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FRASER, FRASER & CO.

THE FIRST WOMAN.

Mrs. Martha M. Place Electrocutted Yesterday.

She Was Put to Death for the Murder of Her Step-daughter.

The Scene at Sing Sing Prison Yesterday Morning When She Was Led to Her Death Chair.

SING SING, N. Y., March 20.—Mrs. Martha M. Place, who killed her step-daughter at her home in Brooklyn on February 7, 1898, was electrocuted in Sing Sing prison this morning, the first woman to die in the chair in this state.

The scene at Sing Sing prison yesterday morning when she was led to her death chair. Mrs. Place was dressed in black, a gown that she made to wear at her new trial.

The women who followed her closely were dressed in black. Dr. Irvine with an attendant stepped in to cut off the view of the witnesses seated around the chamber.

The women attendants pressed close up against the chair. One could hardly see a movement of the body. It grew rigid, the fingers gripped the palms of the prayer-book in the woman's left hand.

The women in the death chamber seemed strangely out of their places. The woman-physician was bright looking, sharp in her movements, rapid in what she did.

At exactly 11:01 State Electrician Davis gave the shock. It was a voltage of 1,700, about the usual strength, and was continued for four seconds.

The current was shut off. Dr. Irvine, the prison physician, felt her neck, where there was a slight pulsation of the arteries. But the woman was dead, and those physicians who saw the electrocution and examined the body afterwards gave it as their opinion that death had been instantaneous.

After a brief interval a second shock was given. Those who stood around did not even hear a respiratory moan, but a little froth oozed from the lips. The voltage was the same as in the first shock and again lasted four seconds.

The autopsy report was taken merely because of the intense interest aroused regarding the parity of Mrs. Place. Indeed those who have been with Mrs. Place from beginning to end say that Mrs. Place was a perfectly sane woman. She was ready when the warder visited her at 10 o'clock. She had said good-bye to Mrs. Sage, who had been kind to her, with tears in her eyes, and to her attendants, and there was not a word spoken during the death march.

It was from the top floor of the old hospital building, in the eastern part of the yard, a distance of five or six hundred feet to the chamber. The party descended two flights of stairs, passed through the dismantled wards of the old hospital, through many rooms, and, last of all, through the dimly lighted corridor that led within the cells of murderers' row were draped with curtains, so there was not one person to look at the woman on the gloomy journey to the chair.

After it was over Warden Sage said the whole affair was even more satisfactory than he had hoped for. There is no denying that the warden had feared a break-down in a scene.

CASTILIAN WRECK.

Examination Into Cause of Disaster Commenced.

The First Officer Describes Course Steered All Through.

At One O'clock the Sounding Was Not Correct According to the Chart.

HALIFAX, N. S., March 20.—The examination into the loss of the Castilian was commenced this morning at Yarmouth before Commander Capt. Douglas, Capt. J. E. Murphy, Richard Stroud, seaman who was on the lookout in the crow's nest, testified to seeing something white off the starboard bow at 3:38 a. m., which he reported by calling to the bridge, but got no answer, as it turned out he was mistaken.

The most important point so far made is that when the first sounding was taken at 1 a. m. the ship had run 125 miles and the sounding showed 62 fathoms which was not the sounding they should have had, according to the chart, if they had been on their correct course. The ship ran full speed from that time till she struck at 3:40 a. m.

THE BRITISH COMMONS.

The Shooting of One Simpson at Manila by American Troops.

LONDON, March 20.—In the house of commons today the Hon. Philip James Stanhope, liberal president of the National Reform union asked if her majesty's government had received a report of the lamentable occurrence at Manila when a British subject named Simpson had unfortunately been killed, whether the government was aware that Simpson's family was financially dependent upon him, and whether the government would endeavor to obtain pecuniary compensation for his family by friendly representations to the government of the United States.

FOUR MEN KILLED.

MONTREAL, March 20.—Four men were recently killed here today by the fall of a scaffolding erected inside a large chimney for repairs. Men had just entered the place at the time. The killed were Louis Robson, Henry Delorme, George Diehlman, and Archie Stewart. The fifth man, Xavier Tupper, was dug out seriously injured after being four hours under the debris.

PARLIAMENT.

The Debate on the Address Commenced Yesterday.

Mr. Bell of East Prince Made a Mistake in Speaking Too Long.

Sir Charles Tupper Makes a Most Effective Reply to Address From Throne.

OTTAWA, March 20.—The debate on the address was commenced this afternoon by Mr. Bell, the new member for East Prince. He is very deliberate speaker, and had some good material, but made a mistake of speaking too long. He dealt at considerable length on the prosperity of the country, claiming that it was twenty times as great as during the conservative regime. Immigration from abroad had increased in volume 20 per cent under the present government, while the exodus to the United States had entirely ceased.

Mr. Martineau, speaking in French, claimed that the government had redeemed all their pledges. Sir Charles Tupper, on rising, was greeted with loud conservative cheers. He complimented the motion and ascended on their maiden effort, and accorded hearty congratulations to the country on the great prosperity it enjoyed. It was, he said, a cardinal principle with the conservative party to recognize the prosperity of the country, but he believed he would be able to show that it was due rather to the conservative policy than to the liberal party. The high position the country now enjoyed was due to nothing that had been done by the government. The policy of Canada today is the policy of the great liberal conservative party. He challenged the government, declared Sir Charles, to put its finger upon one single dot that it has done that has contributed to the progress of this country.

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Ministerial and opposition caucuses will be held on Wednesday. THE SENATE. In the senate today, Bowell characterized the proposed re-distribution as unjustifiable and unconstitutional. By law the government would have to bring down such a measure two years hence, but there was no call for it now.

Mr. Casgrain will ask for particulars of the conference which Laurier and Tard had with the Hon. Macdonald at Quebec in reference to an expression of opinion by the legislature on senate reform. Mr. Casgrain will also ask if there has been any correspondence since last session with the pope, or any member of the sacred college in reference to the Manitoba school question, and whether the Roman Catholic minority in Manitoba has accepted the Laurier-Greenway school settlement.

Mr. Charron will introduce his time-honored measure, the seduction bill. Representatives of the Dominion Letter Carriers' Association are coming to Ottawa to ask increased pay. The Dominion Alliance will thrash out the prohibition issue here on Wednesday.

A private steam yacht is to be built for the use of the Hon. Macdonald and his family. Private orders are greatly in vogue by ministers when travelling on railways. Mr. Foster will ask for a return of all liquor licenses granted for the Yukon, of all persons appointed to office in the Yukon, of the number of licenses issued over the I. C. R. since August last, 1897, of the issue of postage stamps, etc., since Jan. 1, 1897, also for particulars of persons employed by Canada in connection with the joint high commission.

DISEASED CATTLE.

Shall Not be Killed in St. John Slaughter Houses.

Such Was the Decision of Commissioners Re-affirmed at Yesterday Afternoon's Meeting.

A special meeting of the slaughter house commissioners was held on Tuesday afternoon, in the absence of President Hay, Commissioner Gleason occupied the chair. There were present only two other commissioners, Messrs. Frink and Galloway. The chairman explained that the meeting was called to consider the bill they intended presenting to the legislature, asking for power to license an abattoir in the city, the site to be approved by the Common Council.

The secretary read a copy of the old bill and the amendments thereto, suggested when the bill was before a committee of the house last session. Commissioner Frink said that a strong objection was taken to the word "buildings erected or to be erected." All they wanted was power to license one building, not more. He thought that it should read "one building within the limits of the city for the purpose of an abattoir."

The chairman and Commissioner Galloway favored this idea. Commissioner Frink moved that the commissioners ask for legislation to permit the "licensing of an abattoir within the limits of the city, the site to be subject to the approval of the council." This was unanimously carried with the understanding that the matter be placed in the hands of the recorder to print in proper form.

Commissioner Frink said there were three cattle in Carleton, which had been sent there for shipment, and being diseased, had been quarantined. Under the act the disease was a contagious one. An attempt is being made to remove the animals and have them killed and the meat sold for consumption. He had corresponded with the chief veterinary inspector at Montreal, Dr. McEachran, explaining to him that the board of slaughter house commissioners have in the past refused to allow such animals to be killed in licensed houses, and in reply had received a letter from that gentleman. A portion of that letter Dr. Frink read. Dr. McEachran after referring to the action of the commissioners, gave it as his opinion that the disease was not dangerous so long as confined to the jaw. Dr. Frink said that Mr. McEachran was a man of wide experience and recognized as an authority both on this continent and in Europe, and his opinion that the meat from such animals was wholesome as long as the disease was confined to the head, and the internal organs not affected, would necessarily be accepted by all. The doctor stated in his letter that in Montreal such animals were killed in the abattoirs and if only the jaw was affected the meat was put on the market. If the disease extended to the internal organs the carcass was condemned. The chairman thanked Dr. Frink for the information and wanted to leave the matter with him and the inspector, but after some discussion it was thought best, in view of their previous action, to refuse to allow such affected animals to be butchered in the licensed houses.

SURPRISE

IS THE NAME OF THE SOAP that has peculiar qualities for washing clothes and is good for all uses. HIGHEST IN QUALITY.

NOVA SCOTIA NURSE

Saved Frances Leland at the Windsor Hotel, Fire.

Carried Her Patient Through a Corridor and Down Four Stories—Heroic Miss Troup of Pictou.

NEW YORK, March 18.—Proprietor Leland and his wife were in the hotel. His wife and his daughter Helen were killed. Miss Frances Leland, older daughter of Proprietor Leland, was rescued from the burning building by her nurse, Miss Frances Troup, who, in the confusion, carried her patient through a narrow corridor filled with smoke and down a fire escape, five stories to the street below.

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Advertisement for 'SURPRISE' soap, highlighting its quality for washing clothes and its safety for all uses.

Advertisement for a Nova Scotia nurse, Miss Frances Troup, who saved a patient during a fire at the Windsor Hotel.

Advertisement for diseased cattle, stating they will not be killed in St. John slaughter houses.

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Advertisement for 'SHARP'S BALSAM OF GOREHOUND AND ANISEED' for coughs and colds.

BY SUDDEN BLAZE

Windsor Hotel, New York, Transformed Into a Seething Cauldron of Flames,

And Terror Stricken Guests Leap Madly to the Pavement Far Below.

Fifteen Persons Killed—Forty Persons Injured, Some Fatally—Many Missing—Heroic Rescues by Firemen and Police—Thrilling and Soul Touching Scenes and Incidents.

NEW YORK, March 22.—A flames, which originated from the igniting of a lace curtain, burst forth from the second floor of the Windsor hotel at 47th street and Fifth avenue shortly after 9 o'clock this afternoon, just as the St. Patrick's day parade was passing the building, and in a few moments they had leaped up to the roof and enveloped the entire Fifth avenue and 47th street fronts of the hotel.

Ten minutes later the flames were roaring through the interior of the hotel and all means of escape by means of stairways and elevators was cut off, and there was the wildest scene of excitement within and without the building. Hundreds of guests and employees were in the hotel when the fire broke out, and for many of them escape with safety was impossible.

Probably from ten to fifteen lives were lost within a half hour, and 30 or 40 persons were injured in jumping from windows and in rushing through the roaring flames in the corridors and on the stairways. Many who were injured died later at nearby residences and at hotels, and others who made wild leaps to the stone sidewalk were so badly injured that they are still hovering between life and death.

It may be 24 hours or more before the complete list of fatalities may become known, and it will be longer than that before it can be ascertained definitely how many charred bodies are in the mass of fallen masonry that marks the spot where the hotel stood.

- THE DEAD ARE:
Leland, Mrs. Elizabeth, wife of Warren Leland, proprietor of the hotel; burns of body; died at Flower hospital.
Leland, Helen, daughter of Warren Leland, jumped from window; body identified at East 81st street station.
Padlock, Mrs. Annie, Irvington, N. Y., jumped from window; body at East 81st street station.
Kirk, Mrs. Ann (Mrs. James S. Kirk), Chicago, died in Bellevue.
Pearce, Mrs. M., Macon, Ga., died at 19 East 81st street.
Grady, Mrs. Lillian, Elizabeth City, N. C., hospitalized East 81st street station.
Gibson, Mrs. Annie, shock, died at Murray Hill hotel.
Goodman, Edward, Louisville, 17, fractured skull; hospitalized Bellevue.
Connelly, John, hotel employee; burns and internal injuries; died at Flower hospital.
Unknown woman, No. 13, body at East 81st street station.
Unknown woman, middle aged; jumped from window; died at Miss Helen Gould's residence.
THE INJURED ARE:
Roache, Kate, burns of face, leg fractured; Bellevue hospital.
Nadroy, Polly, hotel employee; burns of body; Harlem hospital.
McNichol, Patrick, watchman; burns; Harlem hospital.
McGuire, James, truckman; left leg fractured; body hospitalized Bellevue.
McPherson, Dr. Neil, ankle fractured; Harlem hospital.
Fleming, Kate, domestic; burns; Harlem hospital.
Mallon, Nicholas, internal injuries, serious; Harlem hospital.
Henry, Melville, probable fatal burns; Roosevelt hospital.
Walsh, Mrs. Frank, burns of body; Roosevelt hospital.
Bailey, Mrs. Catherine, 463 Greenwood avenue, Chicago; burns of body; not serious; Roosevelt hospital.
Hwyer, Miss Helen, thigh broken, bad burns of body; Roosevelt hospital.
Von Spiegel, Mrs. Leg and ribs fractured; Presbyterian hospital.
Meech, Mrs. Catherine, burns of face and hands; suffering from shock; Presbyterian hospital.
Whelan, Mrs. G. P., shock and burns; Presbyterian hospital.
Wheeler, Miss Dorothy, shock and burns; Presbyterian hospital.
Boyce, Mrs. Wm., shock; Presbyterian hospital.
Skelton, Edward, watchman; shoulders probably badly fractured; Bellevue hospital.
Dure, John, hotel employee; shoulder dislocated; Presbyterian hospital.
Leland, Warren P., proprietor of the hotel; head cut; injuries dressed at Flower hospital.
Hastings, Mrs. Mark, Chicago; hysterical; Bellevue hospital.
Price, Miss Alice W., of Georgia; shock; Bellevue hospital.
Clifford, John, severe scalp wounds; Bellevue.
Curran, Ellen, hotel employee; burns of body; New York hospital.
James, Arthur, fireman; scalp wound; Calhoun, Mrs. C. H., shock; New York hospital.
Simmons, Mrs. C. C., burns of body; Bellevue hospital.
Unknown woman, 25, fractured skull; leg fractured; condition critical; Bellevue hospital.
Unknown man, hands and arms burned.
Unknown man seen to jump from roof at the rear of hotel; body not recovered.
Unknown child, thrown from window by N. Y. fireman; body not recovered.
Unknown woman, mother of above child; jumped from window; body not recovered.

It impossible for anyone to approach near enough to search for missing bodies.

The fire was the most spectacular affair of the kind that could be imagined. When it broke out Fifth avenue was crowded with people watching the St. Patrick's day parade, a fact which interested not a little with the movements of the firemen and police. As soon as the flames were first discovered, shooting from the windows, that part of the procession which was near the building came to a halt, and in a few minutes the parade was disbanded, for the police came rushing toward the fire from every direction and as far as they were able drove the people from the streets. One alarm after another was turned in, and the first of the fire engines was not long in appearing upon the scene.

