

Rioting in Rangoon!

A Large Number of Natives
Shot Down.

The Military Called Upon to Clear
the Streets.

Parliamentary Leaders Appeal to Irish
Americans for Funds—Result of
the Elections in Germany.

Killed 300 Deer on His Estate.
BERLIN, June 25.—The Duke of Meiningen has killed 300 deer on his estates during the last few days. He has given the deer free access to his preserves in order that they may carry off the carcasses.

Appeal from the Parliament.
LONDON, June 25.—The leaders of the Parliamentary section of the Irish Parliamentary party have issued an appeal to the friends of the Irish cause in America for funds. It is signed by John E. Redmond, Timothy Harrington and Joseph E. Kenny.

The Financial Pulse.
LONDON, June 25.—Discount was quoted during the past week at 1 1/2 for three months, and 1 1/4 for short bills. The market hardened early in the week, owing to the dispatch of a small parcel of gold to New York, but afterwards returned to its former position. Silver was weak and unsettled. Business on the Stock Exchange was stagnant and prices generally declined. Consols fell 3/16. Foreign securities were neglected. American railroads were flat.

The German Elections.
BERLIN, June 25.—The results of 101 second ballots, taken Friday and yesterday, show that the Social Democrats won 24 constituencies; National Liberals, 18; Conservatives, 13; Rightists, 13; Conservatives, 7; Radicals, 7; Radicals, 7; Free Conservatives, 4; Simon pure anti-Semites, 4; Poles, 3. The 216 constituencies where elections have been held are divided thus: Conservatives, 75; Social Democrats, 53; Conservatives and Agrarians, 57; National Liberals, 35; Radicals, 11; Poles, 15; Free Conservatives, 14; Independent Radicals, 11; Radicals, 7; Democrats, 11; anti-Semites, 7; Rightists, 15. Of the 310 deputies whose elections have been decided, 166 will enter the Reichstag opposed to the Army Bill, and 150 favoring it. Eighty-one constituencies are still to be heard from.

Serious Riot in Rangoon.
RANGOON, June 25.—For several days the Moslems have been preparing to celebrate a religious festival to-day. This morning they were forbidden by Mr. Fleming, British magistrate, to sacrifice a cow near the Hindu Temple. Mr. Fleming had threatened yesterday to issue this order and the Moslems were greatly excited before the hour of sacrifice.

When the police appeared near the temple with the warning them. The police charged without firing, but the Moslems held their ground stubbornly and fought back with sticks and stones. Mr. Fleming, who had gone to the spot just as soon as trouble became imminent, and several policemen were wounded. The police withdrew, got reinforcements and charged again, but without effect. Mr. Fleming then ordered them to fire. The volley was delivered at close quarters. Twenty Moslems were killed and many more were wounded severely.

As the Moslems still refused to disperse the military were called out. Four companies charged on the double, quick with fixed bayonets. The Moslems dispersed slowly, still fighting, although many had been wounded in the charge of the troops. They gathered again, however, in a street a short distance from the temple. They were hardly dispersed before they were firing at another street. A desultory fight between them and the troops has been in progress all the afternoon. All the military are occupied in clearing the streets. Many Moslems and Hindus have been killed; scores have been wounded. Nevertheless they show no signs of yielding, but as fast as they are driven from one district gather again in another. The regulars and police are being reinforced by volunteers.

ELOPERS SHOT AND KILLED.

The Brother of a Runaway Girl Takes
a Terrible Vengeance.

CITY OF MEXICO, June 25.—The police authorities here have been informed of a double tragedy enacted near the town of Toluca, in the State of Guerrero. Miss Isadora Garcia, a beautiful girl, the daughter of wealthy parents, eloped with Javier Bolatin, a well-known man of the same locality. When Juan Garcia, the brother of the girl, learned of the elopement he became terribly enraged and started in pursuit of the couple.

He overtook them as they were riding along a highway, and without a word drew a pistol and fired several shots at the lovers, killing them both. Garcia then surrendered himself to the authorities.

TERSELY TOLD.

The big Nora mine at Ironwood, Mich., has closed down and discharged the 550 employees.

John E. Elliott, 15 years of age, was caught in the elevator shaft in Spaulding's lumber mill, Elmira, N. Y., and instantly killed.

Theodore Buckalew, of Red Bank, N.J., choked to death while taking lunch on Thursday. He was a false teetotaler, and it is thought he swallowed some of the teeth.

Geo. Smith, 23 years old, a fireman on the Brooklyn elevated road, was shot and mortally wounded by footpads Saturday morning. After robbing their victim of \$10 the men escaped.

The Lake Erie Iron Company and Iron Rolling Mill Company, Cleveland, have decided to shut down on July 1 for repairs, and to await the signing of the Amalgamation Association scale. About 600 men will be thrown out of employment.

Deputy United States Marshal Gardner was killed and Capt. J. W. Brown, a marshal of the western district of Tennessee, was shot to pieces by moonshiners in Hardin county, Tenn., Saturday morning.

ing. In the battle a moonshiner was killed and even surrendered.
A St. Paul (Minn.) dispatch says: The receiver of the Red River Valley Elevator Company, having a line of elevators through Minnesota and North Dakota, last night filed schedules showing that the assets are \$449,422 and the liabilities \$494,017. Among the chief creditors are the Bank of Toronto, \$100,000, and the Canadian Bank of Commerce, Toronto, \$102,658.

Late Canadian News

Immense Procession in Honor of St.
Jean Baptiste—Suicide by Drown-
ing at Swansea.

Ex-Ald. George Leslie, a member of the
first Toronto City Council, died Saturday,
aged 90 years.

John Sneden, of 4 Plymouth street, Toronto, committed suicide on Saturday by drowning in the lake at Swansea.

Yesterday was decoration Sunday, and the Ottawa Oddfellows decorated the graves of deceased brethren in the cemeteries at Beechwood and Hull.

A. J. Van Ingen, aged 65, collector of customs at Newcastle, and brother of W. H. Van Ingen, collector of customs, Woodstock, died Sunday morning from the effects of paralysis.

Rev. Prof. Campbell has suggested July 7 as the date of the conference between himself and the committee appointed by the Montreal Presbytery as to the alleged heresy in his Kingston address.

Mr. George Goulding, of Goulding & Sons, a churchwarden of All Saints and a well-known citizen of Toronto, died Sunday evening at his residence. He had just returned from a trip to Muskoka.

Rev. John Wood, of the Congregational Church; Rev. T. W. Winfield, of the Reformed Episcopal, and Rev. Mr. Timberlake, of the Eastern Methodist Church, preached their farewell services on Sunday at Ottawa.

Toronto Council has passed the estimates at 17 1/2 mills on the dollar for 1893, but it is proposed to place a bylaw before the ratepayers asking them to vote for an issue of debentures for sufficient civic works to reduce the rate to 15 mills.

The Montreal French-Canadians celebrated the anniversary of St. Jean Baptiste, their patron saint, by a big procession on Sunday. A large number of visitors from New England and other parts of the country are in the city.

Mrs. Osborne, landlady of the Grosvenor House, at Jonville, was trying the other day to kill carpet bugs with gasoline and turpentine, which ignited from a lamp in the room and set the place on fire. Mrs. Osborne lost some of her hangings, and the other damage amounted to \$100.

Hon. Mr. Mercier, formerly Premier of Quebec, publishes an article in connection with the great St. Jean Baptiste celebration, denouncing the attacks that have been lately made upon the French-Canadians by Mr. McCarthy and advocating a union of the Catholics and French-Canadians.

DELUGED PLANTATIONS.

A Crevasse in the Levee Near New Orleans
Closes 400 Feet Wide and Still
Extending.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—The weather bureau observer at New Orleans reports a crevasse 500 feet wide and widening rapidly. About twenty large plantations and smaller places, aggregating some 25 to 30 miles along the river and fifteen miles deep, will be more or less under water, entailing a loss of about \$1,000,000 to crops in Iberville, Ascension, St. James and St. John parishes.

The council of administration is engaged in the work of using the official printing press. The 50 per cent reduction goes into effect July 1; the disappointed ones include Columbia guards, landscape gardeners, engineers, draftsmen, clerks, transportation employees, men of the terminal force and laborers generally. The guard is to be reduced from 2,000 to 1,500.

Although the paid admissions are now running from 75,000 to over 127,000, yet the amount of money due contractors as far back as April is enormous. Creditors are being paid on the instalment plan.

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Anarchists Honored.
CHICAGO, June 25.—The inauguration of the monument erected in memory of the five anarchists—Spies, Parsons, Fischer, Lingg and Engel—took place this afternoon at Waldheim Cemetery. More than 2,500 persons assembled at the burial ground.

The Deadly Ledge Crossing.
NEW YORK, June 25.—The 3:25 train from Jersey City on the Newark branch of the Erie Railway struck a carriage near Avondale, N. J., at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The carriage contained Mrs. Williams, of Newark, and her 12-year-old daughter, Mrs. Druett, of Newark, and her two children, a boy aged about 3 years and a girl aged about 5 years. The three children and Mrs. Williams were instantly killed.

