

The Mildmay Gazette

Vol. 13.

MILDMAY, ONT., THURSDAY, APRIL 28, 1904.

No. 17



Hardware

We have on hand a complete stock of :::

Builders' Hardware

Spades and Shovels, Churns, Wire and Fire Fencing Milk Cans and Pails Washers and Wringers Curtain Poles & Window Shades Sherwin-Williams Paints, Varnishes and Wall Colors.

...SEEDS...

Also a large supply of nice clean Clover and Timothy.

Call and examine our goods.

C. Liesemer, Sole Agent

Great Bargains

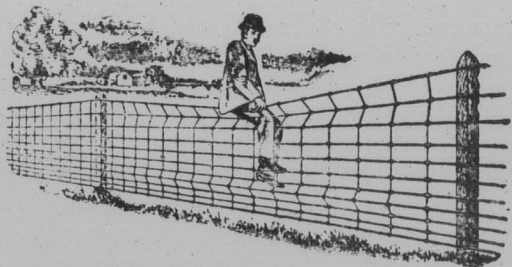
IN

In Men's and Children's Underwear and Overcoats.

Every line of Underwear is going to be sold at actual cost price in order to make room for spring stock—the same applies to Overcoats and Ready made suits.

J. J. Steigler

The Dillon Wire Fence,



Is the Fence for the Farmer.

The Dillon Wire Fence is acknowledged by all who have used it to be the most serviceable and durable fence on the market. Miles of it in Carrick is giving the very best satisfaction. It is the best all round fence made in this country.

Antony Kunkel, the local agent, takes contracts and puts up the Dillon Fence. All work is done well and on short notice. Large and small gates always on hand.

Antony Kunkel, Mildmay.

Additional Locals.

—A. W. Robb's election expenses amounted to \$160.46, and Mr. Donnelly's expenses were \$160.60.

—Miss Della Herringer has accepted a good position in Detroit and left for that city on Tuesday morning.

—Miss L. M. Herringer returned home on Tuesday evening from Toronto where she has been visiting for the past month.

—Mr. and Mrs. Frank Goetz of Milwaukee are visiting relatives here. They have just recently returned from a trip to California.

—Rev. Father Lehmann is indisposed, and the Sunday morning service was taken by Rev. Father Brohmann of Deemerton.

—Louis Diemert of the 4th concession has bought from August Pross Sr. the property west of the station. The property will be occupied by Mrs. G. A. Lobsinger.

—William Button of Wingham shipped eight carloads of maple blocks from this station last week. The blocks were manufactured by Weiler & Son, Formosa and George Schwalm Mildmay.

—The total loss by the Toronto fire is about \$10,000,000. The wholesale losses are well covered with insurance. About 3,500 people were thrown out of employment.

—The question of building more cement sidewalk in Mildmay is cropping up again, and we have no doubt the council will take hold of the matter at its next meeting.

—Friday, the 6th of May, is Arbor Day. Though it is not a holiday, the teacher and pupils should make arrangements to lay out paths or flower beds, plant shade trees in vacant places in the school grounds and generally to beautify the premises. Empire Day will be the 28th of May.

The creditors of the Warton Sugar Beet Manuf. Co. have received notice to send to the liquidator of the Co. verified particulars of their claims. A permanent liquidator of the Co., will be appointed at a meeting to be held in Toronto on April 30th.

A Year Without a Summer.

Mr. John McNabb writing to the Port Elgin Times, gives the following interesting information:—The winter we have just passed through has been a very severe one, although a resident of this country for the past 53 years I have never seen anything like it. However there are instances in this country of Winters that not only lasted longer but the cold was more intense and the snow falls greater. Notably the year 1816. I will give you in detail the weather accounts during the months of that memorable year,—

January, very mild, fires almost needless. Twelfth month previous was very cold.

February not very cold.

March, cold and boisterous.

April, began warm, but grew colder as the month advanced, ending with snow and ice.

May buds and fruits were frozen, ice formed $\frac{1}{2}$ an inch thick, corn was killed and replanted again and again, until deemed too late.

June, very cold, frost, ice and snow were common. Snow fell to the depth of 10 inches in Vermont.

July, accompanied by snow and ice.

August, ice formed an inch thick. In New England and Middle States, very little corn ripened.

September, two weeks of mild weather, after the middle cold and frosty. Ice formed quarter of an inch thick.

October, frost and ice were common.

November, cold and blustery, snow fell so as to make good sleighing.

December, mild and comfortable.

The above is a brief summary of the "Cold Summer of 1816" as it was called, the year showing the remarkable remarkable record of frost and ice every month therein. The Sun's rays seemed to be destitute of heat throughout the year and all nature was clad in a sable hue. The average wholesale prices of flour during the year thirteen (\$18.00) per barrel in Philadelphia.

The Spring Show.

Fine weather favored the directors of the Spring Show last Thursday and quite a large number of farmers and others came out to see the exhibition of entire horses. Owing to the unfavorable state of the roads, many horses were not here, that would otherwise have been present. The following horses were present:

In the Imported Heavy Draught Class there were Montcrieff and High Born, both owned by Ed. Hoy of Orchardville; and Prince Fragrant, owned by Levi Good. Montcrieff was awarded first prize, and Prince Fragrant second.

Canadian Heavy Draught—Young Wonder, owned by Wm Riley, took first and Canadian Motto, owned by Adam Gowanslock second.

Roadster Class—Chestnut Billy, owned by Geo. Hawthorne of Maple Hill, first prize; Crown Imperial owned by A. Rich, second prize.

Carrriage Class—Lightning Eclipse, owned by George Inglis, Maple Hill took first prize.

Percheron Class—Royal King owned by W. H. Huck, first prize.

General Purpose—Pride of Grey, owned by M. Graef, Formosa, first prize.

Diploma for best heavy horse—Montcrieff.

Diploma for best light horse—Lightning Eclipse.

The judges were Messrs Peter Beaver of Morrisont and John McRitchie of Seaforth.

BORN

FORSYTH—In Walkerton, to Mr. and Mrs. William Forsyth, a son.

INGLIS—In Carrick, on April 27, to Mr. and Mrs. John Inglis a daughter.

PFOHL—In Carrick, on April 19, to Mr. and Mrs. John E. Pfohl, a son.

Examinations 1904.

ENTRANCE.

This examination will commence on Tuesday, June 28th at 8.45. Teachers will notify the inspector, by card, so as to reach Walkerton no later than May 2nd, mentioning the number of candidates and where they intend to write. The Minister of Education requires inspectors to report to him on May 3rd.

Teachers will please give the exact number of candidates so far as known to them, otherwise the Inspector is puzzled to know how many presiding examiners to appoint and how much stationery is needed. The Inspector will always order several sets more than the numbers sent by the teachers, so as to prevent any disappointment.

Examinations will be held in East Bruce at Walkerton, Warton, Mildmay Chesley, Tara and Lion's Head. Candidates who expect to write at any other place must notify the inspector of that place. The fee is \$1.00 to be paid at the time of the examination.

CONTINUATION CLASSES.

Teachers who had, since last June, an attendance of 3 or more pupils who have passed the Entrance Examination, will notify the Inspector, that he may send them a blank form of report for these classes.

W. S. CLENDENING,
Insp. East Bruce.

The big Orange celebration that was promised for Owen Sound for the coming Twelfth of July may fall through for lack of funds.

The Gananoque business men have formed themselves into a mutual protective association against the wiles of a certain class of citizens who infest every town and village where the strictly cash system is not in vogue. Once a month they will have printed on a sheet of paper a list of those who run accounts and refuse to pay them. Every member of the association is furnished a copy of these "dead beats" or "doubtfuls" and a part of the agreement is that no one whose name appears on the list, shall receive credit from any member of the association.

Evangelical Conference.

The following are the appointments of the Ministers.

North District. M. L. Wing, P. E.

St. Jacobs, J. H. Grenzebach; Elmira, W. Zimmerman; Listowel, L. K. Eidl; Wallace, H. Dierlamm, Normanby, E. D. Becker; Carrick, D. Reader; Walkerton, F. B. Meyer; Mildmay, H. A. Thomas; Hanover, D. H. Brandt; Port Egin, L. Wittich; Chesley, W. O. Hahn; Elmwood, H. J. Holtzman; Parry Sound, A. Geiger; Rosthern, S. F. Braun; Winnipeg and Selkirk, A. W. Sauer & A. Weber; Didsbury, C. G. Kootz & Koepke; Wetaskiwin, J. W. Bean.

West District, S. R. Knetchel, P. E.

New Hamburg, E. Burn & L. Amacher; North E. Hope, E. Eby; Tavistock, D. Kreb; Stratford, A. J. Haist; Sebringville, C. S. Finkbeiner, Fullerton, E. F. Haist; Milverton, J. C. Morlock; Maitland, A. D. Gischler; Zurich, W. J. Yaeger; Dashwood, M. Clemens; Crediton, G. D. Damm; Aldboro, F. Meyer.

East District, J. G. Litt, P. E.

Berlin, L. H. Wagner; Waterloo, S. M. Hauck; Hamilton, G. F. Braun; Toronto, D. H. Wing; Campden, E. H. Bean; Rainham, H. L. Merner & Pihly; Morrisont, W. E. Beese; Bienenheim, H. Leibold; Hespeler, E. S. Moyer; Niagara, A. Clemens; Gainsboro, W. S. Methfessel; Arnprior, G. H. Wagner; Pembroke, J. G. Burn; Goldenlake, E. M. Gischler; Rockingham, O. G. Hallman.

Rev. H. Werner & G. Finkbeiner have died during the conference year.

Clifford.

Patrons of the G. T. R. in Clifford and vicinity are as a general rule a long suffering people in regard to the various shortcomings of the railway, and we do not hear much complaint, in fact the reverse during the snow blockades last winter; praising them for doing the best possible in bringing the trains through. There is one matter, however, in which all strongly protest, and that is the want of proper heat in the waiting room. For over two months, it has been a rare exception to meet with anything else than a cold stove.

Mr. Albert Shoemaker left on Tuesday for Manitoba. He goes to the neighborhood of Brandon, intends to the summer and fall, and if he likes the country, may remain for good. It does seem that Manitoba and the West get the cream of our young men. No doubt opportunities for advancement are greater there than in Ontario, as a whole, and we often hear of marvellous successes by many who appeared to be only jogging along while here.

WALKERTON.

Roderick McRae who was arrested here last week on a charge of theft, was sentenced to one year in the Central Prison.

Judge Klein has given his decision in the suit of H. B. McKay vs. the Binder Twine Co. McKay gets \$65 and costs.

The Centre Bruce protest will be held in Walkerton on September 20th.

A three legged calf is on exhibition in the building opposite the post office. The freak is a year old and was brought from Alberta.

Wm. Hyslop who left here a month ago for the West, died in Deloraine, Man., last week.

Thomas Young of Toronto is to be the new manager of the Richardson produce company.

