

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 4, 1913

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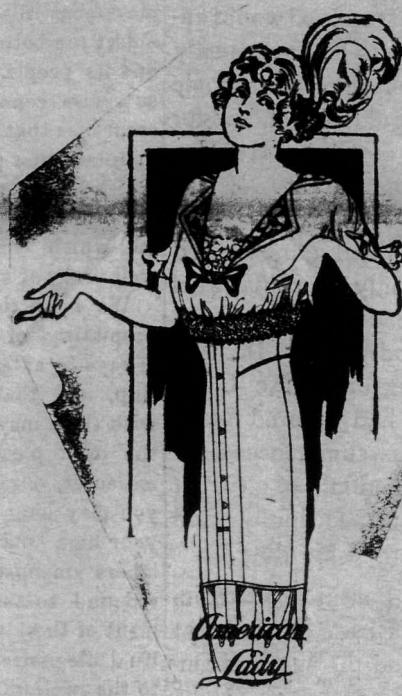
Prince Edward Island Railway.

Commencing on April 16, 1913, trains on this Railway will run as follows:

Read Down				Read Up			
Dly	Dly	Dly	Dly	Dly	Dly	Dly	Dly
ex	ex	ex	ex	ex	ex	ex	ex
San	San	San	San	San	San	San	San
P.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
3:45	11:45	7:45	5:45	Ar	9:55	11:40	9:50
4:52	12:52	8:52	6:52	Lv	8:38	10:38	8:55
5:30	1:43	9:07	7:30	Lv	7:45	10:04	5:25
6:00	2:21	9:30	8:00	Lv	8:33	4:47	8:02
6:30	2:55	9:55	8:30	Lv	9:00	4:15	7:40
P.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	Ar	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
7:50	12:00	8:00	6:00	Lv	8:45	6:55	
8:45	1:05	8:55	6:55	Lv	7:43	8:23	
9:37	2:42	9:40	7:40	Lv	6:57	2:10	
10:51	4:40	10:55	8:30	Lv	5:45	12:10	
			8:30	Lv	Ar	7:40	
			9:20	Lv	Ar	6:50	
			P.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	
			P.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	
			3:00	7:00	Lv	9:30	5:40
			4:10	8:30	Lv	8:30	4:10
			4:36	9:07	Lv	7:56	3:20
			4:57	9:33	Lv	7:35	2:51
			6:00	11:05	Lv	6:35	5:35
			7:10		Lv	5:30	1:25
			5:04	9:40	Lv	7:26	2:43
			5:25	10:09	Lv	7:04	2:15
			6:00	10:50	Lv	6:30	1:25
			P.M.	A.M.	Ar	A.M.	P.M.
			Dly	Sat	Dly	Sat	Dly
			ex	only	ex	only	ex
			Sat		Sat		Sat
			and Sun		and Sun		and Sun
			P.M.	P.M.	A.M.	A.M.	
			3:10	3:10	Lv	10:00	9:45
			4:47	4:25	Lv	8:23	8:31
			7:00	5:55	Lv	6:30	7:00
			P.M.	P.M.	A.M.	A.M.	

H. McEWEN, Supt. P. E. I. Railway.

AMERICAN LADY CORSETS



Will Fit You Perfectly

American Lady Corsets are worn by thousands of ladies all over America. They stand for the final word in corsetry; producing to perfection fashion's demands for this season, namely, the modish low bust, the very long hip and back—in fact the uncorrected effect so sought after.

"American Lady" boning is very superior, made of specially selected material—flexible more or less to meet the demands of the various figures for which it is intended.

American Lady Hose Supporters are made of Para rubber thread weaving, giving the best possible wear.

We control "American Lady" Corsets for Charlotte town and guarantee them to give satisfaction.

Ask to see the different models.

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Barristers, Attorneys and
Solicitors.

MONEY TO LOAN

Offices—Bank of Nova
Scotia Chambers.
July 26, 1911—1f

KING EDWARD HOTEL

Mrs. Larter, Proprietress

Will now be conducted at

KENT STREET

Near Corner of Queen.

Look out for the old sign,

King Edward Hotel, known

everywhere for first class ac-

commodation at reasonable

prices.

June 12, 1907.

Interest in Foreign Missions Re-

acts strongly on our work

for the Church at home.

American Catholics are beginning to

realize the importance of Christian life.

Get in touch with the Acts of present

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Read:—The Field Afar,

ORGAN OF THE NEW

Catholic Foreign Missionary

Seminary.

Subscription: Fifty Cents a Year

Send in stamps if preferred.

Associate Subscription: 1 Dollar

Enclose a One Dollar Bill.

THE FIELD AFAR

HAWTHORNE N. Y.

July 3, 1912—31

WE CAN SUPPLY FROM THIS DATE

FRESH BURNED LIME

in large and small quantities

suitable for farming and build-

ing purposes.

Orders left at Kilns on St.

Peter's Road, or at our office,

will receive prompt attention

C. Lyons & Co.

May 29, 1912.

COAL!

All kinds for your winter

supply.

See us before you place

your order.

HARD COAL—Different Sizes

Soft Coal—All Kinds

C. Lyons & Co.

LITERATURE.

SOCIAL RELIGION—An Interpretation of Christianity in Terms of Modern Life. By Scott Nearing, Ph.D. New York: The Macmillan Co. \$1.00.

CONSUMERS AND WAGE EARNERS. The Ethics of Buying Cheap. By J. Elliot Ross, Ph.D. New York: The Devin-Adair Company, \$1.00. Mr. Nearing's book is the development of an address delivered before the Friends' General Conference in 1912. It is filled with startling, though somewhat one-sided accounts of the sufferings of the poor; the endless hours of labor and starvation wages; the careless waste of human life for the sake of large profits; the hunger, toil and wretchedness of a large portion of that population by which we are clothed and fed and housed. It is well that these facts should be brought home. There is plenty of everything in this land of ours, as the author says. Plenty of natural resources, plenty of opportunities, plenty of riches, plenty of enjoyment, plenty of poverty, plenty of child labor, plenty of sweat shops, plenty of vice, plenty of misery. And in too many cases those on the bright side have no conception of the blackness of the dark side, which is not to be learned from a casual reading of the daily press. Little attention is paid to social work by many well-meaning Christians because they have never realized the existence of such conditions.

But the author's error is that of countless reformers of our day who look upon all moral evils as economic effects, and consequently seek only for economic remedies. Such conditions as we have described are indeed economic, but not the inevitable causes of sin, and are themselves traceable to a want of religious principles in those who have induced them. The reason for such delusions is easily seen. Protestantism, which by its nature implies separation from the Church, the severing of the branch from the living vine, lost likewise in that very act its vitality for good work. The sufficiency of faith alone without good works was boldly taught by Luther. Although men were better than their creed; yet their helplessness, selfishness and sacrifice, which the Catholic Church has always insisted upon, were gradually lost in the great apostasy. In the reaction which is now following men are passing to the opposite extreme, and making religion consist almost purely of social works, looking to the material issues and ignoring the spiritual.

