



The Union Advocate



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NO. 33

August 4th Celebration By Newcastle Citizens

Patriotic Mass Meeting in Opera House in Afternoon and Grand Parade in The Evening

The celebration of the anniversary of the Declaration of War by Great Britain, held by the citizens of Newcastle and surrounding districts, on Wednesday afternoon last, was a success, and was attended by about two thousand people.

The day itself was all that could be wished for, and the early morning brought many visitors to town, who were eager to share their feelings of patriotism with those of the citizens of Newcastle.

The different committees appointed to look after affairs for the day's celebration, got busy directly after the noon hour, and soon flags and banners began to float in the breeze. Stands and offices, too, began their work of decorating, and the town did indeed present a very patriotic appearance.

About two o'clock the Newcastle band opened up the program by escorting the soldiers from the garrison to the square and then to the boat landing, where the Hon. L. J. Tvedie was met, and together with Hon. Mr. Powell, was escorted to the opera house, where speeches were delivered by Hon. Mr. Burchill, Hon. Mr. Powell, and Hon. Mr. Tvedie.

The mass meeting opened with the National Anthem, and was presided over by Mayor Stothart, whose address of welcome was in part as follows:

MAYOR STOTHART I have much pleasure this afternoon in welcoming you all to this meeting, a meeting called by our Lieutenant Governor to carry that spirit through our country here, that spirit which was in evidence in England some two months ago, when our Prime Minister voted a vote of thanks to the British Empire beyond the British Isles on the splendid support they had rendered. All had united with one thought to liberate ourselves and our Empire from that load of oppression which Germany has about us, and which for some years has been the feeling in the British Isles that England should and must build ships great and greater to protect us from that that was to come. Now, while this has come, and while we are in the midst of it today, it is our duty to resolve that we will carry this war, this conflict, on until a satisfactory peace is assured. We are well aware that within the last twelve months the war has taught us that Germany has no regard whatever for sacred rites or laws, and I am sure it is our duty and our privilege to carry this war to a successful end.

HON. MR. BURCHILL Hon. J. P. Burchill, of Nelson, was the first speaker, and spoke in part as follows:

Your Worship, the Mayor, ladies and gentlemen, when I accepted to the request of His Worship, the Mayor, to take part in the proceedings this afternoon, I did not for a moment expect, and I hope you are not expecting me to advance anything new on the subject which we are considering. There has been so much written upon the subject of the war in which we are engaged, and upon the circumstances which have led up to the subject, that it is impossible for me to say anything new.

In accordance with the resolutions of the land we are asked to meet together today on the Anniversary of the Declaration of War, not for the purpose of celebrating any event, nor for the purpose of spending it in pleasure, but for the purpose, as I take it, of giving due consideration to the position in which we, and others of our Empire, are now placed, and to take a review of the past year to see what we have done, and if necessary to renew our pledge and vows to stand behind the Empire, and I think, Mr. Chairman, that this is the purpose of the meeting and the purpose of the demonstrations which are taking place in the town and other towns and cities throughout the Dominion.

When the Declaration of War was made by England one year ago, some people expected that five or six months at least would end the war; they looked back at the wars in which England had been engaged and which had always resulted in victory, and they were led to believe that England was as inconquerable

MISS PARKER STILL AHEAD IN ADVOCATE CONTEST WITH OTHERS FOLLOWING CLOSELY

Respective Position of Contestants Remains the Same as Last Week-- Prizes Will be Placed on Exhibition This Week in Commercial Hotel--Contest Closes Two Weeks From Tomorrow-- Thirteen More Working Days

With a slightly greater plurality of votes than she had last week, Miss Florence Parker, of Derby, still retains her leadership in the Advocate Voting Contest. At the close of the first period of the contest last Thursday, Miss Parker turned in an even 20,000 votes, while none of the other workers attained such a result. Miss Zaida Hinton, of Doaktown, very nearly equalled the leader's achievement, however, with a report totalling 19,000 votes for the week. Miss Margaret Appleby, of Newcastle, was but 4,000 votes behind the Doaktown representative in her showing for the week. Miss Nan Benn, of Nerdin, who was expected by many people to make material gain upon the other contestants, failed to do so, and this week remains in fourth position. The results so far accomplished leave each of the four leading contestants in the respective positions occupied by them last week, although the difference between the various contestants in votes has been altered in every case. Miss Parker is further ahead than last week; Miss Hinton is nearer second position, and farther away from fourth place; while Miss Appleby and Miss Benn are relatively farther behind the contestants immediately ahead of them than they were on the last publication of votes. Both of these contestants are hard at work, according to reports that find their way to the Advocate office, however, and no one is warranted in assuming as a matter of course that they will remain in their present respective positions.

As will be observed by comparing the figures representing the standing of contestants, the contest has developed into a very close race, especially among the first three contestants. Miss Benn, while in fourth place, is not by any means so far behind the rest that it would be impossible for her to rush to the front, and the friends of this young lady say she will reach that enviable position before the contest is over. That remains to be seen, however, and no one can forecast the final results with any positive assurance. Whether or not Miss Benn will finish at the top depends upon just two factors, namely, the results she accomplishes, and the results the others do not accomplish.

"Oh, you can't tell anything about it, the contestants are holding back their votes," is an assertion frequently made by those who are interestedly watching the progress of the various contestants. That may be so. It is possible. But it isn't at all likely. Last Thursday the first period of the contest closed, and the Friday morning the vote schedule was reduced twenty per cent. If a contestant had desired to do so she could have held back all the business she had secured last week. But if she had done so she would have lost twenty per cent. of the votes earned on that business. Any worker who deliberately throws away 20,000 out of each 100,000 votes must either have a peculiar conception of the value of votes in the Advocate contest, or must have "votes to burn." In view of the above explanation it

can safely be assumed that no contestant has held back any votes. Prizes to be Displayed This week the various prizes to be awarded the winners in the Advocate Voting Contest, it is expected, will be placed on exhibition in the window of the old Commercial Hotel, on Jail Street, fronting on the Town Square. The window is sufficiently large to permit a conspicuous display of all the prizes and contestants to their friends, and the public generally, will be able to see at close range just what sort of prizes are to be awarded. The appearance of the Lonsdale \$400 piano to be awarded the lady securing the highest number of votes during the contest, can not fail to impress anyone with the simple beauty of design of the instrument. The beautiful, and perfect tone of the piano will be demonstrated by some of Newcastle's musical talent, and the public generally will be cordially invited to inspect, examine, and test the piano in every particular. The Lonsdale Piano Co., of Toronto, the manufacturers of this instrument, exercise such care in the selection of the materials that go into its construction, and build each and every piano bearing their name with such skill and art, that they know that no test or comparison can detract in any way from their guarantee that the Lonsdale is as fine a piano, in all the essentials that go to make a first class piano, as money can buy. The company's absolute guarantee goes with the Advocate first prize, and every other piano manufactured in the factory of the Lonsdale Piano Co.

More than one contestant has remarked that they would as lief have the second prize, as the first. It might reasonably be assumed that such a remark is made as a form of self consolation. Be that as it may, it will be apparent when the cabinet of flat silverware is placed on exhibition that the second prize will in fact be very substantial consolation for any contestant's failure to win first prize. This handsome oak cabinet contains more than a hundred pieces of the highest grade, heaviest-plated knives, forks, spoons, etc., manufactured by the Canadian Wm. A. Rogers Limited, of Toronto, and bearing that million dollar company's iron clad guarantee as to the quality and value of the collection. The third prize will necessarily occupy a conspicuous place in the exhibit of prizes. A tea set of five pieces, of extra heavy silver plate will constitute this prize. This is also a Canadian Wm. A. Rogers Limited product, of the same high quality as the second prize, and as fully guaranteed by the manufacturers. An illustration of the coffee pot, with burner, which will be one of the five pieces composing this exceptionally beautiful and valuable prize, is shown on page 2 of this issue of the Advocate. The winner of this tea set will receive a prize which should go a long way towards helping her to overcome the disappointment of not winning first prize.

Fully as attractive in appearance as any of the other prizes in the exhibit will be the fifty-one pieces of genuine cut glass which will make up the fourth prize. This cut glass is manufactured by the Wallaceburg Cut Glass Works, of Wallaceburg, Ont., the only manufacturers of light ware cut glass in Canada. The design of the cut glass is simple and pretty, and will surely appeal strongly to women possessing that nice sense of discrimination which is called "taste." Not the least important characteristic of this prize is its usefulness, as every piece in the collection is meant for service, and the number and variety of pieces in the collection will provide dishes for use on a wide variety of occasions. This prize, like all the others, is absolutely guaranteed as to quality and value. The retail value is \$50.

THE STANDING THIS WEEK

Table with 2 columns: Name and Votes. MISS FLORENCE PARKER, Derby, 352,000; MISS MARGARET APPLEBY, Newcastle, 323,000; MISS ZAIDA HINTON, Doaktown, 222,000; MISS NAN BENN, Nerdin, 174,400; MISS EVELYN DALE, Blackville, 153,000.

COMPLIMENTARY BALLOT

This ballot, if returned into the Advocate Campaign Department, in accordance with the rules of the contest, on or before August 21, 1915, will be good for 100 VOTES to the credit of the contestant whose name and address is filled in below.

Contestant's Name \_\_\_\_\_ Address \_\_\_\_\_

NOTE--These ballots will be received and credited in groups of ten only. By fastening the ballots together in groups of ten it will be necessary to have the contestant's name and address written only on the first ballot in each group.

she has driven the Russians back, but it is a question whether the retreat was forced upon them, or is it military tactics. Where is Germany's pledge? She has been afraid to come out in the open; she has taken advantage of her submarines to sink a ship occasionally and bombard ports where there is nothing to kill but defenceless men and women. Where is her shipping which a few years ago meant so much to her? Disappeared. She has lost over a million square miles of territory in Asia, Africa and the Pacific, and she expects to lose more. Her foreign freight trade has ceased to exist, and will be ceased for some time to come under the most favorable circumstances. Her financial conditions must be getting bad. Although we hear reports from Germany that all the people are at the Kaiser's back, and they are united as the British Empire, I am convinced that if a free speech and a free press were allowed, a different story would be told. Five or six hundred democrats have called upon the Government to make peace, but if the people themselves were allowed a free hand, we would hear a different story from Germany today. What about Great Britain? She has been in the fight for a year, has been called upon for a great number of men and money. What about her at home? She is pursuing the even tenor of her way, and is continuing her business as usual. Her industries are in active operation. All we have to do is to glimpse at our own river; freights are being sent as before the war began, the only difficulty being, the obtaining of tonnage. Somewhere, about 1,500,000 clear from the ports of Britain each week--her goods are sent to every quarter of the globe, she is still Mistress of the Seas and her ships are sailing all over the ocean. Notwithstanding the submarine blockade, the imports of the last year show an increase of fifty million pounds; this does not show that

the war is injuring her trade. Our business is going on as usual, we move about as we please, and but for the fact that we see the soldiers about, we would not suppose there was any war at all. Besides financing our own war, which is costing about fifteen millions a day, Britain is assisting the Allied Nations with her. The people of her colonies are all united to crush the military power which is threatening the peace of the world. With these facts before us, I do not think we have any ground to feel pessimistic. Realizing what we started out to accomplish, let us do what we can, to help along the Empire to which we belong--everyone can do something--everyone has done something--some have gone to the fight, some have contributed their money and support and everyone can assist in some way or another. A hearty applause was given Mr. Burchill, after which "The Maple" (Continued on page 5.)

Supreme Court of Canada Renders Important Judgment

Interesting Land Case, Mersereau vs. Swim, Decided in Favor of Mr. Swim

The case of Mersereau vs. Swim, which excited a great deal of interest in this county especially in Doaktown and vicinity, was decided a short time ago by the Supreme Court of Canada in favour of the defendant, Mr. Swim.

The case is a very interesting one. A large tract of land consisting of a strip extending about twenty miles in length along the southern bank of the South West Miramichi, being the Crown land, was laid out for settlement in the early part of last century. The tract was not actually run out at the time and a grant of the most of it, known as the Betts grant, was made by the Crown. The judgment of the Supreme Court of New Brunswick, which was affirmed by the Supreme Court of Canada, decided that the cutting of logs, poles and timber in the winter time for any number of years did not constitute such a possession as would destroy the title of the Crown; that it was not necessary for the Crown to engage in acts of possession to preserve its rights--it could remain inactive and it required an open, visible, continuous and adverse possession of sixty years to divest it of its right to land. The position taken by the plaintiff's counsel at the trial that the Crown officers had by their action prejudiced the rights of the Crown was not upheld by the Court.

The defendant's contention that the Crown's title could not be destroyed by any action of the Crown's officers but required a grant under the Great Seal of the Province to alien its land was upheld by the Court. It would be well for the occupants of ungranted Crown Lands to take notice of this decision of the Court. The costs of all three Courts were ordered to be paid by Mersereau.

Elderly Lady Killed by Train

Mrs. Pierce Quilty Killed by Shunter at Barnaby River

A shocking accident, resulting in the death of an aged lady, occurred at Barnaby River on Saturday morning, about 9.40 o'clock, when Mrs. Pierce Quilty, mother of Station Agent John Quilty, at Barnaby River, and Station Agent Hugh Quilty, of Newcastle, was struck by the shunter and instantly killed.

The deceased lady had left her home and had gone to the home of Thomas Gilks for milk. She was returning, and just as she was nearing the track, her son, Station Agent Quilty, came out on the platform to signal the shunter not to stop. He saw her approaching the track, and fearing an accident, called to her to go back. She apparently did not understand, for she came upon the track and had crossed over and was clear of the rails when the engine passed her, but she was struck on the side of the head by the pilot beam, killing her instantly.

Where the sad accident occurred, there is a steep embankment, and Brakeman B. N. Robertson, who was riding on the pilot, and seeing the danger the unfortunate lady was in, found himself up against a very difficult problem, in that had he pushed her out of the way of the engine, she would have fallen down the embankment, with the probable result that the fall would have killed her. He did what he felt was right, under the trying circumstances, and trusted to the train passing without injuring her. Fate, however, had willed it otherwise.

Coroner Desmond, of Newcastle, was summoned, and the evidence of Driver Robt. Lindon, Fireman John H. Hicks and Brakeman Robertson was taken, which showed that no blame could be attached to anyone for this sad fatality. When the deceased lady was seen by the driver, he immediately applied the emergency brakes, but going down a steep grade, at about ten miles an hour, it was impossible to avert the accident.

The funeral was held at Barnaby River on Tuesday morning. Pure Toilet Paper. Epsom Pure Tissue Boudier paper. Flat, for sale at the Advocate Job Dept. 10c per package.

# Week's War News

Among the recruits who enlisted at Toronto, N. S., for the 40th Battalion, are Geo. A. Kitchen and John P. Ryan, both of Fredericton.

London, Aug. 5.—Relatives announce that Second Lieutenant Richmond Fothergill Robinson, Seventh Kings Royal Rifles, husband of Mrs. Mabel Robinson, St. Catharines, was killed in action in Flanders July 29.

Lieut. J. M. Hazen, son of Hon. J. D. Hazen, holds a commission in the 25th Battalion now in camp at Niagara-on-the-Lake. He is a student at the Royal Military College, Kingston, and volunteered for overseas service.

St. John, N. B., Aug. 5.—Sergeant P. Nuttall of the 10th Battalion, reads word to his parents here that Mr. Gordon, while out on the line some weeks, was struck. He wandered about calling for his father and later was brought out of the trenches. He will be all right with some rest.

Rome, Aug. 5.—Twelve thousand Italians, now prisoners in Siberia, will be released by the Russian government, according to advices received here today. The Italians were residents of Austrian frontier provinces and were forced to fight with the Austrian armies on the Russian front.

St. John, N. B., Aug. 5.—Lieut. James M. Hazen, son of Hon. J. D. Hazen, is going to war soon with the 25th Field Battery now at Camp Niagara. The word has just come to his father here, Lieut. Hazen was a cadet at Kingston and volunteered for active service.

London, Aug. 6.—British critics conceded today that the fall of Warsaw will have tremendous influence on the next month's fighting in Europe, and possibly upon the political fortunes of the Allies. The capture of Warsaw will release at least one million Austro-Germans for operations elsewhere. This makes it possible for the Austro-Germans to hold the Vistula line with a minimum of men against any offensive blow the Russians may be expected to deliver for many months.

Berlin, Aug. 6.—German troops have broken through the Russian positions at the fortress of Novo Georgievsk, north of Warsaw, and are advancing upon the lower Narew river.

Paris, Aug. 5.—German aviators bombarded Fraize yesterday, killing two women and one soldier, the War Office reported this afternoon. Fraize is a Vosges mountain village, five miles southeast at St. Die, on the St. Die-Colmar highway.

London, Aug. 6.—The Russian War Office has set aside \$25,000,000 to help pay the cost of the removal of Warsaw's mills and factories to the interior of the Empire, says the Petrograd correspondent of the London Times.

Paris, Aug. 6.—Violent onslaughts against the French works around Verdun have been launched by the armies under the German Crown Prince. Beginning with intermittent bombardments in the Argonne two days ago, the Teutons are now attacking on the whole front extending from the western Argonne to the heights of the Meuse.

Nish, Aug. 6.—That important negotiations between the Allies and the Balkan States are being carried on was admitted in an official statement from the Serbian foreign office today. It said: "Representatives of the quadruple entente yesterday presented certain friendly overtures to Prime Minister Pashitch, of Serbia."

London, Aug. 6.—The colonial office gave out last night the text of programs from eight governors of British colonies, expressing their loyalty on the anniversary of the declaration of war and upholding the Government in its determination to continue the struggle until success is achieved.

Petrograd, Aug. 6.—News of the German occupation of Warsaw was received here today. The newspapers having prepared the public for the evacuation nearly a fortnight in advance. Today's papers published a brief official statement of the Ministry of War, stating that the Austro-Germans had moved back to the right bank of the Vistula without molesting the Poles, and were moving toward the new front decided upon by General Staff. The whole Russian line is reforming along this new front.

## Warsaw Has Fallen Into Hands of Germans

### Retirement of the Russians Carefully Arranged and Resembled Usual Summer Exodus

London, Aug. 5.—The Germans are arriving here daily. Most in possession of Warsaw, capital of Poland, and the third largest city in the Prussian empire. Bavarian troops entered the city this morning, where an enlarged staff is attempting, having taken successively the Blonie lines and the outer and inner fortresses of the town itself, the Russians only fighting rear guard actions to allow their main army to make good its escape.

White to the Bavarians commanded by Prince Leopold has fallen the honor of taking over Warsaw in the name of the German emperor and his consort, who are expected to make a state entry within a few days, the real conquerors are the troops fighting under Field Marshal Von Hindenburg, along the Narew river to the northwest. The Austro-Germans who crossed the Vistula to the south of the city, and the armistice of the Austrian Archduke Joseph Ferdinand and the German Field Marshal Von Mackensen, which are all vancing northward between the Vistula and Bug rivers.

### Russians Score in Local Actions

The Russians are fighting desperately and stubbornly to check the progress of those four armies and have had several successes, inflicting heavy losses on their pursuers; but they are being steadily pressed back, which made the longer occupation of the Warsaw Polish capital a hazardous undertaking.

Even now, although the steadiness of the Russian troops and their fierce counter-attacks have gained much valuable time for them, it is problematical whether the whole Russian army will succeed in reaching the new positions chosen for it or whether, if it should get there, it will not find those positions turned by the Austrians, who have crossed the Bug southeast of Cholm, and the Germans under General Von Scholtz and Von Gallwitz, who have crossed the Narew.

At the northeastern end of the line the Russian communications are further threatened by General Von Buelow who is advancing toward Detsik on the Vlna, Petrograd railway. Indeed, the Austro-Germans have set three traps to catch and destroy the Russian army. None of them was sprung, but one was so near to closing that the Grand-Duke Nicholas was forced to evacuate Warsaw, and now is fighting with all his might, to prevent the others from cutting off his retreat.

### Number of Prisoners Small

Thus far he seemingly has been successful, for although the Germans claim the capture of a large number of prisoners, the aggregate is small when compared with the immense forces engaged. In addition, the Russian guns apparently are well on their way to the rear.

From refugees who left Warsaw some days ago, and have arrived at Moscow, it has been learned that Warsaw, even at that early date had been denuded of virtually everything that might be useful to the Teutons. Factories have been stripped of their machinery and all war stores moved into the interior of Russia and the government of the city left to the Polish population.

The Russians also are preparing to evacuate Riga, the port on the gulf of that name in the north. The arrival of the Germans ten miles south of that city already has been the cause of the civilian population departing.

While expressing the fullest confidence in the future, the British military critics make no attempt to belittle the achievements of the Teutons, or the effect their success is likely to have in and near east and the west.

Fifteen Per Cent. Left City  
Moscow, Aug. 5, via Petrograd and London—Hundreds of refugees from the north was one of the chief reasons for compelling the final abandonment of Warsaw. In order to permit the grand duke to send reinforcements to save his right wing.

The occupation of Warsaw, some critics think, also will have the effect of releasing large German forces, long concentrated on the reduction of the city, and permit them to turn westward for renewed operations against the Anglo-French Allies.

The British military authorities agree that the fall of the city will have far-reaching effects on the eastern and western war theatres.

### Lloyd George Sees Promise

Speaking to 10,000 Welshmen at Bangor this afternoon, before he heard of the fall of Warsaw, David Lloyd George, the minister of munitions, referred to the situation in the east in these terms:

"I view it with anxiety, but not with dread. I can see a ray of hope in the dark horizon—the regeneration of the great people of Russia. Our enemies do not understand what they are doing in the east. Their mighty cannon are shattering the rusty bars that fettered the soul of Russia."

## WOMAN IN TERRIBLE STATE

### Finds Help in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Cape Wolfe, Canada.—"Last March I was completely wrecked. I had given up all hope of getting better or living any length of time, as I was such a sufferer from female troubles. But I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and today I am in good health and have a pair of twin boys two months old and growing finely. I surprised doctors and neighbors for they all know what a wreck I was."

"Now I am healthy, happy and hearty, and owe it all to Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies. You may publish this letter if you like. I think if more women use your remedies they would have better health."—Mrs. J. T. Cook, Lot No. 7, Cape Wolfe, P.E.I., Canada.

Because your case is a difficult one, and doctors having done you no good, do not continue to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. It surely has cured many cases of female ills, such as inflammation, ulceration, displacements, tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, and it may be exactly what you need.

The Pinkham record is a proud and peerless one. It is a record of constant victory over the obstinate ills of women—ills that deal out despair. It is an established fact that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has restored health to thousands of such suffering women. Why don't you try it if you need such a medicine?

"Look at Warsaw. What is happening behind that? The Russian people are shaking themselves free of stifling debris, their mighty limbs preparing, with new spirits and new hope, for a new land."

"Austria and Prussia are doing today for Russia what their military ancestors did for France. They are hammering a sword that will destroy them."

### Chatham Raised \$1,500 For Cause

### Patriotic Picnic Held at Exhibition Grounds Was Grand Success in Every Way

Chatham, N. B., Aug. 5.—Glorious weather marked the celebration yesterday of the first year of the great war and the attendance at the big patriotic picnic held in the Exhibition grounds, to mark the day and provide another machine gun for the Canadian overseas, went beyond all expectation, probably 2,500 people participating in the day's outing, and upwards of \$1,500 being raised for the good cause. The picnic was arranged by the clerks of the town stores, who carried out the scheme on a big scale, and were amply rewarded for their hard work. Baseball games, sports and amusements of various kinds filled the afternoon and early evening. Speeches were made by Mayor Hickey, Ald. Stewart, Ald. Snowball and the Guild Hall resolution, favoring the continuance of this righteous war to a victorious close, was passed unanimously. A dance in the amusement hall brought the day's proceedings to a close.

### DIED

At Oak Point, on Aug. 2nd, Janet Morrison, aged 77 years, widow of the late Duncan Morrison, leaving three sons and two daughters to mourn the sad loss of a kind and loving mother.

### LIBERALS SWEEP MANITOBA

Winnipeg, Aug. 6.—Premier Norris in Lansdowne constituency, has 812 majority, with a poll to hear from Armstrong, Liberal, has a majority of 87 in Manitoba, all polls in, over W. H. Sharp, M. P. who was to have been Sir James Aikins' first lieutenant. The election of Wilson, Liberal, for Russell is conceded; majority, 379, two polls to hear from.

### AMERICAN SOLDIER IN BRITISH ARMY KILLED

San Francisco, Aug. 6.—Lieut. Richard Tanfield Vachell, of the Fifth Fusiliers of the British army, a native of California, was killed on last Sunday in northern France, according to a cablegram received here last night. He was twenty-five years old, son of Horace Annesley Vachell, a novelist and playwright.

### SOOR, ACID STOMACHS, GASES OR INDIGESTION

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Deposits	136,729,483.41
Due to Other Banks	3,118,902.00
Bills Payable (Acceptances by London Br.)	3,352,148.77
	\$178,316,130.29

ASSETS	
Cash on hand and in Banks	\$30,476,000.19
Government and Municipal Securities	3,778,533.88
Railway and other Bonds Debentures and Stocks	12,622,217.20
Call Loans in Canada	9,189,279.16
Call Loans elsewhere than in Canada	10,660,229.65
Deposits with Dominion Government for Security of Note Circulation	678,000.00
	\$67,304,260.08
Loans and Discounts	\$105,363,239.92
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AFTER THE WAR There will be an immense demand for fruit. Will YOU New Brunswick farmers be prepared to meet this demand? Buy your fruit trees etc. from me direct at grower's prices. F. H. HILLMONE NURSERIES, Albert, N. B. 29-10pd.

WANTED AGENTS BOTH SEXES IN NEW BRUNSWICK. Liberal commission. Experience not necessary. Men, women and children insured against sickness and accident. Address: The Fraternities, Richmond, Maine. 26-10pd.

FOR SALE, YOUNG FOX HOUND Fox Terriers, Pointers, and all kinds of Dogs. JAMES CLARK, Box 203, Amherstburg, Ont. 26-10pd.

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A small house in Newcastle, willing to pay from \$6.00 to \$8.00 monthly. Apply at this office. 29-0.

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Second Class Teacher for District No. 8, Little South West. Apply, stating salary to FREDERICK CHAMBERS, Secretary, Halcumb, N. B. 31-4pd.



NOTICE

The Public Schools of the Town of Newcastle will reopen on Thursday, August 26th. Entrance permits may be procured from the undersigned, but application for same must be accompanied by a certificate of successful vaccination. J. E. T. LENDON, Sec. School Trustees. 36-2

WE CAN SAVE Energy and Temper BY USING ONLY EDDY'S MATCHES They will not miss Fire if properly held and strike on rough surface - Every stick is a Match - and every Match A SURE SAFE LIGHT.

Eastern Steamship Corporation

INTERNATIONAL LINE STEAMSHIPS CALVIN AUSTIN, GOV. DINGLEY, AND GOV. COBB. COASTWISE—Leave St. John, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 9 a. m., for Lunenburg, Eastport, Portland, and Boston. Return, leave Central Wharf, Boston, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 9 a. m., for Portland, Eastport, Lunenburg, and St. John. DIRECT—Leave St. John, Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays at 7 p. m. Return, leave Central Wharf, Boston, Mondays, Thursdays and Sundays at 10.00 a. m. METROPOLITAN LINE STEAMSHIPS MASSACHUSETTS AND BUNKER HILL. Leave North Side of India Wharf, Boston, every day at 5 p. m., due New York at 8 a. m. Same service returning. MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE STEAMSHIPS NORTH LAND AND NORTH STAR. Leave Franklin Wharf, Portland, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 6.30 p. m., also Mondays at 10.30 a. m. for New York. Same service returning. St. John City Ticket Office, 47 King St. A. C. CURRIE, Agent, St. John N. B. A. E. FLEMING, T. F. & P. A., St. John, N. B. Do not allow paper or rubbish to accumulate behind steam coils or radiators.

