

# The Weekly Monitor

AND

## Western Annapolis Sentinel

VOL. 42

BRIDGETOWN, ANNAPOLIS COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA, JANUARY 6, 1914

NO 39

Delicious **MORSE'S** Pure  
Standard  
**TEA**  
India & Ceylon  
Give you their best in  
**MORSE'S**  
**TEA**  
We select it—blend it and  
pack it in air-tight packets.  
Fresh from plantation to table.

### Report of Mr. P. F. Lawson on Condition in Belgium

The following report to Arthur S. Barnstead, Secretary of the Belgian Relief Committee, Halifax, from P. F. Lawson, who went as a Nova Scotia representative in the "Tremorvah" taking relief supplies to Belgium, is released for publication:

I wish I could expressively convey to you and through you to the people of Nova Scotia the gratitude I heard and saw expressed when the Tremorvah reached the European continent. I consider it a high privilege to be able to tell the people of Nova Scotia that their gifts are reaching the people for whom they were intended and that this little Province has done much toward saving the Belgian lives, giving comfort to Belgian soldiers and dispelling the almost hopeless gloom that hangs over homeless families.

I sailed from Halifax on October 29th on board the first Belgian Relief ship to cross the Atlantic, the "S. S. Tremorvah." Returning I reached Halifax on the morning of December 19th on the Allan liner, "S. S. Carthaginian." A many pagged book could be written on the experiences of the intervening weeks but in this letter I merely want to state a few outstanding facts which might stimulate anew the generosity of Nova Scotians towards the Belgians for, the need is great and as Britons our debt is also great.

The arrogant Prussians advanced on Belgium and the able-bodied men left their families and took their place in the firing line. The old men, the women and children were left in the humble homes. Belgium was a nation of humble homes. On came the Germans in thousands, hundreds of thousands, millions. The story of Liege has taken a place in history but Liege stood as a place since while the awful horde rolled on and over the country. Bravely the Belgian army fought and here and there amongst the civilians' pistol and rifle tried to stop the ruthless invaders. It was contrary to the rules of war but we should honor them for it. "What business had the civilians to shoot?" asked Germany. The best reply is another question: "What business had the Germans in Belgium?"

From German headquarters came the order to wreak revenge on every town or village showing any resistance and the order was to the liking of an army trained as were the Germans. From afar the German artillery wrecked mansion and cottage, sparing none, while on their raids the Uhlans and the infantry resorted to the most shocking brutality. I have seen handless children, I have talked with wounded Britishers who arrived too late to prevent women from being slaughtered and disembowelled. I have listened to tales of the fiendish actions of the German soldiery and I have seen babes born since the war began whose fathers were not slain on the field of battle but were murdered by the invading assassins.

And now we have nearly seven million Belgians dependent on the people of this continent, Canada and the United States can supply the food to keep away starvation and clothing to protect from winter's chill. On Canada the responsibility is great, for Belgium is our

ally. Without the assistance of the United States, however, our help would avail but little. We would not be in a position to place the help where it is most needed.

The Relief Commission to whom the cargo of the Tremorvah was consigned is practically a United States organization and some of the best business brains of that country are directing the work. The commission proposes to put into Belgium eighty thousand tons of food stuffs each month and not one pound of this food is to go down a German throat. I had the privilege of seeing the agreement entered into with the Germans and while events have shown how lightly the land of the Kaiser regards a "scrap of paper," yet it is certain that Germany is most anxious not to antagonize the United States. If one lighter load of one carload of relief goods is requisitioned by the German military authorities it would be practically a declaration of war on Uncle Sam.

The Tremorvah, the Dorie, the Calcutta have been practical expressions of our appreciation of the Belgian stand. The Tremogios, I understand, is now being loaded. Nova Scotians have done, and are doing, nobly and well. They would do even better could they fully appreciate the great need.

"Just who furnished this cargo?" was asked me by a member of the Belgian Chamber of Deputies, as we deck during the unloading. "I stood talking on the Tremorvah's deck," said I in reply, "if you could find a single home in Nova Scotia, no matter how humble, that did not in some way contribute a share." Impulsively he exclaimed: "N'est-il pas magnifique?" Certainly it was a magnificent revelation of the big heartedness of our people and it was with no small amount of pride in Nova Scotia that I told him our cargo was but a beginning.

I shall be pleased to answer any letters of enquiry from any part of Nova Scotia and I have already agreed to give a talk before the various organizations interested in Belgian Relief. I hope to see our people continue the good work even after the Tremogios is loaded and away for there are millions to be fed and clothed and even if the Germans who have overrun Belgium were willing to help they are not able to do so. Let us then do our utmost for the little country on which is being staged the world's greatest war.

P. F. LAWSON.  
Beverly, Dec. 21, 1914.

### Annual Meeting of the Alert Bible Class.

Tuesday, December 29, 1914. "The Alert" Union Adult Bible Class of Upper Granville, held their annual social and business meeting at the home of the president, John Harris. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:—  
President—John Harris  
Vice-President—Gordon Phinney  
Secretary and Treasurer—Laura B. Phinney  
Social Committee—Mrs. Alex. Fraser, Miss Cora Parker, Mrs. F. W. Harris, Mr. Hubert Bent, Mrs. W. Woodward.  
Sick Committee—Mr. Crowell, Mr. Horton, Mrs. R. L. Woodward, Miss Genie Troop, Mrs. Abner Troop. A very pleasant evening was spent. A collection of four dollars and sixteen cents was received for the Belgian Relief Fund.

Laura B. Phinney,  
Secretary-Treasurer.

## THE WEEK'S WAR NEWS

### Situation on the Yser Better Than at Any Time Since the War Began

LONDON, Jan. 4.—The Times correspondent in Northern France telegraphs:

"The fighting on the Yser again has been in the last day or two mainly into artillery duels. The Germans have lost a certain amount of ground at Nieport and St. Georges and to the South of Dixmude and have been expressing their discontent by shelling everything within range.

"The situation on the Yser is better than it has been, since the battle began. The French and Belgians are progressing excellently at St. Georges. At Dixmude the Germans are held off on the farther side of the town and their hold there is counter balanced by the secure position, which the Belgians won on the Eastern bank of the Canal, just to the South of Dixmude, and their hold on this bridge head will become more and more valuable.

"The French have been fighting desperately toward the South under the most trying conditions for weeks. The tale told by men returning from that part of the front never varies. There is always the same story of hours spent in trenches full of water, fierce charges under withering fire, of sergeants laid to German supporting points, in isolated places, or on a few yards of rising ground. Progress is made only step by step, but if gradual it is actual and as pressure continues to be exercised elsewhere it will go faster."

NAIROBI, British East Africa, via London, Jan. 4 (11.17 p. m.)—The British battleship Goliath and light cruiser Fox have carried out a successful operations against Dar-Es-Salaam, Capital of German East Africa. The warships bombarded the town, inflicting considerable damage. All the German vessels in the harbor were disabled. Fourteen Europeans and twenty natives were taken prisoners. The British losses were one killed and twelve wounded.

Dar-Es-Salaam, the best built town on the coast of German East Africa, is a military station, with an excellent harbor, situated forty miles south of Zanzibar. It is the terminus of an important caravan route, the residence of a Governor, and has large commercial interests. The white population in 1909 was estimated at 1,000; the total population at more than twenty thousand.

### WAR BRIEFS

The Duchess of Connaught has sent a box of maple sugar, as a Christmas gift, to every Officer and man of the Canadian Contingent at Salisbury Plains, also to the Royal Canadian Regiment now at Bermuda, and to the crews of the Royal Canadian navy on the Atlantic and Pacific Coasts.

The third steamer with supplies for the Belgians left Halifax last week. Her name is Calcutta. She was loaded chiefly from Ontario and the West, but had goods from Nova Scotia to the value of \$8,500. A pig was sold at Reading, England, for the benefit of the Belgian Relief Fund and brought 625 dollars.

A rush of recruiting followed the dastardly work of the German raiders on the Eastern towns of England.

In Russia food is cheaper since the war began than before, the result of inability to export as much as usual.

Most of the cables connecting Germany with other nations have been cut or interrupted, thus isolating Germany from the neutral nations.

Some German women were so eager to cut buttons from the British prisoners at Essen, and so determined to persist when they had been reprimanded that they were sent to the military prison and compelled to peel potatoes.

Despite the presence of German cruisers on the oceans East and West, not one soldier of the thousands transported to the war from Algeria, Tunis, Morocco, East Africa or elsewhere, has been captured, so efficient has been the work of the allied navies.

It is announced in Constantinople that a German Field Marshal has been appointed military Commander of Constantinople and acting Minister of war, and a German Admiral has taken over the Ministry of Marine.

Premier Asquith has appointed a strong Committee to inquire into the breaches of the laws of war charged against Germany.

As a proof that Germany had an eye on Switzerland as well as Belgium, stamps have been found with "Schweiz" marked across them. The German casualties in the war are now admitted to be 1,200,000. Of these one million are Prussian and Bavarian, the remainder chiefly from Saxony.

Mr. Lloyd George says Great Britain has at present 2,000,000 under arm, and in addition to the enormous increase of funds from the new income tax, a new loan of \$2,000,000,000 is being turned into the war treasury.

An examination of the German and Austrian casualty list shows that the average daily loss during the past four months has been about 20,000.

A German lieutenant says that when an officer enters a room, he does not say, "Good day," but, "God punish English," to which the response is, "May he punish her." "O, it does German cars good to hear it."

In the rush to get away from the German bombs two men fell over each other, one sitting directly on the bomb. It exploded: when the smoke cleared away it was discovered that this man had received very slight injury, but that his trousers were torn to shreds, at which all his companions laughed.

An infantry officer walked up to a German trench and found all the occupants asleep. As a memento of his visit, he carried off a bayonet. It is believed that Germany has been trying to stir up trouble between Finland and Russia, and between China and Japan, in its own interest.

A Colonel of Artillery says, "The thing that strikes one most about here (the war zone) is the calm way the country folks are taking their troubles. They are all housing refugees and feeding them and helping us in every way."

A table has been compiled of injuries inflicted on Belgium by Germans during the first 82 days of the war. It totals over \$1,000,000,000. This has since been much increased.

Another interned German wrote to his sister in Wurtenburg. After writing with the usual ink, he violated orders by adding in invisible ink. This was discovered, and he was sentenced to hard labor for two months.

## Monitor's Belgian Relief

Last week we intimated that the Monitor Belgian Relief Fund should reach the \$500.00 mark by Jan. 1st. Well January 1st came without a hitch, but the amount we aimed at is still on the way. However we are optimists, and we believe that contributions will come along with the first month of this New Year, until that \$500.00 is doubled. We have confidence in the generosity of the good people of Bridgetown, and the neighboring towns and villages, and we feel sure that they will do the right thing by those suffering Belgians. The trouble is that we have not yet become fully awake to their great need, and our obligation to meet it. Let us give this matter more serious thought, and although it may be somewhat disturbing to our comfort, try to picture to ourselves the condition of those we are asked to help.

Theodore Waters of the Christian Herald Relief Fund, writes to his paper from Belgium. "In Antwerp I saw over one thousand poorly clad women, some in bedroom slippers, standing shivering in the snow and slush, waiting for food to be doled out to them, and this under the shadow of a big hotel where well fed, well clad soldiers (German) drank and made merry. In Mallores, under the shadow of the Cathedral, its walls caved in, its old stained glass windows now but ragged remnants of a beauty that can never be replaced. I saw men, women and children gazing dismally at the ruins of houses that once were theirs; poor people who begged something to eat of us as we passed. On the road to Brussels we passed thousands of refugees tramping dejectedly along, weary and forlorn, returning to villages and towns where there is not food enough to sustain the people already there.

"In Brussels we saw women holding babies snuggled to their necks, standing on cold street corners begging a centime for food. We visited the distributing stations, and saw the food sent over from America being handed out in all too meager rations. They came in droves, these people from all directions, and the clatter of their sabots on the pavements was a sad accompaniment to their sadder thoughts, for none spoke except to murmur thanks as each portion was handed out."

Here is a statement of the condition of the Belgian refugees in Holland, from the report of an United States naval officer, who personally investigated them:

"A large near Rotterdam contained about 400 men, women and children. At Dordrecht a long low building contained 700 men, women and children. At Bergen op Zoom a camp of tents held 3000. There was no heat in some of these. The barges are long iron lighters, and the people are stowed in the holds. There is no heat, the hatches leak, and the place is constantly damp from the leakage and from the sweating of the iron hull. There are neither windows nor skylights, and one kerosene lamp lights each hold, which is otherwise dark day and night. Wooden bunks in two tiers are in each hold, and tables are roughly constructed. There was not sufficient straw to cover the boards of the bunks. The place was therefore in a state highly dangerous to health, and the people suffered intense misery with the thermometer standing several degrees below the freezing point. Little children were constantly damp and their feet wet. There was no fire to dry them."

Send in your contributions this week, and thus do what you can to meet this most tragic catastrophe of the ages, a people turned out of home and country to starve and perish.

Previously acknowledged.....	\$282.30
Daniel Murtha, Bridgetown.....	1.00
A friend.....	1.50
Fred E. Rath.....	5.00
Alert Union Adult Bible Class, Upper Granville.....	4.16
Arminson Mitchell and family, Hampton.....	2.50
Mrs. Edw. Daniels, Lawrencetown.....	3.00
Mr. and Mrs. Herbert W. Bent, Belleisle.....	4.00
Stanley W. Bent, Belleisle.....	1.00
E. Elroy Bent, Belleisle.....	1.00
Proceeds of tea held by the Red Cross Society, Paradise.....	12.00

Proceeds of Concert held under the auspices of Red Cross Society, Paradise.....	24.12
Mrs. Logan, Paradise.....	4.00
Mrs. H. W. Longley's S. S. Class, Paradise.....	2.60
Mrs. Harry Longley's S. S. Class, Paradise.....	1.60
Mrs. L. W. Bishop's S. S. Class, Paradise.....	1.50
Mrs. J. H. Ray, Granville.....	5.00
Ios. Mitchell, Hampton.....	5.00

### Meeting of Annapolis County Farmers' Association.

The Fourteenth Annual Meeting of The Annapolis County Farmers' Association was held at Paradise on Monday the 28th inst. The President, Robie S. Leonard, read his address which was very interesting and accurate resume of past years from a farmer's standpoint. The Secretary presented the report of the work of the Association.

The number of members for the past 127. Amount of Receipts and expenditures about \$75.00 each. Number of Institute meeting 21. Speaker, W. H. Woodworth and L. D. Robinson. Financial statements read and approved. The list of directors was revised. Officers for the ensuing year were elected, viz— R. J. Messenger, Lawrencetown, President; S. A. Patterson, Wilmot, Vice-President; L. W. Elliott, Clarence, Secy-Treasurer.

At the Evening Session, Dr. C. B. Simms, V. S., read a very excellent address, and G. E. Sanders of the entomological station a very instructive talk on the enemies of our fruit and the remedies.

L. W. ELLIOT, SECY.

### Fire at Albany.

We are sorry to report the loss by fire of the house of Miss Carrie MacKeown of Albany, on Dec. 21st, at 2 A. M. The house was totally destroyed with all its contents, Miss MacKeown was also badly burned and is now under the care of the Doctor at the home of her sister, Mrs. Borden, in Bridgetown. A gentleman, Mr. B. McGuinness, who was boarding with Miss MacKeown, was also a victim of the fire and lost all he possessed.

Miss MacKeown and Mr. McGuinness, also Mrs. Borden, wish to thank their friends in Albany for their kind hospitality and care of them after the fire. All are now at the home of Mrs. C. B. Borden, Bridgetown.

There is a small sized epidemic of cerebro spinal meningitis among the Canadian troops at Salisbury Plains. Seven deaths have been reported.

### Masonic "At Home."

One of the most enjoyable and successful social functions of the holiday season was the "At Home" given by Rothsay-Lodge, A. F. and A. M., on Thursday evening, Dec. 31. Under ordinary circumstances the brethren of the "square and compass" practice the mysteries of their profession quite apart from the presence of their ladies fair.

But on this occasion, the inspiration of their presence was sought, and a large number of Masons accompanied by their wives and lady friends assembled in the beautiful and well appointed Lodge room, and proceeded to demonstrate how good and pleasant a thing it is for brethren and sisters to dwell together in unity. After a brief period of informal intercourse, a splendid program was rendered, consisting of music by the orchestra, solos by Mrs. H. Ruggles, Miss M. Dearness and Messrs. H. B. Hicks, and F. R. Beckwith, and readings

## Royal Bank of Canada

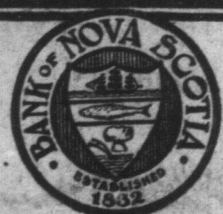
INCORPORATED 1869.  
Capital Paid up - - - - - \$11,560,000  
Reserve Funds - - - - - 13,575,000

Bank Money Orders A safe and economical method of remitting SMALL amounts.

