LAST EDITION

London Advertiser

LAST EDITION

49th YEAR. No. 20549 | Tomorrow—Fine. | LONDON, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, MARCH 9, 1912. TWENTY-FOUR PAGES. | Sun rises, 6:38; sun sets, 6:19. | PRICE TWO CENTS.

Capt. Amundsen Tells of His Dash to the South Pole

NORWEGIAN TELLS OF CONQUERING ICE BARRIERS AND HOISTING OF THE FLAG OF HIS COUNTRY

Locates the South Pole on a Vast Plateau, Which He Names "King Haakon Land," After Monarch of the Norsemen.

PARTY OF FIVE MADE THE TRIP IN FINE WEATHER AND RECORD TIME

A Graphic Pen Picture of Intrepid Explorer's Thrilling Journey Told Over His Own Signature—Describes Day Spent at the Pole as Beautiful One.

[Published by Permission of the Morning Paper Section of the Canadian Press, Limited.]

Hobart, Tasmania, March 8, 11:20 a.m.—On the 10th of February, 1911, we commenced to work our way toward the south, from that day to the 11th of April, establishing three depots, which in all contained a quantity of provisions of about 3,000 kilos (a kilo is about two and one-fifth pounds). One thousand six hundred kilos, including 1,100 kilos of seal meat, were cached in 80 degrees, 700 kilos in 81 degrees and 800 kilos in 82 degrees, south latitude.

As no landmarks were to be seen, these depots were marked with flags, seven kilometers on each side, in the easterly and westerly directions.

OVER THE BARRIERS.

The ground and the state of the barrier were of the best, and specially well adapted to driving with dogs. On Feb. 15 we had thus travelled about 100 kilometres (a kilometre is a little over three-fifths of a mile) The weight of the sledges was 300 kilos, and the number of dogs was six for each sledge. The surface of the barrier was smooth and fine with no sastrugi (ridges of snow blown up by the wind, which become very bad.) The crevices were very local and were found dangerous only in two places. For the rest—long, smooth undulations.

WEATHER WAS FINE.

The weather was excellent—calm or a light breeze. The lowest temperatures on these depot trips was minus 45 celsius or centigrade (49 degrees below zero, Fahrenheit). On the 4th of March, on our return from the first trip, beginning on the 15th of February, we found out that the Fram had already left us. With pride and delight we heard that her smart captain had succeeded in sailing her furthest south and there hoisting the colors of his country—a glorious moment for him and his comrades—the furthest north and the furthest south—good old Fram. The highest south latitude attained was 78 degrees 41 minutes.

Six Tons of Seal Meat.

Before the arrival of winter we had 6,000 kilos of seal meat in the depots, enough for ourselves and 110 dogs. Eight doghouses, a combination of tents and snow huts, were built.

Having cared for the dogs, the time came to use our solid little hut. It was almost entirely covered with snow by the middle of April. First we had to get light and air. The Lux lamp, which had a power of 200 standard candles, gave us a brilliant light and kept the temperature up to 20 degrees celsius (68 degrees Fahrenheit) throughout the winter, and our excellent ventilation system gave us all the air we wanted.

In direct communication with the hut and dugout on the barrier were workshops, packing rooms, cellars for provisions, coal, wood and oil, a plain, bath a steam bath, and observatories. Thus we had everything within doors if the weather should be too cold and stormy.

No Sun For Four Months.

The sun left us on the 22nd of April, and did not return until four months later. The winter was spent in changing our whole outfit, which on the depot trips was found to be too clumsy and solid for the smooth surface of the barrier. Besides this, as much scientific work as possible was done, and some astonishing meteorological observations were taken. There was very little snow, and there was open water close by throughout the winter. For the same reason higher temperature had been expected, but it remained very low.

In five months there were observed temperatures between minus 50 and 60 degrees celsius (58 and 76 degrees below zero Fahrenheit), the lowest temperature, on the 13th of August, being minus 59 degrees celsius. It was then calm. On the 1st of August the temperature was minus 58 degrees celsius, and there were six metres of wind. The mean temperature for the year was minus 26 degrees celsius (14.8 degree below zero Fahrenheit).

Absence of Hurricanes.

I had expected hurricane after hurricane, but I observed only two moderate storms and many excellent auroras autralis in all directions.

The sanitary conditions were of the best all winter, and when the sun returned on the 24th of August he met the men sound in mind and body, ready to set about the task that had to be solved.

Already, the day before, we had brought our sledges to the starting place for our march toward the south. Only in the beginning of September did the temperature rise to such an extent that there was any question of setting out.

On the 8th of September eight men, with seven sledges, ninety dogs, and provisions for four months, started. The ground was perfect. The temperature was not bad.

Had To Turn Back.

The next day it appeared that we had started too early, as the temperature of the following days fell and was kept steady between minus 50 and 60 celsius (58 degrees and 76 degrees below zero Fahrenheit). Personally we did not suffer at all from this cold. Our good furs protected us. But with our dogs it was a different matter. It could easily be seen that they shrunk from day to day, and we understood pretty soon that they could not stand the long run to our depot at 80 degrees south.

We agreed on returning and to await the arrival of spring. The provisions were cached, and off we went for the hut. With the exception of the loss of a few dogs and a couple of frozen heels everything was all right.

Only in the middle of October spring came in earnest. Seals and birds appeared. The temperature was steady between 20 and 30 celsius (4 degrees and 22 degrees Fahrenheit).

Party Split Up.

The original plan that all of us should go toward the south had been changed. Five men had to do this work, while the other three were to start for the east and visit King Edward VII. Land.

This last-mentioned trip was not included in our programme, but owing to the fact that the English had not reached it, at least this summer, as was their intention, we agreed that the best thng to do was also to make this trip.

On Oct. 20 the southern party started—five men, four sledges, fifty-two dogs, and provisions for four months—everything was in excellent order.

We had made up our minds to take the first part of the trip as easily as possible, in order to give ourselves and the dogs a rational training, and on the 23rd we made our depot in 80 degrees south. We went right ahead.

In spite of the dense fog, an error of two to three kilometres happened once in a while, but we were caught by the flag marks, and found these on our way without difficulty.

Having rested and fed the dogs on all the seal meat they were able to eat, we started again on the 26th, with the temperature steadily between minus 20 and 30 celsius (4 degrees and 22 degrees below zero, Fahrenheit).

Marking a Return Route.

From the start it was the intention not to drive more than 30 kilometres a day, but it appeared that this was too little for our strong, willing animals. At 80 degrees south we began to build snow cairns of a man's height, in order to have marks on our return trip.

On the 31st we reached the depot at 81 degrees, and stopped there one day and fed the dogs on as much pemmican as they wanted.

We reached the depot at 82 degrees on the 5th of November, where the dogs for the last time got all they wanted to eat. On the 8th, southward again, with a daily march of 50 kilometres.

In order to lighten our heavy sledges we established depots at each degree of south latitude.

The trip from 82 degrees to 85 degrees became a pleasure trip—excellent ground, fine sledging, and an even temperature. Everything went like a dance.

The First Discovery.

On the 9th we sighted South Vic-

(Continued on Page Fifteen.)

HAS CAPT. SCOTT REACHED POLE?

Some Uncertainty as to Honors Until Britisher Is Heard From.

WAS HE THERE FIRST?

Captain Amundsen in His Report Makes No Reference to His British Rival.

[Canadian Press.]

New York, March 9.—The Tribune prints the following cable:

London, March 9.—"The Daily Chronicle this morning publishes the first installment of Capt. Raold Amundsen's account of his discovery of the South Pole. The interest excited by the news of this great feat was sufficient to keep thousands of persons out of bed until copies of the Daily Chronicle could be secured early this morning. There was no spirit apparent of distrust as to the accuracy of Capt. Amundsen's claim. In the clubs men familiar with the Antarctic regions pointed to his clear, connected narrative, and his exact description of the observations at the pole were taken as abundant proof as to the truthfulness of his statement.

Over Ice Barrier.

Capt. Amundsen describes the long journey over the great ice barrier and tells how he followed the outline of South Victoria and King Edward Land. A great mountain range which stretches across this country, the general direction of which he followed, he named the Queen Maud Range.

The hardy explorer does not devote many words to his descriptions of his feelings upon arriving at the pole, but there is just sufficient vagueness with regard to details to suggest that he shared the great discovery with others.

The Final Dash.

He says that he left his winter quarters, on the Bay of Whales, on Oct. 20.

After crossing the great ice barrier and following the mountain ranges, he arrived Dec. 8 at Shackleton's farthest south point. Following the due southern direction, he came to a great plateau in six days' march. This plateau, which he reached on Dec. 14, was a vast plain, mountainous in its appearance, stretching for miles in every direction.

Hoisted the Flag.

Observations showed that the party was in latitude 89 degrees, 5 minutes south. On Dec. 15, the party travelled nine kilometres in as near as possible a direct southerly line. Observations taken at the point then reached on Dec. 15 and the following day fixed this as the approximate position of the pole. A hut was erected here, and the Norwegian flag hoisted. It remained as the only evidence of the discovery when the trip back began.

The pole was in the midst of the great plateau, which Amundsen, in honor of the King of Norway, named King Haakon Plateau.

Had Fine Weather.

The expedition was favored by unusually fine weather, and the party was able to make an average of 35 kilometres a day, going to the pole, and 36 kilometres a day on the return journey. The distance from the winter quarters at the Bay of Whales to the pole was approximately 1,400 kilometres. The highest point of the mountains crossed was 10,750 feet above sea level, at 87 degrees 40 minutes, south latitude.

Amundsen started on his dash to the pole on Oct. 20, and returned to his quarters on Jan. 21. The party consisted of five men, four sledges, and 52 dogs.

No Reference to Scott.

Amundsen's full story of his stirring achievement leaves no room for doubt that he reached the South Pole on Dec. 14. He does not, however, make any reference to Scott, and the

(Continued on Page Sixteen.)

GRAND TRUNK CONDUCTOR SAW MAN JUMP INTO NIAGARA

Sensational Story Comes From the Falls, But the Conductor Is Not Known Here.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., March 9.—That a man whose identity has not been determined jumped from a Michigan Central freight train crossing the cantilever bridge and was lost in the whirlpool rapids about 7 o'clock last night is the story told by Conductor Torrence, of the Grand Trunk Railway. The conductor said he was about to enter the bridge from the Canadian side when he saw a freight train nearing the American end of the bridge. The train was out of Montrose, Ont., destined for Day's yards. A brakeman on top of the box car nearest the engine was seen to face towards the lower rapids, beyond which is the whirlpool, lift his arms upwards and dive from the car into the river.

Torrence says he saw the man float down the river until he was lost in the whirlpool.

When the train arrived at the yard office none of the crew was reported missing, and the engine was coupled to a number of empty cars and returned to Montrose. All effort to learn the identity of the victim proved futile last night.

The police were notified of the incident, but were unable to authenticate the conductor's story.

They think the man was a tramp stealing a ride. A reporter made inquiries about the yard, but none could determine who the man was, as the crew came from the Canadian side of the river.

Home Is in London?

Torrence, whose home is in London, Ont., declares positively he saw the man fall or jump from the train. By the time Torrence made his experience known it was too dark to permit of an investigation in the lower river, and in any event the swirling whirlpool had engulfed its latest victim. Inquiries made in several branches of the Michigan Central railroad along the Canadian shore failed to solve the mystery surrounding the suicide's identity.

At the offices of the Grand Trunk Railway and Michigan Central here, it was stated to The Advertiser that no person by the name of Torrence was employed on those roads running out of London.

The city directory does not give the name of Conductor Torrence.



MR. J. A. COLE.
781 Waterloo street, who was hurt in the wreck near Palmerston.

LONDON ELECTRIC PUTS IN A BID

Company Will Light the City as at Present for $22,000 Per Annum.

THE CITY'S PRICE IS CUT

Water Commissioners Are Now Ready To Supply Present System for $25,000 aYe ar.

THE TWO OFFERS.

To light the city with present equipment: London Electric, $22,000; Water Commissioners, $25,000.

To extend the system: London Electric at the same rate per kilowat as charged in other offer. Water Commissioners, $32,000.

The London Electric have made a bid for street lighting, their tender having been received by the city clerk. They propose to light the streets with the present equipment for $22,000 per annum. This will include lamp renewals, up-keep, patrol system, etc.

They agree to extend the system as much as the city desires at the same rate per kilowat as is charged in the first offer. No definite amount of money is specified in this proposition, that depending altogether on the extension the council decide on.

Feeling the Pinch.

The water commissioners have modified their original offer to light the streets for $36,000. The figures they now agree on are $32,000. It must be pointed out that this includes a considerable extension of the present system. In fact, it is the intention of the commissioners, if this tender is accepted, to double the number of lights, and also to extend the ornamental lighting on Richmond from Fullarton

Continued on Page Four.

POURED OIL ON FIRE, EXPLOSION FOLLOWED

Five-Year-Old Tot Had Narrow Escape From Death on York Street.

The 5-year-old daughter of Mr. James McLarty, 494 York street, had a very narrow escape from a fearful death Friday afternoon when coaloil with which she was lighting a fire, exploded, burning her badly about the face and arms. The prompt action of Mrs. Short and other neighbors prevented atragedy. ?

Mrs. McLarty was out at the time and the child attempted to light a fire in the range. She took the oil and poured it on the coal and wood. In an instant it exploded in her face, setting fire to her clothes.

The little one rushed out the front door screaming. Mrs. Short, a neighbor, heard her, and running to her assistance put out the fire. Dr. Cline was at once called and dressed her injuries.

"The child is burned about the face and shoulders, but will recover," said Dr. Cline. "She is not as badly injured as wag first thought."

THE WEATHER.

TOMORROW FINE.

Forecasts.

Toronto, March 9—8 a.m.

Fresh north and northwest winds. Fine and cold.

Sunday—Westerly winds. Fine and moderately cold.

Temperatures.

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:

Stations.	High.	Low.	Weather.
LONDON	34	25	Clear
Victoria	50	28	Fair
Calgary	36	18	Clear
Winnipeg	24	2	Clear
Port Arthur	18	— 6	Clear
Parry Sound	28	2	Clear
Toronto	35	12	Clear
Ottawa	—	18	Fair
Montreal	30	26	Snow
Quebec	34	24	Snow
Father Point	28	14	Snow

Minus (—) means below zero.

Weather Notes.

The area of high barometer which was over the Northwest States yesterday has moved to the Missouri Valley, and there are indications that a somewhat important disturbance will develop near the Atlantic Coast.

The temperature is fairly low this morning in Ontario and the Western Provinces.

NO STRIKE, SAYS SUPT. U. E. GILLEN

Grand Trunk Official Explains the Cut in Wages on That Road.

NOT MANY MEN AFFECTED

Company Merely Asking Advantage of a Clause Which Permitted Cancelling Agreement.

That there will be no strike by the employees of the Grand Trunk against the action of the company in reducing the salaries of the men on certain runs is the opinion expressed by Superintendent U. E. Gillen, who passed through London Friday evening en route from Goderich to Montreal.

Mr. Gillen arrived in this city in his private car attached to the regular Bruce train at 6:30, and left ten minutes later on a special. The manner in which the change announced in a bulletin from the head offices at Montreal was brought about was explained to The Advertiser by the superintendent.

The Increases.

Up until 1909, and previous to the big strike of 1910, the conductors on certain runs received wages much below what was given them after the settlement of the trouble.

However, one of the clauses of the mutual agreement was that the company later should adopt the schedule of payment in force on certain model American roads named by the employees. This was to go into force in 1912, and up until the present the Grand Trunk has performed strictly in accordance with the contract, Mr. Gillen says.

As a result, a table prepared by the company shows that in some cases men who earned $100 a month in 1909 are now drawing as high as $188 for the same service.

Different on G. T. R.

"Operating conditions are different on the Grand Trunk than on the American roads named by the men," Mr. Gillen told The Advertiser, "and the company does not intend to carry out this unreasonable agreement.

"The men were given very substantial increases at the time of the strike, and the Grand Trunk acceded to the demand that this new schedule should be adopted in 1912. A clause in this contract stated that either party could cancel the agreement on 30 days' notice, and the company is simply taking advantage of this. The bulletin was issued on March 1, and the changes go into effect on the 1st of April.

"Only a small proportion of the men are affected. Yardmen, freight crews and others are to continue as at present, but the conductors on certain passenger and mixed runs are to be brought back to the schedule of 1911."

Subways in London.

Mr. Gillen stated that he is not in a position to either confirm or deny the story brought back from Montreal by Mayor Graham to the effect that the company is to build subways with entrances at the four corners of the block bounded by Richmond, York, Clarence and Bathurst streets. He had not heard of such an arrangement, he said, and was under the impression, as is rM. Brownlee, that the old plans for elevation will be brought forward again when the company is ready to proceed.

Something will undoubtedly be done toward track elevation, said Mr. Gillen, but just when is a matter of conjecture.

MR. DOUGLASS GRAND TAKEN SUDDEDLY ILL

Suffered a Slight Attack of Pneumonia at His Hotel.

Mr. Douglas Grand, of London, Eng., who has been in the city for a couple of weeks on business, was taken ill on Thursday with a slight attack of pneumonia. The disease was checked, however, in time and he is rapidly improving. He will be able to leave his room at the Tecumseh House on Monday, it is expected.

Meds. Officers.

The first year meds. elected their officers for the ensuing year as follows: President, J. McS. Young; vice-president, H. J. Wildfang; secretary-treasurer, Geo. Renton; guards, H. Taylor and H. Simpkins; chaplain, Hobbs Taylor; choirmaster, R. A. Walker.



Photo by Frank Cooper Studio.
MR. N. W. PIKE,
428 Pall Mall street, who suffered injuries in the G. T. R. accident near Palmerston.

RUNAWAY JUMPED INTO CUTTER AGED MAN SERIOUSLY INJURED

Mr. William S. Groome Hurt In a Peculiar Accident at Corner of York and Wellington Streets—Victim May Not Recover.

Mr. William S. A. Groome, 88 Oak street, was seriously injured shortly after 11 o'clock this morning, while driving on York street, near Wellington, when a runaway horse, owned by Mr. W. Brooks, butcher, 724 Dundas street, crashed into the rig he was driving. Mr. Groome sustained a broken hip and other injuries, and as he is about 73 years of age, it is feared that they will prove fatal. He was removed to Victoria Hospital. His horse had a leg broken also, and was destroyed.

Mr. Groome was driving west on York street, going to the market, as is his custom. Charles Selfwood, driver for Brooks, had turned onto York street from Waterloo street. For some unknown reason the horse made a sudden lunge and started running away. Selfwood could not control the animal, and it raced down the street at a lively rate. There were many rigs on the thoroughfare at the time, but Selfwood managed to guide the horse passed the others.

Jumped Into Cuter.

Mr. Groome was near the corner of Wellington, when it was seen that a collision was inevitable. Selfwood shouted a warning to Mr. Groome, but it was too late, and the Brooks' horse jumped into the cutter ahead.

Mr. Groom was thrown out on the street, and the Brooks' horse kicked the cutter to pieces, freeing itself. Selfwood rolled off his sleigh onto the street, but escaped with a few bruises. Fortunately Mr. Groome escaped being kicked by the plunging horse. His own animal was knocked down by the force of the collision.

Passersby ran to the assistance of Mr. Groome, and picked him up. He was taken to Dr. Drake's office, where Dr. H. A. Stevenson examined him. It was found that he was suffering from a broken hip, and other bruises. His condition was such that Dr. Stevenson ordered him to the hospital. The ambulance was called and he was removed there at once.

By a peculiar coincident Mr. Groome's horse, a favorite of his for many years, also had its hip broken, and was mercifully destroyed by the police.

Runaway Uninjured.

The horse owned by Mr. Brooks was uninjured. It was captured near the scene of the runaway.

"I do not know what started the horse to run away," said Mr. Selfwood. "It suddenly bolted, after turning on Waterloo street. I tried my best to hold my horse, and I tried to avoid striking Mr. Groome's rig, but it was impossible to do so."

Mr. Groome is well-known in the city, having resided here for many years. He is a carpenter by trade, and has many friends in East London.

His daughter, now married, was for some years a stenographer in the office of former City Engineer Graydon.

FARMERS BESIEGE CITADEL IN QUEST OF LABORERS!

100 Men Around On Friday But the Demand Cannot Be Supplied.

There is an enormous demand all through this district at the present time for farm help. The Salvation Army and other agencies are doing their best to secure men, but cannot begin to meet the wants of the farmers.

At the local citadel today more than 150 farmers from all parts of the district called upon Major McGillivray as a result of having heard that he had a large party of men come out from England yesterday.

100 Men in One Party.

"There were about 100 in the party that came yesterday," said Major McGillivary to The Advertiser this afternoon. "Every one of them was spoken for weeks ago, and they simply came here to register, so that we can keep track of them. All of them are going on farms within 30 miles of London. Many have had experience. Many others have not had direct farming work to do, but are used to doing laboring work and should make good farmers with a little teaching. They are a willing lot of fellows."

500 Applications.

"I should say that we have 500 applications in for help that we cannot get yet," he said, "and every mail brings more. If I had 500 men tomorrow, I could place every one. Farmers all through this district are apparently finding it impossible to get men. There is a big demand also for women. Domestics are badly needed, and we find places waiting for all we can bring out."

Farmers seen by The Advertiser today say that the hired help problem is by far the most critical that they have to face, and with the rush to the West, they find it impossible to get young Canadians to work the land.

Advertiser Praised.

Many loudly praised The Advertiser's booming campaign in Western Ontario, and say that it will have the very best results in keeping men home and in developing this section.

"People need not look for any lower prices as long as farm help is as scarce as it is now," said one man. "This district is not producing a fraction of what it might produce if the land were worked. We have finer land between Niagara Falls and Windsor than they have anywhere in the West, and why people want to leave it is more than I can understand. Many no doubt have the get-rich-quick craze, and expect to make money by speculating. The western land will not begin to produce crop for crop with the land for 100 miles around London."

In the meantime farmers are doing their best to get men, and are paying weges that set a new record.

LONDON MEN IN G. T. R. WRECK ARE NOT IN DANGER NOW!

Relatives Left for Palmerston To Be With the Patients in Hospital.

Mr. Ernest W. Pike, 428 Pall Mall street, traveller for the A. Junor Company, Hamilton, was the more seriously injured of the Londoners who were in the accident on the G. T. R. near Palmerston on Friday. Several ribs were broken, his collarbone was fractured, and he was otherwise bruised.

Mrs. Pike was notified Friday afternoon, and left this morning at 6 o'clock for Palmerston, to be with her husband.

The latest word received at his residence here is that he had spent a fairly restful night, and was doing as well as could be expected.

"We were informed that father would recover," said Miss Pike. "He is resting quietly and we are hopeful of his recovery."

Mr. Pike has been a resident of London for nine years, coming to the city from Owen Sound. Since that time, he has been engaged with the same firm, and is well known among the commercial men. Besides his wife, he has a family of six children.

Mr. Cole's Condition.

Mr. John A. Cole, 781 Waterloo street, is inspector for the London and Western Trusts Company. He was on a tour of inspection when the accident occurred.

Mrs. Cole had a message from him today stating that he was not badly injured, and was on his way home, expecting to arrive some time tonight. He told Mrs. Cole that the accident was a very bad one, and that he was indeed fortunate to be alive.

"I was frightened when I first heard of it," said Mrs. Cole. "When I learned that Mr. Cole was not badly injured, it lifted a great load off my mind."

The family have resided in London for 12 years, coming to London from Rodney. In addition to his business as inspector, Mr. Cole and his son are owners of the London Pant and Overall Company, at 101 King street.

See Page Fifteen for Story of Wreck.

NO ARRANGEMENT WITH THE BOSSES

Carpenters Met Friday Night, and Added 25 Members to the Union.

The members of the carpenters' union held a session in their hall on Carling street, Friday evening, to which was invited all members of the trade in London, whether members of the organization or not, and were addressed by Organizer T. Moore, of Niagara Falls. About twenty-five new members were secured.

No arrangement with the master carpenters has as yet been arrived at, but it is understood that an effort will be put formard to have the parties compromise upon payment of 32 cents an hour. The present rate is 27 cents, but this is not adherred to very strictly.

OVER 100 PERSONS ATTENDED BANQUET

Annual Affair Was Tendered By Official Board of Askin Street Church.

The annual banquet tendered by the official board of Askin Street Methodist Church to the members of the choir and their friends was held Friday evening and was attended by over one hundred ladies and gentlemen.

The supper was preceded by a musical entertainment, in which Rev. Wm. Harvey, the pastor, Miss Elizabeth Wilson, of Stratford, and others took part.

Toasts to Mr. and Mrs. Quantz, of the choir, proposed by Dr. S. P. Reynolds, were replied to by Mr. Quantz and President Parkinson. Messrs. J. A. Stevenson, Nettleship, Burrows, William West and Wright responded to toasts to the board.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Knott & Sangster

ROOM 101, MASONIC TEMPLE. PHONE 650.

REAL ESTATE BROKERS, VALUATORS, ARBITRATORS, OPTIONS OBTAINED, MONEY TO LOAN, FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE, PROPERTIES RENTED AND RENTS COLLECTED.

WE ARE THE AGENTS FOR ALL OF THE NEW SURVEYS LAID OUT IN THIS CITY AMONGST OTHERS, THE SEE HOUSE PROPERTY, SITUATED ON RIDOUT STREET SOUTH. YOU CAN BUY LOTS ON THIS BEAUTITIBUL SURVEY, WITH SIDEWALKS AND SEWERS PAID FOR, FOR $12 TO $14 PER FOOT, ON VERY EASY TERMS WE ALSO HAVE A NUMBER OF LOTS ON CARFRAE CRESCENT, THE McKENZIE ESTATE AND A NEW SURVEY TO BE OPENED SOON OPPOSITE THE McCORMICK HOMESTEAD ON GRAND AVENUE. BELLEVUE AVENUE, JUST SOUTH OF GRAND AVENUE; WOLSELEY AVENUE, NEAR MILITARY SCHOOL, AND A LARGE NUMBER OF VACANT LOTS IN OTHER LOCALITIES, WHICH CAN BE PURCHASED ON EASY TERMS. CALL AND SEE US BEFORE THE BEST IS SOLD.

RIDGEWAY — Two-story and attic brick, 4 bedrooms, modern, verandahs at front and back, lot 50x118 feet, and also right of way. A splendid chance to get a nice home at a reasonable price. $4,800.

NORTHEAST CORNER OF DORINDA AND DUNDAS STREETS—A splendid lot for a store. There is a frame cottage on rear of lot also; lot 50x150 feet. $200 cash, balance in easy payments. $1,650.

RIDGEWAY—Story and half brick-veneer, 3 bedrooms, modern. lot 66x140 feet. $3,000.

WHARNCLIFFE ROAD, South London —Story and half frame, brick foundation, 4 bedrooms, modern, lot 50x250 feet; fruit trees, chicken coop. Cheap, $3,000.

ASKIN STREET — 1½-story frame, brick foundation, 4 bedrooms, w.c., gas and electric light and fixtures, lot 42x160 feet. $2,000.

EVA STREET—Frame cottage, cement block foundation, 2 bedrooms, w.c. and sink, gas and electric light fixtures, lot 47x105 feet. $1,400.

STANLEY STREET—2-story and attic brick, 4 bedrooms, modern, lot 33x120 feet. $500 cash, balance in half-yearly payments if desired. $3,500.

42 ACRES, Lobo—Soil sandy and clay loam, frame cottage, 2 bedrooms, dining-room, kitchen and vantry, cellar, barn and stable. About 1¼ acres of orchard, 1¼ miles to church, school, postoffice and railway station. Only $1,600.

KENNETH AVENUE—Story and a half brick veneer, 4 bedrooms, modern; lot 29x99 feet and right of way. $2,300.

GENERAL STORE AND DWELLING, in good village, postoffice in store, good barn and stables, henhouse, 3 acres of land, fruit orchard and small fruits; no opposition. $2,000.

112 ACRES, LOBO—Sandy loam, good frame story and half house, 8 rooms, stone foundation; one mile to school, postoffice; church and railway station, 1½ miles; 16 acres of wheat, 12 acres of rye, fall plowing done, splendid water, 25 acres of timber. This property can be purchased for $4,700, which is a great snap.

PRINCESS AVENUE EAST—Story and half brick-veneer, 3 bedrooms, modern, lot 37x127 feet. Worth $2,500; only $2,100, or without furnace for $2,000. A splendid chance for C. P. R. men.

WELLINGTON ROAD — 1½-story house, 4 bedrooms, cement cellar, barn, lot 82x264 feet. A bargain; only $1,350.

TECUMSEH AVENUE—Story and half brick, stone foundation, modern, verandah, lot 27.6 by 216 feet. $2,500.

FRONT STREET — Frame cottage, cement foundation, 3 bedrooms, lot 42x170 feet. $650.

127 HORTON STREET—Two-story brick, stone foundation, fruit trees, lot 57x198 feet. $2,200.

90 ACRES, LOBO TOWNSHIP—Good brick house, barn 30x60 feet, 20 acres of fall wheat, fall plowing all done, good water, one mile to school, two miles to railway station, church, postoffice, creamery, etc. This farm is in splendid shape.

STORES—Seven stores on Dundas street, central; also three on Richmond street. Good investments.

FLORENCE STREET—1½-story frame, cement foundation, three bedrooms, room for bath, small fruits. Lot 123x $10 feet, cheap; only $1,650.

RICHMOND STREET, central, splendid lot 40x100 feet; a splendid place for garage or other business. Price, $4,300.

EVERGREEN AVENUE — 1½-story brick, four bedrooms, room for bath, chicken houses, fruit trees. Lot 132x 180 feet. $2,100.

WILSON AVENUE—Two-story frame, brick foundation, 3 bedrooms, den, bath, electric light and gas and fixtures; fruit trees, peaches, pears, plums and small fruit; lot 50x115 feet. $2,000.

FACTORY, near centre of city—Two-story frame, lot 60x200 feet. $1,900.

MARYBORO PLACE—1½-story frame, 3 bedrooms, gas and fixtures, lot 75x125 feet. Only $1,600.

130 ACRES, WESTMINSTER—Sandy and clay loam, close to car line, frame house on stone foundation, good cellar, barn 46x70 feet, stables under, two silos and other farm buildings, spring water piped to house and stables, two orchards, 8 to 10 acres hardwood bush; school, churches and postoffice, etc., close. A splendid fruit or grain farm. $10,000.

PROSPECT AVENUE—Frame cottage, brick foundation, 3 bedrooms, w.c., gas, lot 37.6x122 feet. A nice property. Call and get particulars.

HORTON STREET, CENTRAL—Semi-detached cottage, 3 bedrooms, lot 52x157 feet; rents for $24 per month. Will sell on easy terms. $2,500.

LORNE AVENUE—1½-story brick, 4 bedrooms, gas and fixtures; lot 33x150 feet; a splendidly built house. $1,950.

OXFORD STREET—Two-story brick, 3 bedrooms, modern, lot 30x160 feet. Good value, $3,200.

WAREHOUSE, CENTRAL — Three stories and basement, nearly new and modern, with elevator and steam heat, lot 49 feet 9 inches by 110 feet. Will either rent or sell. Call and get particulars.

FARM—105 acres, Township of Ekfrid; splendid buildings, black clay loam, 15 acres of hardwood bush; 1½ miles to postoffice, store, church, railway station. Owner lives in West, and is offering at a bargain. $5,800

HORTON STREET—1½-story frame, brick foundation, 4 bedrooms, bath, w.c., gas, lot 55x160 feet. $2,500.

LARGE TERRACE, CENTRAL—Large lot; rents for $1,800 per annum. Call for particulars. $15,000.

WELLINGTON STREET—Frame cottage, water inside, lot 64x132 feet. Only $1,300.

FARMS WANTED—WE have a large demand for small farms near the city, and have several now. Call and give us your farm for sale.

TALBOT STREET—One of the best modern houses, two-story and finished attic, hot water heated, all modern conveniences, all fixtures of the very best. Call and get particulars.

HILL STREET—Brick cottage, 6 rooms, water and sink in house, fruit trees, lot 46x165 feet. $1,275.

1¾-STORY BRICK, NORTH—Bath, w.c., furnace, large lot. Only $2,300.

HELLMUTH AVENUE — 1½-story brick, stone foundation, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences, cellar full size, verandah, lot 40x145 feet. Price, $3,500.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 5½ PER CENT.

THORNTON AVENUE—Frame cottage, 2 bedrooms, gas and fixtures; lot 33x146 feet to a lane. Price, $1,250.

EASY TERMS—We have a number of properties that we can sell on easy terms, $50 to $100 down, and balance in monthly payments. Call and see us if you want a property on easy payments.

THE BEST VACANT LOTS in the north end. Call for particulars.

WANTED—PROPERTIES FOR SALE. IF YOU HAVE ANY REAL ESTATE YOU WISH SOLD, WE CAN SELL IT FOR YOU AND WILL NOT CHARGE IF THE PROPERTY IS NOT SOLD BY OR THROUGH US. LIST YOUR PROPERTY WITH US, AND YOU WILL BE SURE OF HAVING IT WELL ADVERTISED.

THE PROPERTIES ON THIS LIST ARE ONLY A FEW OF THE PROPERTIES WE HAVE FOR SALE. CALL AND SEE US.



PROPERTY OWNERS

Desiring to sell their property should list it with us at once so as to take advantage of the spring buying now about opening up.

All classes of real estate bought, sold, exchanged and leased.

A. A. Campbell, 428 Richmond St., London

The Successful Farmer

The greatest success in farming in Ontario is made by those who own small or moderately small farms. If your capital is small, begin with five, ten, twenty-five or fifty acres, according to your means. Many farmers in Western Ontario are realizing greater profits each year out of their crops than are realized from farms in the West that are ten times as large. Ontario is the banner Province of the Dominion. It is the garden spot of the continent. We have for sale farms of all kinds, sizes, and at all prices. Call, telephone, or write, and tell us the kind you want.

The following are short descriptions of a few of the farms we have for sale:

No. 6681—80 acres, in the County of Lambton, soil clay loam, 1 acre orchard, 1½-story frame house, frame barn, 2 miles to market. Price $3,400. Will exchange for larger farm.

No. 6671—3 acres, 1½ miles from London market, soil clay loam, small orchard, apples, plums and pears, 1½-story brick house, large barn, shed and stable, 15 minutes' walk from street car. Price, $2,200.

No. 6683—100 acres in Oxford County, soil clay and sand loam, 2 acres of orchard, 1½-story concrete house, barn on stone wall, stabling under, 1½ miles to school, 2½ miles to railroad station. Price, $6,500. Will exchange for smaller farm or for city property.

No. 6653—50 acres in Essex County, soil gravelly clay and black loam, 1 acre of orchard, 2-story brick house, frame barn, other outbuildings, 1 mile to school, 3 miles to market, 4 miles to railroad station. Price, $3,500.

No. 6617—50 acres, in Middlesex County, soil clay loam, 1 acre of young orchard, 1½-story brick house, a number of outbuildings, ½-mile to school, 2 miles to market and railroad station. Price $4,600.

For further list of farms which we have for sale see today's Free Press, or send for our catalogue of farms for sale in any county north or west of Toronto.

THE WESTERN REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE, LTD.

Telephone 696. 78 Dundas Street, London, Ont.

FARM FOR SALE, 100 ACRES—IMPROVED dairy farm, 3½ miles from Thamesford station; nicely situated for all conveniences; brick house, bank barn, excellent water; first-class opportunity to buy a good farm at a snap; if not sold before March 5, will be offered by auction, together with the stock and implements. J. George, Evelyn P. O., Ont. 26tf-tyw

FARM FOR SALE OR RENT, 94 ACRES, in Township of Ekfrid; loamy soil, good water, all necessary buildings; price, $3,000. John Stewart, Burwell road. 29tf-wty

STORE, 141 KING STREET, TO RENT—Possession April 1. W. G. R. Hartram, barrister, 59 Dundas street. 47c-wty

FIRST-CLASS STORE AND DWELLING to let or for sale, in East London. Box 114, Advertiser. 40tf

FRUIT AND POULTRY FARM — ALL varieties of fruit, buildings first-class, two poultry houses; ten minutes' walk to car, four miles to London; phone and rural mail delivery; very desirable property. Box 118, Advertiser. 41n-wty

I WILL BUILD YOU A FIVE-ROOM cottage for $500. Address box 37, Advertiser office.

FOR SALE BY TENDER TILL MARCH 15—Farm, consisting of 100 acres of choice land, known as the Stalwood Farm, lot 9, con. 4, Lobo, on which are two frame barns, a good frame house, plenty of water, good orchard of first-class winter fruit, about 8 acres of maple bush; convenient to school, church, quite close to C. P. R. and G. T. R. stations, close to elevator; must be sold to wind up estate; tenders will be received up till March 15, addressed to J. Turnbull, care Knott & Sangster, Room 101, Masonic Temple, London. 44c-zwt

RESPONSIBLE PARTY GOING WEST, about March 1, will investigate any real estate proposition or buy or sell on small commission. Box 90, Advertiser. 33tf

ADELAIDE STREET—A HANDSOME 2-story and attic red-pressed brick, oak floors and trim, 9 rooms and bath with modern equipment. Price, $5,500. Owner going west. A splendid bargain. A. A. Campbell, 428 Richmond street, London, Ont. 43k-tyty

12½-ACRE FARM ON THE PIPE LINE road, suitable for dairy farming or market gardening; 1½-story brick house and good outbuildings. Apply Box 76, Advertiser. 29h-xt

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

ANDERSON & CO.

J. G. ANDERSON. J. A. MATHESON.
Room 22, Phone 2322.
Bank of Toronto Chambers.

$9,000—Solid red pressed brick, slate roof, hot water heating, plate glass windows, polished oak floors, basement lathed and plastered, laundry, modern in every respect, new and central, lot 50x210.

$7,000—Two-story and attic, solid brick, parlor, dining-room, sitting-room, breakfast-room, kitchen, pantry, 4 bedrooms, 3 grates and mantels; beautiful house, in one of the nicest locations in city.

$8,000—Two-story and attic, solid brick, stone foundation, slate roof, hot water heating, hydraulic pump, practically new and up to date in every respect.

$5,000—Two-story and attic, hot water heating, sitting-room with grate and mantel, 4 bedrooms, up to date in every respect; central.

$4,600—North Side; solid brick, two-story and attic, attic finished, 4 bedrooms, modern. Easy terms.

$4,300—North Side; two-story and attic, red pressed brick, new and modern. Terms, $1,000.

$4,200—North Side; two-story and attic, reception room, parlor with grate and mantel, dining-room, kitchen, electric light, gas, laundry in cellar, modern throughout.

$4,000—North Side; two-story and attic, 4 bedrooms, parlor, sitting-room, dining-room, kitchen, modern and new.

$3,500—1½-story red brick, central; hall, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, back and front stairs, 3 bedrooms, bath with hot and cold water, electric light, gas, furnace, basement under all, with laundry. Easy terms.

$3,500—Hellmuth avenue; 1½-story brick, 5 bedrooms, modern.

$3,000—Princess avenue; two-story and attic, parlor, sitting-room, dining-room, 4 bedrooms, clothes closets, electric light and gas, combination fixtures, back and front stairs, verandah in front, with electric light, porch in rear; beautiful home in nice locality.

$2,500—Maryboro Place; 1¾-story brick, 4 bedrooms, modern. Easy terms of payment.

$2,500—English street; 1½-story brick, 3 bedrooms, modern. Easy terms.

$2,200—South London; two-story brick, modern. Terms, $100 cash.

$2,000—South London; two-story brick, 4 bedrooms, modern. Terms, $50.

$3,000—South London; 1½-story red pressed brick, 3 bedrooms, modern. Terms, $300 cash.

$1,300—Richmond street north; 1½-story brick, 3 bedrooms, bath. Terms.

$900—Frame cottage. Terms, $50. Central.

$1,400—Eva street; new cottage, frame. Easy terms of payment.

$1,600—Horton street; frame cottage, 4 bedrooms, near G. T. R. depot.

$2,900—1½-story brick, 3 bedrooms, modern, near G. T. R. depot.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$175—Two-chair village barber shop.

$1,800—Bakery business, consisting of oven, gasoline engine, all other utensils belonging to first-class bake shop, three horses, rigs, etc., natural gas for baking, 20c per 1,000 feet; 3000 loaves per week. One of best towns in Canada. Terms, $600 cash.

$2,000—General stock; building can be bought or rented at easy terms.

$2,500—General stock, drygoods, boots, shoes, etc., at rate on the dollar.

$4,000—Two-story dwelling, 10 rooms, 5 acres land, one-story frame store, blacksmith's shop; general stock amounting to $700.

$700—General grocery stock.

$800—General blacksmith's shop, quarter acre ground, six-roomed house, blacksmith's shop and wood shop, in village close to city.

Half acre, Pottersburg—Dwelling, barn, stable, orchard. $1,000.

Half acre — Six-room cottage, barn, hogpen, chicken house; near car line. $1,300.

5 acres, near Springbank—Frame cottage, cement foundation, 3 bedrooms, frame barn. $2,500. Good location for summer home.

5 acres—Sandy loam, modern house with 5 bedrooms, barn; five minutes' walk from Springbank Park. Inquire for particulars.

6 acres—Fruit farm, beautiful buildings. $3,000.

8 acres—Market garden, close to city. $6,000.

10 acres—Fruit farm, near Port Stanley; soil sandy loam, frame cottage, new barn, apples, peaches, 1 acre strawberries, half acre raspberries. $1,200.

10 acres—Market garden, close to city. $2,500.

14 acres—Fruit and chicken farm, one block from car line; two-story brick house, barn and poultry houses. Owner leaving city.

30 acres, Westminster Township—Good buildings. $2,500. Easy terms.

50 acres, Delaware Township — Good buildings, soil sandy loam, beautiful maple bush. $3,500.

50 acres, Westminster Township — All clear; clay loam, brick house, barn 30x100; three miles to London. $5,000.

50 acres, $4,000—Delaware Township; bank barn, 1½-story frame house, 5 acres orchard, 1 acre strawberries, half acre raspberries; nine miles to London. Easy terms.

50 acres, London Township—Soil clay loam, 1½-story brick house, frame barn, implement shed, 3 acres orchard; seven miles to London.

50 acres, Delaware Township—New brick house, lawn and ornamental trees in front, barn 50x50, cut stone foundation, basement fitted for stabling, driveshed, chicken house, granary, buildings all painted and in first-class shape; 1½ acres orchard. Owner going west. $4,500.

50 acres, Elgin County, in fruit belt—Soil sandy and clay loam, good buildings. Will exchange for house in city. $2,600.

50 acres, Lobo Township, good building, first-class soil, near Lobo Village. $3,500.

100 acres, Lobo Township—Brick house, good buildings. $7,700.

100 acres, London Township—Brick house, barn, drive house, stable; seven miles to London. $6,600.

100 acres, McGillivray Township—Brick house, bank barn, modern pigpen, two modern henhouses, well drained and fenced; near Centralia. Easy terms. $7,500.

105 acres, Ekfrid Township—Brick house, bank barn, driveshed, etc, 2 acres orchard; close to church and school.

85 acres, on car line, close to city—First-class dairy or grain farm. $8,700.

100 acres, Lobo Township — 1½-story frame house, bank barn 36x84, drive house 30x50, close to church and school. $7,700.

75 acres—Westminster Township, good buildings, model dairy farm. Must be sold, as owner is going west. Two and a half miles from city.

100 acres, London Township—Brick house, bank barn 36x84, drive house 30x50; close to church and school. $7,700.

100 acres, London Township—Three acres orchard, good house and outbuildings. $5,600.

100 acres, London Township—Brick house, bank barn, soil clay loam. $7,000.

125 acres, Dorchester Township—Good buildings, soil clay loam. Easy terms.

115 acres, near Talbotville—First-class buildings, close to church, school and cheese factory.

In the above you will find some choice properties, carefully selected from our large list of farms and city properties. If nothing suits you in the above, kindly call at our office and look over our lists. Money to loan, houses rented, rents collected and insurance effected.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

P. WALSH'S BULLETIN

We have the most central surveys and single lots in the city, which should appeal to those who intend building this spring. Two lots on Central avenue; very central. Two lots on John street; splendid building lots, in the north end. Also the Baker survey, Ridout street, South London.

LORNE AVE. — A new 1¼-story solid brick cottage, 8 rooms, large basement, gas; lot 33x150 feet. Price, $1,900.

NEAR THE McCLARY NEW WORKS —A new frame cotage on brick foundation, 7 rooms; all modern improvements; lot 33x132 feet. Price, $2,000.

PALACE ST.—1½-story frame house on brick foundation, 7 rooms, nice lot. Price, $1,300.

STANLEY ST.—Two-story brick house, 5 bedrooms, all modern improvements; lot 33x132 feet. Price, $3,800.

OXFORD STREET — A new 1½-story brick house, 7 rooms; all modern improvements; verandah; nice lot. Price, $3,000.

HELLMUTH AVENUE—A new 1½-story brick house, stone foundation, 4 bedrooms, all modern improvements, good lot. $3,400.

ASHLAND AVENUE—New 1½-story frame house, 7 rooms, lot 122x310 feet; will make three or four lots. Price, $1,600.

GROSVENOR STREET—A large frame cottage, on brick foundation, sewer laid in, lot 42x300 feet, fruit and shade trees. Price, $1,600.

MAITLAND STREET—A new 1¼-story brick house, modern improvements, rooms, lot 50x150 feet. Price, $2,000.

ELMWOOD AVENUE—A new 1½-story brick house, 8 rooms, modern improvements, lot 35x120 feet. Price, $2,300.

KITCHENER AVENUE—A new brick cottage, 7 rooms, lot 33x117 feet. Price, $1,675.

ST. JAMES STREET—A new 1½-story brick house, stone foundation, 9 rooms, all modern improvements, lot 33x149 feet. Price, $2,900.

VAN STREET—New 1½-story brick house, cement block foundation, 3 rooms, nice lot. Price, $1,800.

PROSPECT AVENUE — Two-story brick house, 10 rooms, finished in style, all modern improvements; lot 49x121 feet. At a reasonable figure.

TALBOT STREET—A new two-story red pressed brick house, finished in oak, 11 rooms, hot water heating, laundry, nice lot. Call for price.

PALL MALL STREET—A large two-story brick house, 10 rooms, hot water heating, lot 52x133 feet. Price reduced.

EVA STREET — A new brick cottage, 7 rooms, large basement, electric light, sewer connection; lot 33x151 feet. Price, $1,550.

WELLINGTON STREET, Central—A new 1¾-story brick house, 9 rooms, all modern improvements. Price, $3,300.

MAPLE STREET—A new two-story brick house, 9 rooms, all modern improvements, lot 35x151 feet. Call for price.

MILL STREET—A large frame cottage, in perfect order, good lot. Inspect at once if you want a cheap home.

OTTAWAY AVENUE—Large frame cottage, cement foundation, 4 bedrooms, lot 57x92 feet. Price, $1,600.

We have properties for sale all over the city.

GROSVENOR STREET—A new 1¼-story brick house, 4 bedrooms, all modern improvements, lot 50x150 feet. $2,800

P. WALSH

PHONE 358. 425 RICHMOND STREET.

Real Estate For Sale

One and a half story new frame house, hall, parlor, dining-room, one bedroom, kitchen, pantry, glass cupboard in wall, city and soft water in the pantry, three bedrooms and bathroom, three clothes closets and linen closet upstairs; pipes and registers in for furnace; wired for electric light; sewer connected, and lavatory in; cement block foundation; two large cellars; lot 30x167 feet. This house is finished in oak grain, up and down stairs, and you can buy it for seventeen hundred and fifty dollars; three hundred cash and fifteen dollars per month. It is well and comfortably built, and a bargain. Don't miss it. Apply to Samuel Wilson, Building Contractor, Real Estate and Fire Assurance Agent. Office: 155 Wellington street. 'Phone 2103. b

BIGGEST AND BEST LOCATED POULTRY and fruit farm, part in city, consisting of 7½ acres; 3 modern chicken houses, in best repair; good barn; excellent soil, especially adapted to small fruits and vegetables; several hundred fruit trees just bearing; brick house, furnace, electric light; plenty of good water the year round; within five minutes' walk from street car. Will sell all or part at a reasonable figure for immediate sale. Your inspection invited. Terms and location upon application. Box 42, Advertiser. 49c tzx

FOR SALE—QUARTER-SECTION IN Saskatchewan, six miles from town with six hundred population. Apply J. W. G. Winnett, barrister, Talbot street. ywt

NOTICE—REAL ESTATE FOR SALE — On easy terms or cash; also fire assurance done. Apply 716 York street, London, Ont. b

FOR SALE—1½-STORY SOLID BRICK house, nearly new, modern, 3 bedrooms, three-piece bath, gas, lot 42x126 feet; heated with a Kelsey furnace. Apply 91 Becher street. 40tf-tx

TWO CHOICE LOTS FOR SALE, CORNER Chester and High, South London. Apply Mrs. Grant, 7 Chester. 49u-t

FARM FOR SALE—100 ACRES FIRST-CLASS dairy farm, brick house, bank barn, half-mile to Harrietsville postoffice, cheese factory, churches, school. For terms apply to C. Ferguson, 17 Marmora stret, London. 491 t

SOLID BRICK HOUSE FOR SALE, central, all modern conveniences, large yard, fine verandah, etc.; nice locality. Box 40, Advertiser. 48c

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—120 ACRES. Apply north half lot 7, con. 15, London Township. 43k-t

NEW COTTAGE FOR SALE. APPLY H. M. Fleming, 202 Grey street. 47c

PORT STANLEY—MODERN SUMMER cottage, furnished, bargain this month; water inside. Box 31, Advertiser. 47c

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—HOUSE AND blacksmith shop, seven-room house, in good condition; half acre of land, peaches, pears, plums, two grapevines, raspberries and currants, all bearing well; shop on property, doing good business, well established, within stone's throw of P. M. and M. C. R. stations; altogether a desirable country home; owner going west; will sell reasonable. Apply H. Reynolds, Muirkirk, Ont. 45n

MONEY TO LOAN.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN ON MORTGAGES on real estate. Macpherson & Perrin, 57 Dundas street.

PRIVATE AND TRUST MONEY TO loan on farm and city property; lowest rates, amounts and terms to suit; no commission charged. T. W. Scandrett, solicitor, 98 Dundas street.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN—LOWEST rates. Buchner & Gunn, corner Talbot and Carling.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES —Knott & Sangster, Room 101, Masonic Temple, London.

GARMENT CUTTING.

MERCHANTS WILLINGLY PAY DRESSMAKERS high salaries who are capable designers of advanced styles for high-class trade. Study evenings, now! Cutting School, 248 Dundas street.



MILLINERY OPENING

First View Today

The Smallman and Ingram Store begs to announce their first showing of

SPRING MILLINERY MODELS

from Paris, London and New York and invite every woman in London and vicinity to have the first view of the new and authoritative fashions for spring season 1912 today (Saturday), March the ninth.

WORDS CANNOT DESCRIBE

Dame Fashion was never more fickle or whimsical in her choice, but if partiality is shown in any quarter, it is only in her choice of color, as the flame red, blue and cerise are more conspicuously shown than any other shades. As for size, she has no favorite, all sizes are shown, which makes it an easy matter for all to have a becoming shape.

It is not to be a season of either very large or very small shapes exclusively, for both are shown in great variety and medium sizes too, so every face may have just the size and style most becoming, which means a season of greater individuality than has been in years, which is a marked feature of this 1912 spring display. Come while the display is at its best.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM LIMITED

LEGAL CARDS.

McKILLOP & MURPHY— —OAK HALL BUILDING

BLACKBURN & WEEKES, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, etc., 124 Carling street. G. N. Weekes; H. S. Blackburn.

JARVIS & VINING, BARRISTERS, etc., 101 Dundas. C. G. Jarvis; Jared Vining, B.A.

MACPHERSON & PERRIN, BARRISTERS, solicitors. Money to loan. Robinson Hall Chambers.

J. M. McEVOY, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, Robinson Hall Chambers. Money to loan.

TENNENT & CAMPBELL, BARRISTERS solicitors, notaries, etc. Money to loan, lowest rates. 78 Dundas.

J. H. A BEATTIE, BARRISTER, ETC., 169½ Dundas street. Money to loan on real estate.

CRONYN & BETTS & COLERIDGE—Frederick P. Betts, K.C.; Thomas Coleridge.

PURDOM & PURDOM, BARRISTERS, solicitors, etc., Masonic Temple building, corner Richmond and King. Thos. H. Purdom, K.C.; Alexander Purdom.

GIBBONS, HARPER & GIBBONS, BARRISTERS, etc., corner Richmond and Carling. Sir George Gibbons, K.C., Fred F. Harper; George S. Gibbons.

M. P. McDONAGH, BARRISTER, ETC. —425 Richmond street. Money to loan.

FITZGERALD & FITZGERALD, BARRISTERS. Money to loan. Masonic Temple.

W. H. BARTRAM, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc. Office, 89 Dundas street.

T. H. LUSCOMBE, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc., 169 Dundas, near Richmond. Money at lowest rates.

GRAYDON & GRAYDON, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, 419 Talbot street. N. Parke Graydon; A. H. Marshall Graydon.

STUART & SCANDRETT, BARRISTERS etc., 98 Dundas. Money to loan. Alex. Stuart, K.C.; T. W. Scandrett.

BUCHNER & GUNN, BARRISTERS, solicitors, etc., corner Talbot and Carling. Phone 99. Money to loan. U. A. Buchner; J. M. Gunn, B.A.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

WILLIAM McDONALD, VETERINARY surgeon, 137 King street. Residence, 121 Bathurst. Phone 688.

C. S. TAMLIN, V.S.—OFFICE AND hospital, 453 Talbot. Phone 865; residence, 758.

Notice to Creditors and Claimants

Pursuant to the Trustee Act, I. Geo. V., Ch. 26, of the Statutes for Ontario, all creditors of and others having claims against the estate of James Henry Brown, late of the City of London, in Ontario, gentleman, deceased, who died on or about 13th February, A. D. 1912, are hereby notified to file their accounts and claims, fully itemized and duly verified under oath, with the Canada Trust Company, of the said City of London, the administrator of the estate, or with the undersigned solicitors to the estate, on or before Saturday, 16th March, A. D. 1912; and further, that after the said 16th March, 1912, the administrator will distribute the assets of the estate among those entitled thereto, having regard to the claims only of which due notice shall then have been received; and further, that the said administrator will not be liable for said assets or for any part thereof to any person of whose claim notice shall not then have been given as aforesaid.

Dated at London, this 24th day of February, A. D. 1912.

JARVIS & VINING,
101 Dundas Street, London,
37c-24,M2,9 Administrator's Solicitors.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF Jessie McDonald Jack, otherwise known as Jessie McDonald, late of the City of London, in the County of Middlesex, married woman, deceased:

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to Statute 1, George V., Chapter 26, Section 35, that all persons having claims against the estate of the said Jessie McDonald Jack, deceased, who died on or about the 17th day of January, 1912, are required to send by post prepaid, or to deliver to the undersigned Messrs. McKillop & Murphy, barristers, London, Ontario, solicitors for the administrator of the said estate, on or before the 30th day of March, 1912, their names, addresses and descriptions, and a full statement of the particulars of their claims and the nature of the security (if any) held by them, duly verified.

And that after the said date the administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice, and that they will not be liable for the assets so distributed, or any part thereof to any persons of whose claim they shall not then have notice.

McKILLOP & MURPHY,
Solicitors for the Canada Trust Company, administrators of the estate of the said Jessie McDonald Jack.
Dated at London, this 23rd day of February, 1912. M2,9

SURVEYORS.

F. W. FARNCOMB, CIVIL ENGINEER and surveyor. Bank Toronto Chambers.

PATENTS.

P. J. EDMUNDS, REGISTERED ATTORNEY and Solicitor of Patents, Central avenue, London, Ontario, Canada. Phone.

Application to Parliament

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made by the Corporation of the City of London to the Legislature of Ontario at its next session for an Act:

1. To authorize the Council of the Corporation of the City of London to pass the bylaw for the issue of $25,000 debentures re The North Midland Railway Company, submitted to the ratepayers of the said city at the last municipal elections, notwithstanding that the bylaw did not receive the requisite vote, and to declare that the bylaw, when so passed, shall be valid and binding.

2. To authorize the Council of the Corporation of the City of London to expend for the purpose of paying the salary of a Commissioner of Industries and diffusing information respecting the advantages of the City of London as a manufacturing, business, educational or residential centre, annually, a sum not exceeding $5,000.

3. To authorize the Council of the Corporation of the City of London, by a bylaw passed by a two-thirds vote of all the members thereof, to renew the exemption of The London Rolling Mills Company until the end of the year 1912.

4. To provide, authorize and direct that the Water Commissioners for the City of London shall have the whole management and control of all the city parks and boulevards, and may, out of any moneys received by them, expend in such management and control a sum not exceeding $20,000 per year.

5. To authorize the Council of the Corporation of the City of London to issue debentures not exceeding $6,000, for the purpose of erecting a public Comfort Station and Weigh Scales Office on the Market Square in the said City of London without submitting the bylaw for that purpose to the ratepayers of the said city.

The existing debenture debt of the municipality is $3,954,237 37.

The reasons for requiring a further issue of debentures is the necessity for the building and the inexpediency of paying for the same out of the taxes to be levied for the current year.

Dated at London, this first day of February, A. D. 1912.

S. BAKER,
19n-3,10,17,24,M2,9 City Clerk.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed tenders will be received until Thursday, March 14, 1912, for the erection of a new building for the Molsons Bank on Dundas street. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. H. C. McBride, architect, Bank of Toronto Chambers, London, Ont. 43c-txt

TENDERS

will be received up till 6 p.m., March 16, for the erection of a brick schoolhouse, S. S. No. 2, Mosa. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Plans can be seen at my residence. Thomas Gardiner, Pratt Siding P. O. 47c

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES.

GRAND A. J. SMALL Sole Proprietor GRAND

TWICE TODAY—2:15 and 8:15

Brewster's Millions One Long Laugh

EXCELLENT CAST AND PRODUCTION. Prices — Night—25c, 35c, 50c, 75c, $1. Matinee—25c, 35c, 50c, 75c. Seats Selling

TUESDAY NIGHT, MARCH 12

Every little move-ment has a meaning all its own.
THE ENCHANTING MELODY WHOSE HAUNTING STRAINS HAVE ENTHRALLED THE WORLD.
It's the Theme Song of WOODS' FRAZEE & LEDERER Phenomenal Success.

MADAME SHERRY

By OTTO HAUERBACH and KARL HOSCHNA.
THE LAUGHING MUSICAL SENSATION OF TWO CONTINENTS.
A CAST OF MUSICAL COMEDY CELEBRITIES.
The Massive Production From the New Amsterdam Theatre, New York.
Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50.
SEATS SELLING.

NEXT FRIDAY NIGHT

THE SCHUBERT CHOIR

Of Toronto DR. HERBERT M. FLETCHER, Conductor. 200 TRAINED VOICES

W. DALTON BAKER, Eminent English Baritone. : SOLOISTS : ELSA KELLNER, Dramatic Soprano.

Prices—$1, 75c, 50c, 25c. Sale for subscribers opens Monday, 9 a.m. Public sale Tuesday.

SATURDAY MATINEE & NIGHT. Frazee & Lederer Will Offer the Famous Musical Comedy Comedian,

Richard Carle In the Big Musical Song Show

WITH Edna Wallace Hopper AND OTHER CELEBRITIES, Including Some Girls.

JUMPING JUPITER

SEATS, THURSDAY, 9 A.M. Prices Matinee—$1, 75c, 50c, 25c. Night—$1.50, $1, 75c, 50c, 25c.

MONDAY, MARCH 18—ONE NIGHT ONLY

Beautiful **Kitty Gordon** FAMOUS ENGLISH PRIMA DONNA, IN THE **Enchantress**

"Victor Herbert's greatest comic opera."—N. Y. World. 100 - Original Company of 100

Prices—50c, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2. Seats Friday

PRINCESS THEATRE
MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, Big Special Attraction,
THE LONDON MALE QUARTETTE
AHERN BROS., THE DIXIE BOYS.
Best Picture in Town. 49u

Scotch Dance
CLAN FRASER, NO. 43
to be held in Cullis' Hall, Wellington street,
FRIDAY, MARCH 15, 8:30 p.m. b

CONCERT — COLBORNE STREET Methodist Church, Tuesday evening, March 12. Full programme given by the students of London Conservatory of Music. Single tickets, 15c; double tickets, 25c. b

MUSIC FURNISHED FOR PARTIES, balls, banquets. Phone 1265. Tony Vita's Italian Harpers, 122 Queen's avenue.

DANCING — PRIVATE INSTRUCTION, public rates. Call and register. R. B. Millard, 345 Princess. Phone 2481.

Price $165.00

Ocean, rail, drives, excursions and all hotel expenses, fees and admissions, while sightseeing. Three weeks' trip. Montreal and Quebec, to Bristol, London, Paris, etc. Conducted tour. Special accommodations for party.

Royal Line
CANADIAN NORTHERN STEAMSHIPS.
See F. B. Clarke
416 Richmond Street, Next Bank of Commerce, London, Ont.

WESTMINSTER RINK — POPULAR airs by Hussars Band tonight and Monday night. Tuesday, championship hockey. b

SIMCOE ROLLER RINK — GRAND REOPENING Wednesday, March 13. Skates will be reserved by 'phoning 1608. b

JUBILEE ROLLER RINK — BAND TONIGHT—Thursday, March 14, motorcycle race. Open every afternoon. b

PRINCESS ICE PALACE — VITA'S Orchestra this afternoon. Seventh Regimental Band tonight. Hockey Monday. b

WARD'S HARP ORCHESTRA — ENGAGEMENTS accepted for social events. 91 Tecumseh. Phone 3005.

OCEAN

Tickets by all lines, all classes, outwards and prepaid. Lowest rates. Correspondence invited.

E. DE LA HOOKE
General Steamship Agent,
422 Park Avenue (London Loan Block). ywt

PRIVATE DANCING LESSONS — Strictly private lessons any hour. Any number of pupils accommodated. Complete staff of competent teachers. Beginners' classes: Gentlemen, Tuesday; ladies, Thursday evening. Phone Dayton & McCormick.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST — PURSE, WITH MONEY AND check. Name on inside. Reward at Advertiser office. 49u

LOST — CHECK FOR $6, GIVEN BY H. Frank Whetter, division court clerk, payable to Jabez Metcalf, and indorsed by him on the Bank of Toronto, has been lost, and payment of same to any person has been stopped. Jabez Metcalf, London Junction. b

LOST — BROOCH — CORNELIAN, SET with turquoise, between 279 Wortley road and 180 Briscoe street. Reward at 279 Wortley. 49c

LOST — CORNER DUNDAS AND ADELAIDE streets, baby rubber, Thursday evening. Kindly leave at Advertiser office. b

LOST — SUM OF MONEY, IN CENTRAL part of city. Reward, Mrs. Reynolds, Tuckett's Cigar Factory. b

STRAYED — HANDSOME YOUNG collie dog, called Bon; white and tan; dark spot on tail. Reward for safe return, W. D. Albright, Farmers' Advocate, London. b

LOST — RED ROSE TEA PASS-BOOK, at Wellington Street Church. Reward at 257 Wellington street. 48u

LOST—SUM OF MONEY, $95, WEDNESDAY night. Liberal reward for return to this office. 48c

Births, Marriages and Deaths.

BIRTHS.

WATSON—Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Watson announce the birth of a daughter at 528 Princess avenue, on Tuesday, Feb. 27, 1912. b

ELLIOTT—On Friday, March 8, 1912, to Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Elliott, No. 5 Surrey avenue, a daughter. b

DEATHS.

MACKAY—Mrs. S. F. Prince, at Coronado, California, March 7, 1912.
Funeral from the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. J. E. Smallman. Funeral notice later. 48u

MARDLIN—In London Township, on Friday, March 8, 1912, Lena May, youngest daughter of George and Caroline Mardlin, in her 8th year.
Funeral will leave the family residence, lot 9, con. 14, London Township, on Monday, March 11, at 2 p.m. Services at 1:30. Friends and acquaintances kindly accept this intimation. Interment at Decker's Cemetery.

McMEHEN—Died, at Lucan, on Saturday, March 9, John McMehen, in his 83rd year.
Funeral from his late residence, to Woodland Cemetery, London, on Monday, March 11, at 9 a.m.

FEMALE HELP WANTED

DRESSMAKERS WANTED — HIGHEST wages; permanent positions to competent hands. Smallman & Ingram. 49c

EXPERIENCED DINING-ROOM GIRL and upstairs girl wanted. Apply, Grigg House. 49c

WANTED — UPSTAIRS AND DINING-ROOM girl. Apply Miss Shea, 368 Dundas street. 49 tf

WANTED — A LADY AS MOTHER'S help. Apply Mrs. Kerrigan, 49 Ridout street south. 49c

WASHERWOMAN WANTED — APPLY 270 Central avenue, this evening. b

WANTED—EXPERIENCED GENERAL servant, no washing. Apply Mrs. F. A. Fitzgerald, 293 King street. 49c

GENERAL SERVANT — NO WASHING —Highest wages. Apply 330 St. James street. b

WANTED — EXPERIENCED OPERATORS on overalls and pants, an opportunity to earn from $12 to $15 per week. New plant. Address London Advertiser, Box 46. 49c

WANTED — STENOGRAPHER, WITH some experience; must be fair at figures. Address Box 536, postoffice. b

BE A TRAINED NURSE—EARN $15 TO $35 weekly. Train at home in a short time. Free catalogue. Rochester Nurses' Institute, 752, Rochester, N. Y. b

GENERAL MAID WANTED — MRS. W. A. Martin, 460 King street. 48tf

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS DRESSMAKER, for general store. Apply, stating experience and salary expected, The John Armstrong Company, Belgden. 47tk

WANTED BY MARCH 18—COMPETENT dress and mantle maker, to take full charge; warm, bright sewing and fitting rooms. Address Box 13, Advertiser office. 43k-tywt

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; two in family; good wages; references required. Mrs. G. F. Copeland, 243 Queen's avenue. 47c-wtz

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK BY March 18—Family of four; new house with every convenience; over 25 years old preferred; $17 a month; position permanent to right party; references required. Box 28, Advertiser. 46n

UPSTAIRS WOMAN WANTED AT once. Apply City Hotel. 45tf

SECOND COOK WANTED AT ONCE. Apply City Hotel. 41tf

TWO EXPERIENCED DINING-ROOM girls wanted at once. Apply City Hotel. 41tf

HOUSEMAID WANTED — EXPERIENCED. Apply Mrs. S. N. Sterling, 414 Dufferin avenue. 40tf

EXPERIENCED GIRLS WANTED TO work in bindery department. Apply Advertiser Job Department. 96tf

BOARDING, ROOMS, ETC.

WANTED — GENTLEMEN OR LADY boarders. Apply 419 Pall Mall street. 47c

GENTLEMAN DESIRES ROOM AND board in private home, central. Box 33, Advertiser. 47c

HELP WANTED.

