

FRASERS' GREAT CLOTHING SALE

Will continue till July the first. Keep this in mind so that you can attend the sale as soon as possible.

Children's Blouses, 50c. Children's Colored Corduroy Vests, to wear with Fauntleroy or Brown suits, 50c.

FRASER, FRASER & CO., Cheapside, 40 and 42 King St. St. John, N. B.

Queer Economy

It is to be rebuilt and rebuilt fences when you can buy the

"Star" 13 bar woven wire fencing, 4 feet high, for 60 cts. a rod. When once put up it will last a lifetime.

Wire Fence Manufacturing Co.,

A. J. Macdonald, Manager. Water Street, St. John, N. B.

ONTARIO AND QUEBEC

The Direct Steamship Service With France a Failure.

Laurier to Blame for the Service Failing Through.

The Lobster Fishing Season—An Independent Political Organization in Toronto.

OTTAWA, June 24.—Hon. Mr. Fisher gives as a reason for his trip that he wants to get more space for Canada at the Paris exposition.

The several electoral vacancies in the commons will not be filled until the autumn.

OTTAWA, June 26.—The government has received copies of the protocol which will govern the forthcoming international commission at Quebec.

OTTAWA, June 27.—An independent political organization is being organized embracing the Roman Catholic and the Laurierist.

OTTAWA, June 28.—The government has received copies of the protocol which will govern the forthcoming international commission at Quebec.

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OTTAWA, July 5.—The government has received copies of the protocol which will govern the forthcoming international commission at Quebec.

OTTAWA, July 6.—The government has received copies of the protocol which will govern the forthcoming international commission at Quebec.

THE KILLED AND WOUNDED.

In Encounter Twenty-two Were Killed and About Eighty Wounded.

All the United States Troops Landed and Within Sighting Distance of Santiago de Cuba.

Two Men and Fifty Horses Lost During the Landing—One Week's Supplies With the Troops.

(Copyright, 1888, by the Associated Press.)

JURAGUA, Cuba, June 25, 4 p. m.—Associated Press Despatch Boat Wanda, via Kingston, Jamaica, June 26.—The initial fight of Col. Wood's rough riders and the troops of the First and Tenth Cavalry will be known in history as the battle of La Quasina.

It is now definitely known that sixteen men on the American side were killed and thirty-seven were wounded or reported to be missing.

KILLED.

- Captain Allyn K. Capron, 1st U. S. Volunteer Cavalry. Sergeant Hamilton Fish, Jr., Troop 1, 1st U. S. Volunteer Cavalry. Sergeant M. T. Russell, Troop G, 1st U. S. Volunteer Cavalry.

MISSING.

- Private Merriman Camp, Troop G, 1st Volunteer Cavalry. Sergeant T. H. McDonald. Private N. H. Cochrane.

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the hymn Nearer My God to Thee the deep bass voices of the men gave a most impressive rendering of the music.

Chaplain Brown has marked each grave, and has complete records for the benefit of friends of the dead soldiers.

On Board the Associated Press Despatch Boat Dandy, off Juraguá, June 25, 8 p. m., via Kingston, Jamaica, June 26, 3.30 p. m.—The troops of the United States and of Spain are almost ready to face and less than four miles apart.

There is a continual procession of small boats running to and from the beach through the pounding surf, and as each week's rations are already landed, it is believed the required supplies will all be ashore by Tuesday, the 25th.

The landing of troops, horses and supplies has been extraordinary. With only one steam barge and compelled to depend on treacherous small boats, General Shafter had over 15,000 men, hundreds of horses and mules and thousands of dollars worth of supplies on the exposed beaches.

The officers generally are surprised at the smallness of loss of life and property. Gen. Shafter said to a correspondent of the Associated Press today: "I am well satisfied with the progress that is being made."

I want to say a word for our own men, continued Lieut. Col. Roosevelt. Every officer and man did his duty up to the hilt.

From another officer who took a prominent part in the fighting more details were obtained. When the order for a general charge was given, forward Col. Roosevelt and every man of his men, snatched a rifle and ammunition belt from a wounded soldier and cheering and yelling with his bullets were straight at a blockhouse eight hundred yards away.

That charge was the end. When within five hundred yards of the coveted point the Spaniards broke and ran for the first time we had the pleasure which the Spaniards had been experiencing all through the engagement, of shooting with the enemy in sight.

In two hours' fighting, during which the volunteers battled against their heretofore enemy, through the heroism of men of troop E, dozens were wounded, was lying squarely between the lines of fire.

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PROVINCIAL NEWS.

WOODSTOCK, June 26.—It has been fully ten years since the hay crop looked so promising at this time of year as it now does. In the past few years timothy has been light and clover has been almost a complete failure.

The village of Lakeville is one of the most prosperous centres of the county. Wilson & White, who conduct a large general business there, have begun the excavation for a larger store and warehouse on a new site.

A serious loss to Tracey's Mills and vicinity, as well as to the owners, as the destruction by fire of the grist and saw mills at that place. The grist mill was run by Zebulon Sloan and the saw mill by Sloan & Miller.

On the 23rd circuit court will meet in adjourned session, a new trial having been granted in the case of the Queen v. Chalmers and Melvin Crabby, charged with having set fire to the buildings of Sidney Lloyd.

An interesting event took place at Debec on Saturday morning in the raising on the school house of a new flag purchased with funds subscribed within the school district.

John Wright of Temperance Vale was drowned near the end of March. His son, W. R. Wright of Upper Woodstock, received word yesterday of the finding of the body.

A much needed rain has been falling since Saturday evening. The remains of the relic of Mr. Brayton, who passed away at this village on Saturday, were interred at Oak Mountain cemetery yesterday.

Sheffield, Sunbury Co., June 28.—Rev. O. P. Brown, pastor of the Baptist church of Sheffield and Manguerville, received several persons into fellowship of the Manguerville church last Sabbath.

ANDOVER, Victoria Co., June 28.—During the past week there has been frost three times and the crops being quite advanced have suffered in proportion.

Goshin's mill in Lilly, which was burned a month ago, will be re-built with ready for work in two or three weeks.

CHATHAM, June 28.—In the death of Rev. Neil McKay, D. D., this community has sustained a heavy loss by the death of a man of high standing and a life of devotedness to his calling.

ST. ANDREWS, June 21.—The octave of St. Andrew's church, which was much respected, and will be buried at the St. Andrew's cemetery tomorrow.

WHITE'S COVE, Queens Co., June 21.—John McFee has taken the contract to rebuild the high water wharf at this place.

proved since he went to Boston to reside. On the return of the Foresters to their lodge room, a vote of thanks to the Rev. Mr. Berris was unanimously adopted.

The fish weirs in this vicinity are doing good business. Wm. Thompson reports that he has secured one side this week of mardine herring for which he received \$55.

THOMAS WREN, an old and respected resident of St. Andrew, died on Monday evening of heart failure at the great age of eighty-seven years.

W. W. DOHERTY'S mill at Mill creek was totally destroyed by fire tonight. No insurance. There are several mills in the West India tract.

FREDERICTON, June 24.—Fisher's Mack is still before nisi prius court. In Kitchin v. St. John Valley Railway company Judge McLeod fixed July 4th for the trial of this cause.

THE DOMINION S. C. CURRY arrived in port this morning. Mr. Curry has just returned from his numerous friends in town.

W. A. ROBERTSON & Co. are shipping fish quite freely to Montreal and other points through the Dominion Express via C. P. R.

ALBERT C. BURGESS of Dorchester has been making a tour of the villages here in the interest of the Acadia institutions.

ELGIN, Albert Co., N. B., June 18.—The unoccupied house, two barns and outbuildings owned by the Hon. H. R. Emmerson at the Albert Jack place at River View were burned on the morning of the 16th.

MISS ISA and Bessie Goddard and Master Louis Goddard are visiting their brother, Horace, at Buetouche. Miss Rachel Goddard has returned from North school.

THE DIRECTORS of the Elgin driving park are having their park fenced and repaired ready for the races on the 12th of July.

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ST. ANDREWS, June 21.—Mrs. Bower, children and maid, of Wilmington, Delaware, have arrived in town. They are registered at Kennedy's hotel.

THE FUNERAL of the late Thomas Wren, which was largely attended, took place yesterday afternoon. The remains were taken to All Saints, of which deceased was a life-long and consistent adherent.

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GREAT BARGAINS IN HORSE FURNISHINGS.

We carry the LARGEST and BEST assortment of HORSE FURNISHING GOODS in the Maritime Provinces, and make a specialty of the following articles:

- Whips, 10c upwards
Wool Carriage Rugs, \$1.40 upwards
Summer Carriage Blankets, 30c upwards
Summer Home Blankets, 30c upwards
Horse Brushes, 20c
Dandy Brushes, 15c
Curry Combs, 5c

Besides a great variety too numerous to mention—in fact we can supply everything for the horse. All at lowest prices, wholesale and retail. Please call and examine at our new stand, 11 Market Square.

H. HORTON & SON.

THE MARKETS.

Revised Every Monday for the Weekly Sun. There is no change to note in the market for meats. Potatoes are dull and easy.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Beef (country), Pork, Butter, Eggs, etc.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Flour, Wheat, Corn, etc.

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CITY NEWS.

Recent Events in and Around St. John.

Together With Country Items from Correspondents and Exchanges

When ordering the address of your WEEKLY SUN to be changed, send the NAME of the POST OFFICE to which the paper is going as well as that of the office to which you wish it sent.

Remember! The NAME of the Post Office must be sent in all cases to ensure prompt compliance with your request.

