PAGES MISSING



Vol. 63. No. 14. New Series.

ION LIFE

TION

NCE

ONS

TEED

TION POLICY RTICULARS

STREET,

Advisory Director Agent, French Dept.

CUTTING

t up to 5' 0' Dia.

d up to 5' 0' Dia.

d up to 2' 6 Dia.

I, Eng.

SSURANCE

OMPANY.

- \$3,460,000

ce-Pres. & Man.Dir.

Manager.

ACCIDENT.

urance Co.,

.... \$12,500,000

\$15,675,315 \$15,000.000

, ENG.

n Dollars.

Policy

MES STREET.

3,680,000 nto, Ont.

rated 1851

ars

ORONTO.

MONTREAL, FRIDAY, OCT. 5, 1906.

M. S. FOLE),
Editor and Proprietor.

McIntyre Son & Co.

Limited MONTREAL

Importers Dry Goods

Dress Goods, Silks, Linens, Small Wares, Trefousse Kid Gloves Rouillon Kid Gloves

13 VICTORIA SQUARE

A London Firm of General Merchants and Agents is desirous of representing up-to-date Canadian Manufacturers on Commission or Purchase outright. Case Wood. Hard Fibre and Goods Spec ally Suitable for the Electrical Trades. Good Home and Export Connections.

References Address: FREDK. A. HILL & CO., 108 Bishopsgate Street Within, LONDON, E.C.

WOOL.

ERASME DOSSIN, VERVIERS, (Belgium)

SPECIALITY OF

Wools and Noils

Clothing, Felting, Flannels and Hatting.

Good Agents Wanted.

ELECTRIC MOTOR

1-2 TO 4-5 Horse-Power

Made by the Canadian General Electrie Co., of Toronto.

Has been in use only about three

Will be sold considerably under market price.

Apply to

JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.



WORLD

SOLD BY ALL LEADING WHOLESALE HOUSES.

Distinctive Qualities

North Star, Crescent

and Pearl Batting

Brightness

Purity



Highest Awards At Twelve International Expositions.

Special Prize GOLD MEDAL. At Atlants, 1895.

G.&H. Barnett Co. PHILADELPHIA, Pa.

ETAIL Merchants who wish R to keep abreast of the times and have a continued and reliable guide to the leading markets should subscribe to The Canadian Journal of Commerce. The Market Reports in the Journal are unequalled for comprehensiveness and correctness of detail. No Merchants or other business men can afford to do without it. Published every Friday. Subscriptions to all parts of Canada, \$3 a year.

CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE

Union Assurance Society

Capital and Accumulated Funds Exceed \$23,000,000

Cor. St. James and McGill Sts., MONTREAL.

Loftiness No Dead Stock, oily threads nor miserable yellow fillings of short staple. Not even in lowest grades. Three grades—Three prices and far the best for the price

OF LONDON.

Established A. D. . 1714. One of the Oldest and Strongest of Fire Offices.

CANADA BRANCH :

T. L. MORRISEY, - Resident Manager.

ranch, Montreal.

ager.

The Bank of Montreal.

Grand Mere, Que Mahone Bay,
Lake Megantic.

IN NEWFOUNDLAND.
St. John's, Bank of Montreal.
Birchy Cove, Bay of Islands, Bank of Montreal.
IN GREAT BRITAIN:
London, Bank of Montreal, 46, 47, Threadneedle St., E.C., F. W. Taylor, Man.
IN THE UNITED STATES:
New York—R. Y. Hebden and A. D. Braithwaite, Agents, 31 Pine St. Chicago—Bank of Montreal, J. M. Greata, Manager. Spokane, Wash.—Bank of Montreal,
IN MEXICO.
Mexico, D.F.—Bank of Montreal, T. S. C.
Saunders, Man.
BANKERS IN GREAT BRITAIN:
London—The Bank of England. London—The Union of London and Westminster Bank, Ltd.
London—The Data on the Montreal of Liverpool—The Bank of Liverpool, Ltd.
Scotland—The British Linen Company Bank, and Branches.

BANKERS IN THE UNITED STATES:

Scotland—The British Linen Company Bank, and Branches.

BANKERS IN THE UNITED STATES:
New York—The National City Bank; The Bank of New York, N.B.A.; National Bank of Commerce, in N.Y. Boston—The Merchants' National Bank; J. B. Moors and Co. Buffalo—The Marine Bank, Buffalo. San Francisco—The First National Bank; The Anglo-Californian Bank, Ltd.

The Western Bank of Canada.

	HEAD										
Capital	Autho	rize	d.								\$1,000,000
Capital	Subsci	ribe	d.,								550,000
Capital	Paid-u	p				•/			• •		550 000
Rest A	ccount.			• •			••			• •	300,000
	no	A TO I	n	OF	•	n	DI	COT	OR	S.	

Best Account. 300,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
John Cowan, Esq. President.
Reuben S. Hamlin, Esq., Vice-President.
W. F. Cowan, Esq. W. F. Allan, Esq.
Thomas Patterson, Esq.
Th. McMillan - Cashier.
BRANCHES.—Bright, Brooklin, Caledonia, Dublin, Elmvale, Little Britain, Midland, New Hamburg, Pefferlaw, Penetanguishene, Paisley, Pictering, Plattsville, Port Perry, Shakespeare, St. Clements, Sunderland, Tavisio k. Ti sonburg, Tiverton, Victoria Harbour, Wellesley, Whitby.
Drafts on New York and Sterling Exchange bought and sold. Deposits received and interest allowed. Collections solicited and promptly

oncespondents at New York and in Canada— lerchants Bank of Canada. London, England— leyal Bank of Scotland.

THE CHARTERED BANKS.

Bank of British North America

Established in 1836. accorporated by Royal Charter in 1846 Paid-up capital£1,000,000 stg.
Reserve Fund£440,000 stg.
Head Office, 5 Cracechurch St., London, E.C.
A. G. Wallis, W. S. Goldby,
Manager.

COURT OF DIRECTORS:

Secretary.

COURT OF DIRECTORS:

J. H. Brodie,
J. J. Cater,
H. R. Farrer,
R. H. Glyn,
C. W. Tomkinson.

Heab Office in Canada, St. James St., Montreal.
H. STIKEMAN, General Manager.
J. ELMSLY, Supt. of Branches.
J. ANDERSON, Inspector.
BRANCHES IN CANADA:
A. E. ELLIS, Manager Montreal Branch.

Alexander, Man. Halifax, N.S.
Ashcroft, B.C. Hamilton, Ont.
Battleford, Sask.
Belmont, Man.
Bobcaygeon, Ont. Hedley, B.C.
Borandon, Man.
Brantford, Ont.
Brantford, Ont.
Calgary, Alta.
Davioson, Sask.
Davioson, Sask.
Davioson, Sask.
Longueuil, P.Q.
Duncans, B.C.
St. Cathee-Weston, Ont.
Duck Lake, Sask. Montreal, P.Q.
Duncans, B.C.
St. Cathee-Weston, Ont.
Fredericton, N.B. N'h Vancouver, B.
Greenwood, B.C. Oak River, Man.

DRAFTS ON SOUTH A FRICA AND WEST
INDIES MAY BE OBTAINED AT THE

Fredericton, N.B. N'h Vancouver, B
Greenwood, B.C. Oak River, Man.

DRAFTS ON SOUTH AFRICA AND WEST
INDIES MAY BE OBTAINED AT THE
BANK'S BRANCHES.

AGENCIES IN THE UNITED STATES, ETC.:
New York (52 Wall St.)—H. M. J. McMichael
and W. T. Oliver.

San Francisco (120 Sansome S. reet)—J.C.Welsh
and A. 5. Ireland Agents.
Chicago—Merchants Loan & Trust Co.
London Bankers—The Bank of England and
Messrs. Glyn & Co.
Foreign Agents—Liverpool—Bank of Liverpool.
Scotland-National Bank of Scotland, Limited,
and branches. Ireland—Provincial Bank of Ireland, Limited, and branches; National Bank,
Limited, and branches; National Bank,
Limited, and branches, Australia—Union Bank
of Australia, Ltd. New Zealand—Union Bank
of Australia, Ltd. India, China and Japan—
Mercantile Bank of India, Limited, West Indies
—Colonial Bank. Paris — Credit Lyonnais.
Lyons—Credit Lyonnais.
Issue Circular Notes for Travellers available
in all parts of the world.
Agents in Canada for Colonial Bank, London.

Royal Bank of Canada

CAPITAL PAID-UP. . . . \$3,500,000 RESERVE FUND. .

RESERVE FUND. 4,000,00

HEAD OFFICE, HALIFAX, N.S.

Board of Directors:

Thos. E. Kenny, Esq., Vice/President
Wiley Smith, Esq., H. G. Bauld, Esq.
H. G. Bau

Ladner B.C.
Londonderry, N.S.
Louisburg, C.B.
Lunenburg, N.S.
Maitland, N.S.
Moncton, N.B.,
Montreal, Que.,
Vontreal, West End,

Launer, B.C.
Londonderry, N.S.
Louisburg, C.B.
Lunenburg, N.S.
Maitland, N.S.
Moncton, N.B.,
Montreal, Que.,
Vontreal Que.,
Vontreal Annex
Mount Pleasant, B.C.
New Westminster, B.C.
New Westmount, P.Q.
Westmount, P.Q.
Westmount, N.S.
Westmount, N.S.
Westmount, N.S.
Westmount, N.S.
Westmount, Victoria Ave.
Weymouth, N.S.
Wondistock, N.B
Agencies in Havana, Cuba; Santiago de Cuba, Cuba; Cardenas, Cuba; Matanzas, Cuba; New York, N.Y.
Great Britain, Bank of Scotland; France, Credit Lyonnais; Germany, Deutsche Bank; Deadiner Bank; Spain, Credit Lyonnais; Germany, Deutsche Bank; Dreadiner Bank; Spain, Credit Lyonnais; Grama and Japan, Hong Kong & Shanghai Banking Corporation; New York, Chase National Bank; First Mational Bank; First Mational Bank.

Illinois Truto, N.S.
Vancuver, B.C.,
Westmount, P.Q.
Westmount, P.Q

THE CHARTERED BANKS.

THE MOLSONS BANK.

104th DIVIDEND.

The Shareholders of The Molsons Bank are hereby notified that a Dividend of TWO AND A HALF PER CENT. upon the capital stock has been declared for the current quarter, and that the same will be payable at the office of the Bank, in Montreal, and at the Branches, on and after the FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to 29th September, both days inclusive.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING.

of the Shareholders of the Bank will be held at its banking house, in this city, on MONDAY the 15th of October next, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the Board,

JAMES ELLIOT, General Manager.

Montreal, 29th August, 1906.

THE BANK OF TORONTO

.. .. 4,200,000 RESERVE FUND ...

BRANCHES:

ONTARIO.
Toronto,
5 Offices.
Allandale,
Barrie,
Berlin,
Brantford,
Brantford,
Cardinal,
Cobourg,
Collingwood,
Copper Cliff,
Creemore,
Dorchester,
Elmvale,
Galt,
Gananoque,
Keene Ont.
London,

ONTARIO.

London East, London North, Lynden, Merritton, Millbrook, Oakville, Oil Springs, Omemee,
Parry Sound,
Peterboro,
Petrolia,
Port Hope,
Preston,
St. Catharines,
Sarnia,
Shelburne,
Stayner, Stayner, Stayner, Sudbury, Thornbury, Victoria Harbor, Wallaceburg,

Waterloo,
Welland.
QUEBEC.
Montreal,
5 Offices.
Maisonneuve,
Pt. St. Charles,
Gaspe,
BR. COLUMBIA.
Rossland.
MANITOBA.
Cartwright,
Pilot Mound,
Portage la
Prairie,
Swan River,
Winnipeg.
Saskatchewan,
Langenburg,

BANKERS:

-The London City and Midland London, Eng.—The London, Ank, Ltd.
New York—National Bank of Commerce.
Chicago—First National Bank.

Automatic Elevator Wanted.

At Lowest Up-to-Date Figure. Shaft already prepared. Journal of Commerce, 132 St. James Street.

THE C THE CA

OF Paid up C

Rest. -HEAD (

BOA Hon. Geo. A.

James Crathern J. W. Flavelle, Matthew Leggar John Hoskin, K A. Kingman, E

B. E. V

157 Branche

Montreal Off Lendon, Eng. S. Came

New York Ag Wm. Gray This Bank tra ing Business, i Credit and Dr will negotiate of any place where

The Sove

73 BRAN

Paid-up Ca Reserve H Undivid

Total Asse NEW YORK .

Exporter tle, Butter, (ducts will fi to facilitate

Exchange of Great Brita other points

Special Fa American E

Prompt. terms guara

Deposits o Interest from dat NO TROUBLE

D. M. STEW

The Dominion

MASONIC !

LOND Capital Subscrib Total Assets, 31 T. H. PURDON, K. e closed from r, both days

MEETING.

Bank will be in this city, October next, noon.

JOT, eral Manager.

PRONTO 855.), CANADA,

.. \$3,800,000 .. 4,200,000

ice-President.
ice-President.
Stone.
acdonald.
E. Gooderham.
Bawlf.
al Manager.
eneral Manager Manager. eral Manager.

QUEBEC. Montres¹ Montreat,
5 Offices.
Maisonneuve,
Pt. St. Charles,
Gaspe
BR. COLUMBIA.
Rossland.
MANITOBA.
Cartwright,
Pilot Mound,
Portage la
Swan River,
Winnipeg.
Saskatchewan,
Langenburg,
Yorkton,
Wolseley,

city and Midland Commerce.

evator

te Figure.

mmerce, . James Street.

THE CHARTERED BANKS.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE.

Paid up Capital, - \$10 000,000 Rest, - - - - 4,500,000

HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Hon. Geo. A. Cox, President Robt. Kilgour, Esq., Vice-Pres.

James Crathern, Esq.
J. W. Flavelle, Esq.
Matthew Leggat, Esq.
John Hoskin, K.C.,
LL.D.,
LL.D

B. E. WALKER, General Manager. ALEX. LAIRD, Ass't. General Manager.

157 Branches in Canada, the U.S. and England.

Montreal Office :- F. H. Mathewson, Manager. London, Eng., Office: -60 Lombard St., E.C.
S. Cameron Alexander, Manager.

New York Agency :- 16 Exchange Place Wm. Gray and H. B. Walker, Agents.
This Bank transacts every description of Banking Business, including the issue of Letters of Credit and Drafts on Foreign Countries, and will negotiate or receive for collection bills on any place where there is a bank or banker.

^{1he} Sovereign Bank OF CANADA.

Incorporated by Dominion Parliament.

73 BRANCHES IN CANADA

Paid up Capital \$3.860,000 Reserve Fund and

Undivided Profits 1,253,000

Total Assets21,000,000 NEW YORK AGENCY: -25 PINE ST.

Exporters of Grain, Hay, Cattle, Butter, Cheese or other products will find the Bank ready to facilitate their transactions.

Exchange on the United States Great Britain, the Continent & other points bought and sold.

Special Facilities for handling American Business.

Prompt Attention and best terms guaranteed.

Deposits of \$1.00 RECEIVED.

Interest from date of deposit paid 4 times a year,. NO TROUBLE "RED TAPE," OR DELAY.

D. M. STEWART, General Manager.

The Dominion Savings & Investment Society MASONIC TEMPLE BUILDING, LONDON, CANADA.

Capital Subscribed \$1,000,000.00 Total Assets, 31st Dec., 1900 2,272,000.83 T. H. PURDON, K.C., Pres. | NATH. MILLS, Mgr.

THE CHARTERED BANKS.

Union Bank of Canada

Established, 1865. HEAD OFFICEQUEBEC.
CAPITAL AUTHORIZED...... \$4,000,000 BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

ANDREW THOMSON, Esq., President HON. JOHN SHARPLES, Vice-President

Wm. Shaw, Esq.,
John Galt, Esq.,
R. T. Riley, Esq.,
E. J. Hale, Esq.,
M. B. Davis, Esq.

P. Vibert Assistant Inspector.

Advisory Committee, Toronto Branch.
Geo. H. Hees, Esq. Thomas Kinnear, Esq.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES. QUEBEC.—Dalhousie Station, Montreal. Quebec, St. Louis Street, Quebec, St. Polycarpe.

ONTARIO.—Alexandria, Barrie, Carleton Place, Cookstown, Crysler Erin, Fenwick, Fort William, Haileybury, Hastings, Hillsburg, Jasper, Kemptville, Kindurn, Leamington, Manotick, Melbourne, Metcalfe, Merrickville, Mount Brydges, Newboro, New Liskeard, North Gower, Norwood, Osgoode Station, Pakenham, Portland, Plantagenet, Roseneath, Shelburne, Smith's Falls, Smithville, Stittsville, Sydenham, Thornton, Toronto, Warkworth, Wiarton, Winchester.

MANITOBA.—Altona, Baldur, Birtle, Boissevain, Carberry, Carman, Crystal City, Cypress River, Dauphin, Deloraine, Glenboro, Gretna, Hamiota, Hartney, Holland, Killarney, Manitou, Melita, Minnedosa, Minto, Morden, Neepawa, Minga, Rapid City, Roblin, Russel, Sheal Lake, Souris, Strathclair, Virden, Waskada, Wawanesa, Wellwood, Winnipeg, Winnipeg N. End Branch.

SASKATCHEWAN.—Arcola, Carlyle, Craik, Cupar, Esterhazy, Fillmore, Indian Head, Lemberg, Lumsden, Maple Creek, Milestone, Moose Jaw, Moosomin, Ozbow, Pense, Qu'Appelle, Regina, Saskatoon, Sintaluta, Strassburg, Swift Current, Wapella, Wey-burn, Wolseley, Yorkton.

LBERTA.—Airdrie, Calgary, Cardston, Carstairs, Didsbury, Edmonton, Fort Saskatchewan, Frank, High River, Innisfail, Lacombe, Lethbridge, MacLeod, Medicine Hat, Okotoks, Pincher Creek. ALBERTA

and Correspondents at all important entres in Great Britain and the United States.

The Standard Bank of Canada. Capital (Authorized by Act of

Capital Paid-up.. 1,184,278 Reserve Fund 1,284,278

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO. DIRECTORS:

W. F. COWAN, President,
W. F. Allen,
W. F. Allen,
W. F. Allen,
W. F. Allen,
W. Francis,
AGENCIES:
Lucan,

Adisa Craig, Castleton, Chatham, Markham, Blenheim, Colborne, Conscon, Dradford, Durham, Brantford, Brighton, Brussels, Campbellford, Campbellford, Cannington, FORDANTON, Markham, Markham, Markham, Maple, Orno, Orno, Parkdale, Parkhill, Flesherton, Forest, Richmond Campbellford, Ca Ailsa Craig, Beaverton, Blenheim, Bowmanville, Bradford, Brantford, Markham,
Maple,
Orno,
Parkdale,
Parkhill,
Picton,
Richmond Hill,
Stouffville,
Wellington,

TORONTO: Head Office, Wellington & Jordan Sts.; Bay St., Temple Building; Market, King & West Market Sts.; Parkuale. Queen St., West.

DANKERS:
New York — Importers and Traders National
Bank.

Montreal—Molsons Bank, and Imperial Bank. London, England—National Bank of Scotland. All banking business promptly attended to. Correspondence solicitied. G. P. SCHOLFIELD, General Manager, THE CHARTERED BANKS.

THE BANK OF OTTAWA

Capital authorized \$3,000,000 Capital paid-up.. \$2,914,630 Rest & Undivided Profits.... \$3,059,274 BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

GEORGE HAY, President,

DAVID MACLAREN, Vice President-N. Bate, Hon. George Bryson, H. N. Bate, H. K. Egan, J. B. Fraser, John Mather, Denis Murphy,

George H. Perley, M.P. George Burn, General Manager.

D. M. Finnie, Asst. Gen. Manager. Inspectors: C. G. Pennock: W. Duthie. FIFTY-SIX OFFICES IN THE

DOMINION OF CANADA. Correspondents in every banking town in / Canada, and throughout the world.

This Bank gives prompt attention to all banking business entrusted to it.

CORRESPONDENCE INVITED.

Traders Bank of Canada

(Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1885.) CAPITAL AUTHORIZED\$5,000,000 CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED\$4,161,000 CAPITAL PAID-UP\$3,960,000 REST.....\$1,250,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

C. D. Warren, Esq., President.
Hon. J. R. Stratton, Vice-President.
E. F. B. Johnston, Esq., K.C.
C. Kloepfer, Esq., M.P., Guelph.
C. S. Wilcox, Esq., Hamilton.
W. J. Sheppard, Waubaushene.
HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.
H. S. STRATHY. General Manager.
J. A. M. ALLEY, Inspector.

BRANCHES:
Hepworth,
Aylmer, Ingersoil, Schomberg, Springfield, Stoney Creek, Stratford, Strat Arthur, Aylmer, Ayton, Beeton, Blind River, Bridgeburg. Burlington,

Burlington,
Calgary,
Cargill,
North Bay,
Cargill,
North Bay,
Thameeford
Tilsonburg,
Toronto,
Ortlifa,
Datton.
Clifford,
Datton.
Clifford,
Datton.
Clifford,
Datton.
Clifford,
Datton.
Clifford,
Datton.
Clifford,
Datton.
Cowen Sound.
Climira,
Cowen Sound.
Comension.

milton, East. Sault Ste. Marie. WOOUSLOCK,
BANKERS:
Great Britain—The National Bank of Scotland
New York—The American Exchange Nat. Bank
Montreal—The Quebec Bank.

THE DOMINION BANK

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO, CANADA.

Capital Authorized, - - \$4,000,000 Capital Paid-up, - - - 3,000,000 Reserve Fund and Undivided

Profits, - 3,839,000

DIRECTORS:

E. B OSLER, M.P. - / President./ WILMOT D. MATTHEWS, - Vice-President.

A. W. AUSTIN, W. R. BROCK. TIMOTHY EATON. JAMES J. FOY, K.C., M.L.A.

C. A. BOGERT, - General Manager.

Branches and Agencies throughout Carada and the United States.

Collections made and Remitted for promptly. Drafts bought and sold.

Letters Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit issued, available in all parts of the

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

Beamsville,
Berlin,
Blyth,
Brantord,
Do. East End
Branch.
Chesley,
Delhi,
Dundalk
Dundas,
Dunnville,
Ethel,
Fordwich,
Georgetown,
Gorrie,

Chesley,
Delhi,
Dundalk
Dundas,
Dundas,
Dunnville,
Ethel,
Fordwich,
Georgetown,
Gorrie,
Maniton
Milverton,
Milverton,
Milverton,
Moorefield,
Moorefield,
Neustadt,
Neustadt,
Neustadt,
Neustadt,
Neustadt,
Neustadt,
Neustadt,
Neustadt,
Neustadt,
Noronto Junc.
Wingham
Wroxeter.
Niagara Falls,
Niagara Fals,
Niagara Falls,
Niagara Falls,
Niagara Falls,
Niagara Falls,
Ni

Elm Creen, Man. Gladstone, Man. Mortlach, Sask. Gladstone, Man. Mortlach, Sask. BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Samile Kamloops, Salmon Arm,

BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Fernic, Kamloops, Salmon Arm, Vancouver, & Cedar Cove Br.
Correspondents in Great Britain:—The National Provincial Bank of England, Ltd.
Correspondents in United States:—New York, Hanover National Bank; Fourth National Bank.—Boston International Trust Co.—Buffalo, Marine National Bank.—Chicago, Continental National Bank.—Kansas City, National Bank of Commerce.—Philadelphia, Merchants National Bank.—Kansas City, National Bank.—Grandelphia, Merchants National Bank.—St. Louis, Third National Bank.—Brancisco, Crocker-Woolworth National Bank.—Pittsburg, Mellon National Bark.

THE ONTARIO BANK.

CAPITAL PAID-UP \$1,500,000 REST DIRECTORS:

DIRECTORS:

George R. R. Cockburn, Esq.,.... President.

Donald Mackay, Esq. Vice-President.

R. D. Perry, Esq., R. Grass, Esq.,
Hon. R. Harcourt, T. Walmsley, Esq.

John Flett, Esq. TORONTO.

CHARLES McGILL, General Manager.

R. B. Caldwell, Inspector.

BRANCHES:

Alliston, Aurora,
Bowmanville,
Buckingham, Q.
Cornwall,
Collingwood,
Fort William, Holstein, King City,

BKANCHES:

Kingston,
Lindsay,
Moltawa,
Montreal,
Mount Forest,
Newmarket,
Ottawa,
Peterhoro,
South End Br.

South and Wallington Marsay,
Warsaw,
Waterford,
South and Wallington Marsay
Waterford,

Scott and Wellington Streets, Queen and Portland Streets, Yonge and Richmond Streets, Yonge and Carlton Streets. Toronto:

AGENTS:
AGENTS:
London, Eng.—Parr's Bank, Limited.
France and Europe—Credit Lyonnais.
New York—Fourth National Bank and The
Agents Bank of Montreal.
Boston—Eliot National Bank.



(1)

*

LL Banking Business entrusted to our keeping receives the most careful attention,

Eastern Townships Bank HEAD OFFICE;

SHERBROOKE, QUE.

FORTY-SIX Branches in CANADA.

Correspondents in all parts of the world Capital, - - - \$3.000,000

Reserve, - - 1,500,000

WM. FARWELL, President.

JAS. MACKINNON, General Manager.

THE CHARTERED BANKS.

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA

Capital Subscribed \$2,000,000 Capital Paid-up 2,000,000 Reserve Fund 1,450,000

DIRECTORS:

CITY
1756 St. Catherine,
2217 Notre Dame,
1393 St. Catherine,
Point St. Charles,
Hoche.a_ka,

Mount Royal Ave., Town of St. Louis (Mile End), Maisonneuve.

BRANCHES:

Joliette, P.Q.,
Louiseville, P.Q.,
Quebec, Quebec, St. Roch's,
Quebec, St. Roch's,
Ste. Martine, P.Q.,
Sorel, P.Q.,
Sherbrooke, P.Q.,
St. Hyacinthe,
St. Boniface, Man.

