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Telegraphic News.

Ottawa, Jan. 17.
This morning the Board of Trade was engaged in discussing the question of reciprocal trade relations with the United States, and a resolution was passed, on motion of Hon. J. Young, and seconded by Mr. DeVeber, that the Government be asked to appoint a commission to act with the one which will probably be appointed by the American Government to enquire into the whole question.

Mr. Max Hawley, of Detroit, and other American gentlemen addressed the Board very warmly in favor of extended commercial relations.

The afternoon resolutions passed in favor of the continuance of the Insolvency Act, of preventing crimping at Quebec, St. John, and other places, and of repealing the Bill and Note Stamp Act.

London, Jan. 16.
Eugenie held a reception at Chiselmurst yesterday, which was attended by many well known Bonapartists, and a deputation of workmen from Paris. Prince Napoleon also received a large number of his friends.

The return paid clearings at the Clearing House yesterday was \$32,250,000 the highest sum on record for a single day.

Paris, Jan. 17.
Gen. DeCass, Minister of war, has written a letter to Marshal MacMahon prohibiting the circulation of Bonapartist addresses in barracks of French troops and urging severe punishment of persons found distributing such papers.

New York, Jan. 17.
Gold closed yesterday at 112 1/2.

Halifax, Jan. 18.
Daniel McDonald, member for Antigonish, has been appointed Commissioner of Mines in place of the late Mr. Garvie.

The mail steamer from Bermuda arrived today, and brought here Captain Corbett and twenty one members of the steamer Brasilius, wrecked on the coast of Bermuda, on her passage from Lisbon to New York.

The steamer will be sent to England, where the steamer belonged.

Ottawa, Jan. 18.
The Canada "Gazette" contains the appointment of Alex. Vidale, of Sarnia, to the Senate, in place of Matheson, recently deceased. Vidale was member of the old Legislative Council, and opposed Mackenzie at the last general election.

The Board of Trade closed its sessions last night.

Hon. T. R. Jones urged the adoption of the system of weather reports, like those in the United States. Hon. Mr. Mitchell said he would place the matter in shape for the favorable attention of his colleagues.

Resolutions favorable to uniformity of gauging and to sending the Canadian mail weekly by the Cunard Line were passed.

The Ontario legislative debates exhibit much acrimony between individual members.

Nothing more definite concerning Canadian Pacific.

London, Jan. 18.
Samuel R. Graves, member of Parliament for Liverpool died suddenly this morning.

The Turkish Government has brought a suit against London "Times" for libel, for publishing communications alleged to have been signed by the Turkish minister in London, containing untrue statements in reference to the finances of the Government of Turkey.

New York, Jan. 18.
The thaw has caused a considerable rise in the rivers and reports of freshets, involving in some cases serious damages, are received.

A number of railroad accidents are reported this morning, but happily none of a serious nature.

Gold 112 1/2.

London, Jan. 19.
Edward Bulwer Lytton, the well known English author, died Saturday afternoon, aged 67.

An unpromising strike is going on in the iron foundries and rolling mills throughout Wales.

Count Schouvaloff's mission from the Russian Government to England, to induce the latter power to change her purpose relative to Russia's designs on Afghanistan has failed, as he has returned.

There was a grand display—religious, civil and military—at Potsdam, Germany, on Sunday, the battle flags captured from the French being hung from the walls with imposing ceremonies.

New York, Jan. 20.
Fires are reported this morning at Glensville, N. Y., loss \$50,000; Pawtucket, R. I., loss \$22,000; Cherokee, Iowa, loss \$18,000; and at Parker's Landing, Pa., loss \$18,000.

The British steamer "St. Francis," ashore on Hampton Beach, Mass., went to pieces in the storm Saturday.

The Hon. Reverend Baptist Wriothersley Noel, the well-known English theologian, is dead.

There was a large number at Chiselmurst yesterday. The funeral sermon of Napoleon was preached in the chapel.

Gold 112 1/2.