THE SUN PRINTING COMPANY, issuing weekly 800 copies of THE WEEKLY SUN, challenges the circulation of all papers published in the Maritime Provinces. Advertisers, please make a note of this.

Dr. H. C. Crocup, a Granville, N. S., man, is 1st Lieut. 12th regiment New York volunteer at Chickamauga.

The new driving park of the North Sydney Driving Association will be opened to the public July 1st.

There were seven deaths registered in Halifax, Wednesday, the average age of the seven people deceased being seventy years.

Henry L. Paint, ex-M. P., and now residing in England, has entered an action against the dominion government for \$4,000 for encroachments on his land at Point Tupper, N. S.

Miss Catherine Macquarrie of Pictou, N. S., who has been visiting friends in Montreal, left Thursday morning for Bruce county, Ont., where she will visit her brother, Rev. Hector Macquarrie, Montreal Star.

On Wednesday evening, June 23, 1898, at the residence of G. L. Forbes, Railway avenue, Miss Ella Forbes, daughter of Mrs. Peter Forbes, will be married to R. Truman Colpitts of the I. C. R.—Moncton Transcript.

James C. Stewart of Moncton, N. B., who has been under treatment in the Royal Victoria Hospital for some weeks, shows signs of recovery. His ailment of nervousness is going away before the treatment of the hospital physicians.—Moncton Star.

The causes of death reported at the Board of Health office for week ending June 25, 1898, were: Consumption, 2; cancer, 1; diarrhoea, 1; pneumonia, 1; heart failure, 1; pneumonia of liver, 1; tubercular meningitis, 1; acute alcoholic poisoning, 1; total, 9.

The Presbyterians living in and about Markhamville have commenced the erection of a church directly opposite the school house on land donated to them by Lt. Col. Markham. Aiken McFarland and Robert Mills are active workers in this enterprise, the mainstay of which is the Rev. Alvin H. Campbell.

The Nova Scotia Tourist Association has issued a handsome booklet of thirty-two pages, well illustrated. It is entitled Halifax, Nova Scotia. The Garrison City by the Sea, and on the front cover a blue jacket stands beneath the folds of the union jack. A map of the harbor is on the inside cover. The book has a military and naval flavor, and is very neatly got up.

George H. Dobson, secretary of the Sydney board of trade, had interviews yesterday with the president and vice-president of the St. John board, and pressed them to take up, in common with other boards, the matter of an efficient fast line service between Canada and Great Britain. Mr. Dobson advocates North Sydney as the proper port of call in summer.

Wah Sing, aged about forty years, a Chinaman, cook on the ship Monrovia, died suddenly Saturday. He had been ill for some days and had been removed to Richards' boarding house. While there he was visited by Dr. T. D. Walker, who considered he should be sent to the hospital. A coach was procured and the journey started, but before the destination was reached the man was dead. Heart disease was the cause.

Last fall some miscreants set fire to Charles Favoret's fine large barn at Sackville and succeeded in destroying an immense quantity of hay, roots, grain, etc., etc. Mr. Favoret is now putting up what will be one of the very best barns in the province, if not in the dominion. Every improvement that experience or ingenuity can suggest will be utilized for the convenient handling and storing of crops and feeding of cattle.

Miss Kate Devine, a well known Halifax young lady, died suddenly in New York, Wednesday morning. Miss Devine was a member of a well known Halifax family and many years ago her father, the late William Devine, owned a wharf property at the north end and conducted a prosperous cooperative business. She leaves two sisters in Halifax and two brothers, William and Daniel, who reside in New York. Miss Mary Devine, a teacher in St. Patrick's, is a sister.— Chronicle.

A. McGillivray, McDonald, druggist, Campbellton, N. B., son of James K. McDonald, contractor, New Glasgow, N. S., arrived in Charlottetown, Wednesday evening, by the Pictou boat. He is accompanied by his bride, formerly Miss Besie McKenzie, daughter of one of Campbellton's best known gentlemen. They are here on their wedding tour and purpose visiting the principal points of interest in the maritime provinces. While here they will be the guests of Councillor Hooper and Mrs. Hooper.—Guardian.

At Centerville and Inverness, Ont., on Friday, cheese sold at 7 1/2c, at Perth and South Flaxton, at Sheburne 7 1/2c to 7 3/4c, at Kemptonville, 8c.

The Primitive Baptists will hold their annual conference with the church at Hartland beginning the first Saturday in July.

About 700 men are now employed along the line of the Midland railway, from Windsor, N. S., for thirty-eight miles, and men are being put on as fast as the surveys can be made.

Richardson Porter & Co. of Hartland took a crew of 20 men to the Tobique last week to engage in bark peeling.

Rev. Joseph Hale, who has for the past three years been in charge of the Methodist church of Wolfville, has been appointed to Liverpool, and Rev. J. E. Donkin, late of Liverpool, will fill his place at Wolfville.

C. E. Kanbach has planted a plum and cherry orchard on his farm at the Head, consisting of 250 trees. He has also added to his apple orchard 150 trees.—Lunenburg Argus.

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So far this season the river traffic has not on the whole been as large as last year. Freights are yet small, although the passenger end of the business is picking up fast.—Gleaner.

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R. A. Estey is saving great quantities of spruce deal. He has a large order from W. Mallock Mackay of St. John, and is sending down river on an average two scow loads a day. Fred Moore & Sons of Woodstock are rafting considerable deal to St. John for shipment to the American market.—Fredericton Herald.

The Primitive Baptists will hold their annual conference with the church at Hartland beginning the first Saturday in July.

About 700 men are now employed along the line of the Midland railway, from Windsor, N. S., for thirty-eight miles, and men are being put on as fast as the surveys can be made.

Richardson Porter & Co. of Hartland took a crew of 20 men to the Tobique last week to engage in bark peeling.

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A new thing by a New Brunswicker is the berry box patented by W. E. Wetmore and now made by him at 78 Sewell street. The box is made of waxed paper board, and is put together without tacks or glue. A number of notches are cut in one end of a strip of paper board into which a similar number of hooked tabs are locked and the bottom placed inside resting on lips up in the box, which is thus made in less time than this item can be read. The box can be shipped to users flat like sheets of paper.

A wedding of Miss Nellie Durkee, daughter of Prince Durkee, formerly of Yarmouth, but now residing in California, to Charles Moffatt, an employe of the Burrill-Johnson Iron Co., was celebrated at 8 o'clock Wednesday morning at the residence of Mrs. Durkee, 30 Alma street, says the Yarmouth Times. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. H. Fosham, pastor of Zion church. A large number of beautiful presents were received. The happy couple took the ten o'clock train for a short tour of Cape Breton and other points. They will reside in Yarmouth.

George Walker and Miss Jennie Somers of Lakeville were united in marriage at the residence of the bride's parents, Wednesday evening. Rev. Mr. Hinson performed the ceremony. H. A. Jones, recently returned from McGill Medical college, Montreal, supported the groom, while Miss Lottie Somers, the bride looked very pretty, rided in a dress of white cashmere, with pearl trimmings, lace and ribbon, and carried a bouquet of flowers. A sumptuous repast was served at the close of the ceremony. About eighty invited guests were present. Moncton, Harcourt, Allison and Sheilds being the outside places represented.—Moncton Times.

There was a quiet wedding in St. Luke's church Saturday morning at seven o'clock. Miss Lottie M. Belyea, daughter of the late Dr. W. Belyea, being united in the bonds of matrimony to R. M. Bartsch, of S. Hayward & Co.'s hardware establishment. Only the near relatives of the bride and groom were present. The ceremony was performed by Rev. R. F. McKim. Mr. and Mrs. Bartsch left on the Prince Rupert to enjoy their honeymoon in Nova Scotia, and will also visit Boston. They received many fine presents. The Bicycle and Athletic club presented the groom, who is their popular captain, with a silver five o'clock tea kettle. The bride's dress was given by the bride's father, and the firm a substantial check. Many friends will wish the young couple much happiness.— Chronicle.

At Centerville and Inverness, Ont., on Friday, cheese sold at 7 1/2c, at Perth and South Flaxton, at Sheburne 7 1/2c to 7 3/4c, at Kemptonville, 8c.

ROOFS FOR THE BARNS.

A good barn is not a good barn unless it has a good roof.

We would therefore press on you the importance of engaging into the durability of our Shingles before deciding on the covering of your barn.

We guarantee all our steel products to be water, wind, and storm proof and to last a lifetime.

We will give you the benefit of our 32 years' experience in roofing, our illustrated catalogues, and up-to-date information on these goods on receipt of a post card.

The Pedlar Metal Roofing Co., OSWAGA, ONT.

NOTICE

To Subscribers of the St. John Sun.

The following Collectors are in the Counties named. Subscribers in arrears will please be prepared to pay when called on.

H. D. Pickett, Digby and Annapolis Counties, N. S.

I. D. Pearson, King's, N. B.

A. J. Markham, Northumberland, N. B.

E. P. Dykeman, Queen's, N. B.

Edgar Canning, Albert, N. B.

W. W. Cronk of Gray's Mill claims the honor of being the first native green peas to this market. He brought them down Saturday.

The ferry steamer Chebucto, from Glasgow via St. Michaels, arrived at Halifax yesterday. She left Glasgow on August 1st, so that her trip was a long one.

Samuel Winter intends leaving on Monday for the Pacific coast, where he will spend several months looking over some mining property.—Moncton Times.

The death of John Sullivan occurred at his residence, Lakeside, Thursday evening, of consumption, after an illness of nearly three years. Deceased was 64 years of age; he leaves a wife and two children, Mrs. Arthur Sullivan of Moncton and Miss Sullivan of Montreal, and one sister, Miss Annie, also of Montreal.—Moncton Times.