WANTED — MAN AND WIFE FOR small farm just outside of city limits. Apply Hueston Livery, Wellington street. 49c

DWYER'S EMPLOYMENT BUREAU—Butlers, cooks and housemaids. Apply 591 Richmond. Phone. 47c

COAT, VEST AND PANT MAKERS, at once. H. M. Peterman & Co., 234 Dundas street. 49k

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

SETTINGS FROM PRIZE - WINING Partridge Plymouth Rocks; guaranteed layers; reduced price. Apply 773 Hellmuth avenue. 49c tzx

COTTAGE FOR SALE, TO BE REMOVED—182 Sydenham street. Apply, 144 Central. b

FOR SALE — CHICKEN COOP AND runs, also Philo coop, nearly new. Cheap, at 32 Charles street. b

FOR SALE — FIVE BRONZE TURKEY toms at five dollars each. Apply Burt Kennedy, Ilderton. 49c

ROSECOMB RHODE ISLAND RED pullets, laying. Apply 106 Forward avenue, city. b

CAR NO. 1 MANITOBA SEED OATS for sale. 400 Talbot street. 'Phone 425. C. F. Reid. S. Marshal. 49u tx

BEWARE OF HOUSE-TO-HOUSE canvassers. I have none out. Write or phone, Jackson, the sewing machine repairer, 263 Wellington. b

FOR SALE, CHEAP—ONE 3-H.P. MARINE gasoline engine, with complete equipment. Apply W. E. Hayward, 344 Talbot street. b

GERHARD-HEINTZMAN PIANO, GOOD as new, $225. Big sacrifice. Owner going to England. 19 Maryboro Place. b

FOR SALE—FOUR NEW MILCH COWS and three springers. Apply to Joseph Needham, lot 8, con. 10, London Township. 47c-wtz

PIANO SNAPS—OUR ANNUAL SALE IS now on; come and see the beautiful pianos we are offering at $200, $150, $100, $75, and the handsome organs at $10, $20 and $25, payable $1 to $3 per month. Heintzman & Co., 242 Dundas street, London.

140-QUART A 1 MILK ROUTE—FULL equipment, good as new; bargain if taken at once. Box 37, this office. 48c

LIGHT BAY COACH HORSE, EIGHT years old, 17 hands, weight about 1,350 pounds, sound. 180 York street. 47c

NEW EDISON STANDARD PHONOGRAPH, Cygnet horn; cheap for quick sale. Apply 516 English street. 47c

OUR COUCHES MADE TO ORDER — Best value in city. Chas. M. Quick. 49u

RHEUMATIC SUFFERERS RELIEVED at once. No pay unless cured. Dr. McNeil, Box 21, Franklin Centre, Que. b

MILK ROUTE FOR SALE—GOOD REASONS for selling. Apply 789 King street. 47c

TAILORED SUIT, TAN, 36. NEVER worn; in mourning; half price. 349 Hamilton road. 47c

ONE EMPIRE TYPEWRITER, IN first-class condition, $25. Gurd's, 185 Dundas street.

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS — FOR sale, the shop fixtures of Jenkins' cigar store, 133 Dundas street. Large mirror, showcases, counters, three tobacco sweaters, tobacco cutter and other fixtures, also pipes and tin tobaccos. 42h

FEATHER PILLOWS, MATTRESSES, cushions renovated. Hunt & Sons, Mattress Renovators, 493 Richmond street.

NOW IS THE TIME FOR WINTER pruning, grape-vines, etc. Work done and instruction given, also grafting. Baker's Nursery. Telephone.

IF YOU WANT HELP, SITUATIONS, want to buy or sell real estate, etc., insert an advertisement in the Hamilton Herald, the recognized want medium of the city. Rate, 1c a word, or three consecutive insertions for 2c a word, cash with order. Subscription: Daily, 25c a month, $2 yearly; Saturday edition, 50c yearly. Sample copy sent on application

WOOD-LAC VARNISH STAIN retains its gloss and color regardless of wear.
Young's Hardware
Two Doors East Talbot. 111 Dundas St. Phone 588.

FISH OF ALL KINDS SUPPLIED fresh daily. F. S. Onn. Phone 1296.

BICYCLES
Have yours put in A1 order for spring riding. Open evenings.
FRED T. KERR
635 Dundas Street, Agency Emblem and Flanders Motorcycles. ywt

HAVE YOUR WAGONS REPAIRED AND repainted before spring by Gould & Mohan, Wellington street.

BARN BOARDS
Good grades, dressed or in the rough. Come and see them. GEO. H. BELTON
TWO YARDS: Cor. Pall Mall and Richmond; Rectory and York Streets. tx

BLANK BOOKS
Ruling and Binding—Lowest Prices—Best Quality.
THE CHAS. CHAPMAN CO.
91 DUNDAS ST. xt PHONE 370.

PEOPLE'S ELECTRIC CO.
639 DUNDAS STREET.
Wiring, Electric and Gas Fixtures and Supplies. Prompt service. Phone 3556. zxt

Cheap Power? Well, yes! Let us show you. "London" Gas and Gasoline Engines, 1½ to 60 horsepower.
The London Gas Power Company, Limited
YORK ST., COR. WELLINGTON.

Bicycle and Motor Sales Co.
Brantford Bicycles, Pope Motorcycles
SOLE AGENTS.
397 Clarence Street. ywt

CHESTNUT COAL, $6.50 PER TON, screened and delivered in bags. Why pay one cent more? Satisfaction guaranteed. Dominion Coal Company. Phone 1788.

CHESTNUT
$6.50 Per Ton
Best Coal mined for the price.
GREEN & CO.
495 YORK ST. TELEPHONE 1391.

ON HAND—SALE OF UNPAID CORSETS — Canadian Lady Corset Company, 355 Clarence street. Agents wanted.

LADIES — WHEN DELAYED OR IRREGULAR use Triumph Pills; always dependable. "Relief" and particulars free. Write National Medical Institute, Milwaukee, Wis. 43c-t

FIFTY 40-GALLON HARDWOOD BARRELS, 75c each; 50 20-gallon kegs, 25c each. Apply Gorman-Eckert Company, Rectory street. 74tf-xt

CLEAN THEM OUT
Just a few more blankets left of our enormous stock. Now selling at very low figures.
J. DARCH
379 TALBOT ST. PHONE 542

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

WEDDING STATIONERY IN ALL THE latest styles. See our samples. The Advertiser Job Department.

KINDLING WOOD
$1.00 Per Load
LONDON BOX CO
209 BATHURST ST. PHONE 523. ywt

MADAM FERGUSON WILL BE AT THE London House, one day only, Monday, March 11, with full line of real hair switches. She will have with her the celebrated freckle and tan remover, which is guaranteed, also an infallible corn remedy. Ladies interested will do well to call and see these goods. 47c

GALL STONES DISSOLVED AND REMOVED painlessly. Old Kidney and Bladder Trouble cured with the new discovery Sanol Cure is certain. Sanol's booklet free. Write today. Sanol Manufacturing Company, Winnipeg, Manitoba. For sale by Anderson & Nelles, 268 Dundas street. 59tf

DELIVERY WAGONS BUILT TO ORDER. See our second-hand wagons. Abbott's Carriage Factory.

JOS. F. CRUMMEY
LEATHER UPHOLSTERING CO
Upholstering and furniture repairing of all kinds. We do the best work. Try us
521 RICHMOND ST. t PHONE 3105.

$2.00 Buys a Good Shoe
At PAXMAN'S, 210 King Street, Next to Central Fire Station. t

Piano Snaps
Our annual sale is now on.
5 Beautiful Rosewood Pianos, 7 1-3 octaves, guaranteed 5 years, only
$100
PAYABLE $3 PER MONTH.
3 Handsome Upright Pianos, in extra fine condition, fully guaranteed 5 years,
$150 to $200
PAYABLE $4 PER MONTH.
5 Extra Fine Modern Style Upright Pianos, in Mahogany and French Burl, good as new, rented out from three to six months, and each is guaranteed 5 years as new pianos,
$250 to $285
PAYABLE $6 PER MONTH.
35 Elegant Cabinet Organs, renovated and guaranteed 5 years, or money refunded, if not as represented. Must be sold.
$10 to $35
PAYABLE $1 PER MONTH.
Please call or write soon.
HEINTZMAN & CO.
242 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON. 42a-1,6,9,11,15,19,23,25,29

Everything for the Sap Season
Pails, Spiles, Buckets
J. A. BROWNLEE.
385-7 TALBOT STREET.

BREEDING CAGES
Imported German Hen Canaries, Breeding Cages, Nests, Nesting hair, Nestling Food, Bird Books. See the New Bird Path, latest thing out, only 35c each.
MORGAN'S "Sign of the Bird" 100 Dundas St ywt


Do You Need a Truss?
We sell a Truss that is guaranteed. Come and see.
Anderson & Neiles, Druggists.
268 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.
ywt

ON MARKET, SATURDAY—FURNITURE, clothing, paints, fur-lined coat. Joe Brown, 97 Carling street. ywt

FURNITURE
And household supplies. Cash or credit. Prices most reasonable in city. Open evenings.
BARNES & CO.
364 Hamilton Road. ywt Phone 2065.

NOW IS THE TIME
to have your bicycle put in first-class order for spring. FRED. T. KERR, 635 Dundas Street East. Open evenings. Agency Emblem and Flanders Motorcycles. tyw

The Old Umbrella Mender
PERRY DAVID
251 DUNDAS STREET.

Southcott Coal Co
Hard and Soft Coal and Wood Dealers.
PHONE 1093. 276 CLARENCE ST.
Prompt delivery and courteous treatment. 67tf-tyw

Lehigh Coal
G. R. KETTLE & SON
Cor. G. T. R. and Maitland. Phone 299. 97tf-tyw

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR WILL EXCHANGE FOR inside city property, my commodious suburban home at Pottersburg, immediately east and adjoining the city of London; large lot, house 11 rooms, 5 bedrooms, bathroom, 5 fireplaces, city gas, close to stores, postoffice, school, and street cars. Township taxes. Small payment down, balance on time as desired, at 5½ per cent. Frank Glass. 'Phone house or office. 49c t

FOR SALE AT POTTERSBURG—ACRE of ground, with large iron and cement building, suitable for shipping, manufacturing or storage. Situated on Grand Trunk Railway siding, at terminus street car line; railway, telegraph, telephone and express offices close at hand. Ideal manufacturing proposition. Township taxes. Small payment down, time for balance at 5½ per cent. Frank Glass. 'Phone house or office. 49c t

SMALL HOUSE AND SEVERAL LOTS, Dundas street east; good investment. Western Canada Realty Company, 169 Dundas street. b

SEVERAL GOOD BUYS IN EAST END if you want a house in this part of city. See us. Western Canada Realty Company, 169 Dundas street. b

CHOICE HOME IN NORTH END, owner leaving city; price right. Western Canada Realty Company, 169 Dundas street. b

MALE HELP WANTED

COMPOSITOR'S APPRENTICE WANTED — One with at least one year's experience preferred. Good opportunity for young man anxious to advance himself. Union hours. Also smart boy to learn press work. Apply Catholic Record, 484 Richmond street, London, Ont. 49c

TEAMSTER WANTED — APPLY F. Hutchinson, 20 Argyle street, West London. 49c

PLATEN PRESS FEEDER WANTED — Apply Henry & Colerick, printers, Park avenue. 49c

SALESMAN WANTED FOR PIANO department. One with experience in piano selling or general salesmanship ability. Apply Williams Piano Company, London. 49tf

GOOD SMART YOUNG MAN WANTED, with salesmanship ability, for phonograph department; musically educated preferred. Apply Williams Piano Company, London. 49tf

YOUNG MAN TO WORK IN PAPER box department. Apply to Reid Bros. & Co., Clarence street. b

WANTED—PLATEN PRESS FEEDERS, also compositor, an improver preferred. Apply Birdland, 75 Bathurst street, London. 42a

WANTED AT ONCE — SINGLE MAN, must be sober and competent to care for road horses. State references and wages expected. Apply Box 47, Advertiser. 49c

WANTED — ENGINEER FOR SAWMILL and woodworking factory. Must be able to fire with sawdust and factory refuse. Man from the country, holding license, preferred. Apply, giving references, etc., to the St. Marys Wood Specialty Company, St. Marys, Ont. 49u

REPRESENTATIVES WANTED FOR sale of townsite lots in divisional and junctional points along line of Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, in Western Canada; whole or part time; liberal commission; money-making sideline for salesmen. Write to authorized agent, G. T. P. Railway, International Securities Company, Limited, Somerset building, Winnipeg, Man., for particulars, maps, etc. law-t-Ap27

DON'T WORK FOR OTHERS — START mail order business at home. I made $8,500 last year. Let me tell you how. Instructive booklet free. Voorhies, Desk 814, Omaha, Neb. b

I WILL START YOU EARNING $4 daily at home in spare time silvering mirrors; no capital; free instructive booklet, giving plans of operation. G. F. Redmond, Dept. 336, Boston, Mass. b

BECOME A DETECTIVE — EARN $150 to $300 per month, travelling over the world. Send stamp for particulars. Write Frederick Wagner, 1243 Lexington avenue, New York. b

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS MARRIED farm hand, good with horses; will furnish house, fuel, garden. Apply R. D. Ferguson, Port Stanley. 49c

HERE'S YOUR OPPORTUNITY TO make $200 monthly; spare time; no matter where you live; no canvassing; guarantee to show you how; free particulars. H. E. Rogers, Desk F. D., Boston, Mass. b

WANTED—A SMART BOY, ABOUT 15 years old, to learn a good trade. Apply Imperial Optical Company, Room 4, Duffield block. 49u

MEN, LEARN AUTOMOBILE BUSINESS—$25 weekly. Job guaranteed. Home instructions. Start now. Be ready for spring. Booklet free. Rochester Auto School, 752, Rochester, N. Y. b

TEN MEN WILL BUY 100 ACRES OF fruit and truck land near Tampa, Fla., healthiest locality on earth; will give twenty acres free for planting and farming and co-operating with me; expenses advanced; opportunity of lifetime. J. B. Perrine, 72 Adams street, Chicago. P

WANTED
REAL ESTATE SALESMAN
to sell the very highest class of western town and city property. Extensive advertising campaign will be carried on, and good "leads" will be furnished. Prepared to make a very liberal offer to a really first-class man. Apply
11 Dominion Bank Chambers
Corner Dundas and Richmond Streets, London, Ontario, in the morning, between 10 and 12. 47tf

LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE WANTED—No canvassing or soliciting required; good income assured. Address National Co-operative Realty Company, V 1252, Marden building, Washington, D. C. law-t-Mar30

MEN WANTED, AGE 18 TO 35, TO PREPARE for firemen or brakemen on railroads in London vicinity; $80 to $100 monthly; experience unnecessary; no strike; promotion, engineer or conductor, $150 to $200 monthly; good life careers; state age, send stamp. Railway Association, Dept. 58, 227 Monroe street, Brooklyn, N. Y. 43h-tx

SALESMEN WANTED—NO EXPERIENCE required; earn good wages while learning; hundreds of good positions now open, paying $1,000 to $5,000 a year; write today for particulars, list of openings and testimonials. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, Dept. 516, Kent building, Toronto, Ont. P

WANTED — CHAUFFEUR — SINGLE man. References required. Apply in person. Dr. Hadley Williams. 48c

YOUNG MAN WANTED—APPLY COMMERCIAL Trunk Company. 48c

MAN AS CANVASSER—EXPERIENCE not necessary; salary and commission. J. E. Keenleyside & Son, 239 Dundas street. 47c

TINSMITH, WITH KNOWLEDGE OF furnace and cornice work, to go to British Columbia; good inducements to a capable man. Apply to McClary Manufacturing Company. 47c

MAN, BY APRIL 1, WHO UNDERSTANDS horses, cattle, chickens and gardening, and who is willing to do odd chores about premises; must be good worker and a teetotaller; single man will be boarded; state wages wanted and references; position by the year. Box 29, Advertiser. 46n

EXPERIENCED FARM HAND WANTED, to engage for a year or six months, to start work 1st of April; state wages expected. Apply to Box 110, Glencoe, Ont. 45n

CANVASSERS WANTED TO SELL wholesale to private families, whole or spare time; a few to travel. Alfred Tyler, 255 Clarence street, London.

AUTOMOBILES.

BARGAIN—E. M. F. 30, FIVE-PASSENGER car, in splendid condition, only run a short time. Apply 309 Dufferin avenue. 'Phone 511. 49c

FORD MODEL T TOURING CAR, FULLY equipped, $550. Ford Tourabout, with detachable rear seat and full equipment, $500. These cars have been overhauled and repainted. They look and run like new cars. Act promptly if you want a bargain. C. E. Bernard, 247 Dundas street. Phone 2431. 41tf-wty

WILL SELL YOU FIRST-CLASS SECOND-HAND car, good as new, nearly half price. J. C. Beemer, 150 Carling street. 42bu

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Adelaide Street Baptist Church
Corner of Adelaide and King.
35th. Anniversary
Services and 11 and 7.—Preacher,
Rev. T. T. Shields
Late Pastor of Jarvis Street, Toronto.
Special anthems by the choir; 1,100 free seats, and everybody welcome.

ASKIN STREET METHODIST CHURCH —Services tomorrow as usual.

BIBLE CLASS, 2:45, SUNDAY AFTERNOON—"Class Welcome," First Methodist Sunday School. Visitors always welcome. W. J. Underwood, leader.

BISHOP CRONYN MEMORIAL CHURCH —Preacher, 11 a.m., Rev. C. C. Waller, M. A., principal of Huron College; 7 p.m., Rev. H. A. B. Harrison, assistant. Subject, "The Good Samaritan."

CATHEDRAL ST. PAUL'S—HOLY COMMUNION, 8:30 a.m. Morning Prayer, 11, preacher, the rector. Evening Prayer, preacher Rev. G. F. B. Doherty.

CONSECRATION SERVICE WILL BE held in St. Matthew's Church, Sunday evening at 7:30, by the Bishop of Huron. b

CENTENNIAL METHODIST CHURCH—Rev. G. N. Hazen, pastor, will preach tomorrow morning. The basis of union explained. Evening, "Judgment." Good singing.

CHRIST CHURCH, CORNER WELLINGTON and Hill streets. Services, 11 and 7. Preacher, Rev. T. G. A. Wright, Huron College, C. R. Gunne, rector.

CHURCH OF ST JOHN THE EVANGELIST—Rev. Canon Craig, rector. Services as usual.

CHURCH OF THE REDEEMER, ADELAIDE street, corner Grosvenor—Services as usual.

CHALMERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH —Rev. Francis Ballantyne, M. A., will preach morning and evening.

COLBORNE STREET METHODIST Church—Services as usual tomorrow.

DUNDAS CENTRE METHODIST Church—Rev. Thomas Manning, D.D., pastor, Sunday, March 10, the pastor will preach at both services. Good music by large chorus choir and soloists. J. Parnell Morris, director. Bible school at 2:45.

EGERTON STREET BAPTIST CHURCH —Pastor, Rev. W. L. Steeves. Morning, 11. Call to worship. 2:45, Sabbath school and men's Baraca class; 6:45, subject, "A Young Man in a Tight Corner." Special music by choir. Mrs. Charles E. Wheeler will sing. Doors not open until 6:30. Baptism.

EMPRESS AVENUE METHODIST Church—Rev. G. W. Dewey, pastor, will preach, 10, fellowship; 11, "Pleasing Unto God"; 7, "Profitable Unto God." Followed by evangelistic service; also evangelistic services Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday evenings.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST (SCIENTIST), corner Richmond street, Princess and Farak avenues—Sunday services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Subject, "Man." Sunday school at 12:15. Wednesday, testimonial meeting, 8 p.m. Free reading-rooms, open every week day from 2 to 4:30. Everybody welcome. Literature for sale and free distribution.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Rev. J. Gibson Inkster, B.A., minister. The Rev. S. H. Gray, B. A., of Toronto, will preach morning and evening.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—Rev. Dr. Yeuell, evangelist, will conduct both services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Everybody welcome.

A Revival Service
In FIRST METHODIST CHURCH
SUNDAY, MARCH 10
and following week. Every week-night (but Saturday) at 8 p.m.
REV. R. WHITING'S SUBJECTS:
Sabbath, 11 a.m.: "The Nobility of Confession."
Sabbath, 7 p.m.: "Works Meet for Repentance."
Monday, 8 p.m.: "Well Wishing, Not Well Doing."
Tuesday, 8 p.m.: "How to Come to Christ."
Wednesday, 8 p.m.: "Retribution and Reformation."
Thursday, 8 p.m.: "Counting the Cost."
Friday, 8 p.m.: "Soul Drifting."
First Methodist choir in attendance.
A. D. Jordan, leader.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—
Services tomorrow:
REV. HARPER GRAY,
of Old St. Andrew's, Toronto, successor to Dr. Milligan.
11 a.m.—"Divine Constraint."
7 p.m.—"Riches and Poverty."

GOSPEL HALL—HAMILTON ROAD—Special services by Messrs. Benner and Innis at 7 p.m. Week-nights at 8 (except Saturday). You are invited. Come!

HYATT AVENUE METHODIST Church—Pastor, Rev. J. W. Baird. Evening subject, "Spiritual Suicide."

INTERNATIONAL BIBLE STUDENTS, I. O. O. F. Hall, 422 Richmond street, 3 p.m., subject, "All Things New." No collection.

KING STREET PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. W. R. McIntosh, B. D., minister. Morning, "Children and Grown-Ups." Baptism. Evening, "The Solution of the Social Problem." Men invited.

KNOX PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—South London. Rev. J. G. Stuart, pastor. Morning subject, "Who Is My Neighbor?" Evening, "Christ the Rock."

MAITLAND STREET BAPTIST Church—Rev. C. M. Carew, pastor. Preacher at both services, the pastor. Sunday school and Bible classes at 3; J. W. Westervelt, sen., superintendent. Welcome to all services. Seats free.

NEW ST. JAMES' PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. Thomas Mitchell, minister. An organ recital of sacred music from 6:40 to 7.

SOUTHERN CONGREGATIONAL Church, on Horton street, near Maitland. Pastor, W. H. A. Claris. Morning at 11, "Foolish Meanness." Evening at 7, "Is There Another God?" Seats free. All welcome.

ST. LUKE'S, BROUGHDALE—MORNING service, with Holy Communion, 11 o'clock. Evening, Rev. Canon Tucker, preacher.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH, SOUTH LONDON—Rector, Very Rev. Dean Davis. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

EVERY 25c BOTTLE OF TAYLOR'S THROAT AND LUNG BALM is sold under our printed guarantee to cure the worst cough, cold or bronchial irritation. Taylor's Market Drug Store, 399 Talbot street. t

SUNDAY SERVICES.

SOUTH LONDON BAPTIST CHURCH—Pastor, W. M. Walker. Morning, "Serving Christ." Evening, "The Teachings of the Cross." Brotherhod class at 2:15. Sunday school, 3 p.m. All Welcome.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH—REV. JAS. Ross, D. D., minister. Morning, Rev. Gustavus Munro, D. D. Evening, Dr. Ross will preach on "A Young Man's Choice of Friends."

TALBOT STREET BAPTIST CHURCH—Rev. H. H. Bingham, B.A., pastor. 11 a.m. subject, "The Other-Worldliness of the Church." 2:45, Bible school and men's Baraca Bible class. 7 p.m., subject, "The Triumph of Reconciliation." Baptism at the close. Seats free. All welcome.

WELLINGTON STREET METHODIST Church—Rev. H. A. Graham, pastor. Services as usual.

YORK STREET MISSION HALL — Morning, Christian workers' service. Evening subject, "Confession to Whom, Forgiveness by Whom?" Preacher, Evangelist Belcher. New choir will sing Saturday night service, 8 o'clock.

RELIGIOUS MEETINGS.

AUDITORIUM, SUNDAY, 4 P.M.—Beautiful pictures. Hear Dr. Yeuell, of Chicago, presenting, with stereopticon views, Judas Iscariot and Simon Peter. Miss Roth, of Illinois, soloist. All men of the city are invited. 47c

MEETINGS.

PUBLIC MEETING UNDER THE AUSPICES of the Right Worshipful Grand Orange Lodge, Ontario West, will be held in the Auditorium of the Young Men's Christian Association on Wednesday evening, 13th inst. Eminent members of the association will be present and deliver addresses on the current events of the day relating to the order. Everyone welcome. Good music provided. Chair taken at 8 p.m. sharp. George Loney, chairman of committee; Joseph Murray, secretary of committee. God Save the King." b

THE WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE Union will observe their annual week of prayer by meetings, held at the rooms, 328 Dundas street, Tuesday and Thursday afternoons at 3 o'clock. A reception to new members and to the Young Woman's Christian Temperance Union will be held Friday at 8 p.m., in the Dundas Centre schoolroom. A cordial invitation to all. b

SOCIAL EVENING—KNIGHTS OF THE Macabees, in Duffield Hall, corner Clarence and Dundas streets, Friday evening, March 15; dancing, games and refreshments; harpers in attendance. Tickets, 25 cents each. b

DR. YEUELL
Revival Meetings
First Congregational Church
34tf


HEADQUARTERS 7TH REGIMENT Fusiliers, London, Ont., March 2, 1912. Regimental Order No. 1, by Lieut.-Col. Campbell, commanding. Annual training will commence on Monday, March 11, at 8 p.m. Recruit classes on Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings. Men desiring to join the regiment should apply at the orderly room at the Armories on the above evenings. G. J. Ingram, Captain and Adjutant. 43u-t

WANTED.

WANTED TO RENT — EIGHT-ROOMED house, all conveniences and large verandah, north end. Apply Box 50, Advertiser. 49u

WANTED, TWO ROOMS WITH GAS, for light housekeeping, near White's Foundry. State price. Box 48, Advertiser. b

WANTED — FURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping. Apply Box 49, Advertiser. 49c

WANTED TO EXCHANGE — 40-FOOT building lot, near Chelsea Green, for driver. Must be young, quiet, city broke. Apply Box 45, Advertiser Office. 49c tyw

WANTED TO LOAN ON FIRST-CLASS security, $3,500, on property in London. Box 36, Advertiser. 46c-xwt

WANTED—DEAD HORSES AND CATTLE. 'Phone 638. Will go twelve miles. No animal removed without its hide on. The London Fertilizer Company. 18 tf

FIFTY-QUART MILK ROUTE, IN north end, also a large box to be used as milk cooler. Box 38, this office. 48o

WANTED TO RENT—MEDIUM-SIZED house, with barn; would take possession March 12. Apply Box 35, Advertiser. 48u

WANTED—100 OR 150 QUARTS OF milk daily. Apply Box 36, Advertiser. 48c

WANTED BEFORE APRIL 1—A SIX OR eight-roomed house. Apply Box 32, Advertiser. 47c

WANTED TO PURCHASE—100 QUARTS of milk, delivered daily in city. Apply Box 27, Advertiser. 47c

YOUNG COUPLE WANT SMALL MODERN house by April 1; state rent, location must be central, north or east. Apply Box 25, Advertiser. 46n

SITUATIONS VACANT.

OLD COUNTRY DOMESTICS — CAPABLE Scotch, English and Irish maids; parties arriving twice a month. Apply now, The Guild, 71 Drummond street, Montreal, 47 Pembroke street, Toronto, or 227 Bank street, Ottawa. Mar30

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE — MORTGAGE FOR $3,000 — On farm in Lobo Township. Worth $7,000. Apply Box 43, Advertiser. b

OWING TO MY HUSBAND'S DECEASE I will sell a thriving grocery business in Petrolea; a few staple drygoods; stock about $2,800; long-established business connection, about thirty years. Mrs.

London Advertiser

Founded in 1863.

NOON AND EVENING DAILY.
WESTERN ADVERTISER WEEKLY.
THE LONDON ADVERTISER CO., Limited, Publishers.
191-193 Dundas Street, London, Ont.

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Nights and Holidays.
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3671..... Editors
3672..... Reporters
3673.....Job Printing Department

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Daily, by mail, outside city:
One year $2 00
[Entered at the London (Canada Postoffice as matter of the second class.]

LONDON SATURDAY, MARCH 9.

JUST RETRIBUTION.

Retributive justice lies in wait for "the unholy alliance," the Canadian "blue-black bloc." Mr. Borden and his followers will deserve all they get for their compact with the Quebec demagogues, and will receive no sympathy in their troubles with Bourassa and Lavergne. The Don Quixote and Sancho Panza of the Nationalist furore are out for the blood of Pelletier & Co., and who cares—outside the coalition camp?

The plan of the Nationalist party outside the Parliament Buildings, as outlined in Le Devoir, is to organize demonstrations in all the constituencies represented by Nationalist members who have forgotten their platform, and by making it eternally unpleasant for them to bring them to time. The Nationalist fattening at Ottawa is to be kept uncomfortable until his backbone stiffens.

Liberals, of course, have no idea of joining hands with these men, as did the Conservative leaders. The Liberal party is not yet so desperate. It can nevertheless enjoy the dissensions of the ill-sorted allies and especially the change in tune of some Government journals. Where are now those eulogies of Bourassa that came last summer from his quondam enemies? Where are those bouquets of yester year?

The Nationalist leader was a brilliant and patriotic Canadian, according to the Conservative press. He was a patriot so long as he could put Laurier in a hole. While he was raising the French against any idea of helping Great Britain, he was applauded by a so-called imperialist press and by the Cochrane-Whitney, Roblin-Rogers type of politician in Central Canada. He was invited to speak for the Conservative party in Ontario. He is now a mischief-maker, because he makes trouble for the Conservative machine.

Liberals enjoy the satisfaction of having nothing to regret or apologize for in their relations with the Quebec party. They may be pardoned for feeling some contempt for the politicians that truckled to a dangerous element. The Government has brought Nemesis upon itself.

LECTURING VANITY FAIR.

Bishop Farthing follows a classic tradition of the pulpit in his onslaught upon the frivolity of Montreal society women. In the dim old middle ages the satirist leaned from his eyrie above the congregation, darting thunderbolts of wrath, making folk huddle and cower and quake with a delicious dread, stirring the voice in many a heart to say: "Thou art the man—or woman." The great evangelists have commonly been witty denouncers, and crowds came to their feet to be diagnosed. It is good to know or contemplate one's psychic as one's physical ills.

Savonarola was the most popular preacher of his time when he was driving people to the bonfire of the Vanities. Women especially, who aped the ways of men in former days, too, have liked to hear the witty or eloquent reminder of their wickedness. Readers of Barchester Towers may recollect Trollope's shrewd remark: "Men in the upper walks of life do not mind being cursed, and the women, presuming that it be done in delicate phrase, rather like it." When Father Vaughan delivered his biting phillipics on the sins of society in the British metropolis, fashionable women flocked to his church.

In fact, it requires some courage in these modern self-conscious days to take up the cudgels against idle, frivolous and cynical women. Notable men like Dr. Parkhurst or Father Vaughan or Bishop Farthing can do the thing in a way that will be at once obviously disinterested and effective, but less conspicuous men, though perfectly sincere, are reluctant to face the accusation of notoriety-seeking. It does need doing, though it may be that women of fashion do not gamble and drink more than a hundred years ago. Lamenting the neglected death of a brother Scottish poet, Burns upbraided the "Whinstane-hearted Embro gentry: the tithe of what ye lose at cards had stow'd his pantry"; and probably women were included. But there are more people nowadays rich enough to indulge in vicious pleasure.

CANADA'S RECORD SURPLUS.

The Minister of Finance will be in a position to announce a record surplus when he makes his budget speech next month.

The ordinary revenue for the eleven months ending Feb. 29, was $120,645,616, and the ordinary expenditure $77,145,824, a revenue excess of nearly $43,500,000. This will be reduced by this month's accounts, but the surplus will stand at about $38,000,000 when the fiscal year closes on March 31.

The expenditure on capital account has been $27,015,038 in the past eleven months, and will rise somewhat in March, but at the end of the month the Minister of Finance will be able to assert that all the outlay on the Grand Trunk Pacific in the preceding twelve months, and all other capital expenditures, will have been more than met by the revenue, and that the national debt will have been reduced by several million dollars.

Probably Mr. White will be more modest than some of his friends who are boasting of a "White Surplus." During six months of the financial year ending March 31 next, Mr. Fielding was Minister of Finance. Mr. White has not changed one item of the Fielding tariff. His surplus is a heritage from his predecessor. Mr. White cannot claim paternity. He may point to it in support of the "let well enough alone" theory, but in so doing he would tie his own hands for the future. Why the appointment of a Tariff Commission if the present state of things is satisfactory? The fact is that the interests which financed the anti-reciprocity campaign do not intend to let well enough alone. Some of them are already knocking at the door of Parliament for payment of election debts. Mr. White's budget speech will disclose whether payment is to be immediate or deferred.

THE FALLEN IDOL.

"SUCH A MAN, THEN, IS BOURASSA. BRILLIANT, COOL, COURAGEOUS, ATTACKING EVIL WHEREVER HE SEES IT, A NATIONALIST, STANDING FOR A STRONG AND VIGOROUS CANADA."—London Free Press, Aug. 20, 1911.

"Perhaps the time will come when Bourassa will go back to the Liberal fold, from whence he came. Who knows but that he may be the new leader of Liberalism, when Laurier shall lay down his task."—London Free Press, March 9, 1912.

"Bourassa is doing good work for Laurier in stirring up creed strife in Quebec."—London Free Press, March 9, 1912.

"We still rely on Scott."

Amundsen says he didn't feel the cold at the Pole. He doesn't come from Western Canada, either.

Henceforth if Hon T. W. Crothers says anything it will be necessary to ask him whether he speaks for himself or the Government.

Taft describes some of Roosevelt's proposals as "crude, revolutionary, fitful and unstable." Watch for the return broadside of adjectives from the colonel.

In the political picture gallery there is nothing more comical than the portraits of Bourassa, drawn before and after the federal elections by the Conservative press.

The wife of W. W. Jacobs was among the London window smashers and was given a month in prison with hard labor. Mr. Jacobs is among the greatest living writers of humorous short stories, but it may be doubted whether Mrs. Jacobs shares his sense of humor.

Several old employes of the city, day laborers, are no longer capable or doing the work demanded of them. The city fathers are puzzled what to do with them. There are thousands of cases of this kind, pointing to the need of an old age pension system in Canada.

The Conservative Ottawa Journal says that "whatever be the explanation, whether relief from the onerous responsibilities of the premiership, or pleasure in watching the difficulties of his untried successors, or merely that defeat acted like a tonic, certain it is that Sir Wilfrid Laurier looks ten years younger and acts twenty years younger. His spirits are buoyant, almost boyish. That he may long be spared in such health and spirits will be the sincere wish of us all."

WHAT ABOUT NAVAL AID?

(Toronto Star.)

Where is the National policy of that Ottawa Government which the people of Ontario—and the people of Ontario alone—put in office last September

The rest of Canada gave a majority against the present Conservative Ministry. Ontario over-ruled the rest of Canada and put the present ministry in office.

What for? Certainly not in order that the naval programme entered upon with the knowledge and approval of the British Admiralty should be cancelled, abandoned, and forgotten, as appears to be the intention at the present moment.

If a little group of Nationalists from Quebec insist upon the cancellation of the navy bill right now, that great group of Ontario members should insist right now on the introduction of that improved naval programme which the people of Ontario were promised.

AND A LOT MORE DANGEROUS.

[New York Telegraph.]

The distograph is geting to be mightier than either the sword or the pen.

TEMPORARY ARRANGEMENT.

[Washington Star.]

"Which political party do you belong to?"

"I don't actually belong to no party," replied Uncle Raspberry, "but 'casionaly I hires out to ary one of 'em."

PROVING IT.

[Catholic Standard and Times.]

"People nowadays," said the old house cat, "don't know how to raise children. They let the youngsetrs have their own way too much."

"That's right," replied the old brood hen. "Now look at these chicks of mine, they wouldn't have amounted to anything if they hadn't been sat upon."

WOMEN WANTED.

[Canadian Colliers.]

This advertisement appeared in the Ashcroft (British Columbia) Journal:

Wanted—I want to hear from a woman between the age of 20 and 45 who is willing to marry. I am 45 years old, and a guide and a trapper. Jim Kibble, Bear Lake, B. C.

This is a candid advertisement. Jim Kibble has apparently suffered living alone just about as long as he could and had no other means of satisfying the need. There are probably more men than Jim Kibble in the same frame of mind. They are often A1 husbands in embryo.

AN EARLY START, BUT—

[Catholic Standard and Times.]

"Mabel," said the girl's father, "I want to talk to you about that young man of yours. When did he say good-night to you last night?"

"At ten o'clock," replied the dear girl.

"What? Why, it was one o'clock at least."

"Oh, that's when he finished saying it."

A POSER.

[Ideas.]

At a country school in the Midlands the head master said: "Now, boys, I will give a penny to the first lad who can ask me a question which I cannot answer."

Several tried unsuccessfully until one boy asked him: "Please, sir, if you stood up to your neck in soft mud and I threw a stone at your head, would you duck?"

The question remained unanswered.

A WARNING.

[Toronto News.]

Lady with the open neck
Thou shouldst not be so gay,
Wouldst thou trifle with the germ
Of Pneu-mon-i-A?

ANOTHER GERMAN GRIEVANCE.

[The Westminister Gazette, London.]

Our spelling makes poor Wilhelm sigh
And Wilhelmina weep.
The tears start from her bright blue igh
And slowly downward creep,
Because our spelling's far more funny
Than our measures or our munny.

Her teacher says, "Come, come, don't crigh!
For English must be learnt.
Take up your book once more and trigh."
"I wish the book were bearnt!"
Says Wilhelmina as she frowns
Alike on adjectives and nowns.

"What's the use of spelling words
As simple chance decrees,
Uncertain as the flight of bords
Or waves upon the sees?"
"Come, come," her teacher says. "Be wise.
Take up your book and wipe your ise."

THE ONLY WAY.

[St. Thomas Journal.]

The model school is the only sane way of out the difficulty.

LONDON PRAISES CAPT. AMUNDSEN

Although Bitterly Disappointed That Honor Was Not Captain Scott's.

NO CONTROVERSY LIKELY

The Observations Taken by the Norwegian Will Prevent Any "Peary-Cook" Affair.

[Canadian Press.]

London, March 9.—While naturally there is bitter disappointment everywhere over the fact that Captain Robert A. Scott, head of the British antarctic expedition, has yet to report on his quest for the South Pole, there is nowhere anything but praise for the achievement of Captain Roald Amundsen, the Norwegian explorer, in reaching the southern axis of the earth.

Not even an inkling of the present whereabouts of Scott and his steamer, the Terra Nova, has reached London, but the Englishman's agent in New Zealand is of the opinion that he is still engaged in exploring and scientific work and that he probably may not be heard from for several weeks.

That Amundsen had reached the pole and planted the Norwegian colors there was confirmed yesterday in dispatches sent by him to Christiania. One of these dispatches was addressed to King Haakon. The contents of it was not made known, but another said: "Pole reached, fourteenth-seventeenth December."

No Controversy.

The two dates were taken to mean that Amundsen had reached the point he sought December 14, and remained there four days and those who know the explorer well, especially Professor Mohn, the famous Norwegian meteorologist, expressed the belief that Amundsen during this period had made such observations and calculations as would render impossible a controversy similar to that which arose out of the Cook-Peary North Pole discovery.

On learning of the success of his subject, King Haakon sent a telegram of congratulation to Amundsen on behalf of himself and the queen, and consented to the use of his name and that of his wife on the maps of the new territory of Norway in the Antarctic.

Captain Amundsen and the Fram are still at Hobart, Tasmania, but the explorer has telegraphed here that he would submit his charts and all information concerning the discovery of the South Pole as soon as possible.

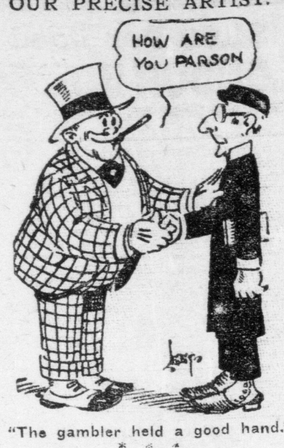
The Norwegian public and scientists and even the Royal Geographical Society of Great Britain have accepted unqualifiedly the statement of Amundsen that he had gained the pole and that he was the first man to do so. One of the geographers declares that it was possible that both Amundsen and Scott might have been within a mile of each other at the earth's axis and yet now know of the presence of each other. When Amundsen was asked yesterday by a local newspaper correspondent at Hobart whether Scott had reached the pole, the correspondent says the explorer declined to answer the question yea or noy. Englishmen have not yet given up the hope that their intrepid compatriot also was successful in his quest and they will hold to their belief in his ability until he reports.

A Taciturn Hero.

When the Fram came to anchor at Hobart, Amundsen was the only member of the expedition to come ashore. Such was the secrecy in which the vessel in the south was shrouded that nobody even was permitted to board the vessel, no matter under what pretext. Amundsen was taciturn when the newspapermen tried to interview him aside from saying that he was pleased with the results of the expedition.

A Few Lines of Most Anything

OUR PRECISE ARTIST.



"The gambler held a good hand."

* * *

The city hall reporter says that since that city automobile is to be labelled all the firemen and police men are dreading the time when their clothes will be placarded "Property of the City of London."

* * *

Odd Want Ads.

Wanted—An organist and a boy to blow the same.

* * *

Who cares whether or not the South Pole is discovered, when the work of discovering this great province of Ontario is at hand!

* * *

Of course one runs the risk of being called disloyal, when referring to anything in Ontario as "progressive." The word has been copyrighted by the Americans, it would seem.

* * *

In the last two weeks country newspapers in every Western Ontario county have begun to talk "Reawakening." There's a reason.

* * *

Explorer Amundsen put his hands up and shouted "I got it" to the people on shore.

The echo from the hills caused it to sound like "Scott got it," and that is how the jumble occurred.

* * *

What a difference between "That man has snap," and "That man has a snap."

* * *

A suicide claimed that his creditors caused his rash act. A case of being dunn to death.

* * *

As the Hamilton Times would put it, mumps is all the style again.

* * *

An exchange says there are now 150,000,000 English-speaking people. Are those who say, "He went and done it" included?

* * *

Personal Mention.

Among the visiting immortals we note Lieut.-Col. J. W. De Coursey O'Grady, Nineteenth Batallion of Infantry, Canadian Militia, Winnipeg Way for the Colonel! — Chicago Tribune.

* * *

Col Sam Hughes is expected in London next week and the guns in Victoria Park may be expeteed to blush with shame over the meanness of their past accomplishments.

* * *

And here's a little wager that he strikes the burg totin' a forty-four.

* * *

"As soon as the snow goes" let everybody get busy on the spring clean-up campaign

* * *

"Shacks along the Elbow.. are unhealthy," says the Calgary Herald. Which causes the Winnipeg Post to remark that "so are boils on the back of the neck."

* * *

A man was made to cough and sing
In days of sunshine and of spring;
But when the winds of winter blow,
That man is made to shovel snow.
—Washington Star.

O, man is made to shovel snow,
And yet may laugh and sing yoho!
But there is sorrow in his soul
When he is made to shovel coal.
—Milwaukee Sentinel.

A man is made to shovel snow
And pay for coal—a merry quip.
And while the winds of winter blow,
He's also made to catch the grip.
—Brantford Expositor.

A man is made to catch the grippe,
And growl about his dreary life;
And see his chickens with the pippe,
And keep the paper from his wife.

* * *

It Helped Some.

[Ailsa Craig Banner.]

Mr. Joe Carter is improving from an attack of blood poison.

* * *

Fined Under the Dog Bylaw.

[Simcoe Reformer.]

The first action under the new dog bylaw was taken in the St. Thomas police court on Saturday, when nine citizens were fined $2 each.

* * *

Taters and Toots.

[Rodney Mercury.]

The band is being reorganized, and we may soon expect to hear their welcome "toot." We may soon expect to have taters served as dessert.—Wardsville correspondence.

* * *

Not Impressed.

(St. Marys Argus.)

When informed that the ant lays 30,000 eggs a year, the Canadian hen simply asks what ant eggs are quoted at in the market and goes on scratching.

* * *

Now Will You Be Good

(Mount Forest Confederate.

Sometimes those big city dailies are inclined to poke fun at the personal and news items of the country weeklies, but people in glass houses should not throw stones. What local item could be pettier than the following that appeared the other day in the Toronto Star: "R. J. Fleming has got a new overcoat. He wore it up to the Queen's Park today to show it to Sir James Whitney."

Shiloh's Cure

quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. . . . 25 cents.

LOW COLONIST RATES TO PACIFIC COAST

Via Chicago and Northwestern Railway. On sale daily, March 1 to April 15 from all points in Canada to Los Angeles, San Francisco, Portland, Seattle, Victoria, Vancouver and many other points. Through tourist sleepers and free reclining chair cars from Chicago. Tickets via variable routes, with liberal stopovers. For full information as to rates, routes and literature, write or call on B. H. Bennett, general agent, 46 Yonge street, Toronto. 30k-17,24,M2,9

DAWG SONG JUST GREW

Now Famous Houn' Ballad of the Ozarks Is Like Little Topsy.

Mystery of the Ozark Dawk Song promises to become a national problem Like every dog, every song was supposed until recently to have its day, but now, as a leading eastern paper points out, this quaint Ozark ballad of thirty years ago is taking to itself a new and greater fame than had the songs named after Bedella and Sweet Rosie O'Grady, when they appeared ten and fifteen years ago.

The song is being sung, cartooned, and put in solemn editorials; it is—so the political forecasters say—to play no small part among the noises of the coming presidential campaign. Simple people, hearing this, have furrowed their brows and endeavored to fathom the rights of the Democratic and the Republican parties to this particular quartrain. "You gotta quit kickin' my dawg aroun" might quite conceivably be applied at the present stage of the campaign to Roosevelt, Taft, Wilson, La Follette, et al. In Missouri it has been adopted as the state song and the Democrats have made it their campaign song, charging derisively that the Republicans have personified the "Dawg."

But the song has spread far beyond Missouri and the search for its origin is general. Missourians in New York have gone to the music publishers, to the department stores, to the old book shops, and have blandly asked for a copy of the Ozark Dawg Song. Invariably they have been politely stared at and asked for the name of the writer, the key in which it was written, and the year of its first appearance. This has happened so often the Missourians have sent to their native state for information, but without result.

Cheap Bids for Fame.

Claim has been laid to its authorship by several second-rate rhymsters of the present generation, especially since Woodrow Wilson placed it in the category with "Beautiful Isle of Somewhere." Honorable Missourians indignantly refute these claims; it was sung before any of the whipper-snapper song writers of today were born, they say. Members of the Missouri Society of New York pleaded ignorance because they had been born and raised in St. Louis, which is miles away from the Ozark hills and never sees hounds, except at the dog shows. However, one old Missourian was found who seemed promising.

"Did you write the Ozark Dawg Song?" he was asked.

"No," he said, and then, "I don't think anybody did. It just grew, like Topsy."

"Thirty years ago they sang that ditty in the Ozarks. I remember it well. It was old then. Miles and miles away from the railroad, in the heart of the mountains, that song sprang up of itself. If you knew the Ozark people the way I knew them then, it would be an easy thing to believe. When I first went into their country, the first thing that struck me was the 'dawg.' The railroad carried me to Ironton. There I struck across country through Reynolds, Shannon, Howells, and Dents counties. The Ozarks are in the southeast of Missouri and extend over the border into Arkansas. Even now they are a wild country, but thirty years ago they were as virgin as in Daniel Boone's time. The men wore coonskin caps, carried long rifles, lived in log cabins, and hardly knew what money looked like.

"They all of them had hounds, not the kind you see on the stage when 'Uncle Tom's Cabin' is playing, but small and ugly dogs with ears entirely out of proportion to their heads. When they were resting they looked like mongrels—the kind you want to kick. When I first tripped over one I turned and tried to boot him. Instantly a voice drawled, "You quit kickin' that houn.' I didn't; my other foot went towards the dog's ribs. 'You quit!' came the same voice, but this time without a drawl.

Good On the Trail.

"I did quit. Later I learned why these men tell you that you've 'gotta quit,' and why they tell you that it 'makes no difference if he is a houn.' They went deer hunting and took me along. The houn's went, too. Instead of the mongrels they looked to be when I saw them first they were transformed. Over the hills and down through the valleys, a pack of fifty would lead in the liveliest sort of a hunt. I loved them, after that.

"They were affectionate, too. A dog knew his master better than the master knew him. Sons of the soil, the men were the best, finest, and happiest fellows in the world. Cut off entirely from the outside world, companionship of their hounds was almost as much to them as that of their children. Do you wonder that they would threaten to knife a man if he kicked a dog?"

The original of the song may never become known, but because its verse is rude and naive, its whimsical lines appealing at once to sympathy and understanding and because it has a quality and spice entirely lacking in jingles of today, there can be little wonder that its revival is watched with such interest.

Easter

Is fast approaching, and you will want to look your best whether you remain at home or go out of the city for the holiday.

Don't delay until the last moment to have us CLEAN YOUR SPRING COSTUME. Send it NOW.

We will Dry Clean it to LOOK LIKE NEW, and you will find our charges REASONABLE and the CLEANING GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY.

OUR EXCLUSIVE METHOD OF CLEANING will give you the very best results obtainable in the art of dry-cleaning.

A MODERN DRY-CLEANING PLANT, equipped with up-to-date machinery, and workmen who know their business, are at our back in stating that OUR CLEANING CANNOT BE EXCELLED.

Our motto: "Not the cheapest, but the best."

"MY VALET"

Jackson

THE CLEANER

Phone 1721. Office and Works, 253 Dundas Street.

Wagons Call Everywhere. b

The Cost of Niagara Power in London

The first definite statement of the expenditure on Niagara power construction work in the city is contained in the annual report of the water commissioners, distributed on Thursday afternoon. The total expended is $320,361.94. This is up to Nov. 30, 1911. Quite a sum has been spent since then, and several thousand dollars will be expended this year.

The various items making up the expenditure are as follows:

Sub-station feeder system right of way	$ 300 00
Sub-station and transformer station land	398 00
Buildings, fixtures and improvements, sub-station No. 1	16,096 51
Buildings, fixtures and improvements, sub-station No. 3	3,643 03
Buildings, fixtures and improvements, stores department	559 32
Sub-station and transformer station equipment No. 1	40,997 35
Sub-station and transformer station equipment No. 2	392 59
Storage battery equipment	1,074 69
Sub-station feeder system	2,661 76
Towers and poles equipment	55,772 88
Wires and cables	85,403 25
Services	16,221 78
Underground conduit equipment	290 68
Underground wires and cables	22 25
Underground services	39 50
Line transformers and devices	13,661 13
Meters and devices	29,470 72
Meter department equipment	1,121 98
Municipal street lighting (incadescent)	20,728 56
Municipal street lighting (underground)	9,216 14
Municipal street lighting (Victoria Park)	2,898 08
General office equipment—Superintendent and secretary	1,342 70
General office equipment — draughting room	91 43
Stores department equipment	51 67
Utility equipment	1,450 31
Miscellaneous equipment	1,212 42
Engineering and Superintendence during construction	8,367 92
Salaries during construction	3,792 33
Office supplies and expenses during construction	354 28
Stationery and printing during construction	467 12
Legal expenses during construction	773 60
Injuries and damages during construction	58 21
Insurance during construction	682 06
Taxes during construction	4 92
Travelling expenses during construction	868 40
Miscellaneous expenditure during construction	74 38
	$320,361 94

A special election will be held in the village of Port Stanley on Monday, March 11, to vote on the waterworks bylaw. To accommodate voters living in London and St. Thomas, the Traction Company will run a special limited car, leaving London at 2:15, and from Port Stanley, returning, at 4 o'clock, and will make a special rate good during the entire day of 50c from London, and 25c from St. Thomas. 47c

Scott's Vessel Embedded in Ice



Picture of the Terra Nova caught in the ice floes of the McMurdo Sound It will be noticed that the sails are set. The picture was taken by Mr. Ponting, the official photographer of the expedition, and was the first one to get to civilization.

LONDON ELECTRIC

(Continued From Page One.)

to Grosvenor and on Dundas street from Wellington to Egerton.

If the council decide that an extension is not necessary this year, the commissioners will light the city for $25,000.

The propositions will be considered by No. 3 committee at its next meeting, when a decision will be arrived at. Both the London Electric and the water commissioners will be represented, and a keen contest for the contract will be made.

A Five-Year Contract.

The London Electric ask for a five-year contract. The water commissioners are asking for a single year agreement. Next year there will be more lights to care for and furnish power for and the price will go up. In 1913 it is estimated that the lighting bill will be $40,000, if the system is doubled in capacity as it is expected.

"I think the offer we made is a very reasonable one," said Manager Jenkis, of the London Electric. "I think it would be in the interests of the citizens to accept it. We will give a guarantee bond that we will fulfill our contract to the letter. We expect the proposition will be treated in a businesslike way by the city."

Against the Offer.

Chairman Pocock, however, cannot see what advantage there would be in changing the contract from the water commissioners.

"We have estimated that it would cost us $24,000 a year to light the city at the present time," he stated to The Advertiser. "The lamps were new last year, and as a result the renewals were not so expensive. We will have to renew all the lamps this year, and that is the reason the cost will be higher. We will light the city for $25,000. That is as far as I will go now."

$80,000 Invested.

Another of the commissioners pointed out that the city had invested $80,000 in a street lighting system. This included the transformers, wire, etc., with one-quarter the cost of poles, throughout the city. The interest and sinking fund together with the depreciation would amount to 10 per cent of that sum, or $8,000 a year.

"The London Electric does not take any account of this," he continued. "To be fair, this sum should be added to the London Electric offer, bringing it to $30,000. We take care of this in our offer of $25,000, and thus, to my mind, our offer is much the better."

However, those friendly to the London Electric claim that the offer of $22,000 is much better than any offer the commissioners have made

There will be a big battle over this contract, and the discussion will be worth listening to.



For Very Young BABIES

Neave's Milk Food is the next thing to perfect mother's milk.
Neave's *Milk Food* is entirely different from Neave's *Food* for Infants.
The former is entirely free of starch and may be given *from birth.*

Neave's MILKFOOD
(Starchless)
FOR BABIES

Richer than ordinary cow's milk. Babies can take Neave's Milk Food in conjunction with Mother's Milk.
Made by simply adding hot water.

Sold in airtight tins by all Druggists in Canada.

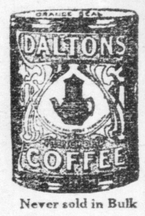
FREE TO MOTHERS—Write for free tin of Neave's Milk Food and copy of our helpful book "Hints About Baby", to the

Canadian Agent—EDWIN UTLEY, 14 Front Street East, - TORONTO,

Mfgrs. J. R. NEAVE & CO., England.

40

A Real Health Coffee



Never sold in Bulk

There is nothing unhealthful about Coffee if you use pure Coffee without Chicory and with the chaff or harsh outer shell taken out in the grinding.

Dalton's French Drip Coffee

18

is a real health Coffee. No chicory. No substitute. But a real high grade Coffee, carefully selected, specially roasted and ground.

Special Introductory Offer. Dalton's French Drip Coffee is packed in Mild and Strong Blends, 10c, 25c and 50c tins.
Buy two 50c tins from your Grocer and he will give you a Dalton French Drip Coffee Pot (worth $1.30) free.
If your Grocer will not supply you send $1.00 and we will send carriage collect.
DALTON BROS., TORONTO.

FRY'S, Nut Milk Chocolate
The Best of All Sweets for Children.



Makes Clean Kitchens

You can make your kitchen fairly shine with cleanliness, with less labor and in less time than it takes to clean it with soap, soap powder or other cleansers if you use

Old Dutch Cleanser

Every speck of dirt is quickly and easily removed from floors, woodwork, taps, metal work, windows, painted walls, cooking and dairy utensils—even the kitchen stove is cleaned and brightened by this wonderful little boon to housewives. Absolutely free from all harmful chemicals.

Many other uses and Full Directions on Large Sifter-can 10¢

LINSEED COMPOUND
is a reliable old English Home remedy for—
COUGHS, COLDS,
Asthma, Bronchitis, & all Lung & Throat Troubles.

Cynthia Grey and EVERY WOMAN'S Page

Earning Her Living as a Fashion Model



In all the great fashion centres of America and Europe there are specialists to photograph the latest conceptions of the modistes and milliners. These photographers have models who don the hats and frocks and pose for the camera.

This "darling love" is the latest newcomer to Modelville. She is an exquisite baby beauty and though her little body is rigid and tense in the excitement of her "first pose," she has not spoiled the picture. Her white embroidered frock and silk sash have "taken" well.

WOMEN WHO ARE IN THE LIMELIGHT

Olive Schriener, an Englishwoman residing in South Africa, recently produced a book that has caused much comment and discussion among people who think. Her book is entitled "Woman and Labor," and its keynote is similar in tone to a volume, "Woman and Economics," published some time ago by Mrs. Charlotte Gilman, a native of New England States. These two women, with Ellen Kay, a native and resident of Sweden, who is also an authoress on sociological problems, are in the front ranks of the great world-wide feminist movement of the present day.

Defied Superstitions.

A recent dispatch announces that Lily Elsie, a bride of some three months, is returning to the stage after tiring of the country life which her husband, Ian Bullough, a Scottish millionaire, prefers. Beautiful Lily Elsie was one of the most popular stars in musical comedy in London, and left the stage to become the bride of Mr. Bullough, who won her away from a score of suitors. The marriage was one of the most-talked-of events in London at the beginning of the season. Shortly before her wedding-day, Lily Elsie gave an informal supper at which thirteen were present. At this supper she boldly snapped her fingers at all the time-honored superstitions regarding the fortunes of brides-to-be. In spite of the horrible remonstrances of her friends, she deliberately broke several of the tiny mirrors which formed part of the table decorations; tipped over all the salt cellars, walked coolly under a ladder of ribbons, and paraded the room underneath an open umbrella. Her friends predicted all sorts of dismal failure and unhappiness in her married life, but the reckless maid only laughed, and declared that she had settled the old dragon superstition forever. There is no doubt but her friends will recall these challenges of fate, and will be waiting to see if Lily's decision to return to the stage results in an estrangement.

Smith College Caps.

After three days of balloting, the senior class at Smith College has decided against wearing the cap and gown on graduation day. The question was whether to wear cap and gown or a white dress with a red rose. The two principal arguments put forth by those in favor of the white dress and red rose were that it was the more becoming costume, and that a cap and gown would be unnecessary and in some instances a burdensome expense.

Babies' Clubs.

The Women's Civic Club of Philadelphia has decided to open two new babies' clubs. At each there is to be a trained nurse in attendance to look after the babies. The clubs are expected to do much toward lessening the mortality among babies. The last meeting of the Civic Club took the form of a package party. Each member brought a parcel of household purchases to be weighed by an expert. More than half of these packages were found to be under weight.

For the first time the cash prize of $200 offered every two years by the American Historical Association has been awarded to a woman, Miss Louise P. Brown, an instructor in Wellesley College. The title of Miss Brown's essay is "The Political Activities of the Baptists and Fifth Monarchy Men During the Commonwealth and Protectorate." Miss Brown is a graduate of Cornell, taking her A. B. in 1903, and her Ph. D. in 1909. In 1906 she won the Cornell travelling scholarship for two years.

CYNTHIA'S CHAUFFEUR

[BY LOUIS TRACY.]

"No," said Cynthia, almost timidly, for she was beginning to fear this masterful man, whose enthusiasm caught her to his very soul at such moments.

"Ah, but you shall. It ranks high among the miracles of English poetry wrought by Milton. Many a mile from Ludlow have I called to mind one of its incomparable passages:

A thousand phantasies
Begin to throng into my memory—
Of calling shapes, and beckoning shadows dire,
And airy tongues that syllable men's names
On sands, and shores, and desert wilder-nesses

And now you, the heroine of the masque, must try to imagine that you are lost in a wild wood represented by a carpet spread here, in the centre of the hall. Seated there on a dais, is your father the Earl, surrounded by his officers and retainers. Near you are your brothers, Lord Brackley and Thomas Egerton, so blinded by sprites that they cannot see you, though keen enough to note the bright eyes and flushed cheeks of other ladies of high degree bidden to Ludlow from neighboring shires for the merry-making. And mark you, this is no rude gathering of unlettered squires and rough men-at-arms. How is it possible that an uncultured throng should listen rapturously to the noblest performance of the kind that exists in any language, wherein each speech is a majestic soliloquy, eloquent, sublime, with an uncloying word-music acclaimed by three centuries?"

The sheer wonder in Cynthia's face warned him that this brief excursion into the pages of Macaulay had better cease, so he focused his thoughts on the actual representation of the masque in which he had taken part ten years ago at Fairholme.

"I must ask you to concede that the lords and ladies, the civic dignitaries and their wives, for whose amusement Milton spread the pinions of his genius, were far better equipped to understand his lyric flights than any similar assemblage that could be collected haphazrd in some modern castle. They did not pretend—they knew. Even you, Lady Alice, could frame a neat verse in Latin and cap some pleasant jest with a line from Homer. When Milton dreamed aloud of bathing in the Elysian dew of the rainbow, of inhaling the scents of nard and cassia, 'which the musky wings of the Zephyr scatter through the cedared alleys of the Hesperides,' they followed each turn and swoop of his fancy with an active sense of its truth and beauty. And what a brilliant company! How the red flare of torch and cresset would flicker on the sheen of silk, the lustre of velvet, the polished brightness of morion and spear. I think I can see those gallant gentlemen and fine ladies grouped around the players who told of the strange pranks played by the God of Mirth. Perhaps that same fair Alice, who supplied the motive of the masque as well as its leading lady, may be linked with you by stronger ties than those of mere feminine grace——"

Cynthia did not blush; she grew white, but shook her head.

"You cannot tell," he said. "'Comus' was played in Ludlow only fourteen years after the landing of the Pilgrim Fathers in New England, and I would remind you that we stocked the new nation in the west with some of the bluest blood in Britain. Even in this hall there were Puritans whose ascetic tastes disapproved of Milton's imageries, of children playacting, of the brave show made by the gentry——"

"My mother's people lived in Pennsylvania for generations," she broke in with a strange wistfulness.

"I knew it," he cried in triumph. "Tell me the names of the first-nighters at the Milton Theatre, Ludlow, on that autumn even in 1634, and warrant me to find you an authentic ancestor."

Cynthia bent a puzzled brow at him.

"After this, I shall apply myself to 'Comus' with added comprehension," she said. "But—you take my breath away; have you, then, delved so deep in the mine of English history that you can people 'most every ruined pile in Britain with the men and women of the dead years?"

He laughed and colored a little, with true British confusion at having been caught in an extravagant mood.

"There you lay bare the mummer," he gasped. "What clever fellows actors would be if they grasped the underlying realities of all the fine words they mouth! No; I quote 'Comus' only because on one half-forgoten occasion I played in it."

"Where?"

The prompt question took him unaware.

"At Fairholme," he said.

"Is that another castle?"

"No—merely a Georgian residence."

"I seem to have heard of it—somewhere—I can't remember."

He remembered quite well—was not Mrs. Devar, student of Burke, sitting in the car at the castle gate?

"Oh, we must hurry," he said shamefacedly. "I have kept you here too long, for we have yet to

"'Trace huge forests and unharbor'd heaths,
Infamous hills and sandy perilous wilds,'

before we see Chester—and Mrs. Leland."

With that the bubble was pricked, and staid Ludlow became a busy market-town again, its streets blocked by the barrows of hucksters and farmers' carts, its converging roads thronged with cattle. At Shrewsbury Medenham was vouchsafed a gleam of frosty humor by Mrs. Devar's anxiety lest her son might have obeyed her earlier injunctions, and kept tryst at "The Raven" after all. That trivial diversion soon passed. He hoped that Cynthia would share the front seat with him in the final run to Chester; but she remained tucked up in the tonneau, and the dread that kept her there was bitter-sweet to him, since it betrayed her increasing lack of confidence in herself.

The rendezvous was at the Grosvenor Hotel, and Medenham had made up his mind how to act long before the red towers of Chester Cathedral glowed above the city's haze in the fire of a magnificent sunset. Dale was waiting on the pavement when the Mercury drew up at the gallerled entrance to the hotel.

Medenham leaped down.

"Good-bye, Miss Vanrenen," he said, holding out his hand. "I can catch an early train to town by hurrying away at once. This is Dale, who will take my place. He is thoroughly reliable, and an even more careful driver than I am."

"Are you really going—like that?" faltered Cynthia, and her face blanched at the suddenness of it.

"Yes, I shal have the pleasure of seeing you in London when you return."

Their hands met in a firm clasp. Mrs. Devar, too flustered at first to gasp more than an "Oh!" of astonishment, leaned forward and shook his hand with marked cordiality.

"You must tell Dale to take great care of us," she said knowingly.

"I think he realizes the exceeding trust I repose in him," he said, but the accompanying smile was meant for Cynthia, and she read into it a farewell that presaged many things.

He disappeared without another word. Whena slim, elegantly gowned lady had hastened to the door from the drawing-room, when she was summoned by a page, she found two dust-covered figures in the act of alighting from a well-appointed car. Her next glance was at the solemn jowl of the chauffeur.

(To Be Continued.)

AN EXCELLENT MEDICINE FOR ALL LITTLE ONES

Mrs. Ovila Lamarre, Malvina, Que., writes: "I have found Baby's Own Tablets an excellent medicine and would not use any other for my little one. I think all mothers should keep the tablets in the house." Thousands of other mothers have the same praise for the tablets. They are absolutely safe—being guaranteed by a Government analyst to contain no opiate or other harmful drug. They break up colds, expel worms, cure constipation and indigestion, in fact they are good for all the minor ills of little ones. The tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The Most Popular Yeast.

Isn't the fact that White Swan Yeast Cakes have won admiration wherever tried proof that they are the best? Prove this to your own satisfaction by ordering a 5c package from your grocer, or send for sample. White Swan Spices and Cereals, Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Cynthia Grey's Correspondence

Complexion Queries.

Dear Miss Grey: Would you kindly answer my friend and I who are interested readers of your paper:

1. Is witch hazel harmful to the face?
2. Could you give me a cure for blackheads which turn to pimples on face?
3. What could I do to close the open pores on my face?
4. Would you advise cold cream for use on face? If so, could you give me recipe for (if possible), a greaseless one?
5. Is talcum powder or pure rice powder injurious?

I know I am asking a great many questions at once, but if you would please favor me, I would be greatly obliged. Yours truly "DARKY."

A.—1. No.

2. Wash the face, every night before retiring, with hot soapy water and a rough face cloth. Rinse twice in lukewarm water to insure no soap being left on the skin. Then touch the spots freely with a bit of cotton dipped in this lotion: Precipitate of sulphur, 1 dram; tincture of camphor, 1 dram; rosewater, 4 ounces. It would also be wise to take a mild laxative each night or morning to clear the system.

3. Spray several times daily with this astringent wash: Alum 40 grains; almond milk (thick), ¾ ounce; rosewater, 3 ounces.

4. This cream is not hard to make and is said to be a very good one: Sweet almond oil, 2 ounces; rosewater, 2 ounces; spermaceti, ½ ounce; white wax ½ ounce. Break the spermaceti and white wax into tiny bits; put them into a bowl, and set over a dish of hot water. As they soften pour in the almond oil slowly. When the mixture has softened well lift the bowl from the hot water and stir in the rosewater, slowly beating it. Do not let the mixture become hot. Drop in a little of your favorite perfume, and pour into a small jar.

5. No.

"Katydid Asks.

Dear Miss Grey: Will you please tell me if it is correct to wear at a spring afternoon house wedding a tailored suit? Thanking you in advance,
KATYDID.

A.—It would be quite correct, only wear a fancy blouse of silk, net or chiffon, instead of a shirtwaist.

Face Treatment.

Dear Miss Grey: Please answer the following through your valuable column in the London Advertiser. The skin on my face is very rough, and when I wash with soap it becomes worse. Have tried several cold creams, etc., but it don't do any good. Please advise. BROWN EYES.

A.—Perhaps you are using an inferior brand of soap. Cuticura Soap is an excellent skin soap. I would advise you to use it. Also purchase some witch hazel and squeeze the juice of a lemon into the bottle. Rub the face with this lotion every night after washing.

"Leila Ada" Discovered.

Dear Miss Grey: Some two weeks ago in one of your daily issues we noted an inquiry re a book entitled "Leila Ada."

As we have this book in our possession, we forward the address, which we hope will furnish the desired clew. Yours truly,
A CONSTANT READER.

"Leila Ada, The Jewish Convert," by Osborn W. Trenery Heighway, Philadelphia: Presbyterian Board of Publication, No. 821 Chestnut street. Entered according to the Act of Congress, 1858, by Rev. A. W. Mitchell, M.D., in the office of the clerk of the district court for the eastern district of Pennsylvania.

Miss Grey's thanks are extended to this reader of The Advertiser for so kindly forwarding the above information.

A St. Patrick Evening.

