

SUFFRAGETTES IN COURT.

Miss Pankhurst Fined \$25 or a Month in Jail.

Will Go to Prison But Won't Obey the Rules.

Women Pickets at Asquith's House Arrested by Police.

London, July 9.—Sir Albert de Rutzen, chief magistrate of the Metropolitan Police Court, to-day decided against the suffragettes on the point raised by Miss Pankhurst regarding the right to present a petition to Premier Asquith, and the court sentenced Miss Pankhurst to pay a fine of \$25 or go to prison for a month on the charge of resisting the police.

The constitutional question raised by Miss Pankhurst was argued at great length, and the magistrate, before announcing the judgment, said that he anticipated that an appeal would be made to a higher court. Miss Pankhurst, who defended herself, declared that her assault on Police Inspector Jarvis on the night of June 30th, which led to her arrest, was a necessary measure to force their way into the House of Commons, was her "gauge of battle" to the government and defiance for its unconstitutional ways.

"I was aware," continued Miss Pankhurst, "that when I started that deputation of eight helpless women, about whom men armed with opera glasses had congregated to watch, as though it was a good show, it was bound to result in humiliation; but until women have the power to elect representatives to parliament it is their duty to maintain the right of a subject to petition the King through parliament. If the magistrate repeats his former sentences we will go to prison, but we will not conform any longer with the prison regulations. As political offenders we will insist on being treated as such and not as ordinary prisoners, and in the last resort we will act as did Miss Duncanson."

Miss Duncanson secured her release yesterday by starving herself for ninety-one hours. Mrs. Haverfield, daughter of Lord Abinger, was given the same sentence as Miss Pankhurst. Both the women notified the court of their intention to appeal from the judgment, and they were released by the magistrate on promising to abstain from sending further deputations to the House of Commons during the present session.

The cases of all the other suffragettes arrested with Miss Pankhurst were adjourned pending the outcome of the appeal.

Followers of Mrs. Despard, who have been acting as sentinels around the House of Commons for the past week, picketed Premier Asquith's residence in Downing street this evening, but four of the women were promptly arrested by the police.

TO FIGHT IT OUT.

Priest Wants Fewer Hotel Licenses in Sandwich East.

Walkerville, Ont., July 9.—A thorough investigation of hotel conditions in Sandwich East by the Dominion Lord's Day Alliance is promised as a result of the campaign against the hotels by Father Beaudoin, parish priest of Our Lady of the Lake Church. Father Beaudoin declares he will not give up the campaign until the number of licenses in the township is reduced and hotel keepers cease to sell liquor on Sundays.

ARTHUR SMITH

Fined \$5 and Costs For Sleeping With Carload of Hogs.

(Special Despatch to the Times.) London, Ont., July 9.—Arthur Smith, of Hamilton, the young colored man who got drunk last week and went to sleep in a car load of hogs, was this morning fined \$5 and costs. Smith left the car door open and several hogs escaped. The railwaymen chased them about and finally captured them, otherwise Smith would have had to pay for them.

WEDDED TEN.

A Much-Married Man Arrested in San Francisco.

San Francisco, July 9.—John Madison, who is said to be wanted for bigamy in many cities, is in the hands of the police here. The authorities say that they have established his marriage to ten women, and his engagement and possible marriage to fourteen others. Each is said by the police to have lost more or less money through the acquaintance with Madison.

ATE BY LIONS.

Nalvasha, British East Africa, July 9.—The government officials this forenoon closed the public road which runs from Nairobi to Fort Hall, the capital of Kenya, owing to the invasion of that district by man-eating lions. Several natives within the last few days have been killed by these animals.

WHO HE WAS.

Kingston, July 9.—Thos. Ewart, of Portsmouth, aged 45 years, and unmarried, is believed to be the man killed on June 29 on the G. T. R. at Napanee. A photo found in his pocket and published led to his identification.

U. S. TARIFF.

Washington, July 9.—The scene of the great battle over the tariff bill shifts now from the Senate to the House of Representatives.

COMPLICATED

But Liquidators Have Prospective Purchaser For Park.

The problem of what shall be done with Grimshy Park seems to be a very complicated one. Some of the cottage holders have been speculating on the question, but with no definite results. Some have thought of having the park incorporated into a village and assuming the mortgage on the property. Their idea was then to levy a tax on all cottages and pay off the debt. This proposition is hardly looked upon as a feasible one, as many of the cottages are of little value, and if the owners were to refuse to pay, would sell for little. Then, again, the collection of taxes would be a difficult thing, as the cottage owners are scattered all over the Province.

It is understood, however, that the liquidators have a prospective purchaser in view, who will wait upon the solicitor in the near future, with a view of taking over the property.

CHASED WIFE.

When She Got Away From Him He Drank Vial of Acid.

Charles Henrietta Once Before Tried to Murder Her Wife.

Lancaster, July 9.—At 10 o'clock this morning neighbors were startled by the cries for help from Mrs. Charles Henrietta, whose husband was chasing her with a hatchet. Henrietta came to the village this morning, evidently intending to end his wife's life and then end his own. He had bought a two-ounce bottle of carbolic acid and armed himself with a small hatchet. This he flourished when he entered the home of Mrs. Henrietta, who keeps a boarding-house, driving before him some of the boarders. Cornering Mrs. Henrietta in a back parlor, he was about to crush her skull when a boarder attracted his attention, and she slipped away.

As the woman fled, he swallowed the vial of acid and in less than two minutes he was dead. Henrietta married fifteen years ago. He and his wife separated time and time again, and she turned allowed him to come home on promises to stop drinking. Mrs. Henrietta just escaped with her life last May, when he made her a short call. He seized a large sledge at that time, and threw it at her.

One sister survives, a Mrs. John McGuire, of Buffalo.

LOG CABIN IN DUNDAS.

Social Function In Connection With Opening Last Night.

Dundas, July 9.—That the Citizens' Committee has people of the town with it in its work of improving and beautifying the town park was forcibly evidenced by the large number that last night attended the formal opening of the old log cabin. This old log cabin, erected in the early days of the town by the late Mr. Rolph, was presented two years ago to the committee by Col. Grafton. The committee had it removed from the old site, to the new site, where it was re-erected, the roof made good and other improvements added, and more recently a verandah has been put up all around it, the old-fashioned fire place restored, a gas plant and gas put in for hot water and many other minor improvements added. The cabin is intended for picnicking and private parties and dishes and other requisites for such purposes are to be added. This old cabin is to be venerated as the great connecting link between the past and the present of the valley town.

The opening last evening was a great commingling of hundreds of the town's citizens, and was a very entertaining and enjoyable affair. The Band of the 7th Regiment was present and furnished an abundance of inspiring music for the occasion. A gramophone also contributed much in the way of music and addressed to the pleasure of the event, and a male chorus, perched upon the west verandah of the log cabin, amused a whole lot of people by catchy songs and choruses. Added to this were moving picture and Punch and Judy shows and refreshment booths, all of which added to the enjoyment of the evening. The old log cabin was the centre of attraction, and during the evening was visited by hundreds of interested people, all of whom were loud in their praises of the Citizens' Committee and its Ladies' Auxiliary for providing the cabin and many improvements in the park. The improvements already made, it may be said, are only a token of greater things in contemplation.

The crowds dispersed about 10 o'clock, everybody proud of the town's park, which is, no doubt, destined to grow in popularity with the people of the town and locality.

Robert Douglas, an old time resident of the Governor's Road, latterly living in Dundas, died yesterday afternoon.

G.S. PICNIC.

Thirteenth Company and Friends Had an Outing.

Last night the officers and members of G Company, Thirteenth Regiment, with their lady friends, had a picnic and outing at Oaklands, going over on the Hamilton Ferry Company's boat Ivan R. Refreshments were provided by the ladies, and after supper a number of races were held, suitable prizes being given. There was considerable competition in the running contest, Private Drury winning by a narrow margin over Private Todd.

After the races the members and friends went for an hour's sail on the lake, arriving at an dock at about 10 o'clock, all having had a good time.

PRAY FOR DISALLOWANCE OF HYDRO LEGISLATION.

Petitions From All Over Ontario Have Been Forwarded to Governor-General and the Premier.

Two Hamilton Monetary Concerns Among Petitioners—Legislation Claimed to be Destructive of Canadian Credit.

Ottawa, July 9.—A petition to the Governor-General of Canada has been presented to the Prime Minister, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, at Ottawa, by thirty-three members of the Toronto Stock Exchange, praying for disallowance of the recent act passed by the Government of the Province of Ontario relating to the Hydro-Electric Commission, on the ground that it will have a baneful effect upon the credit of Canada in the money markets of the world, and will be more and more harmful as its mischievous character is more widely known and better understood.

Petitions for disallowance of the same act have also been presented to the Governor-General by Walter D. Beardmore, merchant, Toronto; James Smith of the city of London; Mr. Peterson, Mayor of the town of Galt; over 500 ratepayers of the town of Galt; the North American Life Insurance Company; the Canada Permanent Loan and Saving Company; the Landed Banking and Loan Company of Hamilton; Federal Life Assurance Company of Hamilton; Farmers from the counties of Welland, Lincoln, Wentworth, Peel, Halton, York, Middlesex, Waterloo and other districts through which the line is to pass.

The facts in connection with the matter are as follows: The Electrical Development Company is a Canadian concern, and has developed power at Niagara Falls with Canadian and British capital. It has a transmission line 80 miles long to Toronto where it is selling a large quantity of electrical power. There are two other companies developing power on the Canadian side, both American companies, and these three companies pay rentals to the various municipalities in Western Ontario. The Government, in response to this, presumably did not see fit to regulate the prices for power in the various municipalities, or to take over the properties of the existing companies. It created the Hydro-Electric Commission, the chairman being a member of the Ontario Government. It undertook to enter into competition with the private companies.

The Act, against which the petition for disallowance has been presented, is the one passed at the last session of the Legislature, closing the courts against all who might seek for justice therein in opposition to any act of the Hydro-Electric Commission or against any person who sought to show that contracts with the commission not approved of by the ratepayers, were invalid. The Act is

known as Edward VII., Chapter 19, and it provides: "By section 3—That the said contract as so varied shall be valid and binding upon all the various municipalities." By Section 4—"That the validity of the contracts as so varied shall not be open to question and shall not be called in question on any ground whatsoever in any court, but shall be held and adjudged to be valid and binding." By Section 5—"The said contract shall be treated and conclusively deemed to have been executed by the Town of Galt."

By Section 6—"It shall not be necessary that the said contract shall be approved of by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council." (The Lieutenant-Governor's assent was required by the prior legislation.) By Section 8—"That every action which has been heretofore brought and is now pending wherein the validity of the said contract or by-law is attacked or called into question, or calling in question the jurisdiction, power or authority of the commission or of any municipal corporation by whomsoever such action is brought shall be forever barred."

By Section 10—"That the commission may appropriate easements from the farmers through their farms for the construction of the transmission line." (The word "appropriate" is used because the section makes no provision for compensation.)

(Continued on Page 5.)

CANADIAN PLAYERS.

Canada West Has References to Some Hamilton Actors.

"Canada West" for July has an article by Helen Avery Hardy on "Successful Canadian Players." The portraits include one of Andrew Robson (Archie Simpson) of this city. Among the short sketches are the following:

Since Julia Arthur became Mrs. B. P. Cheney, she has been seen but little upon the stage. She was born in Hamilton, making her first professional appearance in that city at the age of twelve years with Daniel Hanman, first saw the light of day in Hamilton, Ont. He has been on the stage nineteen years and in that time has played 274 parts. His debut was made with the E. A. McDowell Stock Company, in Detroit, when Julia Arthur was its leading lady. Mr. Robson is a painter of ability. He has starred in "The Royal Box," "Richard Carvel" and "David Garrick," and is this season featured in "The Wolf."

Ray and May Gilmore, two of the three Gilmore sisters, are with Anna Held's "Miss Innocence" company. They were born in Hamilton, Ray was called the most photographed girl in America, having posed for artists and photographers ever since she came to New York a few years ago.

LATEST IN THEATRE TALK

A Report That Shuberts Have Secured the Bennett's

It is reported in theatrical circles in Toronto that the Shuberts have secured the Bennett Theatre here and that it will be on the circuit with the Royal Alexandra, Toronto, and the Princess, in Montreal, which was acquired this week by Toronto capitalists. It has been known for some time that the Shuberts were anxious to get a house here and a confirmation of the rumor will cause no surprise to theatrical people. If the report is true the Savoy management will no doubt go back to high-class vaudeville, for which the house was built.

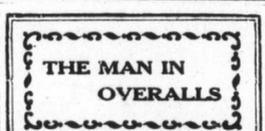
Last season the Shuberts sent a number of big attractions to the Grand, as they had a working arrangement with the Klaw & Erlanger syndicate. This year they intend to oppose the syndicate and have been busy for weeks securing houses in different cities.

FELL FROM TREE.

John Smith, 379 Herkimer street, fell out of a tree yesterday afternoon while picking cherries at the house of Robert C. Fearman, and was rendered unconscious by striking his head on the ground. The ambulance was called, and he was removed to his home. Dr. Carr, who has been attending him, says he is much better to-day, and will be perfectly recovered in a day or so.

SMALLPOX IN TORONTO.

Toronto, Ont., July 9.—Another smallpox case was discovered this morning in a house in Phoebe street, the patient being a young woman of 24 years, who worked in an east end store. Eight cases had been previously found.



TWO MEN OF SAME NAME

In Court on Widely Different Charges To-day.

"It took" Magistrate Jelfs but a few minutes to dispose of the few cases which needed adjournment by him at the Police Court this morning. Joseph Bendale, the young Frenchman from Montreal who was convicted a week ago on a charge of stealing a purse from Mrs. Jones while in the Colonial Theatre, and was remanded for one week for sentence, was again remanded for one week this morning at the request of A. M. Lewis, counsel for the defence, who asked that enquiries be made at the native town of the young man as to his character and past conduct, so that the Magistrate could give him the benefit of a previous good record when sentencing him.

George Hunter, 172 Queen street north, was accused of being drunk by P. C. Robson. At first George was doubtful as to his condition last night, and pleaded not guilty, but when the constable began to give his evidence he changed his mind and his plea at the same time.

"Where did you get your liquor?" queried the Magistrate. "Somebody gave me a drink out of a bottle, and I didn't know anything until I woke up in the cells."

"Well, who gave it to you?" "After a wrestle with his memory George said he was not sure.

"If you will remind you to the cells in three days, perhaps that will help your memory."

Hunter is on the Indian list, and is liable to a \$20 fine for the offence. The enlarged case of another George Hunter, 27 Canada street, charged with breaking the health by-law, was disposed of by the Magistrate this morning. He warned Hunter that he would have to begin the work of connecting with the sewer within a month. Hunter asked for a longer time, but the Magistrate said it could not be granted.

ANNEXATION. WRIT ISSUED.

Mr. Duff Assured That Nothing Will Be Done Till Fall.

The Ontario Railway and Municipal Board yesterday validated a series of debenture by-laws of Barton township, totalling \$42,261.44, for the construction of cement sidewalks.

Mr. W. A. H. Duff, K. C., who represented the township, also secured assurance that no further steps would be taken to annex a portion of the township to the city of Hamilton until the autumn. The Board starts on its vacation to-day, and will not resume its duties till Sept. 2.

WON MEDALS.

Results of Temperance Examinations In Public Schools.

Following are the winners of the medals given by the W. C. T. U., in temperance, in the three highest forms of the Public Schools:

Senior fourth.—Maud Somerville, Wentworth street school. Senior fourth, boys.—Elliard Wholton, Queen Victoria school.

Junior fourth, girls.—Martha Coutts, Hess street school. Junior fourth, boys.—Walter Turpin, Central school.

Senior third, girls.—Alma Bristol, Wentworth street school. Senior third, boys.—Max Mack, Victoria avenue school.

BAD BOYS.

Stealing of Papers Has Been Going on Some Time.

Albert and Samuel Dolbert, the two lads who were before Magistrate Jelfs at the juvenile court yesterday morning and were remanded until this morning on a charge of attempting to commit arson at an ice house at the corner of Mulberry and Railway streets, owned by the Spring Brewery Company, were dismissed with a warning.

Of late certain newsmen have been troubled with boys stealing their papers, and it was determined that a stop be put to it. Accordingly a watch was kept last Saturday morning a young lad was caught carrying off a bundle of papers from the door step of a Rebecca street newsdealer. The name of the boy was taken and he was served with a summons. The case was tried in the juvenile court, but as the offender had a previous good record, he was allowed to go, but was warned that a second offence would mean that he would be sent to the Mimico Industrial School.

C. E. HEAD.

Francis E. Clark Re-Elected President of Christian Endeavor.

Wants a Million New Members by 1911—Secretary's Report.

St. Paul, Minn., July 9.—Francis E. Clark was re-elected president of the United Society of Christian Endeavor at a meeting of the trustees, Chicago was honored by the election of the Rev. John Baloum Shaw as one of several additional trustees chosen. Other officers elected were:

General Secretary—William Shaw. Treasurer—H. X. Lathrop. Superintendent of Builders' Union—The Rev. R. P. Anderson.

The Rev. R. P. Anderson during the day reported to the convention—which is the twenty-fourth international meeting of Christian Endeavor—that a site had been purchased for the society's new national home in Boston. It will cost about \$150,000, of which \$50,000 is at hand.

President Clark, who is the founder of Christian Endeavor, in his report said the last year in many respects had been the best the united society ever had known.

The mission of the society, said Mr. Clark, is to be the training school of the church. He made a strong plea for the best the united society ever had known. The biennial report of General Secretary Shaw showed a present net enrollment of 71,493 societies, with 3,551,100 members. The Presbyterians hold first place with 10,198 societies; the Disciples second, with 7,148 societies; the Congregationalists third, with 6,454 societies; and the Baptists fourth, with 3,497 societies.

DISCUSSION RENEWED. St. Paul, Minn., July 9.—Discussion of method in various Christian activities was renewed to-day before the Christian Endeavor convention in session here.

SMALL FIRES.

A Barn on Hughson Street Was Destroyed, But Houses Saved.

Shortly before 2 o'clock yesterday a fire broke out, from some unknown cause, in a barn owned by Nicholas Carroll, corner of Guise and Hughson streets. The flames spread, and two nearby houses, 557 John street north, occupied by James Scharrock, and 559 John street north, occupied by George Hartley, also got ablaze. The barn was almost completely destroyed, but the damage to the two houses was small. Nothing of any value was stored in the barn, with the exception of a buggy, and that was pulled out before the flames had touched it.

At 6.15 last night the firemen were called to a place in the rear of J. Staunton's, 109 Victoria avenue south, where some rubbish had got ablaze. A couple of neighbors turned out with buckets, and the flames had been extinguished when the firemen arrived.

The Board of Education last night decided to take no action at present on the suggestion that sites for schools east and west of the city limits should be purchased, looking forward to the future growth of the city.

HUNTER CASE.

County Council Has Not Decided Upon an Appeal.

A city paper yesterday stated that the county fathers "will enter an appeal from the judgment of Judge Snider in awarding Andrew Hunter \$200 and costs in the action which he brought against the county as the result of a runaway in which he figured."

Mr. J. J. Counsell, the county solicitor, says no such action has been decided upon, and the Warden of the county emphatically denied it by saying that the statement was utterly untrue and rather forcibly expressed his displeasure that such a report should be spread before the committee dealing with that question, had even met to discuss it.

If any member of the committee had taken it upon himself to say that the county would appeal the action, he would have to be taken to task, but he didn't believe any one had so exceeded their authority.

Mr. Gage said he was very much annoyed that the decision had gone against the county. He thought that, if all the evidence bearing on the question could have been given, a different light would have been thrown on it. It was a very difficult thing to get permission to put the coal on private property on all occasions, and if they could not place it on the road side, while they were repairing roads, without being responsible for every little accident that might occur, they were placed in a very awkward position indeed. He said that so far as he was concerned he felt very much inclined to support an appeal but could not say what the committee would do.

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES

To rent at \$2 a year and upwards, for the storing of deeds, bonds, stocks, wills, silver and other valuables. TRADERS BANK OF CANADA.

Saturday Tobacco Bargains.

Ten cent plugs of British navy for 7c. Starlight 8c. Lily 9c. Bobs 8c. King's Navy 7c. Empire 8c. Shamrock smoking 3 plugs for 25c. at peace's cigar store, 107 king street east.

WHAT WILL COMPANY DO?

Aldermen Hope It Will Wait Outcome of Action

And Not Try to Hold City to 720 H. P. Contract.

Smoke Nuisance Receiving Attention of Department.

In view of the fact that the trial of the power case has been laid over until September, there is considerable speculation in the City Hall as to what action the Cataract Company will take at the end of this month to enforce its contract, which stipulated that the city, within one year of the time when it first began taking power under the contract, must take the minimum amount, 720 horse-power. The old contract for supplying power for the crusher expired last July. No new contract was made, and the company took it for granted that the city was taking power under the contract made by last year's Council. It has billed the Board of Works accordingly. The city, however, has refused to acknowledge the contract binding by not paying any of the bills. If the company insists on the city taking 720 horse-power at the end of this month, and is sustained by the courts, the result will be in a very peculiar fix, as it will take several months to install the motors at the Beach and sewage pumping station. The aldermen are of the opinion, however, that the company will wait until the courts settle the question, before moving.

The city will make an effort to enforce the regulations of the Dominion Railway Commission, preventing steam railways from committing a smoke nuisance in the city limits. Complaints have been made that engines stand for hours at a time on sidings emitting dense smoke. The city is collecting evidence with which to prosecute the companies.

Sir James Whitney announced at the close of yesterday's meeting of the Cabinet that the request of the various municipalities asking the Government to take steps to ascertain whether, in providing septic tanks for their sewage systems in accordance with the endorsement of the Provincial Board of Health, the various municipalities interested in patent rights, had been complied with.

"The Government," said the Premier, "has decided to take steps to get a report immediately on the question, and leading counsel will be instructed to prepare the same at once. As soon as the report is made, the municipalities interested will be notified in order that they may decide upon future procedure."

Hamilton is one of the municipalities interested.

Mayor Stevely, of London, informed the Power Committee there yesterday that the companies which have the contract for equipment for the Hydro transmission line have until May to complete the work. He thinks that a uniform price for power for all the municipalities should have been made. "As it is," he said, "Hamilton, with power less than half as dear as ours, will have an advantage over us."

William McAndrew, Superintendent of the waterworks department, present name has been mentioned as a possible candidate for the Board of Control, denies that he will be in the field, despite the good intentions of his friends.

The Board of Education last night decided to take no action at present on the suggestion that sites for schools east and west of the city limits should be purchased, looking forward to the future growth of the city.

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THE HAMILTON TIMES

FRIDAY, JULY 9, 1909.

THE INJUNCTION STANDS.

The application to continue till the trial the injunction obtained by Mr. R. S. Morris restraining the Council of Hamilton from making to the Hydro-Electric Commission an application for power, was heard by Mr. Justice Teetzel in Toronto yesterday.

DISALLOWANCE ASKED.

A petition signed by thirty-three members of the Toronto Stock Exchange has been presented to Sir Wilfrid Laurier, praying for the disallowance of the Hydro-Electric Commission Act on the ground that it will have a baneful effect upon the credit of Canada in the money markets of the world.

THE CROP OUTLOOK.

Crop reports from the Northwest are most encouraging. From Calgary the news comes that considerable of the fall wheat was winter killed; but from all other parts of the Northwest present indications are of a yield much greater than was hoped for at the close of seeding.

TRUE INDEPENDENCE.

The New York Herald is publishing a series of articles and interviews with leading New Yorkers condemnatory of the course of some patrons who have sought to influence the paper's policy by withdrawing, or by threats of withdrawing, their support.

ONTARIO'S NATURAL WEALTH

This is a Province of wonderful natural richness. Prudently as we are governed, our receipts from the natural sources of wealth pay a considerable part of the expenses of the public management.

Recent official returns give some idea of the natural wealth poured into the coffers of the Whitney Government last year. The silver output was 19,401,021 ounces, valued at \$0,116,008.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Compliments for the sand-sucker! What changes time works! Do those "Dolly Dimples" fakes fore-shadow an attempt to work an old game on easy Hamiltonians?

Well, Winnipeg is at least to be complimented on its pluck and enterprise in tackling that big exhibition project. Hamilton police must not chew gum. What are things coming to? Not chew gum; not drink booze; not "sass" superiors.

Chatham School Board has forbidden its teachers to do any work, outside of the school work for which they are engaged, other than in preparation for teaching, except the consent of the School Board has first been obtained.

The United States Steel Corporation talks of dismantling its tin plate mills in Pittsburgh, unless the strike there is declared off, and establishing a \$50,000,000 tin plate plant at Gary, Ind.

The Times is asked what authority City Hall officials have for using the term "Hamilton Bay"; was the name ever changed? "Burlington Bay" is too rich in historical association to be given up.

Toronto manufacturers are agitating for a reduction of water rates from the new figure of 7c a thousand gallons to the former rate of 5c. The City Treasurer says it costs 6.34 cents to pump it.

It is rumored that the Ontario Government is planning a new raid for taxes to meet the requirements of its squandering policy. It is understood that it proposes to levy new taxes on companies operating public utilities and on loan companies.

The Ontario Medical Council is considering the taking of action against so-called osteopaths for carrying on a business in contravention of the Medical Act. These people are being prosecuted in British Columbia, and have been allowed till September to get out of business.

The Board of Education ratified all the salary increases recommended to it. Some of these have provoked a great deal of discussion in the city; but the Board does not care for that. It has plenty of money, or at least it has the power to compel the City Council to take from the ratepayers whatever it may demand.

The insurance companies are not the only concerns which are manifesting strong opposition to the United States tax on corporations. The building and loan associations of the country, which are principally composed of wage-earners saving to build homes, protest against the tax as being a penalty upon thrift and economy and a discouragement to ambition to own a dwelling.

According to the British Trade Journal the people of the United Kingdom, on the aggregate of the averages of the past five years, obtain their supplies from across the seas in the following proportions: United States, 23 per cent. of their imports; Argentina, 21 per cent.; India, 14.2 per cent.; Russia, 14 per cent.; Canada, 11 per cent.; Australia, 7.12 per cent.; other countries, 9 per cent.

The School Board is not leaving the matter of control of the Technical School in very good shape. It is quite natural that Dr. Thompson and Principal Witcomb should wish to know exactly their status and jurisdiction. The Board should leave nothing to guess work, and to be thrashed out, should differences of opinion arise.

Hamilton jail is overcrowded, and if the asylum is ditto, these circumstances can explain why the Spec and Times are still at liberty. The Indian Empire has been really worth to England apart from the glory of it, is a curious question. It has greatly diverted her diplomacy from its natural course.

The disorders caused by the striking colliers of the U. M. W. at Glace Bay, where serious riots have taken place and where the rioters have poured volleys of bullets into one of the mine buildings, have resulted in the despatch of

Begins Saturday Morning

Extraordinary Purchase of Men's and Boys' Clothing JUST IN THE NICK OF TIME

Some of the largest firms in Canada were after C. N. & R.'s surplus stock of Fine Suits and Pants. Our offer came first. We were mighty fortunate in securing this clothing at the price we did. Saturday morning we pass them along to our customers to save just as much as we saved.