In addition to the regular guests of the hotel the windows were crowded by a large number of spectators, residents of the city, who had congregated to witness the parade.

Soon after the first alarm was given people in the lower floors of the hotel, those who had easy access to the street and stairway, commenced to pour out of the building in great numbers, but it very soon became apparent that a great many of the occupants of the hotel were either panic-stricken or were unable to make their way to the ground floor.

Windows were thrown up on every side of the building, and guests, mostly women, in all stages of terror, made their appearance and commenced to make frantic appeals for assistance to the crowd standing below. As the flames gathered about them they became more and more terror-stricken, and presently several of them stood upon the narrow window sills and beckoned to the spectators below that they were about to leap to the streets. The men collected upon the sidewalk ready to offer any assistance that they could, and in the meantime a number of women left the window sills and dropped in the street. In most of the cases the efforts to catch them and break their awful fall were unavailing, for they struck the sidewalk and in most cases broken limbs were the result.

As soon as the firemen could get their scaling ladders into position they climbed the sides of the building and entered at every window where there was an unfortunate guest appealing for assistance, and many cases of heroic rescue were witnessed by the throng in the street.

At the corner of 47th street and Fifth avenue, street across from the hotel, is the home of Miss Helen Gould, and at her direction many of the injured were carried there and treated by physicians and nurses whom she had sent for.

In the meantime the chief of police had telephoned to every hospital in the city asking that assistance be sent to the sufferers. Ambulances fanned their way through the crowds as quickly as possible, and the injured people who had made the frightful leaps from the hotel windows were placed in them and removed to the hospitals. Several occupants of the hotel appeared at the windows of the sixth and seventh stories, and even on the roof, and made their leaps to the streets from those points.

Very few of them escaped either instant death or injuries which resulted in their death a short time later.

In the meantime the entire building was being enveloped in flames, which shot out from every window and formed a picture which struck terror to all those who were witnessing it. Within forty or forty-five minutes after the fire broke out the walls on the Fifth avenue side showed every indication of falling, and presently with an awful crash they struck the asphalt covering of the street in front of the hotel, and caused the hundreds of people who were standing there to scatter in every direction. This weakened the walls on the 47th and 48th street sides, and they followed a moment later. When the walls fell the brick and mortar and twisted girders and corrugated iron filled the streets on three sides of the hotel.

The doorsteps and iron fences in front of the houses on the opposite side of the street from the hotel were wrecked by the falling walls, and the amount of debris piled in the streets was so great that travel will be impeded for several days. The northeast wing of the hotel continued to burn for half an hour after the walls of the other part of the building fell. The firemen continued to play streams upon the flames and also upon all the adjoining buildings, including Miss Gould's residence, which seemed in

imminent danger of catching fire, but the flames were brought under control before they could reach any of them. There were many thrilling scenes in the hotel during the early stage of the fire. As soon as it broke out a hall boy discovered the flames while passing along the fourth floor, immediately the rooms occupied by President McKinley's brother, Abner McKinley, and his family.

The boy who saw the flames attached to the fire alarm, but the chain broke, and then he cried out an alarm of fire and ran to the floor below. The blaze was then holding up everything on the Fifth avenue end of the building, and the lad, when he got to the floor above the main hall, ran into the American dining room and gave the alarm there. A few persons were in the dining room and they escaped. When the fire reached the main floor, Warren F. Leland, the proprietor of the hotel, was in the rear of the long hall, and the boy shouted to him that the building was on fire. On Mr. Leland's instructions the clerks tried to save the books and papers, and the boy then rushed down the basement stairway and alarmed the women who were at work in the laundry. It is believed all of them escaped.

One of the most daring rescues effected by the firemen occurred on the fifth floor of the Fifth avenue end. A crippled woman was seen at a window, and as she was unable to make her way to the ground floor the firemen succeeded in reaching the window immediately underneath. One of them climbed over the coping over the window on which he was standing and then stepped over his hands despairingly. He then swung the woman clear of the window and lowered her safely in the arms of his companion. The assistance of several other firemen passed the woman down to the street.

The first horror occurred just fifteen minutes after the fire broke out. A woman appeared at a window on the fourth floor. She held out her arms to the crowd below. Then she raised her hands as if in supplication, and in a moment climbed to the windows and leaped. She turned about like a top and struck the iron railing in front of the hotel. Her body seemed to be impaled there, but it fell off into the area way. She was dead. The woman was identified as Mrs. Amelia Parlock of Irvington, N. Y.

One of the most thrilling scenes of the fire, at the time when the building was a seething cauldron of flames, was the heroic rescue of several women from the upper stories. One had been carried down from the fifth story.

Mrs. A. H. Fuller of Pittsburg, Pa., then appeared with her maid at the window of the fourth story. It seemed like an age before the ladder was lowered. Firemen ran up and with difficulty brought down Mrs. Fuller and her maid. Just as she was gotten out of the window a middle-aged woman appeared at a window just north of that at which the ladder was placed. The woman, tearing and weeping, would not be rescued, prepared to jump. She was warned to keep back, and became panic-stricken and stepped back into the dense smoke that was pouring from the window. It seemed as though she had jumped into the flames below in despair. A hook and ladder man seeing the desperation of the woman, seized a scaling ladder and went up story after story, through the blinding smoke. He climbed to the coping just as the woman reappeared. The fireman seized her by the waist, and holding her tightly by the arms, she was lowered into the flames below in despair. A hook and ladder man seeing the desperation of the woman, seized a scaling ladder and went up story after story, through the blinding smoke. He climbed to the coping just as the woman reappeared. The fireman seized her by the waist, and holding her tightly by the arms, she was lowered into the flames below in despair.

A tremendous cheer went up from the crowd.

SCENES AT THE HOSPITALS.

NEW YORK, March 21.—The first ambulance call was turned into Bellevue and within a few minutes half a dozen hurry calls were sent in, taking out the entire force of ambulances and most of the house staff. The ambulance returned in an incredibly short time, the driver urging his horse at full speed and the animal white with foam.

Mrs. C. Simmons was carried to one of the wards, where her injuries, consisting of serious burns about the face and breast, were dressed.

Hardly had this ambulance been taken away when another drew up to the gates. It was in the lead of a racing caravan of all of the ambulances of the city. The second ambulance contained Mrs. Jan. S. Kirk, 75 years of age, the widow of the founder of the big Chicago soap establishment. Seated on the box with the driver, was a young girl, who frantically urged him on. Mrs. Kirk was carried to a ward, where she died within a few minutes, just as her daughter reached the hospital, whether she had come in a cab.

In the wake of the ambulances came a dozen cabs and coaches containing persons less grievously injured. The news of the disaster had spread about the streets and scores of people came to Bellevue to inquire for injured or missing friends. Every available employee of the great institution, and all the surgeons who could be secured were drafted into service to bind up the wounds of the injured. Many of those who were brought as patients to the hospital showed remarkable fortitude amid their intense suffering.

They gave way to let the attending surgeons administer to those whose injuries were of a graver nature. One pretty woman insisted on having the surgeon attend to a fellow sufferer before he had finished banding up her leg, which had been fractured. Miss Alice W. Price of Georgia was one of those taken to Bellevue, where tonight she is suffering critically from her injuries and shock. She had jumped from one of the upper floors and her condition is considered very serious.

Fireman John Hanna, of the fire boat Zooplar Mills, rushed through the smoke to the top floor and found

Night Watchman Ma-Nichol half asphyxiated. Hanna lowered him by means of a rope to the escape, two stories below, and let himself down in the same way. His hands were badly cut by the wire. Then Hanna assisted the old man down the fire escape.

A crippled woman was found lying on the floor of a room on the fourth floor, unable to move, and was carried in safety to the street.

Policeman Luke Milroy rescued three women from the fourth floor and was badly burned about the hands and face, and his uniform was nearly burned from his back.

A Brooklyn fireman, who came over to see the parade, saw a woman on the seventh story right over where the fire occurred first. He rushed upstairs and rescued Kate Flanagan, a domestic. She was badly burned and injured by falling debris, and was unconscious when brought down.

Thomas McPherson, an employe of the government docks in Brooklyn, went through the fire and smoke five stories and rescued Mrs. R. Butler, who was unconscious from shock and fright. McPherson was so badly burned that he had to be taken to the hospital.

All of these rescues and many others occurred within a period of a few minutes.

THRILLING INCIDENTS.

Meanwhile electrifying scenes of frenzied men and women were being enacted on almost every floor of the great building. How many persons are buried in the ruins is not known, but at least three or four persons were seen to jump, whose bodies have not been recovered. A young man, apparently an employe of the hotel, was on the 46th street side of the hotel. Another unknown man jumped on the Fifth avenue side, and two more were seen to jump from the rear. Shortly after that two women jumped from the roof to the courtyard below. It is known that of these two at least are dead.

Eye witnesses say they saw a woman throw a child from a window and fall a moment later herself, just before the collapse of one of the walls. As yet no trace of these bodies has been found.

Abner McKinley, the brother of President McKinley, had four rooms on the ground floor of the hotel. Mrs. McKinley and her daughter occupied the rooms with Abner McKinley. Miss Mabel had ordered a coach for a drive at 3:30 o'clock, and was dressing for it when the alarm of fire was given. She was in her dressing gown at the time. She saw the smoke, and becoming frightened, opened the window and looked out. She saw a block and a man. She walked half a block and found her carriage waiting. She was driven to the Hotel Buckingham, where she telephoned to her father at his office at No. 30 Broad street.

Mrs. McKinley and her daughter, Helen McKinley, were entertaining Mrs. John Sherwood, the authoress. Mrs. McKinley, her daughter and their guest got out, assisted by two men. The women became separated. Mrs. McKinley went to the residence of Rev. Dr. Morgan at No. 3 East 45th street, and Miss Helen McKinley to the residence of the banker, Richard T. Wilson, at 511 Fifth avenue. The McKinleys afterwards returned to the Manhattan hotel, where they were a joyful reunion of the family. They lost everything except the clothes they wore.

Dr. F. P. Brown of 509 Fifth avenue and A. E. Brown of Congress Heights, Washington, knowing the McKinleys were in the hotel, rushed to the McKinleys afterwards. They saw two men, one a fireman and the other an employe, bringing down Mrs. Warren Leland. The woman's clothes were burned from her body. She was being literally carried down the steps. The men told Dr. Brown that they saw one woman leap from the window of the room, but that they had no time to stop her. This was the daughter of Mrs. Leland, Miss Helen Leland.

This was the saddest incident of the fire. Warren Leland is the proprietor of the Windsor hotel. The Leland's have another daughter, Miss Fanny Leland, but she was away from the hotel at the time.

Mrs. Leland died in Flower hospital at 9:15 o'clock tonight. Her son Charles was the only relative with her when she died. He remained at the bedside for some time after her death took place, and then walked quietly down stairs. There he met his father, who with Warren Leland, Jr., a nephew, and a friend who had just come to the hospital. The old man was greatly agitated. "Charlie, my boy, how is your mother?" he asked, his voice thick with emotion. "Mother is resting quietly, father," replied the son, who seemed to take it as the truth that his mother had just died. Mr. Leland was then taken away to the house of a friend.

NEW YORK, March 19.—Mrs. E. S. Adams and her maid, who have been reported among the missing Windsor hotel guests, were saved and are uninjured.

NEW YORK, March 19.—In a drizzling rain more than two hundred men continued to work today among the debris and smoldering ruins of the Windsor hotel searching for the bodies of persons who perished in the flames and to recover any valuables that might have escaped the ravages of the fire. The efforts of the searchers were futile, however, as the ruins were too hot for the men to use in their progress, and the smoke arising from the burning material was rendered more dense by the dampness of the atmosphere. At intervals during the night flames burst forth from the burning embers and drove back the workmen.

The work of demolishing the fragments of the building was begun this morning, and later the work of removing the rubbish was pushed as vigorously as was practicable.

The fire licks are more rigidly kept today than ever before, and all per-

sons without a special permit are kept outside.

During the day workmen were engaged in picking up pieces of the six story wall that is standing on the 47th street side of the hotel safe. It was to make the search in the ruins safe.

The second eighty-five foot chimney was dynamited shortly after 3 o'clock this afternoon. The explosion wrecked a number of plate glass windows and doors in nearby residences. A large force of men were at work during the afternoon on what was the main entrance to the hotel. It was expected that bodies would first be found there. A large amount of small articles, principally the personal property of guests were found, such as a silver back mirror with the initials "H. P." and a silver back hair brush with the same initials. Daniel Sweeney, the emergency wrecker of the building department, and three men had a narrow escape from injury and possibly death about five o'clock. The four men were on top of the six story wall, which was standing on the 47th street rear corner of the hotel, tearing it down. A stiff north wind blew up rather suddenly and Sweeney felt the wall trembling beneath him. Sweeney cried out a warning and the men hurried from their dangerous perch. They were just outside the danger line when a section of the wall, thirty feet or more square and including that portion where they had been working, went down with a roar. A portion of it fell on the roof of the house back of the hotel, wrecking the roof. The house had been emptied by the fire department, and no one was injured.

The funerals of Mrs. Warren Leland and Miss Helen M. Leland, wife and daughter of the proprietor of the Windsor, who died from injuries received at the fire, were held today at the Church of the Heavenly Rest, Rev. D. Parker Morgan officiating. Mr. Leland and his daughter were in the Windsor, who died from injuries received at the fire, were held today at the Church of the Heavenly Rest, Rev. D. Parker Morgan officiating. Mr. Leland and his daughter were in the Windsor, who died from injuries received at the fire, were held today at the Church of the Heavenly Rest, Rev. D. Parker Morgan officiating.

At one o'clock the bodies were taken to the Grand Central station and sent to Chicago. There were two large baskets of Easter lilies near the caskets, the gifts of President and Mrs. McKinley. Mr. Leland and his son Charles accompanied the remains to Chicago. The interment will take place there Tuesday.

