


REVOLVERS.



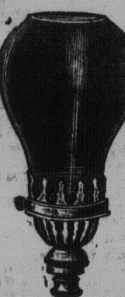
The IVER JOHNSON REVOLVERS are absolutely safe, accidental discharge is impossible. Has fewer parts than any revolver made. Superior Nickel and Blue Finish. Rim and Centre Fire 22, 32 and 38 cal. Blued or Nickel Finish, Automatic Ejector, Hammer or Hammerless.

W. H. THORNE & CO., Limited.

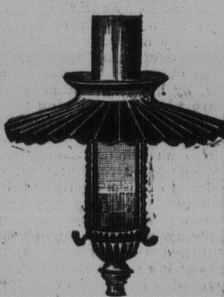
MARITIME AUER LIGHT CO.,
(LIMITED).

19 Market Square. [PHONE 873.]

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED IN STOCK:



- 6,000 Mantles of different makes of the very best quality.
- 500 Lights, all styles and makes.
- 30 Dozen Cylinder Chimneys.
- 200 Dozen Glass Chimneys.
- 36 Dozen Mica Chimneys.
- 24 Dozen Mica Canopies.
- 30 Dozen Crimp Shades.
- 10 Dozen Pear and Apple Shape Globes, together with all styles of Fancy Shades, Torch, Wax Tapers, Chimney Brushes, etc., all of which we offer at lowest prices wholesale and retail.



MARITIME AUER LIGHT CO., Limited.

N. B.—Lights installed free of charge, either on rental or when sold.

FINAL APPEAL

To the Public Spirit of the Citizens of Saint John.

THE INFLUX OF VISITORS during the EXHIBITION WEEK—30th August to 6th September—will be altogether unprecedented in the history of the city. These thousands

Must and Will Be Housed.

The urgency of the matter cannot be exaggerated. Apparently our citizens do not realize its far-reaching importance, for previous advertisements have not met with that degree of response which might reasonably have been expected. Let everyone who can offer accommodation, kindly communicate at very earliest with

R. B. EMERSON, W. W. HUBBARD,
Act. Pres., St. John, N. B. Mgr. and Sec'y., St. John, N. B.

—NO NAMES PUBLISHED IF SO DESIRED.—

ONE DEAD, ONE DYING

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.—One of the men injured in the trolley car accident last night on Jerome Avenue, Borough of Bronx, died early this morning. A card in one of his pockets bore the name of P. W. Keys, and it is supposed that that was his name. A policeman named J. H. Palmer lies unconscious in the Fordham hospital, to which he was taken. His skull is fractured and he probably will die. The other injured persons were reported to be doing well today.

PROGRESSIVE TORONTO

(Special to the Star.)

TORONTO, Ont., Aug. 20.—Toronto citizens, in concert with a number of other prominent promoters, are forming a company to handle the fast freight and inland service on a gigantic scale. William MacKenzie, Senator Cox and a number of other Toronto men are interested in the movement, as are Mr. Henderson of Peterson and Tate & Company, who at present are in Toronto.

THEY'RE HAPPY NOW.

LISBON, Aug. 20.—Putnam Bradley Strong and May Yobe sailed for Argentina today under the name of Mr. and Mrs. Atkinson.

A BATTLE FOUGHT.

PARIS, Aug. 20.—A telegram received here from Oran, Algeria, says that a party of Moors recently attacked a French military supply column near Ain Delkell and that numbers were killed or wounded on both sides. Troops have gone in pursuit of the Moors.

TWO BOYS DROWNED.

CAMDEN, N. J., Aug. 20.—Edward and Richard Sutton, aged six and eight years respectively, were drowned together in Cole's Creek, near Merchantville, while wading in the stream. Recent rains had washed several holes in the creek, which is normally but two feet in depth, and the boys stepped into one of these and were drowned.

HOME FROM ENGLAND.

(Special to the Star.)

RIMOUSKI WHARF, Que., Aug. 20. S. S. Lake Simcoe, Captain W. D. Jones, from Liverpool, passed inward 12.15 a. m. The saloon passengers include Hon. Edward Blake, M. P., and Mrs. Blake, Col. J. M. Gibson and Mrs. Gibson, Hon. G. H. Murray and Mrs. Murray, Hon. L. J. Tweedie and Mrs. Tweedie and the Bistley Rifle team.

St. John, August 20, 1902.

MEN'S SEPARATE PANTS.

The Pants of the Suit you have worn all summer may look a little shabby, and a new pair at a moderate price would make your suit look all right for a month or two yet.

Read These Prices:

MEN'S PANTS: 75c., \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 1.75, 2.00, 2.25, 2.50, 2.75, 3.00, 3.25 and 3.50.

You will be surprised what \$2.00 or 2.50 will buy in pants here—come and see. Store open evenings till 8 o'clock.

J. N. HARVEY, Men's and Boys' Clothier,
199 Union Street, Opera House Block

THE MURDER CASE.

Frank Higgins Formally Committed For Trial in September.

He Remained Entirely Unmoved and in a Calm Voice Declared He Was Not Guilty.

The outward calm of Frank Higgins did not desert him, even through the trying session of yesterday afternoon and evening. Only when Goodspeed repeated his tragic story did the prisoner show any particular attention. Then he leaned forward, his hands on his knees and his eyes fixed on Goodspeed's face, but the boy never looked at him. When the testimony was given of the way Doherty was done to death and his last words, Higgins smiled a smile of derisive disbelief.

Order was maintained in the court room by the admirable Disposition Chief Clerk made of his officers, who kept the crowd well back from the railing.

At the afternoon session Harry Alexander testified that Higgins said he would fix him if he did not correct the statement witness made to a Sun reporter about Higgins carrying a revolver.

