

CARLETON-PLACE, CANADA WEST, JUNE 30, 1859.

2d—Feed—One of the most experienced and best butter makers in the State recommends a mixture of grasses, such as red white clover, timothy and blue grass. Rotate the pastures free from rank and stony flavored weeds. Pungent roots and vegetables, such as turnips and cabbage, injuriously flavor the butter and injure keeping qualities. Pumpkin and carrots the best vegetable food when the season grass is over, and give a fine color to butter; but ground feed, such as beets,

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without over-working the butter, which is the grain and renders it sticky or greasy. After the butter has stood in the tray all twenty-four hours, and been worked light and smooth, it is ready for use. Some good butter makers do not pack the butter in any tin, but keep it in the same tins. It should never be worked in a dry state or without water, as that will injure the grain and damage the flavor. After the frikin or tob is filled, the butter should be covered with a thin piece of muslin, and the whole covered with straw briar, which must not be allowed to evaporate or leak out.

Over-salting is one of the most common faults of butter making. Not uncommonly the salt is used in such quantities as to give such treatment, that it remains undissolved and will graine in the treeth. Such butter must be sold from 3c to 6c per lb., lower than account.—*Dreco and French's Circular.*

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has given me a pound and sent me to you for another. She says you have enough good to build a sty wid, and will be sure to give me a little." At first, old hard fist "refused" upon which Paddy threw himself on a stool and raised such a piteous wail that the merchant, thinking that he was mad about the death of his pig, gave him the pound to quit of him. Next day the proprietor of the default porker was passing the warehouse and seeing his benefactor at the door, pulled him up to him. "Well, did you get drunk with that pound, or buy another pig?" asked the warehouse owner.

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WHEAT KILLED BY FROST.—The wheat, in the rear portion of fence, and some parts of Asphodel and Serrano, are informed has been killed by the late frost. Many large pieces of wheat land are turned to yellow. *—Columbia Transcript.*

The Herald.

CARLETON PLACE.
Thursday, June 30, 1859.

We learn with regret, that nothing was done at the late meeting of the County Council, to assist in extending our Railway to Ottawa, so as to secure the extensive traffic which flows up and down the valley of that river. There still remains, we believe, at the disposal of the Council, a balance of the Municipal Loan Fund, amounting to about \$10,000, which would have gone very far towards completing the Road to Pakenham or Annapolis, because it is graded nearly the whole distance, the ties are on the ground, and the iron on hand. To lay the track, and finish the bridges at Almonte and Pakenham, both of which are pretty well advanced, would not have cost a very large sum; and the Ottawa once tapped at Annapolis or Roddy's Bay, there is not the least doubt, that the Road would not only be self-sustaining, but would furnish a surplus to pay interest, and other charges. We cannot but admire the caution of our Council in reserving the \$10,000 to meet the interest; but at the same time, we are inclined to think that their policy will turn out to be short-sighted. The money will soon be done, and the Road, in an unfinished state, cannot be expected to do more than pay running expenses; but if it could be pushed through to Ottawa, this reserve would be unnecessary, for if we can judge from what it has done, so far as completed, it would be one of the best paying Roads in Canada.

While on this subject we may explain the position of the Municipal Loan Fund, so far as three Counties are concerned, for there seems to be a good deal of misapprehension with respect to it. The amount borrowed by the United Counties of Lennox and Renfrew was \$200,000, on which six per cent interest, and two per cent, as a sinking fund, was to be paid, making an annual payment of \$16,000. Up to December 1858, about \$2 thousand dollars had been paid back to the government on account of interest and sinking fund; but there was, of course, a considerable balance still due; our Counties in common with some twenty-two other municipalities in Canada, being in default. Seeing the utter impossibility of ever collecting the large amounts falling due, the Legislature, at its late session, wisely determined to provide for a considerable part of the interest from other sources, and consequently an act was passed limiting the amount to be paid by the municipalities, to one shilling in the pound, on six per cent of the assessments. Thus a person assessed for one hundred pounds, the interest of which is six pounds, will pay only six shillings. Now taking the assessed value of property in Lennox and Renfrew, in 1858, as the basis of our calculation, we will pay, instead of \$16,000 a year, but \$23,100, or about one and a half per cent for the money, a very small amount indeed, as compared with the advantage of the Road to every individual in the Counties. This reduced amount being all that we are now, by law, required to pay for our loan to the Railway Company; if it could be secured to us in some way or other, we should be inclined to recommend that the mortgage which we hold on the Road should be cancelled, and then the Company would be in a position to raise funds to complete the route to Pembroke.

The anniversary of St. John the Baptist was duly celebrated by the Masonic fraternity on Friday last. Our village during the whole day bore the semblance of a regular holiday. About nine o'clock Mr. Lavallee had his place prepared for the reception of the craft, by placing an arch of evergreen over his gateway, and the yard decorated with a row of banners, leading to the Masonic Hall. At ten o'clock the members of St. John's Lodge, of this place, assembled at their lodge rooms and opened the lodge. Dr. McNeilly, Esq. (Pastmaster) in the absence of our Worshipful Master, presided. Between eleven and twelve o'clock a procession was formed, joined by about 17 members from True Briton Lodge, Perth, and several members from other lodges. The procession in martial order, headed by the Almonte Brass Band, and marshalled by Dr. Monty and Matthew Anderson, of Almonte, walked through all the principal streets of the village. And at one o'clock the large procession with a crowd of persons of both sexes, proceeded to the Methodist Chapel, where a discourse was delivered by the Rev. W. C. Clarke, chaplain of True Briton Lodge, Perth. The subject which was for the benefit of the craft, was handled in a masterly manner. Precisely at three o'clock the fraternity, about fifty, sat down to a sumptuous dinner, provided by our kind and hospitable host, Mr. Lavallee. After the cloth was removed the following toasts were given:—

1. "The Day we celebrate." 2. "The Queen and the Craft," which were drunk with all honors.

At this stage of the proceedings, the whistle and short of the train horns announced that the cars were waiting to convey back again the visiting brethren from Perth. A procession was formed to escort them to the Depot. After escorting the Perth brethren to the depot, the members of St. John's Lodge, and other visitors, marched back to the Masonic Hall to close up the business of the day. And thus terminated one of those Masonic gatherings, the tendency of which is to cement in closer bonds those mystic ties of Masonic Brotherhood.

Our columns, to-day, contain the news of the fall of the Derby government, which have found it necessary to give way to its opponents. We hope the colonial policy of their successors will be as liberal as that of the Derby administration.

FACTS.—The old frame building in this village, known as the "Factory," was burned down, about two o'clock on the morning of Saturday last. It was through the strenuous exertions of our citizens that the adjoining houses were saved and the fire confined to the building in which it broke out. It contained no machinery, and as it was not inhabited by any person, the cause of the fire is not known. Some appear to think that it was the work of an incendiary; but we cannot believe there is any person in this place so evil disposed and full of malice, as to set a destructive element in motion, which might have consumed the greater part of our village. Others attribute the fire to accident, and state that a back or side door was open at all hours, both by day and by night, and that the building was used, for several months past as a place of common resort for the lower class of people, and that ignition might have taken place by a coal from some drunken fellow's pipe, or from the dropping of a burning match. It is also said that ashes had been stored in the building, and that smoke was seen issuing from one of the chimneys on the day previous to the burning. We understand that the house belonged to Mr. Muirhead of Beckwith, and we have been told that it was insured for five hundred dollars—a pretty large sum, and much more, we think, than its real value.

We think, for the credit of the place, as well as its safety in future, that it is the imperative duty of the authorities here to hold an inquiry, and investigate the matter thoroughly.

