

43RD YEAR NO. 17844

THE ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONTARIO, MONDAY, JUNE 4, 1906.—TEN PAGES.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

EARL'S VISIT A PLEASANT ONE GREY SAYS MAY COME AGAIN

Governor-General Greatly Impressed with London and Its Beautiful Homes—An Ideal City, He Says.

The reception to Earl Grey and Lady Sybil Grey was brought to a close on Saturday afternoon at 3.30, when a large crowd assembled at the C. P. R. depot and gave three cheers and a tiger as the vice-regal train pulled out. From all points of view the reception was an unqualified success. The weather and the committee joined hands to make the day one of the best, and his excellency and his charming daughter left London delighted with the visit and the people.

At the city hall the earl told the people that he hoped to be able to visit London again. This was said to be a hint that he intends coming to the Forest City next year, probably at fair time. Had it not been that he has arranged to go to the Yukon in August he would in all probability have visited London in September this year.

His excellency was charmed with the luncheon at the Kennels, where the hounds were sent on an exhibition run over the course, with horsesmen in pursuit. It reminded him of the old estates in England, he said.

After the luncheon the party proceeded to the armories where the earl minutely inspected the splendid quarters of London's militia. His excellency remarked to the military men present—Col. Peters, Col. Little, Col. McDougall, Major Cronyn and others—that the building was a credit to the city and to the entire Dominion, and that it should do much toward attracting young men to the militia bodies, where they will be properly trained to defend their country, should occasion demand it.

Wanted to See Y. M. C. A. After the public reception at the city hall the party were about to enter the carriages and drive to the C. P. R. depot, when the earl pulled out his watch and looked at it. "We still have some time to spare," he said to Mayor Judd. "I should very much like to go through the Young

Men's Christian Association building." All were then driven to the building on Wellington street, where the earl and Lady Sybil were shown through. The good work being done by the institution was attested to by London's prominent citizens, and his excellency paid some warm compliments to the association. The gymnasium and baths had much interest for him, and he was glad to know that hundreds of the young men of London, from all walks of life, are taking advantage of the benefits to be secured at the Y. M. C. A.

The mayor and Chairman Gillean then took the party to the public library, where the earl's love for books was manifested itself. After looking through the building, and glancing over the stocks, he was introduced to Miss Grey, Miss McLaughlin and Miss Leigh, after which he asked for a couple of books which were not on the shelves there. His excellency then wrote out several recommendations, and the works will be purchased by the board. Chairman Hazard, of the library, was with the party at the time of the inspection.

Suggested Books for Library. The books asked for by his excellency were "Little Flowers of France," by Rhoads, which he said would make good reading for the Catholic children of the city; "Men of Might," by Benson; "Empire and Century," the "National Monthly," and "The Outlook." The latter publication, American edition, is now on file at the library, but Lady Sybil said she would prefer to see the English edition, not the American, on file.

Then the drive to the depot was commenced. The Seventh Band struck up a lively air as the Governor-General and party entered the carriages, and the procession moved off between long lines of cheering crowds. Queen's



HON. A. B. AYLESWORTH.
Succeeds Hon. Mr. Fitzpatrick as Minister of Justice.

IMMIGRATION COMPANY INVESTIGATION CLOSES

The Inquiry Into North Atlantic Trading Company Has Collapsed.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Ottawa, June 4.—The inquiry into the North Atlantic Trading Company has collapsed.

The public accounts committee met today to examine Mr. J. M. Barker's report that as Mr. J. M. Barker was pretty fully examined before the agriculture committee, he did not desire to repeat it, and therefore had nothing to ask him. Mr. J. M. Barker stated that investigation was practically closed. It might be necessary to call Mr. Preston and Mr. J. M. Barker, but only to examine them briefly. The chairman, Mr. Belcourt, read a letter from Lord Strathcona, stating that he had not forwarded the letter written by J. M. Barker to Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Mr. Belcourt got the letter from Lord Strathcona this morning. The committee then adjourned.

WALKING ON A WAGER

Port Hope to Toronto in Twenty-Four Hours—Perhaps.

Port Hope, Ont., June 4.—Jimmie Reynolds, the well-known Port Hope barber, and athlete, started this morning at 7 o'clock on his walk to Toronto on a wager of \$155. He is wearing long trousers, a coat or vest, and carries a cane. He is accompanied by a carriage containing several Port Hope sportsmen. Reynolds, who is 55 years of age, has been training lately and expects to win. He must be at the King Edward Hotel by 7 o'clock tomorrow morning to win his bet.

WHERE IS FREDDIE?

Barnardo Boy Mysteriously Disappears from His Home.

The city and county police, as well as the officers of the Children's Aid Society, are looking for a boy named Frederick Leggatt, who disappeared from his home in London Township on Saturday morning.

The lad is a Barnardo boy, and for the past two months has been living with Mr. Hugh Wyatt, father of Principal Wyatt, of St. George's school.

Young Leggatt, who is about 14 years of age, got along well with Mr. Wyatt, and his disappearance cannot be accounted for. In fact, there are some people who are a little suspicious that the lad has been drowned.

As a consequence, men have been at work this morning searching the river bank in quest of the boy's clothes. Until noon, no trace of Leggatt had been secured.

Previous to living with Mr. Wyatt, the lad was for ten months with another man, but he did not get along so well in that home as he did on the Wyatt farm.

Inspector Sanders says young Leggatt is small for his age, is a little round shouldered, has light, straight hair, and was dressed in blue overalls and shirt, with a straw hat.

VOLIVA TO STICK
Is Backed by Five Thousand, and Will Not Leave Zion City.

Chicago, June 4.—Overseer Wilbur Glenn Voliva, at Zion City, yesterday announced he would stay in Zion despite any opposition John Alexander Dowie might exert against him through the federal courts. Five thousand persons in the tabernacle, by a rising vote, signified their intention of remaining there also.

Today the Zion business council will take steps to incorporate several industries which will be started in the town before winter. Outside capital will be invited to invest in the enterprises. Dowie preached to 40 of his followers yesterday in his apartment at the Virginia Hotel. Deacon John A. Lewis said the "apostle's" health was good.

An Ideal City.

"I am delighted with my reception and greatly pleased with the drive." His Excellency Earl Grey, Governor-General of Canada, said to Mayor Judd on Saturday.

"Your streets charm me. But, your worship, you didn't show me through your slums. You know, I am very much interested in the very poor."

"It gives me the greatest pleasure to be able to inform your excellency that here in London we have no slums," the mayor replied. "We took you through the city just as it is. We showed you the very best and the very poorest."

"We told you we were happy, contented and prosperous. What do you think of us, your excellency?"

"No slums," repeated the earl, while his face lighted up with pleasure. "What a great thing to be able to say. What would not London give to be able to say that? I must say you have an ideal city. Contentment marks every home."



HON. RUDOLPH LEMIEUX.
Shift in the Dominion Cabinet Makes Him Postmaster-General.

SENATOR GORMAN DEAD; NOTABLE U. S. FIGURE

Maryland's Representative in American Upper House Passes Away.

Washington, June 4.—Arthur Pue Gorman, United States senator from Maryland, died suddenly at his residence here at 9:30 this morning. While Senator Gorman had been ill for many months, he had shown some improvement lately. Heart trouble was the immediate cause of death. Senator Gorman long had been a notable figure in the National Congress. He first took his seat in 1881 and served continuously for eighteen years, and nearly all of that time he was the leader of his party in the senate. Winning early a reputation for sagacity and the keenest judgment in congressional affairs, he attained prominence, not only as a leader in the senate, but in the country at large, and by many men was considered the most available man in his party for the presidency. He was chairman of the executive committee, and managed the campaign that resulted in the election of Cleveland in 1884.

LONDON WILL HAVE BEST VAUDEVILLE

Bennett Enterprises Arrange for Bookings Through Keiths, New York.

President J. C. Duffield of Bennett's theatrical enterprises, Mr. C. W. Bennett, manager, and Mr. Albert E. Dymment, one of the shareholders in the company, returned yesterday from New York.

The object of the visit was to make arrangements for next season's bookings, and Mr. Duffield announces that he was very successful. Next season all the Keith attractions will be open to Londoners, or at least, a very large percentage of them.

While in New York they made arrangements whereby all the bookings for the Bennett shows will be done through Keiths. Thus London will get the best of the vaudeville acts, the Temple, Detroit, and Shea's, Toronto.

Consequently, it goes without saying, that rare vaudeville treats are in store for Londoners after the last of next September.

Work will be commenced on the remodeling of the local house at once. It is understood the plans will be back from New York this week, and that excavation will begun not later than Monday next.

THREE BOYS DROWNED.
Hartford, June 4.—John Bornheim, 15, Umberto Fusco, 14, and Millie Petrucci, 14, were drowned yesterday in North Meadow Creek. The boys were in swimming when the oldest boy was taken by a cramp. The others went to his aid, but were pulled under water and all three were drowned.

CHINESE REBELS SUPPRESSED.
Shanghai, June 4.—The Kiangsi rebels have been suppressed. There were two small rebellions, in which ten rioters were killed and sixteen made prisoners. Foreigners were not molested.

THE WEATHER

TOMORROW—FAIR AND WARM.

London, Monday, June 4.
Sun rises, 4:28 a.m. Moon rises, 5:11 p.m.
Sun sets, 7:54 p.m. Moon sets, 3:21 a.m.

Shower and thunderstorms have been general today in the Maritime Provinces, and a few scattered showers have occurred in Quebec and over Lake Superior. Elsewhere the weather has been fine and nearly everywhere warm.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Vancouver, 54-61; Kamloops, 54-59; Edmonton, 50-50; Calgary, 40-76; Qu'Appelle, 38-72; Winnipeg, 48-72; Port Arthur, 44-58; Pelly Sound, 44-70; Toronto, 48-73; Ottawa, 62-82; Montreal, 64-72; Quebec, 44-64; Halifax, 48-64.

WASHED UP.
Kingston, Ont., June 4.—The remains of an infant, a boy, were washed ashore at Macdonald Park last night, and were turned over for examination and probable inquest.

NAUGHTY CELESTIALS.

Kingston, Ont., June 4.—Seven Celestials were arrested last night for gambling, having been caught playing fan-tan in the laundry of Lee Hing. Seven hundred dollars was on the table.

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WAR ON IN OHIO; GUARDS SHOT DOWN

Strikers Precipitate Battle Near Steubenville.

FRESH OUTBREAK AT CANANEA

Mexican Riot Leaders Summarily Executed by Government Troops—Property Loss \$500,000.