\$9,500 Worth of Men's and Boys' Clothing Purchased for \$6,000 \$9,500 6,000 \$3,500 FOR YOU

We've arranged to have \$3,500 of this purchase delivered for Saturday, the 10th, and the balance at the rate of \$1,500 each week, giving you new lots for each Saturday during the month. You may not be able to say offhand just how many T's and how many L's there are in Trudell & Tobey, but one thing you should know—that no other money-saving sale in this part of Ontario can hold a candle to the chances we offer here this month.

- Table No. 1—Men's Suits, worth up to \$10.00; sale price \$4.99
Table No. 2—Men's Suits, worth up to \$15.00; sale price 9.99
Table No. 3—Men's Suits, worth up to \$20.00; sale price 14.99
Table No. 4—Men's Suits, worth up to \$30.00; sale price 19.99
Bill Taft Pant Table, Men's Pants, values up to \$3.50 and \$3.75; sale price 2.00
Table No. 5—Men's Pants, value up to \$4 and \$4.50; sale price \$2.99
Table No. 6—Men's Pants, value up to \$5.00; sale price 3.99
Table No. 7—Men's Pants, value up to \$7.50; sale price 4.99
Table No. 8—Men's Soft Hats, 1,000 in all, black and colored, all shapes and sizes; values up to \$3.50; sale price 1.49

BOYS' DEPARTMENT

- Table A—Boys' 2 and 3 piece Suits, values up to \$5.50; sale price \$3.95
Table B—Boys' 2 and 3-piece Suits, values up to \$8.50; sale price 5.95
Table R—Boys' 2 and 3-piece Suits, values up to \$9.50; sale price \$6.95
Table L—Boys' 2 and 3-piece Suits, values up to \$7.50; sale price 4.95

JUST AS EASY—BUT

We're having a Big Men's Clothing sale, probably one of the most important we've ever conducted. It would be mighty easy for us to exaggerate the values we're offering, for the Suits easily look \$5 more than we tell you they're worth. But we'd rather give you more than you expect than disappoint you. The point is you save money by buying here.

We are convinced the values in this sale are decidedly the best in the Greater City of Hamilton, and we know the clothes are of a higher standard than you get elsewhere.

We'd like you to see for yourself—all we say won't be half as convincing as one of our suits on your back and yourself in front of a mirror.

TRUDELL & TOBEY The Store That Sets the Pace



50-52 James Street North Hamilton, Ont.

500 men of the Canadian permanent forces to preserve order. The approaches to the collieries are now guarded, and the machine gun commands the entry to the mine where the greatest violence has been exhibited.

DOESN'T READ. (Ottawa Journal.) The trouble is that the end-seat hog is of the class which does not read the newspapers. He doesn't know what other people think of him.

THE SCORCHER. (Toronto Globe.) But the henking, goggle-eyed, hump-backed scorchers still exist in spite of repressive laws, and at this season of "good going," he spreads terror in the most unexpected places.

CONNECTION WITH GUELPH. (Guelph Mercury.) The railway agitation commenced by the Board of Trade will prove a wise move if persevered in. Three objects are aimed at: the booming of the pat-

ronage on the Guelph Junction Road, the establishment of a direct road between Hamilton and Guelph and a connecting line between Weisenburg and Elora on the C. P. R.

BRANTFORD WISE. (Brantford Expositor.) Brantford, in the light of recent experiences, has made no mistake in closing a short-term contract with the Ontario company at very reasonable rates.

NO THIRD SEX HERE. (Goldwin Smith.) The managers of the Women's Congress, Lady Aberdeen at their head, did their part well, and all went off happily. There were, as there were sure to be, what a contemporary calls "Roasts for the men and a fusillade of protests against men-made laws." But there

was nothing like the spirit, which in England has given birth to a third sex, combining the frenzied emotions of the woman with the rude violence of the man. There appears to have been some light dealing with the subject of divorce. Let it be borne in mind how divorce affects not only the parents but the children. In England Suffragettes seem to have literally run mad. The reaction will come.

A MAN OF LETTERS. (Canadian Courier.) Hamilton seems to be a post office centre. Just the other day the oldest postmaster in Canada, Mr. Adam Brown, celebrated a birthday. It was near Hamilton that the first rural mail delivery went into operation. Now Mr. George Ross, a Hamiltonian by birth, has been elevated to be a Canadian Imperial Service Order by the King—which may or may not make Mr. Ross a better post office official, though that is by no means necessary, for Mr. Ross has for years been one of the ablest post-office organizers in Canada.

Our Exchanges

OTTER AND BEAVER. (Ottawa Citizen.) General Otter is working like a beaver denying press stories.

A SCARCE ARTICLE. (Stratford Beacon.) Competent teachers, especially High School teachers, seem to be scarce.

ANOTHER JAB. (Ottawa Free Press.) Leon Ling was a hard man to find. In fact one would almost think that Hamilton was the city in which he had committed the crime.

MUST LOOK WELL. (Galt Reformer.) A Hamilton policeman was on the carpet Tuesday for chewing gum while on duty. Hamilton wants its force to be ornamental, if not useful.

CRAZY TALK. (Toronto Telegram.) Hamilton jail is overcrowded, and if the asylum is ditto, these circumstances can explain why the Spec and Times are still at liberty.

INDIA'S WORTH TO BRITAIN. (Goldwin Smith.) What the Indian Empire has been really worth to England apart from the glory of it, is a curious question. It has greatly diverted her diplomacy from its natural course.

The disorders caused by the striking colliers of the U. M. W. at Glace Bay, where serious riots have taken place and where the rioters have poured volleys of bullets into one of the mine buildings, have resulted in the despatch of

Saturday July Sale News

Never in any July have you been offered such price savings on summer goods as this store is offering you just now. Here is startling price evidence with which to judge values. Read on and convince yourself.

18 and 20c Pretty Muslins, Batistes and Gingham 9c

It's part of a special lot just arrived in time to add impetus to the good offerings of the July sale. Pretty patterns suitable for stylish dresses, in floral, stripe and fancy Dress Muslins, in all light colors, also in navy and black grounds, in a large range. Check and Stripe Gingham in a large variety of colors. An early visit is best; regular values 15 to 20c, July sale price, 8.30 a. m. ... 9c

1,500 Yards Cotton Materials 10c

An immense purchase for the July sale, 1,500 yards of fancy woven Delainettes, in dark grounds, in navy, black, cadet, green and cardinal, in coin and pin dots and figures, 38 inches wide, standard washing and wearing qualities, regular 20c, July sale half price ... 10c yard

July Specials in Wash Goods

Silk and Plain Poplin Suitings in goblin, brown, pink, Copenhagen and Tan, 29 inch; stylish for the new suits. Regular 50c, July sale ... 29c
Over 50 pieces of stylish Gingham in checks, stripes and plaids in all colors, 25, 30, 35c, July sale ... 19c
Foulard Cambres in a good range of stylish patterns, 36 inch, standard washing quality, 20c, July sale ... 14c
White Hand-embroidered Swiss Muslins in spots and fancy patterns, also white with black dots; a good range for choice, 50, 60, 65c, July sale ... 29c
A special purchase in Swiss Muslins in black grounds with fancy white figures; just arrived; very scarce material. Regular 40c, July sale ... 25c

30 Dozen 35 and 40c Short Summer Gloves, July Sale 19c

An immense purchase for a July sale. 30 dozen Summer Gloves, in pure silk, in white or black, jersey, wrist length, also taffeta and lisle, in white, cream and colors, in all sizes; superior qualities, 35 and 40c, July sale ... 19c

Silk Gloves to go Quickly

Women's Pure Silk Gloves and Silk Lisle, in two dome and jersey wrist style, short length, all sizes, colors in tan, brown, grey, navy, black and white; ... 39c regular at 50c 50c regular at 75c

An Immense July Outlet of Summer Gloves About Half

The July sale calls for a clearing of these Gloves. They are Women's Long, Pure Milanese Silk Gloves, in two and three-button musquetaire style, single and double tips, all sizes, colors in black, white, grey, tan, brown, navy and champagne. Worth-while reductions:
75c, reduced to 49c \$1.25, reduced to 85c
\$1.00, reduced to 58c \$1.50, reduced to 98c
\$1.15, reduced to 75c \$1.75, reduced to \$1.19

Business Hours Saturdays, 8 a. m. to 10 p. m. FINCH BROS. A Special Sale of Men's Negligee Shirts \$1 for 59c

Our Mid-Summer Clearing Sale

ON Saturday we will have a grand bargain list at this splendid sale. Every department will have its extra specials and all thoroughly dependable goods. Special bargains in Cottons, Sheetings, Hosiery, Gloves, Belts, Neckwear, Corsets, etc. Shop all you can in the morning.

Cool and Dainty Waists for Thousands of Dress Skirts at a 1-3 to a 1-2 Off

All the good materials, all the good styles and the best values to be had at our regular prices. These sweeping clearing prices are your golden opportunity to save.

BLACK VOILE SKIRTS, plain gored and pleated silk and satin trimmed
 \$7.50 Skirts for \$4.95 \$10.00 Skirts for \$7.50
 \$13.50 Skirts for \$9.75 \$16.00 Skirts for \$11.50

Tweed Skirts, well made, worth \$2.50 and \$3.50, for **\$1.39**
 Worsted and Plain Cloth Skirts, \$4 to \$5.00, for **\$2.50**
 Skirts made of lustrous, Panamas, poplins, Venetians, serges, Sicilian and some voiles, black and wanted colors, to be cleared as follows:
 \$5.00 to \$6.00 Skirts for \$3.95 \$7.50 to \$9.00 Skirts for \$4.95
 \$10 to \$15.00 fine Cloth Skirts for **\$7.50**
 Misses' Sewl Skirts, \$5.00 to \$6.50, for **\$3.95**

A Grand Ribbon Offering

4 1/2 and 5 1/2 inch Pure Silk Taffeta Ribbon, black, white and all the good colors, worth 19 to 20c, all on sale at one price, per yard.....12 1/2c

Umbrellas--Big Bargains

Women's gloria covered Umbrellas, hollow ribbed frame, steel rod, natural and horn handles, worth \$1.25 and \$1.50, all go for one price, each 79c

Clearing Lines in Underwear Bargains

Moreen and Sateen Undershirts, black and all colors, worth \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50, also White Cambric Undershirts, all go for 50c
 Black and Colored Taffeta Undershirts, prettily embroidered flounce, worth \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00, to clear for each \$1.49

Women's Silk Petticoats
 Made of splendid taffeta silk that will wear and give every satisfaction, worth \$5 to \$7.50, black and colors, for \$2.95

Women's Knit Underwear to Clear
 Women's Bathing Vests and Drawers, natural and white, all sizes, worth 50 and 75c, to clear at each 29c
 Sleeveless and with half sleeves, very fine quality, usual 29c value, 10c

SHEA'S
The Store for Thrifty People

A Sweep-Out in Millinery

Ladies' Trimmed Hats, worth \$12.50 to \$15.00, on sale to clear at **\$6.95**
 Trimmed Hats, worth \$8, \$9 and \$10, on sale for each **\$4.95**
 Trimmed Hats, worth \$5 to \$7, for **\$2.95**

Bargains in White Muslin Underwear

A quantity of Sample Corset Covers in a great variety of styles and designs, some a little mused from handling, but nothing a little soap and water will not put right, to be cleared as follows:
 50c Corset Covers for 25c
 75c Corset Covers for 49c
 1.00 Corset Covers for 69c
 1.50 Corset Covers for 99c

Women's Night Gowns to be Cleared
 1.75 Gowns for \$1.10
 1.25 Gowns for 75c
 1.50 Gowns for 95c
 69c Gowns for 35c

Women's Wash Suits---Less Than Half

Scores of Women's Wash Suits, long coats, plain gored bias fold skirts, pure linen materials, striped and plain, all sizes, full \$2.50 values, to be cleared at each 1 **\$5.95**

Swell Princess Wash Dresses---Half Price and Near Half Price

Made of muslins, mulls, chambrays and lawns, Princess styles, some "two piece", pinks, mauves, blue, grey, rose, white and natural linen; sizes 32 to 40, on sale at half price or about 1/2 price, as follows:
 \$7.50 Suits for \$3.95 \$10.00 Suits for \$4.95
 \$12.50 Suits for \$5.95 \$13.50 Suits for \$7.50

Wash Skirts to be Slaughtered

\$2.00 Skirts for 95c \$3.00 Skirts for \$1.50
\$4.50 Skirts for \$2.50

Women's Cloth Suits---Cut to the Bone

Made of splendid all wool materials and measure right up to the Shee standard of value at regular prices. Black and all colors, long silk-lined coats, gored and pleated skirts, plain and fancy stripes, worth \$20 to \$30; all to be cleared at one price, each **\$10.00**

The Biggest Wash Goods Sale Ever

Thousands of yards of the best Muslins, Cotton Voiles, Lawns, Vesting, Linens, Indian Heads, etc., that come into Canada will be cleared out at half price and less than half price.

Good 32-inch Dock Prints 3/4c. 20c Muslins for 15c
 25 and 30c Muslins, etc., for 15c. 40 to 50c Cotton Voiles for 19c
 White Swiss Muslins, several size dots, 20c, for 12 1/2c
 40-inch White Persian Lawn, worth 20c, for 13 1/2c
 White Mull, worth 25c, to clear at 16c
 White Nainsook, worth 30c, to clear at 19c
 Remnants of Indian Heads and Linens, 25c, to clear at 10c

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Bargains in Embroideries and Laces to be Cleared

Dress Goods to be Cleared: 50c Goods for 25c 75c Goods for 39c \$1.00 Goods for 50c

A Rousing Clean-up in Table Cloths

Pure Linen Table Cloths, 66 x 84 size, border all round, neat and new designs, fine satin finish damask, worth \$2.50, on sale to clear, at, each **\$1.29**

Clearance of Table Linens

Bleached Table Damask, both pure flax and union, from 60 to 90 inches wide, on sale at clearing prices.
 50c Damask for 37 1/2c 60c Damask for 45c
 75c Damask for 55c 85c Damask for 69c
 \$1.25 Damask for 95c \$1.50 Damask for \$1.20
 Unbleached Damask, in perfect weaves, will bleach as white as snow:
 40c Damask for 25c 50c Damask for 37 1/2c
 60c Damask for 45c 90c Damask for 65c

Table Napkins at Big Discounts

All splendid qualities and good designs at the lowest cut prices.
 \$1.25 Napkins for \$1.10 \$1.50 Napkins for \$1.00
 \$2.50 Napkins for \$1.75 \$4.00 Napkins for \$2.95

2 Big Bargains in White Quilts

White Bed Spreads, 72x90, hemmed and in splendid designs, worth \$1.50, on sale for **99c**
 Some Spreads, 64x84, worth \$1.25, for **\$1.10**
 11-4 Flannellette Blankets, worth \$1.25, for **95c**
 Large quantities of Lace Curtains, in all sizes and qualities, on sale at less than wholesale prices.

Big Reduction in Bedroom Towels

10c Towels for 8c 20c Towels for 15c
 15c Towels for 10c 25c Towels for 18c
 18c Towels for 12 1/2c 35c Towels for 25c

Roller and Tea Towellings at equal cuts.
 10c Towelling at 6 1/2c 13 1/2c Towelling for 10c
 11 1/2c Towelling at 8 1/2c 18c Towelling for 12 1/2c

Special bargains in all kinds of Gingham and Oxford Shirtings.
 Tray Cloths, Sideboard Scarfs and Daylies at less than wholesale.

Slaughter Prices in Children's and Misses' Dresses

Girls' Percale Dresses, in colors, 12 to 16 years, worth \$2, to be cleared at **\$1.19**
 Girls' Navy Percale Sailor Dresses, 8 to 16 years, worth \$2.00 to \$2.75, to clear at **\$1.50** to **\$1.75**
 Children's Sailor Dresses, 3 to 8 years, worth \$1.50 to \$2.50, to clear at **\$1.25** and **\$1.75**
 Buster Dresses, 1 to 10 years, light and dark colors, worth \$1 to \$2, on sale for **75c** to **\$1.50**
 Mother Hubbard Dresses, white lawn, 2 to 5 years, worth 75c to \$1.50, on sale for, each **50c** to **75c**
 Print Slippis, light and dark colors, 2 to 7 years, 50 to 75c sale to clear at **25c** and **39c**
 Girls' Lawn Dresses, 7 to 11 years, \$1.50 to \$2, on sale at, each **\$1.19**

CHEAP ADVERTISERS.

To the Editor of the Times.
 Sir,—Some time ago reference was made in your paper to the number of advertising signs posted on power, phone and telegraph poles. Now these companies get nothing from these fellows for this privilege, and posting same is against their rules. Whose duty is it to see them taken off, as the poles are eyesore enough without the signs?
 During the last few weeks new ones have appeared. Can this big concern know of the cheap way their goods are being introduced?
 Watch Dog.
 Moralist—Hell is paved with good intentions. Politician—Whot got the contract—Judge.
 A wagon, though drawn by oxen, yet still moves onward.—German

AT HIGHFIELD.

Ladies of St. John the Evangelist Gave Garden Party.

Last night, with the kind permission of Mr. J. H. Collinson, the Girls' Auxiliary of St. John the Evangelist Church held a garden party at Highfield School. An admission of 25 cents was taken at the gate, to be applied to the debt fund of the church. About three hundred people attended, and enjoyed themselves very much. The beautiful grounds were lit up by Chinese lanterns and the ladies at three booths waited on the gathering with ice cream, strawberries, tea and coffee, lemonade and cake. Miss Edna Rieger had charge of the ice cream and tea and coffee booth; Miss L. Hookaday of the candy and lemonade booth, and Miss

Maggie Back looked after the strawberries and cream booth.

In the absence of Rev. S. Daw, rector of the church, Rev. J. C. Potts was present. An orchestra had been engaged for the occasion, but it had disappointed them at the last moment.
 Rev. Mr. Potts, on behalf of the Girls' Auxiliary, thanked those who had so kindly contributed the refreshments and decorations for the evening.

AITKEN-AUSTEN.

A quiet but pretty wedding took place at Winnipeg, in Westminster Church, on Wednesday, June 16, at 4.30 p. m., when Miss A. Ida Austin, second daughter of David Austin, Palermo, Ont., and the Rev. Geo. Aitken, a graduate of Manitoba College, and son of George Aitken, of Hume, Scotland, were united in marriage by the Rev. Clarence McKinnon, pastor of the church. At the strains of the "Lohengrin" Wedding March, beautifully played by Miss Maud Cross, the bride was led to the altar, and given

away by Mr. M. W. Rublee, an intimate friend, while the groom was supported by Mr. A. J. Richardson. Miss Hazel Austin, niece of the bride, acted as bridesmaid. Messrs. Norman Hicks and Joseph Edkin were ushers. The bride wore a beautiful Scotch sateen gown, the gift of the groom. The bridesmaid looked pretty and dainty in a dress of catwaba colored cloth, with coat and hat to match. The only ornament worn was a beautiful Scotch sateen pin, the gift of the groom. The bride and groom were both in a dress of white mull, with hat to match, and wore a pearl pin, also the groom's gift. Amid showers of rice, the happy couple left on the 3.30 train by the Soo line, via Chicago, for Palermo, Ont., the home of the bride's parents, reaching their destination on June 26, after spending several days in Chicago and other points. A family gathering welcomed their homecoming.

Mr. and Mrs. Aitken will leave again for their home in Roseland, Man., on July 17, where a furnished manse and many beautiful and useful wedding presents await their return. They will be at home to their friends after Aug. 1.

Stanley Mills & Co., Limited Friday, July 9th, 1909

1200 Shirtwaists at Less Than Half Price

Greatest Shirtwaist Sale Ever Held in the City of Hamilton

Over one hundred dozen stylish, up-to-date Shirtwaists to be sold at less than half their regular prices.



The greatest purchase of this season—and not only the greatest purchase but one of the best bargains ever secured by a Canadian store. It consists of
The Entire Surplus Stock of the Eclipse Whitewear Co.
 One of the largest shirtwaist manufacturers in Canada—and was secured by our buyer only after the keenest competition with the buyers of the largest retail stores in Toronto and Montreal.

Every Shirtwaist in the lot comes right up to the "Eclipse" Co.'s highest standard of material and workmanship and the styles are the very latest and most effective produced this season.

Each waist is made in a full, liberal size, with absolutely no skimping of materials or defects in the make or finish. Sizes range up to 44 inches.

Not a waist in the entire lot but is worth regularly twice or more than twice the prices at which we are marking them.

To facilitate the selling of this enormous quantity and to enable you to make an easy and satisfactory choice, we have divided the entire purchase of over twelve hundred waists into three lots, as follows:

Waists worth regularly up to \$2.00 for **88c**
 Waists worth regularly up to \$3.00 for **\$1.38**
 Waists worth regularly up to \$5.50 for **\$1.98**

Sale Starts at 8.30 Sharp Saturday Morning

For the past three days our receiving room staff has been busy opening up and marking this great purchase of waists and when our doors swing open at 8.30 sharp to-morrow morning and we offer them to you at half and less than half their regular values, everything will be in readiness for one of the most enthusiastic, most sensational sales in the history of Hamilton. See the window display to-night and to-morrow.

Stanley Mills & Co., Limited Beach Delivery Every Wednesday

PRAY FOR DISALLOWANCE.

(Continued from Page 1.)

GIST OF THE PETITIONS.

The various petitions approach the subject of disallowance from different points of view, according as the act affects their interests. But all of them agree in urging that the statute must have a very damaging effect upon the credit of the Dominion of Canada as a whole, validating contracts, different from those authorized by the ratepayers; closing the doors of justice, and staying proceedings forever in pending actions in which important constitutional questions were raised. It is pointed out that the extraordinary provisions above referred to were rendered necessary to enable the Government to carry out its power scheme, in order to overcome many serious questions which had arisen from time to time as to the legality of their proceedings. It is further claimed by those who are opposed to the bill, that in developing its competitive scheme for the distribution of electrical power, the Government has used its paramount authority unjustly and unfairly to the serious injury of existing companies and individuals, and their vested rights and property, and that the inevitable result of such high-handed legislation must be to seriously shake the credit of the Dominion of Canada as a whole, and depreciate the value of its securities.

The objection taken in the various petitions may be summarized as follows:
 1. The act is a flagrant violation of private rights and natural justice.
 2. It over-rides decisions of courts of competent jurisdiction in the Province of Ontario, declaring the contracts above referred to be legal and binding, which the courts had declared to be illegal and void; and which contracts were judicially declared to be "a breach of contract" by the municipalities executing the contracts and the ratepayers affected thereby.
 3. Under the municipal law of Ontario, which has been in existence for a long period of years, all expenditures of an extraordinary character, chargeable against property in the municipality, such as the expenditure contemplated by the said contracts, must be submitted to the vote of the ratepayers and sanctioned by them. This salutary provision has been departed from by burdening the ratepayers with very large sums without their assent.
 4. The ratification of such illegal contracts not only disturbs existing order of things, but also creates a feeling of uneasiness and unrest in municipal circles; and moreover, as these contracts are for an uncertain and unascertainable amount, no municipality affected thereby can state definitely what its liability is—a very serious item in considering the value of municipal debentures.
 5. Such legislation will destroy confidence in the institutions of the Province in which it is passed, and necessarily of the whole Dominion, in which it meets with acquiescence, as it is unsound and vicious in character and violates recognized and accepted fundamental principles of legislation.
 6. The Act is unconstitutional in that it assumes to prohibit resort to the courts for the purpose of securing judicial determination of the constitutional limitations of provincial powers of legislatures.
 7. By the prior legislation dealing with the subject the assent of the Lieutenant-Governor was required to every contract entered into between the commission and the municipality. By the act in question the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor is dispensed with.
 8. The preamble of the said Act, so far as it applies to the town of Galt, whose Mayor refuses to sign the new contract, is untrue and misleading, and does not correctly state the facts and

position when it recites "that the corporation of Galt, although it has not executed the said contract, are desirous that they shall have the benefits of the provisions of the said recited Act and of the said contract made available to them without delay and that their enjoyment of such benefits should not be postponed by unnecessary and vexatious litigation." The fact being that the Mayor of Galt refused to sign the said new contract and in so doing was supported by the great bulk of the ratepayers.
 9. The said sections 4 and 5 cannot properly be said to be enactments relating to "property and civil rights," which are within the jurisdiction of provincial legislatures, but are manifestly intended to protect objectionable and unconstitutional legislation, and are therefore ultra vires of the Legislature of the Province of Ontario.
 10. As to the enactments denying audience in the courts, attention is called to the fact that the power of appointing justices is a prerogative of the Crown exercised by the Government of the Dominion of Canada. If a local Legislature passes an Act which assumes the right to stay actions it assumes the right to in effect abolish the courts for which these judges are appointed, the result of which would be to interfere with and derogate from the Crown prerogative under which the judges are appointed.
 11. This transmission line, which passes through various farms and gardens and often near buildings, but no provision is made in the Hydro-Electric Commission Act for the protection of life or property by insisting upon a right of way, such as the Dominion Government required of the Electrical Development Company to purchase and keep fenced; and yet the voltage of the electric current along this transmission line is to be nearly double the intensity of the current supplied by the Electric Development Company. Not only is this a menace to life and property and injury to the value of lands and property affected, but it is also in contravention with clause 247 of the Criminal Code, which requires that any one who has in his charge or under his control anything which may be dangerous to human life must use reasonable precaution or care in the use of it.
 12. The power to appropriate easements from the farmers is included in compensation and, as it stands, the act provides for the forcible taking of the rights from the farmers without any compensation.
 13. Under the British North America Act, sec. 91, sub-sec. 4, legislative authority is given to the Dominion Parliament to borrow money on the public credit for the public benefit. The act in question will have the effect of seriously impairing Canadian securities and credit in the financial markets of the world; thus interfering with the raising of money by the Dominion Government for the public benefit.

5,000 THERE.

Large Crowds at Maple Leaf Park Last Evening.

The employees of the International Harvester Company held a picnic at the Maple Leaf Park last night. The company issued 4,000 passes to the employees, and about 1,000 others paid admission. All the places of amusement were kept busy accommodating the large crowds. Now that the races have gone and the street railway tracks are in good condition, combined with the warm weather, large crowds are turning out every night, and it looks as if the people of Hamilton will be able to support an up-to-date park. The business has increased so rapidly within the past few days that Manager Robertson purpose having a Marathon race as an extra attraction, some time within the near future. School children are also attending in large numbers, as the holidays are now on, and special rates are given them in some of the amusement other attractions. "The Fall of New York," one of the attractions, has been fortunate in securing the young lecturer, Gordon Wilson, who, although but twelve years of age, is able to tell in an impressive way the history of New York. The bump the bumps, the circle swing, the merry-go-round and the numerous other attractions all had large crowds last night.
 The Durham Rubber Co. will have a picnic at the park on July 16, and the A. O. U. W. will have one on July 24.

WORTH KNOWING.

When books become badly soiled on the edges, if not gilt edged, close the book tightly, then erase the marks with an ink eraser. This will cut off all rough edges, all soiled marks and leave the book very clean and shining.

Formaldehyde for Flies.

