



Business Directory.
GUELPH HERALD
 Printing Establishment,
 North West Corner of the Market Square.
 EVERY DESCRIPTION OF PRINTING,
 —SUCH AS—
 Business Cards, Insurance Policies,
 Circulars, Posters, Way Bills,
 Pamphlets, Catalogues, Blanks,
 Funeral Letters, Bill Heads,
 Hand Bills, Stage Bills,
 Book Work, Cards,
 &c. &c. &c. &c.
 Neatly executed, with the utmost expedi-
 tion and upon moderate terms.

A CARD.
JAMES LYND,
 IMPORTER OF
 DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,
 AND DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
 COUNTRY PRODUCE,
 MARKET SQUARE, GUELPH.
 April 1, 1850. 145

REMOVAL.
DR. W. A. LIDDELL
 HAS removed to the house lately occu-
 pied by F. H. KIRKPATRICK, Esq.,
 adjoining the residence of the Rev. A.
 PALMER.
 N. B.—Continues to attend patients in
 the country.
 Guelph, June 4, 1850. 154

MARRIAGE LICENSES.
 THE Office of the Distributor of Mar-
 riage Licenses is removed to the Store
 of Messrs. BUDD & LYND, corner of
 Wyndham street, immediately below Mr.
 Sandilands.

RICHARD FOWLER BUDD,
 Agent for Granting Marriage Licenses.
 Guelph, Oct. 15, 1849. 121-1/2

H. GREGORY,
 ORNAMENTAL PAINTER & GILDER,
 DUNDAS.

BY The above is prepared to execute, on the
 most reasonable terms, Engravings, Plates, Devices,
 &c. in a style that cannot be excelled on this
 Continent.

TRANSPARENT WINDOW SHADES,
 N. P. Old Paintings renovated and touched up.

CHAS. GLENDINING,
PHENIX SALOON,
 North-East Corner of Market Square,
 GUELPH.

Refreshments of every description at all hours
 of the day.

OYSTERS WEEKLY BY EXPRESS,
WINES AND LIQUORS.
 Sherry Cobblers, Mint Juleps, Roman
 Punch, Fruits, &c.
 Guelph, July 9, 1850. 159-1/2

ROBERT OSBORNE,
 Watch Maker and Jeweller,
 VICTORIA BUILDINGS, KING ST.,
 HAMILTON.

Gold and Silver Watches, Silver
 Spoons, and Wedding Rings, always on
 hand. Orders from the country punctually
 attended to.

JOHN STREET FOUNDRY.
E. & C. GURNEY & A. CARPENTER,
 Manufacturers of
Cooking, Parlor & Plate Stoves
 Of all Sizes and Patterns.

ALSO,—Straw Cutters, Corn Shellers
 Turning Lathes, Paint Mills, Pipe Boxes,
 &c. Castings made to Order.

CAREY'S
PATENT THRASHING MACHINES.
 The most approved in the Province
 always on hand.

John Street, Hamilton. 12

JNO. P. LARKIN,
 WHOLESALE DEALER IN STAPLE AND
FANCY DRY GOODS,
 Corner of King and John Streets,
 HAMILTON.

Country Merchants supplied on
 liberal terms at the lowest Montreal Prices.

C. L. HELLWELL & Co.,
BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
 KING ST., HAMILTON,

KEEP constantly on hand, Writing Paper and
 School Books of all descriptions. Books
 of all kinds procured from New York, Boston, and
 Philadelphia, on order, on short notice; and most-
 ly at Catalogue price. 27

MR. F. MARCON,
 LAND AGENT, CONVEYANCER,
 AND NOTARY PUBLIC,
 GUELPH.

Agent for the Canada Company, and Bank
 of Montreal.

Business Directory.
MARRIAGE LICENSES.

JOSEPH PARKINSON, Esq., Agent
 for granting Marriage Licenses, will
 attend to all applications, come from where
 they may, when the parties are duly qual-
 ified to present them.
 Park House, near Worsfold's Inn, } 161
 Eramosa, July 20, 1850. } 3m

J. LAMOND SMITH,
 Conveyancer, Notary Public,
 AND
GENERAL AGENT,
FERGUS. 149-1/2

JOHN HARRISON,
 Joiner, Builder & Cabinet Maker,
GUELPH.
 Plans, Specifications, Estimates, &c. for Buildings.
 The different Artificers' Work usually employed
 in building, measured or valued, on the most
 reasonable terms.

MISS MARY CAMPBELL,
 Milliner, Dress and Habit Maker,
 All orders made up according to the Latest
 New York Fashions.
 Residence—First Door West of the
 Wesleyan Chapel.
 Guelph, Feb. 4, 1850. 137-1/2

THOMAS GORDON,
 LAND AND GENERAL AGENT,
OWEN SOUND.

THE COLONIAL
LIFE ASSURANCE Co.
 AGENT FOR GUELPH,
 WILLIAM HEWAT, Esq., District Treasurer.

T. R. BROCK,
 Conveyancer, Accountant, and
 GENERAL AGENT,
 No. 1, MARKET SQUARE,
 GUELPH.

MR. J. DAVIS,
 Barrister and Attorney-at-Law
 NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.,
GUELPH,
 WELLINGTON DISTRICT, C. W.

ANDREW GEDDES, ESQ.,
 Government Agent for the District of
 Wellington,
 CROWN LAND OFFICE, ELORA,
 On the regular Mail Road from Guelph to
 Owen's Sound.

ARCHIBALD MACNAB,
 PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR,
 SYDENHAM VILLAGE,
OWEN'S SOUND.

JAMES GEDDES,
 Attorney-at-Law, Conveyancer, &c.,
 ELORA,
 WELLINGTON DISTRICT.
 February 22, 1849. 36.

THE Undersigned have entered into
 Partnership in the practice of the
 LAW, under the name and firm of
Ferguson & Hurd.
 OFFICE—MARKET SQUARE, GUELPH.
 A. J. FERGUSSON,
 EDWARD E. W. HURD.

THE CANADA
Life Assurance Company
 AGENT FOR GUELPH,
 T. SANDILANDS.

W. FELL,
 ENGRAVER AND PRINTER,
 Opposite the Building Society's Rooms,
 KING STREET, HAMILTON.

NOTARIAL PRESSES,
 Notary and Office Seals, Professional and Business
 Cards, Door and Coffin Plates, and every descrip-
 tion of Engraving and Printing.

OFFICE of the CLERK of the WATER-
 LOO COUNTY COUNCIL open every
 Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday,
 between the hours of 10 A. M., and
 3 P. M.
 COURT HOUSE, }
 Guelph. } 34-1/2

To all whom it may Concern.
MARRIAGE LICENSES may be had
 upon application at the office of the
 Distributor in **FERGUS,**
 A. DINGWALL FORDYCE.

A. D. FERRIER,
 CONVEYANCER, NOTARY PUBLIC,
 AND
 General Agent.
 Waterloo County Clerk's Office, Guelph.

Poetry.
WORKING MEN.

List, ye stern, hard-headed toilers—
 Ye who suffer—ye who strive—
 Time has been when your despoilers
 Gave ye lash, and task, and gyve;
 Time has been when each low murmur
 Brought the scourge upon your flesh—
 When each struggle fixed ye firmer
 In your tyrant's cunning mesh!
 Ye were then the bond and vassal,
 And your master's will obeyed—
 Though ye built his lordly castle—
 And his arms and armor made:
 Even the chains with which he galled you,
 Your own fingers did create—
 And the very power that thrall'd you
 From yourselves was delegate!

Thus ye suffered—still unknowing—
 Still in doubt and darkness toiled—
 Still your sweat and blood were flowing—
 Still your tyrants wronged and spoiled;
 For ye thought that ye were minions,
 And that lords were nobler things—
 And your faith was old opinions
 And the holy right of kings.
 But one firm and bold endeavor
 Broke your chains like threads of wax—
 And a shield was raised forever
 'Gainst the Wronger's fell attacks!
 Now ye feel that glorious labors
 Stain not man's immortal soul;
 Iron ploughs must rule the sables,
 Sledges must the crowns control!
 Still ye raise the shaft to heaven—
 Still ye force each mighty toil;
 Still by you the waves are risen—
 Still by you is rent the soil;
 But ye feel that ye no longer
 Are the slaves that once ye were—
 Feel that ye are purer—stronger—
 Feel that ye can wait—and bear!

Deferred Articles.
COUNTY DIVISION BILL.
 We have reason to believe that the Bill
 was introduced by Mr. Hincks merely to
 fulfil a corrupt agreement made with the
 people of Dumfries and neighborhood, that
 if they would vote for Mr. Wetenhall at the
 Halton election the Government would
 form a new County to suit their conveni-
 ence. But the ministry promised only
 to introduce a Bill—they did not agree to
 carry it, nor did they intend to. Sir Fran-
 cis the 2nd kept a straight face and played
 his deceitful game with success up to the
 last moment. All at once the truth flash-
 ed upon the simple minded delegates who
 had been dancing attendance in the lobbies
 of the House for the last month. They
 immediately picked up their carpet bags
 and hurried home—not even waiting to
 witness the prorogation—with this impor-
 tant lesson in Parliamentary science in-
 delibly fixed upon their memory, that a
 Government may introduce a Bill without
 making it law. We hope that those who
 have been so miserably sold on this occa-
 sion, will not forget another truth, viz.,
 that a Government which can offer a bribe
 can refuse to pay. Bribery and corrup-
 tion are followed naturally by treachery
 and deceit.—North American.

SABBATH DESECRATION.
 Mr. Locke's resolution for rescinding
 the late postal arrangements was not pres-
 ented to a division in the Commons on Tues-
 day. After a short discussion, in which
 it was supported by Mr. Locke himself,
 Mr. Roebuck, and Mr. Aglionby, and op-
 posed by Lord Ashley, Sir Robert Inglis,
 Mr. Muniz, and Mr. Gladstone—Lord
 John Russell moved the substitution of
 the following resolution:—"That an humble
 address be presented to her Majesty,
 praying that she will be graciously pleased
 to cause an inquiry to be made, whether
 the amount of Sunday labor might not be
 reduced, without completely putting an end
 to the collection and delivery of letters,
 &c., on Sundays." This amendment was
 carried against Mr. Locke's motion by a
 majority of 233 to 92. It was then put to
 the vote on its own merits, when the House
 adopted it by a majority of 83—the num-
 ber standing 195 to 112. The effect of
 the motion is, that for the present the Post-
 office remains closed on Sunday for the
 collection and delivery of letters. The
 enquiry pointed out by Lord John's am-
 endment—namely, whether the Sunday
 labor could be reduced without a complete
 cessation of collection and delivery—will
 be prosecuted without delay, and upon
 the results of that enquiry her Majesty's Mi-
 nisters will act. Should the enquiry be
 terminated before the end of the session,
 the Ministerial resolutions will be commu-
 nicated to Parliament; but, whether Par-
 liament be sitting or not, the Ministerial
 resolutions, as we understand, when once
 formed, will be enforced without another
 vote of the House. The Premier stated
 very explicitly, that the opinion of himself
 and his colleagues was adverse to the sus-
 pension of Sunday labor now in force.—
 North of Scotland Gazette of July 16.

