

The Royal Colonial Institute is now open at 10, London E.C.4.

# The Free Press

THIRTY-FOURTH YEAR.

VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, FRIDAY, MAY 13, 1892.

VOLUME XXXIV, NO. 23.

### CABLE NEWS.

**Malay Rebels Becoming Bolder—Russia Causes Alarm to Bulgaria—The Duke of Clarence.**

**A Socialist in Trafalgar Square—Arrival of a Cherished Catholic Belle.**

**French Reverses in Africa.**

**London, May 6.**—A despatch from Sierra Leone says a messenger reports that King Samadua, at a piece of strategy, allowed the French to capture three native towns, and afterward recaptured two, the French suffering heavy loss. The messenger saw eighty-one French prisoners and the heads of four French officers in Samadua's camp.

**London, May 6.**—A great sensation was caused today by the discovery that Herr Hammerstein, chief of the well known banking house of Hammerstein & Friedlander, had committed suicide last night. So far no statement as to the motive has been made. It is known that for some time past the house of Hammerstein and Friedlander had been threatened with disaster. It is also known that some of its transactions with the money of its clients would form a basis for accusation of fraud, and that bankruptcy have supervened, and that would have meant a long term in prison for Hammerstein. The banker evidently chose death.

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### CAPITAL NOTES.

**The Nelson and Fort Sheppard Bill Again Postponed—Through Crow's Nest.**

**Messrs. Earle and Prior to Interview the Premier on Public Buildings.**

**From Our Own Correspondent.**

**Ottawa, Ont., May 5.**—The consideration of the Nelson and Fort Sheppard Railway bill, was again deferred in the Railway committee, this morning, pending negotiations now in progress between the British Columbia members of the Government.

**The Alberta Company's bill for a charter through Crow's Nest, was thoroughly discussed in committee. Messrs. Bernard and Mara reminded the committee that this company was authorized by charter to construct with American roads at the boundary. Therefore other companies applying should be treated the same way. A clause was inserted whereby any other companies shall not be prevented by the Alberta road from constructing a small portion of the line. The bill also provides that the location must be approved by the Governor-in-Council.**

**A deputation of the Dominion Teachers' Association interviewed Hon. Mr. Foster and asked for grant of \$2,000 in aid of the coming congress at Montreal.**

**Messrs. Earle and Prior have arranged for an interview with Premier Abbott, to-day, for the purpose of discussing the appropriations for new public buildings.**

**Dr. Selwyn reports that there are 144 square miles of coal fields in the Crow's Nest between the eastern summit and Elk river. The estimates are that there are 25,000,000 tons available on each mile. He says it is destined to be the most valuable productive field in the Dominion.**

**The bulletin on the analysis of coffee shows that in every city in Canada coffee is sold.**

**There was a big kick in the Senate against the proposal to increase the capital of the Bell Telephone Company to \$9,000,000, tending to perpetuate a gigantic monopoly.**

**The House discussed the licensing of lobster canneries all day.**

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**The Art of Bain-Making—Two Inches of Aqua Contracted for in Adams County.**

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### THE NATION.

**London, May 6.**—The Standard's Shanghai despatches report that the victory of Wu Cheng, in the province of Hoopa, has received a secret edict which ordered him to send an expedition to arrest the author of the anti-foreign placards, the notorious 'T' and 'C' placards. Most of the anti-foreign movement. Both Chinese and foreign residents are excited over the trial of strength between the imperial government and the malcontents. Most of the Europeans and commanders of foreign men-of-war advocate a gunboat demonstration on Tungking lake, in the centre of the disturbed province at least. This means heavy cost, much anxiety and constant watching along the Yangtze. Tungki lake Yamen has made no move to assist the foreign ministers in the matter of the Imperial edict, which was to have been granted to foreign ambassadors, and it now appears indefinitely postponed.

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IRRECONCILABLE

The News-Advertiser is thorough in its opposition to the Government. It evidently believes, or wishes others to believe, that the Government cannot do right and consequently everything it proposes is bad.

It will be observed that our contemporary is writing about a matter which it knows absolutely nothing. It has manufactured a bogie in order to scare its readers, and that it may produce the effect it wishes it pretends to be dreadfully alarmed at its nature and appearance.

It is established its influence will be the very opposite of monopolistic. It will in a great measure create an important trade and it must necessarily open up new markets for the products of its deep sea fisheries.

It is a pity that the Advertiser is so blind as not to see the advantages which the successful development of the deep sea fisheries will be to the whole province. The circulation of the large amount of capital which the company will have to use in carrying on its operations, will stimulate every branch of business in the Province.

THE OLD, OLD STORY.

It is very easy indeed for an unscrupulous Opposition in a province in which the Government has the management and maintenance of public works, to trump up charges against it of bribery.

Representatives naturally try to get as much as possible for their several districts, and generally as fair a division as is possible is made. It is very seldom indeed that grants are voted for political purposes, or that one district is favored at the expense of another.

that other districts received more because they were represented by men who supported the Government or because the Government had an end to gain by unduly favoring certain localities.

It surely cannot be said that a Government is guilty of bribing the people with their own money when it is careful that the different branches of the public service is well provided for—that the roads and bridges of the province and other public works are sufficient in number and kept in proper repair.

THE MOST-FAVORED NATION

The "most-favored nation" clause in the commercial treaties between Great Britain and certain other nations is not generally understood. The arrangement binds the parties to it to treat each other in matters relating to trade as well as they do the most favored of the nations or colonies with which they have dealings.

"But do not these 'most favored nation' treaties forbid Canada reducing her duties on British goods without at the same time reducing them on the products of all the other nations with whom Britain has such treaties?"

"This is a formidable looking list, but a very small per cent. of our imports come from all these countries taken together. We trade almost wholly with Britain and the United States.

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BRITISH AND COLONIAL TRADE.

The San Francisco Call, while discussing the probable effects of a close commercial union between Great Britain and her colonies, a condition of which would be mutually preferential duties, makes light of its effect on the United States.

The Call evidently under estimates the importance of the trade of Great Britain and the Dominion of Canada to the United States. It clearly does not know that Great Britain alone takes more than half the exports of the United States and that Canada takes quite a considerable proportion of the other half.

South American possessions, Australasia and India is considerable, amounting to many millions more. To the United Kingdom and Canada the United States sells \$501,581,299 worth of her exports.

It may be worth while to compare the trade between the United States and some of the great countries of the world with its export trade with Great Britain. The exports of the United States to Great Britain and Ireland were, in 1890, as we have seen, \$447,808,062, one-fifth of its trade worth \$85,563,312—more than half its trade with Great Britain alone.

From this we see that Canada alone was as a customer, worth more to the United States than all the republics of South America combined. Yet, Mr. Blaine considered it advisable to make a high bid for reciprocity with these lazy republics.

FOREIGN TRADE RELATIONS.

We observe that the newspapers of Eastern Canada are discussing Lord Knutsford's late despatch with care, good temper and intelligence. They make allowance for Great Britain's position, and some of them see that the Colonial Minister's refusal to comply with the request of the Canadian Parliament with regard to treaties containing the most-favored-nation clause is not such a hardship to Canada as many suppose.

"But the denouncing of these two treaties would not, as Lord Knutsford points out, open the way to Canada, and give her the right to make treaties with foreign countries. A long list of other treaties, which stood in the way would have to be revised.

THE GOVERNORSHIP.

Who is to be the next Governor of British Columbia is a question that is being discussed in all parts of the Dominion. It is generally admitted that the Hon. John Robson has strong claims to the position.

From this it may be seen that the demand which is made by some Canadians that the Dominion should have the power to make its own treaties implies a great deal more than those who only take a hasty and superficial view of the subject imagine.

A NOBLE ESSAYIST.

The Marquis de Lorne has written an article on the much-discussed Behring Sea question. He writes his paper sensibly but not very seriously.

"When Russia made over to the American Government her territory opposite Siberia, Uncle Sam made an investment which was a matter that greatly needs explanation. It may be said that the first whittling was, under the circumstances, not legal. Admitting it was technically so, can it be equitably considered an assault?"

"The Marquis de Lorne has written an article on the much-discussed Behring Sea question. He writes his paper sensibly but not very seriously. He is ungalant enough to say that women are at the bottom of this national misunderstanding as they are at the bottom of most others.