United Workmen.
TORONTO, June 25.—The Supreme Lodge of Ancient Order of United Workmen has selected St. Francis as the place to hold their next convention. The following officers were elected: Supreme master workman, Dr. D. H. Shields, Hamilton, Mo.; supreme foreman, Lewis Troy, Chicago; supreme recorder, M. W. Sackett, Mendocino, Pa.; supreme guide, John Milne, Essex, Ont.; supreme watchman, B. F. Geiger, Detroit; supreme medical examiner, Wm. C. Richardson, St. Louis, Mo.

Seven Men Injured.
NEW YORK, June 25.—An explosion in Paul's firework's amphitheater at Manhattan Beach yesterday afternoon injured seven men. Joseph Purcell, of Brooklyn, had his face partly blown off and his arms and legs badly bruised and burned. He will probably die. James Egan, Henry Henderson, Joseph Lawler, Frank Ben and Sidney Hamm, all of Sheepshead village, were bruised and burned about the face and body. Purcell, Henderson and Lawler were loading an iron bomb with an explosive paste when the bomb exploded, blowing Purcell into the street, nearly a rod away. Henderson and Lawler were also blown a distance by the force of the explosion. The other men were struck by flying pieces of the bomb.

For fine styles and low prices of all kinds of furniture go to Wm. Traford, 95 and 97 King street. Upholstering and repairing by skilled workmen.

The Victoria's Victims

Submerged in 480 Feet of
Water.

No Attempt Likely to be Made to
Recover the Bodies.

Message of Sympathy From the Presi-
dent and People of the United
States.

LONDON, June 25.—It is stated that no attempt will be made to recover the bodies of those who went down in the Victoria. The vessel lies in 480 feet of water, and it would be an almost impossible task to recover the bodies. It is probable in the course of a few days a number of the bodies will float out from the hull, and all these will be watched for and given burial on land. Funds are being started in different parts of the country to aid those who have lost their supporters.

Gratifying subscriptions are being made to these funds, and it is believed that large sums of money will be raised. Among the prominent subscribers to the fund started by the Lord Mayor of London, is Queen Victoria, who has donated £100 to aid the stricken families.

A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Malta states that the Victoria was cut in two at the barbettes. Most of those who lost their lives were drowned by being drawn under the water by the suction caused by the sinking ship. Vice-Admiral Sir George Tryon was picked up shortly after the foundering of his flagship and carried on board the battleship Edinburgh, one of the fleet under his command, where he died shortly afterward.

The dispatch vessel Surrey, Commander B. F. Tillerd, is expected to arrive at Malta tomorrow. She will convey to Malta the body of Rear-Admiral Tryon. The remainder of the fleet is due to arrive at Malta on Monday.

Rear-Admiral Albert H. Markham, who, since the death of Vice-Admiral Tryon, is in command of the British Mediterranean squadron, has telegraphed to the Admiralty that the damage sustained by the Campdenian in accidentally ramming the Victoria, proves upon examination to have been less than expected. He adds that though the vessel is seriously damaged, he hopes that she will be ready to proceed for Malta in a few days, where she will go in dock for repairs.

LONDON, June 25.—It is understood that Rear-Admiral Markham will be court-martialed by the officers of the Campdenian, as that vessel carried his flag as second in command of the squadron when she collided with the Victoria.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 25.—The following cablegram was yesterday sent to the United States ambassador in London: "Convey to Her Majesty expression of the heartfelt sorrow of the President and the people of the United States by reason of the appalling catastrophe to the Victoria."

SUNDAY AT THE SHOW.

Forty Thousand Paid Admissions
Yesterday.

Mr. Gladstone's Statue Unveiled—Cut-
ting Down the Costa.

CHICAGO, June 25.—The total paid admissions to the Fair to date were 40,000. A statue of Hon. Wm. E. Gladstone was unveiled in Donegal Castle at Mrs. Wm. E. Gladstone's residence. Sunday was chosen for the unveiling of the statue, as the entire work will be consumed in our midst.

The crowd was seriously damaged, he hopes that she will be ready to proceed for Malta in a few days, where she will go in dock for repairs.

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NO! FOR CLEVELAND.

The Steamer Flora to be Placed on
the Port Stanley Route.

Commoning July 1—A Fine Boat—The
Canadian Express System Makes
Connection With It—Rail-
way Possibilities.

(Special to the ADVERTISER.)
ST. THOMAS, June 25.—An important conference was held here to-day between B. S. Murray, of London, route agent of the Canadian Express Company; O. F. Jordan, of St. Thomas, divisional superintendent of the M. C. R., and Capt. Gardiner, of Detroit, general manager of the Grummond Line of steamers.

As a result the steamer Flora will be placed on the route between Port Stanley and Cleveland. The deal takes effect on Thursday, June 23. On July 1 an excursion will be run from Port Stanley to Cleveland, leaving probably Saturday evening. The Flora is a splendid passenger steamer and one of the finest in Mr. S. B. Grummond's fleet of 50 boats.

She is large, roomy, speedy, and equipped with all modern conveniences, including state rooms and cabins. Her capacity is 2,000 passengers. It is the intention to make the round trip every second day, that is, the steamer will leave Port Stanley on day and return the next. As there is every accommodation in the way of sleeping berths the regular trips may be made at night—the most convenient time for those bound on business and pleasure.

Capt. Gardiner is known to many of the business people of London, whom he recently interviewed in regard to the project.

It is said that Mr. B. S. Murray highly favors the establishment of the service, and was largely instrumental in inducing Mr. Grummond to make the move. It is also an understood fact that the Canadian Express Company will cover the steamship route, thus giving the latter a connection with the whole Canadian express system, which is in itself a considerable thing. The present company will not put on a message service this year.

The fact that Mr. Grummond has decided to place his boat on the route, after consultation with Mr. Jordan, would seem to indicate that the former has had some assurance that the London and Port Stanley Railway will continue to be operated during the summer months. The belief here is that the M. C. R., when the quarter's rent is due next month, will make some sort of proposition to the city or else hand over the amount due and run the line until the profitable summer season is over and then drop it.

THE THOUSAND ISLANDS.

Canada Trying to Dispose of Her
Share.

OTTAWA, June 25.—T. M. Daly, Minister of the Interior, and M. Bowell, Acting Premier, have gone to Gananoque to arrange to revise the terms on which the Canadian Government has hitherto held the Thousand Islands.

Hitherto conditions have prevented sales, and while nearly all the American islands are gone, 860 Canadian islands remain unsold. Mr. Daly has decided to hold periodical auction sales, at which the islands will be put up for sale. The first auction will be held at Gananoque early in August.

THE "RIPPER" RECALLED.

A Shocking Crime on the Streets of
London—Another Unfortunate
Murdered.

LONDON, June 25.—The foul crimes of Jack the Ripper were again called to mind last night by a murder that was committed in a suburb a short distance to the southeast of London. The body of a woman belonging to the unfortunate class was found with the throat cut, the wound showing that the knife had been used from left to right as was the case in all the murders committed by the Ripper in the Whitechapel district of London.

Persons in the street at the late hour at which the deed was done state that they heard a woman scream two or three times. They ran in the direction from which the sounds came and found the woman lying on the pavement and the blood flowing from an awful gash in her throat. She was unconscious when found, and died a few minutes afterwards. The murderer escaped his capture.

The degraded women of Rotherhithe are panic-stricken by the fact that he had been seen by the police. The police do not believe that Jack the Ripper has commenced operations again, but think the crime was due to jealousy or to a drunken quarrel between the woman and some man whose acquaintance she had made on the streets.

BURNED OUT.

AMHERSTBURG, Ont., June 24.—A lamp exploded in the parlor of ex-Mayor McEvoy's residence here to-day. The fire was confined to the one room. Loss about \$1,300 insured.

AMHERSTBURG, Ont., June 25.—Last night Cullen Bros' saw mill, at Auburn, was totally destroyed by fire, together with the machinery and whole season's stock of headings, staves, lumber, etc. Loss between \$2,000 and \$3,000; insurance small.

ATHLETICS.

WILL FIGHT FOR \$15,000.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Alvin Karpis, for a contest between Bob Fitzsimmons and Joe Choynski for a purse of \$15,000 have been signed by the latter's manager, and it only remains for Fitzsimmons' consent to consummate the match.

AQUATIC.

WILL FIGHT FOR \$15,000.

OAKLAND, Cal., June 25.—Dana Thompson, aged 15, broke the world's half-mile swimming record at Piedmont Baths last night. Time, 13:10. The race was an official test.

Accident to the City of Chester.

NEW YORK, June 25.—The American Line steamer Chester left her dock Saturday afternoon bound for Southampton. Off Bedloe's Island she crashed into six coal barges. The Chester had a hole torn in her timbers and returned to her dock. One of the barges was sunk.

Why Do I Suffer? Why do physicians fail to give relief? Why do patients feel that they are suffering more and more? The new medical work published by the Peabody Medical Institute. Just glance at the advertisement in another column.

SHORT SKETCHES

Of the New Methodist Pastors in
the City.

Rev. Messrs. Annis, Cullen and Clement
—An Able Trio.