It is not always possible to trace the origin of illness, but it is easy enough to give valid reasons why the fly can be the introductory agent. Purely medical aspects apart, the fly is not particularly scrupulous as to its environment—it alights at one time on most offensive material and at another it is on the food in the kitchen and at the table. One of the earliest experiments we remember to have seen showing the connection of flies and disease was that in which a common bluebottle was allowed to walk across a piece of freshly sliced potato. The potato subsequently developed colonies of micro-organisms all along the track taken by the fly, while elsewhere no development took place. The important question remains how best to get rid of the fly. Fly papers and sticky strings are unightly, and the struggle of a fly to release itself from a sticky substance is not an entertaining spectacle. In our own experience the best exterminating agent is a weak solution of weak formaldehyde in water (say ten teaspoonfuls to the pint), and this experience has been confirmed by others. It would appear that flies are attracted by a weak solution of formaldehyde, which they drink. Some die in the water, others get as far only as the immediate vicinity of the plate of water, but all ultimately succumb; and where they occur in large numbers hundreds may be swept up from the floor. It is consoling to know that by this method the flies have died under a dose of a fluid which is fatal to disease organisms, a fluid also which is inoffensive and for practical purposes non-poisonous. The method also provides a means of diminishing the source and of securing to some extent what is most desirable, the disinfection of the slain.—From the Lancet.

PROTECTED BY SOLDIERS.

Five Hundred of Them on Guard at Glace Bay Mines.

Strikers Storm Gates of Dominion No. 6 and Fire a Volley.

Attempt Will be Made to Work All the Collieries To-day.

Glace Bay, N. S., July 8.—Martial law prevails in the southern Cape coal fields to-night. Troops guarding the collieries of the Dominion Coal Company, and an attempt will be made to-morrow to re-open the mines under military protection. Five hundred men from the Canadian permanent forces arrived here this afternoon and at once went on duty. The men were divided into detachments and distributed among the various collieries, and now the general feeling is that the scenes which attended the first three days of the strike are at an end. Sentries, with fixed bayonets, guard the approaches to all the collieries, and at No. 2 and No. 6, where the most serious trouble has taken place, machine guns command the approach.

To-morrow morning will settle a number of things definitely. When the whistle blows for work at the various mines it will be seen how many men the company can count on to run their collieries, and whether the U. M. W. will still endeavor to prevent the men from going to work.

INFANTRY AND MACHINE GUNS.

It was about 4 o'clock when the special train with the detachment of the Royal Canadian Regiment and Royal Canadian Artillery arrived from Halifax. The train was on the siding at Dominion No. 2, and there the men stayed for some hours, until the dispositions were made. One company of infantry, with a machine gun, was sent over to the Dominion No. 6, where the riot act was read, and which, owing to the disturbances of the previous night, was regarded as one of the danger points. Several companies remained within the gates at Dominion No. 2 and the remainder were distributed among various collieries.

An attempt will be made to work all the collieries, with the possible exception of No. 6, to-morrow. A large number of men are now inside the fence at Dominion No. 2, and are housed in shacks erected there. The troops to clear the way, it is anticipated by the company that many men who have stayed away during the past two days will come back to work in the morning.

On the other hand, the U. M. W. A. leaders declare that, if anything, the presence of the soldiers will tend to swell their ranks.

STORMED NO. 6.

Strikers stormed the gates at Dominion No. 6 last night, burned some property of the Dominion Coal Company and poured volleys of shots into the building. The fence around the mine was almost demolished, and the small force of constables there had it getting to prevent the rioters from getting at the machinery. That the presence of the troops was urgently needed was conclusively proven by the attack on No. 6, and there is wonder that no one was killed in the melee.

A report that the strikers had planned a concerted attack on this colliery gained ground early yesterday afternoon, and a special train with eighty county constables was hurried to the scene. They got there none too soon. Crowds of strikers were gathered around the plant, and the few men who had gone in to work were chased and stoned.

When the train appeared an attempt was made to drag the constables off, but with drawn revolvers they forced the infuriated mob back, and the engine was run through the mob several times to disperse it.

As soon as it became dark the crowd broke wild. Portions of the fence were torn down, one of the gates was turned off, and only the drawn revolvers of the constables kept the strikers outside the fence.

VOLLEY OF SHOTS FIRED.

Suddenly a volley of shots came from the crowd. Some of the men made their appearance armed with guns, and a hostile disposition was immediately manifested. A hole was shot through one side of the wall of the fan house, and electric lights and insulators on the fence were shattered. While the shooting was going on, stones, sticks and all the missiles that the rioters could lay their hands on were hurled at the men working inside the fence, and many were the narrow escapes reported. As soon as morning dawned the crowd dispersed, so that it was impossible to identify any of the rioters.

MAYOR'S CONDUCT ROUSES INDIGNATION.

There is intense indignation in many sections of Glace Bay at the attitude of Mayor Douglas in refusing to call out the troops. The third morning of the strike found both sides grim and determined. It was reported that the U. M. W. A. men from the start that on their part there would be no resort to violence or noisy demonstration. This is in keeping with the traditions of Nova Scotia miners. One feature which has been a characteristic of the American strike is witnessed here for the first time. Heretofore the women of Nova Scotia abstained from taking part in demonstrations of violence during strikes, but yesterday found quite a number of them, both in Dominion No. 1 and No. 3, throwing themselves into the very forefront of the aggressors.

RAILWAY TRACK BLOWN UP.

The S. & L. Railway track, near Caledonia Junction, was found blown up this morning. A charge of blasting powder had evidently been inserted under the rails. The damage, however, was only slight, and repairs were quickly effected. Those responsible for the outrage have not so far been detected. Fortunately no train was near when the track was broken, and the object of the miscreants was frustrated. Pouring rain to-day did much to prevent the disorders which have marked the past two days of the strike. Early to-day the rain began to come down in torrents, and in consequence the groups of women and men who have been hanging around the streets and the entrances to the various collieries were quickly compelled to seek shelter. All day long the downpour continued, and those of the men who wanted to have a meeting of any sort were compelled to

TIMES PATTERNS.



A Dainty Lingerie Gown.

No. 8547-5720.—This charming design for a lingerie dress admits of any amount of elaboration or it may be made up perfectly plain with just a touch of hand embroidery in the front of the waist. The pattern provides for full length or shorter sleeves. The skirt is an excellent model for embroidered flouncing or bordered goods as it is completed by a flounce with a straight lower edge. The pattern is cut in 6 sizes, 22 to 32 inches waist measure, and will require 9½ yards of 36-inch material. The waist pattern runs from 32 to 42 inches bust measure and will require 2½ yards of 24-inch material.

This illustration calls for two separate patterns, a skirt and a waist, which will be mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in stamps or silver.

Pattern here illustrated will be mailed to any address upon receipt of 10 cents in stamps or silver.

Address "Pattern Department," Times Office, Hamilton.

It will take several days before you can get pattern.

GERMANY'S WAR CARS.

Bullet-proof automobiles, veritable war cars, will play a prominent part in the German army manoeuvres this year. The war car is a totally different thing from the transport and supply car of private automobiles. These latter could only operate with safety well to the rear of the advanced troops, whereas the former is designed to push boldly to the front and take a definite offensive in the fighting line. Not only Germany, but France and Austria have already constructed some highly ingenious specimens of these battle motors.

These war cars are practically small mobile forts, equipped with quick-firing guns, and having all their vital parts completely protected. Their armor, which in every case has been subjected to five tests at close range, is bullet-proof, and in the French and Austrian patterns completely covers the interior of the car, something like the rounded gun-turret of a battleship. Wheels and engines are, of course, amply protected, and the Austrian pattern has the additional advantage that its driving power is applied to both sets of wheels by means of an ingenious device which is a strictly guarded secret. The latest French pattern has a revolving turret armed with a Hotchkiss quickficer, and both the French and Austrian as well as the German war cars are able to cross country, if necessary, and to negotiate ditches and obstacles of the ordinary character.

The picture of a mortal battle in which these monsters will operate is a highly interesting one to consider. The German idea is that these war cars will in a great measure form the pivots upon which the mobile elements of an army in the field will work, and this, in accordance with the German conception, is what is likely to happen.

Well out among the advanced and covering troops of an army on every road leading to the front there will be armored high-speed war cars armed with revolving machine guns. They will cooperate with and support the mounted troops, working across country, and with the cyclists in covering the advance, or feeling for the enemy, and in capturing and holding bridges, fords and places of vantage. Conversely they will materially assist in carrying a retreat, or in protecting the flanks of an army, where they would be very awkward customers for cavalry to tackle.

They will carry tiny garrisons of from 10 to 12 men, and as they work along the main roads they will act as supports and rallying points to bodies of cyclists who, acting as the monster's sentinels, will search and examine the country between their own road and the next, sure always of being able to retire on the protection of the mobile fort and its machine gun. Further occasions will arise where, when opposing hostile infantry or cavalry, when the monster can be used to defend or assault points, such as a bridge or defile, and they will be invaluable for the purpose of a sudden rush to cover an attack, or hold on limpet-like to some post until reinforcements can arrive. In these days cover from fire is so important that many occasions will arise when the monster's mobile forts, which can ignore the rifle fire of an enemy, will prove of immense value in assisting the efforts of their infantry or cavalry.

AMONG THE JEWS.

Thirty-one delegates of the Jewish colonies assembled recently in Jaffa and decided to form a union to promote their mutual welfare.

Six Jews from Hebron have been called up for military service in the Turkish army, a direct result of the resolution, which has thrown the army open to all creeds and nationalities.

The death of Jacob Gordin, the noted playwright of Yiddish plays, is made the subject of deep regret among the vast number of that element of the Jewish people which appreciated the Yiddish theater and its offerings.

Pavel Alexandrovitch Krushevan, the notorious Russian anti-Semitic leader and the organizer of the Kishineff massacres, died suddenly in Kishineff last Friday week. Krushevan was the most rabid anti-Semite that the Jews of Russia ever had, and his memory will be a curse among Russian Jews of all classes. He was also the organizer of the notorious "Znamia," and his last paper was the "Drug." He was also a member of the second Duma.

Official statistics relating to Jewish communities in Galicia show that they number 253, with a membership of 793,300, against 811,183 in 1900, but only 80,522 are able to pay their dues to the synagogues. There are 249 Rabbis and 1,419 other religious officials. The synagogues number 457 open and 332 private, with 1,393 smaller houses of prayer. There are also 749 Chedimim, 82 Palmud Torah schools, 31 hospitals, 23 homes for the aged, 407 other institutions. Denominational schools number 47, of which 28 are free.

Danville, Ill., which has about 40,000 inhabitants, of whom only some 125 are Jews, and which is normally Republican, has elected as its Mayor Louis Platt, a Democrat and a Jew.

There has been collected \$25,000 toward the building fund of the new Jewish Sanatorium for Consumptives at Eagleville, Pa., which opened for the reception of patients on June 1.

It is expected that in October next a Rabbinical Commission will meet in St. Petersburg, and will sit for several months. The work of the commission will be to deal with Jewish questions of a religious nature.

All the prisons of the Empire are officially reckoned as capable of holding 90,000 persons. In 1905 the average daily population of the prisons was 85,000. On February 1, 1909, those incarcerated numbered 181,157, of whom 90,000 were Jews. Some prisoners are terribly overcrowded. The Dielf Prison, built for 200, contains 500. A systematic ill-treatment of invalid prisoners is carried on. The number of exiles banished to Siberia by administrative process—that is, without trial—is stated to be 74,000. Over 400 editors of newspapers and reviews have been condemned since 1905 to prison fortresses and penal servitude.

Lazarus Silverman, a prominent pioneer and banker of Chicago, credited with having organized and equipped a regiment at his own expense during the Civil War, and with originating the

plan for the resumption of specie payment, which, when enacted, was known as the Sherman bill (1873), died in Chicago, June 9, aged 79 years.

The estate of Nelson Morris, late of Chicago, paid the State of Illinois nearly \$184,000 as inheritance tax, the largest single amount ever received for this purpose.

The degree of Doctor of Law has been conferred on Mr. Alfred Mosley by Columbia University.

Lady Louisa Goldsmid, who died recently in England, nearly ninety years old, was the widow of the late Sir Francis H. Goldsmid, who died more than thirty years ago in consequence of an accident.

Professor Zueblin, of Chicago, lectured on "Social Unrest" in the Free Synagogue recently. Confides of the races was named by Professor Zueblin as one of the great sources of unrest to-day, and as a panacea he advocated the intermarriage of the Jew and the non-Jew. "History for centuries back," he said, "reveals that the successful race that has survived has been the mixed race. Strength comes from mixture."

The work of the Alliance Israélite, summarized in its annual bulletin, makes interesting reading. From 1893 to 1908 its schools have increased from 54 to 142; the number of pupils has risen from 16,000 to 41,000, and the teachers now number 1,350. The cost of education has grown from \$20,400 francs in 1885 to \$1,000,000 francs in 1908. Of this sum the Alliance contributed 1,025,000, and the communities where the schools are situated 975,000 francs.

The election of Rabbi Nahoun as chief rabbi of Turkey has been confirmed by the Government.

The annual report of the Jewish Associated Charities of the city of Cleveland in England, nearly ninety years old, was the widow of the late Sir Francis H. Goldsmid, who died more than thirty years ago in consequence of an accident.

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FELL OFF STEAMER.

Charles T. Combes Drowned at Fort William.

Fort William, July 8.—Charles T. Combes, who was employed as a fireman on the Saronk, was drowned by falling into the Kinn River while talking with a friend in the Rosedale, and Combes had gone aboard the Rosedale for a chat. He and his friend were sitting on the rail, and suddenly he lost his balance and fell overboard. He did not rise again after he hit the water. Combes was an Englishman.

BIG CHEESE.

Weights 1,950 Pounds and Was Made in Utica, N. Y.

Utica, N. Y., July 8.—A local cold storage warehouse company to-day shipped to Chicago what it believed to be the largest cheese ever made. Its weight was 1,950 pounds. It took about ten tons of milk to produce it, and it was pressed into shape by a specially constructed press by a Louisville cheese factory, where it was bought by the Chicago firm through the cold storage company. The company has shipped quite a number weighing as much as 1,200 pounds, but this was the largest one it ever tackled. It had a tank which is large enough to paraffin a half-ton cheese, but to-day the monster cheese was paraffined outside of the tank by carefully pouring the molten liquid over it. After the air-tight liquid had cooled, the cheese was encased in a sheet iron covering.

CASTORIA.

Keeps the Signature of Castoria.

MANY BAD BILLS.

West Pennsylvania is Flooded With Counterfeits.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 8.—A new counterfeit \$2 United States silver certificate is flooding the banks and counting rooms of business houses in western Pennsylvania. Two of the spurious bills were detected in a package of money received by the Monongahela National Bank, and this morning were turned over to John B. Washburn, local secret service operative.

Other counterfeiters of the same denomination have been found within the last fortnight, and the Government detectives have samples by the handful, which they are using in the hope of tracing the criminals, who seem to enjoy remarkable success in passing off the stuff.

The new counterfeit is a poor imitation of the \$2 silver certificate of the series of 1899, being only printed on a poor quality of paper. Notwithstanding that it is easily detected by persons experienced in handling money, it has gained a wide circulation. It is believed to be made by counterfeiters in Canada, as the bad bill was first detected by E. J. Veltz, paying teller of the Columbia National Bank of Buffalo, N. Y. This was late in April, and it is believed the money was carried over the lake from Canada.

Miss Amy L. Bates, of Valentia, Ont., won the Governor-General's medal for general proficiency at Toronto Normal School.

PILES.

"I have suffered with piles for thirty-six years. One year ago last April I began taking Cascarets for constipation. In the course of a week I noticed the piles began to disappear and at the end of six weeks they did not trouble me at all. Cascarets have done wonders for me. I am entirely cured and feel like a new man." George Kryder, Napoleon, O.

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OSTEOPATHS.

ONTARIO MEDICAL COUNCIL MAY PROSECUTE THEM.

Question of Reciprocity—Long Discussion on Invitation From Manitoba, and Delegates Will be Sent There.

Action may be taken by the Ontario Medical Council to prevent osteopaths from carrying on their business in Ontario. In British Columbia a campaign is now being waged against the osteopaths, who have been given until September to go out of business, and several of them have already left Vancouver and Victoria for American cities.

Similar action may be taken here. At the meeting of the Ontario Medical Council yesterday afternoon the report of the Registration Committee was presented, and one of the clauses in the report recommended that action be taken against osteopaths, as advised by the solicitor. It is understood that the solicitor's opinion is that the osteopaths are carrying on business in contravention of the Medical Act. The suggestion has been referred to the Executive, and definite action may be decided on at any time.

For more than two hours the council discussed the question of reciprocity with Manitoba and the other Western provinces. Many of the doctors were of the opinion that the move was a good one as it would give Ontario graduates an opportunity of going west to practise without taking other examinations, and the outcome of the discussion was that Dr. Spankie and Dr. McCaul were appointed to go to Winnipeg in August to meet the Manitoba Medical Council to discuss the entire question.

Further time for consideration was asked by the committee on Reciprocity with Great Britain, which was granted. Reciprocity with British Columbia was refused by the British Columbia Council, and the Ontario Council did not think it advisable to discuss the question of reciprocity with the State of Michigan at present.

The council rejected the motion of Dr. F. N. G. Starr to give the Executive Committee power to investigate cases of alleged unprofessional conduct, after a long discussion. Mr. H. S. Osler, K. C., the council's solicitor, gave his opinion that such action could not be taken, but suggested that a test case might be brought to court.

By the constitution of the U. M. W. A. men have to be on strike for thirty days before they can receive any aid from the international headquarters.

The U. M. W. A. has no benefit schedule. "How are the men out on strike supported?" he was asked. "Do you pay a percentage of their salaries or have you a flat rate?"

"The U. M. W. A. has no benefit schedule," he answered. "We believe that each man should support himself as long as he can, as he is striking for himself, and then when he is in need of assistance we help him out."

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There is intense indignation in many sections of Glace Bay at the attitude of Mayor Douglas in refusing to call out the troops. The third morning of the strike found both sides grim and determined. It was reported that the U. M. W. A. men from the start that on their part there would be no resort to violence or noisy demonstration. This is in keeping with the traditions of Nova Scotia miners. One feature which has been a characteristic of the American strike is witnessed here for the first time. Heretofore the women of Nova Scotia abstained from taking part in demonstrations of violence during strikes, but yesterday found quite a number of them, both in Dominion No. 1 and No. 3, throwing themselves into the very forefront of the aggressors.

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TOOK POISON.

Brant Woman Took Paris Green at Oakland.

Brantford, Ont., July 8.—A suicide occurred at Oakland Village last night, when Mrs. Edward Malcolm, wife of a well known farmer, having been despondent, took a dose of Paris green. The poison proved fatal.

DEATH OF FRED FISHER.

Brantford, July 8.—The death occurred to-day of Fred Fisher, the son of Ald. Fisher, a well-known young man, who contracted tuberculosis while acting as agent for the Cockshutt Plow Company at Ottawa. He had been ill some months.

A Collector Missing.

Ottawa, July 8.—William M. Anttiss, a collector and traveller for the J. G. White Company, of Ottawa, has disappeared, and a shortage of over \$800 has been discovered in his accounts. Anttiss has been with the company for the past nineteen years, and was one of their most trusted employees.

A steamer on Lake Temiskaming had a block of wood caught in her propeller and was drifting into the rapids when a tug came to her rescue. Several passengers were aboard.

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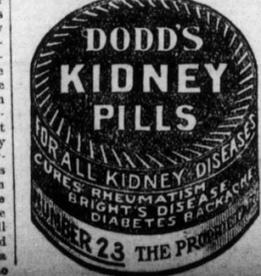
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VARICOCELE, FALSE RUPTURE. The universal tendency of these conditions is to grow worse and more complicated—leading to impotency, nervous debility, wasting, stricture, lumbago, sexual exhaustion, etc. Do you intend to allow this insidious affliction to sap away your vitality? It is doing so now and if not checked will result in the above conditions. No matter how serious your case may be, time, effort, or the full use you may have experienced in trying to be cured by medicine—free trials, or Electric belts—my Ewing system will cure you. The worry returns to their normal condition and hence the actual organs receive proper nourishment, the parts become vitalized and manly powers return. No temporary benefit, but a PERMANENT one. NO OPERATION necessary. No detention from business. If you have had the usual experience have no doubt spent large sums of money and still larger quantities of time searching for the remedy that I offer you here.

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NEW SCHOOL IN WARD 7.

Ten Room Building Adjoining Victoria Avenue School.

Warm Discussion on the Subject at Board Meeting.

Trustees Determined to Make the People's Money Fly.

By adopting the report of the Building Committee the Board of Education last night, after a warm discussion, committed itself to the erection of a ten-room building, adjoining the Victoria avenue school, at a cost of about \$60,000. It also authorized the appointment of an architect to report on the safety of the present structure, in addition to preparing plans for the new one. This was but one of a variety of subjects that provoked lively debate.

The Building Committee made this recommendation: "That a 10-room school be built to the north of the present Victoria avenue school, the third story of the present building be vacated, and the Wellington street school closed as soon as possible." Trustee Booker promptly moved that the report be referred back, and opened a war of words by firing a broadside in which he charged that the resolution was worded in such a veiled manner as to hoodwink the trustees into believing that the Victoria avenue school was not to be torn down. The old building, he declared, was painted as black as it could be painted, to serve the purposes of those advocating the erection of the new building. It had already been so treated that the school could not be enlarged without so obstructing the light in the old building as to render it useless. In addition to the advice from ex-Ald. Milne and George Mills, well-known contractors, Trustee Booker said he had the word of ex-Ald. William Johnson, who was a sub-contractor, perfectly safe. The Stinson street school was badly overcrowded, and if any additions were to be made that school could be enlarged.

Mr. Booker raked Trustee Carr over the coals for appearing before the Finance Committee and objecting to the building of a new isolation hospital to replace the present "death dealing trap," because the city could not spare the money, and yet he was prepared to spend \$60,000 on this school. Trustee Carr asked the chairman if this was in order, and the chair ruled that it was not. "I think just as Trustee Callaghan does, that the Board has gone building crazy," persisted Trustee Booker, who insisted that a halt should be called in view of the charges of extravagance. Trustee Lazier pointed out that the report did not indicate whether the ten-room building was to be a new school or an addition to the old one. He also sought information as to the cost of buildings during the last two or three years.

Answering the query, Chairman Allan said it was intended to build the ten room school on the old school at the cost of between \$55,000 and \$60,000. The Sophia and Picton street additions, exclusive of the cost of land, had cost about \$80,000, and he promised a complete statement as soon as the accounts were all in. There was no doubt that more school accommodation was needed in that district. "Build them where they are needed," chimed in Trustee Booker. "They are needed according to which ward your represent, according to some people. The old story of environment sounds good," was the caustic retort of the building chairman. Trustee Carr said that the charge made against him by Trustee Booker about opposing the enlarging of the isolation hospital was a rather serious one, and he asked permission to reply.

"I ruled him out of order," explained Chairman Hobson. "But he went on talking," argued Trustee Carr, "and the charge is not true." "I take the position that we are doing very well spending money," observed Trustee Callaghan, who counselled his colleagues to go slowly. "We ought to call a halt," he said. Chairman Allan, of the Building Committee, suggested that the matter be allowed to stand until September so that they could see exactly how bad the crowding was. At this stage Trustee Carr introduced a deputation from No. 7 Ward. Dr. Wickett was the first spokesman. He characterized the old school as a trap, condemned it on sanitary grounds, and insisted that it lacked architectural beauty. Then followed Robert Pettigrew, who doubted if the walls were strong enough to support fire escapes. "Oh, yes, they are," cut in Trustee Booker. "Order; shut up," chorused some of his colleagues. Trustee Carr, basing his remarks on the report of the Medical Health Officer, showed that there was much more sickness in the Victoria Avenue School than the other schools in the district. There were 37 children absent on account of illness in March. This was a vital point. "Despite what the building inspector said when the floors are found to have sunk three and a half inches, something must be wrong," he said. "We should have the floors ripped up and an explanation made." He pointed out that the Wellington street school had been condemned on sanitary grounds. "If what Trustee Carr says about the danger of the pupils on the top floor falling to the bottom is true, we should have more expert advice," suggested Trustee Lazier. "Rot!" said Trustee Booker. Trustee Bell, however, endorsed Mr. Lazier's opinion. He also remarked that he did not think the board should spend money on buildings of architectural beauty. Plain, substantial buildings were all that were necessary.

An amendment to the motion by Trustee Bell, seconded by Trustee Callaghan, that an architect be engaged to report on the old building was voted down by a division of 9-8, and the Building Committee's report carried. Chairman Hobson suggested that in view of the alarming reports an architect should be engaged in any event, and on motion of Trustee Allan, Architect Peene was instructed to make a report, as well as prepare plans for the new building. "I understand two or three architects are getting all the work," suggested Trustee Lazier, inquiringly. "Just two," was the smiling reply of Trustee Callaghan.

"It ought to be more evenly distributed," suggested Trustee Lazier. AWARDED CONTRACTS. Chairman Allan reported that the Building Committee had awarded contracts as follows for the work on the eight room addition to the Barton Street School, which will be begun next week, and the board marked them with its approval. Brick and masonry work, W. H. Cooper . . . \$17,872

Carpentering, Jas. Calvert . . . 7,035
Plumbing and heating, Drake & Avery . . . 9,188
Plastering, A. Chapman . . . 1,813
Painting, D. Kemp . . . 1,862
Roofing, etc., J. E. Riddell . . . 673
Iron stairs, R. G. Olmsted . . . 1,810
Sewers, J. J. Armstrong . . . 150

Total . . . \$39,963
The cost of seating is estimated at \$2,000; electrical fixtures \$200 and architect's fees \$2,000. ART SCHOOL MATTERS. When the report of the Technical Committee on the proposition to take over the Art School, declaring all negotiations if there was no alternative, by which the school could be continued, by Chairman Howell, of the Technical Committee, explained the negotiations that had taken place. "They asked \$1,200," he said, "for equipment, which when we sent Principal Witton of the Technical School around to see, he reported we could purchase in the open market for \$500 or \$600 all that was needed. I don't know what they are going to do with the \$1,200 any more than the \$4,000 they have," he said. This money, he pointed out, was mostly raised at the art fair in the old drill hall for the purposes of an art school and now that the school was disbanded he thought the Board of Education was justified in carrying it if it was willing to carry on the work. Trustee Watkins pointed out that the money was partly subscribed by life members and the directors had certain obligations in this connection, which they must arrange about before disposing of the money.

"We offered to indemnify them against any such claims and the agreement could easily pass a bill covering legal difficulties," said Trustee Howell. "There was evidently a misunderstanding between the two bodies, said Trustee Lazier, who was very sorry that such was the case. "We have no money to carry on the work this year," said Chairman Hobson. "It would cost about \$1,500. I think the Board of Education will eventually take up the art part of the work and engage most of the old teachers at the Art School. They should not hold the money and if they turned it over to us we would carry on the work from September 1."

Trustee McCullough said he had never been at a meeting where it was so difficult to get at the bottom of matters as at the conference with the Art school directors. "If they will come in the open," he said, "and tell us what they intend doing with the money the atmosphere will be cleared. Perhaps they want it for an art gallery or some other object that will meet with general approval." This ended the discussion. ANOTHER WARM DISCUSSION. Chairman Howell, of the Technical Committee, pointed out that there was danger of overlapping of duties with Principal Thompson, head of the Collegiate Institute, and Principal Witton in charge of the Technical School, as both buildings were connected and pupils would pass from one to the other. When asked for his views, Principal Thompson said he had been given to understand, verbally, by several of the trustees, that when the Technical School was built under one head, as it should be. He had been invited to some of the meetings of the committee and ignored at other times. Then the committee advertised for a principal and appointed one. "If you are losing confidence in me you can tear up my application for next year," he said, rather warmly, and the remark caused a mild stir.

