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The Courier
A Paper for the Western Home

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WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1919.

NUMBER 47

New Farmers Political Party Nominates First Candidate

LIBERALS NOMINATE MOTHERWELL

CARLYLE, Sask., Sept. 25. — The federal constituency of Assiniboia was all agog today over the first nominating convention of the new farmers' political party held here today.

There can be no disputing the fact that today's convention was the largest nominating convention ever held in a Saskatchewan constituency. Voting delegates actually registered numbered 490 and in addition, there were 150 registered although by no means all visitors took the trouble to register.

The large skating rink was the only building capable of accommodating the throng of delegates and little vacant space was visible when the convention assembled. The convention was serious in character rather than overflowing with enthusiasm.

There was in evidence a very obvious pride in the splendid gathering, and, in fact, that to the farmers of Assiniboia had fallen the opportunity of being the first to place a standard-bearer of the new party in the field.

On account of the many nominations brought in, it was necessary to cast five ballots. The fifth and final ballot announced at eleven o'clock resulted in the selection of O. R. Gould by a vote of 243 to 217 for John Cairns.

Called to the platform Mr. Gould expressed his pride in and thanks for the expression of confidence in the convention's verdict. He had always enjoyed a real good fight and they had had one that night.

If elected to parliament he would seek to serve the people faithfully and pledged himself to stand four square on the platform of the Canadian council of agriculture. Cheers and the singing of "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow" followed and then with the National Anthem the convention closed shortly after eleven o'clock.

ARCOLA, Sept. 26. — Hon. W. R. Motherwell, father of the grain growers' association, and for fourteen years minister of agriculture in Saskatchewan, was unanimously chosen by the Liberals of Assiniboia constituency as their standard-bearer in the federal bye-election on October 27.

Whatever may therefore be the outcome of the polling next month, this constituency will be represented in the parliament of Canada by a grain grower.

SASKATCHEWAN FARMERS CAPTURE MANY PRIZES

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 25. — Saskatchewan made a clean-up at the Soil Products exhibition here, demonstrating again the fact that Saskatchewan holds an unrivalled position as a grain-producing country.

The big prizes for both wheat and oats went to J. S. Fields, of Regina, who captured first and sweepstakes and C.P.R. special for wheat and first and sweepstakes for white oats.

The following additional awards went to Saskatchewan: Kjellander Bros., Wilcox, captured second for wheat in the open class and first and sweepstakes in the dry farming section. J. F. Cadonia, of South Fork, won second, and Arth. Dowling, Luseland, third for wheat in dry farming section. S. N. Dale, Briercrest, took first for yellow oats, and R. H. Carter, Fort Qu'Appelle, third for barley and third for oats.

With sheaf exhibits Seager Wheeler, Rosthern, won first for oats, second for oats, first for Western rye grass and second for brome grass. J. Rugg, Elstow, took second for sheaf wheat. J. W. Broatch, Moose Jaw, won first for flax sheaf and third for sheaf durum wheat, and L. P. Broatch second for sheaf flax.

Seager Wheeler captured first award for best six potatoes and first for half peck. Harvey Cameron, Saskatoon, won second and A. W. Cameron, Saskatoon, third for potatoes. Arthur Dowling taking third for half peck.

NEGRO LYNCHED AT OMAHA

Mob Burns Down Court House After Nine Hours Battle — Mayor Nearly Hanged When He Intervenes.

OMAHA, Sept. 28. — William Brown, colored, alleged to have assaulted a white girl, was dragged from the county jail at eleven o'clock tonight and hanged to an electric pole, following a struggle of nine hours by an immense mob to wrest him from the sheriff.

Sheriff Clark and his deputies held the fort in the top story of the court house, where is located the jail, with a hundred prisoners, until the building became a seething mass of flames, and he was forced to submit. After the lynching, the firemen were for the first time, able to get a stream on the flames. At the same time, additional extension ladders were sent to the third and fourth floors, where many of the occupants were standing on window ledges on one side of the building that had not been touched by the flames.

Troops started from both Fort Omaha and Fort Crook at 11 o'clock. Before they could reach the city, a patrol wagon was stopped by the mob, overturned and burned. The mob appeared to be bent on still more depredations. At a late hour tonight it was discovered that an abortive attempt had been made to lynch Mayor Ed. P. Smith, when he appeared to appeal to the mob. Although reports are conflicting, it is known that a rope was thrown around his neck. A policeman cut it off before the mob could accomplish its purpose.

The mayor was carried out unconscious by a squad of police officers and friends and he was hurried to the office of a surgeon nearby. He was removed to a hospital. At midnight he was still unconscious.

The mayor had gone to the court house and held a consultation with Sheriff Clark. Emerging from the court house, he met the mob and began an appeal for law and order. Somebody shouted "Lynch him" and a member of the mob threw a rope around his neck. Several men dragged the mayor half a block and threw the loose end of the rope over a trolley pole. Twice they drew the mayor's body from the ground. Each time two police officers cut the rope. Following the second attempt, these officers succeeded in placing the mayor in a police motor car and rushed him to a surgeon's office nearby. He was bleeding from the mouth and nose and after a brief examination was taken to a hospital. At the hospital, it was stated by the physicians at midnight that he was still serious.

Earlier in the evening, the secretary of the vehicle workers' union declared that it would be unanimously voted tonight to strike in support of the railwaymen.

Saturday, the first day of the greatest strike in England's history passed without disorder, but with practically complete stoppage of transportation throughout the country. From a union standpoint, it seems, it is the most successful tie-up of industry ever recorded by warring labor.

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Railway System of Great Britain at a Standstill

Trouble Brewing Which May Mean Bloodshed — Government Will Resist With All Its Sources

LONDON, Sept. 28. — The railway system of the whole country, with the exception of Ireland, is almost at a complete standstill. The great London terminals are deserted and the gates closed, a few policemen providing a sufficient guard. Noteworthy is the absence of any disorder, the completeness of the tie-up seems to have rendered picketing needless, and this common source of friction, therefore, is lacking.

There were informal conferences of the cabinet ministers today, and meetings of the executive of the national union of railwaymen and the railway managers. The managers are endeavoring to run skeleton services wherever possible with the aim of meeting as far as possible the needs of London's suburbs and nearby seaside and holiday resorts. For this purpose a few men are still willing to work, and volunteers from the railway clerical staffs have been employed.

