## PAGES

MISSING


THE CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.

THE CHARTERED BANES.

## The Bank of Montreal.

(ESTABLISHED 1817.)
Incorporated by Act of Parliament. CAPITAL (all paid-up) .. $\$ 14,400,000.00$ REST .... .... .... .... .. 10,000,000.00 UNDIVIDED PROFITS.... .... 922,418.31 HEAD OFFICE: MONTREAL.
BUARD OF DIRECUTORS: Rt. Hon. Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, G.C.M.G., Honorary President. E. S. Clouston, Esq., Vice-President., Esq.,
$\begin{aligned} & \text { A. T. Paterson, Esq. E. B. Gireenshields, Es. } \\ & \text { Sir Wm. C. Macdonald, }\end{aligned}$ R. B. Angus, Esq., Samea Ross, Esq.
E. S. CLOUSTON, - General Manager. B. V. Meredith, Assistant General Manager and B. V. Meredith, Assist Manager at Montreal. Columbia. C. Sweeny,
F. E. Stavert, Supt. Branches, Maritime Provs.
Funter, Inspector, N.W. and B.C.
W. A. Bog. Asst. Inspector. Montreal. BRANCHES IN CANADA:
Almonte, Ont. Levis, Que. Port Hood, N.S.
 Brantford, ". "Hochelaga. Wolfville, ""
Brockville Chatham, " "Pt. St. Charles Altona, Man. Collingwood" "/ Seigneurs St. Brandon, Man Cornwall, ". " $\begin{aligned} & \text { St. Anne de de } \\ & \text { Deserntlovile. }\end{aligned} \begin{aligned} & \text { Oakville, Man. } \\ & \text { Portage }\end{aligned}$ la
 Ft. William,"'" Goderich
Guelph, Guelph,
Hamilton "O Westmount.
Quebec, Que.
"i Logan ave.
Sort Rouge. "Sherman Av. Andover, N.B. Edmonton," Kingston, Ont.
Lindsay, Oathurst, N.B.
Ont.
Chatham, N.B. Lethbridge, Al. Lindsay, Ont. Chatham, N.B. Lethbrigge, Alt.
London, Ont. Ottawa, Ont. Fredericton.N.B.B Regina, Sask. $\begin{array}{lll}\text { Paris, Ont. } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Grand Falls. " } \\ \text { Perth, Ont. }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Saskatoon, Sask } \\ \text { Hartland, N. B. }\end{array} \\ \text { Armstrong. B.C. }\end{array}$ Perth, Ont.
Peterboro, Ont. Monctand, N. N. B. N. $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Picton, Ont. } & \text { Shediac, N.B. } \begin{array}{l}\text { Greenwood, B.C } \\ \text { Kelowna, B.C. }\end{array} \\ \text { Sarnia, Ont. } & \text { St. John, N.B. Nels. }\end{array}$ Stratford, Ont. Woodstock. "'s New Venver, B.C St. Mary's, Ont Amherst, N.S./ New Westmin-
Toronto, Ont. Bridgewater,
 Wallaceburg, " Glace Bay. N.S. Rossland R $r$
Cookshire, Que. Halifax N. N. Danville, Que. " North End. Vernon. B.C. Grand Mere, Que Mahone Bay,
Lake Megantic. NEWFOUNDLAND.
Birchy Cove, Bay of Is Is Bnds. Bank of Montreal. London, Bank of Montreal, 46. 47, Thread
needle St., E.C.. F. W. Taylor, Man. needle St., E.C. F. W. Taylor, Ma New York-R.
waite, Agents, Hebden and A. D. Braith-
31 Pine St. of Montreal, J. M. Greata, Manager. Spokane, Wash.-Bank of Montreal.
Mexico. D.F.-Bank of Montreal, T. S. C. bankers in great britain:
London-The Bank of England. London-The
Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd. LonUnion of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd. Lon-
don-The London and Westminster Bank, Ltd. London-The National Provincial Bank of Eng., Lond. Liverpool-The Brank of Liverpool, Ltd.
Scotland-The British Linen Company Bank, and
Scotland-The British Linen Company Bank,
Branches.
BANKERS IN THE UNITED STATES: New York-The National City Bank; The Bank
New York N.B.A.; National Bank of Comof New York N. B.A.; National Bank of Com-
meree. in N. Yoston-The Merchants' Na-
tional Bank; J. B. Moors and Co. Buffalo-The Aonal Bank; J. B. Moors and Co. Buffalo-The
Marine Bank, Buffalo. San Franciso-The First
National Bank; The Anglo-Californian Bank, National Bank; The Anglo-Californian Bank,
Ltd.

The Western Bank of Canada head office, oshawa, ont. \begin{tabular}{cccccc}
Oapital \& Authorized.. .. .. <br>
Capital \& Subscribed.. \&.. <br>
.. <br>
$\$ 1,000,000$ <br>
550,000 <br>
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Capital <br>
Capital <br>
Cubscribed.. ... .. \& Paid-up..... .. \&..$/$ \&.. \&.. \& 550,000 <br>
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\end{tabular} BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

John Cowan, Esq. - President Reuben S. Hamlin, Esq., Vice-President.
W. F. Allan, Es W. F. Cowan, Esq.
W. W. F. Allan, Esq.
Eobert McIntosh, M. T. H. McMillan BRANCHES.- Bright, Brooklin, Caledonia, Dublin, Elmvale, Little Britain, Midland, New, Ham-
burg, Peferlaw, Penetanguishene, Paisley, Picturg, Perig, Plattsvile, Port Perry, Shakespeare, Sut.
teringents, Sunderiand. Taviso ${ }^{\text {In. }}$ Tisonburg,
Tiverton, Victoria Harbour, Wellesley. Whitby. Drafts, on New Hark York and Wellesley. Whitby.
Sterling. Exchange
Dought and sold. Deposits received and intereat tought and sold. Deposits received and intereat
allowed. Collections solicited and promptly Correspondents at New York and in CanadaCerchants Bank of Canada. ILondon, England-

THE CHIAR'TERED BANKS.
Bank of British North America Incorporated by Royal Charter in 1840. Paid-up capital . . . . . . . . . £1,000,000 stg. Head Ommee, 5 Cracechurch St., London, E.C. Secretary.
COURT OF DIRECTORS: $\begin{array}{ll}\text { J. H. Brodie, } & \text { E. A. Hoare, } \\ \text { J. J. Cater, } & \text { H. J. B. Kendall, }\end{array}$ H. R. Farrer,
R. H. Glyn, Lubbock, Whatman. Heab Office in Canada, st. James St., Montreal.
H. STIKEMAN, General Manager. J. ANDERSON. Inspector.

ARANCHES IN CANADA:

> A. E. ELES, Alexander, Man. Halifac, N.S. Ashcroft, B.C. Hamilton, Onta, Ont. Quebec, P.Q. $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Ashcroft, B.C. } & \text { Hamilton, Ont. } \\ \text { Battleford, Sask. } & \text { Quebec, P.Q. } \\ \text { Barton St. }\end{array}$ Belmont, Man. "̈ Victoria Ave. Rossland, B.C.
Bebcaygeon, Ont. Hedley,B.C.
Rosthern, Sask. Brandon, Man. Kaslo, B.C. St. John, N.B. Brantor, O, Ont.
Calgary, Alta. $\begin{aligned} & \text { hingston, Ont. } \\ & \text { Levis, P,Q. }\end{aligned} \quad \begin{gathered}\text { Union St. } \\ \text { Toronto, Ont. }\end{gathered}$ $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Calgary, Alta. } \\ \text { Campbellford, } \text { Le Levis, P, P, } & \text { Tondon, Ont. } \\ \text { Toronto, Ont. } \\ \text { King St. }\end{array}$ Darlingtord, Man " Market SQ.
Daviason, Sask. Longueuil, P.Q. Toronto Junc. Daviason, Sask. Longueuil, P.Q. Trail, B.C.
Dawson, Yuk. Dis Midland, Ont. Duck Lake, Sask. Montreat, Y'. Q. Victoria, B.C. Duncans, B.C.
Estevan, Sask. Fenelon Falls, OnN Butleford, S,
Fredericton, N.B. N'h Vancouver, B
Greenwood, B.C. Oak River, Man.
DRAFYS ON SOUTH AFRICA AND WEST AGENCIES IN THE URANCHES. STATES, ETC. New York (52 Wall St.)-H. M. J. McMichael San Francikio(120 Sansome S.reet)-- J.C.Welsh
and A. S. Ireland Agents. Chiscago-Merchants Loan \& Trust Co.
London Bankers-The Bank of England and Messrs. Glyn $\&$ Co
Foreign Agents-Liverpool-Bank of Liverpool Messrs. Glyn ents- Liverpool-Bank of Liverpool.
Foreign Agents
Scotland--National Bank of Scotland, Limited. Scotland--National Bank of Scotland, Link of Ire
and branches. 1 Ireland-Provincial Bank
and branches: National Bank $\begin{array}{ll}\text { land, Limited, and branches; National Bank, } \\ \text { limited, and branches. Australia-Union } & \text { Eank } \\ \text { Eank }\end{array}$ of Australia, Ltd. India, China and JapanMercuatilie Bank of India, Limited. West Indie日
-Colonial Bank.
Paris Credit Lyonnais. Lyons-Credit Lyonnais.
Issue Circular Notes for in all parts of the world.
Agents in Cana
and West Indiea.


THE CHARTERED BANKS.

THE MOLSONS BANK.
104th DIVIDEND.
The Shareholders of The Molsons Bank are hereby notified that a Dividend of TWO AND A HALF PER CENT. upon the capital stock has been declared for the current quarter, and that the same will be payable at the office of the Bank, in Montreal, and at the Branches, on and after the FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER NEXT.

The transfer bqoks will be closed from the 17 th to 29 th September, both days inclusive.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING. of the Shareholders of the Bank will be held at its banking house, in this city, on MONDAY the 15 th of October next, at three o'clock in/ the afternoon.

By order of the Board,
JAMES ELLIOT
General Manager
Montreal, 29th August, 1906

The BANK OF TORONTO
 paid-lip capital. .. .. .. \$3,800,000 RESERVE FUND .. .. .. .. 4,200,000 DTRECTORS:
WM. M. BEATTY $\ddot{\text { G }}$. $\cdot$. $\quad$ Vice President.
Robert Reford
John Waldie.
 Hon. C. S. Hyman, M.P Albert E. Gooderham
Robert Meighen.
DUNCAN COULSON Nicholas Bawlf.
.. General Manager. Joseph Henderson...Assistant General Manager. ONTARIO. BRANCHES: Toronto,
5 Offices.
London Non
North, 5 Offices.
Alandale,
Barrie Barrie,
$\begin{aligned} & \text { Berlin, } \\ & \text { Brantfo }\end{aligned}$,
Briantord,
Brockville,
Burfor
Cardinal,
Cobourg,
Coldwater,
Collingwood,
Copper Clifif,
Copper Cli
Creemore,
Dorchester
Dorchester,
EImvale,
Galt,
Gananoque,

| London East, London North, | Waterloo, Welland. |
| :---: | :---: |
| nden, | QUEBEC. |
| erritton, | Montreal, |
| illbrook, | ${ }_{\text {c }}^{5}$ Offices. |
| Oakville, |  |
| Omemee, | Gaspe. |
| Parry Sound, | BR. COLUMBIA |
| Peterboro, | Rossland |
| Petrolia, | MANITOBA. |
| Port Hope, | Cartwright, |
| Preston, | Pilot Mound, |
| St. Catharines, Sarnia, | Portage Pr |
| Shelburne, | Swan Riv |
| Stayner, | Winnipeg. |
| Sudbury, | Saskatchewa |
| Thornbur | Langenburg, |
| Wallaceburg, |  |
| BANKERS: |  |

London, Eng.-The London City and Midlamd


## Automatic Elevator Wanted.

At Lowest Up-to-Date Figure. Shaft already prepared. Journal of Commerce

THE OF
Paid up C Rest,
HEAD

Hon. Geo. A.

James Crather
J. W. Flavelle,

John Hoskin, K
A. Kingman,
B. E.
ALEX. L

157 Branche

Montreal Off
London, Eng.

Now York A
Wm. Gray
This Bank tr
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D. M. ATEW

The Dominiol
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Capital Subseri
Total Assets, 31
T. H. PURDON, K .

Tolsons Bank Dividend of CENT. upon declared for at the same of the Bank aches, on an OCTOBER

## THE CHARTERED BANKS.

## Uaion Bank of Canada

Established, 1885.
HEAD OFFICE .. .. ..QUEBEC.
CAPITAL AUTHORIZED.... .. .. .. \$4,000,000 CAPITAL SUBSCRIEED . 3,000,000 CAPITAL PAID-UP / ... $\qquad$ REST REST BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
ANDREW THOMSON, Esq. President.
Wm. Shaw Esq Wm. Price, Esq.
John. Shaw, Eseq., E. L. Drewry, Esa., John Galt, Esq.,
R. T. Riley, Esq., E. L. E. Kenaston, Esq. E. J. Hale, Esq.0 M. B. Davis, Esq. a. H. Balfour .. .. .. .. ..General Manager. J. G. Billett .. .. .. .. .. .. .. ..Inspector
E. E. Code .. .. .. .. .. ..Assistant Inspector. E. E. Code
B. E. WALKER, General Manager alex. Laird, Ass't. General Manager.
157 Branches in Canada, the U.S. and England.
Montreal Office:-F. H. Mathewson, Manager. Lendon, Eng., Office:-60 Lombard St., ع.C. S. Cameron Alexander, Manager.

Now York Agency:-16 Exchange Place Wm. Gray and H. B. Walker, Agenta.
This Bank transacts every description of Banking Businese, including the insue of Letters of Credit and Drafts on Foreign Countries, and any place where there is a bank or banker.

## The Sovereign Bank

of canada.
Incorporated by Dominion Parliament. 73 BRANCHES IN CANADA
Paid-up Capital. . . $\$ 3.860,000$ Reserve Fund and
Undivided Profits $\mathbf{1 , 2 5 3 , 0 0 0}$
Total Assets . . . . . . 2 I, 000,000 NEW YORK AGENCY:-25 PINE ST.
Exporters of Grain, Hay. Cattle, Butter, Cheese or other products will find the Bank ready to facilitate their transactions.
Exchange on the United States Great Britain, the Continent \& other points bought and sold.
Special Facilities for handling American Business.

Prompt Attention and best terms guaranteed.

Deposits of \$1.00 RECEIVED.
Interest from date of deposit paid 4 times a year NO TROUBLE "RED TAPE," OR DELAY.
D. M. ATEWART, General Manager.

## The Dominion Savings

\& Investment Society
MASONIC TEMPLE BUILDING, LONDON, CANADA.
Capital Subseribed .. .. .. $\$ 1,000,000.00$ Total Assets, 31st Dee., 1900 2,272,000.83
T. H. PURDON, K.C., Pres. I NATH. MILLS, Mgr.

SASKATCHEWAN.-Arcola, Carlyle, Craik, Cupar, Esternazy, Filmore, Ma Head, Lemberg, Lumsden, Maple Creek, Milestone,
Moose Qu'Appelle, Regina, Saskatoon, Sintaluta, Straspburg, Swift Current, Wapella, Wey-
burn, Wolseley, Yorkton.
ALBERTA.-Airdrie,
stairs, Didsbury,
Calgary,
Edmonton,
Cortston, stairs, Didsbury, Edaconton, Fart Sankatche-
wan, Frank, High River wan, Frank, High River, Innisfail, Lacombe,
Lethbridge, MacLeod, Medicine Hat, Okotoks, Lethbridge, Mac
Pincher Creek.

- Igents and Correspondents at all important Centres in Great Britain and the
United States.

The Standard Bank of Canada. Capital (Authorized by Act of Parliament
. $\$ 2,000,000$
Capital Paid-up.. . . . . . . .. .. 1,184,278
Reserve Fund . . . . .. .. .. .. 1,284,278

> HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.
> DIRECTORS:
W. F. GOWAN, /President, ${ }_{\text {FRED. }}$ WYD, Vice-President. W. R. Johnston, W. Francis, W. Cowan, Langloie.