The trial of John McLaughlin now going on at Chicago, for throwing a train of cars on the Galena and Chicago Railroad, off the track, has disclosed a most daring and diabolical gang of villains both male and female. The members of the gang are located at Buffalo, Cleveland and Chicago, and it seems they are engaged in murders by all sorts of devices, such as poisoning, arson, and railroad obstruction. Several confidential letters between two female friends in Buffalo, and an accomplice in Chicago, disclose the whole matter, and the entire plan of operations. From these it appears that a number of persons have fallen victims to their nefarious schemes, and how many have suffered by others' hands can hardly be conjectured. The discovery may account in some measure for many of the secret murders by poison and other means, accidents of railroad trains &c., that have been so numerous of late.

It is expected that the trip of the monster steamer Great Eastern, which has been dragging along slowly for several years towards completion will take place in July, sailing from Weymouth, England, to the middle of the ocean and back again, to test her qualities under all possible conditions of sail and steam. Hundreds of workmen are now engaged on this vessel, and should England engage in the war, it is intended to employ her for running down the war-ships, or after another, of the opposing fleets!

A disease termed Diphtheria, or croup throat, is rapidly spreading in some of the counties in England. In some of the Eastern and North-western counties from one-third to one-half of the deaths have been caused by this disease; and for several weeks past the deaths, from this cause in London have averaged about twenty. Her Majesty's Privy Council have applied to the guardians of various parishes for information as to the localities in which the disease exists, and its extent. The London Lancet says:—
"Diphtheria is still seen, sometimes coincident with croupal affections, sometimes following in the wake of scarlatina; unquestionably a type of disease wholly distinct from scarlatina, since it constantly infects districts where scarlatina does not exist; and again, is found a dangerous enemy during convalescence from scarlatina; chiefly fatal to children less than six years of age, clearly aggravated by those incidents of miasm and putridity which feed all zymotic disease, but still existing, independently of them, in well drained and otherwise healthy districts; with more common energy, in the marshes of Essex and Lincolnshire; and visiting these miserable huts on every moor and lowland that is wholly destitute of all necessary sanitary arrangements."

LARGE STRAWBERRIES.—We have received a dish of Strawberries, grown in the garden of William Peden, Esq., of this place, which are the largest in size we have yet seen. On an average, they measure three and one-half inches in circumference; and some of the larger ones measure four inches! Who can beat that?

A notice has been issued from the Post Office Department, Toronto, announcing that from and after the 1st July letters posted in Canada, for any place within the Province, if pre-paid may be sent for 5 cents, or 3d currency per half ounce, but if posted unpaid the charge on delivery, will be 7 cents, or 4d per half ounce.

The next sitting of the Third Division Court for these United Counties, will be held in the School House, in Carleton Place, on the eleventh of July next.

The Upper Canada Provincial Exhibition will take place on the 26th of September next at Kingston.

DECREASE IN POPULATION.—Some journals are raising a great outcry about an alleged decrease in the population of our cities, and our Gaelic Advertiser says: "There are 800 tenements vacant in Hamilton." There is little doubt that, in times of pecuniary pressure, multitudes leave the cities and seek a maintenance by working in the country, where, if there is not much cash, there is at least plenty to eat. But the story about the empty tenements here is not correct. There are many houses vacant, no doubt, but there are many new ones which have been built within the last twelve months, and not a few being put up now. Work can be done much more cheaply now than usual, and those who can afford to move from an old frame house into a new brick dwelling are doing so.

ARRIVAL OF THE KANGAROO.

New York, June 21.
The steamship Kangaroo, from Liverpool on the 8th inst., via Queenstown on the 25th, has arrived.
Her arrival is one day later.
It was reported that General Canrobert had died of his wounds.
General D'Audly, commander of the Imperial Guards had been promoted.
General Greve was killed in the battle of Magenta. He was not far from the Emperor at the time.
Napoleon is said to have been in the midst of the Imperial guard during the stand of two hours made against the Austrians, who, it appears, were aware of the fact.
The total loss of the Austrians are estimated at 13,000 to 14,000.
Napoleon and King Victor Emmanuel came to Milan and were enthusiastically received.

A Turin despatch of June 7th says, that the first private letter from the battle field of Magenta, had arrived there. The Imperial and Sardinian guards were against the Austrian Maines; the guards were attacked, and were unable to advance, but nevertheless resisted the enemy.
The Zouaves and Gurkha lost and retook their position.
At 1 o'clock General Noll's army assumed the offensive movement, which was irresistible. The enemy endeavored to surprise the right wing of our army, but was repulsed. General McMahon rendered the attempt ineffective, so that the efforts of the enemy were reflected somewhat for a moment, and the conflict then began with renewed fury.
General McMahon was triumphant and the battle was won.

OFFICIAL BULLETIN.
Turin, Wednesday.
That part of Upper Lombardy which has been freed from the Austrians has proclaimed Victor Emmanuel King.
Volunteers are rapidly arriving to join Garibaldi's corps, which is passing the enemy beyond the Mincio. M. D'Urban having announced the death of the King, his father, and his own accession, I have thought, in concert with the Emperor of the French, to renew my diplomatic intercourse with the Court of Naples, which has been suspended during the late reign. All my other foreign relations continue on perfectly satisfactory footing.

BERNE, 7th.
There are still 5,000 Austrians at Livorno. A detachment of Garibaldi's corps have sailed along the shore of Lake Maggiore, driving the Austrian Customs House Guards; and everywhere carrying off the public treasure.

NAPLES.
France has appointed an ambassador to Naples.
The Neapolitan Ministry has been modified.
An official declaration of neutrality has been made.

A levy of 2,500 men for the navy has been ordered.
Further details of the battle have been received in London by Telegraph.

A Vienna despatch says that among the wounded at the battle of Magenta were Baron Reischach, three Generals and three Staff Officers. Two Staff Officers are missing; and a Turin despatch of June 7th, says there were 120,000 Austrians in the battle, of whom 20,000 were placed hors de combat, and 7,000 made prisoners.

THE LATEST TELEGRAM.
ADDRESS TO THE MUNICIPALITY OF MILAN TO THE KING.

Turin, Monday, June 6th.
The Municipality of Milan delivered, in the presence of the Emperor, at the head quarters to-day the following address to the King:—
The Municipality of Milan is proud of being able to make use of its most precious privileges, in being the interpreters of their fellow citizens at this grave crisis. They are willing to renew the peace of 1844, and to proclaim again before the Italian nation, the great fact, which has required eleven armies, its full development in the intelligence and acts of the people.

The municipality of Lombardy to Piedmont has been this morning proclaimed by us, at the very time when the artillery of the enemy could have thundered against us, and while their batteries were even in our public places. The annexation of Lombardy to Piedmont is the first step in the new way of public right, which shows nations the first step in the new way of their own destinies. The heroic Sardinian army, and our brave allies, in that upon Italy being free, as far as the Adriatic will soon achieve the magnificent enterprise. Receive, Sire, the homage of our hearts belong entirely to you. Our cry is—The King and Italy for ever.
Signed by seven Assessors of the Municipality.

Milan 5th June.
THE KILLED AND WOUNDED AT MAGENTA.

Vinna, Tuesday, June 7.—Among the wounded at the battle of Magenta are Baron Reischach, three Generals, three Staff Officers, and two other officers of the staff, and one major killed. The loss on both sides is very heavy. Milan is entirely evacuated by our troops.

The telegraphic communication between Milan, Paris and Verona is interrupted.

FRENCH FUNDS.
Paris, 12 32 p.m.—The Bourse opened firm. Renten 63.10, ex coupon.
2.25 p.m.—Renten closed very firm; 63.30 for money, and 63.15 for account, or coupon, being a rise of 1 per cent, since yesterday.