James Henry Thomas, secretary of the union, declared firmly against a widening of the issues, unless compelled to do so, and will only call a strike in Ireland and ask the assistance of the triple industrial alliance if he finds that he is unable to fight the railway question unaided.

The effects of the railway stoppage have already been seen in notices issued at some places closing down mines and other industrial establishments.

Robert Smillie, the miners' leader, speaking at Glasgow tonight, said that within a few days ninety per cent. of the miners would be idle, because all industries were so interlinked. He was desirous that there should be no ground given to the government for using armed forces against the people.

"Let us keep our heads," he urged, "and be passive resistors as far as possible, and not allow the government to stampee us into giving them the opportunity of shooting down our people."

The food controller closed his department to the public tonight, explaining that this step was necessary to facilitate supplying London with milk.

The government proposes to close Hyde Park to the public for the duration of the strike, according to the Evening News.

It is planned to use it as a parking place for motor vehicles and as a center for distributing milk and other foodstuffs.

The bus, tram and taximen's union of London, at a protracted meeting tonight, decided to suspend until Monday action as to whether they should join in the strike.

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AUSTRALIAN LABOR REFUSES TO ATTEND WORKERS' CONGRESS

MELBOURNE, Sept. 28. — The trades councils in the various Australian capitals have refused to nominate delegates to the Washington Labor congress.

CANNOT SEND MONEY FROM GERMANY

BERLIN, Sept. 29. — An announcement has been made by the minister of finance that censorship of letters and telegrams destined for outside countries will be maintained. This step is to be taken to prevent the sending of money out of Germany.

At night a great mass meeting of railway men was held in Albert Hall at which James H. Thomas, secretary of the National Union of Railwaymen, after the audience had sung the "Red Flag," delivered a heated speech of censure against the government and declared that the trouble was brewing which might lead to bloodshed. Both Thomas and C. T. Cramp, president of the union, who had preceded him, asserted that the men were firmly behind the leaders in this great crisis.

President Cramp denounced the government statement regarding the purpose of the strike as a "deliberate lie." It was not the public with whom the strikers were at war, he said; it was the people, who were, for the moment, in the position of directing the affairs of the country.

"All the powers of hell, the press, the platform and perhaps the pulpit," would be invoked against the strikers, said President Cramp, but if they remained solid, they would be victorious.

Both speakers denounced what they characterized as the government attempt to bias the mind of the public, by saying that the strike was not in defence of union rights, but against the life of the community. Answering the premier's statement earlier in the day, that the strike was a conspiracy against the government, Secretary Thomas said that that was true "God help the country."

He had warned the government that their proposals would be fatal to peace. He knew that trouble was brewing that might lead to bloodshed. "My answer to the prime minister's challenge," said Mr. Thomas, "is that if he will say to us officially himself, not influenced or intimidated by anyone else; if he will say, as head of the state that he is prepared to concede the same principle to all railway servants, then the strike can cease at once."

The coal controller has issued orders stopping all foreign shipments of coal at Cardiff. His object is to conserve all coal for use in this country.

Premier Lloyd George, telegraphing his regrets that he would be unable to attend the soldiers' celebration at Carnarvon, says:

"In a long and varied experience, I can recall no strike entered into so lightly, with so little disregard for public interest. The strike is not one in which it can be contended that the workers are seeking to wring fair wages from harsh employers whose profits are believed to be excessive. In this case the railway men are dealing direct with the community.

"The state is now running the railways at a loss, due, in the main, to increases made in the wages of the railway workers since the beginning of the war, and also to the great reduction in the hours of labor.

"On its merits, the strike is inexplicable."

D'Annunzio Willing to Die For Cause of Italy

LONDON, Sept. 27. — The Italian government has appealed to the allied powers to send an allied force, exclusive of Italians, to drive d'Annunzio out of Fiume, according to a report received here tonight, which is considered reliable.

Fiume, Sept. 26. — Gabriele D'Annunzio declared in an interview here today that he was making ready an appeal to the King of Great Britain, the president of the United States and to the French people, to support him in his occupation of Fiume, for Italy, which he intended to maintain to his dying day, having determined never to leave the city. He was confident, he said, that his appeal would bear fruit.

Describing the government's terms as stated by the minister of labor yesterday, as generous, the premier says:

"The dispute, such as it is, is about something which cannot possibly come into operation until next year; yet the nation is thrown into the dislocation of a hurried strike without even a week's warning."

Pointing out that the men declined to discuss the government's offer to consider any particular injustice, the premier said:

"Every employer, every worker, is entitled to one week's notice to terminate contracts of service."

The premier continues: "I am convinced that the vast majority of trade unionists of the land are opposed to this anarchist conspiracy. They can see the ruin and misery it has brought in other lands and their common sense has hitherto guarded their organizations against the control of these intrigues. These men have made many efforts to get hold of the levers of trade unionism; so far, all their endeavors have ended in failure.

"There is no more patriotic body of men in this country than the railway men and their conduct during the war demonstrates that fact. When they realize that they are not fighting for fair conditions for labor of their class but are being used by extremists for sinister purposes, their common sense will resume its sway and save the country yet, and their families from disaster.

"The interests of the nation and government have no alternative but to accept the challenge thrown down, they intend to meet this blow at the public well with all their resources, and they look to the nation, without distinction of class, for it affects everybody, cheerfully to bear privations which will result from this indefensible strike and give their aid to maintain their fabric of social order upon which the prosperity of the country depends."

In the beginning of his message, Mr. Lloyd George says:

"I have been constantly criticized as too extreme a partizan of those who are struggling for better conditions."

New Trains manned by non-unionists, pulled out of the London stations during Saturday. Several trains which left for the north tonight were stopped by pickets and the engines taken off. The passengers were left to camp in the cars. Trains of fish were left standing on sidings and the contents spoiled. Liverpool's meat supply was held up at Birkenhead. Clerks worked the trains on a small stretch of the Great Eastern.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28. — A railway strike has not been declared in Ireland, but the men are awaiting instructions and are ready to obey. The Irish Labor party and Trades Union congress have issued an official statement, warning the workers to be ready to assist the railwaymen in every possible way.

All cross-channel service to England has been suspended.

"I cannot believe there will be any complication with France or England," said the poet commander, "as in the past I have done something in the interest of both countries." Therefore, it is impossible that they should repay me with ingratitude. — In fact, I am preparing an appeal to President Wilson, King George and the people of France.

