

GENERAL UNEMPLOYMENT IN WESTERN CANADA

FAIR WAGE SCALE FOR PLUMBERS' WORK AT OTTAWA SET

City Council Refers Back to Board Clause Applicable to Plumbers.

OTTAWA.—After referring back reconsideration by the Board of Control the recommendation that the Fair Wage for plumbers and steamfitters be 85 cents an hour instead of 80 cents, as at present, City Council Monday night adopted the new Fair Wage scale of wages for workmen employed on civic jobs.

The Board will again discuss the Fair Wage for plumbers and steamfitters, and will bring in a recommendation at the next meeting of Council.

Comparative Wage Scale.

Trade or Class Work	hour per
Bricklayers	1.00
Marble and Tile Setters	1.00
Stone Masons	1.00
Carpenters	.75
Electricians	.75
Improvers	.55
Stonecutters	.50
Structural Steel Workers	.50
Painters and Glaziers	.50
Plasterers	.50
Builders Laborers	.50
Concrete Workers	.50
Garbage loaders	.50
Sewer pipe layers	.50
Powermen	.50
Ordinary laborers	.50
Sidewalk finishers	.50
Straightedge workers	.50
Finishers	.50
Asphalt rakers and tampers	.50
Street sweepers	.50
Teamsters	.50

The fair wage scale of all engineers was renewed on the same basis of last year. Alderman Whyte, playing his usual role, led the attack on the plumbers and despite the sound common sense logic of the contractor's position, on division, decided to refer the matter back. The fact that 75% of the plumbers of Ottawa are now receiving the "gang of labor batters" more will be heard of the matter later.

MINERS RESUME WORK IN ALL COAL FIELDS

Some Mines Crippled—Export Restrictions Are Off.

LONDON, Eng.—There was a general resumption of work Monday throughout the coal fields, even in Lancashire, where to the last the miners had rejected the terms offered by the owners.

SEAMEN ON GREAT LAKES RETAIN THE EIGHT-HOUR DAY.

WASHINGTON, D.C.—By a vote of 167 to 113, the House rejected a 12-hour work day for firemen, oilers and water tenders on the Great Lakes. The proposal was included in Congressman Scott's amendment to the seamen's law. Congressman Nolan, of the Iron Miners' Union, led an all-day battle against the long work day. The bill is now in the hands of the Senate Committee on Commerce.

PAPER MILL GRIEVANCES TO BE ARBITRATED.

ALBANY, N.Y.—The paper mill strikers have voted to accept arbitration of the dispute, which has kept many of the mills closed for some time. The manufacturers' proposal provides for three arbitrators representing each side and an umpire chosen by both. The findings will be retroactive.

employment increases in B. C.

VIC.—The unemployment in this city is showing according to figures within the past two weeks 4,500 men have registered at the Central Employment Bureau here. The closing of the W. H. Pulp Company at the end of June and the shutting down of many logging camps has added to the number of unemployed on the coast.

OPPORTUNITIES GREAT IN CANADA

Minister of Labor Paints a Rosy Picture For Future of This Country.

OTTAWA.—Hon. Senator Gideon D. Robertson, Minister of Labor, delivering a patriotic address in Knox Presbyterian Church Sunday evening said Canadians need not have any apprehension for the future. The way he sized up the situation was that the men who were endeavoring to stir up strife in the ranks of labor were bound to fail because they had repudiated God and Christianity. "We need not have any fear from any movement that repudiates Christianity," he said.

Senator Robertson traced the industrial and commercial growth of Canada from the days of Confederation and referred to it as little short of remarkable. He also pointed a rosy picture for the future, and on several occasions expressed the belief that while the country at present was passing through a period of depression, it would soon enter a period of prosperity and happiness which would more than compensate for the present suffering.

Much had been said about the chivalry and spirit of loyalty which had marked the time of Confederation, but the speaker did not think any of it had been lost in the present day. He instanced the response that was made to the call to arms at the outbreak of the war.

KINGSTON MASONS PROTEST AGAINST SECOND WAGE REDUCTION.

KINGSTON.—The members of the Masons' lodge here will not accept the rate of wages offered by the contractors for work on the hospital extension. The wage offered is 85 cents an hour, a reduction of 15 per cent having been put in force some time ago.

NEWFOUNDLAND DOCKERS STRIKE AGAINST WAGE SLASH.

ST. JOHN'S, Nfld.—Longshoremen to the number of more than one thousand here have struck against a proposed wage reduction. Leaders of the strikers asserted that because of the time taken by the government by the government they could not afford to accept the reduction. The loading and discharging of cargoes on several steamers was suspended.

CALGARY CARPENTERS NEGOTIATE NEW AGREEMENT WITH CONTRACTORS

New Agreement Calls For 90 Cents an Hour and 44-Hour Week, and Will Remain Effective to March 31, 1922.

CALGARY.—The new wage agreement between Calgary contractors and carpenters has now been signed. The current minimum rate of 90 cents an hour and effective until March 31 next year. A 44-hour week has been agreed. The time hour is given from midnight to 8 a.m. and time and one-half from 8 a.m. to 12 o'clock midnight. Saturdays time and one-half from 12 noon to 5 p.m., and double time thereafter.

CO-OPERATION ALONE POINTS WAY TO PEACE

Shall We Cling to the Jungle Law and Cut Each Other's Throats?

WASHINGTON, D.C.—The term "co-operation" is derived from two Latin words—"co," meaning together, and "opero," which means work, says the All-American Co-operative Commission, in its weekly news service.

"Co-operation is working together. That is very simple, and yet it contains a truth so profound that it has not yet fathomed its possibilities. The great institutions of civilization are all based on co-operation. Without it there could be no family life, no churches, no schools, no government; society would be plunged into the abyss of hopeless anarchy, and human progress would be impossible.

"But what if we carry co-operation to its logical conclusion, and instead of each man working for himself, we work together for the common good in industry and international relationships that are the home of the school and the maintenance of government?"

"What would happen to industrial autocracy, to privileged monopoly, to the crude and chaotic and cruel world civilization today is just this. Shall we cling to the jungle law of competition and continue to cut each other's throats, or shall we strive to construct civilization on an enduring co-operative basis? This is not a dream. It is hard, but it is the only way to escape the fundamental evils of the old, war, more industrial strife, and to create a new, more peaceful, more just, more democratic world."

BRITISH LABOR LEADER INVITED TO TORONTO FOR LABOR DAY.

TORONTO.—Acting for the Labor Day Committee of the local labor movement, Mr. James McLean, M.P. for Battersea in the British House of Commons, to take part in the Labor Day festival here.

UNEMPLOYMENT VERY SERIOUS ON WESTERN COAST.

VICTORIA, B.C.—Two thousand men are to be sent from the cities of British Columbia to the harvest fields of the middle western provinces, according to plans being discussed here by officials of the provincial department of labor. It is not yet known to what extent the government will be able to assist these men in their transportation. This wholesale migration of males is being planned because of the serious unemployment conditions in most of the cities, especially Vancouver.

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES ACT DOES NOT APPLY TO CIVIC WORKS.

OTTAWA.—An application has been received by the Minister of Labor from the St. John's Seamen's Union for a board of conciliation to arbitrate on the proposed wage reduction of 15 per cent. The labor department has replied that the industry appears to be one connected with the lumbering trade, and this being so, a board of conciliation pointed out by the Industrial Disputes Act by the consent of both parties concerned. Further action is accordingly, in abeyance.

Bolshevists' New Bourgeoisies

"There is still, of course, a powerful element in the country (Great Britain) which opposes any relations whatever with the Soviet Government. My Government at Moscow is accused of conspiring in Constantinople and in Ireland. Both of the statements are utterly false, and it would be well if critics of Russian-British relations would understand that in the last few months a great change has taken place in the body politic of Russia."

"Before the trade agreement I often prophesied that, with cessation of war and intervention against them, the Moscow Government would find it necessary to alter their internal policy. Moscow now finds it necessary to enter into trade agreements with capitalists all over the world. Britain's example they wish to be followed by France, the Scandinavian countries, Italy, and America. Moscow realizes that anything like a Communist revolution in Western Europe is more or less remote."

"Everywhere there we find a state of patriarchism, of semi-savagery, and even a real savagery. Glance at some of the out-of-the-way villages in Russia, which lie far from railways, where there are no roads. Is there not the same barbarism as in any other place where there is no material connection with civilization, with capitalism, with big industries and big towns? Is it thinkable that a direct change from such a state—which is predominant in Russia—to Socialism is possible?"

Further: "Compared with Socialism, capitalism is an evil, but capitalism is a blessing in comparison with the medievalism, with the small producer, with the bureaucracy which is connected with small industries. In so far as the immediate realization of Socialism is impossible, capitalism is inevitable to a certain extent."

Wages Will Be Reduced 6s. Per Week Instead of 16s. as Threatened.