Mr. Nearing is, moreover, too excessive in his vehemence of language, and his picture is all in heavy lines without any shading. Such writings are likely often to work harm instead of good. Neither can we agree with all his economic positions. His conceptions of religion, as we have already hinted, are entirely inadequate, they can never become a great social force such as the teachings of the Catholic Church have always been. The second book deals with the same subject, but from a Catholic point of view. While observing greater restraint, the author pictures no less plainly the hideous facts of our social conditions which cry for reform. His statements are based upon statistics, and lead up to a definite purpose, an appeal to the conscience of the consumer, upon whom he places the last responsibility for sweat shop, tenement, and in many forms of poverty continuing in spite of endless and soul crushing drudgery. His argumentation is built up entirely upon the teachings of the moral theologians of the Church; but consists in applying to the consumer the general principles laid down by them for co-operation in an injustice. It is the duty of the Consuming Class, he holds, to see that goods are made under fair conditions. His conclusion is based upon the following reasons:

I. Because as indirect employers the Consuming Class are bound to maintain just conditions for those whom they indirectly employ.

II. Because as buyers the Consuming Class are first bound to pay the full value of the article, which includes sufficient to give the person employed in its manufacture and distribution a living wage, etc.; and secondly, because the Consuming Class are bound to buy an article to which the seller has not a just title, the seller of an article made under unjust conditions not having a just title since there is work in the object for which he has not paid.

III. Because the Consuming Class would cooperate in an injustice if by receiving the goods made under unjust conditions; by furnishing the means for committing the injustice; by urging such production by this practical financial support.

IV. Because the Consuming Class are bound to seek the social

A Most Wonderful Story.

No name in modern history is surrounded by so towering and mysterious a halo of the supernatural as is that of Joan of Arc, the Maid of Orleans. The most ardent scoffers at religion have stood in awe in contemplating the purity, devotion and intensity of religious zeal revealed in the character of this peasant's child, who was called by Divine Providence to undo the mischiefs caused by a foolish queen. Joan of Arc was remarked from childhood for her physical energy and a peculiarly sensitive temperament, and was most exemplary in her conduct toward her humble, but devoted parents.

As she grew to womanhood she became inclined to silence, and spent much of her time in solitude and prayer. At this time the English had extended their conquests by intrigue and invasion over a great part of France, and the young King Henry VI of England had been declared King of France, while the young Maid of Orleans was yet only eleven years old. She became conscious, even at this tender age, of supernatural visitation, and in prayer and meditation for several years she became filled with the presence of her wonderful destiny. There was an old tradition current that the calamities which should befall France through the follies of a woman would be removed through the instrumentality of a woman.

At last the Maid, when but seven years old, managed to secure an audience with the Governor of the Province and his promise to get her, if possible, an audience with the Dauphin Charles. In the following February she set out on her perilous journey to the royal court. Charles at first refused to see her, but after three days he granted her an audience. The stories of her being inspired by Heaven to deliver France from her enemies were received with incredulity at the court and in order to over her with confusion when she was brought into the royal chamber, Charles, disguised as a man, was in the crowd of attendants, and Joan was asked to point him out which she promptly did.

Accordingly, she was permitted to set forth with an army of about ten thousand, designed for the relief of Orleans. At the head of the army, Joan rode, clad in a coat of mail and carrying a white standard embroidered with lilies, and having on one side the image of God seated on the clouds and holding the world in His hand, and on the other a representation of the Annunciation. She succeeded in entering Orleans on the 29th April, 1429, and, after an extraordinary display of valor and intrepidity, she forced the English to raise the siege and retire with precipitation. The French army pursued the English, and the latter were entirely defeated at Patay, with a loss of nearly 5,000 men, while the French lost but few. From this event Joan was called the Maid of Orleans.

The internal struggle was long and full of anxiety, but a last he became convinced of his duty, and in 1843 he told his surprised and grieved congregation of St. Mary's in Littlemore, where he was pastor, that he must bid farewell to all his former religious associations. He was formally received into the Church on October 8, 1845 by Father Dominic, a Passionist priest. His conversion was followed by that of so many others, many of whom were distinguished in public life, that Lord Bacon's field was afterwards moved to declare that the secession of Mr. Newman dealt a blow to the Anglican Church under which it still reels.

After his conversion, Newman was appointed head of the oratory of St. Philip Neri at Brighthelm, where he was gathered together with him a number of distinguished scholars who loved him for his great soul and master intellect, and all were ambitious to share his companionship in the noted center of religious science. In 1854 he accepted the position of rector of the Catholic University of Dublin, which he held for four years. For several years afterward he was at the head of the Catholic educational system at Edgbaston, where his name as a scholar and his saintly character became a household word throughout the Christian world.

In 1879 he was created a cardinal by Pius IX. He was the first Englishman to be made a cardinal, and he held the honor bestowed on the pope's convert with cordial expressions of joy by Protestants and Catholics alike. In his beloved oratory at Edgbaston the venerable and saintly man breathed his last on the 9th of August, 1890, murmuring with his last breath the touching words: "I hear the music of heaven; all is sunshine."—N. Y. Freeman's Journal.

The sacred name of God is, with some people, only a word to be used in swearing. They have no other use for it. They do not pray. They believe in God only in a dim and hazy manner. Well, we can understand how such people can swear; but the man who believes firmly in God, and in prayer, and who prays—and swears by the name of God soon afterwards—What sort of twist is there in him?

All Skin Diseases ARE OCCASIONED BY BAD BLOOD.

No one can expect to be free from some form or other of skin trouble unless the blood is kept in good shape. The blood can easily be purified and the skin disease cured by the use of Burdock Blood Bitters, that old and widely known blood medicine.

It has been on the market for over 35 years and its reputation is unimpaired. Mrs. Little Mitchell, Guelph, Ont., writes:—"I was troubled with eczema. My body was covered with awful itching skin eruptions. Although I tried many different remedies I could get nothing to give me relief. Finally I got a bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters, which completely cured me."

Manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Cross on his victorious standard, the edict of Milan was published, the reign of the caesars passed into history and the Roman Empire passed into the hands of the barbarians. This triumphant transition was symbolized by the open air procession of the Blessed Sacrament, which took place in Rome last Sunday afternoon (says Rome of April 5). Tens of thousands of Romans of Rome and Romans of the whole world poured out of the city to witness it—to see the Blessed Sacrament borne triumphantly under God's open sunshine along that most famous road, the Via Appia. It is a road of roads—the rained, tumbled and temples and monuments of Paganism, and along it after sixteen centuries passed the pride of best of Christianity.—Rome.

A Sensible Merchant.

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders give prompt relief from monthly pains, and leave no bad after-effects whatever. Be sure you get Milburn's. Price 25 and 50 cts.

Person—I am glad to see you on your way to Sunday School, Henry. What do you expect to learn today? Henry—Well, I expect to learn the date of the picnic, for one thing.

Minard's Liniment cures Neuralgia.

A railway contractor recently advertised for three hundred wooden sleepers. By return of post he received a letter from a neighboring clergyman, offering him the whole of his congregation on reasonable terms.

There is nothing barer about Laxa Liver Pills. They cure Constipation, Diarrhea, Sick Headache, and Bilious Spits without griping, purging or sickness. Price 25 cts.

She (at the piano)—How do you enjoy this refrain? He—Very much. The more you strain the better I like it.

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff.

Young Man—May I have your laughter, sir? Old Gent—Yes, if you can support me. Remember that my car goes with her.

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff.

Teacher—What is a skeleton? Little Tommy—Bones with the people rubbed off.

Minard's Liniment cures neuralgia.

SUFFERED FROM Catarrh of the Stomach For Thirty Years.

Catarrh of the Stomach is generally caused from some interference with the action of the liver, and is a malady that affects the whole body.

Some symptoms are burning pain in the stomach, constant vomiting, abnormal thirst, incessant reaching, etc. On the first signs of any of these symptoms Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills should be taken. They are a specific for all disorders arising from wrong action of the liver.