**Departure of Buffalo Visitors from To-
 ronto.**—The visitors from Buffalo appeared
 to be no less pleased with their reception
 and treatment in Toronto, than our citizens
 were with their guests. The preparations
 for their entertainment, were made on a
 scale befitting the occasion. The new

St. Lawrence Hall was suitably arranged
 and decorated as a Ball Room, and the
 apartments underneath laid out as retiring
 and refreshment rooms, while the City
 Hall was set as a Supper room, and a
 communication with it formed from the
 St. Lawrence Hall, by means of a covered
 passage, leading through the whole length
 of the market place and across the street,
 the whole of which was brilliantly lighted
 with gas. The company enjoyed them-
 selves, as is usual in such cases, in the
 Ball and Supper rooms.—but of these we
 spoke in our last, saving the toast, "The
 Queen," which was enthusiastically re-
 sponded to. Next following the "Presi-
 dent of the United States," which was
 equally well received, and replied to by
 Judge Sill, of the Supreme Court in Buffalo.
 Then came "the Governor General,"
 which was acknowledged by his Excel-
 lency; and then followed, "Our Guests,"
 the Mayor and citizens of Buffalo," to
 which his Honor, the Mayor of Buffalo,
 replied in suitable terms, proposing in
 turn, "The City of Toronto, and its noble
 citizens." The entertainments were all
 of the best description, reflecting much
 credit on the Committee of Management,
 for the entire arrangements. Dancing
 was resumed after supper, and kept up
 till an early hour.

On Friday forenoon, the visitors were
 entertained by a review of the 71st High-
 land Light Infantry, under Colonel Sir
 Hew Dalrymple. This gallant regiment
 made a brilliant display on the review
 ground, to the infinite gratification of
 the vast crowd assembled to witness the
 spectacle. In the evening, the visitors
 were entertained at Emsley House,—the
 preparations for their reception surpassing
 anything that has hitherto been made by
 the present Vice-regal occupant. All went
 away satisfied; and on the following day,
 the Mayor and citizens of Buffalo took their
 departure for their own country, having
 enjoyed, to the fullest extent, the hospita-
 lities of Toronto,—proffering, in turn,
 ample reciprocity, on every favorable
 opportunity. May these friendly feelings
 long continue!—Colonist.

A Heroic Boy.—On Friday, a lad about
 thirteen years of age, was driving his mo-
 ther, (Mrs. Humphrey,) and five small
 children, with the nurse, and when at the
 Lake, this side of Torryburn, the horse
 rushed into the water, the bank being very
 steep, and they were all engulfed beyond
 their depth. The mother, with her infant
 in her arms, supported herself for an in-
 stant, but sank, when feeling her foot
 touching something, by exertion she rose
 to the surface, and grasped a branch held
 out by some men, who, providentially, by
 this time were present. The lad seized
 two of his sisters, but finding them too
 heavy, called for help, when a plank being
 thrust out, he was dragged on shore, he
 being the only one who could swim. He
 again struck out, and seeing another of his
 sisters in the wagon, at the bottom of the
 lake, went down and caught her by the
 bonnet, and rescued her in time [though
 she was insensible] to preserve life. One
 more child was still floating on the water,
 supported by its clothes; the noble brother
 again dashed in, and succeeded in restor-
 ing this fourth one by his courage and ex-
 ertions. The nurse was saved by grasp-
 ing a stick held out by the men on shore.
 Thus a lad thirteen years of age, saved
 the lives of four children.—St. John (N.
 B.) News.

From the Toronto North American.
THE FEAR OF THEIR CONSTITUENTS
BEFORE THEIR EYES!
 A number of the members who were
 returned by "Clear Grit" constituencies,
 but who have voted with the ministry to
 put down every liberal measure and hoot-
 ed at every proposition of progress during
 the present session, held a meeting on the
 last day, and came to a resolution that
 they had little if any confidence in the ad-
 ministration! They sent a letter to Mr.
 Baldwin, telling him that they had made
 themselves very unpopular in supporting
 him, and that unless he consented to move
 a little faster in the direction of Reform,
 they could not support him next session!
 Poor dupes. Do they think they can
 hoodwink the people by such a silly
 dodge? Why did they not boldly and
 honestly go to Mr. Baldwin at the begin-
 ning of the session, and tell him, "You
 are accused of being guilty in disguise—
 a non-progressive—an obstructive politi-
 cian. The times and the country demand
 something more than 'one idea.' The
 people expect wholesome, thorough re-
 forms in every department, and we, their
 representatives also expect and desire to
 effectuate these reforms. Are you pre-
 pared to bring them forward and prove to
 the country that you have been falsely
 accused? If so, we will give you a hearty
 support. If not, we must support the
 principles upon which we were elected,
 and it is for you and your colleagues to
 say whether in doing so we shall oppose
 the Government."

Such a course would have been manly.
 Mr. Baldwin would have known upon
 whom he could depend and to what extent,
 and he might—we don't say he would—
 but he might have seen and felt the neces-
 sity of moving with the current. Instead
 of throwing a tub to the whale by appoint-

ing according to "English precedent" a
 Retrenchment committee, and sending Mr.
 Hincks with all the influence of the gov-
 ernment at his back to overturn its pro-
 ceedings, he might have set himself to
 work in real earnest to reduce the enor-
 mous expenses of the Government to
 something like a reasonable scale. In-
 stead of that, he relied upon the blind
 support of these gentlemen who now have
 the cool impudence to call themselves the
 "independent members," he resisted all
 retrenchment—all attempts to liberalize
 our institutions—laid down the doctrine of
 "sufferance" and shut the doors of the
 House against the press—asked parlia-
 ment for increase of salaries and new
 pensions and a general increase of over
 £200,000 to the yearly expenditure; these
 "independent" gentlemen voted for the
 whole, and then basely insult their
 leader by telling him that they lack confi-
 dence in him!! Such conduct is despic-
 able and only worthy of the contempt of
 the Ministry and the people. We doubt
 not it will receive what it deserves from
 both.

Among these "independent" members
 we understand are the following:—Not-
 man, Thompson, Johnston, Fergusson,
 Bell, McFarland and one or two others
 whose names we have heard, but are not
 certain of their connection with the con-
 spiracy. As their manifesto is intended to
 mollify their constituents, it will of course
 be published. We wait anxiously for the
 document.

ARRIVAL OF THE
PACIFIC.
 NEW YORK, August 12.
 The Pacific arrived at Halifax at nine
 o'clock last night, with Liverpool dates to
 Wednesday, the 31st. She brings about
 80 passengers.

ENGLAND.
 The Danish question is exciting great
 interest, as it is thought should our trade
 in the Baltic be interfered with, it would
 become the duty of England to protect her
 own Commerce.

The debate on the admission of Baron
 Rothschild was resumed on the 29th ult.,
 when the House affirmed his admission by
 an overwhelming majority; but on pre-
 senting himself last night, for admission,
 some difficulty arose as to the nature of
 the oath of allegiance and supremacy
 which he should take. Without hesitation
 he took all the oath excepting the words
 "on the true faith of a Christian;" and
 he said he refused them before, as they
 were not binding on his part. The Speak-
 er then directed the Baron to withdraw.—
 This gave rise to a very long debate, which
 ultimately ended in another adjournment.

There is nothing of moment from Spain
 or Portugal.

SCHLESWIG HOLSTEIN.
 There has been a great battle between
 the Danish and Schleswig forces, which
 resulted in the defeat of the latter. The
 loss was very great, and is estimated at
 10,000. It is said that the Danish General
 had offered a truce of three days, which
 had been refused.

A very destructive fire occurred at
 Smyrna, thirty-three store-houses, built of
 wood, had been destroyed. The Church,
 the residence of the Ambassador, of the
 Municipal authorities, the prison, the hospi-
 tal, the post-office, 126 corn magazines,
 &c., &c., were among those destroyed.

Advices from Malia of the 22nd ult.,
 state, that the cholera was still prevailing
 there, but the cases were not so numerous;
 the mortality was as great as ever.

The accounts from the agricultural dis-
 tricts of France state that the immense
 rains have done great good, generally,
 particularly to flax and hemp.

By dates of the 12th ult., we learn from
 Naples, that Russia and Austria advise
 the King not to do anything with the con-
 stitution. There was a rumour of a change
 of Ministry.

From the Canada Gazette Extra.
PROROGATION OF PARLIAMENT.
 LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL CHAMBER,
 Toronto, 10th August, 1850.

This day at twelve o'clock noon, His Excel-
 lency the Governor General proceeded in state to
 the Chamber of the Legislative Council, in the
 Parliament building. The Members of the
 Legislative Council being assembled, His Excel-
 lency was pleased to command the attendance of the
 Legislative Assembly, and that House being pre-
 sent, the following Bills (with others not interest-
 ing to our readers generally)—Ed. Herald. were
 assented to in Her Majesty's name, by His Ex-
 cellency the Governor General, viz:—

Act to amend the Act to define the mode of
 proceeding before Courts of Justice in Lower Ca-
 nada in matters relating to the protection and
 regulation of Corporate Rights and to Writts of Pro-
 rogative.

Act to authorize the exchange of certain Tur-
 npike Road debentures for others of the same total
 value, but being respectively for smaller sums.

Act to continue and amend the Ordinance con-
 cerning the erection of Parishes and the construc-
 tion and repairing of Churches, Parsonage Houses
 and Churchyards.

Act to provide for the formation of Incorporated
 Joint Stock Companies for Manufacturing, Me-
 chanical, Mining, or Chemical purposes.