CORRESPONDENTS.—National Park Bank, National Bank of N. America, National City Bank,
Importers & Traders' National Bank, Mchts, National Bank, Mk. Ladenburg, Thalmann, & Co.,
MM. Heidelbach, Ickelheimer & Co., MM. Kountze
Bros., New York International Trust Co., National Bank of Redemption, National Shawmut
Bank Boston, Philadelphia National Bank, The
Fourth Street National Bank, Philadelphia, National Live Stock Bank, Illinois Trust and Savings Bank, Chicago. The Clydesdale Bank
(Limited), Credit Lyonnais de Paris, Credit Lyonnais, Societe Generale, Credit Industriel & Commercial, Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris, London, Eng. Credit Lyonnais, Societe Generale, Credit Industriel & Commercial Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris, Credit Lyonnais, Brussels, Belgium, Deutcshe Bank, Berlin, Germany. Banque Imp. Royale & Priv. des Pays Autrichiens, Vienna, Austria. Banque de Rotterdam. Rotterdam, Holland.

Letters of credit issued available in all parts of the world,
Interest on deposits allowed in Savings Department.

LA BANQUE NATIONALE.

On and after Friday, the Second Day of November next, this Bank will pay to its Shareholders a Dividend of One and Three-quarters per cent., being at the rate of Seven per cent. per annum, upon its capital for the quarter ending on the 31st of October next.

The transfer book will be closed from the 17th to the 31st of October next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors.

P. LAFRANCE.

Manager.

Quebec, September 18th, 1906.

ST. STEPHEN'S BANK.

Incorporated, 1836. St. Stephen, N.B.
CAPITAL \$200,000

RESERVE 47,500

FRANK TODD President. J. F. GRANT Cashier.

THE CHARTERED BANKS.

THE QUEBEC BANK

Quebec, St. Peter St.
Do. Upper Town,
Do. St. Roch,
Montreal, Place
d'Armes,
Do. St. Catherine E
Do. St. Henry,
Ottawa, Ont.
St.-Romuald,
Thetford Mines, Que.
Black Lake,
Sub-agency,
AGENTS:

AGENTS:
London, England—Bank of Scotland.
Albany, U.S.A.—New York State National

Boston—National Bank of the Republic.
New York, U.S.A.—Agents Bank of British
North America; Hanover National Bank.
Paris, France—Credit Lyonnais.

Imperial Bank of Canada, CAPITAL AUTHORIZED\$5,000,000 CAPITAL PAID-UP 4,280,000 REST 4,280,000

DIRECTORS:

D. R. WILKIE

Hon. R. JAFFRAY

Wm. Ramsay,
James Kerr Osborne

Peleg Howland.

Cawthra Mulock.

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.

D. R. WILKIE

E. HAY

MOFFAT

Chereal Manager.

E. HAY

Moffat

Cawthra Mulock

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.

D. R. WILKIE

General Manager.

W. MOFFAT

Chief Inspector.

BRANCHES IN PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

Bolton, Cobalt, Essex, Fergus. Fonthill, Galt, Hamilton. Ingersall, Kenora. Listowel, London, New Liskeard, Niagara Falls, North Bay, Ottawa, Port Colbone. Ridgeway. Sault Ste. Marie, St. Catharines, St. Thomas, Toronto, Welland, Woodstock.

Woodstock. BRANCHES IN PROVINCE OF QUEBEC-Mont-BRANCHES IN PROVINCE OF QUEBEC—Montreal, Quebec.
BRANCHES IN PROVINCE OF MANITOBA—Brandon, Portage La Prairie, Winnipeg.
BRANCHES IN PROVINCE OF SASKATCHEWAN—Balgonie, Broadview, North Battleford, Prince Albert, Regina, Rosthern.
BRANCHES IN PROVINCE OF ALBERTA—Red Deer, Banff, Calgary, Edmonton, Strathcona, Wetaskiwin.

Deer, Bann, Caigary, Edinorical, Blanckin, Wetaskiwin.

BRANCHES IN PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA—Arrowhead, Cranbrook, Golden, Nelson, Revelstoke, Trout Lake, Vancouver, Victoria.

Agents:—London, Eng., Lloyds Bank Limited; New York, Bank of the Manhattan Co.

SAVINGS BANK.—Highest current rate of interest allowed on deposits from date of opening account and compounded half-yearly.

Provincial Bank of Canada. Head Office—Montreal, No. 7 Place d'Armes. BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

M. G. N. Ducharme, capitalist, of Montreal, President.

M. G. B. Burland, industrial, of Montreal, Vice-President.

Hon. Louis Beaubien, Ex-Minister of Agriculture, Director.

M. H. Laporte, of the firm Laporte, Martin & Cie., Director.

M. S. Carsley, proprietor of the firm "Carsley," Montreal, Director.

M. Tancrede Bienvenu, General Manager.

M. Ernest Brunel, Assistant-Manager.

M. A. S. Hamelin, Auditor.

BRANCHES:

M. A. S. Hamelin, Auditor.

BRANCHES:

Montreal:—\$16 Rachel St., corner St. Hubert;
Carsley Store; Z71 Roy St., St.
Louis de France; Eastern Abattoirs; 1138 Ontario St., corner Panel.

Berthierville, P.Q.; D'Israeli, P.Q.; Pierreville,
P.Q.; St. Anselme, P.Q.; St. Guillaume, d'Upton, P.Q.; Ste. Scholastique, P.Q.; Terrebonne,
P.Q.; Valleyfield, P.Q.

BOARD OF CENSORS, SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Sir Alexandre Lacoste, Chief Justice, President.
Docttor E. Persillier-Lachapelle, Vice-President.
Hon. Alf. A. Thibaudeau, of the firm Thibaudeau
Bros., Montreal.

Hon. Lomer Gouin, Minister of Public Works
and Colonization of the Province.
Doctor A. A. Bernard and Hon. Jean Girouard,
Legislative Councillor.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

Issue "Special certificate of deposits" at a rate of interest arising gradually to 4 per cent. per annum, according to terms.

Interest of 8 per cent. per annum paid on deposits payable on demand.

THE

HEAD OFF

THE

Church Stre Queen West Transacts Interest all from \$1 upv Drafts issu Canada and Sterling E

Henry J. Kavan H. Gerin-Lajoie Kavanagh

JAME

PROVING 7 Place d' Cable Address, "

ST

O

MONTRE She Canada

Kensington .. Otlawa The SS. Ott

Montreal to fifty-two minu Passengers have a view rence by dayl Rates of pass SS. Canada

SS. Dominion MODERA SS. KENSING S

Only one cla

ried (called see able and inexp Montreal to London, \$45 steamer.

Third-class p steamers at \$2 Great Britain nent.

DOM 17 St. S

Excel a Fir Suburban a

For Sa

Formerly kno On the line of the Pacific; fronting on on one side with she the Falls. Also two about 42 acres. APPLY TO THE

EDITOR AND PROPE JOURNAL OF MONT

BANKS.

BANK

QUEBEC 1822.\$3,000,000\$2,500,000

President
Vice-President
A. Marsh,
McDougall,

...Gen. Manager oke, Ont.

one, ont.
d, ont.
co, ont.
nigan Falls,
on Falls, ont.
orge, Beauce, Q.
iaville, Que.
darie, Que.
ohanie, Que.

Scotland. State National

the Republic.
Bank of British
tronal Bank.
nnais.

Canada,

...\$5,000,000 4,280,000 .. 4,280,000

... President.
... Vice-President.
ias Rogers,
rles Cockshutt,
illiam Whyte,
Richard Turner.

Richard Turner.
RONTO.
meral Manager.
meral Manager.
Chief Inspector.
OF ONTARIO.
Orthill, Galt, Hamowel, London, New
orth Bay, Ottawa,
Sault Ste. Marie,
Toronto, Welland,

F QUEBEC-Mont-

OF MANITOBA—

t, Winnipeg.
SASKATCHEWAN

North Battleford,
thern.
DF ALBERTA—Red

onton, Strathcona,

Golden Nelson , Golden, Nelson, ncouver, Victoria. ds Bank Limited; nhattan Co. urrent rate of in-from date of open-d half-yearly.

of Canada. 7 Place d'Armes. ECTORS.

alist, of Montreal al, of Montreal,

inister of Agricul-Laporte, Martin & the firm "Carsley,"

eneral Manager. nt-Manager. itor.

itor.
HES:
corner St. Hubert;
Roy St., St.
e; Eastern AbatSt., corner Panck.
P.Q.; Pierrevills,
Guillaume, d'Dy.
P.Q.; Terrebonns,

NGS DEPARTMENT Justice, Presiden lle, Vice-Presiden the firm Thibaude

of Public Works Province. Ion. Jean Girouard,

TMENT.
deposits" at a rate
to 4 per cent. per annum paid on de

THE

OF CANADA HEAD OFFICE & TORONTO BRANCH: 8 King Street, W. Church Street Branch: 78 Church Street.

THE CHARTERED BANKS.

HOME BANK

Queen West Branch: 522 Queen St., W. Transacts a General Banking Business.

Interest allowed on Savings Accounts from \$1 upwards.

Drafts issued on all principal points in Canada and the United States. Sterling Exchange Bought and Sold.

JAMES MASON, General Manager.

Legal Directory.

Henry J. Kavanagh, K.C. Paul Lacoste, LL.L. H. Gerin-Lajoie, K.C. Jules Mathieu, LL.B.

Kavanagh, Lajoie & Lacoste, -ADVOCATES,-

PROVINCIAL BANK BUILDING,

7 Place d'Armes, Montreal, Can. Cable Address, "Laloi." Bell Tel. Main 4800, 4801

Ocean Steamships

STEAMSHIPS.

MONTREAL TO LIVERPOOL. Short Sea Passage.

.. Oct. 6 Kensington Oct. 13

The SS. Ottawa holds the record from Montreal to Liverpool of seven days fifty-two minutes.

Passengers embarking at Montreal have a view of the majestic St. Lawrence by daylight.

Rates of passage. 1st class, 2nd class SS. Dominion 70.00 40.00 MODERATE RATE SERVICE.

SS. KENSINGTON. SS. SOUTHWARK SS. OTTAWA.

Only one class Cabin passengers carried (called second-class); most comfort able and inexpensive.

Montreal to Liverpool-\$42.50 to \$45; London, \$45 to \$47.50, according to steamer

Third-class passengers carried on all steamers at \$27.50 to principal ports in Great Britain and low rates to Conti-

> DOMINION LINE, 17 St. Sacrament St., Montreal.

a First-class Suburban and Summer Hotel

Excellent Site for

For Sale at Vaudreuil

Formerly known as Lothbiniere Point
On the line of the Grand Trunk and Canadian
Pacific; fronting on the St. Lawrence; clear stream
on one side with shelter for Boats above and below
the Falls. Also two islands adjoining. Area in all
about 44 acres.

APPLY TO THE OWNER,
M. S. FOLEY,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR
JOURNAL OF COMMERCE,"
WONTREAL

Hardware

CUTLERY

PRESENTATION GOODS Caverhill, Learmont & Co.

MONTREAL AND WINNIPEG.

Locks & Builders' Hardware



We manufacture and carry in stock the largest range of Builders' Hardware in Canada, suitable alike to trim churches, office buildings, or private houses.

> Write us for Catalogue, prices and terms.

The Gurney, Tilden Co. Ltd.

Hamilton, Canada

A PIPE FITTER

, In threading pipes, does more hard, exhausting work in an average day than any mechanic in other trades.

Our Pipe Die Reduces The Labor One-Half. Get our die and you will find this statement is not exagerated.

A. B. JARDINE & CO.,

HESPELER, ONT.

THE STEVENSON BOILER, MACHINE SHOP AND FOUNDRY WORKS AT PETROLIA, ONT., (now of twenty year's standing), continues to make Marine, Stationary and Portable Poilers of all kinds. The Canadian Oil Wells and Refiners and Mills in this section are nearly entirely supplied with Boilers and other Plate Work from this shop; while for well-drilling purposes it has sent many boilers to Germany, Austria, India an' Australia. It also makes Oil Stills, many bollers to Germany, Austria, India air. Austria. It also makes Oli Stills, Tanks, Bleachers and Agitators, Salt Pans, Steam Boxes for Stave and Hoop Mills, and any desired work in Plate or Sheet Steel or Iron, as well as all productions of Machine Shops, including Steam Engines and Castings in Iron and

Having a full outfit of machinery and tools, including Steam Riveter, and men of long experience, it invites comparison of the quality of its work, with any shop in Canada.

ARTHUR KAVANAGH, MANAGER.

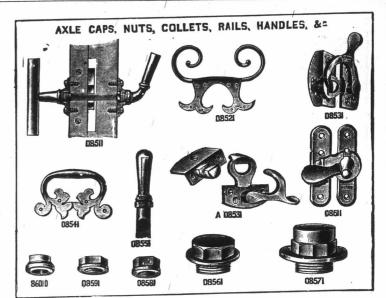
J. H. FAIRBANK, PROPRIETOR.

HENRY GREEN,

Close Silver and Electro Plater....

BRITTANIA CARRIAGE FURNITURE WORKS,

PRINCIP STREET, BIRMINGHAM, - Eng.



LEGAL DIRECTORY.

Price of Admission to this Directory is \$10 per annum.

NEW YORK STATE.

NEW YORK CITY David T. Davis (Counsellor and Attorney-at-Law.) Davis, Symmes & Schreiber

ONTARIO.

ARNPRIOR Thompson & Hunt AYLMER Miller & Blackhouse BELLEVILLE Geo. Denmark BLENHEIM R. L. Gosnell BOWMANVILLE.. R. Russell Loscombe BRANTFORD ... Wilkes & Henderson
BROCKVILLE H. A. Stewart .. A J. Reid CANNINGTON CARLETON PLACE.... Colin McIntosh DESERONTO Henry R. Bedford DURHAM J. P. Telford GANANOQUE J. C. Ross GODERICH E. N. Lewis HAMILTON. Lees, Hobson & Stephens
HAMILTON Staupton & O'Heir HAMILTON,

Gibson, Osborne, O'Reilly & Levy INGERSOLL Thos. Wells KEMPTVILLE T. K. Allan LEAMINGTON W. T. Easton LINDSAYMcLaughlin & McDiarmid LINDSAY Wm. Steers
LISTOWEL H. B. Morphy LISTOWEL H. B. Morphy LONDON... W. H. Bartram L'ORIGINAL.. J. Maxwell MITCHELL Dent & Thompson MOUNT FOREST W. C. Perry MORRISBURG Geo. F. Bradfield NEWMARKET Thos. J. Robertson NIAGARA FALLS Fred. W. Hill ORANGEVILLE.... W. J. L.McKay OSHAWA J. F. Grierson OWEN SOUND A. D. Creasor PETERBOROUGH Roger & Bennet

LEGAL DIRECTORY.

ONTARIO-Continued.

PORT ARTHUR David Mills PORT ELGIN J. C. Dalrymple
PORT HOPE . . . Chisholm & Chisholm PORT HOPE H. A. Ward PRESCOTT F. J. French, K.C. SARNIA A. Weir SHELBURNE John W. Douglas SMITH'S FALLS, Lavell Farrell & Lavell

ST. CATHARINES, E. A. Lancaster. M.P. ST. THOMASJ. S. Robertson STRATFORD .. MacPherson & Davidson TRENTON MacLellan & MacLellan TEESWATER John J. Stephens THORNBURY T. H. Dyre TILSONBURG Dowler & Sinclair TORONTO Jas. R. Roaf VANKLEEK HILL, F. W. Thistlethwaite WATFORD Fitzgerald & Fitzgerald WELLAND L. Clarke Raymond WINDSOR .. Patterson, Murphy & Sale WINGHAM Dickinson & Holmes WALKERTON A. Collins WALKERTON Otto F. Klein

QUEBEC.

BUCKINGHAM F. A. Baudry STANSTEAD Hon. M. F. Hackett SWEETSBURG F. X. A. Giroux

NOVA SCOTIA.

AMHERT Townshend & Rogers ANNAPOLIS ROYAL .. H. D. Ruggles BRIDGEWATER .. Jas. A. McLean, K.C. KENTVILLE Roscoe & Dunlop PORT HOOD S. Macdonnell MacECHEN & MacCABE,

Sydney -SYDNEY..... Burchell & McIntyre YARMOUTH E. H. Armstrong YARMOUTH ... Sandford H. Pelton

LEGAL DIRECTORY.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

CAMPBELLTON F. H. McLatchy SUSSEX White & Allison

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

CHARLOTTETOWN, McLeod & Bentley CHARLOTTETOWN .. Morson & Duffy

MANITOBA.

PILOT MOUND W. A. Donald SELKIRK James Heap

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

NEW WESTMINSTER-& VANCOUVER Martin, Weart & McQuarrie

NORTH-WEST TERRITORY.

CALGARY Lougheed & Bennets EDMONTON Harry H. Robertson. RED DEER, Alberta .. Geo. W. Greene

TORONTO, ONT.

JONES BROS & MACKENZIE, Barristers & Solicitors, Canada Permanent Chambers, Toronto

CLARKSON JONES. C. J. LEONARD. GEO. A. MACKENZIE,

English Agent: JOHN AP JONES, 99 Carnon St., London, Commissioner for N. Y., Illinois and other States.

Barristers and Attorneys at Law,
Notaries Public, etc. MacDONALD'S BLOCK, Sydney, CAPE BRETON, Nova Scotia.

Real Estate and Commercial Lew receive Special Attention Insula

QUALIT

Bitume



TORY.

TCK.

H. McLatchy

ISLAND.

eod & Bentley forson & Duffy

W. A. Donald . James Heap

IBIA.

VANCOUVER t & McQuarrie

RITORY.

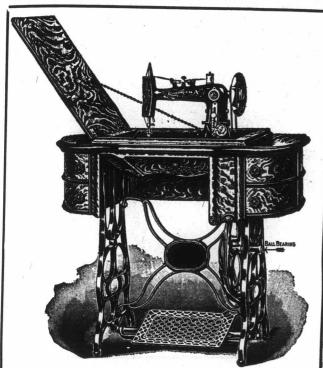
H. Robertson.

CNZIE,
ors,
ers, Torontol
ERLY'JONES,
LEONARD.

AP JONES, n St., London, and other States.

E, Law, otaries Public, etc dney, tia.

nial Attention



WE MAKE HIGH GRADE FAMILY

Sewing Machines

For the Merchant's Trade.

Write us for Prices and Terms. We can Interest you.

FOLEY & WILLIAMS M'F'G. CO.,

Factory and General Office:

CHICAGO,

ILLINOIS.

For Solid System Cable Troughs.

GENUINE TRINIDAD

=BITUMEN=

Prepared Refined Bitumen In Various Grades.

Insulating Compound for Joint Boxes, in Tins or Kegs.

Guaranteed Highest Test.

Special Cable Waxes, Ozokerit, Geresine, &c.

Cuts will be inserted as soon as received.

QUALITY ALWAYS RELIABLE.

LARGE STOCKS READY.

SAMPLES FREE

W. H. KEYS.

Bitumen Dep't, Hall End Works, WEST BROMWICH, Eng.

LONDON OFFICE: 101 LEADENHALL STREET, E.C.

Special Prices to Canadians under the New Tariff.



M

british Colum

8 per Debs. 21/2 p

Sha RAILWAY

Onebec Pro

100 Atlantic & P 1st 1 10 Buffalo & La do. 5½ Can. Central guar. Canadian Pa Do. 5 p.

Algon

Grand Trunk
2nd ec
1st pro
2nd. p
3rd pr
5 p.c.

O Great Weste

M. of Canad

Montreal &

Nore of Canal Quebec Cent

1st mon

00 City of Londo 00 City of Montr

100 City of Ottawi 100 City of Quebe redeem 19 redeem 19 100 City of Toron 3 1-2 per c

3 1-2 per 5 p.c. ge 4 p.c. st

Deb. scri

Canada Compa Canada North-

Hudson Bay ... Ba

Bank of Britis Bank of Montre Canadian Bank W. F. Woodward

M. Green

Woodward & Co.

Manufacturing Jewellers, Patentees, Etc.

Metal Belts, Buckles, Clasps, Millinery Ornaments, Novelties, Silver Salts, Trays, Etc.

35 Albion Street, Birmingham, Eng.

		-	-	
SECURITIES.				ndon pt 20.
British Columbia, 1907, 6 p.c		10	01	103
1917, 4½ p.c. 1941, 8 p.c. Canada, 4 per cent. loan, 1910			03	105 87 102
8 per cent. loan, 1938		98		99
Debs., 1909, 3½ p.c 2½ p.c. loan, 1947 Manitoba, 1910, 5 p.c		101 8 10	8	102½ 85 105
Shs RAILWAY AND OTHER STOCK	8			•
Quebec Province, 1906, 5 p.c 1919, 4½ p.c. 1912, 5 p.c. 190 Atlantic & Nth. West. 5 pc. gua.		102 103		104 105
160 Atlantic & Nth. West. 5 p.c. 181 M. Bonds. 18 Buffalo & Lake Huron, £10 shr. 60. 5½ p.c. bonds. Can. Central 6 p.c. M. Bds. Int.		119 13 136		121 134 138
can. Central 6 p.c. M. Bds. Int. Can. Central 6 p.c. M. Bds. Int. Canadian Pacific, \$100 Do. 5 p.c. bonds Do. /4 p.c. deb. stock Algoma 5 p.c. bonds		184 108 111 103/ 119	1	184# 110 113 104 121
Grand Trunk, Georgian Bay, &c.				
Mode Grand Trunk of Canada ord. stock	1 1 1 1	27 8 19 21 1 13 1 67 8 33 09 31	1	27 ½ 122 121 ¼ 114 ¼ 67 ½ 135 11 xd 33
100 M. of Canada Stg. 1st M., 5 p.e 100 Montreal & Champlain 5 p.c. 1st	1	02	1	104
mtg bonds	10	96 01 03	1	108 103 105
8t. Law. & Ott. 4 p.c. bonds	10			118 05
Municipal Loans.				
100 City of London, Ont. 1st prf 5 p.c. 100 City of Montreal, stag., 5 p.c	i		·. 1	02
100 City of Ottawa, red. 1912, 4½ p.c. 100 City of Quebec, 6 p.c. red'm 1906	10	_		03
100 City of Ottawa, red. 1913, 4½ p.c. 100 City of Quebec, 6 p.c. red'm 1906 redeem 1908, 6 p.c. 100 City of Toronto, 4 p.c. 1922-28. 3 1-2 per cent. 1929, 5 p.c. gen. con. deb., 1919-20. 4 p.c. stg. bonds 100 City of Winnipeg deb. 1914, 5 p.c. Deb. script., 1907, 6 p.c.	10 10 9 10 9 10 10	1 2 3 5 9	10 10 10 10	
Miscellaneous Companies				

HAM.

S. A. WEST

MANUFACTURER OF

Petroleum
Wall and
Hanging
Lamps,
Lanterns, etc.
and General
Tin-Plate
Worker.







WILLIAM FORD



Well known as the Champion barrel borer, Borer of the Winning Guns at the great London Field Trial of 1875 and 1879. Borer and Maker of all the trial Guns for Kynoct perfect Cases. Challenged the world for boring in 1884.

W. Ford's celebrated Guns may be obtained through all gun dealers. Any kind of gun made to erder.

St. Mary's Row. Birmingham, Eng.

INVESTMENTS.

Opportunities for safe investments in Canada at 4 to 5 per cent. Correspondence invated.

Address: INTEREST,

P. O. Box 576,

Montreal, Canada.



Leading Manufacturers, Etc.

Scribbling Pads

10 FOR 10 CENTS.

LARGER SIZE

5 FOR 25 CENTS.

MORTON, PHILLIPS & Co.

Stationers, Blank Book Makers and Printers.

115-117 Notre Dame St., West, MONTREAL.

Telegraphic Address: "HARNESS, BIRMINGHAM,"

For Home and Colonis Markets.

MARNESS, Four-in-Hand,, Tandem, Pair, Brougham, Dog Cart. Buggy, Gig, Cob, Cab and Pony, Mule, 10 and 6 Span.

SADDLERY, Hunting, Riding, Polo, Racing.

CLOTHING, Whips, Hunting Crops, Rugs, Bandages, and every Stable Requisite.

34 JOHN BRIGHT STREET,

Birmingham, / -

Special Prices to Canadians under the New Tariff, 33 1-3 per cent. in favour of England.

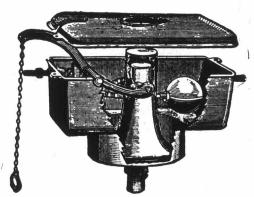
HALL & RICE, Ltd.

West Bromwich.

• The "Typhoon"

WELL BOTTOM CISTERN

WATER WASTE PREVENTER



Special Prices to Canadians under the New Tariff.

O. Haddleton & Son,



Plate and Sheet Glass Merchants and Importers.

Embossers, Bevellers, Silverers Glaziers, Leaded Lights, Bril-liant Cutters, Whole-sale Overmantel Ma-

WORKS:

St. Peter's Place, OFFICE:

St. Martin's Row

BIRMINGHAM,

England,

Specialities: All kinds of Mirrors for Silversmiths.

Special Prices to Canadians under the New Tariff.

l'elegraphic Address: "HELICAL, WEST BROMWICH."

EST BROMWICH SPRING CO., LTD.,

CONTRACTORS TO THE WAR OFFICE



MANUFACTURERS OF Springs for Agricultural Implements, Springs and Spring Washers of every description.

PLEASANT STREET,

West Bromwich, ENGLAND.

Canada

Contract

Super

Any ordina

NICK

m

"KRON

34, 35 €

FOR QUALITY AND PURITY BUY

"EXTRA GRANULATED"

And the other grades of Refined Sugars of the old and reliable brand of



MANUFACTURED BY

Canada Sugar Refining Co., Limited,

MONTREAL

Contractors to His Majesty's Government.

Established 1825.



ELISHA JEFFRIES

& SON,

Bridge Street and Lower Rushall Street,

WALSALL. England.

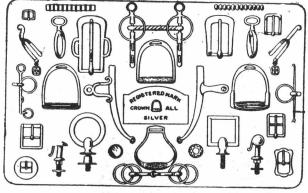
Super London Collar.

Any ordinary collar despatched on receipt of order.

Please Address in Full.

H. FROST & CO., Limited,

NICKEL BRASS and MALLEABLE IRONFOUNDERS,



Manufacturers of Every Description of

STIRRUPS, SPURS,

BITS.

HARNESS FURNITURE and GENERAL BUCKLES

HAMES
a Speciality.

Made in "Crown-All" Silver, "Frostine,"

"KRONAND" NICKEL SILVER, BRASS, SUPER STEEL, POLISHED,

NICKEL PLATED, TINNED, Etc.,

FOR ALL MARKETS.

34, 35 and 36 Fieldgate, - WALSALL, England.

Special Prices to Canadians under the New Tariff.