RAISING SUNKEN VESSELS BY THE AUSTRIANS.
BERNE, Tuesday, June 7.—At Livorno, a part of war on the Lora Maggiore, the Austrians have raised from the bottom of the lake some barges which had been scuttled and sunk, and have laden them with various articles, to be towed by steam to Switzerland.

THE BATTLE OF MAGENTA.
Paris, Tuesday, June 7.—An immense effect has been produced here and throughout France by the news of the victory of Magenta. It is positive that the French have taken 36 guns. General Expinasse and Clerc are killed. The French corps which suffered most are the Zouaves and the Grenadiers of the Imperial Guard.

THE WAR FEELING IN GERMANY.

Darmstadt, June 5.—At the opening of the Chambers, the Presidents of both branches of the Legislature declared in favor of war against Louis Napoleon.

The Post says that General McMahon was raised on the battle field to the rank of a marshal of France.
The Post says that the position of the Austrians has now become doubly critical. They will double their attempts to reach Lodi, on their way to Verona and Mantua, on which it is also very clear that they must fall back. But the French, already masters of Milan, will probably endeavor to intercept their retreat. Another more eventful, and if possible, even more decisive combat may, therefore, take place in the neighborhood of Lodi.
The Monitor also publishes General McMahon's report of the passage of the Ticino at Turbigo by the allies on the 3rd June, and of the surprise of the enemy at Robecchetto, by which considerable loss was inflicted on the Austrians. He says: "We have lost one Captain and seven privates killed, and four officers, among whom is one of our best officers, and thirty-eight privates wounded." The Emperor has ordered the names of the killed and wounded, officers and privates, to be sent by the Minister of War, to those persons who may be interested in their fate.

THURSDAY, June 6.—Near Bincho, yesterday, the Austrian war vessel Enrica, captured the French fish boat Rana, of Nantes, home from Cuba for Trieste, with a cargo of coffee.

There is nothing to confirm the news from Frankfurt, which alleged that in a second great battle the French had been driven across the Rhine.
The Monitor of Tuesday.—The Monitor of Tuesday contains the following:—
The Emperor has delivered to the Emperor the collection of the death of King Ferdinand, and of the accession to the throne of King Francisco II. The Marquis also presented letters accrediting him as Extraordinary. The Emperor will go to morning for 21 days.

THE QUEEN'S SPEECH.

The real business in Parliament commenced on the 7th inst., when the Queen in person delivered the following speech:—
My Lords and Gentlemen:—I avail myself of this opportunity in the present act of public affairs of the service of my parliament, which I have summoned to meet with the least possible delay. I have directed that papers shall be laid before you which will learn how earnest and unceasing has been my endeavor to preserve the peace of Europe, and war has been declared between France and Sardinia on the one side and Austria on the other. Receiving assurances of friendship from both the contending parties, I need to maintain between them a strict and impartial neutrality, and I hope with God's assistance to preserve to my people the blessing of continued peace. Consider, however, the present state of Europe, I have deemed it necessary to the security of my dominions and honor to my crown, to increase my naval forces to an amount exceeding that which has been sanctioned by Parliament. I join with confidence in your cordal concurrence in this precautionary measure of defense.

The King of the Two Sicilies having announced the death of the King, his father, and his own accession, I have thought, in concert with the Emperor of the French, to renew my diplomatic intercourse with the Court of Naples, which has been suspended during the late reign. All my other foreign relations continue on perfectly satisfactory footing.

BERNE, 7th.
The estimates for the year, for which provision has not been made by the late Parliament, will be immediately laid before you, together with such Supplementary Estimates as present circumstances render indispensably necessary for the public service.

My Lords and Gentlemen,
I have directed a bill to be prepared for giving effect, so far as the aid of Parliament may be required, to certain suggestions of the Commissioners whom I had appointed to inquire into the best mode of efficiently managing the Royal Navy; and I recommended this important subject to your immediate attention.

Measures of legal and social improvement, the progress of which, in the late Parliament, was necessarily interrupted by the dissolution, will again be brought under your consideration.

I should with pleasure give my sanction to any well-considered measure for the amendment of the laws which regulate the representation of my people in Parliament; and should be of opinion that the necessity of giving immediate attention to measures of urgency relating to the defence and financial condition of the country, will not leave you sufficient time for legislation, with due deliberation, during the present Session, on a subject at once so difficult and so extensive, I trust that at the commencement of the next Session, your earnest attention will be given to a question of which an early and satisfactory settlement would be greatly to the public advantage.

I feel assured that you will enter with zeal and diligence on the discharge of your parliamentary duties, and that the result of your deliberations will tend to secure the continuance of peace abroad, and progressive improvement at home.

FURTHER BY THE KANGAROO.
New York, June 21.

The latest news by telegraph, from London and Liverpool to Queenstown, by the Kangaroo, Thursday morning, June 9th, The Daily News city article says:—the funds this morning showed an unaltered strength and a fresh rise of 1/10 per cent. was obtained.

News of a decline on the Paris Bourse occasioned a partial reaction which was counteracted by a rumor that the French had received a check.

The market finally closed a quarter per cent. lower than yesterday.

Mr. Disraeli's allusion to measures of Finance of the grave character, which are to be brought forth had attracted a great deal of notice, being interpreted as showing the effect of a Government Loan for armaments now on foot.

Gold continues to be taken to the Bank. The amount to-day will be £15,000, making a total of £160,000 since the date of the last return.

The Times city article says, the absence of any news from France has facilitated the circulation to-day of a multitude of reports of a severe check to the French army.

A de'eat of the King of Sardinia has also been currently asserted. It is certain, however, up to the close of the business nothing had transpired to establish these statements still they have had the effect of keeping the stock market in a state of excitement, especially as the prices from the Paris Bourse showed a decline of one per cent.

The supply of money has not experienced any diminution. Some persons are disposed to anticipate further downward movements in the Bank of England rate.

British Rail Road Stocks sympathized with the fall reported from London, and extended to the leading stocks except the North British and the Great Northern, which held out without alteration. Accordingly to opposition statements in both Houses of Parliament the sum of £7,000,000 must be provided by the Government to bring the revenue up to our present rate of expenditure.

The official account will not probably prove quite so bad, but the Chancellor of the Exchequer seems to wish to prepare the public for the consideration of the subject by announcing that the financial measures in preparation are of the gravest character.

The account from Lancashire to-day shows that the late advantages from India have been realized, except the North British and the Great Northern, which held out without alteration. Accordingly to opposition statements in both Houses of Parliament the sum of £7,000,000 must be provided by the Government to bring the revenue up to our present rate of expenditure.

The news from Fraser River continues to be of a discouraging nature, and the shipments of gold from there are very small.

THE GOLD DIGGINGS—GREAT EXCITEMENT.

LEAVERTH, June 21.
The Overland Express arrived here on Sunday night, eight days later from Denver City, bringing a large mail and \$2,500 in gold dust. The previous extraordinary reports of discoveries in Gregory, Jackson, and other mining camps are fully confirmed. Horace Greely arrived on Saturday. He had visited Gregory's diggings, and signed a public communication endorsing the richness of the claims. Thousands are pouring into the new places. Forty-five will soon be in operation at Gregory's Camp. The result of the operations of thirteen companies given in Greely's published letter show as the highest yield to be \$300.

A company of British Indian have taken out 3,000 pennyweights of gold dust with a sluice in three weeks. Gregory's two claims have been sold for \$21,000. Other details have a similar view. Returned emigrants are departing daily from Leavertsville bound to go through against all hazards. The excitement is becoming intense. Mr. Jones and Russell contemplate the enlarging of their facilities, in view of the increased demand for transportation. Emigrants are charged not to start without from four to six months' supplies, as snow sets in on the mountains in October and adequate provisions should be made by all persons leaving this season for wintering the mining region and thus prevent a recurrence of the suffering and privation of the previous year.