George Gamble swore that he was with Higgins when the latter bought a revolver.

Frank Kelly told of how Higgins had once said he would get square with Doherty for stealing things from him. Deputy Chief Jenkins testified to the finding of the revolver.

The principal evidence in the evening was that of Frank Goodspeed. As quietly as before he told the ghastly story of the crime, never glancing at Higgins.

GOODSPEED'S EVIDENCE.

He said: I will be fifteen years old next April. I have known Frank Higgins between a year and a half and two years, and knew Willie Doherty about the same time. Last September I went away to the States, but returned some time ago. Previous to the day of the murder I used to see Higgins and Doherty quite often. I remember Friday, the first day of August, I was in the house until ten o'clock in the morning. Got breakfast about eleven, and then went up towards the old graveyard, returning to dinner at noon. About a quarter of one I again went to the graveyard. I saw Frank Higgins and Willie Doherty there sitting on a tombstone near the walk that leads to Elliot row. I stayed there a little while with them and then Clifford King and Harry Kelly came along. Kelly showed Higgins about one dollar and a quarter, while Doherty was reading a newspaper. King and Kelly stayed in the house about twenty minutes and then went away in the direction of the Opera House. Then Frank Higgins said:

"Come on, let us go out to the park and get a feed of berries."

It was then about 2 o'clock. We went out by way of Brussels street, Gilbert's row, and I ran the other way. I did not know where I was going. I was running away from them.

Then

FRANK TRIED TO HIT WILLIE

on the head with the revolver, and Doherty snatched it and tried to hit him back with it. They were struggling for the revolver, but I don't know whether Doherty got it or not. Then Doherty sank down on his elbow and said: "I'll swear, so help me God, that it was an accident if you'll get a doctor."

I was at this time standing up on the hill, and when he said "Go get the doctor" I started to run past, but Higgins pointed his revolver at me and said if I didn't have a hand in it he'd shoot me dead.

I came back and helped Higgins get some sticks and stones to put over Doherty. The body was lying on the top of the hill and Higgins kicked it into the hollow with his foot. We pulled leaves and things to cover him and threw rocks down to bury him.

Higgins hit Doherty on the head with the butt of his revolver five or six times after I came back. Doherty was lying on his elbow at the time.

After

COVERING UP THE BODY

Higgins and I came back to the city by the way we went. I did not know Higgins had a revolver with him when we went out to the park. When we came in Higgins said that the revolver was not any good to him now and he was going to throw it into the creek, where they couldn't find it. He tried to work it and could not do it. He had broken the guard and the thing that is under the trigger and the trigger would not work.

The revolver was then produced, and

Goodspeed explained the damage to the weapon.

"This revolver is very much like the one Higgins had," he continued. "It was bent the same way at the guard. Higgins threw the revolver into the creek. Then we came up the track and I left him and went home. I was with him in the tanyard that night after supper about a quarter after seven. Then we came up to the graveyard and I left him there about half-past nine."

That completed the evidence and Higgins was asked to stand up. He did so smartly. He was warned that it was not necessary to say anything, and that whatever he did say could be used in evidence against him.

Higgins' reply in a clear, even, unembarrassed voice was: "I have nothing to say except I am not guilty."

Then the magistrate formally committed him for trial, and he was taken back to jail, there to await it.

As he passed through the guard room his father and mother, who had gone down the stairs ahead, waited for him the hope of a few words with their son.

But the police had no orders to allow an interview, so they hurried him by. As he passed "How are you, boy?" asked the father. The mother said nothing.

"Oh, I'm all right" was the cheerful reply followed by the contemptuous exclamation, "Say, did you hear what that fellow Goodspeed said."

And he went out of the door towards his cell.

Before closing the court the magistrate spoke of the existence of the two gangs referred to in the evidence. He had long known of their existence and had often referred to them in court, but his remarks had been wrongly taken as only attempts to roast the police. If some attention had been paid to his warnings this crime might never have occurred. With some of their members in the dock, and some on trial he thought the gang was broken up, and he hoped that the disclosures of the last few days would be a warning to many boys in the city.

THE STREET VERSUS THE HOME.

(Messenger and Visitor.)

The terrible tragedy alluded to in a paragraph elsewhere, is of a kind happily rare in Canadian cities or communities, but it may well prompt inquiry into the educational conditions out of which conduct of so criminal and fiendish a character is developed. There are doubtless persons who come into the world with a congenital predisposition toward crime. It may be that the boy now held in the St. John jail on the charge of having deliberately taken the life of a companion a few years older than himself, was born with abnormal criminal tendencies. It seems much more probable, however, that the cause for this awful result is to be found principally in the educational influences to which the boy was subjected. Influences shared also by companions who may or may not be essentially better than himself. It is an illustration, and it should be an impressive one, of what may be expected to result from street education. It is a very painful lesson, and it may be expected when a boy is allowed to grow up without any wise and firm parental control, —to go to school or not, to go to church or not, and to work or not, as he feels inclined, to be at home or to be on the streets at night as his mind may lead him, to go with any companions who may entice him to frequent the precincts of theatres and other questionable haunts, to learn to smoke cigarettes and drink beer, and worst of all, perhaps, to defile his mind and inflame his imagination with the abominations of blood and thunder fiction. Let a boy have such an education, that, and there is hardly anything more certain than that, by a longer or a shorter road, he will go to the bad. Even if he escapes a short cut to the gallows or the penitentiary, he is pretty sure to do that which is still worse for society, to become a begueter and educator of children, who, unless rescued by the miracle of grace, will become even more vicious and criminal than himself. Some people are saying—"Enforce the curfew law,—let society see to it that the children are at home when night comes." The curfew law may be of some value, we say nothing against it. But evidently the root of the trouble lies deeper than can be reached by any curfew regulation. What is wanted is not merely that the children be sent home at night, but that there shall be homes worthy of the name for the children to go to. Where there is a home worthy of the name, there is little need to send the children home, for there are those there more concerned for their welfare than any others can be. Napoleon uttered a great word when he said that the supreme need of France was mothers. The greatest need of society today is mothers and the second greatest need is fathers, for where there are mothers and fathers worthy of those sacred names there will be homes which are worthy of that name which is so indissolubly connected with human welfare and which has given inspiration and purpose and character to so much that is noblest and best in connection with our English race and history. To build up the home is to build up the nation. To destroy the home is to destroy the nation. Evidently the task of regenerating homes is not an easy one, but a regenerated society apart from regenerated homes is impossible.