"When the Marquis comes to speak of the settlement of the difficult question he becomes more serious. He approves of the arbitration and favors a reasonable close season for the future as the best way, both of preventing misunderstandings and preserving the seals.

"The arbitration has done its work, the seal-fishing industry must be protected by a sensible and judicious policy, giving the United States the power to use and not to abuse the advantages given by the northern migration of the fur seal.

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A FARIOUS TRIAL.

The Japan Mail seems utterly disgusted with the Hetherington affair. It speaks of the trial as "farious," and, if its description is at all near the truth, it well deserves the epithet.

"The dishonored dead lies in his grave with all his imperfections on his head. His lawyer, the Court has chosen, against the plainest evidence, to acquit of the crime for which he was arraigned, and he may now disregard the outraged majesty and power of the law, for he cannot be re-tried for the grave crime with which he was charged, and of which the evidence, his own included, showed him to be guilty."

THE LA FONTAINE CASE.

It is very difficult to understand the proceedings in the case of Father Chirouse at Lillooet. It does not appear that he was guilty of any offence against the law. The Indians, it seems, have been allowed to regulate what may be called their family affairs under the direction of the resident priest.

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CABLE NEWS.

The Behring Sea Arbitration Treaty Ratified in London by Both Parties. Figures Relating to the Influenza Epidemic in England—Continental Snow Storms.

The Influenza Epidemic. LONDON, May 7.—A blue book has been laid on the table in the House of Commons which is illustrating the old adage that it is an ill wind that blows nobody any good.

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THE CITY

A Change of Dates. The spring meeting of the Victoria Jockey Club will commence on Saturday...

For Teachers' Certificates. The examination of candidates for certificates to teach in the schools of British Columbia...

Thankfully Acknowledged. The donations to the Old People's Home for the months of March and April were from the following...

The Spanish Inquest. Yesterday afternoon, Coroner Morrison held an inquest on the body of Josephine, the Indian woman who broke her neck through falling out of a wagon...

Church Parade Ordered. The members of the two local lodges of the Sons of England Benevolent Society...

Still on the Rock. Marine men, when they left the water front last evening, went home with the expectation of seeing the schooner Libbie...

And Billy Takes the Fight. Riley, the pride of H.M.S. Warrapite, and Gurney, of the Champion, fought a six round contest for points, Queensbury rules...

Enrolled as Practitioners. The recent examination of candidates for the right to practice medicine in British Columbia resulted satisfactorily to six of the seven candidates...

Back from the West Coast. Mr. J. L. Penney, who has been on the West Coast for the past two months, returned home last evening on the steamer...

The Tramway Will Come. All the residents of Oaklands and Cedar Hill districts were present at the meeting held in the school house last evening...

Gazette Announcements. The following new announcements appear in the B. C. Gazette: "That the following additional Mining Recording Division in the West Kootenay Electoral District has been established..."

A SUPPOSED SAND-BAGGER. The Man Wanted For a Serious Crime Committed Across the Line Held in This City. Port Townsend was on Wednesday night the scene of a sand-bagging affair and robbery...

THE CITY

Capture them, and after an exciting adventure, did so and telephoned to police headquarters.

Chief of Police Delaney and one of his men had in the meantime arrived in town and with Sergeant Walker and Havton they soon arrived at the park and placed the two men under arrest.

The collection committee for the 24th May celebrations were out yesterday, and did well, being almost everywhere received cordially.

George North, the well known Government street barber, fell dead in the White Horse saloon yesterday afternoon.

Messrs. Belyea & Gregory will, on the 13th inst., on behalf of their client, Mr. Jackson, of the Willows Hotel, make application before the Court, for a writ of injunction, to quash the conviction drawn up against him in the Provincial Court...

Some twenty-five or thirty members of Royal Arch Chapter, 120, G.R.S., leave, to-day, for Nanaimo, to institute Key Stone Chapter and install officers, under the authority of the Grand Chapter of Scotland, Masonry in Nanaimo, as well as in other portions of British Columbia, is on the increase.

The Eastern Shore Libby was successfully hauled off the rocks by a couple of last night at 11 o'clock.

Andrew Schultz, who was declared by the Coroner's jury to be guilty of the death of the Indian woman, Kitty, whom he confessed to have poisoned, is still in the custody of the authorities.

The only important matters discussed in the County Court yesterday were the appeal case of Corrie v. Smith, and the famous Shee Dor case which flooded the building with Chinamen.

The prohibition laws which that part of Behring Sea east of the line of demarcation made by the Convention of 1882, and which are now in force, will be transmitted to the commanding officer of the vessel carrying up a declaration in writing, stating the condition of the vessel, place and date of seizure, giving latitude and longitude, and circumstances showing guilt.

The document containing several new points in the case of the sailing men, a special meeting of the executive of the association was held yesterday afternoon in the office of the secretary, Mr. Richard Hall.

The contemplated home for girls under the auspices of the W.C.T.U. promises well. The object of providing a home for young women who arrive in the city, strangers and in search of employment, is an excellent one.

The girls' home. The contemplated home for girls under the auspices of the W.C.T.U. promises well. The object of providing a home for young women who arrive in the city, strangers and in search of employment, is an excellent one.

It behoves a man nowadays to watch his own actions most carefully, lest perchance he offend a neighbor, and the latter layeth his hand against his neighbor.

A BAD SPECTACLE. An Indian Girl Dying Slowly for Want of Care and Suitable Food.

Last night a COLONIST representative visited the locality known as the Cowyard, at the back of Stronach's cabins, and after some difficulty found the house he was looking for—a miserable little shanty, situated under a shed, and surrounded on all sides by palpable evidences of bad drainage and sanitation.

Referring to the American instructions to build up a steam puffer, published in the morning's papers, please send us warning copies of the same, so that we may have the ratification of the treaty in London tomorrow.

Richard Hall, Secretary B. C. Sealers' Association.

THE CITY

WORK BY THE ALDERMEN. Special Meeting of the City Council to Dispose of Accumulated Business.

Tramway Extension Protested Against—Chinese Labor on Public Works.

A special meeting of the City Council was held, yesterday evening, for the purpose of dealing with business lying over from previous meetings.

The Queen's Birthday celebration is going to be a very great success if the manner in which the various committees are working is any criterion.

Two Successful Meetings. Members of the Regatta and Sports Committee Getting Down to Work in Earnest.

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THE CITY

WORK BY THE ALDERMEN. Special Meeting of the City Council to Dispose of Accumulated Business.

Tramway Extension Protested Against—Chinese Labor on Public Works.

A special meeting of the City Council was held, yesterday evening, for the purpose of dealing with business lying over from previous meetings.

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THE CITY

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The Colonist.

FRIDAY, MAY 13, 1892.

TRANS-ATLANTIC OPINION.

The Canadian Gazette, of April 21st, contains a sensible article on Mr. Mills demand for independent treaty-making power. The concluding paragraph, which we quote below, contains much food for reflection, and shows that in this matter of treaty-making, Canada is now allowed quite as much power as she can, consistently with her position as a colony, exercise. The Gazette says: The truth is, that Canada has no grievance on this score. She has, as Mr. Foster pointed out, not only the management of her internal affairs, but also, to a well-defined and ample extent, the right of shaping her commercial relations with outside countries. No British treaty is ever concluded without Canada being consulted as to her desire to include it in its provisions. The matter is left entirely to Canadian discretion. When, on the other hand, Canada seeks commercial arrangements with foreign countries outside British territory, she is given all the necessary liberty of action. The recent negotiations at Washington, and the approaching visit of Sir Charles Tupper to Madrid in the special interests of Canada, and the Spanish West Indies are proof that if proof were needed. Will Mr. Mills pretend that Sir Julian Pauncefote at Washington, or Sir Charles Ford at Madrid, are obstacles to an advantageous Canadian arrangement? He would never say so if he took the trouble to learn the facts. Those who know where they speak could assure him that Canada has repudiated, and does still repudiate, the clearest gain from her association with British diplomatists in these matters. This the Canadian people realize full well, and unless we misread the tendencies of public opinion in the Dominion, there is a growing desire that this association with British interests should be strengthened rather than relaxed. The time may not yet have come to exactly define the methods by which Canada and the United Kingdom shall be made more decisively one in matters of commerce, but that the desire for closer unity is widespread in the Dominion is not to be denied, and if Mr. Blaine and his fellow-workers could only read the signs of the times aright, they would realize that their extreme McKintleyism and the rejection of the only reasonable proposals which Canada can and will accept are the most potent agents in the same direction.