Act to continue for a limited time therein men-
 tioned the Act for the better defence of the Pro-
 vince, and to regulate the Militia thereof.

Act to permit Lands in Upper Canada to be
 conveyed to Trustees for Burial places.

Act to extend the right of Appeal in certain
 cases in Upper Canada.

Act to authorize the Trustees, holding Lands
 upon which Churches are erected in Upper Ca-

nda to mortgage the same, to pay off the Debt
 due by such Churches.

Act to amend and extend the provisions of an
 Act passed in the twelfth year of Her Majesty's
 reign, intituled "An Act to authorize the forma-
 tion of Joint Stock Companies for the construction
 of Roads and other works in Upper Canada."

Act to provide for the transfer of the manage-
 ment of the Island Posts to the Provincial Gov-
 ernment and for the regulations of the said De-
 partment.

Act to establish a more equal and just system
 of Assessment in the several Townships, Villages,
 Towns, and Cities in Upper Canada.

Act to establish Freedom of Banking in this
 Province, and for other purposes relative to Banks
 and Banking.

Act to remove certain doubts respecting the
 intention of the Act of the last Session of the Par-
 liament of this Province for amending the Charter
 of the University of Toronto, and to provide for
 the institution and endowment of Regius and other
 Professorships, Lectureships, Fellowships, Schol-
 arships, Exhibitions, Prizes and other rewards in
 the said University, and for other purposes con-
 nected with the said University, and with the Col-
 lege and Royal Grammar School of Upper Canada
 College forming an appendage thereof.

Act to amend the Act imposing Duties of Cust-
 oms.

Act to repeal the Acts and provisions of Law
 relative to Assessments and matters connected
 therewith in Upper Canada.

Act to amend the Act intituled "An Act to in-
 corporate certain persons as the Guelph and Dundas
 Road Company."

Act to amend the Registry Law of U. C. Canada:
 Act to authorize the removal of the site of Vic-
 toria College from Cobourg to Toronto.

Act to afford relief to Bankrupts in certain cases.
 Act to protect from injury Electro Magnetic
 Telegraphs in this Province.

Act to enable collectors of Local Taxes in Up-
 per Canada, for the several years between one
 thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, and one
 thousand eight hundred and forty-nine (both in-
 clusive,) to recover Taxes accrued in such years
 respectively, and remaining due.

Act to allow the members of County Agricul-
 tural Societies in Lower Canada to be re-elected in
 any year after the period fixed by law.

Act to provide funds for defraying the cost of
 the erection of the Lunatic Asylum, and other
 public buildings in Upper Canada.

Act to alter the practice of the law in Actions of
 Debt in Upper Canada.

Act to impose a Duty on Foreign Reprints of
 British copy works.

Act to amend the Laws relative to Hawks
 and Pedlars.

Act to alter and amend two several Acts passed
 respectively in the seventh year and in the eighth
 year of her present Majesty's reign, relating to
 the Trust and Loan Company of Upper Canada.

Act to confer certain rights upon the Chartered
 Banks of this Province, and to declare the rights
 already possessed by them in certain cases.

Act to amend and consolidate the general Acts
 now in force relating to the Practice of Division
 Courts in Upper Canada, and to extend the Juris-
 diction thereof.

Act to provide for the future management of
 the Toronto Harbor.

Act to incorporate the Elgin Association for the
 Settlement and Moral Improvement of the Colored
 Population of Canada.

Act for the consolidation and amendment of the
 Laws relative to Jurors, Jurists, and Inquests in
 that part of this Province called Upper Canada.

Act to alter and amend the Act regulating the
 practice of the County Courts in Upper Canada,
 and to extend the Jurisdiction thereof.

Act for the more effectual administration of
 Justice in the Court of Chancery in U. C. Canada.

Act to alter and amend the practice and pro-
 ceedings in Action of Ejectment in U. C. Canada.

Act to empower the Great Western Railroad
 Company to make a Branch Railroad to the town
 of Galt.

Act to make better provision with regard to
 the repairing of roads within the limits of incorporated
 cities and towns, and of roads and bridges which,
 having been under the control of the Commissioners
 of Public Works, may hereafter be released



(We copy from the Patriot of yesterday an expose of one of the most barefaced jobs ever perpetrated by an unscrupulous member of a corrupt Administration.—On the authority of an Act of Parliament apparently got up expressly to sanction the affair, and passed only some ten days since, the Hon. Francis Hincks has sold by private bargain, and thereby completed a previously arranged sale of the three great thoroughfares leading into the metropolis of the Province, 'Dundas Street,' 'Yonge Street,' and the 'Kingston Road,' for £75,000—an investment which there is every reason to expect will in a brief period be worth a million of dollars. But the public will doubtless be anxious to learn what long-established and responsible co-partners have become the fortunate purchasers of this *bonne bouche* of government patronage—this first lot of public property which the Administration is making over to their friends like the broken spars, driftwood and other wreck of a stranded vessel, with the trifling difference that Lloyd's agents sell by public auction, the strong government by private contract. We have not to go back to the dark ages to ascertain the origin of the Great 'Toronto Road Company' instituted Thursday last, and comprising not less than five partners, the head of the firm being Mr. James Beatty, the very intimate and particular friend of the Inspector General, and the rump a certain alien of the state of New York, the business associate of the former; these retaining the lion's share, 72,000 out of the 75,000 into which the job is divided, cast the offer to two or three relatives whose names were requisite to furnish out the semblance of a firm. Mr. George Jackson, one of the partners in this very creditable concern, appears to be not quite so well known to the Correspondent of the Patriot as to the inhabitants of these parts. The holder of a Semi-Senior Government appointment of some £250 per annum, with perquisites amounting to we don't know how much more, as agent for wild lands in the Owen Sound District, Mr. Jackson has shown himself the unscrupulous partisan of the present set, and is prepared to go 'the whole hog' for them still wherever his services may avail, for a consideration, the very stuff for Hincks to make a tool of. What would have been thought of such doings in the days of 'Humbog Toryism?' what will be thought of them in the days of Radical purity? What's in a name!

The following letter will astonish some of our country friends, who are much mistaken. His Worship the Mayor has been requested to call a public meeting on the subject, but declined to give an immediate reply.

TORONTO, Aug. 17, 1850.

To the Editor of the Patriot:

Sir—The public has been somewhat astounded to-day, to learn that under the authority of an act passed last Saturday, the Government of this Province have sold by Private Sale, the three great thoroughfares leading to the city—'Dundas Street,' 'Yonge Street,' and the 'Kingston Road.'

Being somewhat interested in the County of York, I felt anxious to know who composed the Company—to what great capitalists the Government had deemed it advisable to make so sudden a sale, and by paying one shilling and sixpence at the Registry Office, I obtained the following important information:—That on the 15th of the present month, a Company was formed, called, 'The Toronto Road Company.' Capital—£75,000, composed of the following Stockholders:—

James Beatty, proprietor of 7,200 shares,	£36,000
Patrick Mullany, " 200 do.	1,000
George Jackson, " 200 do.	1,000
Charles Beatty, " 200 do.	1,000
William H. Hoopce, " 7,200 do.	36,000
Capital.....	£75,000

"Received Toronto, 15th August, 1850, from the Stockholders, £4,500, being six per cent of the Capital Stock of the said Company."

[Signed] ROBT. BEATTY,
Treasurer of the Toronto Road Company.

The knowledge that our Rulers had sold the three greatest thoroughfares in Upper Canada for £75,000 to five individuals did not allay my anxiety, and I made enquiries with regard to these five fortunate, (I should rather say four, for one of them is too well known in the Province, as the most intimate friend, firm ally, and supporter of our present Inspector-General, whom he always accompanies to Oxford,) and the result of my enquiries, is as follows:

James Beatty—Leather Merchant Toronto.

Patrick Mullany—Butcher Toronto, Son-in-law to James Beatty.

George Jackson—said to be Agent for or connected in business with J. Beatty, residing somewhere in the neighborhood of Lake Huron.

Charles Beatty—said to be a brother of James Beatty, and in his employment.

William H. Hoopce—said to be the partner of James Beatty, or connected with him in business, residing in the State of New York.

Robert Beatty, Treasurer—said to be a nephew of James Beatty, and in his employment.

The name of the Bank wherein the £4500 (received by the Treasurer as the first instalment of the Capital Stock,) has been deposited, has not transpired—perhaps the public have no business to know. In the course of my enquiries I did hear it asserted, that it was, in fact, a sale made by the Inspector General to his

Lord Elgin's last speech.—The great and important speech of the present Governor General, on the prorogation of the Provincial Parliament, is well known to all Canadians with. We learn both from the *Colonist* and *Patriot* that the report of his Lordship's speech and being succeeded by Lord Harris, has been confirmed by private letters received at Toronto, and that Elmsley Villa has been actually engaged for the proprietor, now in England, for the residence of Lord H. The former paper also states it is the intention of Lord Elgin in the interim to proceed on a trip upon the Lakes as far as the Manitoulin Islands in H. M. Steamer *Mohawk* Capt. Herbert; of course, free of expense.—The Countess of Elgin and family are about to proceed for the remainder of the season, to Staten Island, for change of air.—*Hamilton Gazette*.

RECIPROCIETY.—Mr. Robinson, in the House of Assembly, gave notice that he would, on an early day next Session, move "for leave to bring in a Bill to impose differential duties in favor of all articles imported by the Rev. St. Lawrence into Canada, unless the Government of the United States before that time should give effect to the Act of this Province, by passing a similar law, for the purpose of establishing, to the proposed extent, a reciprocity of trade between the two countries.

LIGHTNING AND THE TELEGRAPH.—We learn that the Telegraph wire about four miles East of Toronto was struck by lightning yesterday morning and for about a mile every post supporting the wire was knocked down or shattered to pieces. *North American Aug. 13.*

The Hamilton *Spectator* contains the report of the Finance Committee of the Hamilton City Council, respecting the Great Western Railway. The report speaks strongly in favor of the proposed road, and recommends to the City Council to give it all the support in their power. It also recommends that stock to the amount of £100,000 should be subscribed for, on the part of the city, by his worship the Mayor; provided that the Board of Directors will accept in payment of the same, Debentures of the city, payable at certain specified periods until the whole be paid which it is proposed shall be in 1866.