SUICIDE OF REMINGTON.

He Was of Sound Mind and Had a Good Income.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 19.—Edward P. Remington, brother of Robert Remington, who killed himself at the Newport reading room yesterday afternoon, arrived from Pittsburgh at 7 o'clock this evening and two hours later left for the former home of the family in Williamsport, Pa., where his brother's body will be buried.

Edward Remington was seen as he left the Wickford boat and his first words were an emphatic expression that his brother was of perfectly sound mind before he shot himself. Mr. Remington said that the last time he saw his brother was in April just prior to the announcement of his engagement to Miss VanAllen. At that time he had a long talk with his brother Robert and saw no evidence of any mental change whatever. He said that he knew nothing of his brother's relations with Miss VanAllen, except that they were to be married in the fall. As to his brother's financial condition he said that all he knew was that his brother had a good income.

The body of Robert Remington remained at the undertaker's all day, the casket being covered with roses sent by his friends. These floral tributes were taken in charge by Edward Remington tonight and were sent forward with the body.

The report that Miss May VanAllen, who had been engaged to marry Mr. Remington, was prostrated by the shock, is not so, as the young woman, while somewhat depressed, is in good health, but remains in seclusion at her father's home, Wakehurst.

UP GOES COAL.

Wholesale Price \$10 and \$11 in New York Today.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.—The wholesale price of anthracite has jumped to \$10 a ton for stove coal and \$11 for egg coal. Attracted by the high prices ruling in Manhattan, dealers in towns up the state have been making offers to the New York men to supply coal, some offers coming from Troy and Utica. So far as could be learned the dealers were not in favor of closing with these offers as the cost of shipping and handling would be added.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Aug. 20.—The Warnke Washery at Duryea resumed operations this morning under a strong guard. The works are surrounded by deputy sheriffs and coal and iron police. The strikers have not gathered in any large numbers as yet.

THE BOER GENERALS.

UTRECHT, Holland, Aug. 20.—The Boer generals—Botha, DeWet and De La Rey—accompanied by Dr. Leyds and Messrs. Fischer, Wessel, Wolmarans, Reitz and others, arrived here today from the Hague to visit ex-President Kruger and consult with him on the South African situation. The large crowds assembled at the railroad station and in the streets warmly applauded the Boers. The spectators at the station sang the Boer national anthem.

CHILD LABOR.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 19.—The New Jersey State Federation of Labor at its session today unanimously adopted a resolution calling on Governor Murphy to remove from office State Factory Inspector John C. Ward, on ground he had been negligent in performing the duties of his office, particularly as relates to the enforcement of the child labor laws. Mr. Ward appeared before the convention and denied the charges contained in the resolution, after which he was subjected to a cross-fire of questions by various delegates.

SHAH VISITS KING.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—The Shah proceeded to Portsmouth this morning to visit King Edward on board the royal yacht Victoria and Albert, which was boarded at the dockyard jetty so as to obviate the necessity of the Persian monarch crossing the Solent. The Prince of Wales and the Shah's suite accompanied his majesty to Portsmouth.

KILLED HIMSELF.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 20.—The dead body of David F. Levitt, aged 62 years, a prominent broker and treasurer of the Episcopal diocese of Missouri, was found at his residence in this city last night. The coroner rendered a verdict of suicide by barbitic acid. It is believed Mr. Levitt took his life Monday. He had long been a sufferer from ill-health.

OLD HOME WEEK.

CONCORD, N. H., Aug. 17.—New Hampshire's fourth annual Old Home week continues to be favored with beautiful autumn weather. Today has been Old Home Sunday, and more than a hundred of the ancient meeting houses of the state have been thronged with worshippers to hear new sermons by old preachers and old hymns by new choruses.


BOY MURDERER.

OZARK, Ark., Aug. 19.—Geo. Campbell, 15, was instantly killed last night at Sandy Creek church, near here, by Theodore Wade, the same age. Wade and another boy were fighting when Campbell ran up and stabbed Wade in the arm. Wade seized the knife and cut young Campbell's throat, killing him instantly. Wade is under arrest.

TOURIST ITEM.

"How was the scenery where you spent your vacation?"

"The most expensive I ever gazed at."—Detroit Free Press.



HATS OFF, PLEASE!

When your hat is a little shabby or flabby—out of shape, you know—or somewhat out of date—"Hats off, please!"—and new ones on—or have the old one fixed up a bit. Where better than at

ANDERSON'S, Manufacturers,
19 Charlotte Street.

CHILDREN'S and INFANTS'

Red, Tan, Chocolate and Black

BUTTONED BOOTS

Dressy Goods.

WOMEN'S WHITE CANVAS

OXFORD SHOES,

Only 50c. Per Pair,

Are among the bargains we are offering this week.