LONDON, Eng.—Provisional settlement of the engineers' wages dispute was reached between the negotiating committee of the workers and employers last Thursday. This agreement was submitted to the conference of delegates fully explained and discussed, and was accepted by an overwhelming majority, a few delegates voting against it.

"A further resolution was carried that this conference recommends to the members of the respective unions acceptance of the agreement arrived at." This agreement will be balloted on by the members of the respective unions. There will be 14 days in which to take the ballot, and the employers have agreed to suspend notices meanwhile.

The conference also expressed the opinion that no branch results should be published in the press until the final figures are declared. The agreement in effect, means the application of the shipyard settlement with reference to a 6s reduction in two instalments.

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES ACT NOT APPLICABLE TO LUMBERING.

TORONTO.—The Labor Department at Ottawa, through the acting Deputy Minister, has notified Mr. E. M. Ashworth, manager of the civic hydro system, that the establishment of a board of conciliation to conciliate the report upon the grievances of the electrical workers employed on the system has been cancelled. The department, after consultation with the Minister of Justice, admits the accuracy of the contention of Mayor Church and the Hydro Commission that it has no power under the Industrial Disputes Act to appoint a board of conciliation to hear disputes in relation to municipalities and its employees, without the consent of the former.

C. B. OF R. E. TO MEET IN AUGUST AT WINNIPEG

Date Has Been Brought Forward—Congress Convention Meets Immediately Afterwards.

WINNIPEG.—Meeting for the first time in Western Canada, the call for the convention of the Canadian Brotherhood of Railroad Employees has been sent out to open in Winnipeg on August 9.

Two hundred delegates from as far east as Newfoundland and Prince Rupert in the west will be in attendance.

It had been expected that the convention of the C. B. of R. E. would be held in September, but when the annual convention of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada was brought forward, the C. B. of R. E. for reasons best known to itself, did likewise.

"Everywhere there we find a state of patriarchism, of semi-savagery, and even a real savagery. Glance at some of the out-of-the-way villages in Russia, which lie far from railways, where there are no roads. Is there not the same barbarism as in any other place where there is no material connection with civilization, with capitalism, with big industries and big towns? Is it thinkable that a direct change from such a state—which is predominant in Russia—to Socialism is possible?"

OPEN SHOP MEANS NATION OF TRAMPS, SAYS "FATHER TIM."

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—In his address to the convention of the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, Rev. Timothy Dempsey, known as "Father Tim," has this to say of the anti-union shop:

"The 'open shop' to me, means a nation of tramps. I run a hotel for workmen, and up to two or three years ago it was an 'open' shop. Then men who stopped with me were hoboes or tramps. Then an organization of the maintenance-of-way men was started, and they had their wages doubled. Then they stopped coming to the hotel. Now they are coming again, because the men who are running the industry of the country are trying to make it a nation of tramps through the 'open shop.'"

LEAGUE DESIRES TO PLACE AUSTRIA ON FINANCIAL FEET.

GENEVA, Switz.—According to a representative of the Financial Committee of the League of Nations, all European governments have practically agreed that the adoption of the latest scheme for placing Austria on her financial feet depends on the consent of the United States to suspend its claims for a period of at least 20 years.

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES ACT NOT APPLICABLE TO LUMBERING.

TORONTO.—The Labor Department at Ottawa, through the acting Deputy Minister, has notified Mr. E. M. Ashworth, manager of the civic hydro system, that the establishment of a board of conciliation to conciliate the report upon the grievances of the electrical workers employed on the system has been cancelled.

GROUPS OF RAILWAY WORKERS CANNOT NEGOTIATE SEPARATE AGREEMENTS

CHICAGO.—No separate agreement on wages working conditions can be made by any group of railroad employees in a particular office or shop, apart from the agreement made with that class of employees as a whole over the entire system, according to a ruling of the Railroad Labor Board last week. The decision was issued in the case of clerks in general offices on several railroads who wished to negotiate separate agreements with the road, distinct from the agreement made between the road and the Brotherhood of Railway and Steamship Clerks, Freight Handlers, Express and Station Employees.

Limitation of Armaments to Be Considered

LONDON, Eng.—The passing of the "Hobart" amendment to the naval appropriation bill in the United States House of Representatives has given rise to expressions of great satisfaction in both official and unofficial circles in London. A higher authority on foreign affairs vouchsafes the opinion that the adoption of this amendment, authorizing and requesting the President to invite British and Japanese representatives to a conference on the limitation of armaments, may prove to be a step of utmost importance. The proceedings of the Imperial conference have recently been veiled in secrecy, and considerable comment has arisen from the announcement in the "Times" that the Lord Chancellor expressed the opinion that the Anglo-Japanese Treaty automatically continues for one year, even if denounced this month.

C. N. R. EMPLOYEES VOTE ON WAGE CUT

Two Propositions Are Being Submitted to Stationary Employees By Management.

OTTAWA.—Arrangements are being made for the taking of a quick poll amongst the stationary employees of the Canadian National Eastern lines as to whether the men will accept the proposal of the management for a reduction in salaries and wages according to the schedule made out by the company.

JOINT INDUSTRIAL COUNCILS MAKING GOOD PROGRESS IN CANADA.

OTTAWA.—That good progress is being made in the establishment of joint industrial councils throughout the Dominion is stated by Hon. Gideon Robertson, Minister of Labor. That the idea may be further pushed along, T. A. Stevenson, prominent Toronto labor man, has left for the west and will visit the industrial centers with a view toward extending the method of conciliation.

TORONTO BUILDING TRADES REPRESENTATIVES TO MEET.

TORONTO.—A convention of delegates from the building trades unions of the city has been called by Secretary John Doggett of the Building Trades Council for July 8. Mr. Doggett said the purpose of the convention was to discuss the question of work, unemployment and other questions. One of the questions to be settled is the centralization of all business agents of whom there are several employed by unions in the council under the Building Trades Council.

AMERICAN SOCIALIST PARTY'S MEMBERSHIP FALLS TO 14,329.

DETROIT.—A decisive vote against any international affiliation of the Socialist Party of the United States, in convention at Detroit, Michigan, the membership of the party has fallen from 166,989 before the war, to 14,329.

OTTAWA FIRE FIGHTERS APPOINT DELEGATES FOR PROVINCIAL MEET.

OTTAWA.—Meetings of local 192 Ottawa Fire Fighters, were held both Tuesday morning and evening for the appointment of three delegates to attend the convention of the Ontario Fire Fighters' Association, which is to be held in the Windsor Hotel on August 4, 5 and 6, and to consider the question of importance to the firemen.

TORONTO BRICKLAYERS RE-ELECT JOHN VICK AS BUSINESS AGENT.

TORONTO.—John Vick was re-elected business agent of the Bricklayers' Union by a substantial majority last week. William Janovics was re-elected president, and Joe Hammer treasurer. The others elected were William Jarvis, vice-president, and E. Trenwith, financial secretary. Fred Howell, corresponding secretary, J. Adams, C. Smith and C. Leachman, trustees; J. McCullough, inner ward, and J. Jackson, ward

GENERAL POLICY OF ARBITRATION MUST CONTINUE

Policy of Strikes Would Be Fatal to Success of Shoeworkers.

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—Arbitration remains the only safe and solid foundation of our policy for the future, as in the past, declares the report of President Collis Lovely and Secretary Charles L. Baine to the fifteenth convention of the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union which met recently in this city. The concluding paragraph of the report, under the heading "Our Future Policy," reads thus:

"We see in the changed conditions that now confront us no reason why our general policy should be changed for the future. The general policy of arbitration must continue to be the foundation of our success and our permanence in the future as in the past."

"We are aware that the attitude of some employers has caused some of our members to jump to the conclusion that a reversion to a policy of strikes in order to our minds, nothing could be more fatal to our success in the future.

HAMILTON BUILDING DISPUTE NEARING END

Judge Snider Decides to Act as Board's Chairman.

HAMILTON.—J. M. Piggett announced a recent arbitrated settlement by the Building Trades Council respectively had a long conference with the building trades union to agree on a chairman of the board of arbitration on the wage scale for the various trades employed in the building industry. They finally decided to make another appeal to Judge Snider, who was agreed upon last week, but was not available for appointment. They pointed out to him that he had been a long time in making his decision, and asked him to make a sacrifice for the general good.

AMERICAN SOCIALIST PARTY'S MEMBERSHIP FALLS TO 14,329.

DETROIT.—A decisive vote against any international affiliation of the Socialist Party of the United States, in convention at Detroit, Michigan, the membership of the party has fallen from 166,989 before the war, to 14,329.

OTTAWA FIRE FIGHTERS APPOINT DELEGATES FOR PROVINCIAL MEET.