"My men here are ready to die for our cause, while I will not leave Fiume, either alive or dead. I have already chosen, in a fine cemetery, dark with cypresses, a small hill looking toward the sea, covered with laurel, where I wish to be buried."

Dominion Parliament in Special Session

The question of gratuities and all other matters affecting the re-establishment of soldiers in civil life will come before the special committee of the commons on soldiers' civil re-establishment, according to Hon. J. A. Calder, chairman of that committee, in a report made shortly after the session opened on Monday, Sept. 22nd.

At the evening session Mr. Morvat's bill to substitute electrocution for hanging as the death penalty was debated, and A. R. McMaster, seconded by I. E. Pedlow, moved by way of amendment, that the death penalty should be abolished.

The bill was still under discussion when the house rose.

The house on Tuesday, Sept. 23, gave final consideration to the bill to carry into effect the provisions of the peace treaty, a measure which deals among other things with the liquidation of property of German nationals in Canada. Hon. Doherty informed the house that as soon as the Australian parliament had given its approval to the peace treaty, the British ratification would be deposited in Paris.

At the opening of the session of the special committee of the house on soldiers' civil re-establishment on Wednesday, S. Maber, secretary of the soldiers' settlement board, was called and questioned regarding costs of administration and the advances made to soldiers. By the end of this year, it was expected the total outlay for the department would be \$48,600,000 for loans and administration. The estimate of \$150,000,000 for fifty thousand soldiers who were expected to take loans, did not take into account the settlement of British ex-service men. Many enquiries from this class of men were being received.

About two-thirds of the 4,128 soldiers taking up grants, exercised their rights to take up homesteads. It has been the policy of the board to try and settle men near railroads. In that case there were few homesteads available for entry.

In reply to Mr. MacNeil, Mr. Maber said there were no figures available of the number of men disqualified because of inability to provide the necessary 10 per cent. cash payment. It would be difficult to secure any figures.

The matter of settling imperial soldiers, ex-service men, on the land, was receiving serious consideration, said Mr. Maber. It was felt that it would be about all the land the board could handle, in placing Canada's soldiers, he said.

Mr. MacNeil asked if there was not a considerable amount of land available in unimproved land, now held under reserve.

Major Ashton answered that some sixty thousand acres of Indian reserve land would soon be made available for sale to the soldiers. Several townships of forest reserves had also been freed and several other townships were under investigation. These lands go to the soldiers free of purchase. Certain grazing leases are being investigated.

No grazing lease lands had yet been released for soldier settlement.

Thursday afternoon slaughtered I. E. Pedlow's bill to make the second Monday in November a permanent Thanksgiving day, so that it would be observed in commemoration of the blessings of peace as well as being a day for thankfulness for the gifts of Providence. On the third reading, Dr. Michael Steel, South Perth, moved the six months' hoist, and the amendment was carried on a division of 78 to 73. While the division could be correctly described as a non-partisan one, the seventy-eight votes which threw out the bill were cast by Unionists or cross-bench members. Members who favored the bill included Sir George Foster, who was leading the house, ten other Unionists, and all the opposition members.

The debate on D. D. McKenzie's resolution calling for the appointment of a committee to enquire into the alleged sending of a code telegram, signed by Hon. Arthur Meighen, to Sir Robert Borden, relating to the placing of soldiers' votes in the west, was continued. It was adjourned until Monday, when it will close with a division.

A. R. McMaster, Brome, followed for the opposition when the house met. He maintained that there had been a widespread system of manipulation of soldiers' votes. Dr. Clark, Red Deer, from the cross-benches, made a vigorous speech in defence of Mr. Meighen. He deprecated the raising of such issues and declared the opposition had failed to establish its case from a legal standpoint. In a sitting which lasted for about two hours and a half, the house on Friday discussed a number of minor bills standing on the order paper. A bill to amend the Dominions By-election act, so as to provide for disqualification of oriental voters in federal by-elections, threatened to raise the vexed question of Chinese, Japanese and Hindu immigration into British Columbia. When the bill was in the committee stage, A. R. McMaster, Brome, took strong ground that any person who was admitted to Canada, Oriental or otherwise, should be allowed the franchise. H. H. Stevens, Vancouver, in reply, suggested that if Mr. McMaster had seen thousands of coolies arriving at Montreal, he would perhaps be less anxious to give such persons votes. Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, speaking as one who had been in Japan, declared that the Japanese as a race were up-to-date, highly cultivated and clean, and that neither they nor the Hindus should be deprived of their votes. The bill was finally reported, and now stands for third reading. Third reading was given to a bill to amend the Naturalization act by providing that foreigners in Ontario seeking naturalization might come before a judge of the court of general sessions. Hon. Arthur Meighen introduced a bill to amend the Dominion Lands act which provides for the continuation in effect of orders-in-council, giving priority in entry to returned soldiers. Second reading was given to a bill to amend the Dominion by-election acts. The bill had become necessary, said the solicitor general, by reason of what appeared to be an oversight when the By-election act of 1919 was passed at the spring session. Under the act of last session, provincial disqualification of oriental voters in British Columbia would have no effect. Such voters would be entitled to vote at a Dominion by-election. In committee on the bill, Ernest Lapointe asked if it was correct that under its provisions, a Japanese who had been naturalized and who was a British subject would be disqualified from voting in a Dominion by-election in British Columbia, although qualified to vote in the other provinces. Mr. Guthrie: That is the effect of this bill. In effect it recognizes the right of the province to make its own franchise. But why was there discrimination, Mr. Lapointe continued. Why should a British subject be prohibited from voting in one province and entitled to vote in another?

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ONTARIO ELECTIONS ON OCTOBER 20TH

TORONTO, Sept. 28. — Official announcement that the provincial general elections will be held on Monday, October 20, was made this afternoon by Sir Wm. Hearst, premier of the province of Ontario. Nominations will be held the previous Monday, October 13. The date of the elections was generally anticipated, but it was not until after a meeting of the cabinet this afternoon that the announcement was made.

VON LERSNER SIGNED

VERSAILLES, Sept. 27. — Baron Kurt von Lersner, head of the German mission, signed the protocol annulling article 61 of the German constitution this afternoon. This article provided for Austrian representation in the German parliament.