PATENT SOLICITOR WM. S. BABCOCK,

Lawyer (U. S.) and Reg'd Patent Attorney. 15 years experience in Canada and U. S. Inventions promptly patented. Trade marks & Designs registered. Enforcement & utility searches. Evidence collected in patent suits. Reports prepared for clients. Expert witness in patent suits. Patents Obtained in all countries. 99 St. James Street, Montreal. Write for information. 20-x

The House they will Call Home will be the MIRAMICHI HOTEL

NEWCASTLE, N. B. We will try to make it the most popular hotel on the grand Miramichi river. Cuisine Department Unexcelled. Table to the Trade. Every Attention Given to Guests. 49-0. E. LE ROI WILLIS

S. B. Miller's Meat Store

Fresh Meats Always on hand Vegetables in season. C BEEF SPECIALTY Shop corner of Jane and Pleasant street. Newcastle, N. B. Phone Nos. House, 136; Shop—59 42-1yr.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD PIECE OF WESTERN BEEF or Country-fed Pork Call at BURK WHITE'S MEAT MARKET

Turkeys, Geese, Chickens, Lamb, Mutton, Ham, Bacon, Bologna, Sausage, Corn Beef, Pork, Cabbage and a full line of Fish. Prices low and prompt service. BURK WHITE RUSSELL BUILDING NEWCASTLE, N. B. Phone 98 43-1yr.

Fredericton Business College

---WILL OPEN ITS--- FALL TERM ---ON--- Wednes. Sept. 1st. Now is the time to write for full particulars. Address: W. J. OSBORNE, Principal, Fredericton, N. B.

The First Week In September

Is the beginning of our busy season, but you had better not wait till then. Our classes have been continued all summer, and you can enter at any time. Catalogue containing tuition rates and courses of study mailed to any address. S. KERR, Principal

Chas. Sargeant

First Class Livery Horses for Sale at all times. Public Wharf. Phone 61

DALTON'S

Livery, Sales and Exchange Stables Edward Dalton, Prop. McCallum Street. Phone 47 43-1yr.

Get your deed forms at the Advocate Job Department.

Local and Provincial

Rev. H. T. Montgomery, of Millerton, was in town on Friday.

"Don't stand looking and cheering me. That's no good. Come and join me."—Sergeant Michael O'Leary.

Miss Inez Cepp has resigned from the telephone office and has accepted the position of bookkeeper and stenographer with Dickson & Troy.

Newcastle certainly looked the part on the Fourth. Many from the neighboring villages spent the day very pleasantly in town.

Gunner Wilfrid Comfort and Gunner Sydney Pusley, who have been in the Military Hospital at Fredericton, have left to rejoin the 28th Battery of Field Artillery at Valcartier.

Twenty-six members of the Fred. ericton and Marysville bands have volunteered their services as bandmen to join the Canadian Overseas Forces.

Some patriotic persons or persons took possession of several flags from of the Advocate building some time Wednesday night.

Miss Ruth L. Benon, pupil of the Harkins Academy, Newcastle, was a successful candidate for matriculation in the second division.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Amy of Newcastle, spent Thursday in town, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Anslow, enroute to the Gaspe coast.—Campbellton Graphic.

The sum of \$97.25 was collected by the young ladies who sold patriotic tags on the Fourth. Their names and amounts collected appear elsewhere in this issue.

Mr. William J. Eddington, who completed a special course at the University of New Brunswick, last May, has joined the editorial staff of the Moncton Times.

Another draft of 250 men for overseas is to be taken from the 55th New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island Battalion, now in training at Valcartier. Announcement is also made from Valcartier that a similar draft is to be taken from the 49th Nova Scotia Battalion.

Encouraging reports have been received by relatives of the condition of Major C. J. Mercereau, who was wounded in the head while carrying despatches at Ypres. Mrs. H. F. McLeod, of Fredericton, is in receipt of a letter stating that her brother will be able to leave England for Canada some time this month. He is rapidly recovering from his wounds and is now able to converse with people somewhat as well as write letters.

The officials and employees of the Rhodes Curry Company, Ltd., at Amherst, Halifax and New Glasgow, N. S., and contracts at St. John, N. B., Wolfville, Halifax and Trenton, N. S., have placed one thousand dollars in the hands of the Minister of Militia and Defence for the purchase of a machine gun. The money was raised through the contributions of the officials and employees of this large concern, and the certified cheque for the amount was sent to the Minister of Militia with a letter stating that the senders were endeavoring to do their "little bit" as part of their duty to the King and Empire.

Mr. Arthur W. Kidner, formerly of Fredericton, and now of Calgary, Alta., has joined the Royal Naval Aviation Corps and is now at Toronto attending the Curtiss school to qualify for a flying certificate. He is a son of Mr. T. B. Kidner, formerly director of Manual Training in New Brunswick and is a graduate of the Fredericton High School. Mr. Kidner was trained as a civil engineer, but has been specializing in municipal work and city planning for the past three or four years. Last week he passed the naval authorities' test at Esquimaux, and was directed to report at Toronto at the earliest possible date. After qualifying at Toronto he will be sent to England for active service with the Imperial Navy.

Twelve year old Peter Rutledge, of Sydney, who stowed away with his brothers when they went to the front from Nova Scotia, and who was recently invalided to Toronto, where he is staying with three bullet wounds in his leg and a maimed finger, expects to go to the front again with the governor-general's body guard. As far as can be learned Peter's three brothers have met their death in the trenches, a sister is a nurse at the front and a little brother of four has been adopted by a lady in Nova Scotia. His father died two years ago and his mother died not survive the shock of her son's departure to be a soldier. He was a bugler for a time with the Grenadiers but hopes to get dispatch carrying, as he can ride a motor. The boy wears a silver bracelet, the gift of a lady, and also three rings, which are said to have been put on his finger by royal ladies. He has never received any regimental pay.

Newcastle has no reason to be ashamed of the patriotic spirit manifested by its citizens on the fourth.

Seven young men from one street alone in Truro, N. S., are serving the Empire in the present war.

The net proceeds of Chatham's celebration on Wednesday last amounted to \$1,050. The gross proceeds were \$1,388.

George Stables, of Newcastle, has received the appointment of Chairman of the local Board of Health in place of R. L. Malby, deceased.

Captain (Rev.) Dr. J. H. Macdonald, formerly editor of the Maritime Baptist, has gone to the Dardanelles with the British expeditionary force. He will be chaplain to the Canadian Hospital Corps.

The town of St. Stephen, N. B., has subscribed enough money for the purchase of three machine guns, the Town Council providing one of them, the citizens the other two.

The "Richest 'Coon in Georgia" drew a very good house Friday night. C. H. Williams and Augustus Stevens, as plain tramps, were about the only str.

Announcement has been made of the approaching wedding of Hon. Dr. William Pugsley, of St. John, to Miss Gertrude McDonald, daughter of the late Rev. G. W. McDonald, at one time stationed in Woodstock, N. B.

Walter Stultz, son of Mr. Clifford Stultz, foreman of The Moncton Times Job Printing Department, and Milan White, son of Mr. Daniel White, have gone to Charlottetown to enlist in the heavy artillery.

Miss Besse McKee, daughter of Mrs. Fred McKee, Newcastle, led her class at the exercises at the City Hospital, Arlington Heights, Mass., where she has been in training. She made a total of 91 out of a possible hundred.

Announcement is made of the engagement of Corp. Harold Hatheway, of Fredericton, who was wounded in France, to Miss Constance Smith, of London, Eng., and a daughter of a wealthy member of the London Stock Exchange. Miss Smith was the nurse who brought Corp. Hatheway back to health, and with the announcement comes most interesting war romances.

Obstinate Indigestion Can be Cured

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Go Right to The Root of The Trouble

No trouble causes more widespread suffering and discomfort than indigestion. The ailment takes various forms. Some victims are ravenous for food; others turn sick at the sight of meals; but as a rule every meal is followed by intense pains in the chest, heartburn, sick headache and often nausea. Indigestion assumes an obstinate form because ordinary medicines only subdue its symptoms—but do not cure. So-called pre-digested foods only make the digestion more sluggish, and ultimately make the trouble take a chronic form.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure indigestion because they go right to the root of the trouble. They make new, rich blood, which so strengthens the system that the stomach does its own work and digests the food in a natural way. Many a terrible sufferer from indigestion has found a permanent cure through a fair use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Among them is Mrs. H. Carmern, Locke Street, North, Hamilton, Ont., who says:—"Dr. Williams' Pink Pills not only gave me new health, but new life. For five years I was a great sufferer, was almost constantly doctoring, and spent a great deal of money with absolutely no result. My stomach was in such a dreadful condition that frequently it would not retain nourishment of any kind. When I ate I suffered terrible pains, a fluttering of the heart and often a feeling of nausea. In addition to this I was in a very anemic condition, and felt as if I was lingering between life and death. One day while sitting in the park a lady got into conversation with me, and I told her my trouble. She asked me if I had tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills saying that they had been a great benefit to her daughter. When I went home I decided to try this medicine. I soon found the pills were helping me, and continued taking them for several months, when I was restored to better health than I had enjoyed for years, and I have since been the picture of health. I hope my experience may be the means of pointing to others the way to health."

You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A Chatham Paper Runs Short of News

And Shows Its Calibre by Making Impertinent Remarks Against The Advocate

In our last issue the Advocate, in an endeavor to impress upon our citizens and young people the advisability of remaining at home and assisting at our own celebration on the Fourth, which we felt we had a right to do, we used the following words:

"While there will be other attractions going on around us, which may have a strong claim on our sporting nature, we should nevertheless be content to remain at home."

A part of Chatham's program for that day was a game of ball between a local team and the Chatham team, and because the whole population of Newcastle did not flock to Chatham to swell their proceeds, the Gazette makes the following impertinent remarks, under the caption, "Instructions from Newcastle's Kaiser":

"This policy seems to have been so well carried out by Newcastle, that it is doubtful if Chatham will ever again invite a Newcastle team here for a ball game. As an attraction they are negligible; they brought few or no supporters; they came in an auto, collected their money and decamped as soon as their exhibition of ball was over. This sort of conduct is not along the lines of good sport or conducive to intercourse between the two towns."

If our local team is such a negligible quantity as the Gazette would have one believe, it will, probably, be some time before they again accept an invitation from Chatham. They went there on a purely business transaction, played their game, collected their money, attended the house and returned home, and we fail to see where the editor of the Gazette has any kick coming, or where our ball team is a more negligible quantity than its sore-headed journalistic critic, which in its own town, even, is commonly compared with a porous plaster. The Gazette's criticism of the Advocate's remarks was very much uncalled for, and the epithet ascribed to the Advocate will only be enjoyed by those of the calibre of its editor. Chatham be unfortunate enough to have any more of his kind within its limits.

Every 10c Packet of WILSON'S FLY PADS WILL KILL MORE FLIES THAN \$8.00 WORTH OF ANY STICKY FLY CATCHER

Dynamite Found on White Star Liner

Explosive Discovered the Day Before the Steamer Sailed With 188 Passengers

New York, August 6.—It became known at Police Headquarters here today that a stick of dynamite was found aboard the White Star liner Arlabie before she sailed from this port for Liverpool on July 28. The explosive, in such a state of deterioration that experts said it would have exploded at the slightest jar, was found by a stewardess between a hot and cold water pipes. It was wrapped in newspapers.

According to the experts who removed the dynamite from the ship, it was placed in a woman's rest room, in such a position that had it exploded it would have done considerable damage. It was reported at police headquarters yesterday that a bomb had been found in one of the foreign consulates in New York. The police refused any information upon the subject.

The explosive was discovered the day before the steamer sailed with more than 16,000 tons of cargo, almost all of which was war supplies. One hundred and eighty-eight passengers, among them twelve Americans, were aboard the steamship. On the day the steamer sailed it was known the cargo, as well as the baggage of the passengers had been closely examined for bombs.

Practical: every fire originating in a dwelling house is due to carelessness or neglect. The attic, cellar and all clothes closets should be cleaned at least once a year and all useless material and rubbish removed and burned.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Beaver Flour

The Original Blended Flour

Always the same in Strength and Flavor.

THE wheat is blended before being ground. That is, exact proportions of Ontario winter wheat and the stronger Western wheat, are ground together. This means that "Beaver" Flour is always uniform in strength and quality. You can depend on it for all your baking. 176

DEALERS—Write for prices on Free, Cash Grain & Corns. The T. H. Taylor Co. Limited, Chatham, Ont.

SHOP IN YOUR OWN CITY FIRST

This "Made in Canada" movement can be brought a little nearer home to each individual by emphasizing this suggestion: "Patronize the stores of your home town." Each man is entitled to spend his own money where it will buy the most—whether it be in Rome or Asia. But in fairness—Is it not wisdom before purchasing elsewhere to see what the stores of our own town have to offer? The prosperity of each of us is tied up with the prosperity of his neighbor. Acquaint yourself with what the stores of your own town are offering by reading the advertisements in The Union Advocate.

PROFESSIONAL CHURCH DIRECTORY SUNDAY SERVICES

R. A. LAWLOR, K. C. J. A. CREAGHAN, LL. B. Lawlor & Creaghan Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Morrison Bldg., Newcastle 21-0

Dr. J. D. McMillan DENTIST Lounsbury Block, Newcastle N. B.—Out of town one week beginning the last Monday of each month. 19-1yr.

J. E. PARK, M.D., C. M. PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON Phone 167. Office Dr. Pedolin Estate Newcastle, N. B. 21-1yr.

CLEANING & PRESSING EMPORIUM Clothes Cleaned, Pressed, Repaired and Dyed, Prompt Attention BERT STEWART Phone Nos.—Residence 170, Shop, 142 43-1 yr.

W. J. DUNN HACKMAN Hack to and from all trains and boats. Parties driven anywhere in town. Orders left at Hotel Miramichi will be attended to. 33-1yr. NEWCASTLE, N. B. Phone 100-21

Do you try to buy high-grade printed matter the same as you would pig iron and coal at so much per. It can't be done. Why? Because printed matter to be RIGHT must be sixty per cent. brains mixed with forty per cent. of material and mechanical execution. Printed matter turned out of The Advocate Job Dept. is RIGHT.

Be Loyal To Your Own Community

10 CENT "CASCARETS" IF BILIOUS OR COSTIVE For Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Sluggish Liver and Bowels.—They work while you sleep.

Furred Tongue, Bad Taste, Indigestion, Sallow Skin and Miserable Headaches come from a torpid liver and clogged bowels, which cause your stomach to become filled with undigested food, which sours and ferments like garbage in a swill barrel. That's the first step to untold misery—indigestion, foul gases, bad breath, yellow skin, mental fears, everything that is horrible and nauseating. A Cascaret tonight will give your constipated bowels a thorough cleansing and straighten you out by morning. They work while you sleep—a 10-cent box from your druggist will keep you feeling good for months.

United Baptist Church

Rev. M. S. Richardsot Morning service, 11 a. m. Sunday School, 2.30 p. m. Preaching service, Dec. by, 3 p. m. Evening service, Newcastle, 7 p. m. Mid-Week Service—Wednesday Prayer and testimony meeting 7.30 p. m. Seats free, all welcome.

St. Andrew's Church (Anglican) Rev. W. J. Bate Holy Communion—Every Sunday at 8.00 a. m., and first Sunday in month at 11.00 a. m. Morning and Evening Prayer—Mornings at 11.00 (except 2nd Sunday in month, no service). Evenings at 7.00. Daily Prayers 7.30 a. m. and 5.30 p. m. Wednesday Evensong 7.30.

St. Mary's Church (Catholic) (During winter months from November to May.) Early Mass with sermon, etc., 9.00 a. m. Late Mass with sermon, etc., 11.00 a. m. St. Aloysius Society for boys, 1.30. Children baptized, when there are baptisms, 2.00 p. m. Sunday School Classes, 2.30 p. m. Vespers, with Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament, etc., 7.00 p. m.

Methodist Church Rev. Dr. Harrison Sunday Services 11.00 a. m. and 7.00 p. m. Prayer and Praise Service, Wednesday, 7.30 p. m.

The Kirk St. James Presbyterian Church Rev. S. J. MacArthur, M. A., B. D. Worship Sunday, 11.00 a. m. and 7.00 p. m. Sabbath School, 2.30 p. m.

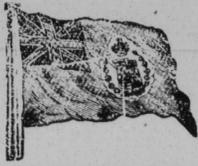
Salvation Army Capt. P. Forbes Holiness Meeting—11 a. m. Praise and Testimony Meeting—3.00 p. m. Salvation Meeting—8 p. m. Public Meetings—Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays—8.00 p. m.

REZISTOL A safe and sure remedy in all cases of over-stimulation; also indicated in all cases of Brain Fatigue, Nervous Exhaustion caused by overwork or general depression. A general tonic and body builder. Mail orders filled by Rezistol Chemical Co., Boston, Mass.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

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J. H. BROWN, Man. Ed.



GOD SAVE THE KING

WEDNESDAY AUGUST 11TH, 1915

THE RESULT IN MANITOBA

The result of the provincial election in Manitoba is as was generally expected, and there is no ground for surprise about it, except perhaps in so far as the size of the Government majority is concerned. This is larger than most lookers-on thought it would be, in view of the aggressive campaign put up by Sir James Alcock as leader of the re-organized Conservative party who it was felt would receive a considerable measure of support from the electorate. As far as the platforms of the two parties is concerned, there was little to choose between them. Both undertook to institute a thorough housecleaning, and a continuance of the investigation regarding the circumstances under which the erection of the new Legislative Buildings was carried on, and punishment of those who were found guilty of wrong doing in regard to it. The electors however, apparently considered that the wrong doing committed under Conservative auspices would be more satisfactorily dealt with by a Liberal rather than by a Conservative administration.

Naturally the Government party made the most of the delinquencies on the part of the Roblin party, and it is quite clear that the people were influenced by the essential fact that the late government grossly abused its trust, and that they felt that the party as well as its leaders should be punished. Now can the justice of this view be gainsaid, for if a party, by merely changing its leaders could free itself of the stain of such sins as were committed by the Roblin administration, party government would be a failure. A party must accept responsibility for the acts of its leaders who accept office under its auspices; it cannot purge itself by changing its leaders, any more than an individual can rid himself simply by changing his clothes.

The principal fault to be found in the new situation is the overwhelming majority which the new government will have at its back. Time and again it has been shown that a strong opposition is just as essential to efficient administration as a good government, and the province could ill afford to reject the proffered services of men like Sir James Alcock and Mr. W. H. Sharpe as private members in the House. Both these gentlemen resigned their seats in Parliament to devote themselves to the regeneration of political life in the provincial arena in Manitoba and their sacrifice deserved some better acknowledgment at the hands of the electors than they received.

THE STRUGGLE IN POLAND

The occupation of Warsaw is an Austro-German triumph. This can not be contradicted; but whether it is a triumph that will have any serious effect on the future of the war, is another thing. The campaign of the last three months has swept the Russians back from the Carpathians to the River Bug; Premysl, Lemberg, and now Warsaw stand as landmarks of a successful progress. That progress has revealed a wealth of resource, marvelous organizing efficiency and considerable military genius in the leaders of the Austro-German armies.

But striking though the Austro-German advance has been, it is a less cheerful and meritorious military performance than the Russian retreat. The Grand Duke Nicholas with his ill-equipped, ill-armed soldiers will live in the annals of the war as the authors of a military miracle if the German commanders fail to cut off the retreat of the Russian armies.

The occupation of Warsaw is of no avail unless such occupation means the crushing of the army that defended it. At the worst, its capture may be followed by the temporary paralysis of Russian military power. The release of Austro-German forces from service on the Russian front will not criss the Allies from Switzerland to the English Channel. Germany could not smash that line last September, when she was at the zenith of her strength. Germany will never be as strong again for the purpose of smashing through to Paris as she was last September.

Russia's army is still uncrushed. Italy is opening a road to Vienna

that the Austro-Germans will have to defend. The Allies are pounding at the Dardanelles. Germany is still delayed; and Germany delayed is Germany defeated.

THE FREEDOM OF THE SEAS

A German professor, by the name of Helfrom, who is described as an authority on international law, says: "President Wilson's contention that 'American citizens may travel wherever their interests call' is absolutely unteachable." That may be the German view; but there are as many kinds of international law authorities as there are American alienists, and given any particular set of circumstances, they can arrive at as many different opinions. Berlin's legal authorities would carry a little more conviction if they had a little foreign backing. It happens that the recognized authorities in every other country except Austria and Turkey, disagree with the German view. Neutral nations are a unit in supporting the American contention that their citizens "may travel wherever their interests upon the high seas call them."

The view which the American government and people take of the matter is summed up shortly by an American contemporary thus: "We neutrals maintain that our rights on the high seas are inalienable, that peace at sea is the normal, lawful state of affairs, and that the belligerents carry on their warfare there only by the sufferance of neutrals. Germany—and Great Britain to a less degree—maintains that the belligerents have a right to fight all over the seas, under whatever conditions they see fit to prescribe, and that neutrals may go about their business there only by the sufferance of the belligerents."

The statement that Britain holds such views as the foregoing is never as erroneous as those of the German professor. Although Ministers of the Sea Britain has never denied the freedom of them to any other nation; a fact it is universally recognized that it is only in consequence of Britain's control of the seas that other nations can just at present have the use of them at all with any degree of safety.

"PAY OR FIGHT"

"Pay or fight" is a slogan of which a good deal is said to be made just at present, as though it summed up the whole duty of Canadians in the present crisis. This, however, is not by any means the case. Canadians must turn their energies to the care of the crops, and to the making of ammunition, as well as to the filling up of the overseas contingents. Anyone who is doing his part on the home or in the munition factory, can look his neighbour in the face just as properly as the man in khaki. At present it cannot be expected that a very large body of men can be got from the rural districts for overseas service, and it is a grave question with many farmers, particularly those in the West, whether they will be able to secure enough help to harvest the crop. There does not seem to be any trouble in finding men to work in factories that are handling war contracts, but the shortage of farm laborers throughout the country may easily become serious.

Canada must not only supply men for fighting in Europe, but she must supply the food to feed them and a good many others as well. This duty is no less imperative than is shouldering a rifle, and the men who are looking after the food supply, and assisting to feed the soldiers in the trenches, are doing their part towards the successful prosecution of the war.

TWO SORE-HEADS

The Advocate, last issue, made the suggestion, which it had a perfect right to make, that our citizens and young people remain at home on celebration day, and help to make that day a successful one for Newcastle. Its kindly suggestion, however, was taken exception to by two of Chatham's papers, who, feeling the quickening less of popularity in their own town, and being ever ready to take exception to anything and everything that Newcastle does, made an attempt to gain recognition by opening up the old score, and by making impertinent remarks about this paper.

Now, with the opening of the Morrissey bridge, a new and better feeling was given root to grow and extend between the young people of these two towns, but while such so-called papers as the Gazette and the World continue to throw cold water on this growing friendship, (not because either of them have any particular weight or interest in the town whose citizens are butting their bread, but it being a case of catching at the least straw for recognition), then so long will the time be before the business and social chords of these neighboring towns will be struck in harmony with each other.

The Advocate meant to do no harm to the sports held by the young people of Chatham, and the citizens of Newcastle will always hold out a hand of welcome to them to come over at every opportunity of the grouches, of course, to remain at home. Now that the minds of the editors of these two papers have begun to run in the same channel, we would advise them to shake hands and make up.

Patriotic Entertainment at Quarryville

Patriotic Speeches and One Hundred Dollars Raised

The people of Quarryville and Renous gave a successful entertainment in the Renous Hall, Wednesday evening, the 4th instant, in aid of the Patriotic Fund which added one hundred dollars to that fund.

A short program, consisting of recitations, music and patriotic speeches, followed by a social supper and dancing, combined to arouse enthusiasm and render the evening most enjoyable.

The ladies were only given a very short time in which to provide the supper, but their patriotic ardour overcame this difficulty, splendidly. Rev. G. S. Booth, by giving the use of the hall and contributing in a variety of ways, rendered valuable assistance. The work of Mr. O. O. E. Gerrish also contributed largely to the success of the evening. Mr. Joan Vanderbeck, who came up from Millerton, with a splendid little orchestra, made the musical part of the entertainment all that could be desired; a most important contribution.

Mr. P. N. Weeks in a few well chosen words, told of what had already been done in the parish of Derby for the Patriotic Fund and expressed his pleasure at the prospect of the month's contribution, adding a substantial sum to it.

Patriotic speeches by the Rev. H. T. Montgomery, of Millerton, and Mr. R. G. Hood, of Quarryville, pointed out the necessity of action, and sacrifice for King and Country. Rev. Mr. Montgomery, addressing his hearers, asked that now, after twelve months of war, how do we stand? How have our hopes been fulfilled, and what have we done with Germany? To these questions came his answer that Germany's commerce was destroyed, her navy has fled behind their own barriers, Kitchener had fallen, her African colony was lost, and her ally, Italy, had joined us.

Lock at Britain's navy. What has a Jones, and what does it mean to give the whole world today? It has fulfilled the old boast that Britania rules the waves, and that Britons never, never will be slaves. To the call for arms, the answer has come from every corner of the Empire, Canada has loyally given of her men and money, but yet more and more are wanted. Sir George Foster speaking in Fredericton the other day, told his hearers that the Empire now listens to the most serious call that it has listened to in its existence. It is the most serious at this very hour.

Germany, for many months, has been fast disabling Russia, and is now probably preparing for a big drive westward. If Germany should gain Poland, her cruisers may then set away and make for Canada. Their chief port would not only be Quebec and Halifax, but also Sydney and Newcastle. Here they would capture the Wireless Station and use it for their own purposes. Our peril, at this particular time may be greater and more imminent than we think. Our duty is to supply men and money, with which to fight for our very existence.

We know now what the Germans are, and their wiles and methods. For forty-five years they have been wearing the mask and preparing for war. The speaker related having seen the Kaiser the last time he was in London. He was driving to the station with King George, and talking in a most friendly way, bowing and smiling to the crowds who cheered him. He has now shown himself in his true self.

What Germany has done to Belgium, she would do to Canada. Our fate would be even ten times greater than that of Belgium. This is a war in which there can be no retreat, no terms. It must be either victory or annihilation.

Rev. Mr. Montgomery then made a strong appeal to the young men in the locality to volunteer. There are those who can go, but will not, and those who can give, but will not, but the opinion of those who have lost kin in the fight is hardening against them. If we cannot go we should give to the fund for the relief of the dependants of those who have gone.

On this the anniversary of the entry of the British Empire into the gigantic struggle that is taxing the energies and resources of the Empire and her Allies, it is fitting that we show our loyalty and patriotism, and our interest in our brave soldiers by thus marking the occasion, and contributing our mite to the Patriotic Fund. A fund for the benefit of our Canadians who are giving their services and in some cases their lives for their country.

It is well for us to keep in mind the causes that have drawn us into this war, because the righteousness of our cause should add zeal to our strength and determination. German militarism, after many years of planning and preparation, thinking it an opportune time to strike, launched her forces in the Kaiser's long cherished dream of world conquest.

It was doubtless not the intention to go to war with England until some other powers had been conquered, but considering the road to France easiest through Belgium, Germany marched her army into that country in violation of the neutrality agreement which she had signed along with England and the other great Powers.