Dear Miss Grey: Would you please give some ideas in The Advertiser this week how to entertain for St. Patrick's night, some games and prizes, also lunch. Thanking you in advance,
Sincerely, GWEN.

A.—A "hunt" of any kind always seems to produce a good-fellowship feeling amongst guests. A four-leaf clover hunt would be a good feature to start the evening with. Get some green bristol board and cut out numerous four-leaf clovers. Hide these all about the house, furnish the guests with little net bags in which to place their finds. At the end of 15 minutes call "time," and give a prize of an enamelled clover pin to the one finding the most leaves. A quoit contest can be worked up without much preparation. Make the quoits beforehand in the shape of hore-shoes, made of wire and covered with strips of shamrock green tissue paper. Appoint two captains and choose sides. A "paddy green" tie would make a suitable prize for the man or girl winning the most points. A telegram contest might fill in nicely next. Provide each guest with one or two real telegram sheets, and instruct them to form a twelve-word telegram so arranged that the initials of the twelve words when read consecutively spell "Saint Patrick." For a prize, give a clover-leaf shaped box filled with candy. For a nice luncheon, and one suggestive of the occasion, serve potato salad with shredded lettuce and a bit of aspic jelly, olives, plain bread and butter, cake and pistachio ice cream.

PICTURE HINTS.

Dear Miss Grey: Can you kindly tell me something I can use to darken a brown switch which has become faded. 2. Also, where is the proper place to hang a family group of pictures? 3. What kind of pictures are suitable for dining-room? 4. Are the mob caps worn while dancing or for street wear? Yours sincerely.
PEARL.

A.—1. I fear no home treatment would be of any use. Best consult a dealer in hair goods. 2. The parents' sleeping room or a place in the parlor is usually reserved for pictures of this discription. Personally I'd be inclined to hang it in the most unused room in the house. 3. Many folks adorn the walls of their dining-room with faithful reproductions of fruit or game. But one soon tires of seeing the same bunch of grapes or basket of peaches day after day, no matter how tempting they looked at first. Nature sketches, and those in which children figure, with, say one or two strong "heads," should form an admirable group. 4. They are intended for evening wear only.

BLANCHE'S DIFFICULTIES.

Dear Miss Grey: 1. What will make the hands white? Please give me a remedy that can be made at home. 2. Should a girl of twelve or fourteen read novels? 3. Please give me a menu for supper not too expensive, and oblige.
BLANCHE WHITE

A.—1 Make a paste of lemon juice and oatmeal. After soaking the hands for ten minutes in warm soap lather, rinse once or twice and rub liberally with the paste, allowing this to dry. Do this each night and wash in warm water in the morning. 2. There are novels and novels. Some give altogether false and silly ideas of life, and so are unwholesome for girls of your age to read, because you do not know enough of real life to discern between the false and the true. 3 I suppose you mean a six o'clock supper? How would this do—Cold sliced ham or tongue, potato salad, newly-made tea biscuits, preserves, date cake? Here is a recipe for the cake: One-half cup soft butter, one and one-third cups of brown sugar, 2 eggs, one-half cup milk, one and three-quarter cups flour, 3 teaspoonfuls baking powder, one-half teaspoonful each of cinnamon, nutmeg, cloves and salt, half pound dates, cut into pieces. Mix well together, beat for three minutes, and bake for forty minutes.

A BIRTHDAY PRESENT.

Dear Miss Grey: Some time ago I asked you a question and you did not answer it. Kindly publish this one in The Advertiser as soon as possible. I am engaged to a fellow but as yet have received no ring. Would it be right to send him a birthday present, and what would be nice?
R. E. W.

A.—It would be quite proper to send him a gift. A book, an initialled handkerchief, or a fancy pocket pencil would make suitable gifts.

RETA WRITES.

Dear Miss Grey: Would you kindly answer the following questions? 1. What is a good remedy for red hands? I do not have to put my hands in water, but they are naturally red, and are always cold. 2. Are the skirts as tight this spring as formerly? 3. Will tan buttoned shoes be much worn this spring. Thanking you in advance.
RETA.

A.—1. See answer to "Blanche." 2. They appear to be just about the same width in spite of prophesyings to the contrary. 3. Yes. They promise to be very popular.

A simple and good rule to remember and to follow is to buy nothing in the baking powder line unless all the ingredients are plainly printed in English on the label. This information is stated on every package of Magic Baking Powder. All Grocers sell it.

ADVERTISER PATTERNS

BEAUTY PATTERN COMPANY.



No. 9143—A Simple Night-Dress.

Nainsook, cambric, muslin, lawn, flannel, flannelette, or silk, may be used for this design. The round yoke is pleasing in its simplicity, and is cut "open" over the front. The sleeve may be finished in full or shorter length. The pattern is cut in six sizes—32, 34, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches, bust measure. It requires 5 1-2 yards of 36-inch material for the 36-inch size.

A pattern of this illustriation mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.

PATTERN DEPARTMENT OF THE ADVERTISER.

Please send above-mentioned pattern, as per directions given below, to

Name .....

Street Address .....

Town .....

Province .....

Measurement—Bust..... Waist.....

Age (if child's or misses' pattern).....

CAUTION.—Be careful to inclose above illustration, and send size of pattern wanted. When the pattern is bust measure, you need only mark 32, 34 or whatever it may be. When in waist measure, 22, 24, 26 or whatever it may be. If a skirt, give waist and length measure. When misses' or child's pattern, write only the figure representing the age. It is not necessary to write "inches" or "years." Patterns cannot reach you in less than one week from the date of order. The price of each pattern is 10 cents in cash or in postage stamps.

In Actual Use No Tea Is Cheaper Than The 40¢

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

208



Where Capital and Labor Agree

There's no difference of opinion about Kellogg's Corn Flakes.

Capital and Labor both agree that it's the finest cereal food in the land.

Nothing more delicious than these toasted flakes of sweet corn hearts, has yet been created. Until it is, Kellogg's will stand supreme—the breakfast cereal of the masses as well as the classes.

45

Kellogg's 10c. A Pkg.
TOASTED
CORN FLAKES

Mothers of Men.

Mothers of men! The words are good indeed in the saying—
Pride is the very sound of them, strength is the sense of them; then
Why is it their faces must haunt me—wistful faces as praying
Ever some dear thing vanished and ever a hope delaying—
Mothers of men?

Mothers of men, most patient, tenderly slow to discover
The loss of an old allegiance that may not return again.
You give a man to the world, you give a woman a lover;
Where is your solace, then, when the time of giving is over.
Mother of men?

Mothers of men! Yet surely the title is worth the earning,
You who are brave in feigning, must I ever behold you, then.
By the door of an empty heart, with the lamp of faith still burning,
Watching the ways of life for the sight of a child returning.
Mother of men?

—Theodosia Garrison, in Munsey's Magazine.

A CRITICAL BOARDER.

Ask any fireman's wife what day in the week she dreads most, and the chances are she will tell you the day the fire station dog takes his meals at her home.

"Not that we don't like the dog," one woman said, "but because we have to be so very careful about our cooking. The men at the station where my husband works are afraid to bring Barney up on restaurant food. They think he will thrive better on good home cooking, so they take turns at entertaining him.

"Wednesday is his day here. He comes for all three meals. It is a day of anxiety. If I make things too rich Bob swears I'll give Barney indigestion. If they ain't rich enough he will not be sufficiently nourished. I don't mind cooking for Bob, or for any amount of company, my mother-in law included, but fixing things for Barney gets on my nerves."

Settlers' Excursions to the West Via the Popular Route.

The Grand Trunk Railway System to Chicago, and thence connecting lines. Commencing Tuesday, March 12, and continuing every Tuesday thereafter until April 30, to principal points in Saskatchewan, Manitoba and Alberta, Montana and North Dakota, including points on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway. The Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, shortest line, fastest time, finest service, between Winnipeg, Saskatoon and Edmonton. Before deciding on your trip consult any Grand Trunk agent for full particulars and literature, or write A. E. Duff, district passenger agent, Toronto, Ont. 45g

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DIPHTHERIA.

Do you know that of all the minor ailments, colds are by far the most dangerous? It is not the cold itself that you need to fear, but the serious diseases that it often leads to. Most of these are known as germ diseases. Pneumonia and consumption are among them. Why not take Chamberlain's Remedy and cure your cold while you can? For sale by all dealers. 1

CAP'N JONAH---HIS FISH

Merry Old Sailor Shows Us the Beautiful Salmon Leaping in the River, and the Salmon Himself Tells His Life Story for London Advertiser Boys and Girls.



By the Salmon.

Did you ever go fishing? Did you ever catch a salmon? I doubt it. it takes a mighty sharp fisherman to catch me.

I am called "the king of the fresh water fish." I am the most valuable and delicate of all fish. My flavor is excellent and I have few troublesome bones.

My home is in the sea, but in the autumn of the year I leave it and travel to the river where I was born. There I deposit eggs in the shallow creeks. The eggs remain there until the next spring. Then they are hatched into baby salmons.

These children remain for two years in the river. Then, in the third spring, they seek the cool waters of the sea.

Often on my journey from the sea to my birthplace I come to roaring waterfalls. To reach the top of these is hard and dangerous. But I am never afraid. I curl my body so that my tail almost reaches my mouth. Then I give an upward spring. Sometimes I fail, but if I do I try again. Did you ever see a picture of a "salmon leap?"

Next time you have salmon for dinner tell your mamma and papa all that you know about me.

NATIONALISTS VOTE AGAINST GOVT.

In Support of Mr. Mondou's Amendment to the Boundaries Bill.

PASSES THE COMMITTEE

Borden Gives Up Plan of Attempting To Force Measure Through This Week.

Ottawa, March 8. — Five of the Nationalist supporters of the Borden Government supplied the full complement of the parliamentary indorsement of Mr. Mondou's amendment on the school question in the Manitoba boundary bill when the vote was taken in committee of the whole this afternoon. They were Messrs. Sevigny, Lamarche, Bellemare, Guilbault and Mondou. Immediately after the vote was taken Chief Whip Stanfield of the Conservative ranks visited Mr. Mondou and conferred with him and his followers. It is evident that the Government is seeking to reach an understanding with them. Mr. Mondou presented his amendment at the opening of the House. It provided for the addition of a clause to the effect that "nothing in the act shall affect prejudicially in any way the school rights of minorities, Protestant or Catholic, as they may now exist in the territory to be added to Manitoba."

The Yamaska member spoke in French, and proclaimed that all he had against the bill was that no provision was made for minorities. He declared that he was not actuated by prejudices of race or creed, only by honor. The situation was not in any sense complicated. All Manitoba had to do was to carry out the act of 1870. No province, he declared, had any right to interfere with the British North America act.

Mr. Mondou argued that the Northwest Territories act had declared that contributors to school rates should not be compelled to pay duble taxes. He doubted whether the present bill was constitutional unless his amendment was embodied in it. He declared that he had a great admiration for Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and had the Liberal leader not sacrificed the rights of the minority for party purposes, but had done something instead of calling on his friends to follow the white plume, he would have triumphed at the last election. He concluded by demanding that the rights of minorities, whether Catholic or Protestant, should be protected.

Mr. Aikins followed, briefly arguing on the constitutional point. He maintained that the amendment assumed the existence of separate schools' rights, and gave opportunity for litigation and trouble in determining who should decide as to whether the measure "prejudicially affected" any rights, real or imaginary.

Vote Unexpected.

There were no further speakers, and the vote came unexpectedly. But five of the Nationalists rose to support the amendment, which Deputy Speaker Blondin promptly declared lost. Mr. Mondou rose in protest, but the deputy speaker ruled him out of order. Meanwhile the chief Government whip hurriedly left his seat and joined the Nationalists.

"Carried," cried the Government members with the desire to get the bill out of the way at once. But Hon. Frank Oliver rose with another amendment calling for the inclusion of the financial terms offered by Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the swamplands. Hon. Mr. Rogers, Mr. Cruise and Mr. Martin (Regina) followed, and the discussion continued until the 6 o'clock recess.

Before the reassembling for the night sitting the Government capitulated on its purpose of endeavoring to force the bill through its final stages before the end of the week, and the probability of an all-night and all-Saturday sitting was done away with by the Government concession to allow the third reading to stand over till next week.

THEDFORD ROUSED

Continued From Page One.

sand hills. To the southeast of the hills are hundreds of acres of muck, lake bottom, reclaimed by the Canada Land Company from old Lake Burwell. On this strip celery flourishes as in probably few other places in Canada, and carloads are yearly shipped to Montreal and the large cities to the east.

Fruit On the Ridge.

Back of the muck belt circle "the ridge," a raised belt of gravelly land in the form of a blunt crescent with the Town of Thedford just touching the edge of its inside circumference at its thickest part. Here peaches and plums can be grown under almost ideal conditions. Between the ends of the crescent lies a section of extraordinarily fertile land, well suited to general agriculture.

But it is on the ridge land that Thedford's faith in its future as an agricultural centre is most largely based. Years ago this sandy elevation, covered in spots with loose shale rock, was considered a white elephant upon the hands of any man unfortunate enough to own it. Then came the Government experts.

They looked over the country, studied the climate and soil conditions and announced the despised ridge was the finest possible site for peach orchards.

The old line farmers who had struggled for years to make these high acres produce a scant crop of wheat, oats or barley, were still skeptical. They didn't see how anything good could come out of this particular Nazareth. But when men from the towns and cities began to buy the land they literally began to sit up and take notice. Later when these men planted trees and the trees grew and flourished amazingly they began to believe that there might be something in it after all. The result has been one of the biggest land booms that this part of Lambton County has ever known. Lands formerly considered next to worthless are selling at $60 to $70 per acre, and the prices are daily increasing.

Peaches From "Poor Land."

A good illustration of the way in which farmers along the ridge have seen the light is found in the case of a ten-acre field so thickly covered with shale as to be absolutely useless for ordinary agricultural purposes.

The owner had tried many times to make it produce some one of the standard crops, but the stubborn rock resisted all efforts at cultivation and choked out the young plants almost before they commenced to grow. So when some men from the town offered him $23 per acre for what he had come to consider a useless burden, he jumped at the chance.

Then the men from town began to plant peach trees. "Clean crazy," said the neighbors, who anticipated much merriment at the expense of those who were attempting to start peach orchards where nothing of any account had ever been known to grow.

But to the surprise of the pessimists the trees refused to die. Instead they grew strong and healthy and give every promise of bringing forth a fine crop of luscious fruit in the not very distant future. Now men who own similar land nearby are holding it at $60 per acre, and it is considered "a good buy" by men who should know a business proposition when they see it.

Wisdom and Folly.

Within a few miles of Thedford may be found one of the most striking examples of the truth that crops must be adapted to the soil; not soil adapted to crop. Along one concession in a part suited to fruit culture there are a number of farmers who have been trying for years to make the light sandy loam of the knolls produce hay, oats, barley and other heavy crops. These farms look poor, the houses and buildings are dilapidated, and the whole appearance of the places indicates poor management.

A few miles away on lower, heavier land are farms equipped with fine barns, large, comodious modern houses and all possible conveniences. The fields and fences look trim and neat. There is a general air of prosperity about every farm.

In both neighborhoods the same line of agriculture is followed. The prosperous farmers are growing their crops on land suited to the purpose. The poorer ones are wasting time and money trying to grow crops on land better suited to fruit culture.

Minard's Liniment Company, Limited:

Gentlemen,—Theodore Dorais, a customer of mine, was completely cured of rheumatism after five years of suffering, by the judicious use of MINARD'S LINIMENT.

The above facts can be verified by writing to him, to the Parish Priest, or any of his neighbors.

A. COTE, Merchant.

St. Isidore, Que., May 12, 1898.

TO SAFEGUARD BENEFICIARIES

Bill to License Insurance Brokers of Companies Outside the Province.

A BILINGUAL QUESTION

Hon. Mr. Foy To Be Asked by the Opposition If He Made Certain Statements.

Toronto, March 9.—Notwithstanding Sir James Whitney's warning that unless members adhered closer to business on Friday afternoons the Legislature would have to face night sessions in order to get through by Easter the sitting of the House yesterday was somewhat desultory. At one time there were only fifteen Government and four Opposition members in their places, others having left for their homes or were wandering through the corridors. Mr. Allan Studholme, the Labor party, was a patient attendant throughout.

With a view of regulating insurance companies, Hon. Mr. Foy introduced a bill providing that insurance companies neither registered nor incorporated in the province should be able to transact business through licensed brokers. These brokers would be responsible for any defalcation on the part of the companies they represent. To accomplish this a bond of $5,000, renewable annually, will be required from each broker, the amount of which to be increased at the option of the crown, according to the increase of business. This provision is designed to prevent a recurrence of the conditions which existed in Northern Ontario a few years ago, when many people were defrauded by agents of irresponsible companies.

Another clause aims to safeguard the rights of wives and children and preferred beneficiaries, as opposed to outsiders. The law in respect to these matters, Mr. Foy pointed out, had been somewhat complicated and had resulted in much litigation.

A change is made in the law affecting fire insurance companies, under which the terms of a contract might be cancelled by a court if they were deemed unjust.

Tax Reform Debate.

Mr. Rowell inquired of the Prime Minister when time would be given for the discussion of his bill to amend the assessment act by giving municipalities the option of exempting in whole or in part improvements to property. Sir James replied that the matter would not come up next week, and intimated that there were other bills on the same subject, obviously referring to Mr. J. A. Ellis (East Ottawa), who has a somewhat similar measure. There were many tax reform bills before the House, and Sir James said they would all be brought up together and the debate that ensued would be pushed right through.

The bill respecting building and loan corporations was put through committee, and every clause of the 142 passed except the clause requiring a majority of the shareholders to reside in Ontario. Mr. Rowell pointed out that this clause might be made less difficult, for companies incorporated in Western Canada might desire to do business in the province, and the impediment should not be prohibitive.

Hon. Mr. Foy agreed with this suggestion, and instanced that Manitoba companies might be disposed to do business at Kenora and other places in the western part of the province, and should not be prevented.

A Bilingual Question.

The Opposition is taking the initiative in the bilingual question. Mr. T. Marshall (Monk) will ask the Government on Tuesday next the following questions:

"(1) Did the Hon. J. J. Foy, attorney-general in the present Government, on the 20th of November, 1911, at Toronto, make the following statement with reference to bilingual schools:

"'I desire to give my views on the question of the schools and to put them briefly and clearly. To avoid imperfect reporting I have written them down and will hand this to the press. My views are that the British language should be thoroughly taught in our schools to every pupil by teachers fully competent to teach English; that no other language should be taught in those schools; that such is the law that should govern us; that there cannot lawfully be any bilingual schools in the Province of Ontario, and if any are found they must cease to exist, and care should be taken to make all schools conform to the law. I wish to add that this policy is not one that is in the slightest way unfriendly to any portion of the community, but, on the contrary, is in the interest and for the benefit of each one of the rising generation. It will remove what would otherwise be a drag on many a youth in the race of life, and enable him to fairly compete with his fellows on an equal footing."

"(2) In view of the expressed opinion of the chief law officer of the crown in this province that bilingual schools cannot lawfully exist in the Province of Ontario, and if found they must cease to exist, is it the intention of the Government to take steps to abolish the 345 English-French (bilingual) schools which, according to the report of Dr. F. W. Merchant, dated Feb. 24, 1912, do exist in this province?"

Let London's Leading Tailors make YOUR New Suit



The famous "Rego" Clothiers (with 23 stores in the metropolis of the Empire) have now decided (in response to many requests) to open a Canadian office, and thus make it easier for Canadian residents to get "London's best" in **made-to-measure** clothes of the very latest style and cut. Throughout the British Empire "Rego" Gold Medal clothes are recognised as the standard of quality, value and style in men's tailoring. We invite you to send for Free Patterns of the

"Rego" New York

described by experts as "the finest suit ever built on American lines." Our price is from $10 up **including all extras, carriage paid and duty free.** You need to see the quality of the cloth in order to realise fully what splendid value this represents.

$10

Carriage Paid Duty Free

Write for our Style Book FREE

"Fashions for Men" is the tailoring magazine of the world: tells you what the smartest men are wearing, and illustrates all 1912 styles. Send for it—FREE—and we will post it to you with a fine selection of "Rego" patterns and the "Rego" simple self-measurement form.

"REGO" Clothiers, Ltd., Dept. F P.O. Box 2554 Montreal.

REVIVAL FILLS

(Continued From Page One.)

fect of emigration and lack of proper cultivation of the land. Population dwindled and a large store building could be rented for as low as five dollars a month. Empty houses were common.

Today there is scarcely an available house to be found in town at any price, a new school has been built at a cost of $18,000, industries are being attracted, a Carnegie library is going up and the signs of improvement are everywhere. Contracts have been let by the Dominion Canners Company for the erection of a large canning factory at a cost of $35,000, and builders are already figuring on the erection of new houses which will be required to shelter the workers this summer.

What is the cause of all this?" The answer is the same applicable to many other industries in Western Ontario today. The revival of scientific farming. The old horse and fat cattle industry which for many years was the mainstay of the district is slowly passing away, to be replaced by peach and vegetable growing, market gardening, the cultivation of tobacco and other forms of agriculture for which the land is signally adapted.

Gave In to the Experts.

Agricultural experts told the business men of the town that their district could grow peaches, tobacco and tomatoes. They listened to the arguments, had faith in them, and today there are at least twenty business men, trained by years of experience to know a good thing when they see it, who have backed up their convictions by investments in fruit and vegetable lands. Last year 50,000 peach trees and 30,000 fruit trees of other varieties were set out, and this year there promises to be many more. The men already on the land saw the experimental orchardists who they once laughed at getting returns of $200 and $250 per acre, and they, too, began to plant trees. Now, through the efforts of P. W. Campbell and Dr. Huffman, of the board of trdade, the canning factory has been induced to locate here, and already they have contracted for 200 acres of tomatoes at 30 cents per bushel.

One of the most striking examples of the importance to which the fruit industry has grown is found in the Forest Basket Factory. Established a little more than one year ago, this concern has found a ready market for all classes of fruit baskets, and now in the "dull season" is producing $100 worth per day.



OXO CUBES

Clever women know the value of OXO Cubes in the kitchen—their convenience — quickness — economy! Always the same in flavour — purity — strength. No worry about results — no waste of effort or materials—always ready—always right!

The greatest advance in Food-Invention since man began to eat and women learned to cook!

4 CUBES - 10c. 10 CUBES - 25c.

RECIPROCITY WOULD HAVE HELPED HERE

Forest Hay Exporters Have to Meet a Duty of Four Dollars Per Ton.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Forest, March 9.—Dr. F. Chalk, V. S., has brought in a new hay press and will bale and ship extensively. Most of it goes to the States, and the farmers regret that reciprocity did not carry, as $4 a ton duty affects the price.

E. J. Clark arrived Thursday and assumed the managership of the Forest branch of the Bank of Commerce, H. E. Tylor having been promoted to the managership of the St. Thomas branch.

Arthur Codling, of the Bank of Commerce, has been transferred to Seaforth.

Mrs. (Dr.) H. N. McCordic is visiting relatives in Sarnia.

CHARGES A CRUEL PLOT TO THE WIFE

Says She Drugged and Shot Her Husband to Get Insurance.

Atlanta, Ga., March 9.—"Mrs. Daisy Grace drugged her husband and then shot him. Her action was the execution of a diabolical plot to murder Eugene H. Grace for his insurance money, which the woman planned several days before. He said she drugged him before she shot him and all evidence so far uncovered proves it."

This was the statement this afternoon of Reuben Arnold, leader of the Atlanta bar, who has been retained by the Grace family to prosecute Mrs. Daisy Grace, formerly Mrs. Daisy Ulrich Opie, a rich Philadelphia widow, on the charge of shooting her husband.

"The woman's own statement is enough to convict her before any sane and reasonable jury," Mr. Arnold said, "and since our investigation of the case, we find evidence which points beyond a shadow of doubt to her guilt.

"Why she even had stuffed the telephone transmitter with cotton so he could not talk over it. She had stuffed the bell with the same material that the ringing of the phone would not be heard by the neighbors.

"Then she sneaked off to Newnan, to his parents, to make a perfect alibi. She had made every arrangement to prevent his body being found for four or five days and then she was ready to declare that for almost an entire week she had been with his mother.

"The motive is perfectly clear. The woman was in straitened circumstances. We can prove that she was very hard pressed for money. She tried to murder him to collect $27,000 of his insurance policies. Why, the very fact that even now she is clinging to these policies like grim death is enough to show why she shot him."

Believing death is inevitable, Grace made a will at the hospital this morning leaving everything he has to his mother. His attorneys have brought suit against his wife, who is in jail, to recover the insurance policies on Grace's life, which she holds.

Grace is reported by a friend who talked with him at the hospital this afternoon to have said: "If my wife shot me, it must have been in a nightmare."

A Woman's Sympathy

Are you discouraged? Is your doctor's bill a heavy financial load? Is your pain a heavy physical burden? I know what these mean to delicate women—I have been discouraged, too; but learned how to cure myself. I want to relieve your burdens. Why not end the pain and stop the doctor's bill? I can do this for you and will if you will assist me.

All you need do is to write for a free box of the remedy which has been placed in my hands to be given away. Perhaps this one box will cure you—if has done so for others. If so, I shall be happy and you will be cured for 2c (the cost of a postage stamp). Your letters held confidentially. Write to-day for my free treatment. MRS. F. E CURRAH, Windsor, Ont.

PILES CURED at HOME

by New Absorption Method.

If you suffer from bleeding, itching, blind or protruding Piles, send me your address, and I will tell you how to cure yourself at home by the absorption treatment; and will also send some of this home treatment free for trial, with references from your own locality if requested. Immediate relief and permanent cure assured. Send no money, but tell others of this offer. Write to-day to Mrs. M. Summers, Box P12 Windsor, Ont.

GO TO BERMUDA

Fast Twin-Screw steamship "Bermudian," 10,518 tons displacement, sails from New York, 11 a.m. every Wednesday. Suites de luxe, with private bath, orchestra. Bilge keels, electric fans, wireless telegraphy. No steerage. Fastest, newest and only steamer landing passengers at the dock in Hamilton.

WEST INDIES

New steamship "Guiana," and other steamers, 2 p.m., alternate Saturdays, from New York, for St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Guadeloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbadoes, and Demerara. For full particulars apply to Ed De la Hooke, W. Fulton, or R. E. Ruse, ticket agents, London, or Quebec Steamship Company, Quebec.

DR. DE VAN'S PILLS

A reliable regulator. Never known to fail. Dr. De Van's Pills are very powerful in regulating the generative portion of the system. Refuse all cheap imitations. Dr. De Van's Pills are sold at $5 a box, mailed direct on receipt of price, from the Scobell Drug Company, St. Catharines, Ont. Sold by all druggists in London. ywt

WABASH

Will sell from March 1 to April 15, one-way second class colonist tickets at greatly reduced rates, from all stations to

California, Arizona, Mexico, Oregon, Idaho, Montana, Washington and British Columbia.

Tickets will be on sale via all direct routes. The Wabash is the short and true route to the above points. For rates and time tables see your nearest Wabash agent, or address J. A. Richardson, district passenger agent, 63 Yonge street, Toronto, and St. Thomas.

The Ideal Vacation

12 DAYS ON LAND AND SEA

Including Berth & Meals on Ship

FOR

$70.00

Choice of rail lines from London to New York or New Orleans, thence in palatial 10,600 ton

SOUTHERN PACIFIC STEAMSHIPS

To New Orleans or New York

Choice of rail lines home.

Stop-Overs at New York, New Orleans and other points. For interesting literature send to (709)

Geo. W. Vaux, Can. Pas. Agt. No. 6 King St., W. Toronto, Can.

CANADIAN PACIFIC EMPRESSES

Length, 570 feet Breadth, 65½ feet
Tonnage, 14,500
Wireless and Submarine Signals
HOLD ALL RECORDS BETWEEN CANADA AND LIVERPOOL

From St. John, N. B., to Liverpool.
Empress of Britain.....Mar. 8, Apl. 5
Empress of Ireland....Mar. 22, Apl. 19
L. Manitoba (one-class) Mar. 28, Apl. 25
Lake Champlain (one-class)...Apl. 11

From Quebec to Liverpool.
Emp. Britain...May 3, May 31, June 28
Emp. Ireland..May 17, June 14, July 12

From Montreal to Liverpool.
L. Champlain....May 9, June 6, July 4
L. Manitoba..May 23, June 20, July 18

Tickets and all information from any steamship agent, or W. Fulton, C. P. A., C. P. R., London, Ont.

ALLAN LINE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS
WINTER SERVICE

St. John—Halifax—Liverpool.

Steamer.	St. John.	Halifax.
Hesperian	Feb. 24	
Tunisian	Mar. 1	Mar. 2
Grampian	Mar. 9	
Virginian	Mar. 15	Mar. 16

Boston—Portland—Glasgow.

	Boston.	Portland.
Sicilian		Mar. 7
Scotian	Mar. 9	
Ionian		Mar. 21
Lake Erie	Mar. 28	

Rates of Passage.
First Class, Liverpool Service, $72 50, $82.50.
Second Class, $47 50, $50 and $52.50.
Third Class, $30 25, $31 25 and $32 50
(According to steamer and service.)
For full particulars of summer sailings and rates apply to F. B. Clarke, W. Fulton, E. De la Hooke, R. E. Ruse, London, or THE ALLAN LINE, Toronto.

Traction Company Hourly Service

Between London and St. Thomas from 7 a.m. to 11 p.m. on week days; from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. on Sunday. Two-hourly service between St. Thomas and Port Stanley. Cars leaving London on the even hours go through to Port Stanley. The last car waits for the theatre.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
SARNIA TUNNEL TO SUSPENSION BRIDGE AND TORONTO.

Arrive from the East—*3:27 a.m., 10:56 a.m., *11:12 a.m., *11:28 a.m., *6:30 p.m., *8:00 p.m., 10:20 p.m.
Arrive from the West—*12:09 a.m., *3:43 a.m., 8:50 a.m., *11:55 a.m., 1:10 p.m., *4:10 p.m., 6:25 p.m.
Depart for the East—*12:14 a.m., *3:48 a.m., 7:30 a.m., 9:00 a.m., *12:05 p.m., 2:05 p.m., *4:26 p.m., *6:53 p.m.
Depart for the West—*3:32 a.m., 7:40 a.m., *11:18 a.m., *11:43 a.m., 1:40 p m., 5:20 p.m.

LONDON AND WINDSOR.
Arrive—10:22 a.m., *4:00 p.m., *6:50 p.m., 11:05 p.m.
Depart—6:35 a.m., *11:35 a.m., 2:05 p.m., *8:10 p m.

STRATFORD BRANCH.
Arrive—11:15 a.m., 1:33 p.m., 6:45 p.m., 11:25 p.m.
Depart—6:00 a.m., 10:26 a.m., 12:35 p.m., 2:45 p.m., 4:55 p.m.

LONDON, HURON AND BRUCE.
Arrive—10:00 a.m., 6:10 p.m.
Depart—8:30 a.m., 4:40 p.m.
Trains marked * run daily. Those not marked, daily, except Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.
Arrive from the East—*11:28 a.m., 6:10 p.m., 7:40 p.m., *10:52 p.m.
Arrive from the West—*4:30 a.m., 12:36 p.m., *5:22 p.m., 8:25 p.m.
Depart for the East—*4:38 a.m., 7:45 a.m., 12:45 p.m., *5:50 p.m.
Depart for the West—8:00 a.m., *11:35 a.m., 7:48 p.m., *11:00 p.m.
Trains marked * run daily. Those not marked, daily, except Sunday.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.
Arrive—7:04 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 5:10 p.m., 9:35 p.m.
Depart—7:20 a.m., 2:20 p.m., 5:35 p.m., 10:11 p.m.

PERE MARQUETTE RAILWAY.
Arrive—8:45 a.m., *12:00 noon, 1:50, 4:38, *9:15 p.m.
Depart—5:05, *7:10, 9:45 a.m., 2:30, *4:15, †7:00 p.m.
*To and from Walkerville. †To St. Thomas only. All trains to and from Port Stanley, except trains marked with star and dagger.

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ALL THE NEWS THAT IS NEWS

A DAY IN THE SPORTING WORLD

SIDE LIGHTS ON MANY SPORTS

CANADIAN LEAGUE WILL MEET IN HAMILTON NEXT WEDNESDAY

Peterboro Club Has Now Been Organized and "Old Folks" Templin Will Likely Manage It—Salary Limit Raise Will Be Discussed, But Change Is Improbable.

Hamilton Spectator: The schedule meeting of the Canadian League will be held in the Royal Hotel, this city, next Wednesday afternoon at two o'clock. All the managers and magnates will be on hand and it is expected that Old Folks Templin will accompany the Peterboro delegation. Many important matters, such as the salary question drafting of schedule and setting the date for opening day will come up for discussion. The constitution will also be amended.

The calling of the meeting at such an early date is evidence and proof of the success which the Peterboro promoters have met in their organization work. It was intended to hold the meeting a few weeks hence in order to allow the Lift Lock city people plenty of time to get going, and be in good shape by the date of the meeting. So great has been the enthusiasm and so eager are the eastern people to get in on the ground floor that word was received from the promoters that they were ready to attend a meeting on any date. The result was that the meeting was hurried on. President Jas. Fitzgerald, sporting editor of the Toronto Telegram, leaves for Macon, Ga., with the Toronto ball club one week from today and it was thought advisable to call a meeting before he left for the south.

Salary Limit Will Be Discussed.

It is expected that some discussion will result from the proposition of the London club to increase the salary limit from $1,200 to $1,500. President Fitzgerald and Secretary M. M. Robinson are opposed to any increase at the present and it is not likely that the London club will succeed in its efforts to increase the limit. Several of the other club owners are behind the president and secretary and the majority are agreed on $1,200.

It is almost certain that several important trades will be put through during the meeting, and when the smoke has cleared away some of the players at present booked for certain teams may be found in another section of the circuit.

President Fitzgerald will at the meeting make his report as to the appointment of umpires. As the president has had wide experience in the game and is recognized as one of the best posted baseball men in the country, that part of the question will no doubt prove satisfactory to all concerned.

M. M. Robinson and President Fitzgerald intended to pay a visit to Peterboro tonight, but at Mr. Fitzgerald has been called away unexpectedly the trip was called off.

Ottawa and Peterboro will be formally admitted to league membership. Reports from the various cities on the circuit are very encouraging and prospects are for a big year.

EVERYTHING ROSY AT PETERBORO.

Peterboro Examiner: Everything looks rosy for the Peterboro Baseball Club, Limited. The stock has sold more rapidly than the most enthusiastic supporter of the proposition dared to hope for, and now the actual work of gathering the team together and arranging for the opening of the season will be proceeded with.

An enthusiastic meeting of the executive was held night, at which satisfactory arrangements were made with the owners of Riverside Park for the use of the cross-the-river ball grounds for the season. Baseball men from other cities who have looked over the grounds say they should prove ideal, and there will, therefore, be no difficulty on that score.

The managership question was also taken up last night. Of the five applications for managership, the one most favorably considered was that of Old Folks Templin, of last year's champion Berlin team. There is a little matter of terms in which the local management do not see eye to eye with Templin, but it is thought there will be no difficulty in making satisfactory arrangements. A telegram has been sent to Templin at his home in Reading, Pa., asking him to come to Peterboro at once to meet the local promoters, and he will likely be here tomorrow to talk over the situation.

An application is being made to the Legislature for a charter for the company.

YESTERDAY'S HOCKEY RESULTS.

Intercollegiate Intermediate—Final.

Royal Military College 5, McMaster University 3.

Woodstock City League.

Y. M. C. A. 5, Woodstock Collegiate 2.

Weston Tournament.

Victoria A. 10, Bolton 5.

Davisville 5, Victoria B. 3.

Exhibition.

Cleveland 4, Stratford 2.

STRATFORD SENIORS LOSE AT CLEVELAND

Goaltender Marchand, of Cleveland, Scored a Goal On Himself.

GAME WAS A CLEAN ONE

"Jimmy" Preston Appeared on Ice With Stratford Team, and Was One of the Stars.

Cleveland, March 8.—Notwithstanding the fact that Goaltender Marchand, of the Cleveland A. C. hockey team, scored a goal on himself, the local aggregation defeated Stratford in a clean and well-played contest tonight at the Elysium by the score of 4 to 2. The line played well together, and the defensive work of Rankin and Preston, of the visitors, showed up finely. The latter player especially distinguished himself with good checking and brilliant rushes down the ice.

MARCHAND GOOD.

Marchand, of the home team, and the defence did great work, repeatedly stopping the efforts of Stratford's forwards. Gustin, Poland and Irving were always quick to take advantage of every opening, and their passing and combination play counted in every goal scored. The teams:

C. A. A.—Marchand, goal; Winters, point; Elder-McGiffin, cover; Gustin, rover; Poland, centre; Irving, left wing; McFarlane, right wing.

Stratford—Rankin, goal; Richard, point; Preston, cover; Varner, rover; Lowe, centre; Monteith-Dorland, left wing; Harvey, right wing.

Referee—Schweitzer.

Timers—Noble, McLean (Stratford).

Goal umpires—Fletcher, Stevens (Stratford).

"DOES IT RAIN IN MONROE?" ASK THE TIGERS; THEY KNOW

Monroe, La., March 8.—Foolish question No. 8,967,845. Did it rain in Monroe today? No, Reginald, it snowed molasses and maple syrup. Tidings of great joy reached the Tigers' training camp today when the official weather bureau bulletin was placed in the hotel; fair weather was promised for Saturday without fail. The general hilarity on reading this encouraging bit of information was somewhat checked by the further announcement that there is a cold wave with freezing temperature on the way and that it is due about tomorrow morning. However, better bright skies and a discontinuation of the deluge that has been in progress here for the last 17 years, more or less.

As usual, there was no practice of any sort. Gainer and Baumann



went out to the race track and ran around a little, while some of the others went hunting. The main body of Tigers divided the time among the hotel dining-room, the moving picture shows and the several billiard and pool emporiums.

PLAYS STRONG THERE.

It seems that there is one place in town where Works is invincible at billiards, and he leads all his victims to this establishment for a trimming. The tall barrister says that the hotel billiard table is very, very bad, and, judging by his work it must be. It is an awful handicap to an expert.

The game with the Louisiana Industrial Institute team scheduled for tomorrow has been called off owing to the condition of the grounds, which will not be ready for use before Sunday at the very earliest. The collegians may come over here the latter part of next week, possibly Saturday unless the Christian University of Texas, with which Jennings is negotiating, accepts the date.

Hughie announced what would have been the batting order had the contest with the L. I. U. outfit gone through, as follows: Vitt, s.s.; Westerzil, 2b.; Louden, 3b.; Perry, r. f.; Gainer, 1b.; Baumann, l. f.; McCorry, c. f.; Onslow and Kocher, c.; Maroney, Mauer, Remnases and Du Buc, p. This combination probably will not get a chance to go into battle at all now, as the veterans will be here before another one is scheduled.

WANT TUTHILL BACK.

Trainer Tuthill today received a letter from Capt. Joe Beacham, head coach of the West Point football team, urging Harry to return to the point this fall to resume his duties as trainer of the cadet gridiron warriors. The Athletic Association at the Military Academy is so anxious to get hold of Tuthill again that it has offered him a substantial increase in salary next season. Harry says that his decision in regard to the army boys' offer will depend entirely upon the Tigers' position in the race. If they are up fighting for the pennant with a good prospect for getting into the world's series, he will not be able to report at West Point in time to be of much assistance to the cadets, but if the club is out of the running by Sept. 1, he will accept the offer.

KOOTENAYS WIN OUT FROM PANDORAS, 10 TO 8

Spring a Surprise in McClary Carpet Ball League Last Evening.

The Kootenays sprang up suddenly last week and trimmed the Pandoras in the McClary Carpetball League, the score being 10 to 8. They will meet the Famous team next Saturday, and a good game will result.

The league stands as follows:

	Won.	Lost.
Famous	12	4
Bell Oak	10	7
Calorics	9	7
Ravens	9	8
Maryboro	8	8
Sunshine	8	9
Saskalta	8	9
Pandora	8	9
Kootenay	6	10
Fairy Queen	5	12

Y-MEDS WIN FROM PARIS IN SECOND GAME OF ROUND

The Y-Meds nearly struck a snag when they endeavored to hand out beating No. 2 to the Paris basketballers in the return game of the O. B. A. semi-finals, played at the local Y. M. C. A. last evening. The Y-Meds won by a score of 34 to 23, but if the Paris players had had a little better luck in shooting, the result might have been a surprise to the team that has not been defeated this season. However, everything turned out lovely from a London standpoint, and the Y-Meds will now seek other victims in the O. B. A.



Brerton and Hamilton discussing the question of who was going to play in the first half.

The Paris boys played a good game, but their opponents were better shots, and showed a little better knowledge of the fine points, especially when it came to passing.

The visitors started the scoring when Inksater scored a point on a foul. London went into the lead, however, when Ernie Shaw notched the first basket by a clever shot from centre.

The Meds then increased their lead, the Paris team getting most of their points in the first period by Inksater's clever shooting of fouls. The half-time score was 14 to 10 in London's favor.

In the second half Paris crept up for a time, and for a few minutes the locals were only one point in the lead. In the last ten minutes, however, the locals showed their real class, and they were never in danger after that.

The game was a fast one, and some clever plays were made by both teams. Baynes was the most useful man on the Y-Meds line-up, he being responsible for the majority of points. Walter Morris was checked too closely, and he was unable to do as much scoring as he generally figures on doing. Nevertheless he played a good game, helping Baynes out splendidly. Ernie Shaw played a good game at centre, his shooting being particularly effective. Ernie is good on the long shots, and he scored a couple of baskets on nice throws.

Hamilton and Freeman played a good game on the defence, and the Paris forwards had a busy time trying to sink the ball through the pesky nets. In the second period Brerton replaced Hamilton, and he also played a good game, having the honor of landing the first basket for London in the second half.

Inksater was the pick of the Paris quintette. He was particularly good on converting fouls, scoring nine points out of a possible eleven, a record on the local floor. He was also effective on the defence, and was instrumental in keeping the Meds' score down. The two Ellis boys played a good game also, although they were a trifle light. Campbell was an aggressive player, and about the best shot, with the exception of Inksater, on the green and black line-up. Cassidy, on the defence, was a consistent player at all times, and he was in the game every moment. He played a heady game, and it was his good work that kept Morris in check.

The Paris players are a clean lot, and with a little more practice and coaching on the fine points of the game, they should be hard to beat.



While Baynes was holding Cassidy, Morris managed to score an occasional basket.

Dr. George Smith refereed in a highly satisfactory manner, his method being highly entertaining, and proving an added feature of the game.

The teams lined up as follows:

Y-Meds—Baynes and Morris, forwards; Shaw, centre; Freeman and Hamilton and Brerton, guards.

Paris—Campbell and Ellis, forwards; H. Ellis, centre; Cassidy and Inksater, guards.

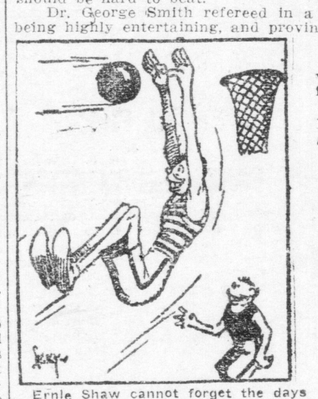
Y JUNIORS WIN.

A preliminary game was played between the Y. M. C. A. juniors and a team from the Normal School, the former winning by a score of 25 to 8. The Normal students were evidently new to the game, as their smaller opponents outplayed them at every angle. The half-time score was 10 to 2. "Sy" David was the star of the juniors, while Morris and Henderson also played well.

The teams were:

Y. M. C. A. juniors—Thomas and Henderson, forwards; Morris, centre; David and Cook, guards.

Normal School—McDonald and Honey, forwards; McIlroy, centre; Gillam and Coulter, guards.



Ernie Shaw cannot forget the days when he played on the defence. This is the way he was stopping them

NATIONALS LOSE AT ST. THOMAS

A team representing the National Bowling Alley went to St. Thomas last evening, and were defeated by the Midgets of that city by 75 pins. The game was a good one, some good scores being rolled.

Herron, of St. Thomas, was high man, with 236, but Froggett, of the Nationals, was a close second, with 234. Their bowling was the feature of the match the London bowler finishing high man in the three games, with a total score of 634.

The scores were:

Midgets.

Sheehan	172	138	139—	449
Stephens	167	167	176—	510
Lang	208	189	185—	582
Richardson	167	153	171—	491
Herron	215	171	236—	622
	292	818	907—2,654	

Nationals.

Singer	193	183	141—	517
Smith	168	172	198—	538
McCollough	129	147	201—	477
Oliver	131	146	136—	413
Froggett	234	189	211—	634
	855	837	887—2,579	

EXETER BEAT HENSALL.

Exeter, March 8.—Exeter defeated Hensall in a fast game here last evening by the score of 6 to 5. It was necessary to play overtime in order to decide the winner, the home team scoring the winning goal. The teams were:

Hensall—Cudinor, goal; Neilands, point; Neilands, cover point; Cairns, rover; Hudson, centre; Sheppard, right wing; Moore, left wing.

Exeter—F. Graham, goal; H. Ellis, point; J. E. Elliott, cover point; S. Fisher, rover; T. Carlin; centre; E. Southcott, right wing; Atkinson, left wing.

M'MASTER LOST OUT TO R. M. C. IN CLOSE GAME

Kingston Team Was Played off Their Feet in Second Half, But Toronto Collegians Could Not Overcome the Lead.

Kingston, March 8.—If McMaster had played as well in the first half of the evening's final intermediate intercollegiate game with Royal Military College as in the second half they might possibly have won the game and the round, but the Cadets got too much of a lead in the first portion of the match and won out by 5 to 3, taking the round and championship by 5 goals. At half-time the Cadets led by 5 goals to 1, but were kept from scoring at all in the second half, while McMaster got two goals by clearly outplaying the soldiers in this final period. Dobson played on the wing for McMaster in the first half, but Davies was used in the second. The ice was rather heavy. Carruthers and McAuley scored for the Cadets, and Cline, Fairchild and McCrimmon for McMaster. The teams were:

R. M. C. — Goal, Blackstock; point, Patterson; cover, Barwis; rover, Galt; centre, Sutherland; right, Carruthers; left, McAuley.

McMaster — Goal, Wilkins; point, Silcox; cover, Campbell; rover, Cline; centre, Fairchild; right, McCrimmon; left, Dobson and Davies.

WOODSTOCK Y. M. C. A. WINS CITY LEAGUE

Defeats the Collegt Team in Game for Championship by Score of 5 to 2.

Woodstock, March 8.—By defeating the Woodstock College team tonight by a score of 5 to 2, the Y. M. C. A. captured the senior City League championship, also the Martin trophy. The game was fast and interesting, and was witnessed by a large crowd of spectators. The half-time score was 3 to 0 in favor of the Y. M. C. A., but in the second period the play was more even, with the result that each team scored two goals. The annual City League banquet will be held next week when the members of the league, as well as the intermediate and junior O. H. A. clubs, will be entertained. Teams

Y. M. C. A.—Thompson, goal; Jones, point; Forden, cover; Benness, rover; Rippon, centre; Rowe, right; Ball, left.

College — French, goal; Sutherland, point; Bain, cover; Judd, rover, Nixon, centre; Firstbrook, right; McGregor, left.

Referee—Sandercock. Judge of play—Wright.

CURLING

THISTLES WIN FROM GALT.

The London Thistles entertained five rinks of Galt curlers at the Thistle Rink yesterday afternoon, and defeated them in a friendly game by 6 shots. The curlers were all in fine form, and some big scores were run up. A feature of the afternoon was the fact that there were two tie games, with four rinks each having twenty points. The scores were:

Thistles.		Galt.	
H. F. Skey,		S. L. Hamilton,	
C. S. Smallman,		J. Nichol,	
S. M. Allan,		W. Vair,	
W. Fulton, sk.	20	R. McCausland,	20
F. Brown,		N. Clark,	
G. C. English,		W. Cowan,	
L. E. Tillson,		J. Handley,	
G. Backus, sk.	28	A. McCausland,	17
P. H. Anderson,		R. M. Hamilton,	
S. H. Nichol,		A. Dryden,	
J. P. McDonald,		W. A. Dennis,	
C. A. Ross, sk.	20	Dr. Wardlow, sk.	20
A. J. Smith,		R. Chappelle,	
E. L. Morren,		R. Pollock,	
A. J. McGuffin,		L. A. Parritt,	
W. McCutcheon.	15	R. McDougall, sk.	11
Major Hayes,		R. Fraser,	
A. H. Purdom,		J. Taylor,	
W. Turnbull,		N. Coughlin,	
W. T. Strong, sk.	7	W. McDougall,	16
Total	90	Total	84

AYLMER RINKS PLAY.

Aylmer, March 9.—An exciting curling match was played between two local rinks here yesterday, skipped by Rev. G. R. Welch and W. Douglas, resulting in a victory for the former. Score 20 to 10.

Geo. Sears,		W. Christie,	
I. N. Newell,		A. Chambers,	
J. Davis,		N. Booker,	
W. Douglas, sk.	10	Rev. Welch, sk.	20

STRATHROY BEATEN.

Two rinks of Strathroy curlers were beaten by two London Thistle rinks last evening, the visitors being seven shots down on the round. The Strathroy players were four shots up on one rink, but the other one was defeated by eleven shots. The scores were:

Thistles.		Strathroy.	
J. B. Marks,		F. W. Orr,	
Dr. Smith,		W. T. Rapley,	
T. K. Poole,		T. Harris,	
F. P. Riddell, sk.	15	D. Patterson, sk.	4
R. P. Dulmage,		A. E. Gill,	
R. D. McDonald,		W. P. Diamond,	
A. Tory,		M. S. Forsyth,	
L. E. Tillson, sk.	7	R. Willmot, sk.	11
Total	22	Total	15

LONDON ROWING CLUB HOLDS ANNUAL MEETING

Dr. J. N. Wood Was Elected President—The Question of Allowing Lady Bowlers to Join Club Taken Up.

The London Bowling and Rowing Club held its annual meeting last evening in the Knights of Pythias Hall, when the officers for the ensuing year were elected, and several routine business matters discussed.

Reports were read from the different committees dealing with the work of the club last season. The membership of the club was reported as 233, while the treasurer reported a cash balance on hand of $284 40.

An important matter brought up was the question of admitting lady bowlers to the membership of the club. The matter was not finally decided, being left to the executive committee to report on.

A committee was formed for the purpose of investigating the report that the land now leased by the club for the upper greens and part of the tennis court was subject to sale.

The question of making a larger grant to the rowing department for the purpose of repairing several of the boats was left over to the executive committee.

The officers elected were as follows: Honorary president, Mr. John Locheach; president, Dr. J. N. Wood; first vice-president, A. Tillmann; second vice-president, John Macpherson; treasurer, Dr. J. A. Wright; secretary, Jared Vining; house committee, Messrs. A. W. Fraser, John Marr, Ed. Weld, John Lochead and Jared Vining; bowling committee, Messrs. John A. Connor, W. A. Casselman, John Macpherson, W. C. Allen and William Turnbull; rowing committee, Messrs. F. N. Phelps, Charles Ivey, John Collison, Fred Marshall and L. C. McKnight; tennis committee, Messrs. W. E. Saunders, E. Wright, John Puddicombe, Len Skinner and F. H. Beltz; committee for new membership canvassing to be chosen by Mr. C. E. German; W. O. B. A. representatives, J. S. McDougall; Ontario Bowling Association representative, Mr. A. W. Fraser; and Dominion Association representative, Mr. E. Weld.

BONSPIEL AT THISTLE CLUB MONDAY.

The Thistle Curling Club will hold a bonspiel at the Thistle Rink on Monday, play starting at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, and continuing until the finals are played in the evening. Supper will be served at the rink at 6:30 o'clock, and it is expected that it will be one of the most enjoyable affairs that have taken place at the rink this season. As the weather is getting a trifle more springlike each day, and it is not probable that curling will continue any more than a week or two longer, all the members are requested to turn out and make the bonspiel a huge success.

Billy Evans Says:

The fact that Manager Hugh Jennings, of the Detroit team, is a fraternity man, saved "Chick" Lathers a tart reprimand soon after he joined the Tigers.

Lathers was a star thirdbaseman at Michigan University, and could hit the ball. When he graduated Jennings signed him, and in the east Lathers delivered the goods several times, as emergency batter.

Upon the return of the Tigers for a long home series, Lathers was called upon to save the day. A hit meant a tie at least and possibly the game.



The youngster was opposed by a veteran pitcher, who never having faced Lathers did not know what to pitch. He tried to make him hit at a couple of poor balls, but failed, and then laid one over, and Lathers drove it to right, but the ball went foul. The next was a ball and the next a long foul.

With the count three and two, the crowd was excited. At this interesting point, several of Lather's fraternity brothers entered the grandstand and one emitted a whistle, to which every member of the fraternity is honor bound to recognize.

For an instant Lathers turned his head toward the grandstand and in that instant the pitcher slipped one across, to the disgust of Jennings, coaching at third.

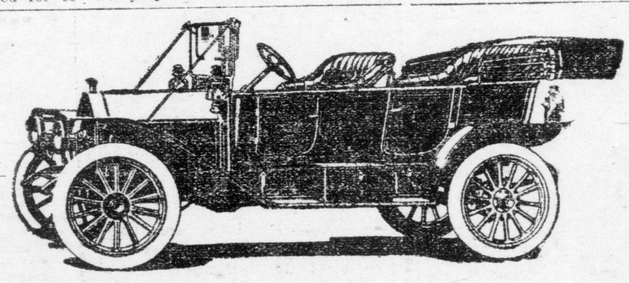
"Don't inspect millinery when you are up there in a pinch," said Hughey sarcastically, as he walked toward the bench.

"I wasn't rubbering at anyone, Hughey," returned Lathers. "Didn't you hear that 'frat' whistle?" Jennings said nothing, but to this day many a Tiger wonders how Lathers escaped without a rasping.

National Bowling Alleys

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Russell "30" has the following liberal equipment included in its price of $2,375:

EQUIPMENT:

Touring Car, Toy Tonneau, Torpedo and Torpedo Roadster bodies include the following equipment: Pantasote Top and Side Curtains; Top Envelope; Folding Glass Front; Speedometer; Gas Head Lamps; Prest-O-Lite Tank; Self-Starter; Side and Tail Oil Lamps; Foot Rest and Robe Rail; Single Tire Irons with well in running board; Pumps; Tire Repair Outfit; Full Kit of Tools; Jack.

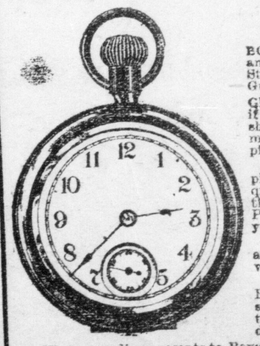
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RUSSELL MOTOR CAR CO., LIMITED, WEST TORONTO.
Makers of High-Grade Automobiles.

Branches: Toronto, Montreal, Hamilton, Winnipeg, Calgary, Vancouver, Melbourne, Aust.

WATCHES GIVEN AWAY

EVERY BOY AND GIRL NEEDS A WATCH
BOTH HANDSOME PRESENTS FREE



BOYS This watch is a dandy. Regulation man's size and weight. Your father would be proud to carry it. Stem wind and set. Arabic dial. A good Timekeeper. Guaranteed.

GIRLS You won't envy any lady in your neighborhood if you have one of our lady's watches—small, neat shape, new model, stem wind and set; highly finished, milled edge, arabic dial, thoroughly charming timepiece. Guaranteed good Timekeeper.

Now it's very easy to get one of these beautiful timepieces. Just write us to send you $4.00 worth of our quick selling Easter and Assorted Post Cards and sell them to your friends at 6 for 10c. Your friends all buy Post Cards somewhere, why not ask them to buy from you.

Then when you have sold them—send us the money and we will promptly send you one of the watches. It's very easy, just try it once.

L.C. writes "I have found them very easy to sell," R.J.G. writes "I have sold all the cards you sent me, so I think I will try another lot." J.B. writes "I sold them all in a few days." So you see others can easily do it—why not you?

We are sending presents to Boys and Girls all over Canada every week. Be sure to write to-day. Don't forget you have nothing to pay. Watches delivered free to destination.

OVERLAND MERCHANDISE CO., Dept. 181 TORONTO

MOTORISTS FLOCK TO THE NEW CLUB

Membership List Has Already a Total of 150, and More Are Coming.

BADGE FOR THE CLUB

London Will Be Permitted to Join the Club as Will Also Those Who Do Not Own Machines.

The officers of the London and Western Motor Club demonstrated to the members of the association the remarkable growth of the new organization at a meeting held Friday afternoon, when they were able to produce a list of over 150 members, all of whom were secured during the past week.

It is estimated that before the season is advanced much further the number will reach between 250 and 300. A great many new owners are being learned of daily, and according to the reports of the dealers who constitute the advisory committee, there will be more than a hundred new cars in London before the end of the next month.

About fifty members attended Friday's session, and ratified the work of a few days ago, when officers were elected provisionally. The constitution and bylaws were presented and were adopted with slight amendments.

Objects of the Club.

President John M. Moore again explained the objects of the London and Western Motor Club, which has been formed to protect the interests of the automobilists, who are threatened from time to time by unjust and unreasonable legislation, to promote good roads, and to develop a spirit of good fellowship among the owners.

The association has signs for all the roads leading into London, and these indications will be placed at suitable points in Western Ontario as soon as the weather permits.

Dr. Kingsmill, who had been ordered to select suitable designs for club badges and pennants, submitted many suggestions, but it was decided to leave the matter in the hands of the executive for a time.

The constitution was amended to permit ladies and those who do not own motor cars, but who are interested in automobiles, to join the association, as several requests from outsiders had been received.

There are now 153 names enrolled on teh lists, and it is expected that this will reach two hundred before another week passes. Those who have entered the London and Western up to the present are:

The Members.

John M. Moore	J. W. Scandrett
A. Keene	W. J. Cook
W. J. Blackburn	W. F. Darch
Dr. J. Wishart	G. W. Armstrong
Ed J. Carty	Dr. H. Williams
W. E. Greene	P. B. Fetterly
J. A. Croden	Dr. McWilliams
H. Little	Dr. A. Graham
C. H. White	Dr. W. F. Roome
F. Kerrigan	Dr. W. J. Weekes
W. R. Brown	J. Gaste
O. G. Keene	Col. W. Gartshore
Geo. M. Reid	Dr. W. L. Moffatt
H. J. Jones	D. H. Howden
W. E. Saunders	Dr. Moorhouse
W. D. Thomas	J. W. Metheral
R. D. Kilgour	W. H. Braddon
C. E. Bernard	H. M. Graydon
Samuel Stevely	C. D. Burdick
C. N. Spencer	B. H. Gilbert
Dr. F. R. Eccles	F. C. Harding
F. G. Mitchell	A. Knowles
W. G. Young	P. Millman
A. M. Heaman	J. G. Richter
G. E. Coleman	E. A. White
Oliver G. Gauld	J. W. G. Winnett
Dr. H. A. Kingsmill	H. B. White
W. Gorman	H. E. Gates
Dr. C. S. Moore	Dr. W. Thomson
E. Hunter	D. H. Tennant
Mel. Hueston	Frank Reid
H. P. Bull	J. K. McDermid
G. H. Belton	T. B. Escott
C. Abbott	Ray Lawson
A. Tillmann	E. W. G. Moore
E. McNee	Chas. Ward
A. A. Langford	P. R. Braddon
John McClary	G. D. Bindner
Hon. C. S. Hyman	J. H. Pollock
Hon. A. Beck	J. Hamilton
W. E. Robinson	C. E. Keene
Dr. J. B. Campbell	J. F. Sherlock
A. E. Barbour	W. N. Manning
J. L. Johnson	A. J. Watson
B. H. Higgins	H. Mara
W. A. Jenkins	G. G. Steele
J. M. McEvoy	H. E. Boomer
J. P. Moore	H. E. Wilson
W. S. Lashbrook	F. G. Rumball
Wm. McPhillips	H. F. Burgess
L. J. O'Dell	Fred Dawson
Geo. T. Brown	A. Glen
J. C. Duffield	W. Haddon
J. E. Kerrigan	A. Little
H. J. Glaubitz	A. E. McClary
C. H. Elliott	C. Sterling
Bert. Masuret	W. D. I. Wright
Dr. Shoebotham	Fred C. Wright
J. C. Beemer	W. A. McKenzie
Dr. W. J. Tillman	R. P. Aylesworth
A. Somerville	Thos. Logan
K. Hammond	Dr. J. A. McGregor
T. H. Baker	C. Merryfield
A. M. Smart	J. A. Brownlee
R. J. Young	C. H. Tune
F. H. Brewster	J. R. Minhinnick
Geo. G. McCormick	Frank Whitehall
Dr. Fred L. Wood	W. A. Hall
M. C. Rose	John Forristal
A. A. Campbell	T. H. Haskett
C. B. Hunt	J. Innes Carling
Philip Pocock	W. M. Gammage
S. N. Sterling	Dr. Jas. Macarthur
E. Underhill	R. R. Bland
J. C. Coote	Geo. Rownree
T. P. McCormick	

BURGLARS WERE GIVEN SENTENCES TODAY

Pals of William Seaborne Are Punished for Breaking Into Local Store.

William Seaborne, having been disposed of a few days ago, when he was given a six-months' term for shopbreaking by entering the store of Stevely & Son, on Richmond street, Police Magistrate Judd this morning disposed of John McCready and William Smith, who were also charged with having been implicated in the affair.

Both were found guilty, McCready being given three months in the common jail, and Smith four months in the Central Prison. In this manner the magistrate hopes to break up a combination of tramps, as the terms will expire at different times, and they will be turned loose in different parts of the country. Smith claimed that he hailed from eBrlin, and that while at work in a Wallaceburg sugar beet factory he met McCready.

After that place closed they commenced a tramping trip about the country, and intended to wind up at Galt. However, while drunk in Glencoe, they wer aerrested, and sent on to the county jail. After serving a month they were liberated here, and fell in with Seaborne, breaking into the rear door of Stevely's store, and stealing a quantity of cutlery.

MAJOR BEATTIE COULD NOT GET THE OFFICE

Proposal to Have an Immigration Branch in This City Gets a Setback.

As a result of statements made in the House by Mr. Donald Sutherland, member for Oxford, London will probably lose the immigration department which the real estaters planned to have located here in an effort to relieve the scarcity of farm help.

Mr. Sutherland, when the question came up, stated that in the last two years Middlesex had only taken 17 immigrants, and claimed, it is stated, that it would cost $100 for each immigrant brought in.

Major Beattie did not urge the pressing claims of this district strongly enough, and as a result, it is stated, that the whole matted has fallen through.

The real estaters, however, will make another effort to have something done, and at last night's meeting the secretary was directed to take the matter up with the Government and explain the necessity of securing help for this district.

"If only 17 immigrants came to this district in the last two years," said a member to The Advertiser today, "It was because they do not need the help. We know that farmers all over the district have taken the very keenest interset in our efforts to have something done, and are willing to do anything to get men. If this matter is handled in the right way inestimable good will result to the district and many fine farms will be placed under cultivation and much land that is now lying idle for want of help will be utilized. The Government does not realize the seriousness of the situation or surely something would be done."

Personal Mention

Miss Helen Gunne, of this city, is visiting with friends at Clinton.

Mrs. J. Frank White will be at home to her friends for the first time in her new home, 504 King street, on Tuesday afternoon, March 12, and afterwards on the first and second Tuesdays of the month.

LETTER FROM UNCLE WAS MAN'S UNDOING

After Reading It P. M. Judd Concluded That Graham Pettie Deserved No Sympathy.

PASSED BAD CHECKS

Defrauded a Widow of Her Earnings —Told a Good Story But Got a Stiff Sentence.

A letter found in the prisoner's pockets, in which an uncle chided him in 1907 for his prodigality, and which the accused admitted was genuine, was partially responsible for a rather stiff sentence being imposed upon Graham Pettie by Police Magistrate Judd this morning. Eighteen months in the Central Prison was the penalty, and this is said to be as good as about two years in Kingston Penitentiary, where parole is more easily secured.

Arrested in Detroit.

Pettie, who was arrested in Detroit a couple of weeks ago at the instigation of the local police, who, after several weeks' work succeeded in discovering his whereabouts. He was brought bac kto London, and pleaded guilty to charges of having secured money from Messrs. R. Y. Yopng and Herbert E. Parson by fraud. He is also said to have secured money under similar circumstances from the late Addison Raymond, of the postoffice staff, and others.

Pettie admitted the offences, but explained in court that he had passed worthless checks, and thus contracted debts in efforts to pay off others whom he had previously defrauded.

Plea From An Uncle.

The letter from an uncle, which was found in his possession, was dated 1907, and was to the effect that his relatives again desired him to turn over a new leaf.

Theuncle , in a disappointed manner, stated to his nephew that only a few days before the writing of the epistle, he had secured a promise of reformation and almost immediately afterward learned that Pettie, despite his promise, had defrauded a widow of her earnings.

Pettie's wife and children are now in Detroit, to which city he went after leaving London.

MAKE PROVISION FOR OLDER MEN

City Is Working Out a Scheme to Improve Efficiency of Fire Dept.

FUND FOR THE FIREMEN

There Is Now About $1,300 on Deposit and the City Will Likely Add a Goodly Sum.

The members of the committee having charge of the superannuation fund for the firemen met in the city hall Friday night, and discussed plans for caring for some of the men who have been many years in the service of the department, and who may have to be dealt with in order to maintain the efficiency of the service.

While the meting was called quietly, it is said that several suggestions were made as to the amounts to be paid out, but as there is no immediate prospect of having to adopt any of these, the matter was allowed to stand until the next session.

The firemen now have between $1,300 and $1,400 in the fund, practically all of which has been donated by people who desired to express their apreciation for work rendered by the men at fires during the past few years.

Donations Pour In.

Over $500 of this amount has been received in the last few months, and it is the opinion of the members of the committee that very substantial gifts will be made by the public when the scheme is got definitely under way.

There is also a fund of $500, which may be applied for superannuation purposes. This is insurance paid to the city from time to time. Under the policies paid on the firemen by London, the sick benefits are for the corporation, while the city maintains the salaries of the men during their illnesses. Therefore quite a sum has accumulated.

No definite action is to be taken until after the estimates are in, and in the meantime effort will be put forward to have the city grant $2,300 or $2,400 a year for superannuation purposes.

Provision for Old Men.

Several of the men who are now well advanced in years are able to perform lighter duties, and it is intended to make provision for them in active work as long as they are able to render satisfactory service.

The members of the committee ar: Chairman, Ald. Ashplant, Ald. Moor, Ald. Richter, City Auditor Jewell and Fire Chief Aitken.

THE CHARITY ACT

Makes Its Annual Appearance Before Legislature Committee.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, March 8.—The hardy annual known as the charity aid act made its appearance before the municipal committee this morning. The bill provides for making rural districts pay for their residents being cared for in city and town hospitals. As usual, the country members opposed the bill, and it was about to be disposed of for another season, when Mr. A. E. Donovan, its parent, saved it by suggesting a sub-committee. The bill was allowed to stand for a week.

Mr. J. A. Ellis' bill to allow municipalities to tear down or repair, at the cost of the owner, any fences, buildings, etc., found to be in a dangerous condition, was reported. There was no discussion, the members to a man approving of the measure. But a different reception awaited his bill to purchase parks and defer the raising of a sinking fund for 25 years, thus "shifting the burden on posterity." "I think this one had better meet its fate without delay," remarked Hon. Mr. Hanna.

Several members murmured assent, which encouraged the chairman to declare loudly, "Lost after discussion." Mr. R. H. McElroy, of Carleton, secured approval of his bill to make clear the right of counties to issue debentures for good roads, in addition to the $20,000 allowed for general purposes under the present act.

Southwold Resident eDad.

Sylvester Dawdy, aged 65, died on Friday at the home of his son. Mr. Emerson Dawdy, Southwold Station.