Mr. Michael Miller, Ellerslie, Alta., writes:—"I take pleasure in writing you concerning the great value I have received by using Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills, for catarrh of the stomach, with which I have been a sufferer for thirty years. I used four vials and they completely cured me."

Price, 25 cents a vial, 5 vials for \$1.00 at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

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will be made by discriminating smokers after a trial of our RIVAL AND MASTER MARINE Smoking Tobaccos. Cool, sweet and fragrant. Burns cleanly and freely but NOT THE TONGUE. Try our Combination Twist Chewing Tobacco also. It's worth the money every time.

HICKEY & NICHOLSON Tobacco Co.

Give HIM House Slippers!

For a real, useful, practical and pleasing gift for men there is nothing better than House Slippers. They are comfortable, satisfying, serviceable, and bound to be appreciated.

Felt Slippers 65c to \$1
Velvet Slippers 75c to \$1
Kid Slippers \$1 to \$2

Alley & Co.

135 Queen Street.

Fraser & McQuaid,
Barristers & Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc.,
Souris, P. E. Island!

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

Job Printing at the Herald Office.

Enthusiastic Welcome to His Lordship Bishop O'Leary Solemnly Installed in the Pro-Cathedral.

On Wednesday afternoon last, His Lordship, Right Reverend Dr. O'Leary, Bishop of Charlottetown, arrived here via Pictou, to take possession of his Episcopal See, and was installed with solemn and appropriate ceremonies in the pro-Cathedral in this his Episcopal City.

Rev. Maurice McDonald, Dr. S. R. Jenkins and Messrs Alexander McDonald and James McIsaac of the Reception Committee crossed to Pictou in the morning to meet his Lordship and accompany him hither. The weather conditions were not very favorable, but the good steamer Northumberland made a record trip from Pictou, coming over in three hours, reaching Charlottetown at 7.30.

His Lordship was accompanied from Bathurst by his brother, Rev. Dr. Louis O'Leary, and Rev. John Wheaton, his successor in the Rectorship of the Church of the Sacred Heart there; also by his brothers, Mr. Richard O'Leary of Richibucto, and William O'Leary of Montreal. These, joined by Rev. A. P. McLellan of St. Andrew's and Rev. Ronald McDonald of Pictou and the Charlotte town delegates already named, constituted the Bishop's party from Pictou to Charlottetown.

Extensive and appropriate preparations had been made for the joyous occasion, and notwithstanding the heavy rain during the day the arrangements were admirably carried out. The decorations were on an elaborate scale; flags and bunting were flying from points of vantage. All along the Steam Navigation Company's wharf, George Street, Victoria Row, Queen and Water Streets and the Esplanade strings of flags and myriads of colored electric lights were strung from side to side, while the Provincial Building, many stores and other buildings were brilliantly illuminated and decorated. The electric illuminations in front of the pro-Cathedral and at St. Anthony's Villa were splendid. It had ceased raining shortly before the steamer arrived; but the streets were very muddy. This circumstance in no way interfered with the enthusiasm of the people who turned out in immense throngs. The streets along the route of procession, Queen Square, the Esplanade and every available point from which a view could be had were crowded.

The Societies, headed by the League of the Cross and Fourth Regiment Bands, extended from the landing at the wharf up Great George Street and down Richmond Street to the pro-Cathedral, and were lined up in the following order: Benevolent Irish Society; Ancient Order of Hibernians; Catholic Mutual Benefit Association; Knights of Columbus; League of the Cross.

His Lordship was received at the wharf by Rev. Dr. McLellan, Rector of the Cathedral, and conveyed to the carriage in waiting. The procession then started in the following order: First carriage, with his Lordship, the Bishop, Rev. Dr. Louis O'Leary, Rev. Father Wheaton and Rev. Dr. McLellan; second carriage, Rev. Maurice McDonald, Rev. R. McDonald, Pictou, and Messrs. R. and Wm. O'Leary; third carriage, members of the Reception Committee, already named, and Hon. J. A. McNeill; the Societies, with the Bands, as already described.

The pro-Cathedral was appropriately decorated and brilliantly lit up. Numerous streamers of yellow and white, the papal colors, depended from the ceiling and were caught up and artistically festooned. Union Jacks and Papal flags hung side by side and flanked the entrance and the Sanctuary. The altar was ablaze with candles and colored lights. His Lordship vested in the ante-room of the vestibule and, preceded by some thirty priests in soutane and surplice, entered the church. The acolytes with lighted tapers and the cross-bearer, Rev. Pius McDonald, led the procession. Then came the clergy, and lastly his Lordship, in cope and mitre bearing his crozier, distributing blessings as he advanced. Meantime the choir rendered in excellent style the hymn, "Ecce Sacerdos Magnus." His Lordship was assisted in the ceremonies by Rev. P. P. Arsenault, as deacon; Rev. M. J. Smith, as sub-deacon and Rev. I. R. A. McDonald, as Master of Ceremonies. In the Sanctuary his Lordship occupied a throne on the Gospel side, while Very Rev. Mgr. Phelan, Apostolic Administrator, was enthroned on the Epistle side, and Rev. Dr. McLellan was in charge of the whole ceremonial.

After the proper prayers and invocations, Rev. D. J. G. McDonald read in classic Latin the Papal Bull appointing his Lordship Bishop of Charlottetown. Very Rev. Mgr. Phelan then read the address from the clergy and presented his Lordship with a purse of gold. The address was as follows:

The Right Reverend Henry Joseph O'Leary, D. D., Bishop of Charlottetown.

May it please Your Lordship: We, the members of the clergy of the diocese of Charlottetown, beg leave to give expression to the feelings which animate us on this auspicious occasion.

Our hearts today are overflowing with joy; and the cause of this joy is twofold. Owing to the long continued illness and death of our late lamented Bishop we have been as orphans for the past three and a half years; and, consequently the announcement that our fatherless condition was about to cease was, in itself, most welcome to us.

But our joy and satisfaction were enhanced by the fact of our knowing that he whom the Holy See had chosen to be our ruler and guide, was a man of ability and character, already distinguished in spite of his comparative youth, for his scholarship and his prudence. Thus the homage and obedience we would naturally tender to any dignitary whom Our Holy Father should send to exercise authority over us, are by reason of these circumstances, accompanied by the deepest feelings of love and respect.

With the fullest sincerity of our hearts, therefore, we welcome Your Lordship as the Spiritual Head of our diocese, to whom we offer unqualified and unquestioning submission.

It is for us a matter of extreme regret that the joy caused by Your Lordship's appointment to the Episcopal See of Charlottetown was marred so soon by the destruction of our beautiful Cathedral which bore eloquent testimony to the spirit of faith and sacrifice which actuates the Catholics of this city and the whole diocese. We felt a pardonable pride in the possession of so magnificent a temple and we looked forward with pleasure to the day when the plenitude of the priesthood should be conferred on Your Lordship within its walls. But God in His wisdom, saw fit to deny us this great satisfaction, and we have but to bow to His inscrutable will. We know full well how great and how numerous are the anxieties and worries inseparable from the task of erecting and paying for the Cathedral that a

to be; but we trust Your Lordship will accept the assurance that we, and the faithful under our charge, are ready and eager to do whatever we can towards the early completion of this noble work.

In conclusion we pray that Our Heavenly Father may be pleased to make your Lordship's reign both long and fruitful, and that our mutual relations may be ever marked by sympathy and tranquility.

JAMES PHELAN,
Apostolic Administrator.