The proposal to make Principal Thompson boss of both buildings was opposed by Trustee Lamoreaux, who said that J. G. Witton was engaged as principal of the school. With due deference to Dr. Thompson, he was opposed to placing J. G. Witton in charge of both schools, and so forth. The scheme to make Mr. Witton secondary did not meet with his approval. "The old Normal School was a failure with two heads," he added. "Excuse me, it was not," said Principal Thompson. Trustee Lazier did not agree with Mr. Lamoreaux, and thought Principal Thompson should have general supervision.

Principal Thompson said he did not want to be misunderstood. In asking that the duties be defined, he had referred to general discipline and so forth, that where first class teachers were not available that teachers with second class certificates should be engaged, upon approval, their salaries to be \$25 below the minimum, to begin with. CARETAKER FOR TECHNICAL. Alex. Davidson is caretaker of the Collegiate. He has been offered an increase of \$800 or \$2,500 to look after all his own duties. Trustee Howell said that Mr. Davidson had informed him that he would cost more than \$600 to hire the help for the Technical School. The board decided, however, to appoint him at that salary to see how it works out. His salary will be increased if the amount is not enough. TO SORT OUT TEACHERS. On motion of Trustee Lazier a sub-committee was appointed to consider the application of teachers for the ensuing year. It is understood that there is some dispute about the qualifications of some of the teachers, and there may be a weeding out. The board decided to add Trustee Lazier's name to the committee, which will consist of Chairman Hobson, Trustees Lamoreaux, Wilson, Allan, Holden and Callaghan. DEBENTURES FOR \$85,000. The board decided to ask the City Council to issue debentures to the amount of \$82,000, of which \$50,000 will

The Right House
HAMILTON'S FAVORITE SHOPPING PLACE

Great annual July reduction clearing sales start to-morrow of handsome Summer goods

OUR greatest annual reduction clearance sale of years in beautiful, clean, up-to-date Summer goods of fashion and need begins to-morrow, just in your greatest needtime, with the greatest price reductions on very latest and exclusive styles, and in addition are several great price sacrifice special purchases specially secured for this great event. The immense great clearing sale begins to-morrow. Secure your full share and save many dollars.

\$10 new wash dresses \$6.88

35 of this season's exquisite and exclusive Princess and Tailored styles of perfect fitting, plain colored and striped and all White Dresses of Muslins, Chambrays, Linenes, Mercerized Irish Linens, etc., becomingly trimmed in simple to elaborate inserting and edging in Val., Cluny and Venise Point Lace; Swiss embroideries, fine tuckings and pipings; self covered buttons; some with inset yokes of lace, embroidery and crossbar muslin. Very dressy to smartly tailored styles, in plain and two color combinations of sky, pink, helio, mauve, old rose, cadet, grey, tan, green, white. Our special \$10.00 dresses, in immense variety. To-morrow your choice at... **\$6.88**

Other wash dresses reduced

50 other beautiful New Wash Dresses and Suits marked to reduced prices. A great July price sacrifice clearing sale of beautiful new this season's dainty Wash Dresses and Nobby Wash Suits awaits you to-morrow. Simple to elaborate styles; dainty Muslins, stripes, Percales, Dimities, Mulls, to plain Linens and Linenes of all fashionable shades and white. Richly lace and embroidery trimmed; pin tucks, plaiced, inset yokes, self covered buttons. A beautiful lot. All reduced as under: **\$1.19, formerly \$2.00** **\$3.50, formerly \$5.00** **\$4.50, formerly \$6.00** **\$7.50, formerly \$11.50** **\$12.50, formerly \$20.00** **\$15.00, formerly \$27.00**

N. Y. tan linene suits \$6.50

Smartly tailored two-piece tan and ecru Linene Wash Suits in semi-fitting styles. Nice 38-inch long coat with tailored collar and envelope patch pocket of darker material; single-breasted with two vents up back and finished above with three large covered buttons on each side of vent. Nine gored skirt with plait down centre panel, trimmed on each with five self-covered buttons. All sizes to... **\$6.50**

\$5 white organdie dresses only \$2.88

Pretty one-piece Princess, also two-piece dress styles, White Organdie Muslin, also dainty flowered Muslin weaves; embroidery inserted; Val. lace edged and five tucked trimmed. Most becoming and dainty. Our regular good \$5.00 Dresses, to-morrow... **\$2.88**

\$10 wash suits \$6.88

Reduced from \$10.00. They join the great clearing sale to-morrow. Semi-fitting styles in Repp. Coat is smartly trimmed in contrasting shade, large button trimmed, flat stole collar and cutaway front. Fashionable, plain gored skirt. Our regular \$10.00 suit.

Great clearance of surplus quantities of good Summer stockings and underwear

A tremendous reduction clearance sale begins to-morrow of all surplus quantities **RIGHT HOUSE** Stockings and Underwear for women, misses and children and added are three special purchase lots at one-third below regular good values.

Lisle and cotton stockings
12 1/2c, reduced from 20c
35c, reduced from 50c
25c, reduced from 35c and 40c
50c, reduced from 75c and 85c
3 for 50c, formerly 25c pair

All sizes (including out sizes) in a great variety of regular makes reduced because there are too many. There are plain, embroidered, spotted and lace open work styles in black, white, tan, navy, Copenhagen, sky, pink and grey, in lisle mostly—some few in cotton. A few in mercerized, a few with cashmere also Balbriggan feet. Altogether a tremendous reduction clearing sale of good Stockings.

Children's stocking sale
5c, formerly 10c
17c, formerly 25c
25c, formerly 40c
Children's plain also ribbed Cotton Stockings (a few lisle sox)—a few in lace open work style. Black and tan shades—all sizes. Good hawthorn qualities.

Lisle and cotton knit underwear
13c, regular good value 20c
19c, regular good value 25c
25c, regular good value 40c
35c, reduced from 50c
50c, reduced from 75c

A great special purchase for this July sale of best white Cotton Knit Vests and Drawers and an outright reduction sale of beautiful Swiss-made Lisle Vests. Styles are short sleeves, no sleeves and long sleeves. Plain and lace trimmed. Assorted sizes and altogether an immense Summer underprice sale of much merit.

Children's vests and drawers
15c, reduced from 20c, 25c and 38c
Children's white cotton knit high neck Vests with short and long sleeves and knee length Drawers. Nice quality, assorted sizes. Formerly 20c, 25c and 15c
28c. To-morrow... **15c**

Exceptional values in white Swiss lisle vests
Splendid assortment of White Knit Swiss Lisle Vests in plain and crocheted, also lace trimmed and silk finished styles. Quite exceptional values in sleeveless and short sleeve Vests at 50c, 65c and 75c.

CORNER KING EAST AND HUGHSON STS. **THOMAS C. WATKINS** HAMILTON, ONTARIO

COUNCIL TO DECIDE IT.

Committee Could Not Agree on Number of Aldermen.

Kinrade Jurors Will Get Nothing But Ordinary Fees.

Grant Made For Garbage Collection on Mountain.

Such a difference of opinion existed as to the advisability of reducing the number of aldermen or rearranging the wards that the Finance Committee yesterday afternoon decided to let the council thresh it out. A letter was read from City Solicitor Waddell saying that if any action was to be taken this year it must be done before July 15. The committee sidestepped this difficulty by merely passing a resolution, stating it was expedient to reduce the number of aldermen, without specifying how it shall be done.

Two courses are open. The council can rearrange the wards, making four or five districts with three representatives from each, the new arrangement to go into effect at the next election, or submit a by-law to the people in January, reducing the number of aldermen from each ward. This would make it necessary to have twenty-one aldermen next year, in addition to the Board of Control.

Ald. Leas wanted to know what was to be gained by reducing the size of the council. "We would never get through our meetings with twenty-five aldermen," said the Mayor. Some of the aldermen favored having two aldermen from each ward and seven wards. The council on Monday night will settle the question.

The Kinrade jurors will receive only the ordinary fees for their strenuous labors in connection with the celebrated inquest. The committee so decided after hearing a letter read from Deputy-Attorney-General Cartwright, to the effect that the Government could not see its way clear to establish a precedent in this case by paying the fees. The jurors had been led to expect that they would receive double fees.

The pure milk campaign for babies in hot weather is to be a go after all. Dr. Roberts, Medical Health Officer, appeared before the committee and on motion of Ald. Leas, a grant of \$100 to the Victorian Order of Nurses, which will have charge of the distribution. The balance of the money will be raised by private subscription.

Dr. Roberts reported that it would cost \$200 to make a garbage collection once a week in the east end mountain top and once every two weeks in the eastern annex. The money was voted. Edward Morwick appeared on behalf of the Hamilton Swimming Association, which asked for a donation for medals for the swimming carnival to be held in August 7, the first event of its kind in Canada, and which will bring swimmers from all parts of Canada. The committee voted \$50.

"These are all commendable objects," said Chairman Peregrine, "but the time is coming when we will have to cut out a lot of these things." K. L. Aitken, a Toronto electrical expert, who has an account of \$300 against the city in connection with the old street lighting arbitration, wrote saying that it was long overdue, and unless it was paid by July 15 he would draw at sight on the city. The clerk was instructed to ask him to wait until the city solicitor reported on the matter.

Ald. Guy was appointed to represent Hamilton on the committee being formed in Toronto to ask the Government to widen and deepen the Welland Canal, also Burlington and other harbors on the lake.

The aldermen quickly set their feet down on the suggestion to send a delegate to Calgary to attend the convention of the Union of Canadian Municipalities.

TRIED TO CUT HIS THROAT.
Insane Ingersoll Man in Padded Cell in Detroit.

Detroit, Mich., July 8.—Displaying marked symptoms of insanity, Howard McMane, of Ingersoll, Ont., was taken into custody here to-day, and placed in a padded cell at Red Cross Hospital, after two other institutions had refused to admit him. McMane tried to cut his throat. He is suffering from a religious mania, the physicians say.

LEGAL BUT IMMORAL.
British Church Council Denounces Deceased Wife's Sister Act.

ELSIE SIGEL'S CASE.

Men Alone Should Do Missionary Work Among Chinese.

The case of Miss Elsie Sigel, of New York, whose murder by a member of New York's Chinese colony has almost stirred up a race war, suggests that young American women who go about the task of educating and Christianizing Chinese take some dreadful risks. The opium dens which infest the large cities of the country, where Chinese have formed colonies, constitute a comparatively new danger to American morality and civilization. That the American Sunday school, an institution which is general above reproach and which has so much to do with turning out young men and women who are equal, mentally, morally and physically, to the duties of citizenship, motherhood and child rearing—that this institution should be the means of introducing an intolerable vice and leading many to become victims of the opium habit seems almost beyond belief. Yet it is shown to be true in the tragedies, the mistakes and ill-judged marriages or unconventional and illegal alliances that have come about in consequence of the association between Chinese and American young women in such mission work.

The conditions which have been revealed by developments in the Sigel case and by somewhat similar episodes that have preceded it have created a strong sentiment to the effect that men alone should do missionary work among the Chinese in this country. The opium traffic has been abolished by imperial decree in China itself. Yet in the United States, where the traffic has for some time been under the ban of the law, the habit of smoking opium is on the increase, it is said, and the vice infests the victims among the highest and least of the victims among the society. It is charged that the young women who undertake the education and Christianizing of Chinese run in much danger of being themselves made the victims of vice which are common among these Oriental people, the influence of their angels being unwholesome and their wiles so cunning as to be hard to withstand. Once under the control of the Asiatic hypnotizer and his "dope" the fair missionary worker finds it hard to retrace the path back to health, morality and respectability.

It was one of the victims of the opium habit, a woman who had once been a respected member of a Christian church and who was led astray by her associations with Chinese in Sunday school work, who wrote thus: "Every Chinese tries to get his teacher into some corner of the room as far as possible from the other groups as possible. The pupil is learning to read from a primer. As the lesson goes on their chairs are moved until their faces are so close together the girl can feel the breath of the Chinese on her cheek. Their glances meet many times during the lesson, and their eyes are always fastened on her face. After that it's only a question of months when she gets to be the same kind of opium fiend I am."

That an innocent and unsuspecting girl could be brought under the influence of that dreaded drug, opium, and do as she does freely and trustfully as if she had herself "hit the pipe" simply by absorbing the fumes of a Chinese opium laden breath was news to many people before Charles Krug, the superintendent of the Chinese Sunday school of the Church of the Strangers, New York, issued orders that tables should be placed between each Chinese pupil and his American teacher. The Chinese when they found that the order was not to be withdrawn deserted the school in a body.

The better class of Chinese in this country are alive to the ill-repute brought upon their countrymen by cases like that of Miss Sigel, and the Chinese Legation at the national capital has shown that it has no sympathy with vice by sending out orders to consuls throughout the United States to render all possible aid toward the apprehension of those who should be consular-general at New York, Wee Chow, has been especially active in rendering aid in the apprehension of those responsible for or connected with the death of Miss Sigel.

BEGAN WORK YESTERDAY.

Workmen began yesterday to dismantle the interior of All Saints' Church, and next Sunday the services will be held in the Sunday school, and will continue to be held there until the work on the church is completed. Those who have seen the new elevators from the King street side have been very much impressed with its dignity and beauty. It is an assured thing that when the renovations are complete, the appearance of the church will be wonderfully improved.

Seasonable Goods

At Gerrie's drug store, 32 James street, north. Jar rubbers, dark 6c dozen of 6 dozen 25c, white 10c dozen or 3 dozen 25c; heavy red 15c dozen or 2 dozen 25c; paraffin wax 15c lb.; bottle wax, in tins, 10c; water glass, for preserving eggs, 15c tin, or 2 tins 25c.

Yesterday afternoon George Bonney, of 70 Bellevue avenue, Toronto, had his foot so badly crushed in the C. P. R. repair shops that he had to be taken to the Western Hospital, where the foot was amputated.

Yest. afternoon George Bonney, of 70 Bellevue avenue, Toronto, had his foot so badly crushed in the C. P. R. repair shops that he had to be taken to the Western Hospital, where the foot was amputated.

be for the Barton street school addition, and the balance for purchasing land on Barton street, also adjoining the Stinson and Hess street schools. Another \$20,000 will be asked for completing the Technical School.

TECHNICAL SCHOOL APPOINTMENTS.
The following recommendations by the Technical Committee were adopted: That Mr. Frank E. Braucht be appointed instructor in the machine room, at a salary of \$1,200 per annum, duties to commence Sept. 1, 1909.

That Mr. Julian H. Thomas be appointed instructor in the forge room on probation until Dec. 30, 1909, at a salary of \$800 per annum, duties to commence Sept. 1, 1909.

That Mr. Henry N. Nold be appointed instructor in the electrical department, at a salary of \$1,200 per annum, duties to commence June 21, 1909.

That the fees for the Technical School be \$1 per month for resident pupils, and \$2 per month for non-resident pupils for night classes of three nights per week, and any attending both day and night classes be allowed to do so at the day fees.

NEW TEACHERS.
The following appointments to the Public school teaching staff were authorized: Miss Nina Duncan, Miss Nellie Evans, Miss Margaret Fleck, Miss Mary Hill, Miss Helen Husband, Miss Grace McHaffie, Miss Isla McLeod and Miss Margaret Freeman, of Lindsay, was appointed assistant teacher of classics at the Collegiate.

Misses Marion L. Bennett, Frances A. Bennett and Bernah Watson were applicants for positions on the Public school teaching staff.

SALARY INCREASES.
The salary increases recommended by the Special Salary and Internal Management Com.tee, including the \$400 increase to Secretary R. H. Foster, were approved by the board. The increases included: A. E. Wilcox, manual training teacher, at \$1,000; Drill Instructor Smye, \$100, with annual in-

crease of \$100 until \$1,000 is reached; S. Allingham, caretaker Caroline Street School, from \$525 to \$575; A. Bowman, Hess Street school, \$625 to \$675; H. Voelker, King Edward School, from \$550 to \$575; T. Godsal, Queen Victoria School, from \$600 to \$650; F. A. Walters, Ryerson School, \$800 to \$900; Mrs. McKenzie, Stinson Street School, \$525 to \$550; A. Clark, Wentworth Street School, \$800 to \$900; W. McVea, West Avenue School, \$500 to \$550; A. J. Painter, manual training teacher at Normal School, who has been receiving \$550 from the Government and \$50 from the board, was increased \$50, making his total salary \$1,100. Miss Bennetto, principal of Picton Street School, was increased from \$900 to \$1,000. All the increases are to date from Jan. 1 next.

The following recommendation was also endorsed: That Sergt.-Major Gilmore, of the 91st Regiment, be engaged as assistant drill instructor for the Public schools, at a salary of \$600 per annum, duties to commence Jan. 1, 1910.

GARE OF CURRANT BUSHES.
Set your currant bushes quite deep, and let them get a good grip of the soil, for if they do not, an open winter has a way of getting under the roots and heaving them out. I always mulch them heavily with coal ashes, or some other good mulch, and the ground must be kept clean. If set where quack grass has the slightest hold, it will tangle itself into the roots and finally beat you. The soil should also be very thoroughly underdrained with slope or tile. While the currant likes a moist soil it cannot endure a wet or mucky place. The rows should be about six feet apart, leaving sufficient room for the cultivator, and this should be run constantly until picking begins. The bushes should just about reach over to each other with their tips. It is well enough to shade the ground, but leaving the bushes open to sunshine and air. Trimming the currant is a simple affair, after you have once solved it; but do not let an inexperienced hand get hold of the job, for he will likely reach over to such other with their tips. Most of the new shoots are suckers, which are likely to be abundant. If these grow they will take the life from the larger stalks, and you will soon have a mass of dead wood, and of live wood that cannot produce fruit. The old wood should never be cut until it gets brittle and can be replaced with new stems. That is, allow one or two of the very best of the new canes to remain, provided you see a probable need of them. A current stem should bear fruit for a least five years.—E. P. Powell, in the *Cutting Magazine* for July.

SAVED A BULL.
An interesting narrative entitled "A Hero Life-Study," being incidents in the remarkable career of Nicholas Oberling, of Lawrenceburg, Ind., appears in the June issue of the *Wide World Magazine*. Oberling had been put in charge of the ferry and several days after he entered upon his duties, Colonel Willis, of Boone county, Kentucky, was taking a drove of cattle across from Lawrenceburg on the ferry-boat when a vicious bull, whose feet had been hobbled as a precaution against accident, partially broke from its fastenings and plunged overboard in mid-stream, sinking almost immediately. Oberling volunteered to rescue the animal. With a keen-bladed knife clutched between his teeth he dived to the bottom of the river, where he speedily located the bull and liberated it with a few strokes of the sharp blade. Freed of its fetters, the animal roared as one to the surface. Oberling, however, was less fortunate. His efforts to free the bull had caused him to sink almost knee-deep in a treacherous quagmire at the bottom of the river, and it was only through almost superhuman exertion that he succeeded in extricating himself. When the drove reached the surface his strength was nearly spent, but his presence of mind did not desert him. Espying the bull, which was a short distance away, swimming lustily for the shore, he, with a last desperate effort reached out and grasped it by the tail, where he clung, utterly exhausted, until the animal towed him ashore.

If the colored candles used for guest tables and other festive occasions become soiled before they are consumed, they can be nicely washed with a soft brush, white soap and warm water. Tooth brushes may be washed in a strong solution of salt and water.

Showing Where Silver is Found -- Gow Ganda

An illustrated booklet with two maps of the district showing properties on Lake Gow Ganda, location of Bartlett Mines and relations of the district to an adjacent and more extensive one. These will be sent free to anyone on request. It tells all about the Bartlett Mines. Ask for Booklet A.

F. B. ARTHUR, Rep. E. R. BARTLETT & CO., Ltd. Room 503, Bank of Hamilton Bldg., Phone 364, HAMILTON

MARKETS AND FINANCE

Toronto Markets

LIVE STOCK.

The railways reported 114 carloads of live stock for Wednesday, and Thursday, consisting of 1,584 cattle, 2,790 hogs, 1,100 sheep and lambs, and 493 calves. The quality of cattle generally was not as good as the deliveries for many weeks past, but this was to be expected. Trade was slow, with market dull, and prices lower, from 40 to 50c per cwt. Cattle were selling for 30c per cwt. less than was bid for them on Tuesday. One load of steers that cost \$5 per cwt. in the country sold at \$4.80 to-day, and this was one instance out of many of a similar nature.

There were far too many cattle offered, over 8,500 during the week, which caused a break in prices for all classes. Exporters—Few exporters were offered, about three carloads, and there were few of medium quality, selling at \$3.20 to \$6.65 per cwt.; bulls, \$4.50 to \$5 per cwt. Butchers—Geo. Rowntree bought 1,000 cattle for the Harris Abattoir Co., as follows: Butchers' steers and heifers, \$4.00 to \$5.60; cows, \$3.15 to \$4.15.

Stocks and Feeders—Harry Murby reports a light trade in stockers and feeders. Mr. Murby bought 250 during the week at following prices: Steers, 90c to 1,000 lbs. each, at \$4 to \$4.25; steers, 800 to 900 lbs. each, at \$3.50 to \$4; fair to good stockers, \$3 to \$3.50; common stockers, \$2.50 to \$2.75.

Milkers and Springers—Trade in milkers and springers was the worst in many months, only good to choice quality being saleable, and they sold at lower quotations. Prices ranged from \$22 to \$52 each. Common light cows are not wanted. Veal Calves—Receipts of 500 sold at steady prices, ranging from \$3 to \$6 per cwt. for bulk, but a very few choice veals sold at \$6.50.

Sheep and Lambs—Prices were reported steady for sheep and lambs. Export lots, \$5.50 to \$7 per cwt.; rams, \$3 per cwt.; lambs, \$6.50 to \$7.50 per cwt. Hogs—The market for hogs closed very strong at the highest quotations of the week. Selects, fed and watered, \$8.20 and \$7.85 to \$7.95 c. o. b. cars at country points.

FARMERS' MARKET. Farmers are in the midst of having, and this partly accounts for the small supplies of hay and grain coming forward. About 200 bushels of oats sold at 61c. Wheat lower, a load of fall selling at \$1.25 per bushel. A load of new green hay sold at \$8.50, and ten loads of old at \$13 to \$15 a ton. Straw is quoted at \$12 a ton. Dressed hogs continue firm, selling at \$11 for heavy, and at \$11.25 to \$11.50 for light.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Wheat, Do., geese, Butte, Do., inferior, Peas, Do., Hay, Dressed hogs, Do., inferior, Eggs, Dozen, Chickens, Do., yearlings, Poultry, Celery, Potatoes, Apples, Beef, Do., forequarters, Do., choice, Do., medium, Mutton, Lamb, Spring lamb.

FRUIT MARKET. Fruit receipts were only moderate to-day and prices were steady. Quotations as follows: Bananas, per bunch, \$1.50 to \$2.00; Strawberries, 0.07 to 0.08; Gooseberries, 1.00 to 1.15; Cherries, eating, 1.00 to 1.25; Do., cooking, 0.75 to 0.85; Apples, 3.50 to 4.00; Lemons, 5.00 to 6.00; Pineapples, 2.00 to 2.50; Peaches, Cal., box, 1.50 to 1.75; Plums, Cal., box, 2.00 to 2.25; Apricots, box, 1.75 to 2.00; Watermelons, 0.30 to 0.35; Cabbages, crate, 3.50 to 4.00; Tomatoes, Can., bkt., 1.25 to 0.00; Onions, Bermuda, crate, 1.00 to 0.00; Cucumbers, per hamper, 0.75 to 1.00; Asparagus, basket, 1.00 to 1.25; Cantaloupes, new, bbl., 3.25 to 3.75; Cantaloupes, case, 5.00 to 0.00.

SUGAR MARKET. St. Lawrence sugars are quoted as follows: Granulated, \$4.70 per cwt., in barrels, and No. 1 golden, \$4.50 per cwt., in barrels. These prices are for delivery here. Car lots, 5c less. In 100-lb. bags, prices are 5c less.

OTHER MARKETS. WINNEPEG WHEAT MARKET. Wheat—July \$1.28 1/8 bid, October \$1.38 3/4, December \$1.03 5/8 bid. Oats—July \$2 3/4, October \$2 3/4 bid. THE CHEESE MARKET. Kingston, Ont.—There were 351 white and 931 colored cheese registered at Frontenac Board to-day. The sales were \$113,810 to \$114,200. Belleville, Ont.—To-day there were offered 2,650 white cheese. Sales, \$1,000 at \$11.25; 1,400 at \$11.16; balance refused at \$11.16. Brockville, Ont.—To-day 4,377 boxes

New York Stocks

NEW YORK MARKET.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Atchafson, Amal. Copper, Am. Car. Fdy., Am. Loco., Smelters, Brooklyn, Great Nor. pref., Ilt. & Ohio, Can. Pac., Col. Fuel, Ches. & Ohio, Distillers, Erie, Erie First, Ills. Cent., M. K. T., Lead & Zinc, Lead & Zinc, M. O. C., M. O. C., Nor. Pac., N. Y. C., O. & W., Penna., Reading, Rock Island, Sou. Pac., St. Paul, Texas, Union Pac., U. S. Steel, U. S. Steel pref., Sales, 1 o'clock, Three o'clock—Closing.

NEW YORK MARKET.

Supplied by R. B. Lyman & Co., stock brokers; J. A. Beaver, manager. Offices, 3 and 4, ground floor, Federal Life building, Hamilton, Canada.

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Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Amalgamated, Beaver, Cobalt Central, Cobalt Lake, Crown Reserve, Chambers-Ferland, Kier Lake, Little Nipissing, McKinley-Darragh, Nipissing, Nova Scotia, Peterson Lake, Silver Lead, Silver Queen, Temiskaming, Tretwey, Bid, Asked.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Wheat, opening, unchanged to 1/8 higher; closing, 3/8 to 1/2 lower.

LONDON MARKET.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like A.N.C., A.C.P., Atek., C.P.R., Erie first, Den., Ills., M. K. T., M. K. T. pref., B. & O., N. P., N. Y. C., O. W., Penna., R. D. G., So. Pac., So. Ry., U. P., U. S., U. S. pref., Wab., Wab. pref., Bid, Asked.

DROWNED HERSELF

Dresden Woman Jumps Into the Sydenham River. Chatham, July 9.—Mrs. J. Wright, wife of the senior member of the prominent Dresden firm of Wright & Hughes, left her home at seven o'clock this morning, clad only in a night robe, and jumped into the Sydenham River. Captain Ribble saw the act from a distance and gave the alarm. The woman's body was recovered twenty minutes later. Mrs. Wright was in ill-health, which had induced melancholia. She had been married only about a year and was forty years old.

SHOT HIS BOY.

Five-Year-Old Child, Walking in His Sleep, the Victim.

His Father Thought He Was a Burglar and Fired.

Gallon, O., July 9.—Thinking his sleep-walking son a burglar, Fred Klopp, an expert machinist, 35 years old, early in the morning fired three bullets into the five-year-old boy's body. The child died in his distracted father's arms. Mrs. Klopp was awakened at 1 o'clock in the morning and heard some one moving in the dining room on the first floor. She remembered, however, that Herbert, victim of his father's bullets, and his little sister were supposed to be asleep in their room on the second floor, but the mother knew of Herbert's sleep walking, and listened for some time. She remembered, however, that Herbert had never wandered down stairs and felt certain he could not have done so without falling.

