

Guelph Evening Mercury

VOL. 1. NO. 280.

GUELPH, ONT., CANADA, THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 11, 1868.

PRICE ONE PENNY

NORTH-WEST ROUTE.

The Staunch Royal Mail Steamer



'WAUBUNO.'
J. B. SYMES, Master.

WILL leave Collingwood EVERY TUESDAY MORNING at 7 o'clock for the

SAULT STE. MARIE

Calling at Owen Sound and all Intermediate Ports. Also will leave Collingwood for

PARRY SOUND every Saturday Morning at 7 o'clock.

Passengers leaving Toronto on Tuesday morning can make connection by the steamer "Francis Smith," with the steamer "Waubuno," at Owen Sound, free of charge.

The Parry Sound Route is the cheapest, quickest, and best to the Free Grant Lands of the Parry Sound and Muskoka Territory, and connects with all its Colonization Roads.

For freight and tickets, apply at the Northern Railway Station, or their office, Brock Street, Toronto.

J. & W. BEATTY & CO.,
Thorold and Parry Sound.

JOHN McDUGALL,
Putney Collingwood and Owen Sound.

May 21st, 1868. wit

CHEAP

Photographs

W. BURGESS

DEGS leave to inform his friends and the public of Guelph and surrounding country that he having received a large lot of FRAMES suitable for

Christmas Presents,

he will through the HOLIDAYS furnish all kinds of Photographs at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

Parties wishing to make presents of Photographs to their friends should call at once.

PICTURES

of all kinds furnished in the first style of the art.

Gallery above John A. Wood's Grocery Store.

W. BURGESS.
Guelph 15th December, 1867. dw

BARAINS

CHEAP BOOKS

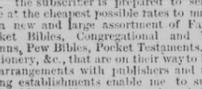
CHEAP STATIONERY.

HAVING purchased the Stock of M. Shewan, the subscriber is prepared to sell it off at once at the cheapest possible rates to make room for a new and large assortment of Family and Pocket Bibles, Congregational and Wesleyan Hymns, Pew Bibles, Pocket Testaments, Albums, Stationery, &c., that are on their way to his store. My arrangements with publishers and manufacturing establishments enable me to supply all kinds of Books, Newspapers and periodicals on the most reasonable terms.

Law Forms of every kind always on hand, and got up to order at the shortest notice.

Fancy Goods, Window Shades, and a large lot of Paper Hangings on hand.

GUELPH BOOKBINDERY!



In the Binding department I would invite the attention of intending purchasers to the specimens on hand, or the which has been executed for many of the Registry Offices and Division Courts.

A large assortment of School Books just arrived.

Picture Framing done on the premises promptly and in the neatest style.

W. J. McCURRY.
Guelph, 29th May, 1868. dw

TROTTER & GRAHAM,



In the Binding department I would invite the attention of intending purchasers to the specimens on hand, or the which has been executed for many of the Registry Offices and Division Courts.

A large assortment of School Books just arrived.

Picture Framing done on the premises promptly and in the neatest style.

W. J. McCURRY.
Guelph, 29th May, 1868. dw

DENTISTS!

GUELPH and BRAMPTON

Members of the Dental Association of the Prov. Vice of Ontario

(Successors in Guelph to T. Trotter.)

OFFICE:

Over Mr. Higinbotham's Drug Store

REFERENCES: Rev. Archdeacon Palmer, Drs. Clarke, Parker and Herod, Guelph; A. F. Scott, Esq., County Judge; George Green, County Attorney; Dr. Pattillo, M. M. C.; Rev. Mr. Arnold—Brampton; Dr. Barnhart, Warden of Penit.; Dr. Hampton, resident Surgeon Toronto Hospital.

The new anæsthetic agents used for extracting teeth without pain.

W. K. GRAHAM (dw-ly)

POTATOES!

THE undersigned offers for sale a superior lot of Potatoes of all kinds, to suit the trade, at his Warehouse, No. 4, Gordon Street, Bay's Old Block.

D. MOULTON.

F. S.—Purchasers leaving orders to have their produce delivered at their residence

Guelph, May 11th, 1868. dtf

TO BRICKLAYERS.

TWO Bricklayers wanted immediately. Apply to

WILLIAM DAY, Builder.

Guelph, 27th May

Apothecaries' Hall!

MARKET SQUARE.

JUST received, a large supply of

Hagan's Magnolia Balm.

LAIRD'S

BLOOM OF YOUTH

For Beautifying the Complexion, Eradicating Freckles, Eruptions, Sunburn and Tan.

A. B. PETRIE,

Chemist, Market Square.

Guelph, 3rd June. dw-ly

India & China Tea Co.

Home Depot at London and Liverpool.

Canada Depot, 23 Hospital Street, Montreal.

THE India and China Tea Company beg to call the attention of the Canadian consumer to their superior Teas, which for purity and excellence will be found unequalled.

The Company have made arrangements whereby they have secured the entire produce of some of the best plantations in Assam and on the slopes of the Himalayas, and, by a judicious blending of these magnificent Teas with the best varieties of China produce, they are enabled to offer to the public Teas of quality and flavour hitherto unknown to the general consumer. These Teas are in high favour in England and France, and a single trial will prove their superiority.

The Company supply two qualities only, either Black, Green or Mixed. Their Black Teas will be found to possess great brilliancy and flavour, combined with colour and strength, and to be entirely different to the flat and rapid article usually sold as Black Tea; while their Green Teas are also entirely free from the deleterious mineral powder so commonly used for coloring the leaf.

PRICES: Rich, full-flavoured Tea, for family use, retail genuine and fine article 70 cts. per lb. Finest quality procurable, one dollar per lb.

The above can be had either Black, Green or Mixed.

To be had in packets of Quarter Pound Half Pound, One Pound, and upwards, or in tin canisters of 5 lbs. and upwards. From the Company's Agents in all the chief towns of Canada—N. B. All the packages are lined with tin foil paper, and the Teas will consequently retain their flavour any length of time.

Orders.—All packages have the Company's trade mark, without which none are genuine.

MR. N. HIGINBOTHAM, Agent, Guelph.

Guelph, August 3, 1867. dw-ly

THE BARCLAY SEWING MACHINE.

WITHOUT any exception, the Barclay Sewing Machine, manufactured by the British American Sewing Machine Company,

is the best in the Dominion of Canada for general purposes. An examination is merely requested, which will be to the advantage of those intending to purchase. All machines warranted.

Also, agent for the DALTON KNITTING MACHINES, one of the best machines in the market.

MOSES BECHTEL, General Agent for the County of Wellington, Blair Post Office.

Agent for Guelph: MRS. HUNTER, Fancy Store, Wyndham Street.

Guelph, Jan. 22, 1868. dw

FREEMAN & FREEMAN

BARRISTERS AND ATTORNEYS,

SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,

CONVEYANCERS, & C.

S. B. FREEMAN, & C. G. O. FREEMAN

CHATHAM, ONT.

Chatham, 29th May, 1868. dw

NO. 7,

Wyndham-st., Guelph.

20 cases Boston Lobsters

5 " Sardines

10 cases Crosse & Blackwell's

PICKLES

(Pleasantly Onion and Mixed)

20 CASES THIN'S FAMILY PICKLES.

Just received at

JACKSON & HALLETT'S.

No. 7, Wyndham-st.

Guelph, 30th May, 1868. dt

Cunard Ocean Steamers.

LEAVING New York every Thursday for Queenstown and Liverpool.

FARE FROM HAMILTON

First Cabin, - - - \$27, gold value

Second " " - - - 20. " "

Berths not secured until paid for. For further particulars apply to

CHARLES T. JONES & CO., Exchange Brokers, Hamilton.

Agents for the Erie and New York Railway, Fare from Hamilton to New York \$7, gold value

Hamilton, 1st June, 1868. dw

CHEAP TOWN LOTS.

OUT Sixty Building Lots, in the Town of Guelph, belonging to the Blair Estate, will be sold for about \$80 each, to wind up the estate. Apply to

EDWIN NEWTON, dtw

Guelph, 29th May, 1868.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisers having contracts with this office are notified that unless their changes for the EVENING MERCURY are made in before 12 o'clock, their advertisements cannot be altered until the following day. Advertisements for the WEEKLY MERCURY should be handed in as early as possible on Wednesday morning in order to secure insertion.

Evening Mercury.

OFFICE:.....MACDONNELL STREET.

THURSDAY EVG. JUNE 11, 1868.

Medical Council of Ontario.

GUELPH, June 10.

The Council resumed at 2 o'clock, when the Committees retired to draw up their reports.

When the Council resumed, Dr. Aikins presented the following report of the Education Committee:

That we shall have a Central Examining Board for the purpose of examining all candidates for license to practice medicine in the Province of Ontario. That such Board shall consist of the Council, with optional power either to examine the candidates, or appoint one or more persons to do so under their superintendence. That powers be conferred on the Council to make provision by By-law for the election of its members.