Rates: \$5 and under.....3c  
Over \$5, not exceeding \$10.....5c  
Over \$10, not exceeding \$50.....10c  
Over \$50, not exceeding \$500.....15c

Payable without charge in Canada (Yukon excepted) and Nfld. at any bank—in U. S. A. at all principal cities—and in Great Britain and Ireland at over 500 points.

A. F. LITTLE MANAGER, Bridgetown.  
F. G. PALFREY MANAGER, Lawrencetown.  
E. B. McDANIEL MANAGER, Annapolis Royal.



### For Eighty-two Years

we have been serving the public. If experience has taught you the need for care in the choice of a depository for your money, our record should appeal to you. Our depositors are exceptionally well protected by our strong surplus (183% of Capital) and by our large holdings of Cash Reserves. Our Annual Statements have been submitted to independent outside audit since 1906.

### The Bank of Nova Scotia

Capital - - - - - \$ 5,000,000  
Surplus - - - - - 21,000,000  
Total Resources - - - - - 26,000,000

BRIDGETOWN BRANCH  
J. S. Lewis, Manager

by Rev. A. R. Reynolds and Mrs. A. R. Reynolds. Each number was enthusiastically received, and was in every way worthy of its reception. W. M. F. R. Beckwith who was master of the ceremonies, is to be congratulated on securing such charming talent, and preparing a program without one dull or even merely ordinary number on it.

An item of the program in which all took part most heartily, was the repeat, in every way worthy of the occasion.

After brief addresses by Capt. J. W. Salter and Mr. F. R. Beckwith, "Auld Lang Syne" and the National Anthem were sung, and the gathering dispersed. Among those present from out of town was that veteran Mason, Mr. John Hall of Lawrencetown, and Mrs. Hall.

### Belgian Relief Fund

The treasurer of the local Committee (Rev. E. Underwood) hands us the following:—

Previously acknowledged.....	\$263.73
'A Friend', Belleisle.....	1.00
Mr. Ernest R. Wade Granville Centre.....	5.00
Mrs. Frank Bent, Belleisle.....	5.00
Young's Cove, Pie Social, per Mr. Bernard White.....	25.00
Miss. Enos Munroe, Young's Cove.....	1.00

\$300.73

Are you fully informed on the pre-cooling of fruit, on Orchard heating as a protection against spring frosts, or Apiculture? Do you know what competition you are likely to meet ten years from now in selling your apple crop? Do you even know all you want to know about spraying and fertilizing your orchards, or of the profits in small fruits? If you cannot answer all these questions in the affirmative you are missing something if you do not attend the Fruit Growers' Meetings at Middle-

**900 DROPS**  
**CASTORIA**  
For Infants and Children.  
Mothers Know That  
Genuine Castoria  
Always  
Bears the  
Signature  
of  
*Dr. J. C. Hutchins.*  
In  
Use  
For Over  
Thirty Years  
**CASTORIA**

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

**Valley Planing Mills**

Building Material, Finish  
Door, Sash and Mouldings

**A. W. ALLEN & SON**  
MIDDLETON, Annapolis Co., N. S.

**The Excelsior Life Insurance Co.**  
TORONTO

OFFERS  
Perfect Protection  
Good Investment  
Absolute Security

**CAPT. S. M. BEARDSLEY, Wolfville, N. S.**  
Provincial Manager

**1914 Fox Dividends**

The Rayner International Fur Co. Ltd. paid, on October 1st \$125,000.00 in dividends. Will pay \$125,000.00 November 20th, 1914, making 40%.

The Rayner-Stonehurst Silver Fox Co. Ltd., has paid its 1914 dividend of 200%

The Rayner, Clark & Harlow Black Fox Co. Ltd., has paid its 1914 dividend of 20%

The B. I. Rayner Silver Fox Co. West Gore, Ltd., will pay its dividend October 27, 1914, 105%

I offer to investors a part of the stock of  
**Rayner Silver Black Fur Company, Limited**  
First dividend due November 1915 at par value \$100 per share. This opportunity will not be open long.  
Address inquiries and subscriptions to  
**CHAS. L. CHIPMAN**  
Bridgetown, Nova Scotia  
Travelling Salesman, Harry Strong

**Middleton**  
Jan. 4th.

Miss Nettie Baltzer left on Saturday for her school in Yarmouth.

Mr. N. F. Marshall left on Saturday for Chicago to spend the winter.

Miss Adelaide Baltzer returned to Truro on Monday to begin her school duties.

Andrew, son of (Rev. W. S. H. Morris) has received a promotion—is now staff sergeant.

We have been informed that Mr. P. St. C. Elliott has been elected Mayor of Watrous, Sask.

Mr. Hallie Beaton of P. E. I., is in town. His many friends were glad to see him back again.

Mrs. J. W. Hoyt and daughter spent New Year's Day with her daughter, Mrs. MacDaniel.

Misses Amy Cox, Bernice Banley and Rhodes Cox are spending a few days at Hantsport and Avonport.

Mrs. W. G. Parsons is spending a few days at Mahone Bay the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. West-Meyer.

Miss Mary Read of Digby, who has been the guest of her friend, Miss Madeline Fisher, returned home on Saturday.

Miss Elsie Thomas, of the News Office, Truro, is spending a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas.

One of our fair young ladies, Miss Mabel Dodge, was united in holy wedlock to Mr. Vaughn Baker on Monday last. They left on Tuesday for Ontario, where Mr. Baker is engaged to teach in the public school. We wish them success.

**MARGARETVILLE**  
Jan. 4th.

We wish the Editor and staff a Happy New Year.

Mr. M. C. Munroe spent a few days with his family last week.

Miss Emma Stronach returned from a visit to Halifax on Friday.

Mrs. Gertrude Harris left on Tuesday to spend a few months with friends in Boston.

Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Tufts, of Wolfville, visited Mr. and Mrs. Allison Smith recently.

Miss Georgie Balcom, of Acadia Seminary, and Miss Annie McLean, of Mt. Allison College, are spending their vacation with their parents in this place.

Our teacher, Miss Haidee McMurry, of North Kingston, and Miss Mildred McMurry, of Ohio, who have been visiting at their homes have returned to their schools.

On Friday evening the ladies of the True Blue Lodge gave a supper. A special invitation was given the Organists and their wives and a very pleasant evening was spent.

The Fortnightly Club held a reception in Orange Hall on Thursday evening, Dec. 31st. Mr. and Mrs. Gage received. Between the topics a programme was rendered as follows:  
Reading—Miss McMurry  
Solo—Miss Balcom.  
Reading—Mrs. C. E. Balcom.  
Solo—Mr. Claude Balcom.

The introducing committee were Miss Ethel Gibson and Mr. C. D. Baker.

**MELVERN SQUARE**  
Jan. 4th.

Miss Webster was the guest of Mrs. E. E. Phinney over Sunday.

Miss Holland, of Aylesford, was the week-end guest of Lt.-Col. and Mrs. E. F. McNeil.

Mrs. W. H. Martin and family spent Christmas week with friends at Williamston.

Miss Almada Jackson spent New Year's Day with her cousin, Mrs. W. H. Martin and family.

Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Bustin were recent guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. W. MacNeil.

Mr. Leonard Goucher, of Halifax, spent a few days recently with his family in Melvern Square.

The Misses Georgie and Ruby Van Buskirk visited friends in Brooklyn, Annapolis County during last week.

Mr. and Mrs. St. Clair Hatt, and Bridgetown, were recent guests of the latter's mother, Mrs. Mary W. Gates.

Miss Lillah Goucher leaves today (Monday) for a few weeks' visit in Halifax, before returning to Digby for the winter.

Mr. James Martin and daughter Annie, spent Christmas Day at the home of Mr. and Mrs. B. R. Morse, of Kingston.

Walter Margeson, of Hyde Park, Mass., was a recent guest of his aunt, Mrs. Elsworth Gates, at her pleasant home near the "Vault."

Mr. and Mrs. St. Clair Hatt, and little daughter, Lillian, spent New Year's Day at the home of Mrs. Hatt's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Elijah Dommens.

Owing to the busy season, no doubt the attendance at the Red Cross Society on Thursday last, was somewhat small, but a good attendance is expected next week.

A few days good skating has been thoroughly enjoyed by the boys and girls of this vicinity, the bright moonlight evenings lending a special charm to the exhilarating sport.

Mrs. Morrison (nee Laura Chute) who has been spending a few weeks at the home of her parents, leaves this week for her home in Manitoba accompanied by her two children.

Mr. H. L. Bustin left on Saturday for Truro, where he is engaged in teaching. Mrs. Bustin remaining in Melvern until about the 18, when she will return to Truro for the winter.

Miss Hattie Spurr, who has been spending the Christmas holidays at her home here, returned to Boston on Saturday last to resume her work at the Gordon Training School.

Miss Stevens, of Freeport, was the New Year's guest at the home of Lt.-Col. and Mrs. E. F. McNeil. She left for Bedford, on Monday, where she is engaged as teacher in that place.

Another year has gone from us, forever, and a new one begun. Little did we think when the bright New Year of 1914 dawned upon us, that before its close we would see that bloodiest and most cruel war the world has ever known, but so it is!

The Young People's Society held a social and entertainment at the Parsonage on Wednesday evening, last, which was much enjoyed by all present, the Rev. A. E. Wheeler and his good lady, as usual doing their part toward giving the young people a good time in their pleasant home.

**FALKLAND RIDGE**  
Jan. 4th.

The young people are enjoying the skating and moonlight evenings this week.

Congratulations to Mr. and Mrs. Harlan Swallow on the birth of a daughter.

Mr. A. A. Bligh, of Brooklyn Corner, spent Jan. 1st, the guest of R. Swallow.

Mrs. F. F. Mason spent a few days of this week with friends in East Dalhousie.

Mr. George Freeman, of Middleton, spent the week-end with his sister, Mrs. W. L. Sproule.

Deacon C. R. Marshall is spending a few days in Halifax, the guest of his brother, G. R. Marshall.

We are glad to report W. L. Sproule gaining in health again. We are sorry to report Mrs. Emerson Wagner on the sick list.

The members of the congregation presented their pastor, Rev. M. W. Brown, with a sum of money on Sunday evening.

A side car attachment for ordinary bicycles for carrying packages has been invented.

Minard's Liniment for sale every where.

**Lawrencetown**  
Jan. 4th.

Rev. Mr. Jones is spending a few days in town, a guest of Mrs. Paley.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Balcom returned to their home in Trenton on Saturday last.

Services for Sunday, January 16th, Baptist 11 a. m.; Episcopal 3 p. m.; Methodist 7.30.

Mr. Robert Blauvelt, of Kings College, Windsor, is the guest of Mrs. Kenneth Bishop.

The week of Prayer will be held alternately in the Methodist and Baptist Churches.

The teachers and pupils have returned to their respective schools to resume work on Monday.

The W. M. A. S. meets with Mrs. H. G. Mellick at the parsonage on Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. Barteaux, of Round Hill, have been spending a few days visiting Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Jefferson.

A number of friends celebrated Mrs. Heber Boland's birthday by making her a surprise party last Wednesday evening.

A number of the young people have been enjoying the holidays by giving parties, skating and various other amusements.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie McLeod, of Calgary, Alberta, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. William Prince and other relatives and friends.

Evans Jefferson, of Kings College, and his sister, Miss Grace Jefferson, of Mount Allison College are spending the holidays at home.

The Lawrencetown Branch of the Red Cross Society meets at the home of Mrs. H. H. Whitman on Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

**Our Canada**

Have faith in glorious Canada;  
How grand has been her past!  
How boundless are her treasure stores!  
Her boundaries, how vast!

Refrain  
My heart has faith in Canada,  
The land where all are free;  
No land can be like Canada;  
Oh, Canada for me.

Time more and more advancement brings  
With every circling year;  
And all her broadening future shines  
With more than gold in cheer.

No tyrant power with iron will  
Holds thousands in its thrall;  
Here justice reigns, and righteous laws  
Give equal right to all.

Here toil receives its recompense,  
And skill its just reward;  
Here youth and age their homage pay  
To man's redeeming Lord.

Her heart is true to all that's good;  
Her fame is known afar;  
In all her homes abundance dwells;  
How blessed her children are!

Her sons are brave, and true and strong,  
As all the world can see;  
Her daughters fair, with graces rare,  
Are all that queens should be.

To stand on grand old England's side,  
Her joy and pride shall be;  
One in the fight for God and right,  
And on in victory.

PASTOR J. CLARK,  
Selma, Hants County, N. S.

**Retrospect**

**After Two Years' Experience**

with the "No Credit System" we are fully convinced it is the ideal method of doing business.

We introduced the system with some fears of success, but upon examination of our sales book we are well satisfied with results, and we take this opportunity of extending our sincere thanks to all of our old customers who have stood by us, as well as to our many new ones.

When we closed our books two years ago, we had quite a large amount owing to us. A large amount of this is still standing on our books. The time has arrived when we must realize on these bills. Any amount not settled by either cash or note, on or before January 15, will be subject to a three months' draft.

With best wishes for a Prosperous and Happy New Year.

Yours truly,  
**SHAFFNERS Ltd.**  
LAWRENCETOWN

**A Large Percentage of Business**

Comes to us on account of the reputation for square dealing that we have made and sustained during the past forty-three years.

We sell pianos from \$225.00 to \$550.00 and player pianos up to \$900.00. No matter what price is paid we give our customers the very best value we can and always tell them just what they are getting.

Not much to write an ad about you think? Perhaps not but it has been the key note to our success.

**N. H. PHINNEY & COMPANY, LIMITED**  
Head Office: Lawrencetown, N. S. Branches throughout Nova Scotia

**IN THE SUPREME COURT**  
A. No. 2185

Between  
EDWIN RUGGLES, surviving executor of the last will and testament of Joseph Wheeler, deceased, Plaintiff

—and—  
SYLVIA CLEMENTS, ABRAM CLEMENTS, JAMES E. CLEMENTS, Defendants

To be sold at PUBLIC AUCTION by the Sheriff of the County of Annapolis, or his Deputy, at the County Court House in Bridgetown, in the County of Annapolis, on THURSDAY, the 7th day of JANUARY, A. D. 1915, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon,

Pursuant to an order of foreclosure and sale made herein and dated the 14th day of July 1914, unless before the day of said sale the amount due the plaintiff on the mortgage sought to be foreclosed herein, with his costs to be taxed, be paid to him, or to the said Sheriff;

All the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the above named defendants, and of all persons claiming or entitled by from or under the late Andrew Clements, of, in and to all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land and premises situate lying and being in Bridge town, aforesaid, and bounded and described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land and premises situate in the township of Granville, in the County of Annapolis, on the west side of the James Road, so-called, leading from Bridgetown to the Bay of Fundy, and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning on the west side of the said James Road at a post ten rods north from the north-east corner of land of the estate of the late Thomas L. Bishop, and running northerly on said road until it comes to the south east corner of land formerly owned by the late James R. Smith Esq., thence westerly on said Smith's south line until it comes to the east line of land owned by William G. Hart, thence southerly along said Hart's line until it comes to the north-west corner of said land of the estate of the late Thomas L. Bishop, thence easterly on said Bishop's north line until it reaches a point sixteen rods west of the said James Road, thence northerly parallel with said road ten rods, and thence easterly in a straight line to the place of beginning, containing nine acres, more or less.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent deposit at time of sale, remainder on delivery of the deed.

Dated at Annapolis Royal in the County of Annapolis, the 5th day of December, A. D. 1914.

EDWIN GATES, High Sheriff.  
EDWIN RUGGLES, of Bridgetown, in the County of Annapolis, Solicitor of Plaintiff in petiti...

**The Celebrated SCARBOROUGH ATLAS**  
For Twenty-five Cents

The letters of appreciation that we receive from week to week assure us that we were fortunate to secure the celebrated Scarborough Atlas.

The Monitor alone can supply you with this valuable Atlas in Annapolis County. On sale at the Monitor Office only twenty-five cents each.

**The Monitor Publishing Co., Ltd.**  
BRIDGETOWN, N. S.

Try a Yearly ad. in the Monitor and Watch the Results

France and the French People

In the minds of a great many of us, to be French is synonymous with being vivacious, volatile and carefree, which impressions we get from speaking and the gesticulation with which he accompanies what he has to say. In reality, the ordinary Frenchman is a very serious-minded person, on the surface voluble, maybe, but very reserved as to his innermost thoughts. His real mind is like his home—very seldom open to strangers or mere acquaintances. That he does not casually invite people to his house to meet his family displays one phase of his cautious nature, and if a person whom he knew but slightly were to invite him to a dinner party he would suspiciously ask himself "What does he want to get out of me?" Just as birds of passage have no opportunity of obtaining a glimpse of his family life, just so in the business world he is not the prey of dealers in gold bricks and risky speculations. His investments are made where he can be sure that they are absolutely safe, and his prudent, saving habits have made him the money-lender of the world. Tradesmen do not believe as firmly as we do that "it pays to advertise," for they know they have to deal with a skeptical public.

