND street north, has added a first-class hack and team to its outfit. Careful drivers. Satisfaction guaranteed. Charges right. Telephone 423.

AMERICAN HOUSE LIVERY, YORK street—Hacks and light livery. Telephone 512. A. G. FRYMAN, Proprietor.

LONDON LIVERY, KING STREET—Stable rig and good horses. Sigsbee's notice. Telephone 103.

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrup, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

Dr. G. C. Osceola, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

Dr. J. F. KINCHELOE, Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ANCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.

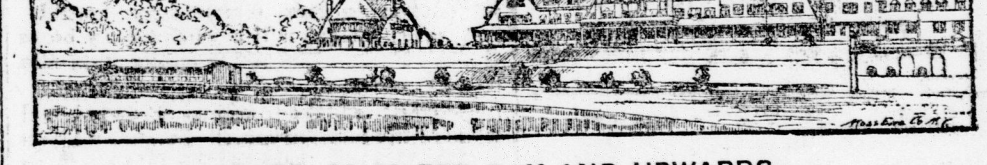
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.

The Centaur Company, 71 Murray Street, New York City.

THE METTAWAS.

OPEN SATURDAY, JUNE 16, 1894. KINGSVILLE, ONT.

Commencing Saturday, June 30th, music will be furnished by the Valisi Mandolin Orchestra, of Chicago.



—RATE, \$2 50 PER DAY AND UPWARDS.—

Lake Erie and Detroit River Railway Time Card and Rates:

Exp.	Mettawas Special	Exp.
Ferry leaves Campau avenue, Detroit local time.....	\$39 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Trains leave Walkerville, Eastern standard time.....	\$25 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Trains arrive Walkerville Eastern standard time.....	\$25 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Ferry arrive Campau avenue, Detroit local time.....	\$25 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Trains leave Walkerville, Windsor or Walkerville to Kingsville and return, Wednesday and Saturdays, June 15 to Sept. 15, at 60c round trip, good only on date of issue, June 15 to Sept. 15, round trip from above points at \$1, good for one month.		

MARSHALL BROS.,

Wholesale Importers of

TEAS and COFFEES

67 Dundas Street, London, Ont.

TRUE ECONOMY

Lies in buying genuine Hair Mattresses at \$9. Good Mattresses need not be high priced. There's a certain hard wall of facts and figures, however, that stands between possibility and prodigious promises. There are certain prices below which no genuine Hair Mattress can be bought. Those prices are ours, for a short time only. If you pay less, you don't get hair.

No use dodging a fact. We also stock the best Spring Mattresses made, American and Canadian.

See our Suspension Oil Tempered Spring Bed. Will last a lifetime.

You get good value now at

John Ferguson & Son's

174-180 KING STREET.

WE PUSH FOR BUSINESS

Our Prices Pull the Business and the People Must Come.

CHILDREN'S SUITS, \$2 and \$2 25

Only about 100 of these suits will be sold. Regular price, \$3 50.

BOYS' SHORT PANTS, 25 cents.

ONLY A FEW. COME EARLY.

OAK HALL

148 and 150 Dundas street, London.

ALFRED TAYLOR, Manager.

THE STAR
COIL SPRING SHAFT SUPPORT
AND ANTI-RATTLE.
Patented always great satisfaction. No weight on horse. Work twice the cost of other shaft supports. Price \$1.50. State rights for sale.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY

LONDON TIME.

Canada Southern Division—Going East.

	Leave London.	Leave St. Thomas.
American Express (daily except Monday).....	8:50 a.m.	11:00 a.m.
Atlantic Express (daily).....	9:50 a.m.	12:10 p.m.
Mail and Accommodation (daily except Sunday).....	10:50 a.m.	1:10 p.m.
New York and Boston Special (daily).....	11:50 a.m.	1:30 p.m.
Fast Eastern Express (daily).....	12:50 p.m.	1:45 p.m.
North Shore Limited (daily).....	1:50 p.m.	2:35 a.m.

Canada Southern Division—Going West.

	Leave London.	Leave St. Thomas.
North Shore Limited (daily).....	6:25 a.m.	7:35 a.m.
Detroit Express (daily except Sunday).....	7:35 a.m.	8:45 a.m.
Fast Western Express (daily).....	8:50 a.m.	10:40 a.m.
Mail and Accommodation (daily except Monday).....	9:50 a.m.	11:45 a.m.
American Express (daily except Monday).....	10:50 a.m.	12:45 p.m.
Atlantic Express (daily).....	11:50 a.m.	1:45 p.m.
Chicago special (daily).....	12:50 p.m.	2:45 p.m.