OURNAL OF COMMERCE COMMERCE OF THE COMMERCE AND ALL INSURANCE DEVICENCE OF THE COMMERCE OF THE

DEVOTED TO

Commerce, Finance, Insurance, Railways, Manufacturing, Mining and
Joint Stock Enterprises.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

SUBSCRIPTION.

 Canadian Subscribers
 \$3 a year

 British Subscribers
 £1 Stg.

 American
 \$3 a year

 Single Copies
 25c each

 Extra
 (5 to 50)
 20c

 "
 (50 to 100)
 15c

 "
 (100 and over)
 10c

Editorial and Business Offices: M. S. FOLEY,

M. S. FOLEY, 132 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL. Editor, Publisher and Proprietor.

We do not undertake to return unused manuscripts.

COMMERCIAL SUMMARY.

Merchants, Manufacturers and other business men should bear in mind that the "Journal of Commerce" will not accept advertisements through any agents not specially in its employ. Its circulation—extending to all parts of the Dominion renders it the best advertising medium in Canada—equal to all others combined, while its rates do not include heavy commissions.

-Winnipeg building permits for the past nine months total \$10,500,000.

—A deputation of Ontario farmers are urging the Government to pass legislation enforcing a 2-cents-a-mile rate on railways.

The First Russian Assurance Company of St. Petersburg has taken preliminary steps to enter the United States for re-insurance business.

The C.P.R. inaugurated a scheme by which every pound of freight or express on its lines is insured, claiming the distinction of the first move of the kind in the railroad world.

Evidence of the Guelph railway wreck inquest shows that in one case at any rate overwork had much to do with the disaster. Coroners should turn on the light in regard to this feature wherever inquests are being held.

Paul O. Stensland, to whose confessed embezzlement of \$400,000 was due chiefly the collapse of the Milwaukee Avenue State Bank, of which he was president, was sentenced to serve from one to ten years in the penitentiary. On Stensland's arrival in Chicago from Morocco, whither he fled before the bank failed, the former bank president pleaded guilty and received sentence.

ads

NTS.

ZE :nts.

& Co.

cers and

, West,

_td.

RN VENTER

riff.

wich."

Springs tion.

AND.

Many Printers use

GITTINGS, HILLS & BOOTHBY'S



Perhaps YOU don't!---Try them and you will!

The Text and Ads. of many papers are printed with our

Dense Cut Black.

Absolutely THE BEST 60 cts. BLACK. Testimonials from all who have used it.

Tower Works, Aston, Birmingham., ENG.

12 Crane Court, Fleet St.

LONDON, E.O., Eng.

Canadians supplied 333 per cent, less than other countries.

- -The Bank of Hamilton have opened branches at Salmon Arm, B.C., and Carrievale, Sask.
- -Branches of the Union Bank of Canada have been opened at Learnington, Ont., and Dauphin, Man.
- .—Fire insurance business in France during 1905, as reported from 19 companies was:—Net premiums, \$25,340,656; cations \$12,696,924.
- The mineral output of British Columbia for 1905, was valued at \$22,461,325, an increase of \$3,483,966 over 1904. The value of the output of gold was \$5,902,402.
- -Gross earnings of all railroads in the United States reporting to September 29, \$22625,021, an increase of 10.6 per cent. over the corresponding time last year.
- —The population of Kingston is 18,424; an increase of 200. The assessment totals \$7,967,822, also an increase. The exemptions reach \$3,360,425, or about half the total assessment.
- —The Banque Nationale will issue \$500,000 of new stock, increasing its paid-up capital from \$1,500,000 to \$2,000,000. The dividend on the bank's stock has been increased to 7 per cent.
- —Ottawa Clearing House, total returns for week ending September 27, \$2,368,733, corresponding week last year \$2,415,230.—London Clearing House, total clearings for week ending September 27, 1906, \$1,022,326.

- —Winnipeg bank clearings for the month of September this year show a total of \$42.557,446, an increase of 66 per cent. compared with the same month last year, when total was \$28,733,339; 1904 total was \$20,416.666.
- -Customs collections on imports at the port of Montreal during the month of September amounted to \$1,164.256.90, as compared with \$1,077,133/41 in the corresponding period of last year, being an increase of \$87,123.49.
- —A German-American bank will shortly be established in Berlin, the chief partners of which will be the Darmstaedter Bank and the New York firm of Thalmann and Ladenburg. At the commencement, the new bank will do business with the United States and Canada only.
- —General Manager Spencer, of the James Bay Railway, announced that they would inaugurate its service between Foronto and Parry Sound on October 10. When asked if it would be only an official trip, Mr. Spencer said: "No; we will be prepared to accept passengers between these points."
- —During the month of September the customs revenue of the Dominion amounted to \$4,657,412, an increase of \$741,394 over the corresponding month of last fall. During the three months that have already elapsed of the current financial year the customs collections have been \$12,835,743, an increase of \$1,506.072.
- —The report of the assessment commissioner gives the population of Toronto this year at 238,642, and figuring on the natural increase, the population next year will be 253,720. The total assessment for 1907 is \$185,713,845, an increase of \$17,852,090. The exemptions have reached the figure of \$26,876,200.

TO



With .

—The M Ohio, faile that all d great exci people. T in his absobeen made

—The Imprices on a This is said months, an modity upon season.

—The Insson-in-law, "internation fences in Ci drew Gray cruit is a se of the commuterested in the commuter of the commuter of

The tot was 4.174, a steaders, 742 97 Canadian cans. 625 En the 1.300 hor North Dakos area patente

The Rhin to let all suitorney Van pleading of a managers thin U.S. can be assets are, company can aroused and it

Car short west, and it leading elevat the blockade farmers must provision for age La Prairi been received loaded with fi

TOWNSEND & WILLIAMS, Birmingham, Eng. sole manufacturers of the improved walking stick gun.



With Detachable Butts and Safety Bolts. Central Fire, to use Eley's or other specified makes of Cartridges .410, 28 and 20 bore.



With Buckhorn or Buffalo Horn Handle, Silver-mounted. Best make. .410 bore only.

Above stick guns are steel throughout, enamelled to imitate Malacca cane. / Perfectly reliable and shoot accurate.

Special Prices to Canadians under the New Tariff.

The Middleport Bank, a private institution at Middleport, Ohio, failed to open its doors on September 28. It is stated that all deposits, amounting to \$115,000, are missing, and great excitement prevails. Most of the depositors are poor people. The president of the bank, E. C. Fox, is away, and in his absence no official statement of the condition has yet been made.

—The International Salt Co., of New York, has raised its prices on all grades of salt approximately 60 cents per ton. This is said to be the third raise within a period of three months, and yet another is expected which will place the commodity upon a price basis equal to the top notch figure of last season. The reasons given for the latest advance are the shutting down of two of the largest producing plants.

—The Insurance Times of New York says:—The President's son-in-law, Mr. Nicholas Longworth, is still secretary of the "international policy-holders' committee," but his political fences in Cincinnati need attention, and as a consequence Andrew Gray has been appointed acting secretary. The new recruit is a son of Judge George Gray, of Delaware, who is one of the committee's members. Congressman Longworth is interested in votes af a different type just at present.

—The total number of homestead entries during the month was 4.174, an increase of 423. Of the total number of homesteaders, 742 were Canadians from Optario, 79 from Quebec, 97 Canadians returned from the United States, 1,212 Americans. 625 English. 128 Scotch, 55 Irish and 210 Hollanders. Of the 1.300 homesteaders from the United States. 303 were from North Dakota. There was a decrease of 320,930 acres in the area patented during the month, as compared with July, 1905.

The Rhine and Moselle Insurance Co. of Germany proposes to let all suits against it in San Francisco go by default. Attorney Van Ness, who has been acting for it, says that no pleading of any character is to be interposed. The company's managers thing that no judgment obtained against it in the U.S. can be enforced in Germany, where practically all of its assets are. Mr. Van Ness says he also believes that the company cannot get a fair trial on account of the sentiment aroused and the hostility of the newspapers.

—Car shortage is a very genereal complaint throughout the west, and it is stated on the authority of an agent of the leading elevator firm that where are twenty-two points where the blockade is so complete that buying has ceased and the farmers must haul their wheat elsewhere or make their own provision for storing. From the village of Bagot near Portage La Prairie, comes the complaint that only one car has been received there so far this season, and it was shipped there loaded with freight, but when emptied was filled with wheat.

—Immigration into Canada for the month of July shows a considerable increase over the immigration for July, 1905. There arrived through ocean ports, 13,207, an increase of 4,096 over the arrivals for July, 1905; and from the United States 4,969, an increase of 1,836. Thus the total arrivals were 18,-176, as against 12,244 in July last year.

—It is announced that the United States Steel Corporation is about to erect a plant for the manufacture of cement at North Bessemer, on the Bessemer and Lake Erie R. R. About 700 men will be employed. The cement will be a byproduct of the steel industry, and will be made from the slag at the Edgar Thomson mills at Braddock, and the Carry furnace at Rankin. Experiments on the commercial disposition of the slag which has heretofore been a waste product of the manufacture of the steel have been carried on for several years.

—France is going to do away with her coppers. From the beginning of next December copper money will gradually be withdrawn from circulation and be replaced by pennies and half-pennies in nickel. The shape and size of the new coins have not yet been decided on, but the Minister of Finance is considering several types, and it is thought probable that the coins will be about the size of a shilling and a sixpence respectively. They will most likely be made with a hole through them, or with flat edges, so that they shall not be mistaken for france by careless people.

The case of Joseph Phillips, of the York County Loan, is one of a long list that have yet to be tried. Crown Attorney Drayton's programme so far gives no indication when Phillips will be tried. Mr. Drayton and his staff, although in possession of all the evidence taken at the police-court, have taken all the books of the concern, and of the Liszt Piano Co., and are going over them minutely. When the police-court examinations are analyzed, it is said, they do not furnish the basis for laying the charge that Mr. Drayton seeks to allege. If this is the case, the trial of Phillips may be postponed till the December sittings.

—Some figures have been prepared recently by the London Times showing the value of the trade of the great ports of the world, from which it appears that the trade of London is worth \$1.425,(00,000 a year, while that of Liverpool stands at \$1,387,500,000. These figures for the other great ports are as follows: New York \$1,105,000,000; Hamburg (including the coasting trade), \$1,150,000,000; Marseilles \$930,000,000; Antwerp (inclusive of river and canal traffic) \$750,000,000; Calcutta \$295,000,000; Bombay \$255,000,000; Singapore \$215,000,000; and Sydney \$190,000,000. It should be noted that the figures for the two great British ports do not include the value of the coasting trade.

leet St. Eng.

tember this per cent. al was \$28,-

of Montreal 4.250.90, as riod of last

ablished in armstaedter Ladenburg. ss with the

Railway, an-

etween Fo-

asked if it

No; we will ints."

Tenue of the 741,394 over three months all year the

ease of \$1,-

es the popuring on the pe 253,720. increase of ure of \$26,

TERRY'S PATENT SPRING EXERCISERS,

Developers, Chest Expanders, Grips, &c., &c.



TERRY'S GRIP Finger, Hand, Wrist, and Arm Exerciser.

No. 9.1.2.3. 3/per Pair.
No. 4. 3/6

This is a splendid grip, and a good profitable selling line.

SEND FOR PRICES, SAMPLES, TERMS. ALSO OTHER GOODS.

Good A~ents wanted for Canada

Herbert Terry & Sons, Redditch, Eng.

CABLES: - "NOVELTY, REDDITCH."

ESTABLISHED 1955

Good Agents wanted for Canada

—This year will go down in history as a record for disasters and catastrophes of various kinds, earthquakes and accidents by sea and land. The great damage by hurricanes at Mobile, Ala.; Pensacola, Fla.; and in the Gulf of Mexico, the typhoon in the China Seas, the railway accident at Salisbury. England, in July, and at Granthaun a few days ago, and the earthquakes of San Francisco and Chili, are among the most noticeable of such events. The typhoon was unusually destructive both of life and property. Few people realize the enormous number of lives lost in China by these outbreaks of nature. From time to time we read despatches reporting floods or storms in which many houses or boats are stated to have been destroyed. Such items are often passed without any thought of what they imply in regard to the loss of life.

—Colonel W. P. Anderson, of the Marine Department, has been appointed to cooperate with the Canadian section of the International Waterways Commission in locating the international boundary through Lake Erie and placing buoys along it. It is the desiré of the United States and the Canadian Governments that this may/be done to put a restriction upon the poaching of fishermen and to make it certain that when nets are seized they are in forbidden waters. It is expected this will prevent future/international complications in the case of seizures, of which there has been a good deal of apprehension in the past. The commission will have to settle a dispute as to the location of the boundary, due to errors of description in the treaty of Ghent, before the buoys can be placed.

-Recent shipments of apples from the port of Montreal included the following for the week ended Sept. 28th:-

											В	arreis.
Т	o'	Glasgow.	Sept	eml	er	27t	h					17.913
		Liverpool		••		281	h					14.188
		Mancheste	er			231	1			,		2,409
		London				26t	h					635
		Bristol		"		26	t h					528
, ·	••	South Af	rica .				٠.					1.523
The fol	lle	owing ship	ped	via	Ne	w Y	or	k :	_		В	arre!s.
Т	o'	Liverpool										5,270
9		London								. ,	٠,	2,831
	"	Glasgow.	,									6,086

" Hamburg................

—The Mexican Bank of Commerce and Industry opened its doors on September 1 in the City of Mexico, with a capital of \$10.000.000. The charter is to extend for forty years from date of authorization. It stipulates that the new bank cannot make loans or discounts for a term exceeding six months, or on less than two signatures or good collateral. After September 11, 1911, the amount of loans made by the bank to mining, industrial or agricultural companies shall not exceed 20 per cent. of the paid-up capital. The capital of this bank is distributed among subscribers as follows:—Deutsche Bank of Berlin \$3,500,000; Speyer and Company, New York, \$3,500,000; National Bank of Mexico, \$1,000,000, and business houses of Mexico City, \$2,000,000.

-Shoplifting in the big department stores of New York is not only on the increase, but it has become an organized mat-There are 50 shoplifting cases pending trial, and it is complained that the courts are too lenient in dealing with this class of offenders. A legal representative of the retail dry goods association asserts that detectives in the employ of the merchants have discovered that there are at least three organized gangs of shoplifters in the big city. One is composed of thieving Syrians, another is an Italian gang, and the third is made up of Spanish Jews. Each gang is composed of both men and women, and goods are stolen by one of the thieves and secreted on the person of another. These gangs are orand secreted on the person of another. ganized upon business principles. Each has a sinking fund, out of which bail is furnished, and counsel retained and paid. It would seem, says the Springfield Republican, as if the bar association might take a hand in the exposure and expulsion of lawyers who do such a business as that.

BRIDLE BUCKLES, &c. ESTABLISHED 1819.



James Westley,
UNION STREET NAIL
and BUCKLE WORKS,
WALSALL, England.
SADDLE NAILS,
STAPLES, and DRES.





The o pect to be their plan creditors carried on the credit into the h the situati Calumet: losses are loss, the co amount. scribed we Policyholde met with a settlement pany's bool

The ana

tained in tl shows that 185,116 wor \$168,798,376 On the other valued at \$ or 54.12 per 406 worth, United State \$79.257,600 v ports were i 569,190 free. over one-hal duty while t which pays breadstuffs a last, seven n of which \$5,4 Electrici

has long been is a possibility covery, as in accident. A an electrical metal rods in the observed of the insects in was argued frustering in k made. To a this invention

attachment by

ciser.

pany's books.

R. OLDFIELD,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Ship, Railway and Hand Lanterns.

Speciality:

OPTICAL and PHOTOGRAPHIC LAMPS.

Warwick St., Bordesley, BIRMINGHAM, England.



The officers of the Calumet Insurance Co. of Chicago ex-, pect to be able to tell by the end of the present week whether their plan of dividing a sum of \$500,000 pro rata among the creditors in full settlement of all claims can be successfully carried out. Failing the concurrence of a sufficient number of the creditors the directors threaten to throw the company into the hands of a receiver. The following statement upon the situation was made by W. D. Pringle, attorney for the calumet:—"The company's net liabilities for San Francisco losses are in the neighbourhood of \$1,000,000. To meet this loss, the company has a net surplus of less than one-third the amount. When this amount of \$500,000 was voluntarily subscribed we strongly advised our creditors to accept it." The Policyholders' League is looking into the affairs of the Calumet with a view to advising its members upon the terms of settlement proposed by the stockholders. In all probability a representative will be sent to Chicago to look into the com-

-The analysis of Canada's trade for the last fiscal year contained in the report of the Trade and Commerce Department shows that of our total imports of \$283,263,805, we took \$69,-185,116 worth, or 24.42 per cent. from Great Britain, and \$168,798,376 worth, or 59.59 per cent., from the United States. On the other hand, of our total exports of home product, valued at \$235,483,956, Great Britain took \$127,456,471 worth, or 54.12 per cent., while the United States took but \$83,564, 406 worth, or 35.68 per cent. Canada's imports from the United States consisted of \$89,540.576 worth of dutiable, and 879.257,600 worth of free goods. From Great Britain our imports were in the proportion of \$52,597,326 dutiable, and \$16,-569,190 free. In other words, only 53 per cent,, or not much over one-half of our imports from Great Britain which pays duty while the proportion of our imports from Great Britain which pays duty is 74 per cent., or nearly three-fourths. Of breadstuffs alone, we imported during the year ended June 30th last, seven million dollars' worth for consumption in Canada, of which \$5,472,819 is listed as free.

Electricity as a possible motor-power for farm implements has long been a cherished dream. It now appears that there is a possibility of its being used as an insecticide. The discovery, as in the case of most valuable discoveries, was due to accident. A Monaco (France) engineer, while working with an electrical machine in the open air, had occasion to insert metal rods in the ground and connect them with a dynamo. He observed that, as soon as the current was turned on, all the insects in the ground hurriedly came to the surface. It was argued from this that a stronger current might be found effectual in killing the insects, and further experiments were made. To a Russian has come the greatest success so far. His invention is to place a dynamo on a handcart, with an attachment by which the electricity runs to the ground, when

the cart moves, and it has been found that all insects so reached by the current have been killed as by lightning. venter is confident that he can perfect his apparatus so that it may be utilized in killing insects on plants and trees. Should he prove successful, the question of how to produce electricity in an inexpensive way will become a pertinent one.

The awakening of the policyholders of the great life insurance companies is not at all detrimental. Men who have been carrying insurance for years and paying no attention whatever to the operations of insurance companies, simply paying their premiums and allowing their proxies to vote as they please, have been aroused, and with the new order of things each policyholder is receiving constant reminders that he is a policyholder and has rights in the conducting of the company. It does not necessarily mean that a policyholder having been awakened to look after his interests is going to cast his vote during the December elections for some new man or set of men, but it does mean that he is going to acquaint himself with the facts, and having the power to vote will exercise it in his own best interests. The policyholder who has been receiving the benefits from his investment in life insurance in the form of dividend returns or additions to his policy, and who has been satisfied that he has been treated squarely in the past, says the N.Y. Insurance Journal, is likely to vote for the ticket which contains the names of men who have knowledge of the business and are able to conduct its affairs, so that his dividends may continue and his policy increase in value, rather than for the placing of new and untried men in charge of a business they know nothing about.

VALE & BRADNACK.

Orown Steam Brush Works. WALSALL, England.

Manufacturers of the "DEFIANCE" **Brand of Saddlery** Brushes. Including



DANDY (Registered Pattern), WATER BRUSHES. with Secure Bracks, SPOKE BRUSHES, with Leather Face and Secure Backs, COMPO, HORSE, etc,

Specialité: LEATHER HORSE BRUSHES. Special Prices for Canadians under the New Tariff. W

fitable

Agents ted_for

nada

opened its a capital of years from bank cansix months. al. After the bank to not exceed of this bank tsche Bank

ork, \$3,500,-

ness houses

ew York is ganized matl, and it is ng with this e retail dry ploy of the st three oris composed nd the third esed of both the thieves angs are orinking fund, ed and paid. s if the bar nd expulsion



The Standard Assurance Co.

OF EDINBURGH.

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA,

.. \$55,401,612.00 INVESTED FUNDS INVESTMENTS UNDER CANADIAN RANCH 17,000,000.00 7,128.581.00

(WORLDWIDE POLICIES.) Apply for full particulars, D. M. McGOUN, Manager. WM. H. CLARK, KENNEDY, Secretary.



THE CANADA LIFE PAID policyholders or their representatives in 1905 \$3.272,000, against similar payments of \$4 954,000, by the twenty one other Canadian Companies.



NORTHERN

Assurance Co., of London, Eng. INCOME AND FUNDS 1905. \$48,560,000



Capital and Accumulated Funds,

Annual Revenue from Fire and Life Premiums and from Interest on Invested Funds...... \$8 150,000

Deposited with Dominion Government for security of policy-holders

Head Offices:—London and Aberdeen.

Branch Office for Canada, wontreal. 88 Notre Dame St. West,

Manager for Canada: ROBERT W. TYRE.

aledonian... INSURANCE CO.

The Oldest Scottish Fire Office.

PHŒNIX

OF LONDON, ENG

Established in 1804

No. 164 St. James St.

MONTREAL, P.Q.

PATERSON & SON.

City Agents: E. A. Whitehead & Co. A. Simard. S. Mondou, E. Lamontagne.

Canadian Brance

Agents for the Do

ASSURANCE

Established in 1732,

Canadian Head Office. - MONTREAL.

R. WILSON-SMITH

Fin ancial Agent

Government, Municipal and Railway First cla Securities bought and sold. Securities suitable for Trust Funds always on hand. Trust Estates managed. GUARDIAN BUILDING

160 St. James St. - MONTREAL.

FIRE

LIFE Established 1865 MARINE

Ross Robertson & Sons,

General Insurance Agents and Brokers.

Bell Telephone Bldg., Montreal. P. O. Box 994.

Telephone Main 1277 Private Office, Main 2822

THE CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.

MONTREAL, OCTOBER 5, 1906.

STEEL AND IRON PRODUCTION.

The boom of the past year in iron and steel products in the United States shows little or no signs of abating. During the last few weeks prices of No. 2 Northern foundry iron with Bessemer also 1907 delivery, were \$18.50 per ton at the furnace; basic was 25c below to 25c above. These are subject to \$1 to \$1.50 on such orders as may succeed in being filled on the basis of 1906 delivery. All expectation of a runaway market has been dissipated, for not only are the larger makers acting in concert to prevent any such development, but some little iron purchased on speculation during the mid-summer slump is beginning to dribble out, and from this time onward production is to gradually increase.

The demand for steel products keeps up, and makers of steel billets and bars, plates and structural materials, are short of supplies. Quite as much effort is being made to prevent prices from shooting upward in the more active grades of steel products as in any grades of pig-iron, but when one considers the heavy preSimplicity

Liberality_

Security

ARE THE THREE DISTINCTIVE
- CHARACTERISTICS OF THE

New Policy ContractOF THE....

IMPERIAL LIFE ASSURANCE GOMPANY.

WRITE FOR PARTICULARS.

112 St. James St.

MONTREAL.

miums charged over and above prices for billets, it may as well be admitted that quotations are nominal rather than actual. These conditions, therefore, in the industrial and commercial worlds, when supplemented with the abundance promised by wheat and corn and cotton growers, are what is so persistently given out as backing up the boom in Wall Street, concerning which it requires more than ordinary discernment to be able to discriminate between inflation due to artifice and that which is not.

The British Board of Trade has just issued statistics showing the production and consumption of iron ore and pig-iron, and the production of steel in the United Kingdom and the principal countries of the world in 1905, and other recent years. The developments in the U.S. have been quite remarkable, the production of pigiron having risen from nearly 9 1-2 millions of tons in 1895 to nearly 23 million tons in 1905. In the same period, the increase in Germany was from 5,367,000 tons to 10,700,000, while the production in the U.K. rose from 7,703,000 tons to nearly 9,600,000 tons.

LAV

able proper

Agents wan

It migh blame atta due to alt selfishness common a certainly i thoroughfa respect me and remov months of and as for care, the 1 mount furi however, s should be

The freq

the repairi

well have b

ending tro

the patience that citizen men and c poorly-paid and "trotte with those Toronto an cipal street grumble at, cago must than they a be seen in t inside a wi the princip pecially, on quently spa though Bro the noise a a continual wee sma' h

At a sease ercise these and as the best to avo is not too take a look stead of by would be be the subject They would

Ltd Y.,

dian Brance

SON.

NCE CO. ire Offi**ce**. ONTREAL

MITH

and Railway First class st Funds altes managed. NG

IONTREAL.

ecurity

act

OMPANY.

NTRHAL.

llets, it may minal rather n the indusnented with and cotton out as backng which it o be able to ice and that

ed statistics of iron ore the United he world in ments in the ction of pigas of tons in In the same m 5,367,000 in the U.K. 00 tons.

(FOUNDED 1825.)

LAW UNION & CROWN

INSURANCE COMPANY,

(OF LONDON.)

Assets exceed,

Fire risks accepted on most every description of insurable property.

Agents wanted throughout

\$24,000,000

Canadian Head Office :

112 St. James St., MONTREAL. J. E. E. DICKSON, MANAGER.

CIVIC HINTS.

It might be interesting to know how much of the blame attached/to the city Government of Montreal is due to altruistic motives and what proportion to mere selfishness or that general tendency to fault-finding so common among many of those who have votes. There certainly is room for improvement in nearly all the thoroughfares of our cities, but Montreal suffers in this respect more than common. The frequent chopping and removals/of packed snow during two or three months of the year are not intelligently performed; and as for the sidewalks, which depend upon individual care, the result is still worse. The suburb of Westmount furnishes a worthy example in the latter respect. however, she may deal with incapable officials who should be worthy of a generous pension by this time.

The frequent tearing up of well-paved main streets for the repairing of water and drain pipes, which might as well have been run along the lanes, is a source of neverending trouble to traffic and a tax upon the purses and the patience of the citizens. But notwithstanding all that citizens complain of and that wide-awake aldermen and contractors urge upon the ubiquitous though poorly-paid reporters and their directors, the streets and "trottoirs" of our large cities compare favourably with those of other cities. As in the case of Montreal, Toronto and other Canadian cities, while even the principal streets leave something for the fault-finders to grumble at, those who visit Boston, New York and Chicago must admit that we are no worse off in our ways than they are. Wooden plank footways, which are yet to be seen in the very heart of Chicago, are almost unknown inside a wide centre in Montreal. No one can walk the principal streets even of London, the Strand especially, on a rainy or misty day without being frequently spattered with mud by passing vehicles, and although Broadway New York is clean to pedestrians, the noise and rattle over the stone-block pavements is a continual trial upon the nerves from which even "the wee sma' hours ayont the twal" bring no respite.