Cleveland, Ohio, June 4.—A special to the Leader from Steubenville, Ohio, says: Fifteen guards were shot about midnight last night in a fight at the Plum Run mine, between forty guards and four hundred mine strikers. It is not known whether any of the guards were killed.

The guards who were not wounded in the fight are in the mine and are afraid to come out to remove or attend to those who were shot. Sheriff Voorhis, of Jefferson County, is in communication with the State House and may persuade Governor Pattison to call out the militia to prevent further bloodshed.

H. E. Willard, general manager and secretary of the United States Coal Company, which owns and operates the Plum Run mine, has been communicated with at his home in Cleveland.

The miners as usual, held numerous meetings throughout the county yesterday, and most of these were stormy. The leaders urging the men to remain firm. The latter have been in an angry mood for a week, because their strike benefits have not been paid. As a result they left the meetings with a bitter feeling against the strike-breakers and the guards.

Fresh Outbreak at Cananea.

Los Angeles, Cal., June 4.—A dispatch to the Times from El Paso, Tex., says: Renewed trouble broke out at Cananea last night between the striking Mexicans of Col. W. C. Greene's mines and the rurales under Col. Kostelitzky. Five rioters were killed and thirteen injured. One of the rurales was shot, but not seriously injured. The trouble broke out shortly after the arrival of 200 Mexican soldiers from Hermosillo. All of the American women in the town and many women of the higher class of Mexicans are quartered in the home of Col. Greene, which is under guard.

Eight Riot Leaders Executed.

Los Angeles, Cal., June 4.—A dispatch to the Herald from Douglas, Arizona, reports the execution of eight leaders of the Cananea riots, yesterday, by Col. Kostelitzky. The rioters were lined up in front of a stone wall a few blocks over the hills from Romo, and killed by a volley from the rifles of the rurales, under the command of Col. Kostelitzky.

The dispatch further states that the arrival of Kostelitzky with his troops had more to do with the quelling of the riot than the presence of American soldiers on the scene. The pecuniary loss of the Cananea Consolidated Mining Company is estimated at \$500,000, and work will be resumed within a week.

A COMMITTEE READY FOR ARCTIC INQUIRY

Will Inquire as to Whether All Supplies Went Aboard the Ship.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Ottawa, June 4.—The special committee appointed to inquire into the purchase of supplies for the steamer Arctic held its first meeting this morning. Mr. A. K. MacLean was appointed chairman. What the committee will inquire into is, in the first place, that certain supplies were purchased and not put on board but devoted to other purposes, and in the second, that excessive prices were charged.

It was decided to summon Capt. Bernard, Major Moodie, Col. Fred White, members of the mounted police, and several others of the marine and fisheries department, who had to do with purchasing and placing the supplies on board. It was also decided to meet at 10 tomorrow morning in session. The idea is to prosecute the inquiry with all possible speed.

BUILDS WHERE THERE'S FREIGHT; AND SAYS SUBSIDIES DON'T PAY

[Special to the Advertiser.]
J. J. Hill, the railway magnate, arrived at noon today from Montreal, and was met at the depot by the president and secretary of the Canadian Club, a corps of Ottawa's leading citizens and a corps of newspaper correspondents. Mr. Hill was the guest of the Canadian Club at luncheon today. He called on Sir Wilfrid Laurier at noon and will leave again for New York this evening.

"Some people in Canada look upon you as public benefactor because you build railways without subsidies," said a correspondent.

"I build railways without subsidies," came the ready reply, "because I think it pays better."

"How do you make that out?"
"In the first place if the road does not pay without a subsidy it won't pay with one."
"But the subsidy would always assist?"

"There are restrictions and other inconveniences accompanying a subsidy which interferes with the building of the road so that you cannot get so good a grade."

"So that you think you are better without it than with it?"
"I have been building without subsidies for a long time. That is the kind of a road I do build. I am looking for freight, and when I see any place without a railway where freight is to be had, I build there. That is my policy."

May Lose Their Harborage.

London, June 3.—The desperate attempt on the lives of King Alfonso and Queen Victoria closely touches the people of Great Britain, bringing home to them the question of harboring anarchists which has long been kept in the background.

It is now expected that this will immediately be presented to the Government upon the reassembling of Parliament after the Whitsuntide recess, when an effort will be made to secure the passage of a law excluding anarchists from their long-enslaved harborage in Great Britain.

It Will Come Again, Says Alfonso.

Madrid, June 3.—The African envoy to the royal wedding, Frederick W. Whitridge, and his suite had an opportunity for a brief conversation with King Alfonso during the reception at the palace Saturday night. When the conversation naturally turned to the attempt on the King and Queen, the King shrugged his shoulders, and made the significant statement, "It will come again."

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BOMB-THROWER TAKES HIS LIFE

Morales, Chief Suspect in the Madrid Outrage, a Suicide.

KILLS MAN WHO INTERFERES

Public Clamor for Ignominious Burial—Britain May Bar All Anarchists in the Future.

Madrid, June 3.—The capture and suicide Saturday night at Torrején de Ardoz, of Manuel Morales, the chief suspect in the bomb outrage against King Alfonso and Queen Victoria, adds another dramatic chapter to the incidents surrounding the royal wedding.

Morales was recognized in the little town of Torrején de Ardoz, midway between Madrid and Alcala. A guard sought to detain him, but Morales, drawing a revolver, shot the guard dead.

Then he turned to flee, but a number of the inhabitants of the town were upon him, and turning the revolver upon himself, he sent a shot in the region of his heart, expiring a few minutes later.

Senior Cuesta, proprietor of the hotel, from the balcony of which Morales threw the bomb, viewed the body this morning and completely identified it as that of his recent guest.

It was 8 o'clock Saturday evening when Morales, disguised in the garb of a workman, entered the station at Torrején de Ardoz. He asked a child, who was in charge of the office, the time the next train would depart for Barcelona. He then sought food in a nearby shop.

His Catalan accent at first attracted attention to him. It was then noticed that his workman's suit was entirely new, and did not correspond to that usually worn by a person of his station in life, with face and manners showing him to be a man of some distinction.

A private watchman from a neighboring estate chanced to be present. He noticed the facial resemblance of Morales to the descriptions given out of the man seen on the balcony from which the bomb was thrown, particularly the long, thin and deeply serious face and the closely cropped moustache.

After shooting himself, Morales fell in the road. The villagers advanced toward the spot, with the most venturesome of them, Francisco Martinez, ahead. Through the moonlight, Martinez saw Morales making a desperate effort to raise himself on his elbow, his right hand still grasping the revolver. Then the wounded man fell backward, dead.

The villagers waited 15 minutes before going closer, fearing that he might still be able to use the weapon. When they did venture to the spot, Morales was dead.

The weapon used by him was a seven-shot revolver. A close examination of the dead man showed that there were three abrasions on the body besides the death wound—one on the hand, one under the left eye and one on the forehead.

The body of Morales was exposed this evening for the purpose of allaying public indignation. Thousands of persons surged before the municipal morgue seeking to get in line to be admitted to the room where the body lay, but cavalry and infantry blocked the efforts of the throng, which muttered imprecations against the assassin.

Final disposition of the body of Morales has not yet been determined on, but the public demand an ignominious burial.

Rome, June 3.—The police, suspecting anarchist plots at Ancona, on the Adriatic, 135 miles northeast of Rome, today made a sudden descent upon several houses there. They found that a barber named Gabbanelli had several explosive mixtures, chiefly of chlorate of potash and sulphur, and in his shop were three bombs ready to be exploded. They were little larger than an orange, with an exterior of dark cement and fuse attachment. The bombs were similar in appearance to that used in the attempt on King Alfonso and Queen Victoria. Gabbanelli and twelve other anarchists were arrested. King Victoria Emmanuel will visit Ancona the end of the month.

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Learn to Use the Want Ads

Through the medium of a want ad. you can buy, sell or exchange any commodity in the world.

The little classified ads. are read and reread by people in all walks of life.

They pave the way for employment of labor and help, and bring together the employer and employee—in fact, they are indispensable to both.

In the business world the want ad. occupies a significant position. It is used in buying and selling commodities of all kinds, and carries a constant market for business opportunities. It is used extensively in all business channels because it brings quick and effective results.

The housewife looks to the want ad. for many of her household necessities. In the want column she secures her help, whether it be a washerwoman or a servant. The want ad. sells pieces of furniture or any dispensable article which may be in demand by some one else.

Thus the want ad. occupies a field which, while distinctively its own, facilitates a rapid, effective and economic transaction of business.

The more you use them the more you will profit.

THE LONDON ADVERTISER want columns are read carefully.

Learn to Use the Want Ads

TEN WORDS TWENTY CENTS FOR THREE DAYS.

HOUSES, ETC., TO LET.

TWO NICELY-FURNISHED ROOMS, with private family, central modern conveniences. Box 7, Advertiser. 411f

STABLE AND BARN TO LET. INQUIRE 233 King street. 410

SUITE OF OFFICES, FITZGERALD block, 130 Dundas street, to let, with or without use of vault. Apply W. L. Fitzgerald, 233 King street. 410

TO LET—LAW OFFICE. THREE rooms, also toilet room, heat and fire-proof safe; recently occupied by Messrs. Elliott & McDonald; Robinson Hall, first floor; rent, \$12.50. Apply Thos. Bryson, 261f-2w

TO LET—A NEAT HOME; QUICK IF you need one. George T. Hiscox. 411f

ROOMS TO LET—SUITABLE FOR GENTLEMAN, in modern house, central location. 489 Richmond street. 410

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT FOR the summer, opposite Victoria Park. Box 58, Advertiser. 410

A PLEASANT FURNISHED FRONT bedroom to let. 238 Queen's avenue. 410

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET. APPLY 423 Park avenue. 410

HOUSES TO LET AND FOR SALE ON monthly payments. Scarrow, 238 Dundas. 410

TO LET—FOUR ACRES AND HOUSE, immediately adjoining city; suitable for market, garden. Apply W. W. G. Winnett, barrister, 439, Talbot. 410

TO LET—FURNISHED COTTAGE; TEN minutes from postoffice; desirable location; terms moderate; immediate possession. Apply 414 Central avenue. 410

24 PICCADILLY, NEAR RICHMOND; all modern improvements; newly painted, papered. 410

PEOPLE'S MOVING VANS—LARGEST in city. A. Henderson, corner Colborne and Chesapeake. Phone 1724. 410

FOREST CITY IMPROVED MOVING Vans. W. Brough, 455 Piccadilly street. Phone 144. 410

TO LET—UNION FURNITURE VANS. Furniture carefully handled. John Briggs, Cathcart and Bruce streets, South London. Phone 310. 410

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

ADELAIDE STREET, NEAR DUP. new, five-roomed brick house, good repair; new barn, good orchard; 25 minutes' walk from market; will sell cheap, owners leaving. Apply No. 129 Dundas street, city. 410

FIFTY ACRES OF PASTURE FOR rent or sale; northwest corner, lot corner, 10, London Township. Apply Wm. McGuffin, grocer, Mailand and Piccadilly. 410

ONLY \$100 DOWN AND \$5.00 MONTHLY will purchase frame cottage in South London. M. J. Kent, 434 Richmond street, city. 410

DERMATOLOGY.