The clergy then made their obeisance to the Bishop, kneeling down two by two and kissing his Episcopal ring. This was followed by the address from the laity, read by Mr. James McIsaac, chairman of the reception committee. The address was as follows:

The Right Reverend Henry J. O'Leary, Doctor of Sacred Theology, Bishop of the Diocese of Charlottetown.

GREETING

May it please Your Lordship. On behalf of the Catholic laity of this diocese, especially of the Cathedral congregation and the Catholic societies of Charlottetown, we approach Your Lordship to offer you the homage of our profound respect and sincere congratulations on your elevation to the sublime dignity of the Episcopate. We acclaim Your Lordship's advent among us to take possession of your Episcopal See, to which you have been raised by the Providence of God, the favor of the Apostolic See and your own personal merits; and we greet you with a most cordial welcome.

Although you come from another Province and a sister diocese, the fame of your learning and piety, your wisdom and prudence, has preceded you, and the knowledge that a prelate of such eminent ability has been chosen as our chief pastor fills our hearts with joy.

As loyal Catholics we realize, above all, that you come to us by command of the Vicar of Christ, in the plenitude of the priesthood, under the Sign manual of the Great Commission, "Go teach all nations," as our Bishop—"I placed to rule the Church of God."

We assure Your Lordship that you will always find here loyal, filial hearts, unswerving in their devotion to you, ever responsive to your inspiration and docile to your guidance. After God and the Holy Father we put our trust in you, and we pray you to watch over us, to guide us, to rule our hearts and our souls, so that henceforth we may regard you as our father in Christ.

The intelligence of your appointment was the signal for this widowed diocese to lay aside her trappings of woe, and inaugurate suitable preparations for the reception of her new Bishop. We anticipated with joy Your Lordship's consecration and enthronization, with due solemnity of ritual and splendor of ceremonial, in our beautiful and spacious Cathedral. But the destruction, by fire, of that magnificent edifice necessitated several changes in the original arrangements. As a result your present installation is robbed of much of the pomp and solemnity befitting an event so significant and imposing.

Although misfortune has reduced our splendid Cathedral to a mass of blackened ruins, it has in no way abated, on the contrary it has stimulated the ardor of our loyalty and devotion to you, our Bishop and spiritual ruler; and has inspired us with loftier sentiments of courage and self-sacrifice. We feel sure that, in a brief space, our Cathedral will rise, phoenix-like from its ashes, even more beautiful and stately than before, and we pledge Your Lordship our united support and unflinching co-operation in the work of re-construction.

Your predecessors in the Episcopate in this diocese were wise and holy prelates, inspired with zeal for the extension of the Kingdom of God on earth, and they accomplished much for the promotion of religion, charity and Christian education. We entertain the hope that, under Your Lordship's wise and enlightened rule,

this diocese may prosper, that religion and Christian education may flourish, that our diocesan institutions may throb with the life-blood of rejuvenation, and that your Episcopate may be memorable in the annals of the Church in our beloved Province.

We earnestly pray Almighty God to bless you with health and to give you length in years to rule and govern the flock committed to your pastoral care, and to carry out, in unison with priests and people, the sublime purpose of our divinely inspired and ever beloved Holy Father Pius X. "To renew all things in Christ."

We are with profound respect Your Lordship's most obedient and most devoted children in Christ.

Signed on behalf of the Laity:
James McIsaac, Peter McCourt, Peter Courry, M. D. Committee

Dated at Charlottetown this 27th day of May 1913.

Replying to the address of the clergy his Lordship said he had been deeply impressed by the splendid sentiments with which they had welcomed him. He was a stranger and did not know many of them and they did not know him, but they had welcomed him, and he had come as, the ambassador of God. They had welcomed him with fervor and with enthusiasm. He hoped that the sentiments expressed in the address would always characterize the relationship between them. They had welcomed him and promised submission and obedience, but he hoped he would also enjoy their friendship and co-operation. They must remember that the work of the Bishop and the work of the clergy were the same, and it was necessary he should have their friendship and sympathy in order to carry on the work of the bishopric. One other thing he would ask, and that was their prayers. He asked them to pray for him every morning that he should be enabled to discharge the duties of his office to the glory of God and the good of the diocese.

Turning to the congregation, His Lordship said he was delighted with the welcome they had accorded him. It had the ring of cordiality, sincerity and enthusiasm. As he had said to the clergy, he came to them as a stranger and practically unknown to them, and they had received him thus, not so much for his own sake, but because he came to them in the name of Almighty God. That accounted for the cordiality and enthusiasm of their welcome. They had faith in him and faith was the greatest gift that could be bestowed on anyone. In these days of worldliness and materialism faith was not always so strong as in the days of old. But, by their reception, they had proved that faith was strong amongst them. He had come on a previous occasion, before the formalities had been gone through making him their bishop, and what he saw and heard on that occasion consoled him because he found amongst them the spirit of fortitude and bravery in a time of affliction, which proved to him that he was certain of loyal and cordial support in the work that lay before him. Referring to the disaster which they had sustained in the destruction of their beautiful cathedral he praised the spirit of harmony which prevailed among all classes of the community. He was encouraged when he first came amongst them to find the instances of large heartedness by which some who were not of our faith had contributed so liberally towards the restoration of the cathedral. He would ask God to bless those large-hearted friends who had come to their assistance. He concluded by saying that the hearty and enthusiastic welcome he had received would encourage him to labor earnestly for the welfare of the people under the guidance of, and for the honor of God. He also took the opportunity of expressing his thanks to Mgr. Phelan who had administered so successfully the affairs of the diocese during the interregnum, and to Rev. Dr. McLellan, Rector of the Cathedral, who had labored under such trying circumstances since the destruction of that Church, and faithfully and well discharged his duty.

place among our citizens, and we feel sure that in your endeavor to perform the duties of citizenship, you will follow the example of your distinguished predecessors and be ever ready to lend your aid and encouragement to every movement that will have for its object the betterment of our City and its people. Your reputation as a wise counsellor, also, affords assurance that you will strive to maintain that peace and harmony which have always existed among the different classes of our people, and which is so essential to the well being of every community.

We trust that the oft-boasted hospitality of our citizens will always be extended to your Lordship, and that your intercourse with them may, at all times, be of the most pleasant nature. It is, moreover, our earnest hope that you may long be spared to adorn your high office, and that your labors amongst us may not only redound to the special advancement of those who owe you spiritual allegiance but may contribute to the welfare of the rest of our people as well.

Signed on behalf of the Citizens of Charlottetown:
Charles Lyons, Mayor; K. J. Martin, Recorder; W. W. Clark, City Clerk; H. D. Johnson, Medical Health Officer; D. J. Riley, John McKenna, John McNevin, Archibald McLean, W. W. Walker, J. D. Taylor, G. D. Wright, Thos. Campbell, Councillors.

Dated at Charlottetown, this 28th May, 1913.

Replying to this address, his Lordship spoke to the great crowd who had gathered around and in front of the veranda. He thanked them with all his heart for the kind sentiments expressed in the address and for the enthusiasm of the welcome extended him. He felt already that he should be at home in this splendid old city of Charlottetown. He was, in a sense, a stranger in a strange land, as he had come to them from another part of the Dominion, but in another sense he was not a stranger, as they were all bound by the broader and greater bond of patriotism, which included them all in the one great country. He was a Canadian as they were Canadians, and he felt that he was a citizen among citizens of a great country. As a citizen of Charlottetown he would be bound by obligations to fulfill his duties of patriotism and submission or obedience to the civic authorities. His Worship in his address had referred to his predecessors and the cordial relations that had always existed between them and the civic authorities. They labored to promote harmony among all classes and creeds, and that they had succeeded, in a large measure, was evidenced by the fact that among the very first to come forward to assist them on the occasion of the serious disaster that overtook the new ere those public spirited citizens whose names had been heralded throughout the Dominion. (Applause.) With that example set, before him he would do all in his power to further the splendid spirit of harmony which was so creditable to the community. (Applause.)