Dr. McGill spoke strongly in favour of the first mode for establishing a Central Board. The different colleges were joggling along in the old way, and the height of their ambition, in some cases, seemed to be which would make the most money. He felt sorry that the efforts and ambition of the colleges should not be directed to a higher object, namely, to raise the standard of education. A Central Board is the only means of attaining the object in view. It would interfere in no way with the colleges, but it would in time have the effect of raising the standard of education. It would no doubt be humiliating if the students of any particular College were rejected by this Board. But if this occurred, it is not likely it would occur again, for the standard would be raised wherever it was found too low, and would be made respectable and uniform.

Dr. Clarke coincided in the opinion so ably expressed by Dr. McGill with regard to establishing a Central Board. He referred to the defects in the Medical Act, more particularly that portion referring to matriculation. A student could pass his matriculation examination, get his degree, and then go on the registers, and get his name registered, and that officer had to do so without asking whether the applicant had passed the matriculation examination appointed by the Council or not.

Dr. Aikins also spoke in favor of a Central Board. As a representative of the Toronto School of Medicine he could assure them that that School would be in favor of it, and he had no doubt also the University of Toronto.

The report was adopted, and the President, Drs. Clarke, Benson, Dewar and Pattillo were appointed a committee to take steps to carry out the recommendations contained in the report.

Dr. Turquand referred to the communications of Drs. Workman, and as Dr. W. Workman was present, he moved that that gentleman address the Council on the subject matter of these communications.

Dr. Workman then came forward and addressed the Council. He referred first to the discrepancies in the Medical Act with regard to the recognition of Homeopathic and Eclectic Colleges. On the first reading of the Act he came to the conclusion that he could lawfully refuse to accept a certificate of lunacy from any person holding a certificate from the Homeopathic Board, but on the matter again being brought under his attention he found that he could not refuse a certificate so signed. This was a matter that required to be looked into. The other subject was one of a more serious character—that of provoked abortion. He had given his attention to this matter for some time, and was sorry to find that it was on the increase in Canada, and that its results physically and mentally were of the most destructive character. So prevalent had it become in the United States that it had become a part of their national morality, or rather it was the great national sin. From statements made to him by medical men, and from his own knowledge the evil was rapidly growing in Canada. He had it on the authority of his medical colleagues in Toronto, that within the last twelve months there had been 1000 cases of provoked abortion in that city, and there were three or four establishments where the business of obtaining abortion was followed. Such facts were of the most startling character, and it was due to the legitimate profession that some expression of opinion condemnatory of such a fearful practice should be made. Many cases of insanity were traceable to this pernicious practice. The Dr., in corroboration, read from the report of Dr. Gray, of the Utica Asylum, in which it was shown how rapidly the evil had increased in the States, how it had spread through all classes of the people—the respectable and upper classes more especially—and, how many cases of insanity were traceable to it.

Dr. Clarke also spoke on this subject at some length. One cause of the prevalence of this evil was traceable to defects in religious teaching. The aid of ministers and other religious teachers should be invoked to aid medical men in their attempts to put down the practice. He also strongly condemned the practice of allowing indecent advertisements or notices, indirectly referring to abortion, to be published in the newspapers. He moved, seconded by Dr. Macpherson, that Drs. McGill, Aikins and Turquand be a committee to convey to various clergymen of the Province the opinion of this Council relative to the enormous increase in the practice of abortion, and asking their active co-operation to endeavor to prevent, or at least mitigate the crime of procuring the evil hand practice. He also strongly condemned the practice of allowing indecent advertisements or notices, indirectly referring to abortion, to be published in the newspapers. He moved, seconded by Dr. Macpherson, that Drs. McGill, Aikins and Turquand be a committee to convey to various clergymen of the Province the opinion of this Council relative to the enormous increase in the practice of abortion, and asking their active co-operation to endeavor to prevent, or at least mitigate the crime of procuring the evil hand practice. He also strongly condemned the practice of allowing indecent advertisements or notices, indirectly referring to abortion, to be published in the newspapers. He moved, seconded by Dr. Macpherson, that Drs. McGill, Aikins and Turquand be a committee to convey to various clergymen of the Province the opinion of this Council relative to the enormous increase in the practice of abortion, and asking their active co-operation to endeavor to prevent, or at least mitigate the crime of procuring the evil hand practice.

After considerable discussion the motion was carried, and the Council adjourned till eight o'clock.

The Council met again in the evening, when the committee appointed to consider the best means for preventing provoked abortion presented the following report:—That the members of this Council are fully convinced that the crime of provoked abortion has alarmingly increased within the last few years, and that the publication of quick advertisements and the circulation of certain pamphlets, in which the vile practice is covertly inculcated and encouraged, have been largely instrumental in augmenting this deplorable evil. In view of these facts, this Council feels constrained to record in the strongest language possible its solemn condemnation of all such unnatural and heinous crime, and calls upon the whole community, but especially the clergy, to assist by every means in their power in suppressing these dreadfully demoralizing and truly murderous acts.

A long and able discussion took place on the report, in which Drs. Workman, Berryman, Clarke and Richardson took part. The report was finally adopted, and the Council adjourned at half-past 11.

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Court of Quarter Sessions.

WEDNESDAY, June 10th.

In the case of Strangway vs. Hill, et al., the verdict was for the plaintiff \$313.

THE QUEEN vs. EDWARD SUMMERS.—The prisoner was charged with stealing a saddle belonging to Mr. Walter Murton, from the stable of Mr. Romain, on the night of the 30th of March last. It will be remembered that when he was tried in the Police Court the evidence showed that he had taken the saddle to Mr. Newton's Tavern and received fifty cents on it, the proprietor of the hotel telling the prisoner that he believed he had stolen it.—The latter persisted to the last in telling different and contrary stories concerning the manner which he had come by it, sometimes asserting that he had found it, and again saying that it had been given to him. He also pretended that he had a witness who could testify on his behalf, but after every effort had been made the person whose name he mentioned could not be found. Verdict, "Guilty."

WHITE vs. G. T. R.—This was an action for damages brought by Mr. Wm. White, Esq., against the Grand Trunk Railway Company for undue detention of goods. The goods were shipped from Toronto on the 20th of March, 1867, to Georgetown, but the plaintiff did not receive them until about a month after. By some mistake they had gone on to Berlin, and remained at the station there for a considerable time. The articles were principally of that class which are in demand only for a short season; consisting chiefly of straw goods and others belonging to the millinery department. On the ground that the sale of the goods had been frustrated by the detention the plaintiff claimed damages. Mr. McCurry for plaintiff; Mr. Bell, Q. C., for defendant. The plaintiff was not-suited, as it appeared he had a special contract with the Company for the delivery of his goods, and in such cases their printed regulations do not bind them as to time.

THURSDAY, June 11.

The Court opened at 9.30 a. m.

MICHE vs. TERMAN.—The parties to this case reside in Arthur. The plaintiff had an execution against one Walter Terman, and under it he seized his goods. Gregory Terman, Walter's father, bought the chattels, and plaintiff considered that this proceeding was merely for the purpose of saving them from other executions that were against them. Gregory Terman has since died and plaintiff sues his representatives, that is to say, his widow and Gregory Terman the younger, for the amount said to have been paid for the goods when they were sold. Mr. Cross for plaintiff; Messrs. McCurry and O'Connor for defendants. Verdict mot given.

THE QUEEN vs. JANE MORRILL.—The prisoner was put upon her trial charged with stealing an old quilt from Mrs. Davis, in part of whose house she and her husband resides. The latter had purchased some bedding from the prosecutor, but it was sworn at the Police Court that this quilt was not among the articles, and although it had been missed its whereabouts was not discovered until Mrs. Davis peeped through a crack in the partition and saw it spread on Morrill's bed. Mr. McCurry, counsel for defendant, objected that the quilt being in her possession she could not be charged without positive evidence, of which there was none; also that the lapse of time secured her from accounting for possession. The Judge admitted the pleas and directed an acquittal. In the woodcock case the same person the Grand Jury found "no bill."

Pushinch Mutual Insurance Company.

The annual meeting of the above Company was held at Johnston's Hotel, Aberfoyle, on Monday, the 1st of June, John Black, Esq., President, in the chair. The meeting was well attended. The chairman called upon Mr. Alex. Smith, the Secretary, to read the Directors report and financial statement, as audited by Messrs. Robt. Little, jr. and Jas. Evar.

REPORT.

Your Directors in presenting their annual report, respectfully show that the Company is in a most satisfactory position, and its members on the increase.—During the past year one fire has been reported to your Directors, namely, the one which took place at John Carter's, on the Brock Road. After a strict investigation a special meeting of the Board was held on the 12th of July, and an order was given in favor of Mr. Carter to the amount of \$662. An assessment of 15 cts. on the dollar on all premium notes was ordered to be levied. This claim was satisfactorily settled, besides a balance of loss sustained by Wm. Kirkland, which was in course of collection at last annual meeting. The number of members in the Co. is now 112; amount of property insured in the Company, \$239,900; amount of premium notes in the Treasurer's hands, \$4798.