A BAD CASE.

Aged Resident of Brantford Charged With Assaulting Child.

Brantford, Ont., July 9.—At to-day's police court rather an odd and serious case was brought against one of our most popular citizens. The prisoner has reached the allotted years of man, three score and ten, and was to-day at police court, charged with assault on a child seven years old. There was four or five arrested on the charge, but the little girl identified the aged citizen as being the guilty party. The prisoner has been very highly respected, and has held many important offices from the citizens. The case has been adjourned. The prisoner is out on \$1,000 bail.

THEY ARE LOYAL.

Boers Would Fight For Great Britain, Says Major.

London, July 9.—Major Duncan Stuart, who has returned to London from South Africa, believes the results of the war have been wholly good. The major is wholly accurate to gauge the situation because he was in Johannesburg before the war with the Boers and has been there continuously since. "The Empire seems to become involved in war to-morrow," he said in an interview, "the Dutch of South Africa would be found fighting under the banners of Great Britain."

BLOWN UP.

Explosion in Detroit Does a Lot of Damage to Property.

Detroit, Mich., July 9.—As an outcome, the police think, of labor troubles, a suit case containing gun cotton was placed under a pile of steel girders early to-day in the yard of the Whitehead & Kates plant on Becher avenue, and exploded. The terrific explosion wrecked windows for half a mile around, causing considerable damage to nearby factories, especially the plant of the Seitz Auto & Transmission Co., where all of the windows were smashed and some of the machinery was thrown off its balance.

TIDES OF PUGET SOUND

Reach a Height of 20 Feet—Dangerous Stretch of Water.

The waters of the Narrows, of which a party of University of Puget Sound students escaped through good fortune after a boat was upset, are treacherous. It is a place of terrible tides. "I leaved from the precipitous shores the surging water was magnificent. The scene has been compared with the Hudson above New York city. The waters of that part of Puget Sound which extends to Olympia, Mud Bay, Shelton and Henderson Bay, a vast inland sea within itself, all flow in and out of the Narrows."

Great Sale of Net Waists at McKay's

R. McKay & Co. place on sale to-morrow an immense purchase of net waists, secured at a low rate in the dollar, from a New York manufacturing concern, makers of high grade women's waists; 300 in the lot, embracing popular colors, such as navy, brown, green, Copenhagen, pale blue, pink, cream, white and black. Decidedly the most fortunate purchase in women's high class waists ever offered to the women of Hamilton. Made of the very best quality net, with net underlining. These waists were made up by the manufacturer for the fall trade, which fact makes these lovely style waists all the more attractive, both in regard to style and quality. Visit McKay's waist department to-morrow, and view these waists on sale. They are worth regular \$4.50 and \$5.00, sale price only \$1.40.

HUTCHISON-HOLMES.

A quiet wedding was solemnized at Knox Church Wednesday, July 7, at 5 p. m., it being the marriage of Mabel Agnes, daughter of Mrs. N. Holmes, 74 West avenue north, and granddaughter of Thomas Burrows, to C. Victor Hutchison, of Heintzman & Co. Rev. E. A. Mitchell, B. A., officiated. The bride looked charming in a brown broadcloth tailor-made suit and hat to match. The groom is the popular tenor soloist of Centenary Church choir. The happy couple left on the 5:40 train for Detroit and western points, and upon their return will reside at the Beach. They received a large number of beautiful gifts, which show the esteem in which both are held.

TO MARRY PRINCE.

London, July 9.—The Austrian Embassy here to-day announced the engagement of Prince Miguel of Braganza, eldest son of Duke Michael, the pretender to the Portuguese throne, to Miss Anna Stewart, daughter of Mrs. James Henry Smith, of New York. Prince Miguel of Braganza was born at Ribemont, Lower Austria, September 22, 1878. He is the son of Duke Michael, and his first wife, Princess Elizabeth of Thurn-and-Taxis, whom he married in 1877. Miss Anna Stewart is the daughter of Mrs. James Henry Smith, who was formerly the wife of William Rhineland Stewart. Mr. Smith died while the family was travelling in Japan two years ago, leaving an estate estimated at about \$30,000,000.

FOR LONG TOM

Manager Mintz Wants Some One Better Than Shrub.

Toronto, Ont., July 9.—Soi. Mintz, of Hamilton, who has purchased Tom Longboat's contract from Pat Powers, to-day turned down an offer to run Alfred Shrub another series of races at 10, 12 and 18 miles. Longboat, he points out, has beaten Shrub twice, and the public want to see the Indian against Svanberg, St. Ives, Sellen, Meadows and other cracks. Mintz says he considers Svanberg a tougher man than Shrub at 15 miles, and intimates that the Indian and the Swede may be matched.

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The Journal of a Neglected Baby

(By Barbara Blair, in Buffalo Exchange)

The infant next door was telling me to-day about the pleasant times she has with her father.

She says that he dandles her on his knee, tosses her in the air and allows her to pull his hair, bang his ears and swing on his nose. She says that he is the most useful punching bag and muscle developer that she has been able to discover.

How attractive this sounds! How delightful such companionship must be! She tells me, too, that quite often in the early morning, about 2 or 3 o'clock, she and her father take a long walk.

She says she always embraces this opportunity to tell her father all her troubles, and that he listens very patiently. She complains, however, that they have very unpleasant neighbors who frequently interrupt her conversations with her father by putting their heads out of windows and shouting such rude and insulting remarks as:

"Can't you keep that child quiet?" "We would like to get some sleep up here." "I love your wife, but oh, that kid!"

She says this always irritates her so that she talks louder and faster than ever, until her father begins patting her softly on the back and telling her nice stories in a soft, deep, soothing voice, and then she says she snuggles up close to him and drops off to sleep.

What a fortunate baby she is. And what a lovely little baby I am. No body loves me and there isn't anybody's hair I can pull. My mother is always at receptions and teas, and my father lives in Wall street.

Sometimes my father comes in to see me. When he comes in he says: "Is the child well, nurse?" "Then he holds out one finger politely to me, while he gazes with a worried frown on his face over my head. I catch the finger in all of mine and hold it tight. Oh, how I cling with all the strength I have! I coo and gurgle and give him a tiny wiggle. I want him to know what a little sport I am, and that he would really enjoy the time he spent with me. But my father only says absently, "Ah, the child seems very well, nurse, very well indeed!" and left me.

You see, my father is so busy making money for me to spend when I grow up that he hasn't any time to love me now. I am afraid when he has made the money and looks around for me he will be here then. When he wants them, there won't be any baby fingers to cling.

My father passed me on the street to-day while I was in my carriage. He stopped and looked at me as so many people do, but without any sign of recognition on his face.

How madly I bit my rattle! Would he know me? Would he thrill of paternal pride tell him who I was? Surely, surely he would know! I am told I have my father's nose. Now, as he bent over me, I wriggled it eagerly. It is a cunning little way I have. I heard a woman say once, "Oh, watch it wriggle its dear little nose. Isn't it cute?"

I have practiced it frequently since then. So now as my father's eyes searched my face, I wriggled my nose anxiously and smiled up at him. He smiled back and poked his finger under my chin. Usually I resent such a liberty from a stranger, but oh, how happy it made me when my father did it! I kicked my covering off and held up my new shoes for him to admire. My dress is inconveniently long, but I have learned to mend it very gracefully. A well directed kick soon disposes of it.

My father laughed. "Ah! Quite a jolly little kid. Is it yours, young woman?" "No, sir," said the young woman respectfully, "it is yours, sir."

DECAY OF THE TEETH.

The Three Principal Causes—Food That is Cleansing in Effect.

Of all physical ailments to which the human race is subject decay of the teeth is perhaps the most general and widespread. This is true at least of modern times, for examination of ancient skulls has shown that although the ancients suffered from decaying teeth they did not suffer to such an extent as we do to-day. The examination of the school children of the present day betrays an appalling state of affairs in this regard.

We know that the tooth itself is covered with a shield of enamel which is intended to remain intact and preserve the dentine or real tooth material, from the assaults of harmful germs formed in the mouth, principally by reason of the lodgment of particles of food between the teeth or in small depression and dents. Certain kinds of food, especially sugars and starchy foods, if allowed to remain in contact with the teeth set up an acid fermentation, during which the bacteria which are produced literally feed upon the enamel and when that is gone burrowing down into the dentine until the pulp of the tooth is exposed. As soon as they reach the nerve of the tooth a terrible toothache announces the fact.

There are three causes behind all this trouble—improper food, wrong ways of eating and lack of cleanliness. The mistake of serving too much overcooked, soft food is responsible for much of the trouble, and this is just as true for little children as it is for adults. The teeth were given us to bite with and to chew with, and if they are defrauded of their natural work they become unhealthy.

In addition to this, says the Youth's Companion, certain articles of food, such as raw apples and nuts, which call for mastication before swallowing are absolutely cleansing in their effect upon the teeth. Mechanically they remove masses of soft decomposing material. Besides this, masticating promotes the flow of saliva, which in its turn helps the growth of the good germs which are needed to fight the bad ones, for it should be remembered when it is said that the mouth is always full of bacteria that the good germs are making a brave fight to keep as well as everywhere else in the body.

Finally a tooth brush should be the first birthday present, and its regular and persistent use should be made a most important part of the child's early training. A simple alkaline tooth powder or cream should be used once a day, and the dentist should be consulted at regular intervals, because there is no matter in which prevention is so surely better than cure as in the care of the teeth.



HEADQUARTERS THIRTEENTH REGIMENT. Regimental Orders by Lieut.-Col. E. E. Westworth Moore, Commanding.

Hamilton, July 8th, 1909. No. 57.—The following extract from M. O. 143 is published for the information of this corps:

"Advertising to M. O. 355 (a) 108, the leave therein granted to Lieut. J. H. Parry, 13th Regiment, is extended to the 1st October, 1909."

No. 58.—By kindness of Colonel the Hon. J. M. Gibson, a junior team, consisting of five members, will be sent to the Dominion of Wales. A selection matches at Ottawa, to represent the Regiment.

Places on this team will be decided as follows: Those eligible to compete shall qualify by firing four matches at 200, 500 and 600 yards, seven shots at each range, with a single sight.

The aggregate of the three best scores shall decide the position on the team. It is not necessary that all competitors shall compete in all four matches. All competitors shall complete their score during the regular Saturday afternoon hours of practice.

No coaching will be allowed. The dates for the qualifying matches will be as follows: Entries Saturday, July 10th. Matches on Saturdays, July 17th, 24th, 31st and Aug. 7th.

PERCY DOMVILLE, Captain, Adjutant.

TO PETEWAWA

Twenty-Six From Battery Going on July 20.

Headquarters Fourth Battery, C. F. A., July 9, 1909. Battery Orders.

No. 1.—The following firing detachment will leave Hamilton on Tuesday evening, 20th July, for Petewawa. Officers, four (4). Sergt.-Major (1). Quartermaster Sgt. (1). Sergeants (4). Gun layers (8). Gunners (8).

As there will be a special course of Gun Layers at Petewawa, commencing Monday, 26th July, the firing of the detachment all gun layers who can go before the 20th will communicate with the sergeant-major at once.

No. 2.—Specialist pay of 25 cents per day for 16 days over and above ordinary pay will be drawn for gun layers that past the test as well as prizes for gun laying and fuzee setting.

In addition \$25 will be divided equally amongst the Nos. One of the winning battery of each group, and \$10 amongst the Nos. One of the Battery winning second place.

W. O. Tidwell, Major, Commanding 4th Battery, C.F.A.

BEARS AS HONEY HUNTERS.

In Their Search They Destroy Apiaries of Texas Farmers.

The beekeepers of the Wharton section frequently suffer losses from the depredations of bears. Various kinds of devices are used to protect the apiaries from the invasion of these animals. The trap gun is one of the most effective guardians of the beehives. The fact, however, that more or less danger is incurred to innocent human beings who might accidentally throw the spring of a trap gun causes many of the apiarists to prefer to keep an armed guard over their beehives.

The Caney bottoms, situated a short distance from Wharton, are the natural habitat of many black bears. The animals seem to have a keen scent for honey, and they make nightly incursions into the adjacent territory in search of a feast of their favorite sweets. One bear can play havoc with an apiary in short order. He knocks the stands over one by one with his ponderous paws and quickly obtains an opening into the honey compartments. The average bear has a large capacity for honey and one of the animals has been known to clean up a score of beehives in a single night.

Henry Carter, who has a large apiary in the Boling neighborhood, had an exciting experience with two honey-loving bears recently. He has a pack of bear dogs, which he keeps about his place to guard his bees against the attacks of bruisers. The kennel of these dogs is close to the hives, and no bear cared to venture close to the spot. A neighbor borrowed the pack to trail down some bears that had been giving him trouble, and failed to return the dogs at night. Mr. Carter was awakened about midnight by a noise which came from his orchard, where his bee colonies were located. He quickly divined that a bear raid was on. He grabbed a rifle and hurried out of the house toward the apiary.

He took a sudden backward jump when a big black bear rose upon its hind feet from behind a beehive and started toward him. Mr. Carter fired at the animal at close range. The bullet wounded bruiser and stopped his progress temporarily. At this moment Mr. Carter noticed another bear running off from another part of the apiary. He took a shot at it, but must have missed, as no sign of blood was found afterward. The first bear which had wounded soon regained its feet and got so close to Mr. Carter as to strike at him viciously with one of its paws. Mr. Carter bounded behind an adjacent tree, where he got in two more shots from his rifle before the bear could reach him. The bears had completely destroyed his orchard, and he arrived at the scene—When on call, response Memphis Commercial Appeal.

What the "Busy" People Do. There are 22,705 saleswomen in New York and 45,740 salesmen. In the avocation of typewriting and stenography there are 3,225 males and 10,888 females. Among telegraph and telephone operators there are 2,406 women and 2,430 men. In the book binderies of Gotham there are engaged 4,088 women and 367 men. Dressmaking, essentially a woman's business, but invaded, however, in retaliation by the men, is followed by 37,514 females and 83 males. Even in millinerydom 357 men are squeezed into the ranks, wherein are 7,661 women. Of "seamstresses" there are 18,108 women in New York and 2,763 men. In the tobacco and cigar factories there are 11,889 male operatives and 6,437 female.—July Van Norden's.

S O C C E R BASEBALL BOXING BOWLING RACING P A G E YACHTING

Gossip and Comment

Dr. Dean, whose quidnunc cricketers played through western Canada last week, is of the opinion that the game is not holding its own in that locality, though his team suffered a reverse at Windsor and could only get a draw in London.

"How the different ways of bookmaking are viewed by people and the business aspect of what figure is cut by the style used was a subject that was discussed many times since the Latoria meeting opened," remarks the Cincinnati Enquirer.

"At times the layer can get the money in cheaper and again the player can get a good price before the bookie is aware of what's doing. What is being done is too plainly shown to the big bookies and the bookies watch each other like hawks and rub at the first inkling that a horse is going to be played.

"It has been shown where a horse was backed from 20 to 1 to 5 to 1 and not a penny wagered. There is where the small states pinch the layer who has been accustomed to trade on what his brethren in the ring are doing.

Regarding some players in the Brantford teams of the Inter-City League the Expositor says: "The prediction has been ventured that the same influences which killed the old Brantford factory league of several years ago are again at work and are likely to kill the game again.

The following witty paragraph is from the New York American: "Physician's bulletin—Mr. Al Knibbs, the heavy-weight boxer, who was here to fight Fairmont last night at the Fairmont Club, is still very low. The temperature of his strides was taken this morning and they are 40 below zero. He will not be able to attend the function, and the affair has been called off."

Tim Murnane, Boston baseball expert, says the fans have very meagre ideas about the difficulties of operating a major league team. The average fan, he says, thinks the owners have an easy time.

The first and practically the only requisite, the fan thinks, is to get a winning team. Well, supposing he should try to collect one?

First of all he'd go down to Pittsburgh and grab off Honus Wagner. He might have to pay \$500,000 to Dreyfus for Wagner and he might have to give Honus \$12,000 a year. Then he'd have to have Larry to patch up the infield and that would cost him nearly as much.

Well, they might walk away with it, and they might not, but just the same if the fan went out with his \$500,000 and tried to get these players he would have his troubles, for baseball magnates are wise, and they're not selling stars of this magnitude. Not this year, anyway.

R. BAIRD'S IDEAL WON

Hamilton Trotter in Straight Heats.

Good Harness Racing at London Yesterday.

Yesterday's Ball Games in Big Leagues.

London, July 9.—The London Trotting and Pacing Association had a record-breaking crowd at the third day of their summer meeting yesterday. The grand stands were well filled, as well as the enclosure in front. Visitors from Strathroy, Petrolia, Wyoming, Watford, Woodstock, Ingersoll and other places were present in large numbers, and indications point to surpassing, yesterday's attendance to-day.

The announcement was made yesterday that The Eel, who is the pride of the Canadian turf, will make an effort to lower the half-mile track record, and if successful, as predicted by his many admirers, the owner will be presented with a beautiful cup, together with \$200 in cash.

The harness events put on yesterday were superior to anything that has been in this district for some time, in so far as every driver made an effort to win. The result of this was spirited finishes that kept the large crowd at the top notch of excitement.

The first heat of the 224 pace was the best heat of the day. Esther E. and Lady Belmont set the pace and Walter K. coming up from behind at the wire, made a game effort to overtake the leaders. At the 3-4 pole Marsh pulled Colonel M. to the outside and passed the field, coming up with the leaders for the stretch drive.

The 221 pace went to Ideal, the Hamilton horse, in straight heats, who always held the balance seat, proving his superiority when challenged by either Wilhelmina or Berlin Belle. The last heat of this race was a grand exhibition between Planet and Kneff Knoff for fourth money, the latter securing it in what appeared to many a tie.

The 3-4 mile run was won by Stoneman, who was in front the entire two heats. Nickie, the contender, but could never overtake the pacemaker. Potent was third and made entirely too much use of the first heat. In the second heat he pulled up bleeding.

The 11-16 mile run went to Bernie Creamer, who beat the barrier by two lengths. Tommie H. was second. Von Bilow finished third on three legs, making the third horse to break down in two days.

Yesterday's results: First race—224 pace, purse \$300—Nettie Powers, b.m., by Gladstone, C. Barrett, Wilhelmina (Barrett) 5 1 1 1 1; Colonel M., b.m., by Shadeland, J. Mero, Tilsenburgh (Marsh) 1 7 6 7; Tomoze, h.h., by Mable, A. G. Bedford, Chatham (Bedford) 2 2 2 2 5; Esther E., h.k.m., by Mable, A. G. Bedford, Chatham (Bedford) 4 4 3 2; Jack, H., h.k.m., by Mable, A. G. Bedford, Chatham (Bedford) 4 4 3 2; Lady Belmont, b.m., by Belmont Chief, J. J. Hudson, Toronto (McPhee) 3 3 4 3 3; W. M. M., b.m., by Hal B., H. Leakey, Cookstown (Leakey) 6 5 5 4 4; Walter K., h.k., by Bret Herr, A. Kettle, Petrolia (Kettle) 7 6 7 6 7; Time—2:18 1/4, 2:20 1/4, 2:18 1/4, 2:18.

Second race, 221 pace, stake, purse \$500—Ideal, b.g., by Arbutuskan, R. Baird, Hamilton (Rombough) 1 1 1 1 1; Wilhelmina, b.m., by Box Elder, H. Horn, London (Minor) 6 2 2 2; Berlin Belle, b.m., by High Noon, W. A. Lawrason, Preston (Dawson) 2 6 6 6 6; Potent, b.g., by Charles Jones, P. Burnham, Perry, N. Y. (Burnham) 4 3 3 3 3; Planet, b.h.g., by Prohibition, Jas. McDowell, Toronto (McDonald) 3 4 4 4 4; Fairview Belle, b.m., by Arbutuskan, R. Baird, Hamilton (Rombough) 5 5 5 5 5; Time—2:18 1/2, 2:16 1/4, 2:19 1/4.

Third race, 3-4 mile run, purse \$150—Stoneman, ch.g., by Ormiston, H. P. Harris & Co., Toronto 1 1 1 1 1; Niante, ch.g., by Balhampton, H. P. Harris & Co., Toronto 2 2 2 2 2; Potent, b.g., by Mazon, J. T. Carter, London 3 3 3 3 3; Bonnie Brick, ch.f., by Unknown, Miss E. Bland Harris, Louisville, Ky. 5 3 3 3 3; Teeta H., b.m., by Goldcrest, Brown & Scott, Toronto 4 dr 4 dr; Time—1:17 1/2, 1:19.

Fourth race, 11-16 miles, purse \$100—Bernie Creamer, b.g., by Unknown, H. J. Harris, Louisville, Ky. 1 1 1 1 1; Teeta H., b.m., by Goldcrest, Brown & Scott, Toronto 2 2 2 2 2; Willow Plume, b.m., by Sambarrow, L. Hunt, Chattanooga, Tenn. 3 3 3 3 3; Left "Breakdown."

TORONTO LOST.

Rochester Won First of Series at Island Yesterday.

At Toronto—The Bronchos got away with the first of the five-game series at the Island yesterday in a 6 to 1 game. "Doc" Newton, the side-wheeler with erratic tendencies, twirled one of the games which can be expected from a left-hander about once in three starts. He was not at all opposed to him on the mound was Beecher, his former club mate on the New York Highlanders.

The best finish of the day, and the accident of the afternoon grew out of the mile and eighth affair, in which five were named to go, and which closed the afternoon's card. Here the Shields' horse, Reidmore, was pronounced first, Hooley and Dredger, preferred in the order named.

Reidmore cut up as usual at the post, but Mr. Dade got them off well together. Reidmore was first, passing the stand, but he was displaced in the lead at the first turn, when Howard sent Dredger flying along to the front. Hooley was third as they made the turn into the back stretch, and Rettig, on Howard Shean, running very close all the way around the turn, was crowded and fell.

Performers of class stood out in their fields throughout the afternoon's sport. In the opening dash for the maidens J. W. May put over a very tidy filly in the daughter of Lisak-Anna Hastings, Scruples. Scruples got to the front early and raced away from her field, leading all one time by four lengths and lasting well to win by a length and a half from Fair Louise, the second choice.

Yesterday's summary: First race—Maiden two-year-olds; five furlongs—Scruples, 105 (Howard), 5 to 2, even and 1 to 2 1/2; Fair Louise, 109 (Rettig), 2 to 1, 4 to 5 an out, 2; Olivia Mickle, 109 (Davenport), 4 to 1, 8 to 5 and 7 to 10, 3. Time, 1:01 2/5. Dolly Maddis, 114 (Rettig), 10 to 1, 7 to 10, 3. Time, 1:12 3/4. Alice, Cleo, Winter Day, Kyle, Miss Sly, Patsalaga, Polly Lee and Phorinos, also ran.

Second race—Two-year-olds; 5/8 furlongs—Chief Kee, 108 (Preston), 5 to 2, 4 to 5 and out, 1; Clem Beachey, 108 (Howard), 7 to 5, 1 to 2 and out, 2; Gallant Pirate, 98 (Reid), 5 to 1, 8 to 5 and out, 3. Time—1:08. Rouser and My Gal also ran.

Third race—Three-year-olds and up; one mile and 70 yards—Cave Adams, 109 (Herbert), 11 to 20 and out, 1; Glimmer, 108 (Reid), 5 to 1, 6 to 5 and out, 2; The Minks, 109 (Howard), 5 to 2, 4 to 5 and out, 3. Time, 1:43 1/5. Darknight and Greendale also ran.

Fourth race—Three-year-olds and up; six furlongs—Rose Queen, 116 (Metry), even, 2 to 5, and out, 1; Hanbridge, 122 (Herbert), 7 to 2, even and 2 to 5, 2; Bellweather, 114 (Rettig), 10 to 1, 7 to 10, 6 to 5, 3. Time, 1:12 3/4. Alice, Cleo, Winter Day, Kyle, Miss Sly, Patsalaga, Polly Lee and Phorinos, also ran.

Fifth race—Three-year-olds; 1 1/16 miles—Grania, 108 (Reid), 1 to 2 and out, 1; Desperado, 108 (Herbert), 8 to 1, 3 to 1 and 3 to 2, 2; Dispute, 104 (Davenport), 7 to 1, 2 to 1 and even, 3. Time, 1:45 4/5. Rair Annie, Irrigator, Lawyer Miller, Gold Front, Floral, Great Jubilee, Spanish Prince, Sensible and Elgin also ran.

Sixth race—Four-year-olds and up; one mile and a furlong—Hooray 105 (Davenport), 8 to 1, 5 to 2 and 7 to 10, 1; Reidmore, 114 (Haynes), 11 to 10, 2 to 5 and out, 2; Giles, 109 (Ross), 3 to 1, 9 to 10 and out, 3. Time, 1:52 4/5. Dredger and Howard Shean also ran.

FITZHERBERT BEAT HILARIOUS. Sheephead Bay, July 9.—S. Hildreth's Fitzherbert proved himself the superior of J. R. Keene's Hilarius when he easily won the Advance Stakes, 1 1/16 miles, at Sheephead Bay yesterday. The race was over a goodly field, Hilarius broke in under good weight, and it practically settles all doubt as to which is the better colt. Fitzherbert was always an odd choice. Hilarius had a strong following among the 5,000 persons at the track, and was well supported at 6 to 5. Fayette was added at the last moment, but cut no figure. Hilarius broke in front at the start, but before the field had gone twenty yards Fitzherbert raced to the lead. Both colts were under a pull, and were allowed to rate along. Fitzherbert continued to lead in the run down the back stretch, but at the far turn Powers let Fitzherbert have his head and he bounded away and opened a gap of four lengths. When the favorite swung into the last sixteenth half a dozen lengths ahead the crowd began cheering, and continued to cheer until he had flashed under the wire a winner by eight lengths. Hilarius was the same distance before Fayette. Jockey Powers rode four winners to-day.

Jockey Crowley was suspended for the remainder of the meeting by the stewards for rough riding. His mount, Lily-pud, in the first race, was the cause of Julia Powell falling. Julia Powell was killed.

INDIANAPOLIS LIGHTWEIGHT.

Returned from New Orleans, where he defeated Jack Redmond, of Milwaukee. He had signed articles to meet Paekel McFarland before the West Side Athletic Club of New Orleans in a twenty-round bout on August 15.

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From the Scrap Heap

San Francisco, Cal., July 9.—The bubble has burst. Fight fans no longer tremble at the mention of Assasin's name. The boncrusher has himself been crushed. Stanley Ketchel, middleweight champion of the world, now stands in the light of a game, but very ordinary, boxer, so far as real power of execution is concerned.

San Francisco is in the argumentative throes of the middleweight battle's aftermath. All sorts of opinions were expressed, and many different theories advanced concerning the unsatisfactory ending of Monday's engagement.

One fact is readily admitted on all sides, and that Ketchel won on his generalship alone. Without having the strength or the ability to inflict real damage, the champion kept up a stout-hearted appearance of aggressiveness, and this is what sent his number up when the battle was finished.