This carefulness in money matters is not a masculine quality alone. The Frenchwoman is as thrifty as it is possible for her to be. Even if she has several maids, she would deem it a disgrace if she did not supervise the management of affairs personally, seeing that the best investment is made of the housekeeping allowance and that nothing goes to waste. It has been said that a Frenchwoman can make a meal out of that which cooks in other lands would throw away. When a girl marries she usually has a "dot," and she makes it her business to see that her money is not wasted, even if her husband should have spendthrift tendencies. As a rule, she makes a most capable business manager.

Before her marriage the French girl has very little freedom, especially if she belongs to the wealthier classes. Her companions, her amusements, her readings are strictly supervised, and it is not until after she is married that she has a chance to develop her own individuality.

A somewhat similar conservatism is maintained over the boys while they are at school. This means that the young people are brought into very close and constant contact with their elders. They listen to and take part in many discussions; they are early trained to express their opinions on diverse subjects. So, naturally, they grow up in possession of the conversational ability which distinguishes the Frenchman.

Talking is often their chief form of recreation at school. Football, baseball, gymnastic work, in fact, any form of exercise has little place in their life. The French believe that intellectual achievement and physical exercise are opposed to each other, and that to take part in one injures you in the other. So, while in some places they are beginning to see the value of sport, the greatest amusement in the lycée, or public school, is to "walk up and down and talk," as a boy told an inquiring visitor. Every effort is concentrated on developing the reasoning powers of the French boy and making him a regular encyclopedia of knowledge. There are a number of fine technical schools in France, but such is the deep respect of the people for "book learning" that many and many a young man who would be in his element tending a vineyard or building a house sets for himself a professional goal, and the girl who would have made a successful milliner or dressmaker does something which to her is drudgery—teaches in the public schools. However, this is not a unique state of affairs, for we in Canada have also been guilty of training almost exclusively for professional life in our schools.

Considering the sedentary life which they live, it is, perhaps, a good thing for the young men of France that they are compelled to serve two years as conscripts. Their military training begins when they are twenty years old, and marching over rough ground in the fresh air, bearing a rifle and knapsack, is an excellent treatment for flabby muscles and undeveloped chest capacity. On the other hand, it is apt to have an unsettling influence on the life of the young farmer, carter, artisan or herdsmen who is called upon to leave his work just as he is beginning it.

Any Frenchman between the ages of twenty and forty-five may be called to arms, and the aforementioned two years are not his only preparation. Every four years he takes part in the Autumn manoeuvres for twenty-eight days, so that he may not grow rusty in the per-

formance of his military duties, and he will be ready for an emergency such as arose when his country had to resist the German invaders. The general feeling of the French towards conscription is that of dislike, yet the events of the last few months have shown that the maintenance of a large standing army was not a needless precaution on her part.

Just a narrow channel divides France from England, and a map of the former country bears many names that have become familiar to us in English history. There is Normandy, from whence came the ancestors of many Britons of today. The Norman farmer tends his orchards with the greatest care, for upon its fruit depends most of his income. Beneath the fruit-laden branches, however, he will grow crops of grain, principally rye, wheat and maize. It is from the meal of these three products mixed together that the staple food of the farmer and peasant is made. This bread, mixed with little moisture, baked very hard, and very flat in taste, is often baked in huge rings like lifebuoys which hang upon wooden pegs in kitchens. Normandy contains many fine examples of ecclesiastical architecture. Among its splendid cathedrals is that at Bayeux, which is also noted for the famous Bayeux tapestry which was worked soon after William the Conqueror became ruler of England, and which many people believe to have been done by Matilda, the wife of the Conqueror, and her ladies. On a strip of linen, about 20 inches wide and 230 feet long, are worked in wool pictures of many incidents leading up to the Conquest, beginning with Harold's voyage to Normandy, and ending with the death of Harold and the retreat of the English in the Battle of Hastings. The tapestry is spread out in a glass case, and the colors are apparently as bright as they were the day it was completed.

One of Normandy's neighboring provinces is Brittany. It is a rugged country, whose rocks and moorlands, coupled with the grayness of the atmosphere, seems to have strongly influenced the temperament of the people. Yet there is about it so much old world quaintness that it tempts with interest for the tourist. In towns and villages are to be found houses of massive gray granite that have been standing for hundreds of years. On others, equally ancient, formed of huge timbers with each storey projecting beyond the lower one until they almost form an archway across the street.

In these houses, and even in the tiny cottages on the farms, is to be found much dark, heavy, carved furniture—chairs, wardrobes, chests, tables and beds. The beds are often ranged around the living room, and one wonders if the designer of the first sleeping car got his idea from a Breton farmhouse, for they resemble nothing so much as a Pullman berth. To get to the upper bed the sleepy Breton probably uses an elaborately carved chest instead of a prosaic step-ladder, and, when he gets up above, he pulls across a sliding latticed screen, and proceeds to undress in his cramped quarters.

The Breton woman takes great pride in her head-dress, which is made of linen and lace, the latter often being very beautiful and valuable. The style differs in different districts, but it usually has wide wings on each side of the head. It may have streamers behind, or chin straps, or broad starched bands hanging down in front. The very finest caps of course are only to be seen at fairs or festivals, but one may see the white "coiffe" in the market place, or on the heads of a group of women who are chattering merrily as they wash their clothes in a convenient river, rubbing the garments vigorously on the stones.

The language of these people is very like Welsh, and they feel quite at home in Wales and south-west England, where they often go with a fishing boat full of onions, which they peddle around the streets. They cling to their ancient superstitions—their belief in witches, fables and legends is strong. Wayside shrines where they kneel to pray to their favorite saint, are very common.

In direct contrast with this sombre country is a strip of land at the base of the mountains on the shore of the blue Mediterranean. Here the grey-green olive trees grow on sunny slopes, the fig leaves cover garden walls, golden fruit ripens on the orange trees, and even the date palm rears its stately head. Here are fashionable resorts—Cannes, Nice, Mentone—where people who live in frosty climates flock in the winter months to enjoy a second Summer.

But the Riviera is not all modern. There are people living in little communities far up on the rocks of the coast. It is not easy to visit them, for the paths leading to these rock villages are very winding, and

steep, and when you so reach the hamlet perched high upon a cliff you find that the houses are fitted into one another as compactly as if they were all parts of a great puzzle block. Centuries ago pirates and Moorish marauders sailed the Mediterranean, and raided the people on its shores, and it was in order to have as little space as possible to defend against these invaders that the houses were built so closely together. The wisdom of making them difficult of access is also plainly seen. The people have terraced the hillside, so that the olive tree flourishes on the ledges.

The olive shares with the silkworm the provision of a means of livelihood for the people of southern France. The trees, which have been known to live for hundreds of years, are easily cultivated, and produce two crops a year—one on October and another in April. The latter harvest supplies the finest quality of oil.

Growing flowers for the perfume industry is also a typical southern occupation. The violet, the jonquil, the rose, and many other blooms are taken to factories where the oil is extracted from them for the manufacture of fragrant perfumes. Here a factory of roses is obtained, and when a manager of a perfume tells you that 22,000 pounds of roses or 3,000,000 single flowers, are used in making one pound of the perfume, you cease to wonder at its costliness.

Travelling inland from the Riviera a person soon sees some sights that would lead him to imagine that he is in Italy instead of France for here are magnificent ruins such as you would not expect to find outside of the former country. At Avignon, for example, is the palace of the Popes, a huge, grey-towered palace on a rocky headland overlooking the Rhone. Its massive strength suggests a fortress. For seventy years during the 14th century the seat of papacy was shifted from the banks of the Tiber to the banks of the Rhone. Not far away in the secluded little valley where Petrarch had his cottage.

At the little town of Orange, which gave its name to the Princess of Orange, is a great Roman amphitheatre, one of the most nearly perfect remains of its kind to be seen, while Ailes boasts of an arena which could hold 20,000 people. Another sample of the permanent work of past ages is the Font du Gard, part of an aqueduct built in 19 B. C. to convey water to Nimes. It is a huge support for a water chamber which spans a valley—a distance of 900 feet. It seems almost mysterious that the three immense tiers of arches were raised without the aid of machinery such as we have today, and that the stones are fitted together perfectly without the aid of cement, which was only used in the chamber through which the water flowed. For 150 feet above the clear river you see the yellow ochre of the sun-baked stone, catching glimpses of the green hillsides through the arches.

The cathedral at Rheims has been known as one of the most beautiful buildings in all France. Here the kings of France were crowned in days gone by. It was here that Joan of Arc watched the fulfilment of her vision—the coronation of Charles VII—following which she knelt and asked to be allowed to return to her folks and her country home. The grandeur of the massive building with its forest of spires, its magnificent towers, and its beautiful statuary has thrilled the heart of the beholder for centuries. Year after year the setting sun has poured through the rose window producing the most glorious color effects. But descriptions of its beauties now seem ironical when the fortunes of war have brought devastation to the splendid cathedral. All that is left of it is a shell of blackened stones which it will be almost impossible to restore.

When thinking of war as it is waged today in France, one's mind naturally turns to Carcassonne, which is so strongly suggestive of militarism in mediaeval times. This ancient citadel, which crowns a hilltop, is a vast grey mass of walls, turrets, ramparts, bastions and barbicans. The hel of the moat which once surrounded it is crossed by an ancient drawbridge. There are holes in the masonry through which the occupants of the fortress could throw stones from catapults. In one room may be seen a huge fireplace where swung a caldron filled with oil, and nearby are holes in the floor through which the boiling liquid was poured down upon invaders. Between the inner and outer walls of the city are great lists where tournaments were held in days of old. Now the grass-grown ground presents a very peaceful scene where nothing more exciting happens than the coming of an old woman to rake hay while her

mouse-colored donkey feeds near by.

An article on France would not be complete without some mention of her vineyards, which cover so much of Central France. The north is covered with orchards and grain fields, the south produces the olive and the mulberry upon which the silk worm feeds, and while the boundaries are not sharply defined, it is between these two regions that the vine thrives best. Grapes of perhaps the finest favor are grown in a region known as Cote d'Or, or the Golden Slope. Dijon, the chief town of this district has three old and unique industries—making mustard, pills and gingerbread. The latter may be bought in many parts of France, and the chief ingredients are honey, rye flour and spice. Dijon mustard has a specially fine flavor, due in the first place to the fact that the mustard plants are grown in the forests on cleared charcoal beds, and in the second place to the juice of unripe grapes with which the powder is mixed.

The excellent use to which the land is put in France, no matter what it is particularly adapted to growing, is a great measure owing to the fact that the French peasant usually owns the soil which he works, and faithfully does his best with it. The laboring class possess a great deal of the wealth of the country, for everyone makes a point of saving something and depositing it in the State bank.

Mildredina Hair Remedy Grows Hair and We Prove it by Hundreds of Testimonials

It never fails to produce the desired results. It enlivens and invigorates the hair glands and tissues of the scalp, resulting in a continuous and increasing growth of the hair. Letters of praise are continually coming in from nearly all parts of the country stating that Mildredina Hair Remedy has renewed the growth of hair in cases that were considered absolutely hopeless. A lady from Chicago writes: "After a short trial my hair stopped falling and I now have a lovely head of hair, very heavy and over one and a half yards long."

Mildredina Hair Remedy stimulates the scalp, makes it healthy and keeps it so. It is the greatest scalp invigorator known. It is a wholesome medicine for both the hair and the scalp. Even a small bottle of it will put more genuine life in your hair than a dozen bottles of any other hair tonic ever made. It shows results from the very start.

Now on sale at every drug store and toilet store in the land. Fifty cents and one dollar.

A Terrible Indictment

A gentleman after serving on a Grand Jury expressed his opinion of the liquor traffic in the following words:—

"It is a rebel against good government. It dictates nominations to office, corrupts the ballot and falsifies the returns. It smirches the legislature, soils our executive officers and strains our courts. It is the foe of the home and the enemy of an organized society. It tries to overawe the pulpit, undermines the platforms of political parties and subvertes the public press. It discredits the constitution and defies the laws. It is the destroyer of domestic happiness. It brutalizes the husband, desolates the wife, debauches the son and betrays the daughter. It has no tolerance for the church, no interest in schools, no consideration for home, no expectation of heaven and no fear of hell."

And that is not half that can be truthfully said of the liquor traffic. But if half be true how can any self-respecting citizen of any political party go to the polls and vote for the legalizing of this awful traffic?

Now more how can any conscientious, loyal citizen refrain from doing all in his power to destroy this traffic that burdens us with taxes to care for the ruin it causes?

H. ARNOTT, M. B., M.C.P.S.

TO ENJOY WINTER Prof. Frankland demonstrates that COD LIVER OIL generates more body-heat than anything else. In SCOTT'S EMULSION the pure oil is so prepared that the blood profits from every drop, while it fortifies throat and lungs. If you are subject to cold hands or feet, if you shiver and catch cold easily, take SCOTT'S EMULSION for one month and watch its good effects. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

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S. KERR Principal

THE ST. JOHN'S FALLS WATER POWER CO. S. KERR Principal

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Limited  
PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS.

BRIDGETOWN, JANUARY 15th, 1915.

A thing unprecedented, at least  
in modern times, occurred recently  
when five European nations were  
represented by their rulers upon the  
battle field, viz., King George V.,  
King Albert, President Poincare,  
the Czar and the Kaiser.

King George received a royal wel-  
come in France as well as among  
the troops in the trenches and in  
the hospitals. In France he was at-  
tended by the Maharaja of Bikaner,  
and Major General Maharaja Sir  
Purbab Singh, Regent of Jodhpur. Of  
special interest were the honors be-  
stowed upon men who have dis-  
tinguished themselves by personal  
daring and skill during the present  
conflict. On Belgian soil, surrounded  
by the officers of his staff and offi-  
cers of the British and French armies  
the heroic King Albert was de-  
corated with the order of the Garter,  
after a review of his troops and a  
luncheon provided for King George.

Subsequently the Order of Merit  
was conferred upon Sir John French,  
the brilliant Commander in Chief of  
the British forces. This is the rarest  
and most prized of the Orders, and  
is held by only eighteen members,  
ten of them civilians, and the others  
belonging to the military. Of  
the latter two are Field Marshalls,  
three Admirals and three Japanese.

General Joffre, the Commander of  
the French Army was invested with  
the Order of the Grand Cross of the  
Bath, as a recognition of the har-  
mony with which the commanders  
and soldiers of the two nations have  
worked together.

Three Victoria Crosses were also  
bestowed for deeds of extraordinary  
courage. One went to Private George  
Wilson, of the Second Battalion of  
the Highland Light Infantry. On  
September the 14th, this hero ac-  
companied by only one man attacked  
a hostile machine gun. When his  
companion was killed he went on  
alone, and captured the gun, after  
shooting the officer and six men who  
were working it. The other two  
crosses went to members of the In-  
dian forces for special bravery.

King George was much interested  
in what is called the "trench kit."  
It consists of a short coat of goat  
skin, with the hair outside, a  
wooly Balaclava cap, and sand bags  
filled with straw for the legs and  
feet.

There are, it is estimated, more  
than two hundred thousand Aus-  
trians in Canada, many of whom  
are in dire distress. Ninety per cent.  
of their families are in Galicia. They  
are not allowed to return home,  
lest they should join the army and  
add to the strength of the enemy.  
Neither are they allowed to find  
work. As suspects they have been  
turned out of their employments. A  
large number of these men are in  
Montreal. An Austrian banker in  
that city, whose business has been  
ruined by the war, aided by the  
American Consul and his daughter,  
is endeavoring to mitigate their mis-  
ery. He has turned his premises into  
a restaurant. A large room was set  
apart for a sleeping apartment, but,  
the civic authorities forbade its use.  
The men, therefore, walk the streets  
all night, and at about five in the morn-  
ing come in for a little rest. Five  
hundred of them are fed with one  
meal a day. Sir Robert Borden, in a  
recent speech, said, "The plight of the  
Austrians in Montreal is only one  
of the many hideous consequences  
of war. I do not say whether our  
policy towards them has been right  
or wrong. Certainly, we cannot say  
it is Christian."

There is work for these men to do.  
Some of them were employed for  
years upon the Montreal Street Rail-  
way. They came to Canada intend-  
ing to become citizens. They would  
be glad if they were interned, for  
that they would be fed and sheltered.  
It seems that it should not be  
impossible to meet their case. Other-  
wise, these starving, shivering men  
may become a menace to society, in-  
stead of being industrious and pros-  
perous fellow citizens.

Nickel is largely used in the pro-  
duction of nickel steel, which makes  
the armor plates without which  
dreadnoughts would be compara-  
tively of little value. Eighty per cent.  
of the world's output of nickel  
comes from Canada. It is chiefly ex-  
ported in its raw state, and refined  
in other countries, especially the  
United States.

In 1913 Canada exported 43,341,  
307 pounds of ore or coarse alloy to  
the United States, and 4,826,783  
pounds to Great Britain. It is be-  
lieved that more than half of this  
total amount went to Germany af-  
ter being refined.

The Canadian Government is un-  
certain as to the best way of dealing  
with the question. If it is refined in  
other countries, it may be sent by  
them to aid the enemy. If it is re-  
tained to be refined in Canada, the  
result might mean a loss of revenue  
and a disorganization for a time of  
the business. The opinion, however,  
is growing, that Canada should do  
its own refining and reap all the  
profits.

