

The St. Andrews Standard.

PUBLISHED BY A. W. SMITH.]

E VARIIS BUNEDUM EST OPTIMUM.—Cic

[\$2 50 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE

No 35

SAINT ANDREWS NEW BRUNSWICK, AUGUST 27, 1873.

Vol 40

Poetry.

The Germs of the Beautiful.

Scatter the germs of the beautiful,
By the wayside let them fall,
That the rose may spring by the cottage gate,
And the vine on the garden wall;
Cover the rough and the rude of earth
With a vale of leaves and flowers,
And mark with the opening bud and cup
The march of summer hours.

Scatter the germs of the beautiful
In the holy shrine of home;
Let the pure, and the fair, and the graceful
There,
In their loveliest lustre come;
Leave not a trace of deformity
In the temple of the heart,
But gather about its hearth the gems
Of Nature and of Art.

Scatter the germs of the beautiful
In the depths of the human soul;
They shall bud and blossom, and bear the fruit,
While the endless ages roll;
Plant with the flowers of charity
The portals of the tomb,
And the fair and the pure about thy path
In Paradise shall bloom.

For the Standard.

The Comte de Paris.

The Comte de Chambord (Henri V.) having no children, his legitimate heir is Louis Philippe, Albert d'Orleans, Comte de Paris. These two sons of the house of Bourbon are cousins, but cousins very far removed. Louis XIII, son of the famous Henri IV, left two sons, the elder became the Grande Monarque, Louis XIV, the younger, Philippe was created Duke of Orleans, and was the ancestor of the younger branch of the Bourbon family. He was twice married; by his first wife, the daughter of Charles I, of England, he left no male issue; the present family of Orleans is therefore sprung from his second marriage with Elizabeth Charlotte, of Bavaria, cousin of his first wife, and was great grand daughter of James I, of England. Thus the house of Orleans was nearer to the Crown of Great Britain, in the direct line than even the present reigning family, being descended from the son of the Princess Elizabeth, Queen of Bohemia, whilst our dynasty is descended from her daughter, the Princess Sophia, on whom and her descendants, being Protestants, the Crown was settled.

The second Duke of Orleans is best known to posterity under the name of the Regent Orleans; he was distinguished chiefly for his scandalous and dissipated life. His son Louis, Duke of Orleans, was in every respect a direct contrast to his father; at an early age he renounced the world, retired to a monastery, and devoted himself to classical and theological studies; his munificence was unbounded, and he established numerous hospitals and charitable institutions. He died at the early age of forty-eight, and was succeeded by his son Louis Philippe, nicknamed "Le Gros," from his corpulence of body and indolence of mind. A very different Prince was his son and successor, Louis Philippe Joseph d'Orleans, who was born in 1747. To give a sketch of his life would be to write a history of the French Revolution, in which he bore so prominent and disgraceful a part; he associated himself with the very worst of the revolutionary leaders, assumed the name of Philippe Egalite, voted for the execution of his cousin Louis XVI, and then perished himself on the guillotine, only ten months after. Philippe Egalite was distinguished by his loose morals, his atheism in religion, his republican opinions, and his heartless cruelty towards the members of his family. He met death, however, with the greatest courage and resolution.

His son Louis Philippe, was a complete contrast to his father; he spent his youth in exile, almost in poverty. When the Bourbons were restored in 1815, he returned to France, and at the Revolution of 1830 was called to the throne as Louis Philippe I, King of the French. He was a prudent, sagacious, and peace loving monarch, but was never thoroughly popular with his subjects; his eldest son, however the Duke of Orleans was, for his frank, open, soldier like character, and his supposed liberal opinions, much beloved by the nation. He had married the Princess Helene, of Mecklenburg-Strelitz, as distinguished by her beauty as by her piety. But in the summer of 1812 the amiable Prince was killed by an unhappy accident, being thrown from his carriage as he was driving near the Champs Elysees. There could not have been a greater calamity for France or for the Royal Family.

The Duke left two infant sons, the Comte de Paris and the Duke of Chartres. The excellent Duchess of Orleans, who though a German and a Protestant, was very popular in France, now devoted herself solely to the education of her children. Six years after the death of her husband a new calamity fell upon the Royal Family: The

Comte de Paris was about ten years old when the Revolution of the 2nd of February, 1848, broke out. While the Prince was engaged in his studies with his tutor, M. Regnier, on the morning of that day, the Duchess entered the room and exclaimed "it is not an emute, it is a Revolution." The child had heard enough of previous revolutions to make him understand the formidable significance of the word. The tutor, with considerable presence of mind, endeavored to confuse the lesson in another room. The Prince was translating Lomond's Epitome of Sacred History, and has never forgotten that he had just arrived at the history of Macabees, and of the punishment of the young heroes who perished in a cauldron of burning oil. The picture of that cauldron remained for a long time mingled in his childish imagination, with the real scenes of which he was a witness.

A few hours after, Louis Philippe abdicated in favor of his grandson, with the Duchess of Orleans as Regent. She was advised to go at once to the Chamber of Deputies, which she did, accompanied by her two sons and by several friends, among whom was the tutor M. Regnier. Thus the Comte de Paris left the Palace of the Tuilleries, which he was not to see again till twenty-four years after, burned in ruins. With difficulty they reached the Chamber where the Deputies were deliberating; they had not been there long before the mob burst into the hall, the tumult was terrific, the muskets of some of the ruffians were pointed at the Duchess and her sons. M. de Remusat (the present Minister of Foreign Affairs) placed himself before the Comte de Paris and protected him with his body. The Duchess fearing for her life and that of her children, had to quit the Chamber as quickly as possible; in the confusion the boys were separated from their mother, the elder was soon found and rejoined the Duchess in an apartment to which the mob had not yet penetrated, but the Duke de Chartres was inevitably detained, though his mother was assured of his safety, and he did not rejoin her till two days after at Bligny, near Orlans, to which place the Duchess, accompanied by M. de Mornay and M. Regnier, fled during the evening in a common cab, now then, however, recognized and fired at by the mob.

The Duke de Chartres was ill and weak, and was not till the 27th that they were able to quit Bligny, M. Regnier on the box of the carriage, where he was wet through by the rain, which descended in torrents, as well as Lomond's "Epitome," which he still had with him—the volume which the Comte de Paris has preserved as a souvenir, still bears traces of the soaking. At last at Amiens they were able to take the Railway, crossed the frontier, and reached Verriers in safety.

The Duchess and her children now took up their residence at Eisenach, the two boys pursued their studies here with the two sons of M. Regnier. In 1849, however, the family crossed to England; the Duchess had not seen the King and Queen since the sad events of the 24th February, 1848. She was escorted by her brother-in-law the Duke de Nemours. The passage was a rough one. All suffered from sea sickness; the Duchess wrote of her two sons at the time "one suffered with patience, only thinking of those who were attending to him; the other showed an ill contained fury against a malady whose inexorable power he refused to accept."

The Comte de Paris had profited by the lessons of his excellent master. Exile, travelling, the intelligent and tender solicitude of his mother, all had favoured the progress of his education. His character, naturally serious, ripened rapidly; every one at Claremont was struck with the change which had taken place in the boy during the last eighteen months. Henceforth, the young Prince and their mother passed their time between Germany and England. The King, the Queen, and the Duke de Nemours, d'Annale, and the Prince de Joinville, resided at Claremont, whether the other members of the family returned whenever they could. After the death of the King, in 1850, the Comte de Paris returned to Germany; he visited nearly every part of the Confederation, and became thoroughly acquainted with the political and intellectual condition of the country. When he attained his twentieth year, his mother felt the work to which she had devoted her life was completed; her eldest son had become a man in the most noble acceptation of the term. She says in a letter written at that period, "I cannot express the change which has taken place with regard to Paris. It is I who no longer protect him, I feel myself protected by him. I like to see him have a conscience separate from mine. When he is not of the same opinion as I am, I am almost glad. I dare to say it, I have respect for him."

The health of the Duchess, which was always delicate now rapidly declined. On the 18th May, 1858, she died very suddenly at Cranbourne house, Richmond. The death of this talented and pious Princess was deeply deplored, not only by her sons, but by all who had the privilege of her friendship or acquaintance. During the winter of

1857-58 the Comte de Paris had devoted himself to the study of Chemistry, under Professor Hoffmann, at the School of Mines in London; since then he has never lost an opportunity of perfecting his knowledge in that science. After the great sorrow which had smitten him, the Prince took a voyage to Spain, while his brother the Duke de Chartres entered the Military School of Pichmont, and when the Italian war broke out in 1859, made the campaign side by side with French soldiers; next year both brothers travelled together through the East visiting Egypt, Palestine, Sinai, and Greece. Chance brought the travellers to Syria, just at the time of the massacres of the Lebanon. The Comte de Paris published the result of his observations in a volume entitled "Damascus, and the Lebanon," which appeared in London, in 1865. The two Princes next went to study America and its institutions, accompanied by their uncle, the Prince de Joinville. It was in 1861, when the war of Secession was raging in the United States; they intended only remaining a few weeks, but the temptation to take part in the war was too strong, and the brothers requested to be allowed to serve in the Federal army. The Government consented, and the Orleans Princes were attached to the staff of General McClellan. A recent biographer of the Comte de Paris, M. Yriarte, states that the Prince declares that the happiest time during his whole life of exile, was that which he passed in the Federal Army of the Potomac. Though his special mission was to note down all the information that could be obtained as to the enemy's strength, position and plans, he, as well as his brother, were often engaged in battle, and frequently risked their lives. The expedition to Mexico, which caused unpleasant relations between the French Government and the United States, made it expedient for the Princes to return to England, though they were by no means favorable to the then policy of their own country.

[To be Continued.]

A WORD TO MOTHERS.

BY C. T.