The Gazette is right in concluding that McKintleyism has created in the Canadian mind a desire to be commercially independent of the United States. It is safe to say that it has caused nine Canadians out of every ten to desire an opportunity of showing the Americans that their country does not depend for its existence on its trade with the United States, and to show them that if they will not trade with Canada on reasonable terms Canadians have no intention to go to them, but in hand, begging for commercial favors.

A PROPHECY!

Because we could not see our way to admit the News-Advertiser's claim to the gift of prophecy, and its ability to pronounce authoritatively upon a matter about which it knows nothing, we declare that our defence of the Crofters scheme is a failure. We cannot see that the soundness of the Crofters scheme has to do with our contemporary's ability to see into the future and to foretell coming events.

On the 4th inst., our astute contemporary undertook to say, first, that if the Crofters scheme proved to be a success, it would be a thorn in the side of the Government; second, that the Commercial Company will obtain influence and power, which will be certain to cause trouble; and, third, that other companies and individuals would not patently submit to the conditions under which an English company would be organized and managed.

The reader must see that these are matters on which no ordinary mortal can pronounce. For a common, every-day, earthly politician to reason from such unsubstantial, shadowy premises as these, and to expect people of common sense to place any reliance upon his conclusions must appear to the average newspaper reader most singular. He would naturally ask: How does the News-Advertiser know that the Company, if successful, will be a thorn in the side of the Government? How has it found out that it will use its power so as to cause trouble? What does it know about the organization of a company which is not yet organized, and how can it foresee on what principles it is to be managed? To question the possession of supernatural powers by the Government, is not to defend the Government. To say that the Advertiser is not a prophet, but the organ of a prophet, is not to admit that the Government's scheme is unsound. The Advertiser knows well enough that it cannot base even the ghost of an argument on its predictions, but it seems to think that its readers are simple enough to take its prophecies for facts and its guesses for arguments. But we have formed a higher estimate of their intelligence and their good sense. They will judge the Crofters scheme on its merits, no matter what latter-day prophets may predict, or clairvoyants foresee.

It does look a little amusing to see the News-Advertiser putting its valuations into logical shape and trying to prove by ingeniously constructed syllogisms that because we deny its power to see into the future we have failed to defend the Crofters scheme. Such solemn trifling as this, such pretentious frivolity may look like wisdom to a few silly and unthinking people, but anyone possessing the least power of discernment can see at a glance that it has no bearing whatever on the question which our contemporary professes to discuss.

The Columbian echoes the follies of the Advertiser. It cannot deny that it pronounces upon a subject of which it knows nothing, and that the Advertiser prophecies where there ought to be reason, yet it abuses us in its peculiarly elegant way for reminding our readers that the critics of the Government's policy should know something about the subjects on which they presume to pass judgment.

REDISTRIBUTION.

It is needless to say that the Opposition denounce the Government's redistribution bill as "a gerrymander." This was sure to be the case no matter how carefully or how fairly the work might be done, or by what party it was performed. To rearrange the representation of the Dominion is a delicate and a difficult work, and those engaged in it are certain to be suspected of acting unfairly with a view of advancing the interests of the party to which they belong. When under Sir John Macdonald the work of redistribution was done ten years or so ago he was loudly accused by the Liberals of having effected a shamless gerrymander, and when a redistribution of seats was made in Ontario under the Hon. Oliver Mowat the same charge was brought against the Liberal Premier. And it may be that the Conservative party in the Dominion and the Liberal party in Ontario had both an eye to the interests engaged in it when the redistribution was being arranged. It is very hard, indeed, to get men to do work of this kind with perfect impartiality. The party in power are exposed to a terrible temptation to arrange the seats so as to give their own side the advantage. This is human nature, and it is foolish to expect party politicians to be more than human.

There was a time when all questions respecting controverted elections were tried by the Parliament, big and little. It was found that it was too much to expect party men to investigate such cases fairly and to decide upon them with perfect impartiality. So the Parliaments handed over their jurisdiction in these cases to the courts of law. Since that has been done there have been very few complaints. The judges decide the election cases according to the law and the evidence. To a judge an election case loses its political complexion. It is simply a lawsuit, and is decided on the same principles and under the same procedure as other lawsuits.

It seems to us that it would be very much better if the periodical redistribution of seats were taken out of the hands of politicians, and placed in those of commissioners who are perfectly independent of all political parties. These commissioners would make the division according to certain specified principles, without considering for a moment which party gained or which party lost by the redistribution. We believe, too, if the work were done in this way, the proportionate strength of parties would, on the whole, continue to be pretty much as it is. The advantage gained by a gerrymander is, at best, but temporary, and, if it is very glaring, the party making it loses in the end more than it gains. Political opinion refuses to be restrained by territorial notes and bounds, and a strong wave of public opinion obliterates the lines drawn by the most cunning and careful gerrymander. The Parliament of Great Britain found it better in every way to entrust the work of redistributing seats to a non-political commission, and we believe that the Canadian Parliament, if it followed this good example, would take a stumblingblock out of the way of politicians and avoid much irritating agitation. It would, at the same time, as we have already indicated, make very little difference in the relative position of the different political parties.

We see by a calculation in the Toronto Mail that the result of the redistribution that has been proposed by the Government is to increase the strength of the Conservative party by seven seats. This is the Mail's calculation. As the entire arrangement stands, its effect upon the Conservative party, based upon the figures of the last election, will be as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Province, Seats. Ontario 4, Quebec 6, Manitoba 2, Maritime Provinces 4, Total 16.

We are not in a position to say whether these figures are correct or not. Nevertheless there must be a good deal of guessing in any calculation of gains and losses, and only those who are well acquainted with the different counties can even guess what will be the result of the changes that are proposed.

CHARLTON'S SUNDAY BILL.

Mr. Charlton seems to think that the British Columbian Sunday newspapers are fearfully wicked publications. He evidently does not know that those papers are issued on Sunday for the express purpose of giving the men employed in the offices in which they are printed the whole of the Sunday to themselves. It will no doubt be a surprise to Mr. Charlton, and to many other good people, to find that there is less Sunday work done on a British Columbian Sunday newspaper than on the Monday morning newspapers issued in Eastern Canada. The people of the Pacific Coast are satisfied to do without a daily paper on Monday, in order that newspaper men shall have one unbroken day of rest in the week.

This what none of the men employed on the daily morning newspapers of the east can enjoy. Preparation for the Monday morning's newspaper must be made on Sunday. Even Mr. Charlton was willing to give printers and other employees of the paper a day of rest on Sunday evening. What authority he had to do that is more than we can tell, for according to his creed, it is just as wrong to work after nine o'clock on Sunday evening, as it is after nine o'clock on Sunday morning. The truth is that when Mr. Charlton undertook to legislate on Sunday Observance, he must have discovered that he was entangled in a web of inconsistencies and anomalies, out of which he must have found it impossible to extricate himself with anything like credit. We are quite sure that he is a sincere and

earnest man, who wants to do what he believes to be right. This being the case, it must have pained and annoyed him to find that a very great deal more Sunday work is done, and must be done, on the Monday morning paper, which he permits and approves, than on the Sunday morning paper, which he condemns and would legislate against.

Mr. Charlton is not one of that class who admire the platter which is clean and pretty on the outside, but which is disgustingly filthy on the inside. He would not read his Monday morning paper with enjoyment knowing that to prepare it for his editors, reporters, compositors, telegraph operators and many more, were deprived of their Sunday's rest, while he condemned the reader of the Sunday paper which was almost altogether prepared during the hours of a working day, and allowed nearly every one employed on it to rest the whole of Sunday. Other men might not care for anything beyond outward appearance, but Mr. Charlton and many others who condemn the Sunday newspaper as it is published in this province, do not belong to this sect.

The effect of Mr. Charlton's bill, if it had become law, would have been to deprive those connected with the morning newspapers in this province of their rest on the Lord's Day. They would have to work with both brain and hand, and the care and responsibility that attach to the production of a morning paper would not be absent from their minds for one hour during the whole of the Day of Rest. This is a result which Mr. Charlton did not foresee, and which we are sure he did not intend to bring about.