Bank.
Montreal-Molsons Bank, and Imperial Bank.
London, England-National Bank of Scotland. All banking business promptly attended to. Correspondence solicitied.
G. P. SCHOLFIELD, General Manages
H. B. Shaw, / Supt. West Branches ..Winnipes. F. W. S. Crispo, .. .. .. .. Weatern Inspector. H. Veasey.. .. .. .. .. .. Assistant Inspector. P. Vibert .. .. .. .. .. ... .. Assistant Inspector
Advisory Committee, Toronto Branch. Geo. H. Hees, Esq. Thomas Kinnear, Esq. bRaNCHES AND agencies. QUEBEC.-Dalhousie Station, Montreal. Quebec,

ONTARIO.-Alexandria, Barrie, Carleton Place, William, Haileybury, Hastings, Hillsburg. Jasper, Kemptville, Kinourn, Leamington,
Manotick, Melbourne, Metcalfe, Merrickville, Mount Brydges, Newboro, New Liskeard,
North Gower,
Norwood,
Osgoode
Station, Pakenham, Portland, Plantagenet, Roseneath, Shelburne, Smith's Falls, Smithville, Stitts-
ville, Sydenham, Thornton, Toronto, Warkville, Sydenham, Thornton,
worth, Wiarton, Winchester.
manitoba.-Altona, Baldur, Birtle, Boissevain Carberry, Carman, Crystal City, Cypres
River, Dauphin, Deloraine, Glenboro, Gretna Hamiota, Hartney, Holland, Killarney, Mani tou, Melita, Minnedosa, Minto, Morden, Nee Shral Lake, Souris, Strathelair, Virden, Was
kada, Wawanesa, Wellwood, Winnipeg ada, Wawanesa, Wellwood, Winnipe

THE CHARTERED BANKS.
The BANK OF OTTAWA Capisal authorized $\$ 3,000,000$ Capital paid-up.. \$2, 9114,1330 Rest \& Undivided Profits.. .. $\$ 3,059,274$ BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
GEORGE HAY, President,
david maclatren, Vice President. H. N. Bate, Hon. George Bryson,
H. K. Fgan, J. B. Fraser,

John Mather, Denis Murphy, George H. Perley, M.P.
Gcorge Burn, General Manager.
D. M. Finnie, Asst. Gen. Manager.

Inspectors: C. G. Pernock; W. Duthie. FIFTY-SIX OFFICES IN THE DOMINION OF CANADA.
Correspordents in every banking town in Canada, and throughout the world.
This Bank gives prompt attention to all banking business entrusted to it.

CORRESPONDENGE INVITED.

## Traders Bank of Lanada

(Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1885.) CAPITAL AUTHORIZED . ... $\$ \overline{5}, 000,000$ CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED . . . . $\$ 4,161,000$ ©APITAL PAID-UP . . . . . $\$ 3,960,000$ REST. . $. \$ 1,250,000$

H. S. STRATHY, $\quad$............................ Manager

## Arthur, Aylmer,

$\square$ Beeton,
Blind River,

Kenora
Kincardine,
Springfield,
Stoney Creek
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Bridgeburg. } & \text { Lakefield, } & \text { Stratford, } \\ \text { Leamington, } & \text { Strathroy, }\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Calgart, } & \text { Massey, } & \text { Stargroy, Falle } \\ \text { Cewcastle, } & \text { Sudbury } \\ \text { Calg, }\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Cargill, } & \text { Newcastle, } & \text { Sudbury, } \\ \text { Clifford, } & \text { Thay, } \\ \text { Thamesford, }\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Drayton, } & \text { Norwich, } & \text { Tilsonburg, } \\ \text { Orillia, } & \text { Tronto. } \\ \text { Datton, } & \text { Otterville, } & \text { Toronto, King } \\ \text { East Toronto, } & \text { Owee } & \text { Soun }\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Elmira, } & \text { Owen Sound. } & \begin{array}{c}\text { Spadina } \\ \text { Paisley, Ont. } \\ \text { Toronto Queen }\end{array} \\ \text { Elora, } & \text { Port Hope, } & \text { \& Broadview } \\ \text { Embro, } & \text { Prescont } & \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Embro, } & \text { Prert Hope, } & \begin{array}{c}\text { \& Broadvie }\end{array} \\ \begin{array}{ll}\text { Fergett, } & \text { Tottenham }\end{array} \\ \text { Fergus, } & \text { Ridgetown, } & \text { Waterde }\end{array}$

$\begin{aligned} & \text { Grand Vallev, } \\ & \text { Rockwood, } \\ & \text { Guelph, }\end{aligned} \begin{aligned} & \text { Windsor, } \\ & \text { Rndnev. }\end{aligned}$

Hamilton, East. Sault Ste. Marie. Woodstock,
BANKERS:
Great Britain-The National Bank of Scotlane
New York-The American Exchange Nat. Bank Montreal-The Quebec Bank.
THE DOMINION BANK
head office, toronto, canada.
Capital Authorized, - - $\$ 4,000,000$
Capital Paid-up,
$3,000,000$
Reserve Fund aud Undivided
Profits, *
3,839,000

- DIRECTORS :
E. B OSLER, M.P.

President
E. B OSLER, M.P.
WILMOT D. MATTHEWS, - Vice-President.
A. W. AUSTIN, R. J CHRISTIE

W, R. BROCK, TIMOTHY EATON.
C. A. BOGERT, - General Manager.

Branches and Agencies throughout Carada and the United States.
Collectionsmade and Remitted for promptly.
Drafts bought and sold.
Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit issued, available in all parts of the World.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINER TRANSACTRE.

THE CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.

THE CHARTERED BANKS
BANK OF HAMILTON PaId.up capital.. TOTAL Head Orís

 Cyrus A. Birge. John Proctor Gieo. Puthertogr
Hon. J. . Hendrie, C. Co. Jalton, Toronto.
 H. NTARIO
Alton, Alton,
Ancate
Atwood

 | Berlin, |
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| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Dundag } \\ \text { Dunnille, }\end{array}$ | | Dunnville, |
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Niagara Falls, mantoba, alberra, \& SASkat jew.in.
 Bradwardine, Ma Ma incian H'd, Sask. Roland, Man,
Brandon, Man.
Kenton, Man.
Saskatoon, $S^{\prime}$,

 Caron, Sask. Mats. Mather, Man. Warman, Sask., Edmonton, Alta. Minnedosa, Man. Wininipeg, Men.
 Francis, Sask;
Gladstone, Mun. Morden, Man, Mortlach, Sask
Fernie, Kamluyps. Sish Mon Arin Correspondente in. Provincial Bank of Ene teal Britain:-The National Correspondent in Inited States:-New York.
Hanover National Bank; Fourth National - Boston International trust Co. Buffalo Marin National Bank.-Clicago, Continental National Bank, First National Bank. Detriot, Old Detroit Commerce.- Philadelphia, Merchants National
Bank.-St. LLuis, Third Naticnal Bank. - San Prancisco, Crocker-Woul worth Nat.
Pittsburg, Mellon National Bark.

THE ONTARIO BANK. Capital paidup REST

DIRECTORS:
George
Donald
R. R. R. Cockay
 HEAD office, B. Caldwell, Inspector.
branches:
Alliston,

Alliston,
Lliston,
urora,

Aurora, Cornwall, coling wood, | Fort |
| :--- |
| Holstein |
| King City, | Kingston,

Lindsay,

Toronto: Queen and Wellington Streets, Yonge and Prichmond Streets,
Yonge and Carlto AGENTS London, Eng.-Parr's Banki, Limited
France France and Europe-Credit, Lyonnais.
New York-Fourth National Bank and The Agents Bank of Montreal.
Boston - Eliot National Bank.


LL Banking Business entrusted to our keeping receives the most careful attention.

## Easter Tounships Bank

## SHERBROOKE, QUE

 FORTY-SIX Branches in CANADA. Correspondents in all parts of the world Capita1, m M m \$3,000,000 Reserve, - - - 1,500,000WM. FARWELL, President.
JAS. MACKINNON, General Manager. 00,000 00,000 Millbrook, $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Millbrook, } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Port Hope, } \\ \text { Port Arthur, }\end{array} \\ \text { Montreal, } & \text { Me }\end{array}$ Mount Forest, Newmark Port Arthur,
Queensville, Sudbury,
Trenton, Trenton,
Tweed,
Warsaw, Peterraroro,
" South End Br aterford,
THE CHARTERED BANKS.
BANQUE D'HOC HELAGA
Capital Subscribed . . ..
C. . . $\$ 2,000,000$
Capital Paid-up Reserve Fund

DIRECTORS:


CORRESPONDENTS.- National Park Bank, NaImporters \& of ${ }^{\text {Traders }}$ America. National City Bank,
tional Bank Manct Bank, Mects.' National Bank, MM. Ladenburg, Thalmann \& Co.,
MM. Heidelbach, Ickelheimer \& Co., MM. Kountze
Bros.. New York Internal Bros., New York International Trust Co., Na-
tional Bank of Redemption, National Shawnt Bank Bonk of Reditadelptilian, National Nal Bank, The
Fourth Street Nationmut Fourth Street National Bank, Philadelphia, Na-
tional Live Stack Bank ingal Live Stock Bank, Illinois Trust and Sav-
ings Bank. Chicago. The Clydesdale Bank (Limited), Credit Lyonnais de Paris, Credit In
dustriel \& Commercial, Comptoir National d'Esdustriel \& Commercial, Comptoir National d'Es-
compte de Paris, London, Eng. Credit Lyoncompte de Paris, London, Eng. Credit Lyon-
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Paris, France, Credit Lyonnais, Brussels. Bel Paris, France, Credit Lyonnais, Brussels, Bane
gium, Deutcshe Bank, Berlin, Germany. Banque
Imp. But Imp. Reyale \& Briv, der Pays Autrichiens, Vi- Vi-
enna, Austria.
Panque de Rotterdam. Rotterenna, Austria.
dam, Holland.
Letters of credit issued available in all parts Interest on deposits allowed in Savings De-
partment.
the 17th from both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Dinectors
P. LAFRANCE,

Manager.
Quebec, September 18th, 1906.

## ST. STEPHEN'S BANK. Incorporated, 1836.

St. Stephen, N.B.
CAPITAL
RESERVE
$\$ 200,000$

FRANK TODD
President.
AGENTS:
Cashier.
London-Messrs. Glynn, Mills, Currie \& Co. New York-Bank of New York, N.B.A. Boston
National Shawmut Bank. Montreal-B Bank Nantreal. Shawmut Bank. Montreal-Bank O
Mohn, N.B.-Bank of Montreal Drafts issued on any branch of the Bank of
Montreal
THE CHARTERED BANKS.
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## COMMERCLAL SUMMARY.

Merchants., Manufacturers and other business'men should bear in mind that the "Journal of Commerce" will mot accept advertisements through any agents not specially in its empuoy. Its circula. tion-extending to all plarts of the Dominion renders it the best advertising medium in Canada-equal to all others combined, while its rates do not include heavy commissions.
-Winnipeg bulding permits for the past nine months total $\$ 10,500,000$
-A deputation of Ontario farmers are urging the Goverrment to pass legislation enforcing a 2 -cents-a-mile rate on rallways.
-'The First Russian Assurance Company of $/$ st. Petersburg has taken preliminary steps to enter the United States for re-masurance business.
-The C.P.R. inaugurated a scheme by which every pound of freight or express on its lines is. insured, claiming the distinction of the first move of the kind in the railroad werld.
-Evidence of the Guelph railway wreck inquest shows that in one case at any rate overwork had much to do with the disaster. Coroners should turn on the light in regard to this feature wherever inquests are being held.
Paul O. Stepsland, to whose confessed embezzlement of $\$ 400,000$ was due chiefly the collapse of the Milwaukee Avenue state Bank, of which he was president, was sentenced to serve from one to ten years in the penitentiary. On Stensland's arrival in Chicago from Morocco, whither he fled before the bank failed, the former bank president pleaded guilty and received sentence.

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Canadians supplied $33^{\frac{1}{8}}$ per cent. less than other countries.
-The Bank of Hamilton have opened branches at Salmon Arm, B.C., and Carrievale, Sask.
-Branches of the Union Bank of Canada have been opened at Leamington, Ont., and Dauphin, Man.

Fire insurance business in France during 190.5, as reported
 $\$ 12.696,924$.
-The mineral output of British Columbia for 1905, was valued at $\$ 22,461,325$, an increase of $\$ 3,483,966$ over 1904. The value of the output of gold was' $\$ 5,902,402$.
-Gross earnings of all railroads in the United States reporting to September $29, \$ 22,625,021$, an increase of 10.6 per cent. over the corresponding time last year.
-I The population of Kingston is 18,424 ; an increase of 200 . The assessment totals $\$ 7,967,822$, also an merease. The exemptions reach $\$ 3,360,425$, or about half the total assessment.
-The Banque Nationale will issue $\$ 500,000$ of new stock, increasing its paid-up capital from $\$ 1,500,000$ to $\$ 2,000,000$. The dividend on the bank's stock has been increased to 7 per cent.
-Ottawa Clearing House, total returns for week ending September $27, \$ 2,368,733$, corresponding week last year $\$ 2,415$, 230.-London Clearing House, total clearings for week ending September 27 , 1906, $\$ 1,022,326$.
-Winnipeg bank clearings for the month of September this year show a total of $\$ 42,557,446$, an increase of 66 per cent. compared with the same month last year, when total was $\$ 28$, 733,$339 ; 1904$ total was $\$ 20,416.666$.
-Customs collections on imports at the port of Montreal during the month of September amounted to $\$ 1,164: 256.90$, as compared with $\$ 1,07 \pi, 133.41$ in the corresponding period of last year, being an increase of $\$ 87,123.49$
-A (ierman-American /bank will shortly be established in Berlin, the chief partners of which will be the Darmstaedter Bank and the New York firm of Thalmann and Ladenburg. At the commencement, the new bank will do business with the United St..tes and Canada only.
-General Manager Spencer, of the James Bay Railway, announced that they would inaugurate its service between Toronto and Parry Sound on October 10 . When asked if it would be only an official trip, Mr. Spencer said: "No; we will

-During the month of September the customs revenue of the Dominion amounted to $\$ 4,(657,412$, an increase of $\$ 741,394$ over the corresponding month of last fall. During the three months that have already elapsed of the current financial year the customs collections have been $\$ 12,835,743$, an increase of $\$ 1$, 5CB, 072 .
-The report of the assessment commissioner gives the population of Toronto this year at 238,642, and figuring on the natural increase, the population next year will be 253,720 . The total assessment for 1907 is $\$ 185,713,845$, an increase of $\$ 17,852,090$. The exemptions have reached the figure of $\$ 26$, 876.200.

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The Middleport Bank, a private institution at Middleport, Ohio, failed to open its doors on September 28. 1t is stated that all deposits, amounting to $\$ 115,000$, are missing, and great excitement prevails. Most of the depositors are por people. The president of the bank, E. C. Fox, is away, and in his absence no official statement of the condition has yet been made.
-The International salt Co., of New York, has raised its prices on all grades of salt approximately 60 cents per ton. This is said to be the third raise within a period of three months, and yet another is expected which will place the conmodity upon a price basis equal to the top notch figure of last scaton. The reasons given for the latest advance are the shutting down of two of the largest producing plants.
-The Insurance Times of New York says:-The President's sun-in-law, Mr. Nicholas Longworth, is still secretary of the "International policy-holders' committee," but his political fences in (incinnati need attention, and as a consequence Andrew Gray hàs been appointed acting secretary. The new recruit is a son of Judge George Gray, of Delaware, who is one of the committee's members. Congressman Longworth is interested in votes af a different type just at present.

The total number of homestead entries during the month was 4.174, an increase of 423. Of the total number of homesteaders, 742 were Canadians from Optario, 79 from Quebec, 97 Camadians returned from the United States, 1,212 Americans. Gi25 English. 128 Scotch, 55 Irish and 210 Hollanders. Of the 1,300 homesteaders from the United States. 303 were from North Dakota. There was a decrease of 320,930 acres in the area patented during the month, as compared with July, 1905.

The Rhine and Moselle Insurance Co. of Germany proposes to let all suits against it in San Francisco go by default. Attorney Van Ness, who has been acting for it, says that no pleading of any character is to be interposed. The companys mampers thing that no judgment obtained against it in the 1.… can be enforced in Germany, where practically all of its assict, are. Mr. Van Ness says he also believes that the company cannot get a fair trial on account of the sentiment arolued and the hostility of the newspapers.
-Car shortage is a very genereal complaint throughout the west. and it is stated on the authority of an agent of the leading elevator firm that there are twenty-two points where the blockade is so complete that buying has ceased and the farmers must haul their wheat elsewhere or make their own provision for storing. From the village of Bagot near Portage La Prairie, comes the complaint that only one car has been received there so far this season, and it was shipped there loaded with freight, but when emptied was filled with wheat.
-Immigration into Canada for the month of July shows a considerable/ increase over the immig:ation for July, 1905 There arrived through ocean ports, 13,207, an increave of 4,096 over the arrivals for July, 1905; and from the United States 4,969 , an increase of 1,836 . Thus the total arrivals were 18 ,176, as against 12,244 in July last year.
-It is announced that the United States Steel Corporation is about to erect a plant for the manufacture of cement at North Bessemer, on the Bessemer and Lake Erie R. R About 700 men will be employed. The cement will be a byproduct of the steel industry, and will be made from the slag at the Edgar Thomson mills at Braddock, and the Carry furnace at Rankin. Experiments on the commercial disposition of the slag which has heretofore been a waste product of the manufacture of the steel have been carried on for several years.