The hospital reports as to the injured are most favorable. Most of the patients are improving. Some of them were able to leave the hospitals today, and others will be discharged tomorrow. The following is a statement of the condition of the injured:

- Roach, Kate, servant—Ankle broken; recovering; Bellevue.
Simmons, Mrs. Martha M., Frederick, Md.—Burned; recovering; Bellevue.
Thomas, Mrs. Nellie, assistant housekeeper of the hotel—Shock; improved; Bellevue.
Price, Mrs. Alice M., Macon, Ga.—Leg fractured; greatly improved; Bellevue.
Bellevue, Mrs. Katharine, wife of correspondent of San Francisco Bulletin—Injuries slight; improving; Presbyterian hospital.
Shackleton, Edward—Burns and dislocated shoulder; recovering; Presbyterian hospital.
Vonspeigel, Mrs.—Left leg and one rib broken; recovering; Presbyterian hospital.
Wheeler, Mrs. C. P. and daughter, Miss Dorothy—Burns and shock; improving; Presbyterian.
Boyce, Mrs. Wm. S.—Burned and shoulder dislocated; removed from Presbyterian hospital to her home.
Duke, John, hotel employe—Removed from Presbyterian hospital to his home.
Fuller, Mrs. A. M., Philadelphia—Shock; condition critical; Manhattan hospital.
Bailey, Mrs. Catherine, Chicago—Condition favorable; Roosevelt hospital.
Brewer, Miss Helen—Right ankle broken; condition favorable; Roosevelt.
Waldo, Mrs. Louise—Burned; condition favorable; Roosevelt.
Of the nine victims who were originally taken to Flower hospital James McGone, with leg broken, is the only one remaining, and his condition is not serious.
Wm. F. Love, a clerk at the Windsor; Ellen Curran, a domestic, and Mrs. Sarah H. Calhoun are at the New York hospital, improving.
The following is a list of the missing as corrected up to 8 o'clock tonight:
Argline, Mrs. Mary, 45, wife of T. A. Argline, New York; Brad, Jane, 49, New York; Bradley, Mrs. T. K., aunt of Mrs. Fuller, Philadelphia; Bischoffshausen, Aaron, Germany; Boyce, Flossie, 8, daughter of W. S. Boyce, said to have been rescued by father and afterwards disappeared; Brush, Mrs. M. G.; Boyd, Mrs. and daughter, inquiry made by G. W. Draper of New York; Brown, Henry, Mary, inquiry made by J. W. McGinley, New York; Egan, Miss; Fuller, Miss Margaret, daughter of A. M. Fuller of Philadelphia; Guyon, Warren, elevator boy; Haworth, Joseph, the actor; Hoffman, Miss Dora, Baltimore; Jose, Miss; Johnson, Alex. B. and wife, Newburyport, Mass.; Kelly, Alice, New York; Leland, Fred, room clerk; Lynch, D.; Lowery, Miss Madeline; Lawrie, Harry, W., inquiry made by M. Lynch, New York; Lanny, Mary; McDonald, Mrs. Isabella, 42, widow, family living at Toronto; Morgan, Miss Annie Taylor, 40, New York; Morgan, Miss Catherine; McConnell, Kate; McNulty, Miss M. C., 55, New York; McDonald, Lizsie, New York; McCarthy, Catherine, New York; McCarthy, Henry; McKenna, Jennie; McKelvey, Mrs. Frank; McNeal, Jennie, 30, chambermaid, New York; Naah, Mr.; Nellie, Annie (known at hotel as Annie Malloy); Patterson, Mrs., wife of Judge Patterson of Colorado; Reid, Miss; Salamon, Mrs. D. S., widow, occupied room on fifth floor with daughter Rosa; Salamon, Miss Rosa, 27, daughter of above; Shea, Kate, 40, servant; Stoker, Mrs. James; Brady, inquiry made by Charles H. Lee of No. 5 Gramercy Park; Simpson, Miss Adella, 20, inquiry made by Norman Simpson of South Orange, N. J.; Sloan, Mrs. 22, inquiry made by sister Annie; Soy, Mary, 22, laundress.



Highest in quality—a pure hard soap for laundry purposes and general use. That word Surprise stamped on every cake guarantees the highest quality.

St. Croix Soap Mfg. Co., St. Stephen, N. B.

Inquiry made by her aunt, Mrs. Inowney of Demorest, N. J.; Walsh, Mary, servant; Ward, Annie, chambermaid.

NEW BRUNSWICK POLITICS.

James Robinson, M. P. for Northumberland Explains Some Points.

(Montreal Gazette, 19th.) James Robinson, M. P. for Northumberland county, N. B., was at the Windsor yesterday, en route for Ottawa, and as Mr. Robinson was one of the conservative members who did not follow Hon. George W. Foster and the Moncton resolution, his words are of considerable importance just now. He was asked if the recent election in New Brunswick would have the effect of estranging the ex-finance minister from those federal members from New Brunswick who sided with the Emerson-Tweedie combinations at Fredericton.

"I do not think it will make any difference whatever," he quickly replied, and then proceeded to refer to the late local election. He supported the government as it was not a question of party, the legislature being more like a big municipal council. He regretted, however, that the opposition was so small, as the almost unanimous support which the government received at the hands of the New Brunswick constituencies would lead to heavy demands being made upon the executive, and a consequent extravagant expenditure. He would have liked to see at least sixteen or seventeen members on the opposition side of the house.

Coming to federal politics, he was most emphatic in his expression of dissent from the course pursued by the Ottawa government with reference to their trade negotiations with the United States. "They will never impose an export duty on logs, just to meet again," was his expressed opinion in the matter, and he added that the people of Canada could live without them, and the sooner this fact was made plain to the Americans, the better it would be for all concerned. "We have existed and prospered so far," he added, "without them, and they are going to do so right up to the end of the chapter."

He then went on to ridicule the policy of the government prior to the departure of the delegates for Washington. He opined that it would have been good policy on Canada's part to impose an export duty on logs and enforce the same labor law, just to give our neighbors an hinting of what we are able to do, should we be pushed into a corner. He further said that the spruce forests of the United States are exhausted and it is admitted that they must have our products for pulp and lumber. The Canadian government have, therefore, but one course open to them, and that is a policy that will show our neighbors that we are quite independent of them.

"Will there be an election following the present session?" Mr. Robinson was asked.

"I hardly know what to think about it; but the question of dissolution will quite likely be decided by the events at Ottawa during the next three months."

He was then asked what the thought of the so-called Canada Eastern deal, and to this he gave a very plain answer. He had every reason to believe that the purchase of the Canadian Eastern railway from the Gibson company, by the dominion government, was as good as an accomplished fact. "But the Toronto Globe has stated that the purchase will not be made."

"I know that, but in spite of this denial, I believe Mr. Blair was placed in a position by the government to offer the Gibson company a bid, and if it were bought, it would be a very good thing for the Dominion government. You will remember that Mr. Blair tried to get the deal through before, but his colleagues would not consent; but now I fully believe the deal has been accomplished."

"If this is so, I presume the minister of railways will run for York?" "Yes; that is on the cards."

"Has Mr. Foster been weakened in York?" "No doubt he has, but it is hard to say how a Dominion election would go in New Brunswick."

Up to yesterday, Mr. Robinson was under the impression that Hon. John Costigan would get the senatorship, but he was distanced by Mr. McSweeney of Moncton.

Rev. Jas. Crisp and Major Armstrong conducted a temperance meeting at Clifton on Friday evening. Rev. Mr. Wetmore, Mr. Williams of Long Reach and D. W. P. Evans were on the platform. Mr. Flewelling presided at the meeting, which was largely attended.

Before After Wood's Phospholine. The Great English Remedy. Sold and recommended by all druggists in Canada. Only reliable medicine discovered. Its scientific purposes are to cure all forms of Sexual Weakness, all effects of Abuse or Excess, Mental Worry, Excessive use of Tobacco, Opium, Stimulants. Based on scientific principles. One package \$1.50. One set of three packages \$4.50. Pamphlets free to any address. The Wood Company, Windsor, Ont.

PORK

The Meeting Trade Room Addresses by Hon. Mr. La Peters

A Committee App Government

The meeting rooms last Friday packing well attended, and among the prominent ones were Hon. C. H. Laidlaw, M. J. Jarvis, Capt. D. R. Jack, T. C. E. Everett, Potts, W. S. James Pender, Frink, C. J. Osgood, J. G. Scott, F. R. W. W. H. McDade and H. After a few of spoke on the and the establishing factory in

Hon. Mr. La call, spoke at the should have a money on hand. The cash return at first, and for vision should be Mr. Ferguson christ, answers regard to feed Ontario hogs weight at an half cent per speak of his visit last week, who that he would try with 500 tons feel from Ottawa

W. W. Hubbard did not understand though there was a good said the farmer the pigs unless for them, and for the money factory. Hon. Mr. Em a request, spok commissioner of agly brood sow be importance of a with the result awakened cons was most im establishment of tory in this cit however, been taken to establish train he was a tian from three thousand each year, im this policy to propoerment was encouragement. The government ter before the the hold of it. H better way the in the establish factories than some good here conversations it leaves the s favorable to su was present fo ing informativ views of busine Dr. Gilchrist sued some time establishment of tory, and critic wards the doct of hogs, and p was no necessa tario for feed. farmers are as ket the hogs v a factory.

T. A. Peters, ture, on being not think the for the estab He was, howe some stock in W. S. Fisher within the pa establishment tory. Frank Flewelling, on bet

PORK PACKING.

The Meeting at the Board of Trade Rooms Friday Night.

Addresses by Premier Emmerston, Hon. Mr. Lablillois, Secretary Peters and Others.

A Committee Appointed to Confer With the Government on Establishing a Factory.

The meeting in the Board of Trade rooms last Friday in the interests of pork packing and pork raising was well attended. W. M. Jarvis presided, and among those present were Premier Emmerston, D. J. Purdy, M. P. F., Hon. C. H. Lablillois, T. A. Peters, W. M. Jarvis, Capt. Keast, T. S. Hall, D. R. Jack, T. L. Hay, E. Lantulum, C. E. Everest, John Purdy, F. L. Potts, W. S. Fisher, Dr. Gilchrist, James Pender, Dr. J. M. Smith, Dr. Frink, C. J. Osman, M. P. P. (Albert), J. G. Scovill, F. O. Allison, F. Coyne, J. A. MacIntyre, F. Flewelling, W. W. Hubbard, S. D. Scott, M. McDade and Hon. Wm. Pugsley.

After a few opening remarks by the chairman, George Robertson, M. P. F., spoke on the pork raising industry and the establishment of a pork packing factory in this city.

Hon. Mr. Lablillois, in response to a call, spoke at some length in favor of the establishment of a pork packing establishment in this city. J. Ferguson of Ontario, said it rested with the farmers to supply the right kind of hogs. If the farmers raise hogs, he must be assured that there will be a pork packing establishment. The conditions, he thought, were favorable for pork raising and pork packing in this province. He spoke of the feeding system in Ontario, and stated that in some sections hogs could be raised cheaper than in Ontario. Hogs enough to keep a factory in operation could be raised in this province, but if there was a scarcity there would be no trouble in getting a carload from Montreal in 24 hours. A corporation should not start with a small capital. Cash must be paid for the hogs and a company should have a considerable sum of money on hand to provide material. The cash returns will come in slow at first, and for this reason good provision should be made.

Mr. Ferguson, in reply to Dr. Gilchrist, answered several questions in regard to feeding hogs. He said in Ontario hogs could be sold, live weight, at an average of four and a half cents per pound. Mr. Ferguson spoke of his visit to Middleton, N. S., last week, where a farmer told him that he would supply the pork factory with 500 hogs a year, getting his feed from Ontario.

W. W. Hubbard thought farmers did not understand swine growing, although there were some farmers making a good show of clover. He said the farmers would not produce the hogs unless there was a market for them, and therefore it remained for the moneyed men to establish the factory.

Hon. Mr. Emmerston, in response to a request, spoke briefly. The commissioner of agriculture had frequently brought before his colleagues the importance of pork packing factories, with the result that the matter has awakened considerable interest. It was most important, the subject of establishment of a pork packing factory in this city. There have so far, however, been no practical steps taken to establish a factory. On the train he was conversing with a gentleman from Madawaska who sold three thousand dollars' worth of pork each year, imported from Ontario. This was only one man. He had no policy to propound so far as the government was concerned beyond the encouragement of raising of hogs. The government has brought the matter before the public, and it now remains for the business people to take hold of it. He did not know what better way the government could aid in the establishment of pork packing factories than in the importation of some good breeds of stock, and from conversations he had with his colleagues the government would be favorable to such an importation. He was present at the purpose of getting information and the views of business men and farmers.

Dr. Gilchrist read the circular issued some time ago in request to the establishment of a pork packing factory, and criticized the same. Afterwards the doctor spoke of the feeding of hogs, and pointed out that there was no necessity for sending to Ontario for feed. Just as soon as the farmers are assured there is a market the hogs will be forthcoming for a factory.

T. A. Peters, secretary for agriculture, on being called on said one good argument in favor of the establishment of a pork packing factory was that never had one failed. He said that at least after the first year all the hogs required would be forthcoming. In fact he was satisfied that Kings county alone would supply hogs enough for a St. John factory. James Pender was of the opinion that it would be a good idea for the board of trade to endeavor to get Slipp & Flewelling to establish a factory in conjunction with other gentlemen.

T. L. Hay said the last letter he had received from Mr. Packington stated that he offered to take stock up to ten thousand dollars. Mr. Hay did not think the prospects were favorable for the establishment of a factory. He was, however, willing to subscribe some stock in the company. W. S. Fisher spoke of the movement within the past two years for the establishment of a pork packing factory. Frank Flewelling, of Slipp & Flewelling, on being called on, said the

ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

The Celebrations in St. John, Fredericton and Elsewhere.

Large Processions in Montreal and Quebec - Leinster Regiment Attended Mass at St. Mary's, Halifax.

Green ribbons and shamrocks were much in evidence in the streets of St. John. The weather was cold and chilly, and far from favorable to outdoor enjoyment.

High mass was celebrated at the cathedral at 10 a. m., Rev. H. Cormier officiating, with Rev. A. O'Neill as deacon and Rev. A. W. Meahan as sub-deacon. His lordship the bishop was present and preached the sermon. Rev. F. McMurray was the preacher, taking his text from the Psalmist: The just shall always be had in remembrance. High mass was celebrated in St. Peter's church, Portland, at nine o'clock by Rev. J. Borgan, C. S. S. R., Rev. E. Cooper, C. S. S. R., deacon, and Rev. A. G. Smith, C. S. S. R., sub-deacon. Rev. A. G. Smith, C. S. S. R., preached from the Psalmist: The just shall always be had in remembrance. Rev. Chas. Collins celebrated high mass at St. Rose's church, Fairville, at 8 a. m., and delivered a panegyric on St. Patrick. In the church of St. John the Baptist at 10 o'clock Rev. W. O. Gagnier celebrated high mass and preached on the apostle of Ireland. Rev. J. J. O'Donovan officiated at high mass in the Church of the Assumption, Carleton. At 7.30 o'clock Rev. J. J. Walsh celebrated high mass in Holy Trinity church.

The entertainment held last evening in St. Peter's hall, north end, under the direction of Rev. Father Feeny, the proceeds of which will be given to the support of the orphans, was a very successful affair, the attendance being large. After an opening chorus by St. Peter's choir and a solo by Miss Tomney, Rev. Fr. Feeny in a few appropriate remarks introduced Dr. McInerney, who delivered an eloquent and patriotic address. At the conclusion of Dr. McInerney's address an excellent musical and literary programme was given, those who took part being Mrs. Andrew Moore, Mrs. Alexander McMullin, Jr., Miss Nellie Keirwin, Wm. Murphy, Hugh Campbell and Edw. Moriarty. The piano, which was kindly loaned by Messrs. Flood, was operated by Miss Kate Moriarty, Miss Alex. McMullin, Jr., and Henry Turner.