England having guaranteed the neutrality of Belgium, entered the war to carry out her promise, as she was in honor bound to do, and because she would not allow a small nation to be bullied. The wisdom of doing so at the outset is becoming more and more apparent as Germany's vast preparations, strength, and intentions are revealed. I hope other powers, powers that would feel the "Malden Flat" of Germany were she to win, (and there are few that would not) will soon see the wisdom of joining in this struggle for freedom and humanity, as our Empire has done, that the awful carnage may soon be stopped and that the danger to themselves and the world at large may not be increased by hesitation. That quotation from Shakespeare "The Man who hesitates is lost" is applicable now.

We are in this war because the British Empire stands for freedom and fair dealing among nations, as among individuals; for law and order, and because she will not allow Prussian Militarism to rule us, or be a constant menace to the world. It is the righteousness of our cause that has united our vast Empire as it has never before united, and has fired the heart of every British subject with a patriotic determination to do his part toward the achievement of victory.

In this Germany miscalculated. Let her see it now and tremble. Removed as we are in this small quiet place, from the horrors of the conflict, and the warlike scenes that rouse men to action, it is impossible to fully realize our duty. I am very glad to observe that this meeting indicates that we are waking up to it. Let us try to realize the necessity for action.

Our soldiers who are risking life and limb for the Empire are rendering the greatest service. No sacrifice that we here at home can make is equal to it. We should do all in our power to relieve them of worry and anxiety about their loved ones and give them every proof possible that those dependent upon them will be looked after.

Our money contributions are small compared with the sacrifice they are making. When I say this I do not under rate the generous gifts of our people nor the importance and necessity for money contributions. To wealthy men who are shirking their responsibility and hiding back their proper contributions, let me say, consider before it is too late what the position of Canada would be, where your money would go and what your position would be were Germany to win this war. It is inspiring to read of the generous gifts of wealthy men and women throughout the land and of the smaller though equally generous contributions of those in humbler circumstances.

It is grand to see all parts of the Empire uniting in a great patriotic effort. The Dominions, provinces, cities, towns, villages, country districts, societies of all kinds, and individuals, vying one with the other in contributions of every kind that make for victory, hasten its accomplishment, or alleviate suffering.

The feeling that this crisis, this emergency, calls for prompt and unstinted action, not by the people of all the other parts of the Empire only, but by every man and woman right here in this community as well,

Lantic Sugar for PRESERVING  
Fine Granulation Cane Sugar  
A pure Cane Sugar finely granulated, in 10 and 20 pound bags as well as in the 2 and 5 pound cartons—and either fine or coarse granulation in 100 pound bags.  
FRUIT JAR LABELS FREE  
Send your address and small Red Ball Trade Mark from top of end of carton and we will mail you book of 50 assorted fruit jar labels—printed and gummed ready to put on the jars.  
The Atlantic Sugar Refineries Limited MONTREAL 85

TOGS! FOR WELL DRESSED MEN

Warm weather furnishings that are both stylish and comfortable.  
Sport Shirts New roll collar shirts in Palm Beach and other new shades Also soft cuff and soft collar effects 75c to \$1.50  
Neckwear Batwing ties are again in strong favor among good dressers. We have the newest combination. Soft Collar and Bow Tie. Needs no adjusting. Price 75c Complete  
Fancy open ends and Batwing Ties Separate Soft Collars 25c to 75c 15c to 50c each  
Hosiery All makes of Summer Hose in cotton lisle and silk—Fancy colors and plain White, Black, Tan and Grey. Prices 15c to 50c each  
Our New Caps have arrived. Let us show you a few

J.D. Breaghnan & Co. LIMITED  
Be Loyal To Your Own Community

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We have the following:  
Sanitary Drinking Cups  
Imperial Lunch Sets  
Japanese Napkins,  
Picnic Brand White  
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New Summer Footwear For Men Who Work  
Made with 4 and 6 inch lugs, on Right and Left lasts. Full Sole leather sole and heel, and best waterproof Oiled Tanned upper. Easy on the foot, light and very durable.  
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prompts me to this very direct appeal to action that each do his full duty now.  
Longfellow expresses my thought in his Psalm of Life, as follows: "In the World's broad field of battle, In the bivouac of life, Be not like dumb driven cattle, Be a hero in the strife. Trust no future, howe'er pleasant, Let the dead past bury its dead. Act, act in the living present, Heart within and God overhead."  
Be careful of cashes. Do not deposit them against wooden buildings or fences. See that there are no live coals. Far better to pour a pail of water over them than to take the risk of a strong wind carrying live coals and starting fires.  
Imperial Toilet Paper  
Imperial Perfumery Toilet Paper, First Quality, in rolls, 10c per roll, for sale at the Advocate Job Dept.

Perfect Vision  
If you break your Glasses save the pieces and bring them to us. We do all kinds of repair work.  
DICKISON & TROY  
DRUGGISTS & OPTICIANS  
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Flowers Flowers Flowers  
PATRONIZE A HOME INDUSTRY  
EVERYTHING IN FLOWERS AT WOODBURN FARM CONSERVATORIES, CHATHAM.  
SEE OUR SPRING FLOWER ANNOUNCEMENT  
If there is anything you want to know about, write or phone us, we are at your service, Greenhouses open to the Public for Inspection  
OUR SPECIALTY  
Funeral Designs at short notice. Wedding Bouquets and General Floral Decorations.  
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ROYAL CANADIAN NAVY  
Seamen and Stokers with previous experience of the sea are wanted for the Royal Canadian Naval Volunteers. Applicants should apply personally, or by letter, to the Recruiting Officer, H. M. C. DOCKYARD, Halifax, giving particulars of their sea-going experience, and enclosing a Doctor's certificate as to their fitness for service. Their travelling expenses to and from their homes will be refunded if they are found unsuitable.  
Ordinary Seaman 80c a day  
Able Seaman 85c a day  
Efficiency Allowance 15c a day  
Stokers \$1.10 a day  
Also, Separation Allowance to wife or dependents of \$13.50 a month on Shore Service, and \$20.00 a month while in a sea-going ship.  
32-0

# NEWS OF THE COUNTY

Interesting Items Written by The Advocate's Regular Correspondents for its Readers.

## BLACKVILLE NOTES

Aug. 10—Miss Gertrude Donovan of Fenwick was visiting her sister, Mrs. Henry Brophy on Wednesday.

Mr. Chas. McLaggan, Manager of the Royal Bank of Canada, and little daughter Marjory, of New Glasgow, N. S., was visiting relatives here last week.

Mr. Charles Gatoncabe of Fredericton, was in town on Tuesday.

A number of the young people attended the ball and supper at Redwood. One hundred dollars was realized which will be for the Patriotic Fund.

Miss Evangeline Keough is visiting friends in Chatham and Newcastle.

Messrs T. B. Mullin and H. V. Keirstead of St. John, were in town on Friday.

Misses Carrie Layton, Laura Burns and Gertrude Steele, and Messrs. Benedict Layton and Arthur McKenzie, motored to Logville on Wednesday, also attending the picnic at Chatham.

Roy Underhill who has been working with the civil engineers in Quebec, paid a visit to his home on Saturday.

Mr. Harry Russell of Doaktown, was in town on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Dunn, Mr. and Mrs. S. Y. Jardine and Arthur McKenzie, motored to Chatham on Sunday.

The funeral of the late Bernard McCormick took place from his home here on Wednesday morning at nine o'clock, interment being made in St. Raphael's burying grounds.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Flanagan and family, and Mr. Hugh Galley of Marysville, were in town on Wednesday to attend the funeral of Mr. McCormick.

Mr. Percy Lobans of Campbellton was in town on Wednesday.

Miss Stella Donovan visited her sister for a few days last week.

Mrs. Geraldine Keough is visiting friends at Burnt Church and Bay du Vin.

Mr. Putman of Norton, was in town on Tuesday.

Miss Ruby Wallis is visiting her sister, Miss Clara of Millerton.

Miss Myrtle Traddison of Millerton visited Miss Sadie McDonald last week.

Mr. Jas. H. Dale received letters from Stanley McDonald and Edward McPhail, of the 55th Battalion at Valcartier. All are well and having a good time.

Miss Lily Lawlor of Chatham, is visiting friends in town.

Mrs. Marjory Duncan of Lincoln, N. S., is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Daniel Walls.

Miss Pauline Crocker of Millerton, is the guest of Miss Muriel Johnston.

Mrs. Robt. McLaggan returned home from Fredericton on Saturday.

Mr. John Keough who has been teaching school in the west, is spending his vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Keough.

Miss Armstrong of St. John, is visiting Mrs. Dr. Beaton.

Mr. Archie Alcorn, Dr. Beaton and Vye Johnston, motored to Newcastle on Monday.

The Misses Helen and Grace McLaggan are spending a few days with their aunt, Mrs. John McLaggan of Chatham.

Prof. Thos. Ross who was visiting his home here returned to Redbank.

Mr. Benj. Walls is doing a rushing business of late, selling marriage licenses.

Mr. Fred Copeland spent Sunday in town.

Miss Rebecca Astles gave a lawn party on Wednesday in honor of her niece, the Misses Annie and Alma Wetmore. Those present were the Misses Bernetta Schaffer, Helen McLaggan, Hilda Bean, Muriel Johnston, May Dale, Pauline Crocker, (Millerton), Ruby Walls, Grace McLaggan, Dorothy Connors and Christy Dale.

Mrs. McDonald received a letter from her son Walter who has been on the firing line in France. He had been out of the trenches for two weeks on account of sickness at the time the letter was written. He enlisted in McAdam Jct. and sailed with the first contingent.

Miss Stella Johnston who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Patrick Vickers, returned to her home in Dalhousie.

The Richest Coon in Georgia is billed for this town on Wednesday, Aug. 11th.

Miss Lottie Underhill of New Hampshire, a trained nurse, after an absence of three years, is spending her vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hudson Underhill.

Miss Bridget Layton is visiting Miss Clara Hawes.

Aug. 6—The weather has been very warm for the past few days, and the farmers of this vicinity are busily engaged haying.

Mrs. James Sheppard, who was visiting her parents has returned to her home in Boston.

We are glad to hear that Vernon Peterson is improving rapidly.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Arbeau were

## REXTON ITEMS

Aug. 10—Miss Clara Palmer who has been visiting Dorchester friends and her cousin, Miss Annie Palmer, who was visiting her aunt, Mrs. A. Wood, Moncton, returned home Friday.

Dr. G. T. and Mrs. Leighton of Moncton, spent the past week in town.

Miss Marion Robertson of Bathurst, is visiting her niece, Mrs. E. Hannay.

Rufino de Ollaqu of Ottawa, is visiting his mother, Mrs. R. A. de Ollaqu.

Miss Marion Irving of Buctouche, was a visitor here recently.

John D. Palmer of Fredericton, spent the past week with his family, who are visiting Mrs. Palmer's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Jardine.

Miss Margaret McGregor has returned home from a visit to friends in Amherst.

Miss Hazel McGregor of Rumford, Maine, is visiting friends at Upper Rexton.

Miss Evelyn McInerney of Springfield, Mass., is spending her holidays with her mother, Mrs. Frank McInerney.

Mrs. A. B. Carson held an ice cream social on her lawn, Friday evening. The sum of forty-two dollars and fifty cents was taken, to be used toward the purchase of a machine gun.

Mrs. Jonathan Hudson and her grand-daughter, Miss Minard Palmer, have returned from a visit to friends in Coal Branch.

Miss Teresa Burns and her aunt, Miss Nora Collins, have returned to Boston, after spending a few weeks at their homes in South Branch.

Dr. D. P. and Mrs. Mahoney have returned from a visit to friends in St. John.

Mrs. Jean Holding and daughter, Marguerite, of Montreal, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Smith. They spent several weeks with friends in St. Andrews-by-the-Sea, before coming here.

The twin schooner F. J. Allen, Capt. Allen of Philadelphia, was in port last week, and took in part of a cargo of laths. She proceeded to Nelson, Northumberland Co., to complete her cargo.

## SILLIKERS NOTES

Rev. E. P. Wilson, of Wolfville, N. S., is conducting meetings in this place. The meetings are largely attended, and much interest is shown. He is assisted by the pastor, Mr. H. E. Allaby.

Mr. Lee Johnston took his car to Chatham on Sunday, and brought his mother home from the hospital. Mrs. Johnston's many friends hope for her recovery from her illness.

Mr. Roy White has purchased a new car.

Mr. Edward Tozer received word lately from his son Harry, who has been training at Valcartier. He expected to leave for England shortly.

Mrs. Wm. Russell of Millerton, spent Sunday with her mother, Mrs. Allen Matchett.

Master Lance Matchett, who unfortunately broke his leg some time ago, is improving rapidly.

Mr. John Robinson passed through here on Sunday with a number of sports from Holmes Lake.

Mr. John Dunnett has begun work on his house, and intends finishing it this summer.

## SUNNY CORNER

Aug. 9—Mrs. Percy Greenley and family are visiting at Mrs. Chas. Mullin's this week.

Miss Nellie Hyland is spending a few weeks with Mrs. Robt. Mullin.

Miss Minnie Ingram visited friends here last week.

Mrs. Robt. Novlan was calling on Mrs. Wm. Matchett the latter part of the week.

Miss Lily Murphy was in Nelson a few days last week.

Mr. Henry Leach has gone to the Bridge to cook for D. Sullivan & Sons lumber men.

Miss Laura Tozer who went to Boston some two months ago and entered the city hospital, was welcomed home Thursday, her health having failed her in that undertaking.

Miss Della Hyland is spending a few weeks with the Misses Forsythe.

Miss Maggie Hines is visiting down river.

## Wedding at Nelson

A wedding of local interest took place at St. Patrick's church, Nelson, on Tuesday, 3rd inst. when Rev. Fr. Power united in marriage Miss Mary Ivory, of Nowlan Settlement, to Mr. Matthew Carroll of Barnaby River. The bridesmaid was, Miss Annie Ivory, sister of the bride, while the groom was supported by his brother, Mr. Michael Carroll.

## Arsenault-Doucett

The marriage of Miss Catherine Doucett of Rogersville to Mr. Vincent Arsenault of Nelson, was celebrated at the R. C. church, Rogersville, on Tuesday, the 2nd inst. Miss Angelina Gallat was bridesmaid while Mr. Jerome Doucett supported the groom. Mr. and Mrs. Arsenault will reside in Nelson.

Rags and cloths saturated with cleaning and polishing oils may ignite spontaneously in a few hours. Burn them at once.

Do not go into clothes closets with lighted matches or candles.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

## FARM LABORERS' EXCURSIONS TO THE WEST

With the promise of a bumper crop in the west, the Governments of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta have called upon Eastern Canada for thirty thousand harvest help laborers to assist them in saving the harvest. The Canadian Government Railways will sell harvesters tickets to Winnipeg from all stations in the Maritime Provinces, Tuesday, August 17th, and Tuesday, August 24th, to Winnipeg, at very low rates. The fare from Moncton to Winnipeg being \$12.35, and the fares from other stations will be in proportion.

The route will be via the Intercolonial to Montreal, Grand Trunk to North Bay, Temiskaming and Northern Ontario to Cochrane, thence Transcontinental to Winnipeg.

Fares based on half a cent per mile may be obtained at Winnipeg to all points west in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. Returning tickets will be issued to bona-fide excursionists at very low rates.

## Maritime Board of Trade Meeting

Considerable interest is being taken in the meeting of the Maritime Board at Summerside, P. E. I., on Wednesday and Thursday, 18th and 19th inst. For the entertainment of the visiting delegates the Summerside Board is chartering a steamer to convey them to the new terminals of the winter route to the Island, viz. Cape Tormentine and Carleton Point and at one of these places, if the weather is favorable, Lunenburg will be provided. As the Garden of the Gulf is looking its best just now, no doubt many business men and their friends will take advantage of the Board meeting to visit Prince Edward Island and receive the benefit of the reduced fares.

## Imperial Toilet Paper

Imperial Perforated Toilet Paper, First Quality in rolls, 10c per roll, for sale at the Advocate Job Dept.

## Special care should be taken in the home to prevent fires from starting, because when they do start there is seldom a man about to extinguish them. Where women and children are housed, the utmost vigilance is necessary on the part of those responsible for their welfare.

A fuse is the "safety valve" of an electric system, and should never be replaced by one of larger size or of any other material.

## Stenographer's Note Books

Good quality Stenographers' Note Books for sale at the Advocate Job Dept. Price 10 cents.

## August 4th Celebration

(Continued from page 1.)  
Leaf Forever" was sung, with piano accompaniment by Mrs. Chas. Sargeant.  
The next speaker was

## HON. H. A. POWELL

who gave a very interesting address, in part as follows:  
Your Worship, the Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen:  
If the subject were on that which was fraught with less seriousness to the Empire and Canada, I would almost say that I have much pleasure in addressing this audience. I have as much pleasure as the occasion permits. I am pleased to be on the platform with my friends, Ex-Gov. Tweedie and Mr. Burchill.  
As my friend Mr. Burchill has gone in the subject of the cause of the war, I will say but little on that. About 2000 years ago when the world started, the Saviour of Mankind gave to the world a new Son proclaiming, "Peace on earth, good will toward men." Soldiers had looked forward to the time when men should know war no more. People were about to think this time had come, when the war started.  
Dr. Campbell, a nephew of my own, and Earl Roberts were taking dinner together in London. During the course of dinner, Campbell turned to Lord Roberts saying, "How glorious it is that war is now at an end." Roberts answering said, "Within six weeks we would see war. England would see it."  
We have been living under a hallucination, but war has not ceased. We had settled great territorial questions, and peace reigned on earth when there came one who destroyed the peace of the world, uprooting the gospels of the Son of Man, he declaring the principles of the Creator were effeminate, that this was for the girl or boy, man must have something higher. He had adopted the principle of Frederick the Great who said "Religion was alright for a State, but a poor thing for a Ruler."  
My friend Mr. Burchill has gone fully into the cause of the war, so I shall pass on.  
Germany's real ultimate object in this war was to acquire world-wide power and to dominate throughout the globe.  
After the Franco-Prussian war, Germany established a National Policy which was to bring Germany up to England in Commerce—her population was rapidly increasing.  
Now gentlemen, call up before us a map of Europe. Who are the migrating people of the world? The Caucasian people. They did not settle in torrid climates. The German people required extension, where would they go? They would go to the temperate climates. They have gone to New Zealand, Canada, United States and Southern Africa. Going across the Atlantic from England, we have Canada, a tremendous extensive country where great opportunities for development offered. In the southern temperate zone, England had South Africa (part of it), Australia and New Zealand, and the descendants of the Latin people had South America, and there was no extension left for Germany except the northern colonies of South Africa.  
Germany invaded Belgium for the simple reason that Belgium was in league with France—this was a piece of impudent mendacity. Go ask Germany what about another independent State, that little State of Luxembourg lying south of Belgium. In 1839 they had pledged themselves to defend the neutrality of that state. The neutrality of that state has been outraged, but the Germans do not care whether they are right or wrong. They have substituted a new God in the universe, the god of power for the God of Justice. They have accomplished their ends and they care not for results, if you desire to have political freedom, if you desire that honest integrity should prevail, then let us draw ourselves into this conflict with the Allies. If, on the other hand, you think that the teachings of the New Testament are to be thrown aside, side in with the Germans.  
A great many people feel disheartened; they think there is no beating the Germans. The Liberty of Xenophon would be as nothing compared with the British Empire. This war is nothing less than criminality on the part of Germany. Our great leader, Lord Kitchener, had said that the war would begin the first of May. Kitchener was mistaken; owing to the lack of ammunition this war will not commence until the first of September. I have heard it said that the German people are our superiors, but anyone who knows the history of science knows they are not our superiors. The Germans have not the genius of invention, they have the genius of application. I challenge any man to give me a single instance of what Germany has contributed towards the progress of the human race.  
Who invented the telephone?—Bell, a Canadian.  
The locomotive—Stevens, a Scotchman.  
The steamboat—Fulton, an Englishman.  
Who harnessed electricity?—Ben Franklin of the United States.  
Telegraphy—Morse, an American.

## SOME QUESTIONS AND THEIR ANSWERS

W. H. Sharpe, M.P. Clears up the Price of Binders—Official Import Figures

Last March Mr. W. H. Sharpe, M.P. for North Lisgar, asked the following questions in the House of Commons with reference to the import of binders from the United States into Western Canada, and received the answers given below from the Minister of Customs.

The figures which are authentic and compiled from Government records, completely disprove the story that a well known United States implement concern circulated widely through Western Canada earlier in the year.

What was the total importation of 7 and 8-foot binders from the United States in the year 1911, at the port of Winnipeg, and the average value on which duty was collected?

Number of harvesters, self-binding, all sizes, entered through port of Winnipeg, year 1911, 268. Total value, \$22,558. Average value, \$108.40 each. In the total number above stated are probably included harvesters smaller than 7 and 8-foot, but the number of each cannot be given from the records in the Customs Department, as invoices are retained in the department for only three years.

What was the total amount of duty collected on same, and the average amount per binder?

Total amount of duty collected on said binders, \$3,947.65; average, \$15.88 each.

What was the price of the International Harvester Company's 7 and 8-foot binders in the United States, as sold to dealers only, according to price lists in 1911 and 1914?

Selling prices of International Harvester Company's binders to dealers in the United States: 7-foot binder with bundle carrier without tongue truck, 1911, \$105; 1914, \$109.50. 8-foot binder with bundle carrier without tongue truck, 1911, \$107.50; 1914, \$103.

What was the total importation of 7 and 8-foot binders from the United States in the year 1914, at the port of Winnipeg, and the average value on which duty was collected?

Seven and eight-foot harvesters entered for consumption through the port of Winnipeg in the year 1914: total number 192; value, \$19,462 (including the value of the bundle carrier); average value as entered, \$100.84 each. Total duty collected thereon, \$2,516.07; average, \$13.04 each.

On what prices did the John Deere Plough Company pay duty on 7 and 8-foot binders at the port of Winnipeg in 1913?

Duty was paid by John Deere Plough Company, Winnipeg, on following values during 1913: 7-foot binder with bundle carrier without tongue truck, \$78.22; 8-foot binder with bundle carrier without tongue truck, \$80.85.

Were these entries at customs made at prices below the fair market value of the binders, and in violation of the customs laws?

These entries by John Deere Plough Company, Winnipeg, were made at prices much below the fair market value for home consumption and were therefore in violation of the customs laws.

What was the selling price of these binders as sold to dealers only in the United States in 1913?

Selling prices to dealers of John Deere binders in the United States during 1913: 7-foot binder with bundle carrier without tongue truck, \$103; 8-foot binder with bundle carrier without tongue truck, \$105.50.

# Sewing Machines

We will allow a cash discount of 10% off the prices of all Sewing Machines bought from us during the month of August.

We do this to more generally introduce our Sewing Machines which we believe to be unsurpassed by any on this market.

**Regular Prices \$25.00 27.50 30.00 35.00 and 45.00**  
WARRANTED FOR 10 YEARS

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

## D. W. STOTHART

### WE CARRY A FULL LINE OF THE FOLLOWING MANUFACTURES

**MacFarlane Lang & Co's Biscuits**  
GLASGOW & LONDON

**Christie Brown & Co's Biscuits**  
TORONTO

**Moirs Ltd. Chocolates, Cakes and Bread**  
HALIFAX

**WM. FERGUSON, Fish B'ldg.**  
PHONE 144

# Cedar Shingles

All grades of Cedar Shingles for Sale at

**HICKSON'S MILL** Newcastle, N. B.  
Phone 34.

### PROPHETS HAD WRONG IDEAS

Dismal Predictions as to Future of Our Country Somehow Failed to Materialize.

In the year 1788 Alexander Hamilton wrote of the electoral college system: "If the manner be not perfect, it is at least excellent; it unites in an eminent degree all the advantages the union of which was to be wished for." Yet, in a decade, the electors would not have thought of exercising their constitutional prerogatives.

Hamilton predicted that the house of representatives would have "no small advantage" over the senate in any dispute, since it would be the popular branch of the government, and because it would have the power of originating all money bills—a strong weapon in its hand. But the senate soon became the dominant partner, and the house found that the power to amend money bills exercised by the senate nullified the advantage of originating them.

At the close of John Adams' administration it is said that John Jay refused the appointment of chief justice on the ground that the bench would never attain "the energy, weight and dignity which were essential to its affording due support to the national government." This forecast John Marshall made absurd.

When Louisiana was annexed Senator White remarked in debate that "gentlemen on all sides, with very few exceptions, agree that the settlement of this country will be highly injurious and dangerous to the United States" and that its incorporation into the Union would be "productive of innumerable ills."

In 1811, in a speech on a bill to permit the organization of a state from a section of the Louisiana Purchase, Representative John Quincy Adams of Massachusetts asserted that if the measure should pass "the bonds of the Union would be virtually dissolved."

In the thirties a Scotchman, Patrick Shirref, made a journey through the United States and published the results of his observations. At that time Chicago was a town of 150 houses. Of its future the traveler wrote: "Chicago will in all probability attain considerable size, but its situation is not so favorable to growth as many other places in the Union."

Do not use inflammable shades on lamps, candles or electric light bulbs

### Wanted To Rent

Couple having no children want to rent house or flat in Newcastle. Prompt payers. Please reply to "House wanted" care of Union Advocate.

### Piano For Sale

Beautiful bell toned piano, almost new, at considerable discount. Address all enquiries to No. 20, Advocate office, Newcastle, N. B.

### SHERIFF'S SALE

I will sell at Public Auction in front of the Court House at Richibucto in the County of Kent Province of New Brunswick on Friday the twentieth day of August next at the hour of eleven of the clock in the forenoon, the following goods: About 425000 sup. feet of sawn lumber, 285000 cut laths, a quantity of slab, edging and deal ends for firewood, about 60000 sup. feet of round lumber, one grey horse, one dump cart and harness, all being at the Richibucto saw mill of the Canadian Swedish Lumber Company. Also about 140000 sup. feet of round lumber in and on the St. Louis or Kouchibouque River in the County of Kent. Also one portable mill and accessories and about 35000 sup. feet of round lumber now at Portage River in the County of Kent. Also one portable lath mill and accessories now at Kent Junction in the county of Kent. Also one red mare, one light driving wagon and harness, one typewriter and office furniture now at Rexton in the said County of Kent; all being the property of the Canadian Swedish Lumber Company. The same having been seized by me under and by virtue of one execution issued out of the Supreme Court (King's Bench Division and several executions issued out of the Kent County Court against the Canadian Swedish Lumber Company. Terms of sale cash.

Dated at Richibucto in the County of Kent and Province of New Brunswick this 19th day of July A. D. 1915.

BASILE J. JOHNSON,  
High Sheriff of Kent County, N. B.  
33-2

### H. F. MCKINLEY

GENERAL MERCHANT

McKinleyville, - N. B.

FULL LINE OF Groceries and General Merchandise ALWAYS ON HAND

All orders received by mail given prompt attention.  
Carload of Feed and Flour has just arrived. 15-1yr.

### ASK FOR GOODS

SPEND THIS MONEY IN CANADA

YOUR PATRONAGE WILL BOOST THE PAYROLL

MADE IN CANADA

**REMINGTON UMC**

**Many a Crackshot's Reputation Rests on his First ".22"**

Most experts commenced their careers with a .22 Rifle. So choose your .22 as carefully as you'd choose a high-power Arm.

**Remington UMC**  
".22 Repeating and Single Shot Rifles"

are REAL RIFLES—not toys. Made of the same high-grade materials—by the same skilled workmen—in the same finely-equipped shops—as our higher-priced high-power Arms. Shoot Short, Long and Long Rifle Cartridges equally well.

See the full Remington-UMC Line at your dealer's. For a better score—use only Remington-UMC .22 Metallics. They guarantee your Arm.

REMINGTON ARMS-UNION METALLIC CARTRIDGE COMPANY  
(Contractors to the British Imperial and Colonial Governments)  
London, Eng. WINDSOR, ONT. New York, U.S.A. 17

**Target Tips and Hunting Hints**  
by Alfred P. Lane

Send questions to Mr. Lane in care of this paper.