JOHN BLACK, President.

Mr. Smith also read the Treasurer's account with the Directors. The cash on hand at former meeting was \$21.30. Received for assessments, \$934.63; deposit on premium notes, \$63.23; entrance fee of eight new members, \$4; making total receipts \$1,023.16. The expenditures are, paid Wm. Kirkland, \$307; John Carter, \$662; sundries, such as discount on silver, advertising, printing, commission, postage, stationery, &c., \$59.58; making a total of \$928.58—leaving a balance in the Treasurer's hands of \$94.58. To this is to be added \$28.57 unpaid assessments, which makes a total balance of \$123.15.

Moved by Mr. Hammersley, seconded by Mr. Andrew Ord, that the report be received and engrossed on the minutes.—Carried.

A resolution was also passed, instructing the President and Secretary to have the Directors' Report and the Secretary's Treasurer's statement printed for distribution among the members.

The following Directors were then elected for the ensuing year:—Messrs. John Black, Duncan McFarlane, Thomas Carter, John Marshall, James Evans, P. Stewart, Hugh Cockburn, jr. Messrs R. Little, jr. and Andrew Orr were appointed Auditors for the ensuing year.

At a subsequent meeting of the Directors, John Black, Esq., was chosen President, and Alex. Smith, Esq., Secretary.

THE GUELPH POLICE COURT.

COMPULSORY EDUCATION.

The subject of compulsory education is ever and anon forcing itself on our attention. It comes up at strange times, and on occasions when it is not expected. Hitherto that particular part of education which our County Council took to do with was material and not theoretical, they contented themselves with providing supplementary support for education in such a form as the Government had given us, rather than debating a theory destined according to its advocates to perfect the system already in operation. But perhaps no resolution proposed in Council which did not recommend an expenditure of money, drew out such a earnest and lengthy debate as that in which it was proposed to petition the Ontario Parliament to pass an Act, making it imperative on parents to send their children between the ages of five and seven years to school, or to educate them elsewhere. The motion was tried, not without dissenting voices, and the memorial will be presented next session. The Council no doubt believed they were fulfilling a duty to their country and working for the benefit of the rising generation and of those that may succeed when they received to press this great question often, and so exhaustively discussed and so frequently left in abeyance, that the attention of the Legislature, if it is one of those subjects on which different individuals may hold different opinions and be equally honest.

In dwelling on this theme there appears to us just two questions worthy of consideration; first, is the principle of compulsory education correct in itself, and second, would its application in Canada be attended with satisfaction, and consequently beneficial results? With regard to the first part, it is argued, and not without a show of reason, that if taxes are levied for the support of schools, ratepayers have a right to look for an equivalent in the sums they are compelled to pay for that intellectual progress they are designed to foster and promote. Yet the reasons would be nearly parallel to those which would induce the Government to enact that all the vagabonds, who make a living not by themselves knows how, should be committed to gaol without having fringed any particular Statute on the grounds that the edifices which they kept in repair, that the salaries of the officials had to be paid, and that the discipline the prisoners had to undergo would conduce to their individual well-being, and to the future good of society. There are, and perhaps there will always, systems established in the design of improving the morals of the country, to which men must contribute in proportion to their means, and from which they cannot look for remuneration in the form of universal and regular movement towards virtue on the part of all to whom they point the way, and furnish with oil and wine for the journey. It is a melancholy fact, but a true one, that investments in schemes for the elevation of the human species hold the tardiest and the smallest dividends. It is enough, we conceive, to want the privileges of obtaining a good elementary education, free of charge, and all who are willing to accept of them, without beating up the highways and hedges and driving in guests to partake of the intellectual feast at benevolence has made ready. The merit and pleasure of having rendered a benefit cannot be destroyed by the refusal to accept it, while he who spurns what he really required and what would have been unquestionably beneficial to him seldom fails to find the punishment his negligence and want of forethought invites. On the whole it rather seems that to attempt to compel men, more especially those who glory in their heritage of freedom of opinion, who have for ages never seen a contraction of the bounds of liberty, but on the contrary widening thereof—to endeavour to compel such men, either for good or ill, would be equally ineffectual.—Here force is employed danger is expected and battle is waged. Vice pursues its victims; and if education is to continue potent in raising men above the level of the beasts, they must learn to love it voluntarily for the beauty of its effects, and in the same manner embrace it for its intrinsic worth.

We must now consider whether it is probable that success would attend the application of the principle of compulsory education to Canada. Its supporters quote with unctious access it has met with in Prussia and some of the other countries of Europe. Before making a comparison between Canada and any of the monarchies of the continent, let us glance for a moment at the system as it there prevails, and at the penalties exacted in its enforcement. First comes Prussia.

In that country parents are compelled to send their children to school from the time when they are five years of age, until such time as the clergyman of the parish shall see fit to announce that each has acquired an education proportionate to the station it is probable he may occupy in life or the part he may play in the history of the nation. In Austria the penalty, while apparently the least severe, is in reality the surest means of compelling every person to acquire a certain amount of knowledge. No man is there allowed to marry who cannot give proof of his ability to read and write and cast up accounts. There was ingenuity and perhaps humor in the legislators who framed this law in Austria, for they appear to have had an idea that the passion which laughs at locksmiths would do no less at fractions and the rule of three. There is perhaps no country of Europe in which learning is so universally diffused as in Sweden, not one out of a thousand of the inhabitants being unable to read. Here also the compulsory system is in force, and non-compliance with its requirements is punished by the State's refusing to allow those incapable of reading the Scriptures at least, to exercise any act of majority. He who has not this minimum amount of education must, until he acquires it, be for all political purposes a mere child in Sweden. In Switzerland parents are compelled to send their children to school from their five until they are at least eight years of age, and refusal or neglect to comply can be visited on the parents by fine or imprisonment, while children themselves can enjoy no right of citizenship without having first received the sacrament, which it is impossible for them to do unless they have previously received a certain amount of education. Of all the systems the Prussian is believed to approach nearest to perfection in most of its details, and it has been in a great measure the model of the system which we have in Canada. The regulations with regard to religious instruction are precisely the same, no particular creed being allowed to be taught during school hours. The compulsory part was first introduced in Silesia after that Province had been wrested from Austria by Frederick the Great, who was equally enthusiastic in the matters of education, and Grenadier Guards seven feet high. What answered in Prussia in those days, what is acceptable there and in other countries of Europe even at the present day would be by no means so in Canada. Suppose Sir G. E. Cartier had proposed to enforce military service after the manner of Prussia, and argued that because a ruthless system of conscription made effective armies in that kingdom therefore a similar plan would be of immense service in Canada, who would have considered that he had not taken leave of his reason? Frederick had raised Prussia to a pitch of greatness that she never deemed herself capable of attaining, and all by the power of his genius which gave him absolute power over his subjects. He commanded in war, and they performed military wonders, he commanded in peace and they obeyed because they would have thought it foolish to question his wisdom, not to speak of the danger of such an experiment. Where compulsory education is established, at the time it became one of the institutions of these countries one man reasoned for millions. Such is not the case with us where every person claims the right of thinking for himself and adopting that course most consonant to his inclinations, or likely to be most advantageous. There is yet another consideration. We count in the population of this Dominion 1,300,000 people so poor that their children must work, if they would eat, as soon as they are able to perform the slightest services. What is to be done with these? Are those who talk of compulsory education willing to enlarge their generosity and feed and clothe as well as educate? Lastly knowledge is fast diffusing itself without coercive means among our people, and its progress will not be retarded. There are very few young Canadians who are not possessed of as much learning as would enable them to pass muster if we adopted a standard no higher than is used in these countries to which we have referred. There is an increasing tendency towards the acquisition of knowledge and the best way to assist it is to let it alone.

PERSONAL.—At a special meeting of Toronto University Senate, held in the Senate Chamber on Tuesday last, the Degree of Bachelor of Arts was conferred on Mr. Wm. Mitchell, of this town. During his University course Mr. Mitchell distinguished himself in more than one department. In his third year he carried off the McMurrich medal, which was competed for by the honour men of all years, and in his last year he was unanimously elected one of the University Prize Speakers. We may also state that in addition to his University studies, Mr. Mitchell completed his theological course in the Divinity Hall, Knox's College. We congratulate Mr. Mitchell on having so successfully finished his studies, and hope that his future progress will be in keeping with what it has been in the past.

Several persons have already left Windsor, and taken their residence in Detroit, in anticipation of a Fenian raid. The injury which the constant threat of a Fenian invasion does to persons who live upon the frontier, and the deterioration in the value of property is considerable.

DIED.
Gow.—At Guelph, on the evening of the 10th inst. Annie, only daughter of Mr. Peter Gow, aged 1 year and 5 months.
The funeral will take place to-morrow (Friday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances will please accept of this invitation to attend.