#### Abstract

- France is going to do away with her coppers. From the beginning of next December copper money will gradually be withdrawn from circulation and be replaced by pennies and half-pennies in nickel. The shape and size of the new coins have not yet been decided on, but the Minister of Finance is considering several types, and it is thought probable that the coins will be about the size of a shilling and a sispence respectively. They will most likely be made with a hole through them, or with flat edges, so that they shall not be mistaken for tranes by careless people.


The case of Joseph Phillips, of the York County Loan, is one of a long list that have yet to be tried. Crown Attorney Drayton's programme so far gives no indication when Phillips will be tried. Mr. Drayton and his staff, although in possession of all the evidence taken at the police-court, have taken all the books of the concern, and of the Liszt Piano Co., and are going over them minutely. When the police court examinations are analyzed, it is said, they do not furnish the basis for laying the charge that Mr. Drayton seeks to allege. If this is the case, the trial of Phillips may be postponed till the December sittings.
-Some figures have been prepared recently by the London Times showing the value of the trade of the great ports of the world, from which it appears that the trade of London is worth $\$ 1,425,(100,000$ a year, while that of Liverpool stands at $\$ 1,387,500,000$. These figures for the other great ports are as follows: New York $\$ 1,105,000,000$; Hamburg (including the coasting trade), $\$ 1,150,000,000$; Marseilles $\$ 930,000,000$; Antwerp (inclusive of river and canal traffic) $\$ 750,000,000$; Calcutta $\$ 29.5,006,000$; Bombay $\$ 255,000,000$; Singapore $\$ 215,000$, 000 ; and Sydney $\$ 190,000,000$. It should be noted that the figures for the two great British ports do not include the value of the coasting trade.

## TERRY'S PATENT SPRING EXERCISERS, <br> Developers, Chent Expanders, Grips, \&c., \&c.



SEND FOR PRICES, SAMPLES, TERMS. ALSO OTHER GOODS.
Good A-ents
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Herbert Terry \& Sons, Redditch, Eng.
CABLES:-" NOVELTYY, REDDITCH."
ESTABLISHED 185
Good Agents wanted for Canada

This yen will mown in history ats a record for disasters and catastroplus of varions kinds. carthymakes and accidents by sea and land. The great damage ly hurvicanes at Mobile, Ala.; Pensacola, Flat: and in the Culf of Mexico, the typhoon in the (hima Neas, the railway accident at Salisbury. England, in July, and at cirantharl a few days ago and the enthquakes of san Francesco and (hili, are among the most noticeable of such events. The typhotin was unnsually destructive both of life and property. Few people realize the enormons number of lives lowt in Chma by these outbreaks of mature. From time to time we read dispatches reporting floods or storms in which many houses or boats are stated io have been destroyed. Such items are often passed without any thought of what they imply in regard to the loss of life.
-Colonel W. P. Anderson, of the Marine Department, has been appointed to cooperate with the Canadian section of the International Waterways Commission in locating the international boundary through Lake Erie and placng buoys along it. It is the desire of the l'mited states and the Canadian Govermments that this may/ be done to put a restriction upon the poarhing of fishermen and to make it certain that when nets are seized they are in forbidden waters. It is expected this will prevent future international complications in the case of seizures, of which there has been a good deal of apprehension in the past. The commission will have to settle a dispute as to the location of the boundary. due to errors of description in the treaty of (ihent. before the buoys can be placed.
-Kecent shipments of apples from the port of Montieal ineluded the following for the week ended Sept. 2:ti:-


The following ship ped via New York:
To Liverpool
". London..
".


MANUFACTURERS OF Ship, Railway and Hand Lanterns. Speciality:
OPTICAL and PHOTOGRAPHIC LAMPS.

## Warwick St., Bordesley, BIRMINGHAM, England.

The officeis of the Calumet Insuance Co. of Chicago ax pect to be able to tell by the eydd of the prestat week whether therr plan of dividing a sum of $\$ 500,0,00$ pro rata among the creditors in full settement of all claims can be successfully carried out. Failing the concurrence of a sufficient number of the creditors the drectors threaten to throw the company into the hands of a receiver. The following statement upon the situation was made by W. D. Pringle, attorney for the Calumet:--"The companys net liablities for San francisco losses are in the neighbourhood of $\$ 1,000,000$. To meet this loss, the company has' a net surplus of less than one-third the amount. When this amount of $\$ 500,000$ was voluntarily subwrbed we strongly advised our creditors to accept it." The Policyholders' League is looking into the affairs of the Calumet with a view to advising its members upon the terms of settlement proposed by the stockholders. In all probability a representative will be sent to Chicago to look into the company's books.

The analysis of Canada's trade for the last fiscal year contained in the report of the Trade and Commerce Department slows that oi our total imports of $\$ 283,263,805$, we took $\$ 69$, 185,116 worth, or 24.42 per cent. from Great Britain, and $\$ 148,799,376$ worth, or 59.59 per cent., from the United States, On the other hand, of our total exports of home product, villued at $\$ 235,483,956$, Great Britain took $\$ 127,456,471$ worth, or 54.12 per cent., while the United States took but $\$ 83,564$, 406 worth, or 35.68 per cent. Canada's imports from the Thited states consisted of $\$ 89,540.576$ worth of dutiable, and $\$ 79.257,600$ worth of free goods. From Great Britain our imports were in the proportion of $\$ 52,597,326$ dutiable, and $\$ 16$,564,190 free. In other words, only 53 per cent., or not much over one-half of our imports from Great Britain which pays duty while the proportion of our imports from Great Britain which pays duty is 74 per cent., or nearly three-fourths. Of breadstuffs alone, we imported during the year ended June 30th la-t. seven million dollars' worth for consumption in Canada, of which $\$ \mathbf{j}, 472,819$ is listed as free.

Electricity as a possible motor-power for farm implements has long been a cherished dream. It now appears that there is a possibility of its being used as an insecticide. The discovery, as in the case of most valuable discoveries, was due to accilent. A Monaco (France) engineer, while working with an electrical machine in the ${ }^{f}$ open air, had occasion to insert metal rods in the ground and connect them with a dynamo. He observed that, as soon as the current was turned on, all the insects in the ground hurriedly came to the surface. It was argued from this that a stronger current might be found effectual in killing the insects, and further experiments were made. To a Russian has come the greatest success so far. His invention is to place a dynamo on a handcart, with an attachment by which the electricity runs to the ground, when
the cart moves, and it has been found that all insects so reached by the current have been killed as by lightning. The inventer is confident that he can perfect his apparatus so that it may be utilized in killing insects on plants and trees. Should he prove successful, the question of how to produce electricity in an inexpensive way will become a pertinent one.


#### Abstract

-The awakening of the policyholders of the great life insurance companies is not at all detrimental. Men who have been carrying insurance for years and paying no attention whatever to the operations of insurance companies, simply paying their premiums and allowing their proxies to vote as they please, have been aroused, and with the new order of things each policyholder is receiving constant reminders that he is a policyholder and has rights in the conducting of the company. It does not necessarily mean that a policyholder having been awakened to look after his interests is going to cast his vote during the December elections for some new man or set of men, but it does mean that he is going to arcquaint himself with the facts, and having the power to vote. will exercise it in his own best interests. The policyholder who has been receiving the benefits from his investment in life insurance in the form of dividend returns or additions to his policy, and who has been satisfied that he has been treated squarely in the past, says the N.Y. Insurance Journal, is likely to vote for the ticket which contains the names of men who have knowledge of the business and are able to conduct its affairs, so that his dividends may continue and his policy increase in value, rather than for the plac.ng of new and un- tried men in charge of a business tried men in charge of a business they know nothing about.


## VALE \& BRADNACK,

Orown Steam Brush Works, WALSALL, England.



DANDY (Registered Pattern), WATER BRUSHES. with Secure Bracks, SPOKE BRUSHES, with Leather Face and Secure Backs, COMPO, HORSE, etc,

## Specialité: LEATHER HORSE BRUSHES.

Special Prices for Canadians under the New Tariff. W

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Established 1826.

## HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA,

MONTREAL.
investments under canadian ranch revenue
(WorldWide Policirs.)
Apply for full particulars, D. M. McGUUN, Manager.
WM. H. CLARK KENNEDY, Secretary

THE CANADA LIFE PAID policyholders or their representatives in $1905 \$ 3.272,000$, against similar payments of $\$ 4954,000$, by the twenty one other Canadian Companies.

NORTHERN
Assurance Co.,' of London, Eng. INCOMEAND FUNDS 1905.
Capital and Accumulated Funds,
$\$ 48,560,000$
Annual Revenue from Fire and Life Premiums and from Interest on Invested Funds
Deposited with Dominion Government for security of policy-holders
Hear Offlces:-Londun and A berdeen.
Branch Office for Canada, nontreal. 88 notre Dame st. West Manager for vanada: ROBERT W. TYRE.
\$8 150,000 \$328,258

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Government, Municipal and Railway Securities bought and sold. First claen Securities suitable for Trust Funds always on hand. Trust Estates managed. guardian building
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MONTREAM.

The boom of the past year in iron and steel products in the United states shows little or no signs of abating. During the last few weeks prices of No. ${ }^{2}$ Northern foundry iron with Bessemer also 1907 dedivery, were $\$ 18.50$ per ton at the furnace; basic was 25 c below to 25 c above. These are subject to $\$ 1$ to $\$ 1.50$ on such orders as may succeed in being filled on the basis of 1906 delivery. All expectation of a runaway market has been dissipated, for not only are the larger makers acting in concert to prevent any such development, but some little iron purchased on speculation during the mid-summer slump is beginning to dribble out, and from this time onward production is to gradually increase.

The demand for steel products keeps up, and makers of steel billets and bars, plates and structural materials, are short of supplies. Quite as much effort is being made to prevent prices from shooting upward in the more active grades of steel products as in any grades of pig-iron, but when one considers the heavy pre-

## Simplicity <br> ARE THE THREE DISTINUTIVE <br> Nem Polisy Contract ..OF THE....

 mPEERIAL LIFE ASSURANGE COMPAMI.112 St. James St.
miums charged over and above prices for billets, it may as well be admitted that quotations are nominal rather than actual. These conditions, therefore, in the industrial and commercial worlds, when supplemented with the abundance promised by wheat and corn and cotton growers, are what is so persistently given out as backung up the boom in Wall Street, concerning which it requires more than ordinary discérnment to be able to discriminate between inflation due to artifice and that which is not.
The British Board of Trade has just issued statistics showing the production and consumption of iron ore and pig-iron, and the production of steel in the United Kingdom and the principal countries of the world in 1905, and other recent years. The developments in the U.S. have been quite remarkable, the production of pigiron having risen from nearly 9 1-2 millions of tons in 1895 to nearly 23 million tons in 1905 . In the same period, the increase in Germany was from $5,367,000$ tons to $10,700,000$, while the production in the U.K rose from $7,703,000$ tons to nearly $9,600,000$ tons.

| LAW UNION \& CROWN insurance company. |
| :---: |
|  |

## CIVIC HINTS.

It might be interesting to know how much of the Wame attached /to the city Government of Montreal is due to altruistic motives and what proportion to mere solfishness or that general tendency to fault-finding so common among many of those who have votes. There curtainly is room for improvement in wearly all the thoroughfares of our cities, but Montreal suffers in this repect more than common. The freguent chopping and removals/of packed snow during two or three months of the year are not intelligently performed; and as for the sidewalks, which depend upon individual care, the result is still worse. The suburb of Westmount furnishes a worthy example in the latter respect. however, she may deal with incapable officials who should be worthy of a generous pension by this time. The frequent tearing up of well-paved main streets for the repairing of water and drain pipes, which might as well have been run along the lanes, is a sotirce of neverending trouble to traffic and a tax upon the purses and the patience of the citizens. But notwithstanding all that citizens complain of and that wide-awake aldermen and contractors urge upon the ubiquitous though poorly-paid reporters and their directors, the streets and "trottoirs" of our large cities compare favourably with those of other cities. As in the case of Montreal, Townto and other Canadian cities, while even the prin(ijpal streets leave something for the fault-finders to grumble at, those who visit Boston, New York and Chicayn must admit that we are no worse off in our ways than, they are. Wooden plank footways, which are yet to b, wen in the very heart of Chicago, are almost monnown invile a wide centre in Montreal. No one can walk the principal streets even of London, the Strand especially, on a rainy or misty day without being frequently spattered with mud by passing vehicles, and although Broadway New York is clean to pedestrians, the noise and rattle over the stone-block pavements is a continual trial upon the nerves from which eren "the wee sma' hours ayont the twal" bring no respite.
li a season of the year that invites to pedestrian exerciee these matters come home to us more directly; and as the time approaches when we must study how best to avoid the false economies of former years, it is not too early for the road and park committee to take a look around; and they had better go afoot instead of by horse-vehicles or tramway-cars if they would be better equipped for intelligent discussions on the subject allotted them in their civic capacities. They would find, for example, that it is not invariably

Six Months Gain.
IN THE FIRST SIX mONTHS OF 1906
Mutual Reserve Life Insurance Co.
$\underset{\text { fresident. }}{\text { frederick a. burnam, }}$ of New York, $\underset{\text { Vice-President. }}{\text { Ge, }}$.

Gained in Surplus,
Surplus, December 31, 1905,
$\$ 41,696.43$
Surplus, June 30, 1906,
\$ 71,645.63.
Paid to Policyholders over
113,342.06
The exhibit of first year's expenses suhmitted by the ... $66,000,000.00$ The exhibit of first year's expenses sunmitted by the Company to the Le-
gis lative Investigating ommite shows the low eat ration of expense to ex-
pense margin of all companies doing a general business. Capable Men, with or without experience, can secure the
contracts. ATdress Agency Dout experience, can secure the very best agency
Department, Mutual Department, Mutual Reserve Building. 305 , 307, 309 Broad way, New Yorl.
the streets where there is most traffic that obtain the earliest attention; that pitch-holes which occur in other seasons than winter could be repaired by a wheel-barrowful of "scrap" by which "stitch-in-time" they could save nine-fold; that our mountain, park is in many places being damaged by, wanton lads or youths wha feel they must try the temper of their pocket-knives upon the bark of the saplings and some older growths, and that wild flowers are being plucked at a rate that must soon banish them entirely. The equestrian (also pedestrian) pathway from near the west end of Cedar Avenue, upward to the drive, is a glaring example, one to which the attention of the park-ranger should be directed, who, by the way, must be complimented on the gay parterres he maintains beside the old embowered homestead.

In our carping moments we should not forget that the terraced slopes of our mountain-than which no city can boast a more beautiful enviromment-were caused in past ages by the very changes and conditions which render road-making so difficult, and that it is also largely between these slopes that are found the uncertain subsoils, quicksands, clays and thin layers of gravel so well known to builders of large houses in many localities in Montreal.

## HIGH FINANCE OVER THE BORDER.

It is a difficult matter to get behind the scenes among the keen manipulators of money and values in New York. Even those who fancy themselves seeing through the operations are as likely as not to be misled, for should newspapers ohtain but an inkling of the drive, the plans are almost certain of defeat. As in bther struggles, those who watch the strife from afar, more or less, are not unlikely to see the moves that make for success or defeat to better advantage than the antagonists themselyes.
Many of those who were not in the bull and bear fights of late recommend that those who are not satisfied with the dividends on their holdings or some other prospective return upon them, ought to be selling. But the powerful financial interests behind the moyements to work quotations up, and keep them. so until they can unload, do not reason that way through their interviews or circulars, or to those who call upon them for inspiration and then distribute it through the financial columns of the newspapers hurriedly prepared and hot from the press.