The opera house was crowded last Friday, when the Young Men's Society of St. Joseph, on the patriotic drama, 'The Rebel of '98,' for the benefit of the Roman Catholic orphans. It was an excellent performance for amateurs, and the good work of each one in the cast was enthusiastically applauded. The cast of characters was as follows:

Donal McMurrough, a young Irish Patriot, Hugh McMurrough, his son, H. Pauley, Clarence, Hugh's son, Major C. Condon, Lord Edward Fitzgerald, the Irish Leader, Michael Dwyer, a Wicklow Chieftain, Arthur O'Riordan, a member of the O'Riordan family, M. Moore, M. Moore's son, M. Moore's daughter, M. Moore's wife, M. Moore's mother, M. Moore's father, M. Moore's grandfather, M. Moore's grandmother, M. Moore's great-grandfather, M. Moore's great-grandmother, M. Moore's great-great-grandfather, M. Moore's great-great-grandmother, M. Moore's great-great-great-grandfather, M. Moore's great-great-great-grandmother, M. Moore's great-great-great-great-grandfather, M. Moore's great-great-great-great-grandmother.

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AT FREDERICTON. MEMORACOOK, March 17.—St. Patrick's day was celebrated in St. Dunstan's church this morning by Rev. Father Ireland's patron saint. Special music was rendered by the choir.

The A. O. H. society of this city are to be congratulated on the splendid entertainment given under their auspices in St. Dunstan's hall tonight. The building was crowded to the doors, and standing room was a premium. The programme was a lengthy one, but every number received hearty applause. Besides the best local talent, solos were rendered by Miss Julia Lawlor of St. John, Miss Gibson and C. H. Hitt of Marysville and Mrs. Brewer of Woodstock.

AT MEMORACOOK. MEMORACOOK, March 17.—St. Patrick's day was celebrated in St. Dunstan's church this morning by Rev. Father Ireland's patron saint. Special music was rendered by the choir.

THE HE HAS APPEALED. HAMILTON, Ont., March 19.—Rev. Thomas Goughgan, rector of St. Peter's Anglican church, found guilty of immoral conduct and sentenced to suspension from the ministry for seven years, has appealed to the higher church courts.

Advertisement for 'The Beginning of HEALTH' for 25c, mentioning 'The trial size of ABNEY'S HYGIENIC BATH'.

PROVINCIAL NEWS.

COPE OF RIVERSIDE HAS BEEN LAID UP FOR SOME TIME. Dr. Chapman is in attendance.

About forty friends spent an enjoyable time at the home of D. W. Stuart, police magistrate, Riverside, one evening last week.

John A. Stiles, farmer and blacksmith, of Albert, will shortly move to the States.

Mount Pleasant Lodge, I. O. G. T., at the Hill has instituted a manuscript journal to be known as the Good Templar. Miss Edna M. West is editor in chief. The paper will appear monthly.

Peck's grist mill began operations this week.

Valentine Smith, a well known farmer, was taken suddenly ill at his home here today.—Robert McKormick is still in a very precarious condition.

WHITE'S COVE, Queens Co., March 17.—John D. Richardson and Bernard Kelly, each drove to Fredericton on Tuesday, returning the next day with loads of flour and oats.

Miss Gertrude McLaughlin, who took sick in the early part of the winter, and who seemed to be recovering during the last few weeks, has taken a relapse. She is being attended by Drs. Caswell and McDonald. Sidney Stewart and W. A. Ferris are suffering from the grippe.

During the last few days a large quantity of coal has been hauled from Newcastle by the farmers of this place.

On Wednesday, while Frederick Reese, son of Willard G. P. Reese, was coasting down a steep hill, he was thrown from his sled and badly cut and bruised about the head and face.

Word was received here yesterday of the death of Melvin Hendry of Lower Cambridge, after a short illness of Bright's disease. Mr. Hendry was a son-in-law of Mrs. Mary Ferris of this place and was highly esteemed by the whole community.

Mr. and Mrs. Burton A. Ferris will leave in the course of a few days for South Lubec, Maine, where they will accept positions offered them by W. M. Marston of that place.

UPHAM, Kings Co., March 16.—An order has been sent to the United States for a bill for St. Peter's Episcopal church. Most of the money has been secured, and the hope of the congregation is to have it in place to call the people to church on Easter morning.

Albert Upham, who has been in Providence, R. I., for some months, expects to move his family there in a short time. The farming stock implements and household furniture will be sold at public auction on April 4. The friends of Mrs. Gilbert Upham will be glad to know that she lately passed successfully through an operation for the removal of cancer. The operation was performed by Professor Bond of Halifax.

HAVERLOCK, Kings Co., March 17.—The train on the Haverlock and Elgin railway was cancelled yesterday owing to the severe storm. Two engines were required to clear the track this morning. The engine attached to the passenger train was disabled at Petticoat, but the reserve engine was attached to the train, which got through without further mishap.

Dr. Van Thorn, formerly of Haverlock, but now a resident of Woodbury, New York, was married on Friday, Feb. 24th, to Miss Anna Edwards of Woodhull. Dr. Thorne is a son of Dr. Bliss Thorne of this village.

Pownes & White of St. Martins, who are milling here, have closed operations at Hicks station, and are now sawing for C. I. Keith of Haverlock.

Amos Freeze, who has been severely ill for some weeks, has tasted no solid food and no liquid excepting a little water for over fifty days. He is apparently sinking fast.

Dr. Miles Thorne, whose life was despaired of, is recovering.

Dr. Bliss Thorne, recently performed the operation of thorotomy for emphysema on Percy Pribble, youngest son of Mrs. Maggie Pribble, with very satisfactory results.

Charles Cusack of Lower Ridge, employed by C. I. Keith, cut one of his feet severely today.

Wm. Hammons of Haverlock, Minas Springs arrived yesterday.

Bert Taylor is recovering from his illness.—Miss Jennie Thorne has taken charge of the Canadian road school.

A quantity of moose meat was sold at Canadian yesterday, seized by S. McDonald from parties who had violated the game law.

Mr. Laurier's announcement in regard to the plebiscite came to the temperance people of this village very much like the remark of an old gentleman in the vicinity, who said his hope did not weigh as much as he expected and he always thought they would not.

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THE NEW YORK PIGEON SERVICE.

Birds to be Trained in New York and Havre and Carried on Steamers.

HAYRE, March 15.—The General Transatlantic Company proposes to develop its carrier pigeon service, following the experiments which were carried on aboard the steamer La Bretagne some months ago. The birds will be trained here and in New York.

Vessels of the company outward bound from this port will release pigeons after passing the Scilly Islands, and when approaching New York it is calculated that the latter birds will announce the coming of the liners twelve hours earlier than the Fire Island and Sandy Hook observers. The service will begin during the current month, and it is estimated that when it is developed communication between the land and the steamers of the company will be interrupted for less than five days.

INJURED IN THE WOODS. Frank Donnelly of British street, who had been working in the woods with a crew of lumbermen near St. Martins, has been brought home, suffering from the effects of a severe accident. He was chopping in the woods and had the tree he was working on ready to fall. He moved back to the trunk of the tree and it fell, so he returned to see what was the matter. Just then the tree fell and Donnelly was struck on the head and shoulder by a limb and knocked unconscious. The injured man is badly cut about the head, and it is feared he is injured internally.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

CAPTAIN LEE'S APPOINTMENT.

(Philadelphia Evening Post.) The recent determination of the British government to create the permanent office of military attaché to its embassy at Washington and to make Captain Arthur E. Lee, of the Royal Artillery the first incumbent was a particularly timely act.

Captain Lee is an experienced campaigner, a former professor of military topography at the Royal Military college at Kingston, Canada, an officer of keen discrimination, and a gentleman who has made a multitude of friends in the United States. His behavior throughout the Santiago campaign won him the esteem of the united regular and volunteer armies, and his glowing tributes to the quality of the American soldier, both in official reports and in magazine articles, will insure for him most cordial treatment in his new office.

A pleasing personality is reflected in his reports on the quick work of the Americans in Cuba. He made himself a part of the American army, and his liberal use of "we," "us," "our," and other intimate parts of speech established a solid friendship with officers and men alike.

THE HE HAS APPEALED. HAMILTON, Ont., March 19.—Rev. Thomas Goughgan, rector of St. Peter's Anglican church, found guilty of immoral conduct and sentenced to suspension from the ministry for seven years, has appealed to the higher church courts.

THE BEGINNING OF HEALTH

25c

The trial size of ABNEY'S HYGIENIC BATH is on the market at the above price. It has been so put up to enable everyone to try this wonderful health-giving preparation. Of all druggists. Large bottles 50 cents.

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2

ADVERTISING RATES.

\$1.00 per inch for ordinary transient advertising. For Sale, Wanted, etc., 50 cents each insertion.

Special contracts made for time advertisements. Sample copies cheerfully sent to any address on application.

The subscription rate is \$1.00 a year, but if 75 cents is sent IN ADVANCE the paper will be sent to any address in Canada or United States for one year.

SUN PRINTING COMPANY, ALFRED MARKEAM, Manager.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN

ST. JOHN, N. B., MARCH 22, 1899.

A QUESTION OF PORK.

It appeared to be agreed at the meeting last evening that a pork-packing establishment in this city would be a safe investment if the regular supply of pigs were a certainty.

Some difficulties are found in establishing these statements. The farmers are naturally in favor of additional pork-packing establishments. They cannot lose but are liable to increased competition on the part of purchasers.

There is no question as to the capacity of the New Brunswick farmers to send more hogs to market. The farmers of Ontario supply the home need.

In addition they supply to the foreign market some three or more hogs for each farmer in the province. At that rate our 40,000 farmers should be supplying the home market and shipping to Europe \$5,000,000 or \$6,000,000 worth of hog products each year.

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The farmer in the eastern provinces is decidedly conservative. He does not readily or without strong reasons abandon the methods that he has pursued in the past.

The experience of the local packers ought to have its proper weight in determining this question, but it must not be pressed too far.

well something else. Last year the single county of Kings sold many times the quantity of cheese that was made in the whole province at the beginning of this decade.

We should suppose also that the prospect of selling hogs alive would be an inducement to the farmer to raise more. Pig killing on the farm is an unpleasant job.

GREAT BRITAIN AND ITALY. The report that Italy is likely to hand over her possessions in East Africa to Great Britain in return for favors in Asia may not be true, but it is at least interesting.

The provincial governments and legislatures are following Mr. Tarte with the same docility that they showed in following Mr. Mercer.

The Rev. J. M. Dawson of the Nova Scotia conference says that the prohibitionists were outgeneraled by the government in the prohibition matter.

A YOUNG SHEDIAK LAWYER GOES WEST. The friends of Herbert McAdams, attorney at law, who starts for Vancouver, British Columbia, this week, gave him a "send off" at the wedding house, Shediac, last Friday night.

ANNAPOLIS. Vered to Build a New School House—Building and Shipping News.

ANNAPOLIS, N. S., March 17.—The election for the borrowing of \$10,000 to build a new school house resulted in the casting of one hundred and eight votes for that object and seven against.

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War of Extermination Against the English Sparrow. Westmorland and Albert County People Figure in an East Boston Surprise Party.

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MANCHESTER'S TONIC Condition Powder. A Preparation put up by qualified Veterinary Surgeons and compounded from the purest drugs and best chemicals to be obtained in either Great Britain or America.

Wilnot, Clyde Steeves and Miss Eva Patterson. While New Brunswick did not do what was expected of it to make the provincial representation at the New York sportsmen's show more complete, yet the exhibit from New Brunswick made a favorable impression.

IN RESPECTFUL MEMORY. A beautiful floral arrangement, consisting of carnations, hyacinths, ferns, lilies, etc., was forwarded to the bereaved family.

SATURDAY'S AUCTION SALES. At Chubb's corner W. A. Lockhart sold 400 shares of Gold King mining stock at \$27.75 per share.

TOM GRAY'S DIARY OF ACQUAINTANCES AND DRINKS. (From St. Louis Globe-Democrat.) As carefree and happy a life as Tom Gray lived, he was methodical in the extreme.

MONCTON. Death of Mrs. H. E. Kinnear at Providence. The mail steamer, Leinster, Capt. Dunlop, sailed yesterday afternoon for Liverpool via Halifax.

THE RING. P. J. Hanlon has just filed a long felt want by the name of his "Boxing Battles of St. John, Boreas, at Home and Abroad," which contains complete and reliable records of St. John's leading pugilists.

WINTER PORT MATTERS. Str. London City sailed Saturday from London for this port via Halifax.

Some of Our Students. ARE ALREADY ENGAGED and will work as soon as these studies are completed. Offers some of their very bright and capable, will be ready to work shortly.

Our store order GENT GENT SHA. The Harland Carleton Co. has the 1,540,418 pound the province manufactured 83 than half of the course Carleton order, but our those of Kings been shipped home and fed to tain the return \$2.50 and \$3.50 a Geo. S. deFries almost controlled class B.A. with Union Blend, sweeping every grades of this is after the key

LOCAL MATTERS.

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Rev. T. J. DeMunnick has accepted a call to the Exmouth street Methodist church.

James Collins is showing some fine samples of Siberian, Early Godland and Bohemian Seed oats, also other seeds, at his store, Union street.

From Amherst comes the same story as from Moncton, that pigs are too few for the needs of the packers.—Moncton Transcript.

John Hughes of Woodstock has just returned from Carleton Place, where he had two cancers successfully removed from his lip.

On Thursday last, in a severe snow storm, H. R. McLean drove from Truro to Sheet Harbor, N. S., a distance of sixty miles.

J. & R. McLeod of Black River have had their portable mill working all winter and have manufactured about a million feet of deals. Their crews have got out something like a million and a half of logs this winter.

A special despatch to the Sun from Victoria, B. C., states that the congregation of Calvary Baptist church on Thursday night extended a unanimous call to the Rev. J. A. Gordon of St. John, N. B.

The Rev. Wm. Harrison, Methodist, has been invited back to Bathurst for a fifth year. It is likely he will accept.

The Royal Gazette contains the appointment of Robert Morrison as judge of probate for the county of the estate of Finmore of the county of Sussex.

The tug Fanny, owned by Mrs. Bartholomew Driscoll and Captain Hawkins, has been sold to A. B. Holly. The purchase price was in the vicinity of \$2,000.

The Bishop of Fredericton held a conference at St. John's church last night, when twenty-eight candidates were presented by the rectors, twelve males and sixteen females. A large congregation was present.

St. Andrew's congregation, Chatham, at a recent meeting decided to spend over \$3,000 in improvements on their church property during the coming summer. The expenditure should make St. Andrew's church, says the World, one of the finest and most comfortable in the synod to which it belongs.

Eleven burial permits were granted during the week ending March 19th for deaths resulting from the following causes: Pneumonia, 3; cancer, 1; influenza, 1; consumption, 1; heart failure, 1; organic heart disease, 1; tubercular meningitis, 1; intestinal obstruction, 1; inflammation of bowels, 1.

Now we know why the s.s. Castilian was wrecked. A correspondent telegraphs after an interview with Capt. Barrett, that when breakers were discovered on the starboard bow the helm was put hard a-port. The officers of the ship have cause for a libel suit, or else they will stand a poor chance to escape punishment. Just fancy porting the helm with breakers on the starboard bow, and weep!—Chatham Advance.