How shall I train these dear children for a good and happy life hereafter? This is a question that often arises in a mother's heart.

Many years ago, when my children were young, it was my privilege to hear a sermon from the words spoken by the Princess to the mother of Moses: "Take this child and nurse it for me, and I will pay thee thy wages." These words, and the thoughts drawn from them by the preacher, were a daily encouragement to me. Every mother may feel that God speaks thus to her, and that if we nurse these precious children He has given us, for Him, He will surely pay us the best wages a mother can desire—the unspeakable satisfaction of seeing them grow up to love and serve Him. He will put grace in their hearts in this life, and give them glory hereafter.

Begin early to teach them to pray morning and evening, and do not doubt that every little child can love the Saviour, and come to Him with childlike trust: tell them how He loved little children, when on earth, and took them in His arms, and put His hands on them and blessed them.

Often take the little ones alone and pray with them, especially when they have grieved and disobeyed you. It is the most effectual way to subdue and soften their hearts; it shows them that you really feel how naughty they have been. Do not punish them in anger; this only arouses anger and resentment in them, but if they see there is justice in their punishment, they will love you the more for it.

Keep fast hold of their hearts, so that to please you will be a powerful motive in all they do, and let their love be very precious to you. Be patient in listening to their little grievances, enter into their plays, and cheerfully put aside books and work to attend to them.

Praise the days and months when your children are around you in the nursery, being moulded, like clay, by your example and gentle words. These happy days pass away all too soon; you will find them grown up before you realize it, and opportunities to make good impressions, or establish good habits, lost, never to return.

While they are young and impressionable, give them "live upon lines, precept upon precept, here a little and there a little," and never be discouraged, for God will help you; you are doing a noble work, and your wages are sure.

The writer remembers the happy days when her little children were about her, and the joys and discouragements of that period. She can testify that when God promises, He does not disappoint, and she hopes these words may help and encourage young mothers, who are bearing the heat and burden of the day in all their duties, they need the sympathy and co-operation of their husbands. With a little task is easy and light, but wanting that, let them not falter, but take their cross to Him, who is so ready to answer with blessing—Mother at Home.

A Belligerent Wild Cat.

The San Luis Tribune of the 21st June, gives an account of an exciting battle with a wild cat. It says:

We learn that an unusual and very exciting contest took place at the ranch of Ramon Felix, on Morra Creek, about fourteen miles from this place one morning last week. It seems that Mr. Felix, shortly after getting up in the morning, went out to feed his stock, and that soon after he was startled by the cries of his wife and family. Running to the house he found a large wild cat had seized his youngest child, an infant, by the back of the neck, and making off with it. After a severe struggle he succeeded in rescuing it, the cat making its escape. Some time after the excitement had subsided, an Indian boy about fifteen years old, went out to bring in some horses that had been staked out over night some distance from the house. He had been gone but a few minutes when the family was again aroused by the cries of the boy, who came rushing toward the house yelling like a madman, with the indelible cat that had caused the first disturbance firmly seated upon his back, with his teeth firmly embedded in the back of his neck. Another desperate battle ensued, which resulted in favor of the cat, which successfully cleaned out the whole Felix family, killed their two dogs, and retreated in good order to the house of E. M. Flores, under which he evinced himself, displaying all efforts to dislodge him until night when he escaped unscathed. The wounds received by the Indian boy were quite severe, and the good people, fearing that the cat was mad, thought it best to scurry the wounds. As they did by heating a crowbar, the only implement about the premises that answered the purpose. We understand that considering the ordeal of scratching, biting and singeing the boy passed through, he is doing remarkably well and will be all right again in a few days.

A Five Year Old Boy's Perilous Feat.

In Fall River on Saturday noon a little son of John Davis of that city, not five years old, got out of an open window into the gutter of the house, which is not more than three inches wide. In this narrow space, leaning probably upon the sloping roof, and at a height of thirty two or thirty three feet from the ground, the little fellow walked almost the entire length of the gutter on the north side of the block, and rounding the corner, proceeded a few feet further on the east side until he reached another window, which he tried to enter, but not being able to open it, he undertook to turn around and retrace his steps. In doing so, however, he fell sideways to the ground, striking principally upon the left side of his head and cheek, and staining the ground with his blood. Within eight or ten inches of where he struck was an iron sink, and about the same distance on the other side was a pile of stones, and had he struck upon either he would probably have been instantly killed. A little girl who saw him fall ran and told his mother, and when she came down and placed her arms under the prostrate, and as she at first feared, the dead body of her little son, he faintly murmured, "Mother." It is not known that any of his bones were broken, though those of his cheek may be injured to some extent. Notwithstanding his severe injuries, the little fellow is up and moving about home—New York Herald.

Mark Twain's Hotel.

Having lately opened an hotel and boarding house, I send you these my rules and regulations:—This house shall be considered strictly inn temperance. None but the brave should fare. Persons owing bills for board will be bored for bills. Boarders who do not wish to pay in advance, are requested to pull off their boots before retiring, if they can conveniently do so. Sitters rigidly charged once in six months, or more if necessary. Double boarders can have two beds with a room in it, or two rooms with a bed in it, just as they choose. Beds with or without bugs. All money and valuables to be left in care of the proprietor; as he will be responsible for no other loss. Beds with or without boards. Dreams will be charged for by the dozen. Nightmares hired out at reasonable rates. Stone walls will be furnished to snoring boarders, as the proprietor will in no wise be responsible for the broken symphonies of others' ears.

It is stated that certain "scientists" have recently come to the conclusion that the moon instead of being a cold and an extremely hot sphere, which may account for the usual effect of moonlight upon lovers. A newspaper remarks that this "knocks the green cheese theory."

A Charleston father gave a young man who had saved his daughter from drowning, a two year old steer and a shot gun.

POISONING OF THE ATMOSPHERE BY ARSENIC IN WALL-PAPERS.

The poisonous effects upon the air of rooms of arsenical pigments on wall paper have been generally ascribed to the inhalation of the dust, which was found to contain arsenic and copper, but cases of arsenical poisoning of this kind, have occurred in which, on account of the moisture still present in the wall and the effect of fixing of the colors, this explanation will not answer. Upon these a recent series of experiments by Fleck throws some light. Air in glass receivers was subjected to the action of Schweinfurth green and arsenious acid by simply placing these substances beneath some bodies in a moist condition, and by applying them as a coating to others, with and without paper, potato and wheat starch being employed as pastes. After from eight days to three weeks, in different cases, the presence of arseniuretted hydrogen in the air was unmistakably revealed by tests, and left no doubt that cases of chronic arsenical poisoning must be attributed not only to the mechanical poisoning must be attributed not only to the mechanical mixture of arsenical compounds with the air of rooms in the form of dust, but also to the presence of this gas, resulting from the decomposition of free arsenious acid in Schweinfurth green. It was also found that the development of the gas is favored by moisture in the air and the presence of organic matter, especially that in the paste. Mould appeared on the paper in some cases, showing that arsenic is not a preventive of its formation, as often stated.—EDITOR'S SCIENTIFIC RECORD, in Harper's Magazine for September.

JOHN STUART MILL, THE WOMAN'S EVANGEL.

The highest encomium which John Stuart Mill now receives is that he would most value—is that every noble woman's heart in Europe is this day comfortless beside his grave. I remember to have been present once in a company composed chiefly of ladies of the higher class in Moscow, when a friend, introducing me, said, "He is a friend of John Stuart Mill," when instantly I was surrounded by all of that sex in the room, begging to be told of his look, his manner, and every word I had ever heard him speak. Each declared that she kept his work on the "Subjection of Women" by her side, and read it as her gospel. Throughout Russia I found it the same, and heard the sentiments of that work quoted on the stage amidst applause in which every woman made her hands attest the homage of her heart. In France the same women proudly claimed him as their adopted fellow citizen, and the tribute he had written on his wife's grave made them for a time, mutes of Hugo and About.

There never was a man more worthy to receive this homage and love from good women; for, great as was his intellect, and heroic as was his devotion to large public ends, he was, from his earliest to his latest days, distinguished among those who knew him as one whose affections were almost passionate in their depth, and whose love, when he did love, might be described as passing the love of woman.—M. D. CONWAY, in Harper's Magazine for September.

A BOSTON NOTION.—One of the latest Boston notions is a "Girl's Club." This institution is not of the Sorosis species. It is not literary, metaphysical, nor particularly convivial. It is essentially practical in its aims, and still perhaps remains so. The most important object of the most important object of the organization is to encourage among the young women of the present day a more thorough knowledge of the art of cookery. The club meets once a week, and each member is obliged to bring some choice dish of her own manufacture to contribute to the club "spread." Then then the practical sisterhood fall to and make away with their good things and discuss the novelties and excellencies of the different recipes and other details of model house-keeping. Each member is expected to bring a sharp appetite, and a little book in which to record the more notable successes in the way of new or old dishes that may be achieved at the meeting.

WESTERN JOURNALISM.—Secret are the ambitions of Western Journalists. The St. Louis Democrat goes for a contemporary in this line.

The Republican objects to the "Jack whistling" paragraphical flattery of the St. Louis Democrat. There is no "Jack whistling" flattery of any kind in Republicanism. Its editorials have the appearance of being written at so much per linear yard, and they are never lacking in the vigor and originality which have made the Patent Office the most popular publishing lot in the world. As an editorial writer Alexander H. Stephens has no rivals outside of the Republican office. The Republican is very humorous sometimes, but, as is the case with babies, you can't always tell whether it's the cold or a smile that kills it.

—Instruction ends in the school; on but education ends only with life.

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Telegraphic News.

