## The Evening Telegram.



## DORIES！．．DORIES！

On Sale by Wm．Campbell，
$\because 25$ DORTHS
 Cook＇s ToURIIST＇Tickets raxs Lusintending travellers and tourists will find it greatly to their advantage to call upon the
undersigned before purchasing their tickets to CEORCE LEMESSURIER， Graai Bargine in Banditat \＆Calicoms MLLLIMM FREWS＇，IU WHTER STREET．
JUST RECEIVED，PER＂ASSYRIAN，＂AN IMPORTANT PURCHASE OF CALI－

 note－Canadian and American Silver taken in trade at former value WIIIIAIM ت尺EW

## LIME．LIME．

A Great Boon to Farmers and Others
 Twenty Cents per bushel，or delivered by rail at the Rope Walk siding，or th Saint John＇s Depot at Twenty－five Cents per bushel．


for sale at foran＇s，atlantic hotel．
Mineral：Waters ：from ：the ：Chalybeate：Springs．


 Choice Winter APPLES． ysuxtu－ John S．Simms，Soap．Soap．Soap．

PRME COMSH
At the City Anction Pala－Roons． 6 Bris．FRissi migrining， 6 Brls，Choice Fresh CODYISH

## advertining rates

 ${ }^{2}$
The Evening Telegram
ST．JoHN＇s，FEBRUART 28， 1888.


 HIS VISION OF DEATH a Curions Pale of the Late Civil War THE WARNING OF FATE How a Union Soldier Gazed Upon His Own Tombstone．

＇I confessed that was our destination，but
tried to cheer him up by telling him there was tried to cheer him up by telling him there was
little likelihood of a fight，and，if there should
ber be one，little chance that he would be in it．I even offered to have him detailed for special
service to keep bim out of the thickest of it． He shook his head．
＂＂I couldn＇t do it，＂he said．＂Besides，it
would do no good．One can＇t avoid what decreed．＂

I trembled as I saw how thoroughly he was many soldiers to entertain，and which I had never known to fail in its forecasting in the end．
was no longer inclined to laugh at him．His
 had already
name ect fly．

## 


 heir and also executrix．He did not sappose I
could act now－he had．not quite so soon－but he wanted me associated
with her．If I could，he hoped I would counsel and assie child and she will not be as well off as many
think；I spent a good deal of money raising
the regiment．I did not think of going in it
then．I thought that was the part that I coild then．．I thought that was the part that I could
do and was glad to do．I shouldn＇t have come at all，but Emily got the notion that I was going
to do so and talked about it so that I saw it would gratify her pride．So I came．I don＇t think I was intended for a soldier，though I am
willing to do what I can．If they had made me a Quartermaster now－that is in my line．Bat I
was not going to lobby for it，and besides I don＇t think Emily would have liked it as well．＇ oo much for me．The ides of being an execu－ too mach for me．The ides of being an execu－
tor，too，was only less terrible to me than of
beieg an execationer． beipg an executioner．I was only just 22 ，a
stranger to such things，and having an unusual dread of all legal complexities I knew nothing of Briages business，
part of the country，had never asoon bis wire
butoñe，when she came to bid him good－by as we started for the field．She was a beautiful woman．I wondered then how she came to marry Bridges．I understood now．I was very
diffident at that time，and，like most country lads，shy of ladies society．The very idea of daing associated mistration of her husband＇s estate them me into a perspiration．I think I had an ides that there was no way out of such a duty if it were once devolved on me．So I begged him his wife had the will and he would rest easier if he knew I was interested in her welfare．Why but a sc
－In trying to find a way out of this，it oc－ curred to me that an officer with a little detail
of men was to be sent back in the morning．I argè him to take this，bat he declined．De－ lermined to get ont of what seemed to me a desperate setape，I finally asked him outrigh why he did not resign，take this detail back to the oity and leave the service．I thought I
might help my friend Edson by persuading him to this course，as well as save the man＇s life and
benefit the service at the same time．I did not hesitste to tell Bridges what he already it would be a patriotic daty on his part．