The Northwestern millers have complained that through newspaper advertising the health food or breakfast food men have gained a vast trade, some of it at the expense of the white flour millers. After a long controversy the latter have reached the conclusion that the only way to defend themselves is to buy newspaper space liberally. It is newspaper advertising that creates business and the lack of it which causes a decline in business.

About the ...House

TESTED RECIPES.

Sweetbreads with Mushrooms.—Parboil sweetbreads, allowing eight medium-sized ones to a can of mushrooms. Cut the sweetbreads about half an inch square; stew until tender. Slice mushrooms and stew in the liquor for one hour. Then add to the sweetbreads a coffee cup of cream, pepper and salt, and a tablespoonful of butter. Sweetbreads boiled and served with green peas make a very nice dish.

Round Cake.—Cream one pound sugar and three-fourths pound of butter; add the yolks of eight eggs well beaten, flavor to taste, and mix with all one pound flour, beating the whole well together.

Yellow Cake.—One teaspoonful sugar with half the quantity of butter; add the yolks of four eggs, beaten half a teaspoonful of milk, and two and a half teaspoonfuls of flour sifted with two teaspoonfuls of Price's Cream Baking Powder. Flavor with vanilla.

Lady Cake.—Take two and a half scant teaspoonfuls of flour, and after sifting mix well with it one heaping teaspoonful Price's Cream Baking Powder and sift again; add one and a half scant teaspoonfuls powdered sugar, blended with half a teaspoonful of butter; beat the whites of two eggs to a froth; add gradually to the flour half a teaspoonful of milk; follow with the sugar and the butter, and next the whites of the eggs, finishing up with a teaspoonful of the essence of almond. Bake in a hot oven for three-quarters of an hour.

Eggs a la Suisse.—Spread the bottom of a dish with two ounces of fresh butter; cover this with grated cheese; break eight whole eggs upon the cheese without breaking the yolks. Season with red pepper and salt if necessary; pour a little cream on the surface, strewn about two ounces of grated cheese on the top, and set the eggs in a moderate oven for about a quarter of an hour. Pass a hot salamander over the top to brown it.

Birds' Nests.—Chop very fine one ounce of beef suet or cold meat, half a cupful of bread crumbs, season with chopped parsley, powdered thyme, and marjoram, a little grated rind of lemon, and half its juice, and one egg well beaten to bind the mixture. While you are preparing this mixture have four eggs on the stove to boil hard; ten minutes will be sufficient. Warm half a pint of gravy. When the eggs are boiled hard take them from the shells and cover them thickly with the mixture. Put a little butter in a stew pan, fry them a light brown, dish them up, cut them in halves (first cut off the top of the white that they might stand), and serve them hot with the hot gravy poured over them.

Welsh Rarebit.—The making of a Welsh rarebit is, as everybody knows, simple enough in itself, and yet rarely attended with the gratifying success the ambitious maker could desire. Many makers get the slices of bread too thick. They should not be more than half an inch thick. They should also be toasted lightly on both sides. After this preparation lay on them slices of rich cheese and put them in a pan till the cheese is melted. Mustard and pepper should be spread over them, but not too much of the latter—that is a common mistake. They should be served, of course, on very hot plates, and it is of great importance that the rarebit itself be hot, as otherwise it will congeal and be flabby and tasteless.

German Sweetbreads.—Boil them in water with a little salt; take off all the fat; cut in pieces the size of the dice or smaller. Make a sauce with

A CURE FOR INSOMNIA.

A Well Known St. John Merchant Tells How He Was Freed From This Terrible Trouble.

One of the best known men in St. John, N. B., is Mr. G. G. Kierstead, grocer and general dealer, 641 Main street. Mr. Kierstead has an interesting story to tell of failing health, insomnia, and finally renewed strength, which cannot fail to interest others. He says:—"A few years ago I was all run down and failing in health, no doubt due to overwork and shattered nerves. I was unable to sleep at night and found no rest in bed. My life seemed a burden to me and I found no pleasure in anything. I sought medical aid and the physicians who attended me were unable to give me any relief. The doctors differed in their opinion as to my ailment. Finding that I was growing worse, and almost crazed through loss of sleep, I concluded to give up business and go to the country for a rest. Just when I was at my very worst and had almost no desire to live, my wife urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I had lost faith in all medicines, but to please my wife I decided to give the pills a trial. I have had reason to be thankful that I did so. Almost from the outset the pills helped me and I was able to sleep. I continued their use until I felt perfectly well again. I could sleep as I did in my childhood; I grew healthy and strong and have never known one hour's trouble from that source since. I have no hesitation in saying that I believe Dr. Williams' Pink Pills saved my life, and will always say a good word for them to any who are troubled with sleeplessness."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills work cures like Mr. Kierstead's, after doctors and common medicines fail because they actually make new, rich blood and so strengthen all the organs of the body and brace up the nerves. That is the way they cure indigestion, kidney and liver troubles, nervousness, neuralgia, palpitation of the heart, rheumatism and the special ailments that fill the lives of so many women with misery. The genuine pills always have the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People" on the wrapper around every box. If in doubt write direct to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and the pills will be sent post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50.

one tablespoonful of flour, butter the size of half an egg; wet with the water the sweetbread is cooked in, make it as thick as cream, flavor with lemon juice. Put in the chopped sweetbread and let it just boil. Stir in a well-beaten egg with a little water in it to keep from crumbling, just before sending to the table. Have a lemon on the table, as some prefer it seasoned more.

ANCHOVY BASKETS.
Make a little good short, pastry, mixing it with anchovy sauce instead of water, and coloring it slightly with a few drops of carmine, as the sauce does not color enough. Line some tiny pattypans with the paste, put in some uncooked rice, and bake in a good oven. Make the remnants of pastry into little strips about two inches long, twist these, and lay them on a baking tin in the shape of a horseshoe, and bake them. When the baskets are cooked, turn out the rice, and let cool. Whip up some cream, add to it about one ounce of cheese, also pepper, salt, and a little mustard. Fill the baskets with this, piling it up roughly, stick in the little pastry strips to form handles, and just before serving put a few watercress-leaves round the edge of the basket, sticking the stalks into the cream. Dish up on a fancy paper, with a sprig or two of watercress in between the two baskets. If the cream is put in too soon it will fade by the time the dice or smaller. Make a sauce with

WHY MEN DIE.
It has been said that few men die of old age, and that almost all persons die of disappointment, personal, mental, or bodily toll, or accident. The passions kill men sometimes even suddenly. The common expression "choked with rage," has little exaggeration in it, for even though not suddenly fatal, strong passions shorten life. Strong-bodied men often die young, weak men live longer than the strong, and the weak have none to use—the latter take care of themselves the former do not. As it is with the body so it is with the mind and the temper; the strong are apt to break, or, like the candle, run; the weak burn out. The inferior animals, which live temperate lives, have generally their prescribed term of years. Thus the horse lives twenty-five years, the ox fifteen to twenty, the lion about twenty, the hog ten or twelve, the rabbit eight, the guinea pig six or seven. The numbers all bear proportion to the time the animal takes to grow its full size. But man, of all animals, is one that seldom comes up to the average. He ought to live a hundred years, according to the physiological law, for five times twenty are one hundred; but instead of that, he scarcely reaches an average of four times the growing period. The reason is obvious—man is not only the most irregular and most intemperate, but the most laborious and hard-working of all animals. He is always the most irritable, and there is reason to believe, though we cannot tell what an animal secretly feels, that more than any other animal, man cherishes wrath to keep it warm, and consumes himself with the fire of his own reflections.

If a man really loves a woman she doesn't have to conceal her age.

Mousseline Pudding.—Grate the rinds of two lemons, and strain out the juice, mix with these two ounces of castor sugar, four yolks of eggs, a pinch of salt, and two ounces of fresh butter. Stir this mixture over the fire till it thickens and nearly boils, then let it get cool again. Whip up the four whites of eggs to a stiff froth, shake them into the other mixture, butter a plain mold or tin, pour the whole into the mold, and steam for three-quarters of an hour. Turn out carefully when done, and serve with a sweet sauce.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.
Custards should be cooked gently—a very hot oven is apt to make them become watery. All batter-puddings should be cooked in a hot oven, as a slow one is apt to make them heavy. Remember to grease the mould or basin used for baked puddings before the mixture is put into it. A very small pinch of salt is the greatest improvement to all puddings—sweet ones included. Bread and butter and plenty of good Scottish oatmeal and milk are the foods on which children thrive. When using dried apples, soak the dried fruit over night in cold water. Cook slowly till tender. Then sweeten and flavor with a little lemon or clove syrup. When lighting a gas stove it will often give a slight explosion and light wrong, thus causing no heat. Turn the gas off very quickly, and on again. It will then light properly without any further trouble. To renovate plush, hold the affected parts, push downwards, over boiling water, then pass across them a hot iron so as to raise the pile. The iron should be held upright by one person while another draws the back of the plush across it.

Never sweep dust from one room to another, nor from upstairs to the lower part of the house. Always take it up into a dustpan where you have previously placed some tea leaves. This prevents the dust from scattering again and returning to its old haunts. The teeth should be cleaned all over. Cleaning the mouth should be practiced after every meal with the same regularity with which the child gets a daily bath. Especially is the tooth toilet necessary after the last meal of the day. To cure squeaky boots, get some boiled linseed oil. Pour this into a deep dinner dish and stand the boots in it, so as to allow the soles only to soak in it thoroughly for a few days. If this does not remove the annoyance repeat the process.

AN AID TO MOTHERS.
In thousands of cases it has been proved that Baby's Own Tablets is the very best thing for children suffering from colic, constipation, diarrhoea, simple fevers, colds and teething troubles. The Tablets are guaranteed to contain no opiate or harmful drug, and may be given with equal safety to the tender, newborn babe, or the well grown child. Mrs. Joel Anderson, Shanley, Ont., is one of the mothers who have proved the value of this medicine and says:—"I have used Baby's Own Tablets with the very best results. They are easy to give little ones, and I have never known them fail to benefit."

Every mother should keep the Tablets in the house. In an emergency they may save a precious little life. Sold by all druggists or mailed at 25 cents a box by writing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

MODERN FARMING.
The idea may prevail that the main feature of an agricultural course is to teach boys to plow, sow and reap, and to do the other familiar manual labor of the farm. Such instruction is chiefly necessary for the boy from the city, who has never handled a farm tool. What the boy needs most to study is the natural sciences which underlie all farm practices. He needs to know the laws of plant life as he may study of them in botany. He needs to know the habits of insects that destroy his fruits and vines as he may study of them in entomology. He needs to know of the composition and physical properties of the soil, as he may study of them in chemistry and physics. Therefore these four sciences have a large place in a course of agriculture. The student likewise needs a knowledge of English, history, civil government, mathematics, drawing, etc., he may become a well rounded man—a good citizen as well as a handy man at his vocation. An agricultural course is one of the most delightful a person may follow. Some men say it is the best course in the universities which have an agricultural department, because it

FARM-FIELD AND GARDEN

A SMALL FRUIT GARDEN.