THE LADIES TO THE FRONT.—The Montreal Gazette, says:

Quebec ladies are being excelled by the ladies of Ontario, at all events in one particular. In one town, at least, the ladies of the latter Province are taking an active interest in matters pertaining to municipal management. In Belleville, no less than 1,345 ladies are manifesting an anxiety as to the probable issue of the town elections. For what reason think you? That some months ago they petitioned the council for their support in suppressing the evils of intemperance by limiting the number of licences, and the memorial was so little thought of that they laid it on the table, which simply means "thrown in the

waste basket." The ladies are not forgetful of this fact, and are now doing their best to have all opposed to their object replaced by temperance advocates.

The following is a Statement of the Revenue and Expenditure of the Dominion of Canada for the month ending 31st December, 1872:—

REVENUE.	AMOUNT.
Customs,	\$690,988.10
Excise,	443,734.46
Post Office,	43,868.24
Public Works including Railways,	97,773.41
Bill Stamps,	12,831.61
Miscellaneous,	59,765.64
Total,	\$1,348,961.46
Expenditure,	\$1,326,656.7

SINGULAR CASE OF POISONING.—A few days a man named Gaetz, residing at Lawrencetown, Annapolis, died under rather singular circumstances. It appears that he had while on a visit to town, procured a quantity of rat poison. When about to use it he—impelled by curiosity—smelt and inhaled a quantity, of course without intending to absorb any into his system. A few moments afterwards he was taken ill. Neglecting to send for a physician till it was too late, he lingered for a time, and then died in terrible suffering.

The Standard.

SAINT ANDREWS, JAN. 22, 1873.

PUBLIC MEN.—The conduct of public men, has long been admitted, a subject of legitimate criticism by the press, and at times it has been done unsparingly, and with a tinge of partisanship and unfairness, which destroys its effect. A reviewer blinded by prejudice, and warped by the shibboleth of party, cannot do justice to either measures or men. We have been led to these observations by reading a late article in the "Halifax Chronicle," an out and out anti-unionist, which finds it hard "to accept the situation," or to use its efforts to make the best of what it cannot repeal. It accuses the Nova Scotia representatives in the Dominion Parliament, of being a bad lot, actuated by self-interest and of easy virtue. The "Halifax Colonist," a very able and well conducted journal thus handles its contemporary, just as it deserves, in the following style:

"We are well aware, as we have often stated, that the Nova Scotia members will be true to the Province and to the Dominion. They will support the Government in all good, patriotic measures. They will stand aloof from factional oppositionists, and will consistently support the programme of 'Union and Progress.' Chronicle's calumny can do them no harm: the full weight of its power was felt at last election, and it was null. The Government is engaged vigilantly and constantly in promoting the best interests of all the Provinces. Its doings for the past five years are a pledge of what it can do in time to come. A generous support from the Maritime Provinces will strengthen it greatly, and encourage it in its policy of fair play. Nova Scotia will not soon forget that the most successful cry raised against the Government by the Grits of Ontario was that the Government had been guilty of gross favoritism to Nova Scotia.

The "Chronicle," fully believing that base motives are the strongest motives in politics, attempts once more to shake the allegiance of our representatives by the assurance that the Government will in a few months be in the hands of the Grits of Ontario and Quebec. Anything more insolently insulting than the following "advice," we have not seen for some time:—"We recommend that these gentlemen who trade in politics to spend the few weeks left to them in careful study of the question, 'Will it pay to support the Government?' They will if they are careful, find that it will not—and it would not surprise us to find some few of them turning their faces to the rising sun of the Reform party."

It must be a precious "Reform Party" that would try to purchase support by hints of wholesale bribery.

ANNEXATION appears to occupy the attention of some of the journals in this Province, and a large joke has been perpetrated that \$100,000 is ready for the purpose of establishing "leading dailies" in Halifax and St. John, for the purpose of advocating a union with the United States. This has exercised some of the newspapers, which come down heavily upon those of their contemporaries who have mooted the subject. It is not easy to decide in these days the object of this hue and cry, whether from love of country or self-interest. For our own part, we have no sympathy with annexation nor never had, the only desire for a closer union with our neighbors we have advocated was a free interchange of commodities, a union of willing hearts, and exchange of good feeling.