At a season of the year that invites to pedestrian exercise these matters come home to us more directly; and as the time approaches when we must study how best to avoid the false economies of former years, it is not too early for the road and park committee to take a look around; and they had better go afoot instead of by horse-vehicles or tramway-cars if they would be better equipped for intelligent discussions on the subject allotted them in their civic capacities. They would find, for example, that it is not invariably

Six Months Gain.

IN THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF 1906

Mutual Reserve Life Insurance Co.

FREDERICK A. BURNHAM, of New York, GEO. D. ELDRIDGE, President.

Gained in Surplus, \$41,696.43

 Surplus, June 30, 1906,
 113,342.06

 Paid to Policyholders over
 66,000,000.00

The exhibit of first year's expenses submitted by the Company to the Legislative Investigating Committee shows the lowest ratio of expense to expense margin of all companies doing a general business.

Capable Men, with or without experience, can secure the very best agency contracts. Andress Agency Department. Industrial Agents, address Provident Department, Mutual Reserve Building, 305, 307, 309 Broadway, New York.

the streets where there is most traffic that obtain the earliest attention; that pitch-holes which occur in other seasons than winter could be repaired by a wheel-barrowful of "scrap" by which "stitch-in-time" they could save nine-fold; that our mountain, park is in many places being damaged by wanton lads or youths who feel they must try the temper of their pocket-knives upon the bark of the saplings and some older growths, and that wild flowers are being plucked at a rate that must soon banish them entirely. The equestrian (also pedestrian) pathway from near the west end of Cedar Avenue, upward to the drive, is a glaring example, one to which the attention of the park-ranger should be directed, who, by the way, must be complimented on the gay parterres he maintains beside the old embowered homestead.

In our carping moments we should not forget that the terraced slopes of our mountain-than which no city can boast a more beautiful environment—were caused in past ages by the very changes and conditions which render road-making so difficult, and that it is also largely between these slopes that are found the uncertain subsoils, quicksands, clays and thin layers of gravel so well known to builders of large houses in many localities in Montreal.

HIGH FINANCE OVER THE BORDER.

It is a difficult matter to get behind the scenes among the keen manipulators of money and values in New York. Even those who fancy themselves seeing through the operations are as likely as not to be misled, for should newspapers obtain but an inkling of the drive, the plans are almost certain of defeat. As in other struggles, those who watch the strife from afar, more or less, are not unlikely to see the moves that make for success or defeat to better advantage than the antagonists themselves.

Many of those who were not in the bull and bear fights of late recommend that those who are not satisfied with the dividends on their holdings or some other prospective return upon them, ought to be selling. But the powerful financial interests behind the movements to work quotations up, and keep them so until they can unload, do not reason that way through their interviews or circulars, or to those who call upon them for inspiration and then distribute it through the financial columns of the newspapers hurriedly prepared and hot from the press.

On the contrary, they keep on predicting still higher quotations, which they explain are to be based on not only the unprecedented trade and agricultural records, but also on the recent and impending increases of dividend distributions which, it is declared, have followed, or are to follow, the example of Union Pacific and Southern Pacific. The great ore deal between the United States Steel Corporation and the Great Northern Railway Company is to furnish a speculative stimulus to the shares of both these properties—the public are told -and Secretary Shaw's renewed offer to facilitate gold imports by temporary advances of the yellow metal from the Treasury to national banks, and his implied promise to make deposits with interior banks to relieve the stringency, are cited by those who are working with the bull manipulators jas evidences of speculative winds/blowing in their direction. No better illustration can be given of the strength of those who insist on hoisting prices than their ability of late to hold up the bull market, in spite of 40 per cent. rate for call loans, and 8 1-2 per cent. for funds on time, the former now sunk tow and even to 4; the latter at 6 to 7 p.c. It is declared that they believe the autumn months must see their holdings absorbed, or the market will be lost. This may account for their willingness to put forth sufficient support to prevent a reaction in the stock market when a bank statement turns a \$2,300,000 surplus reserve of the New York banks into a deficit of the reserves of nearly seven million dollars, in contrast with a surplus of nearly five millions one year ago—a deficit to-day greater than that reported thirteen years ago, at a time of extreme financial disturbance, when the New York Clearing-house resorted to the use of certificates to meet the prevailing stringency.

But the powerful financial interests are, manipulating markets in such a way as to enable them entirely to ignore such a bank statement, and to exhibit a strong close to prices near the top, instead of the logical sharp reaction all along the line. Much talk is indulged in as to the gold which is to be imported under the provisions of the new Treasury order, how gold may soon be deposited with the banks, and how even Government Fours of 1907 may be redeemed. Few seem inclined to point to the hopelessly artificial character of this support, and comment on Secretary Shaw's virtual rushing to the relief of Wall Street is becoming quite pronounced. It has not been those who are concerned with the commercial paper market —the merchants and manufacturers—who have complained of inability to get the accustomed accom-It has modation at the banks at the usual rates. been the call loan market which has suffered, the market which refers to loans made for the benefit of speculators, in this instance, in stocks in Wall Street. So here again does our currency system show itself hopelessly inadequate by forcing the Secretary of the Treasury forward as a regulator of the money market. But even this would not be so unfortunate in practice if it were not true that many of the prime movers in the gigantic speculative deal now

being engineered in Wall Street are so connected with large banking institutions as to be able to ensure the latter working in the interest of the pools rather than rising to the occasion by calling in Wall Street loans.

It is no secret that criticism of Secretary Shaw's recent action, or the way in which he has taken action, to go to the relief of the money marker is quite general there. His notice to interior banks that they must not lend Treasury deposits which may be made with them to New York, and his amusing explanation that call loans in the metropolis are almost exclusively in aid of speculation in Wall Street, are taken as boyish, or are attributed to a bit of diplomatic fencing in order to ward off possible criticism that he took the steps he did in behalf of the speculative crowd who are moving heaven and earth to hold up the stock market, and keep money easy until they can, dispose of their share holdings at present or higher levels. It is even insinuated by reputable brokerage firms that the 40 per cent. call loan squeeze was utilized by the bull manipulators to force the Secretary of the Treasury to come to their relief; that they could have imported gold when exchange rates got below the importing point in the first week of the month, but refused to do so in order to induce the Treasury to come to their aid, and to the assistance of the banks with which they are identified, by renewing his offer of last spring, which enables gold importers to save interest while the vellow metal is in transit. It is also pointd out that the Secretary's paternal notification to interior banks, with which he anticipates depositing Treasury gold, seems to indicate a lack of knowledge on his part that the New York bank deposits by interior banks and trust companies constitute the bulk of the money which goes into Wall Street in the shape of call loans.

It is quite evident that the financial outlook is far from favourable unless they are enabled to dispose freely of the cotton, wheat, and Indian corn to foreign consumers. The work of importing large amounts of gold in the face of, perhaps, \$300,000,000 foreign loans contracted within the year, tends to make the strain more than noticeable. The outlook for cotton is for over 12,000,000 bales, and the wheat harvest creates another new high record, as does that of maize, with estimates that it will run well up towards 3,000,000,000 bushels. The estimated total value at the farm of these products, and of barley, buckwheat, and potatoes, is given at about \$2,500,000,000, or an increase of nearly \$115,000,000 over the corresponding total a year ago.

Our readers will have an opportunity of applying these views to their own interests, if inclined that way, or to amuse themselves in watching the game as played by others. The condition of trade is such that men are apt to disregard their usual rules of caution. There is little or nothing new under the sun, even in speculation, as any person may see for himself by reading chapter xix. in the fourth volume of Macaulay's History of England relating to the condition of affairs which led to the establishment of Great Britain's national debt.

THE NEW

The ager mittee have the newspay Mr. Samu

Internation Secretary C Judge Alto date, is cha been visiting approaching

Before les if the computerstood, the tions, not of but to the I world, the sof these compointed out Life have the assets, most present rate \$3,000,000,0

These vas controlling t the use of t have been al "bull" marke

The policy meyer is coboth companated has any Their purponected withdates for reinsurance bubute and inv States and coin that way t financial world centration of a few men for

Mr. Unter ministrations in Great Brit law requiring holders. In rect their list had resorted tahead of thos get the list, a representative barred from however, now the foreign list is doing in all

There are Europe. Bai whose address The policyhold or by proxy, vising that th

THE NEW YORK LIFE AND THE MUTUAL LIFE.

ected with

ensure the

rather than

reet loans.

ry Shaw's

ken action,

ite general

y must not

with them

n that call

ly in aid of

rish, or are

n order to

e steps he

are moving

t, and keep

share hold-

even in-

at the 40

e bull man-

reasury to

e imported

importing

fused to do

o their aid,

which they

ast spring,

st while the

td out that

erior banks,

asury gold,

is part that banks and

noney which

tlook is far

ispose freely

foreign con-

unts of gold

reign loans

the strain

otton is for

vest creates

maize, with

s 3,000,000,-

the farm of

nd potatoes,

increase of

ing total a

of applying

ed that way,

ame as play-

such that

s of caution.

sun, even in self by read-

Macaulay's

ion of affairs

Britain's na-

oans.

The agents of the International Policyholders' Committee have sent out the following representation to the newspaper press:—

Mr. Samuel Untermeyer, the General Counsel for the International Policyholders' Committee, of which ex-Secretary of State Richard Olney is chairman, and Judge Alton V. Parker, a former presidential candidate, is chairman of the Executive Committee, has been visiting London and Paris in connection with the approaching election in the two companies.

Before leaving Mr. Untermeyer said that he felt that if the companies' British policyholders and public understood, the great significance of the pending elections, not only to the interests of the policyholders, but to the British public generally, and throughout the world, the struggle now going on to wrest the control of these companies from the Wall Street and Standard Oil influences would command universal attention. He pointed out that the New York Life and the Mutual Life have the control of \$1,300,000,000 of convertible assets, most of which is centred in Wall Street. If the present rate of increase is maintained they will have \$3,000,000,000 in ten years.

These vast sums have been used for the purpose of controlling the securities and money markets. Through the use of them a few men who manipulate the funds have been able to create "tight" money, "easy" money, "bull" markets, and "bear" markets at their will.

The policyholders' committee, to which Mr. Untermeyer is counsel, has now nominated candidates for both companies. No one of the 60 men thus nominated has any connection or affiliation with Wall Street. Their purpose is not only to oust the directors connected with the old administration who are candidates for re-election, but pre-eminently to take the insurance business out of Wall Street, and to distribute and invest these funds so far as possible in the States and countries from which they are drawn, and in that way to avert the peril to the country and to the financial world that may result from the continued concentration of these vast accumulations in the hands of a few men for speculative purposes.

Mr. Untermeyer said that he found that the administrations of the two companies had succeeded both in Great Britain and on the Continent in evading the law requiring the publication of the lists of policyholders. In America they had been enforced to correct their lists. In Great Britain he found that they had resorted to the trick of placing a number of names ahead of those of the policyholders who desired to get the list, and allowing the policyholders only one representative, so that they had been practically debarred from getting the lists. This difficulty had, however, now been overcome by furnishing copies of the foreign lists from New York, which the committee is doing in all countries.

There are upwards of 200,000 policyholders in Europe. Ballots will be made of the policyholders whose addresses have been secured on October 18th. The policyholders may vote either directly by mailing, or by proxy, but the Policyholders' Committee is advising that they should vote directly by mailing their

ballots in accordance with instructions sent. The ballots are closed on December 18th, so that there is ample time for voting.

As evidence of the devices to which the companies are resorting to deceive the policyholders, Mr. Untermeyer referred to the placing on the mutual administration ticket of four of the prominent gentlemen of the policyholders' ticket—Judge George Gray, General Benjamin F. Tracy, Mr. Harlow, H. Higinbotham, and Colonel Snook-all of whom repudiate their nominations, and refuse to serve with any of the old management, but their names are still being kept on the ticket. In that connection he referred also to the orders/ that have been granted by the Courts in New York, requiring the Mutual Company to correct its list every week, also to the filing, recently, in the interests of the administration of a "blind" ticket, which is intended to draw votes from the policyholders' ticket, and which the administration has called the "fusion" ticket. It consists of 15 names taken from the administration ticket, 15 names from the policyholders' ticket, and the other six names, consisting of agents, and of Charles E. Hughes, the counsel for the Armstrong Committee, and Mr. Thomas B. Wanamaker. Mr. Hughes has repudiated the use of his name, and Mr. Wanamaker is expected to do the same.

FIRE INSURANCE RETURNS.

On another page will be found an abstract of fire insurance business in Canada for the year 1905, for which we are beholden to the Insurance Branch of the Department of Finance, Ottawa.

It has been no secret for several months past that the returns of the business for 1905 would be found amply to warrant the rough forecasts made by the various offices, but few could anticipate anything so satisfactory as that shown by the table herewith. Theorists—and theory must precede practice—have often remarked that mercantile and manufacturing prosperity goes hand in hand with experience of minimum losses by fire, and certainly the conditions prevailing in Canada during 1905 fully warrant the remark concerning the implied moral hazard.

A comparison of the table with that on page xvi. of the Superintendent's Report is interesting, as showing only in two years from 1878 to 1905 were the average ratio of losses so low in the Canadian field, namely in 1878 and 1902; the average for last year being 45.55. The table, page xvi., it may be remarked, shows considerably higher ratio of losses by Canadian companies in other countries from 1878 to 1889, but a lower ratio for the eight succeeding years and for the year 1900, all of which do not sufficiently confirm the remarks sometimes made that our companies must write lower to secure business in the United States, which is our principal foreign field of operations.

By adding to the ratio of losses about one-third for expenses, the profits for the year may be arrived at, and as it is the insured who in the long run pay the losses, it is fervently to be hoped that the good times with which the country at large is being favoured may continue to be no less beneficial to the insurance offices.

THE HARBOUR COMMISSION.

The Government's delay in naming the new Harbour Commission is causing remark in various circles. The prevailing opinion that political feeling is the element that blocks the way. The Government was pledged that the appointments should not be in any way political, and that none of the present nominees should be selected. It is understood that the Hon. Minister of Marine desires to carry out that idea, but certain party men strong in the Liberal ranks desire to keep the plums to themselves.

If that be the difficulty, perhaps the Hon. Minister might cut the Gordian knot by taking over the whole business and run it as a departmental work. This has been frequently mentioned in this journal as the right course to pursue, and the suggestion has been favourably entertained in many quarters.

THE IRON TRADE ABROAD.

Advices from the United Kingdom deal at some length with the position of the iron market which, read in connection with late articles herein upon the subject will not be devoid of interest. They say the "prospects of the trade generally are darkening." Indications of the kind are as yet unknown in Canada.

There has, of course, been a large export trade doing, and total exports of iron and steel in the seven months ending with July were 2,535,213 tons, as compared with 2,101,976 tons and 1,888,174 tons in the corresponding periods of 1905 and 1904. And there has been a large home consumption of iron and steel in the enormous quantity of new shipping that has been put into the water from shipyards during the present year. But there cannot be any expectation of the home consumption being sustained at the same level as in the past eight months, when it is known that the shipbuilders are rapidly running through their contracts, and are obtaining no new orders of any magnitude. It was mainly the "spurt" in the orders for new ships that caused the advance in steel last autumn. The steel and iron for these new ships has all been purchased, if not all delivered, and steel makers will shortly be as anxious inquirers for new orders as shipbuilders are already. Yet pig-iron has gone up, and remains firm.

The main cause for this is undoubtedly the foreign demand for crude iron. That demand has been chiefly from Germany, but also from other continental countries, whose avenues of trade may have been affected by the inability of Germany to spare much pig-iron for export. Germany is Britain's largest foreign customer for pig-iron in normal times, but last year her purchases dropped off very seriously after the Cleveland corner raised the price of warrants to such a high level. The Germans would not follow the advance in Cleveland warrants and sought for other and cheaper material. But, curiously enough, they are now larger, and even eager, buyers at prices which they refused to look at last year. The Cleveland corner raised the price of Cleveland warrants to 55s, although this price was not obtained for what we may call trade iron. Warrants then fell back to 45s, and slowly recovered. But of late Cleveland warrants have risen to 54s 6d cash and 55s one month, not through the operations of any organized ring of buyers, but in consequence of general buying induced by the large shipments and the reductions in the Middlesbro' warrant stores. The stock of No. 3 there was a few months ago about 700,000 tons; it was on 1st September 589,000 tons. The difference does not, of course, represent the extra quantity of iron taken from England by Germany this year, but it represents some of it. On the whole, Germany must have taken this year already, directly or indirectly, quite a quarter of a million tons more than last year, and Belgium, France, and Italy have also taken a good deal more.

It follows, then, that Germany has not been buying store iron wholly, or even very largely, but has been buying from the furnaces. And her purchases have not been for immediate delivery alon, but also for some months forward, as if her needs were prospective as well as actual.

There is no estimate of the amount of business that has been actually done in the Glasgow and Middlesbro' markets, apart from warrants, but the sales in July and August were very large, and these are usually quiet months. So large have been the shipments from the Tees in these two months that if the pace continues, in addition to the usual activity of the autumn months, there will be some evidence of actual scarcity ere long. Market prices are much more in accord with warrants than they were last year, and while there has been a good deal doing in warrants, they have changed hards freely. The bull sentiment prevails, but it is not confined to a few operators. The high range of prices and the strong export demand have caused the blowing in of more furnaces in the Cleveland district. Had it not been for that, the warrant stock would have been much further reduced than it has yet been. But with the condition of labour affairs in the North of Spain, supplies of Bilbao ore are restricted, and any new furnaces now blown in must depend on Cleveland ore, the output of which is probably at or near its

The Spanish troubles have naturally caused an advance in hematite iron, West Coast warrants, for instance, being 67s early in September, which is also about the price of mixed numbers of Middlesbro' hema-These are not such high figures as might have been expected on even the temporary stoppage of the Spanish mines, had there been more confidence in the future of the steel trade. And yet it is the activity of the steel trade in Germany that has caused the advance of pig-iron in Great Britain. It does not follow, of course, that Germany has been buying only steelmaking iron from there. She has been buying hematite, but she has also been buying foundry and forge iron, because her own furnaces could not supply all the requirements of German manufacturers of finished iron and steel. These requirements, it is said, have been raised by the demands of America for parcels of steel, to be shipped not so much to the United States as to markets that would have been supplied from the United States but for the home pressure there. It is even stated that ship-plates for a German shipyard

have been tomers or Berlin co business of makers to The forei of work th is condition of crude many con extract fr furnaces in while Geri pig-iron t further, sk for immed

Thus, th of the high compelled Iron and s such acces domestic r terial that other dem iron, it wi ships to at there is the America be foundry an and spiege tinuous mo end of Jul correspondi increase, ar iron to Sai peared evid United Sta have been n market from may be a ru America con now, and m to fill her n first six m furnaces, tui and other s forge and fo the furnace foundry iron effective con smelters will making iron, which they d do this if, as demand for curious, thou ing in actual into store in There seemed

mass of found

of it seemed

mon iron inte

en to 54s 6d ne operations on sequence of ipments and stores. The ago about 589,000 tons. ent the extra Germany this e whole, Gerdy, directly or as more than y have also

been buying ut has been rchases have out also for e prospective

business that 1 Middlesbro' sales in July usually quiet nts from the ce continues, umn months, city ere long. vith warrants e has been a nanged hards it is not connge of prices ed the blowistrict. Had would have t been. But he North of ted, and any on Cleveland

or near its aused an adarrants, for which is also lesbro' hemas might have ppage of the idence in the the activity aused the ades not follow, g only steelbuying hemary and forge ot supply all rs of finished is said, have or parcels of United States lied from the there. It is nan shipyard

have been shipped from the North of England because' German makers could not supply their own home customers owing to the pressure on them for export. A Berlin correspondent reported lately on the enormous business done in Germany, and on the inability of makers to meet all the wants of home consumers. The foreign business has to be graded to the amount of work the factories can now overtake, and that, again, is conditioned by (besides plant and labour) the amount of crude material available. Like Great Britain, Germany consumes more iron-ore than she can or does, extract from her mines. It is useless to put up more furnaces if there is not material to feed them with, but while Germany has largely increased her production of pig-iron this year, and is preparing to increase it still further, she is also compelled to look to Great Britain for immediate and prospective supplies of crude iron.

Thus, then, the needs of Germany are the real cause of the higher prices which British consumers have been compelled to pay within the past two months or so. Iron and steel works are busy, but there has been no such access of new business to them as to cause a domestic run on raw material. It is the raw material that has risen upon the consumer by reason of other demands, and, with an advance in steel-making iron, it will not be possible to reduce the cost of new ships to attract a new set of buyers. Then, further, there is the prospect, more definite than ever it was, of America becoming a large buyer from England of foundry and forge iron. The shipments of hematite and spiegeleisen to the United States have been continuous month by month during the year, and at the end of July aggregated 28,000 tons more than at the corresponding date last year. This is not a very large increase, and it included some shipments of ordinary iron to San Francisco. But recently there have appeared evidences of a scarcity of foundry iron in the United States, and although the large "controllers" have been making strenuous efforts to prevent the iron market from running away, it is not improbable there may be a run of buying of ordinary iron to import. America could not get any supplies in Germany just now, and may have to go to Middlesbro' or Glasgow to fill her needs. These needs are doubtful. In the first six months of this year the American blast furnaces, turned out 9,509,174 tons of hematite, basic, and other steel-making iron, and 3,093,727 tons of forge and foundry iron. But in the first half of 1905 the furnace turned out 3,104,000 tons of forge and foundry iron. There are now more furnaces in an effective condition than there were last year, and smelters will turn out more foundry iron and less steelmaking iron, if necessary, to keep out foreign ironwhich they do not welcome. It will be the easier to do this if, as is reported, there is a slight easing in the demand for steel material in the U.S. It is rather curious, though, that they should now be so near being in actual need of the kind of iron which was piled into store in Middlesbro' so industriously last year. There seemed no possible market for that accumulated mass of foundry iron, and the only way of getting rid of it seemed to be by some process of converting common iron into steel. But it is now going away gradually to Germany, and it may conceivably go away rapidly to America. As yet there is a margin of about 72c per ton in the U.S. against Cleveland iron with imported charges. Whether that margin will disappear within the next month or two—that is to say, before the winter—is one of the interesting problems of the iron trade.

Recent utterances of Mr. J. J. Hill in Minnesota, referred to recently, have come to certain people laden with significance. The forecasts he ventured to make have been more interesting to the great men who control and direct the affairs of the United States Steel Corporation with its published billions of capital than to the wholesale or retail hardware dealer.

CITY MATTERS.

After a prolonged holiday season, the City Council has resumed business. Nearly all the members, from the Mayor onward, have been scattered in all directions from the far East to the far West, as well as North and South, some for health and others in search of wisdom and knowledge in municipal affairs, and doubtless all combined pleasure therewith, "which nobody can deny."

What is now expected from them is an earnest determination to do something that may give effect to their preclusive promises. So far, since the last elections, there has been much talk on the main questions affecting the mass of the people, but of real effective initiative to accomplish any result we have failed to see any indication.

The first meeting after the recess was held on Monday last. The action taken then on one of the most urgent questions of the day—that concerning gas—was evidently coupled with the intention of causing delay and, as many persons think, may well be considered as being in the interests of the L. H. & P. Co. as was the late outside proposition, professedly in the interest of cheap gas; but it was instrumental in making only confusion worse confounded and delay, which many people interested now believe was the sole object of that ill-fated movement.

However, we have always had confidence in the honesty and good faith of a majority of the aldermen; that they would carry out their promises, and we do not desire to be disillusioned.

Time, however, is fleeting, and the patient citizens are anxiously waiting for some practical outcome that may benefit them.

There are so many important measures which the aldermen are committed to settle, that which first to tackle may prove quite a difficulty.

One of the foremost is that of the water supply and the rates. As far as the supply is concerned the city council cannot do better than accept the advice of its own capable and intelligent officials, and adopt the recommendations submitted to them, which will result in giving us purer water at a cheaper rate for many years to come.

The City Treasurer again comes to the front repeating his conclusions, asking for a change that will throw the burden of collection of the water rates upon the proprietors, so as to save the serious loss from non-payments of the water rates—a loss that averages \$50,000 a year, besides a cost of \$20,000 a year now paid to collectors. This is a serious matter, the loss in the end falling on the proprietors of real estate, who have, in the last resort to make good all deficiencies in the city revenue, as the law stands. This should be matter for serious reflection on the part of all concerned, and has been frequently referred to in these/pages, and the ideas of the City Treasurer in this regard approved of.

The aldermen, as well as the Mayor, are continually pointing out that the city revenue must be increased if we are ever to have cleaner streets and better roadways, and talk about increasing the tax on real estate. There can be no two opinions about the desirability of the two improvements in that direction, the only difference is as to the fairest way of obtaining the money

for them.

A radical change in the method of raising money for good roadways in the future, is meeting with much favour—that is to apply to the roadways the principle of part payment by proprietors as is now done for all permanent sidewalks.

. . . /. . .

As with most other questions, much may be said both for and against such a change, but if once made it would result soon in giving the principal streets, at least, a creditable appearance, without the necessity for increasing the general assessments on real estate.

. ./ (6)

The very important matter of cheaper gas and electricity should receive prompt attention in the interest of all desirous of promoting the extension of our manufacturing industries. The prices now charged for those articles of prime necessity in these modern times are higher in Montreal than in any city of equal importance elsewhere. This is owing to the monopoly which has been allowed to grow unchecked, if not fostered by legislative action, by whatever means obtained.

Montreal has not been singular in that respect, in so far as this continent is concerned, but a change is being made in many legislatures, and it is established now that wherever wrong has been done under legislative authority the legislature can, and has withdrawn that authority, nullified the wrongful acts, and so relieved the people from oppression, and restored their rights as citizens of a free country.

That idea is gaining ground all over this continent; it already prevails in Europe—in Great Britain it has not been otherwise from time immemorial. The idea will prevail here shortly, and that if a monopoly or perpetual right has been inadvertently obtained prejudicial to the general welfare it will be swept from the statute books by modern legislation.

We have only to look at what has been done in some of the more important States of the union adjoining us. In the leading State the legislature has, among

other things of a like nature, appointed a commission to regulate and determine the price of gas and electricity all through the State.