Jeremiah McCarthy, who for a long time has been engaged in the international freight trade, died on Sunday, aged 65 years, leaving four sons and four daughters to mourn the loss of a kind and affectionate father. Mr. McCarthy was a native of Roscarbery, County Cork, Ireland, and came to St. John when a mere lad. He was held in high regard by a large circle of friends and acquaintances.

The Hartland Advertiser remarks: Carleton Co. isn't half bustling. Of the 1,540,418 pounds of cheese made in the province last year Kings Co. manufactured \$34,405 pounds, or more than half of the total output. Of course Carleton county comes next in order, but our resources are equal to those of Kings. If the hay that has been shipped away had been kept at home and fed to milk stock it is certain the return would be greater than \$2.50 and \$3.50 a ton.

Geo. S. deForest & Sons, who have almost controlled the trade for high class tea with their 40c grade of Union Blend, are now apparently sweeping everything with the new grades of this famous tea. Everybody is after the keys.

William T. Drysdale of Woodstock, N. B., has been appointed collector of customs.

The town council of Dorby has decided to tax Jewish traders \$20 per week, payable in advance.

Robert Hendry, aged 35, a native of Belledune, N. B., died in Vancouver, B. C., on the 17th inst. He went west in 1889.

J. R. McDonald of New York arrived in Moncton on Saturday. He is to look over the canal coal deposits at Bathurst, Albert Co., and expects to start operations at an early day.

Rev. John Goldsmith has received and accepted the unanimous invitation of the Alberton, P. E. I., Methodist official board to remain for a fourth year.

The Tourist Association has elected W. S. Fisher, president; C. H. Warwick, first vice-president; C. E. Leachier, second vice-president; and D. W. McCormick, treasurer. Mayor Sears, George Robertson, M. P. P., and D. J. McLaughlin, president of the Board of Trade, have been made honorary members.

Cape Breton is receiving marked attention from the public in general throughout Canada, says the North Sydney Herald. Capitalists are beginning to find out her great mineral wealth, which heretofore was unknown. With the probable establishment of the iron works, the operating Newfoundland business in Cape Breton; and one or more railroads, and the development of large coal areas in Inverness; a large fresh fish trade for Richmond county; an extensive pulp industry for Victoria county; great things are anticipated.

F. D. Miles, the local representative of D. D. Glasgow & Son, the well known river tow boat people, has returned from a visit to New Glasgow that had to do with the building of a powerful tug for Messrs. Glasgow. The Nova Scotia builders, it seems, cannot deliver the boat in the time asked by Messrs. Glasgow, and consequently an agreement has been reached to the "ability" of the contractor to deliver a boat in the time required will probably result in Messrs. Glasgow retaining one of their present tugs and postponing the order for a bigger boat for some months.

Schooner Chieftain, Capt. S. Tufts, arrived on Monday from Alaska with goods from last Sunday until Thursday the bay around Alma was full of ice. It was packed so close that a horse and sled could pass over it. The ice moved off, and Capt. Tufts put to sea. He was forced to put back and anchor under Point Wolfe on Saturday. Schooners Miranda, B. Esler, C. and Westfield, which left the same time as the Chieftain, probably sought shelter at Herring Cove or some other small port.

ANNIE BURGESS

Was Lodged in Prison Last Night by Officer Greer.

After Having Been Caught in an Attempt to Obtain Money by False Pretences.

Between nine and ten o'clock last night Officer Greer of the northern division, arrested Miss Annie Burgess, a young lady who gives her age as 21 and claims Nova Scotia as her native province, on a charge of obtaining money under false pretences. That at least it how it is stated on the police books.

Miss Burgess secured \$10 from Jacob Myers, who conducts a large dry goods store on Main street, and \$5 from Sing Lee, the proprietor of a laundry on Paradise row. The gentleman from China was successfully worked some ten days ago, and this, the police assume, probably encouraged the lady in question to start operations on a little larger scale. Last evening she entered Myers' store, and producing some notes asked to have a ten dollar bill changed, and on receiving the money offered a bill in exchange. As she started for the door the clerk turned the note over, and instead of the usual ornamentation read an advertisement for an oil concern.

It took but a second or so to prevent Miss Burgess leaving the store, and another minute to call the officer who after hearing the story took his prisoner to the central station, where she gave the above information as to herself, and also stated that she boarded at the Halifax house.

Her room was at once searched and a number of the bills in question found. They were in two denominations, five and ten dollar bills. The Chinaman's story, which is similar to the above, has been known to the police for some time, and they have little doubt that Miss Burgess is the person who fooled the Oriental.

DEATH OF MRS. WEDDERBURN. Mrs. Wedderburn, wife of Judge Wedderburn, died at Hampton on Thursday night after a brief illness. Mrs. Wedderburn was a native of St. John, a daughter of the late C. C. Vaughan, a well known builder. Her children were Elizabeth, E. V. Wedderburn of the Princess Louise Fusilliers, Mrs. George A. Fraser and two unmarried daughters. Mrs. Wedderburn was an estimable lady, and her death will be regretted by a wide circle of acquaintances.

The funeral of Mrs. Wedderburn took place at Hampton yesterday. The remains were taken to St. Mary's chapel, where a short service was held. Rev. Mr. Dickenson officiating, after which the funeral cortege proceeded to the Rural cemetery, where the interment was made. The remains were laid to rest beside those of her son, Edward, who died some four years ago. Here the services of kind friends and acquaintances were read, and the choir sang several hymns. There was a large attendance of mourners.

Mrs. Matilda Campbell of Milkish, a highly respected resident, died on Monday after a long and severe illness in the seventy-third year of her age. Deceased was a widow and leaves several sons and daughters.

Mrs. H. W. Barker passed peacefully away Sunday, after an illness of almost a year's duration. She was 73 most estimable woman, beloved by all who knew her. The sympathy of the entire community will be extended to Mr. Barker in his sad bereavement.

GRAND MANAN. Want a Public Wharf and Dock Near Woodward's Cove.

GRAND MANAN, N. B., March 17.—The Government engineer will arrive from Ottawa shortly to look over a few sites for breakwaters on the island. Grand Manan is surely entitled to some little consideration at the hands of the government at Ottawa, and it is at present being considered a scheme on foot to build a public wharf and small dock near Woodward's Cove, so that the fishing will be enabled to touch at some point nearer the centre of population on the island than North Head. It is a project which should meet with public approval and success.

On the 11th instant a birthday party was given to Miss Bets Newton, eldest daughter of G. P. Newton of New Brunswick, Grand Harbor, in honor of her sixteenth birthday, by her aunt, Miss Bessie Newton, and also by Isaac Newton. A number of her little friends were handsomely entertained and spent a most enjoyable evening, all uniting in wishing their young hostess many happy returns of the day.

Rev. Irvin D. Harvey, Free Baptist, has commenced a series of meetings at Grand Manan.

The millinery shop of Mrs. Henry E. Fraser at Woodward's Cove was badly gutted by fire on the 14th inst. The contents of the store were destroyed.

The anniversary of the organization of the Free Baptist church at Grand Harbor occurs on the 9th proximo. The organizer of the church, Rev. J. N. Barnes, expected here, and Revs. B. Nobles and I. D. Harvey will also take part in the services, as well as Miss Bessie Newton, evangelist. There will be a covenant meeting and roll call first. A silver collection will be taken at each meeting.

J. Willard Smith has returned from Boston and New Bedford, where he has been looking after the repair of the scho. Avalon and Hazelwood.

CARDS FOR 1899. 20 Sample Sheets for Free. 100 Cards for 75c. 250 Cards for \$1.50. 500 Cards for \$3.00. 1000 Cards for \$6.00. 2000 Cards for \$12.00. 5000 Cards for \$30.00. 10000 Cards for \$60.00. 25000 Cards for \$150.00. 50000 Cards for \$300.00. 100000 Cards for \$600.00. 250000 Cards for \$1500.00. 500000 Cards for \$3000.00. 1000000 Cards for \$6000.00.

CLOTHING SALESMEN WANTED.



We want one good man in every town and village in New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island to solicit orders for our special line of Men's Suits. No experience necessary. No capital required. No time lost. You can do our work during spare hours and make money. We furnish a line of samples and stationery, directions for taking measures, tape measure, a tailor's complete outfit ready to commence business.

There is no reason why you should not add to your income a snug sum each year working for us.

You run no risk. You simply take the orders and send them to us. We guarantee fit and wear and stand back of every garment we make until it has done its full duty to the wearer.

You are put in the way of taking orders from almost every man in your community; it is a business better than a store. You have no rent to pay, no losses to bear. You simply sell the goods and collect your profit.

For some years we have had special agents in several small towns of from 300 to 800 inhabitants, who have been very successful in taking orders and who have built up quite a substantial business for themselves.

We are now extending these special agencies and desire one good man to represent us in every town in the Maritime Provinces.

We will be glad to hear from any ambitious young man who desires to increase his income. His success at this may be the starting point of an eventful career. This little experience may lead up to something more substantial.

The outfit of samples consists of a very complete line of black worsteds and blue serges and stripe trousseurs that represent the product of the prominent English and Scotch weavers. We have already won a enviable reputation for producing special values in Blacks and Blues, and our present samples with which we propose to introduce our idea of value giving into new territory surpass by far the efforts heretofore put forth.

Fill out the following blank spaces carefully, sign your name and send to us, and we will send the outfit of samples at once.

Form for requesting samples, including fields for name, address, and marital status.

Address your letters plainly to

Scovil Bros. & Co., St. John, N. B.

5,000 Bushels Oats! Siberian and Early Godland Seed Oats, also Ontario and Provincial.

Canadian and Western Timothy, Clover, Corn, Peas, Turnips, and Garden Seeds.

JAMES COLLINS, 208 and 210 Union Street, St. John, N. B.

HARRY LYNCH DEAD. MISSOULA, March 12.—Harry Lynch, a native of Canada, thirty years of age, died today at the Sisters' hospital, after a brief illness. Deceased was one of the well known Lynch brothers, of whom there are three, one residing at Bonner and one at Anacosta, and who are now here to be in attendance at the funeral, which will occur from the Catholic church Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock, and to which friends and acquaintances are invited.

THE MEANING OF IT. Why is England increasing her army? France is submissive to her, Russia deferentially polite, and Germany expresses warm friendship towards Abion. The United States are signing for an alliance with her. Why, then, increase the army? The answer is plain. England is intent on an aggressive policy, on the conquest of all Africa, and the establishment of a still more colossal colonial empire. England wants to "boss" and bully the whole world. That is the meaning of it all.—Extradict, Vienna.

MOANING AT A WEDDING. What is described as a "typical mountain wedding" took place near Batesville, Virginia, a few days ago, when Miss Estelle Clemmons became Mrs. Ben Luthers. About one hundred guests were present. A rejected suitor of Miss Clemmons was among the guests, conspicuous by a broad band of orange worn on his arm. During the ceremony the lifted man and his sympathizers expressed their sense of bereavement by low, sorrowful moaning.—New York Tribune.

Annual Meeting of the Farmers' and Dairy-men's Association of New Brunswick, will be held at Fredericton on 22nd, 29th, and 30th March inst., opening at 3 p.m. on the 22nd.

All Agricultural Societies and local dealers' Associations have expected to send delegates to this meeting. Everyone interested in agriculture is eligible for membership. Reduced fares on all railways.

Everyone going to the meeting, over the I.C.P.R. and Atlantic & St. Lawrence & Harvey will be able to purchase tickets at a special rate.

The Canada Eastern and Central railways will sell round trip tickets at single fare, subject to the usual conditions, and the other roads will after setting out the ticket to deliver accept a certificate of attendance at the meeting for his return fare.

Tickets may be purchased at all I.C.P.R. stations direct for Fredericton, and at C.P.R. agent at Fredericton, and at other stations on starting point. They will expire at St. John.

FARM FOR SALE. Situated in the parish of Grand Manan, N.B., containing two hundred acres, more or less, in a good state of cultivation, capable of producing between 20 and 30 tons of hay, also a large quantity of clover, and a plentiful supply of water for the same. There is a good dwelling house (nearly new), with a good kitchen, and a barn, and a carriage house and a lot of excellent wood, in the house and at the farm. Conveyed to the said farm is a lot of wood land, about 20 acres, well timbered with hard and soft wood.

The above property will be sold for cash, or on easy terms. For particulars apply to the premises of W. F. BRITAIN, Springfield, K. Co.

WANTED. The New Brunswick Tourist Association is prepared to purchase suitable photos of New Brunswick scenery, including camping and sporting views. Each photo must be enclosed with title of scene, view of photo and photographer's name and address. The Association will select such photos as are suitable and purchase same at a liberal price. Those not required will be returned with charge prepaid. Address: Secretary New Brunswick Tourist Association, St. John, N. B.

Advertisement for General Dry Goods and Gentlemen's Furnishings at very lowest prices. Includes Sharp & McMackin, 355 Main Street, North End.

Advertisement for clothing and general goods, including Scovil Bros. & Co., James Collins, and other local businesses.

HESSE CASE

Now On Trial in the St. John Circuit Court.

Dr. R. F. Quigley Opened the Plaintiff's Case to the Jury.

J. Morris Robinson, Vice-President of the Street Railway Company, the First Witness Placed on Stand.

The Hesse case is attracting a great deal of attention, and all day Friday there was quite a large number of spectators in attendance at the court house.

Mr. Palmer read an answer to the challenge and an affidavit from Dr. Quigley in which it was stated that the record of the court was withdrawn at the January circuit.

The next day Dr. Quigley moved the court to make the case a remanet, and Mr. McLean opposed it. After argument Dr. Quigley said he would withdraw the record. The record never was out of the witness's possession.

Mr. Palmer contended that as long as the record was not taken away it was not withdrawn. After a discussion on this Judge Vanwart decided that the practice of the court was that if it was merely said in open court that the record was withdrawn as to the notices he got to summon Jurors.

At 12 o'clock the question was still being argued. Mr. Palmer was willing to take the consequences of the judge's ruling, and Mr. Pugsley wanted the judge in case he decided in favor of the special jury to reserve leave for the defendant to enter a non-suit in case the full court decided against the validity of the jury.

Finally Judge Vanwart said he would consider the point briefly and would give his decision at two o'clock. When the court reopened in the afternoon Mr. Palmer said he was willing to agree to Mr. Pugsley's proposition to have the case tried by the petit jury instead of the special jury.

The jury was sworn as follows: C. T. Gillespie, W. C. Campbell, Robert Seelye, R. Ward Thorne, G. Gordon Boyne, Herbert Schofield and Joseph W. Hazenbush. Not a single challenge was made.

Mr. Palmer then asked as to the return of the commission. He wanted to know what his honor would do about it.

Dr. Pugsley said defendants had not the commission in their possession, and the matter stood until it arises again during the trial.

Dr. R. F. Quigley, Q. C., opened the plaintiff's case to the jury. The defendants were common carriers of passengers for reward. The law cast upon them, therefore, the duty of carrying safely, with the highest degree of care and skill. To begin with, it would be necessary that the car itself should be in perfect condition; also that the power should be adequate and under proper control, and that there should be for that purpose brakes and other proper appliances in perfect condition. It would be shown that all these conditions had been violated, and he would show by overwhelming evidence that the defendants and their servants had full knowledge of all that was improper and defective. To Prof. Hesse, maimed and destroyed as he was, it did not matter whether it was the conductor or motorman who was responsible for the accident. But it was of importance that it should be known whether the employees were given proper brakes to control their cars or not.