The question asked all over the city is, "What was the matter with Paekel in the twentieth round?" When the bell sounded for this final session the honors of the day were so evenly balanced that had Paekel, with his greater strength extended himself, he should have been an easy winner, as Ketchel was so weak that a hard shove must have sent him off his feet.

All during the latter part of the fight Paekel's strength and better condition were in evidence. Many ringside spectators voiced the impression that the Kewanee man was waiting for the twentieth round, when he would win with a final rush.

It will be many a long day before Billy Paekel will be able to explain away his actions during the last three minutes of battle. Some of the more un-

kind but plain-spoken critics make a straightforward charge that Paekel is not game.

Ketchel was taken to the Sultan baths, where he spent the night under a physician's care, while Paekel hurried back to his quarters at the Seal Rocks Hotel, no more distressed than if he had been working so many rounds with his sparring partner.

Let him yell robbery as loud as he may, Billy Paekel has only himself to blame that he is not wearing the championship crown again. He had the trump card dealt to him in the twentieth round and he deliberately showed the paste-board back in the deck again.

San Francisco, Cal., July 9.—Jack Johnson has suddenly switched into favoritism as the result of the Ketchel-Paekel bout here. Before the match Stanley's fine showing with Jack O'Brien and his general condition led to his being held at even money with the black man in their match of September. After the bout with Paekel the odds dropped until Johnson is now favorite. Not much betting of importance is recorded, but the shift simply shows the change in public sentiment.

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TERRY M'GOVERN IS OFF AGAIN.

New York, July 9.—Terry McGovern, the former bantamweight pugilist, was committed by a Brooklyn magistrate to the observation ward of the King's County Hospital yesterday. Witnesses testified that his actions for some time past indicated that his mind had weakened. If the hospital authorities take this view of the case at the end of a week's observation, it is probable that he will be sent to an institution for treatment.

McGovern spent several months at a sanitarium in Stamford, Conn., three years ago, but was discharged as cured. He was arrested on the street this afternoon on the complaint of his wife.

C. L. A. LACROSSE GAME TO-MORROW. The Capital lacrosse team of Hamilton will meet the Burlington team on the Capital grounds, James street incline, at 3 o'clock sharp to-morrow.

The Capital line-up will be as follows: Wegerast, goal; Pierce, point; Mitchell, cover point; strong, first defence; J. Hawkins, second defence; E. Smith, centre; Histed, second home; Hill, first home; Church, outside home; Bowman, inside home.

Both teams have been playing fast ball, and all lovers of the national game should turn out and encourage them.

Toronto, June 9.—Harry Griffiths, the big Tecumseh point player, left for Ottawa last night, having received a telegram that his father was dying. Griffiths will hardly be in the game on Saturday against Torontos at Scarborough Beach.

The Man—Yes, it's a pretty hat. The Lady—I bought it on your account. The Man—Yes, you generally do.—Tit-Bits. The will gives the work its name.—German.

Canada's Largest Tailors Stores in Nine Cities

July Clearing Sale

Saturday we commence the greatest sacrifice sale of Spring and Summer Suits in our history. The assortments are greater—the materials richer, handsomer and better and the values are positively the most extraordinary we've ever offered.

All Former Low Price Records Smashed. Cost, values and former prices have been entirely disregarded! Everything must be cleared out! Everybody is talking about the clever, dashing American style—the superb fit, fabrics and workmanship of Lyons' fashionable clothes. Her's a grand chance to get acquainted with their merits and at savings worth coming many miles to get.

Superb English Worsted Suits—rich, beautiful patterns, regular \$22.50, made to order—fit guaranteed \$11.50. Superb English Worsted Suits—rich, beautiful patterns, regular \$22.50, made to order—fit guaranteed \$15.75. Finest West of England Worsted Suits, regular \$25 and \$27, made to order, fit guaranteed \$17.85. Lyons' TAILORING Co. 114-115 James St. N. OPEN EVENINGS Union Label on Every Garment

WONDERFUL PERFORMANCE OF E. PAYSON WESTON.

New York, July 8.—Eastern sportsmen are to-day observing with interest the progress of Edward Payson Weston, the walker, who is now plodding across the lonely Sierras in California on the last swing of his transcontinental walk from this city to San Francisco in 100 days. This is the 99th day, and Weston has still over 200 miles to go over the mountains, so that his effort to make the distance of about 4,000 miles in a century of days appears to have failed, but he has established a feat of pedestrianism that will probably remain unequalled for a long time to come.

Weston is over 70 years of age, and when he started away from the New York city hall on March 15 last there were many predictions that he would never reach the objective point of his journey. Overcoming the difficulties of the spring roads, Weston kept steadily on, and April 21 found him trudging into Chicago. All along the line of his march bands of townsmen came out to greet him and escort him to his resting place for the night.

Notwithstanding his many years, the walk seemed to give Weston new life. Two months after the start found the aged pedestrian in Wakeeney, Kansas, and nearing Colorado. A month more and Weston was negotiating the plains of Wyoming near Granger, and while it was apparent that he could scarcely make San Francisco at the time appointed, he kept steadily on. Weston remained at Reno, Nevada, yesterday, and to-day he has begun the long ascent of the Sierras. From New York to Reno, Nevada, Weston has covered 3,650 miles in 98 days, exclusive of Sundays.

Weston lays his loss of time to the excessive heat throughout Utah and the eastern portions of Nevada, and to the fact that he walked on the railroad ties. After leaving Truckee, Weston will leave the railroad to avoid the snow sheds, and will cross the mountains through the canons and across the country. The aged pedestrian claims that he never felt better in his life.

CRICKET BOOM IN LONDON. London Advertiser: Great efforts are being put forth by a number of people in the city to revive the game of cricket, and without doubt the sport is more popular here this season than it has been for years before. Some splendid games have been played at the Asylum grounds and on Carling's Heights. McClarys have also originated a cricket team, and on Saturday next will play at the Asylum grounds with the Asylum team. The Asylum team has also arranged games in the near future with teams from Strathroy and from Chatham.

The Asylum team has without any doubt some of the strongest players in the city, and it is likely that several of them will go to Ottawa shortly to be tried out for places on the team that will defend Canada in the international cricket match next month against the team from the United States.

Y. M. C. A. MEET NEXT WEDNESDAY. The athletic and bicycle events to be put on next Wednesday night at Britannia Park will be as follows: 100 yards dash, boys; 100 yards dash, men; running high jump; one mile run, boys; two mile run, men; one mile bicycle race; two mile bicycle race. These events will be handicapped, and are open to any boy or man in the city. Boys and young men interested in athletic training should not miss the opportunity of receiving some good coaching. Entries can be made at J. W. Nelson's store, Chambers Street, East Hamilton Y. M. C. A., and Central Y. M. C. A.

GIRLS, GET OUT YOUR OLD BIKES. The following letter appeared in yesterday's Buffalo News: "Why have women, with the exception of a few bright ones, given up the use of the bicycle? Men will never give it up. Why let men alone monopolize something which is both a pleasure and a convenience? I would like to persuade all women and girls, who still own bicycles, to get them out and ride them, as I believe there are many girls and women who would do so but for the criticism which they encounter. Cycling is a healthy pleasure, and if it is fear of automobiles that keeps women from riding, I would recommend moderate speed, and there would be no danger at all. Again, many women would ride if there were more of them to be seen on the streets, and so I would request all lovers of the

Bird Slaughter in Florida. "Unless the wholesale butchery of birds in Florida is stopped, there will be none left in that section of the country," said H. A. Austin, who spends a large part of his time in the south. "In the last three years the everglades of Florida have been stripped of every vestige of bird life to supply the world's millinery markets with the plumage of the heron that formerly bred there in countless numbers. Now that the heron has practically gone from Florida the bird robbers are killing almost any other kind of tropical bird that they can find. It is a fact that Florida is almost barren of birds at this time.—From the Washington Post.

GUELPH WON FROM THISTLES. The Thistles were badly beaten on their own lawn yesterday afternoon, eight rinks from Guelph having a majority of 44 shots at the end of the game.

Guelph. J. R. Dixon, E. J. O'Neil, J. E. Day, Wm. Walker, sk. 20, R. H. Brydon, s. 18, G. E. Crawford, Peter Bogardus, R. Aiken, Prof. Harcourt, Dr. Carr, skip, 15, Geo. Chapman, s. 22, W. A. Holtton, Pat Mahoney, D. B. Dewar, John Kennedy, R. R. Bruce, sk. 9, E. J. Present, s. 18, G. V. Linton, W. A. Chalk, C. S. Wilcox, C. L. Nees, J. V. Osborne, s. 19, W. H. Jones, s. 22, B. Best, s. 18, J. McMillan, Dr. Coghlan, Dr. Woolverton, Dr. Roberts, C. Stiff, skip, 15, H. Westoby, sk. 40, Jas. Scott, J. H. Rodger, Joe Ross, J. Wilson, skip, 21, W. McMillan, 20, E. G. Payne, J. E. Howitt, Spencer Case, A. McKinnon, Geo. E. Gates, N. Macdonald, H. Wilson, skip, 21, H. C. Scholfield, 18, Hope Cerar, W. A. Mahoney, J. P. Bell, B. A. Knowles, W. H. Davis, E. H. Johns, D. Dexter, skip, 18, W. A. Kennedy, 22.

Victoria Yacht Club will have races for classes A and B and for motor boats to-morrow. The start will be at 2.30. The yachts will sail over the bay course and the motor boats over the short course.

FEW WOMEN IN PULPIT.

One Profession That Is Opening Its Doors Slowly.

The prophecy was made at a recent gathering of woman educators that sooner or later the bars put up centuries ago to keep women out of certain pulpits would be let down and the ordination of women to the ministry would be included in the polity of even the stiffest of the Protestant bodies.

Reasons given for this belief were the noticeable dwindling of late years in nearly every denomination, except perhaps the Baptist, of the number of young men studying for the ministry, the increase in the number of women taking theological courses and the elasticity of the modern interpretation of St. Paul's dictum against women preachers.

It is said that in the early days of his ministry the late Rev. Dr. Theodore Dwyer was disciplined by his Presbytery for permitting a woman to speak from his pulpit. In those days the orthodox rule prohibited women from passing a certain dividing line on Presbyterian platforms, and as a general thing when a woman addressed the congregation she stood below the pulpit. For many years the women's nearly untraced, Presbyterian as well as other denominations, have been paying high honors to women missionaries and Bible teachers, deaconesses and other helpers included in the working force of the various denominations. A indication, some educators think, that beneath the surface of the ministry will be free to win laurels in the ministry as they are now winning them in the other learned professions.

Before long the Episcopal, Presbyterian, Methodist and Dutch Reformed bodies will, they think, experience a change of heart on the question of the eligibility of ordaining women, and they make light of the fact that at the present time women desiring to become ordained preachers must leave these orthodox denominations out of the reckoning and that the General Theological Seminary does not admit women, that Princeton will not let them in and that the University of Chicago maintains its rigid attitude. Although the Union Theological Seminary, once strictly Presbyterian, but now open to students of every creed, can and does graduate women with the degree of B. D., it has no power to ordain them. Miss Goodwin, who was graduated from the class of 1909 from the Union Theological Seminary and who is of Quaker lineage, is looking forward to a professorship in a coeducational college. Miss Briggs, daughter of the Rev. Dr. Briggs, of Presbyterian controversial fame, who qualified by easy stages several years ago for the B. D. degree, is in the same seminary, although aware that for the time being the rules of her church would keep her from being ordained, is teaching. In the case of Miss Sarah F. Hoyt, of the class of 1908, and the first woman to take the straight theological course at this seminary, it is different. Miss Hoyt is a Baptist, which denomination welcomes women to its pulpit, and her purpose is to enter the ministry; although in the interests of scholarship, thinks the Rev. Dr. Robert S. MacArthur, this remarkable young woman ought to fill the chair of Semitic languages in a university.

"I have never met a woman of such linguistic attainments. Her knowledge of Arabic, Sanskrit, of all the Semitic languages is phenomenal. In this respect she promises to be one of the greatest scholars in many superior now, she was graduated with the very highest honors from the seminary, and since then she has been continuing her studies in philosophy and will soon add the degree of Ph. D. to her B. D. In the Baptist denomination ordination of women has occurred until the candidate has been called to a church, an exception being when he or she is called to a foreign field.

"Previous to ordination candidates get a license to preach provided, in the judgment of an examining committee consisting of their pastor and a number of his church, they are considered worthy. When Miss Hoyt, who is a member of my church, came before me and made known her wish to be ordained I was the first time in my ministry, to use a popular expression, up against it. For the first time I was confronted with a woman candidate. It is no new thing for women to be ordained in the Baptist ministry. We have perhaps five or six women ministers now in the field, but none of these had been in my congregation. Here was a young woman, little more than 23 or 24 years of age, whose high scholarship made her eligible for any pulpit and whose gentle and extreme modesty bespoke a character peculiarly fitted for the work she had chosen, and of course there would be but one answer to her request. I had her license, Miss Hoyt expressed her willingness to wait for ordination until she was called to a church, but in her case the circumstances are so exceptional I think it probable that she will be ordained within the next few months and without waiting for a call. In some respects I think Miss Hoyt's talents will be wasted in a small church, and I am hoping that he may decide to fill a chair in a university. Personally I consider myself fortunate in having this young woman in my church, and next fall shall ask her to take charge of a class for the discussion of great Biblical questions."

Asked if there had been an increase of late in the number of women seeking entrance to the Baptist pulpit the doctor answered:

"I think not, but those who do come are women of higher culture and broader attainments than formerly, and undoubtedly the prejudice against women in the pulpit is fast breaking down. Twenty years or so ago I remember very well that I found it hard work to call a woman 'doctor,' it seemed so unnatural. To-day I can do it without any effort."

"So far the women in the Baptist ministry have made good. Their life has been without reproach. I recall one who did splendid work in a difficult post at Spokane building up the church and giving satisfaction to both the men and women of the congregation. However, by substantially the reason which keeps many young men out of the ministry—namely pay and hard work—I think it probable that women in large numbers will soon apply for pulpits."

In spite of Miss Hoyt's superior scholarship those who know her best declare that she has no intention of being diverted from her resolve to become a minister—a resolve formed long before she entered Barnard College.

Miss Hoyt herself says: "If a woman tells that she has a message to give all other questions will be put aside when charging vocation, and she will not worry about the prospect of having to wait for a chance to preach or of delay in getting her own church or as to the remuneration she will receive. All these questions will, she knows, be taken care of in the way best calculated to further the deliverance of her message."

The Rev. Dr. Choate, connected with the Congregational Church Society, in speaking of the status of women in his denomination said that there were now about a dozen ordained women preachers in the Congregational body, most of whom were in charge of small missionary churches in the west. One of them is pastor of a flourishing church in Elmira, N. Y. There is another in New England. South Dakota, Oregon and Wyoming have each a woman Congregational preacher, good preachers, too. Colorado has two. Most of these women have been ordained, he thought, in the last ten years, and in the last two years he can remember only one woman who has been ordained.

"The tendency," said Dr. Choate, "is toward a slight increase in the number of women preachers, but in no case that I can recall has a woman been called to a metropolitan church paying a good salary. In the churches ministered to by a woman the salary averages about \$800 a year, with sometimes a parsonage attached. In one case a minister who died was succeeded by his wife, who was an ordained minister when she married, but with possibly two exceptions the ordained women ministers of the Congregational Church are unmarried."

"I know of several very successful associate women pastors who have not been ordained, and the number of paid Bible teachers has been largely increased in our denomination in the last few years. This would indicate that the future status of women in the Congregational Church rests entirely with herself; that there is little or no prejudice for her to combat."

Both the Unitarian and the Universalist Churches make a better showing numerically in women preachers, the former having fourteen now in the field, the latter, which has the distinction of ordaining a woman who subsequently was the first woman in the world to receive a B. D. from the University of Chicago—exceeding this figure a little.

Miss Chapin was the second woman ordained in the Universalist Church and the third woman ordained in the world. Miss Olympia Brown was the first woman ordained in the Universalist Church and Mrs. Phoebe Hanaford was the third. Both of these women were preachers who are still spoken of with admiration, the fourth being Miss Antoinette Blackwell, a member of the Unitarian denomination. Mrs. Hanaford's ordination took place in 1868, the late Rev. Dr. Chapin and eight other clergymen were present in the exercises. As an illustration of the lessening prejudice of late years toward women in the ministry, Mrs. Hanaford not long ago made merry over the fact that the one minister present on that occasion who was inclined at all times to deplore the ordination of women to the ministry is now a professor in an educational divinity school. Five years after ordination Mrs. Hanaford was called to a church in Jersey City, which charge she filled ten years at the then large salary of \$2,500 a year. Said Mrs. Hanaford:

"From my last in my ministry I received hearty approval from my minister, and I believe that the majority of the one hundred or more women ministers now in pulpits have the same experience."

It was the quick-witted Rev. Olympia Brown who, when solemnly reminded by the Rev. Dr. Choate of the fact that St. Paul's advice respecting woman's place in the church responded blandly: "That's where Paul and I differ." The Rev. Antoinette Blackwell when asked a few months ago, to express an opinion about the success or non-success of women in the ministry said:

"I was ordained in 1853 when pastor of a church. In the earlier days clergymen had advantages over almost any woman. In days of platform mobs—where I have been mobbed—the then reverent respect for religious services secured a certain order, though I sometimes spoke standing before the pulpit—too sacred for women's feet. At conference women would speak in churches and men too, to prove that women should not speak in churches."

"In 1863 the Universalists ordained two women. Others followed ordained by various denominations with Congregational policies. Clerical brethren advised these women often paraded Mr. Greeley's advice to young men: "Go West, young man; go West."

"St. Paul's advice to the first century women severely mortgaged the twentieth century woman minister's forte is appeal. Her gentle breaking up of callous hearts has the devotional service; the common people hear her gladly."

The Rev. Mary A. Safford, who for twenty-seven years has been a leading minister in the Unitarian Church, and who at that time has built up half a dozen weaklings into strong, progressive churches, and who, to quote the Rev. George H. Badger, editor of the Unitarian, has from the beginning of her ministry been distinguished by her "ministerial adaptability" in telling of her experiences, once said:

"My experiences and observation for more than twenty-seven years have convinced me that women can do quite as good work as men in all the lines of activity the ministry includes to-day. I have been convinced that the work of women ministers when of equal worth with that of men receives just and generous recognition from their individual parishes, but not from the denomination at large."

MURDER OF HEWKA.
Prisoner Pidhoney Denies Confession in Winnipeg Jail.

Winnipeg, July 8.—Deputy Jaeger Handal gave sensational evidence in the trial of two Galicians for the murder of their mate in camp at Sandhills last March. Handal testified that on Good Friday morning one of the accused, M. Pidhoney by name, had made an unsolicited confession to him, and also to another prisoner, admitting that he killed Hewka for his money. Pidhoney has since absolutely denied the confession. At a late hour the jury is still out.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Galt*



SULPHUR AND MOLASSES. Do you remember when you used to be dosed this way?

THEY TRIUMPH.

Suffragettes Granted Interview With the Home Secretary.

London, July 8.—Following a direct appeal to the King by Mrs. Despard and a deputation of suffragettes, the Home Secretary, the Right Hon. H. J. Gladstone, accorded a courteous audience this evening to eight of the women. Mrs. Despard was leader of the deputation. After reading their petition, the Home Secretary made a sympathetic speech, expressing regret at the present involved situation, and the belief that the matter would finally be settled and in a way satisfactory to the women.

Mr. Gladstone explained that he could do nothing to commit the Government. He admitted that the petition was an argument for an audience, and promised to forward it to the King.

The legal question regarding the right of petition, he said, would be decided by the courts. It was one which had not been raised in 250 years. As things were, it was impossible for any individual Minister to receive deputations whenever he was asked to do so. Every Minister must use his own discretion.

The Suffragettes consider that Mr. Gladstone's statement that he thought the matter would finally end in a way satisfactory to the petitioners was very important.

The King's reply to the appeal for a deputation was as follows:

"Madam—I have had the honor of submitting to the King your communication of July 7, signed by you and three other ladies belonging to the Women's Freedom League. I am commanded to inform you in reply that the Secretary of State for the Home Department is the constitutional channel of communication with the Sovereign, and His Majesty, therefore, cannot consent to act unconstitutionally by receiving in person a petition for the amendment of a law from the hands of a deputation from the league. As the King is unable to comply with the request, no good purpose would be served by his seeing you or your colleagues. He must therefore beg to decline with much regret to do so. I am your obedient servant."

"KNOLYS."
The latest heroine of the suffragettes is Miss Wallace Dunlop, who recently was sentenced to a month's imprisonment in the Holloway jail for posting notices on the walls of the Houses of Parliament. Miss Dunlop organized a hunger strike in the prison, and the authorities discharged her this afternoon after she had refused food for ninety-one hours. Miss Dunlop had only been in prison five days.

ARSENIC IN DRUGS.
Presence Detected in a Few Sulphates, but Quite Harmless.

Ottawa, July 8.—A bulletin on arsenic in drugs, as found on the Canadian market, has been issued by the Inland Revenue Department. Most of the samples examined were found to be practically free from arsenic, though its presence was detected in certain generally used sulphates, and particularly in sulphate of soda. Investigation has shown, however, that most of the samples contained no arsenic, and in a few instances where it was detected the amount was so small as to constitute no danger to the user.

SQUAW HORSE RACE.
Delegates to International Council of Women at Calgary Exhibition.

Calgary, Alta., July 8.—Thirteen thousand people passed through the gates of Exhibition Park to-day (American Day). The visitors included Hon. William Pugsley, Lieutenant-Governor Balyea, and all the members of the Cabinet, most of the Provincial and Dominion members from Alberta, and the delegates to the International Council of Women, who arrived here on a special train. They were taken over to the race track and just arrived in time to see a very interesting squaw horse race, which they said was the best they ever saw.

CONTROL OF POLICE.

JUDGE SEES OBJECTIONS TO ALDERMANIC CHARGE.

Montreal, July 8.—Judge Choquette, Police Magistrate and License Commissioner, gave important evidence before the Royal Commission to-day on police administration. "I came to the conclusion from the first year of my judicial experience that it was absolutely necessary that the city police force should, both as regards their nomination and administration, be under the control of an authority other than one composed of aldermen."

"Under the present system," proceeded Judge Choquette, "the members of the city police force owe their appointment to aldermen, who in their turn depend upon the popular vote for their election. From my experience, I say that it is wrong and opposed to good administration that the police should be exposed, as I know they are exposed, to the loss of their position if in their proper zeal they make a case against any citizen who may be able to bring pressure to bear upon those to whom the police owe their appointment. I have no cause whatever to reproach the members of the force themselves. I know them, both detectives and constables, to be honest and intelligent in the performance of their duties. But I have remarked that they have hesitated to make a case against certain citizens, breaking the law, solely because they feared that in doing their obvious duty they might lose their positions."

"What reform would you suggest?" asked Mr. Perron.

"My suggestion is," replied Judge Choquette, "that a commission or special committee be appointed to examine the independent of the City Council, to administer the city police force, and that the members of the force should be responsible to that independent board."

Speaking then as a License Commissioner, Judge Choquette said: "Up to two years ago the more direct surveillance of the saloons and hotels in the city was in the hands of the Provincial police, but for the past two years this work has been done more by the city force. We were confident that certain hotel keepers openly violated the license law by selling liquor on Sundays, and we were not prosecuted, while other offenders of a like character were."

Ald. Proulx was the chief witness to-day. He was called upon to deny or affirm the testimony of numerous witnesses who swore that they had paid him money for city positions, for leniency in prosecutions, or for help in getting city contracts.

Ald. Proulx denied everything. He swore he did not know some of the witnesses who claimed to have done business with him. He admitted taking \$25 from one man, but said it was for his services as a notary. He said he helped to have charges against a police captain dismissed, because he was moved by the latter's tears, not for any pecuniary gain.

Ald. Proulx does not want the public to see his bank book. "It contains professional secrets," declared he. He finally consented to give his bank book to Judge Cannon.

Ex-Chief Benoit was examined before Judge Cannon this afternoon, and denied in toto the charges brought against him. Under cross-examination he admitted receiving a gift, or won at cards, or else given him by manufacturing firms to bring him use his influence with other fire brigades to purchase their supplies.

Judge Cannon severely censured the ex-chief, and told him that either he was committing perjury, or else several witnesses were, and he intended to find out and punish the guilty parties.

Sold Impure Illuminant.
Chatham, Ont., July 8.—On an information laid by Inspector A. F. Nash, the Chatham Gas Company were this morning brought before Justice of the Peace Wm. Potter and fined \$20 and costs, \$35.05 in all, for selling natural gas found to contain sulphuretted hydrogen. The fine goes to the department and not to the city.

FLAYS FASHIONS.

The Papal Organ Thinks Modern Dress Immoral.

Paris, July 8.—The Osservatore Romano, the organ of the Vatican, which arrived in Paris this evening, contains a scathing denunciation of the tendencies of feminine fashions of to-day, taking as its text a petition against the immoral press forwarded by the Catholic ladies of Bergamo to the Minister of the Interior, and signed by several thousand Italian women.

The Osservatore says: "We hope that competent authorities will apply the law against these new Agean stables. At the same time we cannot but deplore another danger to good morals which comes to us from other countries, and against which our women might well unite. We refer to the fashions worn in the streets by women of all ages and by young girls. Those who profess with ardor the Catholic faith and morals should not be indulgent towards women who walk about the streets wearing immodest garments. All present-day fashions are designed to excite the passions. It is the shipwreck of virtue. Moreover, these fashions are prejudicial to beauty, which is a reflection of the bounty of God and therefore fruitful in material and moral well-being. Let us cleanse these unwholesome fashions from our streets, which make wearers' guardian angels weep. Let our wives and daughters make their own clothes rather than wear dresses which grieve the Holy Spirit and Father of Truth."

NO RECONCILIATION.

Berlin Woman, Spurned by Aged Husband, to Sue.

Seranton, Pa., July 8.—Mrs Edith Geneva Moyer-Chase, of Berlin, Canada, sued four times for divorce by her husband. A. A. Chase, a lawyer, and went to Chase's home to effect a reconciliation. Chase thought the matter over, and told her to come back to-day. She did so, when he handed her a divorce subpoena, and told her to go. Mrs. Chase will now begin a suit for her own divorce in Toronto or Berlin, about seven years ago. She is 35, and he is seventy. Mrs. Chase alleged that he wanted her to live on peanuts. She met Chase through a matrimonial advertisement.

NO BOOKS TO CONSUMPTIVES.

Ottawa Library Board Issues Order to Prevent Infection.

Ottawa, July 8.—The Ottawa Carnegie Library Board issued an order this morning that no library books hereafter should be given out to any person who is consumptive. This will apply whether the application is made personally or by some member of the family, as it is the policy of the Board to keep all library books immune from any germs of tuberculosis. Consumptive persons can only receive books hereafter by furnishing a medical certificate to the effect that there is no danger of infection.

TOSSED BY LIGHTNING.

Second Narrow Escape of Martin Allan, of Woodstock, N.B.

Woodstock, N. B., July 8.—Martin Allan, who was quite badly hurt at the time that Messrs. McEvaney and Cox were killed in the railroad accident here, had another narrow escape last night. During the heavy storm lightning passed down the flue of the dwelling occupied by himself, lifted Mr. Allan from a chair, threw him in the snare, tearing off a shoe and burning him severely on the body and legs.