MISS BEATTIE, GRADUATE GRADIAN Remedial School, Chicago—Superficial hair, moles, warts, permanently removed. Chiropractic and manicuring. Room 35, Bank of Toronto. 410

BUTLER'S, 238 DUNDAS STREET—Hair goods, hairdressing, face and scalp treatment. Superficial hair removed. 410

LEGAL CARDS.

TENNENT & COLERIDGE, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, etc. Money to loan at lowest rates. 75 Dundas. 410

FITZGERALD & FITZGERALD, BARRISTERS, Money to loan. Masonic Temple, London. 410

R. M. C. TROTTER, BARRISTER, ETC., Robinson Hall, opposite Court House. Solicitors, office work and consultations. 410

CRONIN & BETTS, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries public, etc. Huron and Erie building. 410

SCANDRETT & PROUDFOOT, BARRISTERS, solicitors, etc. Money to loan. 86 Dundas street, London. T. W. Scandrett, W. A. Proudfoot, B.A. 410

FAULDS & CAMPBELL, BARRISTERS, etc., Robinson Hall Chambers. 410

EDMUND WELLS—Barrister, 425 Richmond Street. 410

W. H. BARTRAM, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc. Office, 99 Dundas street. 410

J. M. McEVY, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, Robinson Hall Chambers. Money to loan. 410

MACPHERSON & FERRIS, BARRISTERS and solicitors. Money to loan. Robinson Hall Chambers. 410

BUCHNER & GUNN, BARRISTERS, etc., 13 Dundas street. Phone 85. Money to loan, lowest rates. U. A. Buchner; J. M. Gunn, B.A. 410

T. H. LUSCOMBE, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc., 139 Dundas street, near Richmond. Money at lowest rates. 410

A. GREENLEES, BARRISTER, ETC., Canadian Loan Company's building, Richmond street, London. Private funds to loan. 410

GIBBONS, HARPER & GIBBONS, BARRISTERS, etc., London. Office, corner Richmond and Carling. George C. Gibbons, K.C.; Fred F. Harper; George S. Gibbons. 410

JARVIS & VINING, BARRISTERS, etc., 101 Dundas street. C. G. Jarvis; Jared Vining, B.A. 410

PURDUM & PURDUM, BARRISTERS, solicitors, etc. Office, Masonic Temple building, corner Richmond and King streets, London. Ont. Thos. H. Purdum, K.C.; Alexander Purdum. 410

McKILLOP & MURPHY, BARRISTERS, solicitors, etc. Office, corner Richmond and Dundas. London. J. B. McKillop; Thomas J. Murphy. 410

HOTEL CARDS.

DOMINION HOUSE, ADJOINING Grand Trunk Railway Station, London. J. J. Cox, proprietor. 410

J. A. YOUNG PREPARES PUPILS FOR matriculation, etc. Class in civil service commencing. 26 Princess. 410

ARCHITECTS.

HERBERT MATTHEWS, ARCHITECT, W. Fletcher Shepherd (late of Toronto), architect, Dufferin block. Phone. 410

H. C. MORRIS, ARCHITECT—SIXTH floor, Bank of Toronto Chambers. 410

REMOVAL—GEORGE CRADDOCK, ARCHITECT, 461 Talbot. 410

MOORE & HENRY—ARCHITECTS, LAND SURVEYORS, CIVIL ENGINEERS. John M. Moore. Frederick Henry. 410

WILLIAM G. MURRAY, ARCHITECT—114, second floor, Masonic Temple. Phone 1557. 410

WYNNEFORD LOGAN, F.T.C.M.—TEACHER, reading, dramatic art, literature, vocal culture. Late London, England, 238 Central avenue. 410

OSTEOPATHY.

H. V. CATON, OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN—Chronic diseases. 554 Richmond street. Phone 1572. 410

CLEANERS AND DYERS.

LANGLEY, MY VALET—CLEANING, pressing, repairing. 233 Dundas street. Phone 171. Wagon calls. 410

BUSINESS CARDS.

PHRENOLOGY—M. ELIZABETH PRAGER, M.S.L.V., graduate of the International College of Science, Boston, Mass., and special student of Fowler and Wells, New York city, will receive pupils and delineate character, with or without phrenometer. Hours, 4 p.m. to 5 p.m., 234 King street. 410

J. HARRIS & CO.—REMOVED TO 723 Bloor street, opposite London and Petrolies Barrel Works. 410

THE BEST CARRIAGE PAINTING IN the city. Price reasonable at Smith's Maple street. 410

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. H. BARTRAM, 99 Dundas street. 410

PHYSICAL CULTURE.

PHYSICAL CULTURE SCHOOL, 419 Richmond street, opposite City Hall, building, corrective work, remedial movements. Office hours, 3:45 to 4:45 p.m. Good of R. M. McILHERRAN, secretary; W. W. GAMMAGE, chairman. No. 2 Committee, Board of Education. 410

SLATE ROOFING.

SLATE ROOFING, ASPHALT, CEMENT Paint for iron roofs. Walter Scott, 504 York street, London. 410

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders for Steel Rails and Fastenings and Railway Ties. Sealed tenders addressed to the undersigned, marked on the envelope "Tender for Steel Rails and Fastenings and Railway Ties," and "Tender for Splice Bars," "Tender for Bolts and Nuts," "Tender for Spikes," and "Tender for Nutlocks," respectively, will be received at the office of the Commissioners of the Transcontinental Railway at Ottawa until 12 o'clock noon of the 14th day of June, 1906, for sixty-five thousand (65,000) gross tons of eighty-pound (80-lb.) steel rails (open hearth or Bessemer, at the option of the commissioners), and the necessary fastenings; and for one million five hundred and forty-five thousand (1,545,000) railway ties; in strict accordance with the specifications of the commissioners. Tenders must be made on the forms supplied by the commissioners, which, as well as the specifications, may be obtained on application to Hugh D. Launderson, chief engineer, Ottawa, Ont. to A. E. Doucet, district engineer, Quebec, P. Q. or to A. E. Hodgins, district engineer, Kenora, Ont. Full information in regard to deliveries, quantities for which tenders will be received, and also as to the other conditions on which tenders are made, is given on form of tender. A sample of the nutlock tendered on must accompany each tender for nutlocks. Each tender must be signed and sealed by all the parties to the tender, and witnessed, and be accompanied by an accepted check on a chartered bank of the Dominion of Canada, payable to the Commissioners of the Transcontinental Railway, for a sum equal to ten per cent (10%) of the amount of the tender. Checks deposited by parties whose tenders are rejected will be returned within ten days after the signing of the contract. The right is reserved to reject any or all tenders. By order. The Commissioners of the Transcontinental Railway. Dated at Ottawa, 19th May, 1906. 410

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL PIANO AT \$200; payable \$5 per month. A handsome, hand-carved cabinet organ at \$20, payable \$5 per week. Each guaranteed five years. Heintzman & Co., 217 Dundas street, corner Clarence, London. 410

FOR SALE—BROWN TAFFETA SUIT, coat and skirt and white hat, in first-class condition; only used once; will fit medium-sized girl or lady; reason for selling, going into mourning. Address Box 6, Advertiser office. 410

FRESH CHIPPED EGGS, 14c PER dozen; choice crock butter, 18c per pound; choice dairy rolls, 18c per pound. T. A. Faulds. 410-2xv

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN AND ON easy terms of payment—One of May's billiard tables, in good condition. Apply 233 King street. 410

A COMPLETE COURSE IN INTERIOR wiring in the I. C. S.; good for five years; for sale cheap. Apply 10 York street. 410

DOUBLE-ROOF TENT, NEARLY NEW, 9'x12'x7', 3-foot wall. Address Box 3, Advertiser. 410

FOR SALE—GOOD HACKNEY MARE, 9 years old, sound; can be driven by a lady. Price, \$25. If sold at once. Apply 320 Wellington street. 410

JAMES GLEESON, MANUFACTURER of the celebrated Strauss hairgrower, removed to 631 Dundas street. 410

FOR SALE, CHEAP—DAYTON COMPUTING scale, good as new. Box 33, Advertiser. 410-2xv

THREE PIANO BARGAINS—HARDMAN—New York, \$80; Dunham, New York, \$100; Nischel, extra good roadster, \$5 cash, \$4 per month. Nordheimer's, Limited, 188 Dundas street, London. 71f

FOR SALE—SEVERAL NEW AND second-hand gasoline engines, class D. McKenzie & Co., 238 Richmond street. 410

A FIRST-CLASS NATIONAL CASH register for sale. Apply 254 Talbot. 410

REMOVAL SALE—PARLOR SUITES, Upholstered, at cost. Patten, Dundas street. 410

FINE FIVE-YEAR-OLD BAY GELDING, 16 hands high; extra good roadster; sound; price for immediate sale, \$150. Johnston Bros., 262 South street. 331f

FRESH FISH NOW ON SALE—SEE what we have. F. S. Orr, Fish Market Phone 1226. 410

AUTOMOBILE—NEW TOURING CAR, 12-h.p., bargain. Apply C. Barton Electric Manufacturing Company, Tecumseh avenue. Phone 1893. 410

FINE STOCK OF SHOES—ALSO SHOE repairing. J. Paxman, 250 Dundas street, Phone 1885. 410

DANIELS' MAGIC SALVE—THE BEST in the world for family use. 359 Clarence street. 410

LATEST FURNITURE, REFRIGERATORS, carpets, art squares and linoleums. Easy terms at M. Hornsfield's, 229 South street. 410

STOVES, RANGES AND FURNITURE at Keene's, 141 King street, New and second-hand. 410

FIFTEEN FEET OF OFFICE DESKS and fixtures, also one set of six ton platform scales. Apply 256 Clarence street. 410

NEW BICYCLES, ES. GOOD SECOND-HAND wheels, \$10. Easy terms. Bicycles sundries and repairs. J. H. Cunningham, East London. 410