Ottawa, Aug. 25.
Several incendiary fires have occurred here lately, the perpetrators of which have not been discovered.
Huntington has no intention of giving evidence before the Royal Commission.
London, Aug. 24.
Late details from the railroad collision at Bedford place the killed at four only, but fifteen persons were badly injured, several beyond recovery.
The Chartist are organizing for a movement on Madrid.

New York, Aug. 25.
A gas fire at 11 West 12th St., during the pale of yesterday afternoon, swept away 125 buildings, including all the prominent shops and business, and leaving 130 families homeless. Most of the buildings were of wood, on Union and High streets, and the loss is estimated at half a million dollars.

The Maine captives have been sentenced to be hanged at Fort Klammath, Oregon, on the 3rd of October.

A delinquent of \$10,000 has been discovered in the National Exchange Bank of Albany.

Gold 116.

Advice from Montana report a fight between General Custer's command and a body of 800 hostile Indians, in which the latter were defeated. Gen. Custer and Adjutant Mechem had their horses shot under them. Lieut. Braden was badly shot in the thigh; Private Tuttle, Custer's orderly, was killed, and twenty soldiers were slightly wounded.

Indian loss is estimated at forty killed and wounded.

UNITED STATES RAILWAYS.—The railway system of the United States has during the past few years assumed vast proportions. There is a valuable annual publication which gives reliable information of the finances and mileage of all the American railways, and from this book, H. V. Poor's Railway Manual for 1873-4, the following is mainly summarized.—The American railway system being in 1830, when throughout the United States there were but 23 miles of railway. In 1891 the system had grown to 31,286 miles; at the close of 1872 it was 67,104 miles, and during that year 6,427 miles had been added. The aggregate cost of the American railways is stated at \$1,159 millions dollars, of which 1,648 millions are capital stock and 1,511 millions various forms of debt, chiefly bonds maturing at distant periods. The cost of the roads per mile was slightly over \$55,000. In 1873 the gross earnings were \$73 millions, 28 per cent, of it being from passenger transportation, and 72 per cent, from goods traffic. \$8,256 represents the average receipts per mile, and the ratio of earnings to the population of the country was \$11.76c. per head. It took 65 per cent, of the gross receipts to operate the lines, leaving 35 per cent., or 1,654 millions, for net earnings, or five and one fifth per cent. on the total cost of the railways, the gross receipts being about 15 per cent. on the total cost. Of the net earnings 64 millions were paid in dividends, being three and one-tenth per cent. on the capital; while the balance which went to pay interest on debt was equal to six and seven-tenths per cent. on the total debt.

A new Mayflower Voyage.

Among the arrivals by the steamer "Hammon," at New York, last week, were 19 families, numbering about a hundred in all, of the sect of Mennonites. This is the second body of this peculiar class which has arrived in America this summer. The homes of this people were at Fiodora in the Crimea, where they lived in plenty of considerable farms. The estate of the Czar to Russia in exchange for their long-time exemption from military service, and by trying to induce them to adopt the Russian tongue in place of their ancestral German, and to conform in other respects to Russian customs, determined the Mennonites to emigrate. This colony of Baptists, tinged with the Quaker tenet of non-resistance, has been given by the Russian Government a space of 10 years in which either to emigrate or to adopt wholly the Russian spirit and ways. After that time if they remain they must be content to lose themselves in the general level of Russian subjects, with the enjoyment of no special privileges of any kind. Notwithstanding the announcement of the Government that any of this sect are at liberty to emigrate at any time within the prescribed ten years, the body which has just arrived had considerable difficulty in getting permission to leave the country. Only after repeated applications to provincial governors, to the Governor-General, and finally to the Minister at St. Petersburg, were they allowed to go. They have started for Kansas, where lands have been secured for them. Their first thought was toward Canada, as the English Government promised them immunity from military service.

Mr. Justice Denman, in a recent charge to the grand jury at the Oxford England, assizes, stated, as the result of experience, that he found "with high wages and great prosperity drunkenness and crime go hand in hand together," and that as regarded crime higher wages are the sure forerunner of expenses attended with violence. This coming from a Judge whose position gives him opportunity to see and a right to express his opinion, must be true, cause extreme pain to those who have labored for the working man.

FOOTPADS IN MAINE.—A special telegram from Bangor, Me., says that the Ellsworth and Cherryfield stages have been stopped three times within a week by some unknown men,

who, however, allowed it to go on unmolested. The old driver has refused to drive, and a new one has been appointed. Deputy Sheriff Peterson, of Hancock County, while out driving with his wife a few nights since in the neighborhood of Bucksport, was set upon by three highway men. The Sheriff, being an athletic man, jumped out and killed two of the robbers, while the third took to his heels. The two prisoners were taken to Bucksport and held for trial.

VALUABLE IMPORTATION OF CATTLE FROM CANADA.—If anything is needed to prove the superiority of Canada for rearing and feeding cattle, it might have been found in the importation of cattle by Allan's mail steamer Sarniam, which arrived in the Mersey on Tuesday. She brought upwards of thirteen head of cattle, which were consigned to Lord Dunmore. It appears the sizes and dams of these were purchased by Mr. Cochran and other noted Canadian breeders from Lord Dunmore some time ago, the breed of which having so much improved, Lord Dunmore has purchased these from the Canadian owners.

The Standard.

SAINT ANDREWS, AUG. 27, 1873.

New School Building.

The new School Building on the lots corner of William and Carleton Streets is now nearly completed, and will be ready for occupancy next week. It is situated near the centre of the Town, on an elevated position and has ample play grounds for pupils. The building is 40x60 feet, two stories high, and surmounted by a tower 20 feet high and 11 feet square, the vane of which is a large quilt with index pointing N. S. E. W. It has not yet been determined whether a large Gong or Bell will be used for summoning the pupils. An addition 48x10 feet, has been erected in front to the building the same height, affording spacious hall and cap rooms, with separate entrances for girls and boys.

On each side there are two school rooms, 22x32, well lighted by large windows, with two black boards in each room, 22 and 14 feet in length; also cloak rooms 6x12 feet in length attached to each room for girls. From the tower, a magnificent view of the Bay and surrounding country may be had, and indeed the prospect from the upper flat is very fine. The rooms are properly ventilated, the foul air being carried off by pipes leading to the air flows in the chimney. Two rooms in the third flat not yet finished will be 20x28 feet each.

The building presents an imposing appearance, is an ornament to the Town, and a credit to the architect, Mr. Stinson, when finished it will compare favorably with any school building in the County, and supply a want long felt by the school children of the place, of well ventilated and commodious school rooms. Underneath the building is a large cellar for coal and wood, and immediately in rear a well finished outbuilding on an improved plan.

As comparisons are odious we need not allude to the antiquated and dilapidated buildings in which scholars were heretofore confined for several hours each week day, for many years, as a better order of things now prevails, and children's health as well as their education is attended to. It will now be a pleasure as well as a profit to the student to pursue his studies in a pleasant and well ventilated room, under the tuition of thoroughly qualified teachers.

We congratulate our townsmen on this new educational establishment, and the energetic and industrious Trustees on their admirable selection of a site for the building, and their successful efforts in having it finished before the Fall term. After the schools are fairly at work, we hope to find time to visit them and will report accordingly.

BOOT AND SHOE FACTORY.—Mr. J. Hanson has leased the premises adjoining Mr. Stikney's Jewellery Store, for the purpose of establishing a boot and shoe factory, and is putting up the machinery necessary for carrying on the business. We learn that during next month, he intends commencing operations, and will give employment to about twenty men. Mr. Hanson, who is a native of this County, has had several years' experience in some of the largest factories in the States, and thoroughly understands the business. We trust that his enterprise will meet with such encouragement, as to warrant him to enlarge his factory.

THE MESSRS. O'NEIL have purchased the large store at Indian Point, formerly occupied by Mr. Goldard, and intend having it placed on the site of their building destroyed by fire ten days ago, head of the Market Wharf, fronting on Water Street. The work of moving the building is under the superintendence of Mr. Geo. Gilley, which is a sufficient guarantee that it will be expeditiously and well done. The store is a comparatively new one, and in good repair. We congratulate the Messrs. O'Neil on their enterprise and energy, and trust that in their new building they will add to their already large patronage.

NEW GAZETTEER.—Mr. Lovell, the great Montreal publisher, has in press a Gazetteer of British America, specimen sheets of which are before us, and from them we believe the Gazetteer will be all that could be desired; the descriptions of places in our own Province, are well written and true to the letter. We trust Mr. Lovell's enterprise will be largely patronized.

THE NEW DOMINION MONTHLY for August is received, and as usual contains articles of national interest to Canadians. The tales are interesting and founded on fact, and are written in a pleasing

and familiar style, and the selected articles are amusing and instructive. Price \$1.50 per annum. John Dougall & Son, Montreal, publishers.

DRUG STORE.—From a card in our advertising columns, we learn that Mr. J. Inglis Street, has disposed of his stock in trade, here, to his brother Mr. E. LEE STREET, who will continue the business at the present stand. Mr. Street is already known as an attentive, obliging and competent Druggist, and anything we could say would not add to his popularity. This however, we may hope, that the patronage extended to him will be commensurate with attention and desire to please.

THE PICNIC OF Thursday last, at Mowat's Grove, was admitted on all hands to be THE PICNIC of the season. A number of respectable young men, natives of St. Andrews conceived the idea of having a Town Picnic, to which invitations were given by the Executive Committee to the residents of the Town. The day was all that could be wished a clear sky and moderately warm weather. The tables were laid in the grove and filled with a banquet of good things, from the mostly costly cake to plain bread and butter, with pies, tarts, raspberries, blueberries, and the inevitable tea and coffee, all of which were dispensed to the large company, by the attentive and willing hands of the young ladies who presided, whose winning smiles and pressing invitations to partake of the repast were cheerfully responded to. After having furnished the large tables four different times, and all were satisfied, the ladies who presided sat down and partook of tea and coffee, &c., while the young regaled themselves with swings and other amusements. In the field adjoining a but was erected for the archers; some capital shots were made and prizes awarded. Foot and sack races were also run. The St. Andrews Band meanwhile discoursing sweet music.