CARD PLAYING WAS DENOUNCED

Rev. Mr. Crossley Spoke Strongly on the Question in Wellington St. Meth. Church.

A MERE GAME OF CHANCE

Difference Between a Game of Skill and a Game of Chance Is Shown.

Rev. H. T. Crossley in his talk on "Cards," in Wellington Street Methodist Church Friday night, took for his text the words, "What Think Ye of Christ." He said in part:

"Many blunders are made with reference to games. Some ignorantly jumble together cards, dice and other games of chance with chess, checkers, curling, bowling, and similar games of skill.

"Games of skill form recreation, and many a pleasant hour can be passed, provided the environment is all that it should be.

"Card playing is a game of chance. Though skill is required in playing certain games of cards, the element of chance comes into such a large degree that players depend more upon getting good hands than upon skill. When beaten in playing cards a person does not say, as with games of skill, 'I played poorly' or 'you are a better player than I am,' but he says, 'I had bad luck' and 'I did not get a half a dozen good hands tonight,' thereby owning up that it was no fault of his but luck being against him."

Mr. Crossley stated that it was impossible to play cards and not gambie or in other words, every card-player is a gambler.

The Meaning of Gambling.

In explaining the above statement, he asked and answered the question, "What is the meaning of the word gambling?" Was it to play for money? That was one answer, but he gave it a broader answer, by saying, "When a man plays cards, either for the game or for money, he is seeking to win by chance without earning, and so gambles for the game or for the stake."

Card-playing being a game of chance gives a wrong ideal of how to succeed in life, and tends to make persons believe in socalled luck rather than upon ability and honesty.

We hear the question being asked, "Is there any harm in card-playing?" This shows that there is doubt regarding the game.

"Give yourselves the benelt of the doubt, and keep from cards and other questionable things," said the preacher.

Rev. Mr. Crossley in closing his address told of many instances where men had followed card-playing to their ruin.

The meeting proved to be one of the best of the series, and numbers stood up and came forward.

EAST LONDON NEWS

Chas. Boston and Wm. O'Bryan were charged with trespassing on the premises of Jacob Harris, by entering his poolroom in East London to sleep during the night, and were found guilty of the offence by Police Magistrate Judd this morning. Sentence was suspended. Half a dozen drunks were discharged after a night in the cells.

Late Stanley Flynn.

The remains of Mr. Stanley Flynn, who died at Detroit of pneumonia, were interred in St. Peter's Cemetery here this morning. The funeral was held from the residence of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Flynn, of the Asylum Grounds, to St. Mary's Church, where Fathers MsKeon and Tobin and Valentine solemnized mas.

Interred in Woodland.

The funeral of William Tickner, who died at his parent's home, 17 Redan street, was held Friday afternoon to Woodland Cemetery, Rev. Mr. Harrison, of Cronyn Memorial Church, officiating at the services. Four uncles acted as pallbearers.

horse attached to J. Dean's milk delivery outfit ran away on Rectory street at an early hiur this morning, the whole business coming to grief when the sleigh upset near the corner of Ormsby street.

BANK CLERKS DRIFT OUT OF BUSINESS

Go Into Other Lines Where Salaries Are Better—A Great Scarcity Now.

It was stated to The Advertiser this afternoon that banks all over the district are finding it impossible to get enough men to run their business as they would like to.

Clerks, it was stated, are quitting steadily and are going into branches where they are able to get better salaries with much shorter hours.

"There has been a great deal of trouble," said one manager to The Advertiser. "For a long time clerks have been complaining about the wages they get, and the long hours. Owing to the rapid expansion of business all over the country, and the opening of new branches, we are short of men, and the clerks we have have to work longer as a result. They do not, however, stop to consider that after they reach the age limit they are retired on a handsome pension. Many managers retire at 55 or 60, and for the rest of their lives get handsome pensions."

A Bryanston Death.

Lena May Mardlin, the 8-year-old daughter of George and Caroline Mardlin, of Bryanston, died at the parent's home Friday evening after a two-weeks' illness. The funeral will be held on Monday afternoon to Decker Cemetery.

Death Followed Operation.

Mrs. Susanna Haberer, wife of Jacob Haberer, of Zurich, died Friday night at Victoria Hospital. Mrs Haberer was brought to London two days before her death, an operation being performed. She was 50 years of age, and is survived by her husband and eight children. The remains were forwarded to Zurich for interment today.

Shiloh's Cure

quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. - - - 25 cents.

Barnard's Removal Sale

THE building that we occupy has been sold, and in preparation for the removal of our immense stock to other quarters, we are conducting a sale where one can purchase real bargains in everything connected with a first-class jewelry store. This stock is full of the latest and most up-to-date goods.

SALE IS NOW GOING ON

Watches	Diamonds	Silver-plated Ware
Clocks	Sterling Silver	Bronzes
Spectacles	Brass Goods	Cut Glass

All Going at a Liberal Discount

JOHN S. BARNARD

Jeweler, - - 170 Dundas Street, London, Canada

21tf

MR. L. H. JAMES WAS ELECTED PRESIDENT

London Drug Clerks Association Was Reorganized Thursday Night.

The London Drug Clerks' Association was reorganized the other night with the following officers:

President—L. H. James.

Vice-President—Chas. S. Perry.

Secretary-Treasurer—George Taylor, re-elected.

There was a large attendance of the members. The matter of an "At Home" was discussed, and it was decided to hold one on March 27.

A hearty vote of thanks was tendered the retiring president, Mr. A. R. Kitchen.

Matters of importance will be taken up at the next regular meeting of the association.

THE PROGRESS OF MEDICINE

Dr. Ferguson Addressed the Western Students Medical Society.

Dr. R. Ferguson delivred a splendid address before the first meeting of the Western Students' Medical Society, a new organization formed by the students of Western University, yesterday afternoon. The meeting was largely attended by the "meds" and the address was a highly instructive and entertaining one. Dr. Ferguson spoke on "The Progress of Medicine in Canada." Beginning with the Indian medicine man, he traced the medicinal art down to its present state, dealing with the different medical colleges in Canada, and describing how each one was founded. He also gave an interesting talk on herbs and their value as a medicine.

The officers of the society are: Honorary president, Dr. J. A. Macgregor; president, Charles Harris; committee, A. Muterer, C. Cornish, O. Mitton.

A QUEER THEORY

Man Thinks His Wife Shot Him While She Was Dreaming.

[Canadian Press.]

Atlanta, Ga., March 8.—That his wife shot him unintentionally while dreaming was the theory said to have been advanced today by Eugene H. Grace, critically wounded by a bullet, while his wife is in jail in connection with the mysterious case.

Mrs. Grace, who was rearrested yesterday, and whose husband from his bed caused to be issued a writ to recover several insurance policies from her, is still held without bail. She persists in saying she is innocent.

There was little change in the wounded man's condition today.

NO MORE NEURALGIA HEADACHE CURED

A Journalist Tells of the Advantages of Keeping Nerviline Handy on the Shelf.

Fifty years ago Nerviline was used from coast to coast, and in thousands of houses this trusty liniment served the entire family, cured all their minor ills and kept the doctor's bill small. Today Nerviline still holds first rank in Canada among pain-relieving remedies—scarcely a home you can find that doesn't use it.

From Port Hope, Ont., Mr. W. T. Greenaway, of the Guide newspaper staff, writes: "For twenty years we have used Nerviline in our home, and not for the world would we be without it. As a remedy for all pain, earache, toothache, cramps, headache, and disordered stomach I know of no preparation so useful and quick to relieve as Nerviline."

Let every mother give Nerviline a trial; it's good for children, good for old folks—you can rub it on as a liniment or take it internally.

Wherever there is pain, Nerviline will cure it. Refuse anything but Nerviline. Large family bottles, 50c; trial size, 25c., at all dealers, or The Catarrhozone Co., Buffalo, N. Y., and Kingston, Ont.

—Mr. T. H. Smallman, who has been ill with pneumonia for some days, continues to improve, and will be out of danger in a few days.

—Charles Alford, foreman of city hydro lineman, returned from a five weeks' visit to Scotland.

Johnstones' HAT SHOP

For Advanced Spring Styles

48u

CANVASSING MEMBERS FOR VOTES FOR WOMEN

Legislators Asked to Support the Bill of Mr. Whitesides.

[Canadian Press.]

Toronto, March 8.—Votes for women were persistently canvassed for among the members of the Legislature today at the Parliament Buildings. Dr. Margaret Gordon and Mrs. Flora McD. Denison, leaders of the Women Suffrage Movement, energetically endeavored to persuade the members to support the bill of T. R. Whitesides, M. P. P., providing that married women who are jointly assessed as owners with their husbands, may vote at municipal elections.

A LIVE ISSUE IS SCHOOL QUESTION

Catholics Call Conference on the Question as It Affects Manitoba.

Winnipeg, March 9.—A letter has been sent to all the Catholic priests of Manitoba by Jos. Troy, secretary of the recently-formed Catholic committee, of Winnipeg, inviting delegates from all parishes to the meeting called for Wednesday, March 13, here, to discuss the new school question as constituted in the proposed boundary extension of the province. The letter quotes the text of the resolution passed by the Catholic meeting of last week, and says:

"You are aware that a boundary bill extending the boundaries of Manitoba northward will shortly be introduced in the Parliament of Canada in Ottawa.

"You are aware that Catholics have now the right to have separate schools in the new territory about to be added to this province.

"You know that, according to the reports printed in the newspapers, and from the text of the resolution introduced by the Premier, Right Hon. R. L. Borden, that a bill is about to be introduced without any clause providing for separate schools.

"You know from newspaper reports that Catholics in Saskatchewan and in Quebec, as well as in other parts of Canada, have in meeting assembled passed resolutions praying that an educational clause shall be inserted in the boundary bill, so as to perpetuate our right to have separate schools in this new territory for all time.

"You are doubtless aware that these petitions are now being forwarded to the Government and to the individual members and senators of both Houses at Ottawa.

FREIGHT RATE INQUIRY

Railway Commission and Counsel Decide What System Must Tell.

[Canadian Press.]

Ottawa, March 8.—The inquiry into western freight rates, which the railway commission and a large array of counsel representing the Dominion Government, the Provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta, and the various railroads interested, are to be engaged on for the next few months, got off to a start this morning, when the question as to what matter the roads are to furnish the Government for the purposes of the inquiry was taken up and settled.

The most common cause of insomnia is disorders of the stomach. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets correct these disorders and enable you to sleep. For sale by all dealers. 4

SMALLPOX IN COLLEGE.

Montreal, March 8.—Twenty-five cases of smallpox are reported in the college at Rigaud. All the patients were unvaccinated, notwithstanding the law to the contrary. The college has been quarantined, and the remainder of the boys vaccinated. The provincial board of health received a private report from a doctor who was called in to attend a scholar, the brothers managing the school being ignorant of his complaint. Not till then were the other cases discovered.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures

All Spring Humors and Ailments.

It Purifies, Enriches and Revitalizes the Blood, Strengthens the Nerves, Aids Digestion, Creates Appetite and Builds up the Whole System.

peculiar to itself in its wonderful Hood's Sarsaparilla has made itself who thousands of constant friends purifying, strength-giving properties every year.

Keeps All in Health—"We have used Hood's Sarsaparilla as a spring medicine for years, and it has worked wonders in our family, keeping us all in perfect health." Lulu Schneuker, 93 Perry St., Woodstock, Ont.

Laughs With Joy! No More Indigestion

MONTREAL MAN SO ILL, THOUGHT HE WOULD DIE OF STOMACH DISORDERS.



Just read what Mr. Larose says of the curative powers of Dr. Hamilton's Pills:

"I suffered from dyspepsia and indigestion for five years. I suffered so much that I could hardly attend to my work. I was weak and lost all courage. I enjoyed no rest until I decided to follow your treatment. To my great surprise I immediately began to feel better. I am now using the second box of Dr. Hamilton's Pills and I feel so well that I want to tell you that I owe this great change to your famous pills. I recommend Dr. Hamilton's Pills to every person who is suffering from dyspepsia. Your grateful servant D. R. Larose, 338 Joliette St., Montreal, P. Q.

All who have weak stomachs, and those who suffer with indigestion, headaches, billousness, can be perfectly cured by Dr. Hamilton's Pills Successfully used for many years mild and safe, 25c per box, all dealers, or The Catarrhozone Co., Kingston, Ont.

The Province Builders

"Progressives" of Forest and Thedford Are Helping to Make a New County Out of an Old One.

A STRIKING OBJECT LESSON IN FRUIT GROWING



A MAP OF LAMBTON COUNTY DONE IN RED, GREEN AND YELLOW APPLES, RECENTLY EXHIBITED AT TORONTO. THE DESIGN IS THE WORK OF MR. S. E. TODD, AGRICULTURAL EXPERT FOR LAMBTON COUNTY. THE FRUIT FORMING THE EXHIBIT WAS ALL GROWN IN LAMBTON.

THEDFORD ROUSED BY "THE LIVE ONES"

"Adapt the Crops to the Soil" Is the Watchword That Is Winning Fortunes.

CELERY BY THE CARLOAD

District Bids Fair to Rival Kalamazoo's Reputation—The Increase in Land Prices.

[By The Advertiser Commissioner.]

Thedford, March 8.—Up in the northern part of Lambton County, just back of the sandhills that fringe the "elbow" of lake Huron lies Thedford, a community of live wires. There is nothing particularly striking about the place to a chance visitor. One must get acquainted with some of the people before realizing the points which differentiate this little town from any one of a dozen others which dot the Ontario landscape. After a few minutes' conversation with a leading citizen the difference becomes apparent.

Every business man and citizen of standing has elected himself a member of the boosters' club. Furthermore they all manifest a disposition to get behind the wagon and push. The glad hand is extended to the investigator who wants to be shown, and "knockers" are conspicuous by their absence.

May Grow Anything.

What is still better, these men have the goods with which to back up their contentions. Within a circle of five miles radius, taking Thedford as a centre, there is probably a greater variety of agricultural land than can be found anywhere in the province. There are lands adapted to general agriculture, other sections specially fitted for early vegetables, high sandy lands on which peaches and tobacco ourish, and beds of muck in which is grown celery which surpasses even the famous Kalamazoo product. The soil varies from a light sandy loam in some places to peaty bog land in others.

This state of affairs is largely due to the peculiar formation of the district. Along the lake shore is a belt of fruit lands losing itself in gigantic

(Continued on Page Six.)

FRUIT KING SAYS A GREAT WORK

President Daniel Johnston, of Ontario Fruit Growers' Association, Commends Advertiser's Articles—The Fruit Outlook—No Danger of Overproduction—Lambton Has the Land and Wants the Right Men.

[By The Advertiser Commissioner.]

Forest, March 8.—"In opportunities for fruit growing this district is unsurpassed," said President Dan Johnston, of the Ontario Fruit Growers' Association, yesterday. Mr. Johnston is one of the largest fruit growers on the North American continent, and he has been in the business all his life. His father established on the shore of Lake Huron many years ago the first extensive apple orchard in this part of Ontario, and he and his brothers have since enlarged the business until they are now recognized as the fruit kings of the district. Their orchards now occupy more than eighty acres of land along the lake shore.

Orchards Have Gone Back.

"There is a great deal of talk to the effect that the fruit business is being overdone," said Mr. Johnston. "To appreciate the fallacy of such a contention it is only necessary to compare the statistics of the fruit business in Ontario today with those of ten years ago. Around here, where we hear every now and then of the planting of thousands of trees, it looks to some people as if the increased production of fruit must soon exceed the demand, but an examination of the facts proves that nothing could be farther from the truth. The figures of the Dominion census show that the number of trees in this province is actually less by 1,775,362 than was the case ten years ago. Peaches alone show an increase, there being 400,000 more trees in the province at the present day. Pears have decreased by 105,000 trees.

Fighting the San Jose Scale.

"This decrease has been due to several reasons, neglect of orchards and San Jose scale playing a large part. We have suffered much from it in past years. Now we have taken suitable precautions we need have no fear.

"Another cause which may have operated largely to produce this decrease is the drain to the west and the larger cities.

"There need be no fear of overproduction. Already we are looking forward to the time when we shall have to send practically all of our product to the growing cities of the West, which already form the principal market for fruit from this district.

Commends the Agitation.

"The value of publicity such as The Advertiser is giving this section cannot be too strongly commended. We may be able to see and talk to a few dozen people about the advantages of our district, but a daily newspaper talking as it does to thousands of people every day in the year can accomplish a vastly greater amount of good than any individual effort. And we have the facts here to warrant all the claims which have been made for Lambton County as a fruit centre. We have plenty of land. We only need the men to develop it properly."

Superior to Any Other Part of the World

The Brantford Expositor says: The London Advertiser has inaugurated a "Stay in Ontario" campaign, with a view of presenting the advantages of farm lines in this province and discouraging the trek to the west. Our contemporary has no difficulty in showing that Ontario has advantages superior to those possessed by any other part of the world.

The Port Arthur News says The London Advertiser's "Stay in Ontario" slogan is a good slogan.

REVIVAL FILLS EMPTY HOUSES

Quickening Power of the New Agriculture Has Put Forest on the Map.

THE BRICKLAYER IS BUSY

School, Library, New Factory and Bank Signs of a Certain Return to Prosperity.

[By The Advertiser Commisioner.]

Forest, March 8.—Forest recently had a revival. Not a religious revival, but a business revival, a revival of good times which have extended to life. It is the same story of unrest, of agricultural reawakening, of appreciation of heretofore neglected opportunities which has come into being all over Western Ontario, and which is helping to put a dozen towns on the map.

An Advertiser man recently visited Forest at the invitation of H. J. Pettypiece, of the Forest Free Press. The things he found showed an aroused enterprise, a loyalty to town and county, and a disposition to boost that might well be emulated by some larger communities. The leaders in the community have turned their eyes away from the allure of distant countries.

They have become inoculated with the "Stay in Ontario" germ and are pulling together for the home town, the home county and the home province. And the effect of this team work, backed up by the unsurpassed natural resources of the community, is making itself felt.

Empty Houses and Stores.

For many years Forest felt the ef-

(Continued on Page Six.)

"THE FINEST CELERY IN THE WORLD"

It Is Grown on Bed of Old Lake Burwell in the Thedford District.

AN ORDER FOR 14 CARS

Great Demand for All Kinds of Garden Truck—A Lucrative Existence for Tired Toilers.

[By The Advertiser Commissioner.]

Thedford, March 8.—Thedford and its vicinity are the places for the city man who is wearing himself out trying to make both ends meet, according to J. H. Powell, of this district. For sixteen years Mr. Powell has grown celery on the land reclaimed from old Lake Burwell by the Canada Land Company, and during this time he has made a thorough study of the country and its resources.

He has produced the largest celery gardens in Canada on land which his neighbors said would grow nothing but "blacksnakes and bullfrogs," and is confident that there are just as good chances awaiting other men who are willing to put brains and ambition into their work.

"There are good opportunities in celery-raising. To make a very conservative estimate any man should be able to get at least $150 per acre from a celery patch. Celery cannot be grown successfully everywhere, but here in the old lake bottom we have a bed of muck 16 feet deep which will retain its moisture when other land is baked dry. On it we can grow the finest celery in the world.

An Order for Fourteen Carloads.

"There is never any lack of demand for celery. Last year I shipped a carload to Montreal. That seemed like a big shipment, but the produce men wired back for fourteen more carloads just like it. We did not have it to give them. We could have sold unlimited quantities if we had the acreage and the men to crop it.

"Good as are the opportunities in this business, I think the best chance is along the line of general truck farming. I have often been asked by commission men for carloads of cabbages, beets, carrots and all other garden produce. Once I asked them what they could do with such quantities and was told, 'Why, feed it to people, of course.'

'There is the market, and as for the means of production, not every piece of land will grow celery, but we have here many acres which are ideal for such vegetables as those I have mentioned. The care of such plants is light work, and that is where the man with several children has his big chance. He can keep the youngsters busy all summer in the fields without overtaxing them, while he attends to other work. In this way he can take care of an acreage that would otherwise require the services of several hired hands.

Regained Health, Too.

"Best of all he is his own boss, and both he and his family are engaged in light, healthful work in the open air, getting back from the very soil the vigor and health which is too often the cost of the struggle for success in a large city. If he has the ability common to most men it is impossible for him to fail, and he will prolong his life and enjoy every added day of it. It is a great thing to get your nose away from the grindstone.

"The hailstorms so destructive to fruit and garden produce in some localities are almost unknown here. When the storms blow off the lake they are deflected by the protecting range of hills; the clouds go up into the higher strata of the atmosphere. They do not drop their load of hailstones until several miles inland. This fact alone is of untold advantage to the prospective market gardener. My honest opinion is that the man who cannot make good in this district cannot make good anywhere."

AS THE BOY SEES IT.

"Now, Willie," said the superintendent's little boy, adressing the blacksmith's little boy, who had come over for a frolic, "we'll play Sabbath school. You give me a nickle every Sunday for six months, then at Christmas I'll send you a ten cent bag of candy."—Woman' Home Companion.

ARTICLES SHOW WONDERFUL POSSIBILITIES OF DISTRICT; CREATING WIDE INTEREST

Brownsville Gentleman Calls Attention to Great Progress in His Section—Small Village, But Fine Houses Show a Striking Record of Progress.

To the Editor of The Advertiser.

Your articles, showing the wonderful agricultural possibilities of Western Ontario, have aroused a good deal of interest in this, the banner dairying district of the province.

You are to be congratulated on the excellent work you are doing, especially amongst the younger men, in demonstrating to them that they can do just as well right at home as they can by going to the much-vaunted and much-advertised "Far West."

In reading the article in your issue of March 16th, however, one is liable to get a wrong impression of the great dairy business of Oxford County.

Ingersoll and the St Charles Condensed Milk Company are not the only pebbles on the beach. No! There are quite sizeable rocks in South Oxford, and in Dereham Township in particular.

BROWNSVILLE TO THE FRONT.

Brownsville is a small village of less than 300 inhabitants, situated about 15 miles due south of Ingersoll; but it can show a record of business and prosperity fully equal to that of its larger neighbor.

Here there is a factory unique in the Dominion of Canada, employing nearly 30 hands, and manufacturing powdered milk. In 1911 the company purchased from the farmers of this district over twelve and a half million pounds of milk at a cost of nearly $200,000 Their largest patron receives from his herd considerably over $6,000 per annum.

Many of the farmers live in fine brick houses, which would be a credit to any of the streets of the residential streets of Ingersoll, or of any of Canada's large cities. Their barns and farm buildings are not surpassed, if indeed they are equalled, by those of any other township of Ontario.

IMMENSE CROPS OF CORN.

Regarding silos, from your article one would be led to infer that these, especially these built of concrete, are a new departure in farming. Now, sir, this is not the case. There have been silos in this district for many years; some of them are old enough to have grown whiskers. One farmer has no less than four on his farm, and as for corn, it is an education to drive along the Dereham road in the early fall, and see the immense crops of corn standing in the fields waiting for the reaper to come and gather it in.

There is also a large condensed milk factory at Tillsonburg, only six miles away, and innumerable cheese factories and creameries within a radius of six miles from the prosperous little village of Brownsville are a standing monument to the enormous amount of dairy farming carried on in this portion of the county, known as South Oxford.

Yours very truly
SEEJAY

Brownsville, March 7.

TOBACCO EXPERIMENTERS CONFUTE THEIR CRITICS

Dr. Grant, of Thedford, Believes Cultivation of Fragrant Weed Practical in Lambton.

[By The Advertiser Commissioner.]

Forest, March 8.—Progressive farmers see a great future for tobacco-growing in Lambton County. Messrs. Rawlings and Van Valkenburg, businessmen of Thedford, and Dr. A. J. Grant and Mr. Woodhull, of Thedford, last year experimented with the plant and gained results so favorable that numbers of others are going into the business this year.

Dr. Grant's story of his experiments follows:

"Although the past season was particularly unfavorable for the production of good tobacco owing to the early frosts we got, 3,530 pounds from our little patch of two and one-half acres. The plants were planted between trees in a young peach orchard. The actual cost for labor on this patch would amount to about $100, including the cost of the young plants, and we sold the product at 10 cents per pound for $350. This, by the way, is a very low price, but as it is we cleaned up a net profit of about $250. If a man living in town can do this as a side line what could be done by a man living on the land, who is willing to throw the whole sum of his energy into the work. Next year I will plant at least five acres."

Buy Land for Peaches.

Dr. Grant is also an enthusiastic believer in the future of peach growing in the vicinity of Thedford. As secretary of the board of trade he leaves no stone unturned to advertise the advantages of the community, and he has backed up his convictions by buying a tract of land formerly considered almost worthless and planting it to peach trees.

Between the rows he raises tobacco and tomatoes.

"When I bought that land I was called a fool by a man who had lived in the neighborhood all his life," said Dr. Grant. "I was told that it was nothing but sand, and would blow away with the first windstorm. But I kept on, planted my trees, and last summer I had the satisfaction of showing my critic a fine young orchard and one of the best crops of tobacco a man could wish to see. People thought I was foolish to attempt tobacco raising, but before the summer was over there were between 75 and 80 people gazing at the crop on any Sunday afternoon. It was a source of wonder to half the community that anything good could be made to grow on that land."

A visit to Dr. Grant's orchard bears out his judgement. Although only one year old his trees show as much growth as those in less-favored localities would do in two. Some of them stand four feet from the ground.

PROSPERITY IN PEACHES.

Some idea of what can be done in scientific fruit growing in Western Ontario can be gained from the following example:

A man living between Forest and Thedford began to grow peaches about seven years ago. At that time he was on a rented farm and had not one cent to his name. Now he owns the farm, and last year was reported to have banked more than $2,000 from the proceeds of his ten acres of trees. The name is withheld by request.

BUILDING BANKS.

An indication of the effect of the revival of agriculture in Western Ontario is found in the fact that of the three chartered banks of Forest one has remodelled its premises at considerable cost, another is now engaged in similar operations and the third is erecting a new building at a cost of $10,000.

MORE PUBLICITY.

An envelope designed by H. J. Pettypiece, editor of the Forest Free Press, bearing on the reverse side an article entitled "100 Words About Forest, Ont.," is being adopted by business men.

The Thedford Board of Trade has issued several hundred envelopes and folders advertising the advantages of that community.

English Hair Grower

American Rights Secured for New Drug

CRYSTOLIS

Grows Hair an Inch Long in 30 Days Stops Falling Hair, Dandruff and Itching Scalp, Restores Grey and Faded Hair to Natural Color and Brilliancy

CUT OFF FREE COUPON AND MAIL TODAY

Here's good news for the man who vainly tries to plaster a few scanty locks over "that bald spot."

Good news for the woman whose hair is falling, whose locks are too scanty to properly pin up her false hair.

Good news for both men and women who find a handful of hair in their combs every morning. For men and women growing gray before their time.

Good news for all with itching, burning scalps, with dandruff, with any and all forms of hair and scalp trouble.

The Creslo Laboratories, 467 C street, Binghamton, N. Y., have secured the exclusive American rights for Crystolis, the famous English hair treatment.

Crystolis is a household word in Europe, where it is acclaimed "the most marvellous scientific discovery for promoting hair growth." It has won gold medals at Paris and Brussels.

Better yet it has won the warmest words of praise from those who have been fortunate enough to test its remarkable qualities.

Crystolis has been tried out in America for over a year now. Hundreds of men and women from every state unhesitatingly hail it as a true hair grower.

Here is a statement of just a few of those who have tried—who have been convinced—and who will swear to the virtues of this marvellous preparation:

Mr. Kelly, of Memphis, bald for 30 years, says: "My head is now covered with hair nearly an inch long; friends simply astounded."

Mrs. Evans, of Chicago, writes: "Since using Crystolis can report new hair an inch long coming in thickly all over my head."

Mr. Macklain, of St. Louis, reports: "One treatment made my hair two inches longer."

Mr. Morse, of Boston, declares: "I lost my hair eighteen years ago. Have used less than one treatment. My head is now entirely covered with a thick growth of hair of natural color. No more itchings, no more falling hair, no more dandruff."

Mr. Boyd, of Chicago, says: "My bald spot was as shiny as a peeled onion. It is now all covered with thick, new hair. The grayness is also disappearing."

Mr. Mourer, of Cleveland, declares: Crystolis is the only thing which actually grows hair."

Mrs. Morris, of Philadelphia, writes after only three weeks' use: "I can see new hair in plenty, and it is now a half inch long."

Lewis Nuff says: "New hair began to grown in ten days after beginning the treatment."

Mrs. Jackson, of New York, writes: "My hair stopped falling the first week. No more itching scalp, and hair coming in fast."

Mr. Arnott, of Cleveland, reports: "Itching scalp stopped the second day, dandruff gone, no more falling hair."

Mrs. Rose, of Rock Island, writes: "Was almost wild for five years with itching scalp. Two or three applications of Crystolis stopped this. Now I have a fine new growth of hair."

You may be acquainted with some of these people or some of your friends may know them. Write us and we can give you the full address so that you can prove every statement.

But the best way to prove it without the risk of a penny, just what Crystolis will do in your own individual case, is to cut out the free coupon below and mail it today.

This invitation is open to bald-headed people, wig wearers, to men and women with falling hair, prematurely gray hair, dry hair, brittle hair, stringy hair, greasy hair, matted hair, dandruff, itching scalp or any and all forms of scalp and hair trouble. Don't lay this paper aside until you have mailed the free coupon to the Creslo Laboratories, 467 C street, Binghamton, N. Y. Write your name and address plainly.

Free Coupon

The Creslo Laboratories,
467 C. street,
Binghamton, N. Y.

I am a reader of The London Advertiser. Prove to me, without expense, that Crystolis stops falling hair, grows new hair, banishes dandruff and itching scalps and restores gray and faded hair to natural color. Write your name and address plainly and PIN THIS COUPON TO YOUR LETTER.

THE SUFFRAGETTES RIOT IN PRISON

Handcuffs Had To Be Used in Order to Subdue Some of Them.

BREAKING PRISON RULES

The Ringleaders in the Disturbance Have Been Placed in Solitary Confinement.

London, March 8.—The women arrested for suffragette outrages, and who have been sentenced to hard labor, are causing all sorts of trouble in Holloway Prison. It is stated that a practical riot broke out.

The women are very angry over the sentences of hard labor imposed upon them, and are determined to let the authorities know of their feelings.

The women are breaking the prison rules whenever they get the opportunity, and when they were ordered into the robing-room to remove their clothing and take the customary bath they revolted. The muscular women attendants of the prison attempted to compel the suffragettes to carry out the rules and a riot started. The disturbance is declared to be the greatest in the recent history of the prison. Two of the wardresses were badly handled, and had most of their clothes torn from their backs, and fetters had to be brought into use to bring the imprisoned women to order.

Another disturbance occurred when the suffragette leaders were ordered to the workroom to sew bags. A signal was given, and all the suffragettes jumped up from their seats, and in a short time the whole room was in an uproar. The attendants, however, finally regained control of the situation.

The suffragettes were returned to their cells, and shortly afterward the prison governor ordered all of the ringleaders in the disturbance placed in solitary confinement, where, it is understood, they still are.

Solitary confinement is extremely severe under the rules of Holloway Prison. The solitary cells are underground, and are very dismal places. suffragettes was well illustrated by Mrs. Eleanor Jacobs, wife of W. W. Jacobs, the writer of humorous stories. Mrs. Jacobs told Magistrate Fordham, who sentenced her yesterday to one month at hard labor, that she broke windows because she considered it her duty as the mother of five children.

"It is the only way we can protest against the action, or rather the inaction, of the Government," she said.

The magistrate was so astonished that he thought Mrs. Jacobs' mind must be affected, and he offered to postpone the case for eight days in order that she might be examined as to her sanity.

"My mind is quite sound," said Mrs. Jacobs. "I have done my duty to my children for 12 years, and I think that my daughters, when they grow up, should have equal rights and responsibilities with my sons."

NEW BILL OF LADING FOR THE LIVE STOCK

Commission Settles Differences Between Companies and Shippers.

Ottawa, March 8.—The new live stock bill of lading contract is almost ready to submit to the railway commission for approval, and when completed will contain many valuable concessions to the shippers on the part of the railway companies. On Feb. 24 a meeting was held at Toronto, at which there were present Col. McCrae, chairman of the shippers' committe; J. E. Walsh, secretary; A. K. Cowan and Peter White, counsel for the shippers; the C. P. R., C. N. R., G. T. Pacific and Michigan Central being represented, respectively, by Messrs. Beatty, Phippen, Biggar and Torrance. Considerable progress was made toward a satisfactory settlement, but some contentious clauses still remained.

This afternoon these gentlemen met at the Russell Hotel, and still further progress was made. A number of important modifications were made with regard to the responsibility of the carriers in the new contract. The main issues from the railway standpoint were questions of limiting the liability of carriers with regard to stock, and also with regard to the man in charge. The companies insisted upon limiting the value of stock to so much a car, while the shippers did not consider that there should be any limitation. If an animal were killed or injured the railway should pay for it according to its value. The companies again insisted upon absolute release from liability in case of accidents to the man in charge of cattle on the ground that he is carried free. The shippers, on the other hand, are not prepared to subscribe to this. When a man is killed in his car the railway, they claim, should be responsible.

These differences of opinion have, it is stated, been practically overcome, and a satisfactory bill of lading to all concerned will be submitted at an early date.

Elgin County Presents Claims For Advertiser Reawakening Movement

Corn Growers Won First Prize at Tilbury, Though Credit Was Given to Essex County.

To the Editor of The Advertiser.

I have noticed at different times in The Advertiser very interesting articles on Essex County, Middlesex County, etc.

Our association is very anxious to give West Lorne, and in fact Elgin County as a whole, the publicity due her, in view of her recent winnings in corn and other grain competitions at Guelph, Ottawa, and Tilbury. (Corn grown in this vicinity winning first prize at the Tilbury Corn Show, though evidently credited to Essex County by several reporters.)

The writer will be glad to assist you in procuring any interesting information regarding our town or county. We understand you have a large subscription list here who would thus be interested. Please command me if I can be of any service in this connection.

Yours very truly.
HUGH A. CARMICHAEL
Corresponding Secretary of the West Lorne Industrial Association.
Coresponding Secretary

Your First Consideration Should be to Place Your Money Where Safety Is Assured.

There are many unscrupulous promoters, who with enticing words or attractive advertisements, are offering bonds, stocks and other investment ventures which are of questionable value. These should not be considered. Your money should be safe beyond a doubt.

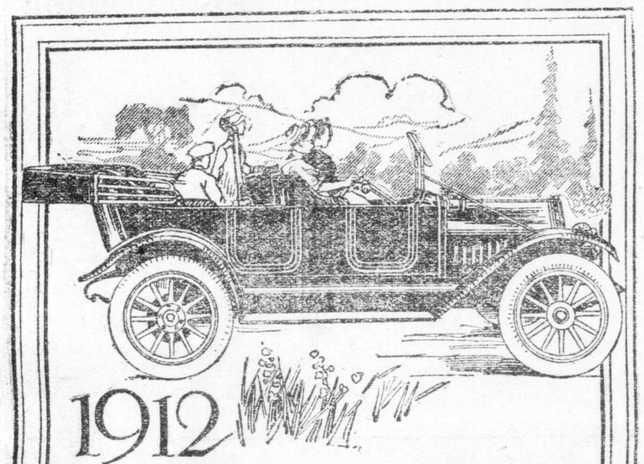
A Savings Account at This Strong Old Bank Is a Sure Investment

You know just what the income from it will be—when you will get it—and the principal is available at any time. You have no worry—no bother. It takes but a few minutes to start a Savings Account at any of our Branches. Any amount will do for your first deposit, and we will add interest to your account every six months.

The Bank of Toronto

FOUR OFFICES IN LONDON:

Corner King and Richmond Streets—J. Pringle, Manager.
Corner Dundas and Adelaide Streets—F. D. Copeland, Mgr.
Corner Richmond and John Streets—S. C. Houston, Manager
Corner Dundas and Talbot Streets—J. C. McDonald, Mgr.

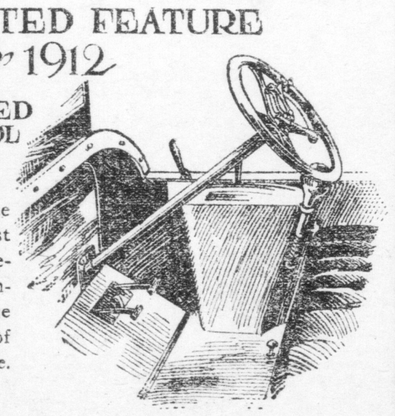


1912 McLAUGHLIN

THE dependability of the manufacturer is more to be trusted than the cleverest arguments of the salesman. That is why the cautious purchaser of an automobile places more reliance on the reputation of the McLaughlin car and its makers than on the most glowing promises of a salesman, however well they may be founded. Your future satisfaction demands that your choice be a McLaughlin-Buick.

PATENTED FEATURE *for 1912*

ENCLOSED CONTROL



This is one of the greatest single improvements ever embodied in the construction of an automobile.

It brings the brake and control levers to the most convenient position, without chafing or interfering with the movements of the driver's limbs.

McLaughlin Carriage Co., Limited
OSHAWA, ONTARIO.

LONDON BRANCH—Bathurst and Richmond Streets
M. C. ROSE, Manager. 17

ARCHITECTS.

REMOVAL — GEORGE CRADDOCK, architect, 461 Talbot street.

H. C. McBRIDE, ARCHITECT—SIXTH floor, Bank of Toronto Chambers.

WILLIAM G. MURRAY, ARCHITECT, 111 (first floor) Masonic Temple. Phone 1557.

SLATE ROOFING.

SLATE, GRAVEL AND CEMENT roofer—Paint for iron roofs. Walter Scott, 606 York street.

STOCK BROKERS.

WANTED—LONDON LOAN SHARES or rights. John Wright, stockbroker, 437 Richmond street, London. Phone 693.

INSURANCE.

P. M. MILLMAN
INSURANCE AGENT.
Archibald McPherson Insurance
AGENCY.
E. J. MacRobert Insurance
Agency. Phones 745 and 1600.
Office, 107 Masonic Temple.
Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance.

G. M. GUNN & SON (GEORGE C. Gunn)—We insure automobiles against fire and accident. Next Free Press.

DENTAL CARDS.

DR. GEO. H. KENNEDY, DENTIST, 169½ Dundas street. Phone 975.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Meet the Increased Cost of Living by Increasing the Yield of Your Capital

The increased cost of living has caused many to seek investments, which, while perfectly sound, and proven to be absolutely safe, yet yield a much larger return on the capital.

If your savings are drawing three per cent interest at some bank, consider how much money you are making for somebody else every day you leave it there. Your bank has millions of dollars of assets, made up entirely of the savings of thrifty people.

Why not invest this money yourself where it will make you many times the interest that you are now getting?

The road to affluence and comfort, from the time of ancient history till today, has been, in the great majority of cases, by way of sound real estate investments.

Don't take our word for it—LOOK AROUND and see for yourself.

Think of all the wealthy men you know in the world. You will find that over 90% of them built up their fortunes on a foundation of real estate.

As land is the basis of ALL WEALTH, it could not be otherwise.

Every improvement in the arts and sciences, every invention of any kind, every increase in the world's population, every advancement in the modes of living—all progress of whatever kind increases the value of land.

Are you going to be one of those who PAY FOR THIS INCREASE?

Or are you going to be one who will REAP THE BENEFITS?

You probably would like to be one of the reapers, but you think on account of your small capital you are out of this running.

Just there is where you make your mistake.

For a small payment down you can secure one or more lots in our western cities, where there is immense development that is making fortunes faster than they were ever made before because of the tremendously rapid increases in the value of land.

IF YOU HAVE TEN DOLLARS and can make monthly payments, or IF YOU HAVE TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS and can save twenty-five more in six months, we can put you on the road to prosperity.

If you want to be free; if you want to provide for yourself or your family, get started now.

Ask about the investments we are offering in WINNIPEG, REGINA, MOOSE JAW and other western points.

Ask our clients what we have done for them, then come in and talk it over with us. It will be time well spent.

Western Canada Realty Co.
169 Dundas Street, London.

EDUCATIONAL.

PUPILS PREPARED FOR MATRICULATION, civil service, etc. J. A. Young, 379 Princess avenue.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

THE WHETTER ESTATE,

On the Pere Marquette Railway and next to Chelsea Green, South London, will sell the following lands: One 5-acre field, Wellington road; one 3-acre field, on Pere Marquette Railway; one 6½-acre field, sand and gravel pit; one 15-acre field, with outbuildings; 100 40-foot lots, on new survey, corner Wellington and Thompson roads, cement sidewalk, electric light. There being no incumbrance of any kind on this property, easy terms can be made with the proprietor. H. FRANK WHETTER, Division Court Clerk, 668½ Dundas street east. Phone 1704. 49k-t

FOR SALE

6 C.—King street; two-story double brick, 9 rooms, 4 bedrooms, modern; lot 50x96; some fruit; $4,500.

1 C.—Kent street; two-story solid brick, 15 rooms, 7 bedrooms, with attic; modern; $4,100.

43 B.—Wharncliffe road north; one-story frame, 8 rooms, 4 bedrooms; barn, with granary, lot 52x400, fruit trees. Will exchange for five acres in London West. $2,000.

34 B.—Ridout street; two-story brick, 9 rooms, 3 bedrooms; modern; small lot; $2,700.

30 B.—Oxford street; new red pressed brick, 9 rooms, den and 3 bedrooms; modern; small lot; $3,500.

26 B. — Piccadilly street; 1¾-story frame, 10 rooms, 4 bedrooms, gas and water; lot 50x110; $2,000.

56 A.—Trafalgar street, London Township, near cars; two-story brick, 9 rooms, 4 bedrooms, barn, stable, carriage house, and chicken house, wired for hydro; lot 75x163; $1,500.

51 A.—Euclid avenue; 1½-story brick veneer house 18x40, 8 rooms, 3 bedrooms, modern except furnace; small lot; $1,700.

35 A.—Bruce street; 1½-story frame, 8 rooms, 3 bedrooms; lot 45x64; $1,400.

61 B.—Tecumseh avenue; 1½-story solid brick, 9 rooms, 3 large bedrooms; modern; lot 27x216; $2,500.

Call and see our large list of city and suburban properties. Also see today's Free Press.

The Western Real Estate Exchange, Limited
78 Dundas Street, London, Ontario.
Phone 696. JAMES BURROWS.

BUSINESS CARDS.

GOOTSON & CO., 30 MAITLAND street, London—Wholesale and retail dealers in all kinds of junk, scrap iron, waste paper, rubber, second-hand and fancy pipes, etc. Branches: London and Glencoe. Phone 3425. tf-t

PERKINS & SON, LONDON'S LEADING livery formerly Dyer Bros., Dundas street, next The Advertiser. Phone 1377.

ELECTROPLATING — NICKEL OUR specialty. Special attention given automobile work. C. E. Beltz, 94 Carling street. Phone 363.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. R. C. BARKLIE, GRADUATE Osteopath, member and director Toronto Osteopathic Association (chartered). Offices and residence, 505 Talbot street. Phone 2565. Seven years' success natural methods. Excellent modern electro-therapeutic equipment.

DR. MARIE H. HARKINS, DR. REBECCA Harkins—Graduates American School of Osteopathy, St. George Apartments, south court, ground floor, Wellington street. Phone 1560.

DR. A. F. BROWN, GRADUATE UNDER the founder at Kirksville, Mo. 289 Queen's avenue. Phone 3662.

DR. H. V. CATON, GRADUATE OSTEOPATH, class of 1900; post-graduate, 1903. Eight years' practice in London. 570 Richmond street. Telephone 1573.

E. S. DETWILLER, D.O., GRADUATE American School of Osteopathy, 225 Queen's. Phone 3373.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

MISS E. NOBLE, VOCAL AND PIANO teacher. Pupils prepared for exams. Studio: Heintzman's Warerooms. Telephone 3135. zxt

JAS. CRESSWELL, MUSICAL DIRECTOR Grand Opera House—Violin, band and orchestral instruments. 498 King. zxt

MISS JEAN WALKER, TEACHER OF elocution. Concert engagements accepted. Studio, 242 Dundas street. t

MR. CHARLES E. WHEELER HAS resumed his classes. Piano, organ, harmony, counterpoint and singing Studio, 429 Waterloo street.

THE LONDON MALE QUARTETTE—Concert engagements. Phone 3336. Floyd McPhail, 9 Grafton street.

CHINESE LAUNDRIES.

LEE HING LAUNDRY COMPANY, 485 Richmond. Phone 1344. Goods called for and delivered. Our prices are very lowest that we can do first-class work for. Try first-class laundry. xt

SAM JOHN LAUNDRY, 344½ DUNDAS, telephone 3540—Best work guaranteed. Shirts 8c, collars 2c, cuffs 4c, blouses 13c, two for 25c, dresses 35c.

CHIROPRACTIC.

D. C. Parsons
Graduate of Palmer School of Chiropractic, Davenport, Iowa.
Consultation and Examination Free.
Hours 2 to 5 and 7 to 8 p.m.
426 KING STREET. zxt PHONE 1775

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. W. J. STEVENSON, 389 DUNDAS Street.—Specialty: Diseases of women and surgery. 'Phone 510.

DR. HUGH A. STEVENSON, 391 DUNDAS Street.—Special attention X-ray. 'Phone 127.

F. L. BURDON, M.D., L.R.C.P. and S. (Edinburgh)—Special attention diseases women, children. Office and residence, 461 Waterloo street. Phone 258.

D. HUTCHEON HOGG, M.D., C.M.—Surgical cases. Corner York and Talbot streets.

DR. SEPTIMUS THAMPSON, 443 PARK avenue, corner Queen's. Eye, ear, nose, throat.

DR. J. CAMERON WILSON, 260 Queen's avenue. Phone 266. Diseases of children, and orthopaedic surgery.

DR. F. P. DRAKE—SPECIALTY, DISEASES of stomach and digestive system. Office, 371 Wellington street.

DR. PINGEL — OFFICE, 316 QUEEN'S avenue, London. X-ray specialist.

DR. E. PARDEE BUCKE, 207 QUEEN'S avenue. Eye, ear, nose and throat.

R. W. SHAW, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND M.R. C.S. (England), 297 King. Phone 839.

DR. NORMAN R. HENDERSON, CORNER Park and Dufferin. Eye, ear, nose, throat.

DR. McLELLAN — EYE, EAR, NOSE throat. Hours, 10 to 4, 6 to 7:30. Sunday by appointment only. 564 Richmond.

DR. G. L. CLARKE—EYE, EAR, NOSE and throat. 394 Dundas street.

J. B. CAMPBELL, M.A., M.D.—SPECIALTY, diseases stomach. Hours, 2-4, 7-8, and appointment.

DR. MEEK, QUEEN'S AVENUE — Specialty, diseases of women. Hours, 10 to 2.

HOUSES, ROOMS, TO LET.

TO RENT — WELL - FURNISHED house, near park, rent moderate, modern conveniences. Box 44, Advertiser. b

TO RENT—4½ ACRES AND COMFORTABLE brick house on the Pipe Line road, first house west of Wonderland Park; 2 acres of raspberries. Street cars pass the property. Suitable for market garden. Apply Bayly & Bayly, barristers, London. 49k tywt

SEVEN-ROOM COTTAGE — FIVE MINUTES from postoffice, Queen's avenue, south side. Apply S. W. Abbott, McCormick Manufacturing Company. 49u

HOUSE TO LET — ON HELLMUTH avenue, furnished or unfurnished; all modern conveniences. Address Box 39, Advertiser. 49c tyt

NICE, WARM, FURNISHED ROOMS, single or double. 285 Queen's avenue. b

SOLID BRICK HOUSE — MODERN — 8 rooms;44 Stanley street. Apply 72 Byron avenue. 49c tyw

TO LET—TWO COTTAGES, HALF acre of land each, St. James street east; possession at once. Apply 506 Piccadilly street. 45tf

GOOD FRAME COTTAGE, 959 COLBORNE; cellar, six rooms, chicken coop, half acre of ground; several fruit trees. Apply 641 Richmond. 45tf

BRICK COTTAGE, 452 OXFORD—POSSESSION, April 1. Apply in rear, John X. Logan. 45c-ywt

TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, EMERY street, near Traction line; water inside, gas. Apply 139 Duchess. 41c-wtt

TO RENT, IN THE NORTH PART OF city—Well-furnished home (8 rooms), all modern conveniences, including phone; rent reasonable to right party. Address Box 18, this office. 43tf

ON MOVING DAY REMEMBER "DAY, the Mover." H. F. Day, Ideal Moving Van. Residence, 867 Wellington street; phone 2887. Office, 90 King.

BIGGS' FURNITURE STORAGE
Clean and Dry. Terms Reasonable.

The Forest City Moving Vans
Phone 1162. 97 Carling Street.

ALEX. HENDERSON'S MOVING VANS —Largest in city. Good storage. 356 Cheapside. Phone 1724.

AGENTS WANTED.

A MONEY PROPOSITION — DO YOU want to own a mail order business—be independent — your own boss? Would you manage an agency for me in your vicinity or elsewhere? All printed matter furnished for one-half the profits. Write for particulars. Hazen A. Horton, Desk 382, Tekonsha, Mich. b

AGENTS, STOP RIGHT HERE—SOMETHING new; $45 to $90 a week; sells on sight; 100% profit; no charge for territory; new automatic razor sharpener, absolutely guaranteed for life; Wingo made $1,080 profit, six weeks; Stevenson selling 30 daily; over quarter million satisfied customers; only device that hones and sharpens any razor, old style or safety; phenomenal money-maker; men everywhere are excited over the mysterious accuracy and perfection of this little machine; write today for full details, free; we want 1,000 agents in exclusive territory at once. Address The Never-Fail Company, 1321 Colton building, Toledo, O. P

DERMATOLOGY.

BUTLER'S, 235 DUNDAS — HAIR goods, hairdressing, face and scalp treatment. Superfluous hair removed.

MISS BEATTIE, GRADUATE GRAHAM Dermatological School, Chicago—Superfluous hair, moles, warts, permanently removed. Chiropody and manicuring. Room 214, Masonic Temple.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. H. Bartram, 99 Dundas street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY H. J. Childs, druggist, 632 Dundas.

LAND NEAR FOREST FOR $500 AN ACRE

Four Acres Purchased By J. T. Wilson for Fruit and Vegetable Growing.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Forest, March 9.—J. T. Wilson sold today to C. P. Ouellette, of Forest, four acres adjoining the town, for $2,000, or $500 per acre, for fruit and vegetable growing. The advertising boom, in which The Advertiser is giving great help, is already doing good.

J. Dunn, Strathroy, and F. H. Loring, St. David, are here securing acreage for tomatoes for the Dominion Canners. About 500 acres will be put in.

A carload of tobacco will be shipped from Forest to Granby, Que., on Monday. The crop has been a success here.

GLENCOE WON

Defeated Bothwell Hockey Team in a Well-Contested Game.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Bothwell, March 9.—About 75 persons from Bothwell attended the hockey match played in Chatham between Bothwell and Glencoe last evening. The score resulted 3 to 2 in favor of Glencoe.

Mrs. (Rev.) M. P. Campbell visited friends in Glencoe yesterday.

Wm. Dell, of Chatham, was a Bothwell visitor recently.

Mrs. (Dr.) Atcheson was the guest of friends in Thamesville recently.

Alex. McPhail was a Glencoe visitor yesterday.

Jarvis Johnston has shipped a carload of horses to the Northwest.

TILLSONBURG.

Tillsonburg, March 9.—Mrs. L. P. Davis and daughters, of St. Thomas, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. McCollom.

Rev. J. J. Brown was a Toronto visitor recently.

Mr. Ira Hayward, of Corinth, was here yesterday.

Mr. Alex. Rogers, of Guelph, spent a few days recently with relatives here.

The funeral of Monte Matheson, held from St. Mary's Church here, was largely attended.

Rev. Father Gnam, of Ingersoll, as personal friend of deceased, preached a very eloquent and impressive sermon, while the choir was assisted by Mr. Gregg and Mrs. Butler, of St. Thomas, and Mr. Callaghan, of Ingersoll. Interment took place in the family plot at Norwich.

Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Hewer have returned from a visit at Woodstock.

Mr. Owen McNally and daughter, of Norwich, were Tillsonburg visitors recently.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Banberry, of Zenda, were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Pearce.

Thomas Goodyer, of Woodstock, was the guest of his brother recently.

Miss Flossie Malcolm was the guest of friends at Woodstock recently.

Mrs. L. W. Dobbie is spending a few days with friends at Toronto.

Miss Margaret Thompson has returned from a month's visit with relatives in Toronto.

If you have trouble in getting rid of your cold you may know that you are not treating it properly. There is no reason why a cold should hang on for weeks, and it will not if you take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. For sale by all dealers 2

City of London

Tenders for Repairing Watering Carts

Sealed proposals, addressed to the "Chairman and Members Number Three Committee," will be received at the office of the City Clerk until 5 p.m. on Wednesday, March 13, 1912, for the repairing of the city watering carts.

Each tender to be accompanied by a marked check for ten per cent (10%) of the amount of the bid.

Each bidder shall name a lump sum for the above work, and make his tender on the form furnished by the City Engineer.

Specifications covering the above work may be seen at the office of the City Engineer.

The city reserves the right to reject any or all bids and to accept any bid.

W. D. I. WRIGHT,
Chairman No. 3 Committee.
GEO. W. WRIGHT,
City Engineer.

M.9,11,12.

Debentures for Sale

Tenders, addressed to the "City Treasurer," and marked "Tender for Debentures," will be received up to 4 o'clock p.m. on Monday, March 18, 1912, for the purchase of the whole or any part of issues of debentures of the City of London, Ont., amounting to $203,500.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Full particulars, together with official forms of tender, can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

ALD. J. G. RICHTER,
Chairman Finance Committee.
JAMES S. BELL,
City Treasurer.
London, Ont., March 6, 1912. b

AUCTION SALES.

HORSES

Draft Express Drivers Farm

Auction Every Wednesday

Private Sales Every Day.

Auctioneers:
W. ALMAS and J. K. McEWEN.

Best facilities for handling stock. All railroads at barn doors; no driving through streets. Phone us on your arrival and we will send our auto to meet you.

Union Stock Yards of Toronto, Limited
Horse Dept.

W. W. SUTHERLAND, In Office. J. H. ASHCROFT, JUN., Manager.

"The place to buy them worth the money."
M 9 16 23 30

Auction Sale

Farm Stock, Implements, etc. John Turnbull, auctioneer, will sell for Mr. W. Hately on premises, lot 4, con. 3, Delaware, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 20, complete set of farming implements, also cattle, horses, etc. Sale at 1 o'clock. 49u t

Auction Sale

At Poplar Hill, Tuesday, March 12, 1912, at 1 o'clock. Twenty horses, 25 cattle, harness and rigs, and butcher business. T. F. Hawkins, auctioneer; Elwood M. Zavitz, proprietor. 47c

Auction Sale

The south half of lot 15, con. 3, Westminster Township, about 5 miles from London city, and also 14 cows, 4 horses, 1 colt, hogs, farm implements, and a quantity of hay and grain, will be sold by public auction, on the said premises, on

WEDNESDAY, MARCH, 20, 1912,

to close the estate of the late Thomas Wilcock. 49u t

Important Sale

of household furniture, 7 Rathmine street (from Simcoe take Ottaway car). Joseph Brown will sell for Mr. Robert Drake, Thursday, March 12, at 2 o'clock sharp, parlor (in odd pieces, extension table, chairs, sideboard, range (Gurney Oxford), kitchen table, bedroom suites, sewing machine, couch, rockers, washtubs, sealers, dishes, storm doors, two large henhouses, two small, tools, etc. Terms, cash. Everything goes. 48u

Livery Stock--By Auction

On the premises, corner Bathurst and Richmond streets, Thursday, March 14, at 1 o'clock sharp, six good horses, 1 stanhope, 4 buggies, 2 runabouts, 2 surreys, 7 cutters, 7 sets harness, robes, rugs, etc. See bills. Terms cash. Wm. Barrows, proprietor; A. M. Hunt, auctioneer. b

AUCTION SALE

Thursday, March 14, 2 o'clock sharp, 108 High street, iron beds, folding go-cart, linoleum, dresser and stand, 2 rugs, parlor suite, hall tree, elegant sideboard, 6 dining chairs (oak in leather), extension table, good baseburner, couch, good Pandora range, bedroom suite (cost $60), lawn mower, 40 yards nearly new carpet, rockers, other goods. Take Wellington car south to the door. L. A. Weaver, auctioneer. 49u-tx

Auction Sale

Of Farm Stock and Implements, etc., on premises, con. 1, Township of Delaware, close to Kilworth Bridge, Tuesday, March 19. Sale at 1 o'clock. No reserve. Edward Joyes, proprietor. John Turnbull, auctioneer. b

AUCTION SALE.

Weaver's auction rooms, 83 Dundas street, Tuesday, March 12, 2 o'clock sharp —Happy Thought range, china cabinet, linoleum, dressers, round pedestal extension table, parlor furniture, walnut sideboard, iron beds, dishes, chairs, 4 good rugs, 27 yards Brussels carpet, 15 yards Wilton stair carpet, 68 yards Axminster carpet, sewing machine, other goods. Must be sold. Come. L. A. Weaver, auctioneer. b

AUCTIONEERS.

J. W. Laidlaw Auctioner and Valuator
FOR MIDDLESEX AND ELGIN.
Wilton Grove P. O. Orders left with A. M. Hunt, Richmond street, London, will receive prompt attention. Fraser House, Saturdays. t

J. HOLLAND
AUCTIONEER,
For County of Middlesex, will be at Fraser House on Saturdays. Open for engagements. Or address 429 Grosvenor street. b

J. TURNBULL, AUCTIONEER, KOMOKA, agent for Knott & Sangster, real estate brokers, 101 Masonic Temple, London. Telephone Lobo Central. 67ff-t

CHAPLESS SKIN

The use of BALM-ZOIN will insure such skin.

It's a preventive of all skin troubles due to winter winds. For several weeks there'll be need of this preparation. Get a bottle today. Delightful to use, free from stickiness and greasiness, and guaranteed to do all any lotion can posisbly do. Price, 25 cents.

Strong's Drug Store
184 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.
Call for copy of our New Cook Book. It's free.

Delaware, Lackawana and Western Coal Company's

Scranton Coal

The very best Hard Coal. We have a large stock of all sizes, and can supply you promptly.

JOHN M. DALY
KOALMAN,
19 York Street. Phone 348

The Best Place to Buy the Best Clothing
Where you get quality and value for every cent spent.
M. FISHBEIN & CO.
638 DUNDAS STREET. PHONE 2744.

Children's Coughs

are greatly soothed by giving them Omond's 468.

Why let their little bodies be racked so distressingly when you can so easily relieve them?

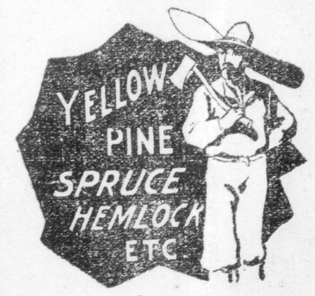
Twenty-five and Fifty Cent Bottles.

OMOND

Dainty Delicate Lace

Easily becomes soiled, but is as easily made clean and bright again by our methods of cleaning. We use the greatest care, and no worry need be felt as to the result.

R. PARKER & CO.
Dyers and Cleaners,
211 DUNDAS ST., LONDON, ONT.



A well-assorted stock of pine, hemlock and spruce is stocked in my yards for your building requirements. I want to figure with you on your material. I have saved people money on their deals, and perhaps you want to "be in it," too.

Come and see me, anyway.

GEO. H. BELTON
TWO YARDS:
Cor. Pall Mall and Richmond Streets, York and Rectory Streets. b

Martin-Senour Paints
For Sale by
J. G. STEELE & CO.
204 DUNDAS. PHONE 750.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

EGGS SLUMPED ON MARKET TODAY

Sold in Wholesale Lots at From 21 to 23 Cents a Dozen.

BUTTER WAS HIGHER

Dressed Pork Strong—Hay Is Still in Keen Demand—Today's Quotations.

Eggs took a very decided slump on the local market this morning, and were plentiful on the square in wholesale lots at from 21 to 23 cents a dozen Retail quotations were only a couple of cents a dozen higher, and in the dairy hall, which has a reputation for extremes, 25 cents a dozen was asked.

Butter was inclined to climb a little, and was very scarce. Everything brought in was picked up readily, and by noon the farmers had become quite independent. Grocers and buyers taking dozens of rolls were compelled to pay 34 cents a pound.

Dressed pork was strong at $9 a hundredweight. Mr. Dan. McIntyre has announced that he will pay $6 60 a hundred for live hogs on Monday morning. This is the same price paid a week ago.

Hay continues very strong, and a few loads on Friday afternoon brought $20 50 a ton.

Oats are held at $1 50 to $1 56 a hundredweight, while wheat continues at 95 to 98 cents a bushel.

Potatoes continue strong, and were quoted by the farmers today at $1 75 to $1 90 a bag. A few held out for $2 but had difficulty in selling.

Grain, Per Cwt.			
Barley, per cwt.	$1 35	to	$1 35
Oats, per cwt	1 50	to	1 56
Grain, Per Bushel.			
Wheat, per bu.	95	to	98
Hay and Straw.			
Hay, per ton	18 00	to	20 50
Straw, per ton	9 50	to	10 00
Dairy Produce.			
Butter, dairy, wholesale	32	to	35
Butter, store lots, lb.	32	to	34
Butter, creamery, lb.	36	to	40
Butter, fancy, retail, lb	38	to	40
Eggs, dairy hall price	24	to	25
Eggs, fresh laid, doz.	22	to	23c
Eggs, crate, wholesale	21	to	23
Honey, sections, doz.	1 75	to	2 50
Honey, extracted, lb.	11	to	13
Poultry, Dressed.			
Turkeys, lb, retail	20	to	22
Turkeys, lb, wholesale	18	to	19
Turkeys, old toms, lb	16	to	17
Chickens per pair	60	to	1 50
Chickens, lb, wholesale	13	to	13
Chickens, lb, retail	14	to	15
Old fowl, per lb	8	to	9
Ducks, per pair	1 75	to	2 00
Ducks, lb, wholesale	12	to	12½
Ducks, lb, retail	13	to	14
Geese, lb, wholesale	11	to	12
Geese, lb, retail	13	to	13
Poultry, etc., Alive.			
Turkeys, per lb	14	to	15
Ducks, per lb	9	to	10
Chickens, per lb	10	to	11
Old fowl, per lb	6	to	7
Butchers' Meats.			
Lamb—per lb	12	to	12½
Beef, young, cwt	8 00	to	10 50
Dressed hogs, choice	8 50	to	9 00
Veal, per cwt	10 00	to	11 00
Beef cows, cwt	7 00	to	8 50
Mutton, per cwt	8 00	to	10 00
Heavy hogs, cwt	8 00	to	8 50
Stags, per cwt	2 00	to	2 00
Small pigs, pair	4 00	to	8 00
Export cattle, cwt	5 00	to	6 50
Milch cows, each	40 00	to	60 00
Live Stock.			
Select hogs, cwt	6 60	to	6 60
Fat sows, cwt	4 50	to	5 00
Vegetables.			
Beets, per bu.	50	to	65
Artichokes, per peck	25	to	25
Parsnips, per bu.	90	to	1 00
Potatoes, per bag	1 75	to	2 00
Apples, per bbl.	2 50	to	3 25
Carrots, per bu.	75	to	85
Celery, doz. bunches	40	to	40
Cabbage	50	to	1 00

PRODUCE.
CHICAGO EXCHANGE.

[Special to H. C. Becher.]

CHICAGO, March 9.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
May	104¼	105	103½	104⅞
July	98½	99⅝	97⅞	99¾
Corn—				
May	71½	72¾	70⅝	72⅝
July	71¼	72⅝	70⅜	72⅜
Oats—				
May	53	53½	52½	53⅜
July	49¼	49⅝	48⅜	49⅝
Pork—				
May	15 70	15 95	15 67	15 95
Lard—				
May	9 32	9 37	9 27	9 37
Ribs—				
May	8 75	8 82	8 75	8 82

WINNIPEG, March 9.—Close—Wheat—May, $1 02⅝.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 9. — Close — Wheat—May, $1 08⅜.

TORONTO, March 8.—The offerings of Ontario weat at country points are a little more liberal and the feeling easier. Corn is strong, but rye and barley dull on this market. Quotations are as follows: Ontario wheat, No. 2 winter, 95c to 96c, outside, according to location; Manitoba wheat, No. 1 northern, $1 13½; No. 2 northern, $1 10½; No. 3 northern, $1 06½. Oats—Ontario No. 2 white, 6c to 46½c, outside; No. 3 white, 44c to 45c, outside; on track Toronto, 49c to 49½c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 73½c to 74c. Peas—No. 2, $1 20 to $1 25. No. 2 rye, $1 00. Barley, 93c to 94c, outside, for malting. Buckwheat, 70c, shipping points. Manitoba flour—Listed quotations at Toronto are: First patents $5 60; second patents, $5 10; strong bakers, $4 90; Ontario flour, winter flour, 90 per cent patents, $3 80 to $3 85, seaboard. Millfeed—Manitoba bran, $26 per ton; shorts, $27 50 per ton, on track, Toronto.

—No. 1 northern, 98¼c; No. 2 do, 95c; No. 3 do, 90½c; No. 4 do, 82½c; No. 5 do, 70½c; No. 6 do, 60c; feed, 74½c; No. 1 rejected, seeds, 88c; No. 2 do, 87c; No. 3 do, 75c; No. 2 tough, in terminal C. P. R., 86½c; No. 3 tough, in terminal C. P. R., 82c; No. 4 tough, do, 76¾c; No. 3 red winter, 88c; No. 4 do, 82½c; No. 5 do, 70½c. Oats— No. 2 Canadian Western, 41¼c; No. 3 do, 36c; extra No. 1 feed, 37½c; No. 1 feed, 36¾c; No. 2 feed, 34c. Barley—No. 3, 62c; No. 4, 50c. Flax—No. 1 northwestern, $1 83½; No. 1 Manitoba, $1 77; rejected, $1 59.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 8. — Wheat closed: May, $1 07⅞; July, $1 08⅝; cash, No. 1 hard, $1 08⅞; No. 1 northern, $1 08⅜; No. 2 northern, $1 06⅜; No. 3 wheat, $1 04⅜. Corn, No. 3 yellow, 64½c to 65½c. Oats, No. 3 white, 50¼c to 51c. Rye, 89c to 90c. Bran, $25 to $25 50. Flour, first patents, $5 to $5 30; second patents, $4 65 to $4 95; first clears, $3 40 to $3 75; second clears, $2 30 to $2 70.

LIVE STOCK.

BUFFALO, March 9.—Close—Cattle—Receipts, 250 head; dull. Veals—Receipts, 300 head; active and steady, $5 50 to $9 75. Hogs—Receipts, 3,200 head; active and 10c higher; heavy and mixed, $6 95 to $7; Yorkers, $6 50 to $7; pigs, $6 25 to $6 35; roughs, $6 to $6 15; stags, $4 50 to $5 50; dairies, $6 50 to $7. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 3,000 head; active, higher; lambs, $4 50 to $7 55; yearlings, $5 50 to $6 25; wethers, $4 75 to $5 25; sheep, mixed, $2 to $5 35.

CHICAGO, March 9.—Cattle—Receipts, 200 head; market steady; Beeves, $5 to $8 85; Texas steers, $4 70 to $6; western steers, $5 10 to $7 10; stockers and feeders, $4 10 to $6 10; cows and heifers, $2 25 to $6 70; calves, $6 to $8 50. Hogs—Receipts, 12,000; market slow, 5c to 10c higher; light, $6 30 to $6 60; mixed, $6 30 to $6 65; heavy, $6 35 to $6 65; rough, $6 35 to $6 45; pigs, $4 60 to $6 25; bulk of sales, $6 50 to $6 60. Sheep—Receipts, 2,000; market steady for best, others weak; native, $3 75 to $5 40; western, $4 25 $5 65; yearlings, $5 10 to $6 20; lambs, native, $3 25 to $7 35; western, $5 75 to $7 45.

