





GRANINGS FROM LATE PAPERS

THE COST OF WAR.

In a statement lately laid before the Parliament, of the estimated annual expenditures for the current year, the large sum of £2,000,000 is set down for "the expense of transporting troops and horses."

From Parliamentary returns it appears that the expenditure of England during the war, from 1803 to 1815, inclusive, amounted to £1,155,729,256, or close upon five thousand eight hundred million dollars.

THE CAPITAL OF RUSSIA.

St. Petersburg, the present capital of the Russian Empire, now contains a population of about 350,000, in little more than a century old, having been founded by Peter the Great in 1703, when he raised with his own hands the first hut, which is still preserved for the inspection of the curious.

At the corner of each street there is a policeman in a sentry box. Three large and several small canals, studded with bridges of cast iron and granite, facilitate the intercourse between the different parts of the city.

The royal residences are so numerous that St. Petersburg may be called the city of palaces.

THE CANTON RIVER.—Of all the extraordinary scenes which can be witnessed, nothing can be more surprising or astounding than the appearance of Canton river for let him have travelled "far and wide," nought can give him an idea of the scene but ocular demonstration.

Between India and Australasia.—It appears that the East India territories over which Great Britain extends her sway cover an area of 3,365,113 square miles, and contain a population of nearly 300,000,000 of people.

HUSBANDS AND WIVES IN FRANCE.—A husband has generally nothing to do with the details of household affairs; he never buys linen, glass or furniture, much less provisions.

A CENTURY OF RUSSIAN EMPERORS.—Such a list as the following account of a century cannot be prepared from the annals of any European kingdom, and scarcely perhaps from an Asiatic monarchy in ordinary times.

1703. Peter the second, son of Alex. 'died suddenly, deposed and murdered; with him ends the male branch of the house of Romanoff.

1762. Peter the third murdered by his wife, the Empress Elizabeth the Second.

1801. Paul, her son, murdered by a conspiracy of his nobles.

1825. Alexander, supposed for a time to have been made away with by the conspiracy which broke up his death; but late disclosures from Russian sources, however—throw doubts on this rumor.

By Telegraph to St. John. June 11th. Pacific arrived at New York June 11. Siliaria continued to hold out against Russians.

UNITED STATES. BOSTON. June 6. BROOKLYN AND NEW YORK RIOTS.—The spirit of lawlessness seems to be rampant just now. Last Sunday Brooklyn & N. York cities were disgraced by fearful riots.

MORTALITY IN NEW YORK.—There were 415 deaths in New York city last week; which were 150 more than in the corresponding week of 1853.

SHIPPING INTERESTS.—A large number of vessels are now at this port, considering the general demand for shipping. On Wednesday nearly 60 ships, exclusive of bargues, lay at the wharves of this city.

There is danger that the fine prospects of the wheat growers will be blasted by the Hessian fly, joint-worm, and other insects.

The San Francisco Herald records the following extraordinary circumstance; a poor fellow who had been begging from door to door for a dollar by a little meal, two days afterwards at Yankee Hill digging for coal, found a lump of pure gold weighing 27 lbs.

HARBORS OF THE GUANO TRADE.—We have received full confirmation of the rumors reported to be in the course of preparation in connection with the guano trade, at the Chincha Islands.

ing as soon as they can see to work. They have five tons of guano to dig and wheel to a distance of over two-thirds of a mile; it is not, therefore, so much that it has to be picked up, and if they do not accomplish these five tons by 5 o'clock P. M., they are obliged to quit the beach.

The New York Herald states that the treaty agreed upon by the Secretary of State and the British Minister includes the adjustment of the fishery question, but also provides for reciprocity of trade with the North American Colonies.

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NOVA SCOTIA. THE FIRST SOD TURNED.—We understand the first sod of the Railroad was turned, near the Governor's Farm, yesterday morning.

THE TENDERS FOR GRADING THE FIRST 6 1/2 MILES OF THE PROVINCIAL RAILROAD were opened on Thursday, the eight instant.