FROM A GOVERNMENT STAND-POINT.

The Toronto Empire, as might naturally be expected, is quite satisfied with the Redistribution Bill. It regards it as fair to all parties, and rebukes the Grits severely for being so unreasonable and so unjust as to find fault with it. This is what it says about the measure: Keep in mind the fact that the Grit leaders would scream gerrymander no matter what kind of Redistribution Bill was brought down; remember that they are given to screaming such hard words as scandal and outrage on the slightest provocation; reflect that it is an exceedingly difficult thing to apportion representation, and we venture to assert that the new measure is the most equitable arrangement, with the least disturbance of the constituencies, that could possibly have been devised.

This is certainly not striped commendation. If the Empire is right, the Montreal Star, the Toronto Telegram and the Toronto Mail, none of them Grit papers, must be very unreasonable in stigmatizing the Government's measure as a "gerrymander." If it is the most equitable arrangement that could possibly be devised, those papers must be very blind indeed, as well as exceedingly perverse, when they try to lead the public to believe that the main object of the men who drew it up was to further the interests of the party in power. The Empire adds facts and figures to prove that its view of the Redistribution Bill is the correct one. We do not know enough about the political geography of Ontario to be able to form an intelligent opinion of the correctness of the Empire's statements and the force of its arguments. All that we know is that the Grit newspapers are doing their best to lead the public to form conclusions exactly the opposite to those at which our Toronto contemporary has arrived.

ARCHBISHOP VAUGHAN.

His Emphasis—His Personal and Family Record. LONDON, May 9.—Dr. Vaughan, the new archbishop of Westminster, was enthroned in the pro-cathedral yesterday. The young Lord O'Hagan and his brother were train-bearers and Fathers Fanning and O'Rourke were deacons. The Duke of Norfolk families attended the Courtfield. All Colonel Vaughan's brothers became priests; one a Jesuit, one a Redemptorist, and the third the presbyter of the Holy Trinity. All the sisters, save one, became nuns. Of Colonel Vaughan's eight sons, six entered the church, five of them passing Courtfield, the seventh property in Holy Trinity, to a young brother. One of these, Roger Bada Vaughan, O.S.B., archbishop of Sydney, is dead. Another, Father Jerome Vaughan, established the Benedictine monastery at Fort Augustus. The fame of Father Bernard Vaughan, S. J., is world-wide. Father Kemeil Vaughan, who has labored energetically in South America, is now at the House of Expulsion in Chelsea, and with him is Father John Vaughan. Among the sisters who have become nuns are Clare Vaughan of whom Lady Lovelace has been recording. The mother of this race was a convert and all the memory of her piety remains as a benediction. From his father the Archbishop inherits a practical energy which specially marks him for command. He volunteered for service in the Crimea, and when there devised a new kind of rifle-pit for use in front of the enemy. The new Archbishop may be considered a disciple of his predecessor; for, as Father Herbert Vaughan, he was a member of the community of Oblates of St. Charles at Baywater when Dr. Manning was its superior. The labor which he has marked his episcopate as Bishop of Salford, since 1872, have been strenuous and untiring, and have gone beyond diocesan bounds.

It is to be observed that the press of the Dominion is now very much more independent than it was a few years ago. The time is not very far distant when a newspaper was expected to advocate the measures of its party without paying very close attention to their merits. Party loyalty required the paper to represent every member of the Government and all its supporters as patriots of the highest order, and to be prepared to defend every act of the executive, and every measure of the administration. But a very important change is going on with respect to the attitude which the newspapers assume towards party leaders and the party's policy. Undeviating and indiscriminating support is not now expected of a party paper. It claims and it exercises the right

to criticize, without prejudice to its party standing, the policy of its party and the doings of its leading members. Some influential newspapers are assuming a non-partisan tone, and distribute their praise and their censure without regard to party pretensions. This is seen in the independence of the press in all parts of the Dominion with respect to the Government's redistribution measure. We find the independent papers, the semi-independent papers, and papers hitherto regarded as intensely partisan, all expressing themselves freely with regard to the course pursued by the Government in this very important matter. We give below a few extracts from articles that have appeared in journals that are supposed to be decidedly Conservative in their leanings.

The Times, yesterday, reproduced a passage from the Toronto Telegram, which, in order, we suppose, to convince its readers that it is independent, expresses itself, not only very strongly, but in a way that, in our opinion, is most unjust and needlessly offensive. It says: "The redistribution of 1892 is in spirit just as mean, just as unscrupulous, as the gerrymandering of 1882. The difference is all in the manner, not in the spirit. Sir John the First did not pretend that he was doing right when he was doing wrong. Sir John the Second commits a crime as if he were performing a signal act of virtue. This worse the measure which he justifies, or the cause for which he pleads, the more candidly virtuous does the Minister of Justice become in speaking of the measure, and the more empty pretence, and this redistribution is a proof of his vanity and insincerity. The act can only be justified as a piece of party strategy. The Government, when it was entrusted with authority to re-distribute the country, was expected to deal justly with the Opposition. This it has not done, and the Ministry that is strong enough to do right is mean enough to seek to gain by unfair means an Opposition that it can defeat on its merits."

The Telegram is very far, indeed, from being a Liberal paper. It would take but little provocation to induce it to attack the Grits quite as fiercely and a good deal more savagely. Our next extract is from a Conservative paper that bears the character of being seasonally and even offensively partisan. The Hamilton Spectator expresses its disapproval of the way in which the Government has done the work, in the following sentences: "We regret that ministers have not seen their way to the adoption of a radical change in the apportionment of representatives. There is but one absolutely just and fair way of managing this business, and when justice is obtainable, anything short of it is unparliamentary. When the great interests are at stake it is wise to make haste slowly and to be sure of one step before another is ventured upon. But in this matter there is no need to go cautiously. No interests would be disturbed and no confusion would be caused by making the constituencies substantially equal, and by having their boundaries defined by a bench of impartial judges. That could be done, justice would be secured by it and the Government is strong that it could well afford to adopt the measure. We believe that an equitable division of the country into districts of nearly equal area, as possible would not lose a single Conservative seat. And it is better to be right than to gain a party advantage, even if party advantage were gained by the periodical re-arrangement of the constituencies."

We find in an exchange of the following extract from the Ottawa Journal, which is decidedly Conservative in its tendencies. It favors redistribution by an impartial Commission and— "It is concerned not so much for either party as for the welfare and the honor and the prestige of the country, and when a course and an inquiry like the present system of redistributing constituencies can be removed by the absolutely simple and unobjectionable expedient of a commission of judges or at least of non-partisan men, we say it is a shame and almost a crime against Canada that political leaders should adhere to the partisan gerrymandering system."

The Montreal Star, which has the name of being independent and non-partisan at all times, except when an election is going on, and then it does yeomen's service for the Conservative party, gives its idea of the end and aim of redistribution in the following words: "Sight must not be lost of the fact that the constitutional object of redistribution is not to 'dash the Grits,' but to equalize the constituencies, so that a man living in one will have as effective a vote as one living in another. This end should be aimed at, regardless alike of party and county lines. There should be no talk about a reluctance to disturb old constituencies. The Dominion ought to be gone thoroughly over, and blocked out in electoral districts of nearly equal population. This is the only just plan, and all that fall short of this are failures. Such a measure would be a redistribution bill; in the manipulation of townships and parishes according to the party complexion, is a gerrymander. And a 'gerrymander' is a dangerous violation of the spirit of the constitution."

This wholesome doctrine, and it is to be hoped that the party leaders, of both sides, will gather from these expressions of public opinion that what the people of Canada want, and would like to see, is a fair redistribution of the constituencies, without regard to either sectional or party interests. Our readers will also see from the passages we have quoted that even the party newspapers of the Dominion are not prepared to do, or are ready to support through thick and thin, measures calculated to advance party interests, without giving a thought to their fairness or to their effect upon the country at large. We regard the independence and the spirit of fairness exhibited by many of the newspapers on the Redistribution Bill as a most encouraging sign.

UNEXPECTED INDEPENDENCE.