The Dominion has within itself all the elements, physical, mental, and otherwise, for the foundation of a great British American Nation. Its natural resources, extent of territory, and climate are not surpassed on this continent, and with wholesome laws, wise legislation, and an economical government, there is no cause why the Dominion should not become a great nation, and consequently there would be no gain by becoming a part of the United States. There is no reason why the population of Canada should not be a contented, happy and prosperous people, notwithstanding the ranting and raving of annexationists, if there are any such in the Province. The fact is there is too much prominence given to the double headed leaders on the subject. The Americans don't want the Provinces, and vice versa. In the discussion that much abused word "loyalty" has been "dragged

in the dirt," and the word "bought" has a long tale. The less said about it the better for the Province.

Accounts from this Office for advertising, &c., are being sent out, and we trust will be promptly paid. Our thanks are tendered to those who have already liquidated their bills, but there are several who are some time in arrears.

THE CONCERT AND TEA SOIREE, under the auspices of the "St. Andrews Amateur Band," took place on Wednesday evening last, according to announcement, and was a success. The Band performed a variety of pieces very creditably, under their instructor Mr. Foster, calling forth applause, and giving evidence of marked progress. The refreshment tables were well supplied, and presided over by young ladies whose winning smiles captivated those present into partaking of the good things they had provided. After justice had been done and all were satisfied, the tables were removed, and dancing commenced, which was kept up till a late hour. Music was furnished alternately by the Band, and by ladies on the Piano. The whole affair came off with such success that the Band have resolved to give a concert during the winter; the first was held on Monday evening last.

We are happy to announce that the "Small Fox flag" have all been taken down in town. Mrs. James Street has recovered, and is regaining her strength. The Sheen family are out. There is one case at the Post House out of town, Mr. John O'Neil, who is progressing favorably. Much credit is due to Mr. C. E. O. Hatheway, Chairman of the Board of Health, for his vigilance and energy, and also to the other members of the Board, for having confined the disease to so narrow limits. Every case here was imported from Boston. We would urge upon all who have not been vaccinated, to call without delay upon the physicians.

On Monday, a horse recently purchased and driven by Mr. Clarke, proprietor of the Railroad Hotel, became unmanageable and ran away. Mr. Clarke held the reins firmly until the sleigh came in contact with a platform near Mr. Bradley's, when he was thrown out, but happily was unhurt. The horse pursued his course on to the stable. Mr. Clarke had him out again on Tuesday, and controlled him so thoroughly that he would not attempt a repetition of the previous day.

The Rev. B. J. Cameron and Mrs. Cameron, were presented by the congregation of St. Andrews Church, St. John, with a "New Year's Gift," of breakfast, dinner and tea services, five dozen pieces of silver, complete set of table cutlery, and a sum of money. The Rev. gentleman acknowledged the "gift" in handsome terms.

A cunning fellow serving a term of six years in the Penitentiary, St. John, escaped on Saturday last by stowing himself in the bread wagon which supplies that institution with the "staff of life," changed his clothes while in the wagon, and quietly cleared off when in the suburbs of the city, and had not been caught. These escapes from the P. I. should be stopped in some way.

The Dominion Board of Trade Session held at Ottawa last week, was an important one, and it is probable that the work done and recommendations made by the Board will meet with that attention from the Government which their importance merit.

THE NEW DOMINION MONTHLY for January is a readable number; in each issue are several papers on the early history of Canada, with thrilling incidents and scenes.—Published by J. Douglass & Son, Montreal, \$1.50 per year.

"The Public Ledger Almanac," published by G. W. Childs, Philadelphia, is exceedingly well gotten up, and contains a large amount of useful information, with reference to the Government of the United States, record of events, &c., in addition to the astronomical calculations and calendars for each month, Governments of the world, and British Possessions in America.

The Circuit Court was opened here on Tuesday. His Honor Judge Allen presiding. There being no criminal calendar, the Sheriff presented His Honor with a pair of white kid gloves. Three civil causes were entered for trial.

LECTURE.—On Thursday evening last, the Rev. R. E. Smith delivered an interesting and instructive lecture on "The Catacombs of Rome," to a large audience in the Episcopal Sunday School room.

To-morrow (Thursday) evening, Mr. Main will deliver the fifth lecture of the course, on "The Young Power of the North."

BROWN of Halifax is to challenge the World for a Scull race at Halifax, Kennebecasis or Springfield, for \$2,000. One with Sadler preferred.

The change in the weather within the past few days, has made excellent travelling, good skating and coasting. Many pedestrians use skates on the streets.