\$30 WILL BUY GOOD SECOND-HAND automobile at Horton's, London. 410

NEW BALL-BEARING RAYMOND Sewing machine, best of make, 15c per year guarantee; elegant, durable. Sec. Clark, manager. 410

D. H. GILLIES & CO., COAL and wood dealers. Wood cut specialty. Try load 22 wood. Corner Adelaide and Bathurst. Phone 1812. 410

RE-UPHOLSTERING—EXPERT WORK. Taylor's upholstery shop for estimates. "Hollander Furnishings," J. R. Venie, 23 Dundas. 410

IF YOU WANT HELP, SITUATIONS, want to buy or sell real estate, etc., contact an advertiser in the London Herald, the recognized want medium of the city; rate, 1c a word, or three consecutive insertions for 3c a word, cash with order. Subscription: Daily, 50c a month, \$2 yearly; Saturday edition, 25c yearly. Sample copy sent on application. 410

SPRINGS, MATTRESSES AND IRON beds. Special low prices this week at Keene Bros., 125 and 127 King street. 410

TENDERS FOR COAL. Tenders will be received at the office of the secretary of the Board of Education for the supply of coal required for the London Public Schools and Collegiate Institute, the quantity being 50 tons hard coal, different grades, and 80 tons select lump, more or less; also 50 cords maple wood. Full particulars at secretary's office. Tenders received up to 4 o'clock on Thursday, June 7, 1906. Each tender to be accompanied by a check marked "Good of R. M. McILHERRAN, secretary; W. W. GAMMAGE, chairman. No. 2 Committee, Board of Education. 410

THE FALLS CAMP. Commissary Camp, Homeseekers' Excursion, June 5, Via Canadian Pacific. 410

That these already attractive excursions may be made more popular and overcome the inconvenience of our patrons supplying their own provisions, it has been decided for the excursion on June 5 to run the fifteen equipped tourist sleepers out of Toronto in two sections, attaching one commissary car with all necessary supplies and provisions to each section, in which substantial meals will be served at reasonable rates. Call on or write W. Fulton, 161 Dundas street, London, or C. B. Foster, D. P. A., Toronto. 410

Sometimes a woman will forgive a man just as the purpose of getting even with him. THERE IS NO MEDICINE on the market that can compare with Bick's Anti-Consumptive Syrup in expelling from the system the irritating germs that colds emanate in the air passages. It is a simple remedy easily taken, and once used it will always be prized as a sovereign medicine. 410

ELEVEN DIE IN TROLLEY CRASH

Heavily-Loaded Car Hits a Curve at Full Speed.

JUMPS TRACK AND TURNS OVER

Sad Ending to Sunday Excursion in Suburbs of Providence, Rhode Island

Providence, R. I., June 2.—Thirteen persons are dead, a score seriously, and a score slightly injured as the result of the overturning of a crowded electric car at Moore's Corner in East Providence early this morning.

More than 100 young men and women, who had been passing the evening at Crescent Park, a pleasure resort on the Providence River, six miles below this city, were on a chartered car returning to their homes here in Olneyville and Thornton.

Two of the injured have died.

The Dead. George Atcherson, 20, Thornton Edward F. Brennan, 18, Cranston, R. I.

Allie Franklin, 17, Thornton. Enrico Gamboni, 23, Thornton. John Gavin, 20, Providence.

Gustav Guertin, 25, Olneyville. Wm. W. Luther, 27, Providence. John Schneider, 19, Olneyville.

Ethel W. Hately, 19, Providence. The wreck occurred on the suburban line of the Rhode Island Company, a corporation that controls practically all the street railway lines in the state.

The motorman in charge of the car, W. J. Laucher, of Olneyville, was unfamiliar with the road, over which he was traveling for the first time.

Laucher was put in charge of the car at the solicitation of the passengers, members of a Catholic society which had been to Crescent Park for an outing.

The car, an open one of heavy build, was crowded with young men and women. The members of the party were singing gaily as the car sped along towards Moore's Corner, where Warren and Riverside avenues cross. This corner is midway between Providence and Riverside, and is about six miles distant from the city.

At the corner the track curves sharply at the foot of a long but not particularly heavy grade. Fog prevented a clear view of the road ahead, and an electric arc lamp at the corner is said to have been hardly visible at 1 o'clock this morning, the hour at which the accident happened.

The motorman, unable to see far in front of the car and unaware of the sharp curve below, allowed the car to coast rapidly down the hill. The first intimation of a danger was when the motorman felt the car swinging into the curve.

Realizing the peril, he applied the brakes and reversed the power. The weight of a number of men on the running board and the momentum sufficed to derail the great car and throw it into the road 30 feet from the track, where it fell on its side between a tree and a gulchpost. Seven of the passengers were pinned between the car and instantly killed.

The shrieks and groans of the other passengers gave evidence of the terrible injuries. Immediately those who escaped with little or no injury began the work of rescue. Within a few moments a large joist lying in a nearby dooryard was used as a lever, a pile of stones forming a fulcrum, and the car was raised from the ground just enough to permit the escape of its imprisoned passengers.

Two persons had succeeded in escaping when the car was raised. The weight of the car and the heavy vehicle fell back to the ground pinning two passengers beneath its weight and killing them instantly. The rescuers again raised the car from the ground, and, by building a pile of heavy stone, kept it in position while the dead and injured were removed.

CONFERENCE LOVE FEAST Closing Exercises of Methodist Convention at the Falls.

Niagara Falls, Ont., June 2. — Delegates to the Methodist Conference filed the town pulpits today.

The conference love feast was held in Morrison Street Methodist Church at 9:30 this morning. It was conducted by Rev. John Wakefield. An impressive ordination sermon was preached by Bishop Vincent.

The ordination of the four probationers was conducted by President Elliott.

In the city hall at 4 o'clock a large temperance meeting was held. The principal speakers were Thomas Hilliard, of Waterloo, and Joseph Gibson, of Ingersoll. Both spoke strongly in advocacy of the total prohibition of the liquor traffic by act of Parliament.

The latter laid the responsibility for the liquor traffic, and all its accompanying harm at the feet of the voting population, and expressed a hope for woman suffrage to aid the church to destroy the traffic.

PRETENDER DEFEATS SULTAN. Tangier, June 4.—Fighting between the forces of the Sultan and the pretender has been renewed. The pretender has driven back the Sultan's troops inflicting considerable losses, and also devastated the territory of the loyal Riff tribes.

THEY ARE CAREFULLY PREPARED.—Pills which dissipate themselves in the stomach cannot be expected to have much effect upon the intestines, and to overcome constiveness the medicine administered must influence the action of these canals. Farmer's Vegetable Pills are so made, under the supervision of experts, that the substance in them is retained in action until they pass through the stomach to the bowels.

TRANSIENT CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS—NO ADVERTISEMENT LESS THAN TEN CENTS.

MEETINGS.—When no admission is charged, one cent per word each insertion. ARTICLES FOR SALE, TO LET, HELP WANTED, SITUATIONS WANTED, BOARD AND LODGINGS, LOST AND FOUND, ROOMS TO LET, REAL ESTATE FOR SALE, ETC.—First insertion, one cent a word; each subsequent insertion, one-half cent per word. No advertisement less than ten words.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

BASEBALL, TECUMSEH PARK Wednesday, June 6. STARS VS. SEVENTH REGIMENT. Game called 4 p.m. Admission, 10c; ladies free. Grand stand, 10c. 410

FREE MOVING PICTURES

and the latest illustrated songs, under the direction of Professor Newman, at Springbank Park, every night. 410

EXCURSIONS

to and from the Old Country. Obtain rates from F. H. Clark, Richmond street, next new Bank of Commerce. 1

LPCANIA SAILS, NEW YORK TO Liverpool, Saturday, June 9; Lake Manitoba, Montreal to Liverpool, June 14. P. B. Clarke, Richmond street. 2

65—LONDON TO DETROIT AND RETURN, boat, every Saturday and Sunday. Low rate daily. F. B. Clarke, Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce. 3

MERCHANTS' LINE—PORT STANLEY, Cleveland, Windsor and Toronto, to Montreal, via water; low rates; first-class accommodation. F. B. Clarke, sole agent, Richmond street, next new Bank of Commerce. 4

DANCING—STRICTLY PRIVATE LES. SOVS any hour. Orchestra furnished for all occasions. Call or phone 1714. Dayton & McCormick. 410

PRIVATE LESSONS IN DANCING BY R. B. Millard. Waits, two-step lessons any hour. Residence and academy, 36 Princess avenue. 410

65 PUPILS ATTENDED LONDON CONSERVATORY of Music last year. Mr. Harron hears all pupils play, and gives reports. 410

CHOICEST MUSIC FURNISHED FOR private parties, balls, banquets, etc. Telephone 1255. Tony Vita's Italian Harpers, 122 Queen's avenue. 410

TONY CORSE—THE ORIGINAL London Harpers. Music furnished for all occasions. 133 Maple street. Telephone 1570. 410

LOST AND FOUND.

TRAYED FROM NEAR SPRINGBANK colie pup, 7 months, light sable, with white markings. Information to this office rewarded. 411f

WILL THE PARTY WHO WAS SEEN with a little colie pup on May 31 kindly return to 459 Central avenue and save trouble? 410

LOST—RING: PLAIN GOLD BAND; keepsake; liberal reward. Box 58, Advertiser. 410

WANTED.

ONE HUNDRED FAT CATTLE WANTED. ED. George Jackson, 87 Wellington street. 411f

DENTAL CARDS

WOOLVERTON & BENTLEY, DENTISTS, 216 Dundas street, next Edy Bros., over Chalmers & Lawrence, druggists. Telephone 822. 410

DR. O. H. KENNEDY, DENTIST—Specialty, preservation of natural teeth. 162 1/2 Dundas street. Phone 376. 410

London Advertiser.FOUNDED IN 1863.
TWO EDITIONS DAILY - WEEKLY.
TELEPHONE CALLS.Business Office107
Editorial Department134
Job Department178
The London Advertiser Company,
Limited, 191-193 Dundas street, Lon-
don, Ont.

LONDON, MONDAY, JUNE 4.

RACE DETERIORATION AND ITS ANTIDOTE.

Sir Frederick Treves, the distinguished physician, was present the other evening at the Battersea Polytechnic, to witness a display by students in the women's gymnasium. He took occasion to say that it was almost impossible to exaggerate the importance of physical training. He pointed out that very great attention has recently been paid to the physical health of the people, and a royal commission has reported on the question of the physical degeneration of the British people. Sir Frederick, however, is optimistic, and he does not think the report is so gloomy as some think; but in order that any tendency to degeneration may be arrested, he advises that the utmost possible encouragement be given to first-class physical training among women as well as among boys.