W. A. SINCLAIR,

65 BRUSSELS ST.

WILLIAM PETERS,

—DEALER IN—

LEATHER and HIDES,

Shoemakers' Findings, Plastering Hair, Tanners' and Curriers' Tools, Lamplack, etc.

266 Union Street.

Children's Diseases.

Mr. R. J. Burk, St. John, says:—"My little girl was cured by Scott's Emulsion of a bad attack of Diarrhoea and it never failed to relieve our baby of wind on the stomach, pains or sleeplessness." 35c. and \$1.00. All Druggists.

LARGE FAT

NEWFOUNDLAND HERRING.

BARRELS ONLY.

JAMES PATTERSON,

19 and 20 South Market Wharf.
5 City Market.

To the Electors

of St. John:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—

I beg leave to announce I will be a Candidate for the office of

ALDERMAN AT LARGE,

made vacant by the resignation of Ald. Seaton.

Yours respectfully,
W. C. RUDMAN ALLAN.

TO THE ELECTORS OF ST. JOHN:

Ladies and Gentlemen,—Having been induced by a number of electors of the City of St. John to be a candidate for the office of

ALDERMAN AT LARGE

made vacant by the resignation of Alderman Seaton, I ask your support, and if elected will use my best judgment for the interest of the city at large.

Yours respectfully,
ISAIAH W. HOLDER.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

It will pay you to have your work done at DUNHAM'S Upholstering, Carpet Laying, Furniture Polishing and Packing, Repairing, etc. First Class work at moderate prices.

FRED H. DUNHAM,
408 Main Street, N. E.

NECKLACE OF ANTS.

A necklace made of black ants is an article of adornment of New Guinea. The Anglican mission there gives particulars of one which measured over eleven feet long and was composed of as many as 1,800 bodies of ants. Three little pieces of shell and a dozen English beads were incorporated into it, and there was a native string holding it together, yet its weight only reached 2 drams 2 scruples 13 grains. These large black ants make big nests in the native gardens, and the native women and girls catch them, pull off their heads, bite off and swallow the other end and thread the thorax.

A VERY QUEER CUSTOM.

A curious custom takes place in villages of the Luxembourg district, Belgium, in May. After Sunday service numbers of lads cluster round the church entrance and as the girls come out seize them one by one, one lad grasping a girl by the shoulders and the other by the heels, the two lifting her well up while a third pumpkin passes under the human bridge thus formed. This is done in the presence of the parents, who themselves have passed through the same ordeal.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 20.—Forecast—Eastern states and northern New York—Partly cloudy, with probably local rains tonight; Thursday, fair; increasing east to southeast winds.

STEAMERS, ETC.

EASTERN STEAMSHIP CO.'s
(International Division)
ADDITIONAL DIRECT SERVICE.

Commencing June 23, 1902, steamers leave St. John at 8.00 a. m. Atlantic Standard, on Monday, for Lubec, Eastport, Portland and Boston. On Tuesday and Saturday at 4.30 p. m. From Boston direct, Mondays and Thursdays at 12.00 noon. Freight received up to 5.00 p. m. W. G. LEE, Agent, St. John, N. B. H. H. HANSON, G. F. and T. A. CALVIN, Agents, 308 Atlantic Ave., Boston, Mass.

Star Line S. S. Co.

One of the Mail Steamers, VICTORIA and DAVID WESTON, will leave St. John, N. B., for Fredericton and intermediate landings every morning (Sunday excepted) at 9 o'clock, and will leave Fredericton every morning (Sunday excepted) at 6.30 o'clock. Freight received up to 6 p. m.

R. S. ORCHARD, Manager.

MILLIDGEVILLE FERRY.

Stmr. MAGGIE MILLER will leave Millidgeville daily (except Saturday and Sunday) at 7.30 and 9.30 a. m. and at 2, 4 and 6 p. m. Returning from Baywater at 6 and 10.15 a. m. and 2.45 and 4.15 p. m. SATURDAY—Leave Millidgeville at 6.15 and 9.30 a. m. and 2, 4 and 6 p. m. Returning at 5.30, 7 and 10.15 a. m. and 3.45, 5.45 and 7.45 p. m. SUNDAY—Leaves Millidgeville at 9 and 10.30 a. m. and 2.30 and 4.15 p. m. Returning at 9.45, 11.15 a. m. and 5 and 7 p. m.

JOHN MCGOLDRICK, Agent.

Telephone 288A.

TO LET.

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or Three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

TO LET—At 90 St. James street, a self-contained flat of five rooms and bath room. Newly painted and papered. Open plumbing. Also at 100 St. James street, a barber shop. Apply to HUGH DOHERTY, 301 Charlotte street.

TO LET—Flat No. 90 Main street (opposite Odeon street). Rent, \$10.00. Also a small flat, rent, \$15. Apply to J. B. Cowan, 90 Main street.

TO LET—That valuable store and premises No. 59 Charlotte street, at present occupied by P. A. Dykeman & Co. Apply to E. T. C. KNOWLES, No. 8, Palmer's Chambers, City.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Advertisements under this head inserted free of charge.

WANTED—Situation by an experienced stenographer and typewriter. Is also accustomed to doing general office work. Can furnish good references. Address E. T. C. Knowles, No. 8, Palmer's Chambers, City.

HELP WANTED, MALE.

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or Three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

TINSMITH WANTED—A steady workman for tin and sheet iron work. Good references. Apply to MRS. CAMPBELL & CO., 73 Prince Wm. street.

WANTED—A smart lad to learn the baking business. One that has had experience preferred. SCOVILL'S BAKERY.

WANTED—A smart intelligent boy, about 14 years, for office boy. Address in own handwriting L. L. Star Office.