**A New Questions and Answers Department of Interest to Shooters**

Readers are reminded that this column is open to questions which should be sent to me in care of the Sporting Editor, and to discussions by the readers on anything connected with hunting or target shooting.—A. P. L.

S. G. S., Laceyville, Pa.  
I have an old 12 gauge shotgun with the name Janssen Sons & Co. engraved on it. It is a hard shooting gun, having 30 1/2 inch barrels which are too long to suit me. Would it spoil the shooting quality of the gun to cut the barrels down to 26 inches?  
Ans. It depends on the bore of your barrels. If they are full choke, cutting them down to 26 inches will certainly spoil their close shooting qualities. If they are cylinder bore, it will make no difference at all.  
F. G., New York.  
I have a Belgian .32 single shot rifle. Will you kindly tell me if there is any cartridge I could use more powerful than the ordinary cartridge?  
No.  
H. D. C. G., Corpus Christi, Texas.  
I have a 12 gauge hammerless shotgun, and I want a set of new barrels for same. Could you make a set 16 gauge to fit my stock? Could you make over the old ones or choke them? Would I have to send the entire gun or only the stock? How long will it take to make and fit them?  
Ans. I hate to discourage you, but I would certainly suggest that you do not spend time and money trying to have a new pair of barrels fitted to the gun you mention. They are no longer made, and if a new pair of barrels were fitted by any other factory than the factory in which the barrels were originally made, it would necessitate considerable hand fitting at very great expense, and you would do much better to put the money into a new gun.  
1. Will you kindly publish the Maxim Silencer Law of the State of Connecticut in regard to using same on a rifle for target and hunting use?  
Ans. I do not seem to be able to locate any State Law regarding the use of the Maxim Silencer. Mr. William K. Molan, President State Board of Fisheries and Game, Room 64, Capitol, Hartford, Conn., will be able to give you definite information on this point.  
2. If there is such a law, is it merely a State or National Law?  
Ans. If there is any law on the subject, it is a local one. There is no national law affecting the use of Maxim Silencers.  
A. G. R., Sunny Side, South Africa.  
1. Is a single shot rifle less noisy than a repeater in unloading or reloading?  
Ans. I do not exactly understand what difference noise can make in loading or unloading. Using a repeating rifle—if the sportsman is at all familiar with his weapon, he will operate the action to reload so quickly that what noise is made will be practically unnoticed owing to the relatively much heavier jar and noise of the actual explosion, and game is therefore less liable to be frightened than in the single shot where the noise, although much less

**Editorial Comment**

**TO THE LIMIT OF OUR RESOURCES**

The gifts of machine guns which are pouring in from all parts of the Dominion are very real evidence that the people are making the cause of Empire their own. The general character of the movement cannot but be enheartening to the administrators who are loaded down with the unexampled responsibilities which the prosecution of the world's greatest war has placed upon their shoulders. There is nothing more inspiring for a government in times of peace than to feel and know that public sentiment is with it. In times of war, when the life or death of the nation may be at stake, when important measures have to be quickly conceived, when an unfortunate chance may entail appalling disaster, there is nothing that more effectively relieves the strain and steadies the judgment of the responsible heads of the administration, than clear evidence that the people are with them heart and soul, and are co-workers with them for the success of the nation's cause.

The present British government is receiving a more nearly unanimous support from the people of the United Kingdom than any preceding administration under which a great war has been waged. The result of that Britain's strength is being manifested as never before. Marvels are being accomplished in the development of powerful armies, quickly recruited from the peaceful avocations of a non-military and peace-loving citizenship, on a scale never before dreamed of in Britain's history. In very truth, the phenomenon of the war has been the sudden and striking revelation of the potential martial strength of the least military of European nations. Nothing less than complete concord between government and people could have rendered such a revelation possible. In Britain, since the outbreak of the war, petty and factional differences and domestic issues have found no lodgment in the public mind. The whole national concern has been the successful prosecution of the war.

In Canada, too, the people have been with the government since the war clouds broke a year ago. There have been petty criticisms from a few politicians and incurable partisans, but these have awakened no response in the country and have been powerless to break the unanimity with which Canadians have thrown themselves into the conflict. No government has been more solidly and enthusiastically supported by the people than the present administration during the past twelve months. Fortified by the assurance of this universal support, Sir Robert Borden and his ministerial colleagues have kept but one object before them and have exerted every effort to attain it—the placing of Canada in the forefront of the British dominions as the most potent and helpful of the Empire's overseas supporters. The reception the Prime Minister has been accorded in Britain and France during the past couple of weeks is evidence of the effectiveness of Canada's part in the war, and of the keen appreciation it has evoked. The British press, of all shades of opinion, have been outspoken in their praise of Premier Borden. He has been acclaimed by the people, admitted to the Councils of the nation, and made the honored guest of the King. He has been singled out for especial honor by the government of France. In these distinctions to the Canadian Prime Minister, the Canadian people are being honored. Because the government of the Dominion has correctly interpreted the sentiment of the people and has given expression to it in a capable and courageous manner, Canada has become a name to conjure with in the Chancelleries of Europe. It is fitting and timely that while Canada's strong stand in the war is being so strikingly acknowledged in the Old Country, the war benefactions and the great recruiting movement now in progress attest the increasing hold the cause of Empire is taking on the people of the Dominion. On the eve of the war Premier Borden cabled the British government that Canada would back the Mother Country to the limit of its resources. This pledge is being amply honored by the government and the people of the Dominion. The extent of our assistance will be limited only by our ability to give. Canadians are if anything more determined now to make good that assurance than they were a year ago.

It is just large enough to receive a man on all fours. It has a small wheel or roller near its forward end on its lower face for supporting most of its weight. It is propelled by the user by simply pushing against the ground with one foot, his hands resting on a suitable rod or support inside of the shell. A slight slot and rifle opening through the centre of the front wall makes it possible for the user to see where he is going and enables him to shoot at the enemy. The very gradual taper of the shield and the hard metal safely deflect all rifles and machine gun bullets and fragments of shells, so that it is really a small moveable fort proof against all but high power explosives shell and even they do little damage unless they strike squarely.

By this means, a large number of men crawl very close to the enemies lines and then spring from their "forts" and make one short sharp dash into the trench, and all is over. It seems a device well worth trying.

**Deafness Cannot be Cured**  
by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Sent for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.  
Sold by Druggists, 75c.  
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

**A NEW IMPETUS**

**United States Firms Looking to Canada For Branch Factories Again**

During the past couple of years the movement of American industries to Canada and the establishment of branch factories in the Dominion slackened off to some extent, as compared to the rapid progress that was made in the building up of United States industries in Canada in 1910-1911 and 1912. Now the movement is being accelerated again, and according to the B. A. T. "Daily Trade Record" of March 23rd, the "Made-in-Canada" campaign is responsible.

After referring to the fact that the "Made-in-Canada" campaign is taking business from American firms, which are now compelled to plan branches in the Dominion, the Record quoted Mr. G. W. Curtis, agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway who has just made a trip to the United States, and reports that the "Made-in-Canada" movement had caused a considerable falling off in the business which the United States had hitherto done in Canada. The new war tariff of 7 1/2 per cent also served to keep out American goods.

As a result of these two factors, Mr. Curtis has received many inquiries from American manufacturers who are planning to establish branch factories in Canada so that they may benefit by the "Made-in-Canada" movement, instead of losing by it as is now the case with their factories on the United States side of the line.

This unsolicited testimony from United States to the effectiveness of the "Made-in-Canada" movement, which has swept over the Dominion during the past few months, affords abundant evidence of the value of the publicity methods adopted. That the "Made-in-Canada" movement will gather strength in the next few months if it is going to result in an increase in the number of industries in Canada will be the wish of all those who have a knowledge of the unemployment situation in the Dominion. Not only will new branches of American factories in Canada increase employment for Canadian mechanics, but the building, and equipment of these factories will tend to revive building trade and create activity in many industries subsidiary to the building trades.

**PORTABLE SHIELD FOR SOLDIERS**

The European conflict and particularly the dead lock on the western frontier, has set inventors to devising means for overcoming the great defensive strength and trench warfare. One device which presents many good points and seems practicable is a British invention termed a "moving fort." In fact, it is a shell or shield shaped like a bullet, except that the horizontal diameter is slightly greater than the vertical diameter. It is made of galvanized steel and weighs just about 200 pounds.

**FRUIT, THE GREAT PHYSICIAN**

**Healing Powers of Fruit Proved by "Fruit-a-tives"**

The simple juices of apples, oranges, figs and prunes, when transformed into "Fruit-a-tives" will relieve diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Skin. The truth of this statement has been proved in thousands of cases of Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Torpid Liver, Constipation, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Chronic Headaches.

The enormous sales of "Fruit-a-tives," are the best proofs of the value of this fruit medicine.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.



**I. C. R. TIME TABLE**

On and after Sunday, May 2nd, trains will be due to arrive at and depart from Newcastle as follows:

**GOING SOUTH**

Maritime, arrive	5:20 a. m.
Maritime, leave	5:25 a. m.
Local, arrive	10:40 a. m.
Local, leave	10:45 a. m.
Ocean Limited, arrive	1:37 p. m.
Ocean Limited, leave	1:45 p. m.
Night Freight, leave	3:05 a. m.

**GOING NORTH**

Maritime, arrive	11:51 p. m.
Maritime, leave	11:56 p. m.
Local, arrive	2:17 p. m.
Local, leave	2:22 p. m.
Ocean Limited, arrive	4:30 p. m.
Ocean Limited, leave	4:35 p. m.
Night Freight, leave	3:35 a. m.

**To Chatham and Loggieville:**

Leave Newcastle	12:05 a. m.
Arrive Chatham	1:35 p. m.
Arrive Loggieville	3:10 p. m.
Arrive Newcastle	5:10 a. m.
Arrive Newcastle	11:40 p. m.

**FOR FREDERICTON**

Leave Newcastle	Express 5:45 a. m.
Leave Newcastle	Freight 7:19 a. m.

**FROM FREDERICTON**

Arrive Newcastle	Express 11:30 p. m.
Arrive Newcastle	Freight 2:45 p. m.
Local for McGivney's	Leave Newcastle
Local for McGivney's	Express 4:50 p. m.
Local for McGivney's	Express 11:05 a. m.



**Synopsis of Canadian Northwest Land Regulations**

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-agency for district. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties: Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead price; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. COBY, C. M. G., Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388. 22-6mos.

**THICK, GLOSSY HAIR FREE FROM DANDRUFF**

**Girl Try It! Hair gets soft, fluffy and beautiful—Get a 25 cent bottle of Danderine.**

If you care for heavy hair that glitters with beauty and is radiant with life; has an incomparable softness and is fluffy and lustrous, try Danderine. Just one application doubles the beauty of your hair, besides it immediately dissolves every particle of dandruff. You can not have nice heavy, healthy hair if you have dandruff. This destructive scurf robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life, and if not overcome it produces a feverishness and itching of the scalp; the hair roots fash, loosen and die; then the hair falls out fast. Surely get a 25-cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store and just try it.

**Timely Topics**

**ON PRINTING**

**FINE PRINTING IS AN ART**

Do you know good printing?  
Do you like good printing?  
Do you know that it always pays to have the BETTER kind?  
Perhaps you have been used to the one class of printing and know no other.  
If this is so, it is time for you to have a look around and investigate and see what's what.  
Do you know you do not have to go any farther away than Newcastle to obtain the BETTER class of printing.  
Perhaps you have not given it a thought, but a great deal depends on the stock used in order to get a BETTER job. Investigate this.

1st—We cater to that class of people who use only the best stock, and who know what BETTER printing is.

2nd—In order to give these customers the class of work they want, we have to keep in stock only the best grades of material. We do not handle cheap lines.

3rd—In order, again, to be able to turn out that BETTER class of printing, we employ only experienced and competent printers, who keep abreast of the times and watch the styles.

4th—What is as important as the above is equipment. If The Advocate Job Department was not fitted out as it is, with the most modern machinery and the very latest in type faces, it could not handle the fast growing trade, that has developed in the past year, of turning out that BETTER class of printing. Only the best inks are used, because this is necessary when high grade stock is used.

Now, Mr. Business Man, if you will read the above over carefully, see how your supply stands, then get in touch with this office, we feel sure you will become a customer. Give up that old-fangled notion that first class printing comes only from the large city printing offices. As a matter of fact, the reverse is the case, and prices are invariably lower.

**REMEMBER THAT WE DO ALL KINDS OF PRINTING**

For commercial use, we have superior grades of Letter, Note and Bill Head Stock, at prices and quality to suit any business and any purse. Our prices range from \$2.50 to \$4.00 per thousand for Letter Heads, and from \$2.50 to \$3.25 per thousand for Envelopes. Our Envelopes are the same material as our papers, and therefore match. We are always pleased to submit samples of stock, and prices, on application.

**More Business IS WHAT WE WANT**

You want the work—you want to do it for you. We have just the grade of paper you want, so why not let us get together in a co-operative way and make a strong pull for increased business—more business than usual.

ADDRESS ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO

**THE MIRAMICHI PUB. CO. LIMITED**

Phone 23 NEWCASTLE, N. B. Box 359

# HIS LEGAL WIFE

BY MARY E. BRYAN

(Continued)

"Yes, I will go," he answered cheerfully, after a little pause. "Thank you. It will only take five or six days, unless we go on the steamer. Your lady love can spare you for that time. Afterward I will trouble you no more."

The steamer would leave in two days. Harry had time to take his father to Green Valley, and spend the day following with him in looking about the place and talking over his plans.

Lucille had gone to her friend's. Harry did not see her on his return. He could not go to the house, and she did not meet him, as he had requested—that he might walk with her in the park, and have that long, earnest talk and full understanding that he was anxious for. He had hardly spoken a dozen words with her by themselves since his marriage. She had seemed always in a hurry, or absorbed about something—flitting before him like a bird that just eludes the grasp.

The day arrived for the sailing of the southbound steamer. Tickets had been purchased, and two first-class staterooms engaged for Mr. and Mrs. Washington Lee. Mrs. Lee drove down with them in the carriage to the pier, and there were some friends with flowers and good wishes to see them off. Nina was looking very pretty in her dark-blue and crimson traveling dress, and Lee contrived to throw off his personal anxiety and appear the happy husband about to take a charming trip with his lovely young bride.

All was auspicious until after the adieu had been said, the waving of hands and handkerchiefs was at an end, and the handsome, clean-looking vessel was just making her way out of the bay into the broad Atlantic.

Then, as Lee and Nina stood on the deck, there came an unlooked-for addition to their party.

"Delightful morning, isn't it?" said a well-known voice, with a musical drawl, just behind them.

Nina gave a start, and the two turned and saw Floyd sauntering up to them with a cigarette between his well-cut lips and a steamer chair in his hand.

Lee's stern, contentious glance expressed his disapproval. He turned silently back to the deck railing. A flash of pleasure, with a slight shade of annoyance had overspread Nina's face.

"Why, how came you on board?" she asked. "How happened you to decide to go with us?"

"Did you think I would let you go alone with him?" he answered, moodily. "Not I."

CHAPTER XIII  
Floyd Grafton met with a surprise. He fully believed he should see the town of annoyance on Nina's brow give way to a smile. She would surely be delighted to have him with her. She would be gratified in her heart to find that jealousy had prompted him to come with her and guard her against the possible love-making of her legal husband.

He was disappointed to see that the shade of annoyance deepened. "I did not expect to see you on board," she said, coldly.

"And you are not pleased to see me here, that is plain," he answered, offensively.

"No. How should I be? Your coming with me puts me in an unpleasant position, to say the least. What will be said?"

"Nobody knows of my coming, and you have no acquaintances on board, except Lee. I suppose he is the one you mean. See here, Nina, if you cared for me as I do for you, it would not matter to you what other people said, and you would not prefer the companionship of that other man to mine."

"You know very well," she said, coldly, "that I am taking this journey as a step toward freeing myself forever from the companionship of that other man, as you are pleased to call Mr. Lee. If you can not trust me, Floyd, it is plain that you have but small respect for my word, or for me."

"I do respect your word. I know you are the soul of honor; but I love you, dearest, and love is full of fears," he said, with that soft cadence which was wont to melt her coldest mood. Then, with a change of voice: "But if you are angry because I have come, I assure you I will not intrude upon you. I will not go near you after we reach Indian River. Of course I was not expecting to see your guest. I intended to put up at one of the Rockledge hotels. I only wanted to be near you."

The injured tone, the hurt look in his eyes, had their effect. Nina softened under them. She held out her hand in token of forgiveness; but she did not suffer him to hold it. She drew it quietly away, and he felt that there was an atmosphere of reserve about her which he would not dare to break through.

Lee, too, was surprised at the result of this meeting. He had looked at them cynically, feeling that his role as "protector" on the journey would be a farce, and half angry with himself for having been persuaded to play it. He did not look to have Nina call him to her

side and ask him to take the seat near her. She began talking in such a way as to draw him into the conversation, and make him feel that he was not an intruder. Floyd looked sulky, but she did not seem to notice it. She drew Lee into telling some incidents of his wanderings in California and Mexico. He was a good story teller, and he not only interested his two listeners, but he attracted others, and there was soon quite a little group standing near, listening and entertained.

This was a sample of what happened throughout the voyage. Nina kept herself wrapped in a mantle of delicate reserve, and Floyd found himself kept at a distance. She ingeniously avoided being alone with him, and her manner, with all its charming sweetness, had in it an intangible aloofness which Floyd felt but could not quarrel with.

There was some rough water when they reached Hatteras—the Stormy Cape—and nearly all the women passengers were seasick. Nina's splendid physical poise saved her from this dreaded malady. Floyd succumbed to it. He lay pale and languid on a sofa in the cabin, with Mrs. Lee's smelling bottle held to his classic nose.

"What can I do for you?" she asked. "I will make you a lemonade."

"No; I would rather you sat by me and read to me."

"What shall I read?"

"I believe I have a new novel with me. I bought it to while away the time on shipboard. It is there in my overcoat pocket. Mr. Lee will get it for you," he added, locking at Harry, who was cutting the leaves of a new magazine.

Harry got the book out of the pocket of the overcoat that hung on the back of the sofa on which he was sitting. He glanced at it and turned a few of the leaves; then he looked gravely across at Grafton and deliberately dropped it back into the coat pocket and brought Nina the magazine he had been reading.

The novel, translated from the French, was the work of an author noted for the subtly disguised immorality of his stories.

"I don't think you will like the book; the magazine will please you better," he said to Nina; and he turned off and went out on deck, flashing with surprise, she looked inquiringly at Grafton.

"Curse his impudence!" exclaimed Floyd, as he jumped up and went across to where the overcoat lay.

He got the book and brought it to Nina. She took it, glanced at the title and name of the author, turned a few pages, then laid it down without a word and took up the magazine.

She read a short story; but her sweet voice, with its piquant foreign twang, failed to drive away the moody shadows from her lover's face.

That afternoon they found themselves in Southern waters. For the first time they saw the frolicsome porpoise tumbling in the distance. Then they were witnesses to an exhilarating incident. No sooner did a group of porpoise catch sight of the steamer than, after the strange rushing of this big fish, they came hushing for the vessel and made straight for the prow. Then followed an exciting race between the fish and the steamer. The porpoise swam close on either side of the prow, now springing out of the water, now diving swiftly, now turning over on their backs to the most frolicsome, kitten like manner.

All the passengers on the deck had pushed to the forward part of the vessel to watch the gambols of the great fish. Among the rest, Nina leaned over the railing. One of the sailors unwittingly seized and pulled the end of a large rope, on a coil of which she was standing. The sudden jerk made her lose her balance. She felt herself about to fall overboard, and a cry of terror escaped her lips! In the next breath she was caught by strong arms and her feet set firmly upon the deck. She hid her face in her hands, stifling a sob of excitement and relief. She looked up and met Floyd's eyes. He was bending over her full of solicitude.

"You saved me!" she murmured, with a radiantly tender smile.

She felt the skirt of her dress pulled and saw the big blue eyes and sallow face of a small boy, whose diminutive legs below his large stomach made him look like a frog.

"Twain! him as ketches you," he said, solemnly. "Twain's other man—him a-standin' yonder."

Nina looked in the direction the boy's forefinger had pointed.

"Him" was her legal husband. He had his back to her, and he was walking away. She saw him no more until he came to take her to the table, when the bell rang for the six o'clock tea.

He seemed so grave and abstracted that she doubted if he heard her when she gratefully acknowledged what he had done for her.

That evening was the last they could spend on the "City of Kansas," next morning she would arrive in port.

The air was as balmy as on a night in June; the moon, nearly full, turned the smooth sea to silver. The pas-

sengers sat out on deck, talking, telling stories, singing. Grafton brought a guitar, and begged Nina to sing.

She took the instrument, and holding it gracefully, sang a little Spanish serenade, plaintively sweet as rain and sunshine together on an autumn day.

Harry Lee was sitting at a little distance, talking to the captain of the vessel. When the song had ceased, the air still seemed full of its haunting sweetness.

Turning suddenly to Harry, the captain said: "Your wife is a very lovely woman, Mr. Lee."

Harry started at the word "wife," and, involuntarily, he glanced across at Nina.

She sat on a low steamer-chair half in shadow, half in the light of the moon. A light net shawl was wrapped around her and drawn a little way over her dark hair.

"Yes, she is very lovely," he assented, and directly after he sighed. He could not have told why, nor was he conscious that he had sighed, but the old captain heard him and decided that there was something wrong between the young husband and his charming wife.

"And I'll wager that blue-eyed, soft spoken fellow is at the bottom of it," he said to himself.

CHAPTER XIV  
Next morning the "City of Kansas" steamed into the harbor of Savannah and the passengers for Florida were driven through the shaded streets of the quaint old city to the station of the railway.

A few hours of travel landed them in Jacksonville. Then a change of cars, and a further flight across a region of long leaf pines and turpentine farms, with an occasional sugar cane farm, and a grove of orange trees, to Titusville—a town on the banks of a wide expanse of blue water called Indian River, although it is in reality an arm of the sea.

A unique stream is this Indian River, like no other river in the world. Three hundred miles long, and often two miles in width, a currentless, tideless body of salt water, shut out from the Atlantic ocean by a succession of long, narrow islands, with an occasional strait-like break through to the stormy sea. Indian River remains one of the geographical curiosities of our country.

At the foot of the long pier of the Titusville landing lay a little steamer, waiting to take the passengers who had come on the train down to those points on the river that but thirty minutes before the boat left.

Nina had been here before. She said to her companions as they stood on the platform of the little railroad station: "I wish there had been time for me to show you a curiosity there—here—a big Indian-rubber-tree growing out of a palm tree. It is a way that the rubber-tree has. It fastens itself midway upon the trunk of a vigorous palm, and sends down its long roots alongside the stem of the palm to the earth. Sometimes the two grow lovingly together, and sometimes they dwarf and hurt each other, and have to be separated."

"Like some married people," Lee said, half absently. Then he came a step nearer to Nina, and said in a lower tone: "Do you know that this is the seat of Brevard County, in which your Florida home is located?"

"Is it?" she said, in a tone that implied: "Of what consequence is it?" "Would it not be better to stop here long enough to attend to the business in hand?"

"What business?" she asked, opening her eyes in genuine surprise.

"The divorce."

"Oh! The color sprang to her face. "But I can come up any time," she said presently. "It is only twenty miles, and there is a boat every day. When I am going to any particular place I hate to stop on the way. I am getting quite anxious to see my Florida home. My dear father loved it so. He planted most of the trees with his own hands. The cottage is in a grove of tall palms, and Indian-rubber trees. I am sure you will think it is picturesque."

"I am sure I should, if I could see it; but I shall not have the pleasure. I will leave you here. There is no need of my going further. You will take the boat, and in an hour or two you will get off at your home."

Before she could reply, Grafton came up.

"Better come at once and get on board," he said. "They are all going to the boat."

He took possession of her hand satchel, and hurried her off down the plankier that led to the steamer-boat. She looked back at Lee; but he did not see her. He had turned back to make sure that her baggage had been sent to the boat. The trunks of the passengers that were piled on the station platform were being pitched upon barrows by a number of darkies, working in their lazy, deliberate way, as they exchanged jokes, and laughed and whistled and sang a snatch of song now and then in chorus.

"I have told you that he regarded the money as a loan." Then she added, "I should think you would be grateful to him."

## Your Liver is Clogged up

That's Why You're Throed-Out of Sorts—Here is the Answer.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days. They do their duty.

Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion, and Sick Headache. Small Pills, Small Dose, Small Price. Genuine and has Signature

*Warranted*

on the platform. His glance went down the long wooden pier, and singled out from among the little crowd on their way to the boat one figure, shapely and elegant, with a movement at once light and stately.

"Is it worth while to go after her to say goodbye?" he asked himself. "There is not the slightest need of my going. I have done everything that is necessary. She will be safely at home in an hour. Our paths separate here. In a few weeks she will have a divorce. After that she passes out of my life. I need never see her again. The money I owe her will be paid to an agent, and she and Grafton will go abroad as soon as they are married. I will go to the hotel and get something to eat and be ready to leave on the afternoon train."

But he did not start directly for the hotel. On the contrary, he still stood on the platform and watched the graceful figure in fern-leaf, brown and green now nearing the boat. All at once she turned around and seemed to recognize him. Did she beckon to him, or was the movement only accidental? No; she certainly beckoned to him. He replied by a wave of his hand, and jumping from the platform, walked quickly toward the boat.

The little steamer was nearly ready to start when he reached it. The deck hands were taking up the last tray of freights and baggage. The passengers were most of them on board. Nina still stood on the end of the pier, having turned around to watch his approach. Grafton stood near her, looking vexed and impatient.

"I was afraid you had deserted us," she said, smiling as he came up. "No; I felt I must say good-bye," he answered. "Possibly I may not see you any more, and—"

"Oh, that sounds too gloomy! It quite damps my spirits. Why not come with me to my journey's end? It is such a little way now, and there is no need to hurry back—unless there is some one anxiously waiting to see you," she added.

There was a question in the bright, half-laughing, half-serious look she gave him.

"There is some one anxious for my return—I hope," he answered. Her eyes clouded a little.

"Oh, well, she will be all the happier to see you for the little delay. Come with us, and see Rockledge, the little City of Palms. There is nothing so unique. You can come back tomorrow on the return boat."

"Pray let Mr. Lee do as he likes. Nina. He knows his own business best," interposed Grafton, testily. His remark helped to decide Harry.

"I yield to the temptation," he said stepping on the gang-plank beside her.

In another moment the boat gave its short, final whistle, the plank was pulled in, and the little vessel puffed away into the stream.

Grafton stood a little way off from Lee and Nina, smoking a cigar, and looking sulky and cynical.

After awhile, seeing that no notice was taken of his mood, he flung the cigar into the water, and lounged carelessly up to where they stood. Lee presently moved away, and then Floyd said, abruptly: "Nina, will you tell me why you did that?"

"What?" she asked, innocently, flushing a little under his look.

"Oh, you know! Why did you invite that man to come on board with you?"

"Through the merest courtesy," she answered. "I thought he would enjoy seeing the Indian River region. He has been generous to me in the matter of the divorce, and he has twice saved me from injury—perhaps worse."

"He is quite a knight-errant," sneered Grafton; "but unlike the knights of old, he is paid for his devotion."

She colored angrily, but her displeasure passed in a breath. What will not a woman overlook in the man she loves, when she believes that jealousy and passion are the influences that move him?

Nina only said: "I have told you that he regarded the money as a loan." Then she added, "I should think you would be grateful to him."