The defendants were a successful company, making large returns, so that their stock sold at 145. If with this they had been converting their cars into death traps it was a matter for the gravest consideration of the citizens all of whom were invited to use the railway and to be exposed to these hidden dangers.

On 17th July last Prof. Hesse, with Rev. Father Rattery and Jerome McSorley, left the Royal hotel, boarded car No. 41 at German street. At the foot of King street the whole brake gear gave way and the power of control over it ceased. Yet the conductor and motorman, who knew all this, allowed the passengers to remain and invited others to come on board. They ran rapidly up Dock street with accelerated speed, and on reaching the crest of the hill, plunged down with lightning speed. There was another report, the power of the motor, to check the car in its course. Yet that also was out of order, and the motorman trying to utilize it, found that it was defective. There was still another way to avoid the difficulty, by using the direct power from the power house. This, too, was said to have been out of order at that time. This combination of circumstances left the

passengers to the effect of chance. Two passengers got off on Dock street, one saying that it was too hot for him. Then the car went wild down Mill street. Prof. Hesse, about the crossing of the I. C. R., looking for a means of safety, took hold of the upright iron bar and put his left foot on the side step. He then thought the car would topple over. At the curve into Main street the car jumped the rails and went straight for Harding's shop. On striking the curb-stone the professor's hold was broken, and he was dashed to the sidewalk, breaking the bones of his leg so that they protruded through the trousers.

He was then picked up and taken to the hospital. What could be done for him was done there, and the counsel sent a letter to the company, at once, upon this subject, asking them to co-operate in advising upon the medical aspect of the case. The reply, while denying liability, appointed Dr. T. D. Walker to co-operate with Dr. Broderick, the plaintiff's surgeon. All were anxious to save the plaintiff's foot if possible. Dr. T. D. Walker strongly resisted the amputation of the foot. In consequence of that further consultations were held and every effort was made to save the foot, even to causing excruciating suffering and agony. On the 24th August to save Prof. Hesse's life, blood-poisoning being imminent, the foot was amputated. When danger to life had passed the company asked that compensation should be made, but of this the defendants took no notice.

Therefore a suit was instituted, and the next question was one of damages. Apart from physical loss, the plaintiff had been struck down amidst strangers. The elements of pain, medical expenses, loss of income in the past and prospective loss of income for the remainder of his life, together with the subsidence and vexation of this suit, made up his claim for compensation.

The remainder of the opening was a discussion of the various steps which had been taken for the obtaining of commissions and the taking of evidence. Dr. Quigley alleged, done for the purpose of delay, and the fact of the commission not being produced by the defendant was contended was evidence of their want of sincerity in obtaining it.

J. Morris Robinson, vice-president of the company, was first called and examined by A. L. Palmer, Q. C.

The present, James Ross, lived in Montreal. Witnesses and Matthew Nelson were the only officers in St. John. There was an examination as to the cause of the accident. It was held at the company's office. Neilson, McLean, Brown, the conductor, motorman and witness were present. Witnesses knew nothing personally of the construction of the cars. Did not know whether statements were taken down in writing or not. Could not say about a report. Thought there must have been a report made to the head office of the company.

Mr. Palmer called for the report under a notice to produce. Dr. Pugsley explained that no report could be found at St. John, as they were in Mr. Nelson's possession. When he returned if he had it it could be produced.

His honor ruled that the paper must be produced. Witness did not take any statements down in writing. Thought Neilson took down some notes. There was no report.

Judge McLean's order to return commissions was served on witness, and brought to witness. It was then sent to Mr. McLean. Had taken interest in the case. Was ill when this paper came. Really did not know anything about the contents of the paper.

The long letter, afterwards published in the newspapers, was delivered to witness. It was now in the company's office.

The letter was then produced, and objection taken by Dr. Pugsley to its admission in evidence. Ruled out on the ground that plaintiff could not make evidence by writing a letter to defendants.

"Know" that Prof. Hesse through Dr. Quigley was claiming compensation for injury, and that he offered facilities for making enquiries as to his earning power, etc. Made enquiries personally; went to superintendent of Street Railroad in Providence, Mr. Potter; also to president of Hospital Trust Co., enquired as to what kind of music dealer he was; was referred to a music dealer who was an organist. Dr. Eckels was the name.

Adjoined until this morning at 10 o'clock.

There was a good attendance at the Hesse case on Saturday morning, when the examination of Mr. Robinson was continued by Mr. Palmer. The directors of the Street Railway, he said, are James Ross of Montreal, Wm. Barnhill, H. P. Timmerman, R. B. Emerson, James Manchester, H. H. McLean and J. J. Tucker of St. John. Mr. Nelson is manager, Mr. Brown electrician, Mr. Roberts car inspector, and Mr. Irvine has charge of the material in the power house. When the present company acquired the property, new cars were purchased. Witness did not know whether the old trucks were used or not. Continuing, the witness told of his visit to Providence after the accident, and his efforts to ascertain the position of Prof. Hesse as an organist.

A spirited argument here took place between the opposing counsel as to the admissibility of certain letters which passed between Dr. Quigley and the company. Mr. Pugsley accused Mr. Palmer of seeking to get the contents of these letters before the court, and then not taking the responsibility of putting them in as evidence. Mr. Palmer retorted that if Mr. Pugsley would withdraw his objection to their admission he would soon see whether the witness was afraid to put them in as evidence. The judge ruled against one letter and allowed one. In cross-examination by Mr. Pugsley, the witness said Mr. Nelson was a careful, prudent man and well adapted to his position. Mr. Brown had large experience and came to the company well recommended. The same can be said of the other men.

There have been very few accidents on the road since the company started. During 1898 witness thought over one million passengers were carried. There were no other accidents of importance in 1898 than that to Prof. Hesse. The company appointed Dr. T. D. Walker to assist Dr. Broderick in the case of Prof. Hesse at the hospital, and was willing to do what it could for Prof. Hesse while ill. They were not willing to do this because they admitted any legal liability.

Re-examined by Mr. Palmer, witness said the majority of stockholders live in St. John. As to the stock, four-fifths was held in St. John at the time of the amalgamation of the company. Mr. Van Horne and Mr. Rice own the remaining six-tenths. The stock has been selling at various premiums. The highest it sold for was at \$155. Witness could not tell what it was selling for in June and July last year. Recently it has been selling at \$150. The car, Mr. Hesse was injured in was owned by the company and was being run by them at the time of the accident.

Fred Z. Fowler was next examined. He said he was an amateur photographer, and took a photograph of the accident about five minutes after the accident occurred.

The picture was here produced and put in evidence. George Coyte, grinder in Parks' cotton mill, was next examined. He was a witness of the accident and described what took place. He saw the car jump the track, the wheels strike the curbstone and Prof. Hesse thrown out. The car was going very quickly, and he was making quite a noise. As the car approached the sidewalk he stepped back on the sidewalk. Witness saw a gentleman in the car standing upright, holding on to something upright. When the wheels struck the curb the gentleman was thrown out and struck the sidewalk. Witness was only a couple of feet away at the time. Dr. Fricker came along and took the foot of the injured man. The bone was protruding through the flesh.

Prof. Hesse was taken into Chamberlain's and afterwards to the hospital. Cross-examined by Mr. Pugsley, the witness said he first saw Prof. Hesse before the car jumped the rail. Prof. Hesse did not jump from the car—he was thrown from it. As near as witness could see, Prof. Hesse struck first on the right knee. Witness saw no other persons thrown out of the car. He could not tell whether Prof. Hesse stood in the car or on the outside rail or step.

Continuing, witness said Dr. Quigley took his evidence down and gave him a copy. Witness read it over several times, but he could not tell how many times. He did not have the witness with him.

Re-examined by Mr. Palmer, witness said he had no doubt that Prof. Hesse was thrown out of the car and did not jump. As to the evidence he gave Dr. Quigley, the witness said he merely told his story to Dr. Quigley, who wrote it down. Dr. Quigley gave witness a copy of it, but he did not tell witness what to say.

To Mr. Pugsley the witness said he could not tell how much of the car was in the building.

Frederick McCaw, the next witness, also saw the accident, and described it in the same manner as the previous witness. Cross-examined by Mr. Pugsley, the witness said he could not tell whether the conductor jumped off the car or was thrown off.

The court was adjourned until 10:15 o'clock this morning.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

SEALSKIN SACQUES.

The collector of customs at Bangor has received a communication from Assistant Secretary W. B. Howell of the custom department, informing him that sealskin garments, properly of passengers arriving in the United States, may be imported under transit regulations. The communication was in reply to a letter forwarded by the collector from one of his deputies at Vancouver, inquiring as to the right of passengers to import seal-skin garments in sealed crates from McAdam Junction, just across from the line in New Brunswick, in charge of an express agent, to be delivered to the passengers on their exit from the United States, the object being, it is understood, to avoid any question as to seizure.

CASH DISCOUNTS INSTEAD OF TRADING STAMPS.

(Canadian Grocer.)

A retail firm of grocers, which, after an eight months' trial, has discontinued the use of trading stamps, has decided instead to give a discount of 3 per cent for cash.

As under the trading stamp and coupon systems, when a customer purchases goods to a certain value, the firm gives him a check, and when \$5 worth of these checks have been collected, the customer is entitled to 15c. worth of groceries.

CRUSHED TO DEATH

In the Intercolonial Freight Yard on Saturday Evening.

Sad Fate of Christopher Riley, a Bright and Winsome Lad of Nine Years.

On Saturday afternoon Chris. Riley, a lad of about ten years of age, met instant death while he and a few companions of about his own age were playing about the I. C. R. yard, imitating brakemen and otherwise sporting themselves unconscious of or indifferent to the deadly peril that their presence and actions invited. Saturday's accident was nothing but what all railway men shunting about the yard have expected every day, and which is bound to occur when little boys make free with moving cars, coal gondolas and shunting engines. That familiarity breeds contempt, was conclusively emphasized by Saturday's casualty, as the victim, with his companions continued playing about the cars even after they had been moved some little distance.

The accident occurred on the track between the old New Brunswick shed and what is known as the I. C. R. freight shed, about 4 o'clock in the afternoon, or half an hour before the fast express from Halifax entered the yard. A shunter with engineer Harry Como in charge, moved some flat cars from one shed down the track a bit. The boys were playing about these cars and when the shunter started to move them, the boys jumped on the track in front of the engine. Harry Como, while running along side the train, came upon young Riley's body and instantly gave the alarm. The boy was evidently dead when the train had reached the spot. Tender hands conveyed the body to the freight shed, where it was laid out. It was picked up. No external marks of any severity were visible. The body was limp and, as after examination proved, the injuries were internal, the boy's back being probably broken.

Coroner Berryman was at once summoned and after viewing the remains, ordered their removal to the home of the deceased father on Rock street, whether they were taken in the ambulance.

Dr. Walker was also called, but life was extinct, and he left the matter in the hands of the coroner, who will decide today as to the inquest, if he deems one necessary.

The deceased was a son of James Riley, an employe of Simms' brush factory, and was a bright youth, popular with friends and relatives. His sad end has prostrated his parents and cast a gloom over their household.

As to the actual facts connected with the accident, no one can tell but it is clear that young Riley was jammed or crushed to death. It was first thought that he might have been crushed between the cars and a landing projection from the freight shed, but this improbability of this occurrence was soon established, and it was generally admitted that the lad in jumping from the cars, had been caught between the draw bars in some way and his young and bright career suddenly terminated.

A STEAMSHIP LINE May Be Established Between Annapolis and Cuba.

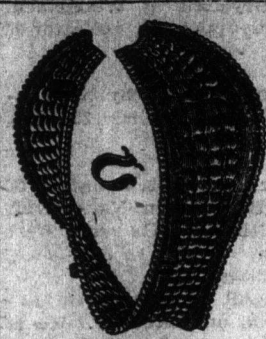
The Annapolis Spectator, in its last issue, says: A steamship line between this port and Cuba is now among the possibilities, and we see no reason why it should not be so. In the first place, we have facilities for docking vessels from 2,000 to 3,000 tons register. Then the chief exports of this section of Nova Scotia are apples, potatoes, hay, cattle, farm produce, lumber, fish, etc., for which (apples excepted) the West Indies and Cuba in particular, are the best markets. Following an inexorable law of commerce, that the ocean carrier will always go as near to the region of production of the exports of a country as she can safely get, lines of steamships are now being established from ports such as this to the best and natural markets for their productions.

Taking these facts into consideration, our enterprising townsman, T. S. Whitman, has been in communication with the Munson Steamship Line of New York, who wrote him under recent date as follows: "We are disposed to take up a steamship line from Annapolis, Royal, N. S., to all Cuba ports, and are likely offer a steamer shortly for cargo orders now pending. We will agree to have our steamers land cargo at Havana, Cardenas, Sagua, Cabarien, Nuevitas, Ibarra, Santiago de Cuba, Cienfuegos and Manzanilla, for comparatively small shipments."

Mr. Whitman, who is generally recognized as a knowing wharfman, speaks, says that not counting the large demand for spruce and pine lumber, Cuba is one of the largest and best paying markets in the West Indies for potatoes, and will take large quantities of farm products, such as hay, cheese, butter, lard, beef, mutton. Orders for all will come mostly through New York firms, if not direct from Cuba, once a line of steamships is established, and our products are introduced by sample shipments.

Mr. Whitman also advises our farmers to put in a large crop of potatoes, as Cuba will want all we can ship, at good prices, for years to come. The first steamer of this line will arrive here some time in May.

Capt. W. H. Smith, R. N. R., is still confined to the house by illness, and will not be able to take part in the official investigation of the loss of the steamers Castilian and Acadia. It is probable he will have to go north for the benefit of his health.—Halifax Echo.



HARNESS!

GREAT BARGAINS

Having been obliged to take a large lot of Harness for a debt, we will make a big sacrifice to close out the same.

25 Sets Nickel Mounted Harness at \$10 50, worth \$14.00  
20 " " " " " 11.75, worth 15.00  
10 " " " " " 14.00, worth 18.00

We carry a complete line of Horse Furnishing Goods, at low prices.

H. HORTON & SON, 11 Market Square, St. John, N. B.

THE MARKETS.

Revised Every Monday for the Weekly Sun.

Table of market prices for various goods including Beef, Lamb, Pork, Butter, etc.

Table of market prices for various goods including Codfish, Haddock, Mackerel, etc.

Table of market prices for various goods including Coffee, Java, etc.

Table of market prices for various goods including Flour, Meal, etc.

Table of market prices for various goods including Sugar, etc.

Table of market prices for various goods including Provisions, etc.

Table of market prices for various goods including Grain, Seeds, Hay, etc.

Table of market prices for various goods including Flour, Meal, etc.

Table of market prices for various goods including Fruit, etc.

Table of market prices for various goods including Flour, Meal, etc.

Table of market prices for various goods including Fruit, etc.