## －

## and

 and the conviction same time bis on accoor her inclined him to follow my counsel．The resalwas that before sunrise his resignation wa made out，approved by the Colonel，and he was
on his way back to Nashville in command of the squad detailed to take in a few sick，some
wagons and dispatches．A week afterme wagons and dispatches．A week afterwards
he was relieved from daty and went back to
private life．＇
＇Did you have a hard fight at Mumfords－ ville？＇asked one of the listeners． ＇We carried it by assault at daybreak of the
26th，＇said the Captain，with a smile，without firing a shot or losing a man，capturing one mule very far gone with the glanders，which
was all the trace the enemy had left，they having was all the trace the enemy had left，they havi
departed twelve hours before we arrived．？ ＇So he wouldn＇t have been hurt after
said one．
＇He must have thought that vision o ＇as a tremendous sell，＇said another． brious tones．
This sally brought the laugh that the quain ending of the narrative seemed to deserve and here was a movement to retire，when，curious
know the feeling of the man after this ＇What ever became of the fellow？＇ gentlemen，＇said the Captain soberly．He h not joined in the langh，and every one settle
back ioto his place to wait for the sequel． February，1864，I was ordered home on recruit－
ing service．The train was delayed at Mum ing service．The train was delayed at Mum－
fordsville for repairs to the track，which had litely that we were likely to be delayed all day，
ing Strolled into the little town，and remembering Bridges dream after a time，sauntered up to the
crest of the hill where he had read his doom．
${ }_{\text {Quer }}^{\text {Quee }}$
$\qquad$ and cast hersed a prone unorontled look grave，con me me
the headboard wildaly and prote the beadboard wildily and protesting vehemently
against being removed．As she eid so I saw
the headooard previously concealed by her
$\qquad$
veryone drew a long breath at this －And the woman？＇asked one．
‘His wife．She had come for his body and
ad become insane with grief．A family in ＇town had kindly cared for
＇How did it come about？
Well，the
＇How Well，the stome of his resignation leaked
out，and the ludicrousness of the subsequent
vents was too much for the people at home．
He was jeered and taunted until even his young
wife hung her head with shame at the though
of having married a coward．Bridges stood
or a while，then went and joined a regime
for a while，then went and joined a regiment
which was being recruited din uene next coontry，
as a private．In a fight which occored
as a private．In a fight wineen occarted jountry，
fter it was mustered into service he showed
such desperate valor，and witthal such soldierly
capacity，hthat he was promoted to his former
anks，to date from that dion
rank，to date from trat day．By mere accident
he was at Mumfordsille when Morgan made
his attack on the garrison

he early morning was zilled and baried on the
very ppot he had described so well a year
before．
Nobody spoke for some minutes．Then one，
interpreting the look in all lour eyes，shrugged interpreting the look in all＇ Sur eyes，saragged
his shoulders and said：＇Strange，wasnt＇it？＇
I was thinking of the young wife，and almost
I was thinking of the young wife，and almost
involuntarily asked：
And the wife？
She was so overcome with remorse at this
catastrophe，which she blamed herself for
catastrophe，which she blamed herself for
having caused，that，as I said，she became in－
sane．I took her home，secured proper care
for her，qualified as an executor of her husband’
will，and，when my recruiting leave expired，
tendered my reignation and wound up his
endered my resignation and wound up his
estate．It was at some personal sacrifice that
Idid so，for I bad been promoted in the mean
Idid so，for I bad been promoted in the mean－
time，and a pair of eagles were waiting my
sceeptance of the commission．I
acceppance of the commission．I thonght it
my duty to do what I could to repair the harm my duty to do what I could to repair the harm
I seemed unintentionally to have been insitru－ I seemed unintentionally to have been instru－
mental in causing．
＇Did she recover？＇asked one，with the
Smpathy we all felt，in his voice．
＇She is my wife，said the Captain，and hi
lip quivered as he added：＇I dread to be away
from her at this season．Instead of being
time of hilarity it is almays one of apprehension
to me．But for an accident to a train I should
have been at home last night．As it is 1 am
trying to divert her attention from the past by
ward．I hope it may not be in vain．Pardon
wate
me，gentlemen，if I have marred your pleasare．
Tleasant memories．
The whistle eounded as he ceased speaking．
－There is
There is Dodge City，＇he excloimed spening，
here so that she will get it early in tispematcor from

TURKEYS Porsaley Jas．SWm Pan， TURKEIS． SYONEY－COAL
100 Tons Bright，Round Sydney COAL，
 NEW \＆CHEAP BOOKS．
 2－75 ＝2min ＂ まwivivizu