OTTAWA.—Meetings of local 192 Ottawa Fire Fighters, were held both Tuesday morning and evening for the appointment of three delegates to attend the convention of the Ontario Fire Fighters' Association, which is to be held in the Windsor Hotel on August 4, 5 and 6, and to consider the question of importance to the firemen.

TORONTO BRICKLAYERS RE-ELECT JOHN VICK AS BUSINESS AGENT.

TORONTO.—John Vick was re-elected business agent of the Bricklayers' Union by a substantial majority last week. William Janovics was re-elected president, and Joe Hammer treasurer. The others elected were William Jarvis, vice-president, and E. Trenwith, financial secretary. Fred Howell, corresponding secretary, J. Adams, C. Smith and C. Leachman, trustees; J. McCullough, inner ward, and J. Jackson, ward

Editorial Page of The Canadian Labor Press

DANIEL McCANN, Manager. CHAS. W. LEWIS, Circulation Manager.

OFFICIAL ORGAN ALLIED TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL OF OTTAWA.

ENDORSED BY Hamilton District Trades and Labor Council. Hamilton Building Trades Council. Associated Federal Employes (Every member a subscriber.)

The Canadian Labor Press PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY THE CANADIAN LABOR PRESS, LIMITED. Toronto Office: 40-52 FINE BLDG., 45 JARVIS ST. Owned and Controlled Exclusively by Organized Labor.

NO STRIKE ON U.S. RAILWAYS OVER WAGE SCHEDULE

National Agreements Are to Remain in Force, According to Board's Award.

CHICAGO.—There will be no strike of railroad employes on account of the 12 per cent. wage reduction ordered by the United States Railway Labor Board, which went into effect on Friday.

When the conference are finally concluded, the question of acceptance of the board's decision, which brought the Labor representatives to Chicago, will be submitted to the membership of such organizations as have not already taken a referendum vote.

Indications are that any further voting will be influenced by the fact that the board is opposed to a general walkout.

James J. Davis, Secretary of Labor, has indicated his willingness to confer with the railroad Labor officials and that he is not at all dissatisfied with the board's decision.

Reputation of the Railway Labor Board as a means of settling disputes and a return to the old method of direct negotiations with the railroads in the matter of wages and working conditions may be the outcome of these conferences.

Many of the union leaders agree in expression of dissatisfaction with the recent decisions of the board and have voiced their determination to work out a plan which will eliminate the board as a factor in settling disputes between the railroad management and their employes.

According to the assertion of union officials, if the question involved had been merely that of a conference with delegates to these conferences would have disposed of that with a formal protest, but as the working agreement presented to the railroads is a plan which will eliminate the board as a factor in settling disputes between the railroad management and their employes.

ORGANIZED FALSEHOOD LABOR'S GREATEST FOE When Labor's Gospel Spoken People Hear it Gladly.

SYDNEY, New South Wales, Australia.—In urging 100 per cent. support by labor of its press and other publicity, the Australian Worker says:

"We have reached a stage in our existence which renders it imperative that we should be able to cope with the lies by which we are assailed on all sides, and efficiently refute the slanders of our unscrupulous enemies.

"Capitalism has organized falsehood to a point of amazing effectiveness. It has created an Ananias press that insinuates itself into the homes of the working class and by its ironical perversion of the truth actually in many instances fills them with hostility to their own interests and with an angry distrust of those who are fighting against the odds that they, the workers, may enjoy the fruits of victory.

"The rulers of men have always understood the value of falsehood. They have paid it the greatest tribute in every period of history, have encouraged organizations for its dissemination, subsidized them lavishly and granted them great privileges.

"But never before have the rulers of men had a liar like the capitalist press. Undoubtedly the daily papers of capitalism have been the greatest obstacle in the path of labor. They have kept the people politically ignorant. They have saturated them with falsehood. They have intensified their bigotry and dulled their brains with the ethics of slavery.

"Where labor's gospel is spoken, the people hear it gladly. Where labor's truths are uttered, they are acclaimed by the multitude. All that is needed is the machinery of publicity. Provide it and success is in adequate measure and its triumph is assured.

UNITED STATES' INFLUENCE "DECISIVE" IN A WORLD'S CRISIS. LONDON, Eng.—Viscount Grey, in a statement issued on the eve of the great League of Nations demonstration in Hyde Park, renews his advocacy of the league. Referring to President Harding's declaration that the United States could not join, Viscount Grey says: "I believe the President and people of the United States have the same desire for world peace as those in this country, who are the strongest supporters of the league. We know the influence of the United States must be very great and very likely to be decisive in a world crisis. We shall welcome that influence in whatever way the United States decides to exercise it, but we cannot escape the league."

MR. GOMPERS AGAIN

(Leading editorial in the Christian Science Monitor, a neutral international newspaper published at Boston, Mass.)

Either ability for leadership or ability for political control is in evidence when the chief of an elective body like the American Federation of Labor is kept in office for 45 out of 47 years since the beginning of the organization. No doubt Samuel Gompers is not without some power to control the destinies of the federation, but it is not his power that is the subject of this editorial.

More than is generally realized, perhaps, it amounts to a vigorous protest against an American influence and methods in the handling of Labor affairs. Not that Mr. Lewis is believed to be the intentional agent of anything of this sort. Rather the supposition is that subtle influences undertook to use his candidacy for their own ends, and in the breaking of this sort of Gompers strength and the possible perversion of the federation's influence in the American Labor movement.

The article does not lack the means of bringing the power of the press to his aid, whether for the spread of personal opinion and political plans for some significance for Gompers or for the overcoming of any opposition to his proposals. On more than one occasion in the past, the article has been used to close over him, but each time the federation's president has refused to yield himself to the attack.

There is equal opportunity here for satisfaction on the part of Labor and of the American public. The Labor movement is not properly the field for unprincipled manipulation for personal gain. It is a movement of the people, in or out of the American Federation of Labor, can hope for nothing better than to see the Labor movement work out its proper destiny in the United States, enjoying fair protection from the established government and giving to the establishment government its fair protection. The interests of popular government and the Labor movement are fundamentally the same. Inasmuch as Mr. Gompers has performed his leadership pretty closely to this conception, it is reassuring of an American spirit among federated workers and their representatives that he should be able to stand up to a disrupting propaganda.

ageddon.—Its shadow is receding backward into history. The proper occupation of the King is, first, to honor the dead; next, to repair the havoc human and material, that surrounds the human realm; and last, to apply with courage the lessons of the war.

Sheathed Sword of Devotion.—Here in the heart of Europe we meet to unveil the memorial to our country's dead. In the earth which has resounded to the drums and trappings of many contests, they rest in the quiet God's Acre, with the brave of all the world. At death they shed their heroic sword of devotion, and now from off stricken fields they hold aloft the cross of sacrifice, mutely beckoning to those who would share their immortality.

"No words can add to their fame so long as gratitude holds place in men's hearts never can our forgetfulness be suffered to detract from their memory. Just as the war dwarfed by its magnitude all the contents of the past, so the wonder of human resource and the splendor of human emotion has reached a zenith never witnessed before.

"Danger to 'Common Things.'—Ours we thought were prosaic days when the great causes of earlier times had lost their inspiration. At that time, in many hundreds of plots throughout these hills and valleys, all the way from Flanders to Picardy, the fifty thousand of our dead, their resting places have been dedicated to their memory forever by the kindly and grateful heart of France, and will be tended and cared for by us in the measure of love we bear them.

"Around and over all are being planted the maple trees of Canada. In thought, her sons will rest the better in the trees which they know so well in life. Across the league of the Atlantic the heart strings of our Canadian nation will reach through all time these graves in France. We shall never let pass away the spirit bequeathed to us by those who fell.— Their names live for evermore."

"I would desire no finer epitaph than that it should be said of me. He added a little in the awareness of the world's little to its light."—Havelock Ellis.

Thousands of Men Save the price of a suit of underwear and several pairs of socks yearly by using our All Repair Super-Service.

ONTARIO LAUNDRY CO., Ltd. TORONTO.

WOULD DIVIDE WORK FOR HULL EMPLOYEES

Alderman Says Engineer Did Not Follow Out Wishes.

HULL.—City Engineer L. Lanctot, of Hull, was the storm centre at the city hall on Monday evening, at the conclusion of the city council meeting, which was of brief duration. He was taken to task by Ald. Talbot, who complained bitterly at the engineer's method of dealing with the unemployment situation in the city. It seems that owing to the Quebec Provincial Minister of Municipalities having shut down on the city's expenditure, many of the civic laborers have been thrown out of employment. Ald. Talbot has been urging that those who are still employed should share what work there is with their more unfortunate brethren by laying off every other worker. The city engineer, however, has not followed the suggestion made by the alderman, who gave vent to his feelings in an uncertain manner.