Three new pastors, as a result of the itinerant system of the Methodist Church, made their advent in city pulpits yesterday. They are Rev. J. W. Annis, Queen's Avenue; Rev. Thomas Cullen, Askin Street, and Rev. B. Clement, London West. A brief introduction of each to the public will not be amiss.

REV. B. CLEMENT.
The above-named gentleman, who has been for 30 years in the ministry, was born at Hamilton in 1844. His primary instruction was imparted at the Dundas Methodist Academy—an institution now defunct—and pursued in its more advanced branches at Victoria College, Cobourg. In 1862 he was received on probation and four years later ordained as a minister.

Mr. Clement's charges have been: Milton, Ayr, Warford, Stratford, Aylmer, Ridgeway and Petrolia. He has at different times occupied the position of chairman in the following districts: Aylmer, Ridgeway, Petrolia and Stratford. During last year, on account of his executive ability—which was doubtless stimulated by several years' experience in mercantile pursuits prior to entering the ministry—occupied the position of financial agent in Alma College, St. Thomas. Under his foregoing supervision this seat of learning made material progress. He is one of the best known and ablest ministers in the church.

REV. J. W. ANNIS.
The new pastor of the Queen's Avenue Methodist church has always been an exceptionally brilliant student, and is, as a minister, gifted with unusual powers of eloquence. Forty-two years ago he was born in Durham county, where, during his early days, he attended the district school. After passing through the Collegiate Institute at grade A, Sergeant N. Dinnen, First Hussars, has taken a first-class certificate at the same institution, showing the remarkable average percentage of 95.

The following appointments are gazetted:
First Hussars—"A" troop, St. Thomas, to be captain from 19th June, 1893, Octavian Weld, R. S. C., vice Henry Borbridge, who retires from the service; to be second lieutenant, provisionally, from 19th June, 1893, George Arthur Savage, gentleman, vice William P. Glenn, deceased.

London Field Battery—Lieut. Charles Oliver Fairbanks resigns his commission. Twenty-fifth Elgin Battalion of Infantry—No. 2 Company, St. Thomas, Capt. Edward H. Coughlin retires from the service.

Twenty-sixth Middlesex Battalion of Light Infantry, London—To be major, from 19th June, 1893, Captain Robert McEwen, R. S. L., from the adjutancy, vice J. Irwin, promoted; Major John Frederick Hoate is permitted to retire retaining rank, No. 3 Company, Gloucestershire, to be second lieutenant, provisionally, from 19th June, 1893, Ernest Arthur Billings, gentleman, in succession to Lieut. George Benjamin Campbell, who retires from the service; and Color Sergeant Ernest Henry Womouth, vice Charles Allan Stuart, who retires from the service; No. 8 Company, Hilderton, to be second lieutenant, provisionally, from 19th June, 1893, Thomas Corzon Allardice, gentleman, vice B. Robson, promoted.

Twenty-eighth Perth Battalion of Infantry—No. 4 Company, St. Mary's, to be second lieutenant, provisionally, from 19th June, 1893, Henry White Copus, gentleman, in succession to Lieut. J. M. Adams; No. 5 Company, Listowel, to be second lieutenant, provisionally, Color-Sergeant William Benjamin Culbert, vice Henry Reginald Paussett, whose appointment has been canceled.

Thirtieth Wellington Battalion of Rifles—No. 2 Company, Guelph, Second Lieut. Thomas Anderson retires from the service; No. 5 Company, Mount Forest, to be captain, from 19th June, 1893, Second Lieut. James Henry Coyne, R. S. L., vice W. Kingston, resigned.

Thirty-second Bruce Battalion of Infantry—No. 7 Company, Midway, Second Lieut. William Dickson retires from the service. Confirmation of rank—Second Lieut. James Henry Coyne, R. S. L., No. 5 Company, Thirtieth Battalion, from June 3, 1893, Second Lieut. William John Taylor, R. S. L., Seventh Battalion, from June 3, 1893.

Brevet—To be major, from June 1, 1893, Capt. Morris J. Beam, Adjutant Twenty-eighth Battalion.

Change of headquarters—Thirty-ninth Battalion of Rifles, 7 Company from Fort Dover to Walsingham Center.

ORGANIZED WOMANHOOD.

(Wives and Daughters for June.)
Eighty years ago this sentence fell from the pen of Sydney Smith: "Among men of sense and liberal politeness, a woman who has successfully cultivated her mind, without diminishing the gentleness and propriety of her manners, is always sure to meet with a respect and attention bordering upon enthusiasm." How true that is to-day was shown during several weeks recently in Chicago, when the numerous meetings were held of the women's congress in connection with the great Columbian Exposition. They were composed of women who had successfully cultivated their minds, without diminishing the gentleness and propriety of their manners, and they were met with a respect and attention that fell in no degree short of enthusiasm. We look for great things now that womanhood is being organized.

Dr. Leonard's Farewell.
Dr. H. Z. Leonard, United States consul, has received official notification of the appointment of his successor by President Cleveland. The doctor, during his term here, has made many friends, and has proved himself, in both his public and private relations, most acceptable to all classes. He asks space for the following farewell words to citizens:

"I shall soon take my leave of London, and thereby treat, possibly forever, the friendly and pleasant relations that have existed since I came among and become acquainted with the good people of your lovely Forest City and of this consular district. I feel that it is due to you, and to the general that I should frankly and openly express my most profound thanks for the uniform kindness, respect and confidence that have at all times been shown towards me. In leaving London and breaking these associations I feel it to be my duty to assure all I leave behind of my full appreciation of the many courtesies that have been extended towards me, and to assure all that no one has ever left your beautiful city feeling more kindly than I do towards all those I leave behind. Words are inadequate to express my feelings as the ties that bind me to you are severed by the inexorable axe of political change."

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ADVERTISER PRINTING CO.,

LONDON, CANADA.

God's in His heaven,
All's right with the world.

—(BROWNING.)

London, Monday, June 26.

The Liberal Tariff Platform

We, the Liberal party of Canada, in convention assembled declare:

That the customs tariff of the Dominion should be based, not as it now is, upon the protective principle, but upon the requirements of the public service.

That the existing tariff, founded upon an unsound principle and used as it has been by the Government, as a corrupting agency, whereby to keep themselves in office, has developed monopolies, trusts and combinations;

It has decreased the value of farm and other landed property;

It has oppressed the masses to the enrichment of a few;

It has checked immigration;

It has caused great loss of population;

It has impeded commerce;

It has discriminated against Great Britain.

In these, and in many other ways, it has occasioned great public and private injury, all of which evils must continue to grow in intensity so long as the present tariff system remains in force.

That the highest interests of Canada demand a removal of this obstacle to the country's progress, by the adoption of a sound fiscal policy, which, while not doing injustice to any class, will promote domestic and foreign trade and hasten the return of prosperity to our people.

That to that end, the tariff should be reduced to the needs of honest, economical and efficient government.

That it should be so adjusted as to make free, or to bear as lightly as possible upon the necessities of life, and should be so arranged as to promote free trade with the whole world, more particularly Great Britain and the United States.

We believe that the results of the protective system have previously disappointed thousands of persons who honestly expected it, and that the country in the light of experience is now prepared to declare for a sound fiscal policy.

The issue between the two political parties on this great question is now clearly defined.

The Government themselves admit the failure of their policy, and now profess their willingness to make such changes, but they say that such changes must be based only on the principle of protection.

We denounce the principle of protection, as radically unsound and unjust to the masses of the people, and we declare our conviction that any tariff changes based on that principle must fail to afford any substantial relief from the burdens under which the country labors.

This issue we unhesitatingly accept, and upon it we await with the fullest confidence the verdict of the electors of Canada.

Old World Cable Gossip.

The great Victoria disaster has overshadowed for the time the royal wedding, cables the best informed of the correspondents at London. Still, all London is sitting up nights waiting to honor the betrothed ones. All the streets are given up to decoration, and the bridal procession will drive beneath bowers and bunting, between flags and flowers, and along great rows of masts and columns hung with emblems. The city is preparing to outdo itself. Apart from natural patriotic enthusiasm the people are spurred to this by the benefits that have already come to them from this approaching marriage. The retail trade everywhere has improved and the shops have never had such a good season. These decorations are simply the outward manifestation of thanks for increased business.

Cash Most Acceptable.

The suggestion made by the Lord Mayor of London to the mayors of other towns that all money collected for presents should be turned into a common fund and given as a dowry to the bride does not meet with widely enthusiastic approval. Sturdy little Wales has spoken plainly, and said she is glad to give Princess May a present, but not of money. And other sections are following the same lead.

As a matter of fact, money is far more desirable than these thousands of gifts of useless articles now pouring in. The Princess is poor, very poor, and nothing could be so acceptable to her as some such gift. But the snobs and snobesses who have been touting for presents, so that their names might be mentioned, will have none of the money scheme.

Curiosities in Begging.

The new demand upon public charity for the relief of the widows and orphans of the Victoria victims will probably put a salutary stop to some of the phases of wedding present begging.