On the contrary, they keep on predicting still higher quotations, which they explain are to be based on not only the umprecedented trade and agricultural records, but also on the recont and impen.ling increases of disidend distributions which, it is declared, have followed, or are to follow, the example of I'nion Pacific and Southern Pacilic. The great ore deal between the United Statos steel corporation and the (ireat Vorthern Rail-, way Company is to furnish a speculative stimulus to the -hares of both these properties-the public are told -and soeretary shaw's renewed offer to facilitate gold impert les temperary adrances of the yollow metal from the Treasury to nationai hanks, and his implied promise to make deposits withi interior banks to reliewe the stringener, are dited by then who are working with the loull manipulators ats evidenes of speculative winds blowing in their direction. No better illustration call be given of the strength of these who insiat on hoisting prices than their ability of late to hold up the bull market, in spite of for per cent. rate for call loans, and is $1-\%$ per cent. for funds on time. the former now sunk tond anen to 4 ; the latter at $1 ;$ toi ip. It is declared that they beliere the autumn 'months must see their holdings absorbed, or the market will be lost. This may account for their willing-nes- to put forth sufficient support to prevent a reaction in the stock market when a bank statement turns a * , 300,090 surplus reserve of the New York banks into a deficit of the reserves of nearly seven million dollars, in fontrast with a surplus of nearly five millions one year ago-a deficit to-day greater than that reported thirteen years ago, at a time of extreme financial disturlance, when the New York ('learing-house resorted to the use of certificates to meet the prevailing stringency.

But the powerful financial interests are, manipulating :markets in such a way as to enable them entireiy to ignore such a bank statement, and to exhibit a strong close to prices near the top, instead of the logical tharp reaction all along the line. Much talk is indulged in as to the gold which is to be imported under the provisions of the new Treasury order, how gold maly soon be deposited with the banks, and how even (iovermment fours of 1907 may be redeemed. Few secm inclined to point to the hopelessiy artificial character of this support, and comment on Secretary Shaw's virtual rushing to the relief of Wall Street is becoming quite pronounced. It has not been those who are concerned with the commercial paper market -the merchants and manufacturers-who have complained of inability to get the accustomed accommodation at the banks at the usual rates. It has been the call loan market which has suffered, the market which refers to loans made for the benefit of speculators, in this instance, in stocks in Wall street. So here again does our currency system show itself hopelessly inadequate by forcing the Secretary of the Treasury forward as a regulator of the money market. But even this would not be so unfortunate in practice if it were not true that many of the prime movers in the gigantic speculative deal now
being engineered in Wall Street are so connected with large banking institutions as to be able to ensure the latter working in the interest of the pools rather than rising to the occasion by calling in Wall St'reet loans.

It is no secret that criticism of Secretary Shaw's recent action, or the way in which he has taken action, to go to the relief of the money markeu is quite general there. His notice to interior banks that they must not lend Treasury deposits which may be made with them to Vew York, and his amusing explanation that call loans in the metropolis are almost exclusively in aid of speculation in Wall street, are taken as boyish, or are attributed to a bit of diplomatic fencing in order to ward off possible criticism that he took the steps he did in behall of the speculative crowd who are moving hearen and earth to hold up the stock market, and keep money casy until they can, dispose of their share holdings at present or higher levels. It is even insinuated by reputable brokerage firms that the 40 per cent. call loan squeeze was utilized by the bull manipulators to force the Secredary of the Treasury to come to their relief; that they could have imported gold when exchange rates got below the importing point in the first week of the month, but refused to do so in order to induce the Treasury to come to their aid, and to the assistance of the banks with which they are identified, by renewing his offer of last spring, which enables gold importers to save interest while the yellow metai is in transit. It is also pointd out that the Necretarys paternal notification to interior banks, with which he anticipates depositing Treasury gold, seems to indicate a lack of knowledge on his part that the New York bank deposits by interior banks and trust companies constitute the bulk of the money which goes into Wall street in the shape of call loans.

It is quite evident that the financial outlook is far from farourable unless they are enabled to dispose freely of the cotton, wheat, and Indian corn to foreign consumers. The work of importing large amounts of gold in the face of, perhaps, $\$ 300,000,000$ foreign loans contracted within the year, tends to make the strain more than noticeable. The outlook for entton is for over $12,000,000$ bales, and the wheat harvest creates another new high record, as does that of maize, with estimates that it will run well up towards $3,000,000$,000 bushels. The estimated total value at the farm of these products, and of barley, buckwheat, and potatoes, is given at about $\$ 2,500,000,000$, or an increase of nearly $\$ 115,000,000$ over the corresponding total a year ago.

Our readers will have an opportunity of applying these views to their own interests, if inclined that way, or to amuse themselves in watching the game as played by others. The condition of trade is such that men are apt to disregard their usual rules of caution. There is little or nothing new under the sun, even in speculation, as any person may see for himself by reading chapter xix. in the fourth volume of Macaulay's History of England relating to the condition of affairs which led to the establishment of Great Britain's national debt.

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THE NEW YORK LIFE AND THE MUTUAL LIFE.
'The agents of the International Policyholders' Committee have sent out the following representation to the newspaper press:-

Mr. Samuel Lntermeyer, the General Counsel for the International Policyholders' Committee, of which exsceretary of state Richard Olney is chairman, and Judge Alton V. Parker, a former presidential candidate, is chairman of the Executive Committee, has beell visiting London and Paris in connection with the appraching election in the two companies.
Before leaving Mr. Untermeyer said that be felt that if the companies' British policyholders and public understood, the great significance of the pending elections, not only to the interests of the policybolders, hut to the British public generally, and throughout the world. the struggle now going on to wrest the control of these companies from the Wall Street and Standard oil influences would command universal attention. He printed out that the New York Life and the Mutual Life have the control of $\$ 1,300,000,000$ of convertible a-cets, most of which is centred in Wall street. If the present rate of increase is maintained they will have $\$ 3.000 .000,000$ in ten years.

Thrse vast sums have been used for the purpose of controlling the securities and money markets. Through the wee of them a few men who manipulate the funds have lieen able to create "tight" money, "casy" money, "hull" markets, and "bear" markets at their will.
'The policeholders' committee, to which Mr. I'ntermerer is counsel, has now nominated candidates for buth companies. No one of the 60 men thus nominated hals any connection or affiliation with Wall street. Their purpose is not only to oust the directors connected with the old administration who are candidates for re-election, but pre-eminently to take the in-urance business out of Wall Street, and to distribute and invest these funds so far as possible in the Statis and countries from which they are drawn, and in that way to avert the peril to the country and to the financial world that may result from the continued concontration of these vast accumulations in the hands of a few men for speculative purposes.

Mr. Intermeyer said that he found that the adminitrations of the two companies had succeeded both in (irrat Britain and on the Continent in evading the law reypuiring the publication of the lists of polidyholdur. In America they had been enforced to correct their lists. In Great Britain he found that they had resorted to the trick of placing a number of names ahead of those of the policyholders who desired to get the list, and allowing the policyholders only one representative, so that they had been practically debarred from getting the lists. This difficulty had, however, now been overcome by furnishing copies of the foreign lists from New York, which the committee is doing in all countries.

There are upwards of 200,000 policyholders in Europe. Ballots will be made of the policyholders Whose addresses have been secured on October 18th. The policyholders may vote either directly by mailing, or by proxy, but the Policyholders' Committee is advising that they should vote directly by mailing their
ballots in aceordance with instructions sent. The ballots are closed on December 18th, so that there is ample time for voting.

As evidence of the devices to which the companies are resorting to deceive the policyholders, Mr. Untermeyer referred to the placing on the mutual administration ticket of four of the prominent gentlemen of the policyholders' ticket-Judge George Gray, General Benjamin F. Tracy, Mr. Harlow, H. Higinbotham, and Colonel Snook-all of whom repudiate their nominations, and refuse to serve with any of the old management, but their names are still being kept on the ticket. In that connection he referred also to the orders/ that have been granted by the Courts in New York, , requiring the Mutual Company to correct its list every week, also to the filing, recently, in the interests of the administration of a "blind" ticket, which is intended to draw votes from the policyholders' ticket, and which the administration has called the "fusion" ticket. It consists of 15 names taken from the administration ticket, 15 names from the policyholders' ticket, and the other six names, consisting of agents, and of Charles E. Hughes, the counsel for the Armstrong Committee, and Mr. Thomas B. Wanamaker. Mr. Hughes has repudiated the use of his name, and Mr. Wanamaker is expected to do the same.

## fire insurance Retulins.

On another page will be found an abstract of fire insurance business in Canada for the year 1905, for which we are beholden to the Insurance Branch of the Department of Finance, Ottawa.

It has been no secret for several months past that the returns of the business for 1905 would be found amply to warrant the rough forecasts made by the various offices, but few could anticipate anything so satisfactory as that shown by the table herewith. Theorists-and theory must precede practice-have often remarked that mercantile and manufacturing prosperity goes hand in hand with experience of minimum losses by fire, and certainly the conditions prevailing in Canada during 1905 fully warrant the remark concerning the implied moral hazard.
A comparison of the table with that on page xvi. of the Superintendent's Report is interesting, as showing only in two years from 1878 to 1905 were the average ratio of losses so low in the Canadian field, namely in 1878 and 1902; the average for last year being 45.55 . The table, page xvi., it may be remarked, shows considerably higher ratio of losses by Canadian companies in other countries from 1878 to 1889, but a lower ratio for the eight succeeding years and for the year 1900, all of which do not sufficiently confirm the remarks sometimes made that our companies must write lower to secure business in the United States, which is our pirincipal foreign field of operations.
By adding to the ratio of losses about one-third for expenses, the profits for the year may be arrived at, and as it is the insured who in the long run pay the losses, it is fervently to be hoped that the good times with which the country at large is being favoured may continue to be no less beneficial to the insurance offices.

## THE HARBOUR COMMISSION.

The Government's delay in naming the new Harbour Commission is callsing remark in various circles. The prevailing opinion that political feeling is the element that blocks the way. The Government was pledged that the appointments should not be in any way political, and that none of the present nominees should be selected. It is understood that the $\mathrm{Hon}_{0}$. Minister of Marine desires to carry out that idea, bat certain party men strong in the Liberal ranks desire to keep the phums to themselves.

If that be the difficulty, perhaps the Hon. Minister might cut the Gordian knot by taking over the whole businese and run it as a departmental work. This has been freguently mentioned in this journal as the right course to pursue, and the suggestion has been facourably entertained in many quarters.

## THE IRON TRADE ABROAD.

Advices from the United Kingdom deal at some length with the position of the iron market which, read in connection with late articles herein upon the subject will not be devoid of interest. They say the "prospects of the trade generally are darkening." Indications of the kind are as yet unknown in Canada.
There has, of course, been a large export trade doing, and total exports of iron and steel in the seven months ending with July were $2,535,213$ tons, as compared with $2,101,966$ tons and $1,888,174$ tons in the corresponding periods of 1905 and 1904 . And there has been a large home consumption of iron and steel in the enormous quantity of new shipping that has been put into the water from shipyards during the present year. But there cannot be any expectation of the home consumption being sustained at the same level as in the past cight months, when it is known that the shipbuidders are rapidly rumning through their contracts, and are obtaining no new orders of any magnitude. It was mainly the "sphirt" in the orders for new ships that cansed the advance in steel last autumn. The steel and iron for these new ships has all been purchased, if not all delivered, and steel makers will shortly be as anxions inquirers for new orders as shipbuilders are already. Yet pig-iron has gone up, and remains firm.

The main cause for this is undoubtedly the foreign demand for crude iron. That demand has been chiefly from Gemmany, but also from other continental countries, whose aventes of trade may have been affected by the inability of Germany to spare much pig-iron for export. Germany is Britain's largest foreign customer for pig-iron in normal times, but last year her purchases dropped off very seriously after the Cleveland corner raised the price of warrants to such a high level. The Germans would not follow the advance in Cleveland warrants and sought for other and cheaper material. But, curiously enough, they are now larger, and even eager, buyers at prices which they refused to look at last year. The Cleveland corner raised the price of Cleveland warrants to 55 s, although this price was not obtained for what we may call trade iron.

Warrants then fell back to 45 s, and slowly recovered. But of late Cleveland warrants have risen to 54 s 6 d cash and 55 s one month, not through the operations of any organized ring of buyers, but in consequence of general buying induced by the large shipments and the reductions in the Middlesbro' warrant stores. The stock of No. 3 there was a few months ago about 800,000 tons; it was on 1st September 589,000 tons. The difference does not, of course, represent the extra quantity of iron taken from England by Germany this year, but it represents some of it. On the whole, Germany must have taken this year already, directly or indirectly, quite a quarter of a million tons more than last year, and Belgium, France, and Italy have also taken a good deal more.

It follows, then, that Germany has not been buying store iron wholly, or even very largely, but has been buying from the furnaces. And her purchases have not been for immediate delivery alon ?, but also for some months forward, as if her needs were prospective as well as actual.

There is no estimate of the amount of business that has been actually done in the (ilasgow and Middlesbro' markets, apart from warrants, but the sales in July and August were very large, and these are usually , quiet monthe. so large have been the shipments from the Tees in these two months that if the pace continues, in addition to the usual hetivity of the autumn months, there will be some evidence of actual scarcity ere long. Market prices are much more in accord with warrants than they were last year, and while there has been a good deal doing in warrants, they have changed hamds freely. The bull sentiment prevails, but it is not confined to a few operators. The high range of prices and the strong export demand have callsed the blowing in of more furnaces in the Cleveland district. Had it not been for that, the warrant stock would have been much further reduced than jt has yet been. But with the condition of labour affairs in the North of Spain, supplies of Bilbao ore are/ restricted, and any new furnaces now blown in must depend on Cleveland ore, the output of which is probably at or near its maximum.

The Spanish troubles have naturally caused an advance in hematite iron, West Coast warrants, for instance, being 6 is early in september, which is also about the price of mixed numbers of Middlesbro' hematite. These are not such high figures as might have been expected on even the temporary stoppage of the Spanish mines, had there been more confidence in' the future of the steel trade. And yet it is the activity of the steel trade in Germany that has caused the advance of pig-iron in Great Britain. It does not follow, of course, that Germany has been buying only stenlmaking iron from there. She has been buying hematite, hut she has also been buying foundry and forge iron, because her own furnaces could not supply all the requirements of German manufacturers of finished iron and steel. These requirements, it is said, have been raised by the demands of America for parcels of steel, to be shipped not so much to the United States as to markets that would have been supplied from the United States but for the home pressure there. It is even stated that ship-plates for a German shipyard
have bee (ierman tomers or Berlin co business makers t The fore of worls t is conditic of crude many con extract f furnaces i while (ier pig-iron t further, sl for immed
Thus, th of the higl compelled lron and such arces domestic r terial that other dem iron, it wi ships to a there is the America be foundry an and sliege tinuous mo end of Jul correspondi increase, ar iron to Sat peared evid Inited sta have been n market fron may be á ro America col now, and $m$ to fill her n fir-t six $m$ furnicees, tur and other s forge and fo the furnace foundry iron effertive con smelters will maling iron which they do this if, as demand for curinus, thou ing in actual into store in There seemed mass of foun of it seemed mon iron int
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aused an adarrants, for which is also lesbro' hemas might have ppage of the idence in the the activity aused the ades not follow, g only steslbuying hemary and forge ot supply all rs of finished is said, have or parcels of United States lied from the there. It is an shipyard
ually to Germany, and it may conceivably go away rapidly to America. As yet there is a margin of about $7^{72}$ c per ton in the U.S. against Cleveland iron with imported charges. Whether that margin will disappear within the next month or two-that is to say, before the winter-is one of the interesting problems of the iron trade.

Recent utterances of Mr. J. J. Hill in Minnesota, referred to recently, have come to certain people laden with significance. The forecasts he ventured to make have been more interesting to the great men who control and direct the affairs of the United States Steel Corporation with its published billions of capital than to the wholesale or retail hardware dealer.

## CITY MATTERS.

After a prolonged holiday season, the City Council has resumed business. Nearly all the members, from the Mayor onward, have been scattered in all directions from the far East to the far West, as well as North and South, some for health and others in search of wisdom and knowledge in municipal affairs, and doubtless all combined pleasure therewith, "which nobody can deny."

What is now expected from them is an earnest determination to do something that may give effect to their preclusive promises. So far, since the last elections, there has been much talk on the main questions affecting the mass of the people, but of real effective initiative to accomplish any result we have failed to see any indication.

The first meeting after the recess was held on Monday last. The action taken then on one of the most urgent questions of the day-that concerning gas-was evidently coupled with the intention of causing delay and, as many persons think, may well be considered as being in the interests of the L. H! \& P. Co. as was the late outside proposition, professedly in the interest of cheap gas; but it was instrumental in making only confusion worse confounded and delay, which many people interested now believe was the sole object of that ill-fated movement.