On the green a platform was erected where a large number enjoyed themselves tripping the light fantastic toe, the music for which was executed by the Band, and on the violin by Mr. M. Holden, who aroused a terpsichorean spirit among the young people. A more happy party rarely meets than that of Thursday last at the grove; all appeared to enjoy themselves, and the best of feeling prevailed. The shades of evening brought to a termination the days enjoyment, and all returned to town, delighted with the Picnic. The young men who got it up and carried it out so successfully, are entitled, and no doubt have received the thanks of the numerous company; they modestly, however, has led them to publish a "card of thanks," which will be seen in another column.

From the time His Excellency the Governor General, the Countess of Dufferin and suite entered this Province, they were received with the strongest demonstrations of loyalty and homage. The great ball at St. John concluding the festivities in that city on Friday evening. On Saturday, the vicar royal party went to Fredericton, and were received with unbounded loyalty and respect by the Local Government and populace, and were the guests of Governor Wilnot. The daily newspapers have already heralded their movements and it is not necessary to reproduce them. They were to leave for Woodstock yesterday, and proceed thence by coaches to Riverview. It is a pleasure to learn that wherever His Excellency visited in the Province he made hosts of friends, and is universally respected. It is probable that he will again visit the Province next year, and make himself acquainted with its manufactures, resources and general interests.

SCARLET FEVER is so sorry to state, is attacking the children in this Town, in two families the disease has proved fatal.

The Storm of wind and rain on Sunday last, did but little damage in this section. The schooner "Alma" was driven ashore on Navy Island, but is not injured. Some old trees were blown down, and fences shattered. The wind continued during the day and until early on Monday morning. The weather is now fine but has a tinge of fall.

The Hon. Dr. Tupper left here on Monday morning last for Nova Scotia via St. John. He will probably meet Mr. Mackenzie, and reply to his attack on the Government. These meetings will benefit the Privy Council, as the false reports will be proved to be malicious.

The Hon. Charles Macpherson is in town. James Hall, Esq., of Peterboro, Ontario, is on a visit to Sandford Fleming, Esq. G. W. Lampson, Esq., of Boston, is at Clark's Hotel.

NEW ROUTE FROM NEW YORK TO LONDON.—A quicker route from New York to London is suggested, to wit: By rail to Shippan, on the Gulf of St. Lawrence, thence across the Gulf by steamer to St. George's Harbor, Newfoundland, thence by rail to St. John's, thence by steamer to Valencia, Ireland, thence by rail to St. George's Channel and by steamer to England. The time of this route can be reduced to seven days three hours, the longest water steaming being 4 days to St. John's to Valencia, 1,600 miles. At the present time, from 10 to 12 days is occupied by the fastest steamers in sailing from New York to Liverpool.

POISONOUS COBALT COMPOUNDS.—According to some experiments of Siegen, the compounds of cobalt are to be reckoned among poisons. This savant experimented with nitrate and chloride of cobalt, and found that one sixth of a grain of either substance would kill a frog in half an hour, and five grains killed a strong rabbit weighing over 3 lbs. in three hours. The poison seems to act di-

rectly upon the muscles of the heart. A frog was poisoned whose heart had been previously exposed, and its contractions became from 50 to 25 per cent less frequent; and after five minutes it stopped, and mechanical scratching failed to produce any farther contractions. With rabbits 1-66 grains produced a strong dyspnea, and the pulse fell from 178 to 128 per minute. [Scientific American.]

TO REMOVE PAINT.—Chloroform will remove paint from a garment or elsewhere, when benzol or kerosene of carbon fails.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE for September contains probably a greater variety of interesting and entertaining matter than was ever included within the covers of a single number of any Magazine. It contains twenty two articles besides the five Editorial Departments. Of these, seven are illustrated, if we include this article in the Drawer on London Street Luxuries.

A second paper is contributed by Col. A. A. Duffin, describing General Sherman's tour in Europe and the East. The illustrations relate to Ephesus and Constantinople, and are in the very best style of art.

An especial interest exists now regarding institutions for deaf mutes, and no better example of these could be selected than that in New York, lately presided over by Dr. Harry L. Post. An able illustrated article describing this institution is contributed to this number by Mary Barrett.

There are several other interesting papers from the pens of leading literatures of the United States. The Editorial Department is well filled with instructive matter.

The St. John Daily Tribune, of the 22nd inst., gives the address of the Governor General to the Trustees of Schools, and mentions the following pleasing incident:—

A Presentation to Lord Dufferin. T. H. Rand, Esq., Supt. of Education, was invited from Fredericton by special request of the Governor General. Mr. Rand had a long conversation with His Excellency, who was most anxious for information in regard to the work of the Board of Education. Everything in connection with the work of the schools was discussed by the two, His Excellency expressing the greatest interest. Mr. Rand requested His Excellency to accept a copy of each of the series of reading books, compiled and adopted for our schools, which he accepted. In the fifth book of the series is an extract, "Iceland and the Geysers," from Lord Dufferin's work, "Letters from High Latitudes," which is also nicely illustrated. His Excellency expressed himself very much flattered by this extract, and more so when Mr. Rand assured him that it was selected entirely on its own merits. It is a question which is the more thoughtful act—His Excellency's having Mr. Rand invited, or the Superintendent's remembering the infantility of the Governor General and presenting this series for the children's use.

SUMMARY.

—The Jesuits expelled from Germany have in part found a home in the county of Lancaster, England. After they had wandered through France, Belgium and England, the Jesuits, Stappleton placed an estate at their disposal, and the fathers at once established a convent at Dillon Hall, with nearly one hundred inmates. Other colonies of German Jesuits have established themselves at Stonyhurst and St. Bonos, in North Wales.

—The drain of emigrants to America," says the "Lancaster Reporter," is absolutely alarming. The people are leaving the country in crowds; a respectable, well-to-do, intelligent and orderly population are abandoning their native country in countless numbers.

—The plans for the suspension bridge over the Mississippi, proposed to be built near Minnabaha Falls, have been drawn. The bridge is to be built in two equal spans and will be seven hundred and twenty feet long. The central tower is to be one hundred and forty eight feet in height and the shore towers each fifty feet high.

—M. B. Palmer, brother of A. L. Palmer, Esq., M. P. was elected to the vacant seat in the local legislature for Albert County on Saturday last by a majority of about fifty votes. The opposing candidates were Messrs. Chas. A. Peck and Peter Duffy.

—The grain crop now being harvested in Arroustook County, Me., is the best that has been produced for several years.

—The system of "dead heading," so much abused on the lines of railway in this Province and Nova Scotia, has been abolished. Many of our readers will regret to hear of the accidental death of the Rev. Thomas Johnson, son of James Johnson, Esq., of the Customs Department, who was thrown from his carriage while on his way to attend divine service on Sunday 17th inst. near Toronto and instantly killed.

—The chief of the Bureau of Statistics in the United States has addressed a letter to consuls in Europe requesting them to furnish such information as they can gather as to the average wages received by mechanics and others, prices at retail of principal articles of subsistence, cost of house rent, and such other statistics of labor as can be procured.

—The North German Gazette stigmatizes as "a disgusting invention, the report in Bismarck in which the Prince was made to say he would extirpate the idea of God, and substitute that of the State. It declares that Bismarck never used such language or advocated such sentiments, and believes the

falshood originated in the machinations of the Jesuits.

DIED.

On the 24th inst., after a long illness, which bore with Christian resignation, Margaret Ann, wife of Mr. Carnaby Morrison, aged 70 years.
On the 24th inst., of scarlet fever, Jane, eldest daughter of Mr. Henry Cougan, aged 15 years.
On the 22nd inst., of scarlet fever, Eliza Gertrude, youngest daughter of Henry and Agnes Whitaker, aged 3 years.

Ship News.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.

Aug. 20, Schr. Emma Pemberton, M. Quinn, Davares Port, ballast.

Matilda, Stinson, St. Stephen, gen. cargo.

Aug. 20, Edith, Maloney, Boston, 2700 sleepers, Goodnow & Co.

22, Olive Matilda, Waycott, Portsmouth, 2250 sleepers, R. Ross.

23, Daisy, Maloney, Portland, 1600 sleepers, R. Ross.

Ulrica, Maloney, Boston, 2273 sleepers, Goodnow & Co.

DEPARTED.

Aug. 20, Schr. Emma Pemberton, M. Quinn, Davares Port, ballast.

Matilda, Stinson, St. Stephen, gen. cargo.

Aug. 20, Edith, Maloney, Boston, 2700 sleepers, Goodnow & Co.

22, Olive Matilda, Waycott, Portsmouth, 2250 sleepers, R. Ross.

23, Daisy, Maloney, Portland, 1600 sleepers, R. Ross.

Ulrica, Maloney, Boston, 2273 sleepers, Goodnow & Co.

Card of Thanks.

THE PICNIC COMMITTEE return sincere thanks to all, through whose kind assistance they were enabled to make the Picnic of Thursday last a complete success.

Their thanks are especially due to Col. Mowat, to the gentlemen who furnished lumber and horses free of charge, and to the Ladies, without whose aid all the efforts of the committee would have been in vain.

Signed on behalf of the General Committee, JAMES STOOP, J. A. WADE, W. SNODGRASS.

Aug. 27, 1873.

SINGING SCHOOL.

MR. BENNISON having arrived at Saint Andrews, and the All Saints Episcopal Sabbath School Room, having been kindly given him for to teach in; he has much pleasure therefore of announcing that he will open an Afternoon Singing Class, at the above named place.