There have been collections of a shilling each from all men with the surname George, three pence from all women married in July, six pence from women between 25 and 30 years old, and so on ad nauseam. It is not surprising that there has been some sharp public resentment of this unauthorized begging, which has not stopped short of penny collections in the public schools and other institutions.

In order to appease these busybodies, who have gone about squeezing pennies out

of reluctant victims, they have been invited to come down to the garden party at the Teck residence, White Lodge, next Monday. The principal member of each committee has been asked down, 500 being expected altogether, and now there are a wild scramble and much heart-burning in these various committees to show which one is the most important member of each. The result of all this is that the country presents a picture of a fiercely raging social war.

Wedding Gifts on View.

On Tuesday wedding presents, some 400 of them, will be open to the inspection of the public at White Lodge from 3 until 7 o'clock. They are to be placed in a long corridor behind bars, and people will file in one gate and be gently shoved out of another.

Thus far the only American who has been at all in evidence in this present-giving is the Duke of Marlborough. The entire Churchill family clubbed together and presented the Duke of York with three massive silver baskets or jardinières, for fruit or flowers, of pure Louis XVI. design, and a workmanlike—fine in relief and with handles and shields bearing the royal arms surmounted with the royal ducal coronet. The large center basket bears this inscription:

"Presented to his Royal Highness the Duke of York, K. G., on the occasion of his Royal Highness' wedding with her Serene Highness the Princess May, by Frances Anne, Dowager Duchess of Marlborough; Lily, Duchess of Marlborough; Anne, Duchess of Roxburgh; Lord and Lady Randolph Churchill; Viscount and Lady Georgiana Curzon; Lord and Lady Wimpole; Lord and Lady De Ramsey; Mr. and Mrs. Fanny Marjoribanks, Mr. and Mrs. Sarah Wilson."

In the chapel itself the decorations will be largely roses, floral emblems of the House of York. The bridesmaids will wear these flowers, and the tone of the chapel will largely take color from these flowers.

Wedding Garments.

The ladies-in-waiting have been commanded by the Queen to attend the royal wedding in mourning gowns. The only relief to this color will be the introduction of gray or white in black dresses.

Full court dress will not be demanded from the gentlemen present, only levee dress. Mr. Gladstone will wear a epaulettes on his blue and gold uniform as Master of Trinity House.

The diplomatic corps will have front pews, and consuls have been assigned a position where they can see everything, so Ambassador Bayard and Consul-General Collins can tell long stories of this and that.

Of course the local poets of this occasion will spring rather from the lower depths of the heart than from those whence burst the more superficial and often less sincere blossoms of rhyme and grammar.

Bids for the Laureateship.

The poet, for example, who apostrophizes the bridegroom thus:

Oh, noble prince, who on the sea
Won grateful compliments,
And loved so much to live and be
On that grand element.

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over the fiscal business of Ireland, Ireland should be fully represented in the Imperial Parliament.

Then again, the arrangement has another temporary recommendation. The Ulster Orange party proposed to embarrass the Irish Parliament by refusing to pay the taxes levied by it. That was the principal plank in its platform. Under the arrangement, for six years the Orangemen will have to deal with the Irish, but with the Imperial Parliament.

Hon. Edward Blake has only temporarily retired from the committee of eight at the head of the Irish members.

There is still no indication what policy Mr. Gladstone will adopt for overcoming the persistent obstruction of the Unionists. Four classes of the bill have been disposed of in committee, but the end seems as far off as ever.

Cholera Wakes England Up.

Experts declare that dry weather is the greatest enemy of the disease. Still, cholera keeps steadily striding on and on. It has spread in the south of France from Cete to Nimes, from Nimes to Montpellier, from Montpellier to Alais, from Alais to Toulon and Lyons, and is now persistently, quietly marching towards Paris.

The French authorities conceal the returns or flatly deny that the disease exists. They never admit that a town is infected until the outbreak is impossible to hide.

At Mecca the disease is as bad as it could well be, and the deaths average nearly 200 a day—1,020 deaths are reported from Mecca alone since June 16.

The English Government has itself become alarmed, and to-day Dr. Thorne, of the Local Government Board, has issued a fresh circular warning all the port authorities to look carefully after cholera indications.

Consul General Collins is adding every safeguard experience can suggest in inspecting vessels bound for America. Every cargo of goods is thoroughly fumigated before the ship gets a bill of health.

The Blarney Stone Still There.

There has been quiet laughing here over the suggestion that the real Blarney stone had gone to the Chicago exhibition. Nobody believed that the American people could be so foolish, and H. G. Kress, consul at Queens-town, even took the trouble of making a journey to Blarney Castle to make sure that the real stone is still there. He reports it safe and sound, just where it has always been.

Belle Bilton's Husband Loses.

The Earl of Clanorby, who married Belle Bilton, appealed to the Irish Court recently against the clause in the will of his father bequeathing to his mother, the dowager countess, the whole of his personal property. This decision will leave the mother in comparative poverty, and will cause a breaking up of the ancestral home, Garbally, at Ballinasloe, county Galway.

A Society Lady's Dilemma.

Society newspapers this week are taking cruel liberties with an elegantly-dressed lady who met with a slight misadventure in the church parade at Hyde Park last Sunday. Another woman's parol caught in her back hair. She dropped an elegantly-bound little volume inscribed "Book of Common Prayer."

A stout gentleman on the book before he discovered it. He stooped, with profuse apologies, to restore the volume, when those nearby observed a thin stream of light liquid coming from the air. The woman who dropped it disclaimed ownership and disappeared.

Sad Fate of Heiresses.

In the city police court two tiny girls, Gertrude and Ethel Hedger, were arraigned vagrants—dirty, neglected, half starved. Their story reads like a page from Dickens.

They are wards in chancery, heiresses to \$100,000 each, but there is no process of law through which any of that money can come to them before they grow up. So these two helpless children are growing to womanhood uneducated and amid vice and filthy surroundings. When they come of age the money will be theirs, but the means of enjoying it or a knowledge of how to spend it is not for them.

The Great Ocean Disaster.

Because of the small amount of news public attention has been diverted from the horror to the problems in naval construction which the sinking of the Victoria has presented. There has been much speculation in the last fifteen years—the period of the creation of the modern navy—as to the creation of the vessel of the future would be.

The English, undismayed by the long series of accidents to their great men-of-war, have put implicit faith in the strength of battleships and heavily-armed cruisers. The sinking of the Victoria has filled the nation with as much doubt as there was confidence. The rammed vessel, struck by a blow that was slight compared with what the blow of an enemy's ram would have been, rolled over and sunk. The vessel that inflicted the blow was disabled. It has been suggested that any vessel so unwieldy and useless in peace would be able to bring destruction only upon themselves if engaged in a real battle. Certainly the official investigation is honest and calamity, if that investigation is honest and not prejudiced in favor of noblemen officers, will have many valuable lessons for naval architects of all countries.

Something Like a Gun.

Turpin, the inventor of mellin's, has submitted to the French War Office an electric gun alleged to be capable of discharging 25,000 projectiles in five minutes and to have a range of several miles. The apparatus is comparatively light in weight, so that it can be drawn by two horses and worked by four men. The projectiles are small shells, charged with a secret chemical preparation, spreading death for many yards around.

Musical Mems.

In music the season is proving good and gay. Mascagni himself will conduct his "Cavalleria" Monday night, and in another week will bring out his new opera, "I Rantzau."

Paderewski gave one performance before an audience that went as wild as ever American enthusiasm carried his hearers. He looks very pale and thin and is taking a long rest. He says he is not at all well.

With a programme that changes six times a week the managers of opera find it impossible to produce anything new simply because the orchestra has not time to practice and rehearse. So a duplicate orchestra has been engaged, and one will study new productions while the other gives the regular performance, and they will change about in this way.

The Great Drought.

There has come in the last day or two a sense of relief in respect of the greatest drought in memory. The irreparable damage amounts to an international calamity. Even the milk supply of the metropolis is cut down by a startling percentage last

week, and dealers threaten to charge a shilling a quart in a few days. The fields of England, France and Germany are brown instead of green. Hay in England has risen to \$50 a ton, an unprecedented figure. On the other hand, all kinds of fresh meat sell at the lowest prices ever known, because animals are being slaughtered by wholesale on account of the lack of fodder. The penalty of the latter luxury will come later. Most crops are now beyond saving, and the Government will have a difficult problem in dealing with agricultural distress in the next few months. The Lancet ascribes to the hot, clear weather the failure of cholera and smallpox to spread more widely. The temperature now averages 30 degrees lower than a week ago, with occasional showers.

300 People Made Sick by Ice Cream.

ROCHESTER, N. H., June 25.—Three hundred persons were made seriously here Friday night by eating ice cream at the high school reception.

DO YOU COUGH

DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM

THE BEST COUGH CURE

It Cures Coughs, Sore Throat, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use it once, and you will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and \$1.00.