OILS.

LONDON, March 8.—Culcutta linseed, April and June, 59s 8d; linseed oil, 37s 3d; sperm oil, £34 10s; petroleum, American refined, 8¾d; spirits, 9¾d; turpentine spirits, 35s 3d; rosin, American strained, 16s 9d; fine, 18s 4½d.

SAVANNAH, March 8. — Turpentine firm, 48½c; sales, 55; receipts, 19; shipments, 2,933; stocks, 22,127. Rosin firm; sales, 917; receipts, 275; shipments, 2,764; stocks, 72,553. Quotations: B., $6 70; D., $6 75; E., $6 77½; F., $6 80; G. and H., $6 80 to $6 85; I., $6 85; M., $7 25; N., $7 30; window glass, $9 40; water white, $7 45.

COTTON.

NEW YORK, March 8.—Cotton—Futures closed firm. Closing bids: March, 10.44c; April 10.47c; May, 10.54; June, 10.60c; July, 10.67c; August, 10.63c; September, 10.63c; October, 10.75c; November, 10.77c; December, 10.82c; January, 10.76c; February, 10.76c. Spot closed quiet, five points higher; middling uplands, 10.70; middling gulf, 10.95c; sales, 900 bales.

DAIRY.

TORONTO, March 8.—Eggs, selected, 27c.

MONTREAL, March 8.—Eggs active and easy at the decline; fresh, 30c to 33c

NEW YORK, March 8.—Eggs weak; receipts, 17,754; fresh gathered, 20c to 23c; do., dirties, 19c to 20c; do., checks, 18c; state, Pennsylvania and nearby, lennery, 22c to 29c; western gathered, white, 21c to 22c; state, Pennsylvania and near-by gathered, brown and mixed colors, 21c.

MONTREAL, March 8. — Butter remains firm, with a fair trade passing. Cheese, finest westerns, 15¼c to 15½c; finest easterns, 14½c to 15c. Butter, choicest creamery, 33c to 34c; seconds, 32½c to 33c.

NEW YORK, March 8.—Butter steady and unchanged; receipts, 5,441. Cheese firm and unchanged; receipts, 1,421.

NEW YORK, March 8. — Butter steady and unchanged; receipts, 5,441. Cheese firm and unchanged; receipts, 1,421.

LIVERPOOL, March 8.—Cheese—Canadian finest white, 74s 6d.

SUGAR.

LONDON, March 8. — Raw sugar, centrifugal, 16s; Muscovado, 14s; beet sugar, March, 15s 6¾d.

NEW YORK, March 8. — Sugar — Raw steady; Muscovado, 4.01; centrifugal, 4.51; molasses sugar, 3.76; refined quiet.

HIDES.

TORONTO, March 8.—Latest quotations: City Hides—No. 1 inspected steers and cows, 11½c; No. 2 inspected steers and cows, 10½c; No. 1 inspected steers, cows and bulls, 9½c. City calfskins, 12c to 15c. Country markets—The prices for country stock being paid by city dealers are: Hides, cured, 11c to 11½c; green, 10c to 10½c; lambs and pelts, 85c to $1 10; horsehides, No. 1, $3 25; horsehair, 34c; calfskins, 12c to 14c. Wool—Unwashed, 13c to 14c; washed, 18c to 21c; rejects, 15c.

POTATOES.

MONTREAL, March 8.—Potatoes, per bag, carlots, $1 65 to $1 70.

TORONTO STOCK MARKET REPORT

[Special to The Advertiser.]

TORONTO, March 9.—Following are the morning quotations on the stock exchange:

	Asked.	Bid.
Amal. Asbestos, com.	4	1
Amal. Asbestos, pfd	20	..
Black Lake, com.	..	1
Black Lake, pfd	6	..
B. C. Packers, A	..	98½
B. C. Packers, B	..	98½
B. C. Packers, B, com	..	71½
Bell Telephone	148	..
Burt, F. N., com	..	111
Burt, F. N., pfd	..	114
Canada Cement, com.	28	27¾
Canada Cement, pfd	89	88¼
Canada General Electric	114⅞	114½
Canada Machinery, pfd	85	..
Canada Locomotive, com	..	30¾
Canada Locomotive, pfd	231⅝	231
Canadian Salt	..	110
City Dairy, com	..	55½
City Dairy, pfd	..	101
Consumers' Gas	196	195
Crow's Nest	80	..
Detroit United	57½	..
Dominion Canner	62½	61½
Dominion Canners, pfd.	104	..
D. I. and Steel, com	..	59
D. I. and Steel, pfd	105	103½
Dominion Steel, com	..	58
Dominion Telegraph	111	106½
Duluth Superior	..	80⅛
Electric Develop., pfd	..	75
Illinois, pfd	..	89½
Lake of the Woods	135	132¼
Lake of the Woods, pfd.	132	..
Lake Superior Corp	..	29
Mackay, com	81½	..
Mackay, pfd.	70½	69½
Maple Leaf, com	63	62½
Maple Leaf, pfd.	99	98½
Mexican L. and P.	..	81½
Montreal Power	..	190
M., St. P. and S. S. M.	169	133¾
Niagara Navigation	..	160
Nova Scotia Steel, com	..	94½
Ogilvie, com	128	125
Pacific Burt, com	44	..
Pacific Burt, pfd	..	90½
Penmans, com	..	56
Porto Rico Railway	..	76
Quebec L. H. and P.	50	..
R. and O. Navigation	120	..
Rio aneiro Tramway	116¼	116
Rogers, com.	133	..
Rogers, pfd.	..	115
Russell M. C., com.	107	106½
Russell M. C., pfd.	110	109
New Rio	..	112
Sawyer-Massey, com.	..	36½
Sawyer-Massey, pfd.	92	..
St. L. and C. Navigation	..	92
Sao Paulo Tramway	195	193¾
Shredded Wheat, com.	..	79
Spanish River, com.	41	40¾
Spanish River, pfd.	89	..
Steel of Canada, com.	..	87
Steel of Canada, pfd.	88	133¾
Toronto Railway	..	106
Twin City, com.	106¼	255
Winnipeg Railway	259	680
Conlagas	..	310
Crown Reserve	..	385
La Rose	400	750
Nipissing Mines	785	65
Trethewey	..	215
Bank of Commerce	215¼	229
Dominion Bank	..	200
Bank of Hamilton	203	225
Imperial Bank	227	..
Merchants' Bank	198¼	200
Metropolitan Bank	..	210
Molsons Bank	..	244
Bank of Montreal	..	276½
Bank of Nova Scotia	..	207
Bank of Ottawa	..	252¼
Royal Bank	233	..
Standard Bank	225	210
Bank of Toronto	..	150
Traders' Bank	153	162
Union Bank	162	158⅜
Canada Landed	160	184
Canada Permanent	..	197½
Central Canada	..	75
Colonial Investment	..	76
Dominion Savings	..	135
Hamilton Provident	..	208
Huron and Erie	..	197½
Huron and Erie, 20 p. c. paid	..	140
Landed Banking	..	
London and Canadian	130	125
Ontario Loan	..	163
Ontario Loan, 20 p. c. paid	..	153
Toronto General Trusts	..	188
Toronto Mortgage	..	135
Toronto Savings	..	195
Union Trust	180	178
Black Lake bonds	..	20
C. N. R. bonds	..	96
Electric Dev. bonds	..	93
Laurentide bonds	..	108
Mexican Electric bonds	86	..
Mexican L. and P. bonds	..	80
Ogilvie Flour, Ser. B. bonds	..	94¼
Porto Rico Ry. bonds	93½	92½
Province of Ontario bonds.	..	101½
Quebec L., H. and P. bonds	80	..
Rio Janeiro, 1st mort.	101¼	100¼
Sao Paulo bonds	..	100¾
Steel Co. of Canada bonds.	..	99½

Morning Sales: Russell M., 50 at 106, 25 at 106¾; Russell M., preferred, 32 at 109, 25 at 109½, 25 at 110, 25 at 109¾, 25 at 109¾, 31 at 109½; B. C. Packers, 100 at 72; Duluth-Superior, 40 at 80, 25 at 80¼, 25 at 80; City Dairy, 25 at 55, 50 at 55½, 25 at 56; General Electric, 25 at 114¾; Sao Paulo, 215 at 194, 25 at 195; Rio, 165 at 116¼, 100 at 116⅛; Mackay, 25 at 81; Bank of Toronto, 25 at 210; Colonial Loan, 79 at 75¼; Crown Reserve, 500 at 320, 95 at 315; Twin City, 100 at 106¼; Nipissing, 40 at 775; Bank of Commerce, 50 at 215¼.

Montreal Stock Exchange—Morning Sales.

Power, 100 at 191½; Detroit, 20 at 57¼, 30 at 57; Rio, 25 at 116⅛, 35 at 116; Telegraph, 20 at 147; Soo, 125 at 137, 50 at 137¼, 50 at 136¾; Soo, preferred, 7 at 148¾; Sao Paulo, 25 at 194; Pacific, 177 at 223¾, 25 at 231; 50 at 231⅛, 325 at 231¼; Toronto Railway, 8 at 134, 77 at 133½, 35 at 133¾; Porto Rico, 11 at 75¾; Mackay, 7 at 81; Richelieu and Ontario, 25 at 118½; Bell Telephone, 30 at 147½; Cement, 25 at 28; Cement, preferred, 20 at 89, 40 at 88½; Crown Reserve, 550 at 318, 100 at 317½, 100 at 320; Steel Corporation, 375 at 58, 35 at 58¾; Steel C. of C., 85 at 32; Steel C. of C., preferred, 10 at 88; Laurentide, 4 at 181; D. Canners, 125 at 63; Ogilvie, 5 at 126; Sherwin-Williams, preferred, 30 at 96; Smart Bag Co., 6 at 20; Merchants' Bank, 2 at 197; Bank of Commerce, 7 at 214¾, 43 at 215; Nova Scotia Bank, 4 at 277; Royal Bank, 10 at 232¾; Power, 4½ per cent bonds, $2,000 at 100¼, $1,000 at 100½; Cement bonds, $1,000 at 100; $1,500 at 100½, $500 at 100¾; Porto Rico bonds, $2,000 at 91¼; Quebec bonds, $5,500 at 77.

NEW YORK, March 9.

[Special to H. C. Becher.]

	Open.	High.	Low.	2 pm.
Amal. Copper	70¾	71¾	70¾	71
Anaconda Copper	38	38¾	38	38⅝
American Sugar	118¾	118¾	118½	118½
Amer. Beet Sugar	56	56	55¾	56
Amer. Locomotive	36	..	..	..
Amer. Foundry	55¾	55	55¾	54⅞
Amer. Refinig	76	76½	76	76¼
Amer. Cotton Oil	49⅜	..	..	..
Atchison, com	106	106	105¾	105¾
Balt. and Ohio	103⅜	103⅝	103¼	103½
Brook. Rap. Tran.	80	80	79⅞	80
Canadian Pacific	231	231⅝	231	231¼
Ches. and Ohio	73⅝	73¾	73⅜	73⅝
Erie	33¾	34	33¾	33⅝
Erie, pfd	44½	..	..	..
Great North., pfd.	132⅞	132⅞	132½	132⅞
Inter. Met.	58¼	58⅞	58	58⅝
Kan. and Tex., com	28¼	28¾	28¼	28¾
Louis and Nash	155¼	156¼	155¼	156
Missouri Pacific	40⅝	40¾	40⅝	40¾
N. Y. Central	112½	112½	112¼	112¼
Northern Pacific	119¾	119⅝	119¼	119⅜
Norfolk and West.	109	..	..	..
Pacific Mail	31⅞	32	31⅞	32
Pennsylvania	123⅝	123¾	123¼	123¼
Reading	156⅝	156⅝	156⅛	156⅞
Rock Island	23¾	..	..	..
Southern Railway.	29¼	29¼	29	29
Southern Ry., pfd.	41⅞	..	..	..
Southern Pacific	109¼	109⅛	109⅛	109¼
St. Paul	108¾	108¾	108	108
Union Pacific	167⅞	168⅜	167½	168
Central Leather	29¾	..	..	..
U. S. Rubber	48⅝	48⅝	48½	48⅛
U. S. Steel	65	65¼	64¾	64⅞
U. S. Steel, pfd.	119⅜	..	..	..
Wabash, com	7⅛	..	..	..
Western Union Tel	84⅝	..	..	..

[By Special Wire to Thomas Raycraft, Broker.]

TORONTO, March 9.—Morning Cobalt prices are as follows:

Cobalts—	Sellers.	Buyers.
Beaver	47	46
Buffalo	1.50	1.49
Failey	3	2
Chambers-Ferland	14	13
City of Cobalt	12	9
Cobalt Lake	29	28
Conlagas	7.10	7.00
Crown Reserve	3.30	3.26
Great Northern	12	11
Gould	3	2
Green Meehan	2	1½
Hargraves	8	7
Kerr Lake	3.85	3.75
La Rose	3.85	3.75
McKinley-Darragh	1.84	1.83
Nipissing	7.85	7.75
Ophir	12	8
Peterson Lake	8	7
Rochester	3	2
Right of Way	10	9
Silver Leaf	7	6
Temiskaming	56	55
Trethewey	70	60
Wettlaufer	74	70
..Porcupines—		
American Gold Fields	70	60
Apex	8	7
Crown Charter	20	19
Dome Extension	49	48
Eldorado	8	6
Foley-O'Brien	35	34
Gold Reef	12	7
Hollinger	11.00	10.90
Monita	18	16
North Dome	1.00	90
Pearl Lake	18	17
Porcupine Central	3.90	3.80
Porcupine Imperial	6	5
Porcupine Northern	1.08	1.05
Porcupine Southern	1.50	1.48
Porcupine Union	15	14
Preston E. Dome	10	9½
Rea Mines	92	88
Standard	92	88
Swastika	26	25
Vipond	45	44
United Porcupine	4	3
West Dome	55	50
Island Smelters	10	9

LONDON, March 9.—Stocks closed as follows: Consols for money, 77 13-16; Consols for account, 78; Amalgamated Copper, 72⅛; Anaconda, 7⅝; Atchison, 108½; Atchison, preferred, 106⅛; Baltimore and Ohio, 106; Canadian Pacific, 236½; Chesapeake and Ohio, 76½; Chicago Great Western, 18½; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, 111; De Beers, 19⅝; Denver and Rio Grande, 22⅜; Denver and Rio Grande, preferred, 43¼; Erie, 24⅜; Erie, 1st preferred, 56¼; Erie, 2nd preferred, 46; Grand Trunk, 24; Illinois Central, 160; Louisville and Nashville, 159½; Missouri, Kansas and Texas, 29; New York Central, 115½; Norfolk and Western, 111⅜; Norfolk and Western, preferred, 92; Ontario and Western, 37; Pennsylvania, 63¼; Rand Mines, 6⅞; Reading, 80¼; Southern Railway, 29⅝; Southern Railway, preferred, 76; Southern Pacific, 112; Union Pacific, 172; Union Pacific, preferred, 93½; United States Steel, 66⅜; United States Steel, preferred, 113; Wabash, 7⅛; Wabash, preferred, 19¼. Bar silver steady, 26 13-16d per oz. Money, 3 to 3½ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3⅝ to 3¾ per cent; for three months' bills, 3½ to 3⅝ per cent.

COTTON

NEW YORK, March 9.—Cotton prices at 2:30 p.m. today: May, 10.42c; October, 10.62c.

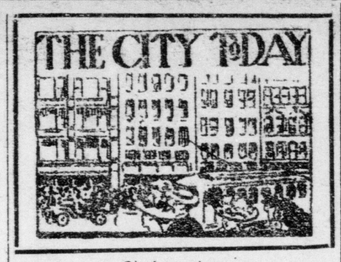
HAND IN YOUR BALLOTS TO NEW ST. JAMES

A Large Vote Is Earnestly Sought on Question of Church Union.

Some of the members and adherents of New St. James' Presbyterian Church have not yet returned their ballots on church union, and as the largest vote possible is desired, all are requested to hand their ballots in tomorrow to the elder, who will be at the door to receive them.

Ballot papers can be obtained in the church vestibule. Should there be any unable to bring or send their ballots tomorrow, they are requested to send them to Mr. James Gray or Mr. R. D. Millar, not later than Thursday sext, as the balloting closes on that date.

Miss E. Noble has rented a studio at Heintzman's piano warerooms, and will teach there for the present instead of at 526 King street. b



Engaged as Choirmaster.

Mr. J. E. Jordan, formerly organist of the Colborne Street Methodist Church, has been engaged as choirmaster and organist of Centre Street Baptist Church, St. Thomas. He takes charge of his new position at once. Mr. Jordan is a brother of Mr. A. D. Jordan, organist of the First Methodist Church.

Latin Contest.

The first of the inter-class Latin series of the lower school of the London Collegiate took place Friday night when the girls of Lower VIII. succeeded in defeating the boys of Lower I. The captains were Viola Taylor and Roy Belton. Those deserving special mention were Jean Govenlock, Cora Walker, Irene Simpson.

For Industrial Students.

Travelling library cases are to be secured by the public library board and sent to Professor Beal of the Industrial school, for the use of students in that institution. Librarian Carson will give a number of addresses on works the students should read, and in every way the library of London will seek to make itself a useful adjunct of the industrial school.

Special Services.

Next Sunday a series of special services will begin in the First Methodist Church. Rev. Mr. Whiting will take charge throughout their progress, helped by the organizations of the church. Special subjects looking to the reaching of all have been announced. Some of them are: "The Nobility of Confession," "Works Meet for Repentance," "How to Come to Christ," "Retribution Certain and Reformation Possible," "Soul Drifting," "Right Stronger Than Wrong." The choir will be in attendance, and the services will be held every night next week but Saturday.

A Pressing Need.

The need of funds to maintain the Children's Aid Society of London in a state of efficiency, will be discussed at a meeting to be held in the offices in the city hall on Monday afternoon next. The ladies of the society have several propositions under consideration to raise funds for the good work, and these will be gone over carefully. Under the will of the late Thomas Kent, the society is given ten shares of stock in the London Loan, valued at $500, but as these cannot be sold, the organization can only use the dividends annually. The good work done by the Children's Aid is known to all, and it is felt that when once the people know that there is a pressing need of money, there will be many friends of the little ones who cannot help themselves who will come forward and assist the organization in its noble work.

The social side of the Royal Arcanum of this city has taken a new lease of life. At last evening's meeting there was a large attendance, and a very pleasant evening was spent at cards, carpetball, etc. The members are all working hard to make their at home and dance on the 22nd inst. the "best ever," and friends of this fraternity may rest assured that this affair will be first-class in every respect.

THE DOMINION BANK

SIR EDMUND B. OSLER, M.P., PRESIDENT. W. D. MATTHEWS, VICE-PRESIDENT.

C. A. BOGERT, General Manager

Capital paid up	$4,700,000
Reserve Fund	$5,700,000
Total Assets	$70,000,000

A Travelling Convenience

Travellers, supplied with Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques, issued by The Dominion Bank, are assured of ready money at every stage of their journey.
They identify the owners, and can be cashed in any banking town in the world.
If lost or stolen, they are of no value to finder or thief.

LONDON BRANCH: C. A. ROSS, MANAGER.
EAST END (RECTORY STREET) BRANCH.

DOMINION SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED

ESTABLISHED 1901
HEAD OFFICE 26 KING ST EAST TORONTO

Capital Paid Up - $1,000,000
Reserve Fund - - 500,000

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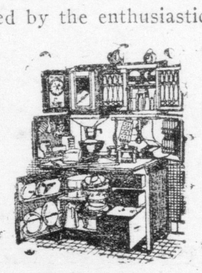
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Hoosier Cabinet Club

Increased to 100 Members

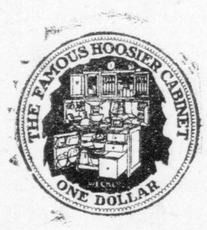
TO take care of nearly 30 ADDITIONAL APPLICATIONS for membership in the Hoosier Cabinet Club, we have obtained special permission to extend the number to 100. Even now many will be disappointed, as the demand is increasing every day, helped by the enthusiastic praises of those who now have Model Kitchens.



Already 86 Women of London

HAVE JOINED THE HOOSIER CLUB FOR $1.00

DURING THE FIRST 12 DAYS.



14 More Women Still May Join

You, too, may save steps and have a model kitchen like the 450,000 other women in the United States and Canada who own Hoosier Cabinets. This community is rapidly becoming filled with model kitchens. Already 86 women have joined the Hoosier Club and their Hoosier Cabinet delivered immediately upon payment of merely $1.

YOU GET THE LOWEST PRICE.

The Hoosier Manufacturing Company fixes the low price at which Hoosier Cabinets may be sold all over Canada. You cannot buy a Hoosier for one penny less than this price, and the club plan gives you the benefit of the same low cost that you would obtain if you paid cash. The Hoosier Company enables us to make this limited offer simply to further advertise the remarkable labor-saving features of this famous Hoosier Cabinet.

A COMMUNITY OF MODEL KITCHENS.

Women who own Hoosier Cabinets are delighted with them. They say:

"It saves miles of steps for tired feet!"

"My silent servant!"

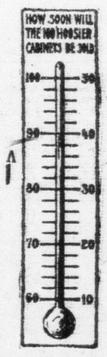
"I have had mine since I began housekeeping, and like it better every day!"

"The most perfect kitchen cabinet I ever saw!"

"It hands things to me like an automatic servant!"

"I wouldn't trade mine for a hundred dollars!"

"I wouldn't keep house without it!"



HERE IS THE CLUB PLAN IN DETAIL.

In most cities, the Hoosier Club is limited to 50 members. So many women in London wanted Hoosiers, however, that we secured special permission to extend our club to 100. Each lady who enrolls her name with a membership fee of $1, before this club is filled, is entitled to receive her Hoosier (exactly like cut) immediately, no matter where you live, balance payable in small weekly flues of $1.

DIFFERS FROM INSTALLMENT PLAN

This club differs radically from the installment plan, which often is linked with unknown goods at high prices.

The Hoosier Company fixes the price absolutely so as to give you the full benefit of the low cost from enormous manufacture.

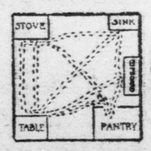
Enter your name today, before the club is filled.

86 Already Sold.

The Wm. Trafford Furniture Co.

129 DUNDAS ST. Complete Home Furnishers 11 MARKET SQUARE

3,000 merchants who believe in many sales at small profits display this license sign. They are good men to know.



LICENSED AGENTS FOR HOOSIER KITCHEN CABINETS



Canadian Marconi

Wireless Stock. We will pay the highest market price for this stock. THOS. RAYCRAFT, Room 3 London Loan Block, phones 2995 and 1736, London, Ont. b

INSIDE FACTS

The information contained in our Special Weekly Market Letter is accurate, comprehensive, and in advance of any other news service. Issued every Thursday evening, and deals exclusively with the latest developments on the actively operated mines of Porcupine and Cobalt.

Our letter is the recognized market guide in making investments.

If you are interested in Northern Ontario, you

Comprehensive View of South Polar Conditions



How the difficulties of Antartic explorers appeared to an artist after reading Shackelton's description and seeing photographs. Captain Scott followed the same route.

WANTS BORDER FORTS LEFT AS THEY ARE

Michigan Senator Objects to Washington Proposal That They Be Dismantled.

Washington, March 9. — Senator William Alden Smith, of Michigan, declaring today that he would vigorously oppose abandonment of the border posts, Fort Wayne at Detroit and Fort Bray at the Soo, as proposed by the House of Representatives has aroused senators from other states along both the Canadian and the Mexican border and it is evidence tonight that under the lead of Michigan's senior senator no such scheme of disarmament as the House Democrats propose for economy's sake, regardless of national defence needs, will be tolerated.

Texas Democrats are up in arms over the proposal to abolish two forts north of the Rio Grande.

Senator Smith notified Senator Dupont, of Delaware, chairman of the committee on military affairs, that he desired to be heard on the question of the dismantling of Forts Wayne and Bray before final action is taken by the committee.

Senator Dupont replied: "I will say to the senator from Michigan that I feel confident the committee will give him full opportunity to express his views on the matter. The committee has not reached any conclusion or even considered that particular part of the bill.

"As I understand the matter, the Secretary of War made certain recommendations in response to an inquiry from the House as to the military posts which could in the future be abandoned. Whereupon the House in its bill has provided that there shall be no expenditures made at such posts. But I think it will be a long time before a great number of them are abandoned. In the first place it is evident that before they can be abandoned other quarters must be constructed to take their places."

Senator Smith replied: "I am very greatly obliged to the senator from Delaware for this frank statement, and I want to make an equally frank one that before the military posts and property of the Government of the United States on our border is to be abandoned something besides the recommendation of the Secretary of War will be necessary to accomplish it."

Women In All Parts of Canada

TELL OF THE HEALTH DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS BRING.

They Made a New Woman of Mrs. Elie Amirault, Who Was a Victim of Kidney Disease for Over a Year.

Amirault's Hill, Yarmouth Co., N. S., March 8.—(Special.)—"Four boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills made a new woman of me." Those are the words of Mrs. Elie Amirault, of this place. They are words that have been used again and again by women in all parts of Canada who have suffered, and who have found relief and cure in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I suffered for over a year from kidney disease," Mrs. Amirault continues. "Nothing I tried helped me. At last some one told me to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. Before I had finished the first box I felt better. Four boxes made a new woman of me."

No remedy ever given to the public has brought health and happiness into the lives of so many women as Dodd's Kidney Pills. This is because nine-tenths of the ills to which women are subject come from diseased kidneys. No woman who uses Dodd's Kidney Pills can have diseased kidneys. They always cure the kidneys.

HON. GEO. P. GRAHAM TO BE INVITED

London Liberals Will Ask Him To Deliver Address in Hyman Hall.

There was a fair attendance at Hyman Hall Friday night, when the matter of organization was finally completed.

Mr. Philip Pocock, president of the association, occupied the chair.

It was decided to invite Hon. Geo. P. Graham to address the Liberals of London.

PAID $93,000

For Part of the Last Apple Yield of East Elgin.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Aylmer, March 8.—W. H. Finch, of Aylmer, shipped his last load of dried apples to the west for the season yesterday. For these apples, 37 carloads, Mr. Finch paid the East Elgin farmers this season $93,000, and this was said to be a poor apple season.

STRATHROY METHODISTS FAVOR CHURCH UNION

Official Board Voted For Proposal By Majority of Sixteen—Factory Will Build Extension.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Strathroy, March 9.—The official board of the Methodist Church voted on church union here recently, the result being 10 in favor and 3 against.

Rev. B. L. Hutton, of London, will occupy the pulpit in the Methodist Church at both services on Sunday.

The Women's Institute met yesterday afternoon in St. John's Hall, Front street, at 3:30 o'clock. Mrs. W. M. Kannawin, M. A., gave a paper on "One of Shakespeare's Heroines," and Mrs. M. W. Cummiford a paper on "Coster Customs."

Mrs. James Cox, who has been very ill, is slowly improving at her home on Metcalfe street.

Mrs. D. C. Ross is in Ottawa.

Robert Davidson, builder, has been awarded the contract to erect a two story brick residence for W. H. Oakes, of North Caradoc.

Lloyd Sifton, of Toronto, Sask., has been spending a few days with friends here.

Mrs. J. Watson Young is the guest of her father, Mr. James Cameron, and her sister, Mrs. A. W. Bixel.

Rev. Mr. Owens, of Glencoe, preached the Lenten week-night service at St. John's Hall. A fair crowd attended. The collection will be devoted to missions.

The Cameron-Dunn Company is to have another story added to their factory, also a warehouse. They expect to expend between $10,000 and $12,000 this year on improvements.

BESSIE DENIES SHE WILL WED AUTHOR

"Mr. Davis Is Already Married," Remarks Stage Queen.

New York, March 9.—Miss Bessie McCoy, the dancer, will sail tomorrow for Bermuda for a long rest, but with no idea, she says, of getting married.

"It is an old story," she said today in her apartments in the Hotel Richmond, "but I'm not going to marry, especially Mr. Richard Harding Davis, the author, as some people persist in saying. In the first place, Mr. Davis is already married, so that ought to settle that question forever.

"I am simply worn out after 40 weeks of hard work, and have been under the care of physicians. With my companion, Miss Frey, I sail tomorrow for a rest in Bermuda. My future plans are not determined."

WOMEN HURL BOMBS IN MEXICAN SIEGE

Hundreds Killed When Insurrectos Are Repulsed From Acatan.

Mexico City, March 9.—A battle between 2,000 Zapatista insurrectos and 1,600 federal soldiers and volunteers at Acatan, state of Vera Cruz, was begun Sunday and is still going on today.

Three hundred and fifty-four are known to have been killed. The rebels, under Tuerto Morales, had overpowered the garrison and had begun to put soldiers to death when the townspeople armed themselves and drove the insurgents off.

The rebels rallied and have had the town under siege since. Scores of dead bodies lie in the streets, evidence of the fierceness of hand-to-hand fighting. Women are fighting side by side with men. Angela Romera, wife of the richest merchant in the town, killed four rebels by hurling bombs.

UNCLE LEFT $25,000 TO WINDSOR WOMAN

Mrs. Gwendolyn Duck to Receive Legacy From ex-President of Rock Island Railway.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Windsor, March 8.—A New York dispatch today, stating that Mrs. Gwendolyn Duck, wife of George Duck, of this city, would inherit $25,000 by the death of Robert Mather, one-time president of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad, was no surprise to the parties most concerned. Mrs. Duck is a niece of Mr. Mather, and has been expecting the announcement of the settlement of her uncle's estate for some time.

M'CORMICK PROMOTED; SIMMIE IS REDUCED

Water Commissioners Want Drastic Action at Springbank Station.

The water commissioners Friday afternoon went to Springbank to adjust the difficulty among the men reported by General Manager Glaubitz. It was decided after much discussion to place the station in charge of Mr. R. McCormick, now assistant, placing Mr. R. M. Simmie as his assistant. Mr. A. McLean was not able to be present at the interview, and his case will be dealt with later.

The promotion will mean an increase in salary for Mr. McCormick, the amount not having been decided on. Mr. Simmie will be allowed to remain in his present home, but will be reduced in pay.

Commissioner Dr. H. A. Stevenson did not attend the meeting, all the others, Chairman Philip Pocock, Commissioners J. H. Chapman and John Marr and Mayor Graham being present.

LIVED AT BERLIN.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Detroit, March 9.—After an illness of only a few days, Mr. Irving B. Unger, vice-president of the Old Detroit National Bank, and a former Canadian, died at his home here. Mr. Unger was born in Waterloo, Ontario, and during his early years was identified with the Merchants Bank at Berlin, and later with the same institution at Montreal, and Quebec. He was 48 years old, and leaves a widow and one child.

The Seal That's Real 182 Dundas St.

Semi-ready Tailoring

CIGAR FACTORIES ARE VERY BUSY

Manufacturers of Other Lines Also Have Their Hands Full In London.

SPRING TRADE IS GOOD

Bradstreet's Reports Business in Canada as Excellent—A Splendid Report.

Bradstreet's Trade Review says:

Montreal reports to Bradstreet's say general business is moving steadily. Snow blockades are less of a factor than they were a week ago and the movement of general merchandise is freer. Spring goods continue to go out in large quantities. The retail trade is brisk here and at other centres. The millinery trade is looking toward a heavy season's business. Makers of whitewear and ready-made clothing generally are exceedingly busy. Wholesale grocers report a steady demand for staple lines. The hardware trade is active for this time of the year and paints, oils, etc., are already moving well. There is some indication of an active business in metals a little later on. Orders for British iron show advances in price over last season. Country trade is rather on the quiet side. Deliveries of produce have not increased very materially and prices show little change. Hides are quiet and unchanged. Collections are about as last reported. Western orders for general lines of merchandise continue good.

Very Favorable.

Toronto reports to Bradstreet's say the weather has continued very favorable to the clearing up of winter lines, and there is every indication that the end of the season will find shelves pretty well cleared of heavy goods. Retailers are receiving spring lines and they report that new dress goods are already moving well. A steady trade is also reported for staples. Business in house furnishings is also reported good. Western trade is active and travellers continue to send in good orders. The millinery opening here gives promise of a heavy season's trade. Importations are unusually large. The money situation is pretty well unchanged. Collections are fair. Western remittances are still on the slow side.

Winnipeg reports say business throughout the west is moving freely. Good orders are coming forward for all classes of merchandise, and the general feeling is one of optimism. Considerable complaint is heard on the score of collections, but the opinion is freely expressed that early spring will see much improvement in this respect. Bank clearings continue to show very large increases over those of last year. It is evident the coming season will see a tremendous volume of building in all parts of the west, and the demand for supplies is bound to be heavy. The effect of the railway car shortage is still being felt, but the railways are making every effort to remedy the existing situation.

Growing Steadily.

Vancouver and Victoria reports say trade there is generally steady in tone. Better weather is having its usual effect upon trade. Provincial industries are opening up and there is a steadily growing demand for supplies. Spring lines of goods are beginning to move and the outlook is decidedly bright. Busines in staples is steady. Collections are fair. The demand for loans is active and the supply seems to be good.

Hamilton reports say business is moving along very satisfactorily. Local factories are busy. Those turning out agricultural machinery have sufficient orders on hand to keep them busy for some time. Retail trade is steady. Wholesalers are busy on spring goods. Business in the surrounding country is more or less quiet at the moment.

Satisfactory in London.

London reports say business continues very satisfactory in volume and character. Local factories are busy, particularly those connected with the cigar trade. Wholesalers in all lines are shipping spring goods and they report excellent prospects for later trade. Collections are generally fair.

Ottawa reports say the trade situation has seen little change during the past week. Retail stocks are moving very nicely and wholesalers are rushing out spring goods. Local industries continue busily engaged. It is evident the year will see much building in this city. Business in the surrounding district is fair.

Quebec reports to Bradstreet's say while collections are slow wholesalers report business fairly active. The snowstorms of late have hampered the movements of travellers and country trade is quiet, but a revival is looked forward to as the season advances. In the city retailers report a moderate turn-over and factories here are fairly busy. Milliners are preparing for spring business and with favorable climatic conditions the outlook is regarded encouraging.

Atlantic City Hotels.

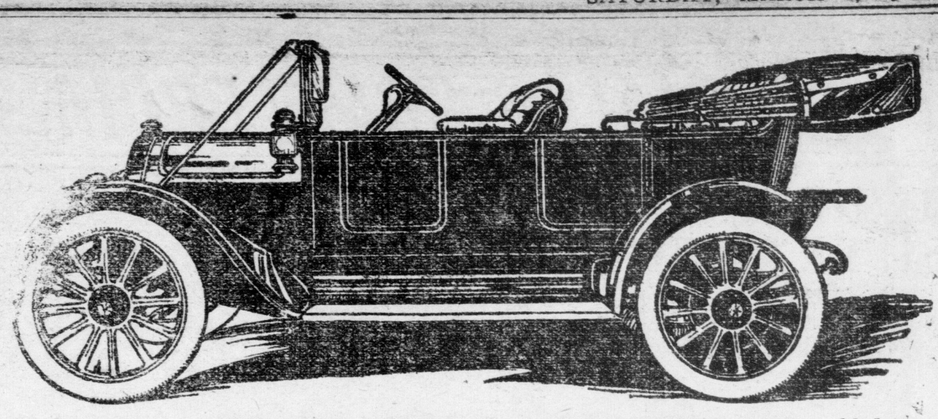
WILTSHIRE Virginia Av. and Beach. Ocean view. Capacity, 350. Private baths, running water in rooms, elevator, sun parlors, etc. Music. Special, $12 50 up weekly; $2 50 up daily. Open all year. Booklet. Samuel Ellis. 17lu

GALEN HALL
ATLANTIC CITY
HOTEL AND SANATORIUM
With its elegant comforts, its tonic and curative baths, and superior table and service, is an ideal place for winter and spring. Always open. Always ready. Always busy.
16tf F. L. YOUNG, General Manager.

HOTEL DENNIS
Spring Days at Atlantic City are Delightful. HOTEL DENNIS, directly on the ocean front, is always open, and is an ideal home for the spring guest.
WALTER J. BUZBY.
Mar15-zywvt

Grand Atlantic Hotel
Virginia avenue, near Beach and Steel Pier. Open surroundings. Capacity, 500 Hot and cold sea water baths; large rooms, southern exposure, elevator to street level, sun parlors, etc. $2 50 up daily; special weekly rates. Booklet. Coaches meet trains. COOPER & LEEDS. 21un-ywt

Most modern and leading moderate rate hotel. ALBEMARLE, Virginia Ave. and Beach. Capacity, 350. Large sunny rooms, steam-heated, excellent table. $8, $10, $12 50 up weekly; $2 up daily. American plan. Elevators, sun parlors, orchestra. Booklet. J. P. Cope. 17un-wly



1912—THE REO SPECIAL 30 h.p. Touring Car

WITH COMPLETE EQUIPMENT, $1.500

Come in and see the NEW REO. The Reo has always been a big dollar's worth, but the Reo Special offers more for your money than ever. It is a roomier car—easier running—simpler to control—and has better and more complete equipment. Everything that can be used on an automobile is supplied with the Reo Special. All its metal trimmings are nickeled. Investigate this Canadian-made car, and remember that back of it is a factory service—right on the ground—that is anxious to make you a satisfied owner.

EASY DRIVING.
In the REO SPECIAL both hands are free to drive. It has a left-hand steering-wheel, and a right-hand change-speed lever. The latter is mounted in the centre of the car, close to the seat, just where the driver can reach it without bending. There are no other levers. The clutch and service brake are operated by one pedal with the left foot, while the emergency is the right pedal. The car can be brought to a stop without taking one hand from the steering wheel. This arrangement does away with side levers and permits free access to the driver's seat from either side of the car.

COMFORT.
The REO SPECIAL will run smoothly. A 112-inch wheel base, big 34x4-inch tires, longer and flatter rear springs, wider and roomier tonneau, and more foot room in front, will make for more touring comfort and longer wear in city use. The Sextette windshield and ventilator in dash will keep the fore-door compartment cool.

SPECIFICATIONS.
Wheel base 112 inches. Motor 4x4½, cast in pairs. Transmission, selective. Timken and high duty bearings. Ignition, low tension magneto and batteries, jump spark. Drive, direct shaft to bevel gears. Timken bearings. Front axle, drop forged I. beam, Timken roller-bearing spindle; rear axle, semi-floating, Timken bearings at gear. High duty roller bearings at wheel (full floating differential). Tire, 34x4 inches. Frame, pressed steel. Wheels, wood, artillery, 34-inch demountable rims. Springs, front, half elliptic; rear, three-quarter elliptic.

EQUIPMENT.
Electric Horn, Bulb Horn, Speedometer, Prest-O-Lite, Gas Tank and Two Gas Lamps, Three Oil Lamps, Tire Repair Kit, Complete Tool Outfit, Foot Rail, Robe Rail, Pockets in Tonneau Doors, Mohair Top with Slip Cover, Sextette Windshield.

C. E. BERNARD MIDDLESEX COUNTY, DISTRIBUTOR, Salesroom, 247 Dundas St.

COLDSTREAM MEETING.

Coldstream, March 9.—The Coldstream Women's Institute will meet in the Friends' meetinghouse on Tuesday, March 12. Sentiments to be from favorite authors. There will be a question drawer.

SURE!

It does not take a profound person to be a clairvoyant. We can read the future, even to fortelling death. Every business man knows that within two months the office boy's grandmother is going to expire some sunny afternoon, absolutely without previous warning.—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

Superfluous Hair Disfigures



New English Method Which Acts on the Skin Pores and Completely Removes All Hairy Growth Without One Moment's Pain, Free to Every Lady Reader.

I have proved absolutely and conclusively that Superfluous Hair can be completely and painlessly removed and lifelong assurance given any woman from it by the use of my new discovery which, instead of merely painfully burning away the surface hair, like the ordinary pastes, powders and liquid depilatories, goes first to the treatment of the skin itself with its millions of tiny pores leading down to the very roots—the source of hair growth.

By this treatment, I watched the hair on my own skin disappear without one moment's pain. I have seen it placed on an arm fairly bristling with disgusting black hair and watched it within the space of a few minutes curl, wither and die, vanishing utterly as though touched by the hand of magic.

My new Solvene skin pore treatment not only removes every hated hair, giving absolute relief therefrom, but leaves the skin beneath a beautiful, clear, soft, velvety white that is truly a delight to behold.

My treatment is totally different from all the cheap, nasty, evil-smelling, burning pastes, powders and liquid depilatories you may have seen or tried, and I absolutely guarantee it to give you complete satisfaction.

While thousands of my new treatments have been sold and used throughout all Europe with truly wonderful success, I realize that in America I must begin as a stranger, and absolutely prove that all my claims are true.

In order that American ladies may quickly learn about my methods, I have decided for introductory purposes to give immediate relief to 1,000 women, at a total sacrifice of $5,000 to myself. Any lady afflicted in any degree with Superfluous Hair, should therefore write me without a moment's delay before the offer expires.

Stop shaving, stop using tweezers or otherwise abusing your poor, tender skin, and begin at once to quickly and painlessly get the absolute relief and lifelong assurance of freedom from all humiliating hair growths that the proper use of my new discovery surely gives. Write today and use the coupon below. Address me, KATHRYN B. FIRMIN, Suite 1239 D, Clark Music Building, Syracuse, N. Y., and full particulars will be sent you by return mail.

FREE $5,000 COUPON.

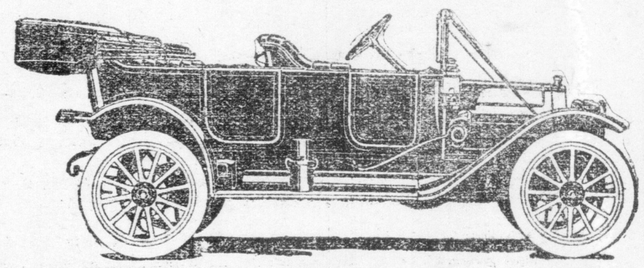
KATHRYN B. FIRMIN,
Suite 1239 D, Clark Building,
Syracuse, N. Y.

Please show me at once, absolutely free, how I may quickly, painlessly and completely remove the Superfluous Hairy Growths from my skin and share in the 1,000 treatments you are sending at a sacrifice to you of $5,000.

Name .....

.....

b



Flanders Touring Car

$1,100 Complete

This Will Be a Big Year in "Flanders" History

"The greatest value for your money" was the concensus of opinion at all the Automobile Shows in America. The very words used, too, when the Flanders was purchased by the City of London for its engineer.

What you do get and do not get in a "Flanders"

You do not get 35 or 40 horsepower, but you do get our guarantee that the Flanders will take you over any hill or bad road that a "Thirty" or "Forty" can negotiate.

You do not get a "mile-a-minute" car, but you can make 40 miles per hour if you care to ride that fast.

You do not get 10 to 12 miles on a gallon of gasoline, but you do get upwards of 22 miles—according to road conditions.

You do not get any novelties or experiments, but you do get the things that went through the Glidden Tour without a mishap, and stood up during the Flanders record-breaking contests last season.

You do not get an out-of-date, noisy transmission, that has been discarded by every high-class car in America, but you do get a three-speed forward, selective sliding gear that is easy to operate, and defies "stripping."

You do not get a car with a "tinny" appearance, or a "tinny" reputation, but you do get a car you will be proud to own—backed with an E-M-F guarantee.

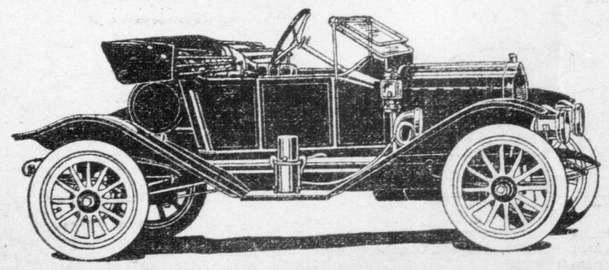
You do not get any "just as good" excuses, but you do get every mechanical excellence found in cars costing $500 more.

For the man who wants an automobile of high-class specifications, combined with the lowest initial cost and upkeep, the Flanders solves the problem.

Send for that interesting booklet, "First to Hazelton," or better still, come in and see the Flanders Touring Car that a local owner drove over 12,500 miles last season on his business trips without a dollar of expense for breakage.

R. Hueston & Sons
481 RICHMOND STREET, LONDON, ONT.

A few sub-agencies open in Middlesex.



Flanders Roadster, $950

We own and offer
@ 100 and interest

$500,000

Dunlop Tire and Rubber Goods Company, Limited

6%

FIRST MORTGAGE FIFTEEN-YEAR SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS

Dated 1st March, 1912 **Due 1st March, 1927**

Interest payable 1st March and 1st September

Principal and interest payable at The Canadian Bank of Commerce, Toronto Montreal and London, Eng.

Redeemable as a whole at 105 and accrued interest on any interest date on six weeks' prior notice, or annually for Sinking Fund drawings beginning 1st March, 1913.

Denominations: $100, $500 and $1,000
with Sterling equivalents.

Bonds issued in coupon form with privilege of registration of principal and in fully registered form. Coupon and registered bonds are interchangeable.

TRUSTEE:
NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, LIMITED, TORONTO

The legal opinion of Messrs. Blake, Lash, Anglin & Cassels, and Messrs. Ryckman, Kerr and MacInnes, will be furnished.

Of $1,000,000 First Mortgage Bonds authorized, $500,000 are held in Treasury and may only be issued to the extent of 60% of cost of future properties, improvements and additions.

We emphasize the following salient points of this issue:

(1) **Value of fixed assets as of December 31st, 1911, $605,807.45, consisting of real estate, buildings, plant and equipment. Current assets in excess of current liabilities, $814,946.20. Total assets, $1,420,753.65.**

(2) **Average annual net earnings for past three years (1909-1911) $191,878, or over six times the interest on bonds now issued.**

(3) **An annual Sinking Fund beginning March 1st, 1913, sufficient to retire the present issue by maturity at a maximum price of 105 and accrued interest.**

The Dunlop Tire and Rubber Goods Company, Limited, incorporated in 1899, manufactures automobile, bicycle and carriage TIRES, BELTING for mines, grain elevators, threshing machinery and general conveyor purposes; HOSE for fire, water, steam, chemical, air drill and dredge use; PACKING, for all purposes; TILING, MATS, MOULDED GOODS and GENERAL RUBBER NECESSITIES. The operations of the Company cover the whole of Canada. Branches with excellent warehousing facilities are maintained at Vancouver, Calgary, Regina, Winnipeg, Toronto, Hamilton, London, Ottawa, Montreal and St. John, N.B.

The factories of the Company are located at Toronto. Since 1905 it has been necessary to increase the floor area of the plant from 35,000 square feet to over 150,000 square feet. The sales of the Company have increased in that period from $369,362 to $1,619,992. The main buildings are either brick and concrete or mill construction, with sprinkler system throughout, thus giving a minimum insurance rate.

Copies of the Trust Deed, the Certificate of the Canadian Appraisal Company, Limited, and the Certificate of Messrs. Price, Waterhouse & Company may be seen at our offices.

Interim Certificates will be issued pending delivery of definitive bonds.

DESCRIPTIVE CIRCULAR ON REQUEST

PRICE: 100 AND INTEREST YIELDING 6%

DOMINION SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED.

26 KING ST. EAST TORONTO. LONDON, ENG. CANADA LIFE BLDG., MONTREAL.

HOLLAND HOUSE

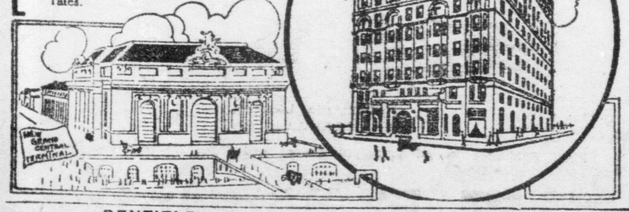
New York City — 5th Ave. and 30th St.

A Smart Hotel for Smart People

Located near all railway terminals, underground and elevated stations, theatres, shopping centres and commercial districts.

Comfortably and Luxuriously Appointed

Superb Cuisine and Service.
Splendid Orchestra and Choralcelo.
CONCERTS DAILY IN LOUNGING ROOM
Matinee Luncheons and Afternoon Teas.
Rooms single and en suite at consistent rates.



DENFIELD.

Denfield, March 9.—Mrs. W. Tedder and daughter Flossie, were Clandeboye visitors recently.

Quite a number of people visited London yesterday, among them being Mr. A. E. Matthews, Mr. J. Matthews and daughter, Roxie, Miss Isabelle Shipley, Mrs. I. Hodgson, Mrs. E. Charlton, Miss Rita Gibson and Miss Agnes Richards.

Mrs. E. McKenzie, of Clandeboye, was in London yesterday.

Mr. Thomas and Mr. Charles Rosser and Mr. Robert McBlain visited Ailsa Craig recently.

BOOM WEST LORNE

Industrial Association Held Its First Annual Meeting.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

West Lorne, March 8.—At the first annual meeting of the West Lorne Industrial Association, the following officers were elected:

Honorary President—Archibald McKillop.
President—Mr. A. Knowles.
First Vice-President—James Cullens.
Second Vice-President—Samuel W. Carson.
Corresponding Secretary and Publicity—Hugh A. Carmichael.
Financial Secretary—Dr. Webster.
Treasurer—W. H. Bole.

The meetings leading up to the organization have been most enthusiastic and well attended, both by the citizens and representative farmers near West Lorne.

The object of organization is the advancement of the town and the county generally, advertising and co-operation in bettering the conditions generally.

Only One "BROMO QUININE," that is Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on box. 25c

WESTERN ONTARIO

Continued From Page Eight.

NAPIER SOCIETY TO TAKE THE NEGATIVE

Will Debate Monarchical Government Questions With Members of Brooke Literary Society on Tuesday.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Napier, March 9.—In the challenge debate between the North Brooke Literary Society and Napier Literary Society on the subject, "Resolved, That Monarchical Government, as Illustrated by Great Britain, Is Better Than Republican Government, as Illustrated by the United States." Napier has the negative side, and the speakers appointed are Malcolm McIntyre and Amy McLean. The debate will take place Tuesday evening, March 12, in Chalmers Presbyterian Church at Brooke.

Lillian Haxby left yesterday for Peterboro for a visit.

Jennie McKay has been away for a couple of weeks visiting friends.

Ernest McDonald was home recently.

Basil Smith is quite ill with measles.

Rev. J. McStewart, of St. Andrew's Church, attended the Presbtyery meeting at Sarnia.

Both Mrs. Yager and her son, James, are confined to the house owing to a serious attack of measles.

Other cases have developed. Warren Field and Allegra Walker are also quite ill.

CORN GROWERS

Mr. A. D. McGugan Elected President of New West Lorne Society.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

West Lorne, March 8.—At a meeting of the corn growers of Aldboro and Dunwich the following officers were elected:

Honorary Presidents—F. G. Macdiarmid, M. L. A.; P. Stalker.
President—A. D. McGugan.
First Vice-President—J. A. McKillop.
Second Vice-President—P. A. McVicar.
Secretary—D. Carmichael, Jr.
Treasurer—A. McKillop.

A board of nine directors was also appointed—W. A. Kelly, Arch McColl, Wm. Campbell, T. W. Sims, Henry Miller, all of Aldborough; F. Silcox and J. Pearce, Dunwich; Neil Burton and H. S. McDiarmid, Southwold.

A RECORD YEAR

Directors of Mapleton Cheese Factory Hear Splendid Reports.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Mapleton, March 9.—The annual meeting of the patrons of the cheese factory was held on Wednesday and was largely attended by representative dairymen. Miles Charlton presided. Mr. A. Charlton, the veteran secretary, presented the report of auditors, which was the most gratifying in the history of the industry.

The output comprised the following: Total milk, 3,540,183 pounds; cheese, 318,759 pounds. Receipts, $40,013.64; paid mager, $3,346.92; average price, 12.553c; average pounds milk, 11.106; net value 100 pounds milk, $1 03.1.

Mr. John Brodie, proprietor, offered to manufacture the cheese at $1.05 per cwt., supplemented with a subsidy of $50 in lieu of salesman.

The directorate for the current year consists of Messrs. Neil McCallum, Andrew Wismer, Colin McGregor, Culver Finch and Duncan Taylor.

A discussion took place in regard to cooling milk prior to assimilating it with the morning's milk.

Messrs. Abraham Charlton and L. M. Brown were re-elected, the former as secretary and the latter as auditor, with a subsidy of $50 and $30 respectively.

After a hearty vote of thanks to the chairman and secretary, the meeting concluded.

TALBOTVILLE.

Talbotville, March 9.—A sleigh load of 26 young people attended the concert at the Town Line Church and all spent a most enjoyable time.

Miss Lottie Gilbert has returned to Aylmer to resume her work there.

Mrs. Bert Hicks entertained a few friends at her home on Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Thos. Wallis is visiting Mrs. Hughes at Watford.

BELMONT.

Belmont, March 9.—Mr. Leon Beakbane, who for the past eight months has had charge of the Belmont section of the C. P. R., is taking charge of the Harrietsville section. His place here is being filled by the veteran, Mr. David McCord, who has, with the exception of the last few months, been section foreman since the inception of the road. Mr. Beakbane will continue to reside in Belmont.

PAIN IN MY BACK IS ALL GONE

Since I Got a Box of Gin Pills

Church St., Cornwallis, N. S.
Jan. 23, 1911.

"About a year ago I was suffering so much with a dreadful Lame Back and Hips that I could not stand up straight. I was informed by a friend about GIN PILLS. I got a box. It helped me immediately. I have taken about twelve boxes, and the pains in my back and hips are all gone. I cannot speak too highly of the wonderful effects of your GIN PILLS."

B. C. DAVID.



Liniments and plasters won't cure Lame Back — because they never reach the part that is causing the pain. The whole trouble is with the Kidneys, and you must cure the Kidneys in order to stop the pain. GIN PILLS cure weak, sick, strained Kidneys as nothing else will. GIN PILLS drive away the pain every time—or your money promptly refunded. Fifty cents a box, six for $2 50. Sample free if you write National Drug and Chemical Company of Canada, Limited, Dept. G., Toronto.

MANGA-TONE BLOOD AND NERVE TABLETS help pale, nervous women to get well. Fifty cents a box.

WASTED AWAY TO A SHADOW

"Fruit-a-tives" Cured Me After 12 Years' Suffering.

Hull, Que., Dec. 24, 1910.

"For the past twelve years I had painful attacks of Dyspepsia. Finally, in March, 1908, I suffered such tortures that I was compelled to stay in bed. I could not digest my food and everything I ate caused the most agonizing pain in my stomach. I also had a fearful attack of Constipation, and at times I had no movement of the bowels for two weeks.



"Three doctors attended me for two years and gave me all kinds of medicine, but did me no good. My weight came down to only 80 pounds, and everyone thought I was going to die. Finally I had the good fortune to buy 'Fruit-a-tives,' and as soon as I began to take them I felt better. I persisted in the treatment, and to my great joy and to the astonishment of my friends, I improved.

"Now I feel very well, weigh 115 pounds, and this is more than I ever weighed, even before my illness. I attribute my cure solely to 'Fruit-a-tives.'"

Madame ANDREW STAFFORD.

Fifty cents a box, six for $2 50, or trial size 25 cents. At all dealers, or from Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa.

CAME TO FUNERAL NOW CRITICALLY ILL

Mrs. Forrester Was Stricken With Paralysis Before Her Brother Was Buried at Walkerton.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Walkerton, March 8.—Mrs. Forrester, of Markham, sister of the late Registrar Daehr came to Walkerton to attend the funeral of her brother, and shortly after entering the house she was attacked by a paralytic stroke, and is very seriously ill.

Mr. R. C. Cheeswright, of Winnipeg, is visiting here.

Mrs. M. Pinkerton has sold her residence to Dr. Fortune, and is going West to live with her recently-married daughter.

The summing up of the vote on church union in the Presbyterian Church stood 308 for, and 98 against.

Dr. Cannon, of Stratford, spent Sunday with his father here.

Mr. Chisholm, recently foreman for the Bruce Herald, has moved his family to London, having secured a position with Lawson & Jones, of that city.

Mr. W. M. Shaw visited recently in Woodstock.

Wm. Farquharson, of the Queen's, is again able to be out.

Mr. J. Aitken and wife have returned from their wedding trip, and have left for their future home at Saskatoon.

Mr. Joseph Morriston, of the Truax staff, is visiting his brother in Washington.

Mrs. Powis (nee Olive Logan), of Toronto, is visiting Mrs. Stead.

George Letner has sold his blacksmith shop to G. Geesler, and is going West.

Three new cases of scarlet fever have been reported in the last few days.

Col. Scott was in Toronto recently on business.

THAMESFORD.

Thamesford, March 9.—The choir of the M. E. Church drove to Kintore last evening and were entertained by the young people of the Methodist Church, of whom Mr. McRoberts, formerly of London, is the pastor.

A surprise party of about forty young people from Thamesford and vicinity invaded the home of G. R. Mills and were received gladly and spent a most pleasant evening.

Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Galbraith entertained the choir and the Sabbath school teachers at the manse on Wednesday evening and spent a very pleasant time.

Mrs. R. McFarlane, Mrs. E. A. Dundas and Mrs. (Dr.) Babb visited the several rooms of the public school recently. The teachers were pleased with their visit, and conducted their usual classes, which were very encouraging to the visitors, who speak in glowing terms of the discipline and order in the rooms.

A sleigh load of visitors of the twelfth line, consisting of Mr. Houston and family, Mr. Skinner and wife, Mrs. J. A. Luetsinger, Miss Underhill and others visited at Mr. Mercer's and were entertained royally.

The sale of thoroughbred horses and cattle of Wm. Hogg's took place yesterday and was very successful. High prices were paid. Visitors from all over the country were present.

SPRINGFIELD.

Springfield, March 9.—The choir of the Methodist Church gave a concert on Wednesday evening entitled, "The Old District School." The evening's programme was under the management of the choir leader, Miss L. White. All took their parts well. The special feature of the evening, which created the greatest laughter, was the "spanking machine."

Mr. Jas. Belmore, of St. Thomas, is visiting his parents, Mrs. and Mrs. Thos. Belmore.

Miss L. McClintock, of Tillsonburg, visited friends here recently.

Messrs. Percy New and Perry Wintermote left recently for Winnipeg, where they both have secured positions.

A number of young people from here spent Thursday evening at the home of Mr. Wm. Cook, of Brownsville.

PHONE HABITS.

There is a demand in certain quarters for the elimination of the word "hello" in telephone communication. When this reform is established an effort might be made to persuade people who call up a number to refrain from opening conversation with the question, "Who is this?" It is as if a stranger came to your door with a similar demand.—Indianapolis Star.

REWARD IS OFFERED FOR ARREST OF HAWKE

Toronto Doctor is Wanted on a Charge of Manslaughter and Abortion.

[Canadian Press.]

Toronto, March 8.—Three hundred dollars' reward is being offered by the police for the arrest of Dr. B. E. Hawke, wanted on a charge of murder in connection with the death of Mrs. Davidge, on whom he is alleged to have performed an illegal operation. The police say they have warrants against the missing doctor for murder, manslaughter and abortion, and they are anxious to apprehend him.

WANT SCHOOLS FOR MENTALLY DEFECTIVE

Large Number of Children Seriously Affected in Toronto Schools.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, March 8.—That there are a large number of children in Toronto schools now being taught in special classes who are seriously mentally defective, and that it was impossible for the public schools to care for them and make them efficient citizens, was pointed out by a deputation from the medical committee of the board of eduaction, who waited upon Hon. W. J. Hanna this morning. They stated that a special institution should be provided for the training of these children. This was necessary if they were to be prevented from becoming criminals and unemployable. The provincial secretary stated that he recognized the seriousness of the situation, and that it was one the Government would have to consider.

CHINESE DISSENSIONS

Trouble Is Now Reported From the Southern Provinces.

[Canadian Press.]

Pekin, March 8.—The foreign legations have received today reports from consuls, stating that dissensions have broken out at various places in the southern provinces.

The scheme by which General Li Yuen-Heng, vice-president of the republic, was to proceed to Nanking to take the oath of office, has failed. It is understood that General Li Yuen-Heng fears that his departure from Wu Chang would precipitate trouble. It is now President-elect Yuan Shi Kai's intention to take the oath of office at Pekin on March 10.

The sum amounting to several millions of taels, which is to be paid over to Yuan Shi Kai during the next few days by bankers representing the financial interests of Great Britain, the United States, Germany and France, will possibly enable the president-elect to repurchase the allegiance of many of the soldiers who have recently been causing trouble.

WESTMINSTER.

Westminster, March 9.—Mr. W. G. Laidlaw, of Milestone, Sask., is being welcomed here by a host of friends. He will return to the West in a couple of weeks.

The vote on church union in the Presbyterian Churches is being counted, and the result will be announced on Sunday. The figures are awaited with great interest.

Mr. James Murray, ex-reeve, is confined to his home through illness.

Miss Nellie Elliott entertained the members of the Pond Mills Skating Club on Wednesday evening. A very enjoyable time was spent.

AILSA CRAIG.

Ailsa Craig, March 9.—Mr. W. H. Kennedy has received two carloads of damaged grain from Owen Sound.

Miss Ethel Smith, who has been attending the Normal School in Toronto has returned home owing to illness.

Mr. E. Mildrof, who has been engaged as miller at the Jarvis mill for over three years, has severed his connection there to accept a similar position in Ailsa Craig.

Sunday Appointments.

The following are the Huron College appointments for Sunday, March 10: Rev. Principal Waller, Memorial in the morning; Rev. Professor Wright, Christ Church; C. Langford, Bothwell and Thamesville; E. Jacques, Granton; F. V. Vair, Thamesford; A. S. H. Cree, Muncey; A. A. Trumper, St. David's; F. C. Ryott, London Township; H. C. Light, St. Mark's; R. E. Charles, Parkhill; W. H. Boyd, Trinity; C. Abbott, Drumbo; W. R. Haines, Inwood; R. Lee, St. Marys; F. Lewin, Dover; C. DuPlan, Dungannon; C. Simpson, Milverton; C. Foreman, Aged People's Home. The Rev. C. R. Gunne will preach at New St. Paul's, Woodstock, on Sunday.

Nerves at High Tension

Necessary in This Age of Keen Competition and Great Accomplishment.

When the Body Fails to Support the Brain, Seek the Help of

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

Nervous people are the salt of the earth. The great men and great women are usually those of nervous temperament.

But it takes an enormous quantity of blood to supply energy to the great brain or a highly-tensioned nervous system.

Digestion fails because nerve force is lacking to control the flow of digestive fluids. A little extra excitement is followed by the agony of a sleepless night. You are easily irritated and lose patience, you lack the reserve force which is necessary for success and to ward off disease.

Unfortunately nervous diseases do not right themselves, and since your digestive system fails to supply sufficient nourishment you must seek external assistance such as Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

This great food cure is not a narcotice to deaden the nerves. It is not a stimulant to whip up the nerves to renewed effort.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food feeds the feeble, wasted nerves back to health, and vigor. It floods the nervous system with new rich blood, the only substance from which nerve force can be made. Fifty cents a box, six for $2 50, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

Pimples? No They've All Gone!

No More Humiliation—The Wonderful Stuart's Calcium Wafers "Get Right After" Those Pimples, Boils and Skin Eruptions.

Trial Package Sent Free to Prove It.

No need for anyone to go about any longer with a face covered with pimples, blotches, eruptions, blackheads and liver spots. These are all due to impurities in the blood. Cleanse the blood thoroughly and the blemishes will disappear.

That's what Stuart's Calcium Wafers are intended to accomplish, and do accomplish. Their principal ingredient is Calcium Sulphide, the quickest and most thorough blood cleanser known.

These wonderful little wafers get right into the blood, and destroy eruptive substances present in it. In some cases a few days is sufficient to make a marked improvement. And when the blood is pure the whole system is a hundred per cent better.

Don't fret any longer about those blackheads, pimples, boils, tetter, eczema, spots or skin eruptions; they all go and "go quick" if you use Stuart's Calcium Wafers.

You can have a trial package of Stuart's Calcium Wafers, simply by sending your name and address to F. A. Stuart Company, 175 Stuart building, Marshall, Mich. Then, when you have proved their value, you can get the regular-size package for 50 cents, at any drug store.



For the Reception Hall, Den or Study

A Reflex Inverted Gas Lamp, with globe giving a "Mission Lantern" effect,—placed on a bracket, is most effective.

Are you Satisfied with your lighting arrangements? Call up phone 922, Appliance Department.

City Gas Company

Brackets for Inverted Lights $1.00 up



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Is the friend of every man, provided you use his products best suited for your particular needs.

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Well prepared and carefully delivered.

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Music and Drama.

GRAND'S COMING ATTRACTION.

..Today, matinee and night, "Brewster's Millions."

Tuesday, March 12, "Madame Sherry."

Friday, March 15, the Schubert Choir, of Toronto.

Saturday, March 16, "Jumping Jupiter," two performances.

Monday, March 18, Kitty Gordon in "The Enchantress."

PRINCESS THEATRE.

Next week, Moving Pictures and the London Male Quartette.

Good Plays Coming.

After a rest of some two or three weeks, in which a stock company has occupied the Grand, some important attractions are announced. Theatregoers will learn with pleasure of the visit to the city of some recent New York successes. Although Mr. A. J. Small is in



GRACE NILE.

With "Brewster's Millions," at the Grand Twice Today.

Egypt with Mrs. Small on a trip, his Toronto affairs are managed with judicious care by Mr. Jas. Cowan, and he has succeeded in giving this city choice plays for the balance of the season. On Tuesday night "Madame Sherry," with its haunting waltz melody, will again appear. Other visits of this musical play were well received, and without doubt a big house will attend next Tuesday. Another musical play comes next Saturday for two performances. "Jumping Jupiter" is a song show that carries as leading comedian Richard Carle, a well-known star of comic opera fame. Mr. Carle has with him Edna Wallace Hopper, an actress who has been with many opera successes. Probably the most important booking of the season is that of Kitty Gordon in "The Enchantress," Monday, March 18. Miss Gordon opened in New York early last fall with this opera and continued to pack the theatre until she took the road a couple of weeks ago. It is said to be one of the most successful musical plays of the past few years. Other attractions to appear shortly are "Bunty Pulls the String," now playing in New York, and "The Spring Maid," another comic opera.

"Brewster's Millions."

"Brewster's Millions," one of George Barr McCutcheon's best plays, attracted a large audience at the Grand Opera House on Friday night, and all were delighted with the presentation of this ever popular comedy.

The story of the young man who was compelled to spend $1,000,000 in a year legitimately is well known to theatregoers. It is an entertaining tale, with a lesson underneath it all.

The role of Monty Brewster was taken by Mr. Louis Kimball last night, and he played the part in a way to win the hearts of his audience from beginning to end, and not for a moment did he fail to bring out the full meaning of his lines.

His support was admirable, Miss Gertrude Shanley, as Miss Boynton, Brewster's stenographer, being particularly good.

"Brewster's Millions" will be repeated this afternoon and evening at the Grand.

Return Engagement "Madame Sherry."

It has been said that the public is exacting when it comes to amusements, especially musical plays. Evidently the public knows what it wants in the form of entertainments, as will readily be seen by the phenomenal success of "Madame Sherry," which has set a new record for receipts and attendance. Its second tour promises to eclipse its former one, if that were possible. "Madame Sherry" came as a distinct surprise that the conventional and usual musical plays found a standard they were not able to keep pace with. First in order, the manuscript containing comedy must be selected with great care. The comedy must be wholesome and the situation legitimate and funny. Next comes the score. It must contain musical numbers and melodies that appeal to the popular fancy. It has been said that one melody that becomes popular can make the success of the play. Not to be overlooked is the chorus. The public expects to see pretty girls who can sing and dance. The costumes must be striking and pleasing to the eye. The cost of some of these costumes is no small item in the expense of fitting up an attraction. Some of the gowns worn by the chorus cost more than those worn by the principals. In "Madame Sherry," Mr. George W. Lederer, who produced the play, supervised everything from the blending of the colors of scenery and costumes to the building of the scenery. "Madame Sherry" comes to the Grand for one night only, on Tuesday next. Seat sale opened Friday with a rush.