Now is the time to make plans for the family supply of small fruits if it has not already been done. The following list has been resurrected for the benefit of those who may profit by it:
Strawberry plants, early, medium and late, 300, 100,
Blackberries, 100,
Black raspberries, early and late, 50,
Red raspberries, early and late, 50
Currants, white and red, 75,
Gooseberries, 25,
Grapes 18.

This is a list that has often been recommended for a family small-fruit garden. It is enough for one-fourth of an acre, which should be sufficient for a large family, and leave a good margin for loss by drought, insects, birds and neighbors' chickens, besides some to give away. Not many would reduce the number of strawberries and some would be in favor of increasing the amount of ground devoted to this fruit. But in regard to the others opinions would differ greatly. If anything were to be stricken out it would probably be blackberries. This is a fruit that does well in the right place, but if it does not have moist ground it is

AN UNCERTAIN PRODUCER.
A drought will affect it more severely than the other plants named. Besides many objects to its briars and they are a nuisance in a garden. Blackberries are excellent to close the season of small fruits, but in a list like this probably half the number would be found sufficient. Next to strawberries a good supply of raspberries is desirable. But it is likely that most people would prefer a greater proportion of red to black than this list calls for. The purple varieties are not favored for canning. In flavor they are superior to the red when canned, while their dark, rich color makes them more attractive for this purpose. But with the raspberry it is a matter of individual taste. Some will not tolerate the blacks, others have a detest for the purples. Ordinarily, however, it would be safe to recommend the purples. They might be substituted for half the blackberries. Currants should have a place in the garden, but seventy-five bushes would be a large number in comparison with the raspberries and strawberries. A supply large enough for most families could be obtained from twenty-five each red and white. It would seem as though twenty-five gooseberry bushes would be enough to sour a score of people for a year. A gooseberry is good in its place, but a dozen plants will go a long way in

SUPPLYING FRUIT ACIDS.
Grapes are an autumn fruit. There is such a large number of varieties that by a judicious choice the season may be extended over several weeks. Some kinds may be kept till into the winter. The grape is not so commonly grown as it should be. It ought to have an important place among the fruits in the garden. In setting grape vines it should be remembered that many varieties are nearly self-sterile. Those that succeed well when standing alone are comparatively few. By far the greater number are not capable of producing more than half a crop, if they do as well as that, unless set near some fertilizing variety. Those who have vines that refuse to bear may find here the reason for it. The fruit named may be planted on one-fourth of an acre. It should yield at least twenty bushels of berries if it receives reasonably good care and twice that number might be expected in most seasons. This may look like a large amount, but a family can make use of a large amount when it may be had for the picking. When the fruit garden is made it may as well be of ample size. What ground on the farm will pay as well for the time and labor given it?

KITCHEN APRONS.
The best work and kitchen aprons are made of blue and white seersucker, one of their excellent qualities being that they require no ironing. It is possible to wash and shake out a dozen of these aprons in less time than it would take to launder half the number of gingham or calico ones. Seersucker may be had in plain white as well as the familiar stripes.

CAME FROM COFFEE.
A Case Where the Taking of Morphine Began With Coffee.

"For 15 years," says a young Ohio woman, "I was a great sufferer from stomach, heart and liver trouble. For the last 10 years the suffering was terrible; it would be impossible to describe it. During the last three years I had convulsions from which the only relief was the use of morphine."

"I had several physicians, nearly all of whom advised me to stop drinking tea and coffee, but as I could take only liquid foods, I felt I could not live without coffee. I continued drinking it until I became almost insane, my mind was affected, while my whole nervous system was a complete wreck. I suffered day and night from thirst and as water would only make me sick I kept trying different drinks until a friend asked me to try Postum Food Coffee."

"I did so, but it was some time before I was benefited by the change. My system was so filled with coffee poison. It was not long, however, before I could eat all kinds of foods and drink all the cold water I wanted and which my system demands. It is now 8 years I have drunk nothing but Postum for breakfast and supper and the result has been that in place of being an invalid with my mind affected I am now strong, sturdy, happy and healthy."

"I have a very delicate daughter who has been greatly benefited by drinking Postum, also a strong boy who would rather go without food for his breakfast than his Postum. So much depends on the proper cooking of Postum for unless it is boiled the proper length of time people will be disappointed in it. Those in the habit of drinking strong coffee should make the Postum very strong at first in order to get a strong coffee taste." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Look in each package for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

Piles

To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles, the manufacturers have guaranteed it. See reports what they think of it. You can use it and get your money back if not cured. See a box at all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & Co., Toronto.

Dr. Chase's Ointment deals so intimately with the things of every day life.

CATCHING SHEEP.
A sheep should never be caught by its wool. This method not only causes the animal unnecessary pain, but in the case of fat sheep, that are to be killed, it does much harm to the joint of mutton that lies underneath where the wool was pulled. It causes a bruise just in the same manner as our bodies become discolored from being bruised. A sheepman advises that the proper way to catch a sheep is to take either by the hind leg just above the gambrel joint, or by putting the hand underneath its jaws or neck. In using a crook it is important that the sheep are not caught below the gambrel joint, as injury to the leg is liable to result from this.

HOW TO CLEAN THE CHURN.
A churn cannot be made clean with a dirty cloth, and a cloth of this kind is one of the best known places for breeding disease germs, and these may be washed from the seams of the pans of corners of the churn. It takes only a few minutes to wash the cloth in cold water, and then they should be put in a strong peroxide soda and allowed to boil for at least 20 minutes, then they should be rinsed and hung out in the air and sunshine, and if this is done every few days the cloth and he always kept white and sweet smelling.

LABOR ON THE FARM.
Any farmer who depends altogether on the seasons and hard work for success in his business, may make some sort of a living and even increase his small capital by natural increment, but he will never merit the appellation of a successful farmer. Industry is a good trait of character, but often a good degree of that which looks like laziness leads to better results. For instance, a man may be so lazy that he habitually works hard on labor saving contrivances, by which he can accomplish greater results with less labor. To do more and better work with less physical exertion. He may be so lazy that he will do no work in a slipshod manner, for in that case he would have to do the work over again. No farmer can be successful unless he does a large amount of mental labor, and mental labor saves physical labor, and makes what physical is necessary far more effective. The very best work at the very best time cannot be done by unaided physical effort. To do such work, requires deep and persistent study.

You Can Overcome The Tired Feeling.

Instil New Vigor and Energy Into the System and
Add New Flesh and Tissue by Using
Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

Why not join with nature and rejoice at the coming of spring? There is means at hand whereby you can overcome the feelings of languor and fatigue and make spring the time for renewing health and vigor, instead of giving way to weakness and despondency. Everybody needs a spring restorative to enrich the blood and build up the system after the debilitating effects of artificial winter life. Experience has proven that there is no preparation extant so well suited to these needs as Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

hastily written and hastily filled at the drug store. Headache, sleeplessness, irritability, stomach troubles, loss of energy, ambition and the ability to apply one's self to the task in hand are among the indications of an exhausted condition of the system. A month's treatment with Dr. Chase's Nerve Food will do wonders for you. Besides the benefit you feel, you can prove that new flesh and tissue is being added by noting your increase in weight. Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, six boxes for \$2.50, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto. To protect you against imitations, the portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, the famous receipt book author, are on every box.

JUST ONE MORE DIRECT PROOF THAT DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CURE PROMPTLY AND PERMANENTLY.

All Forms and Stages of Kidney Disease—New Brunswick Man Tells of Terrible Urinary Complaint Banished Once and for All.

St. Mary's Ferry, York Co., N.B., April 25.—(Special)—Thomas Harrison, a well-known resident of this place adds his testimony to that of the thousands who have proved that Dodd's Kidney Pills cure promptly and permanently any form or stage of Kidney Disease. Mr. Harrison says:

"Some years ago I began to suffer from pain in the back, accompanied by a lethargy impossible to overcome. I was attended by a physician but continued to grow worse, and began to pass bloody urine.

"On the advice of a friend I started using Dodd's Kidney Pills, and by the time I had taken one box I passed a stone which is now in the doctor's possession.

"Three boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills cured me completely, and though it is now years since I was cured I have had no return of my old complaint." Dodd's Kidney Pills cure the Kidneys, and with sound Kidneys you need never fear Urinary complaints.

COULDN'T DO WITHOUT HIM.

A theatrical company had arrived at an "out-of-the-way place" in the Western States and duly occupied the Town Hall and Opera House, a kind of barn which also served as a school house in the daytime and a chapel on Sundays.

The local musicians were impressed into the orchestra, and the rehearsal commenced. The man who played the flute was outrageously bad. The manager bit his lips and growled for a time, but was at last obliged to say:

"See here, Mr. Flute-player, we sha'n't want you."

"What's that?" cried the instrumentalist.

"We must dispense with your services."

"You can't," retorted the musician. "If I don't play the flute, you can't perform. I'll withdraw your license I'm the mayor of this city!" He played.

Miss Fussanfeather—"There's my friend, Mrs. Hillier. She moves in the best society." Mrs. Yeast—"Yes; I suppose she finds it cheaper to move than to pay rent."

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere

It's bad to use religion as a cloak or as a circus tent.

CHEAP ONE WAY RATES TO THE WEST VIA GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.

Effective daily during March and April, cheap one way Colonist tickets will be issued from all stations in Ontario to all points on the Great Northern Ry. in the States of Montana, Idaho, Washington, and Oregon, also all points in British Columbia.

On March 1st, 8th, 15, 22nd and 29th, and April 5th, 12th, 19th, 26th, one way second class tickets will be issued from Chicago to points in North Dakota at greatly reduced rates.

Full information as to time of trains, berth rates in Tourist Sleeper, also literature on any of the above States on application to Chas. W. Graves, District Passenger Agent, 6 King St. West, Room 12, Toronto, or F. I. Whitney, General Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

Mr. Fullalove—"Do you think your sister will be down soon, Willie?" "Yes. She said she was coming down as soon as she could, so as to have it over."

Pile Terrors Swept Away.

Dr. Agnew's Ointment stands at the head as a reliever, healer, and sure cure for Piles in all forms. One application will give comfort in a few minutes, and three to six days' application according to directions will cure chronic cases. It relieves all itching and burning skin diseases in a day. 35 cents.—79

Miss Spooner (as they were saying good night in the doorway)—"You are the light of my life." Her Father—"Put out the light, Helen, and come to bed." The "light" went out.

Saves the Dying

Doctors didn't give Mrs. James long to live—but Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart toiled them and cured her.

For fifteen years Mrs. John A. James, of Warton, Ont., was a great sufferer from Heart Disease. For days at a time she was confined to bed, and it seemed as though every breath might be her last. Her physicians said that she might "drop off" any minute. With hoping that "while there's life there's hope," she started using Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. Three bottles cured her.