GOLDEN MOTTO.—A vain man's motto—"Win gold and wear it." A generous man's—"Win gold and share it." A miser's—"Win gold and hoard it." A profane's—"Win gold and spend it." A broker's—"Win gold and lend it." A gambler's—"Win gold and lose it." A sailor's—"Win gold and cruise it." A wise man's—"Win gold and use it."

HASZARD'S GAZETTE.

Saturday, June 17, 1854.

TO THE ELECTORS OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

In addressing you for the last time permitted to us previous to your being called on to exercise the most important act of citizenship—the choice of persons to represent you in provincial parliament—we would most earnestly beg of you not to be lukewarm in the matter, but to come early to the hustings, and tender your suffrages as men who have made up their minds to accept of no qualified or adulterated system of self-government.

A STRANGER.—A neat little steamer made her appearance in our waters yesterday morning. She is called the "Col. Fremont," is a Philadelphia built boat, and is on her way from St. John N. B. to the Miramichi river, where she is intended for a ferry-boat.

EMERSON'S GOLD FIELDS.—The barque Springbolt, arrived at Boston on the 13th inst., brings Cape Town dates to the 24th of March. The papers are filled with accounts of gold discoveries, and the whole extent of the sovereignty is said to be rich in gold.

TRANSPORT OF THE OCEAN.—Commander Glynn of the United States Navy, has furnished the American Scientific Association an interesting paper on this subject. The lowest depth at which objects are visible from the surface, under the most favorable circumstances, he finds to be twenty-five fathoms, or one hundred and fifty feet, and the temperature at that depth 59 degrees Fahrenheit.

On the occasion of the recent announcement of a free discharge to the convicts in Newgate Prison, Dublin, under sentence of penal servitude, so outraged were four of them at the sudden intelligence, that they dropped dead.—Standard's News Letter.

VELOCITY OF THE WIND.—Prof. Steadard, in a lecture recently delivered on the hurricane, in Knox county, Ohio, stated that in one town a grove of oak trees was almost entirely blown down. The trunk of one of these trees was about three feet in diameter.

CABBAGES.—A correspondent of the Horticulturist says:—"It may not be generally known that cabbages readily grow and are easily propagated by slips. A stump may be put out in the spring and the sprouts as they vegetate cut off, the cut allowed to dry; and then planted. When cabbages or cauliflowers throw off side shoots they may be used in the same way.

MANURE FOR STRAWBERRIES.—The following is from a communication to the Friend's Review, and may be very useful to many of our readers:—"The writer had a very productive bed, 30 by 40 feet. I applied, says he, about once per week, for three times, commencing when the ground began to start, and made the last application just before the plants were in full bloom, the following preparation: Nitrate of potash (saltpetre), glauber salts, and oil soda carbonate.

THE BOYS IN NEW YORK are doing a thriving business in "Turkish moustaches, only six cents," made of bits of sealink.

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constitutional; however arbitrary might have been the exercise of their prerogative on the part of the members of the Assembly, we should have bowed to it, because it was constitutionally done. We should have treated to the returning good sense of the people in their hours of calmness and freedom from undue excitement. But this has been an open violation of the Royal Instructions to the Lieut. Governor, and consequently, a total disregard of every principle that is constitutional and just, a removal of the landmarks and a trampling down of the division lines, by which alone, true Responsible or Self Government can be distinguished from tyranny and despotism.

Our opponents count on opportunities of exciting in their ranks men the very opposite in their nature to men with whom whistly is more powerful than reasoning— who are led by the wildest notions of free-land, freedom from taxation, and other watchwords equally delusive, and which those who use them laugh at and ridicule the folly of those who are deceived by them.

There is a tide, says Shakespeare, in the affairs of men, which taken at flood, lead on to fortune, and so it is, we sometimes think, with communities. Yes, it may be, of great and intense struggle, pass away without any sign of great improvement, a visible inferiority is seen and felt, as the state of civilization and advancement of one country is compared with that of the surrounding one.

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For more... The Methodist (Sunday) in the... The Rev. M... Ladies... WANTED... The Rev. M... Ladies... WANTED... The Rev. M... Ladies... WANTED... The Rev. M... Ladies... WANTED...