His Lordship then held a reception in the parlor of the Villa, and a large number of all classes and denominations of the people were present. This concluded the proceedings in connection with the formal reception of his Lordship. It was a memorable occasion and must long continue green in the recollection of all who participated.

It would be difficult to imagine anything more favorable than the impression created by his Lordship upon all who saw or heard him on the occasion of his installation. Words of praise for him were heard on all sides.

Let Us Make Your New Suit

When it comes to the question of buying clothes, there are several things to be considered.

You want good material, you want perfect fitting qualities, and you want your clothes to be made fashionable and stylish, and then you want to get them at a reasonable price.

This store is noted for the excellent quality of the goods carried in stock, and nothing but the very best in trimmings of every kind is allowed to go into a suit.

We guarantee to fit you perfectly, and all our clothes have that smooth, stylish well tailored appearance, which is approved by all good dressers.

If you have had trouble getting clothes to suit you, give us a trial. We will please you.

MacLellan Bros.

TAILORS AND FURNISHERS,

153 Queen Street.



MANUFACTURED BY

R. F. MADDIGAN & CO.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.

TRY OUR Home-Made Preserves!

Made from home grown fruit. We have a large stock on hand. Sold in Bottles, Pails, and by the lb.

EGGS & BUTTER

We want EGGS and BUTTER for CASH, or in exchange for GROCERIES.

House Cleaning Supplies!

We Have a Full Line in Stock

Give us a call.

EUREKA TEA.

If you have never tried our Eureka Tea it will pay you to do so. It is blended especially for our trade, and our sales of it show a continued increase. Price 25 cents per lb.

R. F. Maddigan & Co.

Morson & Duffy

Barristers & Attorneys

Brown's Block, Charlottetown, P.E.I.

MONEY TO LOAN.

June 15, 1910-11

McLean & McKinnon

Charlottetown, P. E. Island

Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law

Mr. Man, Get Your SPRING HAT Here and Now.

You need to come here to get what's really right in Hat values. We are showing a brand new stock—this is the first year we have handled Men's Hats—and can show you such famous brands as Royalty, Tress, Parker, Pitwell, Tween and Waferlite—brands all well known to you as supremely good values for the money and splendid hats in fit, finish and wear.

You can get a hat here that will suit you in every respect, in price, in shade, in size, in shape, in grade and quality.

You Get Hat Satisfaction When You Buy Here.

We guarantee that the Hat you buy will fit you perfectly and suit you right down to the ground or else you needn't buy. We want you to feel that you are satisfied, and know that you are satisfied before you leave our store, and we know we can offer you the finest line of Hats, the best values, the choicest selection of any store in the city.

Call in and make us prove these claims.

English, Canadian and American Derbies at \$2.50, \$2.75 and \$3.00.

The latest in soft felts at \$1.50 to \$4.00.

Moore & McLeod

CARTER'S Tested Seeds For 1913

Buy Only The Best. BUY CARTER'S Number One Timothy Seed, Number One Clover Seed, White Russian, White Fife and Red Fife Wheat. Island Grown and Imported Banner, Ligowo, Black Tartarian, White Wave and Abundance Oats, the best quality.

Field Peas, Vetches, Barley, Buckwheat, Fodder Corn, Flax Seed, &c., &c. Carter's Seeds grow and are the best that grow.

Write us for Samples and Prices. Wholesale and Retail. CARTER & CO., Ltd. Seedsmen to the People of P. E. Island.

KING EDWARD HOTEL Mrs. Larter, Proprietress Will now be conducted on KENTSTREET Near Corner of Queen. Look out for the old sign, King Edward Hotel, known everywhere for first class accommodation at reasonable prices. June 12 1907.

Had Coal Daily expected per schooner "R. Bowers" and "Freedom," one thousand tons best quality Hard Coal in Egg, Stove and Chestnut sizes. C. Lyons & Co. Charlottetown, P. E. I. Nov. 30 1910.

CHARLOTTETOWN Steam Navigation Co., Ltd. Commencing MONDAY, the 5th of MAY, the Steamer Northumberland Leaves Charlottetown for Picton, N.S., at 8.20 o'clock a. m., leaving Picton on return about 4.30 p. m. Connections made at Picton for all points in Nova Scotia. Steamer Empress Leaves Summerside for Point du Chêne, N. B., about 10 o'clock a. m., leaving Point du Chêne on return about 4.30 p. m., connecting with express trains for Charlottetown and Tignish. Connections made at Point du Chêne for all points in Canada and the United States. G. W. WAKEFORD, Manager. Charlottetown, P. E. Island. May 7, 1913-41

STEWART & CAMPBELL, Barristers, Solicitors, etc. Offices in Dearby Block, Corner Queen and Grafton Streets, Charlottetown, P. E. Island. MONEY TO LOAN. W.S. STEWART, K. C. | N.A. CAMPBELL July 3, 1911-17. J.A. Mathieson, K. C. | E.A. MacDonald, J.A. Stewart. Mathieson, MacDonald & Stewart, Newson's Block, Charlottetown. Barristers, Solicitors, etc. McDonald Bros. Building, Georgetown.

FIRE INSURANCE. Royal Insurance Company of Liverpool, G. B. Sun Fire offices of London. Fidelity Phenix Fire Insurance Co. of New York. Combined Assets \$100,000,000 Lowest rates and prompt settlement of Losses. JOHN MACBACHERN AGENT. Telephone No. 362. Mar. 22nd, 1906

Federal Parliament.

Ottawa, May 27—The Liberal majority in the Senate, doing the work of Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the opposition in the House of Commons will kill the naval bill.

The expected action was taken by Sir George Ross, Liberal Leader in the Senate, this afternoon, following a Liberal caucus held in the morning. Sir Cecil Spring Rice, the visiting British Ambassador to the United States, was there and saw it done.

If the Liberal majority sticks together, as it undoubtedly will, there is no hope for the bill and there is no immediate prospect of aid to the naval forces of the Empire, so far as the Liberal's in parliament are concerned.

Sir George Ross moved an amendment "That this House is not justified in giving its assent to this bill until it is submitted to the judgment of the country."

This is the substance of the amendment moved by Senator Longheed when the Lancer Naval Service Bill was before the Senate in 1910. It was, of course, rejected at that time by the Liberal majority, which now applies it to reject the Dreadnought bill.

Sir George Ross, moving the amendment, said that if such an amendment had been proposed in connection with a bill founded upon constitutional principles it could properly be moved to a measure "which has not got a constitutional principle in it."

The expectation that the former premier, and leader of the Liberal party in Ontario, would come forward as executor of the Naval Bill drew a great crowd to the Senate. The upper house has not known another such day, in many years. A large number of members from both sides of the House of Commons watched the proceedings and the galleries were full of people.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, to make sure that nothing went wrong with his plans, went personally to the Senate and was among the most interested listeners. Several of the Liberal ex-ministers who have been fighting the Naval Bill from the House were also there, including Hon. Mackenzie King, Hon. W. S. Fielding, and Sir Fredrick Borden.

Ottawa, Ont., May 28—The Naval Bill, according to the present outlook, will not come back to the House of Commons. The Ross amendment is not an amendment to the bill, but is an amendment to Senator Longheed's motion for the second reading of the bill. It strikes out from the Longheed motion all but the first word "that" and substitutes the words "This House is not justified in giving its assent to this bill until it is submitted to the judgment of the country." The adoption of this amendment means that the bill does not get its second reading.