LOST OR FAILING MANHOOD,

General and Nervous Debility,

Weakness of Body and Mind. Effects of Excesses in Young Men. Robust, Noble Manhood fully Restored. How to enlarge and strengthen Weak, Undeveloped Organs and Parts of Body. Absolutely unfailing Home Treatment—Benefits in a day. Mentions from 60 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive plan and planogram (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

BLOOD POISON

A SPECIALTY. Any or Tertiary Blood Poison permanently cured in 15 to 30 days by New Remedies. You can be treated at home for the same price and the same guarantee; with those who prefer to come here we will contract to cure you or refund money and pay expense of coming, railroad fare and hotel bills. If we fail to cure you have no more to pay. Mucous Patches and still have aches and pains. Mucous Patches in mouth. Sore Throat. Ulcers on part of the body. Hair and Eyebrows falling out. It is this BLOOD POISON that we guarantee to cure. This disease world for a cure we cannot find. The most eminent physicians. \$500,000 capital behind our unconditional guarantee. A beautiful planogram sent on application. Address: CHOK KEM BEE, 307, Room 307, Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill.

KEARNEY'S

HERBAL HAIR TONIC

Cures Dandruff, Promotes Growth of the Hair, Prevents Falling Out and Imparts to the Hair a Beautiful Gloss.

It being a purely Vegetable Compound it may be used freely without injury to the most delicate scalp.

Every Bottle Guaranteed.

\$1 PER BOTTLE.

R. J. KEARNEY,

333 Richmond Street, London, sole proprietor and manufacturer, London.

Ont. All orders by mail are promptly attended to.

Ask your druggist for it. All the druggists please take notice and send for particulars.

RIPAN'S

TABULES

REGULATE THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS AND PURIFY THE BLOOD.

RIPAN'S TABULES are the best medicine known for Indigestion, Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Chronic Liver Troubles, Bloating, Bad Complexion, Dysentery, Offensive Breath, and all disorders of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

Ripans Tabules contain nothing injurious to the most delicate constitution. Are pleasant to take, safe, efficient, and give immediate relief. Price—Box 6 vials, 75c; Package (12 vials), \$1.00. May be ordered through nearest druggist, or by mail. Sample free by mail. Address: THE RIPAN CHEMICAL CO., 10 SPRUCE STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Ladies Don't Use

PENNYROYAL TANSY OR OTHER POISONOUS DRUGS FOR ALL IRREGULARITIES, PAINFUL MENSTRUATION, SUPPRESSION, LEUCORRHOEA, ETC.

EVERY PACKAGE GUARANTEED. Price \$3.00. Prepared by Madame Perrine, Boston, Mass.

THE OLD MAN

Tonifying vigor for the old man. Advice free. Dr. Dugg, Boston, Mass.

LAWRASON'S

Wonderful Soap.

The purest and best soap made in America. Will renew and make bright, will cleanse and purify, will suit you perfectly.

Insist on WONDERFUL SOAP.

CHAPMAN'S

The Popular Trading Store

TO-DAY.

1st

Fifty dozen Gents' Straw Hats, correct styles and correct shapes; value for more money. To-day's prices 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c.

2nd

Gentlemen's Summer Coats and Vests, for hot weather wear. The silk garments come in plain, striped and checked; price \$5. Alpaca, serge and mohair, in black and grey shades, \$2 75, \$3, \$3 50, \$3 75, for coat and vest.

3rd

Boys' Three-Piece Tweed Suits, serviceable, wearable and durable, good colors, new; value for \$4 50; to-day \$3 25.

4th

Children's Two-Piece Suits, all-wool tweed, fit for boys from 4 to 8 years of age, value for \$3; to-day \$1 95.

5th

We continue the great reduction sale of Parasols, plain and fancy handles. \$1 for 69c, \$1 25 for 88c, \$1 40 for \$1 12, \$2 75 for \$1 98.

6th

WAISTS—We sold more waists yesterday than in any day in the history of our store. Everybody seems delighted with our styles and values, and they have reason to be. We continue the low prices to-day—39c, 69c, 89c and upwards.

7th

French Sateens, second mourning, also in colors, spots and flowers, small and large patterns; your choice of 50 pieces to-day; value for 20c; to-day 12c.

8th

Reductions in MILLINERY—Trimmed hats and bonnets have taken a tumble at \$1 50, at \$2, at \$2 50 and \$3, all worth one-half more. You get the advantage. A special sale of White and



Mr. Geo. W. Turner

Simply Awful

Worst Case of Scrofula the Doctors Ever Saw

Completely Cured by HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA.

"When I was four years old I had a scrofulous sore on the middle finger of my left hand, which got so bad that the doctors cut the finger off, and later took off more than half my hand. Then the sore broke out on my arm, came out on my neck and face on both sides, nearly destroying the sight of one eye, also on my right arm. Doctors said it was the worst case of Scrofula they ever saw. I was simply awful! Five years ago I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. Gradually I found that the sores were beginning to heal. I kept on till I had taken ten bottles, ten dollars! Just think of what a return I got for my investment! I am now a healthy, strong man. Yes, many thousands. For the past four years I have had no more."

Work all the Time.

Before, I could do no work. I know not what to say strong enough to express my gratitude to Hood's Sarsaparilla for my perfect cure. GEORGE W. TURNER, Farmer, Galway, Saratoga county, N. Y.

HOOD'S PILLS do not weaken, but aid digestion and tone the stomach. Try them.

The London Regatta.

Annual Contest of the Rowing and Canoeing Club.

Boundless Wins the Chicago Derby in View of 75,000 Spectators.

Scores and Standing of the American National Baseball League Clubs—General Sporting News.

AQUATIC.

THE ANNUAL REGATTA.
The annual regatta of the London Rowing and Canoeing Club has always been a most enjoyable affair, and that of Saturday afternoon was undoubtedly the most successful in the history of the club. The elite of the city reached Springfield either by boat or by carriage. The boatmen did a rushing business. Every available boat and canoe was out; the beautiful Thames was dotted with craft of every description, while Capt. Foster's steamer took down hundreds of pleasure-seekers. It is unnecessary to say that all had a pleasant outing.

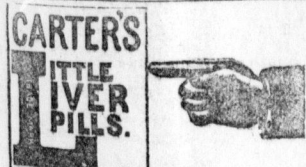
The course was about three-quarters of a mile long and finished in front of M. Ward's hotel, which had been gayly decorated for the occasion. A temporary grand stand had also been erected and the usual refreshment booths were on hand. The boats could be easily seen along most of the course, and as the different crews neared the finish, they were cheered from the bank and the numerous boats on either side of the course. Mr. A. D. McLean was starter and referee and Col. Macbeth was judge.

In the first heat of the four H. Harding, F. E. Charlton, J. C. Gamon and J. K. Ball (stroke), with W. C. Fenwick as coxswain, beat by three lengths Ald. W. C. Coe, M. Atkinson, J. Lester and G. H. Gil-lerpie (stroke), with H. Southam as coxswain. In the second heat G. A. Macbeth, R. Shillington, A. D. Huff and St. Southam (stroke), with H. Southam as coxswain, easily distanced E. Rechnittzer, E. A. Fox, H. Dahlgren and W. F. Holman (stroke), with B. Such as coxswain. Mr. Fox's seat slipped out of position or the result might have been different. In the final heat Southam's crew won handsily from Ball's and secured the prize.

In the first of the doubles E. Rechnittzer and H. Dahlgren defeated G. H. Gillespie and W. E. Eardley. In the second C. G. Beling and A. D. Huff beat W. F. Holman and J. K. Ball. Rechnittzer and Dahlgren won the final heat and the race for doubles. C. G. Beling and A. D. Huff were the only contestants in the single sculls. Beling winning easily.

Geo. F. Brown and H. Cronyn won the tandem canoe race against G. A. Macbeth and W. F. Holman.

The most amusing race of the day was the tub race, in which five little boys were the competitors. It was won by Willie



CURE SICK HEAD

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

ACHE

As he would be almost powerless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint but fortunately their goodness does not end there and those who once try them will find that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the base of so many ills that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents. Five for \$1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail. CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York. Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

THE CAMP.

Thousands Visit the Soldiers on Sunday Afternoon.

An Inspiring Scene at Early Morning Church Parade.

A False Alarm—Canteens Do a Rushing Sunday Business—The Sunday Guard Mount—The Sermon to the Soldiers—Every Battalion Under Strength.

Thousands of people, young and old, driving and on foot, visited the camp on Carling's Heights all day yesterday. To many, Sunday is the only chance of seeing all a large number arrive first thing in the morning and stay there most of the day. This is particularly so with the small boy, who incidentally has a pull with the cook, acquired by carrying numerous pails of water and peeling potatoes—an occupation that the average youngster would look down upon with great disdain at home, but on a tented field with martial music and red coats all around him he forgets all his differences and is supremely pleased with his small opportunity of serving his country, and getting something to eat at the same time. There are generally less drowsing accidents among small boys while the camp lasts than at any other time during the year. The reason is obvious. He has no use for the river while the soldiers are here, and besides he has all summer in his head to get drowned after the volunteers go home.