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consolidation in Germany makes further progress. In this respect it is interesting to learn that an influential group of English dealers has made an arrangement with the Dutch Trading Society of Blass & Groenewegen in Utrecht (Holland) for the purchase for English account through the medium of this firm, of German hardware and metal, especially products of the well-known factories in Solingen, such as knives, scissors, etc. These will be retailed in England.

Germany of To-Day

(New York Evening Post)

AMSTERDAM. — The financial situation of Germany, as far as it can be judged in the light of its foreign exchange quotations, continues to go from bad to worse. The flurry of an advance in rates, which took place after the closing of peace, is already a thing of the past. The quotation of the German reichsmark had advanced in Holland from about eighteen guilders to twenty-seven guilders per 100 marks, under the influence of short-coverings and big purchases by small speculators, who seemed to think that the millennium had come on the event of peace. Now the mark is again losing ground day by day and has even dropped, at the beginning of this month, to about 14 1/2 florins per 100 marks, which is the lowest quotation on record.

The gold-parity of 100 marks being 39.26 florins, the present quotation means that German currency is not even worth one-quarter of its former value. This must cause terrible complications for Germany. In order to take up its exports again, which is vital for the recovery of Germany's position as a trading community, imports of raw materials will have to be made to an enormous extent. Even if prices were at present no higher than before the war, Germany would have to pay at the present level of its exchange more than four times as much for its imports as formerly. Under present conditions it is simply impossible to find the billions which will be necessary for financing this business.

So the position will become absolutely hopeless, if other people do not come to Germany's rescue by advancing the necessary means. The United States will no doubt take a big part in this business, not only because that country has become the richest people in the world and the only one which possesses the necessary means for making such advances in a broad way, but also because a very large part of the imports, not only of foodstuffs, but also of copper, cotton, etc., will have to come from the United States.

Other countries no doubt will also try to get their part of the German business, which may become a paying one if the political

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE BETWEEN VANCOUVER WINNIPEG AND TORONTO

A fast, substantial and elegant train running over a road of superior physical excellence will be operated daily by the Canadian National Railways commencing October 5th, between Vancouver, Winnipeg, Toronto, Eastern Canada and United States points. An alluring feature of this service is that the route itself possesses features of interest in keeping with the character of the train. Ask the agent about this service.

labor question more and more in hand. Their attitude shows more firmness than perhaps is warranted at present. Wisdom is often lacking in the treatment of the labor question on both sides. German employers have not grasped yet what the human factor means in handling this question. Consequently, unmitigated selfishness prevails on both sides."

GERMANY MUST REPLACE GAME LOST TO FRANCE

PARIS. — Among the minor, but none the less irritating, results of the long occupation of the northern departments of France was the abundant supply of game of all kinds for which the country was notable. The St. Hubert club, which is the leading hunting and shooting organization in France, with the support of the departments of agriculture and forests, and a large number of sportsmen, has obtained permission from the commission on war damages to enter a formal claim against Germany and Austria for reparation in kind in respect of game destroyed by enemy action.

The claim entered against Germany is for 1,250 deer in the proportion of one buck to every ten does; 6,000 goats, including 2,000 males, eight hundred thousand hares and three million brace of partridges.

From Austria-Hungary the same numbers of the various categories already mentioned are claimed, plus a million pheasants, of which one-fifth must be cocks. The claimants ask that the whole of the game claimed shall be delivered during a period of two or three years between December and March in each year.

BUYING BONDS IS COMMON SENSE ACT

Double Appeal to Business Interests of Western Farmer.

Investing of profits in Victory Bonds has a particular appeal to Western farmers. The action is a sort of merry-go-round in which the farmer makes money at each turn. Not only does he gain a good rate of interest, but he as-

LABOR CANDIDATES ALL OVER ONTARIO

TORONTO. — Labor candidates will run in at least twenty-one ridings outside of Toronto, according to a statement credited to Joseph Marks, provincial secretary of the Independent Labor party and there will be several labor candidates in Toronto. In two or three ridings Labor and the U.F.O. may unite on a joint candidate.

ANOTHER GRAIN ELEVATOR BLAST

KANSAS CITY. — One man is missing and 15 men were injured, one perhaps fatally, in an explosion which wrecked the Burlington grain elevators in North Kansas City. Several of the fifty workmen in the building at the time of the explosion were thrown from the structure when the walls and tops of elevators were shattered by the force of the explosion. One man was found 350 feet away.

WANT TO COMMUNICATE WITH PLANET MARS

OMAHA. — Leo Stevens, balloon instructor at Port Omaha, announced that David Todd will attempt to communicate with the planet Mars this fall in a balloon to be constructed and piloted by Stevens. The balloon, to be the largest ever made, will ascend 50,000 feet.

Foster's Weather Bulletin

WASHINGTON, D.C., Sept. 27. — Warm waves are expected to reach Vancouver about Sept. 29 and Oct. 4, and temperatures will rise on the Pacific slope. They will cross crest of Rockies by close of Sept. 30 and Oct. 5, plains sections Oct. 1 and 6, meridian 90, great lakes, middle Gulf States and Ohio-Tennessee valleys 2 and 7, eastern sections 3 and 8, reaching vicinity of Newfoundland about October 4 and 9. Storm waves will follow about one day behind warm waves and cool waves one day behind storm waves.

These disturbances will dominate the North American crop-weather from Sept. 30 to October 9, during which period a great fall in temperature is expected between longitudes 80 and 100 and light frosts are expected during the week following Oct. 8 in northern parts of that section. This will be a cool wave not far from October 8. To constitute a cool wave or a cold wave, temperatures must fall twenty degrees and the cold wave must go to freezing point. I expect a northern cool wave near Oct. 8 and a cold wave near Oct. 23.

The storms will start an increase of rainfall that will be heavy near Oct. 24. Large sections of country during August and September were short on moisture because the storms, north of latitude 30, had little force. August and September storms were expected to be mild and rainfall deficient in large sections. But from this date onward through the Winter the storms will be of much greater force and the precipitation will increase, except in about one-third of the best agricultural sections that will be affected by drought beginning about first of November and continuing about six months.