（Feos．simple）Waterside Permises，
$\pm= \pm=5 ะ$
Banking Schr．For Sale．
S A B．
$\pm= \pm= \pm=$ ＝waseme
Butter－：－Butter．
50 tubs choie
CREAMEX－－BJTMER， P．\＆L．TESSIER． $\$ 1.00$
20
Laundry Soap
or sule by cuifi，woon \＆bin the cheapest aundry Soaps in the market，fron
$\$ 1.00$ to $\$ 1.50$ per box of 30 bars．
A Bazaar
owayyumaz
$\pm=2 \mathrm{Ev}$ E

Priserent：Your Sigitif
frank lazarus，

$2=-5=$

$\qquad$

The Destin yof Newfound1'd

## LAND IS THE BASIS OF WEALTH!

 POTATOES AND OATS. FOR SALEI CLIFT, WOOD \& Co.,
 400 bus. Heavy Black Oats,

ON SALE BY LOWEST rates and best route.



Phouix fire olnsurance Gompauy. ombard street and charing cross, ablished. A.

1782




Pianos! brinsmead! Pianos!

$W^{\text {E are now sellirg some }}$ of the finest speci-
mens of Puanos ever import-
ed into Newfoundland. For
beaaty, artistic design and
mechanical action they can-
not be excelled. They are
recommended by the princi-
pal musicians of St. John's
as the acme of perfection,
from the mechanical as well
as the musical stand-point.
They have the Brinsmead
patent-clueque ropeater-ac-
tion, that dampness will not
M. F. SMYTH, 172 Water Street, Sole Agent for Newf'd. Oife Horthera fasurante Compang, FOR FIRE AND LIFE.

Fire premiums in 1881 amounted to Being an increase of . 186 upon the revenue of
Life premiums in 1881
Life pren
Interest
8444,596 13
lead orimice
157,000
101,000
The underigigen : Las been rocently, moorgate Miil;
at eurrentigned has been recontly ompowerd to effect Ineurances on all kinds of property in Newfound

CHE OLDEST INSURANOE OOMPANY IN Newfoundland.
Sun Fire Office, Tondon.
[EST ABLISHED . . . . 1710.]

DRYER \& GREENE,
Fresh Codfish Tongues, Halibut,-:-Herring, $-:-$ Venis
And Smoked Turbot,

## Imad hatamm Ilarr

ON R円IAII, And by the Halt-barrel and Barrel, CIERAP
J. A. EDENS.


At the City Anction Sale Roons,


Leather. $\cdots \cdots$ Leather.
By CLIFT, WOOD \& Co.,

FRESH New-Laid EGGS.
CLIFT, WOOD \& Co. 500 Daz, Feggs;
ON SALE BY
P.\&L.Tessier tomon CMIMNT, $\mathbf{\$ 3 . 2 0}$ per brl.

## CANDLES.

## Mould Candles,

Wax Candles, Colonial Candles
CLIFT, WOOD \& Co.' $\mathbf{Y}$


Jas. \& Wm. Pitts, LIGHT Grain LEATHER, Valuable Business stand For Sate,
belongine to the Estate of the late Jas. MeKay, situate on Water street
West.



SMOKED CAPLIN
ON SALE BY CLIFT,WOOD \&CO.
Choice Smoked Caplin,

## 

Oni hanissome Duatle Sleigh
Noite of Coparnarsitip.



## WaltoriCourt;


By the Author of Dora Thorrie.




 rit hatigo mad, be tooght, tit thit that



 He went to Doolon, and bet omad, trom

 Horle






 In the leadiong alaty joranab,
$\qquad$


 draen, He hade torgotene Watuon court,



$\qquad$







 came or sent. Every hour of the day Ade-
laide thought of her, and hoped for some in'She is angry and indignant, but, when her had nothing to do with the matter, she will Days and weeks went by, but they did not ing that Lord Rylestone had returned, Adecould not think less constantly of her. She was back, and she should soon see him.
Bat he did not write. He gave no sign of any intention to visit Walton; and, if John Leech had not threatened a lawsuit about his
lease, the chances were that he would not have gone, and the mystery of his wife's absence when he reached the Court, Adelaide, in the flash of her beauty and strength, looked athim
half horrified.
This haggard, careworn, thin, pale, despair from whom she had parted on a sweet June night over two years back; those worn, hollow yes were not, surely, che same eyes whity
looked so kindly on her then. There was pity almost awe, in the glance she gave him. Her nervelese hagd