CHARACTER OF ASSEMBLY BY A MEMBER.—The country has lost little since the Reporters left, there having been but little speaking—partly in consequence of their absence, and partly because members are tired and want to go home. They go on passing bills and getting into committee and out of it, without members saying a word, except "I move the first clause" "ditto the second." They have been very uproarious if it true, and have sadly lowered their dignity by pitching papers at each other lately; they behaved so badly, indeed, the other night, that Henry John Boulton left the Chair, saying he would not preside over such a pack of vagabonds.—*Cor. of Pilot*.

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—*Colonist 16th August.*

JENNY LIND.—Mr. Barnum announces that the Swedish Nightingale will make her first appearance before a New York audience on or about the 18th of September.

We learn, from the Boston *Atlas*, that President Fillmore has two brothers, who have for some time resided in Washtenaw county, in Michigan—one a house carpenter, and the other a blacksmith by trade.

LOSS OF AN INDIAN AND A FRENCH GUN BRIG.—One Hundred Persons Drowned.—Letters have been received at Lloyd's, from Madras and Martinique, communicating the melancholy intelligence of the loss of an Indian, and the Sulimary, from Bombay, bound to England, and of the wreck of the French Republican war brig *L'Agile*, 14 guns, both of which were attended with frightful loss of life. The Sulimary, Indian, was riding at anchor off the coast, and encountered on the 24th of May, a dreadful gale of wind, in the height of which she parted from her anchors, and was driven ashore, when the splendid ship speedily became a complete wreck. An attempt was made to save the passengers, of whom there were several, by means of the boats. They were, however, quickly destroyed by the fury of the sea, and upward of forty, including the captain, his wife, and thirty-three seamen, perished.—Another Indian, named the *Gana*, was driven ashore on the same coast, at the same time, and became a wreck. The crew of the vessel were more fortunate; they were all saved. The loss of both vessels is said to exceed £50,000. The sad calamity to the *L'Agile* happened on the 10th of June. She was suddenly overtaken in a heavy squall, and almost instantly capsized and went down. Her crew and officers amounted to sixty men.—With the exception of two, every soul met a watery grave.

AWFUL CONFLAGRATION.—Early yesterday morning, about half-past three o'clock, our town was visited by a most destructive fire, and became at once a scene of ruin and desolation, by which, seventeen houses, mostly brick, were entirely consumed, many of whose occupants were sufferers in the last fire three years since. The flames were first seen to issue from an unoccupied building, between the store of L. Lawson, Esq., and the bowling alley, adjoining the Great Western Hotel. It immediately communicated to Mr. Lawson's store, and burned down all the houses on Ridout Street up to North Street, including all Mr. Lawson's premises, and the houses occupied by Messrs. Leitch, tailor; Oliver, shoemaker; Thompson, shoemaker; and Gunn, shoemaker. The Montreal Bank, on the other side of North Street, was with difficulty saved. The wind shifting round, the bowling alley and the Great Western brick tavern were in a short time in ashes; the flames still raged, and from the intense heat, and the burning shingles, which were blown in all directions, the other side of Ridout Street caught fire, and two houses on Dundas Street; the whole of that side up to North Street was also burnt down, including Mr. Colwyn's store, dry goods merchant, *Western Globe* office, Mr. Biddome's book store, the whole of Mr. Bailey's brick block, occupied by Mr. Franklin, commission merchant, Mr. Begg, shoemaker, the *Free Press* office, Mr. Henderson, dressmaker, King & Ryan, painters, and Mr. Talbot, auctioneer; all of these occupants in the short space of two hours, were rendered homeless. If the Robinson Hall hotel had caught, there is no knowing where the fire would have stopped, but every precaution was used to prevent it, and the flames were stayed after the destruction of all this property. We believe that most of the sufferers were insured—we are not able to state at present to what amount. As soon as practicable, the military arrived with their usual promptitude, on such occasions, and rendered assistance by bringing with them two barrack engines; but it was too late to be of any great use, as the flames had made too much headway previous to their arrival. Some of the goods were saved by the different persons, but we are certain the loss must be great.

We must say that there are very bad arrangements in this town in case of fire; our property may be burnt before our eyes without any means to save it—no engine—no supply of water—nothing that can be depended upon, but the exertions of the inhabitants; and without something to work on, their assistance is of very little use to combat with the raging element. We saw plainly from our window, if an engine had been on the spot in time, the fire might have been got under. We regret to say that this is the second time the proprietor of the Great Western, Mr. Robertson, has been burnt out in the space of six months. A report is current that it was the work of an incendiary.—We may glean further particulars relative to it against our next issue. We would remark that too much credit cannot be given to Mr. Thomas Lawson, for his presence of mind in removing a quantity of gunpowder, valuable papers, &c., from the store to the Court House Square, thereby endangering his life, and injuring himself rather badly. We are happy to say no lives were lost.—*London (C. W.) Times, 16th Aug.*

FURTHER PARTICULARS OF SUICIDE OF REV. W. H. ROSE.—Yesterday morning an adjourned inquest was held in the Wellington Hotel, on the body of the Rev. Alphonse William Henry Rose, a minister of the Church of England, who was found dead in his bed-room in the Wellington Hotel on Saturday. From the evidence adduced, it appears that Mr. Rose arrived at the Wellington Hotel on the 2nd inst., and was evidently the worse of liquor.—He did not appear to be in a sound state of mind. Shortly after his arrival, it was found necessary to send him from the Hotel to a brick building on the opposite side of the street, where he was attended by Dr. Telfer, and occasionally some one sat

projecting plinths of the towers. The tide taken at starting was 12 feet 8 inches, and it gradually rose until it attained a maximum of 17 feet. The total distance travelled over from the starting ground on the Carnarvonshire coast to the base of the towers was upward of 300 yards. Just as the operation was completed the tide turned.

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FURTHER ITEMS BY THE PACIFIC.

THE WAR IN SCHLESWIG.

TAMERDUSO BATTLE BETWEEN THE DANES AND SCHLESWIGERS—DEFEAT AND RETREAT OF THE SCHLESWIG-HOLSTEIN ARMY—25,000 TROUBADERS TAKEN PRISONERS—1,000 LIVES LOST.

Accounts received from Schleswig-Holstein announce a most sanguinary engagement to have taken place between the Danes and Schleswig-Holstein forces. The engagement commenced on the morning of the 25th ult., and lasted uninterruptedly for eleven hours.

The following are the details of this terrible battle:—

From the *Hamburg Borsenblatt*, July 25.

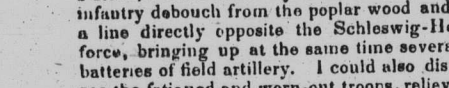
The anticipated contest commenced this morning at 3 o'clock, with an attack by the Danes on both wings of the Schleswig-Holstein army.—The Danes did not at first succeed in obtaining any advantage, but in a short time they began to gain ground on the left wing, where they attacked and established themselves, but were so far driven back by a gallant charge of the rifles and infantry, that no further attack was made from this quarter. On the right wing they were so warmly received by the Schleswig-Holsteiners that they could not succeed in gaining a single inch of ground. After this attack on both wings had continued for two or three hours, the Danes made an onslaught on the centre along the Chaussee, in the direction of Flensburg, with infantry, cavalry, and artillery, at the same time. The Schleswig-Holstein light infantry retired behind the main position near Isted, where the advancing Danes were received with a shower of balls from the fortifications thrown up there, compelling them to retire a little. The Holsteiners again rushed to the centre, and with such vivacity that the Danes were soon obliged to retreat en masse into the poplar wood. This manoeuvre was twice repeated, and twice was our main position on the right wing and centre attacked by the Danes. On the left wing a more skirmishing fire was only carried on. The battle had, by this time, continued for nearly eight hours; and between ten and eleven o'clock it seemed certain that the result could not be otherwise than favorable to us. But just at this time it became apparent that the Danes had concentrated their whole force for a main attack on our centre and right wing. From the eminence where I stood, I could distinctly see the whole Danish infantry debouch from the poplar wood and form a line directly opposite the Schleswig-Holstein force, bringing up at the same time several new batteries of field artillery. I could also distinctly see the fatigued and worn-out troops, relieved by fresh battalions. General Wislen also caused his reserved batteries to be brought forward as well as the cavalry, which had as yet been but partially engaged; and about eleven o'clock a most fearful cannonade commenced on both sides, which was kept up on the part of the Schleswig-Holsteiners with great intensity for two hours and a half, although the enemy's guns were larger and more numerous. Individual instances of courage were shown that would appear almost incredible. A small battery of 12-pounders charged right into the thickest of the enemy's fire, posted itself at half distance, and greeted the Danes with repeated discharges from the battery. It was, however, soon obliged to retire, in order to avoid a charge of cavalry. The most determined courage of the whole army was, however, shown in an assault against the superior force of the Danes at this time brought into action. They were also deficient in ammunition. About two o'clock, p. m., the Danes made another attack, but being myself at this time obliged to withdraw, I was no longer an eye witness of what occurred. Soon after, however, individual soldiers were seen running along the Chaussee in the direction of Schleswig, followed soon after by larger masses, spreading the mournful news that the Danes had broken through our centre. Under such circumstances there was no other alternative than a retreat, which immediately ensued. Gen. Wislen gave the necessary orders, and the brave little army saw itself compelled to retire from the last battle, the general himself being among the last to leave. The retreat was made without confusion, and in good order.

The battle of Isted will certainly maintain its place among the most sanguinary contests on record. The loss on both sides has been immense, and the Danes have suffered more than the Schleswig-Holsteiners, otherwise, with such a preponderating force, they would not have contented themselves with remaining on the field of battle, pursuant to the reports of the prisoners, about 400 in number, the Danish force engaged cannot have been less than from 45,000 to 50,000 men.

The Danes marched into Schleswig between 9 and 10 in the evening, and Eckernforde either has been or will be vacated, as the guns have been withdrawn and the fortifications demolished.

Another account in the same supplement estimates the force of the Danes at 30,000, and that of the Schleswig-Holsteiners at 28,000. General Wislen commanded the centre, Von der Tann the left wing, and Von der Horst the right.

ARRIVAL OF THE NIAGARA.



HALIFAX, Aug. 14.

The steamer *Niagara* arrived at her wharf at 9 o'clock this morning, having sailed from Liverpool, at 2 A. M., on the 3rd inst. The steamer *Atlantic*, was to sail on the 21st inst. Jenny Lind is to be one of her passengers, positively.

ENGLAND.