ARRIVAL OF THE PERSIA.
THE AUSTRIANS DRIVEN FROM MARIANOVA.

DEFEAT OF THE BRITISH MINISTRY BY A MAJORITY OF 13.
New York, June 21.

The Royal Mail Steamship Persia has passed Sandy Hook.
The Austrians are retiring across the River Adia. The brave General Usser's official report of the battle of Magenta.

The Austrians have lost in killed and wounded from four to five thousand men.
The loss of the enemy is at least half as much again. Every line of this report proves the heroic deeds of the Austrians to withstand the attacks of the enemy.

Berlin, June 6.
A combat has taken place in Bosnia, between the Turkish troops and the insurgents, near Hercegovina. Gungah has, it is said, been destroyed by Derwish Gungah.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.
Sales of the week 38,000 bales, of which 10,000 went to exporters, and 2,500 to exporters, with a decline of one-sixteenth of a penny mostly on the middling qualities, while the lower qualities were difficult to sell at one-eighth of a decline. The market closed dull. Sales on Friday 6,000 bales, closing with a declining tendency.

The following are the authorized quotations:—
Fair Orleans 84; Fair Mobile 77; middling do 63 to 65.
Stock in port 619,000 bales of which 577,000 were American.

The Manchester market was quiet—but prices were steady and rather firm.
New Orleans Rice Ordinary at Havre, was 100fr. 60 Bas 101. All qualities slightly higher, but the market closes dull. Sales of the week 800 bales. The stock was 100,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

Richardson, Spence & Co., quote four very dull and nominal, and Messrs. Bigland & Co., quote a decline of 6d on the week. Richardson & Co. quote wheat 23 to 24 lower since Tuesday. Corn of all qualities considerably lower. Bigland & Co., say 6d to 8d on the week, and quote mixed 6s 3d to 6d.

Beef heavy and nominal; Pork heavy and 2s 6d lower. Bacon dull; Lard dull at 60s. Tallow firm; Ashes dull; new Pot offered at 30s, old 28s 30s to 30s 6d. Coffee firm. Rosin dull. Rye steady and dull. Common 44s to 24.

LONDON MARKETS.
Baring, Brothers, quote breadstuffs dull. Iron still. Sugar buoyant and slightly higher. Tea firmer. Spirits of Turpentine heavy and lower—sales at 43s. Coffee buoyant and in some cases is higher. American securities were in good demand with an advancing tendency. Consols closed on Friday at 93 1/4 to 94 for money and account.
The money market was slightly easier.

The bill on the Bank of England increased £93,000.
Liverpool, Saturday, P.M.
Cotton—firm; sales 8,000 bales. Breadstuffs—dull. Provisions—dull.

London, Saturday, P.M.
Consols—for money, books shut for account at 92 1/4 to 93, ex div. closing firm.
The British Ministry had been defeated in the House of Commons by a majority of 13. It was expected they would resign on the 11th. The Ministry did not resign on Saturday. The House of Commons adjourned until Friday.

It is rumored that the Prussian army is to be mobilized, and that Prussia will soon take part in the conflict.

It is said that Prussia was negotiating for the passing of troops through Germany.

The Austrians had been driven from Mariano, with a loss of 1,200 prisoners. The Austrians retired across the river Adia.

The Austrians were at Lodi, and the enemy were advancing.

Garibaldi had beaten an Austrian force at Brescia.

Five hundred Zouaves were killed and wounded at Marignano.

The Austrians lost 1,500 men and 1,300 were made prisoners.

The battle lasted nine hours.

The armies were preparing for another general engagement.

The Prussian General was at Modena on the 12th inst.

The Prussian General was at Modena on the 12th inst.

25,000 in killed and wounded, 10,000 prisoners, and 17,000 men.

The defeat of the Austrians at Magenta is said to have produced an immense sensation in Germany.

The correspondent of the Daily News gives the following details:—
In less than two hours the allied Monarchs had deployed 60,000 men against the Austrians whose force was 80,000, with powerful artillery. They were compelled to move on to most disadvantageous ground, and their left was soon turned by Canrobert's corps, supported by Fant's division. The Austrians were obliged to fall back on their centre at Albate Grasso. The Austrian centre then swelled by several columns, their left wing was soon in disorder, and thousands fell crushed by the French artillery.

McMahon had now reached the scene, and seeing the moment had come to break the disordered centre of the Austrians, charged with an impetuous division witnessed, supported by the reserve which stood in reserve, bearing slowly towards him. The shock was terrible, and the dead and wounded were falling by thousands.

The Austrians were routed, and the victory was won.

The writer says twenty Austrian guns were taken.

The Zouaves had 7,000 killed and wounded.

A brigade of Canrobert's corps was almost destroyed in the last charge. The Emperor and the King were always in the thickest of the fight. D'Hilliers was sent to dislodge the Austrians. He took the village with but little loss. No details are given.

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Many have offered to join the Allies but they are not yet accepted.

The Swiss Government have ordered the immediate fortification of the Austrian frontiers.

Three Austrian armed transports with vessels in tow were stopped in Swiss waters and surrendered.

The Emperor of Austria has issued a proclamation to his subjects in Tyrol and Vorarlberg calling them to arms to defend the most righteous cause for which the sword has ever been drawn, and confides to them the task of defending the frontiers against the enemy who has made himself the ally of revolt against the legitimate dominion established by God.

The Duke of Parma has been expressed by the Government to the municipality and releasing the troops from their oath of allegiance. The municipality dispatched a deputation to the King of Sardinia requesting him to accept the government.

A Hungarian legion was organizing at Turin.

The British ship of war Heron was captured in a torpedo on the African coast and 100 lives lost. The Captain and 26 men were saved.

ADDITIONAL BY THE PERSIA.
There was a report of the formation of a camp at St. Omar.

Strong detachments of infantry had been sent from Paris to Italy, and two more regiments were being actively formed.

Two hundred Zouaves from Algeria had arrived in Paris to form a third battalion of the Zouaves Guard.

The London Times' Paris correspondent assumed that disapprobation has been expressed by foreign Governments respecting the manner in which matters have been conducted in Tuscany.

ARRIVAL OF THE "BREMEN."
New York, June 26, 1853.

The British Ministry have resigned. Lord Palmerston is Premier; Lord John Russell, Foreign Secretary.

The Austrians have evacuated Piacenza, Parma, Lodi, Bologna and Ancona. The citadel and fortifications of Piacenza were first blown up.

Prince Metternich is dead.

The Times of the 18th says:—Lord Derby is to receive the Order of the Garter. Lord Malmesbury and Sir John Pakington the Grand Cross of the Bath.

In the House of Commons, on Saturday the 11th inst., Lord Harrington brought up the report upon the address as amended, which was agreed to on motion of Lord John Russell.

Her Majesty's speech was ordered to be taken into consideration on Friday next.

THE WAR NEWS.
The Times Paris Correspondent says there are rumors in military circles that the Emperor's return to Paris may be looked for soon, and that Marshal Pelissier will get command of the army of Italy.

The Turin Correspondent says the Sardinian Government declares that it does not consider sea coal contraband of war.

MECHANICS AND INVENTORS.

The Scientific American.

TO BE ENLARGED!
A NEW VOLUME—NEW SERIES
TO COMMENCE ON JULY 24, 1859.
Instead of 416 pages the yearly volume, enlarged series, will contain eight hundred and thirty-two pages of valuable reading matter, useful and instructive to all classes.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, is published weekly in quarto form, suitable for binding, and the numbers for a single year, contains in formation in regard to New Inventions, Machinery, all branches of manufacturing process, Agriculture, implements, Millwrighting, Iron Manufacture, Chemistry, in fact, almost every industrial pursuit receives more or less attention in its columns. All Patent Cases officially published every week, as reported from the Patent Office; and for

INVENTORS AND PATENTS.
It contains information not to be obtained elsewhere, and which no mechanic, inventor or patentee can well do without.