We quoted last week the New  
York Times as saying, "Germany is  
bankrupt in diplomacy, over-matched  
in arms and under the moral con-  
demnation of the civilized world."

The following is another quotation  
from the same source:

"The world cannot, will not, let  
Germany win in this war. With her  
dominating Europe, peace and securi-  
ty would vanish from the earth. A  
few months ago, the world only dimly  
comprehended Germany; now it  
knows her thoroughly. So if Eng-  
land, France and Germany cannot  
prevail against her, Italy with her  
two millions, the sturdy Hollanders,  
the Swiss, hard men in a fight, the  
Danes, the Greeks and all the men of  
the Balkans, will come to their aid  
and make sure that the work is fin-  
ished once for all. For their own  
peace and safety, the nations must  
demolish that towering structure of  
militarism in the centre of Europe  
that has become the world's danger  
spot, its greatest menace. The only  
possible ending of the war is  
through the defeat of Germany."

**Forty Years Ago**

Intense cold weather has prevailed  
the past week.

The good folk of Clarence may  
congratulate themselves on increased  
mail service. They are to have a  
semi-weekly service—Mondays and  
Thursdays from now on.

The port of Annapolis has the fol-  
lowing registered shipping according  
to a blue book just issued: 13 barkes,  
3 briggs, 3 barkentines, 7 brigantines,  
25 schooners, 1 steamer, total \$5,  
with tonnage of 13,530. Digby has a  
list of 131 vessels with a tonnage of  
15,888.

The week of prayer is being duly  
observed in Bridgetown this week.  
Revs. Messrs. Clark, Gordon and  
Destriary of the Baptist, Presbyterian  
and Methodist Churches having  
joined hands in union services. Pre-  
paratory to this season of devotion  
at union these clergymen interchan-  
ged pulpits on Sunday last and ap-  
propriate services were delivered.  
Thus far there have been large gath-  
ings each evening.

**Bridgetown United Baptist Church**

Sunday services: Bible School at  
10 a. m. Public worship at 11 a. m.  
and at 7 p. m.

The pastor will occupy the pulpit  
at the morning service and Rev. J. F.  
Dunstan of the Presbyterian church  
will be the speaker in the evening.

Preaching service at Centree at  
3 p. m.

**Methodist Church Circuit Notes**

Services next Sunday, Jan. 10th,  
as follows:—

**BRIDGETOWN**

Sunday School and Bible Study at  
10 a. m. Public worship at 7 p. m.,  
preacher the Rev. G. C. Warren.  
Granville—11 a. m.  
Bentville—3 p. m.

**St. James Parish Church Notes**

The services next Sunday will be:  
Bridgetown 11 A. M. and 7 P. M.  
St. Mary's, Belleisle 3 P. M.  
Confirmation instruction, 2 P. M.

**Acadia Night at the Baptist Church**

On Tuesday evening, the 29th ult.,  
the friends of Acadia College spent  
a very pleasant "Acadia night" in  
the Baptist Church.

They were favored with the pres-  
ence of President Cutten, whose ad-  
ministration of the affairs of the  
College has been so very successful.  
The exercises consisted, first, of a  
lecture by Dr. Cutten on "The Psy-  
chology of Humor." In a masterful  
way humor, wit, sarcasm, irony,  
innuendo, and other forms of speech  
and expression were defined and dis-  
tinguished as to their nature, caus-  
es and characteristics, and freely il-  
lustrated by many examples. Like a  
well instructed scribe, the lecturer  
brought forth out of his treasure  
things new and old. While the defini-  
tions and distinctions will not gen-  
erally be remembered, many of the  
illustrations will be repeated for  
many a day, and bring ripples to  
the cheek and pleasant memories to  
the lecture and the lecturer.

At the close of the lecture the  
audience adjourned to the vestry  
which was testefully decorated with  
Acadia bunting, banners and pic-  
tures with a liberal use of the nation-  
al emblems. Here a short program  
was well and pleasantly rendered.  
After a piano duet, solos were sung  
by Messrs. W. A. Warren, Millesha,  
Salter and H. H. Phinney. The male  
quartet of the church consisting of  
Messrs. Phinney, Hall, Young and  
Munro gave two selections. A much  
appreciated reading was given by  
Mrs. W. A. Warren. A number of  
prominent graduates of Acadia were  
present and delivered brief but excel-  
lent addresses: Dr. J. B. Hall, class  
of 1873, of Lawrenceburg; Mr. Jus-  
tice Longley, class of 1871, of Hal-  
fax; Mayor Goucher, class of 1892,  
of Middleton, and Attorney-General  
Daniels, class of 1881, of this town.  
Refreshments were served by a plea-  
sant young ladies of the church. A plea-  
sant evening was brought to a close  
with the Acadia yell given by the  
Acadia boys and by all joining in  
the National Anthem.

The apple evaporator at Middle-  
ton was re-opened last week by Mes-  
srs. R. J. Graham and E. O. Wood, who  
have leased it from the Middleton  
Fruit Company. It is the purpose of  
the management to receive apples  
from the surrounding country and to  
keep the factory open throughout the  
winter if the apples are available.

**FORECLOSURE SALE**

1914 A. No. 2251  
**IN THE SUPREME COURT**

Between  
**ABNER WILLIAMS,** Plaintiff  
—And—  
**OLIVER S. MILLER and CANADA  
CALENDAR COMPANY,** Defendants.

To be sold at Public Auction by  
Edwin Gates, Esquire, High Sheriff  
in and for the County of Annapolis,  
or his deputy, at the Court House in  
Bridgetown, in the County of Anna-  
polis, on

**Saturday, the 23rd day of January,  
A. D. 1915, at the hour of two  
o'clock in the afternoon,**

Pursuant to an order of Foreclosure  
and Sale made herein and dated the  
17th day of December, A. D. 1914,  
unless before the day appointed for  
such Sale the amount due the Plain-  
tiff on the mortgage foreclosed herein  
with his costs be paid to him or his  
solicitor;

All the estate, right, title, interest,  
property, claim, demand and equity  
of redemption of the above named  
Defendants, and of all persons claim-  
ing or entitled by, from or under  
them, of, in, to or out of all that  
certain piece or parcel of land and  
premises, situate, lying and being in  
Bridgetown in the County of Anna-  
polis, and bounded and described as  
follows:

On the south by the Main Granville  
Highway, on the East by lands of  
Owen Covert, on the North by lands  
of the said Oliver S. Miller, the same  
being deeded to him by William  
Chipman, and on the West by lands  
of Alexander Crowe, purchased by  
him from the trustees of the Bridge-  
town Baptist Church, together with  
all and singular the buildings, here-  
tenants, easements and appurten-  
ances to the same belonging or in  
anywise appertaining.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent  
deposit at time of sale, remainder  
on delivery of deed.

Dated at Bridgetown, N.S., this  
18th day of December, A. D. 1914.

**EDWIN GATES,**  
High Sheriff in and for the  
County of Annapolis

**BARRY W. ROSCOE,**  
of Roscoe & Roscoe,  
Bridgetown, N. S.  
Solicitor of Plaintiff

Ship your **FREE**  
**FURS** Our Trappers Guide  
Supply Catalog and  
Price Lists  
Write today, address  
to **JOHN HALLAM LIMITED**  
Dept. F40  
TORONTO

**FORECLOSURE SALE**

1914 A. No. 2250  
**IN THE SUPREME COURT**

Between  
**ABNER WILLIAMS,** Plaintiff  
—And—  
**OLIVER S. MILLER and CANADA  
CALENDAR COMPANY,** Defendants.

To be sold at Public Auction by  
Edwin Gates, Esquire, High Sheriff  
in and for the County of Annapolis,  
or his deputy, at the Court House in  
Bridgetown, in the County of Anna-  
polis, on

**Saturday, the 23rd day of January,  
A. D. 1915, at the hour of two  
o'clock in the afternoon,**

Pursuant to an order of Foreclosure  
and Sale made herein and dated the  
17th day of December, A. D. 1914,  
unless before the day appointed for  
such Sale the amount due the Plain-  
tiff on the mortgage foreclosed herein  
with his costs be paid to him or his  
solicitor;

All the estate, right, title, interest,  
property, claim, demand and equity  
of redemption of the above named  
Defendants, and of all persons claim-  
ing, or entitled by, from or under  
them, of, in, to or out of all that  
certain piece of land and  
premises, situate, lying and being in  
Bridgetown in the County of Anna-  
polis, and bounded and described as  
follows:

That certain piece or parcel of land  
and premises situate at Bridgetown  
in the said County of Annapolis,  
bounded and described as follows:  
Commencing on the Park Road  
so-called, where the same would be  
intersected by a line running across  
the south side of the barn now built  
on the property herein described,  
thence running westwardly in a  
straight line along the south side of  
said barn to a point where the said  
line running across the south  
side of said barn would be intersec-  
ted by a line drawn from a point on  
the Granville Highway or Street,  
forty-six feet from the embankment,  
running past the east side of said  
Oliver S. Miller's house to the street  
in a line parallel with the west side  
of the house, thence turning and  
running southerly along the above  
described line parallel with the house  
as aforesaid, to the Granville Highway  
or Street, thence turning and running  
westwardly along said Granville  
Highway or Street, to lands of the  
said Oliver S. Miller, thence turning  
and running northwardly along lands  
of the said Oliver S. Miller, to the  
base rear line of the said Owen P.  
Covert's land, until it comes to the  
aforesaid Park Road, thence turning  
along said street, to lands of the said  
Park Road to the place of beginning.

Also the said Oliver S. Miller is to  
have the privilege of entering upon  
the lands of the said Owen P. Covert  
for the purpose of repairing the said  
barn on the south side at such time  
as the said barn shall need re-  
pairing and also the said Owen P.  
Covert agrees to allow the dropping  
of water from the eaves of the said  
barn on his land.

Also all that certain other piece or  
parcel of land situate, lying and  
being at Bridgetown, in the County  
of Annapolis, bounded and described  
as follows: Commencing on the west  
side of the Park Road, so-called,  
where the same is intersected by the  
north line of lands purchased by the  
said Oliver S. Miller from William A.  
Chipman, and conveyed to him by  
deed bearing date the 18th day of  
June, A. D. 1904, thence running  
westwardly along the northern bound-  
ary of said land until it comes to  
lands of James R. DeWitt, thence  
turning and running northerly along  
the lands of the said James R. De-  
Witt until it comes to lands of Wan-  
ford Dodge, thence turning and  
running eastwardly in a straight line  
along lands purchased from the said  
William A. Chipman by Susan Dur-  
ling, and purchased from the said  
Susan Durling by said Oliver S. Mil-  
ler, to a street marked on the plan  
of said William A. Chipman property  
and known as Tupper Street, thence  
continuing in a southwesterly direc-  
tion along the south side of said  
Tupper Street until it comes to the  
Park Road, so-called, thence contin-  
uing south along the west side of the  
Park Road, so-called, until it comes  
again to the place of beginning, sav-  
ing and except lands formerly deeded  
to Reuben Jodrey and Samuel Eble-  
son by the said William A. Chipman,  
in consideration of the sum of three  
hundred dollars.

Also, all and singular that certain  
other piece or parcel of lands and  
premises, situate, lying and being in  
the Town of Bridgetown, in the said  
County of Annapolis, and bounded  
and described as follows: Beginning  
on the north side of Laurier street,  
so-called, at the centre of the ditch,  
thence running easterly along the  
north side of said Laurier Street  
thirty three feet to a stake, thence  
running northerly one hundred and  
seventy-two feet to a stake, thence  
running westerly at right angles,  
fifty-two feet to the centre of the  
ditch aforesaid, thence running south-  
erly along the centre of the said  
ditch to the place of beginning.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent  
deposit at time of sale, remainder  
on delivery of deed.

Dated at Bridgetown, N.S., this  
18th day of December, A. D. 1914.

**EDWIN GATES,**  
High Sheriff in and for the  
County of Annapolis

**BARRY W. ROSCOE,**  
of Roscoe & Roscoe,  
Bridgetown, N. S.  
Solicitor of Plaintiff

**HEAVY CASH DISCOUNTS**

We are Offering Heavy Discounts  
on the following, and all Lines of

**Winter Goods**

It Will Pay You to Get Our Prices.

**Furs! Furs! Furs!**  
**LADIES' AND MISSES' FUR SETS**

SEPARATE COLLARS AND MUFFS  
**MEN'S FUR COLLARS**

Men's, Women's and Children's Underwear. Men's, Women's  
and Children's Sweater Coats. Ladies' and Misses' Coats.  
Men's Boys' and Children's Ready to Wear Overcoats and Suits.

**STRONG & WHITMAN**

Phone 32 Ruggles' Block

**Good Morning!**  
**We Are Introducing**

American Silk  
American Cashmere  
American Cotton-Lisle  
**HOSIERY**

They have stood the test. Give  
real foot comfort. No seams to rip.  
Never become loose or baggy. The  
shape is knit in—not pressed in.  
**GUARANTEED** for fineness,  
style, superiority of material and  
workmanship. Absolutely stain-  
less. Will wear 6 months without  
holes, or new ones free.

**OUR SPECIAL OFFER**

to every one sending us \$1.00 in  
currency or postal note, to cover  
advertising and shipping charges,  
we will send post-paid, with writ-  
ten guarantee backed by a five  
million dollar company, either

3 Pairs of our 75c. value  
American Silk Hosiery  
or 4 Pairs of our 50c. value  
American Cashmere Hosiery  
or 4 Pairs of our 50c. value  
American Cotton-Lisle Hosiery  
or 6 Pairs of Children's Hosiery

Give the color, size and whether  
Ladies' or Gent's hosiery is desired.  
**DON'T DELAY**—Offer expires  
when a dealer in your locality is  
selected.

The International Hosiery Co.  
P. O. Box 244  
DAYTON, OHIO, U. S. A.

WE ARE STILL SHOWING OUR  
**5c - 10c - 15c - 25c**  
**Counter of Dishes**

on which you will find good value.

**Below You Will Find a Few of Our Money  
Saving Values**

Best Onions, 8 lbs. for	25c	3 Tins Pears	25c
Best Seeded Raisins, pkg.	12c	3 Tins Corn	27c
Best Currants, pkg.	10c	3 Tins Tomatoes	33c
6 cakes Surprise Soap	20c	Extra Fancy Molasses per gal.	40c

**A full line of Flour and Feed in stock**  
**WOOD & PARKS**

We are still continuing the  
discounts on Men's and  
Boys' Overcoats, Clothing,  
etc.

**J. HARRY HICKS**

Corner Queen and Cranville Streets Phone 48-2

**A Happy New  
Year to All**

WE are glad to say that  
our sales for 1914  
have exceeded those of any  
previous year, and we take  
the present opportunity of  
thanking all the friends  
who contributed to this  
success.

We also wish to extend  
our hearty good wishes  
that their New Year may  
be marked by happiness  
and prosperity.

**J. I. FOSTER**

**CHRISTMAS SLIPPERS**

Select "His" Christmas Slippers now, while the choosing is at its best. We  
have the finest line of Christmas Slippers that could be gathered together.

**MEN'S SLIPPERS**

Opera, Everett or Romeo style, Black or Chocolate Kid Leathers. Felt Slip  
per with leather or felt soles

85c. to \$3.00

**WOMEN'S SLIPPERS**

Dress Slippers, Bondoir Slippers in all colors, Juliets, fur trimmed, Felt  
Slippers, Bath Slippers, etc.

40c. to \$4.00

There is nothing more practical, sensible and useful than a pair of Shoes or  
Slippers for a Christmas Gift.

**COME TO OUR BIG SLIPPER SHOW**

**J. H. LONGMIRE & SONS**

**The BEST you ever tasted**

**Tip Top Tea**  
**FOR 1915**

LOCAL AND SPECIAL

The new calendar shows that 1915 will have 53 Fridays.

The Red Cross Society will meet in the Council Chamber on Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Subscriptions to the MONITOR BELGIAN RELIEF FUND, should be left at the office of The Monitor Publishing Company.

A number of the friends of Mrs. E. C. Young made her a very pleasant surprise at her home on Monday afternoon, the occasion being her 72nd birthday anniversary.

The annual session of the Municipality of the County of Annapolis, will convene at the Court House in Annapolis Royal next Tuesday, Jan. 12th at 10 o'clock a. m.

The moving pictures will be shown at Phinney's Hall, Lawrence town, next week on Wednesday evening, Jan. 13th, instead of on Monday, when six reels will be shown. Admission 10 and 15 cents.

Since the first of 1915 we have sent out a large number of MONITOR subscription accounts. Because these individual accounts are small we sincerely hope they will not be put aside, but remit TO-DAY while the matter is fresh in your memory.

Mr. V. E. Reed is having improvements made in the interior of the two-story building which he is using for his undertaking business, in the rear of the furniture warehouses. The second floor is being fitted up for the display of caskets and as an office.