On Monday next, 1st September, at 3 o'clock, P. M. The price of tuition being only \$1 per scholar for 24 lessons, he anticipates a large class. Every child should be taught to sing as much as to read and to write.

Aug. 27. R. S. BENNISON.

NOTICE.

The Underigned having this day sold his Stock in Trade in St. Andrews to E. A. LEE STREET, begs to tender his thanks to his friends for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him, and requests a continuance of the same to his successor.

J. INGLIS STREET.

St. Stephen, Aug. 26, 1873. 1st

CARD.

THE Subscriber respectfully renders his thanks to the Fire Companies and Citizens generally, for their kind efforts to save his property from fire, on Monday morning, 18th inst.

Aug. 27. JAMES STOOP.

REMOVAL.

JAMES STOOP, MERCHANT TAILOR, begs to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that in consequence of the destruction of his property by fire, he has removed to Falls' Store opposite the Post Office, where he will continue his business, and be happy to see his customers, and by promptness and efforts to please, to receive a continuance of the patronage hitherto afforded him.

Aug. 27. ROBERT J. MILLER.

St. Andrews, 20, 1873. 3rd

EDUCATION OFFICE, PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

FREDERICTON, Aug. 11, 1873.

PERSONS intending to present themselves as Candidates for Teacher's License at the Examination beginning on the 16th of September next, are required to transmit to the Chief Superintendent forthwith, satisfactory proof of their eligibility, as is required in reg. 30 (1) of the Board of Education.

Candidates are requested to give notice of the class of license for which they are prepared to undergo examination, and at which of the stations of examination they will present themselves, reg. 30 (3).

THE HON. H. RAND, Chief Superintendent of Education.

Aug. 20 1873.

Whitman's Threshing Machine.

Superiority is claimed for these Machines in the following points: FOR Threshing and Cleaning more Grain, suitable for market, with less power and less wear and tear, than any other machine in the market. For sale by C. E. PIKE, Agent, Calais, Me.

Aug. 20 1873.

Time for Sale.

300 BARRELS First quality of LIME, offered for sale by WM. DICKINSON.

machinations of the
long illness which
tion Margaret Ann,
son, aged 10 years,
det fever, Jane, eldest
ugan, aged 15 years,
det fever, Eliza Ger-
of Henry and Agnes

News
ANDREWS
ED
Pemberton, M. Q. and,
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tephon, gen. cargo.
REED.
Boston, 2700 sleepers,
cott, Portsmouth, 2250'
land, 1600 sleepers, H.
m, 2273 sleepers, Goud-

Thanks.
MITTEE return sincere
gk whose kind assistance
the Pic Nic of Thurs-
daily due to Col. Mowat,
rushed lumber and horse
e Ladies, without whose
committee would have
be General Committee,
JAMES STOOP,
J. A. WADDE,
W. SNODGRASS.

SCHOOL.
iving arrived at Saint-
t. Andrews to E. A. L.
under his thanks to his
i patronage bestowed up-
a continuance of the
i, INGLIS STREET
26, 1873. 1st

ARD.
ber respectfully renders
in Fire Companies and
for their kind efforts to
ity from fire, on Monday

JAMES STOOP.

MOVAL.
P. MCKENANT TAILOR,
nate to his friends and tho-
that in consequence of the
property by fire, he has
Store opposite the Post
will continue his business.
his customers, and by
flirts to please, to receive
the patronage hitherto at
aug. 27.

C. E.
ANA having left my house
e, I hereby forbid all per-
or furnishing her with
account.

ROBERT J. MILLER.
20, 1873. 3rd

OFFICE, PROVING:
W. BRUNSWICK.
FREDERICKSON, Aug. 11, 1873.
adding to present themselves
e Teacher's License at the
ing on the 10th of September
to transmit to the Chief Super-
the satisfactory proof of treat-
died in reg 30 (1) of the Board

Threshing
Machine.
claimed for these Machines in
following points:
and clearing more grain, suitable for
case power, and being more simple, due
to get out of repair than any other
made by
C. R. PIKE, Agent,
Calais, Me.

ne for Sale.
ELS first quality of LAMB, are
used for sale by
W. M. DICK.

St. Andrews Drug Store.

THE Subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of St. Andrews and vicinity that he has purchased the stock and trade of the **ST. ANDREWS DRUG STORE**, and will keep constantly on hand the following articles:

Drugs, Chemicals.
PATENT MEDICINES,
DYE STUFFS,
&c. &c.

Cleaver's Toilet Soaps.
QUININE WINE.
Fellows' Hypophosphites.
Ayor's Sarsaparilla,
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
SHOSHEN'S REMEDY,
DR. BAXTER'S CHLORODYNE,
with a large variety of
DRUGS, PERFUMERY, &c. IN STOCK.

A select stock of
ENGLISH NOTE PAPERS
with ENVELOPES to match.
E. LEE STREET.
St. Andrews, Aug. 21, 1873.

EDWARD M. SMALL, M.D.
OFFICE, - - Berry's Building.
RESIDENCE, - - Clark's Hotel.
ST. ANDREWS, N. B.

REMOVAL.
H. O'NEIL & SONS respectfully inform
their friends generally, that in consequence
of their late Market having been destroyed by
fire, they have removed for the present to the
building adjoining the store of Messrs. Robinson
& Glenn, where they will be happy to supply the
wants of their numerous customers, and beg to
return thanks for the patronage heretofore re-
ceived, and trust by efforts to please, to merit a
continuance of their custom.
H. O'NEIL & SONS.
St. Andrews, Aug. 20, 1873.

For sale or to Let.
THE two-story Dwelling HOUSE and Lot
corner King and Parr streets. The prop-
erty is pleasantly situated, and with slight repairs
would make a pleasant residence. Possession
given immediately. Apply at the
STANDARD OFFICE.
Aug. 6.

House and Lot for Sale.
THE Subscriber offers for sale the House and
half Lot on Queen street, occupied by Mrs.
Whittaker. The house is 32x26 feet, a storey
and a half high, with an L. for kitchen. If not
disposed of prior to 1st September next, it will
on that day be offered at Public Auction, at 11
o'clock, a.m.
C. E. O. HATHWAY,
Auctioneer.
August 6, 1873.

Notice to the Public.
ON and after 1st July next, Canada Post Cards
will pass between Canada and the United
States by affixing a one-cent ordinary Postage
Stamp on the address side of the Post Card.
not so prepared they will not be forwarded.
J. McMILLAN,
P. O. Inspector.
June 23 13

NOTICE.
CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.
Ottawa, 4th June, 1873.
NOTICE is hereby given, that His Excellency
the Governor General, by an Order in Council,
bearing date 30th of May last, has been
pleased to order and direct that while Felt, for
the manufacture of Hats and Boots, should be
admitted free of duty under the Tariff, duty
must be charged on all Felted cloth of every de-
scription.
By Command, **J. JOHNSON,**
June 18-31 Asst. Commissioner of Customs.

Government House, Ottawa,
Friday, 6th day of June, 1873.
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.
ON the recommendation of the Honorable the
Minister of Inland Revenue, and under the
provisions of the Act 33rd Victoria, Chapter 8,
intituted: "An Act to explain and amend the
"act respecting the Collection and Management
"of the Revenue, the Auditing of Public Ac-
"counts and the liability of Public Accountants."
His Excellency has been pleased to Order,
And it is hereby ordered, that the privilege ac-
cording by the Order in Council of the 19th
March, 1863, to goods, wares and merchandise,
the growth, produce or manufacture of Canada
which had been exported beyond the limits of
Canada of being reimported free of duty of Customs
on certain conditions named in such order,
be and the same is hereby extended and declared
to apply to goods subject to duties of Excise,
which goods may hereafter in like manner be
reimported into Canada free of duty subject to
the said several conditions mentioned in the said
order and on the further condition that such
goods on reimportation shall be warehoused sub-
ject to the Excise duties to which they would
have been liable had they not been exported
from Canada.
W. A. HIMSWORTH,
June 18th Clerk Privy Council

Government House, Ottawa,
Monday, 7th day of July, 1873.
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.
ON the recommendation of the Honorable the
Minister of Customs and under the provi-
sions of the 8th section of the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 6,
intituted: "An Act respecting the Customs." His
Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is
hereby ordered, that Port Williams, in the County
of Cornwallis, Nova Scotia, be and the same is
hereby constituted and erected into an Out Port
of Customs with Warehousing privileges, and
placed under the survey of the Collector of Cu-
stoms at the Port of Cornwallis.
W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk, Privy Council.
aug 7

GEO. F. STICKNEY,
Has just received a supply of
Watches,
Jewelry,
Cutlery,
EDGE TOOLS, HARDWARE, TOYS
SOAPS, PERFUMERY,
and FANCY GOODS, &c.
Agent for Lazarus & Morris' Perfected
Spectacles. Also.
Carbolide Glass Oil and Lamps.
July 2 um

Government House, Ottawa,
Saturday, 23rd day of May, 1873.
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.
ON the recommendation of the Honorable the
Minister of Customs, and under the provi-
sions of the 8th and 9th sections of the Act 31st
Vic., Chap. 6, intituted: "An Act respecting the
Customs," His Excellency has been pleased to
order, and it is hereby ordered that from and af-
ter the 1st of May instant, the Out Port of Guy-
boro, in the Province of Nova Scotia, shall be, and
the same is hereby constituted and erected into a
Port of Entry and Warehousing Port, and that
from and after the same day Port Mulgrave, in
the same Province, now before a Port of Entry
be, and the same is hereby constituted an Out
Port of Entry, and placed under the survey of the
Port of Guyborough.
W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk Privy Council.
June 11 31

Assessors Notice.
THE undersigned having been appointed As-
sessor of Rates for the Parish of St. An-
drews, hereby give public notice thereof, and that
persons intending to furnish statements of their
property and income, in writing under oath, in
pursuance of the provisions of the Act of Assem-
bly in such case made and provided, must leave
them at the Post Office, Saint Andrews, within
thirty days from the publication of this notice.
B. L. CUNNINGHAM, Assessors of
DAVID JOHNSON, Rates.
St. Andrews, April 30, 1873.