The price of those articles in New York and other places is now fixed at for gas 80 cents per thousand feet and no meter charge, instead of \$1 as formerly; for electricity, 10 cents for kilowatt hour is fixed, instead of 15 cents, as formerly; and the electric companies do not complain.

That commission is still working throughout the State. The latest decision we have noticed was given in the important city of Syracuse, N.Y., which decision shows discrimination of conditions that would seem

to be quite proper.

The commission ordered that the maximum price/of gas to be charged in the future should not exceed 95 cents per 1,000 feet. The former charge was \$1 per thousand feet. The maximum charge fixed by that commission for Syracuse is nine cents per kilowatt hour for the next year, beginning 1st October instant; after that the price is to be 8 cents per kilowatt hour. Heretofore the price had been 15 cents per kilowatt hour—the present Montreal price.

Massachusetts has even more advanced legislation in these matters. There they have a commission with very extensive powers, and they have been freely exercised in checking the craze for watered stock companies and the payment of dividends on fictitious capital. Among other things enforced by the commission, the gas companies are obliged to publish, annually, details of the cost of producing gas, and its distribution, and the quantity sold, along with the price at which it was sold. It must not be supposed that we ignore the price of gas-coal here and elsewhere, or that we do not understand the management as feeling themselves obliged —paramount to all other considerations—to make money for, and pay the best possible dividends to, their shareholders, whatever be the ratio of the elemental ingredients that constitute and go to swell their holdings.

as of eq

37

The Boston Gas Co. published its last/statement in the public papers a few days ago, from which we learn that they bought from other companies over two thousand million feet of gas at a cost, delivered into their gasometer, of 28.94 cents per thousand, and about the same quantity was produced at their works at a net cost, on the average, of 31.46 cents per thousand feet, adding the cost of distribution to the consumer, maintenance and repairs, the total cost at the burners is given at 57.11 cents per thousand, and there is no charge for meters. The present price of gas there is 80 cents per 1,000, so that there was a good margin at that for dividends. What would it be if the Montreal price of \$1.20 prevailed there? Yet the conditions for producing gas in the two cities are not widely different. However sore Montreal consumers may feel at the contrast, the Bostonians ought to feel happy and cheerful in reflecting thereupon.

Much has been said about the high water rates in Montreal. They have been denounced as outrageous because the city makes a profit thereon. No doubt the city does make a profit—admit for the moment

The plant of the Ontario Grape Growing and Wine Manufacturing co., at Barnesd le, Ont., was destroyed by fire Wednesday. Loss estimated over \$150,000; partly insured.

Fire damaged Boyce's carriage warehouse, Winnipeg, Sept. 27, to the extent of \$25,000.

GOODS EASY TO SELL.

The bird of wisdom which illustrates the calendar post-card of the Folcy and Williams Mfg. Co. of Chicago, for October, has evidently one eye to the main chance, however he may be employing the other one, and it may be to the above fact that the "wise old bird" owes the reputation he has so long enjoyed. The above company's business methods consist mainly in preparing for their customers "goods that sell—the sewing machine that all but sells itself." The merits of the "Goderich A" machine may be seen with even half an eye: it is free from complications that are so frequently complained of by users of other machines. Send at the same time for one of their new Piano catalogues.

RAILWAY STATISTICS.

An abstract of the report on United States railway statistics for the year ending June 30, 1965, has been sent us by the Commission at Washington, to which we append latest Canadian statistics. On that date the single track mileage in the United States was 218,101, an increase during the year of 4,196 miles. The operated mileage reported to the commission was 216,973. The aggregate mileage was 306,796, including 17,056 miles of second track.

vith

ake

heir

in-

earn

heir

the

net

eet.

ain-

is

is

ont-

ndi-

dely

may

OTIS

oubt

ent

The gross earnings of the railways were \$2.082,482,406. Their operating expenses were \$1,390.602,152. The amount of passengers carried was 738,834,667, which is 23,414,985 more than last year. The number of tons of freight carried was 1.427.731.905, which exceeds the tonnage of 1904 by 117.832,740 tons. The total number of casualties was 95,711, of which 9,703 were killed and 86.008 injured.

Railway corporations number 2.167, of which 1,169 are classed as operating roads, including some industrial roads. The chapges in the re-organization of companies as compared with that of the preceding year was as 3 to 5 in the mileage represented. There was a decrease in the mileage of roads operated by receivers to the extent of 527 miles, leaving but 795 so operated.

Upon the capitalization of the railways the report states as iollows:—"On June 30, 1905, the par value of the amount of railway capital outstanding was \$13,805,258.121, which is equivalent to a capitalization of \$65.926 per mile.

"Of this capital there existed as stock \$6.554.557.051, of which \$5,180.933.947 was common and \$1,373.623,144 preferred; the remaining part, \$7.250.701,070, represented funded debt, consisting of mortgage bonds, \$6,024,449,023; miscellaneous obligations. \$4.86,241.442; income bonds, \$253,707,639, and equipment trust obligations, \$186,302,906.

The total capital stock outstanding \$2.435,470.337, or 37.16 per cent. paid/no dividends. The amount of dividends declared during the year was \$237,94,482, being equivalent to 5.78 per cent. on dividend-paying stock. For the year ending June 30, 1904, the amount of dividends declared was \$221,941.049. Of the total amount of stock outstanding \$6.54.5570 1, 9.72 per cent. paid from 1 to 4 per cent.; 14.77 per cent. from 4 to/5 per cent/; 10.74 per cent. from 5 to 6 per cent.; 8.79 per cent. from 6 to 7 per cent., and 11.08 per cent. from 7 to 8 per cent. The total amount of funded debt (omitting equipment trust obligations) that paid no interest was \$449.100,396, or 6.36 per cent. Of mortgage bonds, \$326.863,401, or 5.43 per cent.; of miscellaneous obligations, \$54,214.525, or 6.89 per cent. and of income bonds \$68,022,470, or 26.81 per cent. paid no interest.

"Of the total amount of railway stock out tanding \$2,070,-052,108 were reported as owned by railway corporations, and of railway bonds, \$568,100,021 were so reported.

Canada had on June 30, 1905, 20,601 miles of railway completed, an increase of 900 miles, besides 3,632 miles of sidings. The number of miles laid with steel rails was 20,533, of which 838 miles was double track. The number of miles in opera-

tion was 20,487. The paid-up capital amounted to \$1,248,666, 414, an increase of \$62,119,496. The gress earnings amounted to \$106,467,199, increase of \$6,247,763, and the working expenses aggregated \$79,977.574, an increase of \$5,414,412 compared with those of the previous year, leaving the net earnings \$26,489,625, increase of \$833,351. The number of passengers carried was 25,288,723, an increase of 1.647,958, and the freight traffic amounted to 50,893,957 tons, an increase of 2, 796.438 tons. The total miles run by trans was 65.934.114, increase of 4,622,112. The number of casualties show 4.8 persons killed, besides 1,357 injured. The number of railways in actual operation, including the two government roads. Intercolonial and the Prince Edward Island Rullways, was 194; some of these, however, are amalgamted or leased, making the total number of controlling companies 91, not including the government railways. The number of companies absorbed by amalgamation was 56, and the number of leased

-Mr. D. M. Stewart, General Manager and Vice-President of the Sovereign Bank, has returned from a well-earned visit of some weeks to the United Kingdom, on which he was accompanied by Mrs./Stewart.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY.

Montreal, Oct. 4th, 1906.

The chief feature of interest during the week was the bonus of one per cent. declared by the Canadian Pacific Railway at the annual meeting on Wednesday last, which is practically equal to a 7 per cent. dividend. Some equally good news had oeen anticipated, to cause the rise in shares. The tonus is to be distributed in two half-yearly proportions. Coming at this time, the advance is attributed not only to increased earnings, but to sales of lands past and p.c-pictive at better prices, of which the company has large areas still on hand, valued according to quality at sufficient to build another road. Mr. D. McNicoll, the General Manager, has been elected to a position on the Executive, where he cannot fail to prove himself possessed of his usual ability.

Next in importance was the advance in Bank of Commerce quotations, which reach 190½ early in the week, a figure to which stockholders had long been strangers.

Bank of Hochelaga has also made quite a step toward the front rank, being sold on Wednesday at 163. The commendable necessity for the new issue of stock—probably a million—is likely to be at a premium of 40 at the ratio of one share to every two held by present shareholders. The Dominion Bank is also named as considering a further issue.

The Grand Trunk Railway Co.'s stock keeps steadily advancing in London under improved conditions, as may be seen elsewhere by subscribers who save their "Journal of Commerce."

Earnings (net) of Lake of the Woods Co. are reported at \$375,000.

Money on call remain at 6. Discounts 6 to 7.—Sterling exc. at 60 days is quoted at 4.796 to 4.797; sight 4.837; cables 4.865; francs 5.20% to 5.20 1-32; marks 94 9-16 to 94 1-64; New York par to 1-64 prem.—of the 40 million gold engaged on account of present movement to this side of the Atlantic, there remains to arrive \$17,870,000.

Consols are steady at 86% to 86%.

The following is a comparative table of stock prices for the week ending Oct. 4, 1906, as compiled by Messrs. Meledith and Co., Stock Brokers, Montreal.

Stocks.	,		S.	ales. Hi	rh Lou	Voo
Banks:				ties. IIIg	gn 120 w	, i ea
Montreal			16	256	255	258
Molsons			23	225	2241/2	
Toronto			9	234	234	
Merchants			51	175	174	163
Royal			60 -	239	2371/2	
Sovereign		. 2	22	1373/4	1371/4	
Commerce		. 23	31	1901/2	186	
Hochelaga		 . 40	03	163	1583/4	142
Union		 . 4	15	157	156	146

Miscellaneous:				
Canadian Pacific	2513	1831/8	179%	176
Montreal Street Rallway	423	280	276	2401/2
New Pacific	185	182	181	
Toronto Street Ry	138	118	1161/4	109
Twin City Electric Ry /	125	1141/2	114	
Detroit Electric Ry.	2055			1191/2
Toledo Electric Ry		96 1/4	94	94
Rich. and Ont. Nav. Co	265	33	32	$35\frac{1}{2}$
Mont Light II	15	$82\frac{1}{2}$	821/2	761/2
Mont. Light II. and Power	1414	96	941/4	95
Nova Scotia Steel and Coal	25	68	68	66
Dom. Iron and Steel, com	821	291/2	23	26
Do. Preferred	25	781/2	781/	77
Dominion (oal. com,	340	70	691/3	80
Do. Preferred	:3	115	115	1141/2
Bell Telephone Co	150	147	146	158
Ogilvie Milling Co., com	14	123	123	
Lake of Woods	200	961/4	951/.	971/2
Do. Preferred /	25	114	114	114
Montreal Cotton	50	130		
Don. Tartile			130	125
Dom. Textile y	18	1031/2	$103\frac{1}{2}$	$99\frac{1}{2}$
** **	*********			

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Montreal, Thursday, Oct. 4th, 1906.

The conditions of trade continue satisfactory, and the outlook for the winter has been considerably heightened by the harvesting of the crops in good condition, due to the fine fall The past week has brought few changes in business. Manufacturing reports are favourable, and to the south of us there has been a noticeable in rease in orders for cotton goods due to the exhausted stocks in the hands of jobbers and others, and the belief that the raw material can decline no further. Woollens are the least active of the leading industries, and unless clothicrs order liberally there will soon be some idle machinery. The virious railways are still/blocked with fall freight of all kinds, and the latest report of earnings give an increase of 10.6 per cent, as compared with last year. There has been little change in prices of farm staples, but but ter, cheese and eggs are firm and selling at about the best prices of the season! The boot and shoe manufacturers have booked numerous orders, and a good deal of stock will be cut for the spring trade, prices being unusually stiff owing to the high cost of raw material. No. 2 Manufacturers sole leather is held at 25c, and Western splits at 28c to 30c, while No. 1 hides are quoted at 131/2c to 14c.

ASHES.—Business dull and steady, with light offerings. Pearls \$6.50 to \$6.60; first pots \$5.40 to \$5.50; and seconds \$4.70 to \$4.80 per 100 lbs

BUTTER.—A fair busines was done in all lines, and the market was firm at the recent advance. At Sherbrooke there were sales at 23% c to 23% c, at Farnham at 23% c to 24c, and at St. Hyacinthe at 23% c. Declers on this market wanted as high as 24% c for saltless and 24c to 24% c for salted. Stocks in Liverpool are reported to be 16,200 cwt. against 7,674 a year ago. Exports of butter from the port of Mont-

El Padre Needles O DENTS VARSITY.

5 CENTS

The Best CIGARS that money, skill and nearly half a century's experience can produce.

l'iade and Guaranteed by

S. Davis & Sons, MONTREAL, Que,

real last week amounted/to 23,626 packages, against 29,016 for the corresponding week of last year. Total shipments since the first of the season amounted to 326,930 packages, against 489,481 packages a year ago.

CHEESE.—The demand was moderate and prices were steady at 12% to 12% for Quebec, 13c for Townships and 131/sc to 131/sc for Ontario. At Sherbrooke, business was done at 12%c, and in Farnham and at St. Hyacinthe at 12%c. Exports of cheese from the port of Montreal last week amounted to 119.678 boxes, being 26,558 more than those for the corresponding week of last year. Total exports since first of season amounted to 1.681.402 boxes, or 155.286 more than for same period 1 st year. Mail advices from London under date of September 22, say of cheese: There has been a much better demand for landed goods during the week, buyers having awoke to the fact that prices are at the lowest, and that they will have to pay more very soon. Canadian-The total quantity shipped last week amounted to 74,000 boxes, of which 35.000 are coming to London. Latest advices from Montreal report a very strong manket, the demand exceeding supply, and prices advancing rapidly. Cables are higher at 63s 6d 66s c.i.f., and a fair business has been done at the advanced

 $DRY\ GOODS. - Advices\ from\ a\ leading/European\ silk\ manu$ facturing concern this week speak of the high prices of raw material, and state that in consequence it cannot accept orders for dress piece goods except at an advance of 5 per cent. Locally, business has been fair and payments for October promise well. The local mills have made no recent changes in values, but are exceptionally busy. It is said that deliveries of coloured cotton goods cannot be made fast enough to suit There has been a good clearance of ready to wear goods, as owing to the difficulty of getting acoour during the hot weather, supplies were not excessive. In New Orleans on the 1st inst., prices of cotton futures jumped 41 points because of the new Gulf storm warning issued by the weather bureau, and additional reports of the storm damage list week. December sold at 9.93. Liverpool was due about 12 points higher and opened firm. 101/2 to 11 higher. At 12.15 p.m., firm, net 141/2 to 15 higher. At 1.17 p.m., was net 15 to 151/2 higher. Spot in moderate demand, 9 higher midling upland, Recent advices from New York s y:-Manufacturers of cotton yarns are less disposed to follow the low prices which have prevailed in the New York market, and their well sold condition for sixty days, and the stiffening in cotton values, bid fair to clean up soft/ spots as the demand comes forward from weavers in the next two weeks. Raw silk is selling on a high lasis, and there is a fair demand for quick deliveries in the local market. The jobbing trade reported a quiet opening day, but reorders by mail were frequent, and the sum of several of them showed a very good trade in the Middle West. Cotton, mid. uplands, spot, New York, 10.25c; print cloths 28inch standard, 3%c; print cloths, 28-inch, 64 x 60, 3 3-16c; gray goods 28½ inch standard 5½c; gray goods 39inch 68x72 57/8c to 6c; brown drills, standard 71/4c to 73/4c; brown sheetings, South, standard, 6% to 71/4; brown sheetings. 3 yards, 6c to $6^{h}/_{4}c$; brown sheetings, 4 yards, 56x60, 53%c to 55%c; denims, 9 ounces 13c to 131/2c; tickings 8 ounces 12c to 121/2c; standard prints 43/4c to 5c; standard staple ging hams 6c; fine dress ginghams 9c to 111/2c; kid-fin sh d cambrics 4c to 41/2c.

EGGS.—The market has advanced ½c. Supplies fair, but demand has been good, and prices closed steady. Selected sold in a jobbing way at 22c; No. 1 candled at 18c to 18½c and No. 2 at 15½c to 16c.

FEED.—Bran and shorts are unchanged, with millers still over sold. Manitoba bran, in bags, \$20; shorts, \$23 per ton; Ontario bran, in bags, \$19 to \$19.50; shorts, \$22 to \$22.50; milled mouillie, \$21 to \$25 per ton, and straght rollers \$28 to \$29.

FISH.—Market quiet. The quotations are as follow:—Fresh haddock, per lb., 4c; fresh steak cod 5c; halibut, 9c; grass pike, 7c; white fish, 8½c; weakfish, 8c; B. C. salmon fresh 12c; Gaspe salmon, 14c; mackerel, 8c; dore, 10c; lake trout, 8½c; brook trout, 20c. Standard bulk oysters, imperial gallon,

Bell Teler

B.C. Pack B.C. Pack Canadian (Canadian I Detroit Ele Dominion

Dominion Dominion Duluth S.S. Duluth S.S. Halifax Tra

Havana Ele Havana Ele Illinois Tra Laurentide Laurentide Lake of the Lake of the Mackay Cor Mexican Lig

Mexican Lig Minn. St. I Do. P Montreal Co Montreal Li Montreal St

Do. P Montreal Str Montrea, Te Northern Ol North-West

Do. P.
N. Scotia St.
Do. P.
Ogilvie Flou
Do. Pret
Richelieu &
St. John Str
Toledo Ry.
Toronto Stre
Trinidad Ele

Twin City R Do. Pref Windsor Hot Winnipeg El

\$1.50; oyster \$1.25. Bonele

FLOUR. business in s \$4.50; stro \$4 to \$4.10; to \$1.80; ext

GRAIN.-T

wheat at Win generally bein steady. The 39½e to 40e, per bushel, ex and unchange spot wheat m northern Man 6s 53/d, Marel down at 741/4 ber %c down was 3/c lower down at 791/20 May 1/2c down 431/4c. The bushels in the are very large luth shipped 6 Fort William from abroad a

GROCERIES in sympathy w good quality, i prunes will be Stocks, Bonds and Securities dealt in on the Montreal Stock Exchange.

									•
Miscellaneous.	Capital subscribed.	Capital paid-up.	Reserve Fund.	Percentage of Rest to paid-t Capital.	value up per	of one	Dividence last. 6 mos.	Dates of Div'd.	Prices per cent. on par Oct. 4
Bell Telephone			*	•		φ	C.		Ask. Bid.
		7,916,980	135,000	25.53	100	146 00	2*	Jan. April July Oct.	
		1 270 000			100	76 00		····· suly Oct.	150 146
Canadian General Electric	1 475 000	1,270,000 1,475,000	905 000	17.00	100	76 00	••	V. 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	81 76 81 76
Canadian Pacific	101 400 000	101,400,000	265,000	17.96	100		5	Jan. July.	81 76
		101,400,000	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	*****	100	180 00	6	April Oct.	180 180
Detroit Electric St	12,500,000	12,500,000			100	96 12	71/#		100
Dominion Coal, com.	15,000,000	15,000,000			100	69 75	11/4.	Feb. May Aug. Nov.	961 961
Dominion Coal, pfd	• 3,000,000	3,000,000			100		81/6	Jan. July	71 694
Dominion Iron and Steel, pfd	20,000,000	20,000,000			100	29 00		Jan. July.	
		5,000,000	• • • • • • • •		100	78 00		27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	291 29 80 78
Dominion Textile Co., com	., 7,500,000	5,000,000							80 78
		1,940,000					::	V O to be an area or as	
Duluth S.S. and Atlantic	10 000 000	12,000,000		• • • • •	100	102 00	1%*	Jan. Apl. July Oct.	104 102
Duidin S.S. and Atlantic pld	10 000 000	10,000,000			100 100	18 00 38 00	• •	** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	20 18
Halifax Tramway Co	1,350,000	1,350,000			100	102 00	11/4*	Your Annah Wall to !!	40 38
Havana Electric Ry., com	7 500 000				200	102 00	-/2	Jan. April July Oct.	105 162
		7,500,000			100	45 00	• •		50 45
Illinois Trac. pfd	5,000,000 3,214,300	5,000,000			100	84 00	• •	22 22 22 22 22 23 24 24	50 45 90 84
		3,214,300			100	93 50	11/2*	Jan. April July Oct.	95 931
Laurentide Paper Co., pfd	1,200,000	1,200,000				100.00	8	Feb. Aug.	300
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			100	108 00	31/2	Jan. July.	112 108
Lake of the Woods Milling Co. com.	. 2,500,000	2,000,000			100		3	April	0.51
Lake of the Woods milling Co. pfd.	. 1,500,000	1,500,000				112 00	134*	April Oct. March June Sept. Dec.	951
Mackay Companies com. Do. Prefeired	50,000,000	41,380,400			100	73 38	1.	Jan. April July Oct.	$ \begin{array}{ccc} 114\frac{1}{9} & 112 \\ 74 & 782 \end{array} $
Mexican Light and Power Co	50,000,000	35,968,700			100	71 00	1*	Jan. April July Oct.	$74 73 \frac{2}{3} $ $71 \frac{1}{3} 71$
		12,000,000		• • • • •	100	$52 \ 25$	• •		52 521
Minn. St. Paul and S.S. M	. 14,000,000	14.000,000			7.00	= 50.00			
Do. Preferred	7 000 000	7,000,000				152 00	2	Jan. July.	155 152
Montreal Cotton Co	3.000.000	3,000,000				129 00	134 *	March Turn G.	2222222222
Montreal Light, Heat and Power Co	17 000 000	17,000,000			100	95 75	11/4	March June Sept. Dec. Feb. May Aug. Nov.	132 129
Montreal Steel Works com	. 700,000	400,000							96 95#
Do. Preferred /	. 800,000	DINK IVVI							•••••••
		7,000.000	606 070	70.04			11/2*	March June Sept. Dec.	
Montrea, Telegraph	2.000.000	2,000,000	698,379	13.31		139 50	21/2*	Feb. May Aug. Nov.	280 279
Sor hery Onic Trac. Co.	8 900 000	6,900,000		• • • • •	100	66 00 28 25	1/2*	Jan. April July Oct.	170 165
North-West Land com	. 1,467,681	1,467,681			-	20 2.)		March June Sept. Dec.	29 284
Do Preferred	0.000.005				~~			,	
Do. Preferred	. 3,090,625 . 4,120,000	3,090,625			100 .		6	March.	
Do. Preferred	1 020 000	5,000,000 1,030,000	750,000	15.00		67 00	4.5		69 67
Oglivie Flour Mil s Co.	1 250 000	1,250,000	• • • • • • • •	• • • • •			2*	Jan. April June Oct.	
Do. Preferred	. 2,000,000	2,000,000	/			100.00	7		
		-,,			100	122 00	1%	Jan. April July Oct.	127 122
Richelieu & Ont. Nav. Co	. 3,132,000	3,132,000			100	82 £0			0.4
St. John Street Ry	. 800,000	800,000	/					June Dec.	84 821
Toronto Street Rv.	7 000 000	7,000,000	1 675 100		100	31 00	1	May Nov.	82 314
Trinidad Elec. Ry	1,200,000	1,032,000	1,675,122	23.92	100	117 50	11/2*	Jan. April July Oct.	118 117
		-,000,000			4.80 .		11/4*	Jan. April July Oct.	
Twin City Rapid Transit Co	. 16,511,000	16,511,000	2,163,507	13.10	100	114 50	11/4*	Feb May Aug N	44.4
Do. Preferred	3 000 000	3,000,000						Feb. May Aug. Nov. Dec. March June Sept.	116 1144
Windsor Hotel	. 600,000	600,000			100	101 00		May Nov.	101
	. 4,000,000	4,000,000			100			Jan. April July Oct.	
		* 0							
		, Quarterly							

\$1.50; oyster pails or carriers, pints, per 100, 90c; quarts, \$1.25. Boneless fish, in 2-lb. bricks, per lb. $5\frac{1}{2}$ c.

FLOUR.—There is a strong market at the advance. Fair business in spring wheat grades.—Manitoba spring wheat \$4.50; strong bakers \$4.00; winter wheat patents \$4 to \$4.10; straight rollers \$3.80 to \$3.90; do. in bags, \$1.75 to \$1.80; extras \$1.50 to \$1.60.

GRAIN.-There has been a steady advance in prices of wheat at Winnipeg_and European business was moderate, bids generally being under the market. Local prices for oats were steady. The demand was quiet with No. 2 white quoted at $39 \frac{1}{2} e$ to 40e, No. 3 at $38 \frac{1}{2} e$ to 39e, and No. 4 at $37 \frac{1}{2} e$ to 38e per bushel, ex-store. American No. 2 mixed corn was quiet and unchanged at 57c per bushel, ex-store. The Liverpool spot wheat market was half a penny up at 6s 61/2d for No. 1 northern Manitoba. Options closed 3/4d down on December at 6s 5% d. March being ½c down at 6s 6¼ d. Winnipeg was %c down at 741/4c for October, November being 741/3c, December 5/c down at 725/c, and May 5/c down at 77c. Chicago was 3/8c lower on December at noon at 755/8c, May being 3/4c down at 791/2c. December corn was 1/8c lower at 421/8c, and May 1/2c down at 43%c. December oats were 1/4c down at The Bradstreets announced an increase of 10,000,000 bushels in the world's available supply last week. Clearances are very large, Galveston alone shipping 480,000 bushels. Duluth shipped 663,000 bushels. The strike at Port Arthur and Fort William may delay movement of Canadian wheat. Bids from abroad are not materially improved.