JOHN PAUL, City Passenger Agent, 335 Richmond street.

ERIE AND HURON RAILWAY.

Trains South.

Stations.	No.1	No.2	No.3	No.4
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Sarnia (G. T. R.).....	7:30	8:30	8:30	8:30
Courtright.....	8:00	9:00	9:00	9:00
M. C. R. Junction.....	8:10	9:10	9:10	9:10
Chatham (C. P. R.).....	8:15	9:15	9:15	9:15
Fargo.....	8:30	11:00	8:07	8:07
Blenheim.....	8:15	11:10	8:11	8:11

Trains North.

Trains North.			
Stations.	No 2	No 4	
		A.M.	P.M.
Blenheim.....	dep	8:20	5:32
Fargo.....		8:32	5:32
Chatham (C. P. R.).....	farr dep	9:00	
M. C. R. Junction.....		9:10	5:50
Courtright.....		11:02	7:58
Counout.....		11:05	8:00
Sarnia (G. T. R.).....		11:40	8:35

N. WILSON & CO.

The Finest Goods,
Best Cut and . .
Lowest Prices. .

N. WILSON & CO.**MARRIAGE LICENSES.**

LICENSES ISSUED BY WM. H. WESTON
grocer, Stanley street. No bond re-
quired.

MARRIAGE LICENSES AT SHUFF'S
drug store, 210 Dundas street east. Resi-
dence, Dundas street, corner William. Take
Dundas street car. No witnesses required.

LICENSES ISSUED BY THOS. GILLEAN,
jeweler, 422 Richmond street.

Nothing

Beautifies your home like
pretty Paper. We have
now a complete stock of
new goods.

CALL AND SEE THEM.

O. B. GRAVES,
222 Dundas Street.

Montserrat's Lime Juice Cordial

Effervescent Fruit Salts Sherbet.

JAS. G. ROSS.

FLOUR
This Brand of Flour
Always makes the
BEST BREAD
OR PASTRY.
USE NO OTHER.
J. D. SAUNBY
227 York Street.
TELEPHONE 115.

R.K. Cowan
Jeweller, etc., over Bank of Commerce
London.

YEO'S

Big Sale is Still Going On.

BEATON'S

We have all the leading styles in
Felt & Straw Hats
See our windows for nobby goods.
PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

138 DUNDAS STREET,
Opposite Market Lane.

NEW GROCERY STORE

One of the best in the city.

W. T. STENBERG
515 Richmond Street. Phone, 1023.

For the Summer Holidays

Ladies wishing to prepare their own and
children's wardrobes for the holidays will find
a complete assortment of those desirable
Blouse Waists, Wrappers, Underclothing,
Children's Dresses, Pin-flores, Blouses and
many other useful articles.
You will find our goods well-made, good
material, newest styles and at lowest prices.
We can guarantee them, as they are all our
own manufacture.

LEVINE'S
293 Dundas Street.

A July Sale of Summer Shoes

It may seem strange to be selling so many shoes at cost or be-
low, but conditions warrant it. We sell shoes on a wholesale basis.
All prices marked in plain figures for your benefit. Special prices
in Childrer's Shoes.

WE SELL
Ladies' Tan Shoes 75c.
Girls' Tan Shoes, 60c.
Children's K d Slippers, 50c.
Men's Tan Oxfords \$1.

Keep all the hot weather comfort styles in Men's, Women's and Children's
Reliable Shoes. Remember all Summer Shoes reduced 25 per cent in prices.

POCOCK BROS.

Priddis Bros.**Great Sale****! LOOK !**

Cottons, . . . 3c
Toweling, . . . 3c
Challies, . . . 5c
Prints, . . . 5c
Dress Goods, . . . 5c
FRUIT & SEASON

We have a full stock of
PRESERVING KETTLES.

WHITE ENAMELED.

GREY ENAMELED.

BROWN ENAMELED.

Also Brass Fruit Kettles, all sizes. Don't
forget our Kitchen Specialties, particu-
larly the Royal Roaster
and Baker.