UNITED STATES ENDS STATE OF WAR WITH GERMANY.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The compromise resolution passed by the United States Congress, on Saturday, ending the state of war with Germany and Austria, was signed on the same day by President Warren G. Harding at the New Jersey home of Senator Joseph S. Frelinghuysen, where the President is a guest.

Don't Invite a Burglar

to steal your money, by keeping it in the house. It costs nothing to deposit money in The Merchants Bank where it is safe from loss. More than this, the Bank will pay you interest for taking care of it. Why risk losing money by fire or theft, when a Savings Account in this Bank will protect it?

THE MERCHANTS BANK Head Office: Montreal, OF CANADA Established 1864. 391 Branches in Canada extending from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

Pure — CHIROPRACTIC — Straight Have you heard about it? If you have any ailment investigate before it is too late. Do it now. See or call DR. J. W. DAVIS, D.C., Ph.C., Palmer Graduate. Phone A. 7438, Suite 104, 81 Victoria Street, Toronto. Next to Shea's. Office Hours—11 a.m.—2 p.m., 4:30 p.m. to 7 p.m. Literature sent on request. Evenings by appointment.

Canadian Car and Foundry Co., Limited Passenger, Freight and General Service Cars of every description. TRANSPORTATION BUILDING. MONTREAL.

10 REASONS WHY The International Time Recorder is the Friend of the Honest and Ambitious Worker. The capable, punctual worker in every office or factory has a right not only to recognition and reward but to protection against the possibility of being retarded by the non-punctual or inefficient co-employee. The capable, punctual worker who wishes to get ahead in his business always welcomes the International Time Recorder, as one of his best friends. Here are 10 reasons why— 1. It gives him an opportunity to be his own timekeeper. 2. It enables him to prove his punctuality. 3. It gives him an indisputable invoice of his working time, and enables him to prove his interest in the work. 4. It protects the local and conscientious employe from the shirker, as his time record is always visible. 5. It gives him full credit for all time worked, including overtime, and eliminates disputes over time records. 6. It prevents the possibility of an error in his weekly pay. 7. It increases his individual efficiency. 8. It creates a bond of confidence between him and his employer. 9. It teaches him the value of punctuality. 10. It insures him a square deal because his record is a permanent, mechanically-made, unchangeable record, and not a manually-made one.

INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS MACHINES CO., LIMITED FRANK E. MUTTON, Vice-President and General Manager. HEAD OFFICE AND FACTORY—Royce and Campbell Avenues, TORONTO. For your convenience we have service and sales offices in Vancouver, Winnipeg, Walkerville, London, Hamilton, Toronto, Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, St. John's, Nfld.

Through Transcontinental Service PRINCE RUPERT, VANCOUVER, VICTORIA, EDMONTON, SASKATOON, WINNIPEG, COCHRANE, MONTREAL, TORONTO. The "Continental Limited" Lve. Ottawa (Union Station) 12.20 a.m. Daily For North Bay, T. & N.O. points, Cochrane, Winnipeg, Edmonton, Prince Rupert, Vancouver, and Victoria [STANDARD TIME] EQUIPMENT: Standard Sleeping Car Montreal to Vancouver, Through Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars and Compartment-Observation-Library Cars to North Bay, Vancouver, Dining and Colonnade Cars and Coaches. Tickets and full information obtainable at City Passenger Office, corner Sparks and Metcalfe streets, or Union Station, Ottawa.

Chew! King George's Navy and enjoy its lingering flavor Thousands of Men Save the price of a suit of underwear and several pairs of socks yearly by using our All Repair Super-Service. CHEW KING GEORGE'S NAVY. Ontario Laundry Co., Ltd. TORONTO.

PRICE BROTHERS' VICTORY?

THE Montreal Financial Times, in a recent issue, praises the tactics of Price Brothers, paper makers. This financial paper alludes to the personal victory for Sir William Price. Rather there are two alleged victories. One is the "victory" won in the courts, when the authority of the Board of Commerce was challenged. The second "victory" was won, according to the Financial Times, when Sir William Price decided with the Board of Directors that Organized Labor was not to be tolerated in the industry operating under the name of Price Brothers, Limited. The president of that company did not call it a war on Organized Labor, but his words, as they appeared in the Financial Times, can mean nothing else. They follow:

"At the annual meeting of Price Bros. recently, in alluding to the strike which is now in progress throughout the pulp and paper trade, Sir William spoke in effect as follows: "With the approval of your directors, I have definitely decided to fight all attempted interferences with Canadian labor conditions by foreign unions and to take the stand now to eliminate for all time such dangerous influences."

"He added that it might cost the company something, but that this would come back in the betterment of conditions. "This was another frontal attack, again Sir William, according to order. He made the necessary arrangements to follow through, and then notified the striking employes that unless they signified, by going back to work within a given period, that they wanted their jobs, he would replace them and proceed to operate his mill as usual. The strikers asked for a conference, and the result was that they are back at work with a 20% decrease and an open shop."

This is what the Financial Times calls a "victory for Sir William Price." The president intimated that it would cost the company something to defeat Labor. Sir William Price knows perfectly well that Labor cannot be defeated. Autocratic actions such as those of Price Brothers, the United States Steel Corporation, and other large financial corporations will not be tolerated. The great Labor movement, organized as it is for the protection of the workers in industry, will never submit to the passing whims of large captains of industry. The campaign to which Price Brothers have contributed is designed not to impose the open shop in industry, but to close industry to union labor. Preparations for this battle were not made yesterday, or the day before, and while the great labor movement has had a few reverses, it has made many victories since the battle commenced, Sir William Price, notwithstanding.

It is indeed unfortunate that sabotage should be practised at the Kenogami Paper Mill, owned and operated by Price Brothers. The International Trades Union Movement which Sir William Price declares is dominated by foreigners, has insisted, day in and day out, that a fair day's work should be given for a fair day's pay. This is the policy of the "foreign unions." The Canadian union, which Sir William Price prefers, according to his statement in the Financial Times, preaches sabotage. We refer to the only Canadian union we know of—the One Big Union of Canada. Is this what Sir William Price prefers? Certainly the unions with whom Price Brothers previously did business can not be held responsible for the ugly sabotage which recently occurred in one of the mills. Under "open shop" conditions, which are imposed by the employer, there is no guarantee to the employer that a fair day's work will be given in return for a fair day's pay. Had collective bargaining and a union shop prevailed when the machinery was destroyed in Price Brothers mill, the union would have been the first to assist in the clearing of the situation. As conditions exist now, Sir William Price will have to order a flank attack in an endeavor to clear up the situation. However, in these stressing times of peace, would it not be better for all concerned, certainly it would be better for Canada, if peace was to reign again in the industry owned and operated by Price Brothers. The way to peace is through the continuance of the union shop, which will ensure fair wages and decent working conditions for the workers, and a guarantee to Price Brothers that sabotage will cease and that the employes will render a fair day's work for a fair day's pay. The question can be settled only by Price Brothers. Labor will never submit to present conditions.

We are always most generous where our interests are least affected. Optimist—"Cheer up, old man. Things aren't as bad as they seem."

"A gentleman is a man who always tries to put in a little more than he takes out."—Bernard Shaw. The opposite of profiteer.

We have every sympathy for pit ponies, but we cannot help wondering why the press have only just discovered them. Keir Hardie found them out many years ago.

THE BRITISH MINERS' HOBBY

When a passenger train is waiting at the platform of one of the stations in the English "Black Country"—Birmingham, Dudley, Wolverhampton, for example—it is no uncommon thing to see a workman walk alongside and put a brief question to some of the travelers. In his hand he invariably carries a paper bag, which seems to contain some live animal. Presently he finds the person he was seeking, man or woman, the paper bag is handed in through the window with the utmost care, the man salutes, smiles, and leaves the platform. He is a typical Black Country workman, a miner or iron founder most likely, the passenger is a kindly disposed traveler, who has promised to set free at a certain stage of the journey the captive in the cage. The passenger, whose training is made possible by the simple device of the paper bag, is a fast animal. Fanclars have elaborately organized clubs and long-distance races. The hobby is now spreading fast. At the last annual meeting of the general council of the National Homing Union, South Wales and Monmouthshire, decided to form themselves into a separate center of organization, and all up and down the Welsh mining valleys clubs are being started. The Cardiff Former-Service Men's Flying Club is a fair sample. It will have Saturday races at intervals during the summer months. The young birds' progress will be marked by successive homing from Weymouth (about 60 direct miles), Bournemouth (80), and Jersey (160), while veterans will start from Bristol (180 miles), next from Cardiff (220), and lastly, in the Victory Race, from Perth (340 miles). A racing pigeon has been known to attain a speed of 80 miles an hour, 80 being a very common rate. As every aviator knows, the higher the flight the less the resistance of the air; homing pigeons instinctively fly high on a big race.