TO FARMERS.
A RESPECTABLE young man, who has been brought up to farming, is desirous of obtaining a situation on a gentleman's farm. Would have no objection to take a share of the work. Apply at this office.
Guelph, 11th June. dwf.

DRY GOODS
\$20,000 FOR \$10,000
AT W. STEWART'S.

TWO Importer's Stocks of
**FANCY DRESSES,
DRESS GOODS,
HOSIERY,
SKIRTINGS,
SHIRTING
FLANNELS**
HERRDASHERY, &c. AT HALF-PRICE.

W.M. STEWART
HAS much pleasure in informing and calling the marked attention of his friends and the public, that he has succeeded in relieving TWO WHOLESALE HOUSES of their stock of goods suited for the present season, value, at half cost, over \$10,000, of Dress Goods, Hosiery, Shirting Flannels, Skirtings, and a large lot of Haberdashery.

AT HALF THE COST
OF THE GOODS LAID DOWN.
The following lines will bear out his statement that he is now giving the public a benefit:
2635 yds. Dress Goods reduced to \$0.10
Former Price, 20c.
2354 do do do 0.12;
Former price, 25c.
2120 do do do 0.15
Former price, 20c.
1976 do do do 0.20
Former price, 35c.
265 Fancy Dresses, each, 1.00
Former price, \$2.25.
1751 do do do 1.25
Former price, \$2.50.
300 do do do 1.50
Former price, \$2.00.
215 do do do 2.00
Former price \$4.00.
Choice Lot of do, do., \$2.50,
\$3.00 and \$3.50.

ALL lot of **Dresses**, slightly soiled, will be offered at merely a nominal price.
A LOT of **Ladies' Jackets**, in Meltons, Valves, Tissue, Silk and Water-Proof Cloths, will be offered at above quotations.
A LOT of **Shirting FLANNEL** at half price.
A LOT of **Gambroons and Kentucky Jeans** from 12 1/2c per yard.
A LOT of **Hosiery**, notched and striped, from 12 1/2c per pair.
A LOT of **Cotton Gloves** at 5c per pair.
A LOT of **Croquet Skirts and Skirtings** at prices.

SPECIAL ATTENTION
DIRECTED to a lot of **Light Ground Prints**, partially damaged by water in transit, at 12 1/2c per yd, worth 15c.
Lace and Muslin Curtains, Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, White and Coloured Quilts, Toilet Covers, Damasks, in Union and Wool, Reps, Towels, Hucks, Crash, Tickings, Bleached and Grey Cottons will be offered at Low Prices.

NOTE.—The above Goods were never sold in the Town of Guelph at such a sacrifice in price. Every one should consult their interests by an early call.

W.M. STEWART,
Wynndham Street, Guelph.
Guelph, June 10. daw tf

NOTICE.
A FULL ATTENDANCE of the Guelph Garrison Battery of Artillery is particularly requested at drill on **FRIDAY, JUNE 12th**, at half-past 7, p.m., sharp. By order.
WM. DAY, Lieut.-Commanding.
Guelph, June 10th. d3t

MASONS WANTED.
WANTED, two masons—one to cut and the other to build. They can get work for the season, and good wages. Apply to
ROBERT RICHENS,
Race Course, Eramosa Road,
2427
Guelph, 8th June.

FOUL PLAY,
By CHARLES READE.
PRICE, 50 Cents.
Also, the Supply of the
Queen's Book
PRICE, 25 Cents.
At Day's Bookstore,
Opposite the Market.
Guelph, 10th June. dw

ANOTHER LOT
OF FRESH, STRONG AND FINE
FLAVOURED TEAS
RECEIVED TO-DAY,
A. E. CARROLL & CO'S
No. 2, GUELPH.
Guelph, June 10. daw tf

TO FARMERS.
NOW is the time to free your Sheep and Lambs from Ticks. On hand, at
Apothecaries' Hall, Guelph,
A large supply of
Miller's Tick Destroyer.
Maccougall's Tick Destroyer
A. B. PETRIE,
Guelph, 10th June. dw Druggist.

THOMAS BROWN,
Custom Book and
SHOEMAKER'S
Block,
Wynndham Street,
GUELPH, ONT.

Medical Dispensary
USE
HARVEY'S
PECTORAL
BALSAM
A most speedy, safe and effectual preparation for the cure of
**Coughs, Colds,
Bronchitis, &c.**
PRICE, - - 25c. per Bottle.
Prepared and for sale only by
E. HARVEY,
Chemist and Druggist, Wynndham-St., Guelph;
May 26. daw tf

PLASTER.
THE subscriber has now on hand, and will have for sale during the whole year a large supply of
White and Grey Plaster
for sale at his Warehouse on Gordon-st., near the railroad crossing.
GEORGE BALKWILL.
Guelph, 27th May, 1867. dw

GREAT BARGAINS.
GREAT BARGAINS AT THE
Rutherford House, Guelph.

THE large and varied stock of **DRY GOODS** at the above place are now being sold at and under cost. Great Bargains are given as the whole is to be sold out forthwith. Also, in Stock a full supply of **TURNIP SEED** from the most approved Seedsmen, viz:
Skirving's Improved, Bangholm, Marshall's, Sutton's Champion, Dawburn's L.P. Top, Sharpe's Improved, White Globe, Yellow Aberdeen, Rape & other Seeds.
A Well Assorted Stock of Groceries as usual.
Guelph, June 9th, 1868. dwlin

BRITANNIA HOUSE
WYNDHAM STREET, GUELPH.

JUST OPENED!
A Very Choice Assortment of
Hoop Skirts
VERY CHEAP.
HEFFERNAN BROS.
Guelph, 6th June, 1868. daw

No. 1, Wyndham Street, Guelph.
JAMES CORMACK,
TAILOR AND CLOTHIER,
HAS NOW ON HAND A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

LIGHT TWEED SUITS
Alpaca Coats
Clergymen's Black Alpaca Coats
Brown Linen Coats
Brown Linen Dusters
Farmers' Brown Linen Drill Pants
Brown Linen Vests
White & Colored Marsilles Vests
AT EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES.
JAMES CORMACK,
Guelph, 6th June, 1868. dw Wyndham-st., Guelph.

CHROMOS
A Fresh Lot of **CHROMOS** Just Received at
ROBT. CUTHBERT'S
HAVE YOU SEEN THEM?

They Supercede everything in the Picture Department that has ever been seen in Guelph.
Guelph, 5th June, 1868. dw

Wilkinson Again.
GEORGE WILKINSON, desirous to inform his customers and the public, that he has resumed business in the same place, and will be happy to receive from all old customers the respective patronage. The subscriber has now in stock a large and full assortment of
**GENERAL GROCERIES,
WINES AND LIQUORS,**
The Quality of Goods kept are the best that are produced on the Continent, and will be SOLD AT AS
REASONABLE PRICES
As FIRST-CLASS GOODS can be bought for.
GEORGE WILKINSON.
Guelph, June 5th, 1868. d6n-wit

OFFICE:.....MADONNELL STREET.
THURSDAY EVEG. JUNE 11, 1868.

The Braes of Yarrow

An Historical Tale of the Sixteenth Century.

'One who is near to me,' she said, trying to make out his meaning.
'Yes, daughter, one who is near and dear to you, I trust,' he rejoined, fingering the cords of his gown nervously; and added hastily, as if afraid of being misunderstood or understood too well, 'I speak in sweet charity's name my daughter.'

'I do not understand.'
'I will be plain then. It becomes my office so far as my frail power can go, to be a peace maker; and surely it is well to be the maker of peace, the bearer of disunion between those whom ties of kindred should bind together in this world in unity. I speak, lady, of your brother.'

She turned away her face, which crimsoned as with shame.
'You mean my father's son,' she said, huskily.
'And your brother; although not born of one mother, the kinship is binding in the eyes of the church; and in the church's name I charge you cast away all malice.'

She turned to him with a proud sad look.
'He whom you call my brother has sinned so deeply that he is an outcast in the eyes of all men. My father dying cursed him; he was my father's enemy, and therefore mine, and withal I yearn towards him and pity him. Were he near me I would shun him for I fear him. But could my poor strength help him to a better life you would see how gladly I would serve him. This is not malice father.'

The friar spoke hastily, lowering his voice to a whisper—
'A new and better life is before him—you and you only can help him to it—will you refuse?'
'Show me the means,' she said warmly.
'You shall hear. But be not startled, strange as the proposition may appear.'

'I listen.'
'Tush!—he who would make you his wife—holds your brother so strongly in his grasp that he cannot escape him, cannot hope to rise above the mire of perdition into which he has sunk till you stretch forth your hand and lift him up. Will you refuse?'
'Show me the means,' she repeated, calmly.
'Haste then to place your brother in a position to defy his evil master; you must to-night in seeming—only in seeming, remember—give your hand to Tushielaw.'