W. Dalton-Baker, With Schubert Choir.

A famous English music critic recently said of W. Dalton-Baker, leading baritone of that country, who is here next Friday at the Grand Opera House with the Schubert Choir, that he has had no real rival since he stepped on the concert platform. Many writers for the press of Great Britain have authorized the statement that he is the first singer tha has arisen o take the place made vacant by Charles Santley. Mr. Dalton-Baker is to sing for the music lovers of this city on Friday, March 15, and he will then have every opportunity to prove the assertion made in his behalf. This young baritone, who was one of the leading organists of England for years before adopting a singing career, is a master musician. Whatever he does is said to be based on a sound knowledge of the essentials of music. Beyond this Mr. Dalton-Baker has a resonant baritone of appealing quality. There will be abundant opportunity for this newcomer to reveal his artistry in his rendition of the programme. The programme which Mr. Dalton-Baker is to offer is one of variety and merit.

Famous Musical Comedy.

At the Grand Saturday next, matinee and night, Richard Carle will be seen in the latest of his musical comedies, for which he finds the title of "Jumping Jupiter." Mr. Carle is amusing after his own fashion, and he brings along a company, the excellence of which is not lightly to be overlooked. Principal of these is Edna Wallace Hopper, who sings very pleasantly. The piece tells an entertaining story of a skin doctor, whose wife is suffering from the toothache. He is invited to a wedding and accepts, leaving his better half to fight the pains of the throbbing molar alone. The bridegroom, for purposes of his own, finds it convenient to introduce a handsome young woman as the wife of the professor. Everything seems to be running along smoothly until the professor's wife unexpectedly recovers and joins her spouse. This creates obvious embarrassing difficulties, which are solved by the professor inducing his newly-found wife to pose as a maid. Mr. Carle is the author of the piece, and has managed to slip in a great many bright lines, although there also are a few which are reminiscent. Mr. Carle has not been seen in an offering for some time, which gives him a better opportunity to indulge his usual mannerisms with good effect. He evidently knows rather well just what sort of a production is best suited to his own talents. Seats Thursday.

The Enchantress.

Beautiful Kitty Gordon will make her long-awaited appearance in London at the Grand Opera House on Monday, March 18, in Victor Herbert's newest and favorite operetta, "The Enchantress," which comes direct from its highly successful run at New York Theatre, New York, with the original company of one hundred. Mr. Herbert believes that he has never composed a light musical piece quite so brilliant and colorful and so suffused with melodies and lingering dance music as this comic opera, and he is, it will be remembered, the author of such gems of light musical compositions as "The Serenade," "Babes in Toyland," "Mlle. Modiste," and "The Red Mill."

Nor had Miss Gordon ever revealed her sirenic charm so delightfully as in the role of the opera singer, Vivien, who is duped by the regent of the mythical "Graustark"-like kingdom in which the play is laid, into endeavoring to lure the crown prince from his throne. Mr. Gaites, the producer, has surrounded her with a lavishly spectacular production and a cast of unusual merit. For the remarkable chorus effects, in which Mr. Herbert revels, he has gathered one of the most beautiful singing choruses, and necessarily, for several times the impressive ensembles reach the height of grand opera. Seat sale opens next Friday at 9 o'clock. Mail orders received now from outside of city.

Princess Theatre.

The London Male Quartette will appear Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday evenings of next week as an extra attraction. The regular programme of high-class moving pictures will be shown, as well as a refined vaudeville act of eccentric dancing. This programme will no doubt prove very popular and attract large audiences.

Lillian Albertston was compelled to leave the cast of "The Talker," now running at the Harris Theatre, New York, Saturday night. Miss Albertston has been troubled with relaxed vocal chords.

Christine Norman has succeeded her in the role of Kate Lenox, the talker.

Rose Stahl will begin a run at the Garrick Theatre, Philadelphia, on Monday, March 11. She will finish her season there.

Henry B. Harris, who left for Europe last week, will spend several days at Cannes, France, conferring with Edgar Selwyn about his new play, which will be produced in New York early in September.

Acton Davies, the well-known dramatic critic of the New York Evening Sun, is novelizing "The First Lady in the Land," the successful play in which Elsie Ferguson is starring. The H. K. Fly Publishing Company own the book rights to this comedy, and announce that it will be published early in April.

Dorothy Donnelly, who originated the leading role in "Madame X," in America, will be featured by Henry B. Harris, in his forthcoming production of Kellett Chambers' new play, "The Right To Be Happy."

Henry B. Harris has purchased a new play by Grace Hoyer, entitled "O'Donovan's Daughter." It will have a try-out this spring, and if found satisfactory, will be seen in New York this coming season.

Tully Marshall, who plays the leading role in "The Talker," now running at the Harris Theatre, New York, in his spare moments is rehearsing "The Right To Be Happy," Kellett Chambers' new play, in which Dorothy Donnelly will be featured.



KITTY GORDON.

She visits London for the first time on Monday, March 18, in the New York musical success, "The Enchantress."

Facts Not Generally Known

That Pauline Lord, who plays Ruth Lenox in "The Talker," now running at the Harris Theatre, New York, is a niece of the late Governor Lord, of Oregon.

That Clifton Crawford, who is being featured in "The Quaker Girl," the musical comedy success, now running at the Park Theatre, New York, on first coming to America, was a golf instructor with several links near New York City.

That Jessie Ralph, who plays Mrs. Dole in support of Helen Ware in "The Price," was for a number of years a prominent member with that celebrated theatrical organization—Russell's Comedians.

That Kellett Chambers, author of "The Right To Be Happy," which Henry B. Harris will present in the near future, is the husband of Kate Carew, the celebrated New York caricaturist.

Bright Lines From "The First Lady in the Land"

Great ventures can't stop for small morals.

Rogues always get the pity of women.

A man at the piano! It's a kind of a fancy work.

Let your foot slip ever so little, and your character hasn't a leg to stand on.

A young girl marries because she's in love; a widow to keep out of it.

I know no greater obstacle to the favor of a charming woman than to be a serious man.

What you call treason today will be patriotism tomorrow—when it succeeds.

The Providence that takes care of the childless and drunkards take care of the United States.

Don't question a woman's heart. If she loves you there is nothing to tell, if she doesn't she won't tell it.

What better tribute to a sweet memory than to seek its renewal? Persistent womanhood is a poor elegy.

One doesn't get from books the graces of the ballroom, and for some



ELSA KELLNER.

Dramatic Soprano Soloist, With the Schubert Choir at the Grand Next Friday Night.

it's easier to form a statute than to return a compliment.

Weeds of malice and slander, left to themselves, neglected, will flourish and spread into a maze of obstacles—a very forest. Every time the weeds of slander show in your path, put foot on them, crush them under heel, stamp into dust, and those that sow them.

Novels of Charles Dickens Which Have Been Dramatized

(From Liebler & Co.)

Liebler & Co.'s centenary revival of "Oliver Twist," which, with Nat C. Goodwin, Constance Collier, Lyn Harding, Marie Doro and a number of other stars and near-stars, will be before the public in a very short time, marks a return on the part of that producing firm to a practice that was once a regular part of its annual programme—the spring "all-star" revival. Scarcely had this firm began its activities when this annual event was instituted. In 1899 the first of a long series of memorable revivals was staged, that of "The Musketeers," with James O'Neill, Blanche Bates, Margaret Anglin, Wilton Lackaye, S. Miller Kent, Edmund Breese, Henry Lea and many other notables in the company. In 1901 followed Browning's "In a Balcony," with Eleanor Robson, Mrs. Le Mayne and Otis Skinner as its interpreters. The next season J. Sheridan Knowles' "The Hunchback," was given, with Viola Allen, Eben Plympton, Aubrey Boucicault and Jameson Lee Finney as its leading players. By this time the Liebler & Co. spring revival had become a feature of each dramatic season. In 1903 came the revival of "Romeo and Juliet," with Eleanor Robson, Kyrle Bellew, Eben Plympton, W. H. Thompson, John W. Kollard, Edwin Arden, Frank C. Bangs, Mrs. W. C. Jones, Ada Dwyer, Edmund Breese, George Clarke and W. J. Ferguson. In conjunction with several other managers, Liebler & Co. revived "The Two Orphans" in 1904, with Clara Morris, Kyrle Bellew, James O'Neill, Grace George, Charles Warner, Margaret Illington, E. M. Holland, Elita Proctor Otis, Frederick Perry, Annie Irish and Jameson Lee Finney. This revival proved so profitable that Liebler & Co. sent it on tour for an entire season, retaining Misses Morris, George and Otis, and Messrs. O'Neill and Finney in the cast, and adding Mrs. Le Moyne, Louis James, J. E. Dodson, Bijou Fernandez and Sarah Truax. In 1905 this firm attempted two more fine revivals, one of "She Stoops to Conquer," with Eleanor Robson, Kyrle Bellew, Louis James, Isabel Irving, J. E. Dodson, Sidney Drew, Mrs. Calvert and Frank Mills in the leading roles, and one of "London Assurance," with Ellis Jeffreys, Eben Plympton, W. H. Thompson, James O'Neill, Joseph Wheelock, Jr., Murray Carson, Ben. Webster, Herbert Sleath, and Ida Conquest as the featured players.

Theatrical Chronology for March

1. Marietta Judah died in San Francisco, in 1883.

2. "Tess of The D'Urbervilles" produced first time on any stage, at Miner's Fifth Avenue Theatre, New York, 1897.

3. Nat C. Goodwin appeared in "A Gold Mine," for the first time in New York, at Tompkins' Fifth Avenue Theatre, 1889.

4. George Cooke, actor and manager, died 1863.

5. Mrs. W. G. Jones' first appearance in New York, at the Chatham Theatre, 1852.

6. Boucicault's play, "Suil-a-Mor," or "Life in Galway," acted first time in New York, at Booth's Theatre, 1882.

7. "Walda Lamar" produced first time, at the Lyceum Theatre, New York, 1887.

8. Rose Evans died 1875.

9. "The Old, Old Story" acted first time on any stage, 1891, at the Lyceum Theatre, New York.

10. Steele Mackaye's play, "Through the Dark," presented at the New Fifth Avenue Theatre, New York, 1879.

11. The first performance in America of Sophocles' "Electra," given in English, at the Lyceum Theatre, New York, 1889.

12. Edwin Booth's last appearance in Washington, D. C., 1864, at the National Theatre.

13.—James S. Rooney died 1888.

14. Kiralfy Brothers' "A Trip to the Moon" produced at Booth's Theatre, New York, 1877.

15. "School" was first acted in this country, at Wallack's Theatre, New York, 1869.

16. "Die Fledermaus" had its first representation in English, Casino Theatre, New York, 1885.

17. "Jane Shore" seen at the Boston Theatre, Boston, 1794.

18. "A Child of Fortune" sung first time in America, Casino Theatre, New York, 1892.

19. "Six Degrees of Crime" produced first time in New York, Bowery Theatre, 1834.

20. J. H. Hackett played "Rip Van Winkle," National Theatre, New York, 1837.

21. Augustus Addams, actor and manager, died 1851.

22. Juliet Crosby-Belasco died 1907.



RICHARD CARLE.

A Famous Comic Opera Comedian. He Comes to the Grand Next Saturday in His Own Musical Play Called "Jumping Jupiter."

23. "The Pet of the Petticoats" first produced at Mitchell's Olympic, New York, 1843.

24. T. H. Higgie, actor and dramatic author, died 1903.

25. "Belle's Stratagem," given in Philadelphia, by the Philadelphia Company, 1794.

26. Henry Holland died 1891.

27. "Birth" was first acted in this country, Wallack's Theatre, New York, 1871.

28. "The Fool's Revenge," with Edwin Booth, first time in New York, 1864, at Niblo's Garden.

29. Frank Harvey, dramatic author, actor and manager, died 1903.

30. Edward Fitzwilliam, actor, died 1852.

31. Edwin Booth played "Richard III," first time, Chatham Theatre, New York, 1851.



ADA MEADE.

With "Madame Sherry" at the Grand Next Tuesday Night.

Ford

IF you know what Vanadium Steel really is, its tremendous importance in motor car building, you would not buy a motor car which was constructed of any other material.

When scientifically heat treated, Vanadium Steel is the strongest steel in the world under vibratory stress and under torsional strain.

Ford Model T motor cars are constructed entirely of Vanadium Steel, scientifically heat treated, by original Ford process.

Every part of the Ford Model T is heat treated to withstand to the limit the particular strain or stress to which it must be subjected in actual, practical service; the axles for torsional strain; the hub spindles for vibratory stress; the crank shaft for impact; the connecting rods for compression shock; the steering yoke for traction and shock, and so on. Every strain and stress throughout, tested out, and then intelligently and scientifically heat treated to safely meet the responsibilities which must be carried in actual service.

This is why Ford Model T cars stand up in all service; a mile in fifty seconds on the race track; climbing Pike's Peak; going through sand and slush and mud; over ploughed fields; climbing rugged, rocky Ben Nevis; sweeping across the continent from New York to Seattle; in durability road tests; in every day use everywhere in all parts of the world.

It is Vanadium Steel construction coupled with Henry Ford's matchless genius in design that has brought about the fact that every third motor car made on this continent in 1912 will be a Ford Model T.

Is not this a reason why you should choose Ford Model T as the car you will buy?

Ford Model T---the one car that is sold fully equipped, with Extension Top Automatic Brass Windshield, Speedometer, Ford Magneto built into the motor, Two 6-inch Gas Lamps, Generator, Three Oil Lamps, Horn, Tools. Prompt delivery assured on all of the following models:

Ford Model T Touring Car, 4 cylinders, 5 passengers, fully equipped, f. o. b., Walkerville	$ 850
Ford Model T Torpedo, 4 cylinders, 2 passengers, fully equipped, f. o. b. Walkerville	$ 775
Ford Model T Commercial Roadster, 4 cylinders, 3 passengers, removable rumble seat, fully equipped, f. o. b. Walkerville	$ 775
Ford Model T Town Car (Landaulet), 4 cylinders, 6 passengers, fully equipped, f. o. b. Walkerville	$1100
Ford Model T Delivery Car, capacity 750 pounds merchandise, fully equipped, f. o. b. Walkerville	$ 875

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Garage, 381 Wellington Street. Showrooms, 247 Dundas Street.
LONDON AGENT.

French Nobleman Next Husband of Oil Scion's Beautiful Wife



This is the new photograph of Mrs. Roy Pierce, whose marriage to Pierce was annulled on the ground that he was intoxicated at the time. Pierce is the son of the millionaire oil man and it is said that the family settled with the wife for several hundred thousand dollars. Testimony at the divorce trial gave Pierce a bad reputation.

Young Pierce's wife is known in the society of New York, Paris, London, Berlin and the Riviera. Her beauty has been placed on canvas by noted painters. She has been courted by men of wealth, including Baron "Jimmie" Rothschild. She was originally "the beautiful Betsey Faulkner," daughter of cultured Boston people in moderate circumstances. She was deserted by her first husband, T. Irwin, Chapman, and divorced him. For a time she was on the stage. Now it is reported that she will go to Europe in May and become the bride of a French nobleman.

Tobler's
SWISS MILK
CHOCOLATE
in 5., 10., 15., 20., 30
& 40c. packets and 50c. per pound

You know how good TOBLER'S SWISS MILK CHOCOLATE is, then you will also appreciate Swiss Milk Chocolate containing the finest Hazelnuts procurable.

It is the daily sweetmeat of thousands of people the world over.

Buy It in Preference to All Other Chocolates

SIXTEEN HURT WHEN COACH ROLLED DOWN EMBANKMENT

R. L. Stevens, a Strathroy Traveller, Married But Two Weeks May Die—Big Accident On Grand Trunk at Varney Was Caused By a Broken Rail.

Wrecked—G. T. R. express No. 51.

Scene—Varney Village, etween Durham and Palmerston.

Cause—Broken rail.

Injured—C. L. Stevens, Strathroy, traveller for Paterson & Company, Brantford, spine hurt, ribs broken and internal injuries. Not likely to recover.

J. A Cole, 781 Waterloo street, London, accountant for London and Western Trusts, bad scalp wound, cuts about face and hands. Will recover.

N. W. Pyke, 448 Pall Mall street, traveller, ribs and collarbone fractured. Will recover.

J. F. Sims, St. Marys, traveller for the McCormick Biscuit Company, badly cut. Will recover.

W. P. Lindsay, Toronto, traveller, hip and back injured.

W. Wilson, Fergus, back badly injured, suffering from shock.

Mrs. John Boyd, Flesherton, head and face bruised, back apparently injured, shock.

E. J. Cosford, Woodstock, left hand badly cut, two fingers injured.

J. A. Hunt, Elbow, Sask., slight scalp wounds and side of face fractured, right shoulder bruised.

Mrs. J. A. Hunt, slight scalp wounds. Baby, 7 months old, unhurt.

R. Wollcott, West Moncton, left hand cut, right shoulder hurt, knee b. ised.

W. Totten, conductor, bruised on back of head.

— Small, brakesman, cut on back of head, right hip fractured, and generally shaken up.

Charles A. Sanders, Frank Warner and M. E. Horne, all of Durham, badly shaken up.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Mount Forest, March 9.—C. L. Stevens, of Strathroy, a traveller for the Patterson Biscuit Company, was so badly injured that it is feared he will not recover, and fifteen other persons were hurt yesterday afternoon, when Grand Trunk express No. 51, was was wrecked by a broken rail near Varney, between Durham and Palmerston.

The coach in which all those injured were riding rolled down a 25-foot embankment, turning over twice on its way down, and came to a stand in a ravine. The rescue work began immediately, and the injured were rushed to Mount Forest Hospital.

The superintendent stated to The Advertiser today that Stevens is the only one who is seriously hurt. He complains of the most intense pains in his back, and it is known that his spine is badly injured. He was only married two weeks ago. His young wife was notified as quickly as possible, and came on the first train. It will not be known for some time whether Stevens will recover, as other injuries will, it is feared, develop and complications may result.

A Broken Rail.

The accident happened about 3 o'clock, when the train was making 30 miles an hour. A broken section of the rail, about 26 inches long, caused the derailment of the only passenger car on the train, which was composed of an engine, baggage coach and a passenger car. It left Durham for Palmerston, carrying about 35 passengers, most of them commercial travellers. The engine and baggage car passed over safely, but the passenger coach left the rails, and, breaking loose from the train, plunged over the bank and somersaulted twice before it landed in the ravine at the side of the tracks. It bumped along over the ties for more than 100 feet before going down the embankment. One woman and a child were in the coach, together with the men, and, although they were thrown up and down in the car, they were not seriously injured. The men did not fare so well, and in a few seconds groans and cries for help could be heard coming from the maimed and injured passengers.

Rescue Work Difficult.

The car came to rest on its side, making the rescue work doubly difficult for the uninjured passengers and train crew.

Word was sent to the Strathcona Hospital in Mount Forest, and a special train was sent out from Palmerston to convey the wounded to the hospital, eleven miles distant. Dr. Wilson, of Holstein, and Dr. Perry, of Mount Forest, were taken to the scene, and on the way back Dr. Seaman, of Palmerston, was taken aboard.

Superintendent Gillen was on his way to London, and hearing of the accident, had his car rushed to Varney at once.

The auxiliary from Toronto is clearing up the wreck. The coach smashed into a barbed wire fence, and is badly damaged.

Mrs. Boyd, when the accident happened, was holding her baby, and never let go of it, notwithstanding that she was hurled and twisted about among the seats as the coach somersaulted down the grade. Mrs. Boyd is suffering greatly from shock in addition to her injuries.

GASTRONOMICS.

If price of veal keeps going up—
And meat trust plot does seem to thicken—
First thing they know they'll have to make
Their chicken salad out of chicken.
—New York Sun.

FREE SAMPLES
Of Na-Dru-Co

LAXATIVES
Act gently — effectively — without irritation or discomfort. Pleasant to take. Increased doses not needed.
25c. a box.
Samples given Free Monday next at

RUBY ROSE COLD CREAM
An exquisitely perfumed preparation for chapped hands, roughness of the skin and sunburn. 85
25c. a jar.
Samples given Free Tuesday next at

BRUCE WALLACE'S, 419 Richmond Street

Advance Showing of
Spring Millinery
"Smith's"
252 Dundas Street

NORWEGIAN TELLS

(Continued From Page One.)

toria Land and the continuation of the mountain range which Sir Ernest Shackleton mentioned in his chart as running toward the southeast from the Beardmore Glacier, and on the same day we reached 83 degrees, and established here Depot No. 4. On the 11th we made the interesting discovery that the Ross Barrier terminated in a bight toward the southeast at 86 degrees south latitude and 163 degrees west longtitude, formed between the southeast mountain range running from South Victoria Land and a range on the opposite side running in a southwesterly direction—probably a continuation of King Edward VII. Land.

On the 13th we reached 84 degrees, where we established a depot; on the 16th we were at 85 degrees, where, also, we made a depot.

From our winter quarters, "Framheim," 78 degrees 38 minutes south latitude, we had been marching due south. On the 17th of November, at 85 degrees, we arrived at a place where the land and barrier were connected. This was done without any great difficulty. The barrier here rises in undulations to about 300 feet. Some few big crevices indicated the limited boundary.

Here we made our head depot, taking provisions for sixty days on sledges, and leaving thirty day's provisions on the spot.

Climbing the Heights of Land.

The land under which we lay, and which we now had to attack, looked quite imposing. The nearest summits along the barrier had a height from 2,000 to 10,000 feet, but several others further south were 15,000 feet or more.

The next day we began the climb. The first part of it was an easy task—light slopes and well-filled mountainside. It did not take a long time, for our willing dogs worked their way up. Further up we met with some small but very steep glaciers. He we had to harness twenty dogs to each sledge and take the four sledges in two turns. In some places it was so steep that it was difficult enough to use our skis.

Some big crevices forced us from time to time to make detours. The first day we climbed 2,000 feet, the next day, mostly up some small glaciers, camping at a height of 4,500 feet. The third day we were obliged to go down on a mighty glacier, "Axel Heiberg's Glacier," which divided the coast mountains and the mountains further south.

The Long Upward Climb.

The next day began the longest part of our climb. Many detours had to be made in order to avoid broad cracks and open crevices. These were apparently mostly filled up, as the glaciers in all probability had long ago stopped moving, but we had to be very careful, never knowing for certain how thick was the layer that covered them.

Our camp that night lay in very picturesque surroundings, at a height of 5,000 feet. The glacier here was narrowed in between the two 15,000-foot high mountains, the "Fridtjof Nansen," and the "Don Pedro Christopherson." From the bottom of the glacier rose Mount "Ole Englstad"—a big snow cone 13,500 feet high.

The glacier was very much broken in this comparatively narrow pass. The mighty crevices seemed to stop us from going further, but it was not so serious as it appeared. Our dogs which up to this time had covered a distance of about 700 kilometres, the last day's very hard work, ran this day 35 kilometres, the ascent being 5,600 feet, an almost incredible record.

It took us only four days from the barrier to get up on the vast inland plateau.

Killed Half the Dogs.

We camped that night at a height of 10,600 feet. Here we had to kill twenty-four of our brave companions and keep eighteen—six for each of our three sledges.

We stopped here four days on account of bad weather. Tired of this, we set out on the 25th of November. On the 26th, in a furious blizzard and in a dense snow drift, absolutely nothing was to be seen, but we felt that, contrary to expectations, we were going fast down hill. The hypsometer gave us that day a descent of 600 feet.

We continued our march the next day in a gale, and a dense snow drift got our faces badly frozen. We could see nothing. We reached that day 86 degrees, dead reckoning. The hypsometer indicated a fall of 800 feet.

The next day was similar. The weather cleared a little at dinner time and exposed to our view a mighty mountain range to the east, and not far off—only for a moment—and then it disappeared in the dense snow drift.

What the Sun Revealed.

On the 29th it calmed down and the sun shone, though it was not the only pleasant surprise he gave. In our course stretched a big glacier running toward the south. At its eastern end was the mountain range going in a southeasterly direction. Of the western part of it no view was to be had, it being hidden in the dense fog. At the foot of this glacier, the "Devil's Glacier," a depot for six days was established, at 86.21 degrees south latitude. The hypsometer indicated 8,000 feet above sea level.

On Nov. 30th we began to climb the glacier. The lower part of it was very much broken and dangerous. Moreover, the snow bridges very often burst. From our camp that night we had a splendid view over the mountain to the east. There was "Helmer Hansen's Summit," the most remarkable of them all. It was 12,000 feet high, and covered with such broken glaciers that in all probability no foothold was to be found. "Oscar Wisting's," "Sverre Hassel's" and 'Olav Hjanland's" Mountains also lay here, beautifully illuminated in the rays of the bright sun.

The "Devil's Glacier."

In the distance, and only alternately to be viewed in the fog, appeared from time to time "Mount Nielsen," 15,000 feet high. We saw only the nearest surroundings.

It took us three days to surmount the "Devil's Glacier," always in misty weather.

On the 1st of December we left this broken glacier, with holes and crevices without number, with its height of 9,100 feet. Before us, looking, in the mist and snow drift, like a frozen sea, appeared a light, sloping ice plateau filled with small hummocks.

The walk over this frozen sea was not pleasant. The ground under us was quite hollow, and it sounded as though we were walking on the bottom of empty barrels. As it was a man fell through, then a couple of dogs. We could not use our skis on this polished ice. Sledges had the best of it.

The place got the name, "The Devil's Dancing-room." This part of our march was the most unpleasant. On Dec. 6 we got our greatest height, according to the hypsometer and aneroid, 10,150 feet, at 87 degrees, 46 minutes south.

Passed Shackleton's Limit.

On Dec. 8 we came out of the bad weather. Once again the sun smiled down on us. Once again we could get an observation. Dead reckoning and observation were exactly alike—88 degrees 18 minutes 16.6 seconds south.

Before us lay an absolutely plain pleateau, only here and there marked with a tiny sastrugi.

In the afternoon we passed 88 degrees 23 minutes. (Shackleton's furthest south was 88 degrees 25 minutes). We camped and established our last depot, Depot No. 10. From 88 degrees 25 minutes, the plateau began to slope down very gently and smoothly toward the other side.

On the 9th of December we reached 88 degrees 39 minutes; on Dec. 10, 88 degrees 56 minutes; Dec. 11, 89 degrees 15 minutes; Dec. 12, 89 degrees 30 minutes; Dec. 13, 89 degrees 45 minutes.

Up to this time the observations and dead reckoning agreed remarkably well, and we made out that we ought to be at the pole on Dec. 14, in the afternoon.

The Pole at Last!

That day was a beautiful one—a light breeze from the southeast, the temperature minus 23 celsius (9.4 degrees below zero, Fahrenheit), and the ground and sledging were perfect. The day went along as usual, and at 2 p.m. we made a halt.

According to our reckoning we had reached our destination. All of us gathered around the colors— a beautiful silk flag—all hands taking hold of it and planting it.

The vast plateau on which the pole is standing got the name of the "King Haakon VII. Plateau." It is a vast plain, alike in all directions; mile after mile during the night we circled around the camp.

In the fine weather we spent the following day taking a series of observations from 6 a.m. to 7 p.m. The result gave us 89 degrees 55 minutes.

In order to observe the pole as close as possible, we travelled as near south as possible the remaining 9 kilometres.

On Dec. 16 there we camped. It was an excellent opportunity. There was a brilliant sun. Four of us took observations every hour of the day's 24 hours. The exact result will be the matter of a professional private report.

This much is certain, that we observed the pole as close as it is in human power to do it with the instruments we had—a sextant and an artificial horizon.

On Dec. 17 everything was in order on the spot. We fastened to the ground a little tent we had brought along, a Norwegian flag, and the Fram pennant on the top of it.

The Norwegian home at the South Pole was called "Polheim."

The distance from our winter quarters to the pole was about 1,400 kilometres. The average march a day was 25 kilometres.

The Return.

We started on the return trip on the 17th of December. Unusually favorable weather made our way home considerably easier than the journey to the pole. We arrived at our winter quarters, "Framheim," on the 25th of January, 1912, with two sledges and eleven dogs, all well.

The daily average speed on the return trip was 36 kilometres; the lowest temeprature was minus 21 celsius (23.8 degrees below zero Fahrenheit), the highest minus 5 celsius (23 degrees above zero Fahrenheit).

Results Achieved.

Among the results are the determination of the extent and character of the Ross Barrier, the discovery of the connection of South Victoria Land, and probably King Edward VII. Land, with their continuation in the mighty mountains running toward the southeast, which were observed as far as 88 degrees south, but which in all probability continue across the Antarctic continent.

The entire length of the newly-discovered mountains is about 850 kilometres. They have been named "Queen Maud's Range."

The expeditionto King Edward VII. Land, under the command of Lieut. Prestud, has given excellent results. Scott's discoveries have been confirmed, and the survey of the Bay of Whales and of the Barrier Dome by the Prestud party are of great interest.

A good geological collection from King Edward VII. Land and South Victoria Land is being brought home.

The Fram arrived at the Bay of Whales on the 9th of January. She had been delayed by the "Roaring Forties" on account of the easterly winds.

On Jan. 16 the Japanese expedition arrived at the Bay of Whales and landed on the barrier near our winter quarters. We left the Bay of Whales on Jan. 30. It was a long voyage, with contrary winds. All are well.

ROALD AMUNDSEN.

The Times Displeased.

London, March 9.—The Times in an editorial this morning refers to the enterprise with which Amundsen's change of plan to find the South Pole instead of the North Pole will be received, and says this change and the unnecessary secrecy with which it was surrounded were felt to be at variance with the spirit of fair competition, and that the enterprise appeared in the light of a mere dash for the pole designed to forestall the British expedition. It adds that although British feeling would have been in sympathy with such an enterprise if it had been openly declared, the circumstances of its inception has produced a less favorable impression.

DESERTED BY GUIDES IN THE BARREN LANDS

American Explorer Radford Is Believed To Be Left Without Provisions.

[Canadian Press.]

New York, March 9. — Harry V. Radford, Arctic explorer, fellow of the American Geographical Society, and member of the Arctic Club, who left this city on Feb. 12, 1909, to engage in four years of exploration and hunting in Northern Canada, is reported to have been forsaken by his guides in the heart of the Barren Lands between Chesterfield Inlet on the northern end of Hudson Bay and Great Bear Lake, about 500 miles inland. He is believed to have been left without provisions, and fear is expressed for his welfare.

A letter written by A. J. Bell, Canadian agent at Fort Smith, Northwest Territory, telling of Radford's plight, reached the Arctic Club here last night. The letter, dated Jan. 15, said Bell had received word that two Indians hired by Radford last summer to accompany him for one year to the Barren Lands, had visited Fort Resolution last month and stated that they had deserted Radford last fall owing to a disagreement.

Union Stock Yards, Toronto

The Wednesday auction sale at the Toronto Union Stock Yards Horse Department proved fully up to expectations. Of the 125 head offered 73 were sold under the hammer of McEwen, of Weston and Almas, of Brantford. The horses were bought for the West, the city and eastern shipment.

Numerous buyers expressed themselves as well satisfied with their purchases, and the shippers were well satisfied with their sales. This is the first auction sale under the new management, and the company feel justly elated over this sale and prospects for the future.

Buyers were: J. S. Carruthers, Rosetown, Sask.; George Lawrence, city; W. K. Harkness, city; J. A. McCabe, city; J. W. Jacobs, Montreal; Wm. Bean, city; D. A. McDuffy, Milton; Chelew Lumber Company, city; Wm. Maher, city; Matthews-Laing Company, city; N. Nelson, Alton; Swift Canadian Company, city; M. Golden, city; R. McLean, Goderich; Harris Abattoir Company, city; C. A. Ward, city; Wm. Leeson, city; E. G. Nigle, Kingsville; Mickle-Dyment Lumber Company, city; Major G. Hill, Newmarket, and numerous others.

The next auction sale at these barns will be held on Wednesday, March 12, at 11 a.m. At this sale there will be offered 125 horses suitable for all purposes. b

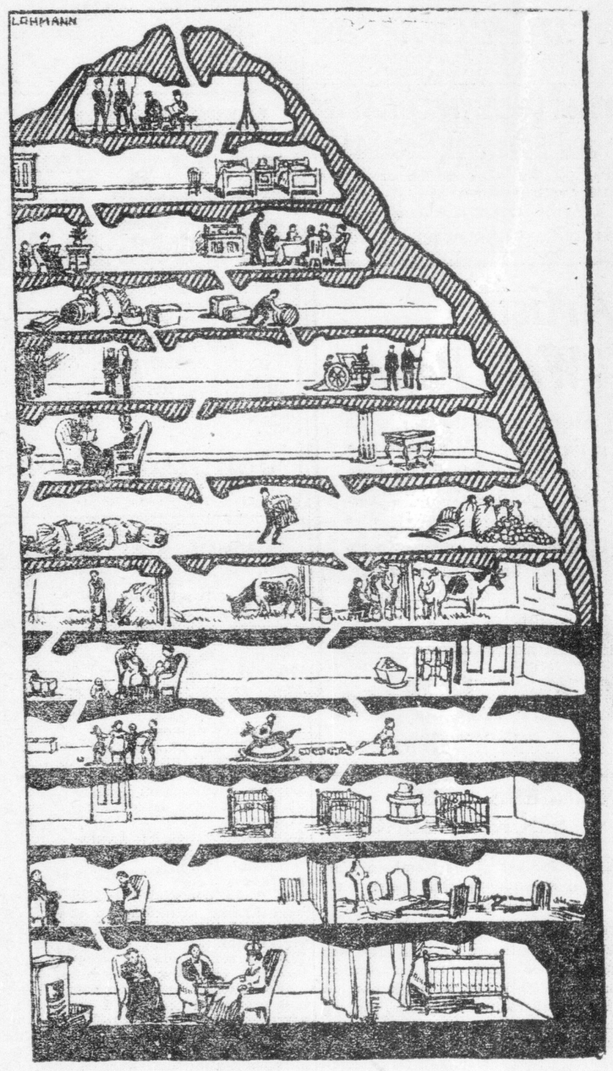
ANCIENT PROOFREADING.

The editions of books printed 200 or 300 hundred years ago are almost free from typographical errors, which may be attributed to the fact that early publishers were generally eminent scholars and themselves gave much attention to the revision of their proofs. After reading the proofs they frequently turned them over to other scholars with the request to revise and correct, and as the printer's time was then deemed a matter of small consequence, a perfection was attained which is seldom equaled by modern printers.—Exchange.

10 Wire Fence 30 cents per rod

All No. 9 High-Grade Steel Wire, Get complete list. Cash with order, and for a short time only. The London Fence Machine Co., Ltd., 699 Bathurst St., London, Ont.

Palace, Town and Fort All in One Ant Hill---How It Would Look With Human Inhabitants



Exact Reproduction of the Cross Section of an Ant Hill, With Human Bings Shown Using It as the Ants Do.

When you step on an ant hill you crush ruthlessly a complicated architectural structure far more wonderful, in its way, than a modern skyscraper. In the illustration above the artist has shown how an ant hill would look were it a human habitation.

Entering the hill at the hole in the top the invader instantly encounters a soldier ant, always on guard. The first floor is the guardroom. Floor two, counting downwards is the summer sleeping room for the workers. In the third floor the workers live and dine. Number four is the storage room, while the fifth floor provides the barracks for the ants' standing army.

They form the guard for the queen, who lives and lays her eggs on the floor below. Next—floor seven—come the storage rooms of fodder and grain for milch cows—the aphids, who suck up "milk" from blades of grass with their feet, so that the ant milk maids can afterwards "milk" them by stroking their legs until a drop of milk falls. Other little insects collect honey, and are "milked" in the same way.

The stables, where they are kept, are shown on floor eight. Then, below the earth, we come to the ninth floor, the nurseries, where the milk and honey which the milkmaids have secured is handed over to the nursery-maid ants, to be given to the baby ants, just hatched as larvae, from eggs. Below—floors ten and eleven—are other nurseries, where the baby ants are cared for in various stages of their growth.

Next we find the winter quarters of the ant kingdom, and on the same floor is the graveyard; for the ant city is a hill complete even to a cemetery. Last of all is the queen's winter apartment.



More Signs of Spring

By Berton Braley

The bear's near done with his hibernation,
The furs in the shops have lost their station
(Made way, in fact, for a spring "creation"),
And new spring hats that are natty again;
The calendar shows the spring beginning
And Lent is here when we cease from sinning
And lovers will presently have their inning
And the baseball fan is batty again!

The baseball gossip is in the papers,
With talk of "finds" and of "victory-shapers,"
Each big league team now lightly capers
South where the air's less nippy again,
And the prophets begin their prophesying
And there's talk of "selling" of men—and "buying,"
And it's evident there is no denying
That the baseball fan is dippy again!

For he sits in his office chair, forgetting
The outside world in its wintry setting,
And dreams of a day that is hot and sweating,
A summer day that is lazy again;
When the game is on and the crowd is yelling,
And the voice is loud and the heart is swelling,
So the dirge of winter is slowly knelling,
For the baseball fan is crazy again!

ENTER ANY TIME

London's High Class Business School keeps open throughout the year. Young people may enter any day and complete their course without interruption of midsummer holidays. You may study all at home or partly at home and finish at the College. Thirty years' experience. Largest trainers in Canada. Affiliated with The Commercial Educators' Association of Canada. Write for particulars.

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Are a specialty with us this spring. We have the most beautiful effects that are produced by the world's best makers.

Call and let us show you what is being done in the way of making a home beautiful.

Colerick Bros.

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Hamilton's London Porter and Amber Ale

Always in first-class condition. Brewed from finest foreign and Canadian hops and malt.

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"Diamond Hall Stores



The Silver Polish That Eats Tarnish

Reasons why we guarantee it:

Does not scratch.

Needs no rubbing or scrubbing.

The Bottles are large The Price is small 25c

Manufactured by us and used on our own Stock Silverware.

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XXX HOME MADE BREAD

The goodness of it has induced many housewives to give up home baking. Every loaf is sweet, pure, delicious, nutritious, healthful.

Get it at progressive grocers today.

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You need a good hot fire now, and we sell select Coal for all purposes.

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DIAMOND MERCHANTS

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED OR MONEY BACK.
374 RICHMOND STREET.
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One Dollar Special

Your choice of any article in the north window for

$1.00

C. H. Ward & Co.

374 Richmond Street.
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You Must Cultivate Good Looks

The world has no time to waste on the man or woman who is not presentable or who can't put up a presentable appearance.

You can't suffer a greater handicap than a muddy complexion, wrinkled, blotched and roughened skin. It's altogether unnecessary, too. If you would only use regularly every day

Hazel-Rose

(Registered.)

you would hardly believe what a changed appearance it would make in your appearance in one week. It softens, soothes and heals roughened skin, brightens the complexion, and leaves the skin free of wrinkles. Twenty-five Cents.

Cairncross & Lawrence

Chemists and Druggists.
216 Dundas St. London, Ont.

LONDON AND DISTRICT

Meeting of Presbytery.

The Presbytery of London will hold a special adjourned meeting in the First Church, this city, on Tuesday, March 19, to consider and dispose of the call from Brucefield, in the Presbytery of Huron, to Rev. Hall Woods, of Alma Street Church, St. Thomas. It is likely Mr. Woods will accept the call.

Mails for England.

Postmaster Dr. McDonald announces that owing to an accident to the SS. Olympic, the mail ordered to close at London postoffice on Friday, March 15, at 10 a.m., will have to be closed at 11 p.m. on Thursday, March 14, to go forward per SS. St. Louis, American Line, which sails from New York on Saturday, March 16.

A Talent Tea.

A very successful talent tea was held Friday afternoon in the pretty rooms of the Y. W. C. A., Dundas street, under the auspices of the Whatsoever Circle of King's Daughters. A tempting display of homemade cakes, bread, doughnuts, candy, and preserved fruit, was on sale, and afternoon tea was served in an adjoining room, where many of those present took the opportunity for a few minutes' social chat over the teacups. The tables were decorated in purple and white, the colors of the order. The ladies in charge were highly pleased at the success of their sale, the proceeds of which will be spent in charitable objects.

ENGINEERS HELD SMOKING CONCERT

A Large Number of the Members Were in Attendance and Spent a Jolly Time.

The annual smoking concert of the stationary engineers of this city was held in their clubrooms on Friday evening. There was a large number of the members in attendance, and all enjoyed themselves. The programme was furnished by Messrs. J. McLaughlin, G. Robertson, L. Sage, Nelson, Downing and R. Tagg. Bro. Geo. Moll acted as chairman.

QUARTERLY BOARD MEETS MARCH 23

First Methodist Church Will Invite a Successor to Rev. Richard Whiting.

The quarterly board of the First Methodist Church will meet on Saturday, March 23, to decide on a successor to Rev. Richard Whiting, who is leaving for Winnipeg in June, 1913, to become pastor of Younge Methodist Church there. The board held a short session on Friday night, but merely routine business was disposed of.

There are several available men, but the board have not yet made up their minds which of them to call.

SITUATIONS SECURED

[By F. C. B. College Pupils.]

The following pupils of the Westervelt School have accepted positions: Miss M. Graham, stenographer, National Drug Company; Miss J. Isaac, stenographer, London Gas Power Company; Mr. S. Kipp, bookkeeper, "My Valet"; Miss M. Grant, stenographer, Battle Creek Toasted Corn Flakes Company; Miss Manning, stenographer (temporarily) Lake of Woods Milling Company.

Roland D. Jarvis

DENTIST

Corner Dundas and Clarence Streets.

The London Loan & Savings Company of Canada

Dividend No. 72

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at rate of 6 per cent per annum for the current quarter year has been declared upon the paid-up capital stock of the company, and is payable on the 1st of April, 1912, to shareholders of record on March 15, 1912.

M. J. KENT, Manager.

AYLMER WEDDING

Miss Mabel Copeland Becomes Wife of Mr. Arthur Leeson.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Aylmer, March 9.—Mr. and Mrs. Leon King have vacated their house on Water street, and leave shortly for Hamilton to reside.

Mr. Treadwell, of the Traders Bank staff, was a St. Thomas visitor recently.

Harry Blashill has accepted a position with J. W. Harris

Frank Davis, son of Joseph Davis, met with a painful accident. He was coasting on a hill on the Rogers farm, when in some manner he was thrown from his toboggan, and as a result had one of his arms broken.

James Bellmore, of St. Thomas, was an Aylmer visitor yesterday.

Three sleigh loads from the firm of Youell & Wrong drove to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Legg in Dorchester, and were pleasantly entertained at an oyster supper, followed by a most enjoyable programme.

Walter Wilson has accepted a position in the rural telephone office.

Charles Lloyd expects to leave on Monday for the Canadian West.

Charles Newell received word last night that his mother was seriously ill at her home near Springfield. Mr. Newell left immediately for that place.

A very pretty home wedding was solemnized last night at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Annie Copeland, Talbot street east, when her only daughter, Mabel Eleanor, was married to F. Arthur Leeson, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Francis Leeson, of Malahide, and brother of Dr. Leeson, of Aylmer.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. Jesse Arnup, of Toronto, assisted by Rev. A. Walton Tonge, pastor of the Aylmer Methodist Church, in the presence of some sixty friends and relatives of both parties.

The bride was prettily gowned in cream striped voile, and carried a shower bouquet. Her travelling suit was gray broadcloth with hat to match. The bride and groom were unattended. Mrs. Matthew Connar played the wedding march.

After partaking of a wedding breakfast, the happy couple drove to St. Thomas, where they took the train for Detroit to spend their honeymoon. On their return Mr. and Mrs. Leeson will take up their residence in Malahide, east of Aylmer.

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ASKIN ST. MISSION CIRCLE

March Meeting Was Largely Attended and Splendid Programme Was Carried Out.

In spite of numerous other attractions, a large number of the members of the Askin Street Mission Circle gathered at the home of Mrs. Goodge, Bruce street, for the March meeting.

The Watch Tower was fully represented, and Misses Helen Miller, Mabel Gregory, Pansy Colling, Alma Clarke, Amelia Dunkin, Maude Norris and Mrs. Hammond reported from the various mission fields. Miss Lower gave the Bible reading, and Miss Newans contributed a very pleasing solo. Miss Sifton read the "Love Story" of Robert Moffatt, and Miss Clarke rendered an enjoyable piano selection.

Then Miss Winnifred Dunn took the second installment of "Western Women in Eastern Lands" in a capable and interesting way.

It was decided to hold a special open meeting at Easter, and to have a week of self-denial in aid of the Easter thankoffering.

Fees were received from four new members, and the rest fund collection amounted to about $8.

Mrs. Goodge entertained the circle at a delightful lunch at the close of the meeting.

CAPTAIN AMUNDSEN

(Continued From Page One.)

judgment of experts here as to the value of the Norwegian's expedition is suspended until the English explorer's story can be told, and the truth can be known whether both rivals were at the pole, and who was there first. The Central News will have a copyright of Scott's story when it comes, and meanwhile Amundsen's narrative, as published in "The Daily Chronicle," will be mainly interesting as bearing upon the marches of two explorers for the same goal.

Did Scott Reach Pole?

No light has yet been thrown on this central fact. All the world now wants to know whether Scott reached the pole at all, and if he reached whether he reached it before Dec. 14. If he reached it later the Norwegian can claim the conquest of the pole, but if before Dec. 14, and two or three miles separated the parties, then England can claim the prize.

Sir Ernest Shackleton says if Scott has reached the pole at the same time or before Amundsen there is a possibility that if cairns made by the respective explorers to indicate the attainment of their object were not more than six or eight feet high, either party might miss the other's mark.

Amundsen, in taking possession and in planting the Norwegian flag at the South Pole, and naming the plateau after King Haakon, was presumably unaware that Shackleton had named the same plateau after King Edward VII. Thus there was an error on his part in nomenclature, which he will no doubt remedy when he becomes aware of the true facts of the case.

In determining his exact position at the pole, Amundsen used a sextant and artificial horizon, which for actual efficiency in very high latitudes is not so absolutely accurate as a theodolite, but Shackleton admits that if Amundsen located his position with no more possible error than two or three miles one way or the other he has certainly left footsteps on that point from which everything bears north.

A Record Trip.

Amundsen states that professional men can work out his observations, but there will be no need for this except for minor corrections. It is obvious that Amundsen has conquered the geographical South Pole. The march back was accomplished without difficulty, in splendid weather and in record time.

The most remarkable thing about this whole journey has been the speed with which it was made. Amundsen returned to winter quarters safe and well, having experienced during the whole trip generally fair weather. A subsidiary party at work at King Edward Land brought back geological specimens, the arrival of which in the hands of experts will be eagerly awaited by the scientific world. For the summing up of the geographical results, Shackleton considers they are of the highest importance. Amundsen has covered entirely new ground throughout the whole journey. He has defined the limits of the great ice barrier which had been unknown to men till now. His work in pure science will not be so extensive as Scott's, but his geographical work is undoubtedly of equal importance.

Amundsen for North.

New York, March 9.—A London cable to the New York Times, according to C. A. Bang, a personal friend of Captain Amundsen, the Norwegian explorer will not be satisfied until he has reached the North Pole as well as the south.

Mr. Bang says that in order to get funds for his Antarctic expedition Captain Amundsen mortgaged everything he possessed and that his father and Nansen, the explorer, also helped.

Charcot's Opinion.

New York, March 9.—A cable from Paris says: Dr. Jean Charcot, when interviewed on Amundsen's feat, said:

"What were my feelings when I learned of the discovery of the South Pole? This was a foregone conclusion since Shackleton's return and the departure of men like Scott and Amundsen. For some days past I have been eagerly expecting the final announcement.

"This conviction that the South Pole would be reached in all probability by both of these great explorers does not imply that they would not have to overcome tremendous difficulties or pass through terrible trials. I am impatiently awaiting news of the two leaders and their companions with detailed information of the dash.

"Assuming as highly probable that both reached the South Pole the question of priority, which in my opinion can only be one of a few days, is of little importance. If one wishes to pronounce one greater than the other the preference must go to him who surrounds this magnificent result with the greatest number of discoveries and scientific observations."

MEDICAL STUDENTS FORM ASSOCIATION

Twenty-five Band Together Into a Local Association.

About twenty-five medical students from the local school organized a University Young Men's Christian Association at a banquet held Friday evening in the local Y. M. C. A. building.

Secretary Carrie, of Toronto University, was in attendance and addressed the gathering, explaining the objects of such associations and the manner in which the work is carried on in educational institutions.

Rev. Principal Waller, of Huron College, also addressed the students, and commended their action. A few years ago efforts were put forward to organize a Y. M. C. A. at the Western, but it is now thought that in view of possible developments at the university the new move is one in the proper direction.

Officers have been elected as follows: Honorary president, Rev. Principal Waller; president, Mr. Thornley Bowman; vice-president, M. Whittick; secretary, W. A. Jones; executive committee, Messrs. Greaves, Wright and Telfer.

Taxi Cabs and Carriages for every occasion. Hueston Liveries.

The Ides of March! Remember!

We're not judges of Ides; in fact, we don't know what they are, but we do know that March winds are very cutting and everybody will need lots of Coal.

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A 22 MILL TAX RATE THIS YEAR

It Is Probable That This Will Be the Figure Struck By the Council.

RATE MAY BE LOWER

Some Talk of a Rate of 21½ Mills—How the Money Will Be Spent.

The aldermen will endeavor to strike the tax rate within a few days, and have already devoted some time to the study of the sources of revenue and the methods of expending the money this year.

The rate will be lower than last year, how much depending altogether on the spending capacity of the present council. It will be no higher than 22 mills, but it may posibly be 21½ mills.

The council started the year with a surplus of $35,000, a legacy from last year's council. The increase in assessment will add $25,000 more, making it possible for the aldermen to start business with a good amount of money on hand.

Much of this will be eaten up, however, by increases in the expenditure for the coming year. The hospital trust, the police department, the public library, and the collegiate institute together will not ask for $2,000 more than last year. Their estimates have been to all intents and purposes decided upon, and there will be little variance in the amount asked for.

More for Schools.

The public schools will demand somewhat more than last year. The salaries of the teachers will be increased, and other additional expenditures will be charged up against them. It is expected that fully $20,000 of the extra money in the hands of the council will go to the public schools. No. 3 committee will have to spend much more money, in all probability $15,000 more. The fire department will cost more, and the expenses of the committee have increased in other directions.

The board of works last year were allowed $50,000 to expend, but did not get rid of that amount. Owing to the interpretation of the municipal act, the spending powers of this committee are somewhat curtailed, and it is not anticipated that the committee will need more than $50,000 this year, although it is expected that the board will ask for it.

The board of health will increase their appropriation, owing to the fact that they will have an inspector for that department, and will pay his salary, not the council, as in the past.

A Good Move.

The manufacturers' and reception committee will be increased from $1,500 to probably $10,000. Of this $5000 is for industrial purposes special legislation now being secured to permit the expenditure of that money. The remainder will be for the entertainment of Their Royal Highnesses, the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, on the occasion of their visit to London in June.

An effort will be made to increase the grant to the Western Fair from $3,000 to $5,000, and it will probably be successful. The appropriation for the West London breakwater will be made larger; raised from $750 to $3,000.

The uncontrollable expenditures amounted in 1911 to $479,082. This will be increased, many debentures having been issued during the year for which interest and sinking fund must be provided. Of course, this is offset considerably by the fact that the local improvement debentures are being retired in large amounts, and it is expected that the uncontrollable expenditure will not run more than $490,000.

With these amounts the council will have no difficulty in striking a 22 mill rate. It may go lower.

The Estimates.

The estimates will probably read as follows:

	1911.	1912.
Hospital Trust	$ 39,500	$ 41,000
Police Department	47,860	48,000
Public Library	12,064	12,064
Collegiate Institute	41,636	42,000
Public Schools	163,953	185,000
Finance Committee	56,025	55,000
Board of Works	50,452	50,000
No. 3 Committee	98,320	105,000
Board of Health	4,395	6,000
Man'frs. Committee	1,500	10,000
Western Fair	3,000	5,000
Relief, General	9,000	9,000
Breakwater	750	5,000
Uncontrollable	$479,082	$490,000

WANT CHURCH UNION.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Windsor, March 9.—The vote of Grace Methodist Church on church union stands as follows: Officials, 28 for; none against; senior members, 203 for; 6 against; junior members, 49 for 3 against; adherents, 12 for; none against.

HELD FOR ROBBERY.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Chatham, March 9.—Arthur Hill, wanted here in connection with a charge of holding up and robbing Wm. Harris, of Dresden, was brought here from Detroit, where he was arrested. Harris claims to have been robbed in the shed back of the Tecumseh by Hill, Ernest Burley and the latter's brother.

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London Advertiser

SECOND SECTION

49th YEAR. LONDON, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, MARCH 9, 1912. PRICE TWO CENTS.

World's Oldest University Is the El Azhar at Cairo Students From Many Lands

The Great Moslem Seat of Learning—Pupils Squat on Marble Floors—Old and Young Attend and Everything Is Free.

(By T. P. O'Connor, M.P.)

This is what El Azhar—the great Moslem University at Cairo—claims to be; whether the claim is well founded or not I cannot say; it is certain, however, that El Azhar was in full being as far back as 975 A.D. The point is not important, anyhow, for El Azhar has so many other remarkable features that its age need not delay us. It is one of the sights of Cairo which I am sure many of the visitors to Egypt never see, which many, perhaps, would not think worth seeing, but to me it will ever remain as far and away the most momentous, instructive, and picturesque sight of the Egyptian capital. For there you saw, as in microcosm, all the vast gulf which separates the East from the West. The contrasts between this greatest eastern university and any university in any European city are so striking, and even immeasurable, that it is almost difficult to imagine that the two things could be called by the same name, or that the two races and creeds could belong to the same planet.

From Many Lands.

For this is what you see at El Azhar. In vast courtyards succeeding each other, and in general appearance very much alike, for the most part open to the brilliantly blue and rainless sky overhead, you behold a vast congregation of human beings. The number of scholars I have seen put down as reaching the great number of ten thousand. These students do not belong to Egypt only, this university is not an Egyptian university. It is the central Moslem university of the entire Moslem world. Students come to it from Turkey, from Morocco, from Algiers, even from Arabia and from Mecca, its sacred capital. It is the symbol of that universal brotherhood which makes all Moslems one. The different nationalities have their different courts, but this is for convenience; it marks no other distinction.

This is the first great difference between this Moslem seat of learning and one in a European or Christian land. But this is only the beginning of the differences. Not a single seat of any kind is to be seen in the building except a small low chair, which is occupied by some of the teachers. Every pupil squats on the marble floors; and even the seated professor sits with his knees tucked under him, just as the seller of coffee, of jewels, of tobacco is seated in the native bazaars outside.

All Equal.

Again, there is that other outstanding note of Moslem life; an equality so absolute that class distinction seems to belong to another and an impossible world. There is equality not merely in comradeship; they sit huddled together on the same floor, these students, rich and poor, of one country and of another, of families of the Pasha and of the fellah. Again there is the striking difference between East and West that the clothing is reduced down to the simplest materials, little more than suffices to cover the body in a climate of everlasting sunshine. The one class distinction that is visible is the turban of green; that is allowed to those only who have paid a visit to Mecca or who claim descent from the Prophet; in other words, it is a distinction that comes from a purely religious and not a material difference.

The Simple Life.

There is the same astonishing simplicity and equality in food. A bowl of vegetable soup, a little coarse bread, a handful of garlic or of dates—that is the ordinary meal of the student. And in the meals, as in so many other things in this strange university, there is no set order; the student takes his food when he feels hungry, and each takes it according to his own pleasure. There are certain hours, it is true, for universal prayer; but, again, each student can and does pray whenever the spirit moves him. When they need sleep, they throw themselves down on the floor, gather a corner of their scanty garment over their heads and fall off into a peaceful sleep. Above them is the sky; around them the babel of a thousand tongues; from the native bazaars close by there come faint murmurs of that eternal din which is one of the most characteristic features of Egyptian life; men from the markets with bread and water pass to and fro; tourists with their dragomans are passing by their sides at every moment; but the students sleep on peacefully, and everybody who approaches them takes care not to touch or in any way to disturb them.

Old and Young.

A further peculiarity of this strange assemblage is the variety of ages as well as of country. There is no adult woman there, of course; Mohammedanism still holds to the faith of the seclusion of women, and so strong is this feeling that there is some resentment uttered under the breath whenever the European visitor brings any of his womankind along with him. But there are tiny little girls and tiny little boys; and I found it pathetic to look at the tins—the substitute for slates—on which these mites were entering their exercises. Then, on the other hand, there are many gray beards; men with wrinkled and worn faces; and they were, in their way, just as pathetic. Seated opposite each other, with their manuscripts of the Koran in their hands, they swayed backwards and forwards—indeed, this swaying movement is common to all the students—as they helped each other to commit to memory the sacred words of their Bible. It is perhaps futile, this Holy Grace of knowledge which these old men were trying to teach, but what a wonderful example of the pursuit of a sacred and impersonal ideal that, in poverty, in their shivering in coarse garments, to the neglect of all the material interests of life, and perhaps in surrendering of the joys of family life, these old men still worked to attain the gifts of piety and learning!

Everything Free.

Everything is free in this Moslem university—food, and dwelling, and teaching, if these things be asked for. The teachers have no fixed salary; but they have certain allowances of food; and they have little ecclesiastical duties which bring them in small perquisities. The rich students may pay for their food; but they will also subscribe to pay for the food of their poorer brethren, and wherever a rich Moslem in any part of the world is dying, he thinks of the El Azhar, and leaves it one of the many rich bequests by which its expenses are paid. Here, indeed, more than in any school in the world, there reigns the world of plain living and high thinking. Is there any hope in a creed which begins with a gospel of hate and sanctions the degradation of womanhood? Sometimes I have felt that the two vices of the Moslem system made it impossible of progress and of higher moral development. And yet there is movement, and there is development. The pupil is no longer taught that the world is flat, or that the sun moves round the earth; and maps—a tremendous innovation—are to be seen in some of the halls. And orthodoxy has broken up so much that one head of the university in recent times expressed opinions so liberal that even his docile pupils cried out that he was no better than an infidel.

Liberated from its vices, does not Mahommedanism as symbolized in this university of the poor reveal a noble and fine spirit; an elevation above the sordid, the material, the coarser things of life? This at least is one of the impressions which I brought away from El Azhar; it is on that impression that I would like my sketch to close.

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THE SITUATION IN ENGLAND



Agricultural Work at St. Anthony, Nfld.; Dr. Grenfell's Work for the Orphans

Martin Spencer Cousin of Famous Labrador Missionary, Presents Interesting Summary of Results Accomplished and How Work Is Done.

In presenting this report I wish to say that Mr. Spencer is a cousin of Dr. Grenfell, and is a graduate of the Macdonald Agricultural College in Montreal. He has spent several seasons at St. Anthony, is familiar with the soil and climatic conditions there, and is not only an expert on all matters pertaining to his profession, but is full of enthusiasm in his work. He is most hopeful of the growth and success of this great agricultural experiment which it is hoped will make a million blades of grass grow where none grew before, producing hay for cattle in meadows reclaimed from hard, soggy and unprofitable soil; vegetables sufficient for all the needs of the mission during the winter, together with meat products from sheep and deer and hogs, which the people have never had before. All this work now going forward, is done before their eyes, and they have an object lesson of the advantage of small home gardens for lettuce, spinach, peas, cabbage and the small fruits, currants, gooseberries and raspberries, and the possibilities of providing themselves with the common vegetables of the soil, which have never been grown before in that region. If successful this work means a great uplift for all the people there.

The report below is the substance of two recent letters describing the work of the past season, and the story will surely interest those who are following Dr. Grenfell's work in the far north.

Any of your readers who may be disposed to aid in this agricultural work may send their contributions, large or small, to Miss E. E. White, 14 Beacon street, Boston, Mass.

WILLIAM HOWELL REED.

Boston, Dec. 1, 1911.

Mr. Spencer writes: "Taking everything into consideration, the lateness in sowing seed, and the long, cold spring, things have done as well as could be expected. Since July, we have had a continuous supply of lettuce, also a few dishes of spinach and radishes. At this date (Sept. 1) we are having green peas and cabbage. The latter has done particularly well, actually heading up, a thing they have never done before here to my knowledge. This is owing in great measure to the forcing fertilizer in the earlier part of the season. The small plants of rhubarb grown from seed are doing well and will give plants sufficient for our needs in the spring. Rhubarb is certainly one crop that will grow to perfection. Currants are now ripening and there is no doubt that they will grow here. I shall put in a hundred or more plants of the best varieties each of currants, gooseberries, raspberries and strawberries, and am making orders for seeds to have them on the spot for early planting next season. Haying is now in full swing, and we are cutting more than ever before. Besides the grass hay we shall have a lot of oat hay, and are getting our meadow into good shape.

Forty miles south of St. Anthony is Canada Bay, where the climatic conditions are favorable for another farm. I am going down there soon to start breaking in and clearing about forty acres that will make good meadow and pasture land, and a good vegetable garden. My aim there is to have a supply farm for vegetables and meat. Animals shipped from Canada and fattened in the Bay during the summer will kill to great advantage in the fall. Canada Bay is free from dogs, so that sheep and poultry can be kept in safety. The greenhouse at St. Anthony I hope to have in working order this winter. It will prove of immense advantage in the spring, in getting the lettuce, cabbage and celery plants under way. We can use it in the summer for growing tomatoes. I shall have several hundred cabbage plants ready to set out for selling to the people who are eager for them. Beside the greenhouse, I have had ten men digging drains for a fortnight. The land needs this drainage, and it will be a great benefit in the spring in getting the grass in and the meadows started early. There has been so much water lying about in the spring that the land has never had a chance to get warmed up. But now it will be drained and have that chance. The vegetable garden has been dressed with barnyard manure and well dug in, so that it will be ready for next year's seeding.

Now, coming to the Canada Bay scheme, I am in the best of spirits in regard to it. The situation is most promising there. A fortnight ago I went down there with a squad of twenty men and started in on a good lot of land, partly an old clearing, but most in bush. The men were all husky, broad-shouldered fishermen, who worked with a will, and in ten days we had it cleared, stumped for the most part, and worked up ready for taking trial crops next year. It is beautifully situated on a little promontory that juts into the bay. This experience on this land was absolutey pioneer work. Before starting in I had made arrangements for the use of a house for the men to bunk in, and had collected supplies and outfit. Everything was rough, but the men worked with a will, as if on a picnic. We started in by 5 o'clock in the morning each day, long before it was light, breakfasted, made up our luncheons, then boarded a large boat, locally called "trap-skiff," and rowed three-quarters of a mile across the arm of the bay to the scene of our labor. By seven o'clock, at latest, as the glorious sun was lighting up the sky at the back of the wooded hills, we started in felling trees, burning rubbish, taking out stumps and breaking up the land. There we kept working away to the sound of a dozen axes or the merry "heave-a-hoy," as one stump after another, or a falling tree was pulled down by block or tackle, until about half past ten when the one appointed to boil the kettle called "lunch-a-hoy!" Then came the rush to the lunch booth, with disastrous consequence to that luncheon. In half an hour, "turn-to" was sounded, and all were again rushing to their work. At three p.m. another lunch was taken with half an hour for rest, after which we all worked with a will till six o'clock, or till darkness bade us quit. The last twenty minutes or so were most picturesque, as all hands were stoking the fires in the heaps of rubbish for the night. Every one of the gang was trying to see who could make the biggest blaze. The fires against the dark spruce wood in the approaching gloom with the dark figures crossing and recrossing in front, made the scene weird indeed.

Then at the call "all aboard," the tools were stacked, and the men started on a stampede for the boat, which was rowed at top speed by these fishermen, all eager and ready for their supper and for their beds.

So it was for the ten days. Some-

(Continued on Page Eighteen.)

BISHOP STRINGER, OF YUKON, PRESIDES OVER LARGEST DIOCESE IN THE WORLD

Over 1,000 Miles From End to End—Has Often Lost His Way in the Arctic Waste and Been Given Up for Dead—Has Had Many Thrilling Adventures.

Bishop Stringer presides over the biggest diocese in the whole world. It covers about 200,000 square miles. Furthermore, during the past year or two he has also had the supervision of the northern half of the Mackenzie River diocese. It is over 1,000 miles from the southern to the northern boundary of his realm. Yet he manages to visit all the missions in his territory every year.

Work such as this would require the physique of an Atlas, and Bishop Stringer is a big and strong man physically, as well as in mind and spirit. He is six feet tall and powerfully built, and his endurance is such that he has been able to go through experiences which very few other men even in the northland could have survived. He has been making perilous trips around the Arctic Circle for almost 20 years, and many times his family and friends have given up all hope of ever seeing him again.

Only two years ago Bishop Stringer and his companion, C. F. Johnston, were given up as lost. After weeks of anxious waiting, when even his wife and children had ceased to expect his return, a message came by wireless from Circle City in Alaska. It was from Bishop Stringer. He had finally managed to reach shelter, after having existed for two whole weeks on little more than a pair of rawhide boots. He had a small tin kettle with him, in which he melted snow. This was all he had to drink. He had been lost for 28 days in the same section of the north country in which four members of the Northwest Mounted Police lost their lives last winter.

Bishop Stringer had been returning with his companion from his annual trip to one of his mission posts. The cold weather overtook them suddenly, and their canoe was frozen in the Upper Belle River. They could not go on, and the only thing left for them was to cross the mountains and return to Fort McPherson. It was less than 100 miles away, and the two men should have covered the distance in four days, but a dense fog overtook them almost as soon as they started. They had no snowshoes, so they had to make what substitutes they could for them. Having no food, they gnawed a rawhide boot for nourishment and drank the snow water.

The strength of the bishop and Mr. Johnston diminished rapidly on this fare. They took longer and longer to cover a mile. Toward the end of the 28 days every step they made meant acute physical pain. In fact, the anguish was so great that many times they were tempted to give up their efforts, but the thought of their family waiting urged them on to still further endeavors. The night before they reached the fort, the bishop camped on the identical spot where the bodies of Inspector Fitzgerald and Constable Taylor were found a year later.

When Bishop Stringer finally reached Fort McPherson, it was found that he had lost 50 pounds on that terrible journey. But his splendid constitution enabled him to recover rapidly, and it was not long before he returned home by way of Alaska.

This is only one of the many thrilling stories of adventure and narrow escape in the northland which Bishop Stringer might tell. But, though a pleasant man to interview, he is very reluctant to talk about his experiences. He is ready to explain by the hour all about the mission stations which he has scattered along the Arctic Circle. He will tell you all about the development of this work and the results that have been accomplished, but about himself he is silent.

Bishop Stringer commenced his work in the far north about 20 years ago, when he went with his wife to Herschel Island. His eldest son was born at that station and his parents christened him Herschel. Another one of his children claims McPherson as a birthplace, and still another was born at Dawson, while two of them were born in Eastern Canada.

The bishop found the glare of the sun on the ice at Herschel so hard on his eyes that he was compelled to relinquish his work there and apply for a post in the interior. Hence the Diocese of Yukon. But, if he could make his choice of his headquarters, it would undoubtedly fall on his first love, Herschel Island.

The people in Bishop Stringer's northern diocese are to be divided into three classes, the white settlers, who are miners, prospectors, professional and business men; the indians of the interior, and the Eskimo along the Arctic coast.

The change in the Eskimo people is most remarkable since the advent of the missionaries. When the church first sent its envoys with the gospel, they found the Eskimo a treacherous, dirty, oily lot of beggars and thieves. Now they are honest, industrious, hospitable and cordial. Over 150 adults have been baptized in the Christian faith.