Alexander Black, one of Dorchester's most prominent managing agents, contemplates a trip to Europe in the near future. He expects to take passage in the bark Alexander Black, now loading at Gray's Island for Great Britain, and will stay by the vessel while making the voyage. The bark will go to sea in a few days.—Times.

William Davis, a well known resident of Middle Simonds, Carleton Co., died on Monday morning at the residence of his brother-in-law, James Christian. Deceased was about 76 years of age, and came to his death from the effects of drinking too much swamp water while working on Saturday.—Advertiser.

On Wednesday, June 22, Miss Abbie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. N. N. Nevellers of Rockland, was married to Fred D. Boyer of East Florenceville by Rev. A. H. Hayward. The young couple took the express at Hartland for a tour to Quebec City. They will return in two weeks and be at home after July 11 at East Florenceville. At the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Miller on Wednesday, June 22nd, the daughter, Estelle B., was united in marriage to Burrell Brittain of Lower Wakefield.—Hartland Advertiser.

Your horse will look twice as well, feel twice as well, do twice as much work, sell for twice as much money, if you use his system up with Dr. HARVEY'S CONDITION POWDERS.

No other condition powder will be so effective as this well tried remedy. If your dealer does not sell it we will mail you a full size package, as sample, on receipt of price, 25c.

THE BROTHERHOOD CO., 424 ST. PAUL, MONTREAL.

A NEW DRESS FOR 10 CENTS

A package of Magnetic Dye will make a new dress of your old one. Quickly and easily done.

All materials can be dyed sort and like new, and

MAGNETIC DYES

will do it. For sale at all stores, or full size packages sent by color, post paid, on receipt of price, 10c.

HARVEY MEDICINE CO., 424 St. Paul, Montreal.

NOVA SCOTIA.

HALIFAX, June 27.—The Dominion Atlantic railway train was several hours late in arriving tonight. The delay was caused by a vessel passing under the bridge at Weymouth, which made it necessary to transfer freight and passengers to another train. The train could not cross.

NORTH SYDNEY, June 27.—The Warship Felloan of the Newfoundland fishery protection fleet is here for coal and supplies.

Three children of Mrs. Wabber, South Bar, two girls and a boy, all under twelve years, left home berry picking Saturday morning, and lost their way in the woods. They were found this morning. The children had been two days and nights without food and were nearly exhausted. Two hundred people searched the woods since Saturday night.

TRURO, June 27.—The assets in the Ernest Vernon failure will be about \$11,000. The following are preferences: First preferences, Mary Vernon, \$4,753; G. H. Vernon, \$33; second preferences, Merchants' Bank, \$1,995; Halifax Banking Co., \$1,200; Commercial Bank, \$810; third preferences, Halifax Banking Co., \$129; Merchants' Bank, \$23.98; Commercial Bank, \$70; H. A. Lovett, \$40; Gordon & Keith, \$15; E. H. Hobbs, \$50.

HALIFAX, June 27.—The bakers will on July 1st, reduce the price of the flour at a half cent from 8 cents to 7 1/2 cents.

The steamer Newfoundland is preparing for a second voyage to the West Indies with a cargo of flour and provisions.

ROYAL SCOTS FOR PORTLAND. (Montreal Star.) All arrangements for the transportation to Portland of the Royal Scots have been completed, and the regiment will leave here on the evening of Saturday, July 1. The Grand Trunk have placed at the disposal of the corps a special military train, consisting of a Pullman, eight colonist sleeping cars, one horse car, and one baggage car, so that everything possible has been done by the company to make the officers and men comfortable during the trip.

The Scots will spend Sunday and Monday in Portland, leaving on the return journey for home on the evening of the 4th, and arriving in Montreal on the morning of the 5th.

THE NEWS AT INDIANTOWN. It was the steamer Hampshire, not the Springfield, as has been stated, that met with an accident to her rudder up river on Saturday. The Hampshire has effected repairs.

The Springfield and Star came down river yesterday with quite a number of passengers.

The May Queen brought down a lot of general stores, a number of lambs and calves and quite a number of sheep. The David Weston, from Fredericton yesterday, had quite a passenger list, including many of the up river teachers who will attend the Institute opening here today.

Yesterday afternoon the Point Pleasant ferry, E. Ross, was laid off for a short time while a new pipe was being put in. The service was kept up with small boats.

CAMPOBELLO NEWS. WELSHPOOL, Campobello, June 27.—Last week Edward Deason was run over by a bicycle and his face was cut considerably.

The Tyn-y-coed hotel is now open to the public. Joseph Vennell is home from New York, Miss Louisa Vennell from Boston, and Percy Byron from Newton, Mass.

Examinations were held in the schools at North Road and Indian Island on Friday. A. J. Mitchell and Henry H. Stuart closed their schools on Friday, to attend the Provincial Institute at St. John this week.

A public missionary meeting, under the auspices of the P. C. Baptist Missionary society, was held at Wilson's Beach last night. The programme consisted of: Opening chorus, "Go Work, by choir; Scripture reading, Miss Ingraham; prayer; hymn, Pass the Torch, Never Before; hymn, by Miss Seale; recitation and missionary hymn; by Mrs. Babcock and choir; reading, Nonsense; hymn, Let Us Tell the Wonderful Story; reading, Following God's Command; instrumental solo, Sweet Bye and Bye, by Mrs. Boyd; reading, By the Waters of the Valley Where the Sweet Waters Flow; reading, Hungry for the Bread of Life, by Miss Galbraith; hymn, Bring Them In, by three girls; reading, India's Women, by Miss Ingraham; hymn, Christ Has Redeemed Us; address by Rev. David Patterson. A large collection was taken up in aid of the P. C. B. mission in India.

NOVA SCOTIA WEDDINGS. Dr. Frank Irwin of Lockeport and Miss Alice Todd Bill of this town were married last Tuesday. The wedding was a brilliant affair.

The marriage occurred at Caledonia, N. S., on Thursday of George E. Banks of the Gold Hunter staff and Miss Fanny H. Harlow, daughter of N. S. Harlow, the popular proprietor of the Alton house.

Cards are out for the marriage of Crofton U. McLeod, son of R. R. McLeod, and Miss Katie A., daughter of Josiah Smith, which is to take place at South Brookfield on July 1st, at 2 o'clock.

The marriage of Ansell Burkhous and Miss Maggie Aldred is announced to take place at the residence of the bride's father, Moiega, July 6th.

JUMPED FROM A BRIDE. Miss Annie Crawford of Cape Enrage, Albert County, Committed Suicide.

Saturday's Boston Herald says: Miss Annie Crawford, 24 years old, of 124 Pine street, Waltham, committed suicide by throwing in the Charles river, the Boston street bridge yesterday morning. The body was recovered in the afternoon. Despondency was the cause of her act.

Early in the morning she packed all of her clothing in a trunk and addressed it to her mother, Mrs. George Tingley, Cape Enrage, Albert county, N. B. Then she walked to the New-ton street bridge and stood for some time looking into the water. Then she jumped over the railing. She made no outcry and sank immediately. Three boys were fishing from the bridge at the time.

She had lived in Waltham four years and had a cousin in Charlottetown and an aunt in Lynn.

RUN OVER BY A TRAIN. George Ingraham, aged twelve years, residing with his parents on Simonds street, met with a probably fatal accident on Monday. The boy started about 11.30 from his father's house with his father's dinner kettle. He passed through the I. C. R. yard for a short cut. He was near the foundry, when the incoming train, the Prince of Wales, struck him. The dreadful mishap occurred in not exactly known but it is surmised that a passing shunter occupied the boy's attention and he saw not or heeded not the approaching train. The driver, George Palmer, saw the boy step on the track right in front of the train and then turn to run off, but he apparently fell, and while his body cleared the track his legs were inside the rails and in a second the iron monster had passed over his limbs, taking one off at the ankle and mangling the other horribly from the knee and taking off the foot. The boy was removed to the hospital in the ambulance. The mangled limbs were amputated and dressed, and the boy so far is doing well, considering his terrible injuries. His right arm was also broken. The doctors hold out some little hope of his recovery.

THE CIRCUIT COURT. At the circuit court on Friday the case of William Linton, charged with passing counterfeit money, was taken up. John L. Carleton and James E. Cowan appearing for the crown, and L. A. Curry, Q. C. and A. W. Baird for the defence. Quite a lively incident occurred shortly after the mid-day recess was over. The defendant had been put upon the stand in his defence and was being cross-examined by Mr. Carleton with a view to testing his accuracy of recollection. He acquiesced as to a number of days, the kind of weather and similar matters. After this examination had proceeded for some time, his honor interposed with the remark that this questioning was scarcely important, as it did not relate to the real issue between the crown and the prisoner. Mr. Carleton submitted that he deemed it necessary and that he was acting within his rights. After some further discussion Judge Hanington told the counsel that if he persisted he would have to tell him to sit down. Mr. Carleton replied that if he did have to sit down he could rise again. He then announced his intention of withdrawing from the case and asked the judge's permission to retire. Judge Hanington said he had no power to give or withhold any permission and Mr. Carleton must suit himself. Both Mr. Carleton and his associate then threw up their briefs and the case was finished without them.

The prisoner's evidence was that the money had been passed upon him and that he did not know it was bad. The jury acquitted him and he was thereupon discharged.

The Queen against Charles Duplisea, charged with stealing a watch and chain from Isaac Komienaksky, was taken up. In this case Mr. Carleton alone appeared for the crown. Mr. Cowan stating that he did not represent the crown in that case. Daniel Mullin appeared for the prisoner.