GROCERIES.—All lines of California dried fruit are firmer in sympathy with the foreign article. Valencia raisins show good quality, but the crop is exceptionally small. American prunes will be scarce and dear, and recent advices say no 30

or 40 prunes are left in Oregon. In new carned goods prices are steady at \$1.171/2 for tomatoes, 921/2c for corn and 85c to The market for refined sugar is steady on the basis of \$4.40 for granulated and the enquiry keeps good. The quality of the bect-root crop in Europe, especially in Austria-Hungary where the roots weigh 20 per cent. less than those of last year, may have some effect on prices of sugar. A falling off of 20 per cent. in the yield would scarcely meet any improvement in cane sugar resulting from the pacification in Cuba, which now seems assured. Coffees with the increased fall demand showed a stronger tendency, but teas are quiet and unchanged. Payments are fair and seem to have improved since the turn of the month. Cables reported a drop in the prices of currants for prompt shipment from Greece of about 2s per cwt., equal to about half a cent a pound. market is still above the Greek parity, it has not been quotably affected by the decline. The demand for California raisins for October shipment/from the Coast is fairly active, and the market is firm with an upward tendency. For Coast seeded the market for October shipment is now generally quoted on the basis of 61/2c f.o.b. for fancy. Loose are held by prominent packers at 434c for two crowns, 514c for three crowns, and 53/4c for four crowns f.o.b. Coast, and it is thought that buyers would have difficulty in getting orders confirmed in any quarter at a concession from these figures. Cables from Malaga reported further damage to the raisin crop in Spain by high winds. Latest estimates of the Greek currant crop make it 136,000 tons, of which 35,000 tons will not be available for consumption under the retention law. estimated stocks of old currants in Greece and foreign markets are 10,000 tons, giving a total supply for the world's markets for the season of 1906-1907 of 121,000 tons. The catch of Norway mackerel so far has been fair, but prices are high, owing to the competition for fresh fish among curers.

of which montreal ing supply, at 63s 6d e advanced silk manuces of raw cept orders cent. Loer promise in values,

st 29,016 for oments since ges, against

rices were
richips and
ss was done
at 12%c.
t week amcose for the
ince first of
ince than for
inder date of
much better
ers having
I that they
total quan-

to suit y to wear during the w Orleans 41 points e weather ust week. 12 points 15 p.m., 15 to 15½ g upland, ufacturers ices which well sold

selling on liveries in tiet openties sum of dle West. cloths 28-4 x 60, goods 39to 73/4c; vn sheets. 56x60, 8 ounces aple gingcambrica

forward

Selected to 18½c millers shorts, torts, \$22

aght rol-

fair, but

:-Fresh ; grass resh 12c; it, 8½c; gallon,

vices from Scotland state that the supply of large full herring is about exhausted and that prices are decidedly higher. Some estimates of the pack of pink and chum salmon place it at 560.0 0 cases, which have all been absorbed by consuming markets, with more wanted. A reduction of 21/2c per dozen in the price of red Alaska salmon was announced in New York by the principal holders of spot goods, making the quotation on several Association brands in store \$1.021/2. reason for the cut was given it is generally believed that it was made with a view to stimulating demand, which for some time past has been light.

HIDES, -Market firm and fairly active. No. 1 beef hides $13\,\%\rm e$ to 14e; No. 1 calfskins 15e to 16e. Sheepskins \$1.15 to \$1.25. Lambskins 80c. Rough tallow 11/2c to 21/2c and rendered 4%c.

HONEY .- Business quiet, and prices firmer. White clover comb at 131/ge to 14c; white extracted at 10c to 101/ge; buckwhat Se to 9c per lb.

HOPS.—Demand keeps slow, but the undertone to the market is steady. Canadian choice 15c to 16c, and ordinary 13e to 14e per lb.

IRON/AND HARDWARE. -A feature of the market is the position of copper, which continues to advance owing to short supplies. Europe is placing contracts ahead for six months, while I nited States consumers are showing interest for nine months to a year in advance. In Europe, prices ranged all the way from 20c to 201/2c c.i.f. for various shipments, the outside price for spot. The London market for standard warrants has been active, excited and higher, the full advance being £2 10s on spot and £2 7s 6d on futures, while best selections of English copper have advanced £2 15s, closing at £96 5s subject to the usual trade discount. The bullish sentiment which has prevailed in the London market for tin for weeks developed the last few days into another boom, which has carried prices up between £6 and £7 at London and Ic to 1%c per pound in the U.S. market. The large supply of spot tin for both September and October, which was regarded as a bear factor on this side, has proved the reverse, for as soon as American operators, and speculators disposed of their holdings the metal was controlled more fully by Europe. Late quotations from London were tin, spot, £191; 3 mos. £190 10s. St. Louis easier on lead, but closed firmer, with buyers bidding 5.80c for soft Missouri spot and September in $\!\!\!\!/$ car lots, but held higher. London has advanced 3s 9d, net, soft Span-1sh closing at £18 12s 6d, against £18 8s 9d on the preceding week, and against £13 17s 6d at the corresponding period a year ago. Refined spelter has receded, but recovered, and closed firmer in tone, with a better demand at 61/4c spot and early shipment. London has fluctuated within a narrow range, G. M. B. closing at £27 10s. Pig iron certificates were dull in New York at \$18 for cash. September has been a good month for the steel mills. In addition to the heavy railroad business there has been steady buying of small tonnages for extensions and improvements to manufacturing plants and new office and loft buildings in the principal business centres East and West. San Francisco alone has taken up fully 10,000 tons within the last two weeks, and buying there has just begun. New York city alone, outside of railway terminals, will take from 30,000 to 40,000 tons of structural steel. All soits and kinds of iron are in demand, but especially high silicon and other softeners. Under these circumstances more foreign iron is being disposed of, contracts being placed at New York within the last two days running between 7,000 and 8,000 tons in small lots, but only a small proportion of this is for domestic consumption, the bulk of the foundry grades for import going to consumers who export finished products. Antimony has been firmer abroad, but the U.S. demand has been only moderate. Special brands sell at 23% to 25% and ordinary brands at 22% to 22% the inside price for importation. Nickel is steady at 40 to 47c for round lots down to a ton and 50 to 60c for smaller quantities. Aluminum in ingots for remelting is quoted in New York at 35c for No. 1 and 34c for No. 2, over 90 per cent. pure, in

LIVE STOCK.-Canadian cattle were about steady in price at Liverpool at 101/2c; ranchers being firm at 9c. There are tewer cattle coming forward from the west. As a result freight rates are on the easy side, and Glasgow may be had at 35s per head, Liverpool and London being about the same figure, Manchester being 37s 6d to 40s. Shipments from Montreal for the week ending September 29th were 4,244 head of cattle and 1,209 sheep, against 3,991 cattle the previous week. During September the shipments were 20,703 head of cattle, 1,408 sheep and 176 horses. Total cattle shipments this season were 94.758 head (the largest since 1903), those of sheep being 7.500, a decrease of over 50 per cent. Hogs steady at \$6.75 to \$6.90 for selects. Sheep firm 31/2c to 4c. Choicest cattle brought 41/4 to 41/2c, good about 4c and medium $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4c, and common $2\frac{1}{4}$ to 3c. The demand for lambs continues active, many being taken to the United States market, and prices hold firm at 5 to 51/c.

NAVAL STORES.—Pine pitch, \$3.75 brl.; pine tar, \$4.50; oakum, 4c to 7c per lb.; coal tar, \$4 brl.; roofing pitch, \$1 per 100 lbs.; cotton waste, colored, 5c to 7c per lb.; white, 8c to 11c. Rope:—Sisal 7-16 and upwards, 101/20 3/8, 11c; 3-16, 111/2c. Manilla, 7-16 and larger, 15c; 3/8, 151/2c; 1/4 and 5-16, 16c. Lath yarn, 10c to 101/2c.

ROLLED OATS.—The demand continues quiet at \$2.121/2 per bag. A fair business is passing in cornmeal at \$1.35 to \$1.45 per bag.

TURPENTINE & ROSIN.-While details are lacking, it is believed that considerable turpentine has been destroyed by the Southern storms. The market in Savannah is reported firm, and there was a steady undertone, although the demand was not heavy. There was a quotation of 65c for machinemade barrels in yard at New York, but this might have been shaded 4c. Advices from Savannah state that while evident attempts are being made to hammer the Southern rosin market, buyers up North are nevertheless bidding higher prices on the quiet. The New York market was quiet, but owing to limited stocks, especially of M. N. WG, and WW. sympathy with Savannah, quotations were somewhat higher.

POTATO∦S.—Market quiet at 75c to 90c per bag of 80 lbs. Dealers are jobbing them out at 95c to \$1.05.

PROVISIONS.—There has been a good demand for lard and cured meats at slight change in prices. Good demand at \$9.50 to \$9.75 per 100 pounds, for fresh killed hogs. Live hogs have ruled rather steady at \$6.75 to \$6.90 100 pounds weighed /off cars. Heavy Canada short cut mess pork in tierces \$33.00 to \$34:00 brls. \$22.50 to \$23. Compound lard in tierces, 375 lbs., 8c to 83/4c; tubs 50 lbs., parchment lined $81\!/\!_4 e$ to $87\!/\!_8 e;$ kettle lard <code>/tierces</code> 123/4c to 13c; pure lard tierces 113/4c to 12c. Hams, extra large sizes, 25 lbs. upwards, $14\frac{1}{2}c$ to $14\frac{3}{4}c$; large sizes, 18 to 25 lbs., 15c to 151/2c; medium sizes, selected weights, 12 to 18 lbs., 151/2c to 16c; extra small sizes, 8 to 12 lbs, 16c; hams, bone out, rolled, large, 16c to 161/2c; do. small, 17c to 171/c; English boncless breakfast bacon, 161/2c to 17c; Wiltshire bacon, 50 lbs., sides. 141/2c to 15c; Windsor bacon, backs, 15c to

WOOL.-Recent cables from the London auction sales report considerable interest in all grades. There was a good general demand, and fine merinos and greasy cross-breds were in keen request at unchanged prices to an advance of 5 per cent. Inferior grades did not show any improvement. Americans bought several lots of New Zealand greasy. Arenas brought moderate competition; fine grades were unchanged, but faulty, and showed a decline of 6 to 10 per cent. New Zealand, scoured, brought 9d to 1s 21/2d; greasy 51/2d to 1s. Cape of Good Hope and Natal, scoured, 1s 1d to 1s 101/d; greasy, 51/4d to 91/9d. River Plate, greasy, 81/2d to 1s 01/2d. Punta Arenos, scoured, 1s 61/2d; greasy 71/2d to 1s 2d. arrivals of wool for the sixth series of sales amount to 10,000 bales, including 8,000 forwarded direct to spinners. The imports last week were: Victoria, 100 bales; New Zealand 1,500 bales; Cape of Good Hope and Natal 500 bales; various 1,100

WHOLESA

Name DRUGS AND

id Carbolic Cr Arabic per Trag Powder lb Powder pe lb. Phospo Oxalic Potash Potash Acid Bichro Iodide

Cartaric Acid Licorice. -

Stick, 4, 6, 8, 12 boxes Acme Licorice Pel Licorice Lozenges,

HEAVY CHEN

Bleaching Powder
Blue Vitriol Blue Vitriol

Brimstone
Caustic Soda

Goda Ash
Soda Bicarb
Bal. Soda
Concen

DYESTUFFS-

archil. con Madder

FISH--

loaters, per box.
Librador Herrings
abrador Herrings
ackerel, No. 2,
ackerel, No. 2,
reen Cod, No. 1
reen Cod, large

FLOUR-

Ogilvie's Royal Hou Ogilvie's Glenora Pa Patente winter Wheat Pater Straight Roller Straight bags Extras. Rolled Oats Cornmeal, bag

Straight R FARM PRODUCT

oicest Crea

1 Candled

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

in price

here are

he same ts from 244 head

previous head of

hipments those of Hogs

c to 4c.

medium

nbs conmarket,

r, \$4.50; oitch, \$1

; white,

\$2.121/2 \$1.35 to

g, it is yed by

eported demand achine-

evident n marrices on ing to gher. 80 lbs.

r lard

hogs. \$6.90 Canada brls, 83/4c; tierces a large 25 lbs., lbs.,

bone

; Eng-

bacon, oc to

es regood were 5 per Am-

Punta

e uncent.

/2d to

01/.d; 01/2d, 01/2d. The

The

10,000

e im-

1,500

1,100

101/20 , 15½c;

ı be had

-	
Name of Article.	Wholesale.
DRUGS AND CHEMICALS-	
Acid Carbolic Cryst. medi. Aloes, Cape Alum Borax, xtls Brom. Potass Camphor, Ref. Rings Camphor, Ref. oz. ck Oltric Acid Citrate Magnesia lb. Cocaine Hvd. oz. Copperas, per 100 lbs. Cream Tartar Epsom Salts Glycerine Gum Arabic per lb. Gum Trag Insect Powder lb. Insect Powder lb. Menthol, lb. Morphia Oil Peppermint lb. Oil Lemon Opium Phosporus Oxalic Acid Potash Bichromate Potash Iodide Quinine Strychnine Tartaric Acid	16 9 18 1 40 1 75 0 44 9 66 9 35 9 45 9 95 1 10 37 0 45 0 25 0 45 4 50 0 0 75 80 0 22 0 26
Stick, 4, 6, 8, 12 & 16 to lb., 5 lb. boxes Acme Licorice Pellets, cans. Licorice Lozenges, 1 & 5 lb. cans.	2 00 2 00 1 50
HEAVY CHEMICALS-	
Bleaching Powder Blue Vitriol Brimstone Caustic Soda 60da Ash Soda Bicarb Bal. Soda dal. Soda Concentrated	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
DYESTUFFS—	
Archil. con Cutch Ex. Logwood Chip Logwood Indigo (Bengal) Indigo Madras Gambier Madder Sumac Tin Crystale	0 27 0 31 0 08 1 75 2 50 1 50 1 75 0 76 1 00 0 06 0 07 0 09 0 12 42 50 47 50 0 28 0 30
FISH	
Bloaters, per box. Labrador Herrings Labrador Herrings, half bris. Mackerel, No. 2, bris. Mackerel, No. 2, one-half barrel Green Cod, No. 1 Green Cod, No. 1	1 00 1 10 6 00 6 50 3 50 0 00
Green Cod, large Mo. 2 Large dry Gaspe per qntl. Salmon, bris. Lab. No. 1 Salmon, half bris. Salmon, British Columbia, bris. Salmon, British Columbia, half bris. Salmon, British Columbia, half bris. Soneless Fish Boneless Cod Skinless Cod, case Loch Fyne Herrings, keg FLOUR—	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Shorts, in bags Mouillie	0 00 4 50 4 00 4 10 3 80 3 90 1 75 1 80 1 50 1 60 1 90 2 90 1 35 J 45 9 00 20 00 1 00 25 00 8 00 29 00

FARM PRODUCTS—

 Choicest Creamery
 0 23½ 0 24½

 Under Grades, Creamery
 0 22½ 0 23

 Tewnships Dairy
 0 19 0 19½

 Western Dairy
 0 18½ 0 19½

 Good to Choice
 0 00 0 00

 Fresh Rolls
 0 00 0 00

 Eggs—
 0
 22

 Best Selected
 0
 0
 0
 0

 Straight Gathered
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0

 Rimed
 0
 0
 18
 0
 184
 0
 184
 0
 185
 0
 15
 0
 16

 No. 2
 do
 0
 15
 0
 16
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0

Tuckett's Club Special Cigars

JUST A LITTLE LARGER, A LITTLE BETTER. AND A LITTLE DEARER THAN

Tuckett's Marguerite Cigars,

THE SALES OF WHICH

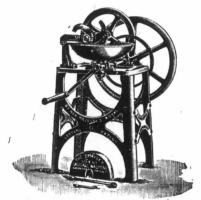
Exceed "A Miljion a Month."

Established Half a Century.

JOHN GARDNER & SONS,

Inventors, Patentees and Sole Makers

'Simplex' Silent SausageMachine



PIE MEAT CUTTER

By Her Majesty's Royal Letters Patent. Made for both Hand and Steam Power -These Machines are universally acknowledged the Most Perfect Silent Sausage Machine in existence.

The "Simplex" Silent Machine & Pie Meat Cutter.
WITH ENGINE COMBINED.

Manufacturers of Every Description of

Perk Butchers' Machinery, On the Latest and Most Improved Principles.

Registered Telegraphic Address: — "SIMPLEX, BIRMINGHAM."

Illustrated Price List and Full Particulars on application.

SMITHFIELD WORKS, BRADFORD ST., BIRMINGHAM, - ENG.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT

WHOLESALE PRICES C	URRENT
Name of Article.	Wholesale.
FARM PRODUCTS.—CON.—	\$ C. \$ C.
Sundries— Potatoes, per bag of 90 lbs Honey, White Clover, comb Honey, extracted	. 0 80 1 05 0 151 0 14 0 081 0 10
Beans—	
Prime Best hand-picked	0 00 0 00 1 55
GROCERIES—/	
Standard Granulated, barrels Bugs, 100 lbs. Ex. Ground, in barrels Ex. Ground, in boxes Ex. Ground, in boxes Powdered, in boxes Paris Lumps, in barrels Paris Lumps, in half barrels Branded Yellows Molasses (Barbadoes) old Molasses, in barrels Molasses, in barrels Molasses, in barrels Molasses in half barrels Lyapotated Apples	4 95 5 05 3 85 4 15 0 26 0 27
/ Raisins—	/ 104 0.16
Sultanas Loose Musc., Layers, Loudon Con. Cluster Extra Dessert Royal Buckingham	0 061 0 08 0 071 0 081 0 06
Valencia, Selected Valencia, Layers Currants, Provincials Fillatras Patras Vostizzas Prunes, California	0 05½ 006½ 0 06 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
Prunes, French Figs, in bags Figs, new layers	0 06 0 091 0 05 0 071 0 00 0 00 0 07 0 13
Rice— C. C	
C. C. Standard B Patna, per 100 lbs. Burmah, per 100 lbs. Curystal Japan, per 100 lbs. Carolina, Java Pot Barley, bag 98 lbs. Pearl Barley, per lb. Tapioca, Pearl per lb. Tapioca, Flake, per lb. Corn, 2 lb. tins. Peas, 2 lb. tins. Salmon, 4 dozen case Tomatoes, per dozen String Beans	3 15 3 25 3 15 3 25 2 00 2 25 0 084 007½ 0 08 007½ 0 08 0 92½ 0 95 0 95 157½ 1 174 082½ 0 35
Salt—	
Windsor 1 lb. bags, gross 3 lb. 100 bags in brl 5 lb. 60 bags 7 lb. 42 bags 200 lb Coarse delivered Montreal 1 bag 5 bags brls. 280 lbs Cheese Salt, bags, 200 lbs brls. 280 lbs brls. 280 lbs brls. 280 lbs	1 50 2 70 2 60 3 50 1 15 0 60 0 57 1 55 2 10 1 55
Coffees –	2 10
Seal brand, 2 lb cans. 1 lb. cans. Old Government—Java Pure Wocho Pure Maracaibo Pure Jamaica Pure Santos Fanty Rio. Pure Rio.	0 32 0 33 0 31 0 24 0 18 0 17 0 17 0 16 0 15
Teas—	
Young Hysons, common Young Hysons best grades Aspans Congou Ceylon Indian	0 16 0 36 0 16 0 40 0 15 0 35 0 15 0 35 0 15 0 35
HARDWARE—	
fin: Block, L. & F. per lb. l'in, Block, Straits, per lb. l'in, Strip, per lb. Copper: Ingot per lb.	0 00 0 27 0 44 0441/6
Cut Nail Schedule —	0 21 0211/4
Base price, per keg, Extras—Over and above 80d,	2 20

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

Name of Article.	Wholes	ale.
HARDWARE.—CON.—		c 8 (
Coil Chain—No. 6 No. 6 No. 6 No. 3 ¼ inch 5-16 inch 7-16 inch Coil Chain—No. ½ 9-16	0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00	0 05 0 06 0 07 0 06 4 30 3 80 3 60 3 40
% ····································	3 00	3 35 3 25 3 10 3 05
100 lb. dox, 1½ to 1%		2 8t 2 5r
Queen's Head, or equal, gauge 28 Comet , do., 28 gauge		4 40 4 25
No. 2 and larger No. 1 and smaller Bar Iron, per 100 lbs. Am. Sheet Steel, 6 ft. x 2½ ft., 18 Am. Sheet Steel, 6 ft. x 2½ ft., 20 Am. Sheet Steel, 6 ft. x 2½ ft., 20 Am. Sheet Steel, 6 ft. x 2½ ft., 22 Am. Sheet Steel, 6 ft. x 2½ ft., 26 Am. Sheet Steel, 6 ft. x 2½ ft., 26 Boiler plates, iron, ½ inch. Boiler plates, iron, 3-16 inch Booler plates, iron, 3-16 inch Bool Fon, base fer 2 in and larger Band Canadian, 1 to 6 in., 30c; over base of ordinary iren, smaller size.	, ,	2 45 2 05 1 2 56 2 60 2 75 2 90 2 10 2 10 2 40
Canada Plates— Full Polish Ordinary, 52 sheets Ordinary 76 sheets Ordinary 76 sheets Slack fron Pipe, ½ inch ½ inch † inch 1 incb 1½ incb 1½ inch 1½ inch 1½ inch 1½ inch 1½ inch 1½ inch		3 70 2 65 2 70 2 80 2 09 2 09 2 42 3 05 4 37 5 96 7 15
steel, cast per lb., Black Diamond . steel, Spring, 100 lbs. steel, Tire, 100 lbs. steel, Tire, 100 lbs. steel, Toe Calk steel, Toe Calk steel, Harrow Tooth Tin Plates—		9 54 0 07# 2 50 2 27# 2 17# 2 60 2 7E 2 50
### COoke, 14 x 20 IC Charcoal, 14 x 20 IX Charcoal, 4 Terne Plate IC, 20 x 28 Russian Sheet Iron Lion & Crown, tinned sheets 22 and 24 gauge case lots 28 gauge Lead: Pig, per 100 lbs. Bheet Bhot, 100 lbs., less 15 per cent. Lead Pipe, per 100 lbs. Zinc—	4 50 5 50	4 20 4 50 6 85 0 10 7 00 7 50 4 60 5 75 6 50 7 00 p.c.
Spelter, per 100 lbs. Black Sheet Iron, per 100 lbs.—	6 75 7	7 00
5 to 10 gauge 18 to 20 gauge 22 to 21 gauge 88 gauge Wire—	2 2 2	40 80 80 80 35 45
Plain galvamized, No. 5 do do No. 6, 7, 8 do do No. 9 do do No. 10 do do No. 11 do do No. 12 do do No. 12 do do No. 14 do do No. 15 do do No. 15 do do No. 16 do N	3 2 3 3 2 2 2 3	al.
ROPE— Sinal, base	0	10½ 11 11½ 15 15½

A. E. FINLEY, **CUT CLASS** Manufacturer



10 BROOK ST., ST. PAUL SQ.,

BIRMINGHAM, England.

Special Prices to Canadians under New

Established 1875.

E. SADLER & SONS

LENS CAP - - - -MANUFACTURER



Enlarging Screens, Iso Screens, Lens Cases, Stop Cases, &c., &c.

341/2 Great Hampton Street, BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND

Special prices to Canadians under the New Tariff.

FOR SALE A Wire Stitching Machine VERY CHEAP.

Address:

MONTRHAL.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

WHOLESALE PRICES CU	Kh	ENT.
Name of Article.	Whol	esale
WIRE NAILS	8	с. \$ с.
### ### ##############################		2 45 2 20 2 15 2 05
BUILDING PAPER—		
Ory Sheeting, roll		35 45
HIDES—		
Montreal Green Hides— Montreal, No. 1 Montreal, No. 2 Montreal, No. 3 Fanners pay \$1 extra for sorted cured and inspected.		00 0 13 00 0 12 00 0 11
	1	15 1 25 0 00
Ulips Spring Lambeltins, each Calfakins, No. 1 Calfakins, No. 2 Gorse kides	0 :	80 16 0 00 15 0 00 50 2 00
No. 1, B. A. Sole	0.6	00 0 00
No. 2, B. A. Sole No. 3, B. A. Spanish Sole // Slaughter, No. 1 light medium and heavy No. 2 Harness	0 2 0 2 0 2	00 0 00 26 0 28 24 0 26 28 0 30 28 0 30 27 0 28
Upper, heavy Upper, light Grained Upper Scotch Grain Kip Skins, French	0 8 0 8 0 8	28
English Canada Kip Hemlock Calf Hemlock Light French Calf Splits, light and medium Splits, heavy	0 9	0 0 60 0 0 60 0 /0 70 0 0 00 5 1 25
Leather Board, Canada Enameled Cow, per ft. Pebble Grain	0 2 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 1	8 0 21 8 0 20 6 0 10 6 0 18
B. Calf Brush (Cow) Kid	0 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 4	3 0 15 8 0 22 0 0 00 4 0 17 0 0 45
Russetts, No. 2 Russetts, Saddlers', dozen Imt. French Call. English Oak, lb. Dongola, extra Dongola, No. 1 Dongola, ordinary Colored Pebbles	0 3 8 0 0 6 0 3 0 2 0 1 4 0 1 1 1	0 -0 35 0 9 00 5 0 75 5 0 45 8 0 42 0 0 22 4 0 16
	0 17	
OILS— Cod Oil S. R. Pale Seal Straw Seal	0321 0 45 0 35	2 C37½ 5 0 50 6 0 40
Castor Oil Castor Oil, barrels Lard Oil, extra	1 00 1 25 0 08 0 71 9 70	1 20 1 50 0 084 0 08 0 80
Cod Oil S. R. Pale Seal Straw Seal Cod Liver Oil, Nfid., Norway Process Cod Liver Oil, Norway Process Cod Liver Oil, Norway Process Cod Liver Oil, Norway Process Castor Oil Castor Oil, barrels Lard Oil, extra Lard Oil, extra Linseed, raw, nett Linseed, boiled, nett Olive, pure Olive, extra, qt., per case. Turpentine, nett Wood Alcohol, per gallon	0 51 0 54 1 10	0 52 9 55 1 80 3 70 0 87
PETROLEUM— Aeme Prime White, per gal. Acme Water White, per gal. Astral, per gal. Benzine, per gal. Gasoline, per gal.	0.15	0 15½ 0 17 0 19½
Gasoline, per gal	0 22	0 20
GLASS— First break, 50 feet Second Break, 50 feet First Break, 100 feet Second Break, 100 feet Third Break Fourth Break		1 85 1 95 8 50 3 95 4 25 4 f0
PAINTS, &c. Lead, pure, 50 to 100 lbs. kegs Do. No. 1 Do. No. 2 Do. No. 3 Do. No. 4 White lead, dry Venetian Red, English Vellow Ochre, French Whiting, ordinary Whiting, Gilders' Cinglish Cement, cask	6 00 5 65 5 30 5 05 6 75 5 75 1 50 0 45	6 25 5 90 5 60 5 25 4 75 7 50 6 25 2 00 2 25 0 50
Whiting, Paris, Gilders'	0 60 0 85 2 00	0 70 1 00 2 05

39 S7

PAINT, &

Belgian Cement German Cement United States Co Fire Bricks, per Fire Clay, 200 ll Rosin, per 100 lb

Glue-

Domestic Broker
French Casks
French, barrels
American White
Coopers' Glue
Brunswick Green
French Imperial
No. 1 Furniture
a Furniture
Brown Japan
Orange Shellac, porange Shellac, porange Shellac, putty, bulk, 100
Putty, in bladde
Paris Green in dr
Kalsomine, 5 lb.