Riots in England.
Hamley, Eng., July 8.—Serious rioting occurred to-day throughout the North Staffordshire coal fields. A dispute regarding time allowed for meals under the new eight-hour act led thousands of the pit lads to cease work. They marched from colliery to colliery, bringing out the adult miners. Much colliery property was destroyed and there were many conflicts with the police.

GOOD SHORT STORIES

"Won't you step up an' jine us in a glass o' ginger pop, Si?" said Bill Granger, generously, to old Si Haysced at the crossroads store. "I just sold a six-weeks-old calf for \$80, an' I don't mind bein' a little reckless. What you want to a ginger pop?"

"Much obliged, I'm sure, Bill," said Si, "but the fact is, ginger pop ruther goes to my head, an' I better let it alone."

"That's so? Well, what do you say to a glass of sody? Like to have you jine me in something?"

"Well, Bill, sody sort o' stings my throat an' makes me sneeze. But if you're bound to stand treat you might git ginger pop for the other boys an', if it's all the same to you, I'll take fi cents wuth o' tenpenny mals. I come in to git a few for a fence I got to fix, an' if you'd as soon I took the mals as a drink, I'm agreeable."

"All right, all right, Si. Anything to keep the baby quiet, as the sayin' is. Here, Mr. Storekeeper, you do Si up fi cents wuth o' mals an' take it out of this quarter."—Puck.

"All right, all right, Si. Anything for charity? I am an awfully poor woman and have heart trouble. Won't you please examine my heart with the X-ray free of cost?"

This plea was made to-day by a poorly dressed woman of about 65 years old to Dr. George Herrmann, of Corryville, happening to look a little lower than the heart he discovered two \$20 gold pieces in a chamois bag under the woman's garment.

"How is my heart, doctor?"

"Your heart is pretty big," he ejaculated, with a tinge of sarcasm.

"Is there any hope for me?"

"Not if you keep on this way," he declared, as the third \$20 gold piece came into view. "I really mean that you had a bad heart. You lied when you said you were poor. Take that money out of your waist and pay me \$5."

The woman nearly collapsed, but she took out the \$60 in gold and from another part of her raiment drew out a purse containing bills.—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

Herbert Spencer one time put very neatly the distinction between sport as an amusement and as an occupation. Dropping in at his club, he met a young friend, who invited him to play billiards. The philosopher led off and left the balls in a good position for his opponent, who dexterously ran out, not allowing his companion another shot.

After depositing his cue in the rack the philosopher remarked:

"Sir, a certain proficiency in such a sport as this is a sign of a good education. It shows the nerve, the hand, but the mastership of billiards which you have exhibited could have been acquired only by an ill-spent youth."

WHY HE SHOT.

Strange Black Hand Story in Toronto Police Court.

Toronto, July 9.—A real, genuine Black Hand sensation is promised Toronto, if the detectives are successful in locating three Italians for whom they are now scouring the ward. The sensation came as the result of a story told by Joseph Russo, an Italian barber, who is charged with shooting Joe Mussolino on the 22nd of June last, outside their homes at 12 Centre avenue.

Russo, who is evidently under great fear of the Black Hand, pleaded that he had shot Mussolino in self-defence, after the complainant and three other Italians had attacked him and his wife with knives. He said that the four men had represented themselves as agents of the Black Hand. Immediately upon hearing Russo's story, Mr. Kingsford had Mussolino placed under arrest, adjourned the case, and ordered detectives out in search of the other men, one of whom is named Dominic. Russo is accompanying the detectives to aid them in their identification.

Russo's wife, a well-dressed, comely young Italian woman, on her own request, was allowed to go to jail. "I am afraid to go home," she said. The glad look of relief with which the young woman went down the cell stairs showed the reality of her fear. It contrasted strongly with the shrieking dread of another young woman who had fought against going to the cells a few minutes before.

NEW COLORS.

An Interesting Presentation Ceremony in Barrie Park.

Barrie, Ont., July 8.—Queen's Park, Barrie, was the scene of an interesting ceremony to-day, being the reception of new colors by the 35th Regiment. These were donated by the County Council, to replace the flags carried since 1868 and now sadly worn. After consecration by Chaplain Winton, Warden Bell presented the colors of Colonel Bruce and the regiment. There was trooping of the old and new colors, and the regiment marched past and was reviewed by Brigadier-General Cotton, who was highly pleased with the form shown. The ceremonies closed with the formal depositing of the tattered flags in the court house.

WRECK NEAR INNISFAIL.

Coaches of C. & E. Express Wrecked—Four Persons Injured.

Edmonton, Alta., July 8.—The C. & E. express, while running fifty miles per hour, was ditched just north of Innisfail yesterday, and two day coaches, the colonist, baggage and express and mail cars were derailed. Four persons were injured, their names being: H. G. Gooding, express messenger, head and arm bruised and rib broken; G. Buell, mail clerk, right arm broken and ankle crushed; H. E. Wilson, mail clerk, head cut; Frank Bovey, passenger, arm and thigh injured.

Reports from the accident were withheld from the public for some time.

Illicit Still in Kent.
Chatham, Ont., July 8.—It is learned to-day that a private detective is being engaged to look into the rumor that the Indian listers of this vicinity have a private still, where they manufacture whiskey for 20 cents a gallon.

TARIFF BILL PASSED.

U. S. Measure Finally Approved by Vote of 45 to 34.

Washington, July 8.—The Tariff revision bill, which was passed by the House of Representatives on April 9, and has been before the Senate continuously for a period of twelve weeks and three days, was passed by the Senate at 11.15 o'clock to-night, after the Senate had been in session without recess for more than thirteen hours. The final vote was 45 to 34.

The closing scenes in the Senate's tariff debate were marked by speeches in which the measure was approved or criticised. A fair-sized crowd was in the galleries, and showed much interest in the swan songs sung by the Senators.

Old Silver at Top Notch.
London, July 8.—Two silver goblets seven inches high, of the date of 1619, were sold at Christie's to-day and brought \$5,000, equivalent to \$560 an ounce. A silver inkstand of the year 1615, somewhat mutilated, brought \$3,900, or about \$170 an ounce.

List of Agencies where the Hamilton Times may be had

- G. J. McARTHUR, Stationer, Rebecca Street, 4 doors from James.
 - F. W. SCHWARTZ, Royal Hotel News Stand.
 - F. W. SCHWARTZ, Waldorf Hotel.
 - THOS. FRENCH, 90 James Street North.
 - C. WEBBER, Terminal Station.
 - H. T. COWING, 128 James North.
 - G. B. MIDDLEY, Printer, 282 James Street North.
 - A. F. HURST, Tobacconist, 294 James Street North.
 - A. A. THEOBALD, Tobacconist, 358 James Street North.
 - D. MONROE, Grocer, James and Simcoe.
 - JOHN IRISH, 509 James North.
 - W. THOMAS, 538 James Street North.
 - A. F. HAMBURG, 276 James North.
 - JOHN HILL, Tobacconist, 171 King Street East.
 - W. R. FLEMING, Barber and Tobacconist, 243 King Street East.
 - H. P. TEETER, Druggist, King and Ashley.
 - T. J. M'BRIDE, 666 King Street East.
 - H. R. WILSON, News Agent, King and Wentworth Streets.
 - JAS. W. HOLLOWAN, Grocer and Tobacconist, Barton and Catharine Streets.
 - H. URBSCHADT, Confectioner and Stationer, 230 Barton East.
 - JOHN STEVENS, 386 1/2 Barton East.
 - J. WOODS, Barber, 401 Barton East.
 - H. HOWE, 587 Barton East.
 - CHAS. HUGHES, Newsdealer, 663 Barton East.
 - J. A. ZIMMERMAN, Druggist, Barton and Wentworth, Also Victoria Avenue and Cannon.
 - H. E. HAWKINS, Druggist, East Avenue and Barton.
 - A. GREIG, Newsdealer, 10 York Street.
 - JAMES MITCHELL, Confectioner, 97 York Street.
 - MRS. SHOTTER, Confectioner, 244 York Street.
 - NEW TROY LAUNDRY, 357 York Street.
 - S. WOTTON, 376 York Street.
 - T. S. M'DONNELL, 374 King Street West.
 - M. WALSH, 244 King Street West.
 - W. STEWART, Confectioner, 422 King West.
 - D. T. DOW, 172 King Street West.
 - JOHN MORRISON, Druggist, 112 Main Street West.
 - A. F. HOUSER, Confectioner, 114 James Street South.
 - J. H. SPRINGSTEAD, 113 John Street North.
 - ROBT. GORDON, Confectioner, 119 John Street South.
 - BURWELL GRIFFIN, Queen and Charlton Avenue.
 - MRS. SECORD, Locke and Canada.
 - CANADA RAILWAY NEWS Co., G. T. R. Station.
 - H. BLACKBURN, News Agent, T. H. & B. Station.
 - J. R. WELLS, Old Country News Stand, 197 King Street East.
- It will pay you to use the Want Column of the TIMES.
Business Telephone 368

INJUNCTION CONTINUED. City Restrained From Applying For Hydro Power

Until Trial of Mr. Morris' Action on Sept. 27.

Judge Teetzel on the Voters' List That Was Used.

Toronto, July 9.—As intimated at the close of the argument yesterday morning Mr. Justice Teetzel yesterday afternoon gave judgment, continuing until the trial on September 27, the injunction obtained by George S. Kerr, K. C., of Hamilton, on behalf of Robert S. Morris, a ratepayer of that city, restraining the corporation of the City of Hamilton from putting through a resolution, which, it is claimed, would have the effect of being a contract with the Hydro-electric Power Commission.

WATERDOWN.

Result of the Recent Public School Promotions.

The following is the report of the promotion examination in the Waterdown Public School for 1909. The names are in the order of merit:

To second class—Pearl Slater, Jessie Dean, Gladys Shelton, Irene McNeil, Len Richards, Grace Duffy, Bertram Airth, Marjorie Spence, Beatrice Shaidle, Adelia Wilkinson, Archie Mullock, Jack Roberts, Olive Langton, Gertrude Everett, Allan Platt, Eikel Doyle, Freddie Metzger, Storman James, James Blakie, Clifford Reid, Walsey Carson, Morley Robson.

To senior third class—Stewart Mitchell, Charlie Attridge, Keith Henry, Wilfrid Robson, Earl Griffin, Freddie Langton, Wilfrid Forth, Hazel Burns, Mildred Shaidle, Josephine Mount, Stanley Douglas, Stanley Wood, Muriel Wilson, Sidney Douglas, Earl Buchanan, Recommended—Eddie Fretwell, Ethel Copp, Alex. Fielde, Lillie Ireland.

To junior third class—Clara Edge, Beatrice Higginson, Gerald Burns, Lillie Davidson, Douglas Melville Edge, Flora Slater, Harold Radford, Martin Bowman, Evelyn Walker, Alice Atkinson, Jessie Spence, Beatrice Buchanan, Fern Johnstone, Janet Anderson, Stanley Buchanan, Velma Sawell. Recommended—Charlie Carson.

To senior fourth class—Levie Hood, Wilfrid Langford, Arie Sharp, Ingram Airth, Wareham Carson, Lloyd Henry, Gladys Tindell, Edith Ireland, Vera Duffy, Gladys Hood, Nellie Metzger, Maggie Cookhouse, Mary Featherstone, Harold Richards, Prosper Buchanan, Clifford Slater, Mabel Alton, Mary Atkinson, Alice Hunt, Gladys Buchanan, Elsie Buchanan.

ON SAMUEL.

Hixon Irving Addressed a Large Audience Last Night.

Gospel Hall, 140 MacNab street north, was filled last evening with an attentive audience, which gathered to hear J. Hixon Irving, of Liverpool, England, who is known to many in Hamilton. Those who went, expecting something good, were not disappointed, as the address was both interesting and instructive. Mr. Irving, who is a man well up in years, and a very deliberate and distinct speaker, took the opening chapters of the first book of Samuel as his theme, dwelling particularly on the words, occurring so often, "before the Lord."

The speaker's theme was "Before the Lord," and he showed how the thought worked in the young Christian's mind. Verse 12, of chapter 1, tells of Hannah "praying before the Lord." How natural that it should start with prayer. Progress in things of God start with prayer, and while prayer continues progress continues. In verse 18 she "poured out her soul before the Lord." Hannah was asking for something, and she would wait on God till she got it. "How many children of God," asked the speaker, "pour out their souls before God?" He pointed to such men as David, Job, and Jeremiah for examples of "pouring out the soul," and it was remarkable to notice that each of these men had known sorrow. A poured-out soul is a softened soul. Man cannot wait upon God without being softened. In verse 19 Hannah and her husband "worshipped before the Lord." This was a sure result of the two preceding things. Prayer to God and pouring before Him results in worship before Him.

Samuel was asked of God, given by God, given to God to appear before God and God gave their best. Hannah and Christians are doing this today? The speaker said he had never preached a collection sermon in his life, and did not expect to in his old age, but if he did he would choose this story for his text. In the 18th verse of the second chapter, Samuel "ministered before the Lord." The speaker here addressed the young people especially, exhorting them not to try to serve God in a way pleasing to men, but to minister or serve before the Lord. Three times the words "before the Lord" were repeated. It was worthy of note that Samuel's emphasis was placed on the fact that Samuel "grew before the Lord." It does my old heart good," said the white-haired preacher, "to see young people growing, physically, intellectually and spiritually. Why did Hannah make a cake every year and take it to the Lord? The answer is because he (Samuel) grew. Mr. Irving concluded with an exhortation on spiritual growth among all God's children, but more especially among the young. If there was to be growth, there must be prayer. He urged that prayer, appearing before Him, and ministering before Him. A man had not to stand on a platform and address numbers to serve God. It could be done in the shop, in the home, in fact, anywhere and everywhere, but it must be done for the purpose of glorifying God.

Mr. Irving will speak again this evening at the Gospel Hall, and will no doubt be greeted by a large audience.

THE HEATHER-BELL.

Pretty Story of the Scientist and the Highland Shepherd.

They tell a story of a great scientist, a great naturalist, who one lovely summer day went in the Highlands of Scotland with his microscope to study the heather-bell in all its native glory. In order that he might see it in its perfection he got down on his face without touching the flower, and, adjusting his microscope, he gazed at it with his eyes. Its delicacy, its beauty, "lost in wonder, love and praise." How long he stayed there he does not know, but suddenly there was a shadow on him and his instrument. He waited for a time, thinking it might be a passing cloud, but the shadow did not pass, and there stood a fine specimen of a Highland shepherd, watching him. Without saying a word, the scientist plucked the little heather-bell, and handed it with the microscope to the shepherd that he, too, might see what he was beholding. The old shepherd put the instrument up to his eyes, got the heather bell in place, and looked at it until the tears ran down his rugged face like bubbles on a mountain stream; and then handing back the little heather-bell tenderly and the instrument, he said, "I wish I had never seen it." Why asked the scientist, "Because, mon," was the reply, "that rude folk has trodden on so many o' them."

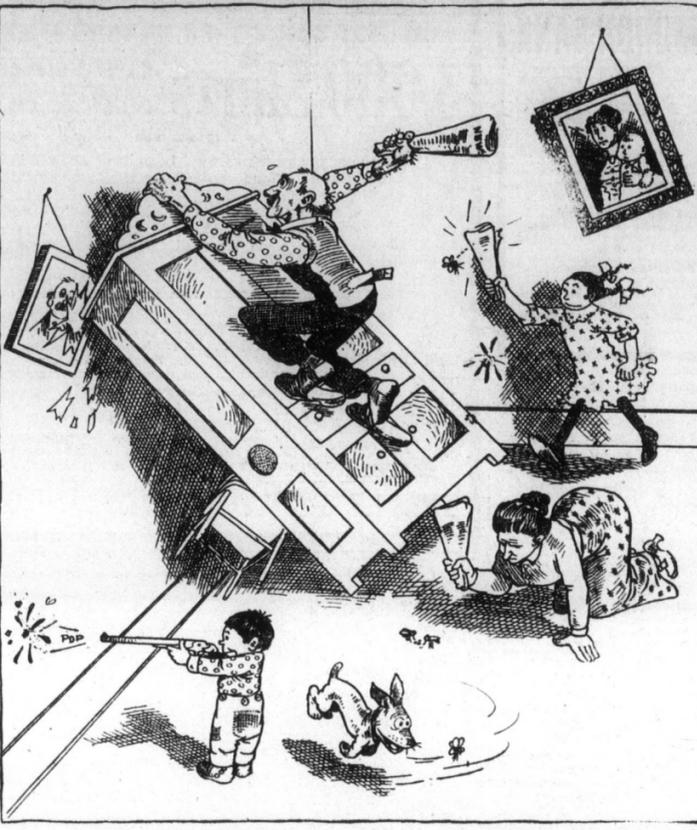
GERMAN TAX COMPROMISE.

\$125,000,000 to be Raised Without Death Duties, Say Clerical Papers.

Berlin, July 8.—According to some Clerical and Conservative newspapers, the long tussle between the Government and the Conservative bloc aimed at taxes has ended in a compromise by which the required \$125,000,000 is assured, but the death duties have been eliminated, other taxes being found.

It is stated that everything will be arranged by the end of the week.

THE SUMMER HUNTING SEASON HAS COMMENCED



First Hand Guns Recorded in 1338

Very early ordnance was small, some of it so small that many of the guns could be either mounted on wooden blocks as cannon or attached to staves for use as hand guns; but it is impossible to say how early the last named form of their application was put in practice, and this partly owing to the fact that the same nomenclature is freely employed to express both classes of weapons in the written records of the period, says the Spokane Spokesman-Review.

The first clear mention of hand guns that has descended to us occurs in Italian records, and "an hand gun" is scheduled in an English inventory of 1338. The metal portions of very early hand guns are cylindrical in form and usually about a span long—i. e., that is, nine inches—but they begin to lengthen about the end of the fourteenth century; they are cast in bronze or brass, or made of wrought iron.

Though the use of iron, leaden and even brass bullets at this very early period in this history of firearms is recorded, says R. Coltman Cleppan, in the Antiquary, the favorite projectile, as shown by illuminations in manuscripts, would seem to have been a garrot—i. e., a brass bolt or arrow, feathered with brass (garros a feu), sometimes called quarrel missile for the crossbow. Quarrel guns (quarriaux gunnes) are mentioned in the treasury accounts of Henry IV. of England (1399-1413), and such missiles were still being employed with firearms up to the end of the sixteenth century, as shown in a Tower inventory of 1599.

The early history of firearms in the sense of tubes from which missiles are thrown by the action of a detonating compound of the nature of gunpowder is wrapped in obscurity, though it may be safely inferred from the few early records that have come down to us that such weapons were first employed in warfare soon after the commencement of the fourteenth century, if not some time before the crossbow. Their origin remains uncertain, but we may gather that it was most probably Italy, though the Flemings were early in the field.

A Byzantine record of the eleventh century and one of China of the thirteenth (1259) refer to tubes, respectively of bronze and bamboo, from which an inflammable compound was projected, with the object of setting fire to ships or buildings, and the material so employed was probably Greek fire, of which there were many varieties, some of which would seem to have been slightly detonating in character. But ordnance and hand guns require a mixture strong enough to propel a projectile from a tube with considerable momentum. It will probably never be known when or where this epoch making compound was invented. It is also stated that there is a reference in Chinese annals of 1232 to a fiery mixture having been employed in that country and year in what would seem to have been bombs, but the statement, resting as it does on the reputed copy of an older record, should be received with caution. Prior to the invention of the match both ordnance and hand guns were fired by a red hot iron bar or a live coal. Figures of guns shown in illuminated manuscripts or on the rather later engraved drawings are fanciful, and at the best give merely the outline of the piece, but, fortunately, a few very early actual specimens have been preserved, some of which have chambers, while others are without them. The touch hole is on the uppermost side of the barrel, and the muzzle strengthened with an outer thickening or ring. This metal part is set into a stock, to which it is firmly attached by iron rings, though sometimes the stock itself is of wrought iron. Among these weapons, of the wooden stocks of which have mostly rotted away, there is but a single example furnishing any reliable data as to the time it was used in warfare, and this piece was found in excavating among the debris of the fortress Vesta Tannenberg, a castle in Hesse, taken by assault and dismantled in the year 1399. The weapon is now deposited in the Germanic National Museum at Nuremberg, where there is a large and comprehensive collection of arms and armor.

PECULIAR LOYALTY.

An Agricultural Organ's View of a Tariff Demand.

(Farmers' Sun.) Industrial Canada, the official organ of the Manufacturers' Association, finds cause for complaint in the statement that one Hamilton firm imported, in one consignment, seventy-five cases, containing one hundred and twenty-five suits to the case, made by a manufacturer in Leeds. A continuance of such importations should, Industrial Canada thinks, be prevented by means of an increase in the Canadian tariff.

At one of the annual meetings of the Manufacturers' Association a delegate in attendance called for a tariff "as high as the farmer's galloway" as a means of keeping Yankee goods out of the country. The only reason why the limitation in that case was to "Yankee goods," was because this particular delegate is a stove manufacturer, and stove importations are practically confined to those from the United States. But Industrial Canada, which speaks for the whole protected interest, is as anxious to see British woolsens excluded from the Canadian market as this stove man was to see American stoves stopped at the border.

It may be possible to reconcile professions of loyalty—"loyalty" is often the farmer's galloway—as well as the most frequent use of the word—with a demand for the exclusion of American goods. But what greater hypocrisy is possible than is shown in howling for the old flag in one breath and in the next demanding a tariff high enough to shut out goods manufactured under the flag from entering the Canadian market?

What about loyalty to the interests of the Canadian consumer? The present tariff on ready-made clothing coming from Great Britain is thirty per cent, thus making the first cost of a \$2.50 suit nearly \$4. How much more blood toll do the tariff barons want?

WORK IN NATIONAL FORESTS.

Roads, Trails and Telephone Lines Opening Up These Wildernesses.

During the present fiscal year \$600,000 will be spent for the construction of roads, trails, telephone lines and other permanent improvements on the national forests. Congress has appropriated the same amount for this purpose for the fiscal year of 1909-10. Trails are being constructed along routes which give the best control of the areas to be patrolled by the forest rangers. In many districts telephone lines have been built between the supervisor's office and ranger headquarters and to prominent peaks which are used for look-out stations to observe fire. These telephone lines and trail systems are of vital importance, resulting in the remarkably small area burned over since forests have been under Government supervision. Other necessary improvements provided for and taken up by the forest service, says the Square Deal, are the construction of drift fences for stock protection, the improving of springs and watering places, the fencing of bog or mire holes and the fencing of poisonous plant areas. The forest service also co-operates with the States, counties and communities in the construction of wagon roads, trails and bridges, making accessible bodies of mature timber. The new Boise-Atlanta ninety-six mile wagon road is an example of this useful co-operation. The former road follows over six mountains and is snowed in during six or seven months of the year. Atlanta, Idaho, is ninety miles from a railroad. The new road will be snowed in for only two or three months of the year. The scenery along this road rivals that of many of the scenic highways. It opens up a large area of national forest heretofore inaccessible. —The York Sun.

SCRAP BOOK POETRY

ONE, TWO, THREE.

It was an old, old, old, old lady, And a boy that was half-past three; And the way that they played together Was beautiful to see.

She couldn't go running and jumping, And the boy, no more could he, For he was a thin little fellow, With a thin little twisted knee.

They sat in the yellow twilight, Out under the maple tree; And the game they played I'll tell you, Just as it was told to me.

It was hide and seek they were playing, Though you'd never have known it to be— With an old, old, old, old lady, And the boy with the twisted knee.

The boy would bend his face down On his little sound right knee, And he'd guess where she was hiding, In guesses one, two, three!

"You are up in papa's bedroom, In the chest with the queer old key!" And she said: "You are warm and snug, But you're not quite right," said she.

"It can't be the little cupboard Where mamma's things used to be— So it must be the clothespress, grandma!" And he found her with his three.

Then she covered her face with her fingers, That were wrinkled and white and wee, And she guessed where the boy was hiding, With a one and a two and a three.

And they never had stirred from their places, Right under the maple tree— This old, old, old, old lady, And the boy with the lame little knee— This dear, dear, dear old lady, And the boy who was half-past three. —H. C. Bunner.

ROUNDUP OF BEARS.

Necessary in Colorado, Cattlemen Say, Because Bruin is Killing Stock.

The annual roundup of bears is on in Routt county, Albert Whitney, Steve Elkins and several other bear hunters of note have undertaken to rid the cattle ranges of Routt county of the bears which are killing the colts and calves in large numbers. Eight bears have been taken so far during the hunt.

The headquarters of the hunters is at Phippsburg and from that point they throw out a circle, beating the timber in the vicinity of the places where dead calves and colts are found. The party of hunters has about fifty bear dogs, the pack being mostly from the kennels of Elkins, of Mancos, Col., and of Whitney, of Phippsburg.

The stockmen say that they are losing at least \$1,000 a week by allowing the bears to live off their colts and calves, which are so small at this time of the year that bears easily pull them down. Two skins sent in from the hunters' camp are the finest furs that have been seen in Denver for many years. One is off a brown bear and the other off a black. Each is a glossy pelt, full of fat and in perfect condition. At this season a bear's skin is in prime condition, as he does not shed until July.—Denver Post.

Chinese Lady's Rebuke to Admirer. My Lord,—You know I have a husband and yet you have sent me two brilliant pearls. My eyes were dazzled, my mind perturbed, my heart moved; and for a moment I fastened the pearls on my gown of crimson silk. My family is one of those whose standards fly near the imperial gardens, and my husband holds the gilded lance in the palace of Ming-Kouang. I doubt not that the feelings of your highness are pure and as lofty as the sun itself and the moon; but I remain faithful to the man with whom I have sworn to live and to die. I return to your highness your brilliant pearls, and two tears of regret at my own error are trembling in my eyes.—From a Collection of Love Letters in London Tit-Bits.

FLAG NOT INSULTED. Boys Tied Union Jack to Back of Vehicle.

Toronto, July 9.—The British flag was not insulted after all. Chief Constable Grasset in speaking to Mayor Oliver about the trailing of the British Union Jack in the dust on July 5, said he believed it to be by the purest accident, and this is borne out by the statement of Mr. Peter Small.

"I was seated at lunch," said Mr. Peter Small yesterday, "when I saw half a dozen young urchins with a long string of small flags running after the tally-ho. They had got the flags from some place which had been decorated on July 1st. They ran after the rig which passed, and attached the string of flags to the hub of the back wheel. I said to some Americans who were at dinner at the time, 'That's the way we celebrate the Fourth,' and they smiled. 'There was nothing in the whole thing, and people raise a lot of fuss over nothing.' The American tourists did not insult our flag at all."

STAR-SPANGLED.

WAS NOT SUBJECT TO IGNOMINY AT CLIFTON HOTEL.

Even "God Save the King" is Forbidden to be Played During Dinner Hours, so That Guests May Eat Their Food in Peace.

Niagara Falls, Ont., July 8.—The alleged "Star Spangled Banner" incident at the Clifton Hotel, which is agitating New York city, had its ignoble birth in the vengeance-wreaking mind of a disgruntled waiter who was recently dismissed from the Clifton Hotel. By this ignominious medium the news found its way to an American paper, and was transmitted to a world which wondered how the moseopolitian Mr. Major could be guilty of such a discourtesy. "Don't play 'God Save the King' during dinner hours" is a standing order at the Clifton Hotel. This instruction applies also to all other national airs, when it is known that citizens of all nationalities gather at the hostelry. The reason for the order is apparent, because if the patriotic spirit was ardent a man would feel bound to rise during the playing of his national air, and this would interfere with the comfort of others.