THE CANADIAN LABOR PRESS

ADVERTISING RATES Display advertising, flat rate, 15 cents per line. Classified advertising, 10 cents per line. Readers, 25 cents per line. Special rates on application for long time contracts. Address all communications to: THE CANADIAN LABOR PRESS, Ottawa, Ontario.

BOLSHEVISM IS CONDEMNED BY U. S. WORKERS

A. F. of L., With Ladies' Garment Workers Dissenting, Unanimous in Decision.

Special to Labor Press.
DENVER, Colo.—The American Federation of Labor, in convention, by an overwhelming majority endorsed the report of the Executive Council on Russia, approving there-by the council's unwavering opposition to bolshevism and bolshevism, repeating the pledge of friendship to the Russian people.

On Soviet Russia the convention adopted the following committee report:

Your committee has read with absorbing interest the illuminating, instructive and vivid portrayal of the conditions in Russia under the present regime.

The Executive Council's report, covering 12 pages, sets forth facts of vital interest from authentic and authoritative sources. Nearly all statements of facts are quoted from the official papers of the Soviet Government and acknowledged utterances of its leaders. We cannot quote even the most interesting phases. We commend this report to the careful reading and thought of all people who are interested in this all-absorbing question. Much is said in the report concerning the trade agitation of labor in Soviet Russia, the absolute lack of democracy and the substitution of autocracy. This is especially referred to under the caption, "The War Against Democracy," on page 80.

Bolshevism Minority.

Under the same caption, same page, we find there are 60,000 members of the Communist party of Russia, and that this number is 89 per cent of the total membership of government or party officials, officers and soldiers, party employees, while only 11 per cent are workmen.

The report also calls attention to the fact that the Communist party and the Soviet Government have denounced and repudiated the International Federation of Trade Unions, and have attempted to establish the Communist International, which is known and generally referred to as the Third International Federation, and points out the activity of the representatives of the Soviet Government in our own American Federation of Labor movement, as well as in England, France, Italy and many other countries.

We particularly note the concluding paragraph of the report on the subject:

"U. S. Workers Friends of Russians. It should be understood clearly that between the people of the United States and the great masses of the people of Russia there has been, and will continue to be the most earnest and sincere friendship. We commend the people of the United States to express no sentiment to the contrary, except toward those in Russia who are destroying the opportunities of the Russian people for democratic self-government, but who, on the contrary, are imposing upon the Russian people the brutal despotism of bolshevism. This friendship is the friendship of a working people and of all the people of our country for a great people, whose character and aspirations have ever justified the confidence, respect and friendship of all liberty-loving people, and the earnest hope that the situation in Russia may be changed to freedom, justice, democracy and humanitarianism may be the guiding principles of their everyday lives. For that time and opportunity American labor fervently anticipates that the true bond of international fraternity may be established between the workers of Russia and those of America."

Your committee commends the Council for its splendid portrayal and masterly array of authentic facts and figures and the situation as it exists in Russia, and its relations to her own as well as other countries.

Your committee concurs in the report of the Executive Council and recommends its approval by this convention.

Delegates representing the International Ladies Garment Workers' Union opposed the committee's report, but were able to rally practically no support.

CONCRETE MACHINERY

LATEST IMPROVED MADE IN CANADA

Mixers, Crushers, Rolls, Hoists, Brick, Block, Tile, Sewer Pipe Machines, Contractor's Plant, etc. Write for catalogue.

We equip complete plants for the making of Cement Products.

Wettlaufer Bros.
LIMITED.
178 SPADINA AVE.
TORONTO.

Safe Investments

with Interest at 5 1/2%

The Guarantee Investment Receipts of this Corporation are funds invested in Trustee Securities as authorized by the law of Ontario.

The Toronto General Trusts Corporation
Head Office: 53 Bay St., Toronto.

CHIPPAWA CANAL DEVELOPMENT IS GREAT ENGINEERING FEAT

A tremendous rugged gash ripping across the face of a quiet countryside, unbelievably harsh in its violation of pasture, orchards and woodlands, yet breath-taking in its immensity, a hour artificial canyon fifty feet down into the solid rock reaching within a few feet of the scarred face of the Queenston cliffs; here opening through the rock from which, one looking out over the wonderful vista of the Niagara River may turn his glance down a sheer drop of three hundred feet to a mounting mass of concrete and steel swarming over with plummy figures that never seem to pass in their strange task; this is the great Hydro-Electric development—the greatest of its kind in the world as it appears to the layman, a work so wonderful in conception and in achievement that it leaves one marveling and silent. For three years, night and day, it has gone steadily ahead, driven at first by the absolute necessity of producing power to meet a situation that was monthly becoming more serious and now carried forward with the spirit of accomplishment and the enthusiasm that dominates man or men in sight of the goal.

Nearly a score of races have contributed to the working force of seven thousand men that labor under the blazing sun or awaiting are light to a common end, Canadians, Old Countrymen, Russian, Italian, Polish, Hungarian, Australian, and Swede bend their backs side by side. The Jew, Chinaman, even the Turk, who, because he is Moslem, cannot eat the food that others eat and must needs cook his own. They are working for money—his money, which he has to take to the bank, strain the endurance of the strongest men; but they are putting more into it than the man who merely works for wages. The Commission has done more or less labor trouble but today when the demand upon every humble worker is greater than it ever was before, the labor problem has largely disappeared. The men have caught the enthusiasm that has been burning there since the first day of the superintendents, the engineers and foremen. They are out to finish the job and finish it on time.

Great Progress Made.
To the layman there is a vast amount of what still to be done but it shrinks into unimportance beside the progress that has already been made. The pits are blasted out of the cliff and down into the rock 30 feet, and more below the level of the Niagara River, is roofed over with wall-less but the wonderful concrete substructure that houses the generators—concrete walls nine to 15 feet thick where they take the pressure of the water as it meets the resistance of the power machinery, and tested to stand a strain of 1,100 pounds to the square inch—all this is ready. The pits and the outlets that will carry the water out into the river after it has done its task are practically completed. The generators in another, concrete is being steadily poured while Russian and Polish puddlers work, submerged to their thighs in the mixture work it up for added strength. The 12-foot steel penstock sections, made of steel 1-1/2 inches thick are being laid in place and the other is going in. Up the face of the cliff where the big tube, which the water will drop in, will be placed and covered with concrete, a big opening has been blasted.

At the top of the cliff is the forebay into which the water will flow from the canal and from which it is carried into the penstocks. This great cut is practically ready today. The concrete on its sides with granite, a patent cement preparation that prevents erosion of the surface, from the stream that trickles through. All the work in the forebay now centres about the concrete bulkheads. These bulkheads, nine in number, carry the water from the forebay and the cliff face there is 30 or 40 feet of rock the engineers are not trusting it to hold back the water. In fact, at four of the steel lock gates until the demand for power opens the way for additional generators.

From the forebay the canal begins its long race across country, to the inlet at Chippawa. Out of this canal 11,000,000 cubic yards of rock had to be blasted and lifted, and 4,000,000 of earth. Of this rock cutting all but 900,000 cubic yards has been taken. The completion of this section of the work in time is the one worry of the engineers. Through the rock cuttings the walls have been faced with perpendicular walls of concrete, thirty feet high, while through earth and fill—in one section the engineers had to fill to make their channel—the completed canal will be a flat "V" shape surfaced with concrete. This part of the big job is so far advanced that the Commission will be able to stop up on it a little.

To Cost \$55,000,000.
So much the Chippawa development, that is to cost the Province of Ontario at least \$55,000,000, a work so vast that it requires sixty miles of concrete and steel, to carry it one, storehouses, 42,000 number of concrete and steel materials of all kinds are housed and waiting to be shipped to the site. The material is being shipped in a sample. Here 1,435 men were living at the last count, sleeping in huts erected by the Commission, each in charge of a man and his wife, who supply the board for the men. In this camp are housed some fifteen nationalities. About a third of the men are English speaking workers, most of them returned soldiers while the others have representatives of practically every race in Europe, even Spaniards. The Russians and the poles are the lowest of the lot, the men who do the roughest and most unskilled work, who spend the least and live in most primitive fashion. Except when the bugle has got amongst them and left a generous share of bottle dynamite they are an easily handled lot.

Canadians have a right to pride in the Chippawa development and a greater pride in the fact that the

VICTORY NOT A PERSONAL ONE, SAYS GOMPERS

In Hour of Victory it Was the Movement of Which He Thought.

By Chester Wright.
DENVER, Col.—Samuel Gompers—President of the American Federation of Labor.

After two weeks of convention work, the like of which never has been known in Federation history, two weeks of intense suspense, two weeks of wearing, grinding strain on men and women, the election came.

Many triumphs have come to Samuel Gompers in his long career. Never has he had a greater one. But he refused to make of the victory a personal triumph. In the hour of victory it was the movement and not himself of which he thought.