There will be a supper in Phinney's Hall, Lawrence town, on Monday, January 11th. The proceeds will be for Belgian Relief Work. Price 25c. Come and have a good time and help in a good work. Supper served from 5.30 until 8.00 o'clock.

Last year our enterprising firm, J. H. Hicks & Sons, built seven apple warehouses in the construction of which they have gained a wide reputation. They also built four dwelling houses, and have now under construction six stations and an engine shed for the Centreville branch of the C. P. R.

A very enjoyable time was spent by the members of the Autumn Leaf Rebekah Lodge on Monday evening last. The Rebekah Degree was conferred in good style by the degree staff on three new members. Officers for the current term will be installed at the next night of meeting and the prospects are good for an interesting term.

The marriage of Miss Marion L. Marshall, daughter of the late Dr. M. G. E. Marshall, formerly of this town, and Reginald F. Davison, son of the late Francis Davison, both of Bridgetown, will take place in Holy Trinity Church, in that town, today, Jan. 6th. Reception at the residence of Dr. and Mrs. Rehuff after the ceremony. The Monitor extends congratulations and best wishes.

On Christmas morning a handsome wicker rocking chair was presented from the Pastor and Congregation of the Upper Granville Methodist Church to Miss Laura G. Ray, who so faithfully and efficiently fills the position of organist. Not having the opportunity to thank each personally, Miss Ray wishes through the Monitor to express her thanks to the friends for their kind remembrance at the Christmas-tide.

Mr. B. Leslie Emelle, of Ottawa, will address the Fruit Growers at Middleton, on the subject of "Commercial Fertilizers with a special view to greater crop production in 1915." Mr. Emelle is employed by the Federal Government in the Campaign now underway for greater crops as an aid to the Empire. In these times of stress, the duty of those that stay at home is no less great than that of those that go to the front.

The annual Roll Call of the Lawrence town Baptist Church will be held in the Church, at Lawrence town, Friday, Jan. 8th, beginning at 2 o'clock P. M. Circulars have been sent to the members. All are expected to respond personally or by letter. A free will Thank Offering will be made. Tea will be served free. A meeting will be held at 7.30 p. m. to which the public are invited. A programme of music and speeches will be given.

The first carnival of the season was held at the rink on Monday evening, under the management of the Bridgetown Athletic Club. Owing to other events in town on that evening, the attendance was small. The ice was in splendid condition and the weather was ideal for the occasion. Mrs. Kenneth Dodge won the ladies' first prize, and Miss Hortense Griffin, second. Jack Ruggles won gentlemen's first prize and Harry MacKenzie, second. The Bridgetown Band was in attendance.

We are pleased to hear that Mr. J. Fletcher Longley, M. D., and wife, lately residing in Sask., have arrived safely in England, via the Stmr. "Mississippi." Dr. Longley has enlisted for the war as a member of the medical staff, and expects on his return from the front to take a course in Surgery in Edinburgh, where Mrs. Longley will in the meantime reside. Dr. Longley belongs to a family well known in Annapolis County, which has given to the Province a number of citizens of sterling worth. He is the son of Mr. Israel Longley of Granville.

LOCAL AND SPECIAL

The Monitor has been requested to state that unless there is a good attendance of the Home Guards at the next meeting, Monday evening, Jan. 11th, the organization will be dropped.

The outbreak of diphtheria at Carleton's Corner last week resulting in the death of two children reminds us of the terrors still of this once great scourge of childhood. We learn that the school in this section has been closed for the present and precautions taken to prevent the spread of the disease.

A party of young people from town drove out to George Dechman's camp at the Paradise Lakes on Thursday last, and spent the afternoon and evening skating on the lakes. The ice was in excellent condition and the party thoroughly enjoyed themselves. They had their lunches, which they took with them, at the camp.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Frat, of Wolfville, celebrated their golden wedding at their home on Dec. 20, 1914. During the evening a number of 94 was presented on behalf of the friends assembled by Rev. R. F. Dixon, accompanied by an address. Many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Frat in Bridgetown join in wishing them many more years of happy wedded life.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Miss Margaret Todd, spent the New Year's holidays in Halifax.

Miss Jennie Vroom is in town for a few days, the guest of her friend, Miss Marion Bird.

H. P. Lockhart, B. A., of Montreal, has been a guest at the home of Mrs. Burpee P. Phinney.

Miss Thelma Lewis, of Windsor, was a guest in town over Sunday of her friend, Miss Edith Chute.

Miss Stewart, of Grand Pre, will be the guest for the Winter of her aunt, Mrs. Duncan, on Church St.

Mrs. C. L. Marsh has returned home after spending the Christmas Season with her daughters in Charlene.

Mr. Owen Graves returned to Cambridge, Mass., on Saturday to resume his studies at Harvard University.

W. H. Walden, of Annapolis Royal, was in town on New Year's Day the guest of his daughter, Mrs. S. C. Turner.

Hon. O. T. Daniels, having spent the Christmas holidays at home, has returned to his official duties at Halifax.

Mr. Greator Anderson of the Second Contingent, accompanied by his bride, (nee Miss Violet Walker) returned to Halifax on Monday.

Miss Margaret McLean, graduate nurse, of Halifax, is spending the Winter with her mother, Mrs. W. R. Calder, "Bonnie Brae," Church St.

Mr. Malcolm B. Davis of the Fruit Division of Experimental Farm, Ottawa, is in town this week the guest of his sister Mrs. (Dr.) Armstrong.

Miss O. E. Dargie has returned to her school in Canada, after spending her vacation with friends in Truro, Hantsport and with her sister, Mrs. B. P. Phinney.

Miss Florence Sanderson, of the Registrar of Deeds Office, has returned to her duties after having spent the Christmas holidays at her home in Stewiacke.

Miss Reynolds, who has been a holiday guest at the home of her brother, Rev. A. R. Reynolds, returned to her home in Brooklyn, Hants County, yesterday.

Mr. Harry Hishop of Lawrence town was in town today. A short time ago Mr. Hishop sustained a serious injury while chopping in the woods, cutting his foot quite badly, but is able to get around now, though not with his usual activity.

The following Bridgetown students returned to their respective places of learning yesterday: Millegde Salter, Dalhousie; Rex Harlow, Acadia; Miss Josephine Kinney, Mt. Allison Ladies' College; Miss Hortense Griffin, Truro Academy.

Mr. John McCormick and son Frank of Kingman, Me., who brought the remains of the late Melville Johnson here for burial were guests at the home of Mr. Fred McCormick while here. They returned to their home on Friday.

Miss Dorothy Jost of Acadia, Yarmouth County, is a guest at the home of Dr. Jost. Her brother Mr. Archibald Troop Jost, was also a guest at the same home for a few days, while on his way to resume his studies at Mt. Allison.

BORN

CLARK—At Bridgetown, New Year's Day, January 1st, 1915, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew B. Clark, twins, son and daughter.

DIED

GESNER—Wednesday, December 30th, at Belleisle, Robert Parker Gesner, aged 74 years. SPURR—Friday, January 1st, at Carleton's Corner, Bridgetown, Eleanor, younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Spurr, aged 6 years. VINCENT—January 5th, at Carleton's Corner, Bridgetown, Arthur John, second son of Major A. and Mrs. Vincent, aged 9 years.

No Advance IN PRICE

That Special Emulsion of Norway Cod Liver Oil prepared for us by Parke, Davis & Co. we still offer at the old price of 75c for the large size regularly sold at \$1. We have just received a fairly large quantity to go at 75c while it lasts.

We know of no equal quality to be got anywhere at the same price. It is an excellent thing for both adults and children at this time of year, and it is very easy to take. Remember the special price—pint size only 75c.

ROYAL PHARMACY W. A. Warren, Phm. B. The Rexall Store

MARRIED

DONDALE-MOODIE—At the home of Mrs. S. B. Jones, Bear River, N. S., on December 30, 1914, by Rev. L. H. Crandall, Kenneth F. Dondale, of Deep Brook, N. S., and Miss Sadie H. Moodie, of Kentville, Yarmouth County, N. S.

Business Notices

Fresh Finnan Haddies and Fillets every Wednesday. KEN'S RESTAURANT

6 pkgs. Soda Biscuits for 25c, Saturday only. KEN'S RESTAURANT

Florida Oranges 25c doz. up at Mrs. Turner's.

1 doz. pkgs. Jell-O for 90c. at KEN'S RESTAURANT

Ask for Ben's Big Double Loaf of Bread at KEN'S RESTAURANT

Fresh Malaga Grapes at Mrs. Turner's.

WANTED—Perk and Hides, for which I will pay the highest market price. PERCY BATH.

HAIR WORK DONE. Combs or cut hair made into Puffs, Transformations and Switches. Terms moderate. Satisfaction guaranteed. Mail orders promptly attended to. MISS GEORGINA BANCROFT Annapolis Royal, R. F. D. No. 1.

TEACHER WANTED

IN Port Lorne School Section, a grade C teacher with experience. Apply to E. S. GRANT, Secy. Trustees, Port Lorne, N. S., Jan. 4th, 1915.

NOTICE

All who owe the firm of McCormick & Stronach of Clementsport will please take notice that all bills are due and must be settled at once. Otherwise they will be left with an attorney for collection. McCORMICK & STRONACH Jan. 4th, 1915

A Young Man

Working on a farm and having good health can be insured against all accidents that may happen to him. For disability he will get \$5.00 per week. In case of death \$1000.00 will be paid to his beneficiary. No Medical examination necessary. The premium for one year will be \$15.00

Send a post card for booklets or call on

A. W. KINNEY Ken's Restaurant Bridgetown, Nova Scotia PHONE 81

We will Pay CASH FOR

1000 Bushels Good Oats DELIVERED AT OUR WAREHOUSE AT ONCE

Bridgetown Hay & Feed Co. LIMITED.

Fisher's Wharf Water Street

For Sale

One three-year-old Royal Paddock Mare. Reason for selling owner leaving town. Will exchange for other farm stock. W. A. MARSHALL 381 f.

TOWN OF BRIDGETOWN

County of Annapolis. Office of Town Clerk and Treasurer.

Notice is hereby given that the assessment roll for the Town of Bridgetown, in the County of Annapolis, upon which the rates will be levied in and for the said Town for the present year 1915, has been filed in the office of the undersigned, the Town Clerk, and that the said roll is open to the inspection of the ratepayers of the Town.

And further take notice that any person, firm, company, Association or Corporation assessed in such roll, who claims that he, she or it should not be assessed, or who claims that he, she or it is over assessed in such roll, may on or before the tenth day of February next, give notice in writing to the undersigned, the Town Clerk, that he, she or it appeals from such assessment in whole or in part, and shall in such notice state particularly the ground, of objection to such assessment.

And further take notice that if any person assessed in such roll, claims that any person, firm, company, Association or Corporation has been assessed too low, or has been omitted from or wrongfully inserted in such roll, he may, on or before the tenth day of February next, give notice in writing to the undersigned, the Town Clerk, that he appeals in respect to the assessment or nonassessment of the said person, firm, company, association or corporation, and shall in such notice state particularly the grounds of his objection.

Dated at the Town of Bridgetown this 2nd day of January A. D. 1915.

HARRY RUGELES, Town Clerk.

GREAT BARGAINS

Fancy Goods, Toys

During stock taking which is now on

Fresh Biscuit Confectionery

Fruit and Nuts

Dried Fruit

Spices and

Canned Goods

Fresh and Cheap

14 lbs. Best Granulated Sugar \$1.00

MRS. S. C. TURNER

VARIETY STORE

Bigger & Better

The business done in 1914 having far exceeded the business done in 1913, we can only attribute this to the liberal patronage that our many friends and customers have given us, and by fair treatment and an excellent quality of goods. We ask for your continued favors.

Wishing each and every one a Bright and Prosperous New Year.

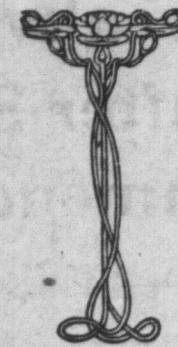
G. K. DODGE

Ken's Restaurant

PHONE 81

The Bridgetown Importing House

WE sincerely wish all our friends and customers "A Happy and Prosperous New Year" and thank them most heartily for their increased patronage during 1914.



J. W. BECKWITH

Still at the Front

We have given much energy and thought to assist That Great Army of Christmas Shoppers in making their selection of Christmas gifts

OUR SPECIAL LINES WICKER & GRASS ROCKERS PARLOUR & LIBRARY TABLES PEDESTALS & JARDINERE STANDS FRAMED PICTURES FOLDING CARD & SEWING TABLES

An inspection of our stock will convince you that we are IN THE FIRING LINE of Quality and Good Value.

Mail Orders receive our careful attention

J. H. HICKS & SONS

QUEEN STREET, BRIDGETOWN, N. S.

HOME COMFORT

IF YOU WOULD ENJOY REAL "Home Comfort" BUY A

Gurney Chancellor STEEL RANGE

Sold and Guaranteed by KARL FREEMAN HARDWARE STORE

CASH MARKET

Prime Beef, Fresh Pork, Lamb, Chicken, Hams and Bacon, Sausages, Headcheese, Pressed Beef, Mince Meat, Corned Beef and Pork, Salt Mackerel, Boneless Cod. Fresh Fish every Thursday. Thomas Mack

A LINE OF FINE CHINA

I am showing one of the finest lines of genuine Nippon China manufactured. To get the best in appearance and price you should see this line. Our Watch, Clock and Jewelry repairs have always given satisfaction. Ross A. Bishop LOCKETT BLOCK

Great REDUCTIONS

In Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats AND Fancy Feathers.

Dearness & Phelan Queen St., Bridgetown

Automobile Repairing A SPECIALTY

Will buy 1913 or 1914 Ford Touring Car in running order—must be bargain; also one Small Turning Lathe and Gasoline Engine, 1 to 3 h.p.; one Emery and Stand. Have your auto repaired now for next season's service. FLETT'S GARAGE. Telephone, Bridgetown 62

# Announcement

Stock taking commenced at our Store January 1st, 1915, and will continue until January 12.

## REMNANT SALE

Our Annual SALE of ends and remnants, which always follows at our Store after Stock-taking will commence Jan. 21.

DOORS OPEN FROM 9 O'CLOCK

## CASH IS KING

We offer the Remnants of our entire stock at crowd-drawing prices, consisting of ends Dry Goods, Cloths, Prints, Gingham, Muslins, Laces Embroideries, Corsets, Blouse Waists, Men's Pants, Coat Sweaters, Wall Papers, Boots and Shoes, etc.

HIGH VALUES will go at low prices during this SALE. It is impossible for us to itemize every article and quote you price. THURSDAY, the 21st will be the "Days of Days." Taking advantage of it will be your duty. Sale will continue until Remnants are sold.

At the close of this Sale, we will hold our Annual Sale of Women's and Childrens' White Muslin Underwear. Hold your orders until you see our display

Yours Truly

# CLARKE BROS.

BEAR RIVER

### BREVITIES

China has about one physician trained along modern lines for each 600,000 inhabitants.

Cut flowers will keep fresh longer if their stems be placed in damp sand than if placed in water.

Active mining of pitchblende, the chief source of radium, has been begun in India, near Bombay.

A newly invented electric steam-cooker uses electricity to make steam and steam to cook.

German trade union statistics say that half a million persons are idle in Germany because of the war.

Naturalists in France have asked for an international commission to investigate the threatened extinction of the whale.

Panama hats are woven at night, because in the heat of the tropical day the toquilla straw becomes too brittle to be worked.

Wireless messages have been sent and received at a rate of more than 100 words a minute by apparatus invented in England.

A Holstein-Frisian cow owned at Woodland, California, has set a new record of over thirty thousand pounds of milk a year.

Minard's Liniment cures Distemper.

### Steamer Montrose Likely a Wreck

LONDON, Dec. 29.—Memories of Dr. Crippen, hanged for the murder of his wife in 1910, are revived by the news that the Steamer Montrose, on which the famous criminal was arrested, was wrecked on Goodwin Sands in last night's gale.

The steamer, which was supposed to be safely moored in Dover harbor, was blown out in the darkness. It was observed by naval patrolmen, two of whom bravely responded to the call for volunteers to man the drifting vessel.

On boarding the steamer the sailors discovered that there were no anchors, and the result was that the Montrose drifted helplessly on to the Goodwin Sands. The two men were swept off by the heavy seas, but were eventually rescued by the Deal lifeboat.

The Montrose is likely to become a total wreck.

The king of Siam will send some of his famous sacred white elephants to be exhibited at the Panama-Pacific Exposition, in charge of Prince Rajani.

### German Tried to Enter Gibraltar

SEVILLE, Spain, Dec. 28.—Reports appear in the press of a daring attempt made by a German to enter Gibraltar disguised as a Moor. He arrived at Algeciras in a train from Madrid on Wednesday night, wearing European dress.

The suspicion of the Spanish authorities was aroused by his appearance on Thursday in a Moorish costume and speaking Arabic. He was arrested, and on examination proved to be the bearer of compromising documents in German.