It is killed. If it came back to the House with an amendment on the lines of the Ross motion, the ultimate result would be the same as no such amendment would be accepted by the government and the bill would be killed. The Ross amendment does the work more quickly. The vote may be taken by tomorrow night, although there are a number of speakers to be heard.

Ottawa, May 30—At one o'clock this morning the Senate voted on the amendment to the second reading of the Naval Bill offered by Senator Longheed, Sir George Ross, which would refer the proposal to the people. The vote stood for the amendment 51, against 27, opposition majority of 24.

Senator Mills, appointed by a Liberal Government, to represent the amendment, and Senator Macphail, appointed by a Conservative Government, voted for the amendment.

As Senator Longheed, the Government leader, will refuse to move further in the matter, the bill will then go back to the Commons.

Ottawa, May 30—Sir Robert Buchanan, the oldest member of the New Zealand parliament, and who is now in Ottawa, called on the Prime Minister this afternoon. He is deeply interested in agricultural matters and has visited the Central Farm at Ottawa. He will go to Gaspé and Winnipeg.

While not wanting to express an opinion on the naval matter lest it be interpreted as interference, he remarked that he was astonished at some of the statements he had heard by Liberal senators in the naval debate. He was particularly impressed with the utterances of Sir Mackenzie Bowell, which he regarded as remarkable for a man of his ability. He observed that when the Zealand had given the Dreadnought it was a free will offering and considered above party politics.

Ottawa, May 30—The claims of the Fenian Bank victims are again being pressed upon the government, and the general consensus of opinion among members of both sides of the House seems to be that some measure of relief ought to be forthcoming.

There is no official information available as to what will be done, or as to the extent of the aid which may be granted. The losses amount to approximately a million and a quarter, and it is expected that the double liability, of which not much more than forty per cent. is likely to be collected will take care of the preferred claims only. The building up of a huge corruption fund seems likely to result from the activities of the Liberal machine which has been at work here all season blocking legislation in the hope that the government would provide a general election to satisfy the ambitions of a few ex-ministers and ex-members. Rumor has it that a personal appeal has been made and is being made to the Liberals in Ontario and in some of the other provinces to send in contributions of one dollar and upwards towards a "legitimate expenses" fund to be spent if an election can be brought about immediately or related for use when the next general election comes on the due course. The money will be sent to Sir Wilfrid Laurier. The appeal seems to be meeting with a ready response. Large numbers of letters are coming in at the parliamentary post-office addressed to Sir Wilfrid Laurier on a printed form and marked "free."

THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 4, 1913. SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR. TO THE UNITED STATES \$1.50 PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT 81 QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND. JAMES MCISAAC, Editor & Proprietor

Please Send In Your Subscriptions. LOCAL & OTHER ITEMS.

Pope Pius X celebrated his 78th birthday on Monday.

Hog cholera has been discovered at Brantford, Ont.

The Reflection Arctic expedition sails from Victoria, B. C., on June 10th.

A German aviator at Hanover fell 500 feet and was instantly killed.

Rev. P. McQuillan, Halifax, who had been visiting Charlottetown returned home on Saturday.

The original Kilmerock edition of the poems of Robert Burns brought \$700 at the Hill sale at Sotheby's London.

Yesterday, being the King's birthday, was observed as a public holiday. In this city all business was suspended in the afternoon.

James Duffy of Toronto won the Marathon Race of Yankee N. Y., on Friday last in 2 hours and 39 minutes and 29 seconds.

James A. Molonia, of Lakeville, has been sent up for trial in the Supreme Court, in connection with the death of Helen J. Molonia.

St. Dunstan's Red and White for May has just come to hand. As usual it contains many articles of a high order of merit. Want of space absolutely permits any lengthy review.

His Lordship, Bishop O'Leary, visited St. Joseph's Convent on Thursday and Notre Dame Convent on Friday. In both instances there was a cordial reception and was entertained with choicest music and song.

The commencement exercises of Prince of Wales College took place on Friday forenoon. His Worship, Mayor Lyons, presided. Addresses were delivered by the Lieut. Governor, Principal Robertson, Premier Mathieson, Hon. W. S. Stewart, Hon. M. McInniss and others.

The funeral of Mrs. John Sinnott to St. Joseph's Church, Morell Rear, on Wednesday last, was very largely attended, over one hundred carriages being in line. A Solemn Mass of Requiem was celebrated by her son, Very Rev. Mgr. Sinnott, with Rev. P. D. McGeigan, deacon; Rev. A. McAulay, sub-deacon, and Rev. T. Curran assistant priest. The ceremonies were directed by Rev. A. J. McIntyre, P. F., and Rev. Dr. McLaughan. Rev. N. J. Cole also occupied a seat in the Sanctuary—R.I.P.

His Majesty's ship Camber and, having among her cadets, Prince Albert, second son of His Majesty King George, came to Charlottetown Saturday afternoon. During the afternoon the usual exchange of courtesies took place between the Lieutenant Governor and the commander of the ship.

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son; the American Consul, and many other distinguished clerical and laymen were present.

An address of welcome was presented to his Lordship the Bishop by the students. His Lordship responded in felicitous terms, and then the following programme was carried out:

1. Oratorio—"The Prince's Dream"—(Eras)—College Orchestra. 2. Chorus—"Dawn of Day"—(S. Reay)—College Glee Club. 3. Alumni Essay—Ray McCarville. 4. Song and Chorus—"Hurrah for the Red and White"—(Smith)—Alex. McDonald and boys. 5. Sextet—"What from Vengeance"—(Donisetti)—Messrs. John, Crepan Finol, Gilles, Foirier, Robillard. 6. Distribution of Premiums and Special Prizes. 7. Walk—"Spring Balls"—(Mackie-Bayer)—Orchestra. 8. Vocal Solo—"Magnetic Walk Song"—(Arditi)—Mr. Reuben Finol. 9. Valedictory—A. McAdam. 10. Male Quartet—"L'Orphéon en Voyage"—(de Bili)—Messrs. John, Crepan, Foirier and Robillard. 11. Vocal Solo—"Lullaby"—(Goddard)—Mr. Arthur John. 12. Address to Graduates—Rev. Dr. Kelly. 13. Chorus—"O Hush thee, my Babe"—(Sir A. Sullivan)—College Glee Club. "God Save the King."

The address to the graduates by Rev. Dr. Kelly, of Chicago, a former student of the College, was pregnant with sound advice words of wisdom for the young graduates. The Alumni prayer by Mr. Ray McCarville and the Valedictory by Mr. Adolphus McAdam, were excellent essays.

The Rev. Rector reviewed, at some length, the work of the year, expressing satisfaction with the conduct of the students, and emphasizing his great pleasure and that of the faculty in the honor conferred on them by the presence of his Lordship, the new Bishop.

His Lordship, the Bishop, thanked the Rev. Rector and students for their kind welcomes. He said he had not come expecting any official welcome, but was pleased to find that he was deeply interested in the work of the institution, and henceforth intended to take a special interest therein. He had considerable knowledge, he said, of the admirable work St. Dunstan's had done and was doing. He knew, also, of the sacrifices his predecessors had made to advance and support the institution, and in this great work he intended, he said, to follow their noble traditions.