## L

## LEEISLLATIVE COUNGIL.

Hon. the Friday, February 24th. might acquit himself, he should feel impelled Commerce against the pungent criticisms of the hon. gentleman who has just spoken ; but seeing that that body is so ably represented in this Chamber, he felt it would be presumption ot aware that the body this position. He was censure. As regards the sabject ander cussion, it was pleasing to find that the retursrom the fisheries bave placed the colony in nuch more favorable position than colony in most perso tre months ago. At that time affairs, and, unfortunately then existing did not warrant a hopeful one. Our fisheries were languishing ; markets, preus, and we knew own, had gone from alleviate the sad prospect that opened relief appeared to lighten the surrounding gloom. Oar last resource seemed to be a reregard as the we had been accustomed to sources, of the recuperative character of which we had experience in former years, and which we hoped might again remove our difficulties.
While the present position of affisirs is not of the brightest, it is still far more assuring han it was a year ago, and it may be perti-
nent to enquire to what cause is this change to e ascribed? Not, unfortunately, to that through former treats. He very much wishseal we could attribute it to that cause. Our low prices for its prodace; our cod fishery, that we the Banks, was largely deficient, so position, not to our own resources, but to a lacky accident which has proved an the Norwegian and French fisheries were nd the reduction of their competition with us fish. It may be said we have also always to eckon with the flactuation of prices in foreign we bad abandant voyages we should obtain
good returns. In former per fish markets almost entirely to ourselves, and while sometimes these flactuations operated qually often told to our adder hand they our position was to our advantage, and thu This state of things we may not readily recall, because we for a time seem to have forfeited o a large extent by our indefatigable rivala whose competition has had such disastrous It is apon the interests of this colony.
it observe one hopefal sign, in the success of the Bank fishery. The Government who aided in stimulating the reto say be was one) have reason to congratulate hemselves apon the vindication of the wisdom of their aetion as proved by results. It has sometimes been stated in this House that no previous local government had done anything such an assertion he pointed to the Bank fishary bounty as a complete refutation of any carge of negligence that may be brought for They extended a helping hand to that fishery in the face of much disparagement of their endeavors, it having been contended that our men were unfitted for it ; that it required hardier hands than those accustomed, as it was termed, to "lobstering along the shore." It was further urged that the amount of bounty the legislature would offer would be an insunfficient inducement to warm that industry into life. Now, however, after the lapse of a few took a hopeful view to find their predictions so signally fulfilled. There has been no difficulty in finding in the colony a sufficient number of men heartily willing and
isk their lives in encountering the dangers and hardships of the voyage; and the results are assuming to-day important significance in connection with our trade. In a general way, however, there was enough to show in regard sent stage of development they are unreliable as a sole source of sustenance for the popuof our best prodseere fleeing from the couna
try within the past year, in itter des-
pair of ekiog out a living in the land of their birth. All our surroundings demonstrate
the necessity of resorting to toenorovoctiose
He was glad to find His Exeellencoc's speech He was glad to find His Exsellency's speech
alluding, in bighly favorable terms, to the appreciation by the country of the Agrienlura
Aot passed the eession before last, of the ad Aot passed the eesion before last, of the ad-
 constitute one of the main dependences of th upon a single purssiit, with its too frequently
recurring adverse results. There was one mater in the speech and reply, having reference