With a subdued cry she shrunk back. He continued quickly—
'I will perform the ceremony, but in such wise that it will place no bond upon you—You will not refuse?'
She covered her face with her hands, affrighted as much by the strange eagerness of the friar as by his proposition.
'Oh I cannot, I cannot do this,' she sobbed. It would be blasphemy.

'I will absolve you. Remember, it is to serve your brother.'
Bewildered and affrighted she covered down, unable to answer; and during the anxious pause a half stifled sigh was heard in the room.
The friar glanced quickly around, and saw the hanging rustle.
Lady Margaret rose to her height, a resolute dignity upon her troubled countenance.
'Even to save him I cannot permit my own soul.'

'Think, think again, and remember all depends upon your answer.'
'I remember all, and I have answered.'
'Is there no gleam of memory, of pity, of love, to make you risk so little to gain so much?'
'I will not consent to this.'
'Then blame yourself for all that follows,' he cried angrily, as he clutched her by the wrist and attempted to drag her from the room.

The hangings were torn asunder, and Gilbert Elliott stood between the friar and the door.
There was a moment of hesitation and surprise. Then Mess Simon drew the lady behind him, and drawing from beneath the folds of his clerical gown a poniard, sprung with a swiftness of a tiger upon the champion. The latter, however, sprung nimbly aside, and tripped his assailant, who fell heavily to the ground.
Gilbert swung the iron bar he had wrenched from the window above his head, and in his passion would have despatched Mess Simon without any questioning had not Lady Spens thrown herself before him with a cry of horror.

In the scuffle the cowl had fallen from the friar's head, and something she observed in the strange face of the man made her his protector in this moment of peril.
'No, no, no,' she cried wildly, 'do not you strike him.'
A minute Gilbert hesitated, then quietly obeyed. He lowered his weapon to the ground.
'You protect him?' he said, wondering.
'Yes, yes; but do not ask me why. Let us away at once, if you have still the means of escape.'

'I will not question since it is your wish, and since delay equals all. I think the deed is clear now down yonder, and we can go—but first we will make this ruffian harmless.'
The friar had been partly stunned by the fall, and Gilbert without difficulty bound his wrists and feet securely together. That done he tore a strip of cloth from one of the hangings and stuffed it into the mouth of his late assailant. Then, moving rapidly, stealthily, he piled the chairs against the door—Next, he tied the end of the rope to one of the massive bed posts; and tied the rope again to the bar of iron, so that the latter should catch in the masonry of the window.

Thus, having made doubly sure of the fastenings, he placed the table beneath the window, and, after extinguishing the candle, he peered out into the night.
He decided only darkness and the glimmering snow; he heard no sound save that of the wind and the r-ming waters below.
He threw the rope down and turned to the lady. Pallid as the snow without, and with a world of anguish expressed upon her face, she was kneeling beside the prostrate friar, gazing upon him piteously.

TO BE CONTINUED.

MILITARY NEWS.—The *Globe's* Ottawa correspondent says: It is intended to authorize the concentration of all the rural battalions which are detached for field brigades at the respective battalion headquarters for the purpose of performing the annual drill. The city battalions detailed for the field brigades will be authorized to perform six drills out of the sixteen drills of the ensuing year, with the same object. In addition to the battalions, a few will be concentrated at the most exposed points, such as Windsor, St. Lawrence and the Eastern frontier to the south of Montreal. I believe it is intended to concentrate the frontier battalions in a few days. The other steps indicated may likewise be expected to take place almost immediately. It is reported here that the Minister of Militia has made the concessions demanded by Adjutant-General MacDougall, and that his resignation will not take place in October as was announced some time ago. The Civil Service Commission has been appointed by the Government, and consists of C. S. Ross of Kingston, Thos. Reynolds, of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway, and Messrs. Langton, Smith, Bouchette and Griffin, deputy heads of departments.—The Commission is to assemble at once, and take evidence as to the requirements of each department.

SHEEP SHEARS.
A large variety of SHEEP SHEARS, various qualities, and approved patterns, now selling at

JOHN HORSMAN'S.

MEDICAL HALL!



Quinine Wine.

THE most delightful and invigorating Tonic known to science, used by medical practitioners in every part of the civilized world.

Prepared by WATERS & WILLIAMS, Cannon Street, London.

N. HIGINBOTHAM, Medical Hall, Guelph.

JACKSON'S AMYLO-GLYCERINE, OR, GLYCERINE

Toilet Powder

THE only preparation containing Glycerine in a dry condition. The finest Powder in use.

Prepared by WATERS & WILLIAMS, Cannon Street, London.

N. HIGINBOTHAM, Medical Hall, Guelph.

FRAGRANT

LUBIN'S Extract of Violet, Jockey Club, Sweet Briar, Sweet Pea, Honey Sack, Hillotree, Patchouly, New Mow Hay, Bouquet, Montreal, Guards' Club, Grand Trunk, West End, &c.

N. HIGINBOTHAM, Medical Hall, Guelph.

IMPROVED FURNITURE POLISH!

SUPERIOR to all other preparations for Cleaning and Polishing Furniture. In bottles at 25c. and 50c.

N. HIGINBOTHAM, Medical Hall, Guelph.

Another Lot of those Delicious Pine Apples

At H. BERRY'S.

FINE ORANGES & LEMONS

At H. BERRY'S.

FINE MAPLE SUGAR

At H. BERRY'S.

Guelph, May 30, 1868. dw

Carmina Collegensia

A COMPLETE COLLECTION OF Th Songs of the American Colleges.

WITH Piano-forte Accompaniments, to which is added a Compendium of College History, collected and edited by H. R. WAITE.

This is the most extensive collection of Student Songs presented to the public. Every College in the United States having been solicited to contribute to its pages, nearly a thousand songs were received from which great care was taken to select those most valuable in reference to quality, permanency and general interest, only such being used as possessed intrinsic merit, or cast light upon some peculiar College custom.

Prices: In Cloth, emblematically embossed, neat and durable, \$2.25. Superior Edition, on extra paper, all cloth, emblematically embossed, gilt edge, \$3. Mail, post-paid.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers, 277 Washington Street, Boston. CHAS. H. DITSON & CO., 711 Broadway, New York.

June 4, 1868. daw tf

NEW CHINA!

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE.

20 White and Gold China TEA SETS.

50 White Granite do do

100 dozen Dinner, Breakfast & Tea Plates.

100 dozen Cups and Saucers, Handled.

100 do do Unhandled.

100 dozen of Tumblers, 25 New Patterns.

Also, Preserve Dishes, Butter Plates, Sugar Bowls, Coblets, Centre Dishes, &c., Wholesale and Retail.

AT JOHN A. WOOD'S.

Guelph, May 13th, 1868. dw

BASE BALLS.

BASE BALLS at W. J. MCCURRY'S BOOKSTORE, Guelph, June 2, 1868. d

CANADA HOUSE— CALEDONIA SPRINGS,

Near O'Original, on the Ottawa, County of Prescott, Ontario, BY A. M. F. CIANELLI.

THIS elegant and fashionable first-class Hotel, with accommodation of a superior order for over two hundred persons, will be open for the reception of visitors on the 1st of June next. The House is fitted up in the first style, and is replete with every accessory demanded by modern ideas of comfort and convenience. The Halls and Lobbies are spacious, the Public Rooms for Ladies and Gentlemen elegantly finished, the Private Apartments comfortable and convenient, all lofty and well ventilated, and newly furnished in a handsome manner. The Hot and Cold Baths are very numerous, in a wing specially arranged for them, and constantly supplied with the Mineral Waters from the Springs, by costly steam pumping engines. To meet the requirements of all, without interfering with the repose of any, the arrangements for in-door amusements are confined to a separate building, specially erected for the purpose, containing a spacious Ball Room, Billiard Room, Bowling Alley, and other requirements. The Saline, White Sulphur, and Gas Springs are but fifty yards from the house.

Charges uniformly moderate.

For further information, please address A. M. F. CIANELLI, Proprietor, Montreal, Montreal, 30th April. dw2

Fire Crackers.

THE best Fire Crackers that can be got for sale wholesale and retail at the

Dominion Store!

Upper Wyndham Street, next to the Wellington Hotel, Guelph.

FISHING GEAR

of all kinds for sale. MRS. ROBINSON, Upper Wyndham Street, Guelph. Guelph, 8th May 1868. daw

STANDARD Life Assurance Company

(Established 1825.) Accumulated Fund £3,700,005 1s. 4d. Stg

DAVIDSON & CHADWICK, Agents at Guelph.

THE STANDARD strongly advocates the Bill now before the House under which Insurance Companies are required to make certain deposits with the Government. The STANDARD is ready and willing to make any deposit required, thus guaranteeing to the fullest extent the Policy Holders. Every information to those desirous of insuring will be given at the office of DAVIDSON & CHADWICK, Town Hall Buildings, Guelph, 18th April, 1868. dw

R. J. JEANNERET.

From England, (Established in London, Ont., 1842, and in Guelph 1863.)