"Grateful—well, yes, I am. He has behaved very well, as I have admitted before. He has stood by his contract so far, though my little unbusinesslike love paid the bargain money beforehand. But then, remember, he is not tempted to break it. He is not at all in love with you, my sweet, and he is in love with another—a very handsome girl, and rich besides."

He smiled to himself maliciously as he said this, with seeming carelessness, while he covertly watched Nina's face. His keen eye detected the shade that passed over it, but she said, quietly:

"Of course, I take all that in consideration. I only wish to be courteous to a man who has received but little kindness at my hands. After tomorrow I shall never see him again."

"For which I heartily return thanks," muttered Floyd. "I know you think me exacting," he added, feeling that he had triumphed from him slightly. "But put yourself in my place, dearest. Can I help having a prejudice against this man who has a legal right to be near you always? But I will forgive him since this privilege is to end with today. And I'll even be so generous as to help you make these few hours pleasant to him. Where is he?"

"There, on the front, talking to the captain. He is enjoying the scenery. I knew he would."

"He is leaving us alone, for which I am much obliged to him," Floyd said, lightly, as he drew her to a seat near the railing, where they could look over the river, which was calm as a lake and mirrored the tinted clouds overhead.

This tideless and currentless river of salt water was indeed a novel spectacle. As the boat glided slowly along, its banks on either side could be distinctly seen. They were clothed with what seemed an unbroken forest of tall palms and live oaks. But the captain assured Lee that behind this wall of foliage, left to protect the orange groves from the strong salt winds, were houses, villas, beautiful flower gardens, and groves of oranges, lemons and bananas.

Occasionally the boat would stop to put out a quantity of freight and a passenger or two at the extremity of a long, narrow wooden pier built far out over the shallow water, in which innumerable fish were playing, while clouds of wild ducks flew up from sheltered inlets of the island as the boat approached.

There was no vulgar hurry about the little steamer—the "St. Lucie." She moved leisurely through the broad, placid waters. Her officers and passengers lounged and chatted on the deck, and exchanged peers with the young men and girls that, in some instances, stood on the platform at the end of the piers.

It was dusk when the boat arrived at Rockledge. Lee was filled with surprise. They stepped from the dock upon a broad, white-paved street; but on either side of it rose its thick ranks the straight, column-like trunks of tall palms whose pliant branches met and rustled overhead. On one side could be seen a great hotel crowning a terraced height ablaze with electric lights.

On the other was the dim, wide river, with the waves lapping the shore at the base of the flat ledge of coquina rocks that jutting out over the water all along the bank. The soft yellow light of the new risen moon mingled with the white illumination of the electric lamps. A mocking bird was singing somewhere in the orange trees, and a band of music was playing on the piazza of the Hotel Indian River. There were clusters of yellow oranges and lemons hanging on the trees, and their white blossoms on the same bough, perfuming the dewy air.

It was bewildering, particularly to those who had seen snow and slush piled up in the streets of their city; they had left but a few days ago.

Nina enjoyed the surprise of her companions.

"I know you would think Rockledge a bit of fairy-land," she said. "It is so all the way nearly, to my home, half a mile further on. We will walk there along the river path, though I suppose some one is here with a conveyance to meet me. Yes—here is—How do you do, Mr. Davis? You got my telegram, I see."

She spoke to a tall, broad-shouldered, swarthy-looking man in a blue flannel overshirt who had stepped up to her and pulled off his broad palmetto hat.

"Yes, ma'am," he said, "I got your message and my wife's made ready for you. I've brought the road-wagon; it's back here a piece. You know they don't 'low no wheeled concern on the front 'ceptin' trucks and wheelbarrows."

"Yes, I know. Well, Mr. Davis, you can take the trunks; we will walk to the house, it is such a little way, and the moon is kind enough to light it. It is the loveliest walk you can imagine," she added, turning to the others.

It was a lovely walk indeed. The path ran along the riverside through the grounds belonging to a succession of little villas, separated by light iron fences with turning gates. Overhead all the way were the rustling palms, their tall trunks giving the semblance of a continuous colonnade. On one side were the cottages, each embowered in its grove of lemon or orange trees; on the other hand was the river with its putting ledge of coquina rocks fringed by sea-mosses, ferns and palmettoes.

## Children Cry for Fletcher's

# CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

## What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, gives healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

## GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

*Chas. H. Fletcher*

## In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Nina walked on with buoyant steps. She had taken off her hat, and the soft wind played with the dark little curls that clustered about her forehead and her neck, as she moved on, now in the moonlight, now in the shadow of the palm-trees.

They came at length to a strip of wild woods where the moonlight failed to penetrate the branches of the great live oaks, hung with long, grey moss. Everything looked weird and wild, and with the instinct of protection, Lee put out his hand in the dusk to take Nina's hand and put it on his arm.

He withdrew it quickly, for he found that she had laid her hand on Grafton's arm, and he had placed his over it.

In another moment they had emerged from the woods. They came into open grounds, and caught sight of a light gleaming through trees and shrubbery a little distance from the road.

"This is my habitation," Nina cried gaily, as she stopped before a gate set in an untrimmed hedge of wild olive trees and Spanish bayonets. "Looks weird, doesn't it?" she went on, as they passed inside; "but this is the place. Here is the great live oak tree, and the seat in it my father made for me. And that is old Hector's bark. My father brought him from Cuba with us. Hector!" she called out.

A great black dog appeared in the shadowed walk, and walked toward them, uttering a warning growl.

"Don't you know me, Hector?" With a quick bound, he sprang at her and crouched at her feet, wagging his tail for joy.

"Isn't he splendid?" she asked of Floyd, looking up from the shaggy black head she was caressing. "He's a handsome fellow," Grafton replied.

He stretched out his hand to pat the dog, but Hector regarded him with disfavor, and showed his white teeth in a snarl. The snarl changed to a growl as the shapely hand touched his head. He shook it off, and his eyes glared menacingly.

"Why, Hector! what has come over you? You were always good to my friends," exclaimed his mistress. "Make friends now with Mr. Grafton. Shake hands with him, and say 'How do you do.'"

The dog stretched out his paw reluctantly, and just touched the white hand held out to him; then drew it back.

"You won't say 'How do you do?' You are a naughty dog. You have forgotten all your manners," said Nina.

The dog dropped his tail, and looked unhappily under the reproof. "Hector, won't you shake hands with me?" asked Lee, stooping down and holding out his hand. The big dog looked at him suspiciously; then his fierce eyes softened, and out went his great paw and was laid in Harry's hand, while he uttered three short barks that meant "How do you do" in dog language.

Grafton looked vexed and disdained. "It is queer," Nina said, exclaiming. "Hector has his whims; he is as spoiled as they say I am."

"No," explained Harry. "Hector has instincts. He is jealous of those you care for. He is not a bit jealous of me."

She looked up at him quickly, then her eyes dropped. She said nothing, only nodded with a little constrained smile.

They went on down the walk, burdened by orange trees; some bushy and close, others with gnarled branches that had caught the malady of the long moss from the gray-bearded old live oak. The sweet damp smell of foliage and flowers was in the dewy night air. The

green leaves glistened, hundreds of tiny insects piped from the tall grass.

Standing on the steps to give them greeting was a sallow faced, languid looking young woman in a blue calico Mother Hubbard, with a baby in her arms, and a youngster holding to her skirts.

"How do do, Miss Nina?" she said, in a soft, drawing voice. "You've grown powerful, and you're prettier than ever. I reckon you hardly know me, I've got so thin and yellow. Peter says it's the snuff, but I know better. I took the malady when I went to see ma on the lake, and I've had the dumb chills ever since."

"Oh, yes; I know you, Mrs. Davis. I could never forget your nice brown eyes. But I don't know this young person," taking the baby's chubby red fingers in her slim, white ones. "He is a stranger."

"Taint a he, Miss Nina; it's a she. All Peter's children turn out to be girls. It runs in the family. I hope you'll have better luck. Peter told me you wrote that you was married. I'm sure I wish you well—and your good man."

She looked from one to the other of the two men, and then at Nina, as if she expected to be introduced to the newly made husband; but Nina was kissing the baby, hiding her blushing cheeks in its flaxen curls.

She looked up quickly, and exclaimed: "I am sure I smell coffee. Have you anything to satisfy our voracious appetites, Mrs. Davis?"

"To be sure. Supper is ready and waiting. He came with the trunks white ago, and he's gone to put up the horse. Come right in and help yourselves."

She led the way to a room at the back part of the rambling cottage, where a table, spread with a snow-white cloth, held a substantial supper of fried fish, fried chicken, puffery biscuits, orange marmalade, and the inevitable company dish of watermelon rind preserves cut in elaborate shapes.

"Sit right here at the head of the table, Miss Nina, and pour out the coffee," said Mrs. Davis. "I can't sit down; the baby's just about gone" to sleep. Your husband 'ad better sit at the foot here, and help you to the chicken and the fish. I don't know which one of the gentlemen he is," she added, looking at Nina with a questioning smile.

# THE WEEK IN NEWCASTLE

**Met With Accident**  
William McMillan met with an accident last week by having one of his toes split with an axe.

**Stenographer's Note Books**  
Good quality Stenographers' Note Books for sale at the Advocate Job Dept. Price 10 cents.

**Methodist Church Services**  
Rev. Mr. Wilson of Ottawa, will preach in the Methodist Church, Newcastle, on Sabbath the 15th inst. both morning and evening. Mr. Wilson will preach at Maple Glen in the afternoon at 3 o'clock.

**Acknowledgment**  
Mayor Stothart acknowledges the receipt of a check for \$25.00 through Mr. H. Williston, from the local court of the Canadian Order of Foresters, also \$100.00 from Mr. D. S. Moore, which amounts are to go towards the purchase of machine guns.

**Lawn Social**  
The ladies of the W. M. S. of Strathadam and South Esk, are advertising in this issue of the Advocate a lawn social to be held on Mr. Robt. Adam's lawn on Wednesday evening next, commencing at five o'clock. Read the advt. and remember the date.

**Micmacs Enlisted**  
The fighting spirit of our Micmac Indians is beginning to assert itself. Already five from Redbank and Eel Ground have enlisted. They are Joe Peter Paul, Redbank; Chas. Alexander, Louis John, Joe Johnson and Alexander Condo, Eel Ground.

**Broke His Arm**  
The little seven year old son of Mr. John Thompson, of the I. R. C. restaurant, while playing on Monday night, met with a painful accident, breaking an arm by falling off a fence. Dr. Desmond set the break and the little fellow is now resting comfortably.

**Recruiting Meeting**  
Posters have been put up announcing a recruiting meeting to be held in the park on Friday evening next, beginning at 8 o'clock. The band will be in attendance, and the meeting will be addressed by Lieut. Brooks, of the 55th Battalion. It would not be out of place if children were kept at home on Friday night, giving those who wish to hear what is being said a chance. These meetings are not held for children, and parents should keep them at home.

**Over-Seas Tobacco Fund**  
Postmaster Troy has received an Overseas collecting card to be posted in the post office, and is authorized to take subscriptions for the overseas tobacco fund to purchase tobacco for the soldiers. For twenty-five cents the club will be able to supply 50 cigarettes, 4 oz. smoking mixture, a box of matches and a postcard. For \$1.00—50 cigarettes, 4 oz. smoking mixture, 1 briar pipe, 1 tinder lighter, 1 rubber lined pouch, some matches and a postcard.

**Three From One Family**  
The papers throughout the province from time to time take pleasure in showing up the patriotism of some particular family who has contributed several sons for overseas service, but they have nothing on the family of Mr. John Tardy of Newcastle, who now has three sons fighting for the Empire. Frank, who enlisted here, is with the 26th Battalion; Joseph, who enlisted in Melbourne, Australia, is at the Dardanelles, and Robert enlisted here, and is with the 55th Battalion.

**Results are Sure**  
To keep persistently at it is what counts when results are wanted by advertising. It is the advertiser who sticks at it, who is determined to get results, that finally gets his reward. This fact has been carried out by an Advocate advertiser who inserted a want advt. in these columns. It almost looked as if he would not get the results he desired, until at last the paper reached the very people his advt. was intended for, and the result was that enquiry after enquiry came pouring in, and now he sees the advantage of sticking right at it.

**Took it Home With Them**  
The Newcastle baseball players asked and received \$15 for playing in the war anniversary games in Chatham, and started for home with the cash the instant the game ended. The Loggieville boys asked for nothing—Chatham World. Another score! It is plain to be seen that poor Newcastle would not have much chance on the map if the editor of the World had his way about it. The above item reads very nicely, but if the World man had taken his eyes off the pretty girls long enough, during the supper hour, he would have seen the Newcastle boys lined up at the table. More than that, what change they had left they spent at the dance, and returned home with empty pockets. Don't be so glib, Brother Stewart, we have not noticed your name at the head of any contribution list, as yet.

**Pure Toilet Paper**  
Epsom Pure Tissue Boudoir paper, flat, for sale at the Advocate Job Dept. 10c per package.

**Mass Held for Soldiers**  
In St. Mary's church Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock a high mass was sung by Rev. P. W. Dixon for the soldiers engaged in the present European war and also for those who have given their lives in defence of their country.

**Red Cross Contributions**  
At the regular business meeting of the local Red Cross Society, held in the Town Hall on Aug. 3rd, \$100 was voted to the Colonel Murray McLaren hospital. Votes of thanks were also tendered the ladies who gave assistance at the Red Cross picnic held recently at Burnt Church, to the Newcastle band who furnished the music, and to the baseball boys.

**ACKNOWLEDGMENT**  
W. J. Jardine, Treasurer, acknowledges receipt of the following contributions to the Canadian Patriotic Fund:  
Parish of Nelson, entertainment and dance, G. P. Burchill, Treasurer \$ 73.45  
St. Andrews Sunday School, 7.39  
Parish of Derby, entertainment at Renous 100.00  
James Whitney, Whitneyville 10.00  
Previously acknowledged 2936.77  
\$3127.61

**Women's Institute Monthly Meeting**  
The monthly meeting of the Women's Institute was held last evening in the town hall. Four new members were received, making a total membership of fifteen. Mrs. H. H. Stuart was elected delegate to attend the annual convention to be held in Fredericton, Oct. 5th, 6th and 7th. Mrs. D. P. Doyle was elected alternate.

**August 4th Celebration**  
(Continued from page 5)  
Wireless Telegraphy—Marconi, an Italian.  
Electric light, incandescent system—Edison, an American.  
Antiseptic Surgery—Lister  
Anesthetics—Watson, an American and Simpson, a Scotchman.  
Smallpox vaccine—Jennings, an English doctor.  
You will see the Germans are not originating people. If you want to find the result of research, go to a German. If you want to find the taking up of the inventions I have spoken of, go to a German. In my opinion, the German is as a plodding boy to the genius. He is not our equal in power, but Germany eclipses us on account of her application.

A duty is upon us. Let us stand by our Empire in this the greatest war the world has ever known. Mothers, send your sons, sisters send your brothers, sweethearts, send your lovers. Who would be accused of being in some summer camp picnicking when the call to arms comes? These brave boys of ours are struggling for their freedom and ours.  
Hon. Mr. Powell was also given a hearty applause, and then the third and last speaker, Hon. L. J. Tweedie, of Chatham, gave a very interesting address as follows:

**HON. L. J. TWEEDIE**  
Your Worship, the Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen: I suppose there are some of you here who know something about baseball and baseball fans. I happen to be on third base now, and it is my duty to make the home run as soon as I can. (Applause.)

We have heard a great deal about the cause of the war and this anniversary today. It strikes me we have not hit the point altogether. We have been asked by the proclamation of the Lieut. Governor to proclaim our intention of continuing the war. That resolution was passed on Aug. 4th 1914, when war was declared and we will continue the war until the end we set out to accomplish is accomplished. The British bulldog is taking hold and he will never let go until his enemy is under his feet.

I have heard a great many speeches in regard to this war and on the cause of it. There is no need to give the history of Belgium, France and Russia. The war is a mistake. All domestic differences are a mistake. Wars have come and gone and dynasties have perished, by the mistake of man, and one of the mistakes of war in the history of England was eloquently described by Tennyson when he said:  
When can their glory fade,  
Honor the charge they made,  
Honor the Light Brigade,  
and still that charge of the Light

Brigade was caused by the mistake of one man and this conflict has been caused by the mistake of the Kaiser. He began to think that he had the whole world at his command. He thought that the British Lion was getting old and that once he got into France it would be an easy matter to get to Russia and defeat them. He was also taking advantage of the internal difficulty in Ireland. But what a mistake he made, because when the German army marched through Belgium and England declared war, what happened? From the Pacific and Atlantic, when came the message, "England has declared war, stand by the Empire," you could hear the great cry, "Rule Britannia" and "God Save the King." What has Canada done? She has done her best. In this province of New Brunswick and on the North Shore, the ladies have been admirably doing what they consider their duty. I find that we have a Patriotic Fund, we have a Red Cross, still I find people say Germany has sixteen machine guns to every battalion, and we have only four. That is the duty of our Government. Our duty is to look after our boys who have volunteered their services. If the Government does not provide machine guns, it is no fault of our nation. There is a good deal said about recruiting. I have always refrained from persuading a boy to go to the front. If he has not the manhood, you cannot drive it into him. A great number of our boys who have volunteered may not come back, still they are building up this country. What will be the result to Canada when this war is over? Canada will reap more benefit than any other portion of this globe. Why, we say, and I give the reason: We have sent our men forward, boys who have received recognition everywhere for their valor. Canada's name will come to the fore, and there will be an immigration to this country, the like of which has never been seen. We need not fear the end of the war. England has always been victorious and will be still. She has great resources, she has kept the seas clear, she is financing the nation. It may take another year, but in the end it will tell. After the war is over a better and higher universe will be. Man will see that these terrible wars and slaughters are simply a thing of the past.

The speaker then concluded with the following quotations from Tennyson and Burns:  
Ring out the valiant man and free,  
The larger heart, the kinder hand,  
Ring out the darkness of the land,  
Ring in the Christ that is to be.  
Then let us pray that come it may,  
As come it will for a' that,  
That man to man the world o'er,  
Shall brethren be for a' that.  
This brought to a close the program for the afternoon.  
During the afternoon young ladies sold patriotic tags, from which the sum of \$97.23 was realized. The ladies who sold, and the individual amounts collected were as follows:  
Miss Evelyn Williamson \$ 8.50  
Misses Morris and Buckley 17.00  
Misses O'Donnell and Savage 22.20  
Misses Stothart and Bell 13.61  
Misses Parker and McMaster 18.84  
Misses Lindon, Savage and McMaster 17.08  
\$97.23

**The Parade**  
Considering the short time in which to make ready, the parade in the evening was well arranged, and participated in by about fifteen autos and a large number of carriages. The parade was marshalled and led by Chief Chamberlain, mounted, followed by the band, autos and carriages. The delivery auto of George Stables was decorated to represent a Red Cross ambulance, and was very striking.  
After a march through town the parade broke up at the square. After the band had played a couple of selections, appropriate speeches were made by Mayor Stothart, Rev. W. J. Bate, Rev. M. S. Richardson, Rev. S. J. MacArthur, and also by Lieut. Col. Armstrong, of St. John, who was here for the purpose of looking after recruiting.

Strong appeals were made by the speakers for the young men to come to the call of the Empire. At the close of the speeches, thirteen volunteers came forward, amid loud cheers from the assemblage, and signified their willingness to enlist. Out of the thirteen, eight only could pass the examination, and they were: Geo. Geikie, Millbank, Williston McKenzie, Douglstown, Ed. Hachey, Newcastle, Fred Casey, Newcastle, Frank Bouchey, Newcastle, Chas. Malley, Nelson, Adolphus Ceasatang, (Russian) Geo. Sherwood, Moncton. Those rejected were Patrick Randles, Newcastle, Joseph Masterson, Nelson, John Edmonds, Newcastle, Joseph Hosford, Trout Brook, Wm. Dalgle, Newcastle.

**LAWN SOCIAL AT STRATHADAM**  
The W. M. S. of Strathadam and South Esk will hold an ICE CREAM SOCIAL  
—ON—  
Robt. Adam's Lawn  
Wednesday Aug. 18th,  
Commencing at five o'clock  
If weather proves unfavorable, it will be held first fine evening.  
33-1 By Order Committee

## PERSONAL

Miss Grace Savage is visiting friends in Fredericton.

Miss Lillian Williamson is visiting relatives in Fredericton.

Miss Emma Delano is spending a few days with relatives in Derby.

Miss Jennie Mather is spending a few weeks with friends here.

Mrs. J. D. McNutt of Truro, is the guest of Miss Edna Payne.

Mr. Merle Wilson of Ottawa, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John Ashford.

Miss Irene Kane of Malden, Mass., is spending a vacation at her home here.

Miss Edna MacDougall of Truro, is visiting her sister, Mrs. E. Burpee Gillespie.

Mrs. Helen McLeod of Amherst is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. G. G. Stothart.

Master Bertram Lawrence of St. John, is spending a vacation with relatives in town.

Miss Alex Forsyth of Boom Road, spent Sunday with her aunt, Mrs. George Black.

Mrs. Fred Moore and daughter, Miss Emily, of Moncton, are visiting friends in town.

Mr. Jack Bell of Toronto, is spending his vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bell.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Fraser and Miss Fraser of Moncton, spent the week-end with friends in town.

A baby girl arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur Somers at Halcomb, on Sunday, Aug. 8th.

Mr. Chas. McLean who has been visiting relatives in Lawrence, Mass., returned home last Wednesday.

Miss Florence McGrath of Chatham, is spending a vacation with her cousin, Miss Cecilia McGrath.

Mrs. McNamee of New Haven, Conn., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Wm. Carruthers, at Millerton.

Mr. Herbert Morell of the Bank of Nova Scotia (Campbellton), is spending his vacation at his home here.

Mrs. F. C. McGrath and son Ray, left by Tuesday's Limited to visit friends and relatives in Summerside, P. E. I.

Miss Ellen and Master Edwin Stuart have gone to spend a few weeks with relatives at Fredericton Junction.

Mr. William Harrison of Halifax, spent Sunday with his parents, Rev. Wm. and Mrs. Harrison, at the Methodist parsonage.

Messrs. E. J. Morris and C. P. McCabe left on Tuesday's Limited for a trip to Summerside and other Island cities.

Miss Mame Bernard has returned to St. John, after a pleasant visit spent with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Bernard.

Mr. Thomas McEwen of Brockton, Mass., is spending a three weeks vacation with friends and relatives on the Miramichi.

Miss Annie McDonald and Miss Mildred King, of Nelson spent Thursday of last week with Miss McCullam, of Newcastle.

Mr. Fred Moore, accompanied by his son Claude, left on No. 139 Ocean Limited this afternoon for Newcastle.—Saturday's Transcript.

Miss Mabel Gorman, of St. Elizabeth Hospital, Boston, Mass., is spending her vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Gorman, Nelson.

Miss Willa Bell, accompanied by her mother, leaves by today's Limited for Montreal, where she will be one of the principals in a happy event which is to take place shortly.

Mrs. R. J. Baxter of Fredericton, and Mrs. Malcolm Pickett of Chatham, spent Tuesday in town, the guests of Mrs. Robert Jarvis.

The many friends of Mrs. Sarah Desmond, mother of Dr. F. J. Desmond, will regret to hear she is in declining health, and may very soon pass to her final reward. This respected lady is now in her 86th year.

The Misses Annie and Jean Aitken, sisters of Sir Max Aitken, and Miss Lawrence, who have been on a fishing trip to the Big Hole for the past few days, returned to town on Saturday. On Monday they made the round trip on the Alexandra from Newcastle to Escuminac.

Mr. C. E. McLaggan, Manager of the Royal Bank of Canada, New Glasgow, N. S., and little daughter, arrived here on the Ocean Limited, Wednesday, Aug. 4th, and proceeded by Whooper to Blackville that afternoon. Mr. McLaggan is a native of Blackville and his numerous friends welcome him home. He will also visit other Miramichi friends.



# Here is a Good Boot

**Solid Leather, Lightweight, Waterproof**  
This lightweight Boot is a NEW design, and is meant for Spring and Summer wear. It's Soft as a Glove—Waterproof—and Made on Right and Left Lasts. Especially for Farmers and Workingmen, is this Boot Suitable

**JOHN FERGUSON & SONS**  
LOUNSBURY BLOCK, 'PHONE 10

## Unloading To-day

Car of "Beaver" Flour  
Car of Canada Cement in bags  
Car of Springfield Screened Coal

**THE STOTHART MERCANTILE CO., LTD.**  
Newcastle, N. B. Phone 45



**ICE CREAM & SODA**  
**A MOST REFRESHING SCENE**

can be seen any day or evening at **Morris'** soda fountain. The invigorating influences of the drinks dispensed here seem to be reflected in the braced-up, satisfied appearance of our patrons. And you see the same faces here every day. Want any better recommendation than that?

**THE "PENSLAR" STORE, E. J. MORRIS, Prop.**

## WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A NEW SUPPLY OF

**HOT WATER BOTTLES**  
PRICES FROM \$1.00 TO \$2.50 EACH  
The better ones are all guaranteed for one year.

**A new lot of OLIVE OIL has just arrived**  
Four sizes, 25c, 40c, 75c and \$1.25 per bottle. Pure and Fresh.

**THE PHARMACY, A. E. SHAW, Druggist**

## Now For Haying Machinery

We have everything the Farmer requires for making Hay. Before you buy see the **Frost & Wood Mower and Rake.**

**THEY EXCEL ALL OTHERS**

We have also on hand a full stock of **McLaughlan and Gray Driving Carriages and Express Wagons.**

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**MIRAMICHI FARM IMPLEMENT CO. LIMITED**  
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## Gooseberries Gooseberries

**THIS IS PRESERVING WEEK**

**BERRIES are coming in fine shape. Large full boxes of first class fruit. order now, Fruit Jars, Rubber Ring, Parowax.**

**THE HOT WEATHER HAS COME**  
LET US SEND YOU A CASE OF—  
Ginger Beer or Ginger Ale Delicious Drinks, Fruit Syrups, Lime Juice, Grape Juice.

Don't Stand over the Hot Stove Cooking. We have Fresh Bread daily. Pound Sultana and Citron Cake always Fresh.

**CANNED MEATS OF EVERY KIND**

**GEORGE STABLES**  
GROCERIES PHONE 8 CROCKERYWARE



The Union Advocate



VOL. XLVIII

NEWCASTLE, N. B., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 11 1915

NO. 33

August 4th Celebration By Newcastle Citizens

Patriotic Mass Meeting in Opera House in Afternoon and Grand Parade in The Evening

The celebration of the anniversary of the Declaration of War by Great Britain, held by the citizens of Newcastle and surrounding districts, on Wednesday afternoon last, was a success, and was attended by about two thousand people.

The day itself was all that could be wished for, and the early morning brought many visitors to town, who were eager to share their feelings of patriotism with those of the citizens of Newcastle.

MAYOR STOTHART

I have much pleasure this afternoon in welcoming you all to this meeting, a meeting called by our Lieutenant Governor to carry that spirit through our country here, that spirit which was in evidence in England some two months ago, when our Prime Minister voted a vote of thanks to the British Empire beyond the British Isles on the splendid support they had rendered.

HON. MR. BURCHILL

Hon. J. P. Burchill, of Nelson, was the first speaker, and spoke in part as follows: Your Worship, the Mayor, ladies and gentlemen, when I acceded to the request of His Worship, the Mayor, to take part in the proceedings this afternoon, I did not for a moment expect, and I hope you are not expecting me to advance anything new on the subject which we are considering.