The City School Trustees had, on Tuesday evening, to consider a very unpleasant case of corporal punishment administered by a teacher. We are far from believing that parents should be encouraged to be continually running to the Trustees with complaints respecting their way in which

their children are punished in school. The knowledge that such complaints are readily listened to by the school authorities is calculated to undermine the teacher's authority and to make him unwilling to administer chastisement even when he knows that the preservation of discipline requires an example to be made of an audacious offender. But there are cases when the appeal should be made, cases in which the parent has before him the alternative of summoning the teacher to appear before the police magistrate or of making a complaint of his undue severity to the School Trustees. We think that a judicious parent would prefer the latter alternative. This is what Mr. Gordon did, and we see that the Trustees gave him an attentive hearing. They decided that the teacher had not exceeded his duty.

We trust, however, that when the meeting was over, the trustees gave the teacher a little quiet admonition and some friendly advice. It must appear to everyone that such a scene was witnessed in Mr. McNeil's room was not edifying to the pupils and is not calculated to raise the school and the teaching staff in the estimation of the public. And it is one that can be very easily avoided. A teacher should make a rule never to strike a pupil suddenly, or while he is irritated. Punishment to be effective should be administered seriously and administered. A cuff or a slap or a blow is not punishment at all. If a boy is impatient he should be quietly told to leave the room. Work should be resumed immediately, and at the proper time the delinquent should be spoken to, and, if necessary, punished. But there should be no altercation and no scuffling. The teacher should have control of his temper. Violence either of action or language should be carefully avoided. The teacher has authority on his side, and if the pupil finds that though he is quiet he is determined there will be no subordination. Punishment properly administered impresses not only the culprit but the whole school; it is properly administered it is apt to provoke resistance and to lower the teacher in the estimation of the pupils. Teachers should remember that parents do not like to see their children roared at, punished, and not as a rule object to punishment, and severe punishment when it is deserved, but they do object to harsh and contemptuous language and to rough usage. The lad who has been punished for his fault much more severely than he was, without either provoking resistance from him or rousing the indignation of his father. This matter of punishment deserves the serious attention of teachers and of the Department of Education. Teachers should be careful not to abuse their little brief authority. Children are, after all, not so very hard to manage, if one goes to work in the right way and with the right spirit. We have observed that the best schools are those in which punishment is least frequently administered, and if a teacher finds that he is obliged to have frequent recourse to the rod and other modes of punishment, he should examine himself and inquire into his methods, for the presumption is that the blame does not lie wholly with the pupils.

It is pleasant to see that the narrow and unfriendly trade policy of President Harrison's Administration does not meet with the approval of a very influential section of the press of the United States. This is what the New York World says about the trade relations between the United States and Canada: President Harrison is reported to be about to retaliate on Canada for charging American shipping that pass through her canals discriminatory taxes. It is unfortunate that commerce between these two adjoining countries should be carried on as if it were war. What with tariffs, retaliations, and other like measures, the cost of trade between the United States and Canada is about as much as it comes to.

Italy has come to grief. It has, for some time, been travelling on what may have been found to be the road to ruin. It has, in matters of expense, been trying to keep up with its richer neighbors. Germany, Austria and France have big military establishments, and the Italian Government thought that Italy must have one proportionately large. France and England keep up powerful navies, and Italy, being a maritime power, must have a formidable navy, too. In order to get the money to organize and support the Italian army, and to build and keep up the Italian fleet, the Italian people were heavily taxed. They were compelled to pay more than they could afford, and, broken down and discouraged, thousands upon thousands left the country, and those that remained were squeezed by the Government up to, and beyond their tax-paying capacity. An end was sure to come to this state of things some time. The frog could not, for ever, keep on swelling itself with the vain hope of one day getting to be as big as the ox. The time of collapse has arrived. Changes have been made in ministries, and one remedy after another has been tried, but the problem which the Italian Government had to solve was insoluble one. The most skillful financier in the whole Kingdom could not get five and four to make twelve. So it was found that the Government must retreat or go into bankruptcy. Italy had during the days of her prodigality been keeping company with the great ones of the earth. She had been ambitious and had, following the fashion, extended her dominion. She had tried to lay the foundation of a colonial empire. But now when her treasury is empty, and she must cut down her establishments and give up her dream of forming a new Italy in distant Africa, what will her great friends think of her? Will they associate

with her any longer? Will she in her poverty-stricken condition be allowed to remain a member of the great alliance of Three which was to control the destinies of Europe? This is what makes the descent hard and humiliating. But she seems to have no choice. She must lessen her expenses. She must for a time cut a less important figure in the world. The pill which the Italian statesmen have to swallow is an exceedingly bitter one, but it must be taken. Italy must bid a long farewell to her short-lived greatness.

THE ITALIAN CRISIS.

Retrenchment and Reform. Also Remedies Existing Evils. ROME, May 8.—It is believed that the ministerial crisis will be of long duration. It does not appear possible to form a cabinet which, in the present temper of the Chamber, would stand a fair chance of commanding a majority. The Chamber is hopelessly divided among cliques and factions. A cabinet headed by Gilotte, who was the chief mover in Radical's overthrow, and which should include Signor Saracco finds no support, but the majority of that combination would raise dangerous religious animosities. A more probable one is Gilotte and Sarsardelli. By Radici's fall the coalition of the groups in the chamber is dissolved, and many fervently pray that it may never be revived. The groups at present are constituting a party of the right, twenty members, Conservatives, 100; Right centre, 70; Left centre, 180; Liberal, 80; Socialists, 70; extreme left, 40; Socialists, 5. The group of the left are much divided, these of the right are comparatively cohesive. Tangled finances are the chief cause for the prolongation of the crisis. The new ministry will reject all the proposals of Signor Luzzati, the old minister of finance, but it will be a difficult task to devise new plans for fighting off the spectre of a deficit. The shortage for the present year is at least sixty million lire. Next year it will amount up to ninety or a hundred million lire. A reduction of the civil estimates seems impossible, and parliament and the treasury who vigorously oppose fresh taxes, so the impression grows that in a reduction of the military burden lies the sole, though unpalatable, remedy.

CANADIAN.

McLean Elected in East York.—The Manitoba School Appeal will be heard before the Imperial Privy Council, in London, on the 15th inst.

Montreal, May 11.—A number of English horse dealers with headquarters in Montreal, are buying Canadian horses for use in harness in London. Already several hundred horses for this purpose have been secured. The other day a lot of these horses were sold in London and realized from 60 to 70 guineas each.

Quebec, May 11.—Aurour Day was celebrated here to-day by planting a number of trees in the park of the Court House. Lieut. General Angers planted the first tree.

Halifax, May 11.—An attempt was made to wreck the Canadian Pacific express by an obstruction placed on the bridge over Folly river. The bridge is ninety feet high, and is located at the foot of one of the steepest grades on the road.

Toronto, May 11.—McLean, Conservative, has been elected by the Common Council for East York, by 150 majority.

Winnipeg, May 11.—The Manitoba school appeal case will be heard before the Imperial Privy Council, in London, on the 15th inst.

A glass factory is to be established by Toronto capitalists.

The Supreme officers of the Knights of Pythias arrived here, this afternoon, and to-night, and instituted the Grand Lodge of Manitoba. They go from here to Vancouver.

Quebec, May 11.—The Mercier investigation was continued to-day in secret. Alexander Clements, late private secretary to Mr. Mercier, was the only witness. He corroborated the story of Mr. Langlais as to the letters written by Mercier to Langlais. He said Mr. Mercier hurried the matter through, as he was anxious to start for Europe. This closes the evidence for this afternoon. The court was opened in the public while counsel was arguing the case.

Toronto, May 11.—Hanlan and O'Connor are making a strong effort to induce Steamship the Australian steamer, to come to America. In a letter published, they say they will allow him \$1,000 to come to America and row one or more races of \$2,000 a side, or they will allow him and his partner \$1,800 expense to cross the Pacific and row them separately, a single scull race and a jointly double scull race, each of the three contests to be for \$2,500 a side, and three miles with a tumb in his engagement as trainer for the Pessico Rowing club, Hoemer is unable to row with Teemer against Hanlan and O'Connor, at Fullmar, Ill., on May 23, consequently the double scull race is off.

Toronto, May 11.—It has just become known here that the wife of Hon. Peter Mitchell, who died here about a week ago, had placed herself in the hands of the Faith Curists of this city, for treatment.

The City Council has fixed the rate of taxation for the ensuing year at 14 1/2 mills.