STEVELY'S
RICHMOND STREET.
PHONE 452.

CONFEDERATION LIFE
Association, Toronto.

An Endowment Policy

With us is a first-class investment for any
young man or woman.
We can adapt ourselves to your circum-
stances. Remember our policy cannot lapse
after two full payments have been made.

FRED. H. HEATH, General Agent.

GEO. FRITCHARD, City Agent.

Office—435 Richmond street.

N. R.—Ladies, see one of our investment
policies.

FINE AND VERY WARM.

TORONTO, July 17—11 p.m.—Since yester-
day there has been scarcely any change
of pressure in any part of the continent.
The weather has been fine and decidedly
warm in all parts of the Dominion.

Minimum and maximum temperatures:
Esquimaux, 48°—66°; Edmonton, 48°—80°;
Prince Albert, 52°—72°; Toronto, 62°—81°;
Montreal, 58°—84°; Quebec, 54°—82°; Hal-
ifax, 60°—80°.

TORONTO, July 18—1 p.m.—Probabilities
for the next 24 hours for the lower lakes
region (covering the peninsula and as far
east as Belleville) are: Light to moderate
winds; fine and very warm.

All That Bothereation

CAN BE SAVED BY
BUYING YOUR

CONFECTIONERY

FROM
KENT'S
209 Dundas St. - Phone 996.

J. Gammage & Sons
GROW THE BEST

CUT FLOWERS

IN LONDON. SEE THE DISPLAY
IN THEIR WINDOW.

213 DUNDAS ST. E. W.

Does Protection Protect?

CORNWALL, July 17.—It is rumored here
that the two mills of the Canadian Cotton
(colored) Company, and the Stormont and
Canada, will shortly be closed down. If
the rumor is true it will throw about 2,000
hands out of work, which means a loss of
about \$40,000 a month to the town.

The Battle Creek Wreck.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich., July 17.—There
is no doubt in the minds of the officers and
citizens here that the person or persons
who committed the crime of wrecking the
Grand Trunk train here yesterday morn-
ing will be brought to justice. A reward
of \$1,000 has been placed on the head of
the perpetrators and already a number of
officers are working on the case. The
opinion seems to prevail that there was
only one person directly implicated in the
affair.

Handsome Features.

Sometimes unsightly blotches, pimples or
sallow opaque skin, destroys the attrac-
tiveness of handsome features. In all such
cases Scott's Emulsion will build up the
system and impart freshness and beauty.

London Advertiser.

Telephone Numbers.
107.....BUSINESS OFFICE
134.....EDITORIAL ROOMS
175.....JOB DEPARTMENT

LONDON AND ENVIRONS

When you see the humble bumblebee
A-sailing o'er the lea,
Attending to his business—
Why, it's best to let him be.

A meeting of the London West Council
is called for Thursday night.

Sergt. Robt. Crawford, of the police
force, has gone to Portland, Me., on his
holidays.

Next Wednesday is the London bakers'
annual holiday. Memo: Get two loaves on
Tuesday.

The newspapers offices are now getting
better gaslight after midnight than they
were a short time ago.

A meeting of the London West finance
committee was called for last night, but a
quorum was not on hand.

Mr. W. H. Irvine, like Mr. Mc-
Coubrey and others, has received the
reward of political service and been ap-
pointed a city assessor by the mayor.

The Oranmen of East Lambton have
donated \$470 to the Protestant Orphan's
Home, this city, being proceeds of the
annual collection taken up at Inwood on
July 12.

The Endeavor delegates to Cleveland
arrived home at midnight last night tired,
but happy. They received the best of
treatment at the hands of their American
cousins.

The L. E. and D. R. train did the
return trip from Port in 35 minutes last
night. There was a party of Grand Lodge
delegates on board from M. C. R. points,
and the extra spurt was made to connect
with No. 20 for Hamilton.

Mr. James McSweeney, Inland Revenue
Department, this city, left for Strathroy
last night, where he will act as a special
collector of customs and inland revenue at
that point, while Mr. Taylor, the officer
there, takes his holidays.

Mr. Arthur R. Magee was groomsmen
yesterday at the wedding of Miss Marie
Pauline Collins and Mr. John Harold Bas-
tedo, traveler for Gillespie, Amesley & Dixon,
Toronto. The ceremony was performed in
St. Stephen's Church, Toronto.