At 10 o'clock that night the jury returned a verdict of not guilty, and Duplisea was discharged.

THE RESULT

of the guessing contest now on at Greater Oak Hall has not yet been decided.

The clock (at the hour of writing Monday afternoon) still continues to go.

The contest will close when the clock runs down, and that may be at any time, perhaps tomorrow.

Hundreds of people all over New Brunswick and Nova Scotia are deeply interested in this particular clock, for they have deposited guess coupons, and await the result.

It means that the person lucky enough to guess nearest to the time the clock will stop, will be presented with a Red Bird Bicycle.

The daily papers will announce the result.

Two weeks ago we reduced the price of some two hundred men's suits that were \$12 and \$14 to exactly one half, \$6 and \$7.

There's good choice left yet and all sizes too. Remember this when you are buying.

Greater Oak Hall.

SCOVIL BROS. & CO.

ST. JOHN.

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BANNER SEED OATS.

Canadian and Western Timothy.

Alsike and Red Clover.

Garden Seeds in Bulk and Packages.

JAMES COLLINS.

210 Union Street, St. John, N. B.

ROBT. B. SIZER & CO.,

Lumber Commission Merchants,

70 BEAVER STREET, NEW YORK.

Spruce Timber and Laths a specialty. Consignments and Correspondence Solicited.

D. BOYANER, Optician.

WANTED. WANTED—Smart agent to sell an article easily sold in every farm house. Large commissions paid. Splendid chance to make money. LOUIS GREEN, 9 King street, St. John, N. B.

WANTED—Eminent, energetic young man farmer's sons, teachers, students, clerks and others who are admirers of Mr. Gladstone, and would like to spend the next three months in telling the marvellous story of his life. We think you how to do the work and insure success. From \$10 to \$25 a day absolutely sure. There is no fear of failure and it will be enjoyable work. Particulars furnished free. THE BARNHILL CO., LIMITED, Toronto.

WANTED—A man who understands farming and care of cows, with W. B. BARNHILL, Two Rivers, Cumb. Co., N. S.

CARLETON CO. COUNCIL.

Discussion of the Question of Sending Delegate to England.

Long Discussion on County Jail Affairs—The Question of an Alms-house.

Collectors Must Gather in the Taxes More Sharply—A Loan Authorized—Other Business Transacted.

WOODSTOCK, June 22.—This morning the council met at 9 o'clock. After disposing of some accounts left over from the previous day's meeting, there was some discussion over a bill by Dr. Cummings of Bath, for \$84.60, in connection with the Chaney murder trial. A dispute arose over the doctor's mileage, &c. in one item. It was claimed on the one hand that he travelled as a coroner, not as a doctor, and on the other hand that in view of the fact that he did his travelling when the great snow storms of last winter were in full blast, he was entitled to special consideration.

Coun. Saunders moved the bill be paid when proper vouchers were given, and Coun. White moved that the bill be paid, less \$7.20. White's amendment was carried.

A bill of Gordon MoAdam for \$4.10, witness fees in connection with the Scott act trial of Frank Dickenson, was on motion of Coun. White referred back to Mr. Colpitts, in view of his statement the previous day that all bills to date had been paid.

Coun. Saunders asked the secretary-treasurer to state to the board the indebtedness of the county. The secretary-treasurer said the overdraft was \$9,100. There was \$300 or \$400 of a credit balance on account of a special bond authorized. About \$1100 in bills was passed at this session. There would be some \$3,300 to pay in August on schools; \$4,844.37 was due on parish assessments, the county from the town and several parishes. Wilcox had a favorable balance of \$212. The parish of Aberdeen had a credit balance of \$109.49. (Applause.) After which Coun. Gilmore remarked: "We are the people." The financial situation was about the same as last year. In this year's assessment was all paid in arrears. The balance would have been \$16,400, which would leave the county clear. It was scarcely likely that this would be collected, so there was pretty sure to be an adverse balance at the end of the year.

Coun. White thought every effort should be made to collect the back balances. The various collectors of taxes should be more peremptory. Woodstock owed one half of the delinquent list. We must be careful of our finances, and make a better showing next year.

Coun. Gibson—Do you know why the people do not wish to pay their taxes? It is because a great deal of the money has been thrown away this past five or six years. (Hear, hear.) Coun. Moors—If Woodstock cannot pay their bills, let us no longer keep company with them.

Coun. Saunders—Let Simonds get out of the way before you accuse Woodstock.

Coun. Moors—We are not in debt as Woodstock is, only half the whole indebtedness. I will see Simonds shall pay her \$120. He moved that the various collectors be instructed to carry out their work systematically, and to have executions issued when necessary.

The exact indebtedness of the several parishes outside Woodstock is as follows:

Woodstock parish	\$138 59
Waketown	132 23
Richmond	229 67
Wicklow	214 74
Brighton	399 25
Kent	579 87
Northampton	86 99
Simonds	120 46
Peel	157 56

Coun. Saunders thought a committee of the council should be appointed to confer with the town on this question.

Coun. Henderson was in both the county and town councils. The trouble was that the collectors in town and county did not do their duty. They must be instructed to collect sharply.

Coun. Moors resolution was carried.

A committee composed of Couns. White, Forrest and Moors was appointed to confer with the town council about the town's indebtedness.

Coun. Saunders reported on behalf of the committee appointed at last session to inquire into the question of promoting trade between this country and Great Britain. Great Britain's annual average of food imports was \$283,000,000. Canada sent 164,000 lbs. of cheese, as against 50,000,000 lbs. by the United States. This change in favor of Canada had recently been brought about. Great Britain wants 123,000,000 dozen of eggs. Canada only ships 1-26 of this amount. The same might be said of butter and other products. These figures were furnished by Geo. Johnson, the Dominion statistician. He (Coun. Saunders) argued that it would be a great thing to have a man go over to England and look into the market. It would be necessary that the man to go should be a practical farmer.

Coun. Gilmore said that Russia gathered eggs and sent them to England. Why could not we do this? We needed to go in for more scientific farming. Most farmers could winter 50 or 60 hogs, and improve their condition in other respects. Send some men to England. The trouble is we were afraid to pay.

Coun. White agreed that everything should be done to encourage our farming industry. We first ask the legislature to give us power to make

an appropriation for this purpose, and then we consider the advisability of providing for a representative.

Coun. Cronkhitte thought if the government had sent a man to England, as they had, it would not be necessary for this county to repeat the action.

Coun. Henderson favored getting all possible information before the farmers of the county on this subject. He suggested that certain extracts from the report be printed and circulated for the benefit of the farmer.

Coun. Connelly did not believe in sending a man from this county when we could not raise oats fit to supply St. John market.

Coun. Saunders thought the only action necessary at present was to get the power from the legislature to send a representative. Next year we could decide on whether to send the representative or not.

Coun. Gilmore thought the people must be educated to raise better products, and thus secure the best markets.

Coun. Connelly still believed it would not be to the advantage of the county to send a man to England.

Coun. Gallagher said Carleton Co. could produce as good produce as was raised in Ontario. The shippers of this county had been in the habit of paying the same price for poor as for good stuff. They should, on the contrary, encourage the raising of good products. He believed in sending a man to England, and thought good results would follow. He could have shipped 100 tons more hay last season if he could have got accommodation. He would be willing to pay a man \$100 himself, and could make money out of it.

Coun. Moors did not see the advantage of sending a delegate to England, as the information might be obtained without that expense.

The report was received and adopted.

Coun. Henderson moved that certain extracts of the report be printed, to be selected by the committee who submitted the report, and be circulated in pamphlet form throughout the county. The committee are Geo. W. White, W. S. Saunders and E. S. Gilmore.

At the afternoon session Coun. Connelly raised the question of the support of the poor of the county. He did not look for immediate action, but desired to lay his views before council. He favored the establishment of an alms house and farm for the county, in place of the present system. A resolution to that effect was seconded by Coun. Tompkins.

A motion to postpone action to the January session was adopted, with consent of Coun. Connelly.

Joseph McKeen, Joshua Crawford and Cyrus Vanwart were appointed keepers for the parish of Woodstock.

Coun. Fleming presented a petition from the people of Benton asking that the law be repealed prohibiting cattle running at large in that district, owing to the fact that the law is inimical to the interests of a majority of the inhabitants. The petition was objected to by Coun. Connelly. One party in this district only was opposed to the petition, but he thought that one party had right on his side. The petition was carried.

A difference existed between the councillors of Peel as to the appointment of a justice to collect delinquent taxes, in chief of the late D. Semple. Coun. Tompkins supported Henry B. Taylor for the vacancy. He argued that when Mr. Taylor was collecting justice once before he did excellent work.

Coun. Phillips objected that all the offices worth having had been held by East Florencia people. He only objected to Mr. Taylor for the reason that he lived there, and he objected to Geo. W. Melville, with whom he had a clash. He moved that Robert Hunter be appointed. Mr. Taylor received the appointment.

Re a petition from Wm. M. Connell as to a claim for fees as clerk of the peace before he was elected by government, a special committee reported against the claim.

Coun. Saunders moved that Mr. Connell present his bill to a judge for endorsement, and then have it brought before the council. His could get no second, and the motion fell.

Coun. Kearney moved that Jas. Lipsett, late commissioner of roads for Simonds, hand over all moneys to Robt. Kirkbride, his successor in office. Carried.

The visitation of constables, by resolution, was called to the needs of enforcing the Pedlars License Act. The finance committee was authorized to ask a loan for \$5,000 for special purposes.