His Honor the Lieut. Governor, Premier Mathieson, American Consul Frost, Judge Warburton and his Worship Mayor Lyons delivered brief appropriate addresses. The proceedings then closed with the national anthem. We regret that lack of space prevents us from giving a more extended report. Following are the names of the graduates:

A. Reid, J. E. Duggan, J. Dromin, A. MacAdam, W. V. McDonald, A. John, E. P. Curley, J. A. McDonald, L. Smith, H. Robillard, G. L. Smith, F. F. Walker.

The Market Prices.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes Butter, Eggs, Pork, Chickens, Flour, Beef, Mutton, Potatoes, Hay, Hides, Sheep, Turkeys, Ducks, Lamb.

Notice To Merchants.

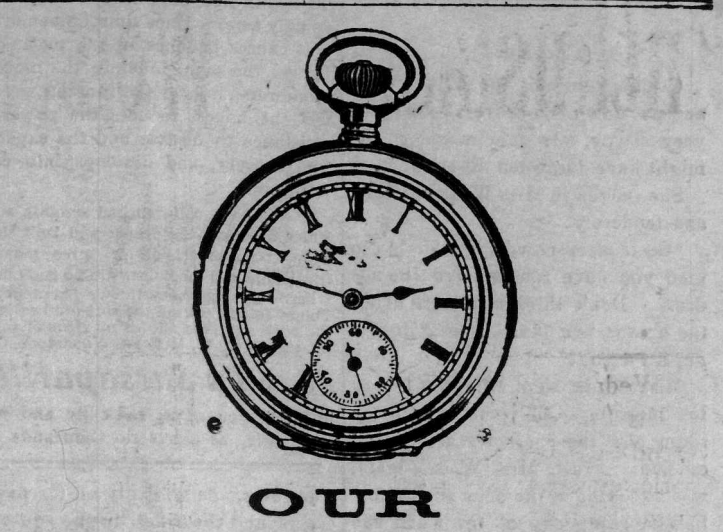
All persons supplying provisions or goods of any kind to Stewards of vessels or on board by the Department of Marine and Fisheries, or to any other person or persons who may have contracted for the boarding of the officers and crews of such vessels, are hereby notified that the aforesaid Department will not be responsible for any accounts contracted by the Stewards or Contractors above referred to.

Montague Dental Parlors

We guarantee all our plate to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Teeth pulled and extracted absolutely painless. A. J. FRASER, D. D. Aug. 15 1906-3m

JAMES H. REDDIN Barrister, etc.,

Has Removed his Office from the City Hotel Building, Great George Street, to rooms over Grant's Implement Warehouse, Corner of Queen and Sydney Streets. Collections attended to. Money to loan. Ch'town, Feb. 22, 1911-6



Waltham and Regina Watches Are Splendid Timekeepers Being accurately timed from actual observation of the stars with transit instrument and chronometer. You make no mistake in buying one of these watches IN OUR OPTICAL DEPARTMENT Each eye is tested separately and fitted with the special lense that is required and mountings wished for.

THE JEWELRY AND SILVER DEPARTMENT

Is supplied with many rings, brooches, lockets, chains, studs, spoons, trays, baskets, tea pots, novelties, etc. etc.

RING MAKING Gilding and expert repair done on the premises.

E. W. TAYLOR, South Side Queen Square, City.

Spring & Summer Weather

Spring and Summer weather calls for prompt attention to the Repairing, Cleaning and Making of Clothing. We beg to remind our numerous patrons that we have REMOVED from 23 Prince Street to our new stand 122 DORCHESTER STREET, Next door to Dr. Conroy's Office, where we shall be pleased to see all our friends. All Orders Receive Strict Attention. Our work is reliable, and our prices please our customers. H. McMILLAN

Reasons Why The C. B. C. Is The Best

The Charlottetown Business College's claims of superiority are not based on hot air, bombast or broadside bragosty. The equipment of this college is complete in every respect. There are enough typewriters, forms, etc., for every student, and therefore none are kept back and none especially favored. The teachers are the best that can be secured and the location ideal—right in the heart of the business district—the courses plain, practical and full of "usable" knowledge. Students who graduate from this institution are QUALIFIED to cope with any problem that is placed before them in actual practice. This institution is the only one in the Province to turn out successful verbatim reporters. The courses cover bookkeeping, auditing, type writing, shorthand, brokerage, banking, business correspondence, navigation, engineering and Civil Service preparatory exams. Write today for free prospectus and full information. Charlottetown Business College —AND INSTITUTE OF— SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING L. B. MILLER, Principal, VICTORIA ROW.

The Blue Cornucopia

(Concluded). Cecilia went to the writing table and put down the address. She was very sleepy. In the morning she might have forgotten all about it.

She looked in Miss Wade's eyes and tenderly. "Go to sleep now," she said. "I'm glad you have remembered the address. Don't think any more about the blue cornucopia. I am going to get it for you."

Miss Wade slept till quite late in the morning. The sun was in the room and the sparrows chattering outside. Pratt, Miss Wade's maid, was knocking at the door with Cecilia's morning cup of tea when she awakened. Miss Wade seemed much better, was in a placid mood, and never mentioned the blue cornucopia.

But after breakfast when the old lady had her toilet made, and was asleep after the exercise, Cecilia sat down and wrote. She was uncertain at first to how to address the letter. Finally she made up her mind and addressed it to the representative of the late Lady Stukeley, Knoll House, Elingham, Hampshire. Then she wrote her letter. She felt the quaintness of it—a request for the restoration of a piece of china given more than fifty years ago. Why, there might be no one to receive it. Lady Stukeley might have left no representative.

However, she made her statement simply. Miss Wade was old, in failing health. She had set her heart on finding the missing cornucopia of the pair. It frustrated her and prevented her sleeping. If Lady Stukeley's representatives were still possessed of the cornucopia, and willing to part with it, Miss Wade would be glad to buy it back.

After she had posted the letter, without saying anything to her aunt about it, she had a set back. Miss Wade remembered the cornucopia, though she remembered that it had been broken by a careless maid sixty years ago. Cecilia's letter had been written in vain.

She said to herself that her letter would, in all probability, be returned to her through the Dead Letter Office. A more experienced person than Cecilia would have discovered ways and means of finding out if there were still Stukeleys at Knoll House, Elingham; or, if not, where the family had gone to. None occurred to Cecilia. If there was no one there to receive the letter it would come back to her through the Dead Letter Office. So she waited.

However, three days later, just when Miss Wade had begun to fret for the missing cornucopia, Cecilia was informed that a gentleman wished to see her. He was in the drawing room, he had sent up his card.

Sir Cathbert Stukeley.

Knoll House, Elingham; Travellers' and Naval and Military Club.

She went downstairs, a certain feeling of excitement stirred her quiet pulses. At the end of the long drawing room—Miss Wade lived in a stately Tudor square house—a gentleman was standing by the window looking out. He turned about as Cecilia entered. He was tall, dark, with a slightly grizzled head, although he could not have been much more than thirty. He had a kind, honest face at the moment's somewhat harassed, as though from recent trouble. Cecilia noticed that he wore a mourning band on the sleeve of his coat.

He smiled and the smile lit up the sobriety of his face, which indeed, was not natural to him. He had a curious shaped paper parcel in his hand.

"This took some little searching for," he said, holding it out to her. Plainly it was the cornucopia. "Knoll is so full of all manner of things, I am so glad I have got it for you at last. How is Miss Wade?"

To her amazement, Cecilia found herself talking to Sir Cathbert Stukeley as though she had known him all her life. While they talked a message came summoning her to Miss Wade's room. She left with an apology. He did not seem in any great haste to be gone.