The large building for the Schools was placed on its foundation at the Grammar School Block, on Monday last.

Mr. Leonard Chase purchased at Auction, in St. John, last week, the property owned by Capt. B. R. Grant, in this Town for \$650, which, with a claim he held against it, is not more than half its value.

PROVINCIAL APPOINTMENT.—Geo. S. Grimmer, Esq., to be Clerk of the Courts for the County of Charlotte, in the room of L. A. Mills, Esq., resigned.

A YOUNG SABOTARIAN.—Here is the latest from the nursery:—Mamma (on returning from church).—Well, Sandy, what have you been doing all the time we were away? Young Hopeful (in great glee).—Oh, mamma, we have had such fun. Donald and I have been playing at a shop. Mamma (in great distress).—Oh, Sandy, I am so shocked. How could my little boy play at a shop on the Sabbath day? Young Hopeful (deprecatingly).—Oh, but mamma, you must know it was a druggist's shop.

New Theories in Geology.

In the progress of science, old theories have to be dropped behind, and their place is taken by new ones, on which natural phenomena can be counted for in a way more satisfactory than in former years. This is especially the case with the science of geology. Not very long ago, geologists attributed the contortions of strata to the action of fire, or to the softness of the mass at the time the bending took place. But proof has recently been obtained that thick masses of stone—even limestone—may be bent without breaking. Instances are numerous; but in a quarry in Yorkshire it is a fact that solid layers of limestone rock from twelve to twenty four inches in thickness may be seen bent into an acute angle, and without cracking. And experiments made with this slices of stone demonstrate that even the hardest may be bent at pleasure. Stridly pressure long continued will, it seems, work wonders in the way of bending; even solid masses of steel show its influence; and as nature has infinite patience, geologists will henceforth refer to that patience many phenomena which they have long regarded as brought about by other conditions.

From this it appears that "rigidity" is now to be regarded as a relative not as an absolute term. In the United States large masses of pebbles may be seen in which every pebble is flattened by the enormous and long continued pressure to which it has been subject. A few years ago it was shown that iron ore had been deposited by the action of water. Since then chemistry has been a more and more applied in elucidation of geology; and one of its latest exploits is the discovery that gold exists in sea water. It is a prelude to a demonstration that the gold, which now absorbs the energies of thousands of diggers, was deposited by water in far remote ages.—Chambers's Journal.

The estimated taxation of the City of New York for municipal purposes during 1873 is nearly sixty millions of dollars, or within a fraction of \$60 per head of its population. A great portion of this terrible burden is the legacy of Tammany, and the tangible result of the indifference of rate payers to municipal matters.

Interesting Discovery.

An interesting discovery has, it is stated, been made lately by an Italian. He has hit upon a method by which nerves may be turned like harp-strings, and brought into harmony with each other. His theory is that nervous systems, like musical instruments, are all liable to change of tone, and this change is of little importance if all the nerves change together, as by attention to diet and temperature the evil may be corrected or even wear, the general harmony of the nerves is destroyed, a disconnected action is the result, and a special mode of treatment is required, of which he professes to possess the key. He calls himself a "nerve tuner," and contracts to keep nerves in order by the month or year.

There seems to be no reason why people should not take lessons in "nerve tuning," and like violin performers acquire themselves the tuning art. Some nerves, like fiddles, want tuning each time they are used, and if every man and woman could screw up his or her nerves as they become relaxed, the world would be saved a vast amount of trouble, for it cannot be denied that the principal sufferers from nervous disorders are not those who immediately labor under them, but their friends and acquaintances.

The small pox has appeared in Bridge-town, it having been brought there from New York by a seaman in a schooner. Five cases were reported on the 4th inst. A special Session was called to adopt measures for general vaccination.

The Halifax train one evening last week, gave a very hot chase to a herd of six caribou, between Greenville and Thompson Stations, sometimes being within ten feet of them, after about a mile the caribou threw up the sponge and dropped out of the course completely exhausted.

MARRIED.—At Warrington, on the 18th inst., by Rev. P. Keay, A. M., W. M. Hamilton, Esq., Teacher, Moore's Mills, to Miss Amy C. Watt, eldest daughter of Thomas Watt, Esq., Warrington.