Winnipeg Wibings. New Code of Standard Railway Signals—Arrival of the Cricketers' Coach.

Winnipeg, Man., May 9.—The Divisional Superintendents of the C. P. R. Western Division are in consultation with General Superintendent Whyte, as to the inauguration of a new code of standard railway signals and train orders. A series have been adopted on the Eastern Division and will be fully introduced along the Western system on July 1.

Work on the Winnipeg electric street railway is expected to begin next week. E. Clark, professor, who was engaged by the Winnipeg Cricket Club, last year, and will again act as "coach" this season, arrived from England yesterday.

BIRTHS. McDougall.—At the Oriental Hotel, Saturday morning, to the wife of John McDougall, a son.

HARRISON.—On the 3rd inst., at 137 View street, the wife of W. E. Harrison, of a son.

MARRIED. FRANKLIN MILLER.—At the residence of Mr. John Brown, Somerset, by Rev. H. H. M. Sutherland, Mr. H. J. Peartree, of Seattle, to Miss Pauline Miller, of Spokane.

DIED. NORRIS.—In this city on the 6th inst., George Norris, a native of Tunbridge Wells, England, aged 63.

WILSON.—On the 3rd inst., at "The Pines," Burrside Road, Etel Main, the infant daughter of J. J. and Emma Wilson.

THE DYNAMITE MAN. The Dynamite Man. Dr. Parkhurst's "Sunbeam" ing.

Boston, May 10 addressed to the Q. Boston Post, James Macleary's Chamber that it was the intense hair-appearing finish her education made rapid and studies under ladies intelligence and is creation by April 8. Queen Victoria, who and leave for the whole she will make the World's Fair.

New York, May his crusade against France, secretary of the Erving, one of the parishioners, was woman. Erving it was evident, for the stand, that he mental agony. First witness that a ray coherently, and some horrible this beam," is a tall, blo who was referred to the whole she will make the World's Fair.

African Slave Zanzibar, May 10. British East African mand of Captain J. ment with the Mahi the natives were killed. The British number of slave can

After St. John, N. B., the ruins of Fairville forty buildings, estimated at \$100,000, and the insurance is less

Dynamite BELGRADE, May 10. A Frenchman child, was a passed present. The charge is the introduction of Constantinople. He been engaged in the Prince Ferdinand, Sultan.

LEON, May 10. are still actively en architects. A man yesterday, it believe the robbery was caused of robbery.

Twenty Year GRANADA, May 10 of the Marquis of C sentenced to 20 years the escape from the directly to the fact himself and his vic time of the marriage circumstances, and in court this of the new trial has attracted When the result of the Judge was his

Mrs. Nat Geo NEW YORK, May 10. signed a judgment in the suit for lim Nests R. Goodwin the attorney's fees

Pacific Co. SAN FRANCISCO street Mercantile Co. failures in the Pacific for the month of \$206,970 and 11 compared with six month, with assets time of \$287,805, as result of the new \$247,895 and liabilities

American NEW YORK, May 10. the Imman line, by the Senate, of New York and the American flag can build good as cheaply as in Eng of the American equal success will large merchant nationality in the City of Paris will of the British ax

Growth BERLIN, May 10. of German social the statement in wars of the cons leading German these organs show for the month of

The La CALCUTTA, Mr. Captain Bower, Dr. Thorold, of have made a jour on record thro the occupied th were frontier th Czechmen. Alm coast table land feet above the le

Irish DUBLIN, May 10. candidates to W. A. McI dulates who ne

THE WORLD BY WIRE.

The Dynamite Indemnities in Paris—Anarchism and its Punishment.

Dr. Parkhurst's Crusade in New York—"Sunbeam Erving" a Ravaging Maniac.

Boston, May 10.—In answer to a letter addressed to the Queen of Hawaii, by the Boston Post, James W. Robertson, Her Majesty's Chamberlain, has denied the story that it was the intention to send the Princess heir-apparent to Wellesley College to finish her education.

New York, May 10.—In the course of his crusade against the vicious, notorious French resort of Madame Andrea, young Erving, one of Dr. Parkhurst's young parishioners, was a witness against the woman. Erving is of good family, and it was evident, for some time before he left the stand, that he was suffering intense mental agony.

African Slave Dealers Defeated.—ZANZIBAR, May 10.—The forces of the British East Africa Company, under command of Captain Nelson, had an engagement with the Mahurites, near Teta, and the natives were defeated after losing many killed.

After the Fire.—ST. JOHN, N. B., May 10.—A look over the ruins of Fairville shows that exactly forty buildings, exclusive of barns, were burned out. The loss exceeds \$875,000, and the insurance is less than \$30,000.

Dynamiters Arrested.—BELGRADE, May 10.—The police have arrested a Frenchman who, with his wife and child, was a passenger on the Orient express. The charge against the Frenchman is the introduction of dynamite bombs into Constantinople.

Liberal, May 10.—The Belgian authorities are still actively engaged in arresting Anarchists. A man named Pomet, arrested yesterday, is believed to have been the author of the recent explosion. He is also accused of robbery.

Twenty Years for Anarchism.—GRANADA, May 10.—Abril, the murderer of the Marquis of Cavasillo, was yesterday sentenced to 20 years' imprisonment. His escape from the death sentence was due entirely to the fact that, as nobody except himself and his victim was present at the time of the murder, the evidence was purely circumstantial.

Mrs. Nat Goodwin Divorced.—NEW YORK, May 10.—Judge Trux, has signed a judgment and decree of separation in the suit for limited divorce brought by Netta B. Goodwin against Nat C. Goodwin, the actor, for abandonment.

Pacific Coast Failures.—SAN FRANCISCO, May 10.—The Bradstreet Mercantile agency reports sixty-two failures in the Pacific Coast states and territories for the month of April. The assets of \$908,870 and liabilities of \$850,175, as compared with sixty-five for the previous month, with assets of \$149,839 and liabilities of \$247,805, and eighty-one for the corresponding month of 1891, with assets of \$247,893 and liabilities of \$514,523.

American New Navy.—NEW YORK, May 10.—James Wright, of the Inman line, in speaking of the passage, by the Senate, of the bill allowing the City of New York and the City of Paris to fly the American flag, said: "We believe we can build good ships in this country as cheaply as in England. The great success of the American shipyards in building vessels of the new navy makes us believe that equal success will follow the building of large merchant vessels. The change of nationality in the City of New York and City of Paris will, of course, take them out of the British auxiliary navy."

Growth of Socialism.—BERLIN, May 10.—The large circulation of German socialist newspapers is shown by the statement in the socialist organ Vorwarts of the condition and resources of the leading German socialist organs. Two of these organs show 35,000 marks in profits for the month of April.

The Longest on Record.—CALCUTTA, May 10.—Two Englishmen, Captain Bower, of the Bengal cavalry, and Dr. Thorold, of the Indian medical staff, have made a journey over the longest route on record through Tibet. Ten months were occupied in crossing from the Cashmere frontier to the Chinese province of Cochen. Almost the whole journey lay across table lands seldom less than 15,000 feet above the level of the sea.

Irish Nominations.—DUBLIN, May 10.—The Nationalist convention in Queen's County has elected two candidates to oppose Mr. R. Lalor, M. P., and W. A. McDonald, M. P., the two candidates who now represent the county in

E. M. JOHNSON,

37 Government Street, Corner of Broughton.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

REAL ESTATE AGENT, CONVEYANCER AND NOTARY PUBLIC

MONEY to lend on Freehold Security at Current Rates. RENTS AND INTEREST punctually collected and accounted for. CONVEYANCES, Leases, Mortgages prepared and transactions of every nature in connection with Real Estate expeditiously carried out. PROPERTY SALES effected strictly on Commission.

FOR SALE:

AN IMPROVED ESTATE—480 acres more or less; 250 acres cleared; 250 acres alluvial deposit, with clay subsoil; 80 acres alder, maple, cedar and balsam, vegetable deposit, clay subsoil; 150 acres level park-like land, some pine woods, etc.; water power Sawmill in full running order; Houses, Barns, Blacksmith's shop, Poultry Houses, Orchards, etc.

Corner lot on Tramway line, Victoria West, \$1,200. 151 acres, Alberni, sawmill and water power, dwelling, stables, 20 acres plowed, opposite Anderson & Co's townsite, a fine speculation, \$6,500.