Battersea is the stamping ground of John Burns, the workmen's leader, who is now a member of the British Government, and he spoke on the same occasion. He, too, looked on the bright side of things, and declined to accept the view that the deterioration of the race was so great as has been alleged, or that Great Britain was "going to the dogs." At the same time, he admitted there were symptoms that caused uneasiness to those who rejoiced in the strong man, the healthy woman and the beautiful child. There were, he said, masses of the British people who lacked the robust strength necessary to the enjoyment of life, but that was largely due in part to insufficient food, and in many cases to good food badly cooked and better food wrongly eaten or eaten at the wrong time. Mr. Burns has a brighter vision of the future, however. The drink bill of Great Britain, he pointed out, is \$30,000,000 less than last year, and \$112,000,000 less than it was four years ago; and in every town and city of the realm there are institutions by means of which boys and girls are protected from the streets and from mischievous play.

Sir Frederick and Mr. Burns, no doubt, have good reasons for looking on the bright side of the problem of the people, and to praise such institutions as the polytechnics. There is one view of the question to which they did not refer, and in which we in Canadian centers of population have a common interest. Has there not been considerable tendency, in recent years, for both men and women to take their innocent sport vicariously? In Great Britain there has been a growing leaning towards professionalism in almost every amusement. Men are paid to play for the amusement of assembled multitudes at football and even at cricket and golf. And so it has been in Canada. It was regarded as a great day by some persons when the old Tecumseh Baseball Club followed the example of its antagonists and obtained from the United States the services of Goldsmith, with his drop and curve pitching, and of Powers as catcher. But it was the beginning of an era in professional ball playing and of a degree of professionalism in other sports, which was not conducive to the physical well-being of the young men of Canada. Too many of our youth, under the changed circumstances, were moved to take their sport by proxy, and instead of joining a club and becoming proficient in baseball or some other game, contented themselves with sitting on the grandstand and watching the hired men earn their pay.

It is reassuring to find that there is a reaction against professionalism in field sports, and a revival in amateur athletics all along the line, but there is still much to be desired. Every man, young or old, ought to have some outdoor hobby to which he could turn now and again in the lovely Canadian summer days—in the evenings and on half or whole holidays—as a means of relaxation. Youth may find in baseball or lacrosse the excitement which it demands, but all ages can find ideal exercise in reasonable pedestrianism, or in golf, bowling, or cricket—which latter game, by the way, has disappeared in this once cricket country, more's the pity.

Of course, it is not always easy to find spare ground for public play. Every year curtails the privileges of the youth of London. There is no longer the hundred and one vacant lots on which the men of today, when boys, played to their hearts' content. It would be a wise public policy to reserve and put into condition as playgrounds for the growing population of London every available spare bit of property that can be acquired at a reasonable rate. Old world city dwellers have almost invariably had the advantage of spacious commons, the heritage of the whole people, and not the possession of a few. We in this newer land have been a little short-

sighted in this regard, for we have sold off, to be built upon, more than one vacant space that ought to have been saved as a park or playground. We have developed a central park, but playful children are not encouraged there, unlike Regent's Park in the British metropolis. Everywhere in the city, except on the outskirts, the youth are being driven to the streets for recreation, which is too often not of an improving character.

What civic rulers, school trustees, parents and everyone interested in the physical upbuilding of the youth of the land, and particularly those residing in urban communities, require to do to see that the love of outdoor sport is cultivated in a reasonable manner and that the opportunities for the public enjoyment shall be extended rather than curtailed. The future stamina of the race will much depend on what is now done.

THE ANARCHIST PROBLEM.

The man who threw the bomb at the King and Queen of Spain is shown to have been a Spaniard named Morales. The arrest of an Englishman suspected of being an accomplice, proves to have been a mistake, and there is no evidence to connect the crime with anarchist plotting in London. But anarchism has lifted its murderous hand for the first time against a member of the British royal family, and the question of harboring anarchists in England is being already raised. Parliament will be urged to pass a law to expel known anarchists from the country, and prohibit their admission; but this is a perplexing problem. The former chief of Scotland Yard, Inspector Melville, who had an unrivaled acquaintance with anarchists, claims to have prevented more than one crime on the continent by having anarchist leaders under his surveillance in London. He claims that the Scotland Yard authorities know when any of the tribe leave England, and are thus able to warn the continental police. If anarchists are to be treated in England as in continental countries, England may be no longer exempt from their baleful activities, as they will find some secret method of entering the country, or communicating with English sympathizers. There will be no advantage, either, to the continental police in a change of policy toward anarchism in Great Britain, if Inspector Melville's arguments are sound. The question is surrounded by many difficulties and the British Parliament will not be rushed into legislating upon it.

The Queen of Spain saw eight bullet-gored to make a Spanish holiday. What with bomb-throwing and bullet fights Victoria is earning her royal honors.

While muck-raking has been carried on to excess in the United States, the revelations in beef and oil show that some of the trusts are responsible for muck-making.

Mr. Fitzpatrick's political opponents are the first to admit his pre-eminent ability as a lawyer. He will greatly strengthen the Supreme Court of Canada, a tribunal which has needed strengthening for some time.

The Toronto Star suggests that the newspapers should receive copies of the unrevised Hansard reports. This is a good idea. The revised reports reach the newspaper sanctums too late to be of use to editors, and in a highly inconvenient form. Let parliament remedy this and make Hansard of some service to the country.

Mr. James Leitch, K.C., Cornwall, has been appointed chairman of the new Provincial Railway Board, at a salary of \$6,000 per year. His chief qualification is that he is a personal friend of Mr. Whitney's. Remembering that Dr. Pyne owes his cabinet job to the same fact, those who don't know Mr. Leitch may be excused for doubting his capacity until he "makes good."

WHERE SILENCE WAS BEST.

[Brooklyn Life.]

The Lady Interviewer—And you brought the lovely parrot from the ill-fated ship? What a beauty! Does it talk at all?

The Sailor Man (embarrassed)—Hm! E-r-r, quite a bit, mum, but not for publication!

FAILED.

[From the Commoner.]

"I understand that your theatrical venture was a failure."

"Yes, I made several mistakes right at the start."

"What?"

"I devoted all my energies to getting good people and a clever play, but I overlooked the trick scenery, the horse race, the sawmill, the threshing machine and the steamboat explosion."

FINNIGAN'S PHILOSOPHY.

[Judge.]

Finnigan Philosophy—Th' fact that some min kin say truthfully that they never did anything they wuz ashamed of is more as a confession that they have no sense as shames them anythin' else.

LIFE INSURANCE IN JAPAN.

[Consular and Trade Reports.]

Since 1881 life insurance has developed greatly in Japan. In that year there was only one company, with a capital of \$29,000, and 1,439 policy-

holders, representing \$252,300 of insurance. At the end of 1904, 23 years later, there were 25 companies, with \$2,150,000 capital, and reserve funds aggregating \$11,282,000. The policyholders then numbered 743,971, carrying \$102,000,000 of insurance. According to a Japanese official paper the business is still growing rapidly.

THE HAPPIEST TIME.

[Samuel Lover.]

Talk not to me of future bliss!
Talk not to me of joys gone by.
For us the happiest hour is this,
When love bids time to fly.
The future—doubt may overcast,
To shadow Hope's young brow;
Oblivion's veil may shroud the past;
The happiest time is now!

Though flowers in spicy vases thrown,
Some odor yet exhale,
Their fragrance o'er the bloom was flown
Breathed sweeter on the gale.
Like faded flowers, each parted bliss
Let memory keep, but how?
Can joy that's past be like to this?
The happiest time is now!

Unmarked our course before us lies
O'er time's eternal tide;
And soon the sparkling ripple dies
We raise, as on we glide.
Our burks the brightest bubbles fling
For ever from the current's side.
Then let us gaily sail and sing,
"The happiest time is now!"

COULDN'T MISS IT.

[Detroit Free Press.]

"What made you kick Skinfint when he was down?"

"Because he deserved it, and it was the only chance I ever had!"

CORRECT.

[Brooklyn Life.]

"In this instance," explained the professor of surgery, to the group of medical students, "the left leg of the patient is somewhat shorter than the right limb, thus causing the patient to limp. Now, Mr. Fresh, what would you do in a case like this?"

"Well," responded the alert Mr. Fresh, "I guess I'd limp, too."

A SURPRISE.

[Somerville Journal.]

Miss Watkins—Where is Mr. Cashleigh now?

Mr. Wilkyns—I don't know exactly. Somewhere up in Canada.

Miss Watkins—Why, I didn't know that he was going away.

Mr. Wilkyns—The bank directors didn't, either.

SUSPENDED.

[Milwaukee Sentinel.]

"You say his father was a very high strung man?"

"Yes. That's the way he died."

MUST.

[Kansas City Telegram.]

You may boll, you may scramble
The eggs if you will,
But the taste of cold storage
Will cling to them still.

CORROBORATIVE EVIDENCE.

[New York Herald.]

A Chicago physician says that, for sanitary reasons, women should be forced to wear short skirts, and in support of this contention it is recalled that ballet girls as a rule are of a ripe old age.

SIGNIFICANT.

[Milwaukee Sentinel.]

"I met your wife at the card party last night, old man, and we got along fine together."

"Did you? I wish you had met sooner."

HER LIPS? OF COURSE.

[Judge.]

To kiss a lady's hand is chivalrous and full of grace;
Yet such a kiss, I'm positive,
Is rather out of place.

OF COURSE.

[Columbus Dispatch.]

Jack—So the pretty girls are going to sell kisses at the church fair to help along the proceeds, eh? What will be the kisses be worth?

Katharine—Oh, I guess they'll be sold at their face value.

HE DOES.

[Cleveland Leader.]

Mr. Lipp—Tell me the truth now—do you hold your wife on your lap as much as you used to during your honeymoon?

Mr. Pipp—Honestly, old man, she sits on me a lot oftener than she did then.

THE REASON.

[Milwaukee Sentinel.]

"What a well-informed woman that Mrs. Wadleigh is, isn't she?"

"Why shouldn't she be? Her cook has worked for nearly everybody in the neighborhood."

INVITED GUESTS.

[Tribune, N. Y., Sentinel.]

A crowd of troubles passed him by, As he with courage waited.
He said, "Where do you troubles fly When you are thus belated?"
"We go," they said, "to those who mope, Who look on life as belated."
Who weakly say goodbye to Hope— We go—where we're expected."