Next came the jail matter.

Coun. Henderson moved that an expenditure of \$50 for necessary improvement to the jail be made.

Coun. Cheney seconded the motion.

Coun. Saunders thought that the money would be thrown away; that \$300 would not be enough to do any good.

Coun. Henderson in amendment, appointed a committee to prepare plans and specifications for the erection of a new jail on the county lot in town and report at the January session.

Coun. Gibson seconded the motion.

Coun. White said that when the vote was given by the people against the new buildings in Woodstock, it was simply because they feared the extra tax. He mentioned the extra cost to persons interested in council and court in going to and from the court house. Now, we have come to the jumping off place. The grand jury recommended a certain course, and it was a question whether it was within the council's right to do otherwise than they recommended. To do as the grand jury recommended would mean not less than \$2,500. It is for the council to decide in view of the future the better plan to adopt. If the building is put in town we will need no repairs on the old jail. He advocated a good wooden building, not an expensive brick building. A building down there could be built at \$10,000.

Coun. Saunders—At \$5,000.

Coun. White—Perhaps so. I think you are right. To do the work up here we would have to expend one quarter of that amount. If we hired \$10,000 it would be only \$400 a year interest, and how easy to provide a sinking fund. If we repair, here, we

will have to expend in repairs every year. It would be economy on the part of this county to build the jail in town. The time is opportune, and should be taken advantage of today. You never can convert this building, up here, into what it should be. He would vote for Coun. Saunders' amendment.

Coun. Gilmore favored Saunders' amendment. With the present jail it was nothing but building wings and tails and heads. He favored the building in Woodstock, where it should have been long ago.

Coun. Phillips believed in the repair of the present jail, and thought the people were against building a jail and court house in town, for it meant putting the court house there. He would rather have the voice of the people before this building was made.

Coun. Moors thought it would be better to deal with the court house as well as the jail, for we have a white elephant on our hands. If the amendment recommended a court house as well as a jail, he would vote for it.

Coun. Gallagher would support the amendment.

Coun. Saunders, with the consent of the seconder, amended his resolution so that it would include plans for a court house as well as a jail. In the past three years we have spent \$600 on the jail, and we are not getting on.

Coun. Connelly thought the people would vote against moving the court house and jail. He would vote for repairing the old buildings.

Coun. Kearney thought the best way would be to immediately repair the old jail, and at the same time, at once, and he would vote for working at the repairs at once.

Coun. Henderson said that no matter how much was expended on this building they would then have no jail. The jailer, who has been there thirty years, said if you are not going to make complete repairs, make none at all.

Coun. Phillips said the new building would not be wood, but would be brick. He strongly opposed the motion. The real objection to the buildings was their location. If councillors were not elected enough to see that was done.

Coun. Cronkhitte favored spending \$300 on the old jail for the present.

Coun. Saunders said that \$300 would not put the jail into condition, which would remove its condemnation.

Coun. Gibson favored building the new jail, and he would vote for it.

On a vote on Saunders' amendment, the yeas were: Saunders, C. E. Gallagher, H. E. Gallagher, Henderson, White, Gibson, Lemont, Coulter, Richardson, Moors, Speer, Gilmore—12.

Nays—Cronkhitte, Caldwell, Tracey, Bell, Forrest, Cheney, Connelly, Kearney, Tompkins, Phillips, Fanning, Fleming, Shaw—13. Lost.

A motion to spend \$300 on the jail was carried, a former motion to go the whole length of the grand jury's recommendation being lost.

A question of the election of two councillors for Peel was taken, George W. Melville complaining that the election was illegal. Mr. Melville was a candidate.

A motion was made by Coun. Caldwell to amend the bye-laws, so that the election be held as before.

All the poll-taxed electors voted for him, and their votes were illegal, he would still have a majority.

Sec. Treas. Jones did not think one illegal voter would render an election void, unless once before he did excellent work.

Mr. Phillips contended that Coun. Phillips, having secured an adjournment from last January, should have produced the witnesses that he said he could bring.

A number of the councillors remember the difference being lost.

Coun. Tompkins said he got all he could of the poll-tax voters. (Applause and laughter.)

Coun. Cronkhitte, seconded by Coun. Gallagher (Kent), moved that the present council be re-elected.

Quite interesting sallies took place between Coun. Phillips and Mr. Melville as to the result if they could get it again. "I could beat him two to one," said the excited councillor. "You don't seem to want to try," replied the defeated candidate.

The council then examined the lists to see how the matter would stand if the poll-tax voters had not voted. They found that eighteen poll-tax electors had voted in Peel, and it would appear that Mr. Phillips had a majority outside the poll-tax if they all voted for him.

Coun. Caldwell said after the examination of the vote, he would not vote for his own motion.

The amendment was carried and the councillors remain in their seats.

A vote of thanks was passed to Mr. H. M. P. for getting the council valuable information about farm produce required in England, and the board adjourned.

THE MINERAL INDUSTRY.

VOL. VI. of The Mineral Industry, carrying the record down to the close of 1897, is now ready.

It is the endeavor of the publishers to render this annual better and better every year, as opportunity offers and new fields are opened. Each volume is entirely fresh and original, a record of the year under review, complete in itself, supplementing, but not repeating, the information given in preceding volumes. No better assurance of future merit and usefulness of this work can be given than its past and present. The Scientific Publishing Co., 253 Broadway, New York, publishers.

One pint of milk produces, roughly speaking, one ounce of butter.

Five is the great sacred Chinese number.

A Parisian student, in order to win a bet, shaved his neck. The conditions were that the necks should be cut into pieces and dressed as a salad, with oil, vinegar and pepper, and this original mixture should be swallowed within six minutes. The student performed this difficult operation in five minutes and a half.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

THE NEW JAPAN.

Rev. J. W. Wadman Talks About This Progressive Country.

In Which He Has Spent the Last Nine Years—Taking on European Ways at a Rapid Rate—Trust England, but Detest Russia.

The most striking recent illustration of the principle that the chief growth of the state is from within is furnished in the case of Japan, which has suddenly and unexpectedly taken a high place among the nations of the world. Vanquishing China was but the outward and visible sign of a mighty impulse within, of a breaking away from the clutches of orientalism and the birth of a twentieth century national life. Thucydides knew "how to make a small city great" long before the advent of Aristotle founded the science of politics. Japan is a small country, but it must henceforth be reckoned with by the great powers of Europe in the treatment of all far-eastern questions.

"I have spent nine years in Japan," said the Rev. J. W. Wadman, in an address given at the church here the other day. "I left St. John eleven years ago, and was for the first two years pastor of the Methodist church in Victoria, British Columbia. Then, under the direction of the Methodist Episcopal Church of the United States, I went to Japan as a missionary. I am still under the direction of that great body and will in a twelve month return to my labors in Japan, where I have already spent nine years."

On his arrival in the land of the crystal tower, Rev. Mr. Wadman took a position in the College of Tokio and for two years studied the language in which he had to speak to the people. After that he for several years conducted evangelistic work in the interior of the country. Later on he has been pastor of the Central church at Tokio and what might be called publishing agent of the society, directing and supervising the translation and publication of Christian books in the Japanese tongue.

Last year, said Mr. Wadman, with the aid of native helpers I translated the book of Genesis into Japanese, taking two hours every day to the work.

Then you must have pretty well mastered Japanese? suggested the reporter.

I would not feel safe in writing a book in that language, the written language being so different from that which is spoken. In the matter of translating, I sit down each day with a native who knows English. After satisfying myself that he fully understands the meaning of the English text, I get him to give me a translation in colloquial Japanese, and then have to see that he writes this down in a hand the common people can read intelligently. Only very few natives can do this work, but I particularly like to get newspaper men to help me in translating theological works, as they write what the people understand in newspaper style.

And I would rather read the masses than the students.

Have the Japanese translations of the chief English writers?

They have quite a number, several books or serials of Shakespeare, for example. They have a translation of Drummond's Natural Life in the Spiritual World, but it is so poorly done that the people cannot understand it. There are English books that ought not to be translated, but should rather be carried into Japanese thought. The people have their own story books and we use some of these to point a moral or as Christian teaching is concerned.

Has Japan a reliable written history?

They have a reliable history for a time, but as it goes back it becomes mythical. Their recent history is pretty accurately told, about as reliable as most of our own histories.

You have been in Japan during eventful times?

Yes. The past nine years in Japan have been wonderful years of change and progress. The most exciting was, of course, the year of the Japan-China war. Young Japan is talking on European ideas. It is a country where the leaders have great power, and the people follow these young leaders, many of whom have been in Great Britain, and have a good command, or in the United States. These leaders dress in our clothes, are progressive and seem determined to make Japan a modern nation. Its Inouye, Okuma, Tagaki, et al, are very powerful men in the new Japan. When Japan started on its new career, the Emperor sent embassies to Great Britain, Germany, France, the United States and other countries to examine into the different prevailing systems of education, civil service, military and naval conditions and other things, and from the reports these deputations brought home the government chose those systems they thought best adapted for reform, and forthwith employed capable leading men from the different European countries to establish the new movements on a solid basis. In the last five or six years many of these European teachers and experts have been dismissed and their places filled, or their work continued, by native Japanese, thereby effecting a large saving, as the foreigners were paid liberal salaries. It is thought by some that these dismissals were a little premature, but there are two sides to such questions.

Do you believe the Japanese capable of assimilating all these new ideas or applying European ways to their own conditions? Or is it only a veneer process?