Again I warn all to expect dangerous storms during the week centering on Oct. 26. Of course these great storms will reach only a small part of the country, but as I can not definitely locate them the next best thing is for all to be on the watch; lives and property may thus be saved. The one great necessity for the cotton States and shipping interests in the West Indies is to know more about the hurricanes that harass those sections. They affect the weather to a large extent in our southeastern states and they cause the dangerous cold waves, northerly and blizzards that are dreaded by all who live between longitudes 85 and 96. For three years my time has been absorbed in study of some important crop weather that is controlled by the storms that cross continent from west to east; those that move in an oblong circle around our North American north magnetic north pole, center located near 70 north and 94 west, and around the Asiatic north magnetic pole, located near 60 north and 120 east, near the Lena river. The magnetic needle points down in northern North America and up in northern Asia.

The tropical system of storms also move in an oblong circle, the western end of which is in the West Indies and eastern end around the Azores and the Mediterranean. It is of great importance to know more about the fleets of this southern storm system on our eastern and southern borders. Yale University, through its geographic section, is giving attention to these matters, and Prof. Elsworth Huntington, of that institution, includes it in his work. He had charge of the war map work during the great war, held a captain's commission and was located at Washington.

I am advising not to sell grain or cotton. I believe market bottom has been reached.

RHEUMATISM AND STOMACH TROUBLES

Your ailments will yield to this (Latest Sweating System and Scandinavian Methods) and to no other. We also have the latest thing in Electricity.

A few names of the many patients who have got results by this latest system.

Rheumatism - Mr. R. C. Garfat, Agt. C. P. R., Medicine Hat, Alta. Frank Sauer, Southey, Sask. R. T. Henderson, Yellow Grass. J. A. Morrison, Francis, Sask. M. Morrison, Francis, Sask. J. A. Secord, Dark Block, Regina.

Neuritis I. J. Bricker, Cupar, Sask. A. McNeil, Supt. Dom. Dairy, Regina, Sask. Thos. Gross, Assinica, Sask. Miss McKenzie, Bank of Nova Scotia, Regina, Sask. Constipation, Kidney, Liver, Skin and Stomach Troubles.

Mrs. Carl Allen, Southey, Sask. John Brod, Regina, Sask. Mrs. E. Buhler, Southey, Sask. Mrs. Ida Adams, Regina, Sask. Mrs. McKay, Regina, Sask. Joe Poljarane, Southey, Sask. Pet. Poljarane, Southey, Sask. E. J. Prickson, Francis, Sask.

This is the only treatment for the after effect of the Flu. Send a stamped envelope to one of these patients and find out for yourself, or write for testimonials.

LARSEN'S SANITARIUM 1818 Scarth St. Regina, Sask. Phone 2945—Opposite Post Office.



Is Your Home Popular?

Do your friends drift to your home for an evening of enjoyment? Do your children brighten your home with laughter, or do they hurry to "go out"?

If you haven't a Piano or Player probably your friends unconsciously select some other home as a social centre. Doesn't this bring a shadow of regret? If you can't play by a player Piano which makes musicians of us all. Bell Pianos and Organs. Write for prices and save money by buying from us. Terms if desired.

V. MIKUSCH & CO. 75 Lansdowne Ave., Winnipeg, Man.



Their Medicine Chest For 20 Years

It is characteristic of folks after they pass the allotted "three score years and ten," to look back over the days that are gone and thoughtfully live them over. I find myself, at seventy-one, frequently drifting back a quarter of a century, when I see myself in the little drug store I owned at Bolivar, Mo., making and selling a vegetable compound to my friends and customers—which was then known only as Dr. Lewis' Medicine for Stomach, Liver and Bowel Complaints.

For many years while I was perfecting my formula I studied and investigated the laxatives and cathartics on the market and became convinced that their main fault was not that they did not act on the bowels, but that their action was too violent and drastic, and wrecked the system of the user; which was due to the fact that they were not thorough enough in their action, some simply acting on the upper or small intestine, while others would act only on the lower or large intestine, and that they almost invariably produced a habit requiring successive doses.

I believed that a preparation to produce the best effect must first tone the liver, then act on the stomach and enter alimentary system. If this was accomplished, the medicine would produce a mild, but thorough elimination of the waste without the usual sickening sensations, and make the user feel better at once.

After experimenting with hundreds of different compounds, I at last perfected the formula that is now known as Dr. Lewis' Remedy, which I truly believe goes further

and does more than any laxative on the market today. The thousands of letters from users have convinced me I was right, and that the user of Dr. Lewis' Remedy as a family medicine, even though he may have used it for twenty-five years, never has to increase the dose.

My knowledge of medicine and the results of its use in my own family and among my friends, before I ever offered it for sale, caused me to have great faith in Dr. Lewis' Remedy from the very first.

And now as I find myself nearing the age when I must bow to the inevitable and go to another life, my greatest pleasure is to sit each day and read the letters that each mail brings from people as old or older than I, who tell of having used Dr. Lewis' Remedy for ten, fifteen and twenty years, and how they and their children and grandchildren have been benefited by it.

It is a consoling thought, my friends, for a man at my age to feel that aside from his own success, one has done something for his fellow man. My greatest satisfaction, my greatest happiness today, is the knowledge that tonight more than one hundred people take a Dr. Lewis' Remedy (3/4r Tablet) and will be better, healthier, happier people for it. I hope you will be one of them.

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Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Germany At Work (New York Evening Post)

Contrary to various reports and all expectations, the Iron Age's correspondent at Berlin writes to that journal, "some of the German iron works are in full swing and fully occupied. Westphalian and Silesian works have more business on hand than they can cope with. The output, however, is inadequate owing to the irregularity of coal supply, apathy of workmen and transport difficulties. Still, business is picking up considerably, as is apparent by the continuous advance in stock exchange quotations.

Wages are high—16 to 24 marks for the eight-hour day in the provinces, and a little more in cities like Berlin and Dusseldorf. But such wages are low measured by the international standard. At the present rate of exchange their dollar equivalent is only \$1.50 to \$2 per day. Such wages would not seriously obstruct export business. More serious, however, is the lack of efficiency of the workmen. Output per man is generally estimated at about one-third of the pre-war average. It is hoped, however, that better nourishment will slowly raise this efficiency, and some improvement in this direction is noticeable already.

The employers seem to get the

Rheumatism A HOME CURE GIVEN BY ONE WHO HAD IT

In the spring of 1892 I was attacked by Muscular and Inflammatory Rheumatism. I suffered as only those who have it know, for over three years. I tried many remedies, but such relief as I received was only temporary. Finally, I found a remedy that cured me completely, and it has never returned. I have given it to a number of people who were terribly afflicted and even bedridden with Rheumatism, and it effected a cure in every case.