The defeat of Hearstism, Carylism—the crushing overthrow of sinister forces from without—these were the things the grand old leader saw in the figures that were announced from the convention platform. Gompers, 25,822; Lewis, 12,324; Gompers' majority, 12,598; not voting, 1,984.

Immediately following the election for the presidency, during which George L. Berry, president of the Printing Pressmen Union, presided, the secretary, treasurer and other members of the executive council, were elected. All the incumbent members were re-elected, all but one by unanimous vote without contest.

J. P. Noonan, president of the Electrical Workers, entered the contest against Thomas A. Rickert. Rickert Gompers himself placed Rickert in nomination. The vote was: Rickert, 24,463 1-2; Noonan, 12,478 1-2.

Paternal delegates to the British Trade Union Congress are: William J. Spencer and J. J. Forrester. Delegate to the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada: John O'Hara, United Hatters.

Cincinnati was selected over Fort Worth as the next convention city. Uncertainty Vanished.

Few careful observers have had any doubt as to the result of the election since the convention began its work. The contest for a two to one victory for the president. With the beginning of the second week whatever of uncertainty there may have been vanished completely. But the constantly augmented supply of rumors, the claims and re-

petition of claims, continued to keep excitement and interest high. Another factor that helped to create in some quarters an impression that there might be possible surprises was the presence at all times in the convention hall, even among the tables occupied by delegates, of more non-delegates than have in recent years at least been seen in attendance.

But it all came to one thing—the thing that had to happen—the triumphant re-election of Samuel Gompers and the entire council.

Gompers' Words.
Concerning the result, President Gompers had this to say:

"There is a great gratification in the result of today's election. Our trade union movement has demonstrated that it will not submit to dictation from the forces of corruption or greed—that neither the Hearsts nor the Gays can chart our course or select our leaders.

"Our movement is united. It is prepared to be aggressive in defense of our land when corrupt and intriguing interests can either divide our movement, change our course or destroy its leadership. The vote today has demonstrated to the world that we have not yet come upon that day.

"The whole work of the convention, the resolutions and declarations adopted, the policies indicated, mean for the future a united, progressive, militant movement, following a course of progressive, fruitful and militant path.

"For myself I may say that the work of the convention and the result will probably be met with satisfaction, gratitude and pride, not for myself but for our movement. I am proud of our movement and my life shall be given to it in the future as it has been for these many years. We are in serious times, but we face them undaunted and with confidence."

Canadian Branch
8 RICHMOND ST. E., TORONTO.



Manitoba Steel Foundries, Limited
STEEL CASTINGS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS
WINNIPEG, Man.
Tay or & Arnold Engineering Co. Ltd.
SALES AGENTS:

The Best of Tools
For Mechanics, Machinists, Carpenters, Masons, Etc.
It will pay you to purchase at our Tool Dept.
RICE, LEWIS & SON, Limited,
19 VICTORIA STREET, TORONTO, ONT.

The Standard Paint Company of Canada, Limited.
Manufacturers RUBER-OID ROOFING.
52 VICTORIA SQUARE, MONTREAL.

SHERWOOD CONSTRUCTION COMPANY
General Contractors LIMITED
Harbor Commissioners' Building TORONTO

\$1.00 MONTHLY
will secure for you an income during disablement from Accident or Sickness under our GACO POLICY.
Can you afford to be without it?
Obey that impulse and insure today.

THE GENERAL ACCIDENT ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA
Head Office: Toronto.
Monthly Payment Department.

Office: Main 2869. Res: Hillcrest 2112.
Angstrom & Verchio, Limited
Excavation and Foundation Contractors
81 VICTORIA ST. TORONTO, Can.

McAULIFFE-DAVIS LUMBER CO. LIMITED
Wholesale and Retail
COMPLETE LINE OF LUMBER AND BUILDING MATERIAL
OTTAWA, Canada.

TORONTO FIGHT FANS HAVE FINE PROGRAM

Two Ten Round Bouts and Other Contests Promised.

TORONTO.—The Battle of the Boyne will have its modern counterpart on the night of July 12 at the Arena when a series of contests with the padded gloves will be waged under the auspices of His Majesty's Army and Navy Veterans. The athletic entertainment promises to be a big feature of the Gilded Twelfth and the spacious structure should be filled with Orangemen and their friends on that occasion. Freddie Jacks, probably the best boxer that has come out of the Old Country since the other famous Freddie Welsh, former lightweight champion—stepped off his pedestal will be one of the principals and Teddy Joyce the hard hitting local boy another. Jacks, by reason of his good battles with Kilbane and Fleming ranks with the best in his class and Charlie Hallat is a suitable opponent for him. Few of the alleged top notchers care very much about taking him on in a decision affair for obvious reasons. There is a possibility that Dick Loadman of Lockport an aggressive stiff puncher feather will accept the assignment and if he does Jacks for all his cleverness and skill will have a strenuous time securing the victory. There will be two ten-rounders and a number of other good contests. It will be a gala night in every respect. Popular prices will prevail.

Ontario Soap and Oil Company
Lubricating Oils, Greases, Soaps, Metal Polish, Cylinder, Engine, Machine, Motor and Dynamo. Groceries and Waste, Motor Car Supplies. Carbonless Cylinder Oils, Gasoline, Varnish, Linseed and Liquid Soaps. 45 Dickens Ave., TORONTO. Phone Gerrard 5992

Sanitary Paper Towels
Use Interlake Paper Towels in kitchen, garage and office. They are economical, and when used in public places assist in preventing contagion. They are put up in three qualities: The first, Protecto Brand; second, Hygenic Brand; third, Purify Brand. Interlake Paper Napkins are now being used extensively in homes and in public institutions. Ask your dealer or departmental store for our lines. Interlake Tissue Mills Co. Limited. TORONTO, MERRITON.

Protect Your Weekly Wages
For the best in ACCIDENT and SICKNESS INSURANCE Apply to The Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Company
Traders Bank Building TORONTO

McCORMICK'S CANADA'S BEST BISCUITS and CANDY
THE McCORMICK MFG. CO. LONDON, CANADA

James Coristine & Co., Ltd.
Wholesale Manufacturers of FINE FURS, Hats, Caps, Gloves, Mitts and Mackinaw coats. 371 ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

Anglo-Canadian Wire Rope Co., Ltd.
374 Beaver Hall Square, Montreal. "ROPES OF QUALITY."

THE McFARLANE SHOE, Limited
THE FAMILY FRIEND, 61 De NORMANVILLE STREET MONTREAL, Quebec.

Armstrong Cork & Insulation Co., Limited
902 MCGILL BUILDING, MONTREAL, Que., and Toronto, Ont. NONPAREIL INSULATING MATERIALS.

James Robinson Company, Limited
Wholesale Shoes
MONTREAL P. Q.

Fried-Grills Hat Company, Ltd.
Guelph, Ontario
Makers of High-Grade Men's Hats. Made in Canada by Canadian Workmen. Arrow and Biltmore Brands

James Coristine & Co., Ltd.
Wholesale Manufacturers of FINE FURS, Hats, Caps, Gloves, Mitts and Mackinaw coats. 371 ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

Anglo-Canadian Wire Rope Co., Ltd.
374 Beaver Hall Square, Montreal. "ROPES OF QUALITY."

THE McFARLANE SHOE, Limited
THE FAMILY FRIEND, 61 De NORMANVILLE STREET MONTREAL, Quebec.

Armstrong Cork & Insulation Co., Limited
902 MCGILL BUILDING, MONTREAL, Que., and Toronto, Ont. NONPAREIL INSULATING MATERIALS.

James Robinson Company, Limited
Wholesale Shoes
MONTREAL P. Q.

Fried-Grills Hat Company, Ltd.
Guelph, Ontario
Makers of High-Grade Men's Hats. Made in Canada by Canadian Workmen. Arrow and Biltmore Brands

James Coristine & Co., Ltd.
Wholesale Manufacturers of FINE FURS, Hats, Caps, Gloves, Mitts and Mackinaw coats. 371 ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

Anglo-Canadian Wire Rope Co., Ltd.
374 Beaver Hall Square, Montreal. "ROPES OF QUALITY."

THE McFARLANE SHOE, Limited
THE FAMILY FRIEND, 61 De NORMANVILLE STREET MONTREAL, Quebec.

Armstrong Cork & Insulation Co., Limited
902 MCGILL BUILDING, MONTREAL, Que., and Toronto, Ont. NONPAREIL INSULATING MATERIALS.

James Robinson Company, Limited
Wholesale Shoes
MONTREAL P. Q.

WE ARE PROUD OF OUR PAPERS—THAT'S WHY WE WATER MARK THEM.
LOOK FOR THIS WATERMARK IN ALL YOUR STATIONERY.
It Means Satisfaction To You. Ask Your Printer, He Knows.
HOWARD SMITH PAPER MILLS LTD., MONTREAL.