the creation of emplogment for the people $i$ the creation of employment for the people in
their favorite enterprise, which be heartily
approved of. The increased bounty on ship
 fitted for the prosecution of the Bank and
Labrador fisheries. He believed the resalt of this measure has been highly beneficial, and
had heard it stated that the employment created has at present prevented much wa
mongst the people, while providing means
their heir employment in the future. This course public funds, because the money thas spent in
bounties will be returned to the public ex
chequer by incresed chequer by increased consumption on the
part of the people, rendering the contributors to, instead of a burthen
upon, the revenue. Such a method of aiding
in the support of peopeple was widely difier.
ent in noture and effect from that which is termed able-bsdied poor relief. He shool
not lay blame to any particular Government ears, have, to a certain extent, sppeared e forced to keep it alive, ant, while it it ve ve do, it is very difficult to show what they shonl
do to remedy the growing evil. It is an ex
tremely hard problem to deal with. No doubt
much abuse has arisen in tremely bard problem to deal with. No doubt,
moch abuse has arisen in carrying out able-
bodied poor relief wbile very little, generally in the way of sabstantial work has been re
turned for the ootlay. If at all possible
some stringent means should be devised to r nust rely apon their own reeoources, that theses
ng as strongly ss possible upon them that
 This system of poor relief is assuming alarm.
nge proportions, and, if not arrested, threatens
serious consequences to the financial capabilious suggestions have been adve to time vari- to deal
with it; sometimes acted upon with slight success, bat sometimes seted upon with slight is suc-
spite of all efforts to teep to have ge gown it
sithin bounds. amongst the people is being destroyed by its
baneful influence. On the face of it, plausible enough to say that the public revenue
should be called apon to aid in support-
 being resortted, to to oto obsain a portion of of the
publio money. He thought it would be we
to consider whether
 wies in the expenditiure for permainent poor,
with the view, if possible, of limiting it to
cases of absolute necessity. Some years back $t$ was proposed to levy local taxation to me
ocal poor relief, but for various reasons
 o local taxation, the difficulty might possibly, know, certain, money grants for roads, loeal mprovements and other objects, annasill ${ }^{\text {a }}$ a,
propriated to the several districts. Now, if
he average poor expenditure of each district he average poor expenditure of each districe
for a certain number of years be ascertsined and a rale made tas so much shan be anpro-
prisped to any gisen dict, and that it the
expeniture should exceed that sum, the sarplas hould become a charge upon its road, specia
or other grants ; and that if the outlas was short of the average, the balance should go to
the district in addition to its other grants for local improvements. Thus a district would
benefit by having its poor expenditure kept
down, as the people inhabiting it would feel a down, as the people inhabiting it would reel
direct interest in relieving thememelves as much thus imposed upon them by keeping their oot-
lay for the poor down to the lowest reasonable point. Under the present system no one i
mmediately concerned in repressing the ex penditure, while on the other hand many ar
interested in angenentign it. The soonert th due consideration to the dictates of humsnthe better for all concerned, recipients as well port of the infirm and destitute poor, we ar Ilwilligg to assist tin bearing, while the abuse of the system are firily a subject of grave
complaint. He spoke only in the hope that
some remedial measures may suggest thement of local supervision, and enlisting loca
iterest in the curtailment of the expenditur the several outports. In St. John's, he be ef is well mangged ; the abuses he had spoke of being in the extern districts, and the fur-
ther awsy the more difficult to countercet. He geations that may occur to them, to save u from the consequences that must ensue in th
course of a ehort itime, it the ettate of tbiogag
bad referred to to continued.