### TAKE NOTICE

We publish simple, straight testimonials, not press agents' interviews, from well-known people. From all over America they testify to the merits of MINARD'S LINIMENT, the best of Household Remedies.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CO., LTD.

William Waldorf Astor, of New York, has placed at the disposal of the Duchess of Argyll the sum of \$125,000 for the relief of necessitous families of British officers killed or wounded at the front.

## Bear River

Jan. 4th.

Schooner Neva has gone into winter quarters.

Miss Wade, of Bedford, is visiting Mrs. C. W. Phinney.

Miss Viola Haines, of Annapolis is visiting friends here.

Mr. Vorheir Ditmars is spending his vacation in Clementsport.

The teachers of Oakdene returned to their duties on Monday.

Mrs. Isabell Tibert, of Little River, Digby County, is visiting her son Principal Tibert.

Miss Gertrude Fleet and Mrs. Fred Fleet spent Christmas with relatives in Aylesford.

Mr. and Mrs. L. V. Harris spent Christmas with Principal and Mrs. Lenest Ruggles, Middleton.

Mr. Earl Phinney, of Dalhousie College spent Christmas with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Phinney.

Captain Harry Moore of Canning, came home on Friday. He and Mrs. Moore will spend the winter in their cottage here.

S. S. Bear River had the misfortune to break her shaft while attempting to cut through the ice in the river and is laid up for repairs.

Mrs. Gordon McIntyre, of Bathurst, N. B., spent Christmas with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Clarke. Mrs. Clarke accompanied her on her return home.

## DEEP BROOK

Jan. 4th.

Miss Mary Sulis is visiting a few days in Bridgetown.

Miss Vera Ditmars is spending two weeks in Clementsvalle.

Lawrence Snell spent part of last week with relatives here.

Miss Frances McClelland spent Sunday in Clementsport.

Cold weather continues on Clements shore. No snow. Good skating.

Miss Mildred Robbins, lately spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Ferry.

Gordon Cossabocn, of Smith's Cove has been the guest of his aunt, Mrs. Harris of Bear River.

Mr. and Mrs. Whidden, of Halifax, who were holiday guests at the home of Mrs. Whidden's sister, Mrs. Jas. Vroom, have returned home.

Mrs. Louise Clements, who has been in Boston for medical treatment, arrived home last week. Our sincere wishes for a complete recovery.

George Weir has sold his farm and the many friends of the family hope they will decide to remain in Deep Brook, where they are valued members of our community life.

The Dorcas Society and Plus Ultra S. S. Class of young women are taking up Red Cross work with the New Year with largely attended meetings last week. Dorcas Society business meeting with Mrs. E. V. Hutchinson on Wednesday afternoon.

## PRINCE DALE

Jan. 4th.

Mr. Kenneth Dondale, of Deep Brook, spent Sunday with relatives here.

Messrs. Wm. Dondale and Wm. Hen returned to Milford Corner, Monday.

Mr. Ira E. Wright spent Christmas at Mr. Hutchinson's, Roxville, Digby County.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Dukeshire, of Clementsvalle, were Sunday guests at Mrs. George Wright's.

Mr. William Sibbins, of Greywood, was a guest on Sunday of his daughter, Mrs. Millage Wright.

Mrs. Albert Yergall, of Bear River, spent a few days this week with her sister, Mrs. Charles Fraser, who is ill.

Miss Nina Hutchinson, who has been visiting at Mrs. G. H. Wright's returned to her home at Roxville, Wednesday.

Miss Edith Malling, of Clementsvalle and Miss Flora Malling, of Virginia East were weekend guests at Mrs. Malling Dondale's.

## LOWER GRANVILLE

Jan. 4th.

Mr. Clarence Thorne went to Halifax on Monday.

Miss Primrose Elliott visited friends in Annapolis last week.

Mrs. L. D. Holly spent the weekend with friends in Bear River.

Mr. Reginald Bishop, of Paradise, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Howard Crosscup.

Mr. and Mrs. Curtis Young, of Digby, who spent Christmas with Mrs. Young's parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Condon, have returned home.

# CLARKE BROS.

LUMBER

GENERAL MERCHANDISE AND INSURANCE

BEAR RIVER, DECEMBER 31, 1914

To Our Friends and Patrons:

Dear Sir or Madam:

Having considered the matter carefully for some time we have decided that the system of credit hitherto practiced has outlived its usefulness and that the interests of both buyer and seller can best be served by adopting a "PAY DOWN SYSTEM."

Again, restricted credits in all directions make this change imperative. We, therefore, ask your assistance and co-operation in bringing about this change, believing it to be in our mutual interest. From this date, our terms will be payment upon delivery of goods, credit in any case not to extend beyond the first of the month following the date of purchase, except by special arrangement. Any balance unpaid on the first of the month subject to sight draft unless otherwise provided for.

Immediate settlement of all outstanding balances hereby requested. Any account unpaid or unsettled by February 1st, 1915, subject to draft without further notice.

Soliciting a continuance of the cordial relations which have always existed between us and feeling assured we shall, under the new system, be in a position to render more efficient service with the hope that the New Year may bring you increased happiness and prosperity.

Yours very truly

CLARKE BROS.

## PORT WADE

Jan. 4th.

Mrs. John S. Hayden returned to her home in Lynn last week.

Mr. W. Burke went on Saturday to Lynn in search of his fortune.

Mr. A. L. Dennison, M. P., made a flying visit to this place last week.

Miss Avora Reynolds started Monday for her school at Northfield, Queens County.

Miss Delma Snow, teacher, returned to her school at Centreville, Digby County on Saturday, Jan. 2.

Miss Lena Keans and Miss Nellie Kemp, teachers, returned Saturday to their respective positions in the United States.

The fishermen are meeting with very rough weather and fish are scarce, thus making the earnings of the past two months quite small.

The Secretary of Trustees has secured the service of Miss MacCallum of Truro, as teacher for the balance of the school year. We hope the parents of the children will give this new teacher every support.

Mrs. Reginald Tinham gave a birthday party to her old schoolmates on the evening of Jan. 1st, she having attained her majority (21 years). A goodly number were present and the evening was spent very enjoyably. Good wishes and a number of presents attested to the esteem in which she is held.

A splendid entertainment was given at the Hall by the citizens of Port Wade on Thursday evening, December 31st, in aid of the Belgian Relief Fund. A good program was rendered including readings, songs, dialogues, etc., interspersed with music, violin by Mr. J. Siddum and Miss Ella Shaffer as accompanist. Special mention should be made of the sea-battle between Cruisers Sydney and Emden which was put up by Mr. Horace Snow.

While the two ships are in action the Emden is blown up. Judging by the many encores and the handsome sum of \$50.00 the attempt was in every way a success. The same company put on the concert at Victoria Beach on Saturday evening, when a like success attended, realizing the sum of \$25.00, making a total in two evenings of \$75.00.

## MORGANVILLE

Jan. 2nd.

Mr. Ansley Morgan is spending a week in Digby.

Mrs. Wm. Smith entertained a few young friends on New Year's Eve.

Miss Minnie Morgan is spending a week with her cousin Nellie Chute.

Mr. Guy Harris, Salvation Army Officer, spent a few days with friends at Morganville.

Mrs. George Morgan and Miss Bessie spent New Year's Day at Mrs. Jesse Porter's.

Mrs. William Smith and Mrs. Joseph Ennis spent Thursday with friends at Milford Corner.

Miss Amy and Miss Bessie Morgan and Miss Gladys Porter spent Thursday visiting at Mr. Gilbert Hubby's camp.

Miss Bessie Morgan arrived home from Middleton on Christmas Day to spend a few weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George D. Morgan.

The Norwegian herring catch this year has been very unusually large.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

## "Good Dress Goes Hand in Hand With Good Manners"

To be well dressed you must first select stylish goods and then find a first-class tailor. If you can find Bear River any one can direct you to

F. A. BURRAGE'S

where a complete assortment of foreign and domestic wools can be found including all the latest shades and designs in browns which lead this season

F. A. BURRAGE Merchant Tailor, Bear River, N. S.

## Conserve the Breeding Stock

(By John Bright, Live Stock Commissioner, Ottawa)

Everyone knows that trade conditions and commercial enterprise have suffered a very serious and unexpected upheaval during the past year. To this situation the war has, of course, largely contributed; but other causes, including the general financial depression throughout the country, have been operative for some months past. The agricultural industry has, naturally, been very widely affected by these changing conditions and by the varying situation with respect to demand and supply. The rise in the price of grain, together with the corresponding fall in grain production, represents, without doubt, the most outstanding feature of the direction which has been given to agricultural activity.

We need, perhaps above all things else, sane, level judgment in the conduct of our agricultural affairs during the coming year. It is to be expected that grain production will be largely increased. The raw products of the soil are, and will be, in demand at remunerative prices. What then is to be said, what course is to be followed, with respect to the breeding of live stock?

The high price of feed, on the one hand, and relatively low prices for market stock, on the other, have resulted in very heavy marketing throughout Canada, particularly in the Western Provinces, of the stock, suitable for breeding purposes. Perhaps this was inevitable, but will these conditions continue? Feed grain will, without doubt, be high in price, but it must never be overlooked that the country can maintain very large numbers of live stock on the enormous quantity of rough fodder which it can produce. To waste this, for the sake of the grain which can be grown, would, under the present circumstances, be criminal neglect. It is clear, then, that the country should conserve its breeding stock. If grain is to be grown for sale it is recommended that plans should be carefully thought out as to the manner in which the greatest quantity of rough fodder may be made available for feeding purposes and as to the means by which this otherwise waste product, together with the screenings and unsaleable grain, may be utilized to the best possible advantage. In other words eliminate waste. Do it by feeding live stock.

The present low prices for stock cannot last long. A careful review of the world situation makes it clear that there will be a shortage next year. Europe is becoming seriously depleted in both breeding and feeding stock. The United States, for ten months of the current year, at its leading markets is short 746,045 cattle, 208,000 sheep and 1,894,939 hogs. Canada has, as before stated, heavily liquidated her breeding animals and, while it may possibly maintain its quota next year of cattle and sheep, it is doubtful if more than seventy-five per cent of the number of hogs will find their way to market in 1915, as compared with the current year. It is, therefore, a time for live stock men to stay with their trade. The present tendency is, of course, all the other way. A safe harvest is likely to be reaped by those who have stock for sale next year. Even bankers and business men are of this opinion.

One word of advice is to be given. Avoid marketing so far as it is at all possible to do so during the period of October fifteenth to December fifteenth. This is a time of the year when everybody else has stock for sale. It is a period when packers know that they can fill their cellars with cheap meat. These are the months when the surplus of the whole country finds its way to the packing centres. It is invariably the period of low prices, uncertain markets and disappointing returns to the producers. Breed, therefore, to have young stock available for sale at some other time of the year. Take care to provide sufficient winter feed that you may not be forced to sell when the cold weather comes. Above all, conserve your breeding stock.

## Arrow Points

Be able to be alone. The devils gifts are not worth taking.

A bird can fly without fine feathers but not without wings.

If it is true that we cannot get beyond God's mercy, it is equally true that we cannot get beyond His justice.

Our labor is not lost. Although we see not how. The word we speak, the deed we do, Brings aught of blessing now. Good in intent, the end will tell That what we did has prospered well.

PASTOR J. CLARK Selma, Hants Co., N. S.

WORLD'S GREATEST KIDNEY REMEDY

"Fruit-a-tives" Have Proved Their Value in Thousands of Cases

WONDERFUL RECORD OF A WONDERFUL CURE

Only Remedy That Acts On All Three Of The Organs Responsible For The Fermentation Of Uric Acid In The Blood.

Many people do not realize that the Skin is one of the three great eliminators of waste matter from the body...

"Fruit-a-tives" cures weak, sore, aching kidneys, not only because it strengthens these organs but also because "Fruit-a-tives" opens the bowels...

"Fruit-a-tives" is sold by all dealers at 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. or will be sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

The Unreasonable Pa

My Pa, he didn't go down town Last evening after tea, But got a book and settled down As comfy as could be...

An' so I asked him why the world Is round instead of square? An' why the piggies' tails are curled, An' why the moon don't hit a star...

An' why does water stay in wells? An' why do the roars I hear in shells? An' when will Christmas come? An' why the grass is always green...

An' why a horse can't learn to moo, An' why a cow can't neigh; An' do the fairies live on dew? An' what makes hats grow gray?

But Not a Methodist

One of the Columbia River Conference pioneers, D. E. George, vouches for every word of this story. He was appointed to a large circuit of five preaching places in Upper California soon after the war...

"What are you doing in here?" gamely inquired the leader. "I am on my way to my appointment where I am to preach to-morrow," meekly replied Brother George.

"You are a preacher, are you? What denomination?" "A Methodist."

By this time two of the fiercest-looking Mexicans were alongside the preacher's horse, with fingers on their revolvers, but at a nod from their leader they stepped back.

"Now, see here, stranger," said he, "you may be a preacher, and then again you may not be. If you are a preacher, you can preach, and no mistake about that. Now get down here upon the end of this bridge, and he creaked about it and preach us a sermon, and we will see if you are telling the truth."

This was said in tones so commanding that it took but a moment to comply. Brother George admits that he did some rapid thinking; sought out his favorite text; hustled up the introduction, the three divisions, the classic illustration, and sailed in as earnestly as possible and with as much unctious as the conditions allowed.

Village Fighting in Northern France

(By OWEN S. WATKINS, Chaplain of the Forces)

My previous letter left off at that point where the British force from the Aisne came into touch with the enemy in the neighborhood of Bethune-Arras-La Basse. During the early days our advance was steady, though slow. On the first night our men slept in the German trenches they had won. All the next day the battle raged unceasingly, and at night the enemy made a most determined effort to recover their position...

On Saturday, Oct. 17th, the 14th Field Ambulance, which had been billeted in a farm called Beuvry, about three miles from Bethune, advanced to the little town of Richebourg-l'Avoue. It was not a long trek, but every mile of it was a terrible record of the effect of war—the deserted villages, house-fronts marked with bullets, windows broken, furniture cast into the road, roofs tumbled in, here and there a blackened ruin, trenches in gardens and orchards, the trees by the roadside scarred with rifle bullets, and in some cases literally cut in two by shell.

THE MODERN HUNS

Richebourg we found in a state of partial ruin (now, I understand, it has hardly one stone left standing on another), and there was plenty of accommodation for the Field Ambulance. The great cotton mill, upon which the whole population depended for its living, was a smoking heap of ruins; but most of the houses were still intact, although they had been most systematically looted by the Germans. The house of the mill-owner had been occupied the previous evening by a German general and his staff. What a sight it presented! The house had been well and expensively furnished, but the modern Huns had left it worse than any pig-sty, and had wrecked and looted it most thoroughly.

Remnants of meals, broken champagne bottles, smashed crockery, ornaments, vases, and the contents of every cupboard and drawer covered the floor in a filthy layer some inches deep and appeared to have effectually ruined the rich pile carpets. Upstairs things were even worse—nameless filth upon the floors, beds with embroidered linen sheets in which German officers had slept in their muddy boots, and ever the broken wine bottles, and the contents of drawers and cupboards trampled on the floor. The unnecessary brutality and destructiveness of it all filled one with anger, and if a general and his staff behaved thus, what could be expected from the rank and file? Five days the Germans spent in Richebourg, and during that time from the cellars of this one house alone they took five thousand bottles of wine. Small wonder that the floors were strewn with broken glass, and in every trench were hundreds of empty wine bottles. Before we could occupy the place a fatigue party had to be turned into pit buckets and brooms, and the filth and rubbish buried.

SWEPT BY SHRAPNEL

Our advanced dressing-station, under command of Major Richards, was formed at cross-roads about a mile farther on in the direction of Neuve Chapelle, and from that point constant communication was maintained with the various regiments of the 14th Brigade. What that entailed you will understand in part when I tell you that both sides were no well entrenched, and the opposing trenches were so close—often only two or three hundred yards apart—that it was absolutely impossible, in daylight, either to convey water or rations to the troops, or to remove the sick, wounded and dead; whilst the road by which the trenches were approached was throughout the day simply swept by shrapnel, and the dressing-station itself frequently in danger from high explosive shells. Yet daily Major Richards passed along that road, found out what casualties had occurred in the regiments, and then at night sent out his brave officers, with ambulances,

wagons and bearers, to collect the injured men. Captains Lindsay and Bell, Lieutenants Tasker and Rowe, in this connection did work the value of which has not been excelled by any medical officers during this campaign. In order that you may come to some appreciation of their work I will try and describe one night when the Rev. D. P. Winniffrith (Church of England) and myself accompanied them, and in some respects that night the dangers were not so great as on many previous occasions.