Bishop Stringer is a graduate of Toronto University, and one would not take him to be more than 30 years of age. His countenance reveals no trace of the terrible hardships he has endured. Every feature is stamped with strength, and he might inspire awe if it were not for the kindly blue eyes. All who know him feel that he is doing a great service to his country, and hope that he may continue his work until he reaches a ripe old age.—Toronto Saturday Night.

THE BIRD KNOWS---DO YOU?

In the depth of a drab north woods, where snowdrifts there are still in the hollows, a little plump bird, with smoke-colored coat and ashen breast, climbs to the slender top of a sapling in the underbrush and sings a little song.

It is a thin and naive strain—hardly more musical than the winding of a clock or the scraping of a saucepan—but to such as know what it signifies it is always music. For the little bird is a snow-bird and the song he sings is a sign. It is the snowbird's farewell to his winter garden—and at the same time the prelude to his long flight northward to the land of tamarack and white cedar that lies beyond the unsalted seas. It is a sure harbinger of spring.



The snow-bird knows that spring is at hand—that next week or a fortnight from now the south wind will blow softly and the sun shine warmly once more. How does he know?

We—poor slaves of calendars and time-tables and such man-made schedules—we look at the almanac and count days, and then we say that at such or such a time it will be spring. With us it is a mathematical problem. Without our tables in which are put down the experiences of men we wouldn't know as much about it as the bird does.

But the bird—he can't even count eggs, much less days, he never saw a calendar or an almanac, yet while the days are still grey and the winds still raw from the northwest, while still the snow lingers on the northern slopes and in the sheltered hollows, he KNOWS that spring is at hand.

But how does he know?

Certainly by some means more direct and simple than the oblique and labored way by which we learn of spring's approach. We never really FEEL it. Often it is not brought home to us that spring is coming till we hear the snow-bird sing. Too often not even then.

But the snow-bird—he KNOWS. He is on his way to the Arctic circle while yet the lakes he flies over are sheeted with ice. So sure is his foresight of summer in the face of the fact of winter!

Obviously it is something to be a snow-bird. For what wouldn't the average human give to KNOW in this sublime fashion, without the bolstering of logic or tabulated figures—to KNOW without even the shadow of a doubt.

"WALK!" MR. MARTINDALE ADVISES, AND BE WELL

Former Londoner Says That Electric Currents From Mother Earth Make Country Hikes Healthful—A Ten Mile Tramp a Tonic—Declares Instinct Drives Men to Open Road for Recuperation.

[From the Philadephia North American.]

"* * * afoot and light-hearted I take
to the open road,
Healthy, free, the world before me,
The long, brown path before me
leading wherever I choose."

Thomas Martindale, the veteran sportsman, a former resident of London, whose prediction that we would have a long, cold winter has been verified, made the cheering remark yesterday that the spring is not far off, and when it does come, he said, there will be nothing half way about it. Already has the walking season commenced, and whether spring be late or early, the devotees of the sport will tramp the woods and byways, seeking health and strength from the good old mother earth they stamp beneath their feet.

"The earth currents do it," said Mr. Martindale, and he surely ought to know.

Earth Currents for Health.

"Yes sir; let me tell you the earth currents are what give health and strength to the walker. That's why the country man on his visit to town finds himself unable to walk more than a few squares before his feet become tired and sore."

Settling himself in his armchair, Mr. Martindale told, in reminiscent mood, of great walkers he had known, made plain the delights that accompany journeys afoot through the open country and the stretches of woodland, and told just what the "earth current" is.

"You see," he said, "all surplus electricity goes into the ground. That's where the lightning goes; that's where electric current that leaks from wires and poles goes, and it is all stored in the ground. It is that electric connection between the feet and good earth that makes it easier for us to walk the country roads than the city streets, that gives us health and strength when we tramp the earth instead of the bricks and asphalt.

"Suppose you do walk upon asphalt? Well, that asphalt insulates the earth, and no earth currents can be utilized. You walk on earth in preference to asphalt or brick because earth is soft? No, you do not. You walk there be-

(Continued on Page Eighteen.)

How "Bryan" Saw the Durbar

"Mr. Bryan" seems to have seen the Durbar with as much ease as if he had been a European potentate or an Indian Rajah. It was not Mr. Bryan, the thrice defeated presidential candidate, but Jonathan Bryan, of Richmond, Va., and therein lies the humor of the incident.

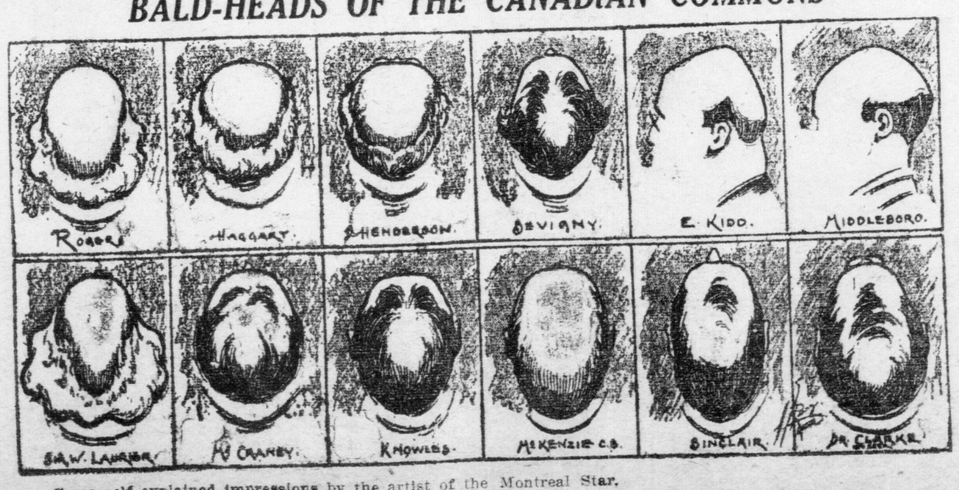
Mr. Bryan, of Virginia, with his wife, has just completed a tour round the world. He took with him a letter of credentials from President Taft. Upon his arrival in Calcutta he found everybody "talking Durbar," and astounding prices, even to American ears, were being asked for accommodation at Delhi. But he possessed a name to conjure with. So half as a joke he telegraphed to the secretary of the Durbar: "Esteem great favor, reserve me two seats. Have letter from Taft." He waited curiously for a reply. Two days later he was dumbfounded by a call from a railway official saying that a special train would convey him and Mrs. Bryan from Calcutta to Delhi.

On arrival at Delhi he was received by British and Indian officials, and with every mark of honor, except a military band. He was invited to witness the ceremonies in court dress, but having none he had no alternative but to appear in a plain business suit.

"We had a special tent," explained Mr. Bryan. "We stood on a carpet of purple and gold within 100 feet of King George, and heard every word of the royal speech to the Indian Maharajahs. I was the solitary individual in civilian dress amidst a vast assemblage of silk and gold lace. I never heard a single unkind comment on my American clothes."

After the Durbar, Mr. Bryan sought out the authorities, expecting, as he says, to have "to cough up" perhaps five thousand dollars for the special train. "I discovered," he says, "that an American gentleman armed with a letter from the President of the United States was asked to liquidate no bills at all. We were even supplied with a special back to Calcutta, so we saw the Durbar for the price of a telegram from Calcutta to Delhi."

BALD-HEADS OF THE CANADIAN COMMONS



Some self-explained impressions by the artist of the Montreal Star.

My Funniest Story

Is Perfectly Proper, But It Sounds Bad for "Daughter."

BY ETHEL BARRYMORE.



ETHEL BARRYMORE.

The saddest thing about my best story is that nobody believes it, although it is quite true.

A certain American lady, the dearest of old creatures, but a noted Mrs. Malaprop, had been most kind to me and to my brothers in our earliest stage work, and had so endeared herself to us that her word was a sort of law even to us most lawless youngsters.

It happened that during my engagement with Sir Henry Irving, the dear lady urgently invited me to rush forth from London one broiling June morning, and lunch with her at her daughter's country house, where she was stopping.

Accordingly I dashed madly to Paddington station and took train to the little town adorned by her daughter's castle.

When I arrived, I was folded in the befrilled and voluminous embrace of the old lady, who was attired in a wonderful effect in lingerie house gowns.

"You dear child," she cried, straining me to her heart, "you must excuse my appearance! Daughter is sound asleep in the arms of Bacchus, and I just slipped on this loose old nom de plume and came straight down to welcome you!"

THE INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

March 10, 1912.

(Copyright, 1911, by Rev. T. S. Linscott, D.D.)

Jesus the Healer. Mark, i., 29-45; Matt., iv., 23-25.

Golden Text—Himself took our infirmities, and bare our sicknesses. Matt., viii., 17.

1. Verses 29-31—If this sickness of Peter's wife's mother had been that of any other woman would Jesus have been equally interested?

2. What benefit is it to us to tell God when our loved ones are sick?

3. Verses 32-34—Is there any reason to expect that God, in these days, will heal our sick in any way resembling the manner in which Jesus healed sick people?

4. How do you account for the fact that the devils all seemed to know Jesus?

5. Verse 35—Why was it necessary for Jesus to get up a great while before day, and, in a solitary place, engage in protracted prayer?

6. To what extent is it duty or privilege for every Christian to follow the example of Jesus in the matter of protracted private prayer?

7. Would you say that Jesus had certain set times for prayer, or did he pray only when he felt the need, and which method ought we to adopt?

8. Verses 36-37—Did Simon and the rest of them do well to disturb Jesus in his private prayer, or should they have waited until his return? Give your reasons.

9. Verse 38—What is the difference between the mission of Jesus and that of any one of his true followers?

10. Verse 39—Should a man with a special message confine his work to one church or to one town? Give your reasons.

11. Verses 40-42—If Jesus were preaching in the flesh today would he pay the same attention to the cure of physical diseases as he did in that day or would he refer them to the physicians and surgeons?

12. In view of the progress of medical science and the marvelous feats of surgery would you say that God's present plan for the cure of sickness is by these scientific methods? Give your reasons.

13. If it is God's plan now to cure sickness by human methods, why did Jesus in his day cure people miraculously?

14.—Christ in that day was moved with compassion by individual cases of sickness and cured them miraculously. Why does he not do the same thing when appealed to today?

15. Verses 43-45—Which is the greater sin, and why, to tell a thing when God tells us not to do so or not to tell what he bids us make known?

16. Matt., iv., 23-25—Is it a lack of faith on the part of preachers today that they cannot cure physical diseases, or is it because God wants to cure them through medical science? Why?

17. What is God's attitude toward those who teach that it is His will now to cure disease, in answer to prayer, without the use of the means?

Lesson for Sunday, March 17, 1912. The Paralytic Forgiven and Healed. Mark, ii., 1-12.

March 17, 1912.

[Copyright, 1911, by Rev. T. S. Linscott, D.D.]

The Paralytic Forgiven and Healed.—Mark, ii., 1-12.

Golden Text: Bless the Lord, O my soul, and forget not all his benefits, who forgiveth all thine iniquities, who healeth all thy diseases.—Psalms, ciii., 2-3.

1. Verse 1—How long will an earnest Christian be in a shop, store or community before it is "noised that he is in the house"?

2. Verse 2—Was it Christ's person, his teaching or his miracles that attracted the crowd?

4. If a preacher lives in close contact with God, will he be certain in a populous community to attract the crowd? Why or why not?

5. If Jesus were to come here to reside and preach the same doctrine as in those days, would he be popular with the average church member? Why?

6. Verse 3—Of how much benefit is it in these days to bring our sick ones to Jesus?

7. How would you characterize one who did nothing to comfort the sick, relieve the poor or help people in their trouble?

8. Which more nearly imitate Jesus in caring for the sick, the churches or the societies? Give your reasons.

9. Verse 4—If we are fully determined to have the members of our families saved by Jesus what can prevent us?

10. What qualities do you most admire in these four men for their insistence in bringing their sick friend to Jesus?

11. Verse 5—Which is the more calamitous and why, a palsied body or a palsied soul?

12. What relation had the faith of these four men with the forgiveness of the sins of the sick man?

13. How long does it take God to forgive the sins of a man who is really penitent?

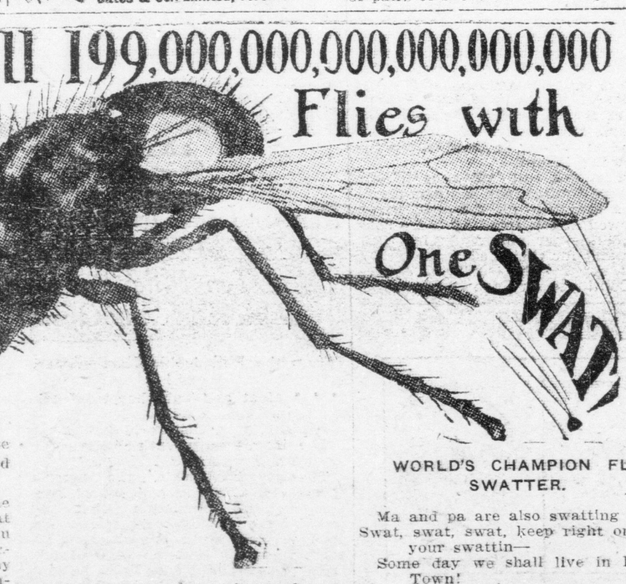
14. Verses 6-7 — Does Jesus here state that he forgave this man's sins or that God had forgiven him?

15. If any man of God is assured that a seeker of salvation is truly penitent, why may he not pronounce to him that his sins are forgiven him?

16. Verse 8—Was mind reading peculiar to Jesus, or have others a similar gift? Give your reasons.

17. Verses 9-12—The healing of this sick man was clearly a miracle. Was the forgiveness of his sins also a miracle?

Lesson for Sunday, March 24, 1912. Feasting and Fasting. Mark, ii., 13-22.



DR. A. W. CHASE'S CATARRH POWDER 25c.

is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops dropnings in the throat and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. 25c. a box; blower free. Accept no substitutes. All dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

How to Kill 199,000,000,000,000,000,000 Flies with One SWAT!

The musca domestica's other name is housefly; doctors say that it should be "typhoid fly."

Most everybody realizes that the fly is our most dangerous animal; that hundreds of thousands of deaths can be traced directly to the deadly carrier of disease germs. That is why whole cities fight the fly every summer; why we screen windows and doors, cover garbage cans, clear away manure heaps, drains, stagnant water, and swat every fly we can swat—an annual and costly campaign.

It takes countless numbers of swats to make even the least impression on the billion billions of flies that infest the country. There's a better way. One can annihilate 199,000,000,000,000,000,000 flies with one swat if one goes at it rightly.

Do it now! Do it before hot weather. That's the secret of fly swatting If there's a female fly wintering (or enjoying the spring in your kitchen, or attic, or basement, she is due to hatch out six or more batches of eggs, 120 eggs at a time, if she lives, and all her youngsters are the most prolific creatures on the map. A fly expert has figured out that from a single female fly 199 quintillion of the dreaded typhoid flies may claim descent in one season, provided, of course, that all the young flies grow up.

By swatting Mrs. Fly now you save yourself the trouble of killing her descendants this summer.

Swat, swat, swat, the boys and girls are swatting,

WORLD'S CHAMPION FLY SWATTER.

Ma and pa are also swatting roun';
Swat, swat, swat, keep right on with your swattin—
Some day we shall live in Flyless Town!

In a two week's swatting campaign against flies in Washington, D. C., last summer, 7,000,000 flies were killed by the children. The health department backed the youngsters' swatting war on flies and distributed prizes to the best swatters. Layton Burdette, age 13, won the first prize, with 383,400 dead flies to his credit. Health Officer Woodward is of the opinion that the value of the flyless city campaign cannot be overestimated. He says that the fly can be driven out of existence by determination, patience, traps and swats.

How to Fool the Dog Poisoner

So many valuable dogs are lost every year by strychnine poisoning that I am prompted to give my experiences in the hope that their publication may be the means of saving someone's pet from the evil designs of that despicable person, the dog poisoner.

As soon as it is noticed that the dog is suffering from poison prompt action should be taken as time is very valuable at his stage.

Instead of using the old-fashioned remedies such as mustard, sulphate of zinc, melted lard, flour and water, etc., to produce vomiting use a hypodermic injection of apomorphia tablets of one-tenth grain each—dissolving two tablets in about twenty drops of water. This I inject under the shoulder, or in any other convenient spot. For small dogs one tablet is enough. This injection will cause almost immediate vomiting. As a precaution I usually repeat the dose in about ten minutes, in the meantime drenching with warm milk and water, which tends to wash out the stomach. It is necessary to keep the dog in a warm place and to keep him as quiet as possible both during and after the injections.

I have had six cases of my own, including the Airedale, Ch. Caerphilly Marvel, and have yet to lose my first case.

To the uninitiated I would say that apomorphia cannot be procured in the ordinary way, but may be procured through your medical man or a veterinary. At the same time you should get his instructions as to the use of the hypodermic syringe.

This is a very simple method and may be performed in a very short space of time. Although this method may not appeal to the ordinary dog man, to the kennel man or one who owns a valuable dog, it should appeal. My advice is to always carry a hypodermic and a few tablets in your hip pocket so as to be ready for an emergency.

AGRICULTURAL WORK

Continued From Page Seventeen.

times it was so cold that the boat had to be rowed through the ice that had formed through the night, and this added to our rare experience.

Next year I hope to spend most of my time at the Bay with two or three men working there all the time. I am in the greatest spirits over the success of this little farm, and I see no reason why in two or three years it should not produce all the vegetables and potatoes that will be required by the mission during the winter. It will also produce all the small fruits needed for preserves for the hospitals.

A portion of this land I intend to keep for the running of stock, which I shall fatten during the summer and kill off in the fall. There are no dogs here to trouble the animals as at St. Anthony, which is a blessing. It has been heart-breaking work trying to keep sheep at St. Anthony, for the dogs get at them and last summer we lost five in this way.

The pigs of St. Anthony have done particularly well, and are in great demand among the people. We shall have also a hog farm at Canada Bay. The breed is superior to anything previously seen here, and the whole coast will have the advantage. We shall certainly try to keep a supply equal to the demand.

Sincerely yours,
MARTIN SPENCER.

"WALK!" MR. MARTINDALE

(Continued From Page Seventeen.)

cause of an instinct to do so. It's just as soft to walk the earth in rubber boots, yet your feet become sore and tired. That is because the rubber insulates the soles of your feet, and the earth currents cannot leave the earth and pass through the sole of the shoe and invigorate you."

That brought up the subject of rubber heels, which were heartily recommended. Mr. Martindale said broad, common-sense shoes should be worn. He said a shoe dealer in this city had told him of all the hundreds of pairs of shoes he sells in a year, not 2 per cent of them had wide toes. "It's all a mistake," he said. "Besides, you cannot walk in a narrow-toed shoe. Sooner or later your feet will suffer."

Beauties of a Ten-Mile Walk.

"Throw your head back when you walk. Carry a light stick. Pass it through the arms in back of you and that will throw your chest out. Then walk. Why, I took a ten-mile walk this morning through the woods and open country, and I saw eleven different varieties of birds that have just come here from the south. I heard their notes and recognized them."

Then he told of the writers who had recounted the pleasures of walking; of the characters of Dickens, who most always walked; praised Walt Whitman as a walker, and told personal anecdotes in which the poet figured.

"Carry a change of hosiery," he said, "and change when the feet become tired or wet, and eat raisins. A pound will do for a twenty-mile walk, and they will greatly nourish the walker."

On May 4, he said, he will lead a party on a tramp from Sixty-ninth street, along Cobbs Creek to Collingdale. From there the walkers will take the cars home again, a tramp of seven miles.

NEW DISCOVERIES OF SCIENCE

A Substitute for Steel—A Metal-Eating Worm—Fighting Gales With Oil—A New Sighting Device.

For many years the treatment of cancer has engaged the attention of the greatest scientific minds of the world. It is well known to most lay minds that the greatest difficulty the surgeon seeking to cure a case of cancer has to contend with is the fact that, up to the present time, the severest operation has meant nothing more than a prolongation of life for a few years; a new growth quickly springing out of the diseased cells. Recently, a French specialist, Dr. de Keating Hart, has been demonstrating what is known as the Fulguration treatment, which, it is claimed, effectually prevents the recurrence of this otherwise fatal disease. The theory of the treatment is that, after a maglinant tumor has been removed, the healthy cells that surround it are made, by sparks of extremely high static electricity, incapable of ever again being able to harbor and promulgate cancerous germs. At a recent demonstration, Dr. Hart stood with the conductor of his machine in his hand, and, as each tumor was removed, he applied his treatment, sparks of great fineness but extreme brilliancy shooting from the instrument into the cavity made by the surgeon's knife. He explained that it had been discovered that these sparks were able so to change the healthy cells upon which the cancer had grown as to render their nature entirely different. This fact has been demonstrated by a microscopic examination, but, curiously enough, the sparks appear to have no effect whatever upon the diseased cells themselves. The greatest care has, therefore, to be taken to insure the complete extirpation of the cancer before the treatment is applied.

A Substitute for Steel.

An American named Elwood Haynes has discovered a new alloy which is likely to work a great change in some parts of the industrial world. By means of this alloy, manufacturers will be able to make cutlery without the use of iron or steel—a feat that has hitherto been impossible of accomplishment. Haynes is, by profession, an automobile manufacturer, who makes a hobby of chemistry. His discovery is a combination of cobalt and chromium. It is unoxidizable, and retains its lustre under all atmospheric conditions. It will take an edge which will compare favorably with the best steel, to which it is claimed to be superior in many respects. The alloy will take a hard polish, and is very pleasing in appearance. Pocketknives and razors have been made from it and used with remarkable success. Iron has been turned on a lathe with it, whilst the fruit knives made from it have been found not to tarnish from contact with fruit juice.

Diseases of Metals.

Metals, like living organisms, are subject to diseases which, in time, destroy and render them useless, and these diseases, it is believed by many, may be transmitted by contact from one specimen to another. More than half a century ago the attention of scientists at Leipsic was called to some curious structural modifications of tin which had been observed in some old organ pipes. The German chemists attributed these changes to the sonorous vibrations to which the metal had been subjected. In 1861, Fritzche, a chemist at St. Petersburg, made some interesting studies of blocks of tin which had become infected, also of a quantity of uniform buttons that had been stored for some time in a war magazine, and had become changed into a pulverized mass. He was of the opinion that the disease was caused by the very low temperature in Russia during the winter of 1867-1868, and substantiated his opinion by a number of convincing experiments. During the past year, M. Ernest Cohen has made extensive researches in this direction which he claims have proved beyond doubt that a piece of diseased metal has the power of infecting a perfectly sound piece if brought in contact with it. M. Cohen, in illustration of his argument, recently produced some seventeenth-century metal coins on which some enormous grey wart-like blisters were developed on both face and back. As the disease advances the blisters have been found to grow larger, the metal loses its lustre, and finally the mass crumbles away.

A METAL-EATING WORM.

A more feasible explanation of the disease which attacks old metal coins is suggested by the recent discovery by some Italian engineers of a microbe which feeds on iron. The discovery was made through the frequency with which railway accidents occurred in one particular portion of the railroad in a certain district. An examination of the rails was made, and the presence of severe corrosion was revealed. A rail was taken up and broken. It was then found to be hollow, and further examination showed the presence of a thin, grey, thread-like worm, about a third of an inch in length. A careful examination was made of this worm. Upon its head it carried two little glands filled with a corrosive secretion, which it ejected every few minutes on to the iron. The ejection had the property of rendering the iron soft and spongy, when the worm at once proceeded to devour it.

Fighting Gales With Oil.

It is an old and well-known adage that recommends the pouring of oil on troubled waters. I have recently received a pamphlet from a well-known firm of ship and engineers' furnishers at Cardiff, in which the virtues of a wave-subduer working on this principle are set forth. Having had forty-five years' experience at sea, the inventor, Captain Couves, states that it is his conviction that many of the sad losses we hear of from time to time would not have been posted at Lloyd's as missing if, instead of carrying on all "top ropes" in a rising gale, the vessel had been nursed a little, and oil had been distributed. The apparatus which he has invented for this purpose consists mainly of a cast-iron oil reservoir over a vertical cylinder. The oil is ejected into the water through two small delivery tubes, with apertures of not more than one-sixteenth of an inch in diameter, by means of a heavy piston working inside the cylinder. Each pipe is fitted with a gunmetal cock so that the oil may be emitted from one side only if desired. The wave-subduer can be obtained in three sizes, whilst the firm are also prepared to supply special "wave oil" at 1s 6d per gallon (subject to market fluctuations).

A New Sighting Device.

There have been more sighting inventions recorded at the patent office than one cares to recall. These devices have practically made the leading Bisley marksmen a set of mathematicians who are helpless without the aid of a large number of scientific accessories, and it is a well-known fact that such men are practically valueless on the battlefield—when they get there! There now comes a new invention which promises to make every soldier a dead shot—if he doesn't forget the essential principle in the heat of the battle. By an ingenious application of a well-known law of mathematics, the soldier has simply to estimate the apparent height of the object he desires to hit, and to fire at an imaginary point that distance below the ground line. The theory of the device is geometrically sound and scientifically infallible, since the sight is so arranged that when the shot leaves the barrel and reaches its vortex it attains a height just double that of the target, and, in scientific language, "the negative aim creates an angle below the ground line which automatically subtracts from the angle of elevation." The system has already been tried at Hythe, and the percentage of hits has risen from 19 to 95c.

A Mother's Duty To Her Daughter

HER HEALTH MUST BE CAREFULLY GUARDED AS SHE COMES TO WOMANHOOD.

Every mother who calls to mind her own girlhood knows how urgently her daughter is likely to need help and strength during the years between early school days and womanhood. Then it is that growing girls droop, become fragile, bloodless and nervous. Nature is calling for more nourishment than the blood can supply, and signs of distress are plainly evident in dull eyes, pallid cheeks, weak and aching backs, a languid step, fits of depression, nervousness and a dislike for proper food. These signs mean anaemia—that is bloodlessness.

The watchful mother takes prompt steps to give her girl the new, rich blood her weak system is thirsting for by giving her Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, because so many thousands of feeble, anaemic, unhappy girls have been transformed into robust women through the rich, red blood these pills actually make. No other medicine has ever succeeded like them, and thousands of mothers have proved their worth. The case of Miss Marguerite Boisclair, St. Jerome, Que. proves the truth of these statements. Miss Boisclair is sixteen years of age, and says that since the age of thirteen or fourteen she had been afflicted with extreme weakness, and seemed to be going into a decline. The least effort left her weak and breathless, so that she was unable to do any household work. She had no appetite, suffered from terrible headaches, dizziness and sometimes fainting spells. She was under medical treatment, but made absolutely no improvement, in fact seemed to be steadily growing weaker. When her case seemed most hopeless a lady frind advised the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. After taking a few boxes she began to gain new strength, and after the continued use of the pills for about two months she was again as well and strong as ever she had been ,and has since enjoyed the best of health.

Sold by all dealers in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2 50, from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Laziness and a Whistle.

There is, in London, a man who surely must combine the two characteristics of laziness and invention to a remarkable degree. It is his custom to have his breakfast in bed, and, burdened with the trouble of getting out of bed for the purpose of unlocking his bedroom door, he has invented a door which opens to his whistle. He has accomplished this somewhat remarkable feat by means of a single electro-magnet which draws the bolt when a current passes through it, a platinum point and a piano wire attuned to a certain note. When this note, or one of its octaves, is sounded, the wire vibrates in response, and this vibration brings it in contact with the platinum point. The circuit is thus completed, and a very sensitive relay is brought into operation. I congratulate my confrere—the scientific expert of the "Daily Mirror," and the inventor of this "labor-saving" device—but I think that a piece of cord running over two pulleys and attached to an ordinary catch achieves the same purpose, and there is no fear of intrusion through someone sounding the mystic note from the outside.

OTTO.

1912 CONTEST

COUNT THE Xs AND Ts

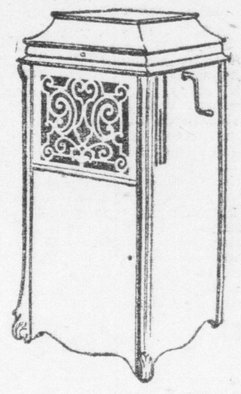
$100.00 GIVEN AWAY

And many other prizes according to the Simple Conditions of the Contest (which will be sent).

This is a chance for clever persons to win Cash and other Prizes with a little effort. Count the Xs and Ts in the Square, and write the number of each that you count neatly on a piece of paper or post card and mail to us, and we will write you at once, telling you all about it. You may win a valuable prize. Try at once.

SPEARMINT GUM & PREMIUM CO., Montreal, P.Q. Dept. 34E

The Amberola



—not only the greatest sound-reproducing instrument—not only the greatest MUSICAL instrument—but the greatest

Edison Phonograph

THE Amberola brings to your home not only all of the extreme pleasure to be derived from *all* of the very best of every kind of entertainment, but a *further* pleasure in the possession of an exquisitely designed and beautifully finished piece of furniture that will take its place in your home in harmony with your other precious possessions.

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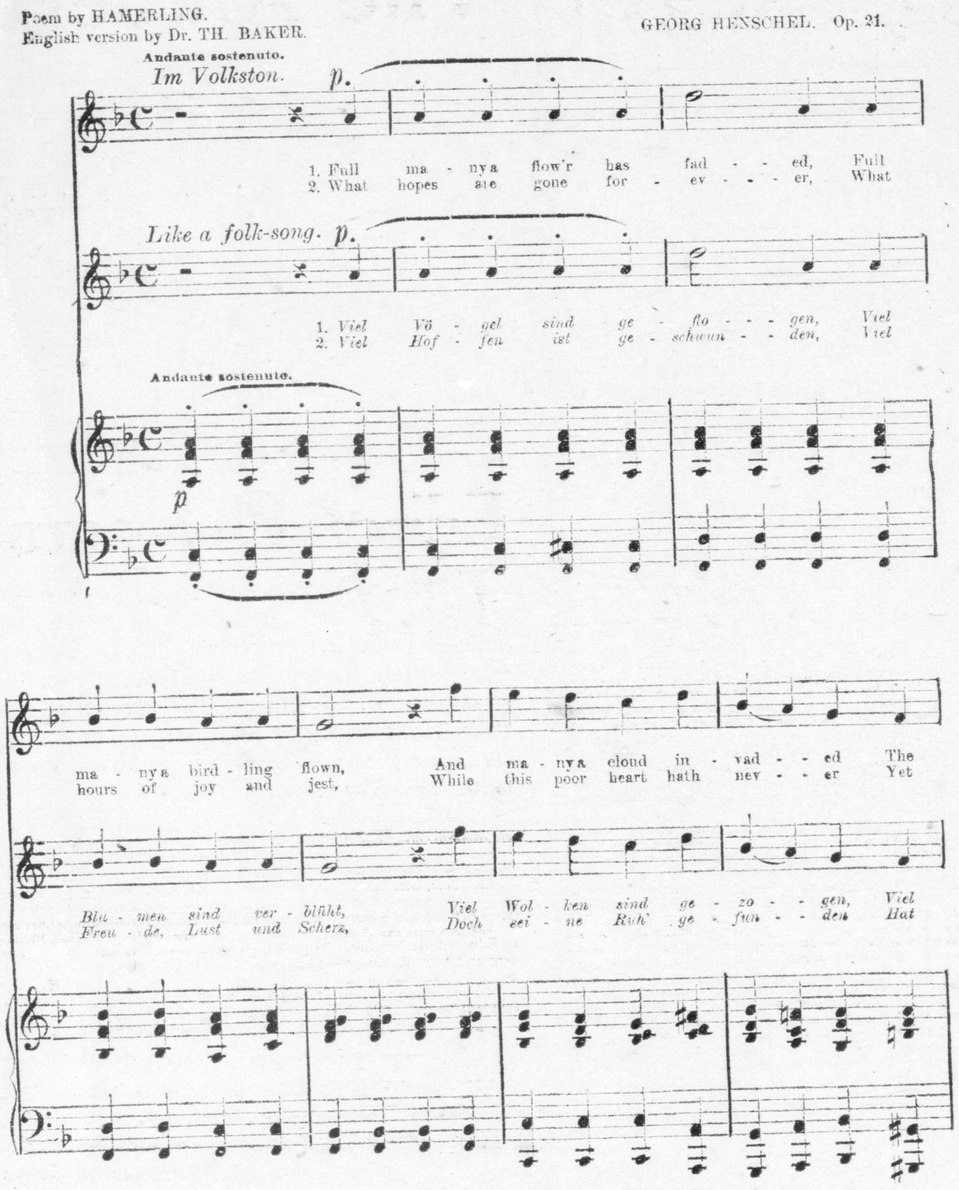
FULL MANY A DREAM

Viel Träume
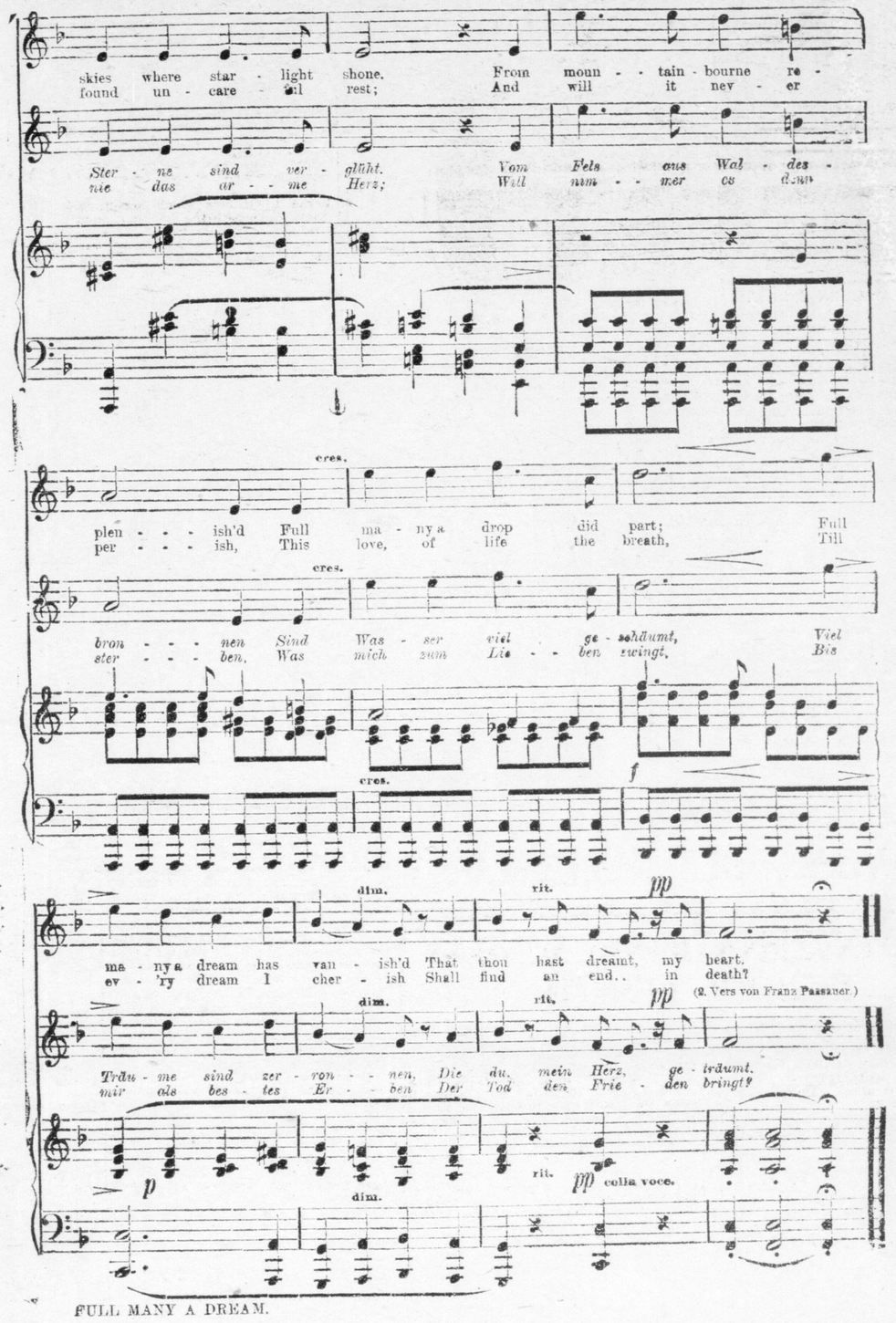
Sung by MILDRED HOYTE of the Babes in Toyland Company

Poem by HAMERLING.
English version by Dr. TH. BAKER.

GEORG HENSCHEL. Op. 21.



Published by AMERICAN MELODY CO., New York.



FULL MANY A DREAM.

MANY PILGRIMS VISIT THE SHRINES OF DICKENS

Great Throng at Rochester, England---The City Full of Pickwick Associations---Service at the Cathedral.

[Rochester Correspondent Manchester Guardian.]

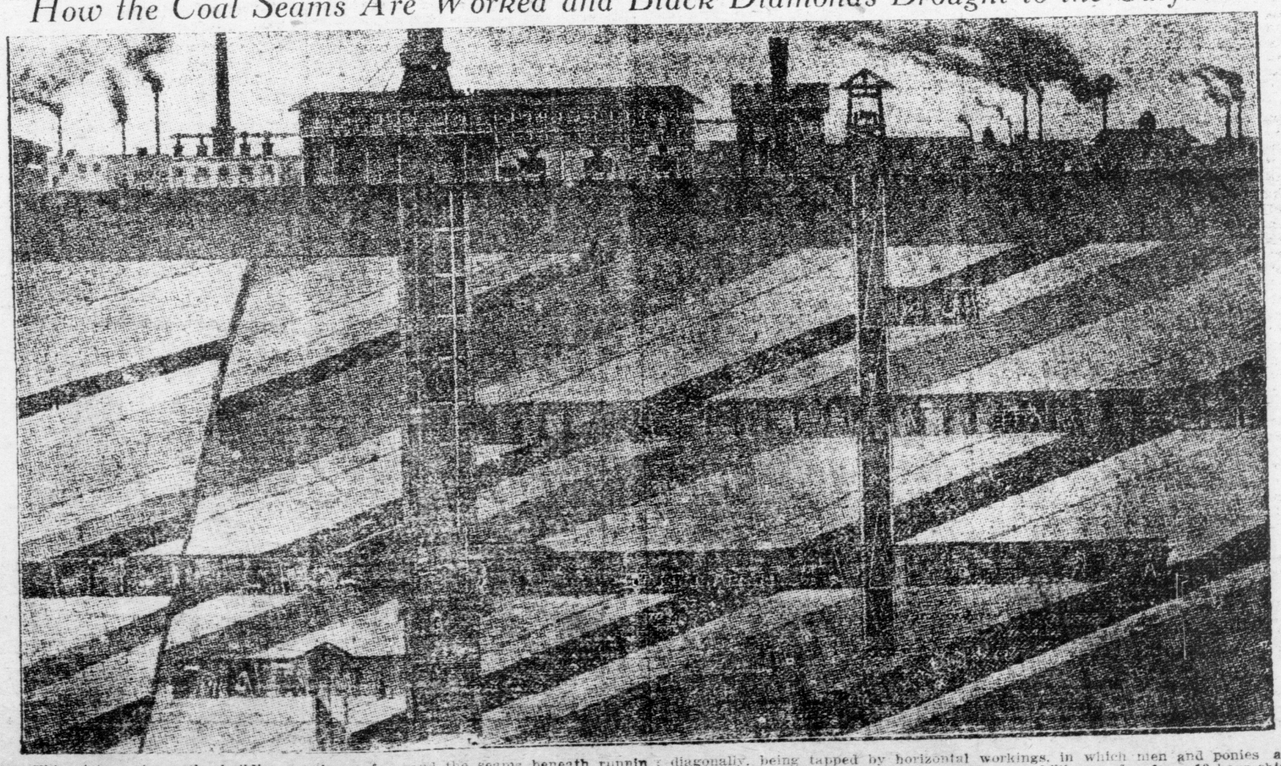
The death of Dickens' son has robbed London of its centenary celebrations, but Rochester, while it is sorry, too, is too much in earnest about Dickens to forego its festival. In London a Dickens celebration would be, as it were, a drop in the literary bucket, but in Rochester, Dickens is the whole bucket. The Dickens Club here is all in all, and so quite all this week the people are thinking, speaking, and living Dickens. Every shop has its Dickens portrait, and some have a whole gallery, showing him from childhood to the last Gad's Hill days, while the man who keeps the curiosity shop labels a tray of Georgian combs and fans, "Just what would be used in Mr. Pickwick's time." It is, moreover, a genuine local cult, dependent not upon the evanescent zeal of summer Americans, but upon the real devotion of the people who live in the houses which Dickens described in his "Pickwick," and again in the rich pages of "Edwin Drood." Rochester, in this respect, is indeed our nearest parallel to Stratford-in-Avon, with its perpetual piety. And devotion is easy when the sacred places are so little changed, for Rochester is much as it was on that bright morning when Mr. Pickwick, soothed by the prattle of Jingle, saw its first from the top of the London coach.

Rochester is giving itself up to Dickens all this week. Along the High street in the morning you may meet, jostling the tram-car for room to pass, an old stage coach, and on the outside seats Mr. Pickwick and his friends, also a very fat boy and a very thin Mr. Jingle. The coach disappears in the muddy coach yard of The Bull. The Bull is the innermost shrine of the Pickwick cult. The very clock you eat your lunch by came from Gad's Hill, and the waiters talk with an abruptness copied from Mr. Jingle. Hanging from the mantelpiece is a broadsheet on which is printed the entry in the visitors' book of which The Bull is proudest—an effusion by a Bishop Auckland person ingeniously working in all the Dickens' places in "Cloisterham." As you sit over the coffee-room fire the landlord drops in to tell you that it was here that the officer in undress uniform presented Dr. Slammer's challenge to Mr. Winkle, and as you go up the staircase there is recalled that bit about the confusion on the night of the ball—"Devil of a mess on the staircase . . . forms going up—carpenters going down—lamps, glasses, harps . . ." Upstairs is the assembly room where the great ball took place that night, "a long room with crimson-covered benches and wax candles in glass chandeliers." There they are still, and so is the "Elevated Den," in which the musicians were securely confined, in a den decorated with a huge royal arms. And there is the vast oil painting of Wat Tyler slaying the tax collector with a hammer, helping somehow to give the room its pleasant Pickwickian air. Last night there was a costume ball in the assembly room, everyone wearing early Victorian costume, the ladies in flounced dresses, the gentlemen wearing tight trousers and pumps, all piously trying to revive the Pickwickian spirit. If you asked for a ticket, the waiter replied in the very words of the book—"Tickets at the bar, sir—half a guinea each, sir." They are even prouder at The Bull of Dickens than they are of Queen Victoria, who once slept there. This afternoon Rochester Cathedral was crowded with townsfolk, when there was a special commemoration service, and the Dean of Norwich said some wise things about the sanity of Dickens' humor and "its sovereign power to purge the mind of selfishness and scorn." I went to the service through Mr. Jasper's arch, and saw the snug red row of houses where the minor canons live and the stone-walled gardens where the annual fruit yet ripened upon monkish trees.

The six poor travellers who turn in at Watt's Charity tonight will have cause to bless the name of Dickens, for good things will be added to the normal fare. The warden (as good a Dickensian as any in Rochester) shows you the great name with the wiggly scrawl in it in his books. The place is a good place, as good as it sounds in one of Dickens' best bits of description. Many pilgrims today have been ringing the bell which hangs underneath the famous inscription warning no rogues or proctors (what is a proctor?) to apply, and, indeed, the warden is very careful to tell you that "we get no common tramps here, only genuine workmen with their tools, travelling from Canterbury to London." The house is so quaint and so clean that one would willingly stay and "receive gratis for one night lodging, entertainment, and fourpence," and sleep in one of those cell-like bedrooms off the timbered gallery. It is now as it was when Dickens found the seventh poor traveller in 1854, "a clean white house of a staid and venerable air." One quite wished to sit down at the long oak table in the scrubbed parlor and take down one of those pairs of carpet slippers from the nail.

Every morning this week at eleven a Dickensian conducts a solemn party of worshipers around the haunts, and he tells you "That is the way Mr. Pickwick came," or "Mr. Jasper used to go to the cathedral that way," as if they were the most historical of persons. It is all a tribute to the solidity of the characters. Rochester sees them in the round, walking about and doing things. One comes very near to the man himself on these pilgrimages. As we went in the track of the great man across "The Vines," the park on the hill above the cathedral, and came out opposite Restoration House, I was told how only two days before he died he was seen by an inhabitant leaning on the railings opposite the house gazing at it for quite a long time. He had walked over from Gad's Hill with his dogs, and it was noticed that he was looking very haggard and ill. He had come to work up local color for the part of "Edwin Drood" he was then writing, the account of the conference of Datchery and the Princess Puffer, which was held in the house (they are quite sure in Rochester, by the way, about the identity of Datchery; "You can't convince us that Edwin Drood could be disguised like that"). Rochester has decided, too, that this is Miss Havisham's house ("old red bricks and dismal") in "Great Expectations." When you have exhausted the Pickwick associations of Rochester there are still waiting for you its more fascinating memories as the Cloisterham of "Edwin Drood"—the gatehouse where Jasper's lamp burned red behind the curtain, burning red as a beacon to Mr. Datchery's eyes, of mystery and sin; the wonderful Elizabethan house, all gables and bulging windows, where Miss Turnkleton kept her seminary for young ladies; the timber and plaster beauty of a place where Mr. Sapsea lived, or, as some say, where Uncle Pumblechook had his "peppercory and farinaceous" shop. One cannot even escape Dickens at the Castle, for there, too, Mr. Jingle's romantic shorthand runs in the mind, like "Punch, brothers, punch"—"Ah! Fine place—glorious pile—frowning walls—tottering arches—dark nooks—crumbling staircases." And if you look down into the old moat graveyard the guide is there to tell you that Dickens wanted to be buried in it.

How the Coal Seams Are Worked and Black Diamonds Brought to the Surface



This picture shows the building on the surface and the seams beneath running diagonally, being tapped by horizontal workings, in which men and ponies are working. The passage frequently extends from the shaft openi.g. Many of the men employed in these collieries are paid only two shillings a day for a 12-hour shift.

FORGOT A FUNERAL

Curate's Error Leads to Postponement of a Burial at Plymouth, England.

An awkward incident, due to a clergyman's lapse of memory, occurred at a Plymouth cemetery, on Feb. 27. Geo. Hall, 82, who all his life has been connected with the travelling show business, was living in a caravan at Devonport until his death last week. The funeral was to have taken place at Plymouth cemetery in the afternoon, and arrangements were made with Rev. J. C. Johnstone, curate in charge of St. Chad's, Devonport, that he should perform the last rites.

Show people from all parts of Devon and Cornwall assembled at the cemetery, but no clergyman arrived. There was a dreary wait in the pouring rain, and after an hour messengers were sent to secure the services of another clergyman, but in vain. Finally it was decided to leave the body in the church for the night and inter it the next morning.

In attenuated numbers Hall's friends assembled in the morning, and the funeral took place. Rev. J. C. Johnstone made a full explanation and apology. He said he was deeply grieved at what had happened. It was an unaccountable lapse of memory. He had the greatest respect for Mr. Hall, and he had actually put off an engagement to officiate at the funeral.

DAKOTA FARMERS GLAD.

[Winnipeg Free Press.]

North Dakota farmers thank their stars daily that the Canadian people rejected the reciprocity agreement. "The situation to the north," says the Fargo Forum, "shows what a narrow escape the United States had—and how fortunate this country is that reciprocity was defeated across the line. Had reciprocity won, the United States markets would have been flooded with Canadian wheat, and the prices here still further crowded down." This from the North Dakota standpoint, is a very natural conclusion. No doubt the Canadian influx of grains would have depressed somewhat—though by no means to the export level—the prices which at present prevail in North Dakota.

Flying! Edison Doesn't Believe In It.



BY MARLEN E. PEW.

New York, March 4.—It is a fortunate man who gets two minutes of Edison's time; I can boast of 14 minutes by the clock. It so happened that I was accompanied by a young American inventor, who, just at present, is working on a dirigible balloon. The inventor and I took chairs at Edison's desk. Edison is extremely deaf, and it is necessary to shout into his right ear to be understood.

Edison is a very tall bent man, with spindling legs. He has big, rough hands and his dress is careless. It was noticed that his desk was orderly, systematic. The top of it was covered with vases filled with pink roses. It is the distinguished Edison head that attracts instant attention. A large well-rounded dome, the scant grey covering being drawn over the temples in stringy disorder; Edison frequently rubs his hands over his head and face. There is a big, bright light in the blue eyes and he expresses emotion by free laughing or dark scowling. When he started to talk he was smoking a cigar; presently he discarded the smoke and took a chew of fine cut.

The balloon man told Edison about his invention and the writer asked the great inventor's opinion of its worth.

"I don't believe in dirigible balloons and I haven't much use for aeroplanes," answered Edison. "They are not getting anywhere with them. There has been but little improvement on the Wright machine. They are not safe and so they are not practical. I don't pretend to know much on the subject, except what I read, but I wonder why the aeronautic experts do not try an extended and gas-filled plane, something that will at least give partial buoyancy and equilibrium—make those machines safe.

"Of course, those machines do not do much good in the world. They will not displace the railroads or ships. I am not interested in them because I am commercial. I have to know that there is an urgent need for an invention and that it will pay. I work pretty hard and try to be practical, but I have a dickens of a time trying to get 10 per cent of the profits of my inventions.

"There's that concrete house, for instance. It's there," pointing to a model of his invention, "but no one seems to be very much excited about it."

The balloon man said something that brought these remarks from Edison: "One must not be easily discouraged in this invention work. I think I am making a fine average if one of twelve things I think good pans out to be worth anything at all. I call my junk pile a liberal education, but it has been mighty expensive. The most valuable ideas are the simplest ones and they are the hardest to think of. Some times we hunt for weeks or years for the solution of a problem that finally turns out to be so obvious and simple that when we find it we also find that we have been standing on it all the time—so plain that we didn't think it worth while picking up."

The balloon man told Edison about his proposed dirigible, said that it would be so constructed that the gas volume would be constant, unchanged by varied atmospheric temperatures, would rise or descend at the will of the operator and would be absolutely safe, in that it would retain perfect equilibrium in the air for days or weeks at a time.

"That's all right," said Edison. "You have hit upon a principle that is obvious and could be demonstrated in this room. But what are you going to do with it?"

"I am going to pilot it across the Atlantic ocean with 50 passengers aboard and with a fuel cost of $150.

"That's cheap enough," said Edison, "but I do not think that dirigible balloon is commercially practica.. What important every day use will you put it to? I suppose that there is a certain class of mail matter that is so urgent that the people will pay well to have it rapidly transported. But such transportation must be run on schedule time and every day and the aeroplane or balloon cannot be depended upon. There's a lot of business people who will pay to ride on extra fast trains and business is so fast these days that men will use telephone even in preference to the telegraph."



HELICOPTER WHICH EDISON BELIEVES IN.

The balloon inventor said that he did not know what the uses would be for a safe and rapid balloon in times of peace, but he said that he thought that much money could be made out of it for pleasure purposes, as it would furnish a new thrill and people were always willing to pay for such excitement.

"Well, I don't know anything about that," Edison responded. "I suppose a great deal of money is spent for such pleasure, but I don't go in for that sort of thing, but if that's the thing, why do you want to build a gigantic airship for 50 people? Why not get one that will carry one man at first? Why sail across the Atlantic? First get a ship that will run from Niagara Falls to New York, or from Atlantic City to Philadelphia. Isn't there enough thrill in that? I am interested only in things that have practical commercial possibilities. Before any invention is a success I think you will have to demonstrate its commercial practicability.

In discussing heavier than air machines Edison said that he had made some experiments with a small helicopter and that he had more faith in that idea than in either aeroplanes or balloons. "I wonder why more is not done with that idea," he said. "It has speed and seems safe and will carry a burden. It might be equipped with gas-filled planes and elevated and propelled in any direction if properly constructed, it seems to me. I have not had time to do much with it, for, I have told you that it keeps me hustling to keep up with the things in demand.

Little Darling Little Daisy



Hosiery for Infants and Children



For Home and School Wear

No one but a mother knows the joy of starting the children off to school looking smart and pretty. But it's a problem how to keep them so, sometimes. At least, there need be no difficulty about the children's **hosiery**. For ten years mothers have been solving the hosiery problem, just as you can do, by insisting on either the "LITTLE DARLING" or the "LITTLE DAISY" Stockings — the leading Canadian brands for children and babies.

Made of the finest, softest, Australian lambs' wool, this hosiery has back of it the biggest hosiery mill in all Canada, with its unique organization of expert operatives, dyers, and inspectors. Inspectors in a hosiery mill? Assuredly, and more than one group, for it is a matter of pride that not one imperfect pair is allowed to leave the factory. It necessitates a rigid inspection after each process, but it pays, because mothers have learnt to recognize that hosiery stamped "LITTLE DARLING" or "LITTLE DAISY" is the daintiest, most comfortable, and the **safest** hosiery they can buy for their children, because the colors are produced by absolutely stainless sanitary dyes.

And they cost no more than inferior brands.

Colors—Sky Blue, Tan, Pink, Cardinal, Black, and Cream.

Many imitations are offered under very similar names—look for "LITTLE DARLING" or "LITTLE DAISY" stamped on the foot.

The Chipman Holton Knitting Co., Limited

Hamilton - Canada

PROPHECIES OF WOE THAT HAVE NOT BEEN FULFILLED

AN ESSAY ON JEREMIADS

Right Hon. G. W. E. Russell, in the Manchester Guardian.

"On every occasion when some great measure of reform is before the country we are regaled with the most dismal prognostications as to what will happen if such measures are passed. From my reading of history, not one of those Jeremiads has ever been fulfilled. An article on these would, I am sure, be useful, as it might reassure the timid."

To the charitable work suggested in that last line I address myself with great goodwill, but not with the confident hope, which my correspondent expresses, that I shall "steady the saner Tories." I will begin with an anecdote which combines two well-known names of a bygone day—Samuel Rogers (1763-1855), poet and banker, and Henry Luttrell (1771-1851), man of fashion and man of letters. "Luttrell and Rogers went one day in a boat on the Thames to see the works which were then preparing for the erection of a new London bridge. Rogers said: 'Some very sensible men think that, if these works are carried into effect, the tide will ofiw so rapidly under the bridge that dangerous consequences may follow.' 'My dear Rogers,' answered Luttrell, 'if some very sensible men had been attended to we should still have been eating acorns.'" Everyone who has followed the mythical history of human diet will recognize the justice of this apologue.

When one has only a column and a bit in which to expand oneself, one cannot begin each fresh subject at the Deluge. It must therefore suffice if the first "Jeremiads" which I recall today are those which attended the emancipation of the Roman Catholics. We were to be enslavened by the Pope; we were to be enslavened by Bonaparte. We were to be forced to eat frogs and wear wooden shoes. Ireland was to erect herself into a republic. The inquisition was to be established in London. No Protestant would be secure in the enjoyment of his property, his liberty, or even his life, and all this because a few English families which had ventured to maintain the religion of their forefathers were to be admitted to the ordinary rights and duties of English citizens.

Scarcely less horrible were the "Jeremiads" which greeted the reform bill of 1832. To us it seems a mild enough measure, conferring the franchise on the middle class, and giving Manchester and Birmingham and Liverpool the seats in Parliament theretofore enjoyed by Grampound and Old Sarum. But those who opposed it announced far and wide that it was the French revolution in an English dress; that the guillotine was not far off; that all property would be confiscated, all religion proscribed, and the throne at no distant date overturned. Lord Bathurst, a Tory chief, had, down to 1832, worn his hair in a pig-tail (like Arthur Gride in "Nicholas Nickleby"), the last survivor of that quaint fashion; but, when he heard that the reform act had passed, he cut off the pig-tail, saying, "Ichabod, for the glory hath departed." From my schooldays up I have been familiar with the tablet in Harrow Church which records the early death of a strenuous politician "whose mortal frame sank beneath his superhuman exertions in repelling the revolutionary attack on the constitution of England" in 1832. Poor gentleman! Perhaps he was taken away from the evil to come.

Queen Victoria ascended the throne amid universal jubilation. The nation felt the joy of a great escape; for, if her young life had been cut short by illness or accident, the crown would have devolved on her detested uncle, Ernest, Duke of Cumberland; and then, as grave men said, no earthly power could have averted a revolution. For a brief season, Jeremiads were drowned in acclamation; but the prophets of evil cannot long be silent, and the dismal voices were heard again. The young queen's health was frail; her life was precarious. She was an only child, and her family would end in her. She was too young to understand her business; she would be subservient to her mother, to King Leopold, to Lord Melbourne, to the ladies of the household. The nation would require a stronger sovereign—and everything else that was least like the truth. Then came her marriage. This was worse than before. Prince Albert was a Papist in disguise. He was a lover of autocracy. He disliked the English constitution. He would interfere with the Government; he would wreck the army; he would abolish wine-drinking after dinner; and—crowning horror—he would discourage foxhunting.

These Jeremiads, which can be collected in bundles, from the memories and correspondence of the times, look nowadays supremely foolish. The queen's girlishness and inexperience regained for her, at one stroke, all the popularity which the crown had lost. Her character proved to be self-reliant in a high degree. Her marriage was the happiest and most successful that any sovereign ever made; and, instead of being (as the Duke of Cumberland predicted) the last of her family, she multiplied beyond all precedent the possible successors to the throne.

Of the Jeremiads which attended the repeal of the corn laws it is unnecessary to speak at large; for, after a long suppression, their echoes were heard again in the debates on tariff reform and the budget. In 1846 people were assured that free trade would be the ruin of English agriculture. The landed gentry would be forced to sell their estates, and the farmers would be driven into the workhouse. As to the laborers, since there would be no one who could afford to employ them, they would obviously have to be supported out of the rates. And all this was predicted, no doubt in perfectly good faith, just as the golden age of national prosperity was dawning. Jeremiah and John Bull would appear at first sight to be characters with little in common. And yet, as a matter of fact, our shrillest Jeremiads generally proceed from men of specially John Bullish type. Such an one was Col. Sibthorp (1783-1855), M. P. for the city of Lincoln. "He has opposed Roman Catholic emancipation and the reform bill, and was one of the last opponents of free trade." He was a patriot, a soldier, a sportsman, a landowner, and, in a word, the typical John Bull. He was attacked by a peculiarly acute form of insanity which raged in the year 1851. That was the year of the great exhibition, designed by Prince Albert as a kind of international sacrament of peace and goodwill; and the insanity — for one can call it nothing else—was a suspicion that, under pretext of the exhibition, foreign criminals and conspirators and desperadoes of all descriptions, would crowd into London, set the town on fire, and murder us all in our beds. Speaking in the House of Commons on the first night of the session, this gallant colonel exclaimed, "Would to God that a heavy hailstorm, or a visitation of lightning, would put a stop to the further progress of the great exhibition." A Jeremiad indeed, and you may find it beautifully illustrated by John Leech, in the faithful pages of Punch.

I spoke just now of the terrors created by the reform bill of 1832. Those terrors have been renewed whenever any attempt has been made to extend th suffrage. After 1832 people soon settled down, and found that the ten pound householder was not a very rabid revolutionary after all. But there were gathering clouds on the political horizon, and before long it seemed certain that the artisans would claim the vote. Jeremiads filled the air, and from among them one eloquent voice deserves to be recalled. "We are about, with our own rash and inconsiderate hands, to pluck down about our heads the venerable temple of our liberties and our laws. History may record other catastrophes as signal and as disastrous, but none so wanton and so disgraceful." So said Robert Lowe in 1866; and the "catastrophe" was the establishment of the franchise under which we have lived and flourished ever since 1867.

The Welsh church bill has set Liberal newspapers on the agreeable task of reviving the Jeremiads about the Irish church in 1868 and 1869. The most comical sort of Jeremiad — the mock-heroic—came, as always, from Ulster: the most impressive was that which was uttered by the great Lord Derby in the House of Lords, when he hurled the curse of Meg Merrilies at the authors of the Irish church bill. "This day have ye quenched seven smoking hearths—see if the fire in your ain parlor burn the blither for that. Ye have riven the thack off seven cottar houses—look if your ain roof-tree stand the faster." The Banshees had scarcely done howling over the Irish church, when a chorus of half-pay colonels and amateur soldiers burst out in clamor against the abolition of purchase in the army. If these military Jeremiahs were to be believed, the fact that a rich man would no longer be able to buy a commission, but must pass to his command by examination and promotion, would bring old England to the ground in twelve months. Spectacled students would take the place of our fox-hunting and polo-playing subalterns, and the British army would be destroyed by its own officers. Some very illustrious voices swelled this chorus, but Mr. Gladstone was Prime Minister, and Jeremiah had no chance.

If the abolition of purchase was alarming in the military sphere, not less so in the civil sphere was the introduction of the ballot. Here, we were assured, was an infernal device which would sap our national independence, destroy the sense of political responsibility, and convert the whole people into rogues and liars. Every voter would promise to vote for each candidate, and, having voted, would lie till he was black in the face about the vote which he had given. The great Lord Shaftesbury announced, pontifically, that the ballot meant a republic; and it was commonly said that an extended suffrage, exercised through secret voting, was the beginning of the end.

Take, yet once more, the case of the agricultural laborer. For 20 years he was the favorite theme of political Jeremiahs. When once we had conceded the suffrage to the worker in the towns, we could not long withhold it from his brother who worked in the field. Yet the bare idea of making the laborer a citizen aroused an almost frenzied fear. A Tory M. P.—his name had better perish—declared that the laborers were no fitter to exercise the franchise than the beasts they tended. Lord Goschen held that "the plague-spot of the poor laws" disqualified them for citizenship; Lord Sherbrooke was loud on the danger of "placing the minority, in which are included the rich and the educated, at the mercy of those who live by daily labor."

Does the constitution today contain a more solid or more stable element than the vote of the agricultural laborer?

THE NEW NATIONAL GALLERY.

The new National Gallery in Ottawa is to be opened shortly. Heretofore Canada's National Gallery has been situated in an old loft over the Government aquarium in Ottawa. Downstairs the fish swam merrily up and down in their tanks to the delight of small boys who found their way into the old building. Up two flights the National Gallery basked in the still, persistent, monotonous light which fell through the skylights. The pictures looked as though they ached to get out. The only people who ever came to see them were persons who had been specially directed or had a special purpose in coming, and fogies. The life and interest of the Canadian capital lay all outside. The Ottawa cabmen drove by without a word of reference to the old barn. The tally-ho cargoes were unaware of its existence. The new gallery should increase the general appreciation of art in Canada. The cabbies will point out the place, strangers will go in and, having seen the paintings, will leave with a new conception of Canada's abilities. There are to be excellent pictures within. Housed properly, they will be seen by people who may perhaps have been attracted by the exterior of the building, and the ultimate effect may be to give a real stimulous to our native art.—Canadian Collier's.

ASKED HER DRUGGIST TO GIVE HER SOMETHING.

She Had a Bad Cold. So He Recommemded

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

Mrs. James Warren, Edmonton, Alta., writes:—"Just a few words in favor of your Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. A short time ago I contracted a bad cold, and tried several remedies, but had no good results. I asked my druggist to give me some good cough medicine he could recommend, so he told me to try Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, and I can safely say I have never tried anything like it. The first dose gave me relief, and I was completely cured of my cough before I had finished one bottle. It is the best cough remedy I have ever tried, and I can recommend it to everyone."

Obstinate coughs and colds yield to the grateful, soothing action of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

It is a remedy without an equal for coughs, colds, bronchitis, and all affection of the throat or lungs.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup is put up in a yellow wrapper; three pine trees the trade mark; price 25 cents.

Manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

"Goggle-Eyed Ghost"



This is the "goggle-eyed ghost," or tarsier, a strange little animal of the lemur family, which lives in the eastern archipelago and is nocturnal in its habits. It is almost the size of a squirrel, has large ears, a long, tufted tail and extremely large eyes. Its preferred food is a lizard.

"The Liver Pills act So Naturally and Easily."

Such a statement, coming from the cashier of a bank, shows what confidence responsible people have in these pills. Mr. A. L. Wilson after trying them wrote:

"I have used Dr. Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills and also your Anti-Pain Pills, on myself, with good results. The Liver Pills act so naturally and so easily that I scarcely know that I have taken a pill. Frequently being troubled with headache I take an Anti-Pain Pill and get immediate relief in every case."

A. L. Wilson, Sparta, Ill.

Mr. Wilson was for a number of years cashier of the First National Bank of Sparta.

Dr. Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills

are different from others. Many kinds of liver pills are "impossible" after one trial on account of their harshness. Dr. Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills do not act by sheer force but in an easy, natural way, without griping or undue irritation. They are not habit forming.

If the first bottle fails to benefit, your druggist will return the price. Ask him.

MILES MEDICAL CO., Toronto, Can.

Fooled! He Wasn't a Houn'



Every time I come to town
The bosses keep kickin' my dawg aroun';
When they find he's a bulldog, not a houn'
They'll be sorry they kicked my dawg around.

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The Purity of LENTEN DAYS is fairly matched by the Purity and Quality of Jersey Cream Soda Biscuits—*the perfect Lenten Diet.* Jersey Cream Sodas are equal—if not superior—to bread in nutriment as they contain no moisture and are made from the best ingredients. You buy the purest and the best Lenten Food when you buy 40

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THE BLOCK INNERLIN LINED AND BLOCK VY-TAL-TY MANTLES

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We will buy you a 10c cake of Infants' Delight with every 25c purchase of Taylor's Borax Soap. Cut out the coupon and present it to your grocer when you buy your next 25c worth of Taylor's Borax Soap and he will give you ABSOLUTELY FREE the full size 10c cake of Infants' Delight which we have bought for you. We pay your grocer the full price of 10c each for these cakes of Infants' Delight which he hands out, because we know that nothing we can say will show you so quickly what a wonderful soap it is,—how it wears as thin as a wafer, how perfectly it cleanses, and how soft and smooth it leaves the skin.

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We are so sure that when once you have used Taylor's Borax Soap for the Laundry, and Infants' Delight Toilet Soap that you will never be satisfied with other kinds, that we are buying thousands of cakes of Infants Delight and giving them away free to the ladies who buy Taylor's Borax Soap.

We pay for Infants' Delight

You pay only for Taylor's Borax Soap

FREE SOAP COUPON

This coupon, when properly signed and presented to your grocer at any time within one week, with 25c in payment for five bars of Taylor's Borax Soap, entitles bearer to a 10c cake of **Infants' Delight Soap free.**

*Name*_____

*Address*_____

Notice to Dealers

Please honor this couponatits face value for a regular 10c cake of Infants' Delight Soap, when properly signed by a customer who also buys 25c worth of Taylor's Borax Soap. In accordance with our agreement we will redeem these coupons to allow you the regular profit on the Soap.

John Taylor & Co. Limited



Women Heckle Lloyd-George at Stormy Suffrage Meeting at Albert Hall, London

The Chancellor in Fighting Form—Pleads for Woman Suffrage and Defends Cabinet's Position—Says the Cause Will Triumph This Year If Women Are United—What Will the Lords Do?

Mr. Lloyd George was the principal speaker at the Albert Hall on Feb. 23, at a non-party demonstration in favor of women's suffrage. He was subjected to a running fire of interruptions and a fusilade of questions during the whole of the three-quarters of an hour he was on his feet. They did not disturb him. He answered his hecklers with smart retorts, and remained unperturbed even when the clamour became a din with women shrieking and men shouting for the mere love of annoyance.

At one period almost every sentence was received with ironical cheers, hooting, booing, and vigorous comments on the speech. But Mr. Lloyd George was in magnicent fighting form and emerged triumphant.

The meeting had been organized by the National Union of Women's Suffrage Societies and the London Society for Women's Suffrage. The vast hall was crowded, the majority of the audience consisting of women who wore the distinctive colors of their societies.