MISS PARKER STILL AHEAD IN ADVOCATE CONTEST WITH OTHERS FOLLOWING CLOSELY

Respective Position of Contestants Remains the Same as Last Week--Prizes Will be Placed on Exhibition This Week in Commercial Hotel--Contest Closes Two Weeks From Tomorrow--Thirteen More Working Days

With a slightly greater plurality of votes than she had last week, Miss Florence Parker, of Derby, still retains her leadership in the Advocate Voting Contest. At the close of the first period of the contest last Thursday, Miss Parker turned in an even 200,000 votes, while none of the other workers attained such a result.

Prizes to be Displayed This week the various prizes to be awarded the winners in the Advocate Voting Contest, it is expected, will be placed on exhibition in the window of the old Commercial Hotel, on Jail Street, fronting on the Town Square.

The appearance of the Lonsdale \$500 piano to be awarded the lady securing the highest number of votes during the contest, can not fail to impress anyone with the simple beauty of design of the instrument. The beautiful and perfect tone of the piano will be demonstrated by some of Newcastle's musical talent, and the public generally will be cordially invited to inspect, examine, and test the piano in every particular.

As will be observed by comparing the figures representing the standing of contestants, the contest has developed into a very close race, especially among the first three contestants. Miss Benn, while in fourth place, is not by any means so far behind the rest that it would be impossible for her to rush to the front, and the friends of this young lady say she will reach that enviable position before the contest is over.

More than one contestant has remarked that they would as lief have the second prize, as the first. It might reasonably be assumed that such a remark is made as a form of self consolation. Be that as it may, it will be apparent when the cabinet of flat silverware is placed on exhibition that the second prize will in fact be very substantial consolation for any contestant's failure to win first prize.

Fully as attractive in appearance as any of the other prizes in the exhibit will be the fifty-one pieces of genuine cut glass which will make up the fourth prize. This cut glass is manufactured by the Wallaceburg Cut Glass Works, of Wallaceburg, Ont., the only manufacturers of light ware cut glass in Canada.

THE STANDING THIS WEEK

Table with 2 columns: Contestant Name and Votes. MISS FLORENCE PARKER, Derby, 352,000; MISS MARGARET APPLEYBY, Newcastle, 323,000; MISS ZAIDA HINTON, Doaktown, 292,000; MISS NAN BENN, Nrcrdin, 174,400; MISS EVELYN DALE, Blackville, 153,000.

COMPLIMENTARY BALLOT

This ballot, if returned into the Advocate Campaign Department, in accordance with the rules of the contest, on or before August 21, 1915, will be good for 100 VOTES to the credit of the contestant whose name and address is filled in below.

Contestant's Name ..... Address .....

NOTE--These ballots will be received and credited in groups of ten only. By fastening the ballots together in groups of ten it will be necessary to have the contestant's name and address written only on the first ballot in each group.

story would be told. Five or six hundred democrats have called upon the Government to make peace, but if the people themselves were allowed a free hand, we would hear a different story from Germany today.

Where is Germany's pledge? She has been afraid to come out in the open; she has taken advantage of her submarines to sink a ship occasionally and bombard ports where there is nothing to kill but defenceless men and women.

The war is injuring her trade. Our business is going on as usual, we move about as we please, and but for the fact that we see the soldiers about, we would not suppose there was any war at all.

Supreme Court of Canada Renders Important Judgment

Interesting Land Case, Mersereau vs. Swim, Decided in Favor of Mr. Swim

The case of Mersereau vs. Swim, which excited a great deal of interest in this county especially in Doaktown and vicinity, was decided a short time ago by the Supreme Court of Canada in favour of the defendant, Mr. Swim.

From this judgment the plaintiff's counsel appealed to the Supreme Court of Canada and the case was heard at the sittings of that Court in the month of June last. Mr. Teed and Mr. Lawlor appeared on the part of Mr. Mersereau and Mr. Powell on behalf of Mr. Swim. The Court having taken time to consider has confirmed the judgment of the Supreme Court of New Brunswick which gave the land to Mr. Swim.

The point in contention in the suit was the ownership of this land in the immediate rear of Lots 33 and 34 which Mersereau claimed he and his predecessors in title (who were the owners of 33 and 34) had used for a long time in connection with lots 33 and 34.

The defendant's contention that the Crown's title could not be destroyed by any action of the Crown's officers but required a grant under the Great Seal of the Province to which his title was upheld by the Court.

Elderly Lady Killed by Train

Mrs. Pierce Quilty Killed by Shunter at Barnaby River

A shocking accident, resulting in the death of an aged lady, occurred at Barnaby River on Saturday morning, about 9:40 o'clock, when Mrs. Pierce Quilty, mother of Station Agent John Quilty, at Barnaby River, and Station Agent Hugh Quilty, of Newcastle, was struck by the shunter and instantly killed.

The deceased lady had left her home and had gone to the home of Thomas Gilks for milk. She was returning, and just as she was nearing the track, her son, Station Agent John Quilty, came out on the platform to signal the shunter not to stop. He saw her approaching the track, and fearing an accident, called to her to get back. She apparently did not understand, for she came upon the track and had crossed over and was clear of the rails when the engine passed her, but she was struck on the side of the head by the pilot beam, killing her instantly.

Where the sad accident occurred, there is a steep embankment, and brakeman B. N. Robertson, who was riding on the pilot, and seeing the danger the unfortunate lady was in, found himself up against a very difficult problem, in that, had he pushed her out of the way of the engine, she would have fallen down the embankment, with the probable result that the fall would have killed her. He did what he felt was right, under the trying circumstances, and trusted to the train passing without injuring her. Fate, however, had willed it otherwise.

Coroner Desmond, of Newcastle, was summoned, and the evidence of Driver Robt. Lindon, Fireman John H. Hicks and Brakeman Robertson was taken, which showed that no blame could be attached to anyone for this sad fatality. When the deceased lady was seen by the driver, he immediately applied the emergency brakes, but going down a steep grade, at about ten miles an hour, it was impossible to avert the accident.

The funeral was held at Barnaby River on Tuesday morning. Pure Toilet Paper. Epsom Pure Tissue Boudoir paper, flat, for sale at the Advocate Job Dept. 10c per package.

# Week's War News

Among the recruits who enlisted at Truro, N. S., for the 40th Battalion, are Geo. A. Kitchen and John P. Ryan, both of Fredericton.

London, Aug. 5.—Relatives announce that Second Lieutenant Richmond Fothergill Robinson, Seventh Kings Royal Rifles, husband of Mrs. Mabel Robinson, St. Catharines, was killed in action in Flanders July 30.

Lieut. J. M. Hazen, son of Hon. J. D. Hazen, holds a commission in the 38th Battalion now in camp at Niagara-on-the-Lake. He is a student at the Royal Military College, Kingston, and volunteered for overseas service.

St. John, N. B., Aug. 5.—Sergeant P. Nuttall of the 10th Battalion, sends word to his parents here that his brother Gordon, while out on the lines some weeks ago, was struck by a shell and later was brought out of the trenches. He will be all right with some rest.

Rome, Aug. 5.—Twelve thousand Italians, now prisoners in Siberia, will be released by the Russian government, according to Russian news here today. The Italians were residents of Austrian frontier provinces and were forced to fight with the Austrian armies on the Russian front.

St. John, N. B., Aug. 5.—Lieut. James M. Hazen, son of Hon. J. D. Hazen, is going to war soon with the 30th Field Battery now at Camp Niagara. The word has just come to his father here, Lieut. Hazen was a cadet at Kingston and volunteered for active service.

London, Aug. 6.—British critics concede today that the fall of Warsaw will have tremendous influence on the next month's fighting in Europe, and possibly upon the political fortunes of the Allies. The capture of Warsaw will release at least one million Austro-Germans for operations elsewhere. This makes it possible for the Austro-Germans to hold the Vistula line with a minimum of men against any offensive blow the Russians may be expected to deliver for many months.



COFFEE POT, WITH BURNER

Part of five piece silver tea service to be awarded as THIRD PRIZE in Advocate Voting Contest. Manufactured and guaranteed by Canadian Wm. A. Rogers, Limited, Toronto.

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## THE UNION ADVOCATE JOB DEPARTMENT

NEWCASTLE, N. B.

# Warsaw Has Fallen Into Hands of Germans

### Retirement of the Russians Carefully Arranged and Resembled Usual Summer Exodus

#### Exodus

London, Aug. 5.—The Germans are in possession of Warsaw, capital of Poland, and the third largest city in the Prussian empire. Bavarian troops entered the city this morning, having taken successively the Blonie lines and the outer and inner fortresses of the town itself. The Russians only fighting rear guard actions to allow their main army to make good its escape.

While the Russians commanded by Prince Leopold has fallen the honor of taking over Warsaw in the name of the German emperor and his consort, who are expected to make a state entry within a few days, the real conquerors are the troops fighting under Field Marshal Von Hindenburg, along the Narew river to the northwest. The Austro-Germans who crossed the Vistula to the south of the city, and the armistice Austrian Archduke Joseph Ferdinand and the German Field Marshal Von Mackensen, which are advancing northward between the Vistula and Bug rivers.

**Russians Score in Local Actions**  
The Russians are fighting desperately and stubbornly to check the progress of these four armies and have had several successes, inflicting heavy losses on their pursuers; but they are being steadily pressed back, which made the longer occupation of the Warsaw Polish capital a hazardous undertaking.

Even now, although the steadiness of the Russian troops and their fierce counter-attacks have gained much valuable time for them, it is problematical whether the whole Russian army will succeed in reaching the new positions chosen for it or whether, if it should get there, it will not find those positions turned by the Austrians, who have crossed the Bug southeast of Chechin, and the Germans under General Von Scholtz and Von Gallwitz, who have crossed the Narew.

At the northeastern end of the line the Russian communications are further threatened by General Von Buelow who is advancing toward Dvinsk on the Vlna, Petrograd railway. Indeed, the Austro-Germans have set three traps to catch and destroy the Russian army. None of them was sprung, but one was so near to closing that the Grand Duke Nicholas was forced to evacuate Warsaw, and now is fighting, with all his might, to prevent the others from cutting off his retreat.

#### Number of Prisoners Small

Thus far he seemingly has been successful, for although the Germans claim the capture of a large number of prisoners, the aggregate is small, when compared with the immense forces engaged. In addition, the Russian guns apparently are well on their way to the rear.

From refugees who left Warsaw some days ago, and have arrived at Moscow, it has been learned that Warsaw, even at that early date had been denuded of virtually everything that might be useful to the Teutons. Factories have been stripped of their machinery and all war stores moved into the interior of Russia and the government of the city left to the Polish population.

The Russians also are preparing to evacuate Riga, the port on the gulf of that name in the north. The arrival of the Germans ten miles south of that city already has been the cause of the civilian population departing.

While expressing the fullest confidence in the future, the British military critics make no attempt to belittle the achievements of the Teutons, or the effect their success is likely to have in and near east and the west.

#### Fifteen Per Cent. Left City

Moscow, Aug. 5, via Petrograd and London.—Hundreds of refugees from

Warsaw, are arriving here daily. Most of them are without money or means of sustenance, and are seeking aid at the American consulate, where an enlarged staff is attempting to supply temporary assistance. Pending the organization of a Russian relief commission.

The refugees state that although the population of the Polish capital was convinced that the Germans ultimately would occupy the city, a majority of the citizens elected to remain, only approximately 15 per cent. to date having left the city. This accounts for the comparative order and the absence of panic which accompanied the exodus.

When German occupation first seemed imminent the government first issued an order that third class tickets to any point in the interior of Russia should be given free to all citizens desiring to depart. The only condition attached by the authorities was that residents so leaving would not be allowed to return without a special permit.

Those choosing the alternative of departure foresaw that Warsaw would be visited with conditions similar to those imposed on Lodz, and that the town would be cut off from the interior of Russia, whence all provisions were obtainable, and that Warsaw would suffer from famine.

The refugees compare the orderly and systematic abandonment of the city with the panic caused by the first German approach last October, when at attempt of the city officials to evacuate the city, all but at once resulted in indescribable confusion.

**Retirement Like Clockwork**  
The retirement this time was so carefully planned and so systematically that it went off like clockwork, and an onlooker received the impression that a more extraordinary phenomenon was occurring than the ordinary summer exodus.

Sufficient extra trains had been provided, so that travelling conditions on the whole, differed little from normal.

An unusual feature of the present abandonment of the city was the fact that provision tickets were made unnecessary.

The bulk of the refugees traveled on foot or with their wagons along the highways. Most of the refugees were unable to proceed southward and to Kiev and finding the railway to Vilna monopolized for military purposes they took the line to the east temporarily crowding Moscow, Vladova and Brest-Litovsk. Many of these lost their homes in the outlying portions of Warsaw, the destruction of which became a military necessity.

All the territory immediately to the west of Warsaw, containing large factories, Polish estates and peasant dwellings, now present blackened and uninhabitable areas.

Care had been taken that no suburban factories should fall into the hands of the Germans and be converted to their use. Chief among those destroyed was the million dollar sugar factory belonging to a Polish lawyer, Eugene Kurulak, with more than 2,000 tons of sugar.

The factories in the city itself, although abandoned, had not yet been destroyed when the refugees left the capital.

London, Aug. 5.—The effect of the fall of Warsaw now is absorbing the attention of the British officials and public. It is expected that the German emperor and express will make a royal entry in accordance with plans long matured.

What part of the army of Grand Duke Nicholas was able to extricate itself from the enfolding line of Field Marshal Von Hindenburg coming from the north is increasingly problematical.

It is believed that this pressure from the north was one of the chief reasons for compelling the final abandonment of Warsaw, in order to permit the grand duke to send reinforcements to save his right wing.

The occupation of Warsaw, some critics think, also will have the effect of releasing large German forces, long concentrated on the reduction of the city, and permit them to turn westward for renewal operations against the Anglo-French Allies.

The British military authorities agree that the fall of the city will have far-reaching effects on the eastern and western war theatres.

**Lloyd George Sees Promise**  
Speaking to 10,000 Welshmen at Bangor this afternoon, before he heard of the fall of Warsaw, David Lloyd George, the minister of munitions, referred to the situation in the east in these terms:

"I view it with anxiety, but not with dread. I can see a ray of hope in the dark horizon—the regeneration of the great people of Russia. Our enemies do not understand what they are doing in the east. Their mighty cannon are shattering the rusty bars that fettered the soul of Russia."

# WOMAN IN TERRIBLE STATE

### Finds Help in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Cape Wolfe, Canada.—"Last March I was a complete wreck. I had given up all hope of getting better or living any length of time, as I was such a sufferer from female troubles. But I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and today I am in good health and have a pair of twin boys two months old and growing finely. I surprised doctors and neighbors for they all know what a wreck I was."

"Now I am healthy, happy and hearty, and owe it all to Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies. You may publish this letter if you like. I think if more women used your remedies they would have better health."—Mrs. J. T. Cook, Lot No. 7, Cape Wolfe, P.E.I., Canada.

Because your case is a difficult one, and doctors having done you no good, do not continue to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. It surely has cured many cases of female ills, such as inflammation, ulceration, displacements, tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, and it may be exactly what you need.

The Pinkham record is a proud and peerless one. It is a record of constant victory over the obstinacies of women's ills that deal out despair. It is an established fact that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has restored health to thousands of such suffering women. Why don't you try it if you need such a medicine?



"Look at Warsaw. What is happening behind that? The Russian people are shaking themselves free of stifling debris, their mighty limbs preparing, with new spirits and new hope, for a new land."

"Austria and Prussia are doing today for Russia what their military ancestors did for France. They are hammering a sword that will destroy them."

## Chatham Raised \$1,500 For Cause

### Patriotic Picnic Held at Exhibition Grounds Was Grand Success in Every Way

Chatham, N. B., Aug. 5.—Glorious weather marked the celebration yesterday of the first year of the area and the attendance at the big patriotic picnic held in the Exhibition grounds, to mark the day and provide another machine gun for the Canadian overseas, went beyond all expectation, probably 2,500 people participating in the day's outing, and upwards of \$1,500 being raised for the good cause. The picnic was arranged by the clerks of the town stores, who carried out the scheme on a big scale, and were amply rewarded for their hard work. Baseball games, sports and amusements of various kinds filled the afternoon and early evening. Speeches were made by Mayor Hickey, Ald. Stewart, Ald. Snowball and the Guild Hall resolution, favoring the continuance of this righteous war to a victorious close, was passed unanimously. A dance in the amusement hall brought the day's proceedings to a close.

**DIED**  
At Oak Point, on Aug. 2nd, Janet Morrison, aged 77 years, widow of the late Duncan Morrison, leaving three sons and two daughters to mourn the sad loss of a kind and loving mother.

**LIBERALS SWEEP MANITOBA**  
Winnipeg, Aug. 6.—Premier Norris in Lansdowne constituency, has 812 majority, with a poll to hear from. Armstrong, Liberal, has a majority of 87 in Manitoba, all polls in, over W. H. Sharp, M. P. who was to have been Sir James Alkin's first lieutenant. The election of Wilson, Liberal, for Russell is conceded; majority, 379, two polls to hear from.

**AMERICAN SOLDIER IN BRITISH ARMY KILLED**  
San Francisco, Aug. 6.—Lieut. Richard Tanfield Vachell, of the Fifth Fusiliers of the British army, a native of California, was killed on last Sunday in northern France, according to a cablegram received here last night. He was twenty-five years old, son of Horace Annesley Vachell, a novelist and playwright.

**SOUL, ACID STOMACHS, GASES OR INDIGESTION**  
Each "Pape's Diapepsin" digests 3000 grains food, ending all stomach misery in five minutes.

Time it! In five minutes all stomach distress will go. No indigestion, heartburn, sourness or belching of gas, acid, or eruptions of undigested food, no dizziness, bloating, foul breath or headache.

Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in regulating upset stomachs. It is the surest, quickest stomach remedy in the whole world and besides it is harmless. Put an end to stomach trouble forever by getting a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any drug store. You realize in five minutes how needless it is to suffer from indigestion, dyspepsia or any stomach disorder. It's the quickest, surest and most harmless stomach doctor in the world.

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We'll be glad of an opportunity to prove to you that when your printing is placed with us, there will be character to it.

Our new type faces will do that alone, but there will be more than up-to-date type faces. There will be care taken in the arrangement of the type—good ink will be used—the proper paper for the work will be selected, and printed in the largest and most modern country printing office in the Maritime Provinces.

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Undivided Profits .....	4,021,219.00
Notes in Circulation .....	10,385,376.69
Deposits .....	136,729,483.41
Due to Other Banks .....	3,118,902.00
Bills Payable (Acceptances by London Br.) .....	3,352,148.77
	<b>\$178,316,130.29</b>
ASSETS	
Cash on hand and in Banks .....	\$30,476,000.19
Government and Municipal Securities .....	3,778,533.88
Railway and other Bonds Debentures and Stocks .....	12,622,217.20
Call Loans in Canada .....	9,189,279.16
Call Loans elsewhere than in Canada .....	10,660,229.65
Deposits with Dominion Government for Security of Note Circulation .....	578,000.00
	<b>\$67,304,260.08</b>
Loans and Discounts .....	\$105,363,239.92
Bank Premises .....	5,648,630.29
	<b>\$178,316,130.29</b>

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A small house in Newcastle, willing to pay from \$6.00 to \$8.00 monthly. Apply at this office. 29-0.

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Second Class Teacher for District No. 8, Little South West. Apply, stating salary to FREDERICK CHAMBERS, Secretary, Halcumb, N. B. 31-4pd.



NOTICE

The Public Schools of the Town of Newcastle will reopen on Thursday, August 26th. Entrance permits may be procured from the undersigned, but application for same must be accompanied by a certificate of successful vaccination. J. E. T. LINDON, Sec. School Trustees. 33-2

WE CAN SAVE Energy and Temper BY USING ONLY

EDDY'S MATCHES

They will not miss Fire if properly held and struck on rough surface—Every stick is a Match—and every Match A SURE SAFE LIGHT.

Eastern Steamship Corporation

INTERNATIONAL LINE STEAMSHIPS CALVIN AUSTIN, GOV. DINGLEY, AND GOV. COBB. COASTWISE—Leave St. John, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 9 a. m., for Lubec, Eastport, Portland, and Boston. Return, leave Central Wharf, Boston, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 9 a. m., for Portland, Eastport, Lubec, and St. John. DIRECT—Leave St. John, Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays at 7 p. m. Return, leave Central Wharf, Boston, Mondays, Thursdays and Sundays at 10:00 a. m.

METROPOLITAN LINE STEAMSHIPS MASSACHUSETTS AND BUNKER HILL. Leave North Side of India Wharf, Boston, every day at 5 p. m., due New York at 8 a. m. Same service returning.

MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE STEAMSHIPS NORTH LAND AND NORTH STAR. Leave Franklin Wharf, Portland, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 6:30 p. m., also Mondays at 10:30 a. m., for New York. Same service returning. St. John City Ticket Office, 47 King St.

A. C. CURRIE, Agent, St. John N. B. A. E. FLEMING, T. F. & P. A., St. John, N. B.

Do not allow paper or rubbish to accumulate behind steam coils or radiators.

PATENT SOLICITOR WM. S. BABCOCK,

Lawyer (U. S.) and Reg'd Patent Attorney. 15 years experience in Canada and U. S. Inventions promptly patented. Trade marks & designs registered. Enforcement & validity searches. Evidence collected in patent suits. Reports prepared for owners. Expert witness in patent suits. Patents obtained in all countries. 99 St. James Street, Montreal. Write for information. 20-x

The House they will Call Home will be the

MIRAMICHI HOTEL NEWCASTLE, N. B.

We will try to make it the most popular hotel on the grand Miramichi river. Cuisine Department Unexcelled.

Table to the Trade Every Attention Given to Guests 49-0 E. LEROI WILLIS

S. B. Miller's Meat Store

Fresh Meats Always on hand Vegetables in season. C BEEF SPECIALTY

Shop corner of Jane and Pleasant Street, Newcastle, N. B. Phone Nos. House, 136; Shop—59 42-1yr.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD PIECE OF

WESTERN BEEF or Country-fed Pork Call at BURK WHITE'S MEAT MARKET

Turkeys, Geese, Chickens, Lamb, Mutton, Ham, Bacon, Bologna, Sausage, Corn Beef, Pork, Cabbage and a full line of Fish. Prices low as possible.

BURK WHITE RUSSELL BUILDING NEWCASTLE, N. B. Phone 98 43-1yr.

Fredericton Business College --WILL OPEN ITS-- FALL TERM

ON--

Wednes. Sept. 1st.

Now is the time to write for full particulars. Address,

W. J. OSBORNE, Fredericton, N. B. Principal

The First Week In September

is the beginning of our busy season, but you had better not wait till then. Our classes have been continued all summer, and you can enter at any time.

Catalogue containing tuition rates and courses of study mailed at any address.

S. KERR, Principal



Chas. Sargeant First Class Livery

Horses for Sale at all times.

Public Wharf. Phone 61

DALTON'S

Livery, Sales and Exchange Stables

Edward Dalton, Prop. McCallum Street. Phone 47 43-1yr.

Get your deed forms at the Advocate Job Department.

Local and Provincial

Rev. H. T. Montgomery, of Millerton, was in town on Friday.

"Don't stand looking and cheering me. That's no good. Come and join me."—Sergeant Michael O'Leary.

Miss Inez Copp has resigned from the telephone office and has accepted the position of bookkeeper and stenographer with Dickson & Troy.

Newcastle certainly looked the part on the Fourth. Many from the neighboring villages spent the day very pleasantly in town.

Gunner Wilfrid Comfort and Gunner Sydney Pushey, who have been in the Military Hospital at Fredericton, have left to rejoin the 28th Battery of Field Artillery at Valcartier.

Twenty-six members of the Fredericton and Marysville bands have volunteered their services as bandmen to join the Canadian Overseas Forces.

Some patriotic person or persons took possession of several flags from the Advocate building some time Wednesday night.

Miss Ruth L. Benson, pupil of the Harkins Academy, Newcastle, was a successful candidate for matriculation in the second division.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Amy of Newcastle, spent Thursday in town, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Anslow, enroute to the Gaspe coast—Campbellton Graphic.

The sum of \$97.25 was collected by the young ladies who sold patriotic tags on the Fourth. Their names and amounts collected appear elsewhere in this issue.

Mr. William J. Edgington, who completed a special course at the University of New Brunswick, last May, has joined the editorial staff of the Moncton Times.

Another draft of 250 men for overseas is to be taken from the 55th New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island Battalion, now in training at Valcartier. Announcement is also made from Valcartier that a similar draft is to be taken from the 40th Nova Scotia Battalion.

Encouraging reports have been received by relatives of the condition of Major C. J. Mervet, who was wounded in the head while carrying despatches at Ypres. Mrs. H. F. McLeod, of Fredericton, is in receipt of a letter stating that her brother will be able to leave England for Canada some time this month. He is rapidly recovering from his wounds and is now able to converse with people somewhat as well as write letters.

The officials and employees of the Rhodes Curry Company, Ltd., at Amherst, Halifax and New Glasgow, N. S., and contracts at St. John, N. B., Wolfville, Halifax and Trenton, N. S., have placed one thousand dollars in the hands of the Minister of Militia and Defence for the purchase of a machine gun. The money was raised through the contributions of the officials and employees of this large concern, and the certified cheque for the amount was sent to the Minister of Militia with a letter stating that the senders were endeavoring to do their "little bit" as part of their duty to the King and Empire.

Mr. Arthur W. Kidner, formerly of Fredericton, and now of Calgary, Alta., has joined the Royal Naval Aviation Corps and is now at Toronto attending the Curtiss school to qualify for a flying certificate. He is a son of Mr. T. B. Kidner, formerly director of Manual Training in New Brunswick and is a graduate of the Fredericton High School. Mr. Kidner was trained as a civil engineer, but has been specializing in municipal work and city planning for the past three or four years. Last week he passed the naval authorities' test at Esquimaux, and was directed to report at Toronto at the earliest possible date. After qualifying at Toronto he will be sent to England for active service with the Imperial Navy.

Twelve year old Peter Rutledge, of Sydney, who stowed away with his brothers when they went to the front from Nova Scotia, and who was recently invalided to Toronto, where he is staying with three bullet wounds in his leg and a maimed finger, expects to go to the front again with the governor-general's body guard. As far as can be learned Peter's three brothers have met their death in the trenches, a sister is a nurse at the front and a little brother of four has been adopted by a lady in Nova Scotia. His father died two years ago and his mother did not survive the shock of her son's departure to be a soldier. He was a bugler for a time with the Grenadiers but hopes to get dispatch carrying, as he can ride a motor. The boy wears a silver bracelet, the gift of a lady, and also three rings, which are said to have been put on his finger by royal ladies. He has never received any regimental pay.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Newcastle has no reason to be ashamed of the patriotic spirit manifested by its citizens on the fourth.

Seven young men from one street alone in Truro, N. S., are serving the Empire in the present war.

The net proceeds of Chatham's celebration on Wednesday last amounted to \$1,050. The gross proceeds were \$1,388.

George Stubbs, of Newcastle, has received the appointment of Chairman of the local Board of Health in place of R. L. Malby, deceased.

Captain (Rev.) Dr. J. H. Macdonald, formerly editor of the Maritime Baptist, has gone to the Dardanelles with the British expeditionary force. He will be chaplain to the Canadian Hospital Corps.

The town of St. Stephen, N. B., has subscribed enough money for the purchase of three machine guns, the Town Council providing one of them, the citizens the other two.

The "Richest Coon in Georgia" drew a very good house Friday night. C. H. Williams and Augustus Stevens, as plain tramps, were about the only stir.

Announcement has been made of the approaching wedding of Hon. Dr. William Pugsley, of St. John, to Miss Gertrude McDonald, daughter of the late Rev. G. W. McDonald, at one time stationed in Woodstock, N. B.