The late G. W. Kiely, of Toronto, was
born 63 years ago at Port Stanley, and
came to London when young. He leaves a
widow and eight children. There are four
boys and four girls. One son is married.
The estate is said to be worth \$750,000.

Though still a long way off, the various
unions have already commenced prepara-
tions for the great labor parade on Sept. 3.
Labor Day is now a statutory holiday,
and every citizen will be enabled to be in
Queen's Park. Watch for nobby hats and
fancy regalia.

Lovers of the national game should
witness the lacrosse match Thursday after-
noon between Paris and London. Paris
has an unbroken record and London will
try hard to turn the tables on them, and
no doubt will make a splendid showing, as
they are now very strong.

S. F. McKinnon, Toronto, is suing W.
Treblecock, of this city, and C. B. Arm-
strong, the assignee of Treblecock's estate,
to set aside two judgments as preferential.
One for \$8,000 was obtained by Molster
& Co., of Toronto, and the other by a Lon-
don party. Mr. McKinnon has a \$1,000
claim.

An enormous crowd took in the band
concert in Victoria Park last night. The
music by the Seventh was exceptionally
good, and was greatly enjoyed. Mr. W.
L. Blaikie sang a solo, and was compelled
to respond to the applause with another.
Mr. St. George, in a cornet solo, proved
himself a master of that difficult instru-
ment.

A meeting of the Free Library Board
was held in the City Hall last night, and
the members devoted their time to opening
plans for the new building—eleven in
number—and considering the same.
Decision was deferred till next meeting.
Some very elaborate plans were tendered,
and in the near future London will be the
possessor of a model library building of
which the citizens may well be proud.

Messrs. H. Macklin (chairman), H. Keene
(secretary), E. R. Cameron, J. T. Marks,
J. Egan and George Burrell were in at-
tendance.

An exchange says: Another of those
popular recitals is to be given at the Academy
of Music, Glencoe, on Friday evening last,
and was enjoyed by an enormous and ap-
preciative audience, which overflowed the
hall. The intelligent manner in which the
students acquitted themselves goes to
prove that the proper foundations for sound
musical education are being laid for them
at the academy and that they are in the
hands of experienced teachers,
who guide them step by step, theo-
retically and practically, through every
grade of musical knowledge. The
vocal department contains many ex-
cellent voices which are being judicious-
ly trained with the object of giving the
highest possible artistic results.

Mr. Webster and Miss Nellie Burnip, pupils of
Miss Brown, of London Conservatory of
Music, assisted, and their singing was
greatly enjoyed and heartily encored.
Miss Nellie Burnip is a most promising
singer, and will no doubt be one of the
most successful concert vocalists. Miss
Edith Rogers, the principal of the
academy, and Miss Brown, London, deserve
credit for their efforts in giving the people
of Glencoe such a rare musical treat.

Successful Canadian Inventors.

The following list of patents recently
granted to inventors residing in the Do-
minion of Canada, is reported for the Ad-
vertiser by P. J. Edmunds, international
patent solicitor, London, Ont.:

Canada patents—Jas. Anderson, Wood-
stock, hay and stock rack (patent sold to
the Bain Vapour Company, of Woodstock);
Jas. S. Parmenter, Woodstock, door spring
(patent sold to the Jas. Hay Company, of
Woodstock); Jas. Chapman, Rockland,
Ont., horse shoe; A. Harris, Son & Co.,
grain binder (extension of patent); Mc-
Glashan & Clarke, Hamberstone, Ont.,
forks and spoons (trade mark); Miln &
Bryers, Toronto, cyclists' road guide of
Canada with map (copyright).

United States patents—Wm. Cavers,
Owen Sound, combined shaft supporter and
anti-rattler; Angus Fougere, Moncton,
Canada, nut lock (patent sold); John D.
LeBel, London, fire kindlers; Alex. S. Mc-
Bean, Montreal, trolley pole.

A Former Londoner Dead.

The death of Mr. George W. Kiely in
Toronto yesterday recalls to many Lon-
doners that gentleman's early experiences
in this city. Before the advent of the old
Great Western Railway the Kielys, George
and William, were prominent figures in
London shipping circles. It was in the

We are quoting very low prices for Lily
White Oil, Aurora Light, Water White
benzine, gasoline, machine and cylinder
oils. Send for quotations. Phone No.
307. EMPIRE OIL COMPANY.