## The Evening Telegram.

 Long Sessions and Needless Expense on the People.

TTsa great calamity to the common wealtu

 mones, and never unminideto ot their daty


 sit two.fld extravagnaee
ine and maste of pubbic mones.














CAPTAIN DAWES'S SEALING BLLL

 he this bill:-
(2) No eeaiect to kill seats before March 40



 (t) No teamer allowedito go ot the fathery ion sy seat: Provideod that if thipip breat
 Pr(z) Thie secion makes be penaty to



|  |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  | Murphy. .

Hose or asidibly nopes Nomis ani Sont hltad Mimpur. THE RADIGAL MEMBER REPLIES mmaniments by Bond, Moine and Marphy.
 Senene to $s$ matter of $f$ impediaite moment and

 ill, the Speaker refused to receive them.
Mr. Morine got on his feet to make a pe Mr. Morine got on his He clearly in showed that the editorial was pub
He manne ished the same day as his speech on the a
ress, in order to detract from its value. The House then went into committee on the
address. In accordance with bis statement on address. In accordance with bis statement on
Fridsy night, Mr. Morris gave his speech upon he address. The subject had been goone mat alt chance of being original wa aken from him. He had something fresh then and referred baek to his connection with th defeated in the Upper Chamber by petitions
brought aboott by the misrepresentations of it He stated that Mr. Murphy did not oppose th bill while going through the House, and w
dot present while the bill was passing. F
then went on and made fall criticism of t then went on and made fall criticisn
different paragraphs in the address.
he offici
the bill b
were no
a spee
misre
challe
Mr
sonal
bill
replie
ing bs
himse
Mr.
the
and spoke for tmenty minntes.
Mr. MeGrath took the floornofortuate amalgamation should never have
been entered into. He had the pleasure of
seocoding Mr. Bond's Amendment to the Baitseconding Mr. Bond Amenament to the Bait
Biil, ,ntt the Govermment did not know what
hardhhip they were inficting on men to theWestward.
Mr. Bond made s short specen in substan-
81.50 per ton, this would amount to 863,000 ;
light duese
orion in
ondr, in all, 8273,000 . He referred to the waste
rghts of Fortune Bay fishermen and madespeech so thoronghty showing the imprastics-
biito of tho Dait Bult the loss it wound ocos
sion the labor of the country, and the destitu-tion that it wonld bring aboot, that he drove
fear and consternation into the ranks of the
Govermment, and made the Atborney GeneralGovernment, and made the Attorney General
look so foolish and mad that he lost bis tem-por and for the frat time for the session, got
pup to reply. In parenthesis-the Attorney
undGeneral is, much impronteesis- in mane Attornes
Gince
his trip to Wastingtoo, and that St. Vituehis trip to Wastingtop, and that St. Vitus-
dance of ese-roling, shaking himself and
lessened.
our fifh were the three very impontrand rieeson ons
hat led the Government to this Bait Bill. HeLafted the Government to this Bait Bill. He
refred to the vested righte of the fikhermenof Fortune Bay and side they amounted to
nothing se comprared mith the interests ot thenothing as compared with the interests of the
whole country, as secured by the Bait BillWhole coontry, as secared by the Bait Bill
Mr. Bond interposed and showed his (MrWinter's) inconsistency, when some years agpresenting petitions, numerously signed, pray-ing the Legislature to do away with sealingsteamers, he (Mr. Winter) ssid it could not bdone - no matter how general the desire-
thevested intereste of a half dozen St. John'
the veeted rights of 5,300 people in Fortun

## out,

 do Mr. Morine showed how the Americans sentfibhto our Weat India markets, and how they
excluded us by protection from their own excluaed
markets.
The Att The Attorney General was now beginning to
look foolish and "sorry that he enlisted." He look foolish and "sorry that he enlisted." H
said the bill was not his.
"Do you renounce," said Mr. Bond," ${ }^{\circ}$

Attorney General, being then " knock

## By Telegraph

PROM TIE WEST COAST. Heary Snow Storm at Chamel.

Mr. Winter, having been thus pepp
down confused and mattering
To-morrow we shall give the
and the manner of voting

## LAST NIGHT'S CONCERT.

Miss Shirran, who gave "Happy Lite
Maiden" very felicitously. "The Bett
Mat
8.
 OUR FISEBRMMEN AND THER PROSPRCIS.Yesterday a strong bree southeast, calminatingeather fine and mild. None of the boasentured out on the fisbing ground since ye

|  |
| :---: |
|  |  |

 buried by Iir Avalicifi Germany Sinaris Rissidis Denarid
recited the sad, sad story of yoothful beroism
andlyouthful hope; ; but, alas It lay baried in
nsidersbly augmented.
from rose blanche
All the Skiffs Out-No Drlft Ice
No Clange il Danimina naifi
No chavge will be made in the Canadies
n buried by an avalanche, and many
FROM CAPE RACE
HE LOST HIS TEMPER.
last night. In thus acting he (Mr. W.) committed a great mistake, for which he suffered
severely at the hands of the Opposition. Themuch fun with him as the Philistines of bygone
days had with Israel's Attorney General Sam-succeeded in bringing doise the house evertime, while in the case"before ns, our Attorney
General didn't manage ot bring it iown once,
all the "bringing down" being done by theNOTES AND COMMENTS
casio Facit Farem," Bonavista- Your interest
 ..... Nehemiah McGrath"We learn that the postal authorities of Ca
ada and the United States bave "improved" theparcel post between the two countries, to the
incalculable advantage and convenience of thetoo peoples. What has our Postmaster Gen-
The social attraction for to-morrow eveningwill be the annual tea-meeting in the base-
ment of Queen's Road Congregational Church.Elaborate preparations are being effected by
the committee, who seem determined to makehe committee, who seem determined to makparticular. The musical and literary programme promises to be more than ordinarilyinteresting, a resolution having been passedprohibiting "dry readings" altogetber, and
making long speeches a grave social misde-meanor. This is a bold dictum to promulgat
a a tea-meeting, but it is absolutely necessary under existing circumstances. Desperate
diseases can only be checked by powerfn
remedies.
ontente.
ont
at thesehat these
tended to
taken to
All thing
evening is
prised to he
some octog
octogenarian
Norrow night:
Now, by my soul,

close

LOCAL VARIETIES.