Building Lot, Niagara st., 1/2 cash, 1/2 time, \$650. 15 acres, City Property, suitable for sub-division, easy terms.

98 acres, 30 cropped, 25 chopped, log house, 2 barns, stable and outbuildings, half mile from school, near railway, \$3,000.

House and 2 lots, Pembroke st., easy terms, \$1,000. 30 acres and improvements, within City limits, long sea frontage, suitable for sub-division, 10 minutes drive from Post Office.

5 room house, 2 lots, stables, woodshed and improvements, \$2,000. 324 acres farm land, about 70 acres in clover and timothy, small house, well, good spring, etc., per acre, \$45.

SHEEP FARM,

2,000 acres, more or less 30 acres; 1,000 acres grazing, 3 houses, barns, Orchard of 350 trees, pigsties, poultry houses, 2 horses, 2 oxen, 1 cow, 30 pigs, 250 sheep (about), wagon, cart and farm implements, £1 2 0 per acre, including everything; over 3-5 of purchase money can be left on the property for 4 years at 7 per cent per annum.

4 building lots, Cedar Hill Road, near the gold mines, \$1,500. 47 acres, with water power, near Shawnigan Lake, 5 minutes' walk from station, \$10 per acre.

TO LET.

Six Cottages, Spring Ridge, each \$10 per month. Eight-room House, fully furnished, with piano, etc., for 12 months, near the Park and Sea front; \$50 per month. 6-Room House (corner) Pandora street, \$20 per month. 7-Room Flat, Yates Street, close to business. 7-Room House, Dallas Road (water front), \$20 per month. 2 Rooms, Government Street (offices), \$20 per month. 5-Room House, bath, etc., Erie Street (corner), \$20 per month.

80 acres, Alberni, next Anderson townsite and close to townsite where lots are said to be selling at \$150 each, per acre \$50.

7-room house, conservatory, out-houses, modern conveniences, etc.; 1/4 acre of land; facing the sea; beautiful view of Straits and Olympians, \$6,000—terms.

6-room house, bath, etc.; corner lot, Henry and Turner streets, \$3,500.

9 lots—to close a deal—for sale; a bargain; close to residences of Messrs. H. Saunders and W. Dalby; \$5,250 for the whole; assessed for a Larger Amount.

3 1/2 acres, Building Site, old Esquimalt Road, near Lampsorse, \$4,000.

4 acres, Craigflower Road, near Mr. Dunsmuir's residence.

1/2 acres, Victoria West, a bargain, \$1,250 per acre. 103 acres, Comox District, \$30 per acre.

160-acre Farm, Comox District, \$3,000. 310 acres, Newcastle District; House, Barn, Clearing, Salt Meadow, Oyster Bed, Good Water, etc. \$3000 has been spent in improving, \$6400.

100 acres, Lake District, cheap, \$2500. 120 acres, Lake District, close to the lake, \$2500. Building lot, Victoria West, 50 x 90, \$500.

97 acres, South Saanich; dwelling, barns, stable, out-houses, etc. \$4200. 40 acres, South Saanich, \$1400.

Building lot, 60 feet by 132 feet, Chatham street, near Blanchard, \$1650. 10 acres; house, stables, sheds, etc.; all fenced; near the junction; good orchard land, \$3000.

30 acres; house, 17 acres ploughed, 100 cords of wood cut; stables, etc. \$3000. 7-Room House and double lot; a bargain, \$1400. 237 acres, Somenos Lake.

8-Room House and lot; easy terms. \$2000. 6-Room House and lot, Spring Ridge, \$1250.

Office—37 Government Street, Corner Broughton.

A BARGAIN:

For immediate sale—Two Lots, North Park Street; valuable Business Block, double frontage, Pandora Street; Two valuable Blocks, Douglas Street.

any longer? Will she in her broken condition be allowed to remember of the great alliance of which was to control the destinies of this is what makes the descent humiliating. But she seems to rejoice. She must lessen her ex-

THE ITALIAN CRISIS. and Reform Can Alone Remedy Existing Evils.

May 8.—It is believed that the crisis will be of long duration. appear possible to form a cabinet in the present temper of the would stand a fair chance of command. The Chamber is divided among cliques and fac-

CANADIAN. elected in East York—The Manitoba Appeal—Attempt to Wreck a U. F. R. Train.

May 11.—A number of Eng- dealers with headquarters in are buying Canadian horses for some in London. Already several horses for this purpose have been

May 11.—Arbour Day was cele- to-day by planting a number of the yard of the Court House. general Angers placed the first tree.

May 11.—An attempt was to wreck the Canadian Pacific ex- an obstruction placed on the river Folly river. The bridge is high, and is located at the foot

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WINNIPEG WIRINGS. of Standard Railway Signals—Ar-

Man., May 9.—The Division- of the C. P. R. Western is in consultation with General ident Whyte, as to the inaugura-

the Winnipeg electric street expected to begin next week.

professional, who was engaged nipeg Cricket Club, last year, ain and about this season, m England yesterday.

BIRTH. At the Oriental Hotel, Saturday

MARRIED. MILLER—At the residence of Mr. own Sonness, of the Royal Ar-

DIED. this city on the 6th inst., George

On the 3rd inst., at 153 View street, of W. E. Harrison, of a son.

Parliament. Mr. Lalor is a civil engineer and tenant farmer. His father represented Queen's County in Parliament in 1833-34. He is a magistrate for the county. Mr. McDonald is blind, but distinguished as a scholar. He is a Protestant, was born in Wicklow, and was a close friend of Mr. Parnell.

That K. K. Carriage Assail. LONDON, May 10.—Hon. Patrick Grenville Nugent was to-day indicted and held for trial, in the sum of £200, on a charge of having assaulted Miss Marion Price, in a railroad carriage, between Brighton and London.

Where is Edwin Pasha? BERLIN, May 10.—The extraordinary rum- mors about Emin Pasha are creating much anxiety, and even his most enthusiastic friends begin to fear that, dead or alive, his days of influence are over. A dispatch, on Friday last, from Arab sources, said that he was dead, and now it is stated that he is totally blind. As the two dispatches are from distinct sources it is thought that some evil must have befallen him.

Radloff Heard From. SEATTLE, May 10.—Letters were received by Chief of Police Jackson, Mrs. Radloff and William Behring, to-night, from William Radloff, the instigator of the scheme to swindle the life insurance companies out of \$25,000. The letters came addressed to Behring, a family friend who refused to disclose the date line on the budget, but he says that Radloff is not in America. In his letter to Chief Jackson, Radloff says that he is not afraid of any detectives and advises the chief to save expense and not hunt any more for him as it is useless. He clears his wife of all complicity in the crime and advises her to go to Chicago from him. "Get married again and live happily," he says. In the letter to the chief, Radloff refers to Kostuch as a coward, and says that the "thought of his pistol run." According to the fugitive's story, it was his intention to commit suicide upon learning of his wife's infidelity, but that he finally resolved on the scheme to burn his house with the cadaver and get the insurance money.

Elm Park's Latest. WASHINGTON, May 11.—Melville London writes from Vancouver, that since Mr. Blaine and Lord Salisbury have arranged that neither American nor English sailors should go to the Behring Sea, many vessels Italian, Spanish, Portuguese and German flags.

Shooting in a Montana Court-Room. BUTTE, Mont., May 10.—A sensational episode occurred here to-day during the progress of a trial in Justice Arnold's court. John Melville and John Garrity, miners, had a lease on a mine together, and a dispute as to abating the proceeds was left to the law to decide. During the trial the litigation started a war of words which led to blows. Melville finally struck his partner on the head with a chair, opening the scalp. The latter pulled a seven-shooter and took a shot at Melville. He missed his aim and the bullet passed through the left side of the judge's vest. The wife of the judge, who heard the shot from the next door, broke the rear door of the court-room with an axe and assisted in disarming Garrity.

Executive Clemency. WASHINGTON, May 11.—The President has granted a pardon to Edward W. Doane, of California, convicted of a violation of the banking laws, and sentenced June 20, 1890, to five years' imprisonment. The pardon takes effect June 15, 1892.