Mrs. Henry Fawcett presided, and there was a large and widely representative platform, including seventy members of Parliament, among them Dr. Macnamara, Mr. F. D. Acland, Mr. Atherley Jones, Mr. G. Barnes, Mr. T. Lough, Mr. Lief Jones, Sir A. F. Spicer, Sir James Yoxall, and Mr. Marshall Hall. Others on the platform were the Earl of Lytton, Earl Russell, Lord Aberconway, Lord and Lady Farrer, Winnifred Countess of Arran, Lady Henry Somerset, Marion Countess de la Warre, Lady Bamford Slack, Sir George and Lady Gibb, the Master of the Temple. Sir Hubert and Lady Maud Parry, the Hon. Mrs. Alfred Lyttelton, and the Hon. John Collier.

Chancellor Undisturbed By Bombardment.

Mr. Lloyd George and the interrupters began almost simultaneously. The chancellor began by saying that was the first non-party gathering he had ever addressed on the question of suffrage. This opening sentence was greeted with cries of "You have never done anything else," "Traitor," "Coward," and "Leave the Cabinet." The chancellor went on to say that he was proud of the distinction. He was not going to discuss the merits of women's suffrage, but had come to discuss the position of the suffrage and its Parliamentary prospects, and to tell them frankly, not merely what his own position was in the matter—that was a matter of comparative insignificance. (Hear, hear, and laughter.)

But what is of much more importance than my own view is what the position of the Government is. What is the position at the present moment? (Cries of "Lloyd George's blocking motion," and "Order.") Questions have been addressed to me by suffrage societies, and I have been invited to answer them here. But you must listen. (Loud applause.) I propose to give you a perfectly frank and straightforward statement of the position. If it is not satisfactory—well, the chairman has told you I am here for twenty minutes to be shot at later on. This is called a democratic country. By that it is meant that the citizens are expected to obey the laws and those who make the law. That is not true. (Hear, hear.) At least one-half of the adult citizens of the country whose lives are deeply affected by every law have absolutely no voice in making that law. (Applause.)

What the Lords Will Do.

"They have no more voice in the matter than the horse that drags their lords and masters to the polling booth. The drunken loafer who has never earned his living for years is consulted by the constitution on questions like education and the upbringing of children. He is even consulted as to the best method of settling the temperance question — (interruption) —but the wife whose industry keeps him and his houshold from beggary, and actually pays the rent that constitutes him a voter, and who is really responsible for his qualification, is not taken into account in the slightest degree. That is a position of things which no unprejudiced person can defend for a single moment. It is a barbarous anachronism, and what I say is this—in this year of Grace, in this session of Parliament, is the best opportunity you have had to put an end for ever to that system. (Loud applause.) You have got to get the assistance of members of Parliament, but this is a fact that I want you to get well into the minds of those who are laboring for the attainment of this purpose—that this year, this session determines as far as the next general election is concerned the fate of this question.

"I am proceeding on the assumption that the House of Lords may, if it is sent up there, reject it. I am not an authority on the views of the House of Lords. If I am wrong, all the better. If they do pass it, well and good. But you had better prepare your plans on the assumption that they will throw it out, at any rate the first and second time, and that it will go through the third time. It is exceedingly important that we should realize exactly what the position is, and lay our plans accordingly. Here is an opportunity never provided before. Do not forget that. You may be dissatisfied with it. You may wish that that opportunity were improved upon, but still the fact remains that it is the best opportunity that has ever yet been given for women's suffrage. (Cheers.)

At this stage there was another outbreak of interruption, and cries of "Turn them out."

"No, no. Do not turn anyone out," said the Chancellor.

A white-haired old lady in the front row of the stalls stood up, and, in a loud voice cried, "Cannot you behave like ladies for once?" a rebuke which was received with cheers.

This Year's Reform Bill.

Managing to gain a hearing after further interruptions, Mr. Lloyd George said a reform bill would be introduced this year for the simplification and extension of the franchise to men, and would be carried through this year. (A Voice: "When?") "It is really immaterial when, from the point of view of the suffrage," he retorted, "so long as it is carried through this session. Don't let us pick quarrels, don't let us make them, merely in order to be disagreeable. (Laughter.) It will be drafted in such a form that a woman's amendment can be incorporated, and if it is incorporated in the measure the Government will be responsible for it as a whole." (Applause.)

Mr. Lloyd George characterized a interjection that it ought to be a Government measure as the only sensible answer that he had received from that quarter. Why was it not a Government measure? (Voice: "Because you don't stick to your principles.")

That was nonsense, he said. They must not assume that if a man disagreed with them that he was not a man of principle. (Hear hear.) There was not a single party in this country agreed on the question of the suffrage. (Voice: "The Labor Party.") He agreed. They were perfectly right and he accepted the correction, though they had been having difficulties with the miners. The Labor Party, for the moment, at any rate, was not an alternative as far as a Parliamentary majority was concerned. Three-quarters of the Liberal members of Parliament supported suffrage bills—(applause)—and two-thirds of the members of the cabinet would vote for the suffrage amendment when it came on (Cheers.)

"Why don't you inforce your will?" cried a voice.

"One-fourth of the cabinet are opposed to it," replied the Chancellor.

"Why don't you convert them?" came the question.

Mr. Lloyd George: I cannot possibly do that unless you are silent. (Hear hear.) It is this sort of thing that makes it exceedingly difficult. (Hear hear, and loud applause.) In the Conservative Party the majority is opposed to the suffrage, and it is evident some other procedure is necessary. And that is the method which the Government pledge has thrown open.

The question had been put to him. "Seeing you are in a majority in the cabinet, why don't you inforce their will?" If they attempted to inforce their will either in the cabinet or in the party, they would hopelessly shatter both. (Cries of "No, no.")

Mr. Lloyd George: I know what I am talking about.

The Cabinet Position.

If they attempted to inforce their will, he went on, although they were in the majority either in the cabinet or in the party, they hopelessly shattered both. (Ironical cheers.) Cabinets and parties existed not merely for the promotion of one question, but several. What would happen if they insisted on splitting the cabinet, dividing the party, in order to get a sort of empty victory for the suffrage? The first thing that would happen would be such a serious division in the party that it would be paralyzed for all practical purposes. (Voice. "Hurrah!") Very well; if the object was merely to turn out the Government, if their object was a party one, that was a perfectly legitimate object, but it was not the purpose for which they were there that night. (Hear, hear.) Their idea as men and women of all parties was to consider the best method of carrying the suffrage. They could not form a suffrage cabinet that would live for five minutes. (Why not?")

"Because," promptly replied the Chancellor, "although you might not know it, a cabinet cannot exist without a Parliamentary majority. (Interruptions.) A majority on one question alone is not enough to keep any cabinet together. (Fresh interruptions, a cry of "Good old George," and booing.) You cannot find a member on either side who is prepared to wreck his cabinet, his party, and the party programme merely for the sake of forcing his will for the moment upon that one issue. (Further interruptions, followed by counter cries of "Shut up.") Supposing you find a Liberal minister prepared to undertake that responsibility and the wrecking of the party and the programme which it was returned to carry out—(interruption)—has it ever occurred to you for a moment whether you would advance the suffrage by a single yard? ("Yes" and "No.") There is only one alternative administration—("Play the game straight")—a Unionist administration." ("It could not be worse.")

"Don't be too sure," rejoined the Chancellor. "Three-quarters of its members would be anti-suffragists."

Gradually the number of interruptions had increased, until Mr. Lloyd George was forced to pause in the middle, or at the end, of nearly every seutence. The interruptions were not overpowering, and the bulk of the audience resented them, but they became so frequent and such a nuisance that finally Mrs. Fawcett rose and appealed for order.

Mrs. Fawcett's Rebuke.

"I think it is a disgrace to women to behave in this way," she said sternly, and her rebuke was indorsed by the audience, who loudly applauded it. "When we find men fomenting and taking part in these interruptions," she went on, "I wonder they do not have more feeling, and seeing that we have only women stewards help them to maintain the order of the meeting."

Despite this appeal, Mr. Lloyd George was subjected to further interruption.

"I want," he said, not heeding the interruptions, "to challenge anyone here or anyone outside to produce a single statesman of authority on the other side who will undertake that if a Unionist Administration comes into power they will put through a Woman's Suffrage Bill. (Hear, hear.) I will go beyond that. I will challenge you to produce any statesman of authority who will undertake that a Unionist Administration would ever give the facilities which the Prime Minister has given for a Women's Suffrage Bill. (Cheers and hoots.) There is only one way by which they could carry the suffrage bill this year."

"Make it a Government measure," shouted an interrupter, at which Mr. Lloyd George retorted sharply. "You won't get that," and further threatened to refuse to answer questions later if the interruptions continued. In spite of this there was a constant fusillade.

There was only one way, continued the Chancellor, by which they could carry the measure this session. It was the way which was thrown open by the Prime Minister's declaration. If

(Continued on Page Twenty-Two.)

WOULD SCREAM FOR HOURS WITH ECZEMA

Baby Dreadful Sufferer. Could Not Keep Him from Scratching. Every Joint Affected. Used Cuticura Soap and Ointment and He Is Well,



"Enclosed find my son's photo and I feel by writing these few lines to you I am only doing my duty, as my son was a dreadful sufferer from eczema. At the age of two weeks he began to get covered with red spots on his legs and groins, which mother thought was red gum or thrush; but day by day it grew worse until every joint and crevice were affected and baby started screaming for hours day and night, such a thing as sleep was out of the question. I took him to two of Sydney's leading doctors; one said it was one of the worst cases he had seen, the other did not think it so serious; one ordered ointment for rubbing in, the other a dusting powder. I followed their prescriptions for over four months and still baby kept getting worse. I could not keep him from scratching so great was his agony.

"When he was five months old I tried the Cuticura Remedies and I am very thankful to say my baby is to-day free from all his suffering. His groins were bleeding when I started and other parts affected were the lower part of his body, under the knees, arms, in arm joints, eyebrows and neck; but after twice using Cuticura Ointment I began to see a difference and by the time I had used one tin, along with the bathing with Cuticura Soap, baby was nearly cured. I still kept on using the Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and now, thank goodness, he is quite well and, although he is now ten months old, has not had any further return of the trouble." (Signed) Mrs. G. Martin, 2 Knight St., Erskineville, Sydney, N.S.W., Mar. 31, 1911.

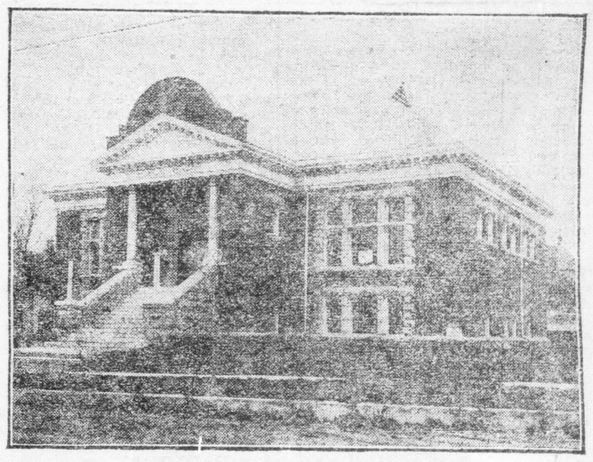
Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold throughout the world, but a liberal sample of each, with a 32-page book on the care and treatment of the skin and hair will be sent free on application to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., 22 Columbus Ave., Boston, U.S.A.

Fortune in Coal Hoarded for Great British Strike



This photograph, just over from London, shows one small section of the great reserve stocks of coal prepared in readiness for the British strike, in which over 1,000,000 men are involved. It was taken at the coaling station at Grimsby and shows hundreds of cars—"Trucks" they call 'em in England.

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Dope From the Realm of the Motor Wise

DEMOUNTABLE RIMS ARE LOSING FAVOR

Car Builders of France Are Taking to Removable Wire Wheels.

TIPS FOR THE MOTORIST

Little Things You Learn in Running a Car Are Worth Remembering.

Recent experiments on the part of American motor car manufacturers with the wire wheel as a substitute for the wooden wheel, now in use, has centered the attention of the designers and motor car owners upon the experience of English and French makers with the demountable rim and the demountable wheel. In England the demountable wheel outstripped the demountable rim, while in France the demountable rim was a leader and still is, but for the coming season a few of the big French firms have announced that they will equip with the demountable wheel. In America the demountable rim is most generally used this year. There are many arguments pro and con for both the demountable wheel and the demountable rim, but the big argument advanced in Europe, and generally accepted there, is the simplicity and positiveness with which the demountable wheel can be removed.

REAL ECONOMY IN OPERATING CAR.

Economy of operation requires developing the most power "at the rim of the wheel" with the least consumption of fuel and the least wear and tear on the machinery and chassis. The more weight there is in the car itself, the more power is taken to move it at a given speed, obviously, and furthermore the more wear there will be on tires.

A piece of steel that is too hard to be filed or otherwise shaped may be softened by heating to a good red heat and allowing it to cool in the slowest possible way — for instance, by burying it in lime, or even in the ashes of the fire. If time is pressing, the mere heating of the steel and cooling in the open air will soften it enough to allow it to be worked.

THESE ARE THINGS WORTH LEARNING.

There are only a few technical facts which it is really important for the motorist to know in connection with the acquiring of a new machine. Among them are the timing of the valves and the setting of the magneto armature and circuit breaker. Not only should all intermeshing gears be plainly marked so that once dismouted they can be reassembled in the same relation, but the owner should be able to discover for himself, without expert assistance, whether the adjustment between the wearing and the last bit of mechanism which it drives is correct. With such knowledge in mind, it is a good plan to practice by testing out the motor when it comes back from the repair shop.

CORRECT ADJUSTMENT ON YOUR CARBURETOR.

The correct tension for the spring on the auxiliary air inlet on a carburetor is found by throttling the motor down as much as possible, then adjusting the spring tension until the valve just stays on its seat. With the motor running at that speed the velocity of the air crossing the jet, if the needle valve be properly regulated, should draw enough fuel to form a proper mixture with the air drawn through the regular air inlet. As the speed of the engine increases the velocity of the air increases, drawing more gasolene and therefore requiring more air. The auxiliary inlet affords the additional air supply.

VIBRATION MAY RESULT IN THIS.

One of the worst things that can be caused by vibration of the car from the irregularities of the road is the change in the brake adjustment caused by the turning of the turnbuckle which is designed to regulate the adjustment on this part of the mechanism. The turnbuckle regulates the tension which will be put upon the brakes when they are applied. If it is jarred around so that it loosens this tension the driver will find to his dismay that the brakes will not hold on descending a hill or in other cases where they might be applied.

EIGHT MILLION TIRES FIVE YEARS' OUTPUT

Service Department Expert Gives His Figures and Says This Year Will See Millions More.

An estimate of the number of tires manufactured in America in the past five years is made by R. R. Drake, manager of the service department of the United States Tire Company, who puts the total at 8,000,000.

"I figure," says Mr. Drake, "that since the beginning of 1907 the tire makers of America have marketed in the neighborhood of 8,000,000 pneumatic tires, the yearly output being as follows: 1907, 600,000; 1908, 1,050,000; 1909, 1,350,000; 1910, 1,800,000; 1911, 2,000,000. total, 8,000,000.

"Although 1911, as will be observed from these figures, was the biggest year for tire makers in the history of the industry, there is no question that 1912 will beat it. In fact, we are looking for a demand that will approximate 4,000,000 tires. And when you get to calculating tires in millions as manufacturers must do at the present time, you gather an idea of the sizable proportions of the industry."

MORE ADVICE ON BUYING A CAR

Springfield Man Says It's a Good Thing to Buy of a Reliable Firm.

CONSULT YOUR FRIENDS

Who May Be Biased, But a Little Matter Like That is Unimportant.

To the man of moderate means the purchase of an automobile is, like breaking out of jail, a thing not to be lightly undertaken.

After a careful consideration of the greatest amount of money which can be invested, he looks about in the manner of all sensible men for the greatest possible value to be obtained for the money. If he is the possessor of friends who own automobiles he invites their opinion and advice, as well as that of the sales agents of the concerns who furnish a car at the desired price.

The advice of his friends is apt to be biased, as it is gained from one-sided experience, while the advice of the salesman, although perhaps the result of much experience, is hardly less biased.

Another Opinion.

A demonstration may prove much and it may prove very little, so the prospective automobilist does not know which way to turn. The wise man, however, buys a car of good reputation, with a solid guarantee, or, in the case of a car unknown, has it thoroughly examined by a competent judge. The style of the body bought will, to a large degree, determine whether the automobilist will be satisfied or disappointed after he has had the machine for any length of time. It is in this feature that the buyer may rely upon the company from whom he is buying the car, as the great experience of the dealer will aid his judgment in this respect.—Springfield Republican.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES COLDS, ETC.

TO MAKE YOUR CAR LOOK ALWAYS NEW

Writer in Motor Print Hands Out Plenty of Advice To Owners.

TAKE A LITTLE OF IT!

You May Not Concur With All He Says, But Its Good Logic at That.

The most important thing for the preservation of a car is a good house or garage, which should be dry and well aired and have blinds to the windows to prevent the direct rays of the sun getting at the body of the car. The garage should be as far as possible from stables or a manure heap, as ammonia fumes quickly crack and destroy the varnish, change the color of the paint and otherwise cause decay. If the building is of brick or stone, the walls should be plastered and painted or lined with wood to avoid dampness, which fades the colors and destroys the brilliancy of the varnish. Immediately after use the car should be thoroughly washed, as mud or water drying on the panels causes spots or stains, and in some cases it will be impossible to remove these. Every car handler should form the excellent habit of never allowing his car to stand overnight without having it washed, whatever be the time or the weather. In the event of the car not being required for a few days, it ought to be covered with a cotton dust cover.

* * *

In washing a car, considerable care and some practical knowledge is necessary. It should be kept out of the sun, and plenty of water should be used; with a hose, care should be taken — especially round the doors and windows—not to drive water into the body and thus injure the upholstery. Do not rub off the mud. Sufficient water should be applied to soften it and carry it away, thus obviating any damage. The dust or mud having been removed, the actual washing should begin, in the case of covered cars, at the roof, a ladder with padded ends being used to reach it. When finished, it should be wiped dry with a chamois leather. The panels should next receive attention, and these should be cleaned by squeezing water over them from a large, soft sponge, and drying thoroughly with chamois leather skin. The panels should always be sponged, dried and polished upward and downward, not from side to side. The folding leather head of a landaulet should be washed and dried lightly, as pressure stretches the leather, which will be marked by coming in contact with the roof sticks, thus causing the head to have a shabby appearance. A little soap may be used in washing, providing only that it is made for the purpose.

* * *

The chassis, mudguards and wheels should be washed last. The same sponge and skin should never be used for these as for the body, since it may become soiled with grease or oil Grease will be more easily removed if a tablespoonful or so of kerosene oil is added to the water, but care must be taken that this water does not touch the panels of the body. Each wheel should be jacked up while it is being washed; a spoke brush should not be used, as in conjunction with the grit from the road it acts like sandpaper, scratching and destroying the paint. The interior upholstery should be thoroughly cleaned out with a brush. Care should always be taken to brush the cloth the way of the "pile," never against or across it. The leather used in trimming most open cars, and the driving seats of covered cars, may be cleaned with lukewarm water and soap, the leather being dried with chamois skin.

Export Care of Motor Cars.

Locks, hinges and joints, and all working parts of the body, should be examined and oiled periodically. Care must be taken that no excess of oil is used, as it may get on to the upholstery, which would readily absorb it. Stains so caused can only be removed with difficulty and even then its result is often far from being entirely satisfactory.

* * *

The door should always be kept shut while the car is in motion; if open, it may come in contact with some object, and material damage result. The doors of the car-house or garage should be fastened back when open, otherwise a sudden gust of wind may blow them against the car and damage it beyond what a person might think possible.

This Writer Full of Advice.

The chassis and wheels should be painted, and the body touched up and varnished about once a year. Apart from the satisfactory appearance of a well-kept car, this annual touching up will greatly assist the body work in resisting the effects of a varying climate. Such renovation should not be hurried, for in carriage painting time is as important as labor and material in the production of a thoroughly well-finished and durable piece of work. A newly-varnished car should stand a few days before being used more especially in wet weather. Frequent careful washing, followed by not less careful drying, will help to harden the surface, and to bring up that brilliancy which is the result of a perfect finish, but in doing this too much care cannot be exercised since more body finishes are ruined through carelessness in washing, drying and polishing than most anything else.—Motor Print.

To illustrate how well the late "Ted" Marks was known in theatrical circles beyond the metropolis, a drummer for a New York house told this story: "A lot of the boys were sitting around in the lobby of a Kansas City hotel one evening, when one young fellow volunteered to take anyone who would go along to the theatre. I accepted the offer and we went to the box office, where our 'fresh' friend greeted the man inside with a hale and merry 'How are you?' and a request for two tickets. 'Marks,' said he, 'You know, Teddy Marks—it's all right.' The man inside gave the drummer another look and said in a very cool but determined manner: 'Nothing doing. Something'll happen to you if you don't move quick.' We did and he paid my way into another show to avoid meeting the crowd."

Farmers Are Taking to the Automobile

Secretary of State Schmahl, of Minnesota, says the automobile is the forerunner of good roads. "The farmer is the leading good roads enthusiast," comments Secretary Schmahl, "and he now owns about 15 per cent of the automobiles of the state. When the day's work is done the farmer now sees to it that his horses have the needed rest, and instead of hitching them to a vehicle for the journey into town, he and his family now use the automobile to do their shoping and calling. It is a safe prediction that before 1912 closes there will be 30,000 automobiles doing service in Minnesota, and a greatly increased percentage will be owned by the farmers."

SELF-STARTERS ARE NOT RECENT INVENTIONS

Mors Car of France Was Equipped With Gas 'Way Back in 1903.

"The idea of using gasolene as the explosive element in starting is as old, almost, as the idea of self-starter," says Chester S. Ricker, the technical writer. "As far back as 1903, I recollect, the Mors, one of the most prominent French cars of that day, equipped one of their cars with this type of starter. It consisted of a pump on the runboard, operated by the driver, which pumped a mixture of gasolene and air into the cylinders and there exploded it so as to simulate the 'starting on the spark' effect.

"But they were all open to one objection, the charge would have to go into all of the cylinders, and since one of these at least was sure to have a valve open the tendency was for all the charge to escape through this open valve and none go into the cylinder which would be under compression and which was depended upon to start the motor."

For the Motor Fiend

According to official returns, based on taxation fees paid, France possessed 64,209 motor cars in actual use during the year 1911. The number comprises pleasure cars only, and is exclusive of commercial vehicles, taxicabs, motor buses and motorcycles; the returns, too, are the only absolutely correct ones in the world, for they are based on the number of cars having actually paid the taxation fees during the year, and do not take account of cars temporarily out of service, manufacturers' stock or dealers' and demonstration models.

Spring shackle bolts that are provided with grooves for the distribution of the grease used as a lubricant sometimes turn in their holes so that the grease cannot enter, there being no groove opposite the grease hole. A small dowel pin in the head of the bolt will hold it from turning and permit the lubricant to reach the bearing surfaces.

One of the most annoying things in a car is the rattling of the doors. See that the thickness of the plate is only infinitesimally greater than the amount of play in the door, and if the door is loose all the way down another plate should be fitted about an inch or so from the lower end of the door knob.

The efficiency of a steel-plated anti-skid tire depends almost entirely upon the air pressure maintained in it. The leather band in which the steel studs are imbedded is a great deal less elastic than rubber and as a result a certain amount of stress is created between the two materials.

If one should start his motor "on the spark" he should speed his motor up just before stopping it by opening the throttle "wide." Then if the spark is cut off a full charge is left in the cylinder to be ignited, when another start is to be made.

A novelty for men is a large pair of trousers of warm woolen material, leather finished, having soft leather shoes and a leather belt. They are intended to slip on over the other clothing for added protection in stormy weather.

WOMEN HECKLE LLOYD-GEORGE

(Continued from Page Twenty-one.)

they proceeded along with all sections, all parties of suffragists, together unitedly, without jostling and clawing each other, it would get through. (Applause.) He was convinced that if they acted unitedly nothing could prevent their triumph this year. (Loud cheers.) Those who made it difficult for them to march upon the road seemed to him to be deliberately throwing away the greatest chance they had ever had in this country of carrying that great measure.

A Stentorian Voice: "If you were to threaten to resign they would all come round."

Mr. Lloyd George took no notice of this, and recounted in detail the pledges given some time ago in answer to the deputation headed by Mrs. Fawcett. "You might disagree with Mr. Asquith personally on his views politically, but I know him, and I know there is no man in England who has a more sensitive regard for his pledged word." (Applause and hisses.)

"The Prime Minister ended," he said—"and the words are notable words in this connection—'We are prepared both in the letter and the spirit to carry out the whole of the pledges we have given to you.' (Cheers.) There is a suggestion that we have receded from that great declaration. On whose authority is that charge made? Who says so? At least, who of any consequence says so? I believe in the good faith of my chief and my colleagues, and I act upon it. (Applause.)

"Just a word about the referendum. I cannot imagine how any Liberal who declines to submit questions which he is especially interested in to the caprices of a referendum can fairly and justly submit women's suffrage. (Applause.) Whatever objections there may be to the referendum on questions like home rule and Welsh disestablishment which we Liberals entertain, they seem to me to apply with two-fold force to the cause of women's suffrage.

"The referendum is a costly denial of justice. (Applause.) These are not the things I am most afraid of. What I am most afraid of is that when you come to bring your bill before the House of Commons or move your amendment the suffragists who are united on the principle of the suffrage may not be united on the particular method of carrying it out. That will be fatal. My appeal to those who really mean business, to those who really want it through, is that they should put their heads together and try and secure some sort of medium formula that will unite both sections, so that when the time comes for moving the amendment in the House of Commons it will be an amendment that will secure the support of all sections of the suffrage party." (Cheers.)

The Nation's Need.

"There never was a time," said Mr. Lloyd George, ignoring the interruptions, "when the nation stood more in need of—("Votes for women")—the special experience and the sympathy of womanhood in the government of its affairs. (Shrieks from women, and a male voice, "Have a drop of gin, old dear.") Do listen for two minutes, please (as a fresh disturbance broke out). There are the great questions of peace and war. Who can tell what will happen? Have women no interest in those great questions? There has never been a war yet in the history of the human race to which women did not contribute their share of the indemnity of suffering—(applause)—and they have a right to a voice in shaping the policy which will control their destinies."

"There is the great labor unrest. (Hear, hear.) During the last few days we have had clamours on all sides for Government intervention. ("That is what women want.") After all, when Governments intervene—Governments are the creation of the electorate. ("Man.") If you have a great strike in this country who will suffer? ("Women," and "The poor.") Have you ever seen a great strike? I have, and I know that the burden of the privations falls upon the women, not merely themselves, but in watching the hunger of their children—(female shrieks)—and all I say is this, that in this legacy of life women have a right to share and share alike. (Applause.) As they have to bear a full share of the burdens, they have a right to claim also a share of the privileges which will enable them to lighten that burden." (Applause.)

Mrs. Philip Snowden moved a resolution calling upon the Government to enfranchise women in 1912, and Lord Lytton seconded. Mr. Lloyd George arose to answer questions amid cheers and booing.

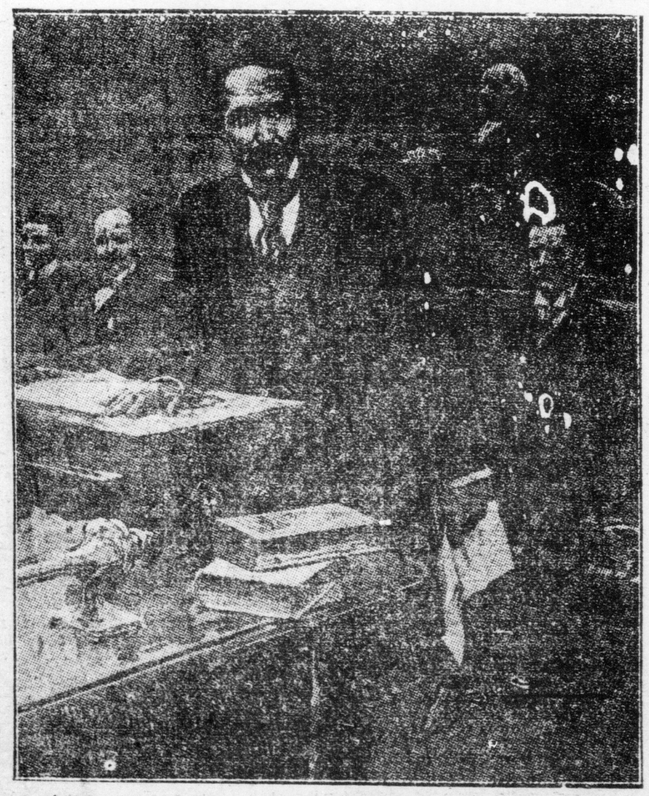
He said there were three questions with regard to his attitude on the conciliation bill. He disliked a narrow franchise measure, but if he were convinced that owing to parliamentary difficulties no other franchise was possible, then he would certainly support the conciliation bill, much as he disliked it. But he believed it was possible to carry through a much wider measure. He expressed his own views with regard to the referendum. There was no doubt about a parliamentary majority for a suffrage amendment, and he predicted that if they agreed on the form the amendment should be moved they would have earned a great parliamentary crown before the year was out.

The resolution was carried unanimously.

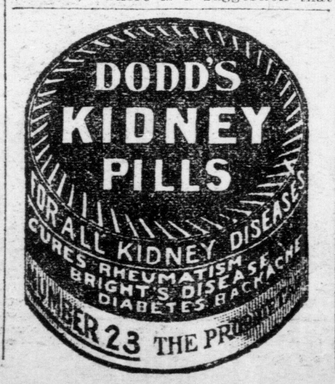
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Bonar Law, the Unionist Leader, in the House of Commons



This is the first picture of the Unionist leader at work in the Commons. This debut of his chief spokesman for a great party was closely watched and much criticized. Independent observers stated that he did not measure up quite as high as was expected, but this was attributed to his extreme nervousness in the great responsibility of his new job. In rear of Mr. Law can be seen the figure of Mr. Austin Chamberlain, who was "runner up" for the position which Bonar Law was elected to. The artist has managed cleverly speech of the man who ousted Chamberlain from the much-coveted position. Further down among the front benchers is seen Messrs. Walter Long and F. E Smith, K. C., who had both been mentioned prominently for the position of Unionist leader. The venerable figure of Lord Charles Beresford chief naval critic of Unionist, can be seen in the second row.







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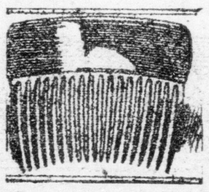
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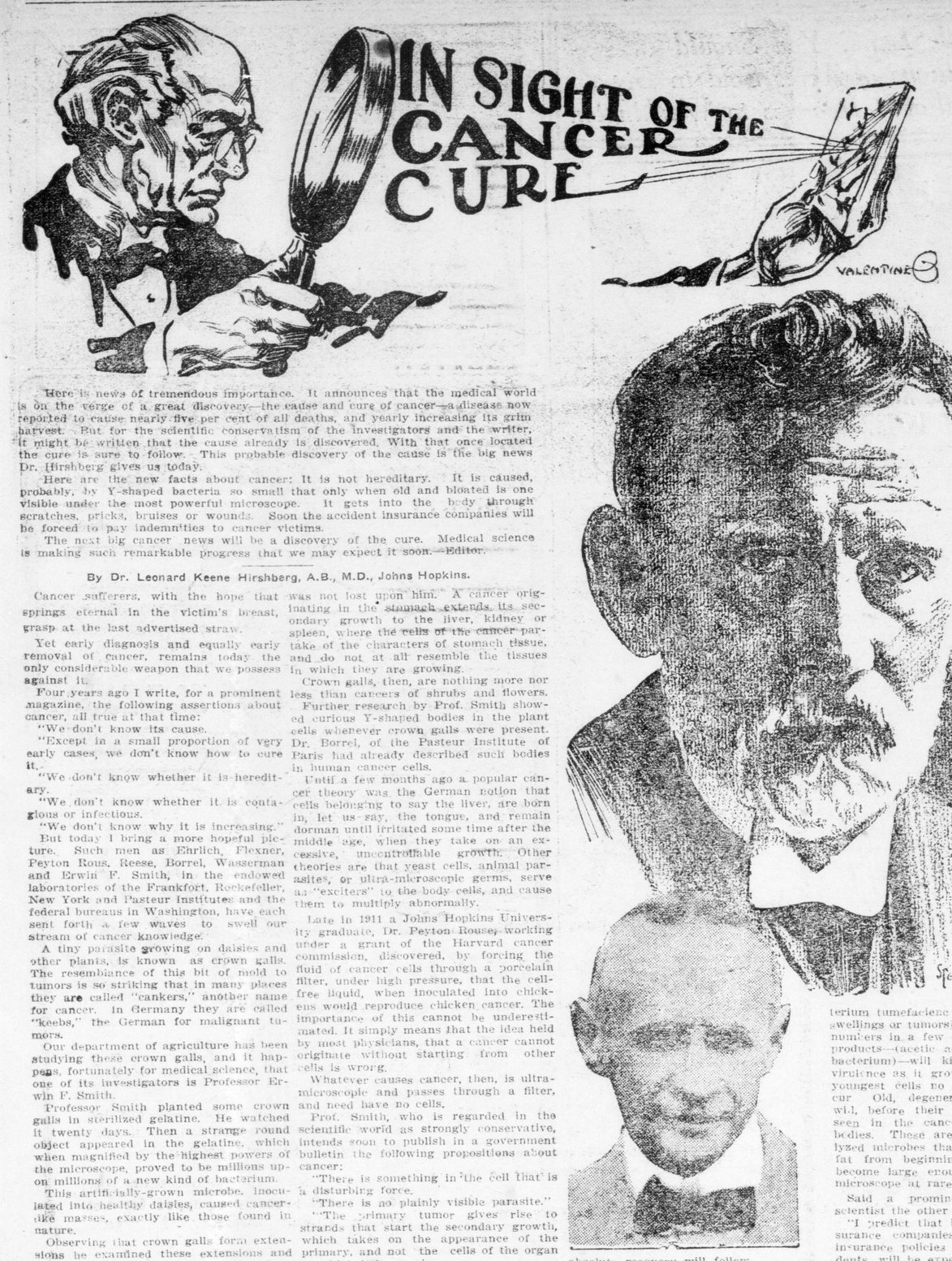
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IN SIGHT OF THE CANCER CURE

Here is news of tremendous importance. It announces that the medical world is on the verge of a great discovery—the cause and cure of cancer—a disease now reported to cause nearly five per cent of all deaths, and yearly increasing its grim harvest. But for the scientific conservatism of the investigators and the writer, it might be written that the cause already is discovered. With that once located the cure is sure to follow. This probable discovery of the cause is the big news Dr. Hirshberg gives us today.

Here are the new facts about cancer: It is not hereditary. It is caused, probably, by Y-shaped bacteria so small that only when old and bloated is one visible under the most powerful microscope. It gets into the body through scratches, pricks, bruises or wounds. Soon the accident insurance companies will be forced to pay indemnities to cancer victims.

The next big cancer news will be a discovery of the cure. Medical science is making such remarkable progress that we may expect it soon.—Editor.

By Dr. Leonard Keene Hirshberg, A.B., M.D., Johns Hopkins.

Cancer sufferers, with the hope that springs eternal in the victim's breast, grasp at the last advertised straw.

Yet early diagnosis and equally early removal of cancer, remains today the only considerable weapon that we possess against it.

Four years ago I write, for a prominent magazine, the following assertions about cancer, all true at that time:

"We don't know its cause.

"Except in a small proportion of very early cases, we don't know how to cure it.

"We don't know whether it is hereditary.

"We don't know whether it is contagious or infectious.

"We don't know why it is increasing."

But today I bring a more hopeful picture. Such men as Ehrlich, Flexner, Peyton Rous, Reese, Borrel, Wasserman and Erwin F. Smith, in the endowed laboratories of the Frankfort, Rockefeller, New York and Pasteur Institutes and the federal bureaus in Washington, have each sent forth a few waves to swell our stream of cancer knowledge.

A tiny parasite growing on daisies and other plants, is known as crown galls. The resemblance of this bit of mold to tumors is so striking that in many places they are called "cankers," another name for cancer. In Germany they are called "keebs," the German for malignant tumors.

Our department of agriculture has been studying these crown galls, and it happens, fortunately for medical science, that one of its investigators is Professor Erwin F. Smith.

Professor Smith planted some crown galls in sterilized gelatine. He watched it twenty days. Then a strange round object appeared in the gelatine, which when magnified by the highest powers of the microscope, proved to be millions upon millions of a new kind of bacterium.

This artificially-grown microbe, inoculated into healthy daisies, caused cancer-like masses, exactly like those found in nature.

Observing that crown galls form extensions he examined these extensions and found that, even if one appeared in a leaf, and the original tumor had developed on the stem, the leaf tumors would be made up of stem cells.

This coincidence with human cancers was not lost upon him. A cancer originating in the stomach extends its secondary growth to the liver, kidney or spleen, where the cells of the cancer partake of the characters of stomach tissue, and do not at all resemble the tissues in which they are growing.

Crown galls, then, are nothing more nor less than cancers of shrubs and flowers.

Further research by Prof. Smith showed curious Y-shaped bodies in the plant cells whenever crown galls were present. Dr. Borrel, of the Pasteur Institute of Paris had already described such bodies in human cancer cells.

Until a few months ago a popular cancer theory was the German notion that cells belonging to say the liver, are born in, let us say, the tongue, and remain dorman until irritated some time after the middle age, when they take on an excessive, uncontrollable growth. Other theories are that yeast cells, animal parasites, or ultra-microscopic germs, serve as "exciters" to the body cells, and cause them to multiply abnormally.

Late in 1911 a Johns Hopkins University graduate, Dr. Peyton Rouse, working under a grant of the Harvard cancer commission, discovered, by forcing the fluid of cancer cells through a porcelain filter, under high pressure, that the cell-free liquid, when inoculated into chickens would reproduce chicken cancer. The importance of this cannot be underestimated. It simply means that the idea held by most physicians, that a cancer cannot originate without starting from other cells is wrong.

Whatever causes cancer, then, is ultra-microscopic and passes through a filter, and need have no cells.

Prof. Smith, who is regarded in the scientific world as strongly conservative, intends soon to publish in a government bulletin the following propositions about cancer:

"There is something in the cell that is a disturbing force.

"There is no plainly visible parasite."

"The primary tumor gives rise to strands that start the secondary growth, which takes on the appearance of the primary, and not the cells of the organ in which it is growing.

"It is absolutely necessary for the primary growth to start in scratches, pricks, bruises, wounds or irritated spots.

"If all of the tumor tissue is removed, absolute recovery will follow.

"If but an infinitesimal bit of the tissue remains, recurrence is inevitable."

Suppose we have in human cancer, as its cause, a germ like Smith's bacterium tumefaciens (bacteria that makes swellings or tumors), multiplying in small numbers in a few of the cells. Its own products—(acetic acid is formed by his bacterium)—will kill it and reduce its virulence as it grows. Except from the youngest cells no new growth will occur. Old, degenerated, dying bacteria will, before their complete solution, be seen in the cancer cells as Y-shaped bodies. These are the half-dead, paralyzed microbes that grow thick, big and fat from beginning disintegration, and become large enough to see under the microscope at rare intervals.

Said a prominent Johns Hopkins scientist the other day:

"I predict that by 1915 all of the insurance companies that issue accident insurance policies for injuries and accidents, will be expected to pay indemnity to all policyholders who succumb to cancer. Ere that time it will be established that malignant growths are the result of infections in wounds."

PLAYERS OF BILL AND NANCY SIKES IN THE PAST

[From the New York Sun.]

The part of Nancy Sikes in "Oliver Twist" is one that has fallen in its time to many distinguished actresses on the American stage. Constance Collier is going to act it a week from tomorrow night at the New Amsterdam Theatre and will put herself in line with some famous women of an earlier period.

Then Lyn Harding, who is to be Bill, will find himself among a distinguished lot. Luckily for these actors as well as for those who played the two roles in the past, there is no possibility of comparison now. The Dickens' plays are rarely revived. It is fair to say that out of the numbers that go to the New Amsterdam to see the new revival of the old piece there will be few who have ever seen a dramatization of the novel. Does this decline in the dramatic forms of the Dickens novels mean that there is also a smaller degree of interest in the novels themselves? It would be a shame if anything of the kind were true. And what losers the present generation of readers would be.

The very first Nancy Sikes who ever played the role on the stage in this country was not Charlotte Cushman, although she has always had that repute. A performance is mentioned at the Franklin Theatre on Jan. 7, 1839, in which Mrs. W. R. Blake played the role. Mrs. William Rufus Blake was first Caroline Placide and a native of Charleston, S. C. She acted there as a child in the local stock company. In 1812, when she was only 14 years old, she was married to Leigh Waring, an English comedian. He died, and in 1836, thirteen years before she took part in this first production of "Oliver Twist," she married Blake, who was already a popular actor in the large cities of this country, although he was a native of Halifax. It is said that he was the first actor to come before the curtain to acknowledge the applause of the audience, this novel custom having been originated in Boston in 1827 when the enthusiastic gathering at the Tremont Theatre in that city simply insisted upon seeing him. Mrs. Blake was famous as Lady Teazle, which is a proof of some versatility.

Charles Robert Thorne, who was the Bill of this original production, was the first of that historic name in the American theatre. He was a New Yorker and acted first here, although his first fame was made in Philadelphia. He came back here and was the first manager of the Chatham Theatre. He married Marie Mestayer, of the well-known theatrical family of that name and the Oliver in this production was her brother. He played this role and ten years later died in Boston. His widow afterward became Mrs. Barney Williams and lived until a few years ago in this city. Charlotte Cushman was the Nancy of a rival production which was performed at the Park Theatre on Feb. 7, 1839, a month later. Managers in those days were often led to give rival productions of the same plays in order to show how well their actors could appear in the parts. The public, eager to see its favorites pitted against one another in the roles popular at that time, was equal to supporting two versions of the same play running simultaneously. This was the history of the Dickens theatre in New York during all the period of the greatest popularity of these plays.

It was Charlotte Cushman who established the traditions of costume for the part of Nancy Sikes more than Mrs. Blake, and these are still printed in some versions of the play. Peter Richings was Bill in this representation, which, indeed, connects it with the eighteenth century, just as the presence of Mrs. Blake gave this character to the preceding performance. It was in 1798 that she was born, while Richings was only a year younger. For sixteen years in succession he was a member of the company at the Park Theatre, but he left the city the year following to become the manager of Burton's Theatre in Philadelphia. The next record production of "Oliver Twist" was made at the old Bowery, with Fanny Wallack at Nancy, and W. R. Goodall as Bill. He was a Philadelphia actor, but had come to this city in 1850 to act leading roles at Barnum's Museum. This production was Feb. 28, 1852. New York theatregoers had existed for thirteen years without their allowance of "Oliver Twist."

Matilda Heron, grandmother of Henry Miller, jun., and Heron Miller, the two sons of Henry Miller and his wife, Bijou Heron, who are now on the stage, was the actress selected to act Nancy when the play was given on Feb. 1, 1860, at Tripler Hall, a concert hall built for the appearances of Jenny Lind, but finished too late and therefore turned into a theatre. This was before Miss Heron's great success in "Camille," which she acted for years throughout the country, and of which she was for a long time considered the ideal representative.

Charlotte Cushman was again the Nancy of the revival made in 1861 at the Winter Garden, which had J. B. Studley, a most popular actor of those days, for the Bill. Studley was a Bostonian. He acted first, however, in a stock company in Columbia, S. C. He was famous in the west and south long before Charlotte Cushman brought him to New York especially to act Bill in this production. He remained in New York after this time, with the exception of a few tours which he made with Charlotte Cushman. He was highly praised by John Oxenford, who saw him at the old Bowery Theatre. The next recorded revival was at Wallack's on Dec. 27, 1867, when the Oriental beauty of Rose Eytinge was revealed to the New York public in Nancy's attire. She was so successful in the part that Lester Wallack engaged her to be leading lady of the company, and there she remained until A. M. Palmer engaged her to play at the Union Square Theatre. E. L. Davenport, long an admired actor on the American stage, and Father of Fanny Davenport, who was destined later to be a famous Nancy herself, was the Bill of this revival.

Mrs. W. G. Jones, who was in the cast of the first New York production of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," playing Eliza, was Nancy when on May 25, 1868, "Oliver Twist" was revived at the Bowery Theatre, at which Mrs. Jones, who died only a few years ago, was immensely popular for years. "Mr. Marden," as he is everywhere described, was Bill. He was a native of Boston, although he wandered as far as San Francisco before he went on the stage acting Biondello in a version of "The Taming of the Shrew." He was for a long time popular at the Bowery. It was at this time that Fanny Davenport, then a beginner, made her first appearance in "Oliver Twist," although not as Nancy. She was Rose.

Lucille Western, who had made a greater reputation as Nancy than any other actress since Charlotte Cushman, acted the part first in this city, on July 5, 1869, at the Grand Opera House. She was also playing the same role in the production of the work at Wood's Museum on Oct 9, 1871, when James Herne was the Bill. Lucille Western was the sister of Helen Western, who was at one time the wife of James A. Herne. She had travelled with her sister as "The Star Sisters," but they ultimately separated, and Lucille became the more famous of the two. It has been said that the habit of making the murder scene so bloody practically began with her. She would appear at the side of the stage after Bill had attacked her, and with her head dripping in stagle blood, slowly drag herself over to Bill, who sat sullenly in a chair, staring with dogged remorse at the floor, and kiss his hand with doglike fidelity. This business was popular for years with her successors. So successful was Miss Western, who was in private life the wife of James Harrison Mead, in this part, that she travelled through the country with E. L. Davenport and James W. Wallack, jun., who was the Fagin. The trio visited the various large cities, acting with the stock companies. Pauline Lucille Western—such was her full name—was the daughter of a theatre manager, and with her sister was a popular protean singer as a young woman. In her later emotional days she was also a very popular performer of Mme. Vine in "East Lynne," and the title-role in "Jane Eyre." She also loved that old play, "The Child Stealer." She was acting at the Park Theatre in Brooklyn when she died in 1877 at the age of 44.

She acted Nancy again in all the cities of the country. When E. L. Davenport and his wife gave the play at Wood's Museum during their season of 1874-75 she acted the role with them. Fanny Davenport took the part first on May 19, 1874, at the Fifth Avenue Theatre, under the management of Augustin Daly. Her Bill was on that occasion Louis James. She kept the part in her repertoire for years after she became a star. Three years later the late Louis Aldrich, who acted for so many years in "My Partner," was Bill, and Kitty Blanchard, or Mrs. McKee Rankin, who died about two months ago, was Nancy for the first time in New York. Fanny Davenport came back to New York to be the Nancy of productions of "Oliver Twist" made on Nov. 7, 1879, at the Grand Opera House, at Haverly's Fifth Avenue Theatre on Dec. 31, 1881, when Edmund Tearle, brother of the more famous Asmund, was Bill. J. B. Studley acted Bill again on June 1, 1891, at the Windsor Theatre, thirty years after he had played the same part at the Winter Garden. Henrietta Vaders, who had been a tragic actress for years in the support of Thomas Keene, was Nancy. Elita Proctor Otis first played Nancy, and a very vivid, impressive performance it was, at the American Theatre, in the season of 1895. Charles Barron, of the old Boston Museum company for so many years, was Bill. Amelia Bingham played Nancy when J. E. Dodson appeared in a version of the drama at the Fifth Avenue Theatre.

LABBY'S RUSE.

[Springfield Republican]

An anecdote of the late Henry Labouchere, editor of Truth, is given in the recently published "House of Harper" by J. H. Harper. "Labby" was held up at the German frontier by an arrogant customs officer who emptied his portmanteau and refused to repack it. After an altercation, during which his train departed, Labouchere went to the telegraph office and gave the following message:

Prince Bismarck, Berlin: I am detained on the frontier by the over-bearing treatment of a customs official and cannot dine with you tonight. LABOUCHERE.

The operator read the dispatch, hurried to the customs officer with it and the latter immediately collapsed, packed the portmanteau between apologies and sent the Englishman off to Berlin on a special train. The climax of the story was Labouchere's addition that he didn't even know Bismarck and was merely trying the American bluff.

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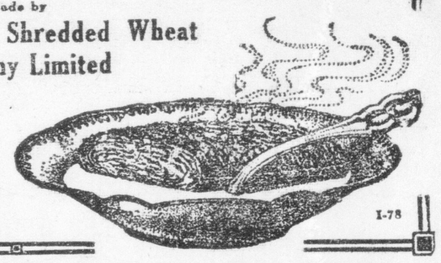
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GOLD-BEARING DUCKS

Gems Also Found in Crops of Birds—Treasure of a Crab.

In the Dominion Museum at Ottawa, Canada, are specimens of precious stones and nuggets which were found in the gizzards of Alaskan birds, says the New York Sun. Hunters all over the world are familiar with the fact that some birds, especially migrants, pick up occasionally on their travels valuables of many kinds.

Ducks and geese especially are prone to gather gold nuggets and carry them down out of the north, to spread them before the hunters who shoot them. The surface gold bearing sands the world over are forever yielding a small toll to birds.

Long before gold was found in Alaska the Pacific coast gunners knew that there was placer gold in the north because every year geese and ducks were killed in whose crops were found nuggets of gold. Even domestic birds in California to this day reveal the presence of gold in their scratching beds, as was done by geese on a farm near Santa Barbara, Cal. A number of small nuggets were found in the crops of slaughtered birds and investigation showed that there was a little gold in the yard where the birds had been kept.

Wild birds in the extreme part of South America find on the beaches there nuggets of gold which they yield to the hunters of the Patagonian country.

Occasionally there is a gem discovered in the crop of a wild bird. Thus the wild geese which feed on the mussels of the Mississippi, Wabash, St. Francis, Tennessee and other pearl streams ate pearls with their mussels, but the hunters never found a valuable pearl in their crops; the slugs—baroques—however, were common enough to find place in hunter talk in the Mississippi Basin.

In the Choptank River, above Cambridge, Md., an oyster tonger brought up a bit of oyster rock which excited his curiosity. The nucleus of the rock was a round, cobblelike chunk of calcium precipitate. He shucked off the oysters and then broke the chunk with a hammer. He found in the chunk a Spanish piece of eight, and ever since he has been dredging for the treasure he suspects lies under the water there.

In 1908, near New Smyrna, Fla., a large crab was caught by a fisherman. The crab seized what it could of the sea botton and thus brought up a corroded coin, which proved to be a Spanish doubloon of the mintage of 1608. Search reavealed wreckage on the bottom there, but attempts to recover more treasure were met with failure.

Chickens are excellent discoverers of diamonds loosened from their settings. Chickens wander over gardens and lawns and pick up grit for their crops, with the result that many a precious stone is recovered after being lost, apparently beyond hope. They even find whole strings of gems. An industrious hen scratching under a Lakewood, N. J., porch in 1909 picked up a shiny pebble, but couldn't swallow it because of a fine chain fast to it. While the hen was worrying about swallowing the find a neighbor saw the gleam and sparkle and investigated. The hen had found a necklace for which a reward had been offered three months before.

Miss Sophie Alexander, of Newburgh, N. Y., lost a diamond from a ring and gave up hope of finding it. Last year a pet pigeon died and Miss Alexander had it mounted. In the bird's crop was the missing gem.

Fine Farms in a Former Desert

[From the New York Sun.]

The transformation of a sagebrush desert into a compactly settled intensively cultivated agricultural community is what has been accomplished by irrigation in the Salt River Valley in Arizona. Here is probably the oldest irrigated region in the United States. Parts of its canals were constructed centuries before the nation's history began.

From 1867, th beginning of irrigation by the white settler, up to 1904, all irrigation here was by private enterprise. The erratic and insufficient flow of Salt River and the occurrence of severe annual floods put a limit upon development and made farming so hazardous that the growth of the valley was practically at a standstill, if it was not actually going back. Large areas planted in orchards and vineyards perished through drought, and the desert began to encroach upon the fertile farm lands.

Recognizing the importance of obtaining a permanent and assured water supply, the settlers in the valley raised the funds required to make a preliminary investigation of the storage possibilities of the headwaters on Salt River. Before the work was completed the reclamation act by Congress was passed and upon request of the people the Salt River irrigation project was initiated.

Active work began in 1903. Since that time the great Roosevelt dam, with its enormous storage of flood water, has been completed, hundreds of miles of canals have been excavated and enlarged, most of the systems have been consolidated and unified and last year 115,000 acres were irrigated. The crops of 1911 had an estimated value of more than $5,000,000, or an average of $40 an acre. The increase in land values during the past six years has been great. In 1905 the assessed Maricopa county, which is practically the Salt River Valley, was $10,866,435, and in 1910 it rose to $21,478,734, or nearly double.

The Salt River Valley Water Users' Association, composed of the land owners on the project, now has a membership of 2,657, an increase of 829 members in two years. Since 1908 there have been 3,343 transfers of farm property on the books of the association, which illustrates the rapidity with which the large holdings are being subdivided as well as the increased demand for homes since an abundance of water has been assured. This association in a few years will assume full charge and management of the project, will operate and maintain the elaborate canal and pumping system and a large power plant, costing more than a million dollars, which is now delivering power to all the municipalities of the valley. These public utilities, the irrigation system and the power plant are to become the property of the farmers, to be managed by them for their benefit and profit.

The large surplus of power which is being developed is already in demand for trolley systems, which are now being extended to all parts of the project, and by manufacturing enterprises. Several of the municipalities are now being lighted from the plant.

W. Morgan Shuster, Bounced From Persia by Russia, Reaches New York With His Wife and Children



This photograph shows Mr. Shuster on his arrival after having gained the unique honor of having been marched out of Teheran by the Russian army when Mr. Shuster was compelled by Russia to relinquish his post as treasurer-general of Persia. Mrs. Shuster and their two children stuck by him in all his trouble in Teheran, and returned with him to New York.

Bonar Law Against Preference

In 1902—Said That Food and Raw Materials Were the Last Things It Would Be Wise to Tax.

Sir John Simon, the solicitor general, was the guest the other night of the Bradford Liberal Association. Replying to the toast of his health, he said he was deeply obliged to them for receiving so kindly a member of the Government at their hospitable board. If they were to believe what they were told, and told by persons who spoke with great responsibility and authority, they were rash people to allow one of the discreditable gang in their midst. (Laughter.) Mr. Bonar Law recently made a great speech which had been welcomed by his admirers as a model of constructive statesmanship, and in the course of which he told his enthusiastic audience that the Government were gamblers, loading the dice, were tricksters who packed the jury, were humbugs, were artful dodgers, and were Gadarene swine. They now began to understand how it was that Mr. F. E. Smith felt that it was no use his competing in that direction any longer. (Laughter.)

Proceeding, the speaker said he would be the last man to use language of extravagance about a prominent opponent, but he was entitled to examine the speech of the Conservative leader in London last week to see whether or not their own confidence as Liberals was well founded.

Mr. Bonar Law was at the board of trade in 1902. He (the speaker) cared as little as any man for the stupid pastime of pelting people with disinterred fragments of forgotten speeches, but that was not the point. Mr. Bonar Law posed as a businessman, and he said in the House of Commons in 1902: "It had been suggested that manufactured articles imported from abroad might be taxed. There were many grounds on which that proposal might not be considered unreasonable." He went on to say that it was obvious that there were two insurmountable objections. The first was interference with trade, and the second and stronger one was that it was impossible to tax one manufactured article without immediately raising an agitation for the taxation of all manufactured articles." (Laughter.) That was the business view of a businessman, but Mr. Bonar Law never told them the other night how that insurmountable objection had been surmounted. (Laughter.) It was said that Mr. Bonar Law was now thinking about the Empire, and of binding the children to the motherland by opening a creditor and debtor account. (Laughter.) In the same speech Mr. Bonar Law gave his view of colonial preference. He said, "This question of customs union seems to be surrounded by difficulties which are almost insurmountable. The greatest difficulty was that the colonies could send us nothing but raw material and largely food, which was about the last thing which it would be wise seriously to tax." (Laughter.) He (Sir John) thought a certain amount of interest attached to these two extracts. He did not quote them for the purpose of showing that Mr. Law had changed his opinions. They were the opinions of the Liberal party now, and it was interesting to note that they were the opinions of the present leader of the Conservatives nine years ago (Cheers.)

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If You Buy Florida Everglade Land, You Should Buy It by the Gallon---Millions of Acres Sold in Big Swamp and the Scandal of It Reaches to Washington

BY WILLIAM SHEPHERD.

Jacksonville, Fla., March 1.—The Florida land scandal that has broken in Washington has been brewing in Florida for many months.

Today in Florida there are millions of acres of swamp lands that are the graveyard of thousands of small "rainy day" fortunes. In the "gator ponds," the "muck lands," the "cypress swamps," the "palmetto prairies" the life savings and old age hopes of thousands of families lie buried.

The shame of all this is that the United States government officials knew what was going on and did not expose it. Secretary Wilson, of President Taft's cabinet did not raise a hard to stop it.

Indeed, on the other hand, the land men show a favorable report of 16 pages on the everglade lands, where the swindle has been the greatest, purporting to come from the government. The government has never forced them to withdraw it.

It is a significant fact that C. G. Elliott, chief of drainage, under Wilson, and A. G. Moorehouse, assistant to Elliott, who has been removed by Wilson's order, had done all in their power to supress a favorable report on the everglade lands which had been made by J. O. Wright, a government surveyor, who, after his official task was completed, was hired by the leaders in the everglade drainage project.

Postoffice inspectors who have recently been put to work investigating the Florida land bubble, declare that in many land offices they find men who at other times they have found connected with stock mining fakes.

Of course, this doesn't mean that all Florida land dealers are crooks or that all Florida land is bad, but it is true that thousands of people are paying for "land" that should be sold by the gallon.

When you go to Fort Lauderdale and two or three other small towns on the edge of the everglades, you find the centres of the chief argument in favor of everglade lands. These spots are in the district that is reclaimed; they are on the rim of the everglades, the high shore line of the swamp and they are marvellously rich. To these places come the delegates of the "Florida Land Club."

This "land club" business is a clever trick of many of the everglade land companies. In various cities the company merge their prospective customers into clubs and these clubs elect one of their members to go to Florida and look at the everglade lands.

When one of these delegates reaches Fort Lauderdale, or the other centres, he is astonished by what is shown him. Of course, all the Fort Lauderdale and other good river land is taken, but he is shown over it nevertheless. Then he is taken onto the roof of a building and given a view of the swamp. Before him stretches the great morass of eight or nine million acres, further than his eye can see.

"They're digging canals almost as large as rivers out there," says the land man. "The state is doing the work and as soon as they are all dug, which will be on July 1, 1913, we are going to knock the dams out of them and this whole stretch of swamp which you see before you, 77 miles long and 22 miles wide, will suddenly be converted into the richest, blackest farm land in the world."

The delegate usually "falls for it." But neither he nor the members of the "Florida Land Club" back home buy any land outright. Indeed, not. The land men are too clever to do anything in the grafting line so brash as that. Most of the companies who have plots in the everglades and who work at different points along the edge of the great graveyard of small fortunes, sell only a contract to deliver land to the customer as soon as the everglades are drained!

If the state fails to drain the everglades the land men can say, "Well, it's not our fault. It was the duty of the state, not ours, to do the draining." "Ten dollars down and ten dollars a month" is one of the commonest advertisements broadcasted over the land. Twenty-acre plots are said to be the popular everglade "farm."

Politics started the everglade deal. In 1850 the United States government turned the everglades over to the State of Florida. In 1904 Napoleon Bonaparte Broward, now deceased, who was a filibusterer in the Cuban war, ran for govenor of Florida on the issue of reclaiming the everglades and thereby enriching the state. He turned his spread-eagle campaign talk into deed when he ordered that the state build a dredge for drainage, July 4, 1906, with much political hullabaloo, the dredge took its first bite of ooze. But it was like a fly trying to eat the carcass of an elephant.

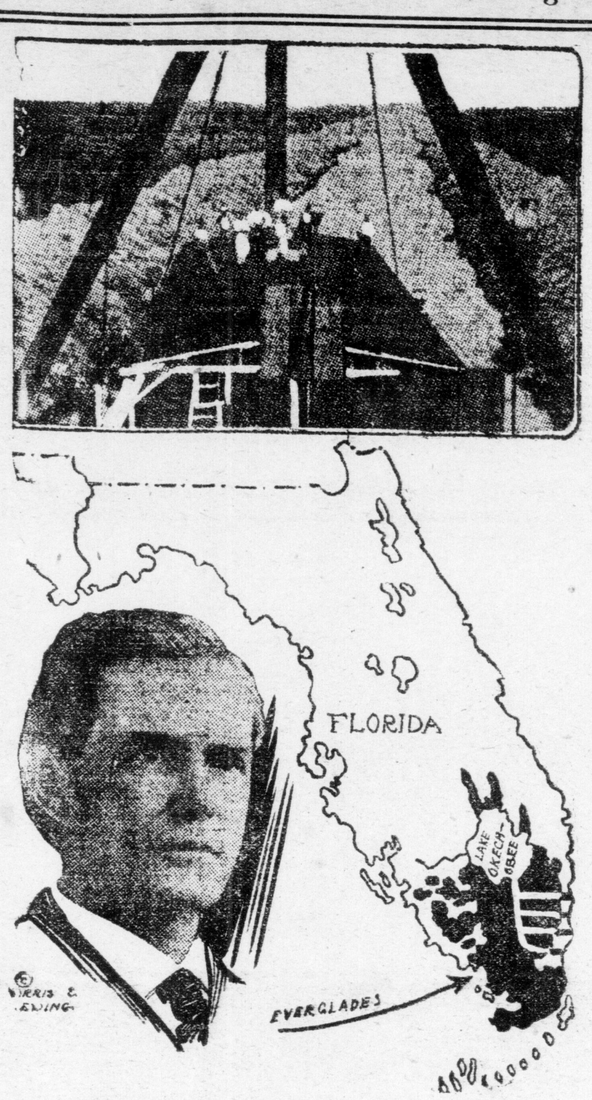
In the closing days of his term he had progressed so little that only a second dredge was half completed. Broward, however, didn't give up. Out in Colorado a few days before his term expired, he met a mining promoter, with whom he made a deal whereby the State of Florida was to sell this promoter 500,000 acres of everglade land at $2 an acre, the money to be used by the state in everglade drainage.

A company organized by this man bought at $2. This land was partitioned out to subsidiary companies who sell at $20 an acre. Broward became an agent when he left office. It was quite a smart thing to have the ex-governor of the state take you out in a boat to see your prospective farm!

Can the everglades, a large part of which has never been surveyed, be drained? That's what the scandal in Washington is about. J. O. Wright, government surveyer, who says yes, was later hired by the drainage leaders. Elliott and Morehouse, Wright's chief, tried to suppress Wright's report because they didn't believe it.

But what if the great swamp can be drained? It will be many years hence. Then will come the apportioning of the little farms to the thousands who hold the land contracts. How many will be left in the great mix-up. And how many of the acres will be good for anything for crop purposes?

The very uncertainty of it all makes it a huge bubble.



AT TOP DREDGE AT WORK IN EVERGLADES CANAL, WHERE THE EVERGLADES ARE—REPRESENTATIVE CLARK, OF FLORIDA, WHO STARTED INVESTIGATION IN WASHINGTON.

Florida Everglade Ditches as Planned May Outshine the Costly Panama Canal

Plans for draining the Florida everglades provide for canals and ditches sufficient, it is said, to equal a river 250 miles long and 200 feet wide. The work is being paid for by the State of Florida. The state itself has given so much of the everglade lands to the railroads and has sold so much, at $2 an acre to "land dealers," in order to get money for drainage, that, today, the state holds only 2,000,000 of the 10,000,000 acres in the everglades. Estimates of the cost of the work have ranged from $1,300,000 to $6,000,000. In order to make the drainage plan feasible it will be necessary to drain Lake Okechobee, which is the second largest fresh water lake wholly within the United States. In wet weather Lake Okechobee is said to rise 10 feet, and it has been declared by engineers that a canal sufficient to care for this 10-foot surplus and prevent its covering the everglades, would require a river 500 miles long and 10 feet deep. As Okechobee is only 20 feet above sea level, the bed of such a canal would have a drop of only 10 feet between the lake and the ocean, 50 miles or more away.

LORD LISTER'S GREAT FUNERAL

Host of Celebrities at the Abbey —Kaiser Sends Wreath— Simple Ceremonial.

With the simplest ceremonial possible, the remains of the late Lord Lister were laid beside those of his wife on Feb. 17 in Hampstead Cemetery. Only members of the family and a few intimate friends were present at the graveside.

The world's tribute to the fame and memory of one of its greatest men had been paid a few hours earlier in Westminster Abbey, where Britain, France and Germany had met around the bier. Through the night the body has rested in the Chapel of St. Faith. From here, just before 1:30, it was borne through the cloisters to the chancel, where, before the altar, six great waxen tapers in golden candlesticks stood about a bier as high as a man's shoulders.

As the long funeral procession passed into the choir, the following distinguished men, representing the bodies named, were seen to be the pall-bearers:

Lord Rayleigh, Order of Merit.
Lord Rosebery, University of London.
Lord Iveagh, Lister Institute.
Sir Archibald Geikie, Royal Society.
Principal Sir Donald Macalister, Glasgow University.
Sir Watson Cheyne, King's College.
Mr. R. J. Godlee, Royal College of Surgeons.
Prof. F. M. Caird, Edinburgh University.

Following the little group of relatives came the lord mayor of London, the lord provost of Edinburgh, and some five-and-thirty foreign delegates and representatives of English institutions with which the late Lord Lister was associated. Among the foreign delegates were the president (Prof. Lippman) and three other members of the French Academy of Science, and special representatives from the Paris Pasteur Institute, the French Academy of Medicine, the German Congress of Surgeons, and the Medical Association of Amsterdam. Sir Victor Horsley was the delegate from the Paris Societe de Chirurgie.

Some of the best-known figures among the men of science or letters attending on behalf of British institutions, were those of Sir William Crookes and Sir Joseph Larmor, M. P., Royal Society; Sir Thomas Barlow and Sir R. D. Powell, Royal College of Physicians; Sir Henry Miers and Sir Philip Magnus, M. P., University of London; Sir James Dewar, Royal Society of Edinburgh; Prof. Alexis Thomson, University of Edinburgh; Mr. Augustine Birrell, M. P. (Irish secretary), University of Glasgow; Principal Headlam, and Prof. J. M. Thomson, King's College; Sir William Ramsay, British Association; and Sir Henry Morris, Royal Society of Medicine. Many of those in the procession wore academic robes.

Resting against the head of the bier was the wreath of orchids and lilies, sent by the German Emperor, and laid upon the coffin in St. Faith's Chapel, by the German ambassador. "Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord" were the words embroidered upon the purple velvet pall.

The congregation seemed a bewildering mist of well-known faces. Mr. Asquith, Lord Lansdowne, the Duke of Northumberland, and the Duke of Abercorn were in the north transept, not far from Poets' Corner. Lord Curzon was one of the Oxford University representatives, Prof. Hayward Marsh attended on behalf of Cambridge, and Lord Strathcona was the centre of a group of famous men connected with the University of Aberdeen. All the principal hospitals in London and many in the great provincial cities were represented, besides every kind of learned society. Speaking for the wider world of affairs were ambassadors and ministers from all the principal European states.

Before the benediction the congregation joined with the choir in the hymn, "O God, our help in ages past." Then, to the solemn music of the Dead March in "Saul," the funeral procession passed slowly through the nave to the west door.

A large and reverent crowd watched the cortege start for West Hampstead.

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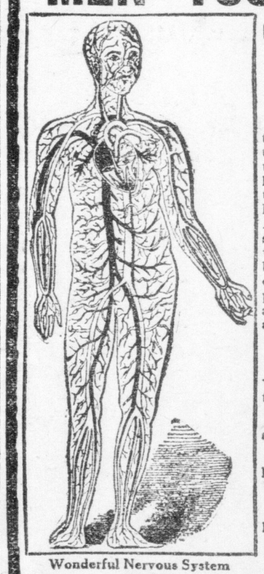
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