Walter Stultz, son of Mr. Clifford Stultz, foreman of the Moncton Times Job Printing Department, and Milan White, son of Mr. Daniel White, have gone to Charlottetown to enlist in the heavy artillery.

Miss Beate McRae, daughter of Mrs. Fred McRae, Newcastle, led her class at the exercises at the City Hospital, Arlington Heights, Mass., where she has been in training. She made a total of 91 out of a possible hundred.

Announcement is made of the engagement of Corp. Harold Hatheway, of Fredericton, to Miss Constance Smith, of London, Eng., and a daughter of a wealthy member of the London Stock Exchange. Miss Smith was the nurse who brought Corp. Hatheway back to health, and with the announcement comes most interesting war romances.

Obstinate Indigestion Can be Cured

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Go Right to the Root of The Trouble

No trouble causes more widespread suffering and discomfort than indigestion. The ailment takes various forms. Some victims are ravenous for food; others turn sick at the sight of meals; but as a rule every meal is followed by intense pains in the chest, heartburn, sick headache and often nausea. Indigestion assumes an obstinate form because ordinary medicines only subdue its symptoms—but do not cure. So-called pre-digested foods only make the digestion more sluggish, and ultimately make the trouble take a chronic form.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure indigestion because they go right to the root of the trouble. They make new, rich blood, which so strengthens the system that the stomach does its own work and digests the food in a natural way. Many a terrible sufferer from indigestion has found a permanent cure through a fair use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Among them is Mrs. H. Carner, Locke Street, North, Hamilton, Ont., who says—"Dr. Williams' Pink Pills not only gave me new health, but new life. For five years I was a great sufferer, was almost constantly doctoring, and spent a great deal of money with absolutely no result. My stomach was in such a dreadful condition that frequently it would not retain nourishment of any kind. When I ate I suffered terrible pains, a fluttering of the heart and often a feeling of nausea. In addition to this I was in a very anemic condition, and felt as if I was lingering between life and death. One day while sitting in the park a lady got into conversation with me, and I told her my trouble. She asked me if I had tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills saying that they had been a great benefit to her daughter. When I went home I decided to try this medicine. I soon found the pills were helping me, and continued taking them for several months, when I was restored to better health than I had enjoyed for years, and I have since been the picture of health. I hope my experience may be the means of pointing to others the way to health."

You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A Chatham Paper Runs Short of News

And Shows Its Calibre by Making Impertinent Remarks Against The Advocate

In our last issue the Advocate, in an endeavor to impress upon our citizens and young people the advisability of remaining at home and assisting at our own celebration on the Fourth, which we felt we had a right to do, we used the following words:

"While there will be other attractions going on around us, which may have a strong claim on our sporting nature, we should nevertheless be content to remain at home."

A part of Chatham's program for that day was a game of ball between a local team and the Chatham team, and because the whole population of Newcastle did not flock to Chatham to swell their proceeds, the Gazette makes the following impertinent remarks, under the caption, "Instructions from Newcastle's Kaiser":

"This policy seems to have been so well carried out by Newcastle, that it is doubtful if Chatham will ever again invite a Newcastle team here for a ball game. As an attraction they are negligible; they brought few or no supporters; they came in an auto, collected their money and decamped as soon as their exhibition of ball was over. This sort of conduct is not along the lines of good sport or conducive to intercourse between the two towns."

If our local team is such a negligible quantity as the Gazette would have one believe, it will, probably, be some time before they again accept an invitation from Chatham. They went there on a purely business transaction, played their game, collected their money, attended the dance and returned home, and we fail to see where the editor of the Gazette has any black coming, or where our ball team is a more negligible quantity than its sore-headed journalistic critic, which in its own town, even, is commonly compared with a porous plaster. The Gazette's criticism of the Advocate's remarks was very much uncalled for, and the epithet ascribed to the Advocate will only be enjoyed by those of the calibre of its editor, if Chatham be unfortunate enough to have any more of his kind within its limits.



Dynamite Found on White Star Liner

Explosive Discovered the Day Before the Steamer Sailed With 188 Passengers

New York, August 6.—It became known at Police Headquarters here today that a stick of dynamite was found aboard the White Star liner Arable before she sailed from this port for Liverpool on July 28. The explosive, in such a state of deterioration that experts said it would have exploded at the slightest jar, was found by a stewardess between hot and cold water pipes. It was wrapped in newspapers. According to the experts who removed the dynamite from the ship, it was placed in a woman's rest room, in such a position that had it exploded it would have done considerable damage. It was reported at police headquarters yesterday that a bomb had been found in one of the foreign consulates in New York. The police refused any information upon the subject.

The explosive was discovered the day before the steamer sailed with more than 16,000 tons of cargo, at most all of which was war supplies. One hundred and eighty-eight passengers, among them twelve Americans, were aboard the steamship. On the day the steamer sailed it was known the cargo, as well as the baggage of the passengers had been closely examined for bombs.

Practically every fire originating in a dwelling house is due to carelessness or neglect.

The attic, cellar and all clothes closets should be cleaned at least once a year and all useless material and rubbish removed and burned.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of

Beaver Flour The Original Blended Flour Always the same in Strength and Flavor. THE wheat is blended before being ground. That is, exact proportions of Ontario winter wheat and the stronger Western wheat, are ground together. This means that "Beaver" Flour is always uniform in strength and quality. You can depend on it for all your baking. 176 DEALERS—Write us for prices on Feed, Course Cracks & Corns. The T. H. Taylor Co. Limited, Chatham, Ont.

SHOP IN YOUR OWN CITY FIRST

This "Made in Canada" movement can be brought a little nearer home to each individual by emphasizing this suggestion: "Patronize the stores of your home town." Each man is entitled to spend his own money where it will buy the most—whether it be in Rome or Asia. But in fairness—Is it not wisdom before purchasing elsewhere to see what the stores of our own town have to offer? The prosperity of each of us is tied up with the prosperity of his neighbor. Acquaint yourself with what the stores of your own town are offering by reading the advertisements in The Union Advocate.

PROFESSIONAL CHURCH DIRECTORY SUNDAY SERVICES

R. A. LAWLOR, K. C. J. A. CREAGHAN, LL. B. Lawlor & Creaghan Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Morrison Bldg., Newcastle 21-0

Dr. J. D. McMillan DENTIST Lounsbury Block, Newcastle N. B.—Out of town one week beginning the last Monday of each month. 19-1yr.

J. E. PARK, M.D., C. M. PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON Phone 167. Office Dr. Pedolin Estate Newcastle, N. B. 21-1yr.

CLEANING & PRESSING EMPORIUM Clothes Cleaned, Pressed, Repaired and Dyed. Prompt Attention BERT STEWART Phone Nos.—Residence 170, Shop, 142 43-1 yr.

W. J. DUNN HACKMAN Hack to and from all trains and boats. Parties driven anywhere in town. Orders left at Hotel Miramichi will be attended to 33-1yr. NEWCASTLE, N. B. Phone 100-21

Do you try to buy high-grade printed matter the iron and coal at so much per. It can't be done. Why? Because printed matter to be RIGHT must be sixty per cent. brains mixed with forty per cent. of material and mechanical execution. Printed matter turned out of The Advocate Job Dept. is RIGHT.

10 CENT "CASCARETS" IF BILIOUS OR COSTIVE For Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Sluggish Liver and Bowels—They work while you sleep.

Furred Tongue, Bad Taste, Indigestion, Sallow Skin and Miserable Headaches come from a torpid liver and clogged bowels, which cause your stomach to become filled with undigested food, which sours and ferments like garbage in a swill barrel. That's the first step to untold misery—indigestion, foul gases, bad breath, yellow skin, mental fears, everything that is horrible and nauseating. A Cascaret tonight will give your constipated bowels a thorough cleansing and straighten you out by morning. They work while you sleep—a 10-cent box from your druggist will keep you feeling good for months.

Be Loyal To Your Own Community

Rev. S. J. MacArthur, M. A., B. D. Workshop Sunday, 11:00 a. m. and 7:00 p. m. Sabbath School, 2:30 p. m.

Salvation Army Capt. P. Forbes Holiness Meeting—11 a. m. Praise and Testimony Meeting—3:00 p. m. Salvation Meeting—8 p. m. Public Meetings—Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays—8:00 p. m.

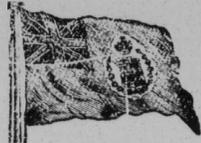
REZISTOL A safe and sure remedy in all cases of over-stimulation; also indicated in all cases of Brain Fatigue, Nervous Exhaustion caused by overwork or malnutrition, unequalled for nausea or general depression. A general tonic and body builder. Mail orders filled by Rezistol Chemical Co., Boston, Mass.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

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A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER  
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J. H. BROWN, Man. Ed.



GOD SAVE THE KING

WEDNESDAY AUGUST 11TH, 1915

THE RESULT IN MANITOBA

The result of the provincial election in Manitoba is as was generally expected, and there is no ground for surprise about it, except perhaps in so far as the size of the Government majority is concerned. This is larger than most lookers-on thought it would be, in view of the aggressive campaign put up by Sir James Aikens as leader of the re-organized Conservative party who it was felt would receive a considerable measure of support from the electorate. As far as the platforms of the two parties is concerned, there was little to choose between them. Both undertook to instigate a thorough housecleaning, and a continuance of the investigation regarding the circumstances under which the erection of the new Legislative Buildings was carried on, and punishment of those who were found guilty of wrong doing in regard to it. The electors, however, apparently considered that the wrong doing committed under Conservative auspices would be more satisfactorily dealt with by a Liberal rather than by a Conservative administration.

Naturally the Government party made the most of the delinquencies on the part of the Roblin party, and it is quite clear that the people were influenced by the essential fact that the late government grossly abused its trust, and that they felt that the party as well as its leaders should be punished. Nor can the justice of this view be gainsaid, for if a party, by merely changing its leaders could free itself of the stain of such sins as were committed by the Roblin administration, party government would be a failure. A party must accept responsibility for the acts of its leaders who accept office under its auspices; it cannot purge itself by changing its leaders, any more than an individual can rid himself simply by changing his clothes.

The principal fault to be found in the new situation is the overwhelming majority which the new government will have at its back. Time and again it has been shown that a strong opposition is just as essential to efficient administration as a good government, and the province could ill afford to reject the proffered services of men like Sir James Aikens and Mr. W. H. Sharp as private members in the House. Both these gentlemen resigned their seats in Parliament to devote themselves to the regeneration of political life in the provincial arena in Manitoba and their sacrifice deserved some better acknowledgment at the hands of the electors than they received.

THE STRUGGLE IN POLAND

The occupation of Warsaw is an Austro-German triumph. This cannot be contradicted; but whether it is a triumph that will have any serious effect on the future of the war, is another thing. The campaign of the last three months has swept the Russians back from the Carpathians to the River Bug, from Przemyśl, Lemberg, and now Warsaw stand as landmarks of a successful progress. That progress has revealed a wealth of resource, marvellous organizing efficiency and considerable military genius in the leaders of the Austro-German armies.

But striking though the Austro-German advance has been, it is a less wonderful and meritorious military performance than the Russian retreatment. The Grand Duke Nicholas with his ill-equipped, ill-armed soldiers will live in the annals of the war as the authors of a military miracle if the German commanders fail to cut off the retreat of the Russian armies.

The occupation of Warsaw is of no avail unless such occupation means the crushing of the army that defended it. At the worst, its capture may be followed by the temporary paralysis of Russian military power. The release of Austro-German forces from service on the Russian front will not cross the Allies from Switzerland to the English Channel. Germany could not smash that line last September, when she was at the zenith of her strength. Germany will never be as strong again for the purpose of smashing through to Paris as she was last September.

Russia's army is still uncrushed. Italy is opening a road to Vienna

that the Austro-Germans will have to defend. The Allies are pounding at the Dardanelles. Germany is still delayed; and Germany delayed is Germany defeated.

THE FREEDOM OF THE SEAS

A German professor, by the name of Hellfom, who is described as an authority on international law, says: "President Wilson's contention that American citizens may travel wherever their interests call them is absolutely untenable." That may be the German view; but there are as many kinds of international law authorities as there are American alienists, and given any particular set of circumstances, they can arrive at as many different opinions. Berlin's legal authorities would carry a little more conviction if they had a little foreign backing. It happens that the recognized authorities in every other country except Austria and Turkey, disagree with the German view. Neutral nations are only in supporting the American contention that their citizens may travel wherever their interests upon the high seas call them."

The view which the American government and people take of the matter is summed up shortly by an American contemporary thus: "We neutrals maintain that our rights on the high seas are inalienable, that peace at sea is the normal, lawful state of affairs, and that the belligerents carry on their warfare there only by the sufferance of neutrals. Germany—and Great Britain to a less degree—maintains that the belligerents have a right to fight all over the seas, under whatever conditions they see fit to prescribe, and that neutrals may so about their business as they see fit, subject only to the sufferance of the belligerents."

The statement that Britain holds such views as the foregoing is how great an error as those of the German professor. Although Mistress of the Seas Britain has never denied the freedom of them to any other nation; a fact it is universally recognized that it is only in consequence of Britain's control of the seas that other nations can just at present have the use of them at all with any degree of safety.

"PAY OR FIGHT"

"Pay or fight" is a slogan of which a good deal is sought to be made just at present, as though it summed up the whole duty of Canadians in the present crisis. This, however, is not by any means the case. Canadians must turn their energies to the care of the crops, and to the making of ammunition, as well as to the filling up of the overseas contingents. Anyone who is doing his part on the fields or in the munition factory, can look his neighbour in the face just as properly as the man in khaki. At present it cannot be expected that a very large body of men can be got from the rural districts for overseas service, and it is a grave question with many farmers, particularly those in the West, whether they will be able to secure enough help to harvest the crop. There does not seem to be any trouble in finding men to work in factories that are handling war contracts, but the shortage of farm laborers throughout the country may easily become serious.

Canada must not only supply men for fighting in Europe, but she must supply the food to feed them and a good many others as well. This duty is no less imperative than is shouldering a rifle, and the men who are looking after the food supply, and assisting to feed the soldiers in the trenches, are doing their part towards the successful prosecution of the war.

TWO SORE-HEADS

The Advocate, last issue, made the suggestion, which it had a perfect right to make, that our citizens and young people remain at home on celebration day, and help to make that day a successful one for Newcastle. Its kindly suggestion, however, was taken exception to by two of Chatham's papers, who, feeling the speaking loss of popularity in their own town, and being ever ready to take exception to anything and everything that Newcastle does, made an attempt to gain recognition by opening up the old sore, and by making impertinent remarks about this paper.

Now, with the opening of the Morrisay bridge, a new and better feeling has been given root to grow and extend between the young people of these two towns, but while such so-called papers as the Gazette and the World continue to throw cold water on this growing friendship, (not because either of them have any particular weight or interest in the town whose citizens are butting their heads, but it being a case of catching at the least straw for recognition), then so long will the time be before the business and social chords of these neighboring towns will be struck in harmony with each other.

The Advocate meant to do no harm to the sports held by the young people of Chatham, and the citizens of Newcastle will always hold out a hand of welcome to them to come over at every opportunity, the grouches, of course, to remain at home. Now that the minds of the editors of these two papers have been to run in the same channel, we would advise them to shake hands and make up.

Patriotic Entertainment at Quarryville

Patriotic Speeches and One Hundred Dollars Raised

The people of Quarryville and Renous gave a successful entertainment in the Renous Hall, Wednesday evening, the 4th instant, in aid of the Patriotic Fund which added one hundred dollars to that fund.

A short program, consisting of recitations, music and patriotic speeches, followed by a social supper and dancing, combined to arouse enthusiasm and render the evening most enjoyable.

The ladies were only given a very short time in which to provide the supper, but their patriotic ardor overcame this difficulty, splendidly. Rev. E. S. Lambeth, by giving the use of the hall and contributing in a variety of ways, rendered valuable assistance. The work of Mr. Otto E. Gerlach also contributed largely to the success of the evening.

Mr. John Vanderbeck, who came up from Millerton with a splendid little orchestra, made the musical part of the entertainment all that could be desired; a most important contribution.

The Rev. N. Weeks in a few well chosen words, told of what had already been done in the parish of Peely for the Patriotic Fund and expressed his pleasure at the prospect of this evening's contribution, adding a substantial sum to it.

Patriotic speeches by the Rev. H. I. Montgomery, of Millerton, and Mr. R. Geo. Hood, of Quarryville, brought home the necessity of action and sacrifice for King and Country.

Rev. Mr. Montgomery, addressing his hearers, asked that now, after twelve months of war, how do we stand? How have our hopes been fulfilled, and what have we done with Germany? To these questions came his answer that Germany's commerce was destroyed, her navy has fled behind their own barriers, Katochub had fallen, her African colony was lost, and her ally, Italy, had joined us.

Look at Britain's navy. What has she done, and what does it mean to the whole world today? It has felled the old beast that Britain rode the waves, and that Britons never, never will be slaves. To the call for arms, the answer has come from every corner of the Empire. Canada has bravely given of her men and money, but yet more and more are wanted. Sir George Foster speaking in Fredericton the other day, told his hearers that the Empire now listens to the most serious call that it has listened to in its existence. It is the most serious of this very hour.

Germany, for many months, has been fast disabling Russia, and is now probably preparing for a big drive westward. If Germany should gain Calais, her cruisers may then set away, and make for Canada. Their object point would not only be Quebec and Halifax, but also Sydney and Newcastle. Here they would capture the Wireless Station and use it for their own purposes. Our peril, at this particular time may be greater and more imminent than we think. Our duty is to supply men and money, with which to fight for our very existence.

We know now what the Germans are, and their policy and methods. For forty-five years they have been wearing the mask and preparing for war. The speaker related having seen the Kaiser the last time he was in London. He was driving to the station with King George, and talking in a most friendly way, bowing and smiling to the crowds who cheered him. He has now shown himself in his true self.

What Germany has done to Belgium, she would do to Canada. Our fate would be even ten times greater than that of Belgium. This is a war in which there can be no retreat, no terms, it must be either victory or annihilation.

Rev. Mr. Montgomery then made a strong appeal to the young men in the locality to volunteer. There are those who can go, but will not, and those who can give, but will not, but the opinion of those who have lost kin in the fight is hardening against them. If we cannot go we should give to the funds for the relief of the dependants of those who have gone.

Rev. Mr. Montgomery was heartily applauded. Mr. R. George Hood was the next speaker, and addressed his hearers as follows:

On this the anniversary of the entry of the British Empire into the Atlantic struggle that is taxing the energies and resources of the Empire and her Allies, it is fitting that we show our loyalty and patriotism, and our interest in our brave soldiers by thus marking the occasion and contributing our mite to the Patriotic Fund a fund for the benefit of our Canadians who are giving their services and in some cases their lives for their country.

It is well for us to keep in mind the causes that have drawn us into this war, because the righteousness of our cause should add zeal to our strength and determination.

German militarism, after many years of planning and preparation, thinking it an opportune time to strike, launched her forces in the Kaiser's long cherished dream of world conquest.

It was doubtless not the intention to go to war with England until some other powers had been conquered, but considering the road to France easiest through Belgium, Germany marched her army into that country in violation of the neutrality agreement which she had signed along with England and the other great Powers.

England having guaranteed the neutrality of Belgium, entered the war to carry out her promise, as she was in honor bound to do, and because she would not allow a small nation to be bullied.

The wisdom of doing so at the outset is becoming more and more apparent as Germany's vast preparations, strength, and intentions are revealed. I hope other powers, powers that would feel the "Mailed Fist" of Germany were she to win, (and there are few that would not) will soon see the wisdom of joining in this struggle for freedom and humanity, as our Empire has done that the awful carnage may soon be stopped and that the danger to themselves and the world at large may not be increased by hesitation. That quotation from Shakespeare "The Man who hesitates is lost" is applicable now.

We are in this war because the British Empire stands for freedom and fair dealing among nations, as among individuals; for law and order, and because she will not allow Prussian Militarism to rule us, or be a constant menace to the world.

It is the righteousness of our cause that has united our vast empire as it was never before united and has fired the heart of every British subject with a patriotic determination to do his part toward the achievement of victory.

In this Germany miscalculated. Let her see it now and tremble. Removed as we are in this small quiet place, from the horrors of the conflict, and the warlike scenes that rouse men to action, it is impossible to fully realize our duty. I am very pleased to observe that this meeting indicates that we are waking up to it. Let us try to realize the necessity for action.

Our soldiers who are risking life and limb for the Empire are rendering the greatest service. No sacrifice that we here at home can make is equal to it. We should do all in our power to relieve them of worry and anxiety about their loved ones and give them every proof possible that those dependent upon them will be looked after.

Our money contributions are small compared with the sacrifice they are making. When I say this I do not under rate the generous gifts of our people nor the importance and necessity for money contributions. To wealthy men who are shirking their responsibility and hiding back their proper contributions, let me say, consider before it is too late what the position of Canada would be, where your money would go and what your position would be were Germany to win this war. It is inspiring to read of the generous gifts of wealthy men and women throughout the land and of the smaller though equally generous contributions of those in humbler circumstances.

It is grand to see all parts of the Empire uniting in a great patriotic effort. The Dominions, provinces, cities, towns, villages, county districts, societies of all kinds, and individuals, vying one with the other by contributions of every kind that make for victory, hasten its accomplishment, or alleviate suffering.

The feeling that this crisis, this emergency, calls for prompt and unstinted action, not by the people of all the other parts of the Empire only, but by every man and woman right here in this community as well,

Lantic Sugar for PRESERVING  
A pure Cane Sugar finely granulated, in 10 and 20 pound bags as well as in the 2 and 5 pound cartons—and either fine or coarse granulation in 100 pound bags.  
FRUIT JAR LABELS FREE  
Send your address and small Red Bull Trade Mark from log or top end of carton and we will mail you book of 50 assorted fruit jar labels—printed and gummed ready to put on the jars.  
The Atlantic Sugar Refineries Limited  
MONTREAL 85

TOGS! FOR WELL DRESSED MEN

Warm weather furnishings that are both stylish and comfortable.

Sport Shirts New roll collar shirts in Palm Beach and other new shades Also soft cuff and soft collar effects 75c to \$1.50

Neckwear Batwing ties are again in strong favor among good dressers. We have the newest combination. Soft Collar and Bow Tie. Needs no adjusting. Price 75c Complete

Fancy open ends and Batwing Ties Separate Soft Collars 25c to 75c. 15c to 50c each

Hosiery All makes of Summer Hose in cotton lisle and silk—Fancy colors and plain White, Black, Tan and Grey. Prices 15c to 50c each.

Our New Caps have arrived. Let us show you a few

J.D. Breaghnan & Co. LIMITED



FOR PICNICKERS

We have the following:  
Sanitary Drinking Cups  
Imperial Lunch Sets  
Japanese Napkins,  
Picnic Brand White  
Waxed Paper,  
Etc., Etc.

FOLLANSBEE & CO.

New Summer Footwear For Men Who Work



Made with 4 and 6 inch leg, on Right and Left lasts. Full Sole leather sole and heel, and best waterproof Oil Tanned upper. Easy on the foot, light and very durable.

G. M. LAKE. Phone 161, NEWCASTLE. 21-lyr

prompts me to this very direct appeal to action that each do his full duty now.

Longfellow expresses my thought in his Psalm of Life, as follows: "In the World's broad field of battle, in the bivouac of life, Be not like dumb driven cattle, be a hero in the strife. Trust no future howe'er pleasant, Let the dead past bury its dead. Act, act in the living present, Heart within and God overhead."

Be careful of ashes. Do not deposit them against wooden buildings or fences. See that there are no live coals. Far better to pour a pail of water over them than to take the risk of a strong wind carrying live coals and starting fires.

Imperial Toilet Paper Imperial Perforated Toilet Paper, First Quality, in rolls, 10c per roll, for sale at the Advocate Job Dept.

Perfect Vision



If you must depend on artificial aid to restore failing vision why not have the BEST? That's none too good. There is no glass, and no method of fitting that can give you more ease or comfort or satisfaction than O.K.S.—no examination more thorough—no lenses more perfectly ground or accurately centered—no frames more carefully adjusted—no prices lower for services rendered.

If you break your Glasses save the pieces and bring them to us. We do all kinds of repair work.

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PATRONIZE A HOME INDUSTRY EVERYTHING IN FLOWERS AT WOODBURN FARM CONSERVATORIES, CHATHAM.

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If there is anything you want to know about, write or phone us, we are at your service, Greenhouses open to the Public for inspection.

OUR SPECIALTY Funeral Designs at short notice. Wedding Bouquets and General Floral Decorations.

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E. PERKINS, Foreman Phone No. 20. 17. GEO. E. FISHER, Proprietor, CHATHAM, N. B.

ROYAL CANADIAN NAVY

Seamen and Stokers with previous experience of the sea are wanted for the Royal Canadian Naval Volunteers. Applicants should apply personally, or by letter, to the Recruiting Officer, H. M. C. DOCKYARD, Halifax, giving particulars of their sea-going experience, and enclosing a Doctor's certificate as to their fitness for service. Their travelling expenses to and from their homes will be refunded if they are found unsuitable.

Ordinary Seaman 80c a day  
Able Seaman 85c a day  
Efficiency Allowance 15c a day  
Stokers \$1.10 a day

Also, Separation Allowance to wife or dependents of \$13.50 a month on Shore Service, and \$20.00 a month while in a sea-going ship. 32-0

# NEWS OF THE COUNTY

Interesting Items Written by The Advocate's Regular Correspondents for its Readers.

## BLACKVILLE NOTES

Aug. 10—Miss Gertrude Donovan of Fenwick was visiting her sister, Mrs. Henry Brophy on Wednesday.

Mr. Chas. McLaggan, Manager of the Royal Bank of Canada, and little daughter Marjory, of New Glasgow, N. S., was visiting relatives here last week.

Mr. Charles Gatecombe of Fredericton, was in town on Tuesday.

A number of the young people attended the ball and supper at Reznous. One hundred dollars was realized which will be for the Patriotic Fund.

Miss Evangeline Keough is visiting friends in Chatham and Newcastle.

Messrs T. B. Mullen and H. V. Keirstead of St. John, were in town on Friday.

Misses Carrie Layton, Laura Burns and Gertrude Steele, and Messrs. Benedict Layton and Arthur McKenzie, motored to Louisville on Wednesday, also attending the picnic at Chatham.

Roy Underhill who has been working with the civil engineers in Quebec, paid a visit to his home on Saturday.

Mr. Harry Russell of Daughton, was in town on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Tins. Dunn, Mr. and Mrs. S. Y. Jardine and Arthur McKenzie, motored to Chatham on Sunday.

The funeral of the late Bernard McCormick took place from his home here on Wednesday morning at nine o'clock, interment being made in St. Raphael's burying grounds.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Flanagan and family, and Mr. Hugh Galley of Marysville, were in town on Wednesday to attend the funeral of Mr. McCormick.

Mr. Percy Lehans of Campbellton was in town on Wednesday.

Miss Stella Donovan visited her sister for a few days last week.

Miss Geraldine Keough is visiting friends at Burnt Church and Bay du Vin.

Mr. Putnam of Norton, was in town on Tuesday.

Miss Ruby Walls is visiting her sister, Miss Clara of Millerton.

Miss Myrtle Traddison of Millerton visited Miss Sadie McDonald last week.

Mr. Jas. H. Dale received letters from Stanley McDonald and Edward McPhail, of the 55th Battalion at Valenciennes. All are well and having a good time.

Miss Lily Lawlor of Chatham, is visiting friends in town.

Mrs. Marjory Duncan of Lincoln, N.E., is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Daniel Walls.

Miss Pauline Crocker of Millerton, is the guest of Miss Muriel Johnston.

Mrs. Robt. McLaggan returned home from Fredericton on Saturday.