The Knights of Labor and Politics. FRENCHBURG, May 10.—The quarterly meeting of the general executive board of the Knights of Labor will be held to-morrow. Powderly says the reports show an increase in membership during the past three months of over 3,000. This is unprecedented. District Master James D. Dempsey said the board was likely to take action on the People's party platform, as it was more acceptable to the Knights than either of the old parties.

Seized His Own Church. PHILADELPHIA, May 10.—The Mount Vernon Baptist church in Camden, N.S., was seized, yesterday, on an execution held by the pastor, Rev. J. D. Allansburg, for \$3,728, for moneys advanced to run the church. The property is said to be worth \$22,000. The congregation was formerly one of the strongest in the city, but owing to internal dissensions the membership dwindled down so that the church is no longer self-sustaining, and the pastor has been denied access to a shoe factory.

Presbyterian Excursion. NEW YORK, May 11.—The train with delegates to the Presbyterian Convention at Portland, Oregon, and their friends and families, containing a little over one hundred passengers, left here, this afternoon.

Women's Clubs. CHICAGO, May 10.—Nearly 400 delegates to the Federation of Women's Clubs, which is about to hold its biennial session here, are in the city. The headquarters here are at the Palmer House. To-morrow the convention will hold its first session, in Central Music Hall, and will be called to order by Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Brown, the first President of the Federation. The object of the Federation is to discuss and compare methods of conducting women's clubs throughout the world in order to mutually benefit each other. The association was organized in 1889 at a meeting of the Sorosis, in New York, but this is the first general gathering of the national council of women as a distinct body. They held an executive session at the Palmer House, to-day, presided over by Mrs. May Wright Sewall, of Indianapolis. Among those present were Frances Willard and Susan B. Anthony. Reports of three important committees which have been at work for a year were discussed. One committee has been working to secure equal rights for women in divorce courts, and seeking to have uniform divorce laws in each state. The question of a suitable business dress for women was the work of another committee, while Mrs. Leland Stauffer, Harriet Taylor Upton and others have been working to secure from the federal government the passage of a bill creating equal pay for equal work performed by women and men in the service of the government. The women suffragists also held a meeting resulting in the formation of a society to work for bringing about equal suffrage. Mrs. ex-Senator Castle, of Sandwich, Ill., was chosen President; Olympia Brown, of Racine, Wis., Vice-President-at-Large; Mrs. A. J. McKinney, Corresponding Secretary.









The Colonist.

FRIDAY, MAY 13, 1892. PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

W. H. KELLS, G. G. RANBY, J. H. H. & CO., COLONIST BUILDING, GOVERNMENT ST. TERMS: THE DAILY COLONIST PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY...

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING. No advertisement inserted without the advertiser's name and address. Special rates for long term contracts.

CANADIAN NEWS.

A Convict Cuts His Throat in Court and Tries to Take Poison.

Quebec Poole Inquiries Still Going On—M. De Boucherville Will Probably Retire.

Toronto, May 10.—The Globe, to-day, publishes a further instalment of fac-similes of the original documents by Sir Hector Langevin...

The Empire's Montreal correspondent says: "Hon. Mr. DeBoucherville intends retiring from the Quebec premiership soon after the end of the present session."

DORCHESTER, N.B., May 10.—At the court house here, yesterday, Judge Landry had pronounced a three years sentence in the penitentiary on Martin Ricker for uttering a forged note...

QUEBEC, May 10.—The investigation into the conspiracy charges against Ernest Mercier, Hon. Charles Langlois and Ernest Paquet was resumed today.

ANOTHER ST. JOHN FIRE.

Loss in the Vicinity of a Hundred Thousand Dollars.

ST. JOHN, N. B., May 9th.—The village of Fairville, adjoining this city was destroyed by fire last night.

COLLIERY ACCIDENTS.

Lives Lost in England and Germany by Unavoidable Causes.

LONDON, May 9.—A frightful accident occurred to-day at Maevors Main Colliery, Yorkshire.

Berlin, May 9.—Five men lost their lives by the breaking of a chain of the Treklase Colliery cage at about the middle of the shaft when filled with miners.

LONDON, May 9.—In the Commons, to-day, an amendment to the Small Holdings Bill, providing that county councils be authorized to compel landlords to sell land...

Special to THE COLONIST. M. QUAD'S SKETCHES.

Searching the Ocean For an Heir to Millions—Three Bags' Features.

When David B. Totten, of Birmingham, England, passed away in the seventy-eighth year of his age he left £23,000,000 behind him...

When the news came out to the colony that Dick Totten was wanted as the heir to £18,000,000 there was something of a stir.

For many days the sloop was dodging about among the islands to find one to suit Totten.

For over fifty years Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children when teething...

THE VICTORIA WEEKLY COLONIST.

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The Best Spring Medicine

Free a Clogged Liver

Free a Clogged Liver

History repeats itself, and so does Hood's Sarsaparilla. In a short time there was a remarkable improvement in the health of the patient.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Sarsaparilla cures all blood diseases, including scrofula, skin eruptions, and general debility. It is the best medicine for all these ailments.

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THIRTY CAPITAL

The Nelson and Forster's Claims—Da Squeled

The Nelson and Forster's Claims—Da Squeled

Government Business since Four Days Hurrying the

From Our Own

OTTAWA, May 12.—E into line, electing Mac by a hundred and fifty. Maclean is a son of John known protectionist who he began his newspaper, which he and in the Ontario quently he established.

The Census Bulletin

The Census Bulletin shows an increase of 44 per cent in the population of the Dominion since the last census in 1871.

Mr. Mara received

Mr. Mara received the leading business men him strongly to propose Nelson and Forster's ground of the business town and the dema facilities the year round.

Ontario members

Ontario members met this morning at the Legislative building to discuss the proposed amendment to the franchise law.

Mr. Devlin was

Mr. Devlin was in a resolution in favor with a view to influencing the result of the election.

Mr. Prior goes to

Mr. Prior goes to ship his horses, and Monday. The Methodist at the promised financial school at Fort Simpson to consider the Chinese school.

MONTREAL, May

MONTREAL, May 12.—The Roman Catholic and Clergy to the be a grand success.



Mrs. Amanda Paisley of Newburgh, N.Y.

"Thank You"

She says: "Hood's Sarsaparilla cured my scrofula and Eozema."

Scrofula and Eozema Cured

What stronger proof is needed of the efficacy of Hood's Sarsaparilla than this from Mrs. Amanda Paisley, an estimable Christian lady...

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Sarsaparilla cures all blood diseases, including scrofula, skin eruptions, and general debility. It is the best medicine for all these ailments.

SPRING MEETING, 1892.

VICTORIA JOCKEY CLUB. Saturday, May 21, 1892. SPRING PROGRAMME.

THE GREAT STRENGTH-GIVER.

One pound of JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF contains as much real nutrition as fourteen and a quarter pounds of Prime Beefsteak.

KITCHEN WITCH,

WITHOUT DOUBT THE Best Range in the Market AND CAN ONLY BE BOUGHT OF GEO. POWELL & CO., CHEAPSIDE—127 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Weiler Bros.

Art Silk Draperies, Fringes and Loops. Chenille Curtains in Latest Shades. Fine Ivory and Carved Oak Picture Mouldings. Elegant Furniture, Plushes and Silk Tapestries.

THIS HAND IS A POINTER.

WHAT DOES IT POINT TO? To the fact that the finest Grocery Store in British Columbia is that of SAUNDERS.



Milton A. Kunkel of Mount Royal, Que.

"Thank You"

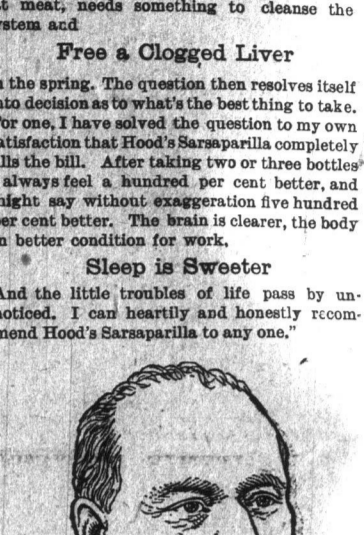
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IMPERIAL Cream Tartar BAKING POWDER PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST. E. W. GILLET, Toronto, Ont.

THE GREAT STRENGTH-GIVER. One pound of JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF contains as much real nutrition as fourteen and a quarter pounds of Prime Beefsteak.

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