I think that for the most part the process of assimilation will be thorough. Of course much of it will be more or less superficial at first, but enough has already been taken in to build on the newly laid foundation. The successors to the foreign teachers are young Japanese trained in the best schools of Europe for this work and, speaking the language of the country, they can do more than can accomplish much greater things than

the imported professors and scientists.

What are the most marked characteristics of the people?

The Japanese are a united, patriotic people, devoted to their emperor, and for the sake of their country capable of making almost any sacrifice. Herein they differ from the Chinese, who are divided among themselves, and incapable of any such thing as patriotism. I was in Tokio when the war was on, and the excitement there was intense. The common people felt at the moment they could conquer the whole world, but the statesmen (and they are statesmen worthy of the name) kept the people well within bounds, and did it, too, without seeming to interfere with the public will. The press, which is largely under the direction of some of these sensible politicians, did good work in this direction.

Japan is noted for its newspapers? The newspaper is a powerful factor there. Everybody reads it. There are 15 dailies in Tokio with its million inhabitants. The average price is half a cent a copy; some papers take a high standard, others are like the sensational Paris press, or the American yellow journal, I suppose, although I have not much acquaintance with this modern American product. The leading Japanese newspapers are said to be interesting and well conducted. In years past they were money makers, but so keen is the rivalry at present that it is pretty hard to make both ends meet.

Is there a press censorship? Yes, but it is wisely exercised, and the laws are being gradually relaxed. Of course the emperor stands above criticism, but under existing conditions the autocratic power of the emperor is a good thing for the country. He is a capable ruler, and while holding the people in check does not abuse his power. He has had the wisdom to gather around him the best of the educated, progressive young men. Prime Minister Ito and the emperor are boom friends.

What about Japan's foreign relations?

A wonderful change took place in public feeling over the diplomatic conflict with the United States regarding the Hawaiian question. I do not know what hidden scheme, if any, the Japanese government had in pushing two thousand immigrants a month into the Hawaiian islands, but I do not think the men this thing was stopped the Japanese felt the slap in the face very much. The general feeling now runs in favor of an alliance with Great Britain against Russia. Japan is putting all her spare cash into warships, and is building up a most formidable navy. It is amazing to note the wonderful interest the mass of the people take in strengthening the navy. It is popularly believed that it is for the purpose of defence against Russia, which is crushing down through Manchuria and Siberia towards the borders of Japan. The worst thing that could happen them in their own thought, would be to be gobbled up by Russia.

The Japanese have made a careful study of diplomacy. They have had a fine adviser from England in the person of Mr. Stone, with whom I am intimately acquainted. He has been in Japan for a long term of years and has gathered around him a body of young men well versed in international law and diplomacy.

Is the climate a good one?

The climate is trying to many Americans by reason of its exhausting and de-vitalizing nature. The atmosphere is devoid of ozone, and it is consequently difficult to pick up after an illness.

What about the people?

The Japanese are a light-hearted, easily-given, but sturdy people, and enjoyments, such as their cherry blossom holidays, and life to them is not a very serious matter. Their homes are devoid of much that Europeans regard as comforts, but on the other hand they take more joy out of the game of life than almost any other people. They are childlike in some of their ways, exceedingly polite, intensely patriotic and national, and on the whole decidedly progressive.

You have not said anything about your missionary work?

They give the sun something on that head at another time, but not now. I have been thrown into contact with all degrees and conditions of the people. I have lived the native life in the interior and have learned to love the Japanese for the good that is in them. But of this more anon.

And as the missionary's devoted wife was waiting for the interview to close, the reporter did not have the heart to prolong the inquisitorial proceedings.

TO GUARD GOD'S ACRE.

A very successful entertainment and pie social was held at Norton station on Thursday evening. The object was to raise funds to erect a fence around the old kirkyard, a mile above the village. The hall was filled, and the entertainment was very interesting and enjoyable. Among the numbers on the programme were songs by Miss Bolton and Miss Brand of Norton, remarks by John E. Ryan, a d. others, and readings by A. W. Baird of St. John, who was compelled to respond to frequent calls during the evening. Mr. Baird at the outset made a few remarks, referring to the laudable purpose of the entertainment, and paying a high and well deserved compliment to Miss Ella Stark and Miss Amelia McDiarmid, who took the task in hand some time ago and have worked with great zeal and energy sympathy and support of the friends of the kirkyard.

Do you believe the Japanese capable of assimilating all these new ideas or applying European ways to their own conditions? Or is it only a veneer process?

I think that for the most part the process of assimilation will be thorough. Of course much of it will be more or less superficial at first, but enough has already been taken in to build on the newly laid foundation. The successors to the foreign teachers are young Japanese trained in the best schools of Europe for this work and, speaking the language of the country, they can do more than can accomplish much greater things than

DINED BY HIS FRIENDS.

Dr. J. F. Macaulay Entertained at the Stanley.

And Congratulated on His Success at McGill—Very Enjoyable Evening Spent.

Few young men enter upon the practice of their profession in their native city under more cheering auspices than does Dr. J. F. Macaulay. The complimentary banquet tendered at the Stanley on Friday evening was an evidence of popularity that must have been extremely gratifying. Nearly all of those present were young men, proud of the honors won by their friend at McGill, and glad of this opportunity to offer their congratulations. The committee in charge of the arrangements were George Warwick, Fred Tutts and W. Mathers. There were over sixty gentlemen present. An excellent dinner was well and promptly served, there were bright speeches and good music, and the whole affair was successful to a degree that delighted the energetic members of the committee and gave great pleasure to all present.

George Warwick occupied the chair, and had at his right the guest of the evening, and at his left W. Mathers. When the toast list was reached the chairman, before proposing the toast of the Queen, spoke of the purpose of the meeting and of the honors won by Dr. Macaulay at McGill. He cordially paid a warm compliment to that institution, and observed that the St. John boys there were determined to give a good account of themselves. He was glad that Dr. Macaulay would remain in St. John.

The toast of the Queen having been duly honored, W. Mathers proposed the health of the guest of the evening. The speaker had spent two years with Dr. Macaulay at McGill, and was very sorry the latter would not be with him next year. He paid a warm personal tribute to those health was drunk with musical honors, and whose hining to respond was the signal for a genuine ovation.

Dr. Macaulay was much moved by the cordial reception given him, and said so. He had not, he observed, expected any such honor, and found it difficult to express his feelings. He was able to give a correct description of his mental condition in technical phrase, and the medical gentlemen present appeared to think the diagnosis was correct. The others, with much laughter, accepted it on faith, and asked questions about it. He was able to give a correct description of his mental condition in technical phrase, and the medical gentlemen present appeared to think the diagnosis was correct. The others, with much laughter, accepted it on faith, and asked questions about it.

Frank McCleaskey sang a song in a manner that brought the accomplished singer an enthusiastic encore. Murray Robertson, who had just returned with honors from Cornell, proposed the medical profession. Mr. Macneill made a clever little speech, and coupled the toast with the name of Dr. T. D. Walker.

Dr. Walker, who was given a most hearty reception, responded to the toast of the evening on the honor he had won at Cornell, and speaking of Dr. Macaulay said that the medical profession of St. John wished him a most successful career. When in Montreal he had heard most complimentary accounts of Dr. Macaulay's work as a student.

J. E. McPeake, who was in fine voice, sang a plantation song, and was loudly applauded.

George Price was next called on, and gave a humorous recitation about the telephone in a manner that provoked much mirth.

Fred Tutts proposed Canada's Winter Port, coupling with it the name of Rev. R. Mathers.

The latter paid a very high tribute to Dr. Macaulay, whose popularity he attributed to the gift of personal magnetism. He gave a witty, but accurate description of how the doctor, when only a student, had with complete success set a compound fracture of a fighting drake's leg. Mr. Mathers was glad to see that the doctor's own credit had not been lost, for cities sometimes fall in this respect. Alluding to the winter port, he said that first efforts in any new enterprise never fully realized expectations. There was always some failure and disappointment at the start, though others repeated the benefits later on. It was so with this winter port development. The genial clergyman made a happy and interesting address, and was heartily applauded.

G. Davidson gave a banjo solo with such fine expression that he was compelled to respond to an encore.

Duncan Robertson proposed the druggists of the city, coupled with the names of Clinton Brown and Herbert Crockett, who neatly responded.

George Price sang a comic song, and Ernest Williams followed with a clarinet solo, played with rare skill. Responding also to a hearty encore.

Gray Murdoch proposed the ladies, coupled with the names of Dr. Fritz and Fred Macneill.

Dr. Fritz began with a most complimentary allusion to Dr. Macaulay, and in a happy patriotic vein put a strong plea for McGill, a Canadian college and his own alma mater. The doctor made a neat response on behalf of the ladies, and was followed in a pleasant brief speech by Mr. Macneill. The chairman called upon Dr. Macaulay for a song, and the guest of the evening responded with a most spirited in a manner that called forth a persistent encore. The rousing chorus of the second song was joined in by the village.

The chairman next proposed the Press, which was replied to by Messrs. Hannay and McFarlane of the Recorder, and the Sun representative. A solo by Harry McCleaskey was followed by the toast of Our Next Merry Meeting, and Auld Lang Syne. The accompaniments on the piano were played very acceptably during the evening by A. Cook.

It was after 2 a. m. when the merry party dispersed.

CANADA.

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IS FRIENDS.

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CANADA'S CHANCE.

How to Effectively Compete With the United States

In the Matter of a Fast Mail, Passenger and Freight Service on the Atlantic.

George H. Dobson Talks to a Sun Reporter—He Would Make North Sydney the Port of Call and Thus Avoid the Slow and Dangerous St. Lawrence Route—Big Modern Ships Needed.