Word had come to us that there were dead awaiting burial, so we took ourselves to the advanced dressing-station, where Captain Bell was just about to start out with ambulance wagons and stretcher-bearers; so we joined them. It was an experience to remember for long—the silent march along the dark road, in the distance burning villages, the flash in the sky as a shell burst, and every now and then the sudden rattle of rifle fire, and through it all the regular beat of the machine guns pumping out their stream of death. No smoking was permitted in the ranks, or the showing of any light; men spoke in subdued voices or in whispers. Above us was the scream of our own shell, and we wondered if the enemy would reply, and, if so, whether their answer would be to sweep the road on which we marched with shrapnel, as they had been doing all through the hours of light. We passed through the smoldering ruins of a village, the bare walls of barns and cottages showing up like gaunt skeletons against the firelight. Then the challenge of a sentry, and we were marching into what was left of the village of Lourges. What a sight it was—little more than a heap of ruins, houses still burning furiously, and, by the light of the fire, the regimental bearers bringing in the wounded to the collecting points.

HEROIC MEDICAL OFFICERS

I cannot write of the horrors I saw, and I am sure you would not wish me to do so; but I shall never forget those awful collecting points—men still in their filth and blood, the haggard, hollow-eyed medical officers (Lieutenants Eccles and Matthews), who had not slept for three nights, and the smell of blood—laugh, I have it in my nostrils now as I write. In one of these collecting stations, if a light was shown at the back of the house they were shelled; if at the front, they were sniped and during that very day the roof had been carried away from over their heads by a lyddite shell. Whilst in another, only a few days later, both doctors, bearers and wounded were buried under the ruins resulting from a shell explosion. I have often heard it said that a medical officer doing regimental duty earns the V. C. over and over again, and certain it is that there is no class of officer amongst whom casualties are greater. I personally never met braver men than the regimental medical officers of the 14th Infantry Brigade, i. e., Captain Brown and Lieutenant Eccles, Helm and Matthews.

At the regimental collecting point Mr. Winniffrith and I parted company, for there was much to do, and it could be best done by dividing our forces. His first task was to bury three officers, and mine lay to bury a brave lad of the Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry. We buried him in the garden of the house into which the wounded had been collected. The grave had to be dug in the dark—to show a light would have cost the diggers their lives. The service was read by the light of a lantern shrouded with sacks. The volleys fired over his grave came from the enemy, for just as the service concluded the Germans made an attack on our trenches, and we had to retire hastily to the house, to avoid stray bullets which were coming our way. My next task was at a point farther down the village, and through it I picked my way as best I might. Sometimes the blaze of burning buildings lighted the road with a brilliant glare which was anything but comforting when you remembered that the German trenches were only a few hundred yards away. These stretches of road, needless to say, were deserted, and any who had to pass that way did so as expeditiously as might be. Out of the glare you were plunged into inky darkness, but when your eyes had become accustomed to it you found the street was full of men hurrying about their business—carrying wounded, drawing rations, bringing up ammunition, and handing out the letters from home, whilst among the deserted houses there ran the ceaseless hum of conversation in "under-tapes."

NO ALUM



NONE EVER WENT BACK.

In a barn near the ruined church I found eight still figures—three Manchester, two East Surreys, two Scottish Borders and one Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry. In little more than a whisper a sergeant said to me, "We haven't quite finished the grave yet, sir. You see, we had to stop digging just now when they attacked for it's only five hundred yards from the German trenches. Come and I'll show you where it is." We passed out to the back of the barn, where after a while, I could distinguish figures digging in the darkness. From beyond came a soft hum of voices. "What's that?" I asked. "It's the men in the trenches, sir, talking. When your eyes get accustomed to the dark you'll be able to see 'em, for they're only a few yards away." Then the tramp of feet in the grass, and a silent procession passed us in single file. "Relief for the trenches!" I inquired. "No, sir; they're just the chaps taking 'em their rations. You see nobody can get at 'em at all in daylight, and all that sort of thing had to be done at night." I tripped over something, and stopped to pick it up; it was a broken German helmet. "Not much use that, sir, for a souvenir; too much smashed about. You see, they broke through here last night, but none of those as got through ever went back. I expect it was light you would see quite a number of helmets and things lying about."

As the digging progressed, of necessity very slowly, I went elsewhere, visited the headquarters of two of the regiments, and had conversation with such men as I could lay hold upon, and finally settled down under shelter of the barn to wait. On the other side of the road was a burning house; its glare lit up the ruined church to my right, and as I looked at that I thought of Davidson. I wonder if the people in England have heard yet of Davidson, of the gunners; perhaps not, for I do not know who would tell his tale, certainly not himself, so I will try, though I know beforehand that I cannot do it justice.

EARNING A "V. C."

Lieutenant E. Davidson, of the 119th Battery Royal Field Artillery, had just been sent in wounded in one of the ambulance wagons. Early in the day our gunners had found it impossible to locate certain German guns which were fast rendering our trenches untenable. The country was so flat that there was no possible point of vantage from which the gunners could "observe," except the steeple of the church in Lourges. But the Germans knew that as well as we did, so the church was being vigorously shelled, and already no less than twelve lyddite shells had been pitched into it. It was the duty of Lieutenant Davidson to "observe" so he calmly went to the church, climbed the already tottering tower, and, seated on the top, proceeded to telephone his information to the battery after German battery was silenced; the infantry, which at that time was in danger of extermination, was saved; and the position, in spite of an attack in overwhelming force by the enemy, was successfully held. The church was reduced to a scrap heap, but still Davidson sat tight on the remnants of his tower. For seven solid hours, expecting death every moment, he calmly scanned the country and telephoned his reports. At dark his task was done, and he came down to rejoin his battery. As he left the ruins a fall of timber in one of the burning houses lit up everything with a sudden glare, there was the crack of a rifle—the German trenches were only a few hundred yards away—and a bullet passed through the back of his neck and out through his mouth. But without hurting his pace he walked to his battery, gave them his final information, and then, "I think I'd better go and find the field ambulance, for the beggars have drilled a hole in me that needs plugging." And he walked half a mile to the nearest "collecting point." In the infantry of the 14th Brigade men can talk of nobody else but "Davidson, of the

gunners." They themselves face death every hour of the day and night; they themselves do unrecorded deeds of heroism worthy of the "V. C.," but with one voice they declare, "Davidson is the real thing. If he doesn't get the 'V. C.'—well, not only deserves it." So I sat and looked at the ruins, and wondered what the thoughts and feelings of that young man had been as he sat alone on the shaky tower seven hours, waiting for death.

FUNERAL IN DEEP DARKNESS

Then the voice of the sergeant, "Beg pardon, sir; we're ready when you are. The grave's dug." And I passed out of the glare of burning buildings, through the barn, into the darkness beyond, where the shadowy figures of the diggers could be dimly seen standing round the open grave.

"The commanding officer sends his compliments, sir," continued the sergeant, "and will you please conduct the service without any light. For even a muffled light here would be likely to draw fire."

So, in the almost inky darkness, with no sound but the soft murmur from the trenches of which I have already spoken, I recited the words of the glorious English burial service, and committed my brave comrades into the hands of God. On getting back to the place where I had parted from Mr. Winniffrith, I found him just returned from similar experiences; whilst Captain Bell, who all through the night had superintended the coming and going of his ambulance wagons, was just completing his last load—one hundred men in all we gathered that night. Then followed the silent march back over the dark road, through smoldering hamlets, and past still burning farmsteads, until at last the advanced dressing-station was reached. Here Captain Lindsay had just returned from a similar journey to our own, but in another direction, whilst Major Richards and Lieutenant Tasker and Rowe were busy redressing any cases that needed immediate attention. At Richebourg, meanwhile, Major Fawcett, assisted by Lieutenants Chesney and Clarke, worked right through the night in the operating room, giving such attention to serious cases as was impossible at the advanced dressing-station, and when necessary to the saving of life, performing operations, often of a most delicate and difficult character. Soon after dawn the motor ambulances arrived, wounded and sick were hurried away to railroad, and some of them before very many hours had passed were in England, far from the sound of rifle fire, machine guns and "Black Maxes." The field ambulance now rested only to begin its activities again with the coming of the hours of darkness.

HOW THE TROOPS LIVE

Of the fighting during the days and weeks that have followed what can I write? It certainly cannot be described. The country, flat and unspicably dreary, is intersected with ditches and dykes, the water in which is always covered with green slime. The weather, either Scotch-mist, damp and penetrating, or incessant, pouring rain. Our troops, living in mud-holes dug in the soft earth of beet and potato fields; all day they are sprayed by the enemy's shrapnel, machine guns and rifle fire, and occasionally either blown out of their trenches or buried alive by "Black Maxes"—the bursting of a "Black Maria" resembles the eruption of a volcano, and its results are like those of an earthquake; whilst almost every night of the week their trenches are attacked by the enemy in overwhelming force. It sounds incredible that they should live through it, if they lived, that any amongst them should be sane, especially when it is remembered that the 14th Brigade has never rested since it landed in France three months ago. Sometimes we have had great and brilliant successes, and a line of trenches or a village has been carried at the point of the bayonet. Sometimes we have ourselves had to retire. The line of our front has not been a fixed line, but has swayed to and fro, for the Germans have thrown all their strength and the very flower of their army upon this point in their desperate effort to break through and reach Calais. Never in the history of war has there been fiercer fighting; the incredible bravery of the German soldiers, who night after night are thrown in massed battalions upon our trenches, only to be mowed down in heaps, is one of the greatest wonders of this war, and has filled us all with respect and admiration. Some nights it is 400 dead left on the field; on others 500 and 700; and on one occasion lately it was as much as 1,500, whilst prisoners and wounded pass through in a more or less continual stream. Yet, judging from the wounded who have

passed through our hands, their spirit is by no means broken, though most of them are very, very tired of it all and long for peace and home.

NIGHTLY TOLL OF WOUNDED

Our own losses are also very considerable. Day after day they pass through our hands—100 to 150 wounded has recently been the nightly total of the 14th Brigade alone—and they are all so cheery. A few nights ago we got nearly 100 men from the Manchester Regiment. Their spirits were unusually high; the reason I will give in the words of one of themselves.

"You see, sir, they charged us, and we shot them down as fast as we could, but there was too many of 'em for us to shoot 'em all. So seeing they'd soon be atop of us and we should be smothered in our own trenches just by the weight of 'em, we didn't stay for that. We just up and went to meet 'em with the bayonet. My! but that was a fight. If only somebody could describe it. But they can't, for it was dark, with very little moon, and nobody could exactly say as he saw it."

And that is my difficulty; night after night the dreadful noise of battle, night after night the sorrowful fruit of the battlefield, but of the fighting who can tell?—God hides it with the veil of His darkness, and in this we see His mercy.

In the ebb and flow of battle the 14th Field Ambulance has had many homes—Richebourg-l'Avoue, Le Hamel, Le Tourret, La Couture, Vieil Chappelle, Lestrem, Esstaires, Les Lobes, Rue Delannoy, Les Facons and Le Belle Croix. In some of them we have made comparatively long stays, in others we did not even complete one night, for we were shelled out by an inconsiderate enemy. But whether our stay was long or short, Colonel Crawford and his officers have made their arrangements for the receiving of sick and wounded, the operating room has been ready, and under the most trying conditions excellent work has been done. And nightly from the "advanced dressing-station"—commanded sometimes by Major Richards and sometimes by Major Fawcett—the doctors and bearers have gone forth on their dangerous and merciful work. During the three months we have been at the front no less than 100 officers and 3,000 men have passed through the 14th Field Ambulance on their way to England and the hospitals at the base.

And the chaplain's work, what of that? It has been, as in the past, few opportunities of getting the men together for parade services, but when able to preach to them meeting with the warmest appreciation; many opportunities of personal touch, when men are found to be more responsive than they ever are in peacetime; sometimes a prayer by the side of a dying comrade whose work is done, then the letters written to his dear ones telling of his passing; the reading of the funeral service; the distributing of gifts and comforts sent from home—such are the things that make up the chaplain's day, and one's comfort is that, though it seems so little, it yet is not entirely without fruits.

First Dose Ends Indigestion, Heartburn, or Gas on Stomach

The question as to how long you age going to continue a sufferer from indigestion, dyspepsia or out-of-order stomach is merely a matter of how soon you begin taking Tonaline Tablets. People with weak stomachs should take Tonaline Tablets occasionally, and there will be no more indigestion, no feeling like a lump of lead in the stomach, no heartburn, sour risings, gas on stomach, or belching of undigested food, headaches, dizziness or sick stomach; and besides, what you eat will not ferment and poison your breath with nauseous odors. All these symptoms resulting from a sour, out-of-order stomach and dyspepsia are generally relieved five minutes after taking Tonaline Tablets. Go to your druggist and get a \$1.00 box of Tonaline Tablets and you will always go to the table with a hearty appetite, and what you eat will taste good, because your stomach and intestines will be clean and fresh, and you will know there are not going to be any more bad nights and miserable days for you. Tonaline Tablets freshen you and make you feel like life is worth living. Tonaline Tablets cost \$1.00 for a fifty days' treatment. At druggists or mailed by American Proprietary Co., Boston, Mass.

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills

owe their singular effectiveness in curing Rheumatism, Lumbago and Sciatica to their power of stimulating and strengthening the kidneys. They enable these organs to thoroughly filter from the blood the uric acid (the product of waste matter) which gets into the joints and muscles and causes these painful diseases. Over half a century of constant use has proved conclusively that Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills strengthen weak kidneys and cure Rheumatism.

Are you Bilious?

Don't let it run too long, it will lead to chronic indigestion. In the meanwhile you suffer from miserable, sick headaches, nervousness, depression and sallow complexion. Just try CHAMBERLAIN'S STOMACH & LIVER TABLETS. They relieve fermentation, indigestion—gently but surely cleanse the system and keep the stomach and liver in perfect running order. At all druggists, 25c., or by mail from 11 Chamberlain Medicine Co., Toronto.

DOMINION ATLANTIC RY. LAND OF EVANGELINE ROUTE

On and after November 3rd, 1914, train services on this railway is as follows: Express for Yarmouth...11.57 a.m. Express for Halifax...2.00 p.m. Accom. for Halifax...7.40 a.m. Accom. for Annapolis...6.05 p.m.

Midland Division

Trains of the Midland Division leave Windsor daily (except Sunday) for Truro at 7.05 a.m., 5.10 p.m. and 7.50 a.m., and from Truro at 6.40 a.m., 2.30 p.m., and 12.50 noon; for Truro at 7.05 a.m., 6.16 p.m. and 7.30 a.m., and from Truro at 6.45 a.m., 2.30 p.m., and 12.25 noon, connecting at Truro with trains of the Intercolonial Railway, and at Windsor with express trains to and from Halifax and Yarmouth. Buffet Parlor Car service on Mail Express between Halifax and Yarmouth.

St. John - Digby

DAILY SERVICE (Sunday Excepted) Canadian Pacific Steamship "YAR-MOUTH" leaves St. John 7.00 a.m. leaves Digby 1.45 p.m.; arrives in St. John about 5.00 connecting at St. John with Canadian Pacific trains for Montreal and the West.

Boston Service

Steamers of the Boston & Yarmouth S. S. Company sail from Yarmouth for Boston after arrival of Express train from Halifax and Truro, Wednesdays and Saturdays. P. GIFFKINS, General Manager, Kentville.

H. & S. W. RAILWAY

Table with columns: Accom. Mon. & Fri., Time Table in effect June 22, 1914, Accom. Mon. & Fri. Stations: Lv. Middleton A.R., \* Clarence, Bridgetown, Granville Centre, Granville Ferry, \* Karlsala, J.S. Port Wade Lv. Read up: 15.45, 16.17, 16.01, 14.36, 14.21, 14.05, 13.45

\*Flag Stations. Trains stop on signal CONNECTION AT MIDDLETON WITH ALL POINTS CAN. & U.S.A. AND A.R.Y. P. MOONEY, General Freight and Passenger Agent

FURNESS SAILINGS

Table with columns: From Liverpool, For Liverpool, Via Newfoundland, Durango, Jan. 7, Dec. 29, From London, From Halifax, Sachem, Graciana, Start Point, Sagamore, Jan. 7, Jan. 10, Jan. 19, Jan. 29, Yours truly

Furness Withy & Co., Limited Halifax, N. S.

False Economy

If you neglect to now educate your boy, he will be handicapped when peace is declared. More than ever before will the young men require to be able to act promptly and wisely. Do not delay. Train him now at the

Maritime Business College Halifax, N. S. E. Kaulbach, C. A.



Try this Thirsty Flour

A very thirsty flour. Absorbs a lot of water. Because it contains so much gluten. Manitoba wheat is wonderfully rich in sturdy gluten. And, think of it, FIVE ROSES is milled exclusively from the very cream of the Manitoba wheat berries. So FIVE ROSES must be awfully thirsty, don't you see. In your mixing bowl it greedily absorbs more water. So you get more loaves than usual without using more flour. You use less. Your flour lasts longer, doesn't it? Less trips to your dealer. That's how FIVE ROSES saves money. Actually saves YOU money. Use this economical flour.