The exciting topic in the British House of Commons continues to be the admission or non-admission of Baron Rothschild to his seat in the House of Commons. On Thursday the debate was resumed, but on the intimation of the Attorney-General that he had some definite resolutions to propose, the further discussion of the subject was postponed.

At a meeting of the Mexican Bond Holders at London, on the 1st instant, it was determined to send a special agent to Mexico, with the view of getting some approximation to justice from that government. A meeting, numerously attended, was held at Manchester on the 31st ult., for the purpose of considering a plan for the cultivation of cotton in the West Indies. The weather continues more favorable for the growing crops. Accounts from Ireland, with reference to the potato blight, are extremely conflicting, but the general tone of the Irish papers is favorable.

DENMARK.

It appears from the latest intelligence from the seat of war, that the defeat of the Schleswig army at the recent battle was owing to the want of ammunition, rather than the result of a hard fought battle; and no doubt exists that the retreat was perfectly orderly, that the army will be speedily ready for action as at first. The Danish report of the battle is published, from which it appears they lost 12 officers killed, 74 wounded, and 104 privates killed, and 2300 wounded. General Wilson, the Schleswig General does not state his loss, but regrets the large number of officers killed.

THE GORHAM CASE.

This case is drawing to a close. We take the following from an English paper by the late arrival.

ARCHBISHOP COURT.—SATURDAY.

SURRENDER OF THE PRESENTATION BY THE BISHOP OF EXETER.

(Before Sir Herbert Jenner Fust.)

Dr. Adams, on behalf of the Bishop of Exeter, appeared before his Lordship to return the presentation in favor of Mr. Gorham, in obedience to the motion of that court. He begged to return the presentation under protest.

His Lordship—What! under protest?

Dr. Adams—With a protest, my lord, merely explanatory of his reasons for refusing to institute Mr. Gorham.

Mr. Bowdler, the proctor for Mr. Gorham, objected to the reception of the protest as irregular.

The learned judge, after some discussion, ruled that the protest was irregular. The presentation was accordingly returned without it.

We understand that the institution of Mr. Gorham, to the vicarage of Bamford Speke, will take place in a few days.

On Tuesday an aggregate meeting of the clergy of the Church of England and the lay members of her communion was held at St. Martin's-hall, Long-acre, London. The object of the meeting was to protest against the decision of the several courts of law in the case of the Rev. G. C. Gorham, to adopt an address to the Archbishop of Canterbury, and to take other steps to prevent the order of the Court of Arches on appeal to the Privy Council to institute Mr. Gorham to the vicarage of Brampton Speke from being carried into effect. There were upwards of 2000 persons present. The chair was taken by J. G. Hubbard, Esq. Strong speeches were made against the decision of the Privy Council by the chairman and a protest was carried, in which the doctrine held by Mr. Gorham was proved to be repugnant to the declared doctrine of the Church of England. The principal speakers were the chairman, the Bishop of Bath and Wells, Archdeacon Wilberforce, Mr. Hope, M. P., and other gentlemen. So numerous was the attendance, that the large room was insufficient for all, and speakers were appointed to address in another room who could not find accommodation in the principal apartment. The proceedings were marked by great zeal and energy.

The great meeting of the sympathisers with the Bishop of Exeter, came off on Thursday in London. The next result of this effort was a protest against the judgment by the Courts of Law, a petition to the Queen praying that hereafter all questions touching the doctrine of the Church of England, may be referred to the spiritual heads of the church and laity of the church for co-operation.

Baron Truro, late Sir Thomas Wilde, the new Lord Chancellor, was the son of an attorney in London, and received his education at St. Paul's School, where he formed an intimacy with the present Chief Baron Pollock. He married Lady d'Este, daughter of the late Duke of Sussex.

The prorogation of Parliament is expected to take place on the 16th of August, and the Queen will leave London on a visit to Scotland on the 20th.

FLOATING OF THE FOURTH TUBE OF THE BRITANNIA BRIDGE.—The floating of the fourth and last tube, which may be said to complete this magnificent structure, has been accomplished with perfect success. Wind, wave and weather were perfectly propitious. Almost a dead calm prevailed as the tide streamed up to assist and ensure the success of the operation.

The men at the mooring chains and capstans plied away at their posts, moved out into mid-stream, where, under the vast and intricate tackle, it made its way for full forty minutes, until in the space of another ten, and after various nice evolutions, it came home and was safely deposited, amid artillery and cheers, on the

Provincial.

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LOSS OF THE MEDICAL FACULTY BILL.

We regret very much to learn that the Bill for the incorporation of the Medical Faculty in Upper Canada was thrown out in the House of Assembly on the third reading. This result is greatly to be deplored, as it lays open the profession to every quack and impostor who chooses to dabble in roots and minerals, as cure-alls of the ills that flesh is heir to. The free trade in medicine is indeed one of the most lamentable evidences of the demoralization of the age. Our wise legislators consider the people competent on all occasions to the care of themselves, and can draw no distinction between the person who has gone through a tedious course of study, and has become well acquainted with the delicate structure of the human body, and the illiterate humbug who bolusses and sweats his patients on some improved principle known only to himself.—*Ham. Spectator*.

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL'S TOUR.—We understand that His Excellency the Governor General will leave town on Friday on a western tour. The route, we believe, is not yet finally arranged, but the ultimate destination of His Excellency is the mining region on Lake Superior.—Lord Elgin will embark on board Her Majesty's steamship the *Mohawk*, and pass through Lake Erie, the River St. Clair, Lake Huron and Lake Superior; and he will call at several points on his route. Lady Elgin, we learn, proceeds to the Long Island coast for the benefit of sea bathing.—*Globe*.

The Hon. W. B. Robinson, M. P. P., has gone to Lake Superior, to conclude arrangements with the Indians which he commenced before the Session of Parliament.

GORED BY A BULL.—On Thursday last, as a young woman in the employment of P. Dorland, Esq., of Adolphustown, was driving the cows out of the barn yard, after milking them, she was attacked by a bull, which threw her down and gored her so horribly that she died the next day.—*Picton Gazette*.

SIENS OF THE TIMES.—We learn from the *North American*, that a number of the Radical members representing Liberal constituencies held a meeting on the last day of the Session, at which they adopted a "Reform and Progress address to Mr. Baldwin, threatening to abandon him next Session unless he moved faster. Among those who signed this document were Messrs. Notman, Ferguson, Thompson, Bell, McFarland, Scott, and two or three others. We quite agree with the *North American* in considering this a silly farce—it is cowardly, beside, inasmuch as it makes Mr. Baldwin responsible for retaining the consciences of the men who are address him. The truth is that we are not far from a general election, and men whose craven natures kept them quiet while there was a chance of reward, now make a splutter about independence, in the hope that they may deceive their Constituents. They will assuredly be disappointed in this calculation. The people

CHARACTER OF ASSEMBLY BY A MEMBER.

The country has lost little since the Reporters left, there having been but little speaking—partly in consequence of their absence, and partly because members are tired and want to go home. They go on passing bills and getting into committee and out of it, without members saying a word, except "I move the first clause" "ditto the second." They have been very uproarious if it true, and have sadly lowered their dignity by pitching papers at each other lately; they behaved so badly, indeed, the other night, that Henry John Boulton left the Chair, saying he would not preside over such a pack of vagabonds.—*Cor. of Pilot*.

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BILLS OF THE SESSION.

The *Globe* has classified the Bills of the Session as follows:—

Lower Canada—Private.....	19
Do. do. Local.....	16
Do. do. Legal.....	4
Do. do. Public.....	9
Upper Canada—Private.....	24
Do. do. Local.....	8
Do. do. Legal.....	5
Do. do. Public.....	23
United Canada.....	37
Total Bills.....	145

(Forty-two Bills remain over until the next Session.)

Being somewhat interested in the County of York, I felt anxious to know who composed the Company—to what great capitalists the Government had deemed it advisable to make so sudden a sale, and by paying one shilling and sixpence at the Registry Office, I obtained the following important information:—That on the 15th of the present month, a Company was formed, called, 'The Toronto Road Company.' Capital—£75,000, composed of the following Stockholders:—

James Beatty, proprietor of 7,200 shares,	£36,000
Patrick Mullany, " 200 do.	1,000
George Jackson, " 200 do.	1,000
Charles Beatty, " 200 do.	1,000
William H. Hoopce, " 7,200 do.	36,000
Capital.....	£75,000

"Received Toronto, 15th August, 1850, from the Stockholders, £4,500, being six per cent of the Capital Stock of the said Company."

[Signed] ROBT. BEATTY,
Treasurer of the Toronto Road Company.

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William H. Hoopce—said to be the partner of James Beatty, or connected with him in business, residing in the State of New York.

Robert Beatty, Treasurer—said to be a nephew of James Beatty, and in his employment.

The name of the Bank wherein the £4500 (received by the Treasurer as the first instalment of the Capital Stock,) has been deposited, has not transpired—perhaps the public have no business to know. In the course of my enquiries I did hear it asserted, that it was, in fact, a sale made by the Inspector General to his

friend James Beatty, and very strong language was used by many individuals some of whom are not Tories; but that as it may, certes we must all acknowledge "that there is nothing like leather."

A RESIDENT IN THE VICINITY OF YORK. We would call attention to the advertisement of RAYMOND and VAN AMBURGH'S MENAGERIE. This is a very different affair from the Circus and such like exhibitions with which we are occasionally favoured—an object of interest and instruction, especially calculated to impress and enlighten the youthful mind; such as has never before visited this locality, and whose return may not be anticipated for many years to come.

On Friday Evening, Messrs. Humphrey's, Schallahn, and Strathy, gave a Concert of Vocal and Instrumental Music in the Court House. The audience was rather select than numerous. Mr. Humphrey's abilities as a singer are well known, and the different instrumental pieces were we believe, performed in capital style.

CRICKET.

On Thursday and Friday week, a match was played at Toronto, between the Upper Canada College Club and Eleven gentlemen of the Province. The game was stopped for a couple of hours on Friday afternoon by a thunder storm, after which play was resumed, and kept up with much spirit till sundown, when the Province was a head. At the conclusion of their 2nd Innings, on Friday, the Province was 153 runs in advance, which long score was ultimately overtopped by the Collegians with 4 wickets to go down. James Wilson, Esq., the only representative of the Guelph Club present, scored nearly one half the runs in the first Innings off his own bat and not out. Had one or two more of the Guelph players gone down, the result might have been different. The following is the Score:—

Table with 2 columns: Name and Score. Includes Province—First Innings and Second Innings.