Canadian Washed North-West Buenos Ayres Natal, greasy Cape, greasy Australiau, greasy

WINES, LIQUORS

Porter-

Spirits Canadian-

Alcohol 65. O.P. Spirits, 50. O.P. Spirits, 25 U.P. Club Rye, U.P. Rye Whiskey, ord.,

Tarragona

Sherries-

Amontillado (Lion)

Clarets-

St. Julien Medoc

Champagnes-

Marq. de la Tour, se

JRRENT.

[AYLO]

WHOLESALE

39 STATION STREET,

Saddlery & WALSALL, ENGLAND.

Harness Manufacturer, Etc.

Special Prices to Canadians under the New Tariff.

PAINT, &c .- Continued. PAIN1, ec.—Continued. / § c. s c Belgian Cement 1 85 1 90 German Cement 0 00 0 00 United States Cement 2 00 2 10 Fire Bricks, per 1,000 17 00 21 00 Fire Clay, 200 lb. pkgs. 0 75 1 25 Rosin, per 100 lbs 2 50 5 00 Canadian Washed North-West Buenos Ayres Natal, greasy Cape, greasy Australiau, greasy

WINES, LIQUORS, ETC. Porter-

 Dublin Stout, qts
 2 40 2 50

 Dublin Stout, pts.
 1 60 1 65

 Canadian Stout pts
 1 60 1 65

 Lager Beer, U.S.
 1 60 1 65

 Lager, Canadian
 0 80 1 40

 Spirits Canadian-per gal.-Tarragona 1 00 1 50 Amontillado (Lion) 3 50 4 00

Marq. de la Tour, secs 11 00 12 00

Champagnes-



SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTHWEST HOMESTEAD REGULATIONS.

HOMESTEAD REGULATIONS.

Any even numbered section of Dominion Lands in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, excepting 8 and 26, not reserved, may be homesteaded by any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years of age, to the extent of one-quarter section of 160 acres, more or less.

Entry must be made personally at the local land office for the district in which the land is situate.

The homesteader is required to perform the conditions connected therewith under one of the following plans:

(1) At least six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each year for three years.

cultivation of the land in each year for three years.

(2) If the father (or mother, if the father is deceased), of the homesteader resides upon a farm in the vicinity of the land entered for the requirements as to residence may be satisfied by such person residing with the father or mother.

(3) If the settler has his permanent residence upon farming land owned by him in the vicinity of his homestead, the requirements as to residence may be satisfied by residence upon the said land.

Six months' notice in writing should be given to the Commissioner of Dominion Lands at Ottawa of intention to apply for patent.

W W CORY

W. W. CORY Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

 $N.B.-Unauthorized\ publication\ of\ this\ advertisement\ will\ not\ be\ paid\ for\ .$

THE GREAT NORTH COUNTRY.

Nimrod was a mighty hunter, but had he hunted in the "Highlands of Ontario" he would have been a mightier one. Nimrod hunted for glory, but those who go into the several districts of Northern Ontarlo hunt for game. Those Indians who made the first canoe of birch bark long ago, were our greatest benefactors. The children of these Indians know the canoe and they know how to use it, and they know just where the moose and deer are to be found. They will be the best guides you ever had. "The Muskoka Lakes," "Lake of Bays," "Maganetawan Kıver," "French Kiver," "Temagamı," "Georgian Bay," and several other districts in this Great North Country abound with deer and moose. The best hunting on the American Continent is offered here. Write the undersigned for copy of "Haunts of Fish and Game," an illustrated publication issued by the Grand Trunk Railway System, giving all information, game laws. maps, etc.-J. Quinlan, District Passenger Agent, Bonaventure Station, Montreal.

WINES, LIQUORS, ETC.-Continued

Richard 20 years flute 12 qts. in case Richard Fleur de Cognac do Richard V. S. O. P. 12 quarts Richard V. O. 12 quarts	4	15 12	50 50 25 90
		1	

Scotch Whiskeys-

Bullock	Lade.	E.E.S	G.L	 5/5/1	75%	10 '	25 10	50
Rumarn	ock	rener total			••	8 5	75 10	00
Usher's	O.V.G	0.00		 • •	••	9 (50
Dewars	ertre	enoo	•• •	 • •	••	9 2		
- C.Waib	CAUL	spec.		 		9 2	0 9	50
Mitchell do Sp do Ex	ecial	ogle 12 d Reserve ecial d Scotc	do				9	00 00 50

Power's, q	ts							10 :	25 10	56
									50 11	
									0 10	
Burke's								8 (00 11	50
Angostura	Bitte	rs, p	er 2	dos.	•••	••	••	14 (0 15	00
Gin-										
Canadian g	reen	case	8.					5 B	0 5	0.0
London Dr	V							7 0	0 0	00

Ginger Ale, Belfast, doz. 1 30 1 40 Soda water, imports, doz. 1 30 1 40 Apollinaris, 50 qts. 7 00 7 50

MONTREAL MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS.

Awnings, Tents, Tarpaulins, Flags, etc. THOS. SONNE,

193 COMMISSIONERS STREET.

Carpet Beating.

THE CITY CARPET BEATING CO. 11 HERMINE STREET.

Dry Goods, Wholesale. ALPHONSE RACINE & COMPANY, 340 and 342 ST. PAUL STREET.

TRADE ENQUIRIES.

(We continue a list of trade inquiries from firms or persons in England and elsewhere desirous to open business relations in Canada. Readers will please address this office, giving the number prefixed to each.)

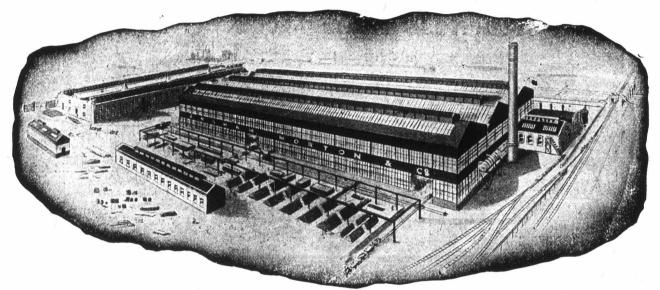
648.-A well-known Yorkshire firm manufacturing all classes of worsted CONTRACTORS TO H.M. GOVERNMENT.

ADMIRALTY AND WAR OFFICE LISTS

MAURICE GRAHAM, M. Inst. Mech. E.: Assoc. M. Inst. C.E.: M. Inst. Mining E.

Graham, Morton & Co., Ltd.

-Engineers & Contractors,-WORKS and Hunslet, Pepper Road, LEEDS, Eng.



London Office:-Lennox House, Norfolk Street, Strand, W.C.

Australian Address:-Mutual Life Bldg., Martin Place, Sydney, N.S.W.

Write for Catalogue which contains 150 photographs.

tiations with Canadian buyers of these geods.

649. North of England engineering firm desires to develop their Canadian trade in drilling, planing, boring, and slotting machines, and all kinds of lathes, amongst Canadian engineers, ship builders, railway and tramway companies, etc., and invite correspondence.

650,-Yorkshire firm is open to receive quotations for wheel spokes:-2ins. to 3ins. x 28ins.; also for trap shafts duly bent, 9ft. to 12ft. long x $2\frac{1}{2}$ ins. x^{j} 11/21ns.; 9ft. to 12ft. long x 23/4ins. x 13/41ns.; 9ft. to 12ft. long x 3ins. x 2ins.

651.—A Bradford fodder contractor is open to hear from Canadian shippers of hay; capacity, 15 tons to 20 tons a week. Quotations are also desired for Canadian oats, e.i.f. Bradford.

602.--Yorkshire produce firm ask to be referred to Canadian shippers of hog products, chiefly "Cumberland Cut."

653.—A well-known Bradford firm is open for prices from Canadian shippers of "First Quality" butter and glycerined

654.—Large North of England confectionery firm desires immediate quotations for box shooks:-(Side) 285/sins. x 42ms. x 1/4ms.; (ends) 113/sins. x 6ins. x 7-16ms., with tops and bottoms to match, and four wood laths for each box, 12ins. x 2ins. x 7-16ins. Prices to. compete with Swedish timber at present

655.-Well-known British firm manu-

meat, desires to develop their Canadian trade in this, and invite correspondence.

656.—An old-established Yorkshire firm dealing in clover and Timothy hay, wheat and oats, will be pleased to hear from Canadian shippers with quotations, c.i.f. Halifax, Eng.

657.—A leading North of England firm invites quotations for 1,000 standards of unfloated blocks, suitable for making packing cases, measuring:-9ft. x 10ins. x 10ins.; 9ft. x 12ins. x 12ins.

658.—A large old-established flour mill in Yorkshire would be interested in receiving quotations from Canadian shippers of wheat.

659 .- Leeds hay merchant desires to hear from Canadian shippers of hay, c.i.f. Leeds.

CANADIAN WOOD EXPORTS.

Fa.nworth and Jardine's wood circular, dated Liverpool, September 1, is as fol-

Arrivals from British North America during August were 38,574 tons register, again t 33,150 during August last year, and the aggregate tonnage to this date from all places during the years 1904, 1905 and 1906 has been 324,683, 347,633 and 354,348 tons, respectively

Business, although not particularly active, has again been of a steady character. There has been a full import, the consumption fairly satisfactory, and stocks, considering the time of year, with facturing highly popular toffee-sweet- few exceptions, are not unduly large.

Values are well maintained, and for several articles show improvement.

Canadian Woods-Pine Timber-Waney pine arrived freely, chiefly to Manchester, and largely on contract First-class Wood-The import is entirely on merchants' account and goes direct into consam tion; values firm. Second class wood arrived freely, and with improved enquiry several consignments have been disposed of; values steady, stock sufficient. Square Pine—Arrivals moderate, limited demand, values firm. Red pine not imported, little enquiry. Oak-Import is the largest for many months, and chiefly on contract; consumption small, bulk of import still undischarged, values firm, stock sufficient. Elm--Import reduced, deliveries disappointing, demand quiet, stocks ample, values high. Pine Deals—Arrivals fairly moderate, more enquiry, deliveries satisfactory; values firm, stocks not too large. Deals-No improvement in demand.

New Brunswick and Nova Scotia Spruce and Pine Deals .- Arrivals Mersey were 19,960 standards (of which about 821/2 per cent. went to Manchester canal), against 11,290 standards a year ago. Steady demand, deliveries fairly satisfactory, stocks increased and are now heavy, values well maintained. Pine deals are only in limited demand.

Birch.—Of logs, arrivals moderate, consumption fair, stocks too large. No improvement in value. Planks arriving too freely; consumption not satisfactory, and stock too heavy; values lower.

HAMBLE ·JOIN SUPPL

THE A IS WEI

ADDR

These p per square in pipe without

HAMB!

ILLUST HAMBLE

CABLE A

Pitch Pine. - Ar 4.065 tons, agains last year. There dency in values a pectially there amongst importers shipping points. erately, consumpti first-class wood in ported on a moder demand and values excessive. Deals a

the light side; con

td.

CE LISTS

Eng.

, W.C. I.S.W.

nd for sevnt. per—Waney

o Manches-First-class on mertinto concond class improved have been tock suffimoderate, Red pine

Oak—Imonths, and
tion small,
ged, values
Import reg, demand
igh. Pine
ate, more
y; values

Red Pine mand.

Ta Scotia rivals to (of which Manches-undards a deliver-increased cell main-

moderate, rge. No arriving isfactory, ower.

in limited



THE ADAMANTINE MATERIAL OF WHICH THESE PIPES ARE MADE IS WELL KNOWN FOR ITS GREAT STRENGTH AND DURABILITY.

ADDRESS — HAMBLET'S LP WEST BROMWICH.

DURABILITY GUARANTEED

These pipes have been tested by Messrs. Kirkaldy to a bursting pressure of over 140 lbs per square inch and our PATENT JOINT has been tested to stand as much pressure as the pipe without shewing the least signs of weeping or leekage.

HAMBLET'S BLUE BRICKS, Pavings, for Stables, Yards, Footpaths, etc.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE OF VARIOUS MANUFACTURES ON APPLICATION TO

HAMBLET'S Ltd. (JOSEPH HAMBLET, Managing Director) WEST-BROMWICH, ENGLAND

ÇABLE ADDRESS :-HAMBLET, WEST-BAOMWICH, ENGLAND.

CODES :- A. B. C., 5th EDITION and PRIVATE.

Pitch Pine.—Arrivals were 5 vessels.

4.065 tons, against 4 vessels, 2,900 tons last year. There was an upward tendency in values and in sawn timber, espectially there was more disposition amongst importers to meet conditions at shipping points. Hewn imported moderately, consumption disappointing, only first-class wood in demand. Sawn imported on a moderate scale; satisfactory demand and values improved; stocks not excessive. Deals and Boards—Import on the light side; consumption satisfactory; world's well-used to the stocks of the stocks of the light side; consumption satisfactory;

values of prime wide boards improved; interior shipments neglected.

British Columbia and Oregon Pine.— Import consists of a cargo from Portland, Ore.; steady consumption, but stocks sufficient; prices advanced.

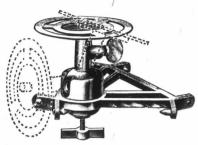
WORLD'S WHEAT CROP.

It is of interest now to see how the world's crops have varied over a term of years. The following table shows the world's wheat crops—ten years' record:

E	st	1	n	18	i	•	90	Ĺ	(1	0	p	-	_						Quarters.
1906	j		٠		.1		ý												٠.	439,100,000
\mathbf{A}	ct	ι	18	ıl		c	r	oj	þ.	_	_									
1905															33					420,840,000
1904																				400,400,000
1903				÷																408,448,000
1902				į																399,400,000
1901																				367.570,000
1900																		1		341,000,000
1899																				350.000.000
1898																				375.000,000
1897						9														300,000,000

ASHFORD

ADJUSTABLE TRIPOD HEAD.

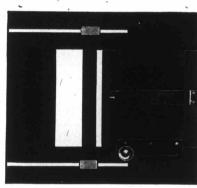


Made of Aluminium Entirely different from anything on the market.

Any position, from vertical to hor zontal, obtained instantly.

Once levelled any field of view may be obtained.

WRITE FOR PRICES.



Lantern Slide Printing Frame

FOR PRINTING SLIDES BY CONTACT.

Any portion of a negaive up 10 ≈ 81 plate can e printed, even up to the extreme corners.

Price 4s 6d each.

J. Ashford, -179-Birmingham, Eng.

Special prices to Canadians under the New Tariff.

CHARLES MOHR & Co., 55 GLOVER STREET, BIRMINGHAM, ENG.

Specialists in Brass Birdcages, Parrot Cages, Aviaries.

Best Parrot Cage on the market. Everything to nest to economise space.

Clients' desires met as regards price or design if list does

not contain exacts wants.



All Brass Cage Polished base and corners and engraved

ASK FOR ILLUSTRATED LIST.
Assortment of samples to any value at wholesale rates may be had.

Here we find practically a 59 per cent. increase in the world's wheat production in ten years. The increase since 1900, it will be seen, has been/ pheno menal, and is not to be explained in any abnormal increase in the world's consumption. It is probable, however, that the returns are now more complete than they were ten, or even five years ago. The world's normal increase of consumption is about 7,060,000 quarters per annum, and if the actual increase in production had been as great as the above table indicates, says the Glasgow Herald, there should be an enormous stock of wheat in the world somewhere -of which there is no evidence. The world's visible s pply on September 1 was 13.635,000 quarters, which is certainly about 3,000,-O(t) quarters more than at the corresponding date last year, but is considerably less than in 1900, when 16.530,000 quarters were in sight at September 1. The Hungarian Minister estimated the probable surplus which the exporting countries will be able to spare out of this season's crop at 77.994,000 quarters. This is probably an underestimate, but, in any case, it provides an amp'e margin, because the importing countries have only taken about 76.620,000 quarters in the season 19 5-6, and in the season 19 6-7 Europe, with its large crops, should be able to do with four or five million quarters less of imported wheat than in the past season. With an exportable surplus of, say, 78,000 000 quarters, and importable requirements of, say, 66,0000000 quarters there is margin enough to in-

sure a low range of prices during the season. But, of course, it is to be remembered that the Argentine and Australian crops will not be realized for some months to come. Whatever problem we may have before us in the coming winter with regard to the unemployed, that problem is not likely to be complicated by dear bread. In fact, the prospective low price of wheat is not encouraging for British farmers, but, on the other hand, the large crops both of Europe, of North and South America, and of India that have to be distributed promise active employment for British shipping.

COTTON GROWING IN WEST INDIES.

Sir Alfred Jones in an interview, says that the date of the visit of the party of cotton spinners from Lancashire and Yorkshire which he is taking out to the West Indies to see the products and possibilities of the islands had now been fixed. The party, which Sir Alfred himself will conduct, and which will sail from Bristol on December 27. It will number abo t forty in all.

"Cotton growing, of course," said Sir Alfred. "is the object of interest to the Lancashire spinners who will accompany me on this trip-cotton growing and the possibilities for the extension of the productiveness of the West Indies. can see for themselves what cotton is being grown there now, and they can also see how much more can be grown there in the future. The whole of the arrangements are not yet complete, and

so far ahead it is impossible to say pree.sely who will and who will not accompany us. S.r Daniel Morris, the Minister of Agr culture for the West Indies, has however, promised to meet the party at Barbadoes, and will accompany it to Jamaica where an agricultural conference is to be held, presided over by Sir Alexander Swettenham.

"I am deeply interested as president of the Cotton Growing Association in the production of cotton, and as president I have invited the party to accompany me. I sent a party of undergraduates from Oxford and Cambride out a little while ago, and I have just received a very interesting and long letter from one of them who has recently returned. Twenty more of the party are now coming back.

"Mr. Winston Churchill and the whole of the chief officials of the Colonial Office are taking the deepe t possible interest in the expedition, and would be glad if it produced any useful results. There is no doubt as to the success of cotton growing in the West Indies and in West Africa.

"In the latter region this year \$500,000 will go into the pockets of planters for cotton actually grown which has never gone there before, and the same may be said of the West Indies. The advantages. produced by the efforts of the Cotton Growing Association are manifest. Lancashire has subscribed \$15.000,000 for the increase of the cotton growing area on British soil through the British Cotton Growing Association, and I think this is

Telegraphic A Rope, Wals

J. HA Goodal

> ROPES. HAI TE



Contra

TENTS a

68, LOWER E



Brass an

a satisfactory res much greater stil

THE HAUNT

The northern pa Ontario is the me and hunter. Deer the several district the Grand Trunk cluding "Muskoka "Maganetawan Riv "French River," " Bay," and several Division, between S quin Park. Last y and 300 moose we territory, and from year, the supply is hunting districts ea particulars in "H Game," an illustrat all information, ga free, on application trict Passenger Age tion, Montreal.

Co., T, ENG.

if list does

d engraved

rates may

to say pre-

not accomthe Minis-

est Indies.

t the party pany it to

conference

Sir Alex-

s president tion in the president I

mpany me.

ates from

ittle while a very in-

n one of ed. Twen-

ow coming

the whole

Colonial possible in-

would be il results. success of

Indies and

ır \$500,000

anters for

has never ne may be dvantages.

est. Lan-00 for the

g area on sh Cotton

nk this is

ESTABLISHED 1837.
Telegraphic Address:

"Rope, Walsall."

Works: Tantarra St., and Selborne St.

J. HAWLEY & CO

Goodall Street. WALSALL, Eng.

MANUFACTURERS OF

ROPES, TWINES, CORDS, SACKS, HAI TERS, PLOUGH REINS, &c.



Horse Cloths, Sacking, Canvas, &c.

Cart,
Waggon
and
Rick Sheets.

TENTS and MARQUES for Sale or Hire.

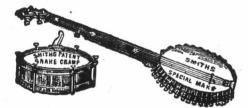
Contractors to His Majesty's Government.

ESTABLISHED 1881

THOMAS SMITH.

68, LOWER ESSEX ST. BIRMINGHAM, England.

MANUFACTURER OF

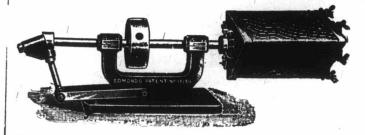


Drums,
Banjos,
AND
Machine

Heads.

Brass and Reed Instrument Repairer.

THE "RAPID" SHAKING MACHINE



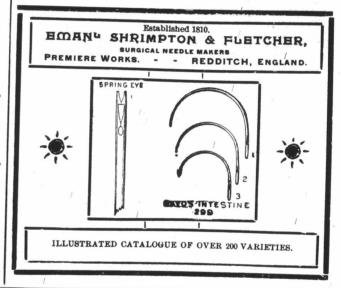
The H. Edmonds' "Rapid"

Shaking Barrel Company,

60 TENBY STREET NORTH.

BIRMINGHAM, Eng.

Special Prices to Canadians under the New Tariff.



a satisfactory result so far. It will be much greater still in the future.

THE HAUNT OF BIG GAME.

The northern part of the Province of Ontario is the mecca for the sportsman and hunter. Deer and moose abound in the several districts that are reached by the Grand Trunk Railway System including "Muskoka," "Lake of Bays," "Maganetawan River," "Lake Nipissing," "French River," "Temagami," "Georgian Bay," and several points on the Ottawa Division, between Scotia Jct. and Algonquin Park. Last year nearly 12,000 deer and 300 moose were taken out of this territory, and from reports received this year, the supply is as great is ever. All hunting districts easy of access. Full particulars in "Haunts of Fish and Game," an illustrated publication giving all information, game laws, etc., sent free, on application to J. Quinlan, District Passenger Agent, Bonaventure Station, Montreal.

Stocks and Bonds-INSURANCE COMPANIES. - Canadian. - Montreal Quotations, Oct, 2, 1906.

Name of Company.	No. Shares	l.ast Dividend per year.	Share par value.	Amount paid per Share	Canada quotations per ct.
British American Fire and Marine	15,000	3½-6 mos.	350	350	97
Canada Life	2,500	4-6 mos.	400	400	160
Confederation Life	10,000	7½-6 mos.	100	10	277
Western Assurance	25 000	5-6 mos.	40	20	80
Guarantee Co. of North America.	13,372	2-3 mos.	50	50	160

British & Foreign—Quotations on the London Market. Sept. 22, 1906 Market value p. p'd up sh

Alliance Assurance Atlas British and Foreign Marine Caledonian Commercial U. Fire, Life & Marine. Guardian Fire and Life London and Lancashirs Fire London Assurance Corporation London & Lancashire Life Liv. & Lond. & Globe Fire & Life Northern Fire and Life North Brit. & Merc. Fire and Life Norwich Union Fire Royal Insurance Fire and Life Sun Fire Royal Insurance Fire and Life Union	250,000 120,000 67,000 21,500 50,000 200,000 89,155 35,862 10,000 £245,640 30,000 110,000 110,000 110,000 110,000 45,000 45,000	10s. p.s. 20 12s. p.s. 45 84 28 20 204 90 32 34/6 p.s. £5 65 85 664 p.s. 15 p. s.	20 10 20 25 50 10 25 25 25 25 10 8T. 100 50 20 10	2 1-5 24s 4 5 5 5 24 12‡ 2 10 64 12 5 8	111	12 54 184 79 104 23 50 94 44 80 394 118 36 48 124 17
---	---	--	--	--	-----	---

Excluding periodical mah bonus

E. WILLIAMS & CO.,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS,

Ring Makers and

Diamond Mounters.

67 Vyse Street,

BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND.

Speciality:—Carved Mounts. Special Prices under new Tariff.

Established 1868.

THOS. HARPER & SONS, Limited,

Phœnix Works.

MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF



NEEDLES

and Fancy

Needle

Cases.

Highest Awards with Honours Worlds Fair, Chicago, Gold Medal and Special Diploma of Honour San Francisco, 1894.

London Office: - 9 ALDERMAN BURY, Postern E. C. AGENTS: -{ John Gordon & Son, 17 and 19 De Bresoles St., Montreal W. I. Rodger, 33 Melinda St., Toronto.



It is unnecessary to waste time and stamps writing for quotations from every Manufacturer or Juvenile Cycles.

Close study and experience in this class of cycle has placed us on top,

And we intend to stay there.



THE HOLDEN JUVENILE CYCLE CO., Ltd., TAME MILLS, WALSALL, England.

H. FOWLER & Co.,



Plain and Fancy Silver Thimble Manufacturers

ESTABLISHED 1750.

Special prices under the New

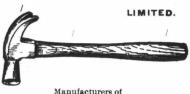


BIRMINGHAM, ENG.

Established 1840.

Handley & Wilkins,





Heavy Steel Tows

Tools and Hammers

of Every Description.

Phillips St. Works Aston Brook, BIRMINGHAM, - Eng.

Special Prices to Canadians under the New Tariff.

A. B. C. Code, 5th Edition.

WALTER C. CANDY,

Sanitary Ware of all Descriptions and Roofing Tiles a Speciality.

Sanitary Pipes, Gullies, Quarries, Slates, White, Cane and Brcwn Enamelled Sinks, Red and Blue Ridges, Chimney Pots, Encaustic Majolica and Enamelled Tiles, Red and Blue Copings, Pedestal Closets, Garden Tiles, Grates. &c., &c.

WRITE ME TO-DAY FOR PRICES. . PRICES QUOTED DELIVERED F. O. B. ENGLISH PORTA

Cement, Lime, Plaster, Glazed Bricks, Blue Bricks, Brindled and Red Bricks, Fire Bricks.

Telegraphic Address: "COPINGS, BIRMINGHAM."

14 NEW STREET.

BIRMINGHAM, - ENCLAND.

Special Prices to Canadians under New Tariff; 33 1-3 per cent. in favour of Canada.

Telegrams: FORWARD, West Bromwick.

Hedleys' Limited,

Manufacturers of

BRIGHT TURNED STEEL SHAFTING, PLUMMER BLOCKS, HANGERS, FLANGE COUPLINGS, COLLARS, DRILLING, PUNCHING AND SHEARING MACHINES, ETC., ETC. : :





FORWARD WORKS, West Bromwich, - ENGLAND.

Frank



51 Bridge Str

The Smet

Are makers of pipes to for ships Also makers o Guarante

Telegraphic Address "RAM,

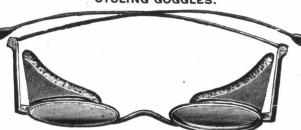
Ranfo Mitche Limited.