DIED.—On the 17th inst., after a short illness, Rachael, beloved wife of Mr. Robert Lock, aged 74 years, leaving a sorrowing husband to lament his loss. On the 19th inst., Mr. James Hinds, aged 72 years, a native of Ireland. Deceased was a quiet and industrious man, and for upwards of forty years a resident of St. Andrews.

Ship News.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.

Jan. 8, Nettie, Andrews, Boston, flour, &c., John Burton.

9. Linda, Packer, Eastport, ballast.
10. Willis, Carson, Boston, hides, R. Ross.
11. Jane, Hanson, Boston, oil, Railway.
Belle, Gatchell, Portland, flour.
Julia, Clinch, Maloney, Boston, tin, &c., J. R. Bradford.
Clara Clark, Boston.
Susan, Maloney, do.
Lucon, Kilpatrick, do.

CLERKED.

Jan. 18, W. R. Barry, Sherrard, Salt River, Jamaica, 151,190th, Lumber, Todd & Clewley.

CARD.

The Members of the St. Andrews AMATEUR BAND, take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to C. M. Gore, Esq., for the free use of his Hall for their late entertainments.—To the Ladies who presided at the tables, and to whose untiring exertions much of the success of those entertainments was due—and to the Public in general, for the very handsome manner in which they aided and patronized them.

By order,
J. K. AUGHERTON,
Secy. to Committee.

St. Andrews, Jan. 21, 1873.

Government House, Ottawa.

Tuesday, 24th day of December, 1872.

PRESIDENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by the Act passed in the 35th year of Her Majesty's reign, entitled:—
"An Act to amend an Act of the present Session, and to enable the Governor in Council to impose a duty on Tea and Coffee imported from the United States in the case therein mentioned," it is provided that if at any time, any greater duty of Customs should be payable in the United States of America on Tea or Coffee imported from Canada than on Tea or Coffee imported from any other country, then the Governor in Council may impose on Tea or Coffee imported into Canada from the said United States a duty of Customs equal to the duty payable in the United States on Tea or Coffee imported from any country other than the said United States; but passing in bond through the United States, shall be free from duty.

And whereas the contingency contemplated by the above recited Act has occurred, and Tea and Coffee imported into the United States from Canada, are subject to a duty of ten per cent. ad valorem, while Tea and Coffee imported from countries East of the Cape of Good Hope are free from duty.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under the authority aforesaid, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that a duty of ten per cent. be imposed, and the same is hereby authorized to be levied and collected on Tea and Coffee imported into Canada from the United States of America.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk, Privy Council.

Jan. 22

READ THIS!

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE Partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of

WADDELL & STOOPE,

has been dissolved by mutual consent.

The business will in future be conducted by

JAMES STOOPE; all debts due the said firm will be received by him.

FRANCIS WADDELL,
JAMES STOOPE.

St. Andrews, Jan. 14, 1873.

Executors' Sale.

To be sold at Public Auction, on the 12th day of February next, at the Public Landing, in St. Stephen, County of Charlotte, at 11 o'clock A. M., for payment of the debts of the late A. Duncan Styles, of Dumbarton in said County, deceased, in consequence of a deficiency of the personal estate of the deceased for that purpose, pursuant to a License obtained from the Court of Probate of said County:

THE right, title, and interest of said A. Duncan Styles at the time of his death to the lands and premises following, that is to say, a certain lot of land containing one hundred and thirty five acres more or less, and bounded Easterly by the highway leading through Dumbarton, Southerly by lands owned by William Towl, Westerly by the Grimsd. Settlement lots, and Northerly by the King property (so called,) also a Mill site and Privilege on the Dam on Digges guash stream, as occupied by the late A. Duncan Styles in his lifetime.

Dated St. Andrews, January 10th, A. D. 1873.

NATHAN SMART, Executor.

NOTICE.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, Dec. 27, 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Excellency, the Governor General, by an Order in Council, bearing date the 26th instant, and under the authority vested in him, by the 2nd Section of the 34th Victoria Chap. 10, has been pleased to order and direct that the following articles be transferred to the list of goods which may be imported into Canada free of duty, viz:

Felt, Cotton and Wollen Netting and Flush, used in the manufacture of Goggles and Mitts.

By Command.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,

Commissioner of Customs.

Jan. 8 31