This remedy relieves in thirty minutes and cures every form of heart disease and nervousness. 26

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills, 40 Doses 16c.

ISSUE NO 17-04

SENTENCE SERMONS.

Mercy is never mushy. Regret cannot unroot wrong. Labor is the salt of our lives. Doubts make a poor refuge from duty.

It takes more than a fence to make a garden. A shallow man usually has his soul in his skin.

There is no clear thinking apart from clean living. Man's noblest right is that of giving up his rights.

Rest is religion's opportunity for reinvigoration. Present character is a prophecy of future condition.

Nothing blinds the soul quicker than winking at sin. He who loses no love for others loses all life for himself.

Respectability may be quite different from righteousness. The worst blasphemy is that of profession without practice.

Platitudes against sin are as harmful as applause for sin. In the divine scales a dime often weighs more than a dollar.

No man has any spiritual blessing that he can keep to himself. No condemnation of wrong is so effective as the commendation of right.

The friends we can never lose are the ones we say we have lost in death. A man is worth what he takes out of the world, not what he leaves in it.

God cannot blot out the past, but he can prevent its blight on the future.

Barber—"How do you want your hair cut?" Hayrake—"Off."

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss. LUCAS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

"The fashionable Mrs. Tyler is ill." "With what?" "The doctor won't say. He wants to find out what the prevailing malady in Society is to be this Spring before he commits himself."

Lever's Y-Z (Wise Head) Disinfectant Soap Powder is better than other powders, as it is both soap and disinfectant.

A rich man wears old clothes because he can afford to and a poor man wears fine clothes because he can't.

For Over Sixty Years Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, always cures the wind colic, regulates the stomach and bowels, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by Druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP." 23-04

Don't take things as they come if they belong to other people.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

Bachelors are singular fellows and all married men lead double lives.

"My Kidneys are all Wrong!

How shall I insure best results in the shortest time?" It stands to reason that a liquid specific of the unquestionable merit of South American Kidney Cure will go more directly and quickly to the seat of the trouble than the "pill form" treatment, and when it strikes the spot there's healing in an instant.—73

Political clubs are used chiefly to put opposing candidates out of business.

Dear Sirs,—This is to certify that I have been troubled with a lame back for fifteen years. I have used three bottles of your MINARD'S LINIMENT and am completely cured.

It gives me great pleasure to recommend it and you are at liberty to use this in any way to further the use of your valuable medicine. ROBERT ROSS. Two Rivers.

LIFE-SAVING GLOBES.

Successful trials were made recently on the dangerous coast of Jutland with two of the life-saving globes invented by Captain Donvig. The wind was blowing a heavy gale, with dangerous breakers on the reefs. The first globe was filled with ballast equal to the weight of twenty men; the other, in addition to the ballast, contained five persons, including the inventor. The globes fully proved their stability and seaworthiness. Captain Donvig's invention is a small, globular vessel about 20 feet in diameter. About twenty persons can be seated round it inside. The means for obtaining air, even when the vent is sealed down, are very ingenious and practical.



Shirt waists and dainty linen are made delightfully clean and fresh with Sunlight Soap.

Mr. Chumpley—"Your father's wine is the best to be had, Miss Passe." Miss Passe—"Yes; he has had it in his cellar since I was four years old." Mr. Chumpley—"Ah! I knew it must be very old."

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia

The average man either boasts of his good health or howls about his aches and pains.

Life's a Burden—If the stomach is not right, is there Nausea? Is there Constipation? Is the Tongue Coated? Are you Light-headed? Do you have Sick Headache? Any and all of these denote Stomach and Liver Disorder. Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills act quickly and will cure most stubborn and chronic cases. 40 in a vial for 10 cents.—77

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

Owner of the House—"Here, what are you throwing nails at that dog for? Why do you waste things that way?" Carpenter—"Oh! I ain't wasting 'em. Don't you fret! You'll find them all in your bill."



AUTOMOBILE UNDERWRITERS

The Winton Touring Car is appreciated by the best informed because built on correct mechanical principles, of highest grade materials. As a prospective automobile purchaser you dare not, in full justice to yourself, take chances on an inferior car. By presenting a car of such imperial merit as is the 1904 Winton, we become "automobile underwriters"—insuring you against risk or loss. Have you seen our new catalog?

The Winton Motor Carriage Co Cleveland, O., U. S. A. Represented in the Dominion of Canada by THE AUTOMOBILE & SUPPLY CO 79 King St., E., Toronto, Ont. Sub Agencies in Chief Dominion Cities



Dyeing! Cleaning!

For the very best send your work to the "BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO." Look for agent in your town, or send direct. Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa, Quebec.

"You've my seat," sir," said a man in a train, who had left his place for a moment. "There is nothing to show that you have retained this seat." "Look up there. There is my hat-box on the rack over it." "Well, then, you sit up on the rack if you have retained a seat there."

Some people want a change, but once drink Blue Ribbon Tea and you will always have that lingering longing created by its delicious flavor.

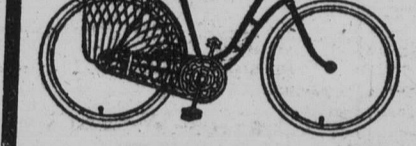
WORD MAKING.

\$10 in one prize for the greatest number of words. \$10 in two five dollar prizes for the next longest lists. \$10 in five two dollar prizes for the smaller lists.

We will pay these prizes for the best lists of English words made out of the three words:

"MASSEY - HARRIS WHEELS."

Letters to be used in answers only as many times as they appear in the above words. Competition closes May 30th. Send in your list to-day.



NOTE.
The Massey-Harris is fitted with the cushion frame and Morrow coaster brake—the two improvements that have made bicycling so famously popular.

Write for our new "Silver Ribbon" Booklet. ADDRESS, DEPARTMENT "A" CANADA CYCLE & MOTOR CO., Limited, Toronto Junction.

IN CALIFORNIA

Farmers' Crops DO THEIR LEVEL BEST because

Climate Goes with the Land Winter has much Sunshine and warmth and GROWTH IS CONTINUOUS all the year

BOOKS PUBLISHED BY THE

SOUTHERN PACIFIC

TELLS THE WHOLE STORY. "The San Joaquin Valley," California for the Settler," "The Land of opportunity," and descriptive matter free off Agents,

Colonist Rates March and April \$33.00 from Chicago based on

Write to H. F. CARTER, T. P. A., 75 Yonge Street, Toronto, Ont.

LOWER PRICES USE BETTER QUALITY

FIBRE EDDY WARE

CAN BE HAD IN Pails, Wash Basins, Milk Pans, &c Any First-Class Grocer Can Supply You. INSIST ON GETTING EDDY'S.

EPPS'S COCOA

An admirable Food of the Finest quality and flavour. Nutritious and Economical. 48-21

FOR SALE.

1 Buffalo Blower, No. 4, upright discharge, 9 inch outlet. 1 Buffalo Blower, No. 5, horizontal discharge, 10 1/2 in. outlet. 1 "Earl" Steam Blower.

S. FRANK WILSON, 73 Adelaide St. W., Toronto.

Billiard Tables

The Best at the Lowest Price Write for Terms REID BROS., Mfg Co.'s 785 King St. W. 32-31

Poultry, Butter, Eggs, Honey, Apples, ALL KINDS OF FRUITS And Farm Produce generally, consign it to us and we will get you good prices. THE Dawson Commission Co., TORONTO, LIMITED T. F.

PAGE FENCES Wear Best

It is the fence that has stood the test of time—stands the heaviest strain—never gets out of shape—the best fence. Order through our local agent or direct from us. THE PAGE FENCE CO. LIMITED. Walkerville, Ont. Montreal, Que. St. John, N.B. Winnipeg, Man.

THE MILD MAY GAZETTE,

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF EAST BRUCE AND EAST HURON.

Terms:—\$1 per year in advance; Otherwise \$1.25.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	One Year	Six Months	Three Months
One column.....	\$70	\$40	\$25
Half column.....	36	18	10
Quarter column.....	18	10	6
Eighth column.....	10	6	4

Legal notices, 5c. per line for first and 4c. per line for each subsequent insertion.
Local business notices 5c. per line each insertion. No local less than 5c. per line.
Contract advertising payable quarterly.
John A Johnston, - Proprietor

COUNTY AND DISTRICT.

The first boat was run out of Toronto harbor last Wednesday. It is not expected that the bay at Owen Sound will be open till the middle of May instead of the first of May as usual.

According to Dr. Park of Buffalo cancer is greatly on the increase in the United States and is now claiming more victims than consumption.

Peter Niedermeier one of the car-barn bandits, attempted to commit suicide in his cell at Chicago by eating heads of matches and by opening an artery in his left arm with a lead pencil.

Some boys become too noisy in front of Alex. Beggs' place of business in Durham recently, and he had them before a Magistrate. The boys were fined \$2 and costs—about \$7 in all. This is a lesson to boys who make too much noise around town.

At White River, New Ontario, the lowest temperature this winter was 76 below zero. Wolves were more than ordinarily numerous, 97 having been killed in three weeks within a radius of 5 miles.

The German emperor proposes to have a castle at Posen to "conciliate the Poles." It will be his fifty-fifth castle. In addition, he owns ninety-three landed estates, but they bring him a little money, whereas the castles are costly.

The United States is buying 30,000 ounces of cocaine a year at about \$5 an ounce. Of this only a small portion is used legitimately. It robs its victim of his mental faculties and destroys his moral responsibility in shorter time and in greater degree than any other drug.

Here is a schoolboy's composition:—"Winter is the coldest season of the year, because it comes mostly in the winter. In some countries winter comes in summer, then it isn't so cold. I wish winter came summer in Chicago then we could go skating barefooted, and make snowballs without gettin our fingers froze. When it snows in summer they call it rain."

It is understood that in accordance with instructions received from Dr. Chamberlain. Provincial Inspector of Prisons, First Turnkey Pole and night watchman McGrath, of the Middlesex county jail, have been permanently relieved from duty. Appointments to the vacant posts have not yet been made. This is the outcome of Dr. Chamberlain's recent investigations, in connection with the escape of the prisoner "Texas."

Every woman's hat in the audience at the Star Theatre in New York comes promptly off when the orchestra begins to emerge from the hole beneath the stage in which it is kept when not in use. A notice in big type on the program reads: "Old Ladies Who Fear They Make Take Cold Need Not Remove their Hats."

The Shelburne Economist had a prize competition last week. The problem was to make a four-word sentence expressing a great truth, of twenty-eight letters, with four P's as the initial letters. The correct answer was as follows: "Prompt Payments Please Printers." Only two correct answers were received. Some of the other sentences sent in were ingenious and suggested more or less truth: "Partyism prevents pure politics"; "People's pennies purchase papers"; "Party politicians proved pagans"; "Printers publish popular papers."