Table with 2 columns: Name and Score. Includes College Club—First Innings and Second Innings.

Table with 2 columns: Name and Score. Includes Grand Total and Division Courts Bill.

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56—Execution to be dated when issued, and returnable within thirty days. 57—When the claim remaining unsatisfied on any judgment amounts to £10, and execution issued against goods and chattels has been returned nulla bona (no effects), transcript of judgment may be filed in County Court of the county where such judgment shall have been obtained, or in the county wherein the debtor's lands (if any) are situate, and like proceedings may be taken thereon as if the judgment had been originally obtained from the County Court.

58—Bailiff neglecting to return execution, or making false return, plaintiff may maintain an action against him, and recover amount of judgment from him or his sureties. 59—Sale of goods in execution not to be made sooner than eight days after seizure, except on request of debtor. Notice of sale to be posted at three most public places in Division.

60—No Bailiff, &c., to purchase at any sale made by him under execution. 61—Clerk or Bailiff to sue or be sued for debt, &c., in next adjoining Division in same county. 62—In certain cases, where delay might produce loss, Judge may order immediate execution.

63—Proceedings for seizure of goods of absconding debtors, and of goods concealed or sought to be removed out of the county to avoid service of process. 64—Where more than one attachment (under 63rd section), proceeds of goods to be equally distributed among pursuing creditors, in proportion to amounts of judgments.

65—Property seized under 63rd section to be placed in custody of Clerk of the Division. 66—Persons against whose estates proceedings have been taken under 63rd section tendering security approved by Judge prior to recovery of judgment, warrant to be superseded and property restored.

67—Party whose property has been seized as aforesaid not appearing within one month after issue of warrant against him, property may be sold to satisfy judgment. 68—Service of process, in cases aforesaid, may be either personally, or by leaving a copy at last place of abode.

69—Perishable articles, taken upon warrant as aforesaid, may be appraised and sold at discretion of Clerk of Division, on receiving security from plaintiff for repayment of value, costs, and damages, in case judgment be not obtained. 70—Residue, after satisfying judgment, to be delivered to defendant.

71—Plaintiff's books may be received in evidence to the amount of £5, except in cases of tort or trespass, and a new trial may be granted on application of either party within fourteen days after judgment. 72—In event of death of either party in any judgment, representatives may proceed or be proceeded against.

73—Papers in hands of former Clerks of the Court of Requests, on order of Judge, to be delivered to Clerks of Division Court. 74—Punishment of persons insulting Judge or other officers during sitting of Court. 75—Summary proceedings for punishment of any Bailiff or officer guilty of extortion or misconduct.

76—Clerk, Bailiff, &c., taking more than their proper fees, to be adjudged incapable of being employed under this Act, and are liable in damages. 77—When a cause within jurisdiction of this Court shall have been decided in Superior Court, only Division Court costs to be allowed.

78—Informalities in cases of levy not to make the party a trespasser from the beginning, but persons aggrieved may recover full satisfaction. 79—Executors and Administrators may sue and be sued in Division Court. 80—All persons may be examined as witnesses.

81—Fines imposed by Act to be enforced, by order of Judge. 82—Costs to be apportioned as the Judges shall see fit. 83—Judgments to be final. Plaintiff may claim to be non-suited.

84—Suits over £10 may be removed by certiorari to Superior Court, on leave being obtained from Judge of such Court. 85—Each Court to have a Seal, and all Summons, &c., to be sealed. 86—Summons or other process requiring to be served out of the Division from which issued, may be served by the Bailiff of any Division Court in Upper Canada.

103—Form of conviction for offences against this Act. 104—No proceedings to be quashed for want of form. 105—Actions against persons for anything done in pursuance of this Act, to be raised within six months, and tried in County where fact is committed. Notice to be given to defendant one month before commencement of action, and tender of sufficient amends to bar the action.

106—Persons bringing suits in Superior Courts in respect of grievances committed by any Clerk, &c., of any Court held under this Act, and damages being awarded under £—, costs to be only allowed at discretion of Judge. 107—Where remoteness, inaccessibility, or want of business in any Division, may render the holding of a Court therein once every two months unnecessary or inconvenient, Governor in Council, on certification of Quarter Sessions, to fix periods of sittings—not less than one in every six months.

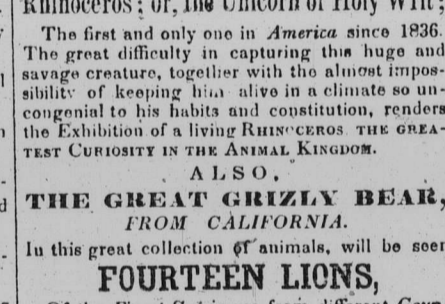
108—Fees and emoluments of Clerk not to exceed £200 per annum. Excess to be paid over to County Treasurer on account of Fee Fund. Clerk to return semi-annual detailed statement of fees, &c., to Judge. No County Court Clerk to be appointed Clerk of any Division Court. 109—Word "County" to include Unions of Counties for judicial purposes.

110—Proceedings under repealed Acts to continue as if had under this Act. 111—Act to come in force first day of November next.

MARRIED. At Mansfield, Eramosa, C. W., on the 9th inst., by the Rev. William Harris, Mr. George Mitchell, of the township of Eramosa, farmer, to Miss Grace Thomson, daughter of Mr. Hugh Thomson, farmer, Binn, parish of Abernethy, Perthshire, Scotland.

DIED. At Woodlands, near Guelph, on the 14th inst., Lucy Ann, infant daughter of Edward E. W. Hurd, Esq., Barrister-at-Law, aged one month. At Guelph, on the 12th inst., John, son of Mr. James Tovell, Carpenter, aged 15 months.

RAYMOND & Co. AND VAN AMBURGH'S LONG ESTABLISHED MENAGERIES, UNITED IN ONE LARGE AND VARIED EXHIBITION, Consisting of all the Rare Animals now extant, numbering Over One Hundred Specimens.



Will exhibit at GUELPH, on MONDAY, September 2, 1850.—Open at One o'clock, P. M. Admission, 25 cts.; Children under 10, 12 1/2 cts. Largest ever collected, which is the Rhinoceros; or, the Unicorn of Holy Writ; The first and only one in America since 1836. The great difficulty in capturing the huge and savage creature, together with the almost impossibility of keeping him alive in a climate so ungenial to his habits and constitution, renders the Exhibition of a living Rhinoceros THE GREATEST CURIOSITY IN THE ANIMAL KINGDOM.

ALSO, THE GREAT GRIZZLY BEAR, FROM CALIFORNIA. In this great collection of animals, will be seen FOURTEEN LIONS, Of the Finest Specimens from different Countries, some of which were presented to the renowned VAN AMBURGH, by HER MAJESTY, QUEEN VICTORIA, in his recent tour thro' Europe. The Monster Elephant COLUMBUS, The largest in America, weighing 10,730 Pounds.

ALSO, THE Beautiful Elephant, TIPPOO SULTAN, Which has caused such a great sensation all over Europe, will go through a variety of Performances, such as Walking, Balancing, Rugging the Bell, Creeping on his fore-legs, Walking over his Keeper, Picking him up, Drawing a Cork from a Bottle, &c., &c. MR. VAN AMBURGH, The most Celebrated of all Animal Performers, WILL GIVE AN EXHIBITION IN A DEN OF WILD ANIMALS. His Performances with the TERRIFIC GROUP OF LIONS, TIGERS, LEOPARDS, COUGARS, PANTHERS, &c., the same as Performed by him in all the principal cities of EUROPE, WITH SUCH GREAT REVENUE.

NEW BOOT & SHOE STORE. THE Undersigned beg to announce to the Inhabitants of Guelph and Vicinity, that they have opened a NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE, in the Brick Building, near the Advertiser Office, Market Square; and hope by strict attention to all orders, combined with their ability and intention to manufacture as good Articles as any produced in Canada, to merit a share of public support.

Country Produce taken in Exchange. HOWARD & NORRIS. Guelph, Aug. 20, 1850. 165-3m.

NEW BOOT & SHOE ESTABLISHMENT. GEORGE GOW & JAMES BENZIE (lately in the employ of Gow & Orme) respectfully announce to the inhabitants of town and country, that they have commenced business in the above line, in Wyndham Street, immediately opposite Mr. Daniel Linderman's Blacksmith Shop, under the firm of "GOW & BENZIE."

As G. & B.'s Boots and Shoes will be entirely of their own workmanship, or manufactured under their immediate inspection, they believe the quality will be such as to insure a preference over Imported Sale Work, though offered at lower prices. Long experience in some of the best shops in the Metropolis of England, by one of the firm, enables them to offer

Gentlemen's Dress Boots of a style and quality which have never been surpassed in Guelph; and the long practice of the other in Ladies' Dress Boots gives them good grounds to anticipate a liberal share of public patronage. STRONG BOOTS AND SHOES, of all sizes, and of the best material and workmanship, made to order. LEATHER AND PEGS by Retail, for Cash only. HIDES and TALLOW taken in exchange. Guelph, Aug. 19, 1850. 165-1f

JACK'S ALIVE! REPORTS having recently been current that Jack was shelled up, he just looks out to say that he is not only wide awake, but is now actually selling Men's STRONG DOUBLE-SOLED BOOTS AT 12s. 6d. CASH, and other articles in his line, of superior workmanship and material, at equally low prices. Jack has had considerable difficulty in bringing down the prices of workmanship in Guelph to the rates paid elsewhere; but now the thing's done, the public will reap the benefit. GUELPH BOOT AND SHOE WAREHOUSE. JOHN HORNING. 16th August, 1850. 165-1f

CHANGE YOUR SEED. THE Subscriber has on hand, and for sale, 100 bushels "Soule's Wheat," 100 do. "Improved White Flint," &c. Being the produce of Seed imported last season by A. Drysdale, Esq., from Wheatland, Monroe Co., N. Y. GEO. JARDINE. Fergus, Aug. 16, 1850. 165-3f

STOLEN OR STRAYED, FROM the premises of the Subscriber, a Bright Bay MARE PONY, Seven Years old—white stripe on forehead, and white on off hind fetlock. Reward for information leading to recovery. ANDREW WARNER. 8th Lot 3rd Concession Eramosa, } 165f 19th August, 1850.