I want every sufferer from any form of rheumatic trouble to try this marvelous healing power. Don't send a cent; simply mail your name and address and I will send it free to try. After you have used it and it has proven itself to be that long looked-for means of curing your rheumatism, you may send the price of it, one dollar, but understand, I do not want your money unless you are perfectly satisfied to send it. Let that fact! Why suffer any longer when positive relief is thus offered you free! Don't delay. Write today.

Mark H. Jackson, Box 241 F. Gurney Bldg., Syracuse, N. Y. Mr. Jackson responsible. Statement true.

ATTENTION! Sick Women

To do your duty during these trying times your health should be your first consideration. These two women tell how they found health.

Hellam, Pa. — "I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for female troubles and a displacement. I felt all run down and was very weak. I had been treated by a physician without results, so decided to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial, and I felt better right away. I am keeping house since last April and doing all my housework, where before I was unable to do any work. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is certainly the best medicine a woman can take when in this condition. If give you permission to publish this letter." —Mrs. E. R. CRUMLING, R. No. 1, Hellam, Pa.

Lowell, Mich. — "I suffered from cramps and dragging down pains, was irregular and had female weakness and displacement. I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound which gave me relief at once and restored my health. I should like to recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies to all suffering women who are troubled in a similar way." —Mrs. ELSIE HEIM, R. No. 6, Box 83, Lowell, Mich.



Why Not Try LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO., LYNN, MASS.

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

COMMENCING SUNDAY, OCTOBER 5th. BETWEEN WINNIPEG — VANCOUVER and WINNIPEG — TORONTO

WEST BOUND LEAVE REGINA—Daily 9:15 A.M. ARRIVE VANCOUVER—Daily 7:00 P.M. EAST BOUND LEAVE REGINA—Daily 12:25 MDNT. ARRIVE TORONTO—Daily 4:30 P.M.

BEST IN EQUIPMENT Day Coaches Tourist and Standard Sleeping Cars. Observation Cars between Winnipeg and Toronto and between Edmonton and Vancouver

ENQUIRE ABOUT CHOICE OF ROUTE BETWEEN WINNIPEG and TORONTO

Local Agent will be glad to give you all information or write to Passenger Department, Saskatoon.

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

"THE LINE OF TRANSPORTATION THAT BINDS AND BUILDS THE NATION"

Regina and District

Visit of Prince of Wales to Regina

Final arrangements for the various functions in connection with the visit to the city of Regina on Saturday afternoon, October 4th of His Royal Highness, the Prince of Wales, have been completed by the general committee of which His Honour Sir Richard Lake is Chairman, and Mr. G. A. Mantle, Clerk of the Legislative Assembly, is Secretary.

The Prince will arrive in the city at 2.30 o'clock on Saturday afternoon, and, after being met at the depot by His Honour the Lieutenant Governor, the Premier, the Mayor of Regina and other officials, will proceed directly to the Legislative Building. His Royal Highness will be received with the Royal Salute, including the firing of guns, will inspect the Guard of Honour and, from the platform in front of the centre entrance to the building, will receive and reply to addresses from the province and city.

He will then inspect returned soldiers from different branches of the service, Army Nurses, V.A.D.'s, Boy Scouts and High School Cadets. After this His Royal Highness will present medals and decorations to a number of soldiers or their next of kin and will then proceed to the Assembly Chamber in the building where he will hold a public reception.

The school children of the city will see the ceremonies from a stand to the right of the platform outside and will sing songs of welcome. A rally of the Boy Scouts from all over the province has been called for this occasion and these will be inspected along with the returned men.

Special arrangements are being made for the accommodation of the

MAKE your own Liquors at home. Wines, Hop Ale, Ginger Beer, etc. No still nor expensive apparatus required. Simple and good. Full directions sent sealed for \$1.00. Money back if not as represented. Gustav Detberner, Box 135, Watrous, Sask.

mothers and widows of men who lost their lives in the service of the Empire, and it is especially asked that all those mothers and widows who wish to attend the ceremonies at the Legislative Building, will immediately notify the Clerk of the Legislative Assembly, Regina, giving the name and rank or number of their son or husband so that special admission cards can be sent to them. Such requests must be received by the Clerk of the Legislative Assembly not later than September 30th in order that proper accommodation can be provided.

TRINITY LUTHERAN CHURCH

Rev. J. Fritz, Pastor
Trinity Evangelical Lutheran Church celebrated the annual Mission festival Sunday last. Rev. A. Schorman and H. Giese were the respective speakers. A mission offering of \$78.50 was raised. At the evening service the infant daughter of Rev. and Mrs. J. Fritz was baptized, receiving the names Franziska, Therese.

Married, Sept. 27th, Mr. Mike Kerth, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Kerth, of Regina, and Miss Emily Dueterbeck, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Dueterbeck of Davin. Rev. J. Fritz officiating.

PAINS OF THE BOWELS. "I often had such severe pains in my bowels," writes Mrs. Juliana Kittitz of Bruderheim, Alta., "that it led me to believe they were ulcerated. Since I have used Forni's Alpenkrauter I have been entirely relieved." This time-tried herb remedy is not to be had in drugstores. Special agents sup-

Canadian Provinces

Saskatchewan

HEAVY IMMIGRATION OF AMERICANS IS PREDICTED

The largest immigration of American settlers that the west has ever known is predicted for next year by Scott, Hill and company.

The members of the firm are in close touch with the great movement in farm lands that is now taking place in Manitoba. They state that this movement is only in its infancy and that the high prices for land prevailing in the United States will induce hundreds of farmers to come to the Canadian West where there are much more reasonable prices and greater production.

WORK ON GRAVELBOURG-SWIFT CURRENT LINE

The grading of the Gravelbourg-Swift Current line will be done to Neidpath and probably a few miles further this season, and the contractors, Messrs. Gibbs Bros., are filling in gaps now.

They are handicapped, however, by scarcity of teamsters and could employ twenty good men at once for a month or more.

Neidpath, will be the terminal of the road, or end of steel for a couple of years at least.

BABY DROWNED IN WELL

SWIFT CURRENT. — On Sunday last while Mr. and Mrs. Leone ply it. Write to Dr. Peter Fahrney & Sons Co., 2501 Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill. Delivered free of duty in Canada.