Table of market prices for various goods including Flour, Meal, etc.

Table of market prices for various goods including Fruit, etc.

Table of market prices for various goods including Cocoa, etc.

Table of market prices for various goods including Oil, etc.

Table of market prices for various goods including Freight, etc.

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THE BEAUTY

By Rev. Dr. George

And let the beauty of God be upon us.

We are all loved sometimes, unconsciously.

It would be fine to have a human nature, beauty of the one while that of the man.

It is not feature, but the face of the painter's brush.

It is not a face, but a face of a man, a face of a man.

It is not a face, but a face of a man, a face of a man.

It is not a face, but a face of a man, a face of a man.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

THE SARDINE TRUST IS FORMED

Final Arrangements Completed at Eastport on Friday.

Eastport, March 18.—C. H. Randall, representing a syndicate of Chicago capitalists, Friday concluded an arrangement whereby it is claimed 75 per cent of the entire sardine industry of the east will be controlled.

A syndicate of good faith that the money for the factories will be paid on or before that date.

The promoters of the syndicate claim to have contracts controlling the catch in nearly all the best fishing waters along the eastern Maine and New Brunswick shores for a term of years.

It is understood the price for the fish is 14 c. hoghead. The annual pack of the factories in the syndicate is 1,000,000 cases.

Julius Wolf of New York, and George Burnham of Portland are here, it is understood, in the interest of a second syndicate.

LUBEC GOLD CO.

Almost Ready to Settle Up—Over \$387,000 to Divide Among Stockholders.

BOSTON, March 17.—It is learned from the committee having in charge the settlement of the affairs of the Electrolytic Marine Salt Co. of Lubec, that an early dividend is expected to be declared to the stockholders.

All the outstanding stock of the company has been turned over to the committee with the exception of 21,600 shares, and it is expected that this stock will soon be deposited.

The committee has now in its possession \$387,000 outside of the company's plant and supplies. This amount includes \$75,000 which has been returned by Rev. P. E. Jernegan, who was at the head of the concern.

Mr. Jernegan returned this amount in securities selling at a premium of 125.00. There were \$20,000 Chicago, Burlington and Quincy bonds and \$35,000 Rio Grande and Western bonds.

GUILTY OF MURDER.

WENNEBEG, Man., March 18.—Cussack, the Gaelicman, was today found guilty of the murder of one of his fellow countrymen and four children at the Gaelic colony. Cussack, an accomplice, will be tried on Monday. The judge deferred sentence on Cussack until Monday.

DYNAMITE MONOPOLY.

PRETORIA, March 18.—President Kruger, in an important speech at Heidelberg on Friday, emphasized the necessity of the state retaining the dynamite monopoly, because, as he argued, the South African republic being an inland state, in the event of trouble with any of the powers, its supplies of explosives might otherwise be suddenly cut off.

"Where would we be then?" he exclaimed. He announced his intention to modify the mining laws and to reduce the period of cutting an applicant to full Bürger ship from fourteen to nine years' residence.

MARTIAL LAW AT SAGUAY.

(Special to the Sun.)

VICTORIA, B.C., March 18.—Steamer Amur, from Skagway, brings news of riots over a railway strike. Martial law is said to prevail.

BURNED OUT.

(Special to the Sun.)

REGINA, N.W.T., March 18.—The Standard (newspaper) office was burned Saturday. The loss is six thousand dollars.

SERMON,

The Beauty of the Heart,

By Rev. Dr. George H. Hepworth of New York City.

"And let the beauty of the Lord our God be upon us."—Psalm, xc, 11.

We are all lovers of the beautiful, sometimes consciously and sometimes unconsciously. A magnificent landscape is always impressive, and I have known persons to talk in whispers without knowing that they did so while looking at it. It is said of the Swiss that they are of a melancholy temperament because the huge mountains amid which they live are too much for them, and strange influences steal into their souls. There is another kind of beauty which kindles our enthusiasm—the beauty of a human face. But there is this difference between nature and human nature, namely, that the beauty of the one is the work of God, while that of the other is the work of man. Real beauty of countenance does not consist in regularity of outline but in expression, and is therefore dependent on character.

It would be impossible, for example, to picture the Christ as other than attractive in feature. To depict Him with a countenance which indicated selfishness or cunning would be an insult to the law that never allows an ungodly expression to symbolize a noble heart and life. The face of Christ is the despair of artists because it is difficult to paint a portrait in which a child's gentleness is conjoined with a giant's strength. The face of Napoleon or Caesar or Peter or Paul can be shown on canvas, but the painter's brush that tries to portray a face as once tender and stern, pitiful and scornful, womanlike on one side and heroic on the other, will find its task an impossible one. Christ's face, therefore, is for our dreams but not for our colors. We can conceive of it, but it cannot be represented.

It is not feature or contour or complexion which constitutes beauty. It is transfiguration. At the first look at a man's face we receive an impulsive impression. At the second look we get a glimpse of his attributes, his peculiarities, his inner self, and it is this second look which decides whether the man is good or ill looking. The woman who resorts to cosmetics is simply trying to pass a counterfeit bill, and will sooner or later be found out, but she who trusts to her good will for all, her sympathy for suffering, her general kindness, has her hand full of gold coins which everybody wants and appreciates.

When we look at others with love in our eyes our love is a radiance in their face which must needs seem beautiful. When a sailor passes a lighthouse on a stormy night he sees the light and thanks God for it. The blazing lamp covers up any defect in the structure of the building. He knows nothing, sees nothing except that light. In like manner there is a radiance in the human face when the heart has communed with heavenly things which makes us forget such unimportant details as complexion and hair and features. We ignore the lighthouse structure and see only the light. It is not so much architecture as character which takes hold upon us. It is possible to be repelled by the person who has an artistically perfect face, but who on closer inspection wears lines of selfishness or petulance or cruelty, and it is easy to think a face beautiful, though it may be artistically commonplace, if behind it shines a loving, charitable, gentle and sympathetic soul.

All this is preliminary to the lesson I have in view. I repeat, therefore, that while the beauty of nature is the work of God, the beauty of human nature is under our own control. I declare that if you are not attractive to your friends it is very largely your own fault. If a man hates you he may have sufficient reason for that attitude, and if he loves and admires you it is because you have made yourself lovable and admirable.

The law is that what is in your soul will find its way to your countenance. This law acts as the chief of the sculptor on the marble; it makes lines, removes them and changes them. If you were a magician, and could place a man or woman amid adverse surroundings, where tears and struggles were the only company kept, you would find the personal history appearing in the face, and should you remove that man or woman to a happy environment, without care or anxiety, a corresponding change in the physical lines of the face would occur.

Again, if a person indulges in base thoughts, is fretful, selfish and mean, features advertise the same in the countenance. And if, on the contrary, the heart is pure, the faith strong, the resignation under suffering what it should be, there is a distinct and palpable transfiguration, a difference in the magnetic atmosphere, or what some call the aura, of that person. That law is creative and inexorable. Give the earth sunshine and it is attractive, but give it lightning and earthquakes and it is awful to look upon.

Religion, therefore, or the lack of it, lies at the bottom of it all. To see things as the Christ saw them; to have in the heart only sweet thoughts; to feel that the arms of the Father are bearing you up, and that the angels are round about you; that earth may have its heavenly sorrows, but heaven is straight ahead and not far off; to make the best of trouble instead of brooding over it; to find as many happy hours as there are within reach, and to be as hearty content as the circumstances allow—is it possible to follow such a policy, to possess that kind of religion and not be loved as a beautiful, a radiant, an attractive soul?

Religion covers the whole life and is the only sure remedial agency. If the world were Christlike we should be healthy in body, should live to the old age without ache or pain and be glad to die even as one is glad to get home after a toilsome journey.

"OLD HUTCH" DEAD.

The Former Well-Known Chicago Speculator Dies in a Sanitarium.

CHICAGO, March 16.—Benjamin F. Hutchinson, familiarly known as "Old Hutch," died today in a sanitarium at Lake Geneva, Wis. He had been insane for some time and was supported by his son, Charles L. Hutchinson.

Benjamin F. Hutchinson was born in Lynn, Mass., somewhere about the year 1825. He began life as a clerk in a general store in North Reading, Mass. It is said that he had a cabinet-maker's shop in Lynn and worked at repairing shoes at the same time that he was doing a wholesale, retail and jobbing business. He started a dry goods store. He was caught in the panic of 1857 and failed for \$75,000. He left Lynn and his creditors went to Chicago two years ago and he had settled with all of them in full.

In Chicago his main principle in life was to buy anything, big or little, that he could sell at a profit, big or little. In the grain market his dealings were tremendous. He conducted all his transactions with the utmost rapidity and never cared which side of the market he was on. He is known to have changed sides four times in one day. On Sept. 28, 1853, he carried through his most famous deal—his wheat corner. For three months he had been wandering around the board of trade telling people they were selling him grain they could never deliver, and if they didn't look out he'd make them squeal before Christmas. On Saturday afternoon he made a bet of \$50 that wheat would be \$2 within a week. He won his bet, and it ruined hundreds of men.

In 1861 the old man began to lose money. He failed April 23, 1861, and came to New York. He bought a store at 31 Pearl street and there carried on a general grocery and junk business. He bought anything he could lay his hands on and sold it wholesale or retail so long as it was profitable. He tried to run a restaurant, to which he hoped to attract Wall street, but his Chicago reputation as a cook did not prosper, and in 1867 he went back to Chicago. He tried to organize a corner and had to sell his board of trade seat to make a settlement. In February, 1864, he bought a saloon in Van Buren street, Chicago, and took charge as head barkeeper. The world has not heard much of him since.

Hutchinson's son, Charles L. Hutchinson, is president of a bank, a member of the Commercial Club in Chicago, and a generally respected citizen. It is commonly believed that when the old man was at the height of his fortune he turned over several million dollars to his son, with the condition that it was never to be returned to him, except as the absolute necessities of life required it.

TOWARDS SOUTHERN POLE.

WELLINGTON, N. Z., March 16.—The Antarctic exploring expedition's steamer Southern Cross has arrived at Fort Chalmers, N. Z., after landing Erechberg and his party at Cape Adair, Victoria Island. She reports that all the explorers were in good health when landed.

BRITISH DEFAULTER ARRESTED.

LONDON, March 16.—G. R. Birt, the missing chairman and managing director of the Millwall Dock Co., who disappeared in February last, resulting in the discovery of a deficit of over \$1,000,000 in the accounts of the concern, was arrested here this afternoon. His preliminary trial will take place tomorrow.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The healthiest and most reliable medicine.

MURDER FOR SEVENTY DOLLARS.

CINCINNATI, March 16.—The murderer of Mrs. Anthony Stiegler of Mount Lookout, whose dead body was found in her home yesterday, is Albert Luken, aged 15, living with his widowed mother in Clifton. Luken was arrested today and made a full confession, saying his motive was robbery. He got about seventy dollars.

CARTER HARRISON AGAIN NOMINATED.

CHICAGO, March 16.—The democratic city convention today re-nominated Carter H. Harrison for mayor. The platform accepted steers clear of national issues, and the mayor will stand on his record against the Allen bill and other street railway legislation.

LEGISLATURE TO BE VACCINATED.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., March 16.—Members of the legislature were vaccinated today when it was announced that physicians had diagnosed the illness of Senator Lanford as smallpox. After a half hour's debate the house voted to vaccinate all its members.

PRINCE HENRY AS ADMIRAL.

BERLIN, March 16.—Prince Henry of Prussia has started for Kiao Chou Bay, where all the war vessels are, to pose the two German squadrons in far eastern waters will assemble for the formal transfer of the commandership from Admiral Von Diederichs to Prince Henry.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 36c.

W. C. T. UNION.

Quarterly Convention of St. John Co. Held Yesterday.

A Business Meeting in the Afternoon and a Public Service in the Evening.

The quarterly convention of the W. C. T. U. of St. John Co. met in the hall at North End Friday afternoon. Mrs. Henderson of the North End Union presided over the devotional exercises. Adjutant Joet, on invitation of the president, gave a short talk speaking of the work done by the officers of the Rescue Homes here and also in Newfoundland, where the adjutant was stationed previous to coming to St. John.

The president took the chair for the business meeting. The secretary read the minutes and acting upon the business therein, Mrs. Scott, chairman of the police matron committee, reported that the unions were encouraged to believe that in the near future a female supervisor of female prisoners may be appointed for the jail, as public sentiment seemed to be in favor of that.

The reports of the Unions were presented by the secretary, Mrs. Day. St. John Union reported that the Exchange that has been under the supervision of the W. C. T. U. has been since the 1st of February, conducted by Miss Mason as a private scheme, but will be carried on on the same principles, and the Unions trust that the public will continue their patronage, as (as has been stated) the principle of helping those who would help themselves is carried out. In the last quarter 18 cases have been reported to the relief committee for investigation. This does not include the cases that have been before the coffee room committee or that have been aided by the evangelistic superintendent. The society is seeking for an incorporation for the Little Girls' Home. Mrs. Fulmore, president of St. Martins Union, was present, and gave a very interesting verbal report. The St. Martins Union has been carrying on the work very successfully. A superintendent has been appointed to work with Adjutant Joet in rescue work. A great deal of interest is manifested in the Little Girls' Home. Mrs. Vaughan and Mrs. Winter were also present as delegates from St. Martins.

Mrs. Scott read a paper on How to Make Our Local Meetings Interesting. This was discussed by a number of ladies present. It was decided to hold the provincial convention the last week in September or the first in October, if that suits the convenience of the provincial executive. It was decided to have the next county convention in Carleton. The Rev. Mr. Steel was present and gave a short address.

The evening service was quite largely attended. Mrs. Davidson presiding. The meeting was opened with responsive reading, led by the chair officer, who made some appropriate remarks upon the portions of Scripture which were read. She took as her theme, "Walking with God." In an admirable manner she developed her subject, with special reference to the death of the late head of the Union, Frances Willard. The president read a paper, which gave a resume of the object and work of the Union, with special reference to Japan, where the movement began in 1853. Suitable reference was made to the work of Miss Parish, who was mainly instrumental in the upbuilding of the Union in that country. Descriptions were given of several departments of the W. C. T. U. convention which was lately held at Yokohama. Over one thousand White Ribbons and one thousand members of the R. T. Legionaries make a force which is doing much good in Japan. The paper read for the support of a missionary in that kingdom and an organizer in this country, since it is only by organized missionary effort that the society can maintain its proud supremacy.

An admirable paper on "Narcotics" was read by Mrs. Stockton. Warfare against the liquor traffic had been the most apparent feature of union work, but the scope is larger. The union cannot be logical and wage uncompromising warfare against the liquor trade and hold true with the liquor. Every member should place her influence against the use of tobacco. Public opinion against it is growing. Tobacco is today a common article of commerce just as liquor used to be. So long as this continues it will bind others to the evils of its use. Medical science discloses the fact that the use of the weed is as harmful as that of liquor. In fact the use of the former gives rise to an appetite for liquor. Quotations were read from eminent physicians giving the evil effects of use of tobacco. About fifty diseases arise from its use. Add to this the filthiness of the habit, the discomfort of others, it is strange how any gentleman can use this narcotic. Statistics showing the immense amount of money spent yearly on this habit were given. The responsibility of the wives, sisters and mothers of the victims was touched upon and an appeal was made for help along this line. (Applause.)