The hottest place on earth is said to be one of the Aval Islands, which cover a fairly extensive area of the Persian Gulf, lying off the southwestern coast of Persia. The mean temperature of Bahrein for the entire year is 99 degrees. July, August and September unendurable, save for the natives. Night after night as midnight comes the thermometer shows 100 degrees. By seven in the morning it is 107 degrees or 108 degrees, and by three in the afternoon 140 degrees.

Wendt's Jewelry Store.



Buy your Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Spectacles and Smallware from C. Wendt, and save money.

Big Values in Purses, Pipes, Chatelaine Bags, Beads and Back combs.

A Watch

That stops, is worse than no watch. It means broken engagements and constant provocation.

We give the most careful attention to all Watch Repairing entrusted to us.

Charles Wendt's
MILDMAY & WROXETER

WANTED.

SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE in this county and adjoining territories, to represent and advertise an old established business house of solid financial standing. Salary \$21 weekly, with Expenses advanced each Monday by check direct from headquarters. Horse and buggy furnished when necessary; position permanent. Address Blew Bros. & Co., Room 610 Monon Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

How He Put It Out.

The Louisville "Herald" tells a story of the experiences of a countryman with an electric light showing the embarrassments of the present day hotel to the rural mind. When Pius Whallen of Springfield, Ky., came to Louisville hotel he saw his first incandescent light. But he evinced no great surprise. It was not until he went to his room, where the bellboy had already switched the current, that he noticed there was no opening in the circular globe. He blew upon it gently, and was encouraged than disheartened to find that it didn't blow back. But the encouragement turned to anger when a stronger whiff produced no result whatever. Mr. Whallen had strong lungs, and he did his best, his indignation increased with each effort. To his great relief he noticed that the string by which the strange light was suspended contained a loop to shorten it. The light hung over the dresser. Mr. Whallen let out the loop and put the light in the top drawer of the dresser. He closed the drawer and found to his satisfaction that the room was in Stygian darkness. So he lay down and slept peacefully, with no light to annoy him.

POISONED.

Rank Poison is Created when Food does not digest, and that is when Sickness Commences.
If the man or woman who does not feel right, will at once look to putting the stomach right they will strike the right the right key—Every ache and every pain is a cry of poison, too much of which has been made in the process of converting food into nutriment. It may be the backache or sideache of the kidneys telling they are overtaxed and cannot filter the poison. It may be weight, pain or distress in the stomach that tells of fermentation and decomposition instead of digestion. It may be headache, dull, depressed which tells poison has reached the fluid which surrounds the brain cells. The first cause is the same—lack of gastric juice to properly digest. ANTI-PILL, the Great System Treatment, is a new discovery which so acts on the mucous membrane of the stomach, a natural supply of gastric juice is assured. To prove the wonderful action of ANTI-PILL, you may have a free trial bottle by addressing Wilson-Fyle Co., Niagara Falls, Ont.

Marconi says the wireless service between Britain and Canada will begin so soon as he can complete his work with the British postoffice people.

Lipton's Teas in Tin boxes 25c lb.

The Corner Store

MILDMAY.

6 bars Gold Soap for 25 cents.

This store has new attractions every week. We are continually getting in new novelties that are interesting and worth seeing. You are always welcome to come and take a look around. We won't worry you to buy.

Lace Curtains.

Lace Curtains are in good demand. We have the largest variety ever shown in town. We have them for Bedrooms, Parlors or Dining Rooms, and at any price you want to go, from

25c to \$3.00 pair.

Carpets and Oil Cloths.

If you are thinking of getting a New Carpet or Oil Cloth, you will serve your own interest if you will take a look at our stock before you decide. We have confidence in our Patterns and our prices.

Carpets from 15c to \$1 yd.
Oil Cloths and Linoleums from 30 to 90c sq. yard

Men's Rain Coats.

One can scarcely get along these days without the protection of a Rain Coat, particularly when you can get one that is dressy and Windproof as well as Waterproof. We are showing a large range of these useful Coats just now. They are all the newest styles, and are perfectly made.

From \$2.50 to \$9.

Boys' and Young Men's Suits.

We have the best value in Boys' and Young Men's Suits this season that we have ever shown, but it is not alone the value we want to emphasize. The style and workmanship are fully as important.

One thing you can't get here in clothing, that is "trash." We have no room for it at any price.

Good Shoes for LittleCash.

A. MOYER, General Merchant.
J. O. HYMMEN, Manager.

Shop in the day time and encourage early closing.

Farm to Sell or Rent.

100 acre farm, Lot 27, Con. 12, Carriok. There is a good brick house on the farm, and a good bank barn and large orchard. Well watered. If not sold will be rented at reasonable terms. Apply to James Johnston, Mildmay.

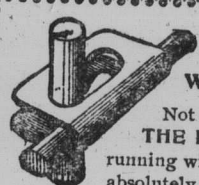
HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

Lot 26, Simpson Street, Mildmay. Large commodious Frame House on Lot, and Frame Stable and Hardwater. For terms apply to James Johnston.

WANTED—FAITHFUL PERSON TO CALL ON retail trade and agents for manufacturing house having well established business; local territory straight salary \$32 paid weekly and expense money advanced; previous experience unnecessary; position permanent; business successful. Enclose self-addressed envelope. Superintendent Travelers, 605 Monon Bldg., Chicago.

A young lady stepped into one of our jeweller's stores a day or two ago, and left her watch to be repaired. Yesterday she called for it and taking out her purse asked what was to pay. The jeweller after some hesitation, said \$65.25! The young lady started, whereupon the jeweller explained that the young gentlemen who purchased it had forgotten to pay for it, and he was now gone to the States! The young lady promptly thanked the jeweller for the information and left the watch in his hands.

The annual meeting of the Ontario Sugar Co. of Berlin was held last week. The President's Report, showed a small profit on the year's business, but not enough on which to declare a dividend. The average price per ton paid to farmers for beets was \$5. The extraction of pure granulated sugar was 246.6 pounds to the ton, which is larger than has been obtained by any factory in America outside of California. The total production was 7,000,000 pounds of first-quality sugar.



A Coiled Spring Wire Fence

With large, stiff stay wires, makes a perfect fence. Not one pound of soft wire enters into the construction of THE FROST. The uprights are immovably locked to the running wires with THE FROST WEDGE-LOCK, making an absolutely Stock-proof Fence. The Locks bind without kinking or crimping either the stays or lateral wires. Will not slip, and our new method of enamelling and baking prevents rust, which adds greatly to the appearance of the fence. Make no mistake. Buy THE FROST. It is the heaviest and the best. For sale by

C. LEISEMER, Mildmay.

To Consumptives.

The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis, and all throat and lung maladies. He hopes all sufferers will try his remedy, as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address, Rev. EDW. A. WILSON, Brooklyn, New York

Property For Sale.

Conrad Sieling wishes to dispose of his property on Adam Street, Mildmay. The property contains six acres of land on which are erected a good bank barn, brick house, kitchen and woodshed. Hard and soft water inside, and good orchard. Terms reasonable. Apply to C. Sieling, Mildmay.

AT LIFE'S EVENING.

To those well along in years there comes, according to the condition of the system, their measure of ills and suffering. Some are young at 70, while others are old at 40.

Elderly people who once use Dr. Leonhardt's Anti-Pill find that it has marvelous power to relieve them of the troubles that nothing else will shake off, especially backache, constipation, bladder trouble, falling appetite, and indigestion. If ANTI-PILL is used upon taking cold, the aches and pains that usually follow will be avoided. To prove this, send to WILSON-FYLE Co., Niagara Falls, Ont., for a free sample. ANTI-PILL is sold by druggists at 50 cents a box.

ANTI-PILL.



Advancing Years.

The Gazette to '05, for 60c.

**LIVE STOCK MARKETS
TORONTO.**

Receipts of live stock were 83 cars, consisting of 1114 cattle, 1394 hogs, 348 sheep, 100 calves and 1222 hogs to Park Blackwell.

The quality of fat cattle was good, several loads of extra well finished exporters, as well as butchers, being delivered on the market.

Trade was good, exporters selling at unchanged prices, while the best grades of butchers were readily picked up at a little firmer prices.

Several loads of short keep feeders changed hands at \$4.25 to \$4.50 per cwt.

Prices remained about steady for stockers.

About a dozen milch cows and springers sold at from \$80 to \$55 each.

About 100 veal calves sold at unchanged quotations. The quality of the bulk of calves was much better than for some time.

The run of sheep and lambs was not large and prices remained about steady with the exception of yearling lambs, which were a little firmer.

The quality of spring lambs generally was not good, only a few choice lambs being offered. Prices ranged from \$8 to \$5.25 each.

Straight loads of select hogs are firm at \$5 per cwt, as quoted in the World on Monday.

Export Cattle—Choice loads of heavy shippers sold at \$4.50 to \$4.90; medium exporters sold at from \$4.40 to \$4.50 per cwt.

Export Bulls—Choice heavy export bulls sold at \$3.50 to \$3.75 per cwt, and light export bulls sold \$3.25 at \$3.50 per cwt.

Butchers Cattle—Choice picked lots of butchers cattle equal in quality to the best of exporters weighing 1100 to 1175 are worth \$4.35 to \$4.50 loads of good sold at \$4.10 to \$4.25; fair to good \$3.75 to \$4.00; common \$3.50 to \$3.75 rough to inferior \$2.50.

Feeders—Feeders, 1050 to 1150 lbs are worth \$4.25 to \$4.50 per cwt.

Stockers—Stockers, 400 to 700 lbs each, of good quality are worth \$3.00 to \$3.50 per cwt, off colors and those of poor quality but same weights at \$2.50 to \$3.00.

Milch Cows—Milch and Springers sold at from \$30 to \$55 each.

Calves—Calves sold at from \$2 to \$8 each, or at from \$3.00 to \$5.25 per cwt.

Sheep—Prices \$4.00 to \$4.50 per cwt for ewes, and bucks sold at \$3.50 to \$3.75.

Hogs—Straight loads of hogs, 150 to 200 lbs in weight are worth \$5.00 per cwt., fed and watered.

The wire fence surrounding the experimental plot on the exhibition grounds, Walkerton, together with the posts and two twelve foot gates was sold by public auction on Saturday. The directors of the Northern Exhibition will not experiment any more with the plot.

It is reported that Hon. James Sutherland will shortly resign the portfolio of Public Works on account of ill-health and that he will be succeeded by Hon. Charles Hyman. Another reason given is the differences between Hon. R. Prefontaine, over the sphere of the respective department. Mr. Sutherland is at Woodstock, where he has been resting for several days.