Bonneville, of the south country, were at church in Ponteix, their three children aged seven six and two years, while playing, started throwing sticks into a deep well and while looking down into the well at the sticks in the water the youngest, age two years, fell in, and was drowned.

When the parents arrived home the children seemed to be afraid to tell what had happened but eventually told the story. Mr. Bonneville rushed to the well and with the aid of a rope went down into the water where he found the lifeless body of the little child.

WHISKEY FOUND IN UNDERTAKING PARLORS

"O Grave, where is thy victory? O Death, where is thy sting?" Thus might the corpses have sung, had there been any present, in the undertaking parlors of Oscar Mapes, of Strassbourg on Wednesday afternoon, when Provincial Constable Van Gorder unceremoniously entered the first resting place of the dead and laid vulgar hands on six cases of Gooderham and Worts, and one case of alleged Scotch, concealed behind some coffins.

Acting on a tip, the sleuth entered Strassbourg's leading funeral home on the suspicion that more than cases for cadavers could be purchased, and that the quick as well as the dead could get a jolt, and tastier than embalming fluid at that.

Constable Van Gorder disclaims any title to the prophet's role but has a strong hunch that Mr. Mapes will have trouble in convincing the justice of the peace that the whiskey was placed there without his knowledge or consent.

Yes, it was confiscated, and 84 perfectly good bottles removed from circulation.

TO STUDY DENTISTRY

HUMBOLDT. — Mr. Leo Schumacher, late principal of the Catholic separate school here, has left for Toronto where he will study dentistry at the Toronto university.

KILLED HIS COMPANION WHILE ON HUNTING

Nick Lappas, restaurant keeper of Prince Albert, who accidentally shot Andrea Anton dead on September 20, when the two were out duck shooting, was brought to court at Prince Albert this week and fined \$500 under the provisions of the Saskatchewan Game act. Lappas is further debarred from securing a shooting license during the next ten years.

This is the second time in the history of the province where a person has been fined under the provisions of this act. Sergeant Kistruck, of the provincial police, Prince Albert detachment, prosecuted.

SHOT HIMSELF WHILE CLEANING RIFLE

A fatal accident occurred at Churchside, Shellbrook district, on Friday last when the young boy of Steve Sedler shot himself with a twenty-two calibre rifle. The young boy was cleaning the rifle when the charge exploded, sending the bullet through the abdomen and lungs close to the heart.

DAMAGE FROM RAIN NORTH OF MELVILLE SERIOUS

A few reports which have been received from points in the northeast of the province would indicate that damage from rain to grain in the stock is extensive and serious. Practically all the territory in that part of the province north of Melville has been adversely affected by the weather and reports of damage as far west as Rosthern are forthcoming.

At Rosthern rains, followed by hot murky weather, have caused growth in the stocks. At this point only 5 per cent of the crops have been threshed and almost a total damage to wheat is estimated. Oats cut for green feed are spoiling, though pastures are now in good conditions.

There has been no threshing in the Yorkton district, but threshing will be general in a day or two if the weather is dry. There is no scarcity of farm labor in the district and wages are ruling at \$6 a day. About 40 per cent of the crop in the Veregin district was threshed by September 12, but further operations have been suspended since by rains.

DOUBLE FATALITY NEAR SWIFT CURRENT

A double fatality occurred a few days ago at Battrum, north of Swift Current, when Frank Aholki and Victor Wyniarzki were burned to death in the bunk house near the railway station.

A LIFETIME OF SUFFERING

Prevented by "Fruit-a-tives" The Wonderful Fruit Medicine.

53 Maisonneuve St., Hull, Que. "In my opinion, no other medicine is so good as 'Fruit-a-tives' for Indigestion and Constipation. For years, I suffered with these dreaded diseases, trying all kinds of treatments until I was told I was incurable."

One day a friend told me to try 'Fruit-a-tives'. To my surprise, I found this medicine gave immediate relief, and in a short time I was all right again."

DONAT LALONDE
50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

From meagre information obtained by the police authorities it is thought that the two men while asleep in the bunkhouse either were overcome by gas from the coal stove or were suffocated by smoke from the burning building.

ACCIDENT UNDER PECULIAR CIRCUMSTANCES

A very sad accident occurred on the farm of Alex Ward, near Willmar, on September 15, when Mrs. Ward was cranking an engine which was attached to the water pump, when the engine backfired, setting fire to a small pail of gasoline which had come from the leaking carburetor. The gasoline exploded, and Mrs. Ward's clothing caught fire. She rushed to the house, and on reaching the door she collapsed. Though aid was close at hand, and medical assistance quickly summoned, Mrs. Ward died of burns at five o'clock. A husband and five small children, including a baby four months old, are left, and much sympathy is extended by the community in their bereavement.

MANITOBA

WIFE OF FARMER SUSTAINS SEVERE BURNS

PORTAGE LA PRAIRIE. — Mrs. Hugh Culbert of the Rosendale district, was admitted to the Portage hospital, suffering from severe burns, caused by the explosion of a gasoline tank. The gas engine, which occupies a small room in the Culbert residence, had been in operation for some time, when Mrs. Culbert had occasion to enter the room, and in passing the engine tank suddenly exploded covering her with gasoline and flames. Before the flames could be extinguished she was severely burned about the head, face and arms and other parts of the body.

MANITOBA TORIES CONVENTION NOVEMBER 6

WINNIPEG. — Conservatives have called a convention for Manitoba members of the party for November 6. It is primarily a provincial move, but, pending the results of the federal by-elections, an announcement will be made concerning Dominion affairs, when delegates may be selected for the approaching Conservative national convention, as the national committee formation is being completed.

GORED BY BULL

WINNIPEG. — Olaf Sundmark, 75 years old, a pioneer resident of Hilltop district, 17 miles north of Minnedosa, Man., was gored to death by a bull last Saturday.

PORK PRICES DOWNWARD

WINNIPEG. — As a result of the board of commerce probe here pork prices will drop fifteen cents a pound immediately, according to a statement made by a local packer. The authority based his forecast on the belief that the whole pork market would be bearishly affected, costs of producer, packer and retailer and overhead profits.

EAST AND WEST DISAGREE

THE PAS. — The marriage of W. Yuen, a Chinaman, and Matilda Greenleaf, an Indian girl, at Cumberland House, ended in the young bride running away and hiding in the forest because her friends chided her for marrying a yellow man. She was last seen paddling a canoe toward the deep recesses of the forests along the Mosley river.