George H. Dobson is a prominent man in North Sydney. He is a thinker as well as a talker and manufacturer of the Sydney board of trade and an authority on many things, transportation matters included.

Mr. Dobson is at the Royal yesterday. When seen by a member of the Sun staff he stated that he had been interviewed and referred to the title of his recent pamphlet on Ocean Routes and Canada's Splendid Opportunity, a copy of which he produced.

Mr. Dobson contends that if Canada is to participate effectively in trans-Atlantic traffic she must have boats of equal speed with those that make New York their American terminus, and that she must be prepared to keep pace with the march of improvement in steamship running on the Pacific as well as the Atlantic.

Mr. Dobson pointed out, was a new feature in transportation and was provided by the principal passenger line companies. He had no theory to advance about freight boats except that they ought to be large, but he thought if the government secured a strong company to operate the fast Canadian passenger service large cargo boats would follow.

In his pamphlet Mr. Dobson remarks: "It is thought that if the Canadian government would offer \$500,000 for a twenty-knot service, and \$750,000 for a twenty-two knot speed and upwards, to be supplemented by Imperial subsidy of 50 per cent additional (these subsidies to be paid on principle of bounties for special transport), the unrestricted enterprise of Canadian and British shipowners would soon give Canada a service equal in speed to that of New York."

The contract made in July, 1897, by the French government with the Compagnie Generale Transatlantique for improvement of the French mail service, stipulates the building of three new steamers in France of the most improved type. If the boats fail to develop a minimum speed of 22 knots they can be cancelled for every one-tenth knot under, and should the speed prove to be less than 21.4 knots, they can be refused.

But a Canadian fast Atlantic service, to succeed, contends Mr. Dobson, must follow a track absolutely clear of every obstacle, hindrance and possible danger to rapid steaming from the port of reception of mails to the port of delivery, a route, in other words, that combines the merits of shortness and directness with safety and comfort to the traveller.

The second obstacle to speed emphasized by Mr. Dobson is the long run from Belle Isle to Rimouski, a

distance of 581 knots, with lines of rocky coast on either side, irregular currents, somewhat winding waterways and waterways so narrow that double lanes are impossible. Add to all these the dangers incident to prevailing fog. The time lost, some 108 hours, by the Parisian, for example, between the fastest trips in 1896 and the slowest in 1897, is more than enough to cross the Atlantic from an Atlantic port of call by the northern route."

Mr. Dobson likewise says Canada has an inland port for the delivery of mails, the only country which ignores the advantages of open ocean ports of call.

His solution of the problem is simply this: He would substitute North Sydney for Rimouski as a port of call for the fast steamers between Quebec and Liverpool thereby avoiding the delays to mails caused by the ice, etc., at Belle Isle, and the dangers of fast steaming in fogs on the St. Lawrence. This route, Mr. Dobson contends, would meet the universal demand not only as an expedient route for the mails, but also the shortest sea passage.

Mr. Dobson in all this deals only with the summer service. The winter service would of necessity make a maritime port in North America. While a resident of North Sydney, and feeling alive to the good points of that port of call, he takes the broad ground that his proposition is in the interest of the material advancement of Canada as a whole.

Mr. Dobson's pamphlet, "Unsurmountable Obstacles to Securing a High Rate of Speed," is a Canadian route compels the boats to cross the Atlantic in a high latitude, and the fog stations near the entrance to the straits report from 100 to 300 icebergs seen at one time.

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FARMERS' MEETINGS.

First of the Government Series Held in Queens County.

Addresses by Messrs. Farris, Blair, Hubbard and Others—Need of a Pork Packing Factory Urged.

The first of the series of meetings to be held in Queens and Sunbury counties was held at the Narrows on Tuesday evening, 21st inst. David Robinson presided, and one hundred and twenty-five residents of Cambridge and Johnston attended.

The speakers were Hon. L. P. Farris, W. S. Blair of the Queens experimental farm, D. Sinclair Smith of Petticoat and W. W. Hubbard, corresponding secretary of the Farmers' and Dairyman's association.

Mr. Hubbard was the first speaker. He dwelt upon the importance of putting up such products as the markets demanded, and then gave a detailed description of some of the best methods of caring for milk to make high priced cheese and butter.

Mr. Sinclair Smith next upon the selection and care of cows for profitable dairying. He received great attention, and was closely questioned by the farmers present.

Mr. Farris gave a short address, expressing appreciation of the remarks made, and urged those present to profit by the information.

Dr. McDonald moved a vote of thanks to the speakers, which was unanimously carried.

McDONALD'S POINT, June 22.—The Farmers' institute meeting advertised for 2.30 p. m. today opened on time with a large attendance.

Hon. L. P. Farris, who spoke for a few moments, outlining the objects of the "meat days" held throughout the province, then made the opening address. He dwelt upon the necessity of the farmers of the country meeting together to discuss their business.

well round the edges, and had no trouble about its keeping. Last year he used silage for a supplemental summer feed, and this year he had kept eight feet of silage in one of his silos to feed when pastures got short.

Mr. Hubbard was the first speaker. He dwelt upon the importance of putting up such products as the markets demanded, and then gave a detailed description of some of the best methods of caring for milk to make high priced cheese and butter.

Mr. Sinclair Smith next upon the selection and care of cows for profitable dairying. He received great attention, and was closely questioned by the farmers present.

Mr. Farris gave a short address, expressing appreciation of the remarks made, and urged those present to profit by the information.

Dr. McDonald moved a vote of thanks to the speakers, which was unanimously carried.

McDONALD'S POINT, June 22.—The Farmers' institute meeting advertised for 2.30 p. m. today opened on time with a large attendance.

Hon. L. P. Farris, who spoke for a few moments, outlining the objects of the "meat days" held throughout the province, then made the opening address.

Mr. Hubbard was the first speaker. He dwelt upon the importance of putting up such products as the markets demanded, and then gave a detailed description of some of the best methods of caring for milk to make high priced cheese and butter.

Mr. Sinclair Smith next upon the selection and care of cows for profitable dairying. He received great attention, and was closely questioned by the farmers present.



FUSILIERS' PARADE.

The Battalion at the Mission Church Yesterday Afternoon.

Sermon by the Chaplain, Rev. J. M. Davenport—The Men Make a Fine Appearance.

The 62nd battalion paraded to the mission church of St. John the Baptist on Sunday afternoon, where a special service was held at 3.30 o'clock.

When the battalion arrived at the church there was an immense crowd near the building and all along Paradise row. After the battalion had been seated the public were admitted until the church was filled, when the doors were shut.

Rev. Mr. Davenport, the chaplain of the battalion, preached the sermon, taking for his text part of 1 Corinthians, 16th chap, 13th verse: "Quit you like men."

It was the occasion that called forth the most eloquent sermon ever heard in the words of the text the converts were growing weary of well doing, they had long been persecuted, made fun of and called fools.

Rev. Mr. Davenport then referred to the lustful ambitions of Napoleon, whose desire to become a second Alexander he contrasted strongly with Wellington's endeavor to gain peace for Europe.

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CURRIE BUSINESS UNIVERSITY.

Cor. Charlotte and Princess Streets, ST. JOHN, N. B.

The largest and best equipped institution of its kind in Canada.

SEND FOR SPECIAL SUMMER RATES Address: J. R. CURRIE, Principal. POST OFFICE BOX 50

Hamilton, James Ince and F. Dane of Toronto, and W. R. Miles and T. H. Estabrooks of St. John. Mr. Miles went up at the request of the council of the board of trade and Mr. Estabrooks went along to join him in the representation of the case from the importer's standpoint.

The intention of the department seemed to be to get to exactly what the trade desired, and if that was right from the health standpoint to put it in operation. There had been some requests for the adoption of the United States standard for inspection.

The chief objection to it is that while it would admit some low grade teas it would shut out some of the high grade. The delegates took objection to the fixing of any standard at present, for the reason that this season's teas are now being shipped, and it would not be possible to send out standards to the buyers in time.

At a meeting of representatives of the several provincial religious denominations and temperance lodges, held in St. John, in April, 1897, "The Prohibition Pledge Campaign Committee" was organized, of which the undersigned were appointed chairman and secretary, and St. Woodbury, St. John, treasurer.

It was the intention of the committee to proceed at once to arrange for campaign in the province, and preliminary steps were taken.

It was suggested that a provincial convention be called. After due consideration it was deemed to the committee that it would be better to use the time and money which would be spent in attending such a convention in making county organizations, out of which will grow the necessary community organization.

We, therefore, suggest that leaders of prohibition sentiment in each county call, at a general place, a meeting for "voluntary temperance societies, young people's societies, etc., in the county should be asked to send representatives, and each meeting may properly include all who are really interested in the great work of the temperance cause."

Our appeal is to all men and women who are concerned for the welfare of the country, and anxious to strike a blow at the liquor traffic—the country's most powerful and cruel enemy.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF ST. JOHN.

Arrived.
June 24-Str St John City, 1578, Harrison, from London via Halifax, Scotland and Co. cargo.
Sch. Bell, 30, Wesson, from Rockland, A W Adams, bal.

DEPARTURE.

At Liverpool, June 28, sch Evolution, Fils-
netrick, from St John.
At Whitehaven, June 23, bark Ratusa, Jan-
son, from Dalhousie, for Dalhousie.

CANADIAN PORTS.

At Quebec, June 21, sch. Etienne, Reed,
from Dalhousie.
At Hillsboro, June 24, bark Carrie L Smith,
from Dalhousie.

ARRIVED.