However, we have always had confidence in the honesty and good faith of a majority of the aldermen; that they would carry out their promises, and we do not desire to be disillusioned.

Time, however, is flecting, and the patient citizens are anxiously waiting for some practical outcome that may benefit them.

There are so many important measures which the aldermen are committed to settle, that which first to tackle may prove quite a difficulty.

One of the foremost is that of the water supply and the rates. As far as the supply is concerned the city council cannot do better than accept the advice of its own capable and intelligent officials, and adopt the recommendations submitted to them, which will result in giving us purer water at a cheaper rate for many years to come.
The City Treasurer again comes to the front repeating his conclusions, asking for a change that will throw
the burden of collection of the water rates upon the proprictors, so as to save the serious loss from nonpayments of the water rates-a l/oss that averages $\$ 50$,000 a year, besides a cost of $\$ 20,000$ a year now paid to collectors. Thjs is a serious matter, the loss in the end falling on the proprietors of real estate, who bave, in the last resort to make good all deficiencies in the city revenue, as the law stands. This should be matter for serious reflection on the part of all concerned, and has beeen frequently referred to in these pages, and the ideas of the City Treasurer in this regard approved of.

The aldermen, as well as the Mayor, are continually pointing out that the city revenue must be increased if we are ever to have cleaner streets and better roadways, and talk about increasing the tax on real estate. There can be no two opinions about the desirability of the two imprgvements in that direction, the only difference is as to the fairest way of obtaining the money for them.

A radical change in the method of raising money for good roadways in the future, is meeting with much favour-that is to apply to the roadways the principle of part payment by proprictors as is now done for all permanent sidewalks.
As with most other guestions, much may be said both for and against such a change, but if once made it would result soon in giving the principal streets, at least, a creditable appearance, without the necessity for increasing the general assessments on real estate.

The very important matter of cheaper gas and electricity should receive prompt attention in the interest of all desirous of promoting the extension of our manufacturing industries. The prices now charged for those articles of prime necessity in these modern times are higher in Montreal than in any city of equal importance dsewhere. This is owing to the monopoly which has been allowed to grow unchecked, if not fostered by legislative action, by whatever means obtained.

Montreal has not been singular in that respect, in so far as this continent is concerned, but a change is being made in many legislatures, and it is established now that wherever wrong has been done under legislative authority the legis!ature can, and has withdrawn that authority, mullified the wrongful acts, and so relieved the people from oppression, and restored their rights as citizens of a free country.

That idea is gaining ground all over this continent; it already prevails in Europe-in Great Britain it has not been otherwise from time immemorial. The idea will prevail here shortly, adid that if a monopoly or perpetual right has been inadvertently obtained prejudicial to the general welfare it will be sivept from the statute books by modern legislation.
We have only to look at what has been done in some of the more important States of the union adjoining us. In the leading State the legislature has, among
other things of a like nature, appointed a commission to regulate and determine the price of gas and electricity all through the State.
The price of those articles in New York and other places is now fixed at for gas 80 cents per thousand feet and no meter charge, instead of $\$ 1$ as formerly; for electricity, 10 cents for kilowatt hour is fixed, instead of 15 cents, as formerly; and the electric companies do not complain.

That commission is still working throughout the State. The latest decision we have noticed was given in the important city of syracuse, N.Y., which decision shows discrimination of conditions that would seem to be quite proper.

The commission ordered that the maximum price/of gas to be charged in the future should not exceed 95 cents per 1,000 feet. The former charge was $\$ 1$ per thousand feet. The maximum charge fixed by that commission for syracuse is nine cents per kilowatt hour for the next year, beginning 1st October instant; after that the price is to be 8 cents per kilowatt hour. Heretofore the price had been 15 cents per kilowatt hour-the present Montreal price.

Massachusetts has even more advanced legislation in these matters. There they have a commission with very extensive powers, and they have been freely exercised in checking the craze for watered stock companies and the payment of dividends on fictitious capital. Among other things enforced by the commission, the gas companies are obliged to publish, annually, details of the cost of producing gas, and its distribution, and the quantity sold, along with the price at which it was sold. It must not be supposed that we ignore the price of gad-coal here and elsewhere, or that we do not understand the management as feeling themselves obliged -paramount to all other considerations---to make money for, and pay the best possible dividends to, their shareholders, whatever be the ratio of the elemental ingredients that constitute and go to swell their holdings.

The Boston Gas Co. published its last statement in the public papers a few days ago, from which we learn that they bought from other companies over two thousand million feet of gas at a cost, delivered into their gasometer, of 28.94 cents per thousand, and about the same quantity was produced at their works at a net cost, on the average, of 31.46 cents per thousand feet, adding the cost of distribution to the consumer, maintenance and repairs, the total cost at the burners is given at $5 \% .11$ cents per thousand, and there is no charge for meters. The present price of gas there is 80 cents per 1,000 , so that there was a good margin at that for dividends. What would it be if the Montreal price of $\$ 1.20$ prevailed there? Yet the conditions for producing gas in the two cities are not widely different. However sore Montreal consumers may feel at the contrast, the Bostonians ought to feel happy and cheerful in reflecting thereupon.

Much has been said about the high water rates in Montreal. They have been denounced as outrageons because the city makes a profit thereon. No doubt the city does make a profit-admit for the moment

The plant of the Ontario Grape Growing and Wine Manufactiaring ${ }^{\circ}$ o., at Barnesd le, Ont., was destioyed by fire Wed nesday. Loss estimated over $\$ 150,000$; partly insured.

Fre damaged Boyce's carriage warehouse, Winnipeg, Sept. 27 , to the extent of $\$ 25,000$.

## GOODS EASY TO SELL

The bird of wisdom which illustrates the calendar post-card of the Foley and Will.ams Mfg. Co of Chicago, for October, has evidently one eye to the main chance, however he may be employing the other one, and it may be to the above fact that the "wise old bird" owes the reputation he has so long eiljoyed. the above company's business methods consist main! ${ }^{\text {m }}$ in preparing for their customers 'goods that sell-the sewing machine that all but sells itself." The merits of the "(ioderich A" machine may be seen with even half an eye: it is free from complations that are so frequently complaned of by users of other machines. Send at the same time for one of their new Piano catalogues.

## RAILWAY *'ratistlc's

An almotract of the report on United States railway statistics for the year ending Jine 30, 190.5, has been sent us by the Commision at $W$ Washongton, to which we append latest Canadian statistios. On that date the single track mileage in the Linted States was 218,101, an increase during the year of 4 ,196 miles. The operated mileage reported to the commission was 216,973 . The aggregate mileage was 306,796 , including 17.0.6 miles of second track.

The groes earnings of the railways were $\$ 2.082,482,406$. Them operating expenses were $\$ 1,390.602,152$. The amount of passtngers carried was $738,834,6617$, which is $2: 3,414,985$ more than last year. The number of tons of freight carried was 1.427.731.905, which exceeds the tonnage of 1904 by $117.832,740$ tons. The total number of casualtie, was 95,711 , of which 9 , 703 were killed and 86.008 injured.
Ralway corporations number 2.167 , of which 1,169 are clar-ed as operating roads, including some industrial roads. The chapges in the re-organization of companies as compared with that of the preceding year was as 3 to 5 in the mleage represented. There was a decrease in the mileage of roals operated by receivers to the extent of 527 miles, leaving but $7!35$ so operated.
Ljon the capitalization of the railways the report states as 1ollows:- "On June 30, 1905, the par value of the amount of rallway capital outstanding was $\$ 13,805,2,58,121$, which is equivalent to a capitalization of $\$ 65.926$ per mile
"Of this capital there existed as stock \$6,.554.5.57.051, if which ti., $180,933,9: 17$ was common and $\$ 1,373,623,144$ preferred; the remaming part, $\$ \mathbf{8} .259,791,070$, represented funled debt, consisting of/mortgage bonds, $\$ 3,024,449,023 ;$ mis:ellaneous obligations. \$،86,241,442; income bonds, $\$ 253,707,659$, and equipment tru:t obligations, $\$ 1,36,312,906$.
") If the total capital stock outstanding \$2.435.470.337, or 37. 1f per cent. paid no dividends. The amount of dividends declared during the year was $\$ 2: 77,9 \mathrm{i4}, 482$, being equi.alent to 5.is !er cent. on divadend-paying stok. For the yea: ending Junc 30, 1904, the a mount of dividends declared was $\$ 221,941 .-$ (04:) Of the total amount of st ck o itstandiny <6, $54.55!01$, 9.72 per cent. paid from 1 to 4 per cent.; 14.77 per cent. from + to $/ 5$ per cent $/ ; 10.74$ per cent. from 5 to 6 per cent.; 8.79 per cent. from 6 to 7 per cent., and 11.68 per cent. from 7 to s per cent. The total amount of fundel d:bt (omitting equpment trust obligations) that paid no interest was $\$ 449$,100,396 . or 6.36 per cent. Of mortgage bonds, $\$ 326.863,401$, or 5.43 ler cent.; of miscellane obs oblgations, $\$ 54,214.525$, or 6.89 jer cent. and of income bonds $\$ 68,022,400$, or 26.81 per cent. paid no interest.
"Of the total amount of railway stock out-tanding $\$ 2,070$,052,108 were reported as owned by railway corporations, and of railway bonds, $\$ 568,100,021$ were so reported.
C'anala had on June $30,1905,20,601$ miles of railway comTleted. an increase of 900 miles, besides 3,632 miles of sidings. The number of miles laid with steel rails was 20,533 , of which 838 miles was double track. The number of miles in opera-
tion was $2^{0}, 487$. The paid-up capital amounted to $\$ 1,248,666$, 414, an increase of $\$ 62,119,496$. The gross earnings amounted to $\$ 106,467,199$, increase of $\$ 6,247,763$, and the working expenses aggregated $\$ 79,977,574$, an increase of $\$ 5,414,412$ compared with those of the previous year, leaving the net earn ings $\$ 26,489,625$, increase of $\$ 8: 33,351$. The number of 1 assengers carried was $25,288,723$, an increase of $1.647,958$, and the freight traffic amounted to $50,893,9.5$ tons. an increase of 2 , $\mathbf{7 9 6 . 4 3 8}$ tons. The total miles run by trans was 65.934 .114 increase of $4,622,112$. The number of casualties show 4.8 persons killed, besides 1,357 injured. The number of railways in actual operation, including the two government roads. the Intercolomal and the Prmee Edward Island Rilways. was 194; some of these, however, are amalgamted or leased, making the total number of controlling companies 91 , not including the government railways. The number of companies absorbed by amalgamation was 56, and the number of leased lines was 39 .
-Mr. D. M. Stewart, General Manager and Vice-President of the Sovereign Bank, has returned from a well-earnel visit of some weeks to the I'nited Kingdom, on which he was accompanied by Mrs. Stewart.

## financial slumary.

Montreal, Oct. 4th, 1906.
The chief feature of interest during the week was the bonus of one per cent. declared by the Canadian Pacific Railway at the annual meeting on Wednesday last, which is practically equal to a 7 per cent. dividend. Some equally good news had oeen anticipated, to cause the rise in shares. The tonus is to be distributed in two half-yearly propertions. Coming at this time, the advance is attributed not only to nereas d earnings. but to sales of lands past and p.e-pective at better prices, of which the company has large areas still on hand, valued according to quality at sufficient to build another road. Mr. D. McNicoll, the General Manager, has been clected to a position on the Executive, where he cannot fail to prove himself possessed of his usual ability.

Next in importance was the advance in Bank of Commerce quotations. which reach $1901 / 2$ early in the week, a figure to which stockholders had long been strangers.
Bank of Hochelaga has also made quite a step toward the front ranc, being sold on Wednesday at 1633 . The commendable necessity for the new issue of stock-probably a millionis likely to be at a premium of 40 at the ratio of one share to every two held by present shartholders. The Lominion Bank is also named as considering a further issue.

The Grand Trunk Ralway Co.'s stock keeps steadily ad vancing in London under improved conditions. as may be seen elsewhere by subscribers who save their ".Journal of Commerce.

Darnings (net) of Lake of the Woods (o. are reporterl at $\$ 375,000$.

Money on call remain at 6 . Dis:ounts i $^{\text {t to } 7 \text {.-Sterling exc. }}$ at 611 days is quoted at 4.793 to 4.797 ; sight 4.837 : cables 4.865; franes $5.205 / 8$ to 5.201 -32; marks $9+9-16$ to $941-64$; New York par to 1.64 prem. -f the 40 million gold en ${ }^{-}$ gaged on account of present moyement to this side of the Atlantic, there remains to arrive $\$ 17,870,00$ r
Consols are steady at $863 / 8$ to $865 / 8$.
The following is a comparative table of stock prices for the week ending Oct. 4, 1906, as compiled by Messis. Meledith nall Co., Stock Brokers, Montreal.
Stocks.
Sales. High Low, Year.
Banks:

| Montreal | 16 | 256 | 255 | 658 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Molsons | 23 | 22.5 | 2241/2 |  |
| Toronto | 9 | 234 | 234. |  |
| Merchants | 51 | 175 | 174 | 163 |
| Royal .. | 60 | 239 | 2371/2 | . . |
| soverelgn .. | 22 | 1373/4 | 1371/4 |  |
| Commerce . . | 231 | 19( $411 / 2$ | 186 |  |
| Hochelaga .. .. .. .. | 403 | 163 | 158\%/4 | 142 |
| Union . . . | 15 | 157 | 156 | 146 |

Miscellaneous:
Canadlath l'ace fic
Aontreal street Rallway
New Pagilic
Toronto stieet biy
Cwin (ity Ele tric Ry
1)etroit blectrac Re

Toledo ldectre Ry
Rich. and Ont. Na
Mont. Light II and Power
Nova sootia steel and (oal
Dom. Lron and cheal, com.

1) Preforred

Dominion (aal. com
Do. Preferred
Bell Prephone (\%.
Untlur Ailling (is
Lake of lloods
Do. Preferred
Montreal (otten
som. Textile

| 2.15 | 18:31/8 | 1797/4 | 176 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 42:3 | 280 | 276 | $2401 / 2$ |
| 18.7 | 182 | 181 |  |
| 138 | 118 | 1161/4 | 109 |
| 125 | 1141/2 | 114 | 1191/2 |
| 20.5 | $961 / 4$ | 94 | 94 |
| 265 | 33 | 32 | $351 / 2$ |
| 1.5 | 821/2 | 82 \% | $761 / 2$ |
| 1414 | 96 | 941/4 | 95 |
| 25 | 68 | (68 | ${ }_{6} 6$ |
| 821 | 2! $1 / 2$ | 28 | 26 |
| 2.5 | 781/2 | 781/2 | 76 |
| 340 | 70 | (691/2 | 80 |
| 3 | 115 | 115 | $1141 / 2$ |
| 150 | 147 | 14; | 1.5 |
| 14 | 123 | 123 |  |
| 200 | $9961 / 4$ | 951/2 | 971/2 |
| 25 | 114 | 114 | 114 |
| 50 | 130 | $1: 30$ | 12.5 |
| 18 | 1631 | 10:3\% | 991/2 |

real last week amounted to 23,626 packages, against 29,016 for the corresponding week of last year. Total shipments since the first of the season amounted to 326,930 packages, against 489,481 packages a year ago.
CHEESE.-The demand was moderate and prices were steady at $123 / 4 \mathrm{c}$ to $127 / \mathrm{c}^{\mathrm{c}}$ for Quebec. 13 c for Townships and $131 / \mathrm{c}$ to $131 / 4 \mathrm{c}$ for Ontario. At Sherbrooke business was done at $125 / 8 \mathrm{c}$, and in Farnham and at St. Hyacinthe at $123 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. Export of cheese from the port of Montreal last week anounted to 119.678 boxem, lieing 26,558 more than thase for the corresponding week of last vear. Total exports since first of seavon amounted to 1.681 .402 boxes, or 153.286 mole than for same period 1 st year. Mail advices from Lnondon under date of September 22. say of cheese:-There has been a much better demand for landed goods during the week, buyers having awoke to the fact that prices are at the lowest, and that they will have to pay more very soon. Canadian-The total quantity shipped last week amounted to 74.000 boxes, of which 35.000 are coming to Lonilon. Latost advices from Montreal report a very strong mayket, the demand exceeding supply, and prices advancing rapidly. Cables are higher at 63 s 6d 6is c.i.f.. and a farr business has been done at the advanced rates