WORKING WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER

DAYS' BLOCK, Opposite the Market, Guelph.

EVERY description of Watches, Clocks and Jewellery repaired in a superior manner at short notice and on reasonable terms. Guelph, 20th May. dw

POTATOES!

Potatoes of all Kinds Wholesale and Retail.

AT WEBSTER'S

Grain and Flour Store, West Market Square, Guelph. Guelph, March 20, 1868. do ff

DOMINION SALOON,

(LATE GRAND'S SHADES SALOON, OPPOSITE THE MARKET, GUELPH.

CHOICE LIQUORS, Cigars, Oysters, &c., &c., always on hand. Meals furnished at all hours. DENIS BUNYAN, Guelph, December 2, 1867. dawly

ALBION HOTEL!

St. Paul-st., MONTREAL.

MR. DECKER would say that having resumed the management of the Albion, he hopes by personal attention to merit a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed upon him during the last 12 years. L. W. DECKER, Montreal, 30th March, 1868. d

NEW Oyster Rooms

VALENTINE WALD

BEGS to announce to the public that he has fitted up Oyster Rooms in connection with his Hotel, on MADONNELL STREET. The very best of Liquors, and choicest Cigars will always be kept.

The very best of Oysters always on hand, and served up in all styles at short notice.

TOM and JERRY, and all kinds of Fancy Drinks prepared in the most approved manner. Guelph, 27th December, 1867. dw6m

Second Hand Clothes

SECOND-HAND CLOTHING bought and sold. Clothes made to order for Men and Boys. Farmers' work made up cheap and strong. Clothing Cleaned and Repaired.

MARTIN GILL, Upper Wyndham Street, nearly opposite the Wellington Hotel. Guelph, 14th May, 1868. dw-3m

FOR SALE.

SODA ASH—"Gambles." CAUSTIC SODA—"Gambles," "Widnes," "Alkali Comp's," "Garrett's."

SAL. SODA. CHLORIDE OF LIME. PALM OIL. W. T. BENSON, Montreal, 1st April, 1868. dw-6m

The Ontario Packing House,

HAMILTON.

THE Ontario Packing House has commenced slaughtering and packing hogs, and will pay for

SELECTED FAT HOGS delivered at the Packing House, Hamilton, five cents per pound, live weight. Guelph, 1st June, 1868. dw1m

New Advertisements.

DRESS GOODS!

Grand Display of DRESS GOODS at the

BRADFORD HOUSE

Wyndham Street, Guelph.

NEW FANCY DRESS GOODS, NEW BLACK GLACE SILKS, NEW BLACK GROS' GRAINS, NEW COLORED POPLINS, NEW CAMEL CLOTHS, NEW CHALLIES.

THE cheapest Dress Goods in Canada is our Challie at \$1.25 the full dress; also, Grey Barges for Travelling Dresses and suits.

Just arrived, a splendid lot of Muslin and Lace Curtains, VERY CHEAP!

PHILIP BISH.

Bradford House, Wyndham Street, Guelph, May 30, 1868. dawtf

THE GOLDEN LION

Bargains!

BANKRUPT STOCK!

John Hogg

HAS PURCHASED A WHOLESALE BANKRUPT STOCK OF DRY GOODS

Call and partake of the Immense Bargains. Goods at Astonishing Low Prices.

Great Reduction in the Price of Grey Factory Cottons.

All Wool Canada Tweeds at 50c. and 63c., worth \$1. Don't delay.

Guelph, May 13, 1868. JOHN HOGG, daw tf

Where do you get your Watches,

CLOCKS AND JEWELLERY REPAIRED?

AT SAVAGE'S.

Guelph, February 6, 1868. daw tf

FLOOR OIL CLOTH

WE OFFER AN ASSORTMENT OF

New and Good Patterns.

JOHN M. BOND & CO

Corner Wyndham and Cork-Sts. Guelph, 20th May, 1868. dawtf

Shoe Tools & Findings

A COMPLETE assortment of the latest Shoe Tools, Shoe and Machine Machine Silk, Shoe Pins, Shoe Nails, Shoe Heel and Toe Plates, &c., wholesale and retail.

RYAN & OLIVER, 114 Yonge Street, Toronto, 1st April, 1868.

TO TAILORS.

AMERICAN Shears, Trimmers, and Points of all sizes, Squares, Carved Rules, Straightedges, Improved Irons, English and American Crayons, Baricots' Needles, Tapes, &c. All the best quality, and at lowest prices.

RYAN & OLIVER, Importers of Hardware—114 Yonge-st. Toronto, 1st April, 1868.

TO MACHINISTS.

STEEL Squares, Steel Rules, Centre Gauges, Vernier Callipers, Steel Caliper Rules, Caliper Squares, Ames' Universal Squares, Self-regulating Callipers and Dividers, Stub Files and Tools Patent Oilers, Sheet Steel, &c. For sale by

RYAN & OLIVER, General Hardware Merchants—114 Yonge-st. Toronto, 1st April, 1868.

Cabinetmakers & Upholsterers

HAIR Seating, Curled Hair, Tow, Sofa Springs, Twine, Chair Web, Buttons, Screws, Hinges, Locks, Tacks, Flint Paper, Glue, Piano Stool screws, Collin Trimmings, Upholsterers' Needles and Buttons, Addis' Carvers' Tools, Extension Ladder, Auger Bits, Melodeon Hardware, &c. For sale at lowest Prices.

RYAN & OLIVER, General Hardware Merchants—114 Yonge Street Toronto, 1st April, 1868. d-ly

1868. Horse Hay Forks

ROSS & SMITH HAMILTON, Manufacturers' Agents for the

Excelsior, Richard's, and M. J. Roberts' PATENT HAY FORKS

Offer supplies of all kinds of Forks at LOW FIGURES. Manila Rope and Check Line. Heavy Iron Pulleys, 3 for 2 and all sizes of Iron required in manufacturing.

Hawley's Patent Beam Clamp

ROSS & SMITH, Hardware Merchants, Hamilton May 19. daw

CLEAR OUT DAUBER

SHOW ME THE JOB

DOUGLAS GOUCK, House, Sign and Decorative Painter, And Paper Hanger, At the Old Established Stand, No. 1, Douglas-St. Guelph, 12th May. wim d

GALLERY OF ART

R. W. LAIRD, Looking Glass and Picture Frame MANUFACTURER, 79 King-st. West, TORONTO.

The Trade supplied with Washable Oil, Imitation Rosewood, and Gliding Plate. Country orders promptly attended to. Toronto 1st April 1868. dwly

SPAFFORD'S

NEW UNDERFEED "BARCLAY" SHUTTLE Sewing Machine

PRICE. No. 1 Machine, with splendid iron stand, \$30. No. 2 Machine, with splendid iron stand, \$25. Containing the very latest Improvements. Inventions—Strong, Durable, Beautiful, Made and Highly Finished.

Makes the Genuine Lock Stitch. Which is alike on both sides of the material, and will not rip or ravel; using two threads, and adapted to light and heavy goods, coarse line threads; a very large Shuttle and bobbin, so simple that a child can be taught to work efficiently in a very short time.

Suited to all kinds of Family and General Sewing.

Tailoring, Mantle Making, and the use of Dressmakers, Manufacturers of Shirts, Collars, Silk Cloaks, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Corsets, Linen G. &c. They work equally well upon Silk, Cotton, Woolen and Cotton Goods, with silk, cotton, linen thread.

They will seam, quilt, gather, fell, cord, bind, hem, tuck, and perform any species of or coarse sewing, making a beautiful and perfect stitch, alike on both sides of the fabric sewed.

Office and Salesroom: 56 King-st. West, Toronto, May 6, 1868. dw

PAINTING

GLAZING, &c. THOMAS BREADO, DOUGLAS-ST., GUELPH.

Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger, &c.

BEGS to inform the inhabitants of Guelph and surrounding country that he is prepared to execute all manner of work in connection with his business at rates as low as

GOOD WORKMANSHIP

And MATERIAL will allow.

Shop, - - Douglas Street

Next door north of Wm. Hoover's Livery Stable and directly opposite Wm. Brownlow's Undertaking Establishment.

When not at the shop, orders to be left Mr. Brownlow's.

Guelph 1st April, 1868. THOS. BREADO, dw-wim

Cedar Posts for Sale.

FOR sale, a number of Cedar Posts. Apply to DENNIS COFFEE, Guelph, 20th May 1868. wtf

W. B. COWAN, M. D.

HOMOEOPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Lecturer. Graduate of New York Homoeopathic College, and Licentiate of Canada. Over Mr. Massey's new store - entrance to Guelph, 20th May, 1868.

NEW CATECHISM FOR THE PEOPLE.