One of the most startling and saddening accidents that has occurred in these parts for years was that which on the afternoon of the 19th inst. resulted in the death of Frederick A. Pettipiece, eldest son of Wm Pettipiece, building contractor. The unfortunate young man was engaged with Wm. McDonald of Kinloss in cutting wood on the farm of Mr. Tom McPherson of the 8th concession of Culross when the fatal accident occurred. It appears that a tree on which the men were at work had lodged in a tree nearby and that the men had proceeded in the usual way to cut blocks off the butt of the hanging tree in order to release it. Having cut off five blocks they were at work on the 6th when the tree started to move as though about to fall. The men pulled the saw from the cut and started to run both holding on to the saw. The tree fell back from its position directly upon the men. Both were thrown to the ground—McDonald unhurt, and Pettipiece instantly dead, he having been caught over the head by a limb which crushed the skull in such a manner as to leave no room for doubt that death was instant and painless.

**B. Goldberg,
MILDMAY.**

Buys

Scrap Iron, Steel,

Bones, Rags,

Rubbers, Etc., Etc.

and pays the highest prices.

Gather up your old Rubbish and turn it into good money.

Wagons will make regular calls during the summer.

B. Goldberg.

Red-headed people are less subject to baldness than others. A doctor explains the matter thus: The hair of the red-headed is relatively thick, one red hair being almost as thick as five fair or three brown hairs. With 80,000 red hairs the scalp is well thatched, whereas with the same number of fair hairs one is comparatively bald. It takes nearly 160,000 fair and 105,000 brown hairs to cover adequately an ordinary head.

An attempt is to be made to restock Ontario with quail from Kansas, and five dozen of these birds have been brought to the London Asylum farm for the purpose of breeding.

Conductor James Lavelle of the Durham branch of the G. T. R. assaulted Clinton Moyer of Mount Forest while collecting tickets and had to appear before a magistrate who fined him \$10 and costs. A counter charge lodged by the company was dismissed. The G. T. R. may appeal.

You are told you should love your neighbor as yourself; but if you love yourself meanly, childishly, and timidly even so shall you love your neighbor.—Maeterlinck.

The Humane Society ought to provide the spring birds with stockings.

Orangeville council will give a reward of \$20 for the conviction of any person who wilfully poisons another person's dog.

Several families of French Canadians from the New England States have removed this Spring to Edmonton. It is expected that at least 300 families will remove from those States to the Canadian North West during the coming Spring and Summer.

The world's typewriting record is held by a woman who has accomplished the remarkable feat of writing 20,400 words in six hours. She had only ten minutes rest and refreshed herself with pickles and charlotte russe.

J. H. SCHEFTER

Wishes to announce to the public that he has bought out the barbering business formerly owned by W. H. Huck, and will continue the business.

First-class workmanship
Guaranteed.

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Office and Residence—Peter Street.

R. E. CLAPP, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

GRADUATE, Toronto University and member College Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario. Residence, Elora St., nearly opposite the Electric light plant. Office in the Drug Store, next to Merchants' Bank MILDMAY.

J. A. WILSON, M. D.

HONOR Graduate of Toronto University Medical College. Member of College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario. Office and Residence—Opposite Banking Bank, MILDMAY.

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Every department is now packed with new Goods, and we are ready for Spring Business. These Goods we all bought at very advantageous prices, and we are in a position to save you money in your Spring Buying.

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A First Class Dress Maker Over Our Store.

WOOD AND FARM PRODUCE TAKEN.

JOHN SPAHR.

Mildmay Market Report.

Carefully corrected every week for the GAZETTE:

Fall wheat per bu.....	90 to 90
Oats.....	30 to 31
Peas.....	56 to 56
Barley.....	40 to 40
Potatoes per bushel.....	20 to 25
Smoked meat per lb, sides	9 to 9
" " shoulders	8 to 8
" " hams	10 to 10
Eggs per doz.....	11 to 11
Butter per lb.....	13 to 13
Dried apples	4 cents per lb

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DENTIST, MILDMAY.

HONOR Graduate of Toronto University, Licentiate of Dental Surgery, and Member of Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario. Has opened up Dental Parlors in Curle's Block, Mildmay. Entrance on Main Street. All the latest methods practiced in dentistry. Visits Aytun every first and third Saturday of each month.

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MILDMAY, ONT.

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A RUSSIAN DISASTER

Battleship and Destroyer Sunk With Great Loss of Life.

RUSSIAN BATTLESHIP SUNK.

The most serious disaster to Russian arms since war was declared occurred on Wednesday morning at Port Arthur, when the first-class battleship Petropavlovsk was lost. Vice-Admiral Makaroff, commander of the naval forces in the Far East, and practically the entire crew going down with the vessel, says a St. Petersburg despatch. Of 650 officers and men on board, but 38 were rescued, all of them more or less severely wounded. Included in the latter is Grand Duke Cyril and the commander of the warship.

According to the official advices, the disaster was due to the warship accidentally striking a mine. Makaroff had gone out with the vessel to the rescue of a cruiser which had been cut off by the Japanese fleet, but finding himself outnumbered, returned to the roadstead, in entering which he struck the mine.

A torpedo boat flotilla, supported by five Japanese warships, engaged the Russian cruiser Bayan, making for Port Arthur from the direction of the Yalu. The Russian cruiser Askold and the Petropavlovsk issued from Port Arthur to assist the Bayan. At 6.45 o'clock the Russians made for the shelter of the forts, and the accident occurred. Whether or not a naval battle occurred is not officially stated. Subsequently the Japanese were reinforced by their full fleet, and Port Arthur was bombarded for two hours, but no damage was occasioned.

ENTRANCE SEALED?

The London Times prints a despatch from its correspondent on board its despatch boat Haimun, sent from off the coast of Korea by means of wireless telegraphy to Wei-Hai-Wei quoting the Japanese official report that the Petropavlovsk was destroyed by a torpedo, and adding that it is believed that the entrance to Port Arthur is now sealed.

TRYING TO LAND.

Rumors were in circulation at St. Petersburg of a fresh engagement on the Yalu River, which has resulted favorably to the Russians, but a despatch received by the general staff to-night says that the situation is unchanged, and that all is quiet on the Yalu.

There is nothing confirmatory of the oft-repeated statement of the landing of Japanese troops in the vicinity of Port Arthur, although the general opinion in military circles there is that the latest bombardment was intended as a mask to cover the landing of a Japanese force.

It is said that the Japanese torpedo flotilla attack on Port Arthur April 13 was intended to cover a landing from nine transports at Shemang-tai-tse, twenty miles south-west of Takushan, with a view of cutting off the retreat of the Port Arthur troops to Siu-Yea and Kaiping, destroying the railway and preventing troops stationed in Southern Liao-Tung effecting a junction with the main Russian forces concentrated at Liao-Yang and Mukden. The execution of this operation only failed owing to the fact that all places on the peninsula suitable for the landing of troops are protected by mines, are well fortified and strongly guarded.

790 RUSSIANS PERISHED.

It is officially announced at St. Petersburg that 40 officers and 750 men perished in the sinking of the Petropavlovsk.

It is stated that an American engineer arrived on Saturday and started for Port Arthur to direct the operations of three submarines which were forwarded in March on orders from Admiral Makaroff.

POBEDA BADLY DAMAGED.

The New-Chwang correspondent of the London Daily Mail telegraphs that he interviewed an officer who was on a train that passed through Taihichiau, carrying men wounded on the Petropavlovsk to Harbin. He said that during the running action the battleship Pobeda was badly damaged by a torpedo. There was a large hole made in her bows at the waterline, and three of her compartments filled. The officer claimed that one Japanese torpedo-boat destroyer was sunk. Before the Petropavlovsk went down there were two distinct explosions, the first one being a mine and the second the battleship's magazines.

"THAT MAN ALEXIEFF"

On the eve of the disaster to the battleship Petropavlovsk it is stated that the Czar received a telegram from Admiral Makaroff, stating that he was about to fight a decisive engagement with the enemy. A story is current among the Czar's entourage, that when his Majesty heard of the disaster he wept. Afterwards, speaking of Ad-

miral Alexieff, he exclaimed: "That man brings us nothing but ill-luck." At the same time he declared his intention to recall Admiral Alexieff, but was dissuaded, his councilors urging the bad impression such a step would make in the present circumstances.

FAIL TO BLOW UP BRIDGE.

Two Japanese officers, attired as Tibetan lamas, have been arrested for trying to blow up a railway bridge on the River Uonni, in Manchuria. The scene of their attempted exploit was Fouliardi, north of Harbin.

THE JAPANESE EXPLOSIVE.

A despatch to the London Express from Tokio, says that the effectiveness of the Japanese mines was due to the explosive invented by Prof. Shimose, a Japanese. He claims that it is far more powerful than lyddite, melinite, or any other high explosive.

ILLNESS AMONG TROOPS.

According to the reports of spies, the Japanese troops in Corea have been ravaged by various diseases. One of these diseases, called "imbion," is a kind of intermittent typhus. Another called "souda," which has not yet been studied by European doctors, promotes premature senility. The patients lose their teeth, become extremely weak, and the nails are twisted back on the fingers. Dysentery is very prevalent among the Russians at Harbin.

FIGURES ON LONG WAR.

Henry Norman, M.P., who has consistently held a brief for Russia, writes from St. Petersburg to London of the calm confidence of the heads of Russian official life in regard to the final issues of the war. While they recognize the courage and resources of the Japanese, and the fact that the war was begun a year before their own preparations were complete, they believe that all-round power will insure victory. In regard to money, they point out that the war chest contains 1,600,000,000 roubles, which is twice the gold reserve of the Bank of England. Mr. Norman himself saw ingots of gold.

In regard to the condition of the Czar, Mr. Norman, who had a long personal interview with him on Thursday, strongly contradicts the reports of his physical and mental breakdown. He says that he heard from the Czar's lips the clearest and most concise statement of the situation. His Majesty spoke with perfect frankness, asking very direct questions and requesting equally frank replies.

PORT ARTHUR DEMORALIZED.

A despatch to the London Express from New-Chwang says that the naval disaster on Wednesday has completely demoralized the defenders of Port Arthur. The confidence inspired by Admiral Makaroff has entirely evaporated. The gloomiest forebodings are expressed regarding the fate of the stronghold in view of the possibility of Admiral Togo following up his advantage with another attack.

The Chefoo correspondent of the Express says that a Chinese vessel which has just arrived there reports that there is now no trace of the Japanese outside of Port Arthur.

Other reports confirm the impression that Admiral Togo has gone to his base to refit, as some of the vessels must have suffered damage.

LAND BATTLE.

A despatch to the London Standard from St. Petersburg says it is rumored that Admiral Togo's fleet escorted a great number of transports to a point west of the Yalu River. The troops began to disembark without detecting a force of Russian troops, who were concealed on shore. When 12,000 had disembarked the Russians attacked them, and drove them back to their ships, inflicting heavy losses in men and guns.

ATTACK ON FORT.

The London Times prints a despatch dated "On Port Arthur," and sent by wireless telegraph to Wei-Hai-Wei, which says that Japanese torpedo boats attacked Port Arthur early Wednesday morning. The bombardment began at 9.45 o'clock in the morning.