GENERAL AGENTS WANTED in each town for special, accident, sickness, indemnification policies and general insurance business. Liberal terms to reliable men. Write to 777, Montreal.

HELP WANTED, FEMALE.

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or Three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

WANTED—An experienced chamber maid. Wages \$10 per month. Apply at CARVILL HALL, 71 Waterloo street.

WANTED—Capable girl in family of three. No children. Apply to MRS. P. R. BUTCHER, 131 Princess street.

WANTED—At once a Kitchen Girl. Apply to CHEF, Victoria Hotel, King Street.

WANTED—Nurse Girl, to stay home at night. Apply 10 Horsfield street.

WANTED—At 35 King street, a good table girl; also chambermaid.

WANTED—A capable Pianist to play for Dancing at Duck Cove on Saturday evening. D. B. JACK.

WANTED—At Clifton House, a good table girl. Apply at once.

WANTED—A chambermaid. Apply at the LANSDOWNE HOUSE, 40 South Side King Square.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—A nice room with board for a young lady. Apply L. E. B., Star Office.

SEWING MACHINE.

Save money in the purchase of a Sewing Machine. Call at W. H. Bell's, 28 Dock Street. Best makes to select from. Tel. 1437.

FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or Three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

FOR SALE—A Bay Horse, six years old, weight about 1100 lbs., kind and gentle, suitable for a family use. Cheap for cash. Apply to GEORGE FINE, 25 Elmwood street.

FOR SALE—One bay horse, 1400 weight, harness and shawl. Cheap for cash. Apply to GEORGE FINE, 25 Elmwood street.

FOR SALE—A Large Square Bourse Piano in good order. Can be seen at 11 Summer street any afternoon.

HOUSE FOR SALE—House 161 Adelaide road, 2 flats, 5 rooms on each flat. Enquire on the premises.

FOR SALE—Some good quality pressed hay, by ROBERT SMITH, Dufferin Street, Charlotte Street Extension, Telephone 8.

LOST.

LOST—A Ladies' Satin and Net Neck Rug, between St. David's church, Sydney street, and No. 24 Princess street, on Sunday morning. Finder please leave at 231 Princess street.

FOUND.

FOUND—A lady's hand satchel. Apply at Star Office.

THE ST. JOHN STAR is published by THE SUN PRINTING COMPANY (LTD.), at St. John, New Brunswick, every afternoon (except Sunday) at \$1 a year.

ST. JOHN STAR.

ST. JOHN, N. B., AUGUST 20, 1902.

NO EASY TASK.

When a police officer compels a boy to leave a certain street corner or lurking place he does not thereby change the boy's nature, or the home influences by which he is effected. There is a good deal of cheap talk about what the police can do with the boy problem, as if boys were like nines to be set here or thrown there with the certainty that they would remain. It should not be forgotten that when the officer has scattered a group of boys he has merely made a passing impression on their minds, and that they are still boys, with very active brains, certain to be engaged upon some subject—good or bad. There is the boy, alert, active, aggressive. What are you going to do with him? Is it enough to write "Thou shalt not" in large letters over certain paths, and take it for granted that he will meekly and unquestioningly refrain from pursuing them? On the contrary he must be given something more profitable to think about, and encouraged to bend his mind upon it. It will not do to look upon him and declare him a reprobate, and keep on putting up fences in front of him. One of the great advantages of properly conducted public playgrounds is that they give the boys something to become engrossed about, without danger to their own morals or their neighbor's goods. The question what we shall do to help the boys is a practical and pressing one. It is always with us, and the most ardent reformer does not look forward to a time when boys will not be boys. The present duty is to take a step in advance, and it can be done by securing a compulsory school law, paying more attention to the question of providing recreation grounds, and insisting that children shall not be permitted to roam at will about the streets late in the evening. These are matters that the people collectively can attend to, and greatly aid the individual effort of parents and the organized work of the churches. With the best that can be done there will still be many wayward boys. The citizens should not, by indifference, contribute to the growth of waywardness, which may, as has been impressed upon the public mind very forcibly of late, develop into crime.

THE GOLDEN WEST.

Of the two thousand harvesters who are enroute from the maritime provinces to the great west, some will no doubt remain and take up land. The people now settled in that country much prefer to have eastern province people as neighbors rather than Gallians and other foreigners. The movement from the United States continues on a large scale. A Winnipeg paper prints an interview with Mr. P. W. Scott, who founded the town of Mass City in Michigan, and who now proposes to found a settlement in the country north of Edmonton. He has found 50,000 acres there that exactly suits his purpose, and says that he can get a hundred Michigan families to move there. There is room in the district, he says, for a hundred thousand people, and he will return this fall with the first lot of settlers. He predicts a great influx from the States next year.

"Our people," said Mr. Scott, "are rapidly getting the impression from the reports sent out that there will be more Americans than Canadians in this country in a few years. You need not fear any spread of the annexation sentiment, however, for every bona fide settler that comes in will become a citizen as soon as possible. Many and all have enough money to make a good start in this land of promise. If your crops turn out as well as I expect they will, there will be a rush of Americans to secure land that will astonish the world."

Another American, A. C. Davenport, the editor of a South Omaha paper, speaks out on the same topic. In his estimation, the thousands of Americans who now come and are coming to the Canadian West, instead of bothering themselves about the Americanization of the Dominion, will become model British citizens. "Give them freedom of religion, freedom of speech and press, and a fair market, and they'll assimilate, don't you fear," said Mr. Davenport.

The exhibition association advertises in its posters that a lodging bureau will assist visitors to find accommodation in the city during fair-time. This bureau can only be a success by virtue of the hearty co-operation of the citizens. In a little over a week the exhibition will open. The city's reputation for hospitality must be sustained.