F. P. WEAVER COAL COMPANY
WHOLESALE LIMITED
STEAM COAL
263 ST. JAMES ST. MONTREAL

MASSEY-HARRIS CO. LIMITED
All Kinds of HIGH CLASS FARM IMPLEMENTS
HEAD OFFICES, TORONTO
FACTORIES: TORONTO, BRANTFORD, WOODSTOCK.
AGENCIES EVERYWHERE

JAMES ROBINSON COMPANY, Limited
Wholesale Shoes
MONTREAL P. Q.

PILES
Do not suffer another day with ing or protruding Piles. No surgical operation required.
Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and certainly cure you. See a box; all dealers, or Edmondson, Hales & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample box free if you enclose this paper and enclosing 50c stamp to pay postage.

FRIED-GRILLS HAT COMPANY, Ltd.
Guelph, Ontario
Makers of High-Grade Men's Hats. Made in Canada by Canadian Workmen. Arrow and Biltmore Brands

James Coristine & Co., Ltd.
Wholesale Manufacturers of FINE FURS, Hats, Caps, Gloves, Mitts and Mackinaw coats. 371 ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

Anglo-Canadian Wire Rope Co., Ltd.
374 Beaver Hall Square, Montreal. "ROPES OF QUALITY."

THE McFARLANE SHOE, Limited
THE FAMILY FRIEND, 61 De NORMANVILLE STREET MONTREAL, Quebec.

Armstrong Cork & Insulation Co., Limited
902 MCGILL BUILDING, MONTREAL, Que., and Toronto, Ont. NONPAREIL INSULATING MATERIALS.

James Robinson Company, Limited
Wholesale Shoes
MONTREAL P. Q.

Fried-Grills Hat Company, Ltd.
Guelph, Ontario
Makers of High-Grade Men's Hats. Made in Canada by Canadian Workmen. Arrow and Biltmore Brands

MACDONALD'S
Cut Brier
More Tobacco for the Money
Packages 15¢
1/2 lb Tins 85¢
The Tobacco with a heart



Industrial Review From Many Sources



Be Warned

KEEPING your insurance papers, deeds, bonds and other valuables at home until they are stolen or destroyed by fire, instead of renting a Safety Deposit Box, is on a par with "locking the stable door after the horse is stolen."

Don't procrastinate! Rent a box today at this Bank.

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

WHEN IN NEED OF RAILWAY CONTRACTORS' AND MARINE SUPPLIES Communicate with F. H. HOPKINS & CO., LIMITED, Head Office—MONTREAL. Branch—TORONTO.

CONSULT F. H. HOPKINS & CO., Limited. Head Office: Montreal. Branch: Toronto. When in Need of RAILWAY CONTRACTORS' AND MARINE SUPPLIES.

Always in stock upon securing Negliges and Work Suits, House Dresses, Gingham Street Dresses, High-Grade Silk Blouses, Girls' Dresses, Boys' Wash Suits, etc. manufactured by The Hercules Garment Company, Ltd. Factories—Montreal and Louisville, P. Q.

CONSOLIDATED ASBESTOS, Limited

Mines at THETFORD MINES and ROBERTSONVILLE, Que. EXECUTIVE OFFICES:— Dominion Express Building; 145 ST. JAMES STREET. MONTREAL—CANADA.

McCUTCHEON WAIST CO., Ltd. MANUFACTURERS

323 ST. JAMES STREET MONTREAL Telephone Main 1540

WM. RUTHERFORD & SONS CO., Ltd.

Lumber, all kinds—Beaver Board—Doors and Windows—Descriptive Catalogues on Request. ATWATER & NOTRE DAME STREETS, MONTREAL.

CANADIAN FUR AUCTION SALES CO., Limited.

CAPITAL \$5,000,000.00. Commissioners—Importers—Exporters. 132 LAGAUCHETIERE ST. WEST MONTREAL

WARDEN KING, Limited

Founded 1852. Incorporated 1907. Manufacturers of "Daisy" and Viking Boilers. Viking Radiators, Screwed and Flanged Fittings. Soft Pipe and Fittings, and General Jobbing Castings. MONTREAL. Branch: 136 Simcoe Street, Toronto.

"The Clothes with a National Reputation for Style and Quality." THE LOWNDEN COMPANY, Ltd. Toronto. Phone Gerrard 3704 Motor Ambulance

FLEURY BURIAL CO.

UNDERTAKERS AND EMBALMERS. 638 Queen St. E. TORONTO

CANADA CEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED

Head Office MONTREAL. Sales Offices MONTREAL TORONTO WINNIPEG CALGARY

MILTON HERSEY COMPANY, LIMITED

Industrial Chemists, Engineers and Inspectors. MONTREAL WINNIPEG. "The Largest and Best Equipped Commercial Laboratories in Canada."

Tailored to Measure Clothes That Fit Perfectly and Give Satisfaction Stores from Coast to Coast

\$20

English and Scotch Woollen Co. of Montreal. More Quality Less Money

UNION LABEL SIGNIFIES THAT WORKERS WERE PRIVILEGED TO NEGOTIATE WAGES AND WORKING CONDITIONS COLLECTIVELY

Boot and Shoe Workers Call on Local Unions Everywhere to be Most Aggressive in Support of Every Union Label—Sound Advice to Workers.

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—The executive officers of the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, in their report to the Fifteenth Convention, which was held in this city recently, offered some sound advice to the workers in the purchase of goods bearing the union label. The report states:

"The union stamp is the emblem of collective bargaining in our industry. It signifies that those bearing it were made by members of this union. More than that, it signifies that the members of this union, so employed, were privileged to negotiate their wages and working conditions, collectively, as an organized body, instead of individually as unorganized and defenseless workers as the open shoppers desire. The union stamp is the medium through which the workers of other crafts can help us and have helped us. Every time a worker in any industry goes into a shoe store and calls for a pair of union stamped shoes, it is a call for the employment of members of this union at union wages and conditions. Multiply those calls sufficiently and we win more and more influence. The union stamp enables us, through the support we can get from other trades, to make a market for our own labor. In some measure, we have received that support and are receiving it now even though

production is somewhat stagnant. We have received many calls for information of late as to where certain kinds of union stamped shoes can be obtained. Wholesale and retail dealers are giving more consideration to union stamped shoes in times like these when trade is dull and one customer is more important than two customers in ordinary times. For this reason anything we can do for the strengthening of union stamp demand is most vitally important at this time.

The support we receive from other crafts implies that we shall support them likewise. Let our locals everywhere be known as most aggressive in support of every union label and of all other affiliated crafts. As each of our members pledges expenditures of wages for purchase of union made and union labelled products of other trades, we deserve that the workers of other trades shall employ us likewise. This is the true principle of organizing the purchasing power of all union workers for their common good. Let us try to have each of our local unions become most active in this cause. Let us boost the union labels of all crafts and let them know we are doing it. It is our duty and it is good advertising for our own union stamp."

FEDERAL LABOR PARTY PROPOSED BY CONVENTION

Ontario Section of Canadian Labor Party Endeavoring to Co-ordinate Forces.

TORONTO.—The formation of a Dominion Labor Party, designed for the purpose of unifying the action of the various Labor organizations in the next Federal election, was officially endorsed at the second convention of the Ontario Section of the Canadian Labor Party on Dominion Day at the Labor Temple here. Delegates were present from London, Hamilton, Kingston, Stratford and a number of other places besides the city. The meeting elected James Simpson and Harry Kerwin, of Toronto, and H. J. Halford, of Hamilton, as delegates to attend a convention to be held in Winnipeg, where the movement to form a Dominion organization originated. At this convention it is proposed to complete the organization of the central body with which all the different existing provincial bodies will be affiliated.

Not Dominion Wide. While this action might appear a duplication in view of the name borne by the Ontario section of the Canadian Labor Party, such is not the case. Up to the present the Ontario section has been practically a body without a head, the organization of the Canadian Labor Party not having been consummated. Practically the only other business transacted by the convention was the adoption of an imposing-looking constitution for the Ontario section of the Canadian Labor Party. The purpose of the organization was detailed as one of organizing the Labor forces for political action and promoting the nomination and election of Labor candidates. At the present time special

emphasis is being placed on organization for the purpose of contesting the various constituencies in the next Federal election. Provision was made in the constitution for affiliating with the Ontario section of all Labor bodies organized for political action with a view to centralizing all such efforts and preventing overlapping. Provision was made also for a party convention to be called annually in January.

Election of Officers.

The following officers were elected: President, Harry Kerwin, of Toronto; vice-president, Miss McNab, Hamilton; secretary-treasurer, James Simpson, Toronto, and Executive, J. F. Thompson, London; James Scott, Toronto; B. Furey, Hamilton; William Fleet, Kingston; E. A. Focock, London, and Mrs. L. MacGregor, Toronto.