ESTRAY. CAME on the premises of the Subscriber, about the 15th of July, a DUN MARE PONY, apparently twelve years old; white star on forehead, and white mark on off hind fetlock. The owner is requested to prove property, pay expenses, and take her away. ROBERT PORTER. 16th Lot, 5th Concession, Puslinch. Aug. 9, 1850. 164-3f

FOR SALE. LOT No. 18 in the 14th Concession of Nichol, consisting of One Hundred Acres of Land, with good Log House and Barn, &c., and a Clearance of about Forty-five Acres, situated about a mile from Fergus. Terms liberal. Apply on the premises, or to A. D. FERRIER. Guelph, Aug. 7, 1850. 164-1f

ESTRAY. CAME into the premises of the Subscriber, on the 31st ultimo, a bright bay Mare, about 5-years-old, star on forehead, switch tail, and about 14 hands high; the proprietor is requested to prove property, pay expenses and take her away. JOSEPH DAVIS. York Road, Guelph, } 163-3f Aug. 3, 1850.

DANCING AND CALISTHENICS. MR. MACINDOE respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Guelph and vicinity, that he intends opening Classes for the above accomplishments on MONDAY, the 29th instant. Mr. M. having made a professional visit to Europe during the past year, has had facilities for acquiring every Dance now fashionable in distinguished circles, from Mr. ANDREW THOMPSON, Teacher of Dancing to the Royal Family; and in addition to the ordinarily received modes of Dancing, will give instructions in La Valse a Cinq Temps, La Schottische, and La Redowa. Guelph, July 23, 1850. 161

TO LET, THE Two comfortable and commodious DWELLING-HOUSES, in McDonald Street, formerly occupied by Mr. J. JACKSON & Mr. CHAS. DAVIDSON. Apply to CHAS. DAVIDSON. Guelph, June 25, 1850. 156-1f

NOTICE. THE Subscriber begs to call the attention of Families to his large Stock of Brandies, Gin, Hollands, and Rum, also Ports and Sherries—all of which are of a very superior quality, imported direct, and warranted pure. As all should be very careful of what they drink at this season of the year, the above are particularly recommended. JAMES LYND. Guelph, 15th July, 1850. 160

BURLINGTON LADIES' ACADEMY. THE SIXTH ACADEMIC YEAR of this Institution will commence on THURSDAY, the 5th day of September, under improved circumstances. For particular information, see Circular, which may be obtained by application to D. C. VANNORMAN, A. M., Principal. 160-6w July 9, 1850.

EDUCATION. MR. JOHN FRANCK, Assistant Master in the Guelph Grammar School, respectfully announces that he is prepared to receive a few more Boys as Boarders, whose Education will be conducted under the joint superintendence of the Head Master and himself. Mr. F.'s residence is situated close to the Town of Guelph, and within a short walk of the new Grammar School. Guelph, July 9, 1850. 159-1f

CASH FOR WOOL! IMPORTANT TO FARMERS. 10,000 lbs. Wanted. THE Undersigned being appointed Agent for Messrs. MCKEENIE & WINNANS of Cobourg, for the Purchase of Wool, will be prepared in the course of a fortnight or three weeks to take in any quantity of good clean Wool, for which he will pay the highest price in Cash or Trade. CHARLES DAVIDSON. Market Square, Guelph, } April 29, 1850.

REMOVAL. F. W. GALBRAITH RESPECTFULLY informs his customers and the public generally, that he has removed from his late residence to the Shop next door to Mr. Harris' Bakery, between Mr. Sandilands' Store & Thorp's Hotel, Market Square, where he intends keeping on hand and making to order, Saddles, Bridles, Harness, Trunks, and most other articles connected with his trade. Spurs, Curry Combs, Horse Brushes, Mane Combs, &c. constantly on hand. F. W. G. would add that the strictest attention will be paid to all orders; and he respectfully solicits a continuance of that patronage with which he has hitherto been favoured. Guelph, July 30, 1850. 162-3m

CHEAP CASH STORE. GEORGE ELLIOTT ANNOUNCES to the inhabitants of Guelph and its vicinity, that he has opened the Store lately occupied by Messrs. JACKSON & DAVIDSON, on the Market Square, (and in which he formerly conducted business for Messrs. W. Dixon & Co.) with a full assortment of DRY GOODS, Groceries, Hardware, & Liquors, Of the Latest Importations. He would respectfully invite the attention of the public to the inspection of his stock, which, for prices and quality, he is satisfied cannot be surpassed, as his Groceries have been purchased by himself in New York, and his Wines and Liquors in the Montreal Market. His Dry Goods are of the latest Styles of this Spring's Importation, and bought for Cash. G. E. trusts, by attention to business, and the prices at which he can afford to sell goods, to merit a share of the patronage of the public. Guelph June 25, 1850. 157-1f

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Tavern-keepers and families to his Stock of Genuine WINES AND LIQUORS, which he is now receiving—consisting in part of 1 Hhd. Fine Old Cogniac Brandy, "Martells." 2 do. Bordeaux do. 1 Cask Holland Gin. 1 do. Jamaica Rum, "Prime Old." 1 Hhd. Fine Old Port Wine, "Hunt's." 3 Qr. Casks Port Wines, "assorted qualities." 3 do. do. Sherry do. do. 1 do. do. Maderia do. do. "Fine." 50 Brls. Strong Whiskey. 2 Hhds. Peppermint. G. ELLIOTT. Guelph, June 25, 1850. 157-1f

THE Subscriber offers for sale, 30 half Chests fresh Teas, Young Hyson, Gunpowder, and Black. 5 Brls. prime "Porto Rico" Coffee. 2 Hhd. bright Muscavado Sugar. 2 Tierces Pulverized loaf do., a superior article. 1 Tierce New Rice. 6 Boxes Honeydew Tobacco, 5 and 8. G. ELLIOTT. Guelph, June 25, 1850. 156-1f

FOR SALE. THE right and title to the West Half of Lot No. 8 in the Ninth Concession of Peel, containing One Hundred Acres, on which the first instalment of the purchase money has been paid, and a small clearance made. The Lot is very desirably situated. Apply at the Herald Office. Guelph, 80th March, 1850. 145 f

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS. County of Waterloo, } BY Virtue of a Writ of Execution issued out of Her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench at Toronto, and to me directed, against the Lands and Tenements of Alphonus William Henry Russ and Geo. Jas. Galt, Defendants, at the Suit of Jonathan Watson, Thos. Watson and Jas. Acherson, Plaintiffs, I have seized and taken in execution the following Lands, viz: Lots Nos. 1, 3, and 8, in the Fifth Concession of Derby, and Lots No. 2, and 11, in the Sixth Concession of Derby, containing nine hundred and ninety one acres, more or less; which said Lands and Tenements I shall expose for sale at the Court House, in Guelph, in the said County, on Saturday, the Nineteenth day of October next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock Noon. GEO. J. GRANGE, Sheriff. Sheriffs Office, Guelph, } July 15th, 1850. 160-8m.

FARM FOR SALE. THE Undersigned offers for Sale Lot No. 4 on the 5th Concession of Nichol, nearly on the line of the Guelph and Elora Road, and about three miles distant from the former, and ten miles from the latter place. The Lot comprises 107 1/2 Acres, a large proportion of which is cleared, well fenced, and now in crop. Possession may be had immediately, and a part of the price be permitted to remain on security of the property. Application to be made to J. L. Smith, Esq., Fergus; or Mr. John Thorp, Guelph; or to the proprietor. BARTHOLOMEW O'CONNOR. Elora Road, June 17th 1850. 156-1f

FARM FOR SALE. THE Subscriber offers for Sale a very desirable Farm in the vicinity of the Grand River, immediately adjoining the thriving village of Fergus, and about three miles from Elora—being lots 19 and 20 on the 16th Concession of Nichol, comprising 196 acres, of which about 70 acres are cleared, well fenced, and almost entirely free of stumps. There is a good Frame House, Barn, and suitable offices on the property, and abundance of fine water. From its situation, part of the property might with much advantage be laid out in Park Lots. J. LAMOND SMITH, Land Agent. Fergus, June 29, 1850. 158-1f [Colonist and Spectator to insert till forbid.]

WOOL. ALL who have any Wool for Sale had better bring it to the Subscriber, and get the Cash for it at once. JAMES LYND. Guelph, 15th July, 1850. 160

CASH!!! CASH will be paid for any quantity of Wheat, Oats, and Timothy Seed. JAMES LYND. Market Square, Guelph. 160

TO THE FARMERS. WANTED by the Subscriber, any quantity of good Butter, and for which the highest market price will be paid. JAMES LYND. Guelph, 15th July, 1850. 160

BACON AND OATS. A large quantity of the above for Sale for Cash. JAMES LYND. Guelph, 15th July, 1850. 160

Great Reduction in Prices of BOOTS AND SHOES. GOW & ORME respectfully announce to their friends and the public generally, that they have now on hand the largest and best assorted Stock of Boots and Shoes ever offered for sale in Guelph, which they will sell at the following unprecedentedly Low Prices:—

Gents' Calf Boots, 9s; Ladies' Cashmere 10s; Kip do. 17s 6d; Prunella do. 7s 6d; Cowhide do. 13s 9d; Patent Slips do. 5s 7 1/2; Slips do. 5s 0d; Common do. 3s 9d. Misses', Boys', and Children's Boots and Shoes, proportionately low. G. & O. would invite inspection of their present stock of Morocco and Patent Leather, and French and English Calf, which will be found of excellent quality, and well adapted for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Fine Dress Boots; and which they are prepared to make up in the newest and most fashionable style, and on the shortest notice. Guelph, May 4, 1850. 150-1f

THE DIVISION COURTS OF the County of Waterloo will hold their sittings at Wilmot, Aug. 18th, 1850. Berlin, " 14th, " Preston, " 16th, " Guelph, " 19th, " Erin, " 22d, " Fergus, " 24th, " Sydenham, Sept. 16th, " Egremont, " 19th, " ALFRED BAKER, Clerk No. 1.

Poetry.

THE GREAT FIRST CAUSE.

[John Masson Goetz, author of the Studies of Nature, and a New Translation of the Book of Job, has in four stanzas stated the argument of an intelligent First Cause, the was Contriver of the arrangements of this material world, as strikingly as it could be stated in a whole volume.]

THE DAISY.