Government House, Ottawa,
Friday, 6th day of June, 1873.
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS by the Act 33 Victoria, chapter 3
section 29, intituted: "An Act to amend
"and continue the Act 32 and 33 Victoria, chapter
"3, and to establish and provide for the Govern-
"ment of the Province of Manitoba" it is provided
that "such provisions of the Laws of Canada as re-
specting the Inland Revenue, including those fix-
ing the amount of duties, as may be from time
to time declared by the Governor General in
Council applicable to the said Province shall ap-
ply thereto, and be in force therein accordingly."
His Excellency the Governor General in Council
on the recommendation of the Honorable the
Minister of Inland Revenue, and under the
authority aforesaid has been pleased to order, and
it is hereby Ordered, that all the Inland Re-
venue Laws of Canada in so far as they relate to
the issuing of Licenses and the imposition of
fines, penalties and duties on distillers, masters
and brewers and on spirits, malt and malt liquor,
and all laws respecting the collection and man-
agement of Revenue derived therefrom be, and
the same hereby declared to apply to and be in
force in the Province of Manitoba.
W. A. HIMSWORTH,
June 19 Clerk, Privy Council.

\$5 TO \$20
per day. Agents wanted!! All classes
of working people, either men, young
or old, make more money at work for
us in their spare moments, or all the
time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address
G. STITSON & CO., Portland Maine. 15 May 14

Notice to Contractors.
SEALED TENDERS will be received by the
Undersigned to
AUGUST 1st, for the erection of a
MARINE HOSPITAL
in this Town, to be completed December 1st
proximo. The contractor to take the advantage
of the present stone wall.
Also.
Separate Sealed Tenders will be received at
the same time for the
Building of a Post House,
on St. Andrews Island, to be completed by No-
vember 1st proximo.
The contractor in each case to furnish materi-
als, &c., and good and sufficient security for the
faithful performance of the work.
Plans, specifications &c. may be seen at the
store of Messrs. Robinson & Glenn.
S. T. GOVE,
for Department of Public Works.
St. Andrews, July 19, 1873.

**INTEREST IN
TUG BOAT
FOR SALE.**
THE Subscriber will receive offers for the pur-
chase of ONE EIGHT interest in the tug boat
"Utopia," plying now to and from the port of St.
George
JAS. S. CARNEY,
St. Andrews, May 25, 1873.

NOTICE.
ALL Persons are hereby notified not to negoti-
ate a Note purporting to be made by me in
favor of the "Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance
Company" for \$45 75 dated the 9th inst, as I
was entrapped into signing the same, and receiv-
ed no value.
EDWARD GIBSON.
St. Patrick, Charlotte Co., June 11, 1873.

ODELL & TURNER
HAVE RECEIVED FROM THE MANU-
FACTORY OF
Alfred Heywood, Riggallbottom, Smith & Co.
LONDON.
Per Steamship
"CASTALIA,"

12 BALES
CONTAINING
8,000 ROOLS
NEW STYLE
PAPER HANGINGS
FOR SALE
Wholesale & Retail.
May 1873.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.
Ottawa, July 18, 1873.
AUTHORIZED discount on AMERICAN IM-
PORTS until further notice: 14 per cent.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs, a.
July 29

Notice.
AT the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders
of the Bay of Fundy
RED GRANITE COMPANY,
held at St. George, N. B., on Tuesday, the 8th
July, 1873, the following persons were elected
Officers for the year 1873-4:
President,
JACOB S. BROWN.
Vice-President,
DODGAS WETHMORE.
Treasurer,
THOMAS BARRY.
Secretary,
CHARLES C. WARD.
Superintendent of Quarries,
GEORGE G. MCGILASHAN.
Agent for the Company in the United States,
JOHN M. MOFFITT.
Directors,
JACOB S. BROWN, New York,
JOHN M. MOFFITT, "
JOHN E. GREEN, "
THOMAS BARRY, St. George
GEORGE G. MCGILASHAN, "
DOUGLAS WETHMORE, "
CHARLES C. WARD, "
Bankers,
BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,
St. George, N. B., 9th July 1873.

Intercolonial Railway!
18 Summer Arrangement. 73.
COMMENCING ON
Monday, 26th May 1873.

No. 1.—(Through Passenger Express) will leave
Halifax at 7.30 a.m., and be due in St.
John at 8.30 p.m. This train will stop (be-
tween Halifax and Truro) only at Windsor
Junction and Shubenacadie; and (between
Painsec and St. John) only at Booking Sta-
tions, except where it may be necessary to
cross other trains or to put down passen-
gers who may have got on board at Pain-
sec and stations east and south of that place.
No. 2.—(Through Passenger Express) will leave
St. John at 8 a.m., and be due in Halifax at
8.50 p.m. This train will stop (between
St. John and Painsec) only at Hampton,
Sussex, Petitediac and Moncton; and (be-
tween Truro and Halifax) at Shubenacadie
and Windsor Junction, except where it may
be necessary to cross trains or to put down
passengers who may have got on board at
stations north and west of Truro.
No. 3 & 5.—(Picton Passenger Accommodation)
will leave Halifax at 6.15 a.m., and be due
at Picton at 12.15 p.m.
No. 4 & 6.—(Shediac Passenger Accommodation)
will leave St. John at 7 a.m., and be due
at Point du Chene at 12.45 p.m.
No. 7 & 9.—(Freight and Passenger Accommo-
dation) will leave Halifax at 11.30 a.m.
and be due at Picton at 8.15 p.m.
No. 8 & 10.—(Freight and Passenger Accommo-
dation) will leave St. John at 10.30 a.m.,
and be due at Point du Chene at 7.25
p.m.
No. 11.—(Truro Freight) will leave Halifax at
3.30 p.m., and be due at Truro at 9.10 p.
m.
No. 12.—(Passenger Accommodation) will leave
Painsec at 4.20 p.m., and be due at
Point du Chene at 5.00 p.m.
No. 13.—(Passenger Accommodation) will leave
Halifax at 5.5 p.m., and be due at Truro
at 6.15 p.m.
No. 14.—(Passenger Accommodation) will leave
St. John at 2.00 p.m., and be due at Ham-
pton at 3.0 p.m.
Nos. 15, 17, & 19.—W. & A. R., will leave Hal-
ifax for Windsor Junction at 5.00 and 8.55
a.m., and 3.00 p.m.
No. 16.—(Petitediac Freight) will leave St. John
at 2.45 p.m., and be due at Petitediac
at 8.00 p.m.
No. 18.—(Sussex Passenger Accommodation)
will leave St. John at 4.40 p.m., and be
due at Sussex at 6.40 p.m.
No. 20.—(Truro Passenger Accommodation) will
leave Truro at 6.00 a.m., and be due in
Halifax at 9.15 a.m.
No. 21.—(Sussex Passenger Accommodation) will
leave Sussex at 7.00 a.m., and be due at
St. John at 9.00 a.m.
No. 22.—(Truro Freight) will leave Truro at 6.15
a.m., and be due in Halifax at 1.20 p.m.
Nos. 23 & 25.—(Shediac Passenger Accommo-
dation) will leave Point du Chene at 6.00 a.
m., and be due in St. John at 12.00 noon.
Nos. 24 & 26.—(Freight and Passenger Accom-
modation) will leave Point du Chene at 6 a.m.,
and be due in Halifax at 2.35 p.m.
No. 27.—(Petitediac Freight) will leave Petitediac
7.00 a.m., and be due in St. John at
1.20 p.m.
No. 28 & 30.—(Picton Passenger Accommodation)
will leave Picton at 1.45 p.m., and be due
in Halifax at 7.30 p.m.
No. 29.—(Passenger Accommodation) will leave
Hampton at 5.15 p.m., and be due in St.
John at 6.55 p.m.
No. 31 & 33.—(Shediac Passenger and Freight
Accommodation) will leave Point du Chene
at 10.30 a.m., and be due in St. John, at
7.45 p.m.
No. 32 & 34 & 36.—W. & A. R. are due in Halifax
at 11.00 a.m., 6.45 p.m., and 3.25 p.m.
No. 35.—(Passenger Accommodation) will leave
Point du Chene at 3.20 p.m., and be
due at Painsec at 4.00 p.m.
No. 37 and 39.—(Truro and Moncton Freight
and Passenger Accommodation) will leave
Truro at 9.30 p.m., and be due at Mon-
cton at 8.10 a.m.
No. 38 and 40.—(Moncton and Truro Freight
and Passenger Accommodation) will leave
Moncton at 6.45 p.m., and be due at
Truro at 6 a.m.

Public Notice
Is hereby given that the following Non-Resi-
dent Properties in the Parish of St. George, have
been assessed as under for the years 1871
and 1872; and unless the amounts together with
the cost of advertising, &c., are paid within three
months from this date, the same will be sold ac-
cording to law:—
1871.
James Vernon, \$1.30
Gideon Vernon, 63
1872.
James Vernon, \$2.24
Gideon Vernon, 1.12
JAMES MORAN,
St. George, March 26, 1873. 3m Collector.