The Boer generals are enjoying themselves in Holland, where they are doubtless regarded with much more respect than the men who took their money and fled to Europe in the early stages of the war.

Mr. Tarte's protectionist utterances grieve some of his liberal friends, but what Mr. Tarte says is the law of the present government. He is the master of this administration.

In several states Old Home week observances are the attraction this week. New Brunswick might do worse than have something of the sort next year.

What about erecting a little monument to mark the spot where Willie Doherty was murdered?—Telegraph.

Why commemorate a hideous crime?

A DIVORCE CASE.

Against "Dr." Madden, Specialist, Miner and Friend of the Fair.

HALIFAX, Aug. 19.—A divorce case was opened before Judge Graham today. The petitioner is Mrs. Ann Madden, who applies for an absolute divorce from her husband, Dr. Madden, on the ground of adultery. The husband is Thos. Madden, who has for some time been posing as a specialist in medicine. It appears from the evidence that when absent from his wife he was carried away by the good looks of some of his patients. He was married in 1880 to Miss Margaret Ann Baker of Stellarton. He was then a miner. The couple went to Truro. There Madden decided that a miner was too low a life for him, and he resolved to be a specialist, starting out in the rural town of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia. His wife in the present suit names several of his patients as co-respondents. Madden has left for parts unknown.

He made himself known on his arrival in this city and towns in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick by distributing the following: "Female complaints a specialty. Dr. Madden can be found at one of the leading hotels in this city for three or four days, where he can be interviewed from 4 to 8 o'clock. Everybody should call and see him." (Signed) DR. MADDEN.

OTTAWA NEWS.

OTTAWA, Aug. 19.—New Brunswick should be proud of the way in which her soldiers are responding to the call to go to the front. Dr. Madden is a year, Pinault, deputy minister of militia, has been advised that 1,100 of the ranks and 336 horses are going into Camp Sussex in September. Niagara-on-the-Lake attendance will be 1,987 with 116 horses, and at Three Rivers, Quebec, on his last visit, 1,980 with 60 horses. Lord Dufferin will make a personal inspection of each of the camps, visiting Sussex first, September 24th, and will then inspect the Quebec soldiers and afterwards visit the Ontario regiments.

Major Wood has been confirmed acting commander of the Yukon by order in council.

A memorial will be presented to the governor in council asking the imperial authorities to give Canadians of the last four regiments medals. The new Canadian commander is much in favor of the idea.

The Sovereign Great Priory, Knights Templar of Canada, opens its session here tomorrow. There will be 200 in attendance, among whom are Past Master Stephen John V. Ellis and Dr. T. Dyson Walker of St. John. Among the important proposals are one that in future two days' training shall be kept out of a proposed candidate, and a proposal to increase the initiation fee to \$50.

A cable to the militia department today from the casualty department, Cape Town, announces that in future cases of casualties or of dangerous illness will be sent out. The department will, however, from time to time inform the authorities here if any special occurs of interest to relatives of Canadian soldiers who are ill in South Africa.

Bicyclists and all athletes depend on BENTLEY'S Liniment to keep their joints limber and muscles in trim.

A SURGICAL FEAT.

It has hitherto been assumed that a man who has been shot through the heart has, at most, only a few hours to live. New possibilities, however, are indicated by the Paris correspondent of the Lancet, who writes: "Cures by suture of wounds of the heart are becoming more and more common. Hitherto, however, all the cases reported have been of wounds caused by knife or sword, but M. Lannay, a young surgeon attached to the Paris hospitals, has just related to the Academy of Medicine the details of a case in which the heart was pierced through by a revolver bullet." During the operation the bullet was found lying between the heart and the membrane which surrounds it. The two wounds of the heart were sewn up with catgut, the perforation of the outer membrane being treated in the same way, and the wound in the chest closed. No drainage was employed, and the patient recovered without a single bad symptom.

AMHERST.

AMHERST, N. S., Aug. 17.—Amos Purdy's protest against his dismissal from the postmaster's office at Amherst has been unavailing. C. J. McDonald, post office inspector, came here last night and today assumed charge of the office. Mr. Purdy being definitely and finally dismissed. No announcement has been made as to the appointment of his successor, although it is understood that there is no lack of applications. Mr. Purdy has issued a card to the people of the county protesting against the manner of his dismissal and asking for signatures to petitions for rehearing of his case.

You'll like the flavor of Red Rose tea. Full weight in every package.

Miss Lillian Beckwith of the High School staff returned yesterday by str. St. Croix from a visit to Boston and vicinity.

MADE THE BUTLER LAUGH.

A Cockney Host's Scheme to Make the Butlers Laugh.

(Washington Post.) "While I was in Melbourne," said a Washingtonian who recently visited Australia on a business mission for a Philadelphia manufacturing concern, "I was present at a state dinner given by an Englishman who had only a short time before struck it rich in the gold fields. He was middle aged and a cockney of the cockneys. He had been poking around the auferious hills of Australia with his pick for more than twenty years before he struck the ledge that made him a millionaire many times over."

"He was a bachelor, and when I got to Melbourne he had only recently got his magnificent domicile in running order. He had about two dozen servants, the top man, of course, being a characteristically grave and imperturbable English butler, a fellow as stiff as a lamp post and with about as much humor in his carcass as a ninepin."

"The stag dinner was a pretty jolly affair. It was attended by about twenty well-known men-about-town of Melbourne, and some performers from the Melbourne vaudeville theatres were engaged to entertain the guests."