HAS BEEN DEPORTED

WINNIPEG. — Oscar Schoppel, convicted before the special immigration board, was deported from Canada, an officer of the department taking him to Emerson and seeing him across the border.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Altman*

FINED FOR OPERATING A STILL

Michael Ritchensky, of Emerson, was fined \$200 and cost in provincial police court for operating a still. On Sept. 15 Inspector H. Spencer, of the liquor license department, visited Ritchensky's farm.

ALBERTA

FOREST FIRES BURNING

CALGARY. — Although the actual figures have not yet been compiled, it is almost certain that the fires this year in the Canadian forest reserves will prove to be the record in destruction. Experts are busily engaged at the moment in compiling statistics, and it is expected that these will be made public at an early date.

According to information received at the local offices of the Dominion Forestry branch, even yet there is a fire burning at Race Horse Creek, in the Crows Nest reserve, and another one at Waterton Park.

FATAL FALL IN SHAFT

CALGARY. — Miss F. Parent, of Calgary, was fatally injured on Saturday afternoon, when she fell down an open elevator shaft in the Riley block. Her back was broken and she died in the hospital.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

SIX-YEAR OLD BOY KILLED UNDER CARS

FERBIE, B.C. — John Schrypek, aged six, attempted to crawl under a stalled train here. The train started up unexpectedly and the little fellow was decapitated. The accident occurred at a street crossing where there were a number of people congregated, none of whom saw the lad until two cars had passed over his body.

Eastern Provinces

HE DID NOT KNOW IT WAS LOADED

TORONTO. — With her hip and abdomen pierced with gunshot, Miss Valerie Ottaway, of Wood P. O., Hastings County, was admitted to the General hospital here in a serious condition.

Miss Ottaway was sitting in her home with a pet dog in her lap when her brother returned from a hunting trip and pointed the shotgun at the dog. As he snapped the trigger of the gun the girl received the contents of one barrel. Her brother did not know that it was loaded.

THREE DROWNED ON TRIP

QUEBEC. — Rosiare Peppalone, of St. Mark, Gerard Anotil, of Montmagny, and Rosiare Cotte, of St. Mark, were drowned while fishing in the Attie river, seven miles east of Doucet station, on the Transcontinental railway.

SMOTHERED IN GRAIN

TORONTO. — Falling head first into a funnel-shaped grain bin, into which grain was pouring, Phillip James was suffocated to death in Markham. He was 22 years old.

KILLED BETWEEN CARS

FORT WILLIAM. — Thomas Hogg, one of the oldest conductors on the Fort William street railway, was killed between two cars just as he was preparing to take his car from the barns. A son, S. Hogg, resides at Girvin, Sask.

OXYGEN BLAST AT MONTREAL WORKS

MONTREAL. — One man was fatally injured while 14 others were severely burned and some 25 others had narrow escapes from death at No. 1 shed of the Canadian Vickers plant, Maisonneuve, when a tank was leaking and that the gas caught fire through a small forge which stood nearby.

PEACE TREATY IN SENATE

OTTAWA. — In the senate the government bill ratifying the Versailles treaty of peace and the League of Nations was received from the commons, read the first time and placed on the order paper for second reading on Tuesday next.

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS TO INAUGURATE DAILY TRAINS VANCOUVER TO TORONTO

Daily train service between Winnipeg and Vancouver and Winnipeg and Toronto are features in the fall time card which becomes effective October 5th with the Canadian National Railways. Enquire from local agent about this service and other changes to be made.

BURGLARS MADE BIG HAUL

LONDON, Ont. — Burglars made a big haul here, carrying off nearly ten thousand dollars in cash, Victory bonds and goods from three of

BAD CUT HEALED



Mr. S. R. McClure of Ballinasfad, Ont., writing to the proprietors of Zam-Buk, says: "I cut my hand very badly between my thumb and first finger, with a saw. The place became very painful and swollen, and before I realized it blood-poisoning had set in. Having heard that Zam-Buk is the best thing for blood-poisoning, I got some at once, and it was really wonderful how the first few applications stopped the pain. Soon the poison was all drawn out and continued use of Zam-Buk entirely healed the cut."

Zam-Buk should be kept handy by everyone, and applied immediately an injury is sustained. By doing so, not only can pain and soreness be almost immediately ended, and healing effected in the shortest time possible, but Zam-Buk being antiseptic, prevents any danger of festering or blood-poisoning. Get a box to-day and be ready for emergencies. Owing to its herbal composition Zam-Buk will keep for an indefinite period and still retain its strength and purity. It is best for cuts, burns, scalds, eczema, salt rheum, boils, pimples, ulcers, abscesses, blood-poisoning and piles. 50c. all dealers.

FREE

Send this adverb, name of paper, and to whom (for return postage) to Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for free trial box.

the largest retail stores in the heart of the Dundas street shopping district. Boots and shoes, gents' furnishings and hardware, which included a large number of firearms and ammunition, were carried off in large quantities.

United States

CONFESSES MURDER OF DAUGHTER

URBANA, Mo. — Brought back to his old Missouri home because of a debt he says he does not owe, Robert Hicks, formerly a farmer of Hickory county, stands accused by his own voluntary confession of the murder of his 19-year-old daughter, 23 years ago.

While en route here with the sheriff of Hickory county from Chehalis, Wn., where he had lived with his son-in-law, Hicks unfolded the story of how, on a lonesome part of his farm, Dec. 7, 1896, he strangled his daughter, Luellen, with a short piece of heavy twine, because in a fit of rage the daughter had threatened to shoot her father.

Hicks, old and feeble from long years of toil, furnished no reason for his confession other than he was 75 years old and has not much longer to live anyway. "I just thought as they were taking me back to Missouri, I'd tell 'em about it," Hicks said.

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SOCIALIST MAYOR WON'T INVITE KING

MILWAUKEE. — Replying to a letter from A. T. Vanscoy, a local business man, that he invite King Albert and Queen Elizabeth of Belgium to visit Milwaukee, Mayor Hoan, Socialist, declined to do so, writing that "I stand for the man who works, to hell with the kings. Please do not ask me to invite any king. While I mean no disrespect to Belgian people, whom I love, nor discourtesy to you, these are days that try men's souls; we must take our place with kings, their golden plates and satellites, or line up with the rights of common man. I should go to my grave in everlasting shame were I to boast one iota the stock of any king."

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