THE SERMON ON THE HILL.
Divine service in camp is one of the prettiest and most inspiring scenes that one could wish to see. This is held at 8:30 in the morning in order to escape the heat of the day. The service was held on the slope of the hill, just facing Pall Mall street. Up to the time for assembling the sky had been overcast and clouded, but just as the order was given for the various battalions to move the clouds rolled away and the sun burst forth, highlighting the scene in one great flood of golden light, and glinting and glistening on the burnished brass and side arms of the oncoming troops. The various bands played sacred airs as they moved along to the brow of the hill. Arriving there the troops were arranged in the shape of a hollow square, while civilians lined up in the rear. The staff officers were present and seats were provided for the ladies of the barracks. The pulpit was truly military, and consisted of a large drum and a snare drum, draped with the Union Jack.

Rev. Canon Richardson, brigade chaplain, conducted the service, which was commenced with the singing of the hymn, "Onward, Christian Soldiers," the occasion making it very suggestive. The band of the Twenty-eighth furnished the sacred music, and the responses were heartily echoed by both officers and men. Standing on the sloping sides of a hill in the bright morning light, and commanding a magnificent view of the prettiest city in Canada, with the barracks on one side, and its mossy parapet surmounted by cannon, and the tented field in the background, the ensemble made a picture that will probably last in the memory of the worshippers for many a day.

Canon Richardson preached a short, concise sermon in his usual forceful manner. His text was taken from I. Samuel, xvii.—that parable of David's encounter with Goliath of Gath. "These words," said the preacher, "carry us away back in the days of some 1,000 years before the birth of Christ. They were troublesome times—times of battle, times of warfare, times of armies contending against one another, times of victory and times of defeat. In the neighborhood of Jerusalem there were two lofty hills, upon which were arrayed two hostile armies. On one hill was the army of Israel and on the other hill was the army of their inveterate foes, the Philistines. They were ready to do battle, but a contest was proposed by which the contest could be carried on single-handed. The Philistines had a champion whom they were anxious to pit singly against one of the Israelitish host. This champion was Goliath of Gath. He came in front of the Philistine hosts and challenged any man among the army of Israel to a hand-to-hand conflict. For some time Israel trembled before this mighty man, for he was six cubits in height, and his very stature filled people with dismay. But at last there came forward a shepherd lad, David by name, and he said: 'Dost thou defy the army of the living God? The stripping then went to the brook and collected five smooth stones, placed one in a sling and, by an act of skill, directed by God himself, threw the stone, and it sank into the giant's forehead. The hosts of Israel that day gained a signal victory over the hosts of the Philistines.' The preacher continued to draw moral lessons from the incidents described. The time spoken of by the prophets when men should beat their swords into plowshares and their spears into pruning hooks had not yet arrived; in fact, their purpose in coming out to camp was not for holidaying, but to enable them to successfully overcome the strongest foe that might be pitted against them. "And," continued Mr. Richardson, "I doubt not should that dark day of war come, and God forbid, I doubt not but that the local force would be well able to discharge their duty towards their country." The closing remarks were directed in warning tones against the world, the flesh and the devil. "Seek shelter beneath the rock which is higher and stronger than you," said the preacher. "Shelter yourselves behind the power of the God and exercise the mighty weapons which he has placed in your hands for the complete overthrow of the world, the flesh and the devil."

The National Anthem brought the service to a close, and the volunteers marched back to quarters. The volunteers who were Catholics were allowed the privilege of attending the church of their belief during the morning. Rev. W. J. Clark preached in the R. C. R. I. Endeavor tent in the afternoon and the regular evening service was held in the same place at 8 o'clock.

A SUNDAY CAMP.
The menu of the volunteers is considerably changed on Sunday from that of the ordinary boiled meat and potatoes, they luxuriated on roast beef and plum pudding. The change was doubtless appreciated. Guard mounting was quite an important item in the morning. Guard tents had been pitched in front and rear of each battalion on Saturday, and some guard mounting drill was gone through.

KOFF NO MORE!

WATSON'S COUGH DROPS WILL GIVE POSITIVE AND INSTANT RELIEF TO THOSE SUFFERING FROM COLDS, HOARSENESS, SORE THROAT, ETC., AND ARE VALUABLE TO ORATORS AND VOCALISTS. R. T. W. STAMPED ON EACH DROP. TRY THEM.

At 9 o'clock on Sunday morning a front and rear guard, consisting of one sergeant, one corporal, one bugler and nine men, was mounted. They remained on duty until last post, or 8:30 in the evening. This is all the guard duty that the modern volunteer is called upon to undergo. In this respect he differs considerably from his brother of a few years back, when a permanent guard was mounted throughout the whole camp.

A visit is expected shortly from Hon. J. C. Patterson, Minister of Militia, who was in Kingston last week. Gen. Herbert is in England and will not sail for home until the end of the month.

Lieut.-Col. Smith, D. A. G., inspected the camp thoroughly Sunday morning and expressed himself as being satisfied with everything coming under his notice.

The canteens did a rushing business on Sunday. The effect was quite noticeable on many of the crowd, both civilian and military.

It is said that every battalion in camp this year is under strength.

AROUND CAMP.
The volunteers this year are the quietest and most orderly lot that have ever visited London, and when the city police force vouch for this it is about correct.

The volunteers have taken place between civilians and soldiers, but in almost every case the civilian went more than half-way to provoke a quarrel. The Twenty-sixth Battalion was called to arms about 11 o'clock Saturday night. This was not supposed to be a general alarm, but it almost became such. When the bugler of the Twenty-sixth sounded the "alert" the bugler of the Twenty-eighth took it up, and as a result both battalions hurriedly dressed and paraded. The other battalions, hearing the rumpus, turned out also, but did not fall in. The Twenty-sixth were paraded and then dismissed. The general alarm sounded last year at 3 o'clock in the morning, and the blessings that the men poured upon the disturbers of their early morning slumbers made the young man who had charge of the religious service tent think that all his labor had been for naught.

The Hussars marched around the city on Saturday morning, and made a splendid showing. About Tuesday Col. Gartschore intends sending his cavalry on a reconnoissance of the surrounding country. The cavalry are rightly termed the eyes and ears of the army. This reconnoitering work is what the cavalry are almost exclusively used for in war. They examine the surrounding country, its physical features, the distance and size of its towns, and then on return each trooper is obliged to map out the tract he has been over, and dovetail it all together and form one large map of the whole district.

Each infantry company will only be able to get one day's target practice at the butts this year. The men leave early in the morning and carry rations with them. An enormous quantity of lead must be lying around loose somewhere, as it is estimated that 7,000 shots are fired. The usual number of companies go to the range to-day.

Major Allan, Thirtieth Battalion, was field officer for the day. Major White, of the Twenty-eighth, occupies the post to-day. Next for duty, Major Hamilton, Twenty-eighth.

Surgeon Johnston, Thirtieth, was camp physician on Sunday. Assistant Surgeon Piper, Seventh Battalion, attached to Hussars, will attend to the sick room on Monday. Next for duty, Assistant Surgeon Menzie, Thirtieth Battalion. Surgeon Park, of the Twenty-eighth, will attend to the wounded (if any) at the ranges to-day. Next for duty, Surgeon Holmes, Thirtieth Battalion.

The resignation of Capt. Caughell, No. 2 Company, Twenty-fifth Battalion, St. Thomas, has been accepted by the Militia Department, Ottawa, and will be published in this week's Gazette.

Lieut. Gilmore, of the Thirtieth, spent Sunday in St. Thomas.

Lieut. J. G. Morrison, of the Hussars, went to Saratoga over Sunday.

The mother and sister of Lieut. J. J. Haggarty, Twenty-eighth Battalion, Stratford, are the guests of Mrs. (Dr.) Hannan.

The Hussar band, under the leadership

of Bandmaster Thomas Warren, gave a concert in the lines last night. They made a favorable impression.

Of entertainment there is no dearth in camp during the evenings. Sergt. Smith, of the Forty-eighth Highlanders, who is attached to the Twenty-eighth, is the champion Highland dancer of Canada. He intends giving an exhibition of his skill in this line to-night in the lines of No. 1 Company. Piper Angus will furnish the music.

Sgt. Burn, of No. 1 Company, has what he thinks quite a curiosity. It is a little Scotch terrier pup that is a born sergeant. It has a birthmark consisting of three dark stripes on its right shoulder.

There will be an open-air promenade concert at the camp this (Monday) evening from 7 to 9 o'clock, to which the commandant and officers extend a hearty invitation to all. As all the bands in the camp will take part in the entertainment, those availing themselves of the opportunity should enjoy a pleasant evening.

The resignation of Lieut.-Col. Clark, of the Thirtieth Battalion, has taken effect since the camp has been in progress. In severing his connection with the battalion that officer complimented the officers, non-coms, and men on their discipline and esprit de corps. Lieut.-Col. White has accepted the command.

In Paris there are several women who are empowered by police permits to wear masculine clothing. These include a famous artist and several whose professional duties are arduous.

Wasps are natural surgeons. A gentleman becoming annoyed by the persistent buzzing of a wasp about his head, knocked it down with a newspaper. It fell through an open window upon the sill, apparently dead. Only apparently, for a few seconds later a large wasp flew on to the window sill, and, after buzzing around the injured one a second or two, began to lick it all over. After this treatment (which may have been a kind of massage) the sick wasp seemed to revive, and his friend then dragged him gently to the edge, grasped him around the body and flew away with him.