NAVYLESS POWERS.

[London Chronicle.]

The disaster which has overtaken the Belgian naval cadets calls to mind the fact that Belgium is, despite its 42 miles of seaboard, one of the few states of the world without a navy. There are only two other navyless powers in Europe—the landlocked Switzerland and Serbia. Even Bulgaria can boast of a torpedo gunboat, and a few small steamers, while Roumania is proud in the "navies" of "twelve small vessels." Holland, Belgium's neighbor, has quite an imposing fleet of eight iron-clads and a flotilla of a hundred steamers. If Bulgaria has the smallest navy in the world, the principality of Monaco has the smallest army—128 men, all told.

ACCORDING TO THE BOOK.

[Chicago News.]

Miles—By the way, old man, do you believe in dreams?

Giles—You bet I do. One night about a month ago I dreamed that an angel appeared at my bedside, and said, "Prepare for the worst," then disappeared.

Miles—Well?

Giles—The very next day our cook left, and my wife has been doing the cooking ever since.

RUSSIA AND REVOLUTION

[By W. T. Stead in the New York American.]

The French revolution dominated the nineteenth century. Will the Russian revolution dominate the twentieth? As the Japanese war was the prologue of the Russian revolution, so the Russian revolution may be the prologue to the reshaping of the world.

Thirty years ago I ventured the prediction that Moscow was destined to be the revolutionary storm center of Europe. The ashes of the Tuileries were hardly cold when I hazarded that forecast.

The breakup of the Russian Empire as it has hitherto been known, can hardly fail to give a powerful stimulus to the movement in favor of the formation of smaller states on the basis of nationality. The separatist movement in Hungary, like that in Norway, which has been held in check for years by the dread inspired by the existence of the Russian colossus on the eastern frontier, was left free to realize its ideals when the danger of Russian aggression disappeared. Norway is already lord in her own house. Hungary has already advanced far in the same direction. If Hungary becomes a sovereign independent state, Austria-Hungary disappears, and out of its ruins who can say how many nationalities will strive to attain their independence?

But the most immediately pressing question is whether the Russian revolution will lead to the resurrection of Poland. The Poles, who had a literature a thousand years before their Russian conquerors, are an indomitable people. In the eighteenth century, Germany, Russia and Austria were constituted keepers of the tomb. But already the sentinels exceedingly do fear and quake, for there is an ominous stirring within the Russian empire. Of course nothing may happen. The status quo may be re-established in Warsaw. But, on the other hand, events may take a revolutionary turn, and there is probably no power in the world which can check the course of events in Russia is watched with such feverish anxiety as in Berlin.

Allike in the east and the west of Asia, the extension of Russia as a powerful military empire will be a menace to the world. Between the east and the west it will be hardly less potent. For a century the dread of a Russian attack has been the bugbear of the Anglo-Indian. Only a year ago Mr. Balfour declared that the whole military system of the British Empire should be based upon the necessity of meeting a Russian attack upon India and its buffer state, Afghanistan.

In the near east it is impossible to predict with any confidence what will be the result of the withdrawal of the pressure which for more than a century has been constantly felt alike by the Sultan and by his Christian vassals. Allike at Belgrade, Bucharest, Sophia, Athens and Constantinople the word of the Czar was never heard without awe. The influence of the concert of Europe was stifled and spasmodic. That of Russia operated steadily like the force of gravitation. The withdrawal of that force will entail changes at present but dimly visible on the horizon. One possibility may, however, be hinted at. As long as the Czar remains on the throne the Kaiser will do nothing to embarrass his good friend and ally. But if a revolutionary Russia were to menace Germany by re-establishing the Kingdom of Poland, the Kaiser would be forced to take action. The Russian might be encouraged to use his German drilled forces to replace the Cossack by the crescent in Batum, Kars and possibly even Tiflis.

The consequences of the Russian revolution will affect America most in China. The great yellow empire, with its 400,000,000 of subjects, was the prize for which Russia and Japan contended in the recent war. Korea and Port Arthur were but trifles. The dread of Japanese domination in China led Germany and France to make common cause in ejecting the Japanese from the mainland of Asia. All the European powers feel more or less that the exploitation of China by European capitalists is imperiled by the rise of a victorious Japan upon Chinese territory. The peace of Portsmouth transferred the overlordship of China from Europe to Japan. The results were not long in making their appearance. Japanese military structures were imposed by the Chinese principal authorities for the purpose of drilling the Chinese troops. China also wishes to be lord in her own house. Already the Chinese are talking about China for the Pacific for Japan—these are the corollaries of the effacement of Russia, the significance of which Americans and Australians will be the first to discover.

Out of the welter of blind and bloody passions and crimes that are coming, after a time, how long no one can say, after an unexampled slaughter of human beings by famine and sword, Russia will emerge in some more or less recognizable shape, and slowly begin to find her place in the community of nations. If the new Russia, which will emerge purified by her blood bath, sobered by her afflictions, should forsake militarism, abandon the fond dream of reconstructing her navy, and abolish the monstrous protective tariff which has choked the life out of her peasantry, then the world may witness a scene of recuperation and of development such as may parallel the industrial progress of the United States after the civil war. For the Russian nation, whose resources have been only scratched; the latent energies of her people, stimulated by liberty and education, may confer incalculable benefits upon civilization and humanity.

POEMS THAT LIVE**The Happy Life.**

[Sir Henry Wotton.]

How happy is he born and taught,
That serveth not another's will;
Whose armor is his honest thought,
And simple truth his utmost skill!

Whose passions, not his masters are;
Whose soul is still prepared for death;
Not tied to the world with oaths or breath;
Of public fame or private breath;

Who envies none that chance doth raise,

J. H. CHAPMAN & CO**Ladies' Tailoring Dept.**

Suits to
Your Measure
Complete for
Only \$25

Three things have made the Chapman's Ladies' Tailoring Department famous, viz:—
Finest materials superbly made up.
Exclusive and original styles.
Moderate prices. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Now is a splendid time to have a suit made. Orders can be filled without any delay. The prominent styles for coat suits summer and early fall wear are Eton, Pony, Norfolk and Hip Lengths. We will follow any of these prevailing styles and make you a suit with material and everything used in the making for \$25. This is a special offer for June and July. Those planning to have a suit for going away on a vacation should speak at once and have your order filled in time. Consult Mr. R. G. Raymond in Ladies' Tailoring Department and get full particulars.

Skirts made \$1 upward. Shirtwaists made \$1 upward.

Wanted Summer Dress Goods

If you want a Tailored Suit or Separate Skirt see these most wanted Summer Dress Goods.

Soft Finished Imported Worsteds in light weights for right now, overlaid and check effects on gray, fawn grounds, beautiful goods, 54 inches wide, suitable for tailored and Eton suits and separate skirts. This week, yard.....\$1.00

Imported Suitings, 54 inches wide, all-wool, in most wanted green, gray and fawn, at, yard.....85c
French Gray Worsted, for tailored suits and skirts, 54 inch. Just what's wanted, yard.....\$1.00

Shop by Mail

This big establishment takes special pains to please its out-of-town customers who use the Mail Order dept. Our reward is a greatly increasing number who send to us for their every want. We extend a cordial invitation to you to shop by mail if you are unable to come in person. Samples sent on request.

Chinaware Reduced

One pattern in Limoges Haviland Tableware at one-quarter off regular prices. Cups and saucers, dinner, breakfast, tea and B plates, soup and oyster cups, vegetable dishes, tureens, platters and variety of small pieces. For final clearing 1/4 off.
See our new China exhibit. Ready for wedding gifts.

The wash goods selling is now at fever heat. Hasten and get your choice before the best is gone.

J. H. Chapman & Co., 126, 128, 128 1/2 Dundas St.

Or vice; who never understood

How deep wounds are given by praise;

Nor rules of state, but rules of good;

Who hath his life from rumors freed;

Whose conscience is his strong retreat;

Whose state can neither flatterers feed,

Nor ruin make accusers great;

Who God doth love and early pray

More of His grace than gifts to lend;

And smiling at the harmless day

With a religious book or friend.

This man is freed from servile bands

Of hope to rise, or fear to fall;

Lord of himself, though not of lands,

And, having nothing, yet hath all.

MURDER UNDER**HYPNOTIC EYE****How a Woman Drove a Man****to Kill Her Husband.****THE JURY FINDS BOTH GUILTY****Though the Wife Took No Part in the****Actual Commission of the Crime,****She Gets Heavier Penalty.**

Paris, June 3.—At the Rouen assizes

a remarkable trial has just ended

which has resulted in the sentence of

a man to five years' solitary confinement

for the murder of his mistress's hus-

band, while the woman herself, though

she took no part in the actual com-

mission of the murder, was sentenced

to ten years' solitary confinement. The

reason for this apparently absurdly

illogical apportionment of punishment

must have been that the judge was

convinced that the man was the victim

of the hypnotic influence exercised over

him by the woman. And in view of the

proof ordered by scientific investiga-

tion in recent years of the reality of

this mystic power, the evidence seems

to justify his opinion.

Mme. Tulle, the woman in the case,

was the wife of a saloonkeeper at Bos-

Beranger, a little village of something

over 100 souls, near Rouen. She is ir-

redeemably ugly, with small, piglike

eyes and a shrill voice. Pierre Fequeres

was the village blacksmith, a big, lum-

bering, slow-witted fellow. Both are

good types of "la bete humaine," whom

Zola delighted in portraying. Mme.

Tulle presided over the bar while her

husband spent most of his time drink-

ing or sleeping off the effects of his po-

tations. When Pierre imbibed he used

to stand before the bar talking to the

woman, and others present, in their

rough fashion, chaffed him on his at-

tentions to her. "Oh, indeed," said she

on one of these occasions, "he is atten-

tive enough when there are people

about, but when we are tete-a-tete he

is stricken dumb."

"So," explained Pierre, "not wanting

to seem more of a fool than I am, the

next time we were alone together I

made love to her in earnest." Having

caught him in her jolis she held him

fast. When he did not come often

enough to the bar she would drive

seemingly perturbed, and would

slumbering, paid no heed to them. But

his wife wanted him out of the way,

for all that, "because," as she told

Pierre, "then we could get married."

"One evening," the man told the jury,

"Tulle was doing her table in the

kitchen while we took coffee. Mme.

Tulle stood up behind him, caught hold

of his neckcloth, and made as if she

would twist it and strangle him, look-

ing me straight in the eyes the while.