In another despatch the correspondent says—"At 4.30 this morning, in the dim light and amid rain squalls, I saw a squadron of warships in line ahead steering a course similar to our own. As the light increased it proved to be a Japanese squadron of six battleships followed by a first-class cruiser squadron. Six ships were in the line ahead, the third and fourth vessels being the Kasuga and Nisshin, which were making their first

appearance in the fleet. The Mikasa was leading. They were shaping their course for Port Arthur. Forty miles distant from the port the battleships drew out at full speed, and the Kasuga and Nisshin left the cruisers and joined the battleships, the other cruisers remaining behind. The interval between them was maintained by the destroyer division and a despatch boat. As we neared Port Arthur we found two first-class and four second-class cruisers already there. This squadron had covered the torpedo boat attack, which was made in the small hours of the morning.

"The battleships now hoisted their fighting flags and steamed in formation, the Mikasa leading and the new ships bringing up the rear to within six miles of Port Arthur's frowning promontory.

"At 10.20 the shore batteries opened, but their fire was only desultory, and it seemed as though Admiral Togo was making a demonstration rather than a bombardment. Three times his fighting squadron circled around in front of the enemy's position, drawing a desultory fire, and at noon Admiral Togo withdrew his battleships to the south. It was inspiring to see how the powerful squadron of fighting machines manoeuvred. The battleships went boldly in, while the less protected vessels manoeuvred with them, conforming to their evolutions at a safer distance. Later, although I went closer to Port Arthur than I had ever before, I saw no sign of any Russian shipping. The shells which fell nearest to us exploded on impact with the water. The Japanese manoeuvring was at eighteen knots an hour. So far as I could see, they suffered no damage. The expenditure of ammunition was small. It was a magnificent force, the most powerful individual fleet, indeed, which ever sailed the Eastern seas. Including the torpedo craft, there were forty Japanese vessels."

JAPS WIN SKIRMISHES.

Details of the first skirmish on the Yalu River, which occurred last Sunday, arrived at Tokio on Wednesday in the official report of Admiral Hoshoga. The text of the report follows: "In accordance with my instructions, the captain of the cruiser Kasuga directed Lieut. Yamaguchi, with five men, to scout in the mouth of the Yalu. They accomplished their work and safely returned to the Kasuga on Monday. They entered the river in a Coran junk, and at 2 o'clock Sunday discovered a party of Russians leaving the right bank of the river near Toag Toriyu to a junk. Lieut. Yamaguchi attacked them, a patrol of mounted Japanese troops on the left bank of the river joining in the attack. In the meantime another large Russian junk joined the first one and opened fire on the Japanese. The Russians retired and reached the bank. They then fled inland. The exchange of fire lasted one hour and twenty minutes. The enemy had nine killed and two injured. We had no casualties."

JAPS SENT IN MINES.

It has been learned from Japanese sources at Chefoo that the attack on the Russian Port Arthur fleet was planned and put into effect in the following manner: "At daylight the Japanese torpedo boats made a demonstration before the port, and at the same time laid mines across the outer entrance to the harbor. They then retired and joined the main squadron. The squadron then advanced and as it drew near the Russian ships were seen coming out. The battleship Petropavlovsk struck one of the mines laid by a Japanese torpedo boat and was destroyed."

28 OFFICERS LOST.

Twenty-eight Russian officers were lost on board of the Petropavlovsk, including Capt. Vasilief, belonging to the ship; Admiral Makaroff, fourteen members of his staff, including Rear-Admiral Molas, the chief of staff, and Lieut. von Kobe, the aide-de-camp of Grand Duke Cyril. That Veresthagiz (the celebrated painter of battle scenes) was among those lost is now officially known.

BADLY CRIPPLED.

There are now only two undamaged Russian battleships, the Peresviet and the Sevastopol, in the harbor at Port Arthur, but some of the damaged vessels have been repaired, although their exact number and condition are not known. The other effective are the armored cruiser Bayan, the first-class cruisers Askold and Diana, the second-class cruiser Novik, the torpedo gunboats Vsadnik and Gaydamak, the gunboats Gremiashchi, Olivansi, Giliakis and Bobr, the cruisers Djidjid, Razboynik and Zabiabak, and the torpedo-boat destroyers, whose exact number is not known.

Altogether ten Russian vessels have been damaged or lost since the outbreak of the war. The disaster of Wednesday ends the hope that the ill-fated Port Arthur squadron would be able to become an aggressive factor in the operations before it is reinforced by the arrival of the Baltic fleet. Until then the aim of the Russians will be to hold Port Arthur and conserve the remaining ships within the protection of its guns.

Practically the last hope of success at sea died with Admiral Makaroff, and the Russian people now look to the army, in which they have implicit confidence, to retrieve on land the reverses and distress suffered on the water.

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese, and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

Toronto, April 19.—Wheat—No. 2 white and red Winter quoted at 92 to 93c low freights. Spring wheat is nominal at 87c east, and goose at 81 to 82c east. Manitoba wheat steady, with No. 1 Northern selling at 99c to \$1 at Georgian Bay ports; No. 2 Northern at 96, and No. 3 Northern at 92c. No. 1 hard is nominal at \$1.01. Grinding in transit prices are 6c above those quoted.

Oats—No. 2 white quoted at 31c north and west, and 31c low freights. No. 1 white quoted at 32c east, and No. 2 at 31c east. No. 2 offered at 33c on track, Toronto. Barley—No. 2 offered at 44c middle freights; No. 3 extra at 43c, and No. 3 at 41c middle freights.

Peas—The market is unchanged, with No. 2 quoted at 65 to 66c outside, and choice milling lots at 68 to 70c.

Corn—No. 3 American yellow quoted at 54c on track Toronto; No. 3 mixed at 53c. Canadian corn is nominal at 38c west for yellow, and 38c for mixed.

Rye—No. 2 quoted at 59 to 60c east and west.

Buckwheat—No. 2 quoted at 50 to 51c middle freights.

Flour—Ninety per cent. patents are unchanged; buyers at \$3.55 middle freights in buyers' sacks for export. Straight rollers of special brands for domestic trade quoted at \$4.30 to \$4.50 in bbls. Manitoba flour unchanged. No. 1 patents, \$5.30, No. 2 patents, \$5, and strong bakers', \$4.90 on track, Toronto.

Milled—Bran is steady at \$17 to \$17.50, and shorts at \$18.50 here. At outside points bran is quoted at \$16.50, and shorts at \$17.50. Manitoba bran, in sacks, \$20, and shorts at \$21 here.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—Prices steady at \$2 to \$2.50 per bbl. for the best stock.

Dried apples—Prices are steady at 3 to 3c per lb. Evaporated apples, 6 to 6c per lb.

Beans—Prime beans are quoted at \$1.50 to \$1.60, and hand-picked at \$1.65 to \$1.70.

Hops—The market is unchanged at 26 to 32c, according to quality.

Honey—The market is quiet at 6 to 7c per lb. Combs quoted at \$1.50 to \$1.75.

Hay—No. 1 timothy quoted at \$9.50 a ton here.

Straw—Prices unchanged at \$5.50 on track here.

Maple syrup—The market is quiet at \$1 per Imperial gallon.

Potatoes—Choice cars are quoted at 85 to 90c per bag on track here, and inferior quality at 75c per bag.

Poultry—The market is steady, with limited offerings. Chickens, 12 to 13c per lb.; turkeys are quoted at 15 to 16c per lb. for fresh killed.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Finest 1-lb. rolls, 16 1/2 to 17c; choice, large rolls and selected dairy tubs, 15 to 16c; medium and low grades, 12 to 14c; creamery prints, 20 1/2 to 22c; solids, 19 to 20c.

Eggs—Case lots quoted at 14c per dozen.

Cheese—Finest September's 10 1/2 to 11c; late Fall and seconds, 9 1/2 to 10 1/2c.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Dressed hogs are unchanged, with offerings fair. Car lots quoted at \$3 delivered here. Cured meats are in good demand at unchanged prices.

We quote:—Bacon, long clear, 8 to 8 1/2c per lb., in case lots. Mess pork, \$16.50 to \$17; do short cut, \$18.50.

Smoked meats—Hams, light to medium, 12 1/2c; do, heavy, 12c; rolls, 10c; shoulders, 9 1/2c; backs, 13 1/2 to 14c; breakfast bacon, 13 to 13 1/2c.

Lard—Tierces, 7 1/2 to 8c; tubs, 8 1/2c; pails, 8c; compound, 7 1/2 to 8c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, April 13.—There being no sales of oats reported to-day, prices can be quoted nominally at 37 to 37 1/2c for No. 2 white, and at 36 1/2 to 36 3/4c for No. 3 per bush ex store; we quote peas, 72 to 72 1/2c alfalfa May; No. 2 barley, 52c; No. 2 extra barley, 51c; No. 2 oats, 37c; and No. 3 oats, 36c. Flour—Manitoba spring wheat patents, \$5.40; Manitoba strong bakers', \$5.10; winter wheat patents, \$5.10 to \$5.25; straight rollers, \$4.85 to \$5; straight rollers, \$4.85 to \$5; straight rollers, \$4.85 to \$5; straight rollers, \$4.85 to \$5.

Compound lard, 7 1/2 to 8c; Canadian lard, 8 1/2 to 9c; kettle rendered, 8 1/2 to 9c; hams, 11 to 13c; bacon, 13 1/2 to 14c; fresh killed abattoir hogs, \$7 to \$7.25; country dressed hogs, \$7; live hogs, \$5 to \$5.12. Eggs—New laid, 15c. Butter—Winter creamery, 19 to 19 1/2c; new made, 20c; full grass Fall makes, 18 1/2 to 21c; Western dairy, 15 to 15 1/2c; rolls, 15 1/2 to 16c; creamery, 18 to 18 1/2c. Cheese—Ontario, 9 1/2 to 10c; Towaships, 9 1/2 to 10c.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Buffalo, April 19.—Flour—Steady. Wheat—Spring steady; No. 1 Northern, \$1.10; Winter, No. 2 red, New York State, \$1.06 asked. Corn—Strong; No. 2 yellow, 57c; No. 2 corn, 53 1/2c. Oats—Stronger; No. 2 white, 45 1/2c; No. 2 mixed, 41 1/2c. Barley—Western, 51 to 62c. Rye—No. 1, on track, offered at 81c.

Minneapolis, April 19.—Wheat—May 93 1/2c. July 93 1/2 to 94c, September 84 1/2c; on track, No. 1 hard, 96 1/2c; No. 1 Northern, 95 1/2c; No. 2 Northern, 92 1/2c. Flour—First patents \$5.05 to \$5.15; second patents, \$4.95 to \$5.05; first clears, \$3.60; second clears, \$2.45 to \$2.55. Bran—In bulk, \$14.50 to \$14.75.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Toronto, April 19.—Deliveries of stock at the city cattle market are fairly heavy. Business on the whole is good, though trading was a little slow, especially in the export trade. The general quality of the winter fed cattle is very good, and the market on the whole is steady to firm for the best butchers cattle.