Government House, Ottawa.
Wednesday, 2d day of April, 1872.
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.
ON the recommendation of the Honorable the
Minister of Customs and under the provisions
of the 8th section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, in-
titled: "An Act respecting the Customs" His Ex-
cellency has been pleased to order, and it is here-
by ordered, that the Town of Lindsay, Ontario
be and the same is hereby constituted and erect-
ed into a Port of Entry and a Warehousing Port.
W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk, Privy Council.
apr 16

NOTICE.
ALL PERSONS indebted to me for goods pur-
chased from Jas. Bradley, out of my stock
and store are hereby notified to make immedi-
ate payment only to Patrick McUrath, my agent
at St. Andrews.
St. Andrews, June 24, 1873. S. SHERLOCK.

Watson House.
ST. STEPHEN.
The above first class Hotel has been reftt-
ed and is now open for the accommodation of tra-
sient and permanent boarders.
CHARGES REASONABLE and EVERY AT-
TION to guests.
W. RUDOLPH,
Proprietor.
May 12, 1873.

REMOVAL.
THE Subscriber respectfully announces to the
inhabitants of St. Andrews and vicinity,
that he has taken the store recently occupied by
the late A. D. Stevenson, corner of Water and
William Streets, and has removed his stock of
Groceries,
FLOUR,
PROVISIONS, &c.
into that more central position, where he is pre-
pared to furnish the residents of the town at as low
as his other customers articles of the first quality,
at reasonable prices.
He respectfully returns thanks for former pa-
tronage, and solicits a continuance. Having just
made large importations, he feels certain of giving
general satisfaction. Among the articles are the
following:
Flour, Beef, Pork,
Raisins, Currants,
Biscuit and Crackers,
Sugars of all kinds,
Confectionary.
Teas of various kinds,
Clothing of all kinds Hats & Caps,
Boots, Shoes, and Larrikins,
Buckets, Pails, Broom,
Canned Fruits in great variety,
and other articles too numerous to mention.

CROCKERY.
He has just opened crates and casks of Crok-
eryware, and is prepared to furnish
Dinner Sets, Tea and Breakfast Sets,
Cups and Saucers, Bowls, Mugs,
and all other articles in this line. No such stock
is to be found in the town, call and see for
yourselves.
WEATHER STRIPS
An article necessary for all houses in the winter
season especially. No house can be comfortable
without them.
Articles purchased at his store will be deliver-
ed free of charge, at any place within the limits
of the town plat.
He is Agent for the "Travellers Accident and
Life Insurance Company" of Hartford, and is
ready to take risks on life and accident.
Call and see for yourselves.
First quality articles—and reasonable prices.
Country Produce taken in exchange.
W. B. MORRIS.
St. Andrews, Oct. 9, 1872.

North British and Mercantile
Insurance Company,
OF LONDON & LONDON.
ESTABLISHED IN 1809.
FIRE & LIFE
PRESIDENT:
His Grace the Duke of Roxburgh, K. T.
VICE PRESIDENT:
His Grace the Duke of Sutherland, K. G.
His Grace the Duke of Abercorn, K. G.
Sir John L. M. Lawrence, Bart, G. C. B. & K. S.
CAPITAL - - 22,000,000 STERLING
(WITH LARGE ACCUMULATIONS.)
The Subscriber having been appointed Gen-
eral Agent for New Brunswick for the above Com-
pany, is now prepared to effect insurances on
reasonable terms.
HENRY JACK,
General Agent.
Aug. 9.
W. B. MORRIS Agent for St. Andrews and
vicinity.
Jan. 28

"PSYCHOMANCY,
OR
SOUL CHARMING."
How often we may find fault and grieve the love and affec-
tion of many persons they choose, instantly. This simple
mystical acquirement, all can possess, read by mail, for 25
cents, together with a Marriage Chart, Egyptian Oracle,
Mansions, Hints to Ladies, &c. A query, enclosing check
100,000 sent. Address: I. WILLIAM & CO., South Eighth
St., Philadelphia, Pa. mac 5 ly

\$100 to \$200 CLEARED PER MONTH
Best of chance now given men and women
to sell out, now New York, Canada and United
States and Wood County, together with
Petersburg and Boston.
Hole Cutter and Gutter.
Business which will pay
Headquarters. Publisher,
Jan 1 3m
D. L. GUERNSEY,
Canard, N. H.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Is hereby given, that the following Non-Resi-
dent Ratepayers of the Parish of Penfold, have be-
n assessed as under for the year 1872; and unless
the amounts, together with the cost of advertising
is paid within three months, the properties will be
sold according to law:—
Poor & County tax. Will land tax.
John G. Woodward, \$1.45. \$7.80. \$9.25.
Heirs estate Thos. Shaw, 1.13. 2.00. 3.13.
Isaac Woodward, 79. 79.
St. Andrews. **W. M. SHAW,**
Penfold, March 25 1873. 3m Collector.

FANCY'S LOOM.

Weave the bright thoughts to and fro,
Airy threads of wondrous glow;
Faster, faster, shuttle, fly
Through the air, and earth, and sky.

Weave a web of thought-work fine
Through the web of souls divine;
Soul of woman, soul of man,
Weave them by God's perfect plan.

Swiftly flies the shuttle through,
To and fro in heaven's view;
Fancy weaves her rainbow web,
Braiding in life's endless thread.

A tall Yankee, standing six feet three inches in his stockings, was suddenly attacked with symptoms of a fever. Having a violent pain in his head, his wife, to afford him relief was about to apply draughts to his feet, when he asked:

"Come here," shouted a man to an urchin who had evidently been misbehaving, shaking a rope she held in her hand, "come here till I give ye your back pay." The urchin didn't go. He didn't want to draw his back pay, evidently.

BANK OF

British North America.

Head Office—London, England.

CAPITAL

One Million Pounds Sterling,

(\$5,000,000.)

Five percent Interest ALLOWED ON SPECIAL DEPOSITS.

Drafts issued on St. John New York, Boston, Portland, also on Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia, Great Britain and Ireland, France, Australia, California and British Columbia.

Open in St. ANDREWS

Every Day from 10 a. m., till 3 p. m.

JAS. S. CARNEY,

AGENT, St. Andrews.

"A Complete Pictorial History of the Times."—"The best, cheapest, and most successful Family Paper in the Union"

Harper's Weekly.

Splendidly Illustrated.

NOTICES OF THE PRESS.

The WEEKLY is the ablest and most powerful illustrated periodical published in this country. Its editorials are scholarly and convincing, and carry much weight. Its illustrations of current events are full and fresh, and are prepared by our best designers. With a circulation of 150,000, the "Weekly" is read by at least half a million of persons, and its influence as an organ of opinion is simply tremendous. The "Weekly" maintains a positive position, and expresses decided views on political and social problems.—[Louisville Courier Journal.

SUBSCRIPTIONS—1873.

TERMS: HARPER'S WEEKLY, one year \$4 00. An Extra Copy of either the MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, or BAZAR will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at \$4 00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for \$20 00, without extra copy. Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, \$10 00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, \$7 00. Back Numbers can be supplied at any time. The Annual Volumes of Harper's Weekly, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for \$7 00 each. A complete set, comprising Sixteen Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of \$25 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser. The postage on Harper's Weekly is 20 cents a year, which must be paid at the subscriber's post-office address.

HARPER & BROTHERS, New York

READ THIS! All persons having leisure and wishing to increase their income, please send address prepaid to undersigned. Occupation easy and honorable, suited to all, and especially to Ladies. \$250 per day without risk or expense. L. BOSSE, Montreal.

TEA POTS.

JUST RECEIVED per steamer Millbank:—A large assortment of Tea-Pots and other Ware, CHINESE TEA-POTS, EGYPTIAN BLACK TEA-POTS, ROCKINGHAM TEA-POTS. For sale low by F. & J. A. WHITE, No. 10 Charlotte street, St. John.

Government House Ottawa Monday, 17th Feb., 1873. PRESENT,

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under the provisions of the 6th section of the Act 31 Vic., Chap. 6, intitled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the town of Stratford, in the County of Middlesex, Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and erected into an Out Port of Customs and placed under the survey of the Collector of Customs at the Port of London.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Clerk, Privy Council.

MAY 5

CONGOU TEA.

Ex "Trojan" from London. 60 Chests & Half Chests good Congou Tea.

J. W. STREET

MANCHESTER HOUSE,

1873.

ODELL & TURNER

Have received per Steamships

"POLYNESIAN," "MORAVIAN" and "SARMA-THIAN."

60 Bales and Cases

NEW

SPRING GOODS,

PERSONALLY SELECTED.

DRESS MATERIALS, SHAWLS.

Back Alpaccas,

CLOTHS,

COTTONS AND LINENS,

Prints, Muslins, Hosiery.

HATS, RIBBONS,

FLOWERS and FEATHERS.

CARPETS & RUGS,

Damask & Lace Curtains.

A WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

HATS & CAPS.

Wholesale and Retail.

Tenders Wanted.

\$5,000 Debentures issued on the credit of the TOWN OF ST. ANDREWS.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned until the 19th day of October, instant, for the purchase of the \$5000 Debentures issued on the credit of the Town of Saint Andrews, pursuant to the Act of Assembly 34 Victoria, chap. 39, intitled "An Act to authorize the Town of Saint Andrews to aid the Saint Andrews Hotel Company." These Debentures are—10 of them for \$100 each, 4 of them for \$200, 3 of them for \$400, and 4 of them for \$500; are dated 19th of Sept. 1871, bear interest from that date at six per cent payable 1st July and 1st January; are payable in twenty years, and are a first class investment. NEVILLE G. D. PARKER, Esq., Hon. Secy. St. Andrews Hotel, St. Andrews, 2nd Oct. 1872.

RAILROAD HOTEL,

ST. ANDREWS.

THE Subscriber returns his thanks to the public for the patronage extended to him since opening the Railroad Hotel. Having purchased the property from Mr. Edward Pheasant, he will CONTINUE THE BUSINESS,

and trusts by attention and efforts to please, to receive a continuance of that patronage so liberally extended to the establishment.