"The English butler presided over the feast with the solemn manner befitting his kind. The fun ran around the table like a breeze after the wine began to operate, but nary a grin crossed the features of the haughty butler. He stood at the sideboard as straight as a perimmon tree, with his arms folded, and his countenance was like a mask of tragedy when the host and all the guests were all but rolling out of their chairs with laughter."

"I was sitting on the left of the host, and I observed that the preternatural gravity of the butler was getting on the host's nerves. Whenever the butler was at its height the cockney millionaire would glance up from beneath his bushy eyebrows at the butler, only to perceive that not so much as a muscle of that dignitary's face was twitching."

"Blime me, I heard the host mutter savagely to himself, 'or three times, 'w' don't that bloomin' cockney lark, y'know?'"

"Even when the vaudeville people began to execute their cut-up stunts the butler never gave the slightest indication that he saw anything funny in the proceedings. Finally a monologous chap, whose line of talk really was screamingly funny, got the floor, and it wasn't long before he had every man at the table just a-rocking and holding his sides. The host kept his eyes glued upon the butler's face to see if the professional entertainer even was capable of drilling a grin out of his face. But it was no go. The butler stood like a rock. To all intents and purposes he might just as well have had paralysis of the facial nerves."

"The cockney host couldn't stand it any longer. He jumped out of his chair—showing that he was just a bit rusty on his legs, which was natural enough, considering the way the corks had been popping—and rushing upon the butler and catching him around the waist he threw the imperturbable servant onto the floor, threw open the butler's coat, dug the fingers of both of his strong, pudgy hands into the butler's ribs, tickle him and bawled as he leaned over the man."

"Larf, y' bloody Stoughton bottle, larf! That's right, larf! Larf till y' bust, y' bloomin' cockney!"

"The butler, convulsed with uncontrollable shivers of laughter under the tremendous yoking which he was undergoing, yielded to be let up before he went off into 'laterics,' but his employer went right on tickling his ribs with all his might until the butler was exhausted. Then he let him up."

"Hi knowed H'd make y' larf, y' bloomer, an' now that y' are in bed, larf! Give y' a r' in y' wages," said the host, gleefully, resuming his chair. The butler got up and the feast went on."

SYNTHETIC COAL.

Possible Use for the Peat Bogs of New Brunswick.

(Bangor Commercial.)

With the price of coal mounting up into the big units, at least big in comparison with its usual price, and with the demand for peat which is increasing in its bogs of sphagnum moss, the efforts of Dr. G. M. Randall, formerly of Augusta, to interest people in his new method of compressing the material of these now worthless peat bogs into an economical fuel, are likely to find many sympathetic listeners. Dr. Randall is the inventor of a process for manufacturing what is termed synthetic coal from this peat with the addition of chemical compounds. The peat is greatly compressed and with these chemical elements added a most satisfactory and economically made fuel is the result. In a lecture before the Lewiston board of trade a few days since Dr. Randall gave an explanation of his process of converting vegetable peat into carbonized coal, in which he stated that one acre of peat would make 400 tons of the fuel for use as fuel in a boiler. He also stated that the peat in the bogs of the province is estimated to be of a depth of 11 feet, thus giving a capacity of over 4,000 tons of fuel per acre.

With what is known of the use of peat for fuel in several European countries—simply dried peat with no addition of heat giving chemicals—the greatly compressed peat according to Dr. Randall's formula—we expect to see the day when the great peat deposits of our state like the Sydney bog, the Newport bog, and others along the lines of the Washington County and Bangor and Arctostaphylos railways, will be probably and economically utilized as a satisfactory and cheap fuel. We hope Dr. Randall has an invention which makes this practicable. We don't care what the name is, he may call it synthetic coal, or carbonized peat or any other name he chooses—only let us have it and have it quick. We can stand \$10 coal but a little while—so hurry up your Maine sphagnum-moss-made-compressed-peat-carbonized fuel as soon as possible.

SOMERVILLE, Mass., Aug. 19.—Before it was learned that a man who had fallen unconscious in a doorway here today was ill of smallpox, he was taken to the city physician, reached the place the patient was taken to the hospital for contagious diseases.

To cure Headache in ten minutes use KUMFORT Headache Powders.

New Printed Flannelettes.

Cashmere Twills, in spots and stripes, Price 15c.

Paisley Designs, in fancy stripes and solid stripes, Price 18c. and 20c.

Veldora Flannelettes, in stripes, spots, fancy designs, Persian stripes, Paisley Patterns, Prices 23, 24 and 28c.

Satin Finish Flannelettes, lace effects, ribbon effects, floral, stripes, etc., Price 28c.

Velour Flannelettes, Beautiful designs, Prices 15, 18, 20, 24, 28c.

Velour Eider Flannel, Double Fold, Reversible, in cardinal, garnet, French blue and grey ground with white scroll designs, Price 48c.

Reversible Velours, in several colorings, Price 37c.

All of the above Flannels and Velours, Etc., are New Goods.

Our Dress Room is bristling with Novelty Fall Goods.

Manchester Robertson & Allison

C. B. LOCKHART HOME.

Enjoyed a Pleasant Trip Through Western Canada—Much Impressed With the Country.

C. B. Lockhart, who returned yesterday from a trip through the Northwest and to the Pacific coast, speaks enthusiastically of his visit. Accompanied by Mrs. Lockhart he stopped at all the principal places of interest and besides Vancouver and Victoria, visited Seattle and Tacoma. He was much impressed by the immensity as well as by the fertility of the Northwest, and feels that the people of the east do not fully realize what a gigantic undertaking was that building of the C. P. R. He finds that that road is, by building branches wherever they are needed, developing the resources of the country with great rapidity. In the Northwest dwellings impressed him as somewhat smaller than we are accustomed to, but this was probably due to the scarcity of lumber. All houses were very comfortable and he found every person employed and plenty of room for more. As he returned the farmers were just commencing to cut their crops in some sections. For scenery, for enterprise, wealth and grand possibilities, Mr. Lockhart recommends a trip to the West.