As a family Journal it has no superior for practical utility, since in its columns will be found useful practical receipts. Careful attention will be given from time to time, to reports of the metal, lumber and other markets.

Every number will contain sixteen pages and forty-eight columns of matter, with several illustrations of patented machines and other engravings, comprising in a single year about six hundred original engravings.

With the enlarged series is presented an opportunity to subscribe not likely to occur again for many years. It will be commenced a new work—Vol. 1, No. 1, New Series.

Send in your subscriptions without delay, so as to begin the new volume—July 2, next. Terms—\$2 a year; \$1 for 6 months.

Southern, Western

GRAND
Agricultural Pic-Nic!
UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE
NORTH RIDING OF LANARK
Agricultural Society.
WILL be held on the WEDNESDAY,
5th JULY, at ELEVEN o'clock.
At the Farm of Mr. Robert Mc-
Farlane, within a few minutes walk of
the Village of Almonte.
Refreshments will be served out punctually
at 12 o'clock, noon. Several speakers from
a distance are expected to be present to give
addresses.
THE ALMONTE BRASS BAND
Will be in attendance to enliven the plea-
sures of the day. Amusements of different
kinds will be provided, so that the Young
may enjoy themselves as well as the Old.
Entrance to the ground by Mr. Mc-
Farlane's Gateways, or those who wish to
leave their vehicles in the Village, may walk
along the Railway track.
Tickets of Admission, 1s. 3d. each;
children under 12 years of age, half price;
to be had at the Stores in Almonte, Carleton
Place, and Pakenham, and at the entrance to
the ground in the morning.
God SAVE THE QUEEN.
North Riding of Lanark.
June 15th, 1859. 41

Twelfth of July at Franktown
Railway Excursion.
ARRANGEMENTS have been made
with the B. & O. Railway Co. for the
conveyance of parties wishing to attend the
Orange Celebration at Franktown, which is
to take place on the 12th inst.
Carleton Place at 10:45 A.M.
Arriving at Franktown at 11:15 A.M.
Returning.
Leave Franktown at 4:30 P.M.
Arriving at Carleton Place at 5:00.
Fare to Franktown and back 75 cts.
Sufficient passenger Cars will be readi-
ness to carry all who have a desire to attend.
As it is desired that no Provision is to be
made in the Lanark, this year, the Committee
of Arrangements would extend a cordial in-
vitation to all their friends to attend.
South Lanark, 22nd June, 1859. 41

ARRIVAL OF
New Goods.
AT ARNPRIOR.
THE Subscriber acknowledges with thanks,
the business confidence extended to
him for so many years past, now he is in-
timate to their Customers, and the public
generally, that by receiving a full assort-
ment of GOODS, suitable to the Country of
Trade, consisting of a choice and varied as-
ortment of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
GROCERIES,
Heavy and Shelf Hardware,
CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE,
DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PATENT MEDICINES,
PAINTS, OILS, PUTTY, WINDOW
GLASS, DYEWOOD, &c.,
Ready-made Clothing,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
And almost every other article required in
their line.
Particular attention is directed to their
Stock of FRESH TEAS, being part of the
Ship Gaudin's cargo, direct from China
by steam, which will be sold at half price
or better at LOWEST WHOLESALE PRICES.
To meet in part the present emergency
of hard times, our GOODS will be sold at a
considerable LOWEST PERCENTAGE than nor-
mally.
The highest market prices paid for Butter,
Eggs, and a few Farm Produce.
ANDREW RUSSELL & SON,
Arnprior.
June 14, 1859. 40

NOTICE
TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS will be received by the under-
signed till FRIDAY, the 5th day of
JULY next, for the construction of a Bridge
across the Gully on the 10th Concession in Line
of Rm. 9, near Battery's blacksmith's shop
Plan and Specifications can be seen at the
Office of the Town Clerk, until the above
date, on which day at 2 o'clock P.M., the
Bridge will be let to the Town Hall. The
Contract will be bound to accept the lowest
offer. Two sureties will be required for the
faithful performance of the work.
TERMS ASKED!
Immediately thereafter the Council will
hold a session to transact such business as
may come before it.
DAVID CAMPBELL,
Secretary.
Ramsay, June 18, 1859. 41

RECRUITS WANTED
FOR THE
100th REGIMENT.
BY THE ARRIVAL of the Steamship
North American and Hungarian from
Liverpool, the Subscriber's stock of DRY
GOODS is now complete, and consists of the
usual assortment: His Stock of Groceries,
Hardware, Leather, Medicines and Fancy
Goods will be found satisfactory to the Public.
These Goods will also be sold Low to meet
the times, and, if necessary, on short approved
credit.
BUTTER, WOOL, GRAIN
And any article the farmer has for sale will
be taken in payment at market price.
He also takes the opportunity of calling the
attention of those who are indebted to him,
that it is necessary that all accounts due up to
January last, should be paid, as he cannot
afford, under the present small profit on goods,
to extend the term of credit.
JOHN SUMNER
Carleton Place, 8th June, 1859. 39-4f

WOOL, CARDING, AND CLOTH
DRESSING.
THE Subscriber wishes to intimate to
the friends of Blackwell, Ramsay,
and surrounding Townships, that he has
leased the Wool Carding and Cloth
Dressing Establishment of this place
which is a new mill one story, and is
in a prepared to receive with Neatness and
Despatch, all Orders he may be favour-
ed in the above line of business, to merit
a share of the public patronage.
ALSO,
Cash Paid for good Wool, or a Superior
article of Cloth given in Exchange.
WILLIAM PAISLEY,
Carleton Place.
June 7, 1859. 39

DR. HURD
WISHES a SETTLEMENT with all parties
who OWE him either by Cash
or Note, immediately.
Carleton Place, June 15, 1859. 40-4f

FOR SALE, 50 SIDES SOLE LEA-
THEL,
Almonte.
J. MENZIES

VICTORIA
WOOLEN MILLS,
ALMONTE, RAMSAY, C. W.
ENCOURAGE
Home Manufactures.
THE Subscriber calls the attention of
Merchants, Farmers and others, to his
large and varied Stock of
FINE TWEEDS,
MANUFACTURED FROM
Imported Wool,
And which he offers on the usual Terms, or in
REBANCHES FOR WOOL.
NOW MANUFACTURING,
Cassimeres, Satinets,
Heavy Tweeds, Blankets
Flannels, &c.,
FOR THE FALL TRADE.
Manufacturing and Custom Work as
heretofore, and on the usual Terms.
JAMES ROSAMOND.
May 24, 1859. 37-4g

75,000 LBS.
WOOL
WANTED AT THE
Victoria Woollen Mills,
ALMONTE, C. W.,
FOR WHICH THE HIGHEST PRICE
IN
CASH or CLOTH,
WILL BE PAID.
JAMES ROSAMOND.
May 24, 1859. 37-4g

LOOK HERE!
THE Subscriber having received a Fresh
Supply of
Liquors and Groceries,
He now offers them for SALE, Lower than
ever offered in this place before.
His Stock consists of
Champagne, Wine, Brandy, Rum, Spirits,
Scotch Malt, Old Tom, Gin, Proof Whiskey,
High Wines, by the barrel or otherwise
Lemon Syrup, and Beer, and quite an assort-
ment of GROCERIES.
Cash or Farmers' Produce taken in Pay-
ment.
WILLIAM KELLY,
Carleton Place.
June 13th, 1859. 40-4f

NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave to re-
turn his sincere thanks to his customers
generally.
He further begs to inform them that
he has on hand a large supply of SAWED
SHINGLES and SAWED LATHS, a
great quantity of PINE and BUTTER-
NUT and OAK, BIRCH, HASWOOD
and MAPLE.
Which he will sell low for CASH or short
approved credit, at McNEB.
ALEXANDER STEWART.
June 6th, 1859. 39-4f

TO LEASE,
A FIRST CLASS STORE, situated in
the best business part of the Flushing
Village of Carleton Place. Apply, if by
letter post paid, to the Subscriber on the pre-
mises.
JOHN DEWEY,
Carleton Place.
May 30, 1859. 28

Wool.
THE Subscriber will pay the highest
price either in Cash or Goods for
any quantity of good clean WOOL.
He has received a nice assortment of
CLOTHS from both the Almonte Woollen
Factories, which will be sold at Factory
Prices for Cash, Butter or Wool. Come
and see.
A. W. BELL,
Carleton Place.
June 1st, 1859. 38-4f

SHINGLES & LATHING.
FOR SALE, at the Appleton Wood Fac-
tory, any quantity of No. 1 Shingles
and Sawed Lathing. Cash for cash or ap-
proved credit. Apply to
W. TENANT,
Appleton.
June 1st, 1859. 48-4f

DENTISTRY.
G. W. EBERSON.
SURGEON, DENTIST, PAIN, C. W.
WILL be in attendance at his Rooms in
Town, from the 15th to the end of
every month. He will also visit the adjac-
ing Villages as follows:-
RAMSAY - For five days, first Mon-
day in June, September, December, and
March.
ALMONTE - Second Monday in June,
November and February.
CARLETON PLACES - First Monday in July,
November and February.
LAWRENCE - Second Monday in August,
January and May.
The appointments will be strictly adhered
to until further notice.
Perth May 20th, 1859. 38-4p

A FARM FOR SALE IMMEDIATELY.
PART of LOT No. 26, in the 11 Concession of
the Township of Pakenham, containing
65 or 70 acres of first rate land with about
25 acres cleared.
It is a light sandy soil, situated on the Bank of
the Blackwater River, within two miles and
a half of the flourishing Village of Arnprior,
and one mile from the B. O. Railway - one
mile from the Landing site on said mill.
For further particulars apply to the Sub-
scriber.
JAMES ELLIS,
Or **ROBT. BROWN, Esq.,**
Merchant, Pakenham Village.
May 31, 1859. 38-4f

WANTED.
A Stout smart young lad, as an apprentice
to the Blacksmith business. A person
of good moral character will receive good
accommodation.
MATTHEW McINTYRE,
Carleton Place, June 1st, 1859. 37-4f

New Goods.
A. W. BELL,
HAS OPENED OUT at the POST
OFFICE, CARLETON PLACE, a gen-
eral assortment of
DRY GOODS,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
BONNETS AND HATS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
STATIONERY,
HARDWARE,
WOODEN WARES,
GROCERIES,
MEDICINES,
CROCKERY & GLASSWARE.
With a great variety of Fancy Goods and
Small Wares.
The Stock is very complete in all descrip-
tions of Goods, and will be sold for Cash or
ready pay only, at a very small advance on
Cost.
Persons requiring Goods would do well
to call and examine the Stock, and they will
be fully satisfied that good and cheap Goods
are to be had at the New Store.
Carleton Place, 18th May, 1859. 36-4f

War Confirmed!
'NEW ARRIVAL OF
SPRING GOODS.
AT
LECKIE'S CORNER.
GEORGE W. LSON
IS now receiving his Supply of Spring and
Summer Goods, consisting of Ladies'
Plain and Fancy Bonnets, and Hats of new-
est shapes and designs; Bonnet Ribbons.
(new Style) Flowers, Printed Muslins and
Delaines, Printed Cassimeres, Light Prints
and Delaines, Silk Dresses, Parasols, plain
and fancy, large and small size, Silk Velvets
Trimmed, Ladies' Collars, (new Style)
Children's Fancy Hats.
Summer Costings and Trowersing in
Tweeds, Cassimeres and Satinets, and a large
Assortment of Ready-made Cloths; together
with Grey and Bleached Cotton, heavy and
lacy Shirting, Superior Tick, Dull, &c.
With a lot of Superior Ties, and Tobacco,
as well as GROCERIES, &c., &c.
An early inspection of the whole Stock, is
respectfully solicited.
Ramsay, May 24, 1859. 37-4f

Appleton Foundry.
RAMSAY, C. W.
MORAE AND PEARCE,
IRON & BRASS FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS,
AND
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT MAKERS,
BEG respectfully to intimate that they
are prepared to manufacture Thrash-
ing Mills, Cultivators, Cat Crubbers, and all
kinds of Agricultural Machinery; from their
practical knowledge of the business in all its
branches, and combining cheapness with du-
rability and finish, they hope to merit a share
of public patronage.
McR. & P. would especially call the at-
tention of Farmers and Agriculturists to their
New Ploughs, which have been got them to be
the best ever obtained in this part of the country.
A great number of them have been sold and
testimonials can be shown to parties wishing
to purchase, the opinion of the best Farmers
in the Districts.
MILL CASTINGS of every description
made to order, and re-airs of every kind
of Machinery attended to with punctuality
and despatch.
Cooking, Box, and Parlour Stoves, on
hand.
N. B. - A Registration has been applied
to the Patent Office for the Plough.
May 16, 1859. 36-4f

PERTH MARBLE WORKS.
DAVIES and FULFORD,
DEALERS AND MANUFACTURERS
OF
AMERICAN AND ITALIAN MARBLE,
MONUMENTS, TABLETS, HEAD STONES,
HEARTH STONES, and CHIMNEY PIECES,
Executed with neatness and despatch at their
WORKS, GORE STREET, PERTH.
THE Subscribers return thanks for the
liberal support they have had from the
public, since they commenced business. They
will still wait on all work done at their Shop
equal to any in the Province.
10 per cent will be taken off the general
price for all work taken from the Shop by
orders in person.
Orders in their line left with MR. POOLE,
of Carleton Place, will be strictly attended
to.
JOSEPH DAVIES,
JAMES H. FULFORD.
May 10, 1859. 36-4f

Valuable Property for Sale
CARLETON PLACE.
ONE of the best business Sites in Carle-
ton Place, the Store now occupied by
Mr. P. Struthers as a Store, is offered for sale
on liberal terms. The Store is a commodious
stone building, situated on the Main Street of
the Village.
For further particulars apply (if by letter,
post paid) to
ANDREW BELL,
Douglas, Co. Renfrew.
May 11, 1859. 36-4f

TO be sold immediately 100 acres of ex-
cellent LAND, well watered, 50
of which is cleared and under good cultivation,
Apple and Pear Orchards, a good Dwelling
House, Log Barn, Stable, Sheds, &c., &c.,
on the Burnside Road to Fonthrop; distance
from the latter place ten miles.
Secure a Cheap Bargain by early applica-
tion to the subscriber on the premises.
EVAN EDWARDS,
Wilberforce, Co. Renfrew.
May 2, 1859. 36-4f

NOTICE.
THE Partnership heretofore existing between
Geo. Miller and Donald McRae, as trad-
ing partners in the Village of Appleton, Town-
ship of Ramsay in this day dissolved by mutual
consent.
GEORGE MILLER,
DONALD McRAE.
Witnesses
John McRae
All parties having claims against the said
Firm will be settled by
D. McRAE.
Appleton, April 25th, 1859. 38