Stratford was selected as the place of meeting of next year's convention.

RAILROAD UNIONS TO VOTE ON WAGE CUTS

Chairmen of Labor Organizations Declined Responsibility.

CHICAGO.—The membership of 16 railroad labor organizations, including the big four brotherhoods, will decide through a referendum vote by September 1 whether to accept or reject the 12 per cent wage reduction that went into effect on railroads throughout the country July 1, it was decided Tuesday night by the chief executives and 3,000 general chairmen of the organizations. The general chairmen decided that they could not assume responsibility for the wage reduction that was ordered by the Railroad Labor Board.

E. H. FitzGerald, president of the brotherhood of railway and steamship clerks, freight handlers, express and station employees, said that "nothing can be expected of the railroad employees interested in the decision of the Labor Board except to resist to the fullest extent the reduction of rates of pay and the proposed abrogation of certain favorable working conditions."

KRASSIN TO QUIT LONDON IN HUFF OVER SOME RAID

British Troops' Actions in Constantinople Appear To Have Upset Bolshevik Envoy.

LONDON, Eng.—Leonid Krassin, Russian minister of trade and commerce, last week asked the British government whether it was true that the staff of the Russian trade delegation at Constantinople was arrested and deported, says the Daily Herald, the labor organ, but up to the present has received no reply. The newspaper adds that M. Krassin now has received confirmatory information from other sources and has made an official request for an explanation. M. Krassin, the Herald understands, is leaving for Moscow Friday.

Late in June Constantinople advices reported that British soldiers there had raided the offices of the Russian Bolshevik government and arrested an assistant to a Soviet commercial delegate and other members of the Bolshevik mission. In British official circles in Constantinople it was announced this raid was carried out because the presence of Bolsheviks in Constantinople menaced the security of allied troops there.

Stockholm reports that the Russian Agency, official news agency of the Russian Bolshevik government, has issued an emphatic denial of reports that Soviet agents are involved in a plot against the emperor at Constantinople. It says no Soviet agents are in Constantinople and denies Soviet troops are supporting the followers of Mustafa

Kemal Pasha, the Turkish Nationalist leader. The discovery by the allied authorities at Constantinople of a Turkish-Bolshevik plot of vast proportions was reported in recent Constantinople despatches.

ELECTRICITY Operates the Seafoam

The up-to-date housewife demands that all the tools in her workshop be run by Electricity. We have perfected the Seafoam Washer to satisfy this demand. The Seafoam will operate from ordinary house lighting system, and the cost of electricity is only a few cents per month. As the washer is simple in construction and absolutely safe, anyone in the house can run it.

A COMPLETE LAUNDRY IN 1921! The wringer has highest grade rubber rollers and operating by power both washing and wringing can be done at the same time or separately. See the Seafoam at your dealer or send to us for information. DOWSWELL LEES & CO. Limited Hamilton, Ontario.

"CIVIC" BRIAR PIPE

\$2.00 \$2.50

The Finest Pipe in the World at all UNITED STORES

National Trust Company

Limited. Executor—Administrator. Trustee. Capital Paid-up - \$2,000,000. Reserve - \$2,000,000. 18-22 King East, TORONTO

Ye Olde Firm—Established 1850—70 Years. HEINTZMAN & CO. ART PIANOS. Canada's Much-Loved Piano HEINTZMAN HALL; 193-197 Yonge street, Toronto, Can.

Specialty Film Import, Ltd.

L. E. OUDMET, President. Distributors of PATHE FILMS and Producers of the British-Canadian Pathe News. Head Office—MONTREAL.

CANADIAN ICE MACHINE CO., Limited

CIMCO Supplies YORK Ice Machines WINNIPEG TORONTO MONTREAL

LAPORTE & MARTIN, LTD.

IMPORTERS. WHOLESALE GROCERS AND WINE MERCHANTS. 584 St. Paul St. W. Montreal, Que.

GROUP ASSURANCE

Has been a powerful factor in the improvement of relations between Employer and Employee. It is issued by the SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

The Linde Canadian Refrigeration Co.

37 St. Peter Street, Montreal. Ltd. ICE MAKING AND REFRIGERATING MACHINERY. Branches: Toronto, Winnipeg, Calgary, Vancouver.

E. G. M. Cape & Company

Engineers and Contractors, Head Office, 920 NEW BIRKS BLDG., MONTREAL.

Insist on GOOYEAR WELTS

When Purchasing Your FOOTWEAR

STEAM COAL. GAS COAL. THE CANADIAN IMPORT CO. 319 Board of Trade Bldg., MONTREAL. 85 Dalhousie St., QUEBEC. 340 Leader-News Bldg., CLEVELAND, Ohio.

Phones: Plateau 4522-3. DOMINION DRESS MANUFACTURING Co. Manufacturers of LADIES' DRESSES ONLY. New Wilder's Building MONTREAL 325 Henry Street

"It's good taste and good sense" to insist on "DENT'S"

The Atlas Construction Co. Limited.

Engineers and Contractors, 37 BELMONT STREET MONTREAL. C. MICHAEL MORSE, President. A. SIDNEY DAWES, Vice-President. Uptown 6670

Don't Live For Today Only

There is a tomorrow—prepare for it. Put something out of your wages into the Bank. Protect yourself and your family. Open a Savings Account at any Branch.

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

Capital and Reserve \$ 35,000,000
Total Assets \$587,000,000

TEL. MAIN 175-5783
D. DONNELLY, Limited
Cartage Contractors
Office—63 MURRAY STREET, MONTREAL.

Nelson B. Cobbleclik
Undertaker—Private Motor Ambulance,
1506-08 Danforth Avenue. TORONTO. 2068 Queen Street E.
Phones—Beach 73—876.

DOMINION TEXTILE CO., Limited

MANUFACTURING—All lines of White and Grey Cottons, Prints, Sheetings, Shirtings, Pillow Cottons, Long Cloths, Cambrics, Ducks, Bags, Twills, Drills, Quilts, Bureau Covers, Towels and Towelling, Yarns, Blankets, Bags, Twines and numerous other lines used by manufacturers in rubber and other trades.

CANADIAN PAPERBOARD CO., Limited

Manufacturers of ALL GRADES OF PAPERBOARDS. Head Office: No. 3 Selgheurs St., Montreal, P. Q. Main 7102, Private Exchange. Mills at Campbellford, Ont.; Frankford, Ont., and Montreal, P. Q.

FRASER, BRACE & COMPANY, Limited

Contracting Engineers. 83 Craig Street West Montreal.

THE CANADIAN BAG COMPANY, LIMITED.

Jute and Cotton Bags, Hessian, Burlaps, Buckram, Faddings, Twines, etc. Head Office: 427 St. Patrick Street, Montreal. Branches: Toronto, Winnipeg, Vancouver.

Flooring That Wears

There are few floors that are subject to greater vibration than those in our Sheet Metal Factory, yet they show no effects of the strain. This is because they are covered with Rock Mastic Flooring. Rock Mastic is elastic and resilient, so does not crack easily and is dust and damp-proof. Rock Mastic will withstand heavy traffic and the constant vibration from heavy machinery. Prices and particulars gladly given upon request.

Geo. W. Reed & Co. Limited

(Established 1852) 37 St. Antoine Street. MONTREAL. Phone Main 997

The Smith Marble & Construction Co., Limited

Marbles, Slates, Terrazzo, Tiles, Mosaics. MONTREAL, QUE.

COAL GEORGE HALL COAL CO. OF CANADA - Limited

211 McGill Street Montreal, Que.

The Henry McMullen Company, Limited

Manufacturers of McMULLEN BLOUSES. 282 St. Catherine West. MONTREAL.

SADLER & HAWORTH

Tanners and Manufacturers of Oak Leather Belting. MONTREAL TORONTO 111 William Street. 35 Wellington Street, East.

Tel. Main 1352-2686. **Cunningham & Wells, Limited** Cartage Contractors. Office, 31 COMMON STREET, MONTREAL.

STEAM COAL

CENTURY COAL COMPANY, LIMITED

310 Dominion Express Bldg. MONTREAL

Delicious to the Taste | Full Net Weight of Tea | Economical in Use | Purity Assured

"SALUDA"

"BLACK"—for Black Tea Drinkers, "NATURAL GREEN"—for Those Used to Japans.

GRENVILLE CRUSHED ROCK CO., Limited

SMITHS FALLS, ONT.

Perrin's Gloves	Kayser's Silk Gloves	Radium Hosiery
--------------------	-------------------------	-------------------

THE "R SHIELD" WATERMARK

It Guarantees Rolland Quality

Which means the best in Bond, and Ledger Papers Made in Canada by Canadian Workers.

THE ROLLAND PAPER CO., LIMITED.

MONTREAL, P. Q. Mills at St. Jerome and Mont Rolland, P. Q.