Who do the Largest Boot and Shoe Business in Guelph? **PREST & HEPBURN.**
Who have the largest and best assorted stock of Boots and Shoes in Guelph? **PREST & HEPBURN.**
Who have the Newest and Best Styles of Boots and Shoes in Guelph? **PREST & HEPBURN.**
Who have always been ahead in Style, Material, Workmanship, Neatness and Durability? **PREST & HEPBURN.**

THE subscribers being the only Manufacturers in Guelph, are in a position to offer inducements to the public which no other House in the Trade can do. CALL AND SEE, and you will be convinced that large and varied as has always been our Stock, the one now on hand far exceeds anything ever shown by us in the past.

SUPPORT HOME MANUFACTURE!

and Keep your Money in the County.
Remember our Goods are all Warranted.
Terms Cash, and No Second Price.

PREST & HEPBURN.

Guelph, 29th April. dawlm

THE CO-OPERATIVE STORE.

FIRST IMPORTATIONS

OF

NEW SPRING GOODS!

WILL BE OPENED

ON WEDNESDAY, THE 8TH INST.

The subscribers are now paying the third-half yearly dividend.

W. MACKLIN & CO.

Guelph April 7, 1868 daw

BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT

OF

DRESS SHIRTS,

TIES, COLLARS,

CUFFS and BRACES

AT

THE GUELPH CLOTH HALL

A. THOMSON & CO.

Guelph, 9th May 1868 daw y

MONTREAL TORONTO SAFE WORKS.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COY. GUELPH AGENCY.

CANADIAN LINE—Quebec to Liverpool every Saturday.

GLASGOW LINE—Quebec to Glasgow every Thursday.

CABIN—Guelph to Liverpool, \$79.50 and \$89.50

STEERAGE—do do \$39.50 and \$49.50

INTERMEDIATE, do do \$45.50

Return Tickets at reduced rates. Prepaid Passage Certificates issued to bring friends on, at the lowest rates. For Tickets, State-rooms, and every information, apply to

GEO. A. OXNARD, Agent, G. T. daw iv

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP

THE subscriber begs to inform the people of Guelph and surrounding country that he has leased and fitted up the Blacksmith Shop, being that old and well-known stand on Gardigan Street, near Goldie's, formerly known as the People's Mills, where he intends to carry on the Blacksmith business in all its branches.

HORSE SHOEING.—Particular attention paid to Horse Shoeing. As the subscriber intends to keep none but a first-class horse-shoer, the public can rely on getting all work in that line done in a satisfactory manner.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS.—The subscriber begs to intimate to farmers that he is now manufacturing, and has for sale first-class Steel Mould Board Ploughs, (Gray's pattern), Ploughs of other patterns made to order. Wagons and all kinds of Farm Implements made to order and repaired on the most reasonable terms.

WOOD WORK.—A first-class wood worker kept in connection with the shop.

The subscriber having had long experience in the above business, hopes by strict attention to the wants of his customers to merit a share of public patronage.

Don't forget the Stand, near Goldie's Mills.

CALEB CHASE, dlm—6m w

Savings Bank.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

OPEN a Savings Bank Department at their Branch in Guelph this day.

The rate of interest allowed on all deposits will be four per cent. per annum, to commence from day of deposit, and five per cent. on all sums remaining in the Bank six months from 3rd of June or 31st of December.

The terms in other respects have been made as favorable as possible to depositors.

Further information will be given upon application at the office of the Bank in Guelph.

For all deposits made in this Savings Bank, the Canadian Bank of Commerce is fully responsible.

R. J. DALLAS, Cashier. daw-4f

J. LIZARS LIZARS, M.R.C.S.

Edinburgh and England, Consulting and Operating Surgeon

39 King Street West, TORONTO. May 9th, 1868. w17

MARKET SQUARE. GUELPH, ONT.

THE Subscriber begs to inform the public that he has leased the above premises for a term of years, and has refitted it in a very superior and substantial manner, and hopes to share a portion of the patronage of the public.

THE BAR

will be supplied with the best Wines, Liquors & Cigars

And the table with all the delicacies of the season. In fact no expense will be spared to make it a first-class establishment.

LUNCHEON!

Every day from 1 to 3 o'clock.

OYSTERS AND GAME,

Etc. Dinner and Supper parties provided short notice, at reasonable charges.

JOHN MILLER, Proprietor.

Late of the Commercial Hotel, Whitby. **GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.** daw iv

FUNERALS.

WILLIAM BROWNLOW, UNDERTAKER,

SHOP, in rear of the WELLINGTON HOTEL, Douglas Street. House in rear of Mr. F. W. Stone's Store, and fronting the Fair Ground.

The subscriber intimates that he is prepared to attend

FUNERALS

As usual in Town and Country. Coffins always on hand and made to order on the shortest notice. Terms very moderate.

WM. BROWNLOW, daw y

W. H. JACOMB

HOUSE AND SIGN

PAINTER,

Paper Hanger, Glazier, &c.

Shop on QUEBEC STREET, near Mr. Howard's Store and Tin Depot

All orders from the Town and Country will receive prompt attention. daw m

FRENCH TROTTER STALLION,

ROUVILLE ST. LAWRENCE

WILL stand for Mares at his own stable, at the Anglo-American Hotel, Guelph, this season. Terms same as last year, \$8, \$5 and \$3. This is the best made horse and fastest trotter in the County of Wellington. He is of the stock of the fastest trotting horses on record. His sire was sold for \$500; his dam on Long Island Course being 2:24; his dam trotted on the New York Fashion Course in 2:50; his dam's full sister has made her time in 2:28, and is now owned by the celebrated horseman, Robert Bonner, of the New York Ledger. In consequence of the bad judgment of the judges appointed at the last Horse Show at Guelph, I will not disgrace my horse by travelling against such a horse as got the first prize in his class shown. Favoritism and want of judgment is the general rule now adopted, so that no good horses need be expected to show here another season.

JAMES O'NEIL, proprietor. daw y

DOCTOR DAVIS

Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE—Merriek-st. directly opposite the Market and in rear of the Royal Hotel.

Can be consulted at all hours day and evening, on all Chronic Diseases, Diseases of Women and Children, Midwifery, &c., together with those of a private nature. He has devoted over 30 years to the treatment of the above-named diseases, and the success so far has been without a parallel, as may be seen from the numerous testimonials in his possession.

No Mercury Used—Patients at a distance can be treated by corresponding with the Doctor, stating the symptoms of the disease, age, length of time afflicted, &c., and receive his celebrated remedies by express, or as otherwise directed, securely packed from all countries. A reasonable remittance on all such applications will be required.

Female Pills.—Dr. Davis' celebrated Female Pills for Irregularities, Suppression of the Menstrue, Leucorrhoea or Whites, and all female difficulties, have been before the public for the last ten years, and are universally admitted to be the best remedy for which they are recommended of any now in use.

The doctor can be consulted at all times with the utmost secrecy, as his office is so arranged that it is impossible to see each other, unless by consent. No charge for advice when obtained at the office, if by letter, \$1.

All letters must be addressed (prepaid) to Dr. Davis, M. D., Hamilton, and to contain a postage stamp when an answer is required.

Hamilton, 1st July, 1868. daw

Funerals, Funerals!

NATHAN TOVELL has to intimate that he is prepared to attend funerals as usual Coffins always on hand. Hearse to hire.

His Stone Planing he is in constant operation. All kinds of lumber, sashes, doors, blinds, mouldings, &c. He solicits a share of public patronage.

NATHAN TOVELL, Nelson Crescent Guelph, 27th Aug. 1867. daw

SUMMER DRINKS.

JAMES McCULLOCH,

IN thanking his customers and the public for the liberal patronage bestowed on him in past years, begs to inform them that he has made extensive preparations for the coming season, and is now manufacturing at the

Spring Brewery Depot

GORDON STREET, GUELPH,

All kinds of Summer Drinks, such as Soda Water, Lemonade, Sarsaparilla, Ginger Ale and Ginger Beer.

Also a superior quality of Champagne Clarified BOTTLED CIDER in pints or quarts, which has been tested and highly recommended for years.

All orders left at the Depot, or addressed to the undersigned will be promptly attended to.

JAMES McCULLOCH, daw 4f

Wool, Hide and Leather

DEPOT,

No. 4, Day Old Block, Gordon Street, Guelph, July 31 1868 daw D. MOLTON

C. & A. SHARPE

HAVE for sale a large number of the following assortment of

BEDDING PLANTS!

VERBENAS, PETUNIAS, GERANIUMS, LANTANAS, HELIOTROPES, Etc., Etc.

VEGETABLE PLANTS.

CABBAGE PLANTS, in best Varieties, CAULIFLOWER, in best Varieties, KEYS' TOMATO, 30 days earlier than any other Variety extant, CUCUMBER and MELON.

Also, a choice assortment of **FLOWERSEEDS** of last year's growth, selected by ourselves from the most reliable Seed-growing Establishments in Europe.