An admirable and comprehensive paper upon the "Franchise" was a sketch of women's enfranchisement in Canada. For a long time woman's education was upon the narrowest lines and men legislated altogether for the country, which was possibly more than half made up of women. The misfortune of the dependent women in former times impelled them to seek higher education. So that here we

are now with the petition for enfranchisement in our hands. Women want the power to say who will have their hands upon the helm of the ship of state. Mrs. Manning gave some very interesting statements of her experience in getting names upon the petition, and also took up some of the stock objections to the scheme. Quotations from Mr. Luak of New Zealand and from Sir John Macdonald in favor of the scheme ended the paper, which was received with applause.

Miss Crombie, returned missionary from Japan, was introduced by Mr. Davidson. The missionary movement, said the speaker, and the unions had similar world wide objects. A short description was given of the city from which she had returned. The land of the rising sun, she said, now knows something of the Son of righteousness, but it is but a glimmer of light in the great darkness. A brief sketch was given of some of the Japanese converts. They vary from old age to youth. They are most fervent Christians, showing forth often with physical weakness and Master's spirit. Some of them have done much to convert their relatives and friends. Often these are little children. The speaker felt like espousing the cause of a "rescue home" in Japan, where many young girls are sold into a slavery worse than death. Many despairing of a way of escape commit suicide. The W. C. T. U. has taken up this work, and is striving to support a home in Japan. Miss Crombie's address was listened to with deep attention. She is a speaker of more than ordinary power, has a clear and fluid delivery and vivid descriptive power.

After some remarks and questions the convention adjourned.

HAMPTON.

Died After Forty Years of Active Railway Service.

Michael Connery, an old and highly respected resident of Hampton, Kings Co., died on March 19, after an illness of less than a week. Pneumonia was the cause of death. He was born in County Waterford, Ireland, and came to this province when nineteen years of age. Early in life he married Miss Margaret Ryan, who died 36 years ago. Mr. Connery, true to his first love, never married again, and for forty years has resided with his only child, Mrs. Thomas Conway. For a period of 41 years Mr. Connery has been continuously in railway employ. He began on the construction of the European and North American railway, and has continued under the different changes of management on the Intercolonial railway down to the date of his death. The deceased possessed and retained the fullest confidence of his employers, and was often employed with important operations. To those who were under his control he was always courteous and patient. His mild and unassuming manner won him lasting friendship, and those who knew him best loved him dearly. By his death a kind and loving father, faithful friend and good citizen has been removed from the activities of this life. The funeral took place on Sunday, March 12th. The pallbearers were Henry Gallagher, James Logan, Timothy Conway, Geo. Gallagher, Geo. E. Ketchum and Geo. Gallagher. The body was interred in the Roman Catholic cemetery near Hampton village. The very large attendance on this mournful occasion was a practical proof of the high esteem in which the deceased was held. Many kind letters of condolence have been received by his sorrowing daughter, amongst which was one from Rev. A. Robinson of St. Ann's, Kent Co. and formerly in charge of Hampton parish. The fact of the funeral being held on Sunday, of course, prevented the reverend gentleman from attending.

SIX MEN FROZEN TO DEATH.

SEATTLE, Wash., March 15.—Three men were frozen to death in the mouth of the Copper River, Alaska, during a blizzard, according to news of the Yedez Glacier about the first of March. They were: Adolph Ehrhard, New York; Maximilian Miller, New York; Alfred Alesman, New York; Dr. Edward Logan, Denver; Rudolph Eller-Kamp, Louisville, Ky.; August Schiltz, New York.

FREDERICTON JUNCTION.

FREDERICTON JUNCTION, Sunday, March 17.—Yesterday's storm was a heavy one. About a foot of snow fell, but railway and other traffic moved without interruption, as there was no wind to cause drifts. The health of ex-Postmaster Hart is some better. The condition of Mrs. Fuller A. Nelson still causes anxiety. Col. Alexander and Lieut. Geo. Thomas attended the 7th battalion band's concert on Wednesday evening at Fredericton.

DREYFUS AT CAYENNE.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, March 15.—Correspondent at Cayennes, a port of French Guiana, writes that Dreyfus, the famous French military prisoner, is exciting little public interest there, but the private circles feel strongly against him, some predicting his return to his place of captivity on Devil's Island. This is looked upon as implying that Dreyfus was recently removed from Devil's Island to Cayenne.

RAIN SAVES CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 15.—There is hardly a section of California that has not been visited by rain within the past two days, and in most places it has been raining almost constantly for 48 hours. This rain has fallen at this most opportune time, it would have been the second dry season, but now crops are saved, the rivers will furnish plenty of water for the miners and business generally will be good.

BEFORE YOU BEGIN

To paint anything, a hitching post or a house, a barn door or a parlor floor, see that you have the right paint for that particular purpose. No paint has ever been made equally good for painting everything—buggies and houses and furniture. The greatest triumph of modern paint-making is the making of a different paint that looks best in each class of painting. It has taken years to find out just what ingredients and what proportions are needed for each. Each must be accurately mixed by special machinery with the utmost skill and accuracy. If you go by the labels on the cans of



THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CO., Paint and Color Makers. Canadian Dept., 21 St. Antoine St., Montreal. F. A. YOUNG, 736 MAIN STREET, NORTH.

EPP'S COCOA

GRATEFUL. COMFORTING. Distinguished every where for its Purity and Nutritive Properties. It is especially grateful and comforting for the nervous and debilitated. Sold only in 4 lb tins labeled JAMES EPPS & CO. Ltd., Homeopathic Chemists, London, England.

BREAKFAST. SUPPER. EPP'S COCOA

SHERIFF'S SALE.—There will be sold at Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 23rd day of June next, at fifteen minutes past twelve o'clock, in the afternoon, at Chubb's Corner (so called), in the City of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, all the estate, right, title and interest of William Thompson, deceased, in the Parish of Simonds (formerly a part of the Parish of Portland), in the City and County of Saint John. Said premises, bounded and described as follows:—

Commencing at a marked tree on the western side of a tract of land belonging to Michael H. DeVeber, on the south side of the road to Loch Leonard; thence south fifteen degrees east about one hundred and twenty-seven chains, until it meets the line of a lot held by the said Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, and registered in the Record of Deeds in and for the said City and County of Saint John, Q. No. 4, of said Records, pages 288 to 290. The same having been levied on and seized by me, the undersigned Sheriff, in and by virtue of two executions issued out of the Saint John County Court, one at the suit of Arthur G. Patterson against the said William Thompson, and the other at the suit of Margaret E. Seeda against the said William Thompson.

AN EXCELLENT MOVEMENT IN HAMPTON.

In many of the growing towns and villages, where mills and factories are being established, the question of making some provision for the increasing number of young men and youths is one demanding an early solution. After working hours the most of them are free to gather at street corners, to loiter at the railway station, to group themselves about, or within the general stores, or to wander aimlessly and at times boisterously about the streets or roads. Churches and Y. M. C. A.'s are doubtless doing much to draw the element in every community into circles where the same and morals may be alike improved, but that there was still room for action is now felt from the results of an effort on the part of the residents of Hampton, Kings Co. At a public meeting in January it was decided to establish a reading room where reasonable recreation and opportunity for mental improvement should be so combined as to secure the interest and sympathy of all classes in the community. Immediate action followed, and a recent visitor to the place assures us that a more pleasant or cozy scene it would be hard to find than is presented by twenty or thirty bright intelligent young fellows sitting at tables enjoying quiet games of chess, checkers or dominoes, or eagerly perusing the papers and magazines so plentifully provided. It would seem from all accounts that the movement is one that may be indefinitely repeated with most happy and satisfactory results from every point of view.

THE LUCY FORTUNE.

(Montreal Herald.) Assistant City Clerk Beauset received a letter from another John Lucy this morning. The latest claimant to the fortune alleged to be in the chancery court at Cork, Ireland, lives in Canterbury, N. B. He says that he is a son of John Lucy, who was born in Cork, and emigrated to Canada many years ago.

FREE TO AD MEN

IN ORDER to show our implicit faith in our treatment, we will send a course of remedies and appliances for a free trial of reasonable time to any man whose sexual vigor is gone or is going. Not a dollar to be paid for the trial. If it is satisfactory then we are to be paid. If unsatisfactory, send the outfit back at our expense. New medical book on request by mail, plain sealed, without charge. ERIE MEDICAL CO., 64 Niagara St., Buffalo, N. Y.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF ST. JOHN.

Arrived. March 17—Sch 1222, Drake, 37, Dixon, from Boston. F. C. Bilka, bal.

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CANADIAN PORTS.

Arrived. Halifax, March 19—Ar. 12, Chas. Lake, Drake, from Boston. Sch. St. Helena, Drake, from Boston.

BRITISH PORTS.

Arrived. Liverpool, March 15, s. s. Leda Superior, Taylor, from St. John.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Arrived. At Havana, March 15, s. s. Leda Superior, Taylor, from St. John.

MOVILLE, March 15—Sld str. California, from Liverpool for St. John.

OTTAWA NEWS. OTTAWA, March 17.—Agent Bryson at St. John's, Antigua, reports to the department of trade and commerce that the secretary for the colonies has in response to a memorial forwarded to the government of Antigua, instructed the government of the colony to resort to the old duties on flour and dry fish.

MEMORANDA.

Placed out at Cape Henry, March 13, str. Storm King, for Antwerp.

SPOKEN.

Ship Charles S. Whitney, Atkins, from Manila for Boston, Feb. 15, lat. 25° N, lon. 122° E.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

TOMPKINSVILLE, March 15.—Notice is given by the Lighthouse Board that a spar buoy, red and black horizontal stripes, has been placed in a station on the coast of New York.

BIRTHS.

RUSSELL—At Campbell's, N. B., March 15th, to the wife of W. J. Russell, a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

AKERLY-MONTGOMERY—At the residence of the bride's father, East Hill, Wickham, Queens Co., N. B., March 15th, by the Rev. W. H. Parry, E. Stanley Akers of Wickham, Queens Co., N. B., and Mrs. Maria Montgomery of the late Thomas Montgomery, Wickham, Queens Co., N. B.

DEATHS.

BARBER—On March 15th, Rachel R. wife of H. W. Barber, aged 77 years.

SUSSEX.

Seventeen Candidates Confirmed by Right Rev. Bishop Kingston. SUSSEX, N. B., March 20.—The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Fredericton held confirmation services at Holy Trinity church yesterday morning and confirmed eleven candidates, four of them males.

On Sunday morning four persons were baptized by Rev. J. W. Clarke in the Waterloo Street Free Baptist church.

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RUSSELL—At Campbell's, N. B., March 15th, to the wife of W. J. Russell, a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

AKERLY-MONTGOMERY—At the residence of the bride's father, East Hill, Wickham, Queens Co., N. B., March 15th, by the Rev. W. H. Parry, E. Stanley Akers of Wickham, Queens Co., N. B., and Mrs. Maria Montgomery of the late Thomas Montgomery, Wickham, Queens Co., N. B.

DEATHS.

BARBER—On March 15th, Rachel R. wife of H. W. Barber, aged 77 years.

SUSSEX.

Seventeen Candidates Confirmed by Right Rev. Bishop Kingston. SUSSEX, N. B., March 20.—The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Fredericton held confirmation services at Holy Trinity church yesterday morning and confirmed eleven candidates, four of them males.

On Sunday morning four persons were baptized by Rev. J. W. Clarke in the Waterloo Street Free Baptist church.

What is CASTORIA? Castoria is for Infants and Children. Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrup. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. Castoria assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels of Infants and Children, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF CHARLES H. HITCHCOCK APPEARS ON EVERY WRAPPER. Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children. Dr. C. C. Osseon, Lowell, Mass. "Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., Brooklyn, N. Y.

WOLFVILLE. WOLFVILLE, N. S., March 22.—The gold mine at Cross Creek—The funeral of the late Mrs. Hooper. FREDERICTON. FREDERICTON, March 22.—The gold mine at Cross Creek—The funeral of the late Mrs. Hooper.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills CURE WOMAN'S ILLS.

A NURSE'S SECRET She Tells How She Saves Mothers' Lives and Restores Strength at the Critical Time of Parturition. (From the Evening News, Detroit, Mich.) No woman is better fitted for nursing, or has had more years of practical experience in that work than Mrs. Moses Morris, of 249 Fourteenth street, Detroit, Michigan. For twenty years she has been recognized as the best and most successful nurse in confinement. When asked once by a leading physician the secret of her success in treating mothers in confinement cases, she said she used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People in such cases, as they build up the mother more quickly and more surely than any other medicine she had ever used.

Woman's Work Woman's work, whether in society or in the home, is filled with more or less care and worry, and they are compelled to regretfully watch the growing palor of their cheeks, the coming wrinkles, and thinness that become more distressing every day. Every woman knows that ill-health is a fatal enemy to beauty, and that good health gives the plainest face an enduring attractiveness. PURE BLOOD, and STRONG Nerves is the secret of Health and a Beauty. DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS for PALE PEOPLE build up and purify the blood and strengthen the nerves. To the young girl they are invaluable; to the mother they are a necessity; to the woman at forty-five they are the best remedy that science has devised for the crisis of her life.

HEADACHE AND DIZZINESS CURED Mrs. Lora S. Schilling, Peninsula, Que., writes: "I had been suffering for some time with a weary feeling. I had not strength to walk about. I suffered from headaches, dizziness and poor appetite. I could not walk even a short distance without being completely out of breath. I took no interest in anything, as I thought nothing could do me any good. A friend advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I had only taken them for a short time when I noticed a great improvement in my health. I was strong enough to walk a long distance without resting, could eat better and felt better in every way. I would recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills highly to all other sufferers, and think they will be surprised at the results obtained from their use."

ANAEMIA CURED Mrs. M. N. Jones, Berthier, Que., writes: "My daughter, aged fifteen, has been restored to good health through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. She was very feeble, her blood was poor and watery, and she was troubled with headaches, poor appetite and always felt tired. After using four boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills she is enjoying as good health as any girls of her age, and we are glad to give the credit to your good medicine. Mothers will make no mistake if they insist upon their young daughters taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

NERVOUS AND WORN OUT. Mrs. Peter Mahar, Seal Cove, Que., writes: "It gives me real pleasure to acknowledge the benefit I have derived from Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, for I believe now to be in my prime. My health was broken down and the least exertion would fatigue me. I was troubled with dizziness, shortness of breath, and palpitation of the heart; my appetite was fickle, and I was extremely pale. I gave the pills a fair trial, and they have restored me to perfect health, and I can do all my household work without experiencing the least fatigue. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the best tonic I know of for weak, tired and pale people."

NERVOUS TROUBLE CURED Mrs. Jane Pryce, Glen Adelaide, N. B., writes: "I suffered very much from nervous troubles, at times so bad I could not sit still in a chair. I took doctor's medicine for months, but it did not do me any good. My husband urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and they have done me a world of good. I can heartily recommend them to nervous sufferers."