TRANSPORT and PERMANENT boarders provided with comfortable rooms on reasonable terms. Good STABLES—Experienced and reliable hostlers always on hand. Horses and Carriages to let.

COACHES in attendance on the arrival of Trains and Steamers

M. CLARKE, Proprietor.

St. Andrews, April 17, 1872

ROYAL HOTEL,

(FORMERLY STUBBS.)

Opposite Custom House and Public Office, PRINCE WILLIAM ST., ST. JOHN, N.B.

During the past winter this house has been thoroughly renovated and refurnished. It will be re-opened on 1st of May next.

Having secured the services of Mr. Charles Watts as Manager, the proprietor trusts that their united efforts for the comfort of their guests will give entire satisfaction.

Terms \$2.00 per day

June 12 THOMAS F. RAYMOND, Proprietor.

Why the Valve Jar is Superior to all Others for Preserving Fruit.

1. Because it is the only one in which the contents can be securely fastened, and cooked while thus fastened, without risk of an explosion.

2. It is the only one that is Automatically Sealed, therefore, the only Self-Sealing Jar in the market.

3. It is so simple that no skill is required to use it successfully.

4. It is securely fastened when placed in the kettle, and being immersed, the fragrance of the contents is confined in the Jar, a more perfect vacuum produced and the hardening of the hot jars entirely avoided.

5. It is well known that fruit Jars which are closed with rigid fastenings burst by fermentation, and the effect upon the closet and surrounding well understood by many housekeepers.

The Cover of the Valve Jar being a perfect safety valve makes an explosion impossible, and entirely obviates every difficulty that exists in other fastenings. For sale by F. & J. A. WHITE, 10 Charlotte st., St. John sep 10

REMOVAL.

W. H. WILLIAMSON, ever grateful for the kind support and patronage he has hitherto received, begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has removed his establishment to the store formerly occupied by Miss Irwin, corner of Water and Edward streets; where he will keep as usual.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Groceries,

Paints, Glass, Putty, and all the other contents commonly found in a Druggist Shop.

St. Andrews.

MADAM JUNCTION

EATING HOUSE,

S. W. DAVIS, PROPRIETOR.

Meals always ready on Arrival of Trains.

Jan. 10, 1872.

Insolvent Act of 1869.

In the matter of Moses Parks, an Insolvent. NOTICE is hereby given, that a meeting of the Creditors of the above named Insolvent, will be held at the office of Geo. McSorley, Esquire, a barrister at Law, St. George, Charlotte County, on Thursday the seventh day of November next, at the hour of ten of the clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of the removal of the present Assignee of said estate, and appointing another Assignee, and for the purpose of ordering of the affairs of the said Estate generally, pursuant to an order of James G. Stevens, J. C. C.

The Insolvent is hereby summoned to attend said meeting.

Dated at St. George, Province of New Brunswick, this 16th day of October, A. D. 1872.

JAMES MORAN, Assignee.

GEO. STEWART, Jr.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

Chemist and Druggist,

DEALER IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES, DYE WOODS AND STUFFS, SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS,

Toilet Requisites, Perfumery, Brushes, &c., 24 King Street, Saint John, N. B.

Orders from the Country promptly executed.

Ships' Medicine Chests Filled and Re-fitted

Particular attention given to the Preparation of Physicians' Prescriptions.

api 12 7-13

Plans of School Houses.

Education Office, Province of New Brunswick.

FREDERICTON, December 27th, 1872.

TRUSTEES OF SCHOOLS are hereby notified that the Plans of School Houses prepared of expenses to Districts needing them, on application to the Inspector of Schools for the county.

Also, that when the Trustees have selected one of the said Plans, a complete set of working drawings of the same may be procured without charge on application to the Chief Superintendent.

THEODORE H. RAND, Chief Superintendent of Education.

jan 11

STREET & STEVENSON,

Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors &c.

OFFICES—WATER STREET, ST. ANDREWS

G. F. STICKNEY,

WATCH MAKER & JEWELLER.

Has received a further supply of

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,

Chains, Rings, Brooches,

Lockets, Studs, Solitaires, Keys, &c.

Electroplated Britannia Metal and British Plate Wares,

Papier Machie, Parian, Spa, Wedgewood and Bohemian Goods

JET AND RUBBER GOODS.

CUTLERY, HARDWARE, EDGETOOLS

Toys, FANCY SOAP AND PERFUMERY,

Together with a general assortment of

House Furnishing & Fancy Goods

WEDDING RING—made to order.

July 19 41

St. Andrews Hotel Company.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Hotel Company, held on the 16th instant, W. B. MORRIS was appointed Secretary.

R. ROBINSON, President.

St. Andrews, Oct 24 1872.

Copartnership.

The Subscribers have this day entered into Professional Copartnership, under the style and firm of

Street & Stevenson.

GEO. D. STREET, B. R. STEVENSON.

St. Andrews, June 1, 1872.

RAISINS.

100 Boxes Layer Raisins.

25 Bbls. Dried Apples, very nice. For sale,

—O—

GRANULATED SUGAR.

35 Bbls. Boston Granulated Sugar. In Bond or Duty paid,

—O—

Vacuum Pan Sugar.

53 Bbls. Demerara Vacuum Pan Sugar, choice quality, just received and for sale at lowest market rates, in Bond or Duty paid.

TODD, CLEWLEY & CO.,

St. Stephen.

JOHN MCCOULL,

GENERAL AGENT.

Commission Merchant,

AND AUCTIONEER.

St. George, N. B.

REFERENCES: Hon. B. R. Stevenson, Sur. General, W. Whitlock, Esq., St. Andrews; Jas. A. Moran, and Abm. Young, Esqrs. St. George; Chas. F. Clinch, Esq., St. John; J. Murrie, and David Main, Esqs., St. Stephen.

MOLASSES.

Ex Schr. "Emma" from Cienfuegos direct.

21 Hbls. } BRIGHT CIE-FUEGOS MOLASSES.

19 Tierces. } do

16 Bbls. } do

The above is a very choice Cargo and will be sold at lowest market rates, in bond or duty paid.

TODD, CLEWLEY & CO. St. Stephen.

April 1871.

GIN, WINE, TEA, &c.

Ex "Choice" from London.

40 Hbls. } Best Pale Geneva.

30 qr Casks } do

200 Cases } do

30 Chests } Congou Tea.

20 Half } do

10 Bbls Refined Crushed Sugar

5 do London Brown Stout & Pale Ale.

20 qr Casks } Pale Sherry.

73 Hbls. } do

31 Ton "Brandram Bros" Best White Lead

4 Hbls. } do Boiled and Raw

4 qr Casks } Linseed Oil.

J. W. STREET.

The Standard.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY BY

At his Office, Water Street Saint Andrews, N. B.

TERMS

\$2 50 per Annum—if paid in advance.

\$3 If not paid till the end of the year.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Inserted according to written order or continued till forbid, if no written directions.

First insertion of twelve lines and under, 80 cts

Each repetition of do do 20 cts

First insertion of all over 12 lines 8 cents per line

Each repetition of do 2 cts per line

Advertising by the year as may be agreed on.

All letters addressed to this office must be post paid.

HATS & CAPS

IN LARGE VARIETY.

Comprising—the Oxford, Dolly Varden, Duke Alexis and many other styles to numerous to mention. Also—the Mourning Shako e Paper Collar, unrivalled for its perfect fit and durability, together with a full line of Gents. Furnishing Goods.

Chignons, Curls, Switches in Jute and Linen, Bustles, Hoop Skirts and small wares. Ladies Gents, and childrens BOOTS & SHOES, workt

SLEPPERS and OTTAMANS.

FLANNELS, in White and colored, plain, striped and checked. Cottons—in bleached and unbleached. Harack & Miller's White Cottons, Brown ditto, Tickings, &c.

As my motto is "Small Profits and quick Sales," the above stock shall be sold at the lowest living advance on cost.

Remember the store on the corner of Water and King Streets, and opposite H. O'Neill's Market House.

N. B.—Orders taken for the elegant "Davis Sewing Machine," which has been so celebrated in the United States, a sample of which can be seen at the store. For price and conditions enquire of the subscriber.

JAMES BRADLEY,

St. Andrews.

NOTICE.

IN consequence of a serious accident occurring by persons leaving obstructions on the streets and side walks; the public are hereby notified, that all or any person leaving rubbish or other material on the streets or side walks in this town, will be prosecuted on the penalty according to Law.

Dated Saint Andrews 20th Nov., 1872. THOMAS BIPWELL, Commissioner District No. 1.

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS hereby Given, that the following Non-Resident Property in the Parish of St. George, has been assessed as under for the year 1872, and unless the amount, together with the cost of advertising &c., is paid within three months from the date, the same will be sold according to law:— Benjamin Hanson Property \$340. RONALD CAMPBELL, Collector, St. George, Sept. 28, 1872.

SEWING MACHINES.

WHAT EVERY FAMILY SHOULD HAVE One of the original Weed Sewing Machines. These celebrated Machines are now on the Subscriber's, where the public are invited to examine and test for themselves.

JAMES STOOP, Agent.

Jan 16.

Valuable Farm for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale his Property at Bocebec, which commands a splendid view of Passamaquoddy Bay, the Islands and surrounding country. The place is pleasant, situated, bounded by the shore of the Bay, the main John Road runs through it, rendering it a most desirable country residence and farm, in a pleasant neighborhood, within six miles of the town of St. Andrews. The farm contains 100 Acres, forty of which are under cultivation; cuts 25 tons of hay, has good pasture, is well watered and thoroughly fenced; on the premises are a comfortable dwelling house, with two large barns and outhouses.

The property will be sold with or without the crop. For further particulars, apply at the STANDARD OFFICE, or to

JAMES ORR, JR., on the premises.