189 PARKYL BIRMINGHAI

Special Prices to Car New T BY HER MAJESTY'S ROYAL LETTERS PATENT.

HENRY VALE & SONS,

Manufacturing Opticians Contractors to the Army and Navy. CYCLING GOGGLES. MOTOR GOGGLES.





Every description of EYE PROTECTORS OR GOGGLES Made to Order.

Best House in the Trade

for Coloured Flat Glasses.

INVENTORS, PATENTEES, AND PATENT WIRE GAUZE EYE PROTECTORS.

Special Prices to Canadians under the New Tariff.

219 and 220, SUMMER LANE. BIRMINGHAM, England.

Frank R. Pardow & Co.,

Manufacturers all kinds of



SADDLERY & HARNESS.

for Canadian Trade, under the New Tariff.

SEND FOR LIST.

51 Bridge Street,

WALSALL, England.

Contractors to His Majesty's Government.

McKINSTRY & CO.

Manufacturers of

Riding Saddles.

SADDLES FOR CANADA A SPECIALITY.



Digbeth, - - - WALSALL, England.

Special Terms for Canadian Buyers under the New Tariff

The Smethwick Boiler Covering Co.,

Smethwick, England.

Telegraphi c Address "COVERING, BIRMINGHAM."

Are makers of "PERITHERMA" Non-Conducting C omposition for covering all kinds of steam boilers and pipes to prevent loss of heat; and cold water tan ks, pipes, etc., against frost. Packed in 5-cwt. eachs for shipment.

Also makers of the well-known "CROWN" Boiler Flu id for preventing scale formation in steam boilers. Guaranteed free from any corrosive matter. Shi pped in iron drums to all parts.

ENQUI RIES FROM MERCHANTS, etc., SOLICITED.

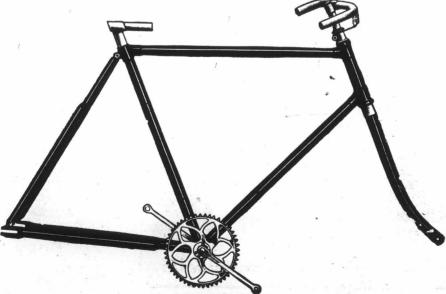
Telegraphic Address: "RAM, BIRMINGHAM."

Ranford & Mitchell, Limited,

189 PARKYLANE, ASTON.

BIRMINGHAM. ENGLAND.

Special Prices to Canadians under the New Tariff.



AND.

cins.

Hammers

Brook,

ENG.

IDY.

eciality.

, Cane and imney Pots,

lue Copings,

H PORTA

s, Brindled

AND.

33 1-3 per

ed,

īG



Contractors to H. M. Government.

FIRMIN & SONS, Ltd.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Established Over 200 Years.

HELMET, SWORDS, BELTS CAPS, SASHES and all kinds of MILITARY, NAVAL POLICE, and FIRE BRIGADE ACCOUTREMENTS.

BUTTONS FOR ARMY & NAVY, LIVERIES, HUNT, YACHT AND

Designs submitted and Dies Cut to Order.

Gold and Silver Lacemen and Embroideries.

ESTIMATES ON APPLICATION.

Charing Cross, London, W.C., Eng.

Late 153, 154 and 155 Strand

Works:

LONDON & BIRMINGHAM.





We are Manufacturers of every description of MACHINERY SPRINGS, high-class quality and guaranteed workmanship.

Spiral, Volute, Flat or Scroll Springs.

From Round, Square, or Flat section of Steel, from .005 diameter to 3 inches.

Also in Brass or Phosphor Bronze.

SPECIALITIES, RAILWAY SPRINGS

-For-

Buffers, Draw Bars, Axle Boxes, Lubricators, Brakes, Door Check Springs and Ticket Holders. For Gun Carriages, Fuses, Electrical Machinery, Switches, Lampholders, Electrical and Steam Tramways, Relief Valves, Safety Valves, Patent Packing Governors Steam Engines, Gas Engines, Oil Engines, &c., &c.

Contractors to the War Office, Admiralty, Home, Colonial, and Foreign Railways. Prompt Attention to all enquiries and prompt delivery.

Telegrams: "SPRINGS, OLDBURY."

LION SPRING CO.
Oldbury,
BIRMINGHAM, ENG.

2 R

You 21 memb send there want even of the discarved in set up as and front 1 Se

PILOT

THE BANKERS:

TRAM

Farm Str

C.J.

EL

QUALIT

B

Specialities
CRUETS
JAM JARS,
CAKE

BASKETS

Catal

21 OF THE ROYAL FAMILY

POST FREE 25 CENTS.

You cannot get an ordinary family for 25 cents, but I supply 21 members of the British Royal family for this small sum and send them across the herring pond, post free—Why—because I want every storekeeper to help push sales. They are a curiosity of the die sinkers' art, the 21 Heads are all perfect portraits and carved in high relief in a Gilt disc as large as a 5 cent piece and set up as a pendant for the watch chain. They have glass back and frent and mounted in rolled gold. They retail at 25 cents.

1 Sample post free 25 cents.

1 Dozen post free \$2.25

W. TYLAR,

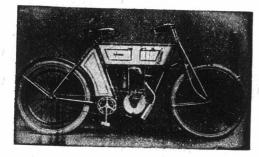
41 HIGH STREET, ASTON,

BIRMINGHAM

ENGLAND.

20 YEARS, EXPERIENCE COUNTS.

PILOT MOTOR CYCLES, FRAMES, Etc.,



THE PILOT CYCLE COMPANY

BANKERS: BIRMINGHAM DISTRICT AND COUNTIES TRAMS: CABLE ROUTE, HOCKLEY BROOK.

Farm Street, Hockley, B.rmingham, Eng

C. J. ADIE & NEPHEW

Warstone Lane, BIRMINGHAM, England.

Cables, "ELEPHANT, BERMINGHAM

MANUFACTURERS OF

ELECTRO PLATE

QUALITY, FINISH and WEAR GUARANTEED

Specialities
CRUETS
JAM JARS,
CAKE
BASKETS

PRINGS

Boxes, Lu-

ck Spring**s** 1 Carriage**s,**

Switches,

Valves, Pa-

m Engines,

reign Rail-

ll enquiries

DBUR**Y."**

CO.

ENG.

&c. fice, Admir-



Specialities CHAFING DISHES, WAITERS, EGG FRAMES

Catalogue of 60 pages free on application.

ESTABLISHED 1850.

Edward Bartlam,

General Brush Manufacturer

"VENTNOR" BRUSH WORKS

NEW JOHN ST, ASTON ROAD, BIRMINGHAM, Engi

Crumb. Plate, Watch, Hearth, Jewellers' and all kinds of Household Brushes made to order.



Special terms to Canadians under the New Tariff.

Special terms to Canadian buyers under the New Tariff.

GEORGE MOORE,

Established 1805

MANUFACTURER OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

Fish-Hooks, Rods, Reels, Baits and Fishing Tackle.

ALSO SUPERIOR

Artificial Flies

FOR

s Salmon, Trout, Bass, &c.

National Works,

ENGLAND

W. Lowe & Co.



"REELS

MAKERS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
OF

METAL INFLATORS for CYCLES and MOTORS.

ALL ENGLISH MANUFACTURE

MOTOR PUMPS.
HAND PUMPS.
FOOT PUMPS.

57-59 NEW STREET, ASTON,

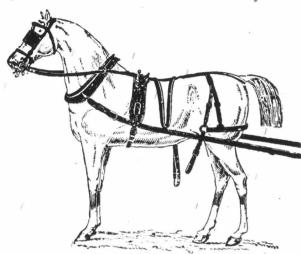
Birmingham, England.

Special Prices to Canadians under New Tariff.

S. BEEBEE & SONS,

Wholesale Saddlery Manufacturers and Saddlers' Ironmongers.

SPECIALITIES FOR COLONIAL MARKETS



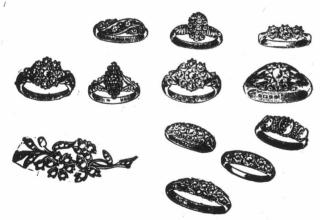
SADDLES, BRIDLES, HARNESS.
of Every Description

111 Persehouse Street, WALSALL, ENGLAND.

R. Nevill

RING MANUFACTURER,

48 Vyse Street, BIRMINGHAM, England.



Pearl Goods a Specialty
BROOCHES,
PENDANTS,
NECKLETS.

Special prices to Canadians under the new tariff.

STAFFORDSHIRE

BLUE BRICKS.

EXORS. OF THE LATE

...EZRA HADLEY...

Globe Blue Red & Brickworks,

OLDBURY,

Nr. BIRMINGHAM,

ENGLAND.

Manufacturers of Blue, Brindled, Brown and Red Bricks,
Pavings, Copings and Red Quarries.

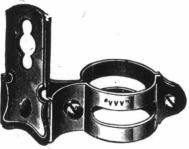
Speciality: 2in. RED FACING BRICKS.

Special Prices to Canadians under the New Tariff.

ALFRED SMITH,

Established 1894.

Manufacturer of Cycle & Motor Fundries.





REGISTERED

Including: — Screws and Nu's of all kinds, Chain Adjusters, Ball Races. Ball Head Clips Spindles, Cones, Axles, Oilers, Washers, Brake Parts, Lamp Brackets, Lacing Cords, Trouser Clips, Pump Clips, Pump Connections, &c., &c.

Albion Works, George St. Parade

BIRMINGHAM, ENG.

E. MANDER & SON,

BRANSTON ST., BIRMINGHAM, ENG.,
MANUFACTURERS OF

Frames

IN SILVER, METAL, LEATHER, ETC.

Novelties and Special Patterns
IN SMALL SILVER WARE.

Miniature Rims, Lockets and Pendants, GOLD, SILVER, AND GILT.

Telegraphic Address:—" Miniature, Birmingham."

Illustrated List on Application

BI

Kol

B. N

Brass and C

Whan

Aston N

Special Price

vorks,

NGLAND.

Red Bricks,

Tariff.

stablished 1894. undries.



Adjusters ds, Trouser

GHAM, ENG,

terns

lants,

Anglication



A. Stokes & Co.,

LEGGE STREET, GOSTA GREEN, Birmingham, England.

SPECIALITY : Brass Dish Bottom cages to nest for export.

Brass, Enamelled

& Wood Birdcages. Special Prices to Canadians under the New Tariff.



FERNS Bros.,

77 & 79 CHURCH ST., BIRMINGHAM, ENG. STAY AND CORSET,

Manufacturer, for the Wholesale Trade.

We make the most improved Corsets and the latest fashion, for the Canadians.

Kobabe & Kuphal

42-44 Summer Row, BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND.



MANUFACTURERS

METALLIC and

WOOD BIRD

> CAGES -ALSO-

FANCY

AQUARIUMS .

B. Mason & Sons,

Manufacturers of

Brass and Copper Circles, German Silver,

Rollers of Spoon and Fork Blanks, etc., etc.

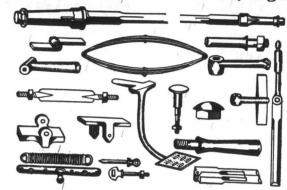
Wharf Street Rolling Mills,

Aston Manor, Birmingham. Eng.

Special Prices to Canadians under the New Tariff.

JOSEPH GIBSON & CO.,

Unity Works, WEST BROMWICH, England.



BEFORE ORDERING WRITE FOR OUR PRICES MAKERS OF ALL KINDS OF BUGGY AND CART IRONWORK.

If you are interested in

CASE HARDENING,

Write at once for sample of Case Hardening Composition, cheapest and most reliable material on the market for the purpose.

JOHN ELSE & SON,

Established 1860.

48 MUNTZ STREET.

BIRMINGHAM,

England:

Special Prices to Canadians under the New Tariff. Telegraphic Address: "HARDENING, BIRMINGHAM."

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Montreal.

Circuit Court of the District of Montreal.

No. 16599

Michael S. Foley, of the City and District of Montreal, Editor, Publisher and Proprietor of The Canadian Journal of Commerce, Montreal,

VS.

TLAINTIFF.

William Aitkin, of the City of Birmingham, in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

THE DEFENDANT is hereby ordered to appear within one month.

MONTREAL. 25 September, 1906.

Attorney for Plaintiff.

J. B. DUPUIS,
Deputy Clerk of said Court.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Montreal.

Circuit Court of the District of Montreal.

No. 16600

A. H. CHAMBERS

Michael S. Foley, of the City and District of Montreal, Editor, Publisher and Proprietor of The Canadian Journal of Commerce, Montreal,

Samuel Usher, of the City of Birmingham, in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

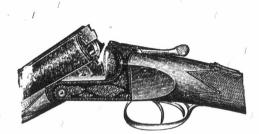
DEFENDANT.

THE DEFENDANT is hereby ordered to appear within one month.

MONTREAL, 25 September, 1906.

J. B. DUPUIS, Deputy Clerk of said Court.

A. H. CHAMBERS, Attorney for Plaintiff. .



Hill & Smit

Gun & Rifle, & Gun Action Makers Bell Yard, Price St., BIRMINGHAM, ENC.

The Canadians have Special Terms with us.

Send for Price List.



SMITH BROS. & HILL, LD.

Albion Spring Works, WEST BROMWICH, ENGLAND.



GROVER SPRING WASHER.

THACKRAY SPRING WASHER.



Manufacturers of every description of SPIRAL, CONICAL, BUFFER & FLAT SPRINGS IN STEEL, BRASS, PHOSPHOR BRONZE OR WHITE METAL, NICKEL OR COPPER PLATED.

ENGINE SPRINGS. TRUSS SPRINGS. LOOM SPRINGS.

MOTOR CAR SPRINGS. GUN SPRINGS. MATTRESS SPRINGS.

SAFETY VALVE SPRINGS. BELL SPRINGS: CYCLE SADDLE COILS.

LOCK SPRINGS. DOOR SPRINGS. TROUSER CLIP SPRINGS.

RAILWAY CARRIAGE AND TRAMWAY CAR SPRINGS A SPECIALITY.
Contractors to the War Office and Colonial Railways.

Bit Prices to Canadians under the New Tariff; 33 1-3 per cent. in favour of Great Britain

M. W. HAMPSHIRE, The Patent

Manufacturer of

Tinmen's and Coppersm ths' Furniture, Kettle Handles, Spouts, Rivets : : : :

SOLDERING IRONS, MILK CHURN FITTINGS, STAMPINGS, CARRIAGE LAMP AND OTHER GLASSES



WROUGHT-IRON FLOWER STANDS, JARDINIERES, TABLE STANDS, UMBRELLA STANDS,

Fire Screens. Floor Lamps, Curbs, Electric Fittings. Gas and Oil Brackets. Specialities made to Sketch os Patterns.

74 and 75 Milk Street, Deritend

and 34 Glover Street

Birmingham England



Stitching Machines Stitch Separators Welt Indenters Bunking Machines Channelling Machines To work by hand or power Channel—Openers Channel—Closers

Skiving Machines Stiffeners Middles Shanke, etc.

For . (Shanks, etc.

Splitting Machines

Hammering Off Machines

Vamp Stay Machines

Light Read of the caste Finishing Machinery, also many other useful and novel machines and appliances for the Boot and Shoe

Trade.

To be had from the Patentee and Sole Maker. Telephone 580.

JOB LEE. ENGINEER. KETTERING, Eng Agent for "ELSWIN" Sluggers. "KEATS" No. 7 Stitcher, etc., etc.

CI. FULFORD & CO.,

Wholesale Brown Saddlers.

98 Liehfield Street, WALSALL, England.

Dart S

PRO

West 6

Special Price cent. in favou



For Cape, Aust West In 36 Bradfor akers

ENC.

e List.

, LD.

ND.

VER WASHER.

ED.

RINGS.

ER

8 nes chines power

nes

rs lece-soles etc.

achines es . te Finish. any other ines and and Shoe entee and ne 580.

i, Eng ecc., etc.

O.,

gland.



WEDDING RING DEPARTMENT.

BEST FINISH WEDDING RINGS, 22-CT., 18-CT., 9-CT.











These Drawings are to Scale,

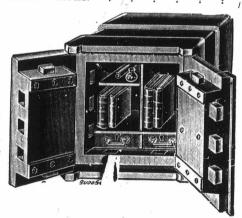


and show a 3½ dwt. 9-ct., 4½ dwt. 18-ct., and 5 dwt. 22-ct. WEDDING RING of each shape, and section of same.

Order Shapes under Name given. Names in Rings indicate Shapes. All Made to Order.

Dart Spring & Safe Company

BENT STEEL, FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES.



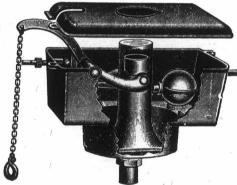
West Bromwich - ENGLAND

Special Prices to Canadians under the New Tariff, 33 1-3 per cent. in favour of Great Britain.

... TRY...

John Wheeler & Son,

For Water Closet Cisterns and Pumps, etc.



LANGLEY, Near Birmingham, Eng,

Special Prices to Canadians under New Tariff, 33 1-8 pee cent. in favour of Great Britain.



DOCKS!

ESTABLISHED 1820. Telegraphic Address-"Nightingale, Walsall,

Chas. Nightirgale & Son, Manufacturers of

Harness & Saddlery and Coach & Saddlers' Ironmingers,
For Cape, Australia, United States, South America, East Indies,
West Indies, India, &c., and for Home Markets,
36 Bradford Lane, - WALSALL, England
CORRESPONDENCE INVITED FOR GENERAL GOODS.
Special Canadian Terms New Tariff

FOWLER & Co., H.





Plain and Fancy Silver Thimble Manufacturers

Special prices under the New



105 Carver Street,

Birmingham, Eng.

North American Life

Solid as the Continent.

A remunerative agency contract can be secured with this Company under which an immediate return is obtained for work well done and a renewal income for the future. Competent men desiring a lucrative business connection should address,

T. G. McCONKEY,
Superintendent of Agencies

HOME OFFICE, TORONTO, ONT.

THE

Ward Commercial Agency

Mercantile Reports, Collections.

Personal Attention, Prompt Returns.

\$46 St. James Street, MONTREAL: Attention Given to Special Reporting.

TYRES!

TYRESII

1984 list of Tyres and Accessories now ready on application. Special Offer of Beaded Edged Covers. for replacements.

1st quality 5/-, 2nd quality 4/6 each.
3rd quality 3/9 each.



Wired - on Covers, licensed by Dunlop Tyre Co. 71- each. Special Quotations for Quantities.

JOHN B. PARKES & CO.,

Bradford St., BIRMINGHAM, Eng.

Individual Evening Instruction

ON

MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY EVENINGS



Renouf Building, Cor. St. Catherine

and University Streets.

Book-keeping, Arithmetic, Penmanship Shorthand, Type-writing, Correspondence English, French, Civil Service, etc. Students select their subjects and are taught separately by nine expert teachers. Write, call or telephone Up 151 for Prospectus and new price list. Address:

J. D. DAVIS,

Renouf Building, Cor. St. Catherine and University Sts., MONTREAL.

FLYNN BRO'S & CO.



WROUGHT IRON and COPPER GOODS...

Art Metal Workers,

PAUL PRY WORKS.

NEW SUMMER STREET, Birmingham,

OFFORD &

Manufacturing

Electrical Engineers

98 Woodcock St. BIRMINGHAM, Eng.



Theatre

Lighting

Accessories

Complete Light Box set, with Lamp, Crutch, Condenser, and Mediums.

J. W. NICHOLSON & SONS. MANUFACTURERS OF

DOG COLLARS, WATCH GUARDS & PURSES.

Station Street. WALSALL. England. Special Prices to Canadians under the New Tariff.



Capital and A Assurance wr Paid Policyho

H. RUSSELL

The Manu

MUDGUARD and G

The Was 158 Hockle INSURANCE.

The Federal Life COMPANY

HEAD OFFICE, . . . HAMILTON, CANADA.

 Capital and Assets
 \$3,018,773.37

 Assurance written in 1904
 3,010,499.50

 Paid Policyholders in 1904
 198,911.34

Most Desirable Policy Contracts.

DAVID DEXTER

H. RUSSELL POPHAM,

President and Managing Director.

Manager Montreal District.

INSURANCE.

British America COMPANY

HEAD OFFICE,

TORONTO.

FIRE AND MARINE

CADITAL		THE TAXABLE IN	
CAPITAL	,	**** ****/****	\$ 850,000.00
			9 110 947 00
LOSSES PAID SIN	CE ORGANIZ	ATION	27,383,068.64
Hon. GEO. A. COX, Pre EVANS & JOHNSON, G	es. J. J. KENNY General Agents, 172	, Vice-Pres. P. H. 1 23 Notre Dame St.,	SIMS, Secretary MONTREAL.

Get the Best . . .

Do not place your insurance policy until you have learned all about the Guaranteed In vestment Plan offered by

The Manufacturers Life Insurance Company,
Head Office, - TORONTO.

Liberal Progressive Faithful

OME of the cardinal aims of the UNION MUTUAL management are—to be Liberal in the features of pol cies—to be progressive in the prosecution of the business—to be faithful to the interests of those insured.

Agents of like inclination cordially welcomed.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF PORTLAND, MAINE.

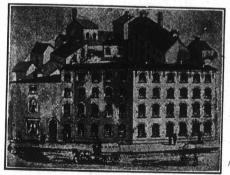
FRED. E. RICHARDS, - - PRESIDENT. ARTHUR L. BATES, - VICE-PRESIDENT.

HENRI E. MORIN CHIEF AGENT FOR CANADA, 151, ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL, CANADA.

For Agencies in the Western Division, Province of Quebec and Eastern Ontario. apply to WALTER I. JOSEPH, Manager, 151 St. James St.,

WALTER PRATT.

EARL BUTTON MANUFACTURER



CHESTER ST.,
SUMMER LAN

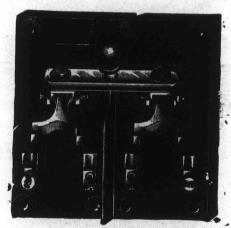
BIRMINGHAM, - England.

MUDGUARDS, PLATED HANDLE BARS, RIMS, TUBULAR PARTS and GENERAL PRESSWORK.



The Wasdell Rim and Tube Co. 158 Hockley Hill, BIRMINGHAM, ENG.

The Birmingham Electrical Fittings Co.



Biskerville Electrical Works, BIRMINGHAM, --- England

MAKERS OF SWITCHES, FUSES, SWITCHBOARDS, FUSEBOARDS, &c., FOR POWER AND LIGHTING.....

Special prices en application.

The Metropolitan Life.

INSURANCE COMPANY.

This Company has more premium-paying business in force in the United States and Canada than any other Company, and for each of the last 11 years has had more new insurance accepted and issued in America than any other Company.

In 1905 it issued in Canada alone.

\$15,087,475 on 89,818 policies.

Any of its six hundred Canadian agents scattered through every town and city of the Dominion will be pleased to give you every information.

It has deposited with the Dominion

It has deposited with the Dominion Government, for the protection of policy-holders in Canada, in Canadian Securities, over \$3,000,000.00.

The Gempany of the People, by the People, for the People.

The LIVERPOOL and LONDON and GLOBE

Insurance Company

CANADIAN BRANCH :

Head Office, Company's Building, Montreaj

J. GARDNER THOMPSON,

Resident Manager.

Wm. JACKSON, Deputy Manager.

CANADIAN DIRECTORS:

Geo. E. S. Cleuston, Esq., Chairman.
Geo. E. Drummond, Esq. F. W. Thompson, Esq.

The Waterloo Mutual

Fire Insurance Company,
Established in 1863. Head Office, Waterloo, Ont.

Total Assets, Jan. 1,'94, \$349,734 71.

GEORGE RANDALL, Esq., President: JOHN SHUB, Esq., Vice President; Frank Haight, Esq., Manager: John Killer, Esq., Inspector.

CONFEDERATION LIFE

ASSOCIATION

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.

EXTENDED INSURANCE
CASH VALUE
PAID-UP POLICY
CASH LOANS
INSTALMENT OPTIONS

GUARANTEED

IN THE ACCUMULATION POLICY

WRITE FOR PARTICULARS

MONTREAL OFFICE

H. J. Johnston, - Advisory Director
A. P. Raymond, - General Agent, French Dept.
J. A. Raymond, - Special

Telegrams: "CUTTERS," BIRMINGHAM.

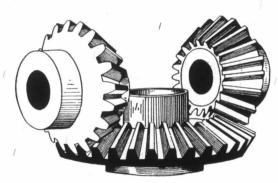
Telephone: No. 108 SMETHWICK

ENGINEERING EMPLOYERS' FEDERATION 1896.

E. G. WRIGLEY & CO., Limited.

MAKERS OF

MILLING
GUTTERS,
REAMERS
TWIST
DRILLS.



ACCURATE GEAR CUTTING A SPECIALITY.

Spur and Skew Gears

cut up to 5' 0' Dia.

Worm Wheels

hobbed up to 5' 0' Dia.

Bevel Gears planed up to 2' 6 Dia.

Foundry Lane Works, Soho, BIRMINGHAM, Eng.

THE ROYAL=VICTORIA Life Insurance Company

has on deposit \$267,000.00 with [Dominion Government as Security for Policyholders.

New Business in 1905 increased 37 per cent, over previous year.

Expenses 5 per cent. less on income.

Accumulated Assets, \$1,300,000.00.

Insurance Outstanding, \$4,700,000.00.

DAVID BURKE, A.I.A., F.S.S.,
General Manager,

WESTERN

ASSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE AND MARINE. Incorporated 1851

Assets, over - - - - \$8,460,000 Income for 1905, over - - - 3,680,000

Head Office. - Toronto, Ont. Hon Geo. A. Cox, Pres. J. J. Kenny, Vice-Pres. & Man.Dir. C. C. Foster, Secretary.

Montreal Branch, · · 189 ST. JAMES STREET.

ROBERT BICKERDIKE, - Manager.

Commercial Union Assurance Co.,

91 Notre Dame Street, West, Montreal.

JAMES McGREGOR, Manager.

Vol. 63. No New Seri

McIn

Importers

Ro 13 VIC

Dr

Lis

ELEC

1-2 T

tric Co., of '.

Has been months.

Will be so ket price.

___ Unio

JOUR

As

Ratablic One of the Capital and A

CAN. Cor. St. James at T. L. MORRI