DRI (iOODS. -Advices from a learling, European silk manufacturing concern this week speak of the high prices of raw material, and state that in consequence it cannot accept orders for dress piece grods except at an advance of 5 per cont. E.ocally, business has been fair and payments for October promise well. The local mills have made no recent changes in values, but are exceptionally busy. It is said that deliveries of coloured cotton goods cannot be made fast enough to suit customer- There has been a good clearance of ready to wear goods. as owing to the difficulty of getting moour during the hot weather. supplies were not excessive. In New Orleans on the lst inst.. prices of cotton futures jumped 41 points because of the new Gulf stom warning issued by the weather burean. and additional reports of the storm damage list week. Dectmber sold at 9.93 . Liverpool was due about 12 points higher and opened firm. $1(11 / 2$ to 11 higher. At $12.15 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. , firm, net $14 \frac{1}{2}$ to 15 higher. At $1.17 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. .. was net 15 to $151 / 2$ migher. Spot in molerate demand, 9 higher midling upland, 5.7id. Recent advees from New lork s $y$ :-Manufacturers of cotton yarns are less dispoed to follow the low prices which have prevailed in the New lork market, and their well sold condition for sixty days, and the stiffening in cotton values, bid fair to clean up soft/ spots as the demand comes forward from weavers in the next two weeks. Raw silk is selling on a high lasis. and there is a fair demand for quck deliveries in the local market. The jobbing trade reported a quiet opening day. but reorders by mail were f:equent, and the sum of several of them showed a very good trade in the Middle West. Cotton. mid. uplands. spot, New York, 10.25 c ; piint cloths 28 inch standard, $33 / \mathrm{s}$; print cloths, 28 -inch, $64 \times 60$, 3 3-16c: eray woods $281 / 2$ inch standard $51 / 4 c$ : gray goods 39 inch $68 \times 725 \% / 8 \mathrm{c}$ to 6 c ; brown drills. standard $71 / 4 \mathrm{c}$ to $73 / \mathrm{c}$ brown sheetings, Nouth. standard. $63 / 4 \mathrm{c}$ to $71 / 4$; brown sheetings. 3 vards. fic to $(6 / 4 / 4$; brown sheetings, 4 yards. $56 \times 60$, $53 / \mathrm{sc}$ to $55 / \mathrm{sc}$ : denims. 9 ounces 13 c to $131 / 2^{c}$; tickings 8 ounces 12c to $12 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$; standard prints $43 / 4 \mathrm{c}$ to 5 c ; standard staple ging. hams 6 c ; fine dress ginghams 9 c to $11 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$; kid-fin sh d cambrics 4 c to $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$.
EGGS.-The market has advanced $1 / 2^{c}$. Supplies fair, but demand has been good. and prices closed steady. Selected sold in a jobbing way at 22c; No. 1 candled at 18 c to $181 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ and No. 2 at $151 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ to 16 c .
FEELI.-Bran and shorts are unchanged. with millers still over sold. Manitoba bran, in bags. \$20; shorts, $\$ 23$ per ton; Ontario bran, in bags, $\$ 19$ to $\$ 19.50$; shorts, $\$ 22$ to $\$ 22.50$; milled mouillie, $\$ 21$ to $\$ 25$ per ton, and straght rollers $\$ 23$ to $\$ 29$
FISH.-Market quiet. The quotations are as follow:-Fresh haddock, per $1 \mathrm{~b} . .4 \mathrm{c}$; fresh steak cod 5 c ; halibut, 9 c ; grass pike. 7 c ; white fish, $81 / 2 \mathrm{c}$; weakfish, 8 c ; B. C. salmon fresh 12 c ; Gaspe salmon, 14c; mackerel, 8c; dore, 10c; lake trout, $81 / 2 \mathrm{c}$; brook trout, 20c. Standard bulk oysters, imperial gallon,

## テัฒ <br> B.C. Pac Canadian <br> Canadian <br> Detroit E Dominion Dominio <br> Dominion Dominion Dominion <br> Dominion Dominion <br> Domith S Halifax <br> Havana Ele Havana Ele Illinois Tra Havana E Illinois Tr Laurentide Laurentid Lake of th Mackay Do. Minn. St. $\xrightarrow{\text { Do. }}$ Montreal $\underset{\text { Montreal }}{\text { D. }}$ Munırea. North-West N. $\underset{\substack{\text { Dcotia } \\ \text { Do }}}{\text { Do }}$ Bichelieu Richelieu \& t. John Str Toledo Ry Trinidad E <br> Twin City Do. Pr <br> Windsor Ho Winnipeg

\$1.50; oyste $\$ 1.25$. Bonel

FLOLR.
business in
\$4.50; str $\$ 4$ to $\$+10$; to $\$ 1.80$; e
(GRAIN:wheat at Win generally beln steady. The $391 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ to 40 c , per bushel, and unchange spot wheat n northern Man is $53 / 4$ d. Mar down at $741 / 4$ ber $5 / 8 \mathrm{e}$ down was $3 / \mathrm{c}$ lower down at $791 / 2$ May $1 / 2 \mathrm{e}$ dow $431 / 4$ c. The bushels in the are very large luth shipped Fort William from abroad

GROCERIES in sympathy good quality, prunes will be
it 29,016 for ments since ges, against
rices were
n-hips and ss was done at $123 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. t week aininse for the ince first of 1e than for nder date of mich better rs having I that they total quan-- of which n Montreal ing supply, at 63 s 6 d e alvanced
silk manuces of raw cept orders cent. Lo er promise in values, iveries of to suit $y$ to wear w Orleans 41 points e weather ist week. 12 points .15 p.m., 15 to $151 / 2$ g upland, ufacturers ices which well sold on values, f forward selling on liveries in iet opene sum of dle West. cloths 28 $\times 60$, roods 39 -
to $73 / 4$ c; vn sheets. $56 \times 60$, 8 ounces cambrics
fair, but Select d to $181 / 2 \mathrm{c}$

## miller

 shorts, orts, $\$ 22$ aght rol-Stocks, Bonds and Securities dealt in on the Montreal Stock Exchange.

| Miscellaneous. | / Capital subseribed. \& | Capital paid-up. \$ | Reserve Fund. $\$$ | Percentage of Rest to paid-up Capital. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Par } \\ \text { value } \\ \text { ve per } \\ \text { share. } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dividend } \\ \text { last. } \\ 6 \text { mos. } \end{gathered}$ |  | Dates of | of Div'd. | Prices per cent. on par Oct. 4 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bell Telephone.. .. .. .. .. .. . | 7,975,100 | 7,916,980 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Bid. |
| B.C. Packers Assn. A. .. .. .. .. | $\ldots$ | $\ldots \ldots$. | 135,000 | 25.58 | 100 | 14600 7610 | $\stackrel{2}{ }{ }^{*}$ | Jan. | April | July Oct. | 50 | 146 |
| Canadian General Electric..: .. | $1,270,000$ $1,475,000$ | 1,270,000 |  |  | 100 | 7600 | $\because$ |  |  |  | 81 | 6 |
| Canadian Pacific .. .. .. .. ... .. | $\begin{array}{r} 1,475,000 \\ 101,400,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,475,000 \\ 101,400,000 \end{array}$ | 265,000 | 17.96 | 100 100 | iso 00 | 5 |  | - . $\cdot \cdot$ | - July. | 81 | 76 |
| Detroit Electric St. | r2,500,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $180 \frac{1}{4}$ | 180 |
| Dominion Coal, com. .. .. .. | 15,000,000 | 15,000,000 |  | $\ldots$ | 100 | 9612 6975 | 114* | Feb. | May | Aug. Nov. | $6 \frac{1}{4}$ | 961 |
|  | $3,000,000$ 20,000000 | 3,000,000 |  |  | 100 |  | 83/6 | Jan. |  |  | 71 | 69. |
| Dominion Iron and Steel, pfd. .. | 5,000,000 | $20,000,000$ $5,000,000$ |  | ... | 100 | 2900 7800 | .. |  | . |  | 296 | 29 |
| Dominion Textile Co., com. | 7,500,000 | 5,000,0000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dominion Textile Co., pfd. | 2,500,000 | 1,940,000 |  |  | 100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Duluth S.S. and Atlaptic.: ${ }^{\text {Duluth S.S. }}$ and Atlantic pfo | 12,000,000 | 12,000,000 |  |  | 100 | $\begin{array}{r}10200 \\ 18 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | 1\% | Jan | Apl. | July Oct. | 18 | 2 |
| Halifax Tramway Co. .. .. | $1,350,000$ | $10,000,000$ $1,350,000$ |  |  | 100 | 3800 |  |  |  |  | 40 | 1s |
|  |  |  |  |  | 00 |  | 12/2* | Jan. | April | July Oct. | 105 | 102 |
| Havana Electric Ry., com | 7,500,000 | 7,560,000 |  |  | 100 | 4500 | .. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Illinois Trac. pfd. .: .. | $5,000,000$ $3,214,300$ | $5,000,000$ $3,214,300$ |  | $\ldots$ | 100 | 8400 | $\because$ |  |  |  | ${ }_{90}$ | 5 |
| Laurentide Paper Co.. .. | 1,600,000 | $3,214,300$ $1,600,000$ |  |  | 100 | 9350 | 11/2* | Jan. | April | July Oct. | $9_{5}$ | 931 |
| Laurentide Paper Co., pfd. .. .. | 1,200,000 | 1,200,000 |  | ... | 100 | 108 | $31 / 2$ | Feb. |  | Aug. | 112 | ios |
| Lake of the Woods Milling Co. com. | 2,500,000 | 2,000,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lake of the Woods milling Co. pfd. | 1,500,000 | 1,500,000 |  |  | 100 | ii2 on |  |  |  |  | 951 |  |
| Mackay Companies com. .. | 50,000, 000 | $41,380,400$ |  | $\ldots$ | 100 | ${ }^{173} 88$ | ${ }_{10}{ }^{*}$ |  |  | Sept. Dec. | $114 \frac{1}{4}$ 74 | 112 |
|  | $50,000,000$ $12,000,000$ | 35, 3688,700 |  |  | 100 | 7100 | ${ }^{*}$ | Jan. | April | July oct. | ${ }_{71} 7$ | 73 |
| Mexican light and Power Co. .. .. | 12,000,000 | 12,000,000 |  |  | 100 | 5225 |  |  |  |  | 52 | 52.4 |
| Minn. St. Paul and S.S. M. | 14,000,000 | $14.0 \times 10.000)$ |  |  | 100 | 15200 | $\pm$ | Jan. |  |  |  |  |
| Do. Preferred | 7,000,000 | 7,000,000 |  | . | 100 | 102 (1) | $\cdots$ | Jan. |  | July. | 55 | 152 |
| Montreal Light, Heat and Power Co. | 17,000,000 | 17.006), (\%k) |  |  | 100 | 12900 | 184* | March | June | Sept. Dec. | 132 |  |
| Montreal steel Works com. .. .. .. | 700,000 | 4(x),060 |  |  | 100 |  |  | Feb. | May | Aug. Nov. | 96 | 954 |
| Do. Preferred | 800.000 | 800,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Montreal Street Ry. . | 7,000,000 | 7.0007 .000 | 698.379 | 13.31 |  | 13950 | 21/2* |  | Maye | Sept. Dec, |  |  |
|  | $2,000,000$ 6,900 | 2,000,000 | 6, | 13.31 | 40 | 139 60 | $2^{*}$ |  | May ${ }^{\text {may }}$ | Aug. Nov. | 280 10 10 | 279 |
| North-West Land com. .. | 1,467,681 | 1,467,681 |  |  | 100 25 | 2825 | 1/2* | March | June | Sept. Dec. | ${ }^{18} 8$ | 18.18 |
| ${ }^{\text {Do }}$. Preferred | 3,090,625 | 3,090,625 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| N. Scotia Steel \& Coal Co. com. . | 4,120,000 | 5,1000,000 | 750,000 | 15.00 | 100 | (i) 60 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,030,000 | 1,030,000 |  |  | 100 | ${ }^{17}$ (0) | 2 | Jan. | Aprii | June Oct. |  | 67 |
| Do. Preferred <br> Co. .. .. .. .. .. | $1,250,000$ $2,000,000$ | $1,250,000$ $2,000,000$ | $\ldots$ |  | 100 |  |  |  | prio | one |  |  |
|  |  | 2,00, 000 |  |  | 100 | 220 | 1\%/ | Jan. | April | July Oct. | 127 | i\%2 |
| Richelieu \& Ont. Nav. Co. .. | 3,132,000 | 3,132,000 |  |  | 100 | 82 t0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Toledo Ry. \& Light Co." | $8,800,000$ $12,000,000$ | 800,000 $12,000,000$ | ....... |  | 100 |  | 3 | June |  | Dec. | 84 | $82!$ |
| Toronto street Ry. .. .. .. .. .. .. | 7,000,000 | 7,000\%,000 | 1,675,122 | 23.92 | 1100 | 31 1170 |  | May |  | Jov. | 32 |  |
| Trinidad Elec. Ry. .. .. ... .. .. ... | 1,200,000 | 1,032,000 | 1,66,122 | 23.92 | 100 4.80 | 11750 | $\begin{aligned} & 11 / 2^{*} \\ & 11 /{ }^{*} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { April } \\ & \text { April } \end{aligned}$ | July Oct. | 118 | 117 |
| Twin City Rapid Transit Co. .. | 16,511,000 | 16,511,000 | 2,163,507 | 13.10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Windsor Hotel . . .. .. ... .. ... .. | $3,000,000$ 600,000 | 3,000,000 |  |  | 100 |  | 13/4* | Dec. | May A |  | 116 | 1148 |
| Winnipeg Elec. Ry y. $\ddot{\mathrm{Co}}$.. ... .. .. ... | 4,000,000 | 600,009 $, 000,000$ |  |  | 100 | 10100 | $31 / 2$ | May |  | Nov. |  | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 100 |  |  | Jan. | April J | July |  |  |

\$1.50; oyster pails or carriers, pints, per 100, 90 c; quarts, \$1.25. Boneless fish, in $2-\mathrm{lb}$. bricks, per $\mathrm{lb} .51 / 2 \mathrm{c}$,

FLOLR.-There is a strong market at the advance. Fair business in spring wheat grades.-Manitoba spring wheat $\$ 4.50$; strong bakers $\$ 4.00$; winter wheat patents $\$ 4$ to $\$ 4.10$; straight rollers $\$ 3.80$ to $\$ 3.90$; do. in bags, $\$ 1.75$ to $\$ 1.80$; extras $\$ 1.50$ to $\$ 1.60$.

GRAIN.-There has been a steady advance in prices of wheht at Wimnipeg_and European business was moderate, bids generally being under the market. Local prices for oats were steady. The demand was quet with No. 2 white quoted at $391 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ to 40 c , No. 3 at $381 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ to 39 c , and No. 4 at $371 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ to 38 c per bushel, ex-store. American No. 2 mixed corn was quiet and unchanged at 57 c per bushel, ex-store. The Liverpool spot wheat market was half a penny up at $6 \mathrm{~s} 61 / 2 \mathrm{~d}$ for No. 1 northern Manitoba. Options closed $3 / 4 \mathrm{~d}$ down on December at $6 \mathrm{~s} 53 / 4 \mathrm{~d}$. March being $1 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ down at $6 \mathrm{~s} 61 / 4 \mathrm{~d}$. Winnipeg was $3 / 8 \mathrm{c}$ down at $741 / 4 \mathrm{c}$ for October, November being $747 / \mathrm{s}$, December $5 / 8 \mathrm{c}$ down at $725 / 8 \mathrm{c}$, and May $5 / 8 \mathrm{c}$ down at 77 c . Chicago was $3 / \mathrm{c}$ lower on December at noon at 755 s c, May being $3 / 4 \mathrm{c}$ down at $791 / 2^{\mathrm{c}}$. Des ember corn was $5 / \mathrm{se}^{\text {e }}$ lower at $427 / 4 \mathrm{c}$, and May $1 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ down at $433 / \mathrm{s}^{\mathrm{c}}$. December oats were $1 / 4 \mathrm{c}$ down at $431 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. The Bradstreets announced an increase of $10,000,000$ bushels in the world's available supply last week. Clearances are very large, Galveston alone shipping 480,0:\% bushels. Duluth shipped 663,000 bushels. The strike at Port Arthur and Fort William may delay movement of Canadian wheat. Bids from abroad are not materially improved.