She went upstairs, carrying the cornucopia in her hand. As soon as Miss Wade heard about its restoration she was all eagerness to see the young man who must be the son of Peter Stukeley, whom she might have married if he would. Cecilia was to go downstairs and insist on him staying for lunch. Miss Wade must get up. Pratt would help her to dress. She felt wonderfully well this morning. Cecilia would see that there was a good luncheon, such as a man needed—no giggling little dishes, but something substantial as well as inviting. She was to go down and invite Sir Cathbert to stay for lunch, to see his mother's and grandmother's old friend.

Sir Cathbert was not unwilling to stay for lunch. He even accompanied Cecilia when she went out to do her marketing. She had explained that she must leave him for that purpose, and he had asked—in a deprecating manner—if he might accompany her. He carried her to the basket in which she was to bring back some things; the cook could not wait for.

Why, what had happened to Cecilia and to the gay London streets? The steps had never looked so gay before.

An Ancient Foe

To health and happiness is Berofta—as ugly as ever since time immemorial. It causes pimples in the neck, disfigures the skin, inflames the mucous membrane, wastes the muscles, weakens the bones, reduces the power of resistance to disease and the capacity for recovery, and develops into consumption.

"Two of my children had scrofula sores which kept growing deeper and kept them from going to school for three months. Ointments and medicines did no good until I began giving them Hood's Sarsaparilla. This medicine caused the sores to heal, and the children have shown no signs of scrofula since." J. W. McKinnon, Woodstock, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla will rid you of it, radically and permanently, as it has rid thousands.

The sun shone gold on the pavements, and the trees in the square showed a mist of green. The people who passed them by in the streets as they had often seemed to Cecilia. They were smiling and happy. The tulips and daffodils in the flower girl's baskets made vivid splashes of color on the pavement. Cecilia's own heart was irrationally light. She laughed and was merry. She called her new friend into consultation with her over her purchases. There was a gentle and innocent oquetry about her. Cecilia was looking twenty today; and as for Cathbert Stukeley, the shadow had lifted from his face.

It was the oddest thing to Cecilia to sit and lunch with Cathbert Stukeley at the other side of the table. Old Stevens, the butler, beamed benevolently upon them. He had brought out a bottle of the best Burgundy for Sir Cathbert's delectation. He remembered Sir Peter and Sir Anthony before him. It was a dull thing to have come down to a family of two ladies who drank only water.

Miss Wade seemed to have taken a new lease of life. The first day Sir Cathbert Stukeley sat by her sofa upstairs for quite an hour. There were so many things she had to ask and hear about the family; so many memories of them to unpack. Sir Cathbert's father and mother were both dead; his father long years ago, his mother only recently. That explained the shadow on his face. The Stukeleys were always good sons and husbands, Miss Wade said later. "I ought to have married Peter Stukeley, if I had I should have been the young man's mother."

Cathbert Stukeley was in town for a few weeks he was unfailingly attentive in his call at Tavistock square. As though his coming, or the restoration of the blue cornucopia, had given her new life, Miss Wade steadily mended; before the end of the week she was downstairs, and the doctor talking of a change to seaside or country.

Cecilia was delighted. Miss Wade might have been the tenderest person to her all these years to see her delight. To be sure Miss Wade was changed—the old coldness and selfishness a thing of the past.

"You have been a very good child to me, Cecilia," she said, the day she gave her some of her finest lace. "I haven't been very good to you. But all this is to be changed. We are going to have some new frocks, Cecilia. Do you know that I have only just discovered how pretty you are? A published, selfish old woman."

It was the day she came downstairs. Cecilia ran to her, kissed her, and protested against the lady's well-deserved description of herself as she had been.

They were discussing the change when Sir Cathbert came in. Should it be Eastbourne or Tunbridge Wells? Cecilia sat at the writing table, her pen poised above the sheet of note paper. She was going to write and engage rooms. Easter was coming; and at Easter every place would be full. Eastbourne or Tunbridge Wells? Miss Wade favored the Wells; she had had glorious times there long ago.

"What's the matter with Knoll?" asked Sir Cathbert, sitting down by the old lady's sofa and taking her hand. "I assure you that you and Miss Cecilia would be very comfortable at Knoll. The air is bracing, the country beautiful, and we have a very good dinner within easy reach. Think of it!"

"I should love it," said Miss Wade, with great animation. Why, she had gone back twenty years since the son of her lover had come to remind her of her youth. "What do you say, Cecilia?"

Cecilia in her secret heart was uplifted. It had occurred to her coldly that she was going to miss Cathbert Stukeley to miss him badly. Eastbourne—Tunbridge Wells; and Cathbert Stukeley gone away! For the first time the youth in her orbed out against the perpetual companionship of old ladies which had fallen to her lot all the days of her life, till it had been broken up by the coming of Cathbert Stukeley.

He took charge of them on the journey as though he had been the son of hers. Miss Wade said he ought to have been.

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A COLD

However slight MAY TURN INTO BRONCHITIS.

You should never neglect a cold, however slight. If you do not treat it in time it will, in all possibility, develop into bronchitis, pneumonia, asthma, or some other serious throat or lung trouble.

On the first sign of a cold or cough it is advisable to cure it at once, and not let it run on for an indefinite period.

For this purpose there is nothing so equal Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, a remedy that has been universally used for the past twenty-five years.

You do not experiment when you get it. Mrs. Louis Lalonde, Penetanguishene, Ont., writes: "When my little boy was two years old he caught a cold which turned into bronchitis. I tried everything to cure him, even to doctor's medicine, but it did him no good. One day I was advised to give Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup a trial, and before he had had a bottle used, he was cured. I would advise all mothers to try it, as good results will follow. My home is never without it."

See that you get "Dr. Wood's" as there are numerous imitations. It is put up in a yellow wrapper, 8 pins across the trade mark; the price, 25 and 50 cents. Manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Lofter—If I was you I'd stay at home and wash my kids. Saffers—My good man, if I were you I'd begin on myself first!

MINARD'S LINIMENT CO., LIMITED. GENTS.—I have used Minard's Liniment in my family and also in my stables for years and consider it the best medicine obtainable.

Yours truly, ALFRED ROCHAV. Proprietor Rixton Pond Hotel and Livery St. bl. s.

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"By the teeth!" exclaimed Pat. "But a tu-u-ky has no teeth." "No," admitted Casey, "but O' have."

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"Two are company." "Yes, until they are made one."

Teacher—"How many zines has the earth Johnny?" Johnny—"Five." Teacher—"Correct. Name them." Johnny—"Temperate, temperate, canal, horrid, and ozone."

Minard's Liniment cures Neuralgia. Belle—"But do you think you and Jack are suited to each other?" Nell—"Oh, perfectly. Our tastes are quite similar. I don't care very much for him, and he doesn't care very much for me."

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On the first sign of any weakness of the heart or nerves, you should not wait until your case becomes so desperate that it is going to take years to cure you, but avail yourself of a prompt and perfect cure by using Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. Mr. Thomas A. Stevens, Harris, Sask., writes:—"I was troubled with weak heart, and was all run down for a long while. I was almost in despair of ever getting well again, until a friend recommended me to try Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. After the first box, I was much better, and three boxes cured me. I am now, as well as ever, and will highly recommend them to any one else troubled with a weak heart."

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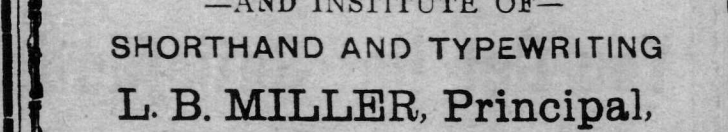
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