Not worlds on worlds, in phalanx deep,
Need we to tell a God is here :
The daisy, fresh from winter's sleep,
Tells of his hand in lines as clear.

Miscellaneous.

AN EXCITING CONFLICT.

The following daring and dangerous sporting adventure is extracted from a work recently published in London, entitled "Five Years of a Hunter's Life in the Far Interior of South Africa, by Captain Gordon Cumming."

He had one evening shot three rhinoceroses near a fountain, to which most of the beasts used to come to drink, and near which he had dug a pit, or hiding hole, from which, lying perdu, he could shoot them.

On reaching the water I looked towards the carcasses of the rhinoceros, and, to my astonishment, I beheld the ground alive with large creatures, as though a troop of zebras were approaching the fountain to drink.

The villagers, who had assembled as usual on holidays, were in the thick of their sports, when the terrific apparition presented itself to their view. Great was the consternation among them.

On reaching the water I looked towards the carcasses of the rhinoceros, and, to my astonishment, I beheld the ground alive with large creatures, as though a troop of zebras were approaching the fountain to drink.

The lions feasted peacefully, but the hyenas and jackals fought over every mouthful, and chased one another round and round the carcasses, growling, laughing, screeching, chattering, and howling without any intermission.

At length the lions seemed satisfied. They all walked about with their heads up, and seemed to be thinking about the water; and in two minutes one of them turned his face towards me, and came on; he was immediately followed by a second lion, and in half a minute by the remaining four.

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Prince Albert a Poet.—At the baptism of the infant prince, a choral, composed by his Royal Highness Prince Albert, was performed:—

"In life's gay morn, ere brightly youth
By vice and folly is omitted,
Oh! may thy Maker's glorious name
Be on thy infant mind engraved;
So shall no shades of sorrow cloud
The sunshine of thy early days.

"In life's gay morn, when brightly youth
With vital ardor glows,
And shines in all the fairest charms
Which beauty can disclose;
"Deep on thy soul, before its pow'rs
Are yet by vice enslav'd,
Be thy Creator's glorious name
And character engrav'd."

"For soon the shades of grief shall cloud
The sunshine of thy days;
And cares, and toils, in endless round,
Encompass all thy ways."

Asses' Milk.—Dr. Walcott, better known as Peter Pindar, had for some time a most violent cough, when his friend, Dr. Geagel, persisted in recommending asses' milk as a certain cure.

"And, Doctor, do you really think
That asses' milk I ought to drink?
'T would quite remove my cough, you say,
And drive my old complaints away.
It cured yourself, I grant it true;
But then, 't was mother's milk to you."

A Witch.—A Frenchwoman of the name of Bertrand, ascended in a balloon from Lisbon a few days since. In a couple of hours afterwards Madame prepared to come down.

With every other description of Nursery Productions usually raised. He can confidently recommend the Stock now held by the proprietor of the Toronto Nursery as second to none, for extent or variety, North America.

THE Subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of the following PATENT MEDICINES, &c., which they will dispose of at low prices, and take in exchange all kinds of Country Produce, &c.

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Suspicious.—An old gentleman in a neighboring town missed from his vines some luscious grapes, which he suspected his gardener had appropriated to his own use.

The Golden Rule.—A young lady who was rebuked by her mother for kissing her intended, justified herself by quoting the passage "Whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them."

CIRCULAR.

MONTREAL, 25th Jan., 1850.

THE Subscriber begs to state that from this date he discontinues his business in this City, having associated himself with the Firm of Messrs. HIGGINSON, DAY, and Co., 77, Broad Street, New York, Produce and General Commission Merchants, and respectfully states that he will devote his entire time and best exertions to the interests of his friends having business in that City.

SUPPORT THE GROWTH OF CANADA, AND KEEP YOUR MONEY AT HOME!!!

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES, SPRING, 1850.

THE Subscriber, Agent for the TORONTO NURSERY, begs to intimate that he is prepared to receive orders, and execute the same with despatch, for any quantity of

With every other description of Nursery Productions usually raised. He can confidently recommend the Stock now held by the proprietor of the Toronto Nursery as second to none, for extent or variety, North America.

THE Subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of the following PATENT MEDICINES, &c., which they will dispose of at low prices, and take in exchange all kinds of Country Produce, &c.

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To Connoisseurs in Wine. PORT, 10 Years Old.

THE Subscribers have for Sale a choice lot of "Hunt's" Superior PORT WINE, of the Vintage of 1839. Also, Sanderman, Forster & Co.'s well-known brand,—imported direct,—and to which they beg to call the attention of Families.

THE Subscribers, in returning thanks to the public for the liberal support given them since commencing business in Guelph, beg to intimate that their Sets of Patterns for every description of Mill Cearing are now very complete; and as they are all new, embrace the latest improvements.

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As they are themselves Practical Mechanics, they will keep no workman but of sober and industrious habits; so that persons favoring them with their orders may be assured of satisfaction.

Blacksmith work in all its branches. Castings in general use kept on hand. Percussion Wheels for Saw Mills; Cranks and Balance Wheels; Threshing Machines; Ploughs of various patterns; all kinds of Ploughshares, Wagon Boxes, Sleigh Shoes, Dog Irons, Sugar Kettles, Bake Kettles, Cooking, Parlor, and Box Stoves, Wrought and Cast Iron Safes.

Boring, Turning, Fitting-up, and Repairing, on short notice and reasonable terms. Old Iron and Brass taken in exchange for Castings.

300 TOWN LOTS FOR SALE in Guelph, At a moderate upset price and liberal credit, or liberal discount on the purchase money down. The subscriber offers

Three Hundred Town Lots for sale, as shown by a new Plan of the Town of Guelph, in the possession of FRANCIS KERR, Esq., who will state terms, point out the Lots on the ground, and procure letters of occupation or title deeds for parties purchasing.

THE instalments or purchase money for the above to be deposited to the credit of the subscriber in the Montreal or Gore Bank Agency, Guelph.

FARM FOR SALE. TO BE SOLD, a valuable Farm, within less than two miles of the Town of Guelph, containing 118 acres, of which about 60 acres are cleared.

THOROUGHbred DURHAM BULL, PATRIOT. PATRIOT is a beautiful Roan, and is the son of FAVORITE, the very best Cow imported by Rowland Wingfield, Esq.

THE Bull above described was bred by Mr. Howitt, and has been purchased by Mr. Harland, upon whose farm he will stand for the service of Cows during the present season.

PROVINCIAL MUTUAL and General Insurance Company. THE principle adopted by this Company has been acted upon in the United States for some years, and has caused the withdrawal of much capital from the Colony in Insurance premiums.

STONE STORES TO LET. THE undersigned has recently erected a handsome and commodious Block of Stone Stores, in one of the most business parts of the TOWN OF GUELPH; which he is now finishing off for immediate occupation.

BLANK DEEDS AND MEMORIALS. OF the most approved forms, on hand and for sale on reasonable terms, at the Herald Office.

WELLINGTON HOTEL, FERGUS. JOHN GLOVER respectfully intimates to the Inhabitants of the County of Waterloo, and the public generally, that he has fitted up and furnished in the most comfortable and commodious manner, the large Stone Building recently erected by Mr. A. GLOVER, in St. David's Street, as

ELORA HOTEL. THE undersigned having removed to the extensive and commodious building recently erected by him in Elora, begs to apprise his friends and the public generally, that he is prepared to give them

FERGUS ARMS, FERGUS. JAMES BURR has entered the above EXCELLENT HOUSE with the determination to make the Management, Accommodation and Comfort first rate.

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NEW GOODS.

NEW GOODS, suitable for the season. Will be opened out at the Store of the Subscriber on Thursday next.

ENGLISH SEED. THE Subscriber begs to inform the Farmers, that he has for sale Skirving's Swedish Turnip Seed, AND YELLOW ABERDEEN TURNIP SEED, Imported by EDWARD MURTON, Esq., this spring.

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JOHN THORP'S BRITISH HOTEL, And General Stage Office, GUELPH.

House comfortable & commodious, Larder well supplied, Cellar unequalled. EXCELLENT STABLING.

A DAILY STAGE To and from HAMILTON by the Brock Road, being 10 miles shorter route than by way of Galt; and every day from Fergus and Elora to Hamilton, and vice versa.

SUPERIOR BREED OF HOGS. THE Subscriber has for Sale a few beautiful young Sows and Boars, of the Yorkshire Breed, which, for largeness of size, and propensity to fatten, cannot perhaps be equalled on this continent.

TO BREEDERS OF HOGS. MR. HARLAND begs to intimate to all parties desirous of procuring a very superior breed of Pigs, that his justly celebrated PURE YORKSHIRE BOAR, "WAMBA," which obtained the First Premium at the District Show, and which is decidedly the finest animal of his class in the Province, will serve sows for the present season at One Dollar each.

NEW STAGE LINE Between Dundas and Hamilton. TWICE A DAY.

BOARDING SCHOOL. WILLIAM WETTERALD, leaving as well as public Tuition, respectfully intimates that he can accommodate a few additional Pupils, to whose domestic comfort and literary progress the closest attention will be given.

REMOVAL. THE Subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has removed his

TAILORING BUSINESS TO THE PREMISES NEXT DOOR to the HERALD OFFICE, where he hopes by moderate charges, punctuality, and good workmanship, to merit a share of their support.

GUELPH HERALD, AND LITERARY, AGRICULTURAL AND COMMERCIAL GAZETTE. PUBLISHED WEEKLY, on TUESDAY, in the Town of Guelph, BY GEORGE PIRIE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS—Two dollars for a single copy, for one year; Seven dollars and a half for five copies; Twelve dollars and a half for ten copies; when the cash is remitted with the order. Parties not paying in advance, will be charged Two dollars and a half if paid within six months; and Three dollars if not paid within that time. Under no circumstances will these terms be departed from.

RATES OF ADVERTISING—Six lines and under, 2s. 6d. first insertion, and 7d. each subsequent insertion; Six to Ten lines, 4s. 4d. for the first insertion and 10d. for each subsequent insertion; over Ten lines, 4d. per line for the first insertion, and 1d. per line for each subsequent insertion. Cards of address, not exceeding four lines, inserted for twelve months for \$4. The usual discount made to Merchants and others, who advertise by the year.

Advertisements without specific directions inserted till forbid, and charged accordingly. No unpaid letters will be taken out of the Post Office.

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