From Cape Tormentine, June 29, bark Sid-
ney, from Pictou.
From Point du Chene, June 21, bark Geo.
Lindsay, for Bristol.

BRITISH PORTS.

At Preston, June 21, bark Froen, Larson,
from Scot Harb.
At Manchester, June 21, bark Gamma, Pe-
demans, from Scot Harb.

At Liverpool, June 28, sch Evolution, Fils-
netrick, from St John.
At Whitehaven, June 23, bark Ratusa, Jan-
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ARRIVED.

At Asun, June 4, bark Douglas, from St
Blair, Mart, will load for New York.
June 2-Str. Titapook, Smith, for Liver-
pool.

FOREIGN PORTS.

At New York, June 21, bark Atlanta, Col-
lins, from New York.
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pool.

From Rosario, May 13, bark Charles B
Lefroyer, from Santos.
From Amsterdum, June 21, bark Spokonger,
from Amsterdum.

ARRIVED.

From Rio Janeiro, June 27, bark Anglia
Schiffman, from Rio Janeiro.
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son of Major Sanford of Belmont, Hants
Co. N. S.

THE METHODISTS.

Proposition to Divide the Missionary
Society Into a Home and
General One.

Educational Matters—Nominating Com-
mittee Report—Delegates to the Gen-
eral Conference.

CHARLOTTETOWN, June 24.—The
conference opened on Thursday morn-
ing at 9 o'clock, and an hour was
spent in devotional exercises, in which
a large number participated. After
this the roll was called, and fifty-nine
ministers and twenty-seven laymen
responded to their names. The elec-
tion for president was then proceed-
ed with, when, as already reported
by wire, the Rev. Dr. Brecken was
chosen on the second ballot by a vote
of 74 out of 84, several having come
in during the interval.

The next highest was Rev. G. M.
Campbell, whose nomination for the
position next year was pretty clearly
given. Rev. George Steel was elected
secretary by a large majority, and
in charge of the journal.

No minister having died during the
year the conference expressed the
gratitude of its members by rising
and singing with great force and
 fervor the grand old doxology.

In the afternoon a proposal having
been made to revive the missionary
and superannuated committees to
vote \$30 for the purpose of keeping
the grave of the late G. T. Roy in
good condition, and it having been
shown that the constitution of the
last named fund would not allow its
amount to be so appropriated, it was
decided to ask the missionary society
for a grant of \$50 for the purpose,
leaving \$40 to be raised in some other
way. A subscription was at once
started, and about \$50 was secured in
less than an hour.

The reason of this was given in the
fact that the gentleman in ques-
tion had given by gift and bequest
the handsome sum of \$17,000 to the
superannuated fund, besides several
thousands to the missionary society,
and his family, or rather his relatives,
were not now in circumstances to at-
tend to such things themselves.

Rev. Mr. Fullerton, formerly of St.
John, was introduced to the confer-
ence by ex-Mayor Dawson, and made
a pleasant speech, expressing his
good feelings cherished by the Presby-
terians for the Methodist cause.

An interesting service was held in
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report, which was as follows:

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Wm. Laughton, Thos. Petrie, Geo. Sel-
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What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants
and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor
other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute
for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrup and Castor Oil.
It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by
Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and
allays Feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour
Curd, cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves
Teething troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency.
Castoria assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach
and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria
is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.
"Castoria is an excellent medicine for
children. Mothers have repeatedly told me
of its good effect upon their children."
Dr. G. C. Osceola, Lowell, Mass.

Castoria.
"Castoria is so well adapted to children
that I recommend it as superior to any pre-
scription known to me."
H. A. Archer, M. D. Brooklyn, N. Y.

THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Dr. Samuel Pitcher

APPEARS ON EVERY WRAPPER.

THE CERTAIN COMPANY, 17 NUNSTON STREET, NEW YORK, U.S.A.

of the discussion is from the Guard-
ian.

In making the resolution Dr. Wil-
son thought that something ought to
be done in order to increase the stim-
ulus of the men on the domestic
missions. The conference had been
living in hope for twenty years of
eventing up the salary of the mis-
sionary to the minimum amount. But so
far, hopes were unfulfilled. Various
reasons were adduced why they had not
been reached. It is said the extension
of the work, the multiplication of min-
isters and the small givings of the
domestic missions were hindrances.

He thought there was nothing in
them, as far as the liberality of the
domestic missions was concerned, it
was in no way behind that of the in-
dependent circuits. He thought bet-
ter results would be secured if the
annual conference was held in a more
central location. Let the conference
be held after its own mission work, and
the Methodist people would take care of
it. Before 1874 the home and foreign
work was separate. Facts proved that
the separate work was much bet-
ter off than in that period. He did
not think that the foreign mis-
sion would suffer any loss by the division.
Dr. Wilson advocated the change at
length and with much earnestness.

Rev. Silas James spoke against the
separation. He presented the case. He
thought the separation was not in their
interest, and he devoted their energies to
the sustentation fund.

Rev. B. Balderston argued in favor
of the resolution.

Rev. C. H. Paisley discussed the
matter at length, and contended that
if the purpose of the resolution was
to augment the salary of the domestic
missionary, he should vote against it,
inasmuch as he was assured that if
the separation were made the opposite
result would be attained.

Dr. Inch was called up. He paid a
tribute to the manner in which Dr.
Wilson presented the case. He
had made a logical statement of the
matter. At the same time the change
would involve self-sacrifice on the
part of the home missionaries for
years. If the division of the funds
would ally the conflict between the
home and foreign work, that had de-
veloped with the past few years, he
was in favor of the division.

John E. Irvine of St. John argued
in favor of consolidation rather than
division. He hoped to see the day
when the Western Missionary Society,
the Sustentation Society and the
general would be under the control
of the board.

The Rev. Jno. Read was of the
opinion that it would be well to make
the division, although for a time the
change would likely involve sacrifice
on the part of the men on missions,
yet eventually both departments of
the work would be on a good basis.
He had sufficient faith in the Meth-
odist church in the provinces to take
care of its own fields of labor.

Mr. Baskin, Rev. Job Shenton and
others continued the debate, which
was exceedingly animated. The dis-
cussion occupied the whole of the after-
noon. When the vote was taken
the motion was defeated by a large
majority—61 to 38.

The evening was devoted to educa-
tional matters in an open session of
conference. Speeches were delivered
by Revs. John A. Clarke, A.M., H. R.
Baker, A.M., and Stephen H. Rice.
The report showed an increase of
\$83.30 over the income of last year,
the total amount received being
\$792.87. The meeting was rather poor-
ly attended, the public taking ad-
vantage of a fine evening to amuse
themselves elsewhere.

The secretary of the nominating
committee, A. C. Powers, reported the
following as the members of the com-
mittees named:

State of the work—Revs. John Read,
W. V. Brewer, Jos. Parkins, John A.
Clarke, H. Howie, E. H. W. Pickles, J.
T. Treadwell, W. R. Pepper and J.
Hunter White, C. W. Barker, J. J.
Black, F. McCready, C. C. Moore, C.
B. Haynes, Johnston Trueman, J. W.
Smith.

Personage aid—Rev. J. Crisp, T.
Stebbins, J. A. Clarke, G. F. Daw-
son, J. K. King, H. Pierce, and A. C.

Powers, W. A. Burpee, J. W. Wallace,
W. P. George, R. Heaney, H. Smith.

The election for representatives to
general conferences as far as the lay-
men were concerned was held on Sat-
urday afternoon, and after repeated
ballotings the result was: Dr. In-
ch, Dr. Allison, L. L. Beer, E. O. Pen-
ner, J. L. Black, John E. Irvine, W.
D. Baskin, A. D. Chipman, L. E.
Fisher, Wm. L. Palmer, as first rep-
resentative and Robert Macfarlane as second.
Owing to the absence of a large
number of the ministers the election
of the clerical representatives was de-
ferred to enable those who had been
sent to fill the Sabbath appointments
of stipendiary circuits to return and
have a voice in the matter.

Conference Sunday is always looked
forward to with much interest, and
especially when the services of the
day includes an ordination. While
therefore the special according to
Methodism was proclaimed in nearly
all the Protestant churches by the
recognized expounders the conference
church was the centre of attraction.
Three young islanders who had met
all the requirements of the discipline
—Champion, Dystant and Lear—
were solemnly ordained. The charge
of the ex-president, Rev. Mr.
Weddall, was listened to with marked
attention and was excellent, in every
sense. No attempt of it would do it
justice, and our hope is it may in
some way be given to the public in
full. The service as a whole was
quite above the ordinary. Each par-
ticipant did his work well, and the
close attention of the large audience
showed the interest that was felt in
all that was said or done.

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Vertical text on the right edge of the page, including 'SOME LAD', 'Black Ser', 'Russian B', '18 Inch Bo', '17 Inch Fl', 'DOV', 'Que', 'It is to be', 'continua', 'rebuild', 'fences', 'when y', 'can buy', 'Star', 'A. J.', 'JUST', '400 Doo', 'PABST', 'the pro', 'Pabst I', 'Milwa', 'brewer', 'M', '113 Prin', 'Rev. Dunca', 'Pastor o', 'The Board', 'New Bu', 'CHATHA', 'evening Re', 'Oak moun', 'ducted into', 'Andrews F', 'ham', 'and many', 'among them', 'of Pictou, w', 'way home', 'bites to be', 'Rev. Mr.', 'Mr. Horden', 'answers, pr', 'clared him', 'charge of', 'and all the', 'tery of Mil', 'the new pas', 'After the', 'S', 'DUN', 'W. H.