NEW
SPRING GOODS.
THE Subscriber is now receiving his
usual Supply of Spring and Summer
Goods.
The assortment will be found Large and
varied. Comprising all the new and Latest
Style and Fashions in English and Foreign
Dry Goods - also a fine assortment of Shawls
and Felt Goods, for Ladies and Gentlemen. Con-
sisting of Hats, Bonnets, Straw Trimmings,
&c., &c.
The whole having been brought for Cash
and sold at the very best of Terms.
J. H. McINTYRE,
Carleton Place, June 1st, 1859. 37-4f

Important Notice.
THE SUBSCRIBER wishes to inform
those indebted to him that their ac-
counts are made out. Those wishing to make
payment in full are requested to do so be-
fore the 25th of the present month; after that
date Butters will not be received. All ac-
counts must be paid before the first of Aug-
ust. Those remaining unpaid at that date
will pass into other hands and be sued to the
September Court.
HUGH NEILSON,
Carleton Place.
June 1st, 1859. 38-4f

IMPORTANT NOTICE.
THE Subscriber hereby intimates to all
who are indebted to him by Note of
hand or Book account, unless they PAY up
immediately steps will be taken to enforce
Payment. No further NOTICE will be
given.
J. MENZIES,
Almonte.
May 14, 1859. 36-4f

CLARK'S SALOON.
If you want good LIQUORS and GRO-
CERIES, CHEAP, call at Clark's
saloon, Franktown.
March 22nd, 1859. 28-4f

Farm for Sale.
214 ACRES, part cleared, pleasantly
and conveniently situated on the Bank of
Ottawa, being composed of Lots Nos. 12 and
13, in the West Front E., in the Township of
Westmeath. An independent Title can be
given. Apply to J. McNAUGHTAN,
Prov. L. Surveyor, Charlottenburg, by
Langens Post Office, Glengarry.
Carleton Place, 12th March, 1859. 27

New Tin Shop.
OPPOSITE NEILSON'S STORE.
THE Subscriber in opening his NEW
TINWARE SHOP, begs leave to
inform the inhabitants of Carleton Place and
surrounding vicinity that he will always keep
on hand a good assortment of Tinware at
unequalled LOW PRICES.
Please call and judge for yourselves.
Jobbing done according to order.
WILLIAM TAYLOR,
Carleton Place.
April 11, 1859. 31-4w

NOTICE.
FOR SALE BY THE UNDERSIGNED,
LADIES' Silk Mantles, newest styles,
Gloves Silk Caps, Time Savers, cr-
ystal and silver Lashers, &c. do, French
de Laines, Muslin de Laines, P'd Muslin, in
the piece and as robes, Parasols, fancy and
plain; P'd and Plain Co-urgers, and Or-
leans, best American Cotton Yarns, white
and blue; and a full assortment of other
DRY GOODS.
Ladies' Hats, Felt and Straw; Gent's
do, Ladies' Bonnets, &c., with trimmings,
ribbons, &c.
Hardware, Crockery, and Glassware,
Boots and Shoes, Timothy, Clover, Ver-
mont late Red, Field Cane, and others
SEEDS.
GROCERIES assorted, including Bright
Macaroni, Sugar at 6d per lb.; Hovon
1 waxy Yarn, from 2s to 4s per lb.;
2s 6d per lb.; Pains Rice 3d per lb.; Heavy
do Tobacco, first rate article, 1s 6d per lb.;
Zante Currans, fresh, 8d per lb.; Redpath's
Standard or best G-den Syrup, at 4d per lb.;
and other goods in the same proportion; in-
spected Prime Rice, &c.
Goods sold at Cash Prices, for all kinds of
merchandise Produce, at market prices.
Goods sold on book accounts on the very
best Terms: - All accounts, unless otherwise
arranged, due on the 1st of January of each
year; and all balances of accounts remaining
unpaid after being due, will bear interest at
the rate of TEN per cent per annum, until
paid, unless otherwise arranged.
ROBERT BROWN,
Pakenham.
May 24, 1859. 37-4f

SMITH'S
LATEST IMPROVED COMBINED
MOWING AND REAPING
MACHINE.
THE Subscriber has the pleasure to in-
form Agriculturists and Farmers,
that he has now on hand an assortment of the
above celebrated MACHINES, which he
offers for sale at the LOWEST possible price,
and on the most favorable Terms of pay-
ment. These Machines have all the latest
improvements. They are of the best materi-
al and Workmanship, easy to manage and
extremely light and durable. They are re-
commended to parties in want of Machines
with the confidence of their giving every
satisfaction.
The attention of Farmers and intend-
purchasers is respectfully invited to the ma-
nufacturer to the late improvements made by
which are now combined in these Machine
great advantages over all others.
Lightness of the Machine and easier of
Draft. The facility for raising and lowering
in passing over the ruts or through
lodged grain without stopping.
The way the wheel is placed under the
tongue to carry the machine steadily through
furrows avoiding the trouble of joint in the
tongue and hindering the team so much nearer
the work.
As there have been many improvements
added since last year I will now warrant it
as a COMBINED MACHINE, to be at least
superior to anything now manufactured
in Canada, and fully equal to the cele-
brated "Molineux," which has taken more prizes
than all the other Machines in the United
States.
And in Part in 1855, the above machine
carried off the first Prize amidst the applause
of Representatives of all countries in the
world. This Machine also took the prize at
the two last Provincial Exhibitions for Can-
ada, held in Montreal.
One of the improved Machines can be
seen on the premises of the Agent, near Arnp-
rior, and one at Bell's Corners, Nepean. All
letters (post paid) for information or purchase
promptly attended to.
Farmers, before buying, come and examine
for yourselves.
JOHN SMITH,
St. Gabriel Locky, Mont. ed.
ROBERT CARSS, Agent,
Arnprior.
FRANK SARGENT, Agent,
Ottawa.
Montreal, June 4, 1859. 39

WANTED.
BY the subscriber, 20,000 Bushels of
WHEAT, for which the highest market
price will be given.
PHILIP THOMPSON.
Chandler Mills, Ottawa.
January 25th, 1859. }

MILL TO LEASE.
THE Victoria Flouring MILL, at Al-
monte, Ramsay, will be leased for a
Term of years. Possession given on first of
August.
JAMES H. WYLLIE,
Proprietor.
Almonte, May 24, 1859. 37-4f

FOR SALE,
THE CARLETON SHINGLE
FACTORY.
200 M Sawed Shingles.
Apply to
A. McARTHUR.
Almonte, 3rd May, 1859. 34

DISOLUTION
OF
PARTNERSHIP.
THE Partnership heretofore Existing
Between Wesley Tennant and Patrick
Struthers, of this place, has been this day
dissolved by mutual consent, the business
will hereafter be carried on by Patrick Stru-
thers, who is authorized to collect all debts
to, and settle all claims against the said Firm
of Tennant & Struthers.
WESLEY TENNANT,
PATRICK STRUTHERS.
Witnesses,
Thomas M. Adams.
Elisha Tennant.
C. P. 7th February. 22-4f

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.
For Sale,
IN THE VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM.
THE UNDERSIGNED being about to
leave the Village of Pakenham, offers for
sale all of his Real Estate, consisting of
One and a half Village Lots, with TWO
COMFORTABLE DWELLINGS, Good
Stables, Sheds, and Granary, and a TWO
STORY FIRE PROOF STONE STORE
thereon, completely fitted up, and well ad-
apted for an extensive Mercantile Trade.
J. S. BANGS.
The Property above referred to is situated in
the most central part of the flourishing
Village of Pakenham, and within a few Rods
of the Line of Railway now in course of com-
pletion, between BROCKVILLE and PEM-
BROKE, and is surrounded by the most
valuable Farming country in Canada.
The Whole will be sold on Terms to suit
the hardness of the times. An early applica-
tion to the Subscriber on the premises will
secure a Bargain.
J. S. B.
Pakenham, Aug. 2, 1858. 48-4f

PAINTING.
WILLIAM LEECH,
HOUSE, SIGN & CARRIAGE
PAINTER, GLAZIER, AND PAPERHANGER,
ALMONTE.
Orders at any distance in the Country
attended to without any extra charge
for travelling expenses.
April 6, 1859. 39-4p

NOTICE.
ALL those indebted to the Subscriber,
A Book account, to the said Firm of
Tennant & Struthers, are requested to
settle their Notes, Bills and accounts at once
in order to save cost. All debts must be
paid by the tenth day of March next.
No apologies taken.
C. P. 9th Feb. 1859. 22-4f

FOR SALE, 50 BUSHES, LABRADOR
HERRING 25 CWT. TABLE COD-
FISH 20 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT,
at
J. MENZIES'S.
FOR SALE, 1000 SEAMLESS BAGS
by the sackcrier
J. MENZIES.