The orchestra was playing a medley, which included many patriotic airs, and all went well until the "Star Spangled Banner" struck up, then a few Americans rose, but the majority of the diners retained their seats. Among these was Mr. Major, who could not see the standing diners. When his attention was attracted he grasped the situation, and the order was conveyed to the orchestra not to play national airs. "The Maple Leaf" was not played at all. This is the whole incident.

WIFE TO PRISON.

She Caused Servant Girl to Suicide by Insinuations.

New York, July 8.—The American prints the following cable from Lucca, Italy: The curtain fell to-day on a real life tragedy in the career of Giacomo Puccini, the opera composer, that was quite as pathetic as the stage play of the same name. The little Japanese heroine of Puccini's masterpiece, "Madame Butterfly," it was a story, told, that was not greatly dissimilar to Cho-Cho San's. The climax came when Signora Elvira Dantoni Puccini, the composer's wife, was sentenced to prison for having served five months in prison for having caused the suicide of Doria Manfredi, a beautiful little serving maid in her villa, whom Puccini befriended after her father's death.

She accused Doria of being Puccini's mistress, the girl a peasant, and scarce more than a child, crept out of the villa and swallowed poison. Puccini, when he heard of his protégé's death, had a bitter quarrel with his wife, and separated from her at once. When the authorities inquired into the suicide, the American woman, Signora Puccini will also have to pay to the surviving relatives of Doria Manfredi a sum of money, the exact amount to be determined later by the court.

CRUISERS MAY ATTEND.

British Ships for Hudson-Fulton Celebration.

London, July 8.—Ambassador Reid has been informed that the fifth cruiser squadron of the British navy has been designed to attend the Hudson-Fulton celebration to be held at New York September 25 to October 9, next. The squadron consists of four ships, namely, the Drake, Argyle, Duke of Edinburgh and Black Prince. They will be under the command of Rear Admiral Frederick T. Hamilton, who will be the official representative of his Majesty's Government at the American celebration.

All of the ships are of the armored cruiser class, and three of them, the Black Prince, Duke of Edinburgh and Argyle, were put into commission only three years ago, so that they represent some of the late type of British naval architecture.

TO TAX CORPORATIONS.

Important Charge Contemplated by Government.

Toronto, July 9.—It is learned that important financial legislation is contemplated by the Ontario Government, and a report is abroad which there seems to be strong foundation in fact, that the Government is about to propose to tax corporations. It is understood that the Provincial Cabinet has been considering the advisability of imposing taxation on all corporations operating public utilities, and also to loan companies.

The Government's plan is believed to further contemplate placing the regulation of such corporations and the jurisdiction of them entirely under the jurisdiction of the Ontario Railway and Municipal Board. In all probability more will be heard upon this subject shortly. Mr. Frank Hodgins, K. C., solicitor to the Toronto Board of Education, says Henry Simpson was legally elected to fill vacancy caused by the death of H. A. E. Kent. Two Kingston grocers have been summoned on a charge of selling adulterated coffee.

ST. PATRICK'S HALF PENCE.

IRISH COINS ONCE CURRENT IN NEW JERSEY.

The Only Known Specimen Struck in Gold About to be Sold in London—They Originated in Ireland and Mark Newby Brought a Supply to America.

The only good specimen known of the coin called in America the Mark Newby farthing is to be sold in London this month. These farthings have an interesting history. Many were struck in silver, copper, brass and lead. The obverse shows a crowned king kneeling and playing a harp. Above the harp is a crown, while around the border is the inscription "Floreat Rex." On the reverse the principal device shows St. Patrick, with right hand outstretched, banishing the serpent from Ireland. In his left hand he carries a double or metropolitan cross and at the extreme right is a church. The inscription of the reverse reads "Quiescat Plebs."

There are many varieties of these farthings, of widely different weights but of nearly uniform size and with both plain and reeded edges. The silver pieces are very irregular in their weight, which ranges from ninety-eight to 170 grains, but all are about the size of an old fashioned copper cent. The coins struck in copper are more uniform, averaging about 100 grains. The coin is supposed to have had its origin in Ireland in the reign of Charles I, and it has been the subject of much discussion. One theory is that the coin was devised by the Catholics when they rebelled in Ireland, another that it was minted for the Confederate Assembly, and a third that the coins were issued in Dublin some time between the Restoration (1690) and 1680 as a private token. Whatever their origin these pieces circulated in this country and constituted the first copper circulating medium regularly authorized for use in any of the American Colonies.

A party of immigrants from Dublin, among whom were Mark Newby (or Newbie) and his family, arrived in the Colony of New Jersey on November 19, 1681. Newby brought with him a quantity of the St. Patrick's half pence, as they were termed in passing over the period fractional currency were exceedingly scarce in the Colony and on May 8, 1682, the New Jersey authorities passed an act "for the more convenient payment of small sums," which provided that Mark Newbie's half pence, called Patrick's half pence, shall from and after the said 18th day be taken in payment of current pay of this province, provided he, the said Mark, his executors and administrators, shall and will change the said half pence for pay equivalent upon demand; and provided also that no person or persons be hereby obliged to take the said 18th day in payment of one penny. The full text is found in the Grants, Concessions and Original Constitutions of the Province of New Jersey.

Newby settled with his party at Edsborough, Salem County, N. J., and it is recorded that a meeting was held at a meeting set up and kept at the house of Mark Newbie and in a short time it grew and increased. Newby soon became prominent in the affairs of the colony, and in 1682 was one of the representatives in the General Assembly, which met at Burlington. In the following year he became a member of the Governor's council.

It is not known how many of the coins were brought over by him, but the quantity is supposed to have been large. Indeed he is thought to have manufactured additional coins of similar design in the colony. No special weight or design is similar to that of the farthings, but the reverse is entirely different.

It is thought St. Patrick with a trefail in his right hand, a crozier in his left, surrounded by a wreath of poplar, on the left side is a shield with three castles. The inscription is "Eccc Grex." These coins also occur with plain and reeded edges. The larger coins were called half pennies, while the smaller were termed farthings.

The coins which have passed current for many years after they were first made, both in Ireland and in this country. New Jersey was forced to resort to all kinds of copper pieces to supply the need of small currency up to the time the State began the mintage of coins bearing its own stamp in 1786. The coins must have been used in Ireland long after 1680, for Swift in the "Drapier's Letters," dated August 25, 1724, mentions the coins—the small St. Patrick's coins which passeth now for a farthing and the great St. Patrick's half penny.

The Mary Newby coins in copper are plentiful even at the present time and command premiums of from 50 cents to \$5, according to condition and variety. Those of silver are scarce.

Dramatic Humor in China.

At most towns we have called at the attractions formed one of the sights. The din and discord of the band attracted us more than once even if the play had no fascination. It matters little or not at all to a foreigner what the plot is all about, as this drama for two or three days, sometimes longer. We witnessed a fascinating and very evidently the punishment inflicted on the villains of the drama. Three men in almost a state of nudity were being soused with buckets of water and making funny grimaces as the cold douche was dashed into their faces. Judging by the frantic shouts of the audience this "situation" was evidently the height of dramatic humor, and as we strolled along the poor villains were still taking their punishment as stage villains should.—Shanghai Mercury.

The Day They Celebrate.

Objurgations of the Mississippi band have regularly each year since 1808 celebrated their acceptance and occupation of the White Earth Reservation in western Minnesota. Within the limits of its boundaries in northern Minnesota these people have come out of barbarism into an advanced stage of civilization. From being American wards and helpless children they are now citizens and owners of the land, with deeds duly signed with their own signatures proving their claims. Even to this year the days of June 15 and 16 are celebrated instead of July 4, though it is possible that hereafter the Americans' Independence Day will be accepted as their own time of rejoicing.—Fur News.

VERY SUDDEN.

Girl Attacked by Scarlet Fever Died Unexpectedly.

Much sympathy will be extended to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hobbs, of Whitefield avenue, in the sudden death of their daughter, Elizabeth Wimmer, aged ten years, who passed away yesterday afternoon at the City Hospital, after a short, but very severe attack of scarlet fever. She was a very bright child and was well liked among her playmates, by whom she was much beloved.

The funeral of Euphemia Stevens took place this afternoon from her late residence, 214 Mary street, to Hamilton Cemetery, where interment took place. The services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Tovell and the pall-bearers were H. A. Martin, H. Fernibough and William Armstrong.

Mrs. Robert Wilson, 396 Catharine street north, died yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Wilson was born in Ireland 62 years ago, and came to this country when 10 years of age, and had been a resident for the past 43 years. She had been ill for six months, but previous to that was in her usual health. She was a kind mother and wife and her many friends will be grieved to hear of her death.

The funeral will take place from her late residence, 396 Catharine street north, at 4 o'clock Sunday, to St. Luke's Church for interment, thence to Hamilton Cemetery for interment.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Minnie Jones took place yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the residence of her father, 288 Jackson street west, to Hamilton cemetery, where she was interred. Rev. F. E. Howitt conducted the services at the house and grave. Deceased was a member of the Companions of the Forest, and the requiem service of the order was conducted at the house. The pall-bearers were: Frank Armstrong, James Hanley, and the three brothers of the deceased, Charles, George and Henry Marshall.

Much sympathy will be extended to Mrs. Lewis E. Harris, of No. 901 King street east, in the death of her son, Ralph McLaughlin, aged 12 years, who took place at the City Hospital this morning. Ralph was a bright and intelligent boy, and his many friends will be sorry to hear of his death. He had his arm hurt on the 25th of May and was getting along nicely. Last Sunday he was taken to the City Hospital to undergo an operation for appendicitis. He was a son of the late Lewis E. Harris, of York.

A former resident of this city passed away at Stratford yesterday in the person of James McMahon. Mr. McMahon was well known in this city, having until 21 years ago worked at the G. T. R. shops. He leaves a widow and family, who reside at Stratford. The remains were brought to this city, and the funeral will take place to-morrow morning to St. Mary's Cathedral thence to Holy Sepulchre cemetery, where interment will take place.

Shea's Clearing Sale. Thousands of dollars' worth of the most desirable summer goods can be had offered at less than wholesale. Skirts, blouses, wash goods, suit, table linens, etc. Undershirts, \$2.50, for \$1.49, and \$1.25, for 50c. White linen dress skirts, \$4.50, for \$2.50, and \$3.50, for \$1.99; \$3.00, for \$1.50, and muslin skirts, \$2, for 95c. Thousands of yards of elegant wash goods at less than half price, 20c, for 10c; 30c, for 15c; 50c, for 19c. White lawn work 20c for 13-12c. Women's lawn waives, worth \$1.50, for 75c; \$2.50, for \$1.49; \$3, for \$1.95; \$1.75, for \$1. Wash suits, pure linen wash suits, white and colors, \$12, for \$5.95. New York mill pure dress, worth \$10 and \$12, on sale for \$4.95 and \$5.95. Voile, Panama, lustre and poplin skirts, black and colors, at sweeping cuts. \$15 skirts for \$9.50, \$12 skirts for \$7.50, \$9 skirts for \$4.95, \$6 skirts for \$3.95, \$5 skirts for \$2.95. Ladies' dresses at one-half to one-third off. Table cloths, worth \$2 and \$2.50 for \$1.29. Pure linen table damasks at one-quarter to one-third off. Towels and towellings at makers' cost. Hundreds of other bargains in every department. Shop early.—James Shea.

Recalls a Famous Battle. There are several keys required to open the door to business success. You cannot blunder through its portals, but you have to find each key, use it right, and know the combination. In the case of a large clothing, furnishing and hat house like The 2 T's, advertising is one of the keys, salesmanship is another, and a keen eye for a third, and it is in this last that we speak more particularly now. If there is one thing the people of the city should appreciate, it is having a real live store in their midst that never misses an opportunity of securing a snap. It places real economic values in the way of the public that would pass on to some other city were there not a store like The 2 T's always watching, always ready to spring. This firm was desirous of clearing their surplus stock of \$9,500 worth of the highest grade clothing made in America, and as a nod is as good as a wink to the 2 T's, they set to visit them in their unloading, with the result that they secured this \$9,500 purchase for \$6,000. The 2 T's advertising will tell you the story, but from the looks of the clothing the only sequel to that story would seem to be that at the end of the month this \$9,500 purchase for \$4,000 will have as few survivors as the gallant six hundred at the battle of Balaclava. The 2 T's Trudell & Tobey, 50-52 James street north, Hamilton, Ont.

Moonlight Excursion. The Y. M. C. A. annual moonlight excursion to-night promises to be an unqualified success. The 91st Highlanders' Band, under the leadership of H. Stares, will put on an excellent programme of music. The boat will call at the Beach each way. No pains have been spared to make this the moonlight event of the season. The start will be made at the James street wharf at 8:15 o'clock.

DROPPED DEAD. Detroit, Mich., July 9.—Philip Miller, of Toronto, dropped dead at a dance at the Detroit Club last night. He was about 50 years old. In his youth he was prominent as an oarsman and football player.

The way for a woman to manage a man is not to be married to him.—New York Press.

SALES OF HORSES. A good chance to secure a first class horse for any purpose is offered in an advertisement elsewhere in this issue. They can be seen Friday evening and Saturday at the Court House barn, off Main street, and are sound and reliable.

TEA TABLE GOSSIP.

All Saints Sunday School held its picnic at Mohawk Park this afternoon.

Mrs. (Rev.) Neil McPherson, Indianapolis, Indiana, is spending a few days in Hamilton.

Miss Quigley, Wellington street north, fell off a James street north street car last night, but beyond a few bruises she was unhurt.

About 150 of the members of the Christian Workers' Sunday School, Toronto, enjoyed the annual picnic at the Brant House to-day. They travelled on the Turbina.

Eight coaches of the T. H. & B. were required this morning to carry the scholars of the Church of the Ascension Sunday School on their annual picnic to Niagara Falls.

Wilfrid C. White, of this city, has passed his part 2 examinations of the Institute of Actuaries of Great Britain, and has been granted the degree of associate.

Mabel Phillips, 310 Caroline street south, was bitten by a dog yesterday afternoon, and Dr. McNicol, who attended the little girl, found it necessary to use three stitches to draw the wound together. The dog is perfectly healthy, and no danger is anticipated.

Three men attempted to steal some copper out of a car at the G. T. R. Cannon street yard about 4 o'clock this morning, but were interrupted by the watchman. The police are investigating.

It is worthy of note that little Eliza Hackbusch obtained first class honors in her junior piano examinations of Toronto University, not in the primary, as stated. She passed the primary when in her ninth year.

Complaints have been made about boys bathing without trunks in a pond near the Red Hill. It is very objectionable to people who drive along the road, and the county police are blamed for permitting it.

That unique orator, John R. Clarke, known from ocean to ocean, will occupy the pulpit of Barton Street Methodist Church next Sunday morning and evening. On Monday night he will give a platform talk on "Hits and Misses."

J. J. Burton, Hamilton's young aeronaut, who was injured while experimenting with an aeroplane of his own construction, on the mountain side, about two months ago, intends to build another machine on somewhat different lines. In the accident, which occurred at the first trial, the machine was badly damaged.

The Ladies' Aid Society of Wentworth Street Baptist Church held a picnic social in the Sunday School last night and a large number were present. A short musical programme as well as a number of interesting readings were enjoyed before the refreshments were served. The members of the Society attended to the table.

The annual picnic by the employees of the Canada Screw Company will be held at Victoria Park, Niagara Falls, to-morrow. A special train will leave the G. T. R. King street station at 7:45 a. m.; Stuart street at 8 o'clock and Victoria avenue at 8:05. This picnic promises to be an ideal outing, as everything has been arranged for the enjoyment of excursionists.

For next week the Summers Stock Company will offer the celebrated comedy "Niobe." This piece is said to be one of the most laughable ever written. Miss Belle Stevenson will appear in the title role, and as the company is well adapted to comedy productions, an excellent performance will surely be given. "Woman Against Woman" is pleasing large crowds this week at this cozy little theatre on the mountain.

Last night as street car No. 17, in charge of Motorman McRoberts, was going down Birch avenue, a man driving a horse and buggy west on one of the side streets, ran into the side of the car. The horse became frightened and turned so quickly that the driver was thrown out and landed on his knees. The horse bolted back east, but was caught before it had gone very far. The man was unhurt beyond a few bruises.

Like Two Bee Hives. Our stores are usually literally swarming with customers and for to-morrow we have provided the choicest assortment of delicacies, secured from every conceivable market to tempt the most fastidious epicure. Extra help and extra wagons to ensure prompt service Saturday. Beach delivery—First wagon leaves at one o'clock, second at 2:15.—Peelers, Hobson Co., Limited.

Immense Sale of Muslins. For to-morrow Finch Bros. announce an annual sale of muslins and batists in light or dark, navy and black grounds, in quantities of 1,500 yards of cotton woven delainettes in dark grounds, 37 inch, regular 50c, on sale 10c. 30 dozen short summer gloves in silk and lisle, a great reduction sale of long silk gloves at 49c, 58c, 75c, 85c and 98c. We just mention a few to-day, but a visit to this great store will reveal many interesting price savings. Come. Open 8:30 and close 10 p. m. Saturday.

A NARROW ESCAPE. Last night Norman Thompson, 13 Nightingale street, while riding home on his bicycle had a narrow escape. Thompson was riding down King street, and was near the car tracks, and the 6:10 Radial car struck the bicycle and threw him to one side. It was a wonder that he was not tossed under the wheels of the car. He escaped with only a few bruises. Strange to say, the bicycle was undamaged.

Y. M. C. A. DIRECTORS MEET. The regular monthly meeting of the Y. M. C. A. Board of Directors was held last evening. There was a large attendance, and President Alfred Power guided them through a long programme of reports and items of business. The officers and directors are justifiably pleased over the success of the recent campaign for boys' building fund, and plans for the new building are in progress of completion, the work is to be started at once.

100,000 FIRE. Buffalo, July 9.—The plant of the Buffalo Reduction Co., at Cheektowaga, about a mile beyond the Buffalo city line, was destroyed by fire early to-day. The loss is estimated at \$100,000.

THE DOMINION BANK

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO, ONT. Capital Paid Up \$2,000,000 Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits \$2,350,000 Deposits by the Public \$35,000,000 Total Assets \$40,000,000 A general banking business transacted. Starting and Continental Exchange bought and sold. Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit issued available in all parts of the world.

Savings Departments. Are maintained at all branches. Special attention given to accounts of women and children.

Hamilton Branches: MAIN OFFICE, Corner King and MacNab Streets. EAST END BRANCH, Corner King and Westworth Streets. W. K. PRAGER, Manager.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths which are inserted in the Daily Times also appear in the Semi-Weekly Times. 50c first insertion; 25c for each subsequent insertion.

DEATHS. HARRIS.—At the City Hospital, on Friday, July 9th, 1909, Ralph McLaughlin, youngest son of the late Lewis E. Harris, of York, aged 12 years.

WILSON.—In this city, on Thursday, July 8th, 1909, Eleanor Freeborn, beloved wife of Robert Wilson, aged 42 years.

HANES.—At her parents' residence, 501 Cannon street east, on Tuesday, 6th July, 1909, Emily Eliza, beloved wife of Frederick Hanes, and only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Penning J. Burrows, aged 12 years and 10 months.

PTOLEMY.—At Woodburn, on July 8th, 1909, William Ptolemy, son of the late William Ptolemy.

TOOK A SWIM. Alligators Devoured a Chicago Man Who Went in Bathing.

Pensacola, Fla., July 9.—With the bones stripped of flesh by alligators, the body of Herman Wilcox, of Chicago, was found yesterday in Good Time Lake, two miles from camp Valon, a summer resort, where Wilcox has been residing with his mother for the past two months.

ENTHUSIASTIC NEW YORKER TELLS OF THE NORTH SILVER LAND. A. F. Mathews has just returned from a five weeks' trip to the new Canadian silver fields of Gowganda.

Mathews and his associates control 720 acres of silver lands, and their properties are considered among the best in the Gowganda district. This is the latest of all silver mining camps. On August last a young prospector named Reeves stumbled against a ridge of silver ore. He sold the fruits of his afternoon's work for \$500,000 cash. Mathews, on behalf of the New York Telegraph, visited the silver camp during the winter, and incidentally gobbled up some valuable claims.

Like Two Bee Hives. Our stores are usually literally swarming with customers and for to-morrow we have provided the choicest assortment of delicacies, secured from every conceivable market to tempt the most fastidious epicure. Extra help and extra wagons to ensure prompt service Saturday. Beach delivery—First wagon leaves at one o'clock, second at 2:15.—Peelers, Hobson Co., Limited.

Immense Sale of Muslins. For to-morrow Finch Bros. announce an annual sale of muslins and batists in light or dark, navy and black grounds, in quantities of 1,500 yards of cotton woven delainettes in dark grounds, 37 inch, regular 50c, on sale 10c. 30 dozen short summer gloves in silk and lisle, a great reduction sale of long silk gloves at 49c, 58c, 75c, 85c and 98c. We just mention a few to-day, but a visit to this great store will reveal many interesting price savings. Come. Open 8:30 and close 10 p. m. Saturday.

Fresh Air, Sunshine and Repose, Siam the Door in the Doctor's Nose, Come Home with your Face as Red as a Rose.

Last Day of the Clover Sale—Decided Bargains. Decided bargains in up-to-date merchandise beckon every woman in Hamilton to this bright store to-morrow.

Fralick & Co's. July Clothing. The regular monthly meeting of the Y. M. C. A. Board of Directors was held last evening.

TREBLE'S TWO STORES

BIGGEST SHIRT SALE EVER PLANNED STARTS TO-MORROW 3,000 Shirts First Delivery Manufacturer's Stock to be Sold Exactly at-- 69c

For the next two weeks we'll be as busy as bees in a great Shirt Sale, for the values that we have ready can be numbered among the best these stores have ever offered in an event of this kind.

Boys' Shirts 49c, regular 75c, dark or light corded cloth. Underwear 49c French Balbriggan, reg. 65c. 75c, French Balbriggan, reg. \$1. 99c, French Balbriggan, reg. \$1.25. 20% Reduction All Men's, Boys' and Children's STRAW HATS

BOOT DEPARTMENT—STIRRING VALUES \$3.39, Reg. \$3.75 Treble's Reliable Bal. or Blucher \$4.49, Dr. Vernon's Cushion Soles, best Vicci Bluchers. Outing and Boating Oxfords, white or blue canvas. Children's Sandals.

TREBLE'S TWO STORES N.E. Corner King and James N.E. Corner King and John BOOT DEPT. Cor. King & John

THE WEATHER

FORECASTS—Moderate southwest-erly winds, fine and very warm to-day and Saturday. A few local thunderstorms chiefly at night.

WEATHER NOTES. The disturbance which was centred near Sable Island yesterday caused heavy gales last night in eastern Nova Scotia, but has now passed away to the Atlantic. Showers have occurred very generally in the Western Provinces. Fine warm weather prevails in Ontario. Washington, July 9.—Eastern States and Northern New York—Fair to-night and Saturday; slightly warmer in the interior to-night and Saturday. Western New York—Generally fair to-night and Saturday. Toronto, July 9. (11 a.m.)—Prob.—Fair and warm to-day; showers and thunderstorms to-night. Saturday fair and warm.

SHIRTWAIST SALE.

Manufacturer's Surplus Stock at Less Than Half Price. To-morrow, Stanley Mills & Co. will put on sale a bargain in shirtwaists which they claim to be one of the best values ever offered by them.

YOU WANT A bright, clean Home paper. ORDER THE TIMES All the News If you are out of town for the summer months, telephone 368 and have it sent to your address

SOME LATE SPORTING ITEMS. The Hamilton law students will play a game of ball against the lawyers this afternoon at Britannia Park.

THE DESSERT For the Warm Weather is JUNKET Made from Milk and Price's Rennet Wine

NEW ARRIVALS. Carolina Rice, Minute Tapioca, Manioca, Bardsley's Shredded Cod Fruit Sugar (For Berries)

MID-SUMMER MILLINERY SALE. We will continue the great clearing sale of Mrs. Himmans' stock regardless of the cost price.

FOR SALE. Two Good Young Family Driving Horses. One high class, one lively horse, one good heavy general purpose horse.

HAM AND EGGS. Mild Cured Ham and New Laid Eggs. Nothing better to live on. The STAR HAM is always mild, sweet and delicious flavor.

BELGIANS AT WELLAND. St. Catharines, Ont., July 9.—Representatives of the Belgian Government arrived here to-day and made an inspection of the Welland Canal.

COAL. INLAND NAVIGATION CO., Limited. 604 Bank of Hamilton Bldg. PHONES 2882 and 2883

Lawn Mowers. Get yours sharpened early and avoid the rush at E. TAYLOR'S Phone 2541. 11 MacNab North

AUTOMOBILE GARAGE. 80-82 Bay St. North Gasoline High Grade 20c Gal. Oils, To Local Motors Supplies, Etc.

NATURAL GAS GOODS. Very Cheap at BERMINGHAM'S Phone 1588. 25 John Street South.

AMUSEMENTS

TO-NIGHT. THE SUMMERS STOCK CO. WOMAN AGAINST WOMAN. 700 seats free with incline coupon ticket. Reserve seats 15c.

This is the Picnic for You. Canada Screw Company Employees' Excursion, Niagara Falls, Saturday, July 10th.

Moonlight Excursion To-night. Highlanders' Band, Steamer Modjeska, Leaves wharf 8:15. Under Y.M.C.A. auspices. Tickets 25c.

Saturday Afternoon Excursion Toronto and 50c Return. Good going 2:15, 5:30 p. m., returning leave Toronto 5:30 and 8:30 p. m.

MACASSA and MODJESKA. Leave Hamilton—8 a. m., 2:15, 5:30 and 8:30 p. m. Leave Toronto—9:30, 11:30 a. m., 5:30 and 8:30 p. m.

TO RENT

Two Hotels and Contents, Store and Restaurant, at Grimsby Park. Apply to MERCANTILE TRUST COMPANY OF CANADA, Limited, Liquidator Grimsby Park Co., Limited, HAMILTON.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF JOHN PROCTOR, late of the City of Hamilton, in the County of Wentworth, Merchant, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having any claims or demands against the said John Proctor, who died on or about the 18th day of August, 1908, are required to send by post, prepaid, to deliver to Irwin Proctor, "Cedar Grove," King street east, Hamilton, executor and trustee under the will of the said John Proctor, their names and addresses and full particulars in writing of their claims and statements of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them.

Vacation Reading. Hundreds to 10c each Select From A. C. TURNBULL 17 King Street East

Keep Cool Desk Fans FOR \$13.00 ELECTRIC SUPPLY CO. 67 James St. South. Tel. 23

POTATOES Wholesale and Retail THOMAS S. MORRIS Phone 38. 45 Wellington North

We have just received a consignment of "Placques" From Germany. Those who were saving up coupons for them kindly call as they are special value and will not last long.

SOCIAL TEA COMPANY. IT STOPPED. And caused you to lose time and temper. Kindly let us repair your watch or clock.

COAL. INLAND NAVIGATION CO., Limited. 604 Bank of Hamilton Bldg. PHONES 2882 and 2883

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