What do you want A Waterproof for? To Wear in Wet Weather?

Then you want to be sure that it is water proof, and you want the best article that you can get for the money. These chemically treated cloth garments are neither one thing nor the other. Did you ever see one after it had been thoroughly wet and then had dried up to about two sizes smaller.

Currie's Edinburgh Waterproof Coats, Are Just What You Want.



KEEP COOL.

Saxony Tweed Suits - \$10 00
Alpaca Coats and Vests - 3 00
Silk Coats and Vests - 5 00
Balbriggan Underwear - 50

PETHICK & McDONALD,
293 RICHMOND STREET, LONDON.

Pure Turpentine! Pure Turpentine!

Pure Turpentine!
IN CAR LOTS. IN TEN BARREL LOTS.
IN CASES. IN FIVE BARREL LOTS.

Hobbs Hardware Company

LONDON, ONTARIO.

WM. MALLOCH & CO., MACHINISTS

—MANUFACTURERS OF—

ELEVATORS,

PULLEYS, SHAFTING, HANGERS AND SPECIAL MACHINERY

Repairing a Specialty.

154 Fullerton Street, London

ALTERATION SALE

—AT—

OAK HALL

IS BOOMING!

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THEIR NECESSITY!

STOCK MUST BE REDUCED.

15 Per Cent. Discount

OFF THEIR LOW PRICES IS WORTH YOUR WHILE TO VERIFY.

OAK HALL,

150 Dundas St.,
London.

ALFRED TAYLOR, Manager.

HIS REPENTANCE.

"To what have you had to sacrifice?"

The doctor paused before he replied. "A sudden claim upon me of which I knew nothing: a claim for thousands. No, but I could not resist it; to pay it was obligatory. The worst is, I could not pay it all, and the sum which the property will realize will have to be applied to liquidate it."

"But you can tell me what the claim was for?"

"No, I cannot. It is not altogether my secret, Bettina. And you must not insist on it. I need not have mentioned it at all to you, but for speaking of Sara. My poor children must suffer. Edward has his pay, and he will have to make it suffice; Sara has nothing. Bettina, you will give her a home?"

"There's no necessity for you to ask it," was Bettina's answer. But she spoke crossly for the want of confidence in not trusting to her the nature of this secret, was hurting her feelings bitterly. "Should anything happen to you, Sara will naturally find a home with me—if she can put up with my plainness. I shall make her as welcome as I can, and I shall consider it my duty to do so, as though she were my own child."

The doctor lay back for a moment in his chair, panting. His fingers clasped themselves over his eyes in token of thanks.

"Richard, surely you must place more confidence in me! If you have been called upon to pay this money, consequence of one of my patients, I conclude it must be something of that sort—do you suppose I cannot be true and keep you counsel? I know what follows the young plagues of love. But the words broke from Dr. Davenall with a groan which told of the deepest mental anguish. It pained even the dull ear that was bent to hear it."

"Bettina, I say you must not ask me. If I concerned myself alone you should not tell your without betraying another; and—there might be danger to her life. Better let her go than to tell her. But for the world to disturb your peace as it has disturbed mine."

"It is a dreadful sum," said Miss Bettina. "It is that. And my poor children must be left beggars. I have enquired Mark Gray to pay £200 yearly to Sara for five years, out of the proceeds of the practice. He can well afford it, and if you will give her a home, this had better be invested for her, Bettina."

"Of course. But what's £200 for five years? You might make better terms with Mark Gray than that."

"Mark has promised faithfully to do it. I have been talking with him this afternoon about that and other things. I asked him what sum he would feel inclined to pay to Sara out of the business, and for what term. He said he thought he could give £200 a year, and continue it for five years."

"Considering all things, it is not a very generous offer," persisted Miss Bettina. "Had your life been spared, Mark could not have expected to step into the whole of the practice these twenty years."

"It is very fair, I think, Bettina. Mark is a sensible man, remember, must not ask you to go to the public confidence, before people must trust him as they trust me. He will not have his name filled daily with patients at a guinea a head. This has come upon me suddenly, or all things might have been managed differently. I think it would be a good plan for Mark to leave the office for this house; I have told him so; but he will be the best judge of that."

Miss Bettina quitted her stooping posture by the doctor and sat down, revolving all that had been said. She sat slowly rubbing her hands the one after the other, as was her habit when anything troubled her.

"I cannot realize it," she said, in a half whisper. "I cannot realize it. Surely you are not going from this house?"

"I am going to those who have preceded me, Bettina," he answered. "My wife, and Richard, and others, who have gone on before, are waiting for me. I am in my turn, shall wait for you. Your fretting life is over. How poor!—how poor!" he added more emphatically, as he clasped his hands—"do even its best interests now seem beside eternity!"

CHAPTER XXVIII.

LAST HOURS.

The lamp was placed on a chest of drawers behind the chair of Dr. Davenall. It was put on for 10 o'clock. Quite time, he had been suggested to him, that he should be in bed; but he appeared unwilling to move. He felt easy, he said, and therefore he stayed on. The flickering light of the fire, now burning with a dull red heat, now busting up into a blaze, threw its rays onto the chamber—destined, ere that night should close, to be a chamber of death, although the watchers, suspected it not. The light fell upon the simple bed at the far corner, destitute of hangings—on the doctor was a few to curtains—upon the dwarf cabinet beside it, whose lower shelves contained a few choice books, upon the drawers, upon the dressing-table at the farther window, and upon the open space at the end where the fire was. The light fell on the doctor as he lay back in his gaily dressing-gown on the chair-pillow, one hand hanging down listlessly, the other fondly resting on the soft brown hair of his daughter.

She sat on a footstool by his side, nestled close to him. Her head bent down, for she had much ado to conceal and subdue her emotion, her hands clasped upon his knees. The dread fear that he was dying lay upon his heart; had come to it, it seemed, by intuition. Not a word yet of the mysterious dread had been spoken between them; each seemed to shrink from this task. But Sara, that in his earlier courage and strength, so that in his present weakness and death, he gave way. The doctor stretched out his disengaged hand and pointed to a china cup that stood on the table. Sara rose and brought it to him, and he took a few spoonfuls of the refreshment it contained.

"Is not the fire getting low, my dear?" he asked with a slight shiver.

"She rose and stirred it and brought forward the coalbox and put on the coals, and then took the hearth brush and swept the fire and the hearth, making things comfortable."

"Do you feel cold, papa?"

"I think so," he answered with another shiver.

"I am sure you would be better in bed. Shall I call Neal?"

"Not yet. Come and sit down again."

She took her place, nestling to him as before, and he fondly stroked her head with his feeble hand. It seemed to her that he grew feebler with every change, every fresh movement.

"I have a few things to say to you, my dear, and I had better say them now. I am unwell."

Did he mean the sleep of death? Sara trembled inwardly; she hoped that she might

retain sufficient strength, no matter what it cost her feeling, not to tremble outwardly. "It was necessary that I should make a fresh will," he began after a pause. "In the old will—"

"Oh, papa! surely you are not going from me?"

Utterly unheeded, the words had broken from her in her misery. Dr. Davenall resumed in a tender, reasoning accent.

"I must have you brave, darling; just for a short while. Won't you try and be so?"

You see I have only you to speak to, Edward being away. My strength may not last very long."

She understood him; that his strength might not hold out if she hindered him by giving way to emotion; the previous time, not much of it might be left to them. With a mighty effort of will, with an anguished sigh to heaven for help, Sara Davenall grew outwardly still and calm.

"Tell me all you have to tell, papa. I will try and be to you what Edward would have been."

The old will, made subsequent to the death of Richard, the chief part of what I had to leave was equally divided between you and Edward. Carving it did not matter to me to speak of her. This new will, made now since this illness, all I do possessed of is bequeathed to you."

"To me?" she echoed, the injustice of the thing striking upon her mind in the first blush of the words.

"Do you think, after what has happened, that Edward has any right to it?"

She was silent. There was some terrible trouble connected with Edward Davenall, but she had not now to know it. The doctor lay still for a few moments, gathering his thoughts.

His voice was so weak that he could barely catch some of the words.

"When Edward brought that ill upon us, which has gone well night to him, which I believe in a measure has killed me, in so far as that it rendered my mind and body such that I have been unable to fight against what otherwise might have proved but a slight disorder—when I brought it upon us, I say, I had only one way open to me—to sacrifice my property and save him."

"Papa," she said, lifting her head, "I wish I might say something."

"Well—do so."

(To be Continued.)

What Shakespeare Might Have Said. To take or not to take: that is the question. Whether 'tis better for a man to suffer the pangs and torments of indignation, Or something like, and, in its taking, end them."

Shakespeare didn't say that, but very likely he would have said something similar if he were living in this nineteenth century when so many suffer untold agonies from indigestion. Of course, he would have gone on to say that a man must be a fool not to take the "something," which would put an end to the "pangs and torments" spoken of if he could get it.

Now, it is a fact that weakened, impoverished blood brings on indigestion, which is the cause of dyspepsia, constipation—a poisoned condition of the whole system—and it is a fact, also, that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will so purify the blood and enrich it all the weakened organs are revitalized and strengthened. It is guaranteed to do this. If it doesn't, your money will be returned to you.