1859. FIRST ARRIVAL OF 1859
SPRING GOODS
AT ALMONTE.
JAMES H. WYLLIE.
IS now receiving a large and well selected
Stock of Seasonable GOODS, in Ladies',
Florence and Pail, and Fancy Shawl Bon-
nets, Brown and Grey Beaver HATS, of
the latest New York Styles.
Gent's and Boys' Felt, Fur, Straw, Legh-
orn, and Cloth HATS; Ribbons, Flowers,
and Trimmings, Parasols, in great variety;
together with the usual assortment of Fancy
and Staple DRY GOODS; also a full as-
sortment of Fresh Groceries, Hardware, Boots
and Shoes, Druggs, Paints, Oil, and Groceries,
&c., &c., all of which will be sold at LOW
Prices, to which he would invite the public
to call and see.
Almonte, April 20, 1859.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA
RAILWAY.
CHANGE OF TIME.
ON and after THURSDAY, 14th April,
Trains will leave as follows:-
GOING SOUTH, (To Brockville).
Trains will leave:-
Perth, 8 10 a.m., Perth time, 8 30, G. T. T.
Smith's Falls, 9 15 do do
Irish Creek, 9 40 do do
Belmont's Road, 10 15 do do
Arriving at Brockville, 10 50 do do
RETURNING NORTH, (To Perth).
Trains will leave:-
Brockville, 4 45 p.m., G. T. T.
[Or on arrival of Express Train from the
West.]
Belmont's Road, 5 25 do do
Irish Creek, 5 50 do do
Smith's Falls, 6 30 do do
Arriving at Perth at 6 50, Perth time.
By this arrangement, parties visiting Brock-
ville will have six hours to transact business
returning the same day.
Passengers leaving Perth in the morning
will reach Toronto at Montreal the same
evening.
On and Trunk time is twenty minutes in
advance of Perth time.
All goods for the morning train must be at
the freight house by 6 o'clock the previous
evening.
R. W.
ROBERT WATSON,
Managing Director,
B. & O. Railway.
Brockville, April 14, 1859. 37-4f

NEW STORE
LANG & CLARK
BEG respectfully to intimate to the in-
habitants of ALMONTE and sur-
rounding country that they have commenced
business in WILLIAM LOCKHART'S
new building, near the Temperance Hall,
with a general Assortment of:-
DRY GOODS,
STRAW BONNETS,
LADIES' & GENTS' HATS,
GROCERIES,
HARDWARE,
STATIONERY,
MEDICINES,
CROCKERY,
BOOTS & SHOES.
Travellers, LAMBS or BUTTER.
L. & C. hope by strict attention, and ad-
hering to the principle of small profits and
quick returns, to gain a share of public pa-
tronage.
Almonte, 3rd May, 1859. 34

FOR SALE,
THE CARLETON SHINGLE
FACTORY.
200 M Sawed Shingles.
Apply to
A. McARTHUR.
Almonte, 3rd May, 1859. 34

DISOLUTION
OF
PARTNERSHIP.
THE Partnership heretofore Existing
Between Wesley Tennant and Patrick
Struthers, of this place, has been this day
dissolved by mutual consent, the business
will hereafter be carried on by Patrick Stru-
thers, who is authorized to collect all debts
to, and settle all claims against the said Firm
of Tennant & Struthers.
WESLEY TENNANT,
PATRICK STRUTHERS.
Witnesses,
Thomas M. Adams.
Elisha Tennant.
C. P. 7th February. 22-4f

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PATRICK STRUTHERS.
Witnesses,
Thomas M. Adams.
Elisha Tennant.
C. P. 7th February. 22-4f

THE UNDERSIGNED takes this opportunity
of thanking the subscribers of Carleton
Place and vicinity, for the liberal patronage
he has received while doing business in this
place, in the Cabinet Line.
Wm. J. BELL,
Carleton Place.
30
April 5, 1859.

BUSINESS NOTICE.
THE CABINET BUSINESS formerly car-
ried on by me in this place will be
continued, but altered to the name of Wm. J.
Bell & Co., and owing to my absence from
Carleton Place for a time, Mr. John Hogg,
whose experience in Montreal, Toronto, and
Perth, and a thorough knowledge of Cabinet
making, will enable him to introduce the new-
est Styles and best of Workmanship.
Wm. J. BELL & Co.
April 5, 1859.
N.B. - As Undertakers they will, as usual,
be ready to wait on those who may require
their services.
W. J. B. & Co.

NOTICE.
ANY Person found cutting Tim-
ber or in any way Trespassing on the un-
dermentioned Lands, will be prosecuted with
the utmost rigor of the Law.
East halves of Lots No. 5 & 6 in 9 Con. Ramsay
East half of Lot No. 2 3 3 McNeil
East & West halves " 30 9 "
West half " 30 11 "
East & West halves " 15 6 "
East & West halves " 15 16 5 "
South West " 23 2 "
West half of Lot No. 3 3 3 McNeil
East & West halves " 2 2 "
East & West " 24 12 Darling.
East half " 22 1 " "
West half " 7 3 Adamson
East & West " 8 8 Montague.
East half of " 1 9 Henty.
MARY WYLLIE
JAMES H. WYLLIE

Valuable Lands.
THE Subscriber now offers for Sale Two
Thousand Acres of his valuable farm-
ing Land in Lots of one hundred and two
hundred acres most favourably situated in the
Township of Westmeath, one of the best
Townships in the United Counties of Lanark
and Renfrew, near the leading roads to Pen-
brooke, the terminus of the Brockville and
Ottawa Rail-road, and in the immediate vi-
cinity of good Schools, and Grist and Saw
Mills, Saw, Door, Blind, and shingle ma-
chinery. It is believed that intending pur-
chasers of lands will never again have as
favourable an opportunity as the present. The
proprietor will give all requisite information
as to price, terms, &c., upon application at
his residence at Belltown Mills, where all
articles of wood for building purposes, also
most kinds of heavy Furniture can be obtain-
ed.
C. S. BELLINGS,
Belltown, Westmeath, January 1858.

TEAS, & TEAS,
A VERY fine assortment of TEAS on
hand, and for sale by
A. McARTHUR.
TAKE NOTICE.
ALL those indebted to the Subscriber,
by Note or Book Account, are re-
minded that it is time they were PAID. All
debts neglecting this NOTICE, will have
themselves to blame.
JAMES H. WYLLIE,
Almonte.
March 7, 1859. 26

IF YOU WANT
GOOD GOODS,
Cheap Goods.
CALL AT
GEORGE WILSON'S
CLOTHING AND DRY GOODS
STORE,
WHERE you will find an immense Stock
of MEN'S FINE COATS, PANTS
and VESTS, all shades and colours.
BOYS' CLOTHING,
All Sizes, and Workmanship Warranted.
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
Violins and Flutes.
I offer these unequalled Goods at Prices as
astonishing and unwarranted as the