Export—The export trade is still slow, with prices only steady around \$4.75 to \$4.80. Though cables are a little firmer, the conditions are not considered quite good enough to warrant any higher prices in the local market, in view of the present state of the Chicago market. Several of the local firms in fact are still buying largely from Chicago.

Butchers—There are some very fine lots of winter fed cattle coming in for the local butcher trade, and these cattle are fetching fair prices, though the local retail trade is said to be unusually dull at the present time. Choice handy weight butchers are worth from \$4.25 to \$4.50 in the market to-day. Medium and ordinary butchers' are quoted at from \$3.75 to \$4. Good butchers' cows, at \$3.50.

Stockers and Feeders—There is a good market for all kinds of stockers and feeders. Prices have a range from \$3 to \$4.40.

Sheep and Lambs—There was a light run and everything sold quick. Prospects are steady for grain-fed yearling lambs, spring lambs, and good veal calves. Bob calves are not wanted and are unsaleable. Heavy ewes are quoted at \$4 to \$4.25, steady; light ewes, \$4.25 to \$4.60; bucks, \$3.25 to \$3.75; grain-fed lambs, \$5.50 to \$6.12 1/2; spring lambs, \$2.50 to \$5.50 each; calves, \$2 to \$10 each and \$3.50 to \$5.50 per cwt.

Hogs—The market is still steady at former quotations. Selects at \$4.75 and heavy at \$4.50.

SEOUL PALACE BURNED.

Corean Emperor and Suite Made Their Escape.

A London despatch says: A cable received here says that the Imperial Palace at Seoul, Corea, was completely destroyed by fire on Thursday night. Only the ruins of the palace remain. The Emperor and his suite succeeded in escaping to a nearby refuge.

The Japanese Legation has received the following account of the fire:—"The fire broke out at 10 o'clock on the evening of April 14. With the exception of the Kiuseiken Building, which is in the European style, all the other palace buildings were consumed. The Emperor took refuge in the library of the Kiuseiken Building. It is believed that the fire originated in the heating apparatus of the Kauvei Palace, which was undergoing repair.

The Japanese soldiers took a most prominent part in guarding the person of the Emperor, as well as in extinguishing the fire, and this produced an excellent feeling among the court circles. Our troops also did their best to guard the foreign legations, and the foreign representatives afterwards expressed to us their sincere thanks."

Other reports say that all the archives, treasures and jewels were destroyed.

THE SCOURGE OF CANCER.

Most Prevalent Malady in the United States.

A New York despatch says:—Leading surgeons and physicians of New York on Tuesday confirmed the statement made by Dr. Roswell Park of Buffalo, in Berlin on Monday night, that cancer is the most prevalent disease in the United States, and that the State of New York is well within the "cancer belt." They declared that the dreadful malady is rapidly increasing all over the civilized world and that they are still utterly in the dark as to its cause or its cure. In the last 24 years, as shown by statistics, it has doubled in prevalence in the United States and is to-day claiming more victims than consumption. The surgeon's knife is the only remedy accepted by the most skillful members of the profession, and that treatment must be applied very early to insure against return of the disease in a more serious form. Several prominent surgeons said that the disease was a much more serious question than the average person realized, and made doubly so because of the fact that it may attack any person without warning, and, once developed, physicians are powerless to cope with it understandingly.

A WOMAN'S LOVE

OR, A BROTHER'S PROMISE

CHAPTER XVI.

Even at that late season of the year—it was December, though not advanced beyond a few days—the garden at Caldera was rich in color and profuse in greenery. And the weather was so fair and warm, there were such balmy breaths from the sea and soft airs from the hills, such sweet mornings of sunshine and such mellow afternoons, that the little household of the Queen spent but short indoors. The Queen herself loved the open after the tedious years of mephitic Bloomsbury (where as Todman says, "there is more 'bury' than 'bloom'"); she loved to gaze at the rugged outline of the hills, to watch the tides of tinted shadow that flowed over them as the sun swung up and then down; she loved to drink in the mere sense of freedom that lives in a wide prospect, and to feel the cool, pure breath of her own land.

Near the foot of the garden was an arbour of Glorie de Dijon roses, and there Maddalena passed most of her waking hours, the fairest rose of her pleasure. At a tiny table she transacted much State business with Don Augustin; received messengers with lists of dead and wounded, or of the siege of Palm City; gave a ready ear to this or that petitioner who believed that the Queen could set all things right; or signed documents signifying to Don A. that her Majesty desired to do such and such, to Senor B. that her Majesty commanded him to do as he had been bid on pain of her displeasure.

To every one that saw thus thronged among the roses the same thought came—that the Queen was very beautiful; that she was young, that she was indeed a Queen, but alas! that she looked so sad. Not that she did not smile on her people, for she was happy in seeing them; but over the smile flitted a shadow of sorrow indefinable that made the smile strangely sweeter, and in her voice was a subtle tone that found in every heart a responsive chord, and made the hearer wonder if it was in such wise the angels sang when Paradise was lost. "Ah!" said they, "she will be no longer sad when the Hispaniolan is driven out of Palmetto—she will sing and dance with the best of us then." Only Don Augustin knew that whatever good hap came to the Isle of Palms this silver thread of sorrow would string Maddalena's jewels for ever.

The change in her did not escape the observant eye of the Orange King as he came down the path escorted by Don Augustin, radiant with delight. To Bravo the return of Thomas Smith seemed an augury that the happy end was near.

Maddalena rose with outstretched hands.

"Mr. Smith! You have taken us by surprise!"

"Better I than Stampa, your Majesty," he laughed. "The fact is I couldn't stay away any longer. I want to see for myself if my orange monopoly is to hold good."

"Ah! you put it in that way. Well—you shall see, you shall see. But come: I am just going to breakfast under the roses. You must join me."

"I have already breakfasted, madame."

"At eight o'clock?"

"Yes."

"Off bacon and eggs?"

"Yes."

"What a Briton!" she laughed.

"But if you have come from Espoleto—have you?"

"From Espoleto, madame."

"Then you are ready for luncheon. Come, sit down, sir. You will join us, Don Augustin."

"You are cut off from the world here, madame, so I daresay I am the first to bring you a certain piece of news—good news. The Free State have thrashed Hispaniola."

"That is indeed good news. When? How?"

"When? Twelve days ago. And how? By blowing them out of the water. But there is better news to come." A merry twinkle lurked in the corner of the Orange King's eye, as he paused and helped himself to olives.

"What do you think, madame, of the Free States' combined navies crossing the ocean to bombard the principal ports of Hispaniola?"

"Is it possible?" cried Maddalena, while Don Augustin, startled afresh out of his precisian calm, stared at Mr. Smith with a hundred eyes and a gaping mouth.

"Does it not make your prospects brighter, madame?"

"It will certainly lower Hispaniola's prestige."

"More than that, madame, more than that." And again Mr. Smith paused with that twinkle.

"Tell me, tell me," cried Maddalena.

"Well, as far as their knowledge goes, the commanders of the Free States fleet regard Palmetto as Hispaniolan territory. On their way to blockade, bombard, pulverize Sarralona, Terez, Almeduna, Pamparivos, they will naturally call at Palm City and demand its surrender."

Don Augustin's face clouded as he saw the fair island slip from Maddalena's hands into those of masters as harsh as his. Some such thought flashed in Queen's mind, too, but he were on the Orange King's face she saw nothing there but stern and amusement.

"Palm City," went on Mr. Smith, "will surrender. It cannot stand an attack by twelve battleships, six gunboats and torpedo destroyers."

"But we could take it," cried Bravo.

"It would be at too great a cost," my friend," said Mr. Smith. "There is a much cheaper way than that."

"And that is?"

"I am here this morning to explain my plan before your Majesty. I explain it in my own way."

"Surely, sir, surely."

"The moment my agent cabled to me that the fleet had sailed out, I started for Palmetto. I calculate that the ships will be in Palm City on the morning of the day after to-morrow, or perhaps the evening. Perhaps they will come in at night with lights and make my friend Stampa's eyes when he wakes in the morning. Anyway, and whatever the result, the Free States admiral will want you to allow me to interview him before he sights Palmetto."

"Yes, yes," cried Maddalena, impatiently.

"I want you, madame, to write me with a letter for him, in which you explain your position. A promise of his co-operation, and promise of his assistance—rather than assistance of his governments. He will accept or he will reject. If he rejects, he will win—temporarily. Europe will not allow the States of South America to force their adherence to the doctrine, and if the worst comes of the worst Palmetto is still in our hands, and the struggle goes on where it now stands. If he accepts, you will have to pay a million dollars. And you can leave me."

Maddalena rose to her feet, and out of herself by the suggestion of a speedy end of the fight, he flushed and her hands pressed together.

"O! if it might only be! might only be!"

"It may well be, madame, if I write the letter I spoke of—and he paused and laughed—"make a nice one."

She turned swiftly and looked at him, Bravo aghast and a little than half inclined to pose on dignity. But the good sense and good faith so clearly marked the Orange King's face disarmed and made her forget the cool city of the proposal.

"Sir," she said, "I will do it. I am a deus ex machina."

"My Latin is rusty, madame," he laughed, "but—deca in flores seculi meet the case."

"You are a courtier as well as a genius, sir."

"If the admiral agrees to my proposal, madame, in four days there won't be a Hispaniolan left on the island."

"There are eight thousand men now," grumbled Bravo. "How do you propose to get rid of them? Dump them in the sea?"

"Send them back to Hispaniola," said Smith shortly.

"In balloons? There are no balloons."

"There will be ships when they are wanted," came the answer more shortly.

"I see you have your plan, Mr. Smith," said Maddalena, frowning at Don Augustin. "You tell me?"

Smith waved a hand of rejection to the inevitable.

"A plan? A very little plan. Like the Free States, I also have a fleet. Twelve steamers of mine are now three days north of Palm City. They are ostensibly bound for the West Coast of Africa for cargo, but were under-coaled at Liverpool and put into Palm City for sale. I'm no man of business if they don't touch the West Coast this trip. I think they will touch at Hispaniola and land more valuable cargo than rubber. Hispaniola will be glad to see them, and I'll see that I get my share. And now, madame, you want a little time to write your letter. Do you permit me to see you? I should like to see you if Don Augustin will direct me to find him."

As he uttered Hector's name, Thomas Smith gave one swift glance at Maddalena, and his suspicion.

"I should like to help you, Mr. Smith. I do not know how to say."

"Madame, I cannot help you. Write as your heart dictates. I should make it too busy for me, and the admiral would scent my duplicity. Write as your heart dictates: sincerity and candor will win. No, no, I cannot help you. No heart."

"O, Mr. Smith! O, Mr. Smith!"

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