The origin of the barber's striped pole goes back to the days when the shaver practiced bloodletting. The pole was emblematic of a ribbon round the patient's bare arm.

Carter's Little Liver Pills must not be confused with common Cathartic or Purgative Pills as they are extremely delicate and of every respect. One trial will prove their superiority.

Solomon's temple was 107 feet long, 36 feet broad and 54 feet high. Though a wonder of the world, it was not larger than many private houses of the present time.

Have BRECHAM'S PILLS ready in the household.

In Moscow the winter cold is so intense that it freezes quail, while the summer temperature is as high as that of Naples.

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Expeller is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

There is a predominance of females over males in Spain, the number of the former being 8,943,000, and of the latter, 8,607,000.

At Death's Door.—Dyspepsia Conquered.—A Great Medical Triumph.

GENTLEMEN.—My medical adviser and others told me I could not possibly live, when I commenced the use of Northrop's Lymnaea. VIOLETTA DISCOVERY for Dyspepsia. My case was one of the worst of its kind. For three years I could not eat meat and my weight decreased from 219 to 119 pounds. All the food I took for thirteen months previous to taking the VIOLETTA DISCOVERY consisted of milk. I am now entirely cured and have regained my usual weight, can eat anything with a keen relish and feel like a new man. I have sold over 30 dozen VIOLETTA DISCOVERY since it cured me, as I am well-known, and people in this section know how low I was, and thought I could not possibly be cured. They are eager to try this grand medicine. It certainly saved my life, as I never expected to recover when I first commenced using it. I am not exaggerating anything, but feel glad to be able to contribute this testimonial and trust it may be the means of convincing others of its merit as a certain cure for Dyspepsia. J. G. B. SIEGERT & SONS. (Signed.)

Wolton, P.O.

The Mohawk Indians will not allow so much as a blade of grass to grow upon the graves of their companions.

A bottle of Angostura Bitters to flavor your lemonade or any other cold drink will keep you free from Dyspepsia, Colic, Diarrhea and all diseases originating from the digestive organs. Be sure to get the genuine Angostura, manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. SIEGERT & SONS.

The first mention of the pipe organ in history is in connection with Solomon's Temple, where there was an organ with ten pipes.

A man's wife should always be the same especially to her husband; but if she is weak and nervous, and uses Carter's Iron Pills, she cannot be for they will make her feel like a different person, at least so they say, and their husbands say so too.

KNOWLEDGE IS POWER.

The Tavistock Dairy School is a Good Place at Which to Learn.

The dairy school at Tavistock was visited last week by Mr. J. W. Wheaton, secretary of the Western Ontario Dairymen's Association, who reports the work there as progressing very favorably. The association operates the school so that a place may be provided where cheesemakers who get into difficulties in making may get help, and also where makers who wish to acquire the best practices in making first-class cheese may get practical and definite knowledge in this regard.

Mr. A. T. Bell, who was instructor in cheese-making at the dairy school in connection with Ontario Agricultural College last winter, is in charge of the work at Tavistock. His capabilities as a first-class maker and advanced dairymen are well known to all the cheesemakers in Western Ontario. There has been a fair attendance so far this season, but it is hoped that more makers will avail themselves of this means provided for their benefit, and endeavor to spend a day or two with Mr. Bell during the season.

It is not always wise to defer the acquisition of knowledge till a difficulty arises through ignorance of what is required on the curing-room shelves. It is much better to acquire the knowledge before the difficulty arises and avoid mistakes and losses.

Mr. W. J. Palmer, B.S.A., who so successfully managed the traveling dairy last season, and Mr. B. H. Hutton, B.S.A., a recent graduate of the Ontario Agricultural College, are in attendance at the school for the purpose of acquiring a practical knowledge of the cheese-making system. It speaks well for the future of the cheese industry that young men who have spent several years in making themselves proficient in the latest theories and practices of scientific agriculture do not consider their knowledge complete till they have made themselves thoroughly familiar with the W. O. D. A. system of cheese-making.

The milk at the Tavistock factory is paid for according to the percentage of butterfat, and is giving good satisfaction to those supplying it.

Mr. Wheaton has also visited a number of the factories in Western Ontario this season where this system is in vogue, and reports the patrons and factorymen as being fairly well satisfied with it. There are a few who are dissatisfied with it, but this dissatisfaction is usually found with the man supplying poor milk. He naturally prefers to use his 3 per cent. milk pooled with his neighbor's 4 per cent. milk, and thereby reap more than he has sown in getting a share of the profits that belong to his neighbor.

Don't You Know

That to have perfect health you must have pure blood, and the best way to have pure blood is to take HILL'S PILLS.

It purifies and strengthens the blood, and all ailments of the blood system, such as eczema, skin eruptions, and all other ailments of the blood system, build up the whole system and give nerve strength.

HILL'S PILLS may be had by mail for 25c of C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

If a man could jump as far in proportion to his size and weight as a flea he could as a single leap pass from St. Louis to Chicago.

Rest and Health to Mother and Child. Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over FIFTY YEARS BY MILLIONS OF MOTHERS FOR THEIR CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING WITH PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for all ailments of the infant in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

Germany has one postoffice to every 1,775 inhabitants. In proportion to the population, the United States has twice as many.

Among the pains and aches cured with marvelous rapidity with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is eczema. The young are especially subject to it, and the desirability of this Oil as a family remedy is enhanced by the fact that it is admirably adapted not only to the above ailment, but also to the burns, disorders of the bowels, and affections of the throat, to which the young are especially subject.

Nearly 900,000 grown English people can neither read nor write.

Nothing impure or injurious contaminates the popular antidote to pain, throat and lung remedy and general corrective, Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. It may be used without the slightest apprehension of any other than salutary consequences. Coughs, rheumatism, earache, bruises, cuts and soreness succumb to its action.

A Russian does not become of age until he is 25.

Use the Best. It is a good motto. It is particularly good when applied to anything which we use daily at our own meals. Bread may truly be called the staff of life, and we must be very careful as to what we put into it. Good health is of too great importance to be trifled with, and biscuits or pastry made with the alum powders which are so commonly sold in this country, are very injurious, leading to dyspepsia and numerous other troubles resulting therefrom. The pure cream of tartar and soda baking powders are healthful in every respect. In this class of powders the Pure Gold brand has obtained the highest position and is always reliable.

"Baby," a cat belonging to Mrs. Crigin, of Worcester, Mass., is 24 feet long, 16 inches high and weighs 30 pounds.

The name "milliner" really means "milliner," the first of her kind in England having been ladies from Milan, Italy.

It's All Up when Pearl starts for it. It goes quickly, but there's no harm to anything else. Pearl washes clothes easily, and cleans house thoroughly. It saves wear to the fine things, saves work with all things. Get Pearl, to get rid of dirt; you get rid of hard work, too, when you get Pearl.

Beware of imitations which are being peddled from door to door. First quality goods do not require such desperate methods to sell them. PEARLINE sells on its merits and is manufactured only by J. B. JAMES PYLE, New York.

SARNIA SUNBEAMS.

Why Not Include London?—No House of Industry Yet—Tunnel Town Topics.

The people of Sarnia are glad to hear that the excursion on the Sarnia branch of the G. T. R. are to be once more granted. But why they could not give London citizens the same privilege seems strange.

Pawnee Bill's Wild West show is billed to appear here on Monday, July 3.

The South Ward Methodist Mission has been set apart as a separate congregation.

Rev. Mr. Martin is the minister in charge. The Monarch left on Tuesday evening for Duluth with a large cargo of general merchandise and a full passenger list.

The trips to Stag Island last summer by the steamer Hiawatha on Wednesdays and Fridays were much enjoyed by our citizens, as well as the excursionists from London and intermediate points. We hope to see them resumed again this summer.

The temperance people of this town are organizing for work in preparing for the prohibition plebiscite next January.

The Orangemen of this town are going to celebrate in Saginaw the coming 12th of July.

The ferry company are now selling tickets at the reduced rate of ten for 25 cents during the summer months.

The Columbus fleet is expected to pass here about July 2. An effort is being made to have them stop for a time.

A young daughter of Mr. Leonard Johnston was badly hurt by being run over by a horse lately.

A motion brought up by Deputy Reeve Oliver, of Sarnia, at the County Council in reference to the establishment of a house of industry for the county of Lambton was defeated by a vote of 21 to 19. This is the second time the question has been voted on at the council board. The present system of each municipality caring for its own indigent is not commended itself to most people, and it is hoped the council will reverse its decision.

The congregation of Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, New York, recently subscribed \$30,000 in a single collection, in response to the pastor's appeal in behalf of foreign missions.

The elephant is given the credit of being the most long-lived as well as the most intelligent of all animals. Cuvier says that there were six chances of their having lived beyond the age of 300 years.

The Chinese, Japanese, Malayans, Siamese, New Zealanders and the North American Indians are recognized as the beardless races.

Dr. J. F. KINCHESLO, Conway, Ark.

Allen C. Smith, Pres., UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

Dr. G. C. OSBORN, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

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