For further particulars apply at the Store, Market Square, for Catalogues. daw

Guelph, April 28, 1868. do 4f

MUSLINS!

AND

GRENADINES

NEW.

A. O. BUCHAM.

Guelph, May 30, 1868.

ALE AND CIDER!

JUST RECEIVED

AT H. WALKER'S,

100 Doz. Magnificent Sparkling

CANADIAN ALE

in Prime Order, at \$1.50 per dozen. Also,

Penner's Champagne Cider,

in Pints and Quarts at \$2.00 and \$3.00 per dozen.

HUGH WALKER, Wholesale and Retail Fruit dealer Wyndham-St., Guelph. daw y

Guelph, April 23, 1868.

1868. KINGSTON PENITENTIARY 1868.

BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

NEW GOODS

Suitable for Spring and Summer Wear, among which will be found all the Latest Styles.

INSPECTION INVITED!

THESE GOODS have been selected from the best makers in the Dominion, and can be confidently recommended as equal, if not superior to any in the market, and at

Prices Lower than any House in the Trade.

For cash only. All work warranted. daw

JOHN CRIDFORD, Guelph, 1st May, 1868.

A. R. McMASTER & BRO.,

IMPORTERS OF

BRITISH AND FOREIGN DRY GOODS,

AND

Manufacturers & Dealers in Canada Fabrics

32 Yonge Street, TORONTO.

102 Cross-St., Albert Square, MANCHESTER.

Alexandra Building, James-St, LIVERPOOL.

Toronto, May 5, 1868. daw 4f

Commercial Union Assurance Company,

CHIEF OFFICES—19 AND 20 CORNHILL, LONDON, ENGLAND.

CAPITAL £2,500,000.

Fire Department.

THE success which has attended the Company's operations has been such as fully to realize the most sanguine expectations of the Directors, who have resolved to extend the business more widely, and now offer to the Canadian Public PERFECT SECURITY guaranteed by large unscrupled capital and invested funds.

PROMPT SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS.—The Directors and General Agents, being gentlemen largely engaged in commerce, will take a liberal and business like view of all questions coming before them.

Life Department.

Volunteers assured in this Company, are permitted, without extra charge, to do duty on the Frontier, and to engage in repelling marauding attacks.

Eighty per cent of the Profits of the Whole Life and Annuity business are divided among participating Policy Holders.

Claims are paid one month after Proof of Death.

By a recent Act of Parliament a Wife can now hold a Policy on the life of her Husband free from all other claims.

MORLAND, WATSON & Co., General Agents for Canada. Office—855 and 867 St. Paul St., Montreal.

FREDERICK COLE, Secretary. Inspector of Agencies—T. C. LIVINGSTON, P.L.S., Upper Canada.

TROTTER & GRAHAM, Agents for Guelph. daw

Guelph April 1st 1868

country in the neighborhood of Guelph has for some years past made progress in the way of settlement. This was owing in a measure to the character of the land, but partly to the fact of so much of the best lands being in the hands of non-settlers. The rule adopted some time since by the Indian Department of selling only to actual settlers and offering lots for sale lots that had been forfeited, has been found to have a good effect upon the settlement of the townships in the Western Indian Peninsula. During the few months a great many new settlers have gone in. Several families have penetrated into the bush as far as the township of Easton, and have commenced settlement both on the east and west sides of that township. To supply the requirements of the farmers, three stages have been commenced at the Bay on the north shore in the township of Easton which has not yet been named. This place is the Colpoys Bay P. O., a small grist and saw mill, owned by L. Gleason, a saw mill, owned by L. Gleason, a blacksmith's shop, shoe-maker, &c. the head of the Bay is the Garrison Town Plot of Warton, in the township of Amabel, this has only lately come to the market; but a great part of it is already sold, and there is a store and a tavern. There being no 'Mill Privilege' this place will prove a draw back; but it is on what must become eventually a leading road to the northern townships and a winter mail road to the Manitowish Islands, &c., it is likely to become the most important place in the Peninsula. The third village is Oxenden, in the township of Keppel, about three miles from Warton. Here are the substantial saw mills, owned by Mr. Thos. Staman, a tavern, two stores, &c. The Indian Department has granted \$500 to be spent in opening a leading road northwards through the townships of Amabel, and also \$300 towards building a wharf at Warton. The shrill whistle of a steamboat is now daily heard on the bay, where, until lately, nothing was heard but the gull, and the melancholy of the loon. The small propeller, makes regular trips three times a week between Owen Sound and the Bay, stopping at intermediate places. There is another propeller, partly owned by Hodgins, of Warton, which makes occasional trips. The country is remarkably healthy, the climate more favorable than most parts of Canada, being milder in winter, cooler in summer, and free from summer frosts, there is no doubt but that the land that is available, will soon be taken up. It is a great pity that so much of the land, owing to its rocky character, should be unfit for agricultural purposes. There are a great many stony lots, however, which would pay to clear up for pasture if they could be bought at a low price; and there is no doubt that a portion of the north part of the Peninsula, which will not be purchased at present prices, would soon be sold at 20 or 25 cents per acre.

people of Australia intend to build a Memorial Alfred Hospital on the spot where the Prince was shot. The 900 stg. has already been subscribed for the purpose in Sydney. Some of the lists are for changing the name of the country to "Alfredia" or "Alfred's Land."

COMMERCIAL.

Guelph Markets.

MERCURY OFFICE, GUELPH. June 10, 1868.

There is not much doing in the grain market at present. The deliveries are light, and the wheat, of which very little is brought in is between 500 and 400 bush per day. Barley is also scarce, and being brought in in quantities worth nothing it is probable that nearly all will be consumed for local requirements. Oats are almost nominal. A pretty fair season is being done in wool. The season at this article may be said to have fairly opened, and notwithstanding the indifference it gave at first, at that of about 5,000 lbs a day is quickly bought there has been a slight advance in price the last few days. Coarse wool fetches 10s, and fine wools something more. Must not be presumed that because a present briskness, wool is likely to go to a high figure; in fact there are many signs that the price will remain low. Cannot at present be sent to the States any fair prospects of profit, and that there are large stocks held at the present time, that there is a stagnation in business, and that not more than half the woolen machinery is run here now that were a year ago, leave the owners of wool but little to hope for from the quarter. We observe that a number of persons are cautioning their readers who may wish to dispose of wool presenting it in an uncleanly state, because the dealers as a general thing so dull that cotted washed wool will only be bought at a reduction. Our quotations will show spring wheat has advanced, which is to the market being somewhat more in England. Coarse grains remain Eggs have gone up, but there is no in butter except in the quality. One buyers of the latter article requested a word in praise of the dairymaids for sending to market this year butter of superior quality to that which has been brought in.

100 lbs \$ 50 @ \$ 75
Wheat 1/2 bush 1 40 @ 1 50
Wheat 3/4 bush 1 35 @ 1 38
Barley 1/2 bush 0 50 @ 0 53
do do 0 70 @ 0 75
do do 0 85 @ 0 90
Oats 8 00 @ 11 00
do do 4 00 @ 5 00
do do 0 09 @ 0 10
do do 0 26 @ 0 27
do do 0 12 @ 0 13
do do 0 25 @ 0 30
do do 0 50 @ 0 60
do do 0 20 @ 0 25
do do 0 75 @ 0 80
do do 2 00 @ 2 05
do do 0 06 @ 0 07
do do 7 00 @ 8 00
do do 0 10 @ 0 15
do do 0 50 @ 0 50
do do 0 20 @ 0 25
do do 6 00 @ 6 00

Money Market.

JACKSON'S EXCHANGE OFFICE. } Guelph, June 11, 1868.

1868. }
backs bo't at 71 to 71 1/4 } Sold at 72 to 72 1/4 }
bought at 5 dis. sold at 4. }
Canada Bank Bills bought at 67c to 67c. }

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Ed. Livingstone & Co.'s report by Special Telegram to 'Evening Mercury.' } Montreal, June 11, 1868.

Fancy, \$7 35 to \$7 45; Superfine No. 1, \$7 00; Welland Canal, \$6 60. Bag Hour, \$8 25. Oats 44c to 45c. Barley \$1 10 to \$1 15. Hay 14c to 16c; store packed 14c. Ashes—Pots \$5 37 to \$5 42. Peas \$5 50

Receipts moderate, rates nominally fixed. Grain rates unchanged, but in absence of transactions. Provisions at former rates. Ashes—Pots & Peas still neglected.

HAMILTON, June 10, 1868. }
Wheat, \$1 30 @ \$1 45. Spring do—\$1 35 }
per bushel. Barley—\$1 10 @ \$1 20. Oats }
60c. Peas—50c to 55c. Pork—\$6 00 @

Toronto, June 10, 1868. }
Receipts, 600 bbls; No. 1, at \$6 00 }
Wheat—\$1 45. Spring Wheat—\$1 40 }
do—52c. Barley—\$1 30 @ \$1 05. }
do—50c.