Five Roses Flour

Not Bleached

Not Blended



Paradise

Jan. 4th

Mr. Reginald Bishop spent Sunday with friends at Karasdale. Mr. Guy McNinch, of Middleton, spent New Year at the home of his parents. Rosina Canak, of Granville Centre, has been visiting her aunt, Mrs. H. W. Longley. Mr. Joseph S. Longley spent New Year in Windsor, the guest of his brother, E. J. Morse. Miss Minetta Longley spent New Year in Kingston, the guest of her sister, Mrs. S. Lantz. Judge Longley, of Halifax, was a guest last week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Pearson. Mrs. Margeson, of Berwick, was a guest last week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Rupert Chesley. The Misses Bent, of Pupperville have been guests at the home of Rev. A. M. and Mrs. McNinch. Miss Minetta Longley, the faithful teacher of the Primary Class presented each of her pupils at the Christmas season with a skein of yarn, they in turn donating it to the Red Cross Society to be used for the benefit of the Belgians. A New Year's programme was rendered at the Literary Club which met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Longley on Tuesday evening, Dec. 29th. It was as follows: Piano Duett—Sara and Louise Longley. Roll Call—Quotations on the Old Year and the New. Piano Solo—Miss Phinney. Paper—"Events of 1914. Reginald Longley. Vocal Solo—Ewart Morse. Recitation—Sara Longley. Piano Solo—Louise Longley. Recitation—Alice Longley. Piano Solo—Sara Longley. The next meeting will be held on Monday evening, Jan. 11th at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Phinney. At the last meeting of "Light Bearers" Mission Band an interesting New Year's and Missionary programme was presented. The following are the numbers: New Year's Greeting—Jack Hardin; Recitation—Carroll Longley; Music—Miss Minetta Longley's singing class of girls; Recitation—Lena Banks; Music—Missionary Bells; Recitation—Alice Longley; Recitation—Margaret Freeman; Reading—Eileen Pearson; March—Primary Class of the Sunday School. A very successful patriotic entertainment was held in Longley's hall on New Year's evening. The program which was arranged by Mrs. E. E. Burke and Miss Annie Jackson was presented to a large audience. It was as follows: Chorus—"Beautiful Flag"; Vocal Solo—B. W. Saunders; Reading—Miss Gladys Danis; Music—Male Quartette; Violin Duett—Miss Baird, Miss Gladys Jackson; Address—Rev. A. M. McNinch; Chorus—"Follow the Star"; Vocal Solo—Mr. R. Bishop; Reading—Miss Gladys Danis; Music—Ladies' Quartette; Reading—Eleanor Longley; Vocal Solo—Edson Burke; Address—Rev. J. D. McLeod; Music—Male Quartette; Vocal Solo—Mr. R. Bishop; Violin Duett—Miss Baird and Miss Gladys Jackson; Flag Drill. Chorus—"Good Night". The proceeds amounting to \$26.20 will be given to the Belgian Relief Fund.

Springfield

A. G. Morton spent Friday last at Middleton. Avarod Roop recently made a trip to Nictaux. Wm. Mailman recently made a trip to Beech Meadows. Ferdinand O. Grimm recently visited at Beech Meadows. Mrs. W. C. Eaton, of Middleton, is visiting at her old home here. R. C. Roop, of Bridgewater, spent the week-end at his home here. Mrs. Avarod Roop is spending the week with relatives at Mt. Hanley. Mr. Nehemiah Langille is spending a few weeks with his son in Yarmouth. Miss Flora B. Roop, of Middleton, is spending a few weeks at her home here. Dr. W. F. Kenney is spending a short vacation at his home in Halifax. Miss Hazel Durling, of Middleton spent New Year's Day at her home here. Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Roop spent Christmas at F. E. Bentley's, Middleton. Mrs. Verbon D. Beals, of East Inglesville, is visiting her father, Mr. Elwood Young. Lula and Hulda Saunders of Bridgewater, have been visiting their sister, Mrs. Percy McNayr. Misses Eva and Pearl Roop, of Halifax, spent Christmas with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Roop. Miss Laura Morrison, of Halifax, spent a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Morrison recently. Mrs. Titus Ramey and son of Bridgewater, have been spending a few days with Mrs. Ramey's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Freeman. Rev. M. W. Brown has been spending a few days in the Valley.

Mt. Hanley

Jan. 4th

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Wilkins from Middleton are visiting friends in this place. Preaching service, Jan. 17th, at 11 o'clock. Prayers meeting, Jan. 13th, at seven o'clock. Congratulations to Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Elliott for a long and happy wedded life. The W. M. A. S. will be held at Mrs. J. S. Miller's, Jan. 5th at 8 o'clock. Cordial invitation to all the members. Miss Ora Elliott, who has been spending her vacation with her parents, returned to school at Wolfville today. The concert given on December 30, was a grand success. The sum of \$20.25 was realized, which goes to the Belgian Relief Fund.

Inglesville

Jan. 4th

A Happy and Prosperous New Year to the Monitor and Staff. Chester Brn's spent the week-end with his uncle, C. L. Bar's, Wilmot. Mrs. H. F. Reid spent the week-end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Banks. Mr. and Mrs. Avarod Leonard and family have been visiting relatives at Kingston. Miss Emma Daniels is spending the winter with her sister, Mrs. E. Mesinger, at Bridgetown. Misses Eva and Hulda Banks have been visiting their cousins Misses Grace and Jennie Daniels of Lawrencetown.

Bampton

Jan. 4th

Miss Florence Snow has returned home after making a very pleasant visit at Victoria Beach. The young people who have been spending their vacations with their parents, have all returned to their several duties. Mr. and Mrs. John Graves spent the New Year at Mrs. J. H. Lovering's, returning to their home at Port Lorne today. Mrs. Samantha Goucher who has been stopping at the home of Mr. Charles Dunn, has gone to spend the rest of the winter at Middleton. Mrs. Lavinia Foster and son Harry returned home from Kentville on Saturday last after a very enjoyable time spent with A. DeWitt Foster and other friends. Miss Hilda Mitchell has received a letter from the Vice-Council of Belgium at Holland, acknowledging the receipt of a box of candy, with sincere thanks to Miss Hilda. The concert held in the hall on Wednesday evening last, was a success financially, the sum of \$15.00 being raised for the Red Cross Fund. Taking into consideration the bad roads and threatening weather the young folks felt justly proud as one and all present were loud in their praise in the way the programme was carried out.

North Williamston

Jan. 5th

A Happy and Prosperous New Year to the Monitor and Readers. Robins were seen here on December 28th. Several family reunions took place here on Christmas and New Year's Day. Miss Daisy Beanson, of Leominster, Mass., is spending a few weeks with her parents here. Mr. and Mrs. Oliver DeLancey spent last Friday and Saturday with friends at Bridgetown. Letters received from A. C. Stevenson, speaks of very cold weather and hard times in Manitoba. Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Charlton and family spent Christmas with friends at Berwick, and also visited friends at Auburn. Mr. Clarence Corkum, of Lunenburg, was a guest of his uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. John Garber during the holidays. We are sorry to report Mr. Weston Crawford has been quite ill during the last few days. We wish for him a speedy recovery. A very enjoyable evening was spent at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Beanson on Jan. 1st, the occasion being the 25th anniversary of their marriage. Mr. and Mrs. Beanson were the recipients of some very nice silverware besides cash.

Granville Ferry

Jan. 5th

Mrs. W. A. Piggott is visiting friends at Halifax. Mrs. E. E. Wade, returned from Clementsport, Tuesday. Miss Barbara L. Withers left Monday for Halifax, where she will attend school. Mr. and Mrs. Fred Clarke are rejoicing over the arrival of a baby girl to gladden their home. Congratulations. Mr. Harry Parker who has been a guest at the home of Captain and Mrs. S. W. Collins, returned to Wolfville Saturday. Walter W. Pickup, who has been enjoying the holidays with his parents, Hon. and Mrs. S. W. W. Pickup, returned to Dalhousie, Monday.

Clarence

Jan. 4th

W. L. Bishop leaves for Acadia tomorrow. Miss Ida Williams leaves on Tuesday for Acadia Seminary. Mrs. H. H. Roach and daughter are visiting at F. W. Ward's. A Karakule lamb arrived at the Clarence Farm on Christmas Day. Miss Evangeline Elliott left on Saturday for her school at Greenwich. Master Clyde Wilson spent a part of his vacation in Weston, Kings County. The W. M. Aid Society met at the home of Mrs. Ida Witham on Monday evening. Miss Sarah Elliott has returned to Connecticut after spending two weeks at her home. Raymond Fiske has gone to Halifax to take a three months' course at Business College. Mrs. Joseph Hirtle met with an accident last week which has laid her by for several days. The stork left a New Year gift at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Marshall—a daughter. Miss Cora Elliott has gone to Boston to take a course of studies before returning to India. H. D. Starratt, Frank Beanson and Eldon Marshall have been pressing their hay the past week. We are glad to report Mr. E. J. Elliott improving after being laid by several weeks with his hand. Miss Mildred and Clifford Robbins, of Bear River, have been spending a few days with their sister Mrs. A. J. Wilson. Mrs. Harry Chute and family have moved into a part of W. P. Fenerty's house. We are all pleased that the proposed route commencing at Clarence East has gone into effect. We wish Mr. Chute success.

Spry Springs

Jan. 5th

Mrs. Edwin J. Tucker, of Bridgetown, has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Balsor. Charles Dodge, of Gasperaux has been visiting his aunt, Mrs. Mary Harris the past week. Mrs. John Redden has returned home after spending the past few months with friends in Aylesford. Miss Faye Marshall entertained her friends on Friday evening. Music and games formed a part of the entertainment. Mrs. Edgar Foster and baby Mary, of North Kingston, spent the New Year holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Woodbury. Our young people have returned to their duties. Miss Faye Marshall, to Acadia, Miss Hazel Dodge to South Range, Digby County, Miss Cora Bowly to Mt. Hanley and Lewis Gates to Sandy Cove, Digby County. PORT GEORGE Jan. 4th To the Monitor and Staff we wish A Happy New Year. Miss Lantz who spent the holidays at her home at Melvern Square has returned and will re-open the school today. The teachers who have been spending the holidays at their homes here have returned to take up their schools. Miss Viola Hayes at Victoria Beach; Gladys Hayes at Phinney's Cove and Vera Stouman at Gates Mt.

NICTAUX FALLS

Jan. 5th

Miss Alix and Audrey Parker are spending two weeks in Halifax. Miss Gladys Hoffman, of St. John, also spent her vacation at home. Miss Hazel Vanner is at Hortonville where she has taken a position. Rev. Geo. Beck was a guest at the home of Joseph Annis quite recently. Mr. Walter Pentz, of Hantsport, was a recent guest at the Central House. Miss Hattie Ritcey goes to Truro on Saturday next for a course in Domestic Science. Mr. Clifford Millard, of Liverpool, was a guest at D. G. Ritcey's during Christmas. Misses Adelaide and Mae Ritcey visited their brother, Harry, who is serving in the militia at Halifax. Mr. Earle Barteaux, of Trenton, Cal., Mr. Geo. Pickles, of Fort Williams, are enjoying their vacations at their respective homes. Extreme cold weather characterized the Christmas season, but quite a number of distant visitors enjoyed the festive season at their homes. Captain M. S. Parker and son, Claude, came from Halifax to spend a few days at home returning after Christmas to resume their military duties. The H. & S. W. train was delayed on Saturday last from its usual morning time 1.15 until 10 p. m. by the engine getting off the track at the Nictaux sand pit.

Round Bill

Jan. 5th

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Bancroft visited friends in Lawrencetown last week. Mr. George W. Armstrong, Middleton, is visiting his mother, Mrs. Mary E. Armstrong. Miss Bessie Saunders who has lately returned from Alta, has gone to Halifax for the winter. Rokeby Robinson has been accepted as a member of the second contingent for overseas service. Mrs. James Primrose, Bridgetown, is spending the winter with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. LeCain. Captain F. N. Rice and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Morgan, Deep Brook visited Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Rice last week. The children of the Round Hill School contributed the sum of \$5.83 to the Relief Fund for Belgian Children. Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Banks and children who have been spending their holidays in Bear River, came home Saturday. Miss Baxter who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Baxter left for her school in Lower Selma, Hants County, Monday. Rev. Mr. Hardy, missionary on furlough, gave a very interesting talk in the Baptist Church, Sunday afternoon, taking for his subject "Glimpses of life in India."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years Always bears the Signature of J. C. Altman

St. Croix Cove

Jan. 4th

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Marshall welcomed a daughter, Jan. 2nd. Mr. Alfred Charlton, Torbrook Mines, visited relatives here, on Friday. Preaching service Sunday, Jan. 17, 11 a. m. Conference Saturday afternoon previous. Misses Bertha and Kate Neaves were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. Silas Beardsley. Messrs. Gilbert and Harley Lowe, Bridgetown, were guests of Mr. Frank Poole, yesterday. Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Foster and family and Mr. Stephen Hall returned to Parrsboro last Tuesday. Mr. Perry Brinton and Miss Georgia Hall, Port Lorne, visited Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hall, Saturday. Mrs. Charlotte Anderson and sons, Port Lorne, spent New Year's Day at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hall. Mr. and Mrs. Zaccheus Hall visited their daughter, Mrs. Johnson Beardsley, Granville Ferry last week. Our teacher Miss Laura Kelly, returned Saturday, after a pleasant vacation spent at her home in Bridgetown and resumed her school duties today.

Phinney Cove

Jan. 4th

Mr. Herbert Chute has been confined to the house for a few days. Mr. Irving Munroe who has been home for a few days has returned to Digby. The moving picture show given by Mr. Crisp on Saturday evening was enjoyed by all. Miss Margaret Clayton, of Lake Brook is the guest of her cousin, Miss Mabel White. Miss Nina White, who spent the holidays at her home, returned to Wolfville on Monday. Mr. and Mrs. Curtis Rafuse were the guests of Mrs. Edmund Bent for a few days last week. Miss Gladys Hayes, who spent the holidays with her parents at Port George returned to her school last Saturday. The song service held in the church last Sunday evening was a very enjoyable affair. Good attention was given to the preparation of Christmas hymns suitable for the occasion.

Douglasville

Jan. 5th

The Sproul hay press is working in this neighborhood. Mrs. Byron Fritz spent a few days last week with friends in Brooklyn. "Chaummy" Wadman of the West, is visiting his sister, Mrs. Charles Ullman. Our teacher, Miss Alix Parker, is spending her holidays in Halifax with her father, Captain Malcolm Parker. Mrs. Norman Crawford and family spent New Year's with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Hayes, Mt. Hanley. Mr. and Mrs. Orlando Baltzer spent New Year's with Mrs. Baltzer's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. McNayr, Lawrencetown. The Misses Mabel and Silvia Morrison, of Lawrencetown have returned to their home after spending a pleasant week with their aunt, Mrs. O. A. Baltzer.

TORBROOK

Jan. 4th

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Brown spent New Year's at A. M. Spinye's. Captain J. E. Barteaux, of Truro, was visiting here a few days last week. Mrs. W. V. Spurr and little Margaret, returned on Saturday from a visit with her parents in Granville. Miss Lilla Parker, of H. D. Woodbury's store, Kingston, is having a short vacation at her home. Mr. W. B. Foster and wife of days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Bridgewater, are spending the holiday Lacey Foster. The marriage of Miss Sadie Neiley to Mr. Robie Armstrong took place at Everett, Mass., on Thursday last and are to arrive here on Wednesday to reside at Bloomington. Thus three daughters of W. R. Neiley have become wives of three brothers, sons of D. B. Armstrong.

Young's Cove

Jan. 4th

The pie social at Young's Cove was held on Friday evening of last week, at the hospitable home of Mrs. Bernard White. The night being an ideal one a goodly number were present, with hearts overflowing with feelings of good-will each one striving to do all they could towards making the social a successful one. And so it proved to be, the sum of twenty-five dollars being realized. One little incident in connection with the event is worthy of mention. A dear old lady, well advanced in the seventies walked a distance of three miles carrying her pie with her. She felt well repaid for the effort she had put forth, when her pie was sold for one dollar and a half. We do not feel, however, that we can do too much towards aiding the suffering Belgians, who have sacrificed so much for us. The amount raised will be forwarded at the earliest opportunity to the local treasurer. The products of Nova Scotia in 1914 including the output of her mines, factories, farms, forest and fisheries, are estimated at \$129,971,644. January and March of 1915 will each have two full moons, on the 1st and 31st of each month, while in February there will be no full moon. Hides, says an exchange, are now bringing a higher price than ever before in Nova Scotia; at 15 cents a pound buyers are eager to purchase. The Labor Department reports practically no men on strike now throughout the Dominion. What we got out of the New Year will depend on what we put into it—in effort and sacrifice. Let us all determine to make our town and county more prosperous during 1915.

Christmas Suggestions

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Furs, Sweaters Sweater Coats, Underwear, Hosiery and Corsets

Men's and Boys' Underwear, Sweaters, Caps, Shirts, Neckwear, Suspenders, Mufflers

Ladies', Gent's and Children's Handkerchiefs

Ladies' Handkerchiefs in Fancy Boxes and Envelopes, Gent's Initial Handkerchiefs in Silk and Excelda, Neckwear, Suspenders, Armlets and Garters in Gift boxes

Splendid Values in Eiderdown Quilts, Blankets, etc

JOHN LOCKETT & SON