GROCERIES.-All lines of California dried fruit are firmer in sympathy with the foreign article. Valencia raisins show good quality, but the crop is exceptionally small. American prunes will be scarce and dear, and recent advices say no 30
or 40 prunes are left in Oregon. In new cal ned goods prices are steady at $\$ 1.171 / 2$ for tomatoes. $921 / 2$ e for corn and $8 \overline{\mathrm{c}}$ to $\$ 1.20$ tor peas. The market for refined sugar is steady on the basis of $\$+.40$ for granulated and the enquiry keeps good. The quality of the bect-root crop in Europe, especially in Austria-Humgary where the roct weigh 2 per cent. less than those of last year, may have some effect on prices of sugar. A falling off of 20 per cent, in the yield would scarcely meet any improvement in cane sugar resulting from the pacification in Cuba, which now seems assured. ('offees with the increased fall demand showed a stronger tendency, but teas are quiet and unchanged. Payments are fair and seem to have improved since the turn of the month. Cables reported a drop in the prices of currants for prompt shipment from Greece of about 2s per cwt., equal to about half a cent a pound. As this market is still above the Greek parity, it has not been quot ably affected by the decline. The demand for California raisins for October shipluent/from the Coast is fairly active and the market is firm with an upward tendency. For Coast seeded the market for October shipment is now generally quoted on the basis of $61 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ f.o.b. for fancy. Loose are held by prominent packers at $43 / 4 \mathrm{c}$ for two crowns, $51 / 4 \mathrm{c}$ for three crowns. and $5 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{c}$ for four crowns f.o.b. Coast, and it is thought that buyers would have difficulty in getting orders contirmed in any quarter at a concession from these figures. Cables from Malaga reported further damage to the raisin crop in Spain by high winds. Latest estimates of the Greek currant crop make it 136,000 tons, of which 35,040 tons will not be available for consumption under the retention law. The estimated stocks of old currants in Greece and foreign markets are 10,000 tons, giving a tot 1 supply for the world's markets for the season of $1906-1907$ of 121,000 tons. The catch of Norway mackerel so far has been fair, but prices are high, owing to the competition for fresh fish among curers. Ad-
vicess from scotland state that the supply of large full herring is about "xhansted and that prices are decidedly higher. Some estmates of the pack of pink and chum salmon place it at 5600 :0 cases, which have all been absorbed by consuming market.. with more wanted. A reduction of $21 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ per dozen in the price of red Alaska salmon was announced in New York by the principal holders of spot goods, making the quotation on uevral Assoctation bradnds in store $\$ 1.02 \frac{1}{2}$. While no reason for the cut was given it is generally believed that it War made with a vew to stimulating demand, which for some time path hats been light.

HIDNA. Market firm and failly artive. No. l beef hides 131/e to Ife: Xo. 1 (alfakins foe to lrig. Sheepskins $\$ 1$. 15 to sle. Lambekin-suc. Rongh tallow $11 / 2$ e to $21 / 2$ e and rendered $t: 3 / 16$

11ONト. - - linsmess quict, and prices firmer. White clover comb, at $1: 31 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ to 14 c ; white extracted at 10 c to $10 \% \mathrm{e}$; buckwheat se to ?e per lb.

HOPs--ijemand keeps slow, but the undertone to the maknt 's stealy. Canadian choice 15 c to 16 c , and ordinary lise to 14. per lb.

HRON IND H.\ROWINRE. I feature of the market is the position of copper, which continues th advance owing to short supplus burnie is patang contrats ahead for six months, whle 1 mitad states com-amero are showing interest for mine montlis to a year in advance. In Europe prices ranged all the wey from 2ne to 2ulse c.i.f. for varions shipments, the out swe price tor spot. The London market ror standard war-rant- has been active, wexited and higher, the full adrance be-
 tions of bindish copper have advanced L2 15s, closing at t96 5s subject to the wainal trade discount. The bullish sentiment which haid provaled in the London morket for tin for weeks developed the last few days into another boom, which has carried prices up between tif and $t=$ at London and 1 ce to $1 / 4 / \mathrm{c}$ per poumb in the L'S. market. The large supply of spot tin for both September and Oetober. which was regarded as a bear factor , in this silte. hat prowd the reverse, for as soon as Ameriean operators and speculaters dixpoee 1 if their holdings the metal wat controlled more fully by Europe. Late quotations fiom Lomlun were tin. fot, ti91; 3 mos. tel90 10s. St. Louir casier on lead but whed firmer, with buyers bidding is soe for soft Missouri spot and September in' car lots, but held higher. London has advanced 3 s 9 d , net, soft Span-

 year :go. helmen spetter hat rereden, bitit recorered, and closed firmer in tome, with : better demand at $61 / \mathrm{c}$ espot and early shipment. London hats fluctuated within a narrow range. (: M. B. Cloomy at $L_{2} 2 \bar{i}$ los. Pig iron certificates were dull in Now bork at $\$ 18$ for caslis. September has been a good month tor the st el mills. In addition to the heavy/ ralrom! bu-ineos there has been steady buying of small ton-nage- for when-1ons and mprovenents to manufacturng plants and new office and loft buildings in the principal business contres East and Weet. Sun Franciso alone has taken up fully 10,000 tons within the last two weeks, and buying there hat juit begun. New York city alone, outside of railway terminals. will take from 30,400 to 40.00 tons of structural sted. All solts and kimbs of iron are in demand, but espectally high sticon and other softeners. I'nder these circumstances more foreign iron is being disposed of, contracts being placed at New York within the last two days running between 7.010 and 8.000 tons in small lots, but only a small proportion of this is for domestic consumption, the bulk of the foundry grades for import going to consumers who export finished products. Antimony has been firmer abroad but the U.S. demand has been only moderate. Special brands sell at $233 / 4$ to $251 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ and ordinary brands at $221 / 8$ to $223 / 4$ c. the inside price for importation. Nickel is steady at 40 to 47 c for round lots down to a ton and 50 to 60 c for smaller quantities. Aluminum in ingots for remelting is quoted in New York at 35 e for No. 1 and 34 c for No. 2, over 90 per cent. pure, in ton lots.

LIVE STOCK.-Canadian cattle were about steady in price at Liverpool at $101 / 2$ c; ranchers being firm at $9 c$. There are tewer cattle coming forward from the west. As a result frelght rates are on the easy side, and Glasgow may be had at 35 s per head, Liverpool and London being about the same tigure, Manchester beng 37 s 6 d to 40 s . Shipments from Montreal for the week ending September 29th were 4,244 head of cattle and 1,209 sheep, agiinst 3.991 cattle the previous week. During September the shipments were 20,703 head of cattle, 1,408 sheep and 176 horses. Total cattle shipments this season were 94.758 head (the largest since 1903), those of sheep being 7.500 , a decrease of over 50 per cent. Hogs steady at $\% 6.75$ to $\$ 6.90$ for selects. Sheep firm $31 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ to 4 c . Choicest cattle brought $41 / 4$ to $41 / 2 \mathrm{c}$, good about 4 c and medium $31 / 2$ to 4 c. and common $21 / 4$ to 3 c . The demand for lambs con-tumuc- active, many being taken to the Cnited states market, and prices hold firm at 5 to $51 / 2 \mathrm{c}$.

NAl'AL STORES.-Pine pitch, $\$ 3.75 \mathrm{brl}$.; pine tar, $\$ 4.50$; oakim, 4c to ic per lb.; cod tar, $\$ 4$ brl.; roofing pitch, $\$ 1$ per 100 lbs .; cotton waste, colored, 5 c to 7 c per 1 lb .; white, 8 c to 1lc. Rope:-Sisal $7-16$ and upwards, $101 / 2^{\text {e }}$ $3 / 8,11 \mathrm{c} ; 3-16,111 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. Manilla, $7-16$ and larger, $15 \mathrm{c} ; 3 / 8,151 / 2 \mathrm{c}$; $1 / 4$ and $5-16,16 \mathrm{c}$. Lath yarn, 10 c to $101 / 2 \mathrm{c}$.

ROLALD OATS. The demand continuem quet at $\$ 2.121 / 2$ per bag. A fair business is passing in cornmeal at $\$ 1.35$ to $\$ 1.45$ per bag.

TLRPENTINE \& ROSIN. -While details are lacking, it is belleved that considerable turpentine has been de-troyed by the southern storms. The market in Savannah is reported firm. and there was a steady undertone, although the demand was not heavy. There was a quotation of 6.5 e for machinemade barrels in yard at New York, but this might have been shaded $1 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. Advices from Savamnah state that while evident attempts are being made to hammer the Southern rosin market. buyers up North are nevertheless bidding higher prices on the quiet. The New York market was quiet. but owing to limited stocks. especially of M.N. WG. and WW. and in sympathy with Savannah. quotations were son:ewhat higher.
 Dealem are jobling them out at 9.e to $\$ 1.05$.
fotionsions.- there has been a good demand for lard and cured meats at slight change in prices. Good demand at $\$ 9.50$ to $\$ 9.75$ per 100 pounds, for freeh killed hogs. Live hogs have ruled rather steady at $\$ 6.75$ to $\$ 6.90$ per 100 pounds weighed /off cars. Heary Canada short cut mess pork in therces $\$ 33.00$ to $\$ 34: 00$ brls. \$22.50 to $\$ 23$. Compound lard in tierces, 375 lbs., 8e to $83 / 4 \mathrm{c}$; tubs 50 lbs ., parchment lined $81 / 4 \mathrm{e}$ to $87 / \mathrm{s}^{\mathrm{c}}$; kettle lard fierces $123 / \mathrm{c}$ to 13 c ; pure lard tierces $113 / 4 \mathrm{c}$ to 12 c . Hams, extra large sizes, 2 j lbs. upwards, $141 / 2 \mathrm{e}$ to $143 / 4 \mathrm{c}$; large sizes, 18 to 25 lbs ., 15 c to $151 / 2 \mathrm{c}$; medium sizes, sclected weights, 12 to 18 lbs ., $151 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ to 16 c ; extra small sizes, 8 to $12 \mathrm{lbs}, 16 \mathrm{c}$; hams, hone out, rolled, large, l6c to $161 / 2 \mathrm{c}$; do. small, 1 i c to $171 / \mathrm{c}$; English boneless breakfast bacon, $161 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ to 17 c ; Wiltshire bacon, 50 lls ., sides. $141 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ to 15 c ; Windsor bacon. backs, 15 c to $1.51 / 2 \mathrm{r}$.
WOOL-Recent cables from the London auction sales report considerable interest in all grades. There was a good general demand. and fine merinos and greasy cross-breds were in keen request at unchanged prices to an advance of 5 per cent. Inferior grades did not show any improvement. Americans bought several lots of New Zealand greasy. Punta Arenas brought moderate competition; fine grades were unchanged, but faulty, and showed a decline of 6 to 10 per cent. New Zealand, scoured, brought 9 d to $1 \mathrm{~s} 21 / 2 \mathrm{~d}$; greasy $51 / 2 \mathrm{~d}$ to 1s. Cape of Good Hope and Natal, scoured, Is id to $1 \mathrm{~s} 101 / 2 \mathrm{~d}$; greasy, $51 / 4^{\mathrm{d}}$ to $91 / 2 \mathrm{~d}$. River Plate, greasy, $81 / 2 \mathrm{~d}$ to $1 \mathrm{~s} 01 / 2 \mathrm{~d}$. Punta Arenos, scoured, 1s $61 / 2 \mathrm{~d}$; greasy $71 / 2 \mathrm{~d}$ to 1 s 2 d . The arrivals of wool for the sixth series of sales amount to 10,000 bales, including 8,00 forwarded direct to spinners. The imports last week were: Victoria, 100 bales; New Zealand 1,500 bales; Cape of Good Hope and Natal 500 bales; various 1,100 bales.

WHOLESA
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WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT

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| Borax, xtls |  |
| Brom. Potase |  |
| Camphor, Ref. oz. ck |  |
| Oltric Acid .......... | ${ }^{6} 37.045$ |
| Cocaine Hvd . oz . |  |
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| (eream Tartar | $0^{22}{ }^{22} 026$ |
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|  | 050100 |
| Insect Powder lib. | ${ }^{0} 25 \cdot 40$ |
| Insect Powder per keg, ib. |  |
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FARM PRODUCTS-



## ${ }_{\text {Begen }}$

${ }_{\text {Btraight Gathered }}^{\text {Bent }}$
Btraight Gathered



Established Half a Century.
JOHN GARDIER \& SONS,
Inventors, Patentees and Sole Makeri of the
Simplax Sient Saragadladaring


PIE MEAT CUTTER
By Her Majesty's Royal Letters Patent.
Made for both Hand and Steam Power
-These Machines are universally ac-
knowledged the Most Perfect Silent Sau-
sage Machine in existence.
The "Simplex"/ Silent Machine \& Pie Meat Cutter.
with engine combined.
Manufacturers of Every Description of
Pork Butchers' Machinery,
On the Latest and Most Improved Principles.
Registered Telegraphic Address: SIMPLEX, BIRMINGHAM."
Illustrated Price List and Full Particulars on application.
SMITHFIELD WORKS, BRADFORD ST.,

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

| Name of Article. | Wholeeale. |
| :---: | :---: |
| FARM PRODUCT8.-CON.- | 8 a 8 |
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| Potatoes, per bag of 90 lba . | 0 80 105 |
| Honey, White Clover, comb | $\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 1: 1814 \\ 0 & 08 & 0 & 14 \\ 0\end{array}$ |

money, extracted .........
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$\begin{array}{lll}0 & 00 & 0 \\ 1 & 55 & 00\end{array}$

## GROCERIRS-

Sugaro-


Extra Dessert .....
Royal Buckingham
Valencia
Valencia,
$\begin{array}{ll}0 & 05 \\ 0 & 054 \\ 0 & 066\end{array}$
Currants, Provinciail

Figs, in bew layers
$\begin{array}{llll}0 & 00 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 07 & 0 & 13\end{array}$
Rice-
C.
c.
Patna, per 100 lbs .
Burmah
$\begin{array}{llll}3 & 15 & 3 & 25 \\ 3 & 15 & 3 & 25\end{array}$
Brrmah, per 100 lbs. $\ldots \ldots$.
Crystal Japan, per 100 ibs.
Carolina, Java

Salt-
Windsor $\begin{array}{r}1 \mathrm{l} \text { b. bags, gross..... } \\ 3 \mathrm{lb} . \\ 100 \mathrm{bags} \text { in bri }\end{array}$ 3 lb .100 bags
5 lb .60 bags
71 b .42 bags
Coarse delivered Montreal $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 5 \\ & \text { bag. } \\ & \text { bag. }\end{aligned}$
Butter Salt, bags, 200 lbs
Cheese Salt, bages, 2001 lbs.
Coffees -
Seal brand, 21 lb cans.
1 lb cans.
Old Government
Old Government-Java
Pure
Pure nocho.....
Pure Maracaibo
Pure Jamaica...
Pure Jamaica..
Pure Santos...
Fancy Rio...
Teas-

HARDWARE-


Cut Nail Schedule -
021 021 $1 / 2$
Base price, per ker, 220


WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

| Name of Article. | Wholenale. |
| :---: | :---: |
| HARDWARE.-CON.- |  |
| Coil Chain-No. ${ }^{6}$.................. 0000 |  |
| No. 5 ......... | $00_{00} 0006$ |
| No. | ${ }^{0} 0000000$ |
| No. inch ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 00 & 0 & 06 \\ 0 & 00 & 0 & 05\end{array}$ |
| ${ }^{6}-16$ inch ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | ${ }^{4} 30$ |
| \%/ ${ }^{\text {inch }}$ | 380 360 |
| Coil Chain-No. $1 / 2$................. ${ }^{4} 40$ |  |
|  |  |
|  | 25 |
| \%/3 and ioch. | $300 \quad 305$ |

and bor, ithe to 18
Galvanized Iron-
Queen's Head, or equal, gauge 28
Comet,
Iron Horse Shoee-
No. 2 and larger
No. 1 and smaller
Bar Iron, per 100 lbs.
. Sheet steel, $6 \mathrm{ft} . \times 21 . . . . . .$.

Boiler plates, iron, $1 / 2 \mathrm{inch}$
Boiler plates, iron, $3-16$ nch
Hoop Iron, base for 2 in. and
Boiler plates, iron, $3-16$ inch $1 . . . .{ }^{2}$
Boop IIron, base for 2 in. and
Eand Canadian, 1 to 6 in. 30 c over
Ber
A. E. FINLEY, CUT GLASS manufactarer

## 

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| dio |
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| Wire, per |
| d |

## ROPE-



Special Prices to Canadians under the New Tariff.

# Graham, Morton \& Co., Ltd. 

 Engineers \& Contractors, Heack anfice, Hunslet, Pepper Road, LEEDS, Eng.