ST. DAVID'S PICNIC.

Efficient committees are busy planning for the summer outing of St. David's Church Sabbath school tomorrow at Watters' Landing. The sports committee have arranged the following programme: 11 a. m., girls' base ball; 11.30 a. m., swimming race; 1 p. m., children's race, potato race and 75 yards dash; 2.30 p. m., base ball game, St. David's v. Trinity; 4.30 p. m., races for girls, potato and 100 yards dash; races for boys, potato, 100 yards dash, three-legged and broad jump.

The following boat arrangements have been made: Steamer Majestic leaves Indianapolis at 9.30 a. m. and 1.30 p. m.; returning will leave grounds at 3 p. m., calling both ways at Westfield wharf. The steamer Victoria will leave her wharf at 6 p. m. to bring the picnickers home, leaving the grounds to return about 7.30 o'clock. Tickets: adults, 40c.; children, 25c.; from Westfield, 20c.; evening sail by steamer Victoria, 25c. Refreshments will be sold on the grounds.

THE HOSPITAL NURSES.

At a meeting of the committee appointed by the commissioners of the General Public Hospital to look after the nurses' training school, held last night, three of the nurses—Misses McLatchey, Flagler and Murphy—submitted apologies with reference to the letter to Miss Mitchell, the matron. These young ladies were retained on the staff. The names of the other three young ladies who had signed the letter and who refused to apologize for what it contained—Misses Burns, Smith and Munro—were removed from the list of nurses and arrangements were made to fill their places.

EIGHT SERIOUSLY INJURED.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—Eight persons were seriously injured, two of them at least fatally, and a dozen others severely so, tonight, when one of the heavy open street cars of the Union railroad line of the Bronx left the tracks on Jerome Park avenue near the crossing of Moshulu parkway and turned completely over in a ditch. Two of the men taken to the Fordham hospital have not been identified. Their skulls were fractured and the hospital authorities said they would likely die. Others taken to Fordham hospital were: Michael Donohue, 304 East street, scalp wounds and contusions of the head.

STILL A BOER.

THE HAGUE, Aug. 19.—The generals also attended the pro-Boer exhibition which is being held here, responding to the welcome they received at the exposition building, General De Wet in a voice broken with emotion said: "All those who organized this exhibition of art and industry have contributed to the growth of nations. We South Africans were on the road to the development of art and industry, but our legs were cut from under us, consequently we need help and support to rise again. It is for that very purpose that we have come to you, and we are grateful for the honor shown and the help given us by the Dutch."

DEATHS.

STEPHENSON—Entered into rest, August 19th, Jane, beloved wife of Andrew Stephenson, in the 53rd year of her age, leaving a husband, four daughters and one son to mourn their loss. Funeral on Thursday at 2.30 o'clock from her late residence, 97 Westmorland Road to Trinity church and thence to the Church of England cemetery.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

DEPARTURES.

By Intercolonial Railway.

For Halifax: Moncton Mixed Train, 7.50 a.m.; Point du Chene, Halifax and Pictou, 12.00 noon; Hampton (suburban), 1.15 p.m.; Hampton (suburban), 1.30 p.m.; Quebec and Montreal, 1.30 p.m.; Hampton (suburban), 1.40 p.m.; Halifax and Sydney, 1.45 p.m.

By Canadian Pacific Railway—

For Boston: 4.45 a.m.; Fredericton, 5.05 p.m.; Montreal, 5.05 p.m.; Boston, 5.30 p.m.

Suburban.

For Westford and intermediate points 4.45 a.m.; 1.15 p.m.; (Saturdays) 1.40 p.m.; 1.45 p.m.; 1.50 p.m.

New Brunswick Southern Railway

For St. Stephen, from St. John East (Ferry), 7.30 a.m.

For St. Stephen, from St. John West, 7.30 a.m.

By Intercolonial Railway.

From Halifax and Sydney (Saturdays only), 1.00 a.m.; 1.15 p.m.; 1.30 p.m.; 1.45 p.m.

Suburban Hamilton, 1.15 p.m.; Sussex, 1.30 p.m.; Quebec and Montreal, 1.30 p.m.; Moncton (Mixed), 1.40 p.m.; Hampton (Suburban), 1.45 p.m.; Halifax and Pictou, 1.45 p.m.; Hampton (Suburban), 1.50 p.m.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

Federicton Express, 5.05 a.m.; Boston Express, 5.05 p.m.; Montreal Express, 5.05 p.m.; Boston and Fredericton Express, 1.15 p.m.; Westford Suburban arrivals, 7.00 a.m.; 1.15 p.m.; 1.30 p.m.; 1.45 p.m.; 1.50 p.m.; 1.55 p.m.

From St. Stephen, N. B. Southern Railway.

STEAMERS.

Steamers of the Eastern S. S. Co. Line, Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Steamers of the Dominion Atlantic Railway, daily, 7.45 a.m.

Steamer for Grand Manan, Tues., 9.00 a.m.

Carleton ferry boat makes twenty minute trips from 6 a. m. until 10 p. m. and half hour trips from 10 p. m. until 11.30 p. m.

RIVER SERVICE.

Steamers Leaving Indiantown.

Steamer Clifton leaves for Hampton at 2 p. m. every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday. Leaves Hampton at 5.30 a. m.

Steamer Hampstead runs daily to Wickham, leaving Indiantown at 4 p. m. and Wickham on return