I did not move, somehow I couldn't; I

seemed petrified. Then, still holding

the neckcloth, she whispered to me,

"Won't you ever have the pluck to—?"

shrugging her shoulders.

Pierre declared, and his manner cer-

tainly impressed the jury with his sin-

cerity, that he shrank from the idea of

committing murder. On another evening

there occurred a somewhat similar

scene to the above. Again they were in

the kitchen. "She put both her hands

TANGLED THREADS

Late in the afternoon, without saying anything to Marjorie, who was getting ready for a lawn party at a neighbor's, she stepped out, and wended her way toward the little cottage on the edge of the woods, to make her long-neglected call upon Mrs. Seymour.

Why she was prompted to make a secret of her visit she could not have explained, nor had she the slightest suspicion whom she was to meet. Marjorie's description had simply aroused her curiosity regarding the woman, and she seemed now to be impelled by some power stronger than herself and her pressing duties to seek her acquaintance, and see for herself if she was as "superior" as she was reported to be.

As she approached it, the little house appeared to be deserted, and a feeling of deep disappointment fell over her at the thought that she might miss the long-anticipated interview, after all. But, as she drew nearer, she espied a white dress leaning against the porch almost embowered the porch, and the next moment a tall, queenly woman, arrayed in a spotless robe of finest material and most stylish make, arose and came forward to greet her.

What was that cause, Eliza Sturdyvant's heart to bound into her throat, and the color to recede from her face, leaving it as white as a sheet, when she found herself face to face with Helen Seymour's mother?

"Margaret Wilton," she gasped, and then sank upon the steps at the woman's feet, too weak to stand upon her own.

Mrs. Seymour was scarcely less agitated, but she was not wholly unprepared for the recognition, for, as we know, her suspicions that Mrs. Sturdyvant might be the sister of the man who had married her deadliest enemy had been aroused almost at the outset of Helen's acquaintance with Marjorie.

"Yes," she said, after a moment, during which she had struggled mightily for composure, "I am Margaret Wilton; but I hoped, after so many years of isolation, that I should never encounter any one who knew aught concerning my past. I seem to be fated, ah, the world is very small, after all!" she concluded, with a sigh, and suddenly cutting short her previous observation.

"It seems strange," she resumed, after a somewhat awkward pause, "that you and I have never met before during the summer, but I had begun to surmise, from trifles that Marjorie dropped from time to time during her visits here, that Marjorie Walbridge might have been your brother's wife."

"Yes," and Marjorie is her daughter," faltered Mrs. Sturdyvant, with lips that were still pale. "It seems almost like the irony of fate that she should have become so intimate with yours. I wonder, if you suspected, that you did not put a stop to it."

"The child is not to blame for the sins of her mother," gently returned Mrs. Seymour.

"You are very charitable," replied Mrs. Sturdyvant, flushing. "There are few who would not have feared the law of heredity, and visited the sins of the parent upon the child. I suppose you are amazed to see me here."

"And wonder why I have come. I know—I have met Miss Seymour, and Marjorie has said so much about you, I felt a desire to know you, never dreaming I should meet any one whom I had previously known. You have changed somewhat—your form has developed—her glance wandering lovingly over the stately, symmetrical figure before her—and your face has changed in expression, but the features are the same. I was startled—appalled to find in the popular Mrs. Seymour the Margaret Wilton of that old-time experience, for, although she afterward became my brother's wife, I always felt that Marjorie Walbridge did you a great wrong. Of course, I knew about that dreadful scandal—trouble, but I never believed what Marjorie claimed, and tried to prove, against you was true."

"Thank you for assuring me of this, Mrs. Sturdyvant," said Mrs. Seymour.

He Is Correct

Dr. Hamilton Proves That Piles Are Caused by Constipation and Strong Cathartics.

Knowing the frequency with which people suffer from this ailment, Dr. Hamilton made an exhaustive study into the cause of piles.

He found that the lower part of the bowels is like a network of blood vessels, and if subjected to persistent pressure, a section will bulge out and form what is commonly known as piles.

The only effective mode of curing this trouble is the regular use of Dr. Hamilton's Pills, which can be taken before retiring. Next day will bring wonderful relief.

I suffered up to about the limit of human endurance with piles," writes Miss Lueders, from Cornwall, Ont., "I was employed in a factory here, but for a while had to give up work till I got better of this trouble. I read in the Montreal Herald about Dr. Hamilton's Pills, and after using them for two weeks was cured. I can recommend these pills very highly; there are none better. They at once relieve and prevent a constipated condition of the bowels, and from my experience can be depended upon as a perfect safeguard against piles. Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butterbur. I am sure, would be a benefit to every girl or woman."

Take Dr. Hamilton's Pills and your system will be regenerated, revitalized, and made proof against disease.

Good for men, excellent for women, and most effective for children. All ages and both sexes find Dr. Hamilton's Pills a marvelous medicine. Although active, they do not gripe or cause inconvenience, still they cleanse and purify the system, thereby maintaining a high standard of health. Sold by all dealers, 25 cents per box, or five boxes for \$1.00, or by mail, from N. C. Poulson & Co., Hartford, Conn., U. S. A., and Kingston, Ont.

her sad eyes lighting a trifle, although a spasm of pain contracted her features at her reference to the troubles of her past; "and let me add that there was not a word of truth in the whole story, although I admit that appearances were against me, but the whole affair was prompted by jealousy and spite."

"I know it—at least, I have believed so," her companion thoughtfully returned. "Marjorie was always well, I have not approved of a good many things that my sister-in-law has done, and I have preferred her, but, if any one was saying more than I ought to, in view of our relationship. Of course, I do not know all that occurred before that fatal denouement, but I have always felt confident that she sprang that trap upon you from unworthy motives."

"That is true, Mrs. Sturdyvant," said Margaret Seymour, in a voice that shook with emotion. "I know that she hated me because of John Wilton's love and preference for me; but, if any one had warned me of her treachery, I never would have believed that she would deliberately plot to ruin my life out of a mean spirit of revenge. I never was untrue to my husband in word, thought or deed, although she very cunningly made it appear to him that I was. It was all a miserable plot, and such a cruel thing to do—deliberately, after I had taken her, in her adversity, into my heart and home, and trusted her like an own sister."

"It certainly was," said Mrs. Sturdyvant, in a tone of earnest sympathy. A sob burst involuntarily from her companion.

"Oh, Mrs. Sturdyvant, I am sorry you came here today!" she cried, with a note of passion in her tones; "while I am grateful for what you have said in exoneration of my past, yet it is irrevocable, and it is only torture to have it recalled."

"Are you sure it is irrevocable?" queried Mrs. Sturdyvant, while she gravely searched the beautiful face looking down upon her. "I know that long years have elapsed since your trouble, but, if I could persuade Marjorie to make proper acknowledgment—confess her agency in the matter—would a reconciliation be impossible?"

Margaret Seymour shivered from head to foot at the question.

"Yes, it is irrevocable—it could never be; it is too late!" she breathed, while, for the moment, utterly overcome by the agonizing memories of the past, she wildly wrung her delicate, white hands until every joint cracked. "And, besides," she began, after a moment, and trying to regain her composure.

"Besides what?" gently inquired the other.

"I know Marjorie Walbridge too well to believe that she would ever humble herself sufficiently to confess the wrong—except, perhaps, to boast of it—which she has done me. It is a mystery to me," she added, with a sigh. "How one so depraved, so lost to all honor and womanliness, could be the mother of so sweet and lovable a daughter."

"You mean Marjorie?" said Mrs. Sturdyvant, a peculiar expression sweeping over her face.

"Yes; we have seen a good deal of her, as you know, during the last few weeks, and we have become very fond of her. She is charming in face and manner; so innocent, and confiding, and an unusually bright and talented girl."

Mrs. Sturdyvant had no reply to make to this high praise of her niece. Marjorie was the only child of a dearly-loved brother. She was fond of her, in spite of herself, and could not find it in her heart to betray her faults—glaring though she knew them to be—to strangers.

She arose from the step, where she had sunk, so overcome, upon meeting the wronged woman, feeling awkward and uncomfortable.

"Perhaps you are right regarding Marjorie," she said, referring to what Mrs. Seymour had affirmed about the woman humbling herself. "I know that she was very proud, defiant, and vindictive in the old days; but, as she expects that I shall leave Marjorie all that I possess, it is barely possible that I might have some influence with her now. I feel like asking your pardon for having intruded upon you, and awakened such sad memories, and I would gladly do all in my power to right the wrong done you—if it were possible ever to make it right. I am going to my brother's wife very soon. Marjorie and I will leave for New York on Saturday morning, and intend to sail for Europe the following Wednesday. Now, are you sure there is nothing that I can do for you?" she concluded wistfully.

"Nothing; though I thank you heartily for your good-will," was the firm but gentle reply. "Ah, yes," she added, with sudden thought; "you can do me a great kindness—if you will favor me so far—by allowing me to remain incognito. I have weathered many storms during the last twenty years, and I thought I had found a quiet haven, where no one would find me, and would, henceforth, sail in smooth waters. I live only for Helen, and if I can shield her from sorrow until she is happily settled in life, I shall feel that my work is done, and be glad to lay my burdens down, and go to my rest. She knows nothing of that tragedy of my early life. She believes that her father died before she was born, and I would not have her narrowed by the revelation of that terrible experience for anything in the world. Of course, I am helpless. I am at your mercy, and it is in your power to make us both wretched, unless you are kindly disposed to keep my secret."

"Do not fear," replied Mrs. Sturdyvant, with a reassuring smile. "I will not betray you, and I am glad that Marjorie and I are going out of the country, and that you will be relieved of the dread of meeting either of us for a long time to come."

"Thank you," said Margaret Seymour gratefully, and involuntarily putting out her hand to her companion.

She clasped it warmly, thinking, as she did so, that she had never seen a face more lovely, sad and grief-stricken though it was, than that bending over her.

Then, bidding her farewell, she turned away, and went homeward, feeling how unjustly and unequally things were meted out to people here in this world.

CHAPTER XIII.

Mrs. Sturdyvant and her niece left for New York on Saturday morning, as they had arranged to do.

Mrs. Seymour, however, informed Helen on Friday that she did not feel equal to the effort of getting away the next day, there was so much to be done; she had purposely neglected some things after her interview with Mrs. Sturdyvant—and she thought it would be best to postpone their return until Monday morning.

Helen was somewhat disappointed upon learning this, for she had anticipated much pleasure in making the journey to the city with her friend; but her mother's wishes were always first, and foremost with her, and she accordingly yielded a cheerful assent to the change in their plans.