Aurora Tulip Pinaud.

Aurora Tulip Pinaud.

Aurora Tulip Pinaud.

The LATEST, the RICHEST, the MOST EX-
QUISITE perfume ever introduced to the
citizens of London, and this, and this only is
the delicate odor that was sprayed around the
grand stand at the Cook & Whitby circus by
the Parisian who informed all present that
W. S. BRYERS BARKWELL,
Chemist and perfumer, had accepted the
agency for London, where the very choicest
perfumes are always to be found. EKV

days when the old Mohawk used
to ply with passengers and freight
between Buffalo and Port Stanley.
Port Stanley was of some account then as a
port of entry, and in the absence of a rail-
way the village ran a stage line for freight
and passengers between that place and St.
Thomas and London. Their old familiar
coach, wider and larger than any seen
nowadays (so old residents assert), con-
tinued to ply a good trade until the iron
horses supplanted those of flesh and bone.
The Kielys also ran a stage line east
and "pooled" with a Brantford man,
each doing half the distance. But they
did not make a fortune at this, and
with the advent of the railroad they
went into the livery business with a man
named Seger. This firm failed, and the
Kielys were next heard of in connection
with the Middlesex Agricultural Mutual
Insurance Company. At this they made
their first actual money, which they in-
vested in the then nearly worthless Toronto
Street Railway Company. The affair
almost proved an elephant on their
hands, and the stock went abegging.
Toronto people had little faith in the con-
cern as a money maker, and Londoners had
less. The Kielys themselves shrewdly
guessed that Toronto was bound to go
ahead, and their expectations were realized to
a surprising degree. At a critical
moment the late E. W. Hyman was induced
to assist the venture, and purchased \$25,000
of stock. This set the concern on its feet,
and as the city grew and the street railway
line began to prosper the Kiely brothers
gradually became very wealthy. Wm.
Kiely sold out his interest to Senator
Frank Smith. The latter and deceased
were the principal owners of the old To-
ronto Street Railway Company. Mr. Kiely
was in his 64th year.

Constipation, headache, biliousness and
bad blood are promptly cured by Burdock
Blood Bitters, which acts upon the stom-
ach, liver, bowels and blood, curing all
their diseases.

Wife—How people gaze at my new dress.
I presume they wonder if I've been shop-
ping in Paris. Husband—More likely they
wonder if I've been robbing a bank.

Brown

145 DUNDAS ST.

LATEST AMERICAN STYLES

—IN—
LADIES' AND GENTS' SHOES.

BUCK AND CAWASS OXFORDS.

We keep the best, most attractive and stylish
Shoes. No misrepresentation.

PRICES EXTREMELY LOW.

Telephone 881 . . . BROWN

IT POPS

Effervescent, too.

Exhilarating, appetizing.

Just the thing to build up the con-
stitution.

Snider's Rootbeer,

Wholesome and strengthening, pure
blood, free from boils or carbuncles.
General good health—results from
drinking Snider's Rootbeer the year
around.

One Bottle will make 5 gallons, 25c.

Ask your druggist or grocer for it
TAKE NO OTHER.

N. I. McDERMID, sole agent for
London.

G.F. MORRIS

—BUTCHER—
MARKET HOUSE

Having added two more stalls to my shop. I
will make a specialty of SAUSAGE. We use
the English sleep casings only.

HAMS, BACON AND LARD.

Wholesale and retail orders from a distance
promptly attended to.

TELEPHONE 60.

LONDON, - ONT

Needham & Leigh,

PLUMBERS.

Have removed to 322 Ridout street.
Phone 1012.

And any orders given in will be promptly at-
tended to. We do Plumbing and Gas Fitting
Steam and Hot Water Heating. Also put in
and repair Electric Bells. Jobbing a specialty.
ywt

Fine Tailoring !

New Summer Suitsings,

Finest Material,
Made Fashionably.

JOS. DAMBRA,

Merchant Tailor, 262½ Dundas St.

MARA'S**GREAT****Department Stores,****CLOSED**

To-Day, Wednesday,

—AT—

ONE O'CLOCK P.M.

—ARE—

HAVING

—A—

HOLIDAY.

THE

T. E. Mara Co.,

LIMITED.

153 Dundas Street,
155 Dundas Street,
And Market Square

} **London**