London Office:-Lennox House, Norfolk Street, Strand, W.C. Australlan Address:- Mutual Life Bldg., Martin Place, Sydney, N.S.W. Write for Catalogue which contains 150 photographs.
yarns and precess, desire to open up nego-
tiations with Canadian buyers of these geods.
(649). Nonth of England engineering firm desires to develop their Canadian trade in drillng, planing. boring, and slotting machines, and all kinds of lathes, amongst Canadian engineers, ship bulders. rallway and tramway companies, etc., and invite correspondence
(ijal. -Yorkshiré firm is open to receive quotations for wheel spokes:-2ins. to 3ins. x 2sins.; also for trap shafts duly bent. 9 ft. to 12 ft . long $\mathrm{x} 21 / 2 \mathrm{ins}$. x 11/211ss.: 9ft. to left. long $x 23 / 4 \mathrm{ins}$. x
 6.51.-A Bradford fodder contractor is open to hear from Camadian shippens of hay; capacity, is tons to 20 tons a week. Quotations are also desired for Canadian oats. c.i.f. Bradford.
(in). .- 1orkshire produce firm ask to be referred to Canadian shippers of hog prodnets. chiefly "C'umberland Cout.
(6.3.3.-A well-known Bradtord firm is open for prices from Canadian shippers of "First ? Mality" butter and glycerined eggs.
6i54.-Large North of England confec. tionery firm desires immediate gustations for box shooks:-(Sile) 285/ins. x 42ms. x $1 / 4 \mathrm{ins}$. : (ends) $113 / \mathrm{ins}$. $x$ 6ins. $x$ 7-16ms.. with tops and bottoms to match, and four wood laths for each box. 12ms. $x$ 2ins. $x$ T-16ins. Prices to compete with Swedish timber at present stocked.
6.55.-Well-known British firm manufacturing highty popular tottee-swert-
meat, desires to develop their Canadian rade in this, and invite correspondence.
6.56 .-An oly-established Yorkshire moling in clover and Timothy hay wheat and oats, will be pleased to hear from Canadian shippers with quotations, 1.f. Halifax, Eng

6i.57.-A leading North of England firm invites quotations for 1,000 standards of untloated blocks. suitable for making packing cases, measuring:-9ft, x 10 ins . $x$ loins.; 9ft. x l2ins. x l2ins.
655.-A large old-established fiour mill in Yorkshire would be interested in receiving quotations from Canadian shippers of wheat
tios. - Lededs hay merchant desires to hear from Canadian shippers of hay, ".1.f. Leeds.

## CANADIAN WOOD EXPORTS

Fanworth and Jardine's wood circular, iinted Liverpool, Neptember 1 , is as fol-

Arrivals from British North America durin: Angust wele 38,574 tons register, again t $: 33,150$ during August last year, and the aggregate tonnage to this date rim all places during the years 1904, 1905 and 1906 has been $324,683,347,633$ and $3.54,3+8$ tons, respectively
Business, although not perticularly actwe. has again been of a steady character. There $h$ :s beea a full import, the consumption fairly satisfactory, and -tocks. censidering the tiate of year, with few exceptions, are not unduly large.
lalues are well maintained, and for sevelal art cles show improvement
Canadian Woods-Pine Timber-Waney pine armved freely, chiefly to Manchester, and largely on contract First-class "ood-The mport is entirely on merchants' account and goes direct into conn...m.tion; values firm. Second elass wood arrived freely, and with improved enquiry -everal consignments have been disposed of; values steady, stock sufficient. Square Pine-Arrivals moderate, Imited demand, values firm. Red pine not imported, littlé enquiry. Oak-Im. port is the largest for many months, and chiefly on contract; consumption small, bulk of import still undischarged, values firm, stock sufficient. Elm--Import reduced. deliveries disappointing, demand quiet, stocks ample, values high. Pine Deals-Arrivals fairly moderate, more enquiry, deliveries satisfactory; values firm, stocks not too large. Red Pine Deals-No improvement in demand.
New Brunswick and Nova Scotia Spruce and l'ine Deals.-Arrivals to Mersey were 19,960 standards (of which about $821 / 2$ per cent. went to Manchester canal), against 11,290 standards a year ago. Steady demand, deliverles fairly satisfactory, stocks increased and are now heavy, values well maintaned. Pine deals are only in limited demand.
Birch.-Ut logs, arrivals moderate, consumption fair, stocks too large. No improvement in value. Planks arriving too freely; consumption not satisfactory, and stock too heavy; values lower.

These
per square $i_{1}$ pipe without

HAMB

ILLUST
HAMBLE

ÇABLE $A$

## l'tch Pine.-A

 4.065 tons, agains last year. There dency in values a pectially' there amongst importer shipping points. erately, consumpti first-class wood in ported on a mode demand and values excessive. Deals a the light side; con
## ASHFORD'S adJustable tripod head.



Made of Aluminium
Entirely diffepent from anything on the market.

Any position, from vert1cal to h 0 r zontal, obtained instantly.
Once levelled any field of yiew may be obtained.


Lantern
Printina Frame
for printing slides by contact.
Any portion of a negaive up $10 \rtimes 81$ plate can oe printed, even up to the extreme corners.

Price 4s 6d each.

## J. Ashford. Anton $_{\text {-17 }}^{\text {Boad }}$. Birmingham. Eng:

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CHARLES MOHR \& Co.,
55 GLOVER STREET, BIRMINGHAM, ENG. Specialists in
Brass Birdcages, Parrot Cages, Aviaries
Best Parrot Cage on the market.
Everything to nest to economise space.
Clients' desires met as regards price or design if list does not contain exacts wants.


All Brass Cage Polished base and corners and engraved glass seed shields.

ASK FOR ILLUSTRATED LIST.
Assortment of samples to any value at wholesale rates may be had.

Here we find practically a on per cent $^{\prime}$ merease in the worlds wheat productoon in ten years. The incre se since 1:901. it will be seen. hat beent pheno menal. and is not to le explaines in any atmormal merease in the worlds consumption. It is prolable howe er that the returns are now more comple e than they were ten. or even fice yeata ago. The world's normal increase of cons:amptoon is about 7 . Nimono gharters per annum. and if the actual incrase in production had been as great as the above table indicates, silys the cilasgow Herald, there should be an enormons stock of wheat in the world somewhere-of which there is no evidence. The worll's vi-iblsply on repitember 1 was $13,635,000$ quarters. which is certainly about 3.000). ont quarters more than at the corresponding date last vear. but is considerably lese than in 1900 . when $16.530,000$ quarters were in sight at september 1. The Ilungarian Minister e-timated the probable surplus which the exporting countries will be able to spare out of this season's (rop at ara94,000 quanters. Ith. is prolably an inderestimate, but, in any case. it provile. : $n$ arp'e margin, because the importing countries have only taken about isi.620,000 quarters in
 7 Enrope. with its 1 rge crops should be able to do with four or five million quar. ters leas of imported wheat th:n in the past season. With an exportable surphus of, say. 78.000000 quarters. and importable requirements of, say, 66,000000 quarters there is margin enough to in-
sure a low range of prices during the season. But, of course, it is to be remembered that the Argentine and Aus. tralian crops will not be realized for some months to come. Wh tever problem we may have before us in the coming winter with regard to the unemployed, that problem is not likely to be complicated by dear bread. In fact, the prospective Cow price of wheat is not encouraging for British farmers, but. on the other hand, the large crops both of Europe. of North and roath America, and of India that have to he distributed promise active employ ment for British shipping.

Colton growting in west indies. Sir Alfred Jones in an interview, says that the date of the visit of the party of cotton spmuers from Lancashire and lorkshire which he is taking out to the West Indies to see the products and possibilities of the slands had now licen fixed. The part!. which Sir Alfred himee:f will conduct and which will sail from Bristol on Desember 27. It will number ato $t$ forty in all
"Cotton growing. of course," said Sir Alfred. "is the object of interest to the Lancashire spinners who will accompany me on this trip cotton growing and the porsibilites for the exten sion (f the productiveness of the West Indies. They can see for themselves what cotton is being grown there now. and ther can also see how much more can be grown there in the future. The whole of the arrangements are not yet complete, and
so far ahead it is impossible to say prec.sely who wall and who will not accompany us. S.r Daniel Morris, the Minister of Agr.culture for the West Indies, ha a howe ver, promised to meet the party at Barbadoes. and will accompany it to Jamaica where an agricultural conference is to be held, presided over by Sir Alexander Swettenham.
"I am deeply inferested as president of the Cotton Growing Association in the production of cotton, and as president I have invited the party to accompany me. 1 sent a party of undergraduates from Oxford and C'ambride out a little while ago. and I have just received a very interesting and long letter from one of them who has recently returned. Twen: ty more of the party are now coming back
"Mr. Winston Churchill and the whole of the chuef officials of the Colonial Office are taking the deepe $t$ possible interest in the expedition. and would be glad if it produced any useful results. There is no doubt as to the success of cotion growing in the West Indies and in West Africa.
"In the latter region this year $\$ 5 \%, 000$ will go into the pockets of planters for cotton actually grown which has never gone there before, and the same may be said of the West Indres. The advantages produced by the efforts of the Cotton Growing Association are manifest. Lancashire has subscr:bed $\$ 15.000,000$ for the increase of the cotton growing area on British soil through the British Cotton Growing Association, and I think this is

Telegraphic "Rope, Wals

Brass an

2 satisfactory res much greater stil

THE HAÚN
The northern $p$ Ontario is the me and hunter. Deer the several distric the Grand Trunk cluding "Muskoka "Maganetawan Riv "French River,"' Bay," and several Division, between quin Park. Last y and 300 moose we trritory, and from year, the supply is hunting districts e particulars in "H Game," an illustrat all information, ga free, on application trict Passenger Ag tion, Montreal.

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a satisfactory result so far. It will be much greater still in the future.
the haúnt of big gave.
The northern part of the Province of Ontario is the mecca for the sportsman and hunter. Deer and moose abound in the several districts that are reached by the Grand Trunk Railway System including "Muskoka," "Lake of Bays," "Maganetawan River," "Lake Nipissing," "French River," "Temagami," "Georgian Bay," and several points on the Ottawa Division, between Scotia Jct. and Algonquin Park. Last year nearly 12,000 deer and 300 moose were taken out of this territory, and from reports received this year, the supply is as great is ever. All hunting districts easy of access. Full particulars in "Haunts of Fish and Game," an illustrated publication giving all information, game laws, etc., sent free, on application to J. Quinlan, District Passenger Agent, Bonaventure Sta-।
tion, Montreal.

Stocks and Bonds-INSURANCE COMPANIES.-Canadian.-Montreal Quotations, Oct, 2, 1906.

| Name of Company. | $\begin{gathered} \text { No. } \\ \text { Shares } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1.ast } \\ & \text { Dividend } \\ & \text { per year. } \end{aligned}$ | Share par value. | Amount paid per Share | quotations per ct. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| British American Fire and Marine .. | 15,000 | 3t-6 mos. |  |  |  |
| Conada Life ${ }_{\text {Confederation }}$ Life................... | 2,500 | ${ }^{4-6}$ mos. | 40 C | 350 400 | $\stackrel{97}{160}$ |
| Western Assurance | 10,000 | $7 \mathrm{5}-6 \mathrm{mos}$. | 100 | 10 | 277 |
| Guarantee Co. of North America. ... | 13,372 |  | 40 50 | 20 50 | ${ }_{160} 8^{0}$ |

British \& Foreign-Quotations on the London Market. Sept. 22, 1906 "Market value p. p'd up ah

| Alliance Assurance <br> Atlas | 250,000 | 10s. p.s. | 20 | $21-5$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| British and Foreign Marine ........... | 120,000 67 |  | 10 |  | $5 \frac{1}{4}$ | 12\% |
| Caledonian ........n.............. | ${ }^{67,000}$ |  | 20 | 4 | 18 | $18 \%$ |
| Commercial U. Fire, Life \& Marine. | ${ }_{\text {E }} \mathbf{2 1 , 0 0 0}$ | 12s. p.8. | 25 50 | 4 |  |  |
| Guardian Fire and Life ............. | 200,000 | ${ }_{8}$ | 50 10 |  | ${ }_{10}^{78}$ | 79 |
| London Assurance Corperation -...... | 89.155 | 28 | 25 | 24 | ${ }_{22}{ }^{18}$ |  |
| London \& Lancashire Life .......... | 35.862 10.000 | ${ }_{20}^{20}$ | ${ }_{10}^{25}$ | 12. | 48 | ${ }_{50}$ |
| Liv. \& Lond to Giobe Fire © Life... | £245,640 | ${ }_{90}^{208}$ | 10 | 2 | 8 | $9{ }^{2}$ |
| Northern Fire and Life ............. | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 224,640 } \\ 30,000 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{32}^{90}$ | 8T. 100 | ${ }^{2}$ | 43 | 44 |
| North Brit. ${ }^{\text {N }}$ Merwich Unen , Fire and Life .. | 110.000 | $34 / 6$ p.s. | 100 | ${ }_{64}^{10}$ | 78 381 |  |
| Phoenix Fire Fire ..... | 11,000 | ¢5 | 100. | 12 |  | ${ }^{398}$ |
| Royal Insurance Fire and Uife ........ | 53,776 130 130,69 | 35 | 50 | 5 | 134 | 118 |
| Sun Fire ............................. |  | ${ }^{6331}$ | 20 | 8 | 47 |  |
| Union | 240,000 45,000 | 886d p. s. | 10 10 | 10 | 12 |  |
|  | 45,000 | 15 p. 8. | 10 | 4 | 15 | 17 |

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The Smet

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This Company has more premium-paying business in force in the United States and Canada than any other Company, and for each of the last 11 years has had more new insurance accepted and issued in America than any other Company.

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The Gompany of the People, by the People, for the People.

## Insurance Company

Cash Assets exceed ........... $\$ 0 \overline{6}$, , $\overline{0} 0,000$ Canadian Investments exceed $\quad 3,150,000$ Claims paid exceed ............230,000,000 CANADIAN BRANCH:
Head Office, Company's Building, Monireaj
J. GARDNER THOMPSON, Resident Manager
Wm. JAĆKSON, Deputy Manager.
CANADIAN DIRECTORS:


## The Waterloo Mulual

Fire Insurance Company.
Established in $1863 . \quad$ Head Office, Waterloo, Ont.
Total Assets, Jan. 1,'94, \$349.7347.
GEORGE RANDALL, Esq., President: JOHN


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has on deposit $\$ 267,000.00$ with Dominion Government as Security for Policyholders.

New Business in 1905 increased 37 per cent. over previous year.

Expenses 5 per cent. less on income.
Accumulated Assets, $\$ 1,300,000.00$.
Insurance Outstanding, $\$ 4.700, \mathbf{C 0 0 . 0 0}$.
DAVID BURKE, A.I.A., F.S.S., General Manager.

## WESTERN ASSURANCE FIRE AND MARINE

Assets, nver
Income for 1905, c ver - - - - \$3,460,000
3,680,000
Hon. Geo. A. Cox, Pres. J. J. Kenny, Vice-Pres. \& Man.Dir C. C. Foster, Secretary.

Montreal Branch, . . 189 ST. JAMES STREETT.
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FIRE. LIFE. MARINE. ACCIDENT.
Commercial Union Assurnace Co.,
LIMITED OF LONDON, EWG.
Capital fully Subscribed
Life Funds (in special trust for Life Policy
Holders)
$2,500,000$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Total Annual Income exceeds.. . . . . . . . . . .. . . . . . . } & \$ 15,675,315 \\ \$ 15,000,000\end{array}$
\$15,675,315
Total Funds Exceed Sixty Million Dollars.
HEAD OFFICE, Canadian Branch,
91 Notre Dame Street, West, Montreal. JAMES MeGREGOR, Manager.


## ELEC

## 1-2

Made by
tric Co., of
Has been months.
Will be so ket price.


[^0]:    For Saie at Vaudreuil
    Formerly known as Lothbiniere Poin On the line of the Grand Trunk and Canadian Pacine; ironting on the St. Lawrence; clear stream
    on one idee with shelter for Boats above and below
    the Fill the Falls. Also two islands adjoining. Area in all
    about 4 accres A PPLY TO
    , M. FOLEY
    SOTTOR AND PAOPRIETOM MERCE,
    JOURNAL OF COMMERCE
    und Montreal

[^1]:    | Canada |
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    Nor. of Canad
    
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    Deb. scrip

    100 Canada Comppe
    100 Canada Compa
    100 Cundaon Bay
    Bank of Britis Canadian Bank

[^2]:    Epeoial prices to Canadians under the new tariff.