Marjorie called to take leave of them on Friday afternoon, and manifested much regret, in view of the approaching separation, while she was profuse in her expressions of affection and eternal friendship, and informed Helen that she should expect a letter by every steamer, and would be just as faithful in writing to her.

She mentioned, in a matter-of-fact way, as if it was a thing to be expected, that she had a letter by every steamer, and would be just as faithful in writing to her.

Nevertheless, something seemed to seal her lips. Marjorie had never before mentioned just where her mother was located—she had merely said she was in Switzerland—and, as she was never curious about the movements of other people, she had thought no more about the matter.

"Oh, Mrs. Sturdyvant, I am sorry you came here today!" she cried, with a note of passion in her tones; "while I am grateful for what you have said in exoneration of my past, yet it is irrevocable, and it is only torture to have it recalled."

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Eruptions

The only way to get rid of pimples and other eruptions is to cleanse the blood, improve the digestion, stimulate the kidneys, liver and skin. The medicine to take is Hood's Sarsaparilla. Which has cured thousands.

SPANISH THINGS LONDON'S FAD

Fashions of Alfonso's People Being Adopted by Best English Society.

London, June 3.—London is rapidly and enthusiastically becoming Spanish. Spanish costumes, Spanish decorations, and Spanish furniture will everywhere be the vogue this season.

In ballroom, decorated with the Spanish colors, women dressed in modifications of the national dress of King Alfonso's subjects will dance to music composed by Spaniards, and the mantilla, the high, jeweled comb, and the glittering sequins, beloved of the Basque peasant girl, have already made their appearance in West-end shops.

Spanish lace in enormous quantities is stocked in all the smart shops. Black is the favorite color, but natural, cream, and soft pastel tints of pale pink and pale mauve are in great demand. One Oxford street shop has made a specialty of hand-made Spanish mohair shawls for theater wraps, and within the last few weeks 2,000 of them have been sold.

A well-known costume said yesterday that he is bringing out in a week or two some beautiful tea gowns and negligees modeled on the national dress of the Spanish women. "Velvet and gold boleros will continue the full lines of flowing silk robes, and sequins will be used for trimming," he said.

"Orange and crimson, the Spanish colors, would prove too violent to suit the English complexion in dress, but the colors will be popular in soft materials for decorative schemes of color."

Of all the Spanish modes the most picturesque is the high-dressed evening costume. This is being adopted in London enthusiastically, and every hairdresser and jeweler is selling the beautiful Spanish comb.

Not only is Spanish dress the fashion, but Spanish pottery, leather, silver, and pictures are being eagerly sought after, and in commercial circles shorthand writers and typists are studying Spanish.

DUMMY CORPSE TRICKED COMPANIES

French Insurance Concerns the Victims of a Clever Fraud.

Paris, June 2.—One of the cleverest swindlers that justice has put her hand upon for a long time was before the Seine Assizes yesterday. This was a man named Rene Hayer, who was sentenced to five years' imprisonment on charges of forgery and fraud.

Hayer began life as an engineer, but soon turned to crime. His specialty was the defrauding of insurance companies. He had a string of aliases. One day he would appear as a workman, the next as a nobleman. In the fashionable world he was known as the Marquis de Lamoignon.

The "marquis" insured himself against accident with several companies. After he had paid the first premium he reported that he had had a fall downstairs, which resulted in an injury to his head.

But she was equal to the occasion. She lifted a pair of tearful eyes to the woman, threw her arms about her neck, and put up her rosebud lips for a kiss.

"How lovely you have always been to me, dear Mrs. Seymour! Thank you so much for the dear little book. If I can only grow to be like you and Helen, I shall reach the height of my aspirations."

Mrs. Seymour instinctively shrank from the caress, in spite of the high tribute paid to her; but she forced herself to endure it, while secretly reproaching herself for the feeling.

Both girls shed tears of real regret, and there was a tinge of momentary remorse in those of them as they said their last "good-bye" to each other.

But the ordeal was over at last, and the travelers went their way.

Monday morning found our friends also en route for New York, and on their pretty suite in — street.

[To be Continued.]

BRIDE'S MIND WAS MADE UP

And Prospective Groom Had to Change His—Now He's Glad.

On the day before the marriage of a London man and woman last week the groom presented his bride-to-be with a marked check for a certain piano firm for any instrument at the price named, and that she would wish to choose. As it happened, the man was unacquainted with the relative values of pianos, while the woman was particularly interested in music and had indicated when she was able to buy a piano it would be no other than a Nordheimer.

The prospective groom did not like the idea of making out another check, but there wouldn't have been peace in the family if he had complied.

And now he is glad, for his bride has shown him conclusively that they got better value for their money than could have been obtained by the purchase of any other instrument. As in all Nordheimer pianos, the tone of this one referred to is rich and beautiful, and such as would make any home a happy one.

Of course, all purchasers do not hand in marked checks, but many buy on easy terms; the price, however, in every case being the same to one person as to another. As the purchasing is done direct from the factory or the regular staff salesmen, and not through sub-agents, the buyer gets the lowest possible price on his piano; in addition being assured of fair dealing by the Nordheimer on-price system.

Canada produces six barrels of apples a year for each family.

WORMS CAUSE feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Expeller is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

"Always the Best of Everything for the Least Money"

June Wash Goods

All At Prices That Are Bargains For You

A special showing of Fine Printed Organdies, also the American Eullennes in all the newest patterns and colorings. The season is just commencing for this material, and it would be well to shop early to get first choice. This week's price, per yard ... 35c

Double-Fold Bleached Linens for Shirtwaist Suits and Separate Skirts. Splendid values this week, per yard ... 35c, 40c and 50c

White (Victoria) Lawns, 40 inches wide, three specials this week, per yard ... 10c, 12 1-2c and 15c

Other Specials You Should Take Advantage of Tomorrow

32-inch White Polka Dot Muslin this week to clear at, per yard ... 15c

15 pieces Printed Muslin, a regular 15c line, to clear this week at, per yard ... 12 1-2c

Genuine Swiss Muslins, polka dot, large and small, this week, per yard ... 35c

Black Dress Muslins, in polka dots and lace stripes, this week, per yard ... 15c, 20c and 25c

20 pieces of American Prints, light and dark colors, fast, to clear this week at 16 yards for ... \$1 00

40-inch Apron Lawn, nicely tacked and hemmed, very fine quality, this week to clear at, per yard ... 15c and 20c

Remnants of Muslins, Prints, Shirting, Table Linens, Cottons, at greatly reduced prices all this week.

White Pique 12c, 15c, 20c **White Ducks 12 1/2c, 15c, 20c** **White Vesting 12 1/2c, 15c**

American Gingham, fast in color, pretty for shirtwaists, skirts, etc., this week to clear at, per yard ... 15c

All shades in Chambrays, plain and checks, fast colors, this week to clear at, per yard ... 12 1-2c

Crash Linen Suiting, all colors, this week to clear at, per yard ... 12 1-2c

150 Dundas and Carling. GRAY & PARKER 150 Dundas and Carling.

Many Women Think

That it is impossible to make good pastry from flour made of Manitoba Hard Wheat, and, consequently, buy one kind of flour for bread and another for pastry.

Since the appearance of "FIVE ROSES" FLOUR on the market there is no need for any housekeeper to do this, as this brand is made by a process which renders it not only the ideal flour for bread, but which guarantees equally good results for pastry when used the "FIVE ROSES" way.

"FIVE ROSES" FLOUR will make lighter and flakier pastry than any ordinary brands on the market, whether made from Manitoba or Ontario wheat.

All we ask is that you will give "FIVE ROSES" a fair and unprejudiced trial for pastry on your next baking day. The results will, we know, more than satisfy you.

Ask your grocer for it.

Lake of The Woods Milling Co.

MONTREAL, Limited.

Local Office, 72 Bathurst Street, London, Ont.

The Watch-Dog in your Vest Pocket

YOU can buy Health Insurance now.

Several good "Accident" Companies sell it.

Sixty dollars per week will bring you \$25.00 per week, for every week you are Sick.

But, your time alone may be worth far more than that.

And \$200 per week might not pay for your suffering.

That's why "Cascaet" Insurance which prevents Sickness, is worth ten times as much money as other "Health" Insurance.

Yet "Cascaet Insurance" will cost you less than Ten Cents a week.

That gives you a "Vest Pocket" Box to carry constantly.

"Indigestion" means food eaten but only partially digested.

"Constipation" means food retained in the body undigested too long, till it decays. It then supplies the poisons of decay to the system, in place of the nourishment it might have supplied.

Isn't that a tremendous handicap worth insuring against?

What does it cost to Cure Constipation or Indigestion, with their train of small and great ills, and to insure against a return of them?

Not so very much.

One 10 cent box of Cascaets per week, at most, perhaps half that.

One candy tablet night and morning, taken regularly for a short time, is warranted to cure the worst case of Constipation or Indigestion that walks the earth.

One tablet taken whenever you suspect you need it will insure you against 90 per cent of all other ills likely to attack you. Because 90 per cent of these ills begin

in the Bowels, or exist through poor Nutrition.

Cascaets don't purge, don't weaken, don't irritate, nor upset your stomach. No—they act like Exercise on the Bowels, instead.

They stimulate the Bowel-Muscles to contract and propel the Food naturally past the little valves that mix Digestive Juices with Food.

They strengthen these Bowel-Muscles by exercising them.

The Bowel-Muscles can thus, in a short time, dispense with any Drug assistance whatever.

The time to take a Cascaet is the very minute you suspect you need one.

—When your Tongue is coated a little.

—When your breath is not above suspicion.

—When your head feels dull, dizzy, or achy.

—When you have eaten too heartily, or too rapidly.

—When you have drunk more than was good for your digestion.

—When you have a touch of Heartburn, Gas-belching, Acid-rising-in-throat, or a Coming-on-Cold.

Carry the "Vest Pocket" Box where it belongs, just as you would your Watch, Pocket-knife or Lead-pencil.

It costs only 10 cents. At any drug-gist.

Be sure you get the genuine, made only by the Sterling Remedy Company, and never sold in bulk. Every tablet stamped "CCC."

A sample and the famous booklet "Curse of Constipation," Free for the asking. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York.

PURE FOOD INSURES GOOD HEALTH

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

INSURES PURE FOOD

E.W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED TORONTO, ONT.

French farmers are glad to get \$1 93 for 100 liters (about 26 gallons), of common red wine.

The body of Eleanor Perkins, a nurse who had been 64 years in the

service of an English family in Lincolnshire, was carried to the grave the other day by four sons of the family, all of whom she had nursed in their infancy.