Mr. John Keough who has been teaching school in the west, is spending his vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Keough.

Miss Armstrong of St. John, is visiting Mrs. Dr. Beaton.

Mr. Archie Alcorn, Dr. Beaton and Vye Johnston, motored to Newcastle on Monday.

The Misses Helen and Grace McLaggan are spending a few days with their aunt, Mrs. John McLaggan of Chatham.

Prof. Thos. Ross who was visiting his home here returned to Redbank, Mr. Benj. Walls is doing a rushing business of late, selling marriage licenses.

Mr. Fred Copeland spent Sunday in town.

Miss Rebecca Astles gave a lawn party on Wednesday in honor of her nieces, the Misses Annie and Alma Wetmore. Those present were the Misses Bernetta Schaffer, Helen McLaggan, Hilda Bean, Muriel Johnston, May Dale, Pauline Crocker, (Millerton), Ruby Walls, Grace McLaggan, Dorothy Connors and Christy Dale.

Mrs. McDonald received a letter from her son Walter who has been on the firing line in France. He had been out of the trenches for two weeks on account of sickness at the time the letter was written. He enlisted in McAdam Jet. and sailed with the first contingent.

Miss Stella Johnston who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Patrick Vickers, returned to her home in Dalhousie.

The Richest Coon in Georgia is killed for this town on Wednesday, Aug. 11th.

Miss Lottie Underhill of New Hampshire, a trained nurse, after an absence of three years, is spending her vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hudson Underhill.

Miss Bridget Layton is visiting Miss Clara Hawes.

Aug. 6—The weather has been very warm for the past few days, and the farmers of this vicinity are busily engaged haying.

Mrs. James Sheppard, who was visiting her parents has returned to her home in Boston.

We are glad to hear that Vernon Peterson is improving rapidly.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Arbeau were

## REXTON ITEMS

Aug. 10—Miss Clara Palmer who has been visiting Dorchester friends and her cousin, Miss Annie Palmer, who was visiting her aunt, Mrs. A. Wood, Moncton, returned home Friday.

Dr. G. T. and Mrs. Leighton of Moncton, spent the past week in town.

Miss Marion Robertson of Bathurst, is visiting her niece, Mrs. E. Hannay.

Rufina de Olliqui of Ottawa, is visiting his mother, Mrs. R. A. de Olliqui.

Miss Marion Irving of Buctouche, was a visitor here recently.

John D. Palmer of Fredericton, spent the past week with his family, who are visiting Mrs. Palmer's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Jardine.

Miss Margaret McGregor has returned home from a visit to friends in Amherst.

Miss Hazel McGregor of Rumford, Maine, is visiting friends at Upper Rexton.

Miss Evelyn McInerney of Springfield, Mass., is spending her holidays with her mother, Mrs. Frank McInerney.

Mrs. A. B. Carson held an ice cream social on her lawn, Friday evening. The sum of forty-two dollars and fifty cents was taken, to be used toward the purchase of a machine gun.

Mrs. Jonathan Hudson and her grand-daughter, Miss Minard Palmer, have returned from a visit to friends in Coal Basin.

Miss Teresa Burns and her aunt, Miss Nora Collins, have returned to Boston, after spending a few weeks at their homes in South Branch.

Dr. D. P. and Mrs. Mahoney have returned from a visit to friends in St. John.

Mrs. Jean Holding and daughter, Marguerite, of Montreal, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Smith. They spent several weeks with friends in St. Andrews-by-the-Sea before coming here.

The twin schooner F. J. Allen, Capt. Allen of Philadelphia, was in port last week and took in part of a cargo of laths. She proceeded to Nelson, Northumberland Co., to complete her cargo.

## SILLIKERS NOTES

Rev. E. P. Wilson, of Wolfville, N. S., is conducting meetings in this place. The meetings are largely attended, and much interest is shown. He is assisted by the pastor, Mr. H. E. Alfaby.

Mr. Lee Johnston took his car to Chatham on Sunday, and brought his mother home from the hospital. Mrs. Johnston's many friends hope for her recovery from her illness.

Mr. Roy White has purchased a new car.

Mr. Edward Tozer received word lately from his son Harry, who has been training at Valenciennes. He expects to leave for England shortly.

Miss Wm. Russell, of Millerton, spent Sunday with her mother, Mrs. Alton Matchett.

Master Lance Matchett, who unfortunately broke his leg some time ago, is improving rapidly.

Mr. John Robinson passed through here on Sunday with a number of sports from Holmes Lake.

Mr. John Duncannett has begun work on his house, and intends finishing it this summer.

## SUNNY CORNER

Aug. 9—Mrs. Percy Greenley and family are visiting at Mrs. Chas. Mullen's this week.

Miss Nellie Hyland is spending a few weeks with Mrs. Robt. Mullen.

Miss Minnie Ingram visited friends here last week.

Mrs. Robt. Nowlan was calling on Mrs. Wm. Matchett the latter part of the week.

Miss Lily Murphy was in Nelson a few days last week.

Mr. Henry Leach has gone to the Bridge to cook for D. Sullivan & Sons lumber men.

Miss Laura Tozer who went to Boston some two months ago and entered the city hospital, was welcomed home Thursday, her health having fallen her in that undertaking.

Miss Della Hyland is spending a few weeks with the Misses Forsythe.

Miss Maggie Hines is visiting down river.

## WEDDING AT NELSON

A wedding of local interest took place at St. Patrick's church, Nelson, on Tuesday, 3rd inst. when Rev. Fr. Power united in marriage Miss Mary Ivory, of Nowlan Settlement, to Mr. Matthew Carroll of Barnaby River. The bridesmaid was Miss Annie Ivory, sister of the bride, while the groom was supported by his brother, Mr. Michael Carroll.

## ARSENAL-Doucett

The marriage of Miss Catherine Doucett of Rogersville to Mr. Vincent Arsenault of Nelson, was celebrated at the R. C. church, Rogersville, on Tuesday, the 3rd inst. Miss Angelina Gallant was bridesmaid while Mr. Jerome Doucett supported the groom. Mr. and Mrs. Arsenault will reside in Nelson.

## RAGS AND CLOTHS SATURATED

Rags and cloths saturated with cleaning and polishing oils may ignite spontaneously in a few hours. Burn them at once.

## DO NOT GO INTO CLOSETS

Do not go into clothes closets with lighted matches or candles.

## STENOGRAPHER'S NOTE BOOKS

Good quality Stenographers' Note Books for sale at the Advocate Job Dept. Price 10 cents.

## August 4th Celebration

(Continued from page 1)  
Leaf Forever" was sung, with piano accompaniment by Mrs. Chas. Sarjeant.  
The next speaker was  
HON. H. A. POWELL  
who gave a very interesting address, in part as follows:  
Your Worship, the Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen:  
If the subject were on that which was fraught with less seriousness to the Empire and Canada, I would almost say that I have much pleasure in addressing this audience. I have as much pleasure as the occasion permits, I am pleased to be on the platform with my friends, Ex-Gov. Tweedie and Mr. Burchill.  
As my friend Mr. Burchill has gone in the subject of the causes of the war, I will say but little on that. About 2000 years ago when the world started, the Saviour of Mankind gave to the world a new Son proclaiming, "Peace on earth, good will toward men." Mothers had looked forward to the time when men should know war no more. People were about to think this time had come, when the war started.  
Dr. Campbell, a nephew of my own, and Earl Roberts were taking dinner together in London. During the course of dinner, Campbell turned to Earl Roberts and said, "How glorious it is that war is now at an end." Roberts answering said, "Within six weeks we would see war. England would see it."  
We have been living under a hallucination, but war has not ceased. We had settled great territorial questions, and peace reigned on earth when there came one who destroyed the peace of the world, uprooting the gospels of the Son of Man, he declaring the principles of the Creator were enigmatic, that this was for the girl or boy, man must have something higher. He had adopted the principle of Frederick the Great who said "Religion was alight for a State, but a poor thing for a ruler."  
My friend Mr. Burchill has gone fully into the cause of the war, so I shall pass on.  
Germany's real ultimate object in this war was to acquire world-wide power and to dominate throughout the globe.  
After the Franco-Prussian war, Germany established a National Policy which was to bring Germany up to England in Commerce—her population was rapidly increasing.  
Now gentlemen, call up before us a map of Europe. Who are the migrating people of the world? The Caucasian people. They did not settle in the torrid climes. The German people required extension, where would they go? They would go to the temperate climes. They have gone to New Zealand, Canada, United States and Southern Africa. Going across the Atlantic from England, we have Canada, a tremendous extensive country where great opportunities for development offered in the southern temperate zone, England had South Africa (part of it), Australia and New Zealand, and the descendants of the Latin people had the South America, and there was no extension left for Germany except the northern colonies of South Africa.  
Germany invaded Belgium for the simple reason that Belgium was in league with France—this was a piece of impudent mendacity. Go ask Germany what about another extension lying south of Belgium. In 1839 they had pledged themselves to defend the neutrality of that state. The neutrality of that state has been outraged, but the Germans do not care whether they are right or wrong. They have substituted a new God in the universe, the god of power for the God of Justice. They have accomplished their ends and they care not for results. If you will have political freedom, if you desire that honest integrity should prevail, then let us draw ourselves into this conflict with the Allies. If, on the other hand, you think that the teachings of the New Testament are to be thrown aside, side in with the Germans.  
A great many people feel disheartened; they think there is no beating the Germans. The Liberty of Neapoleon would be as nothing compared with the British Empire.  
This war is nothing less than criminality on the part of Germany. Our great leader, Lord Kitchener, had said that the war would begin the first of May. Kitchener was mistaken; owing to the lack of ammunition this war will not commence until the first of September. I have heard it said that the German people are our superiors, but anyone who knows the history of science knows they are not our superiors. The Germans have not the genius of invention, they have the genius of application. I challenge any man to give me a single instance of what Germany has contributed towards the progress of the human race.  
Who invented the telephone?—Bell, a Canadian.  
The locomotive—Stevens, a Scotchman.  
The steamboat—Fulton, an Englishman.  
Who harnessed electricity?—Ben Franklin of the United States.  
Telegraphy—Morse, an American.  
(Continued on page 8)

## Sewing Machines

We will allow a cash discount of 10% off the prices of all Sewing Machines bought from us during the month of August.

We do this to more generally introduce our Sewing Machines which we believe to be unsurpassed by any on this market.

Regular Prices \$25.00 27.50 30.00 35.00 and 45.00  
WARRANTED FOR 10 YEARS

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

### D. W. STOTHART

## SOME QUESTIONS AND THEIR ANSWERS

W. H. Sharpe, M.P. Clears up the Price of Binders—Official Import Figures

Last March Mr. W. H. Sharpe, M.P. for North Lisgar, asked the following questions in the House of Commons with reference to the import of binders from the United States into Western Canada, and received the answers given below from the Minister of Customs.

The figures which are authentic and compiled from Government records, completely disprove the story that a well known United States implement concern circulated widely through Western Canada earlier in the year.

What was the total importation of 7 and 8-foot binders from the United States in the year 1911, at the port of Winnipeg, and the average value on which duty was collected?

Number of harvesters, self-binding, all sizes, entered through port of Winnipeg, year 1911, 268. Total value, \$22,558. Average value, \$108.40 each. In the total number above stated are probably included harvesters smaller than 7 and 8-foot, but the number of each cannot be given from the records in the Customs Department, as invoices are retained in the department for only three years.

What was the total amount of duty collected on same, and the average amount per binder?

Total amount of duty collected on said binders, \$2,947.65; average, \$18.98 each.

What was the price of the International Harvester Company's 7 and 8-foot binders in the United States, as sold to dealers only, according to price lists in 1911 and 1914?

Selling prices of International Harvester Company's binders to dealers in the United States: 7-foot binder with bundle carrier without tongue truck, 1911, \$105; 1914, \$109.50. 8-foot binder with bundle carrier without tongue truck, 1911, \$107.50; 1914, \$103.

What was the total importation of 7 and 8-foot binders from the United States in the year 1914, at the port of Winnipeg, and the average value on which duty was collected?

Seven and eight-foot harvesters entered for consumption through the port of Winnipeg in the year 1914: total number 192; value, \$19,462 (including the value of the bundle carrier); average value as entered, \$101.81 each. Total duty collected thereon, \$2,516.07; average, \$13.04 each.

On what prices did the John Deere Plough Company pay duty on 7 and 8-foot binders at the port of Winnipeg in 1913?

Duty was paid by John Deere Plough Company, Winnipeg, on following values during 1913: 7-foot binder with bundle carrier without tongue truck, \$78.22; 8-foot binder with bundle carrier without tongue truck, \$80.85.

Were these entries at customs made at prices below the fair market value of the binders, and in violation of the customs laws?

These entries by John Deere Plough Company, Winnipeg, were made at prices much below the fair market value for home consumption and were therefore in violation of the customs laws.

What was the selling price of these binders as sold to dealers only in the United States in 1913?

Selling prices to dealers of John Deere binders in the United States during 1913: 7-foot binder with bundle carrier without tongue truck, \$103; 8-foot binder with bundle carrier without tongue truck, \$105.50.

WE CARRY A FULL LINE OF THE FOLLOWING MANUFACTURES

MacFarlane Lang & Co's Biscuits  
GLASGOW & LONDON

Christie Brown & Co's Biscuits  
TORONTO

Moirs Ltd. Chocolates, Cakes and Bread  
HALIFAX

WM. FERGUSON, Fish B'ldg.  
PHONE 144

## Cedar Shingles

All grades of Cedar Shingles for Sale at

HICKSON'S MILL Newcastle, N. B.  
26-3 mos. Phone 34.

## PROPHETS HAD WRONG IDEAS

Dismal Predictions as to Future of Our Country Somehow Failed to Materialize.

In the year 1758 Alexander Hamilton wrote of the electoral college system: "If the manner be not perfect, it is at least excellent; it unites in an eminent degree all the advantages the union of which was to be wished for." Yet, in a decade, the electors would not have thought of exercising their constitutional prerogatives.

Hamilton predicted that the house of representatives would have "no small advantage" over the senate in any dispute, since it would be the popular branch of the government, and because it would have the power of originating all money bills—a strong weapon in its hand. But the senate soon became the dominant partner, and the house found that the power to amend money bills exercised by the senate nullified the advantage of originating them.

At the close of John Adams' administration it is said that John Jay refused the appointment of chief justice on the ground that the bench would never attain "the energy, weight and dignity which were essential to its affording due support to the national government." This forecast John Marshall made absurd.

When Louisiana was annexed Senator White remarked in debate that "gentlemen on all sides, with very few exceptions, agree that the settlement of this country will be highly injurious and dangerous to the United States" and that its incorporation into the Union would be "productive of innumerable ills."

In 1811, in a speech on a bill to permit the organization of a state from a section of the Louisiana Purchase, Representative John Quincy Adams of Massachusetts asserted that if the measure should pass "the bonds of the Union would be virtually dissolved."

In the thirties a Scotchman, Patrick Shireff, made a journey through the United States and published the results of his observations. At that time Chicago was a town of 150 houses. Of its future the traveler wrote: "Chicago will in all probability attain considerable size, but its situation is not so favorable to growth as many other places in the Union."

Do not use inflammable shades on lamps, candles or electric light bulbs

## Wanted To Rent

Couple having no children want to rent house or flat in Newcastle. Prompt payers. Please reply to "House wanted" care of Union Advocate.

## Piano For Sale

Beautiful bell toned piano, almost new, at considerable discount. Address all enquiries to No. 26, Advocate office, Newcastle, N. B. 22-0

## SHERIFF'S SALE

I will sell at Public Auction in front of the Court House at Richibucto in the County of Kent Province of New Brunswick on Friday the twentieth day of August next at the hour of eleven of the clock in the forenoon, the following goods: About 425000 sup. feet of sawn lumber, 235000 cut laths, a quantity of slab, edging and deal ends for fire wood, about 60000 sup. feet of round lumber, one grey horse, one dump cart and harnesses, all being at the Richibucto saw mill of the Canadian Swedish Lumber Company. Also about 140000 sup. feet of round lumber in and on the St. Louis or Kouchibouque River in the County of Kent. Also one portable mill and accessories now at 35,000 sup. feet of round lumber now at Portage River in the County of Kent. Also one portable lath mill and accessories now at Kent Junction in the county of Kent. Also one red mare, one light driving wagon and harnesses, one typewriter and office furniture now at Rexton in the said County of Kent; all being the property of the Canadian Swedish Lumber Company. The same having been seized by me under and by virtue of one execution issued out of the Supreme Court King's Bench Division and several executions issued out of the Kent County Court against the Canadian Swedish Lumber Company. Terms of sale cash. Dated at Richibucto in the County of Kent and Province of New Brunswick this 19th day of July A. D. 1915.

BASILE J. JOHNSON,  
High Sheriff of Kent County, N. B. 23-2

## ASK FOR GOODS

SPEND THIS MONEY IN CANADA

YOUR PATRONAGE WILL BOOST THE PAYROLL

MADE IN CANADA

## H. F. MCKINLEY

GENERAL MERCHANT

McKinleyville, - N. B.

FULL LINE OF Groceries and General Merchandise ALWAYS ON HAND

All orders received by mail given prompt attention. Carload of Feed and Flour has just arrived. 15-lyr.

**REMINGTON UMC**

Many a Crackshot's Reputation Rests on his First ".22"

Most experts commenced their careers with a .22 Rifle. So choose your .22 as carefully as you'd choose a high-power Arm.

**Remington UMC**  
22 Repeating and Single Shot Rifles

are REAL RIFLES—not toys. Made of the same high-grade materials—by the same skilled workmen—in the same finely-equipped shops—as our higher-priced high-power Arms. Shoot Short, Long and Long Rifle Cartridges equally well.

See the full Remington-UMC Line at your dealer's. For a better score—use only Remington-UMC .22 Metallics. They guarantee your Arm.

REMINGTON ARMS-UNION METALLIC CARTRIDGE COMPANY  
(Contractors to the British Imperial and Colonial Governments)  
London, Eng. WINDSOR, ONT. New York, U.S.A. 17

### Editorial Comment

#### TO THE LIMIT OF OUR RESOURCES

The gifts of machine guns which are pouring in from all parts of the Dominion are very real evidence that the people are making the cause of Empire their own. The general character of the movement cannot but be enheartening to the administrators in this country and in Britain, who are loaded down with the unexampled responsibilities which the prosecution of the world's greatest war has placed upon their shoulders. There is nothing more inspiring for a government in times of peace than to feel and know that public sentiment is with it. In times of war, when the life or death of the nation may be at stake, when important measures have to be quickly conceived, when an unfortunate chance may entail appalling disaster, there is nothing that more effectually relieves the strain and steadies the judgment of the responsible heads of the administration, than clear evidence that the people are with their heart and soul, and are co-workers with them for the success of the nation's cause.

It is just large enough to receive a man on all fours. It has a small wheel or roller near its forward end on its lower face for supporting most of its weight. It is propelled by the user by simply pushing against the ground with one foot, his hands resting on a suitable rod or support inside of the shell. A slight slot and rifle opening through the centre of the top front wall makes it possible for the user to see where he is going and enables him to shoot at the enemy. The very gradual taper of the shield and the hard metal safely deflect all rifles and machine gun bullets and fragments of shells, so that it is really a small moveable fort proof against all but high power explosives shell and even they do little damage unless they strike squarely.

By this means, a large number of men crawl very close to the enemy lines and then spring from their "forts" and make one short sharp dash into the trench, and all is over. It seems a device well worth trying.

#### Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surface.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by Catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

J. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 73c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

#### A NEW IMPETUS

##### United States Firms Looking to Canada For Branch Factories Again

During the past couple of years the movement of American industries to Canada and the establishment of branch factories in the Dominion slackened off to some extent, as compared to the rapid progress that was made in the building up of United States industries in Canada in 1910, 1911 and 1912. Now the movement is being accelerated again, and, according to the Boston "Daily Trade Record" of March 25th, the "Made-in-Canada" campaign is responsible.

After referring to the fact that the "Made-in-Canada" campaign is taking business from American firms, which are now compelled to plan branches in the Dominion, the Record quoted Mr. G. W. Curtis, agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway who has just made a trip to the United States, and reports that the "Made-in-Canada" movement had caused a considerable falling off in the business which the United States had hitherto done in Canada. The new war tariff of 7 1/2 per cent. also served to keep out American goods.

As a result of these two factors, Mr. Curtis has received many inquiries from American manufacturers who are planning to establish branch factories in Canada so that they may benefit by the "Made-in-Canada" movement, instead of losing by it as is now the case with their factories on the United States side of the line.

This unsolicited testimony from United States to the effectiveness of the "Made-in-Canada" movement, which has swept over the Dominion during the past few months, affords abundant evidence of the value of the publicity methods adopted. That the "Made-in-Canada" movement will gather strength in the next few months if it is going to result in an increase in the number of industries in Canada will be the wish of all those who have a knowledge of the unemployment situation in the Dominion. Not only will new branches of American factories in Canada increase employment for Canadian mechanics, but the building and equipment of these factories will tend to revive building trade and create activity in many industries subsidiary to the building trades.

#### PORTABLE SHIELD FOR SOLDIERS

The European conflict and particularly the dead lock on the western frontier, has set inventors to devising means for overcoming the great defensive strength and trench warfare. One device which presents many good points and seems practicable is a British invention termed a "moving fort." In fact, it is a shell or shield shaped like a bullet, except that the horizontal diameter is slightly greater than the vertical diameter. It is made of chilled steel and weighs just about 200 pounds.

### FRUIT, THE GREAT PHYSICIAN

#### Healing Powers of Fruit Proved by "Fruit-a-tives"

The simple juices of apples, oranges, figs and prunes, when transformed into "Fruit-a-tives" will relieve diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Skin. The truth of this statement has been proved in thousands of cases of indigestion, Dyspepsia, Torpid Liver, Constipation, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Chronic Headaches.

The enormous sales of "Fruit-a-tives" are the best proofs of the value of this fruit medicine.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c.

At dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.



#### I. C. R. TIME TABLE

On and after Sunday, May 2nd, trains will be due to arrive at and depart from Newcastle as follows:

GOING SOUTH	
Maritime, arrive	5:30 a. m.
Maritime, leave	5:35 a. m.
Local, arrive	10:40 a. m.
Local, leave	10:45 a. m.
Ocean Limited, arrive	1:37 p. m.
Ocean Limited, leave	1:45 p. m.
Night Freight, leave	3:05 a. m.
GOING NORTH	
Maritime, arrive	11:51 p. m.
Maritime, leave	11:56 p. m.
Local, arrive	2:17 p. m.
Local, leave	2:22 p. m.
Ocean Limited, arrive	4:30 p. m.
Ocean Limited, leave	4:35 p. m.
Night Freight, leave	3:35 a. m.

To Chatham and Loggieville:  
Leave Newcastle—12:05 a. m.; 5:35 a. m.—1:55 p. m.; 4:40 p. m.

From Chatham and Loggieville:  
Arrive Newcastle—5:10 a. m.; 1:20 p. m.; 4:15 p. m.; 11:40 p. m.

FOR FREDERICTON  
Leave Newcastle—Express 5:45 a. m.  
Leave Newcastle—Freight 7:10 a. m.

FROM FREDERICTON  
Arrive Newcastle, Express 11:30 p. m.  
Arrive Newcastle, Freight 3:45 p. m.  
Local for McGivey's  
Leave Newcastle—Express 4:50 p. m.  
Arrive Newcastle—Express 11:05 a. m.



#### Synopsis of Canadian Northwest Land Regulations

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years of age, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-agency for district. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties: Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C. M. G.,  
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64288. 22-6mos.

#### THICK, GLOSSY HAIR FREE FROM DANDRUFF

Girls! Try It! Hair gets soft, fluffy and beautiful—Get a 25 cent bottle of Danderine.

If you care for heavy hair that glitters with beauty and is radiant with life; has an incomparable softness and is buoyant and lustrous, try Danderine. Just one application doubles the beauty of your hair, besides it immediately dissolves every particle of dandruff. You can not have nice heavy, healthy hair if you have dandruff. This destructive scurf robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life, and if not overcome it produces a feverishness and itching of the scalp; the hair roots famish, loosen and die; then the hair falls out fast. Surely get a 25-cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store and just try it.

**Target Tips and Hunting Hints**  
by Alfred P. Lane

Send questions to Mr. Lane and care of this paper.

#### A New Questions and Answers Department of Interest to Shooters

Readers are reminded that this column is open to questions which should be sent to me in care of the Sporting Editor, and to discussions by the readers on anything connected with hunting or target shooting.—A. P. L.

S. G. S., Laceyville, Pa.  
I have an old 12 gauge shotgun with the name Janssen Sons & Co. engraved on it. It is a hard shooting gun, having 30 1/2 inch barrels which are too long to suit me. Would it spoil the shooting quality of the gun to cut the barrels down to 26 inches?

Ans. It depends on the bore of your barrels. If they are full choke, cutting them down to 26 inches will certainly spoil their close shooting qualities. If they are cylinder bore, it will make no difference at all.

F. G., New York.  
I have a Belgian .32 single shot rifle. Will you kindly tell me if there is any cartridge I could use more powerful than the ordinary cartridge?

No.

H. D. C. G., Corpus Christi, Texas.  
I have a 12 gauge hammerless shotgun, and I want a set of new barrels for same. Could you make a set 16 gauge to fit my stock? Could you make over the old ones or choke them? Would I have to send the entire gun or only the stock? How long will it take to make and fit them?

Ans. I hate to discourage you, but I would certainly suggest that you do not spend time and money trying to have a new pair of barrels fitted to the gun you mention. They are no longer made, and if a new pair of barrels were fitted by any other factory than the factory in which the barrels were originally made, it would necessitate considerable hand fitting at very great expense, and you would do much better to put the money into a new gun.

G. C. Z., Glenbrook, Conn.  
1. Will you kindly publish the Maxim Silencer Law of the State of Connecticut in regard to using same on a rifle for target and hunting use?

Ans. I do not seem to be able to locate any State Law regarding the use of the Maxim Silencer. Mr. William K. Mollan, President State Board of Fisheries and Game, Room 64, Capitol, Hartford, Conn., will be able to give you definite information on this point.

2. If there is such a law, is it merely a State or National Law?

Ans. If there is any law on the subject, it is a local one. There is no national law affecting the use of Maxim Silencers.

A. G. R., Sunny Side, South Africa.  
1. Is a single shot rifle less noisy than a repeater in unloading or re-loading?

Ans. I do not exactly understand what difference noise can make in unloading or unloading. Using a repeating rifle—if the sportsman is at all familiar with his weapon, he will operate the action to reload so quickly that what noise is made will be practically unnoticed owing to the relatively much heavier jar and noise of the actual explosion, and game is therefore less liable to be frightened than in the single shot where the noise, although much less

*Alfred P. Lane*

Montreal, May 28th, '09  
Minard's Liniment Co., Limited,  
Yarmouth, N. S.

Gentlemen—I beg to let you know that I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT for some time, and I find it the best I have ever used for the joints and muscles.

Yours very truly,  
THOMAS J. HOGAN,  
The Champion Clog and Pedestal Dancer of Canada.

# Timely Topics

ON

# PRINTING

## FINE PRINTING IS AN ART

Do you know good printing?  
Do you like good printing?  
Do you know that it always pays to have the BETTER kind?  
Perhaps you have been used to the one class of printing and know no other.  
If this is so, it is time for you to have a look around and investigate and see what's what.  
Do you know you do not have to go any farther away than Newcastle to obtain the BETTER class of printing.  
Perhaps you have not given it a thought, but a great deal depends on the stock used in order to get a BETTER job. Investigate this.  
Last, but not the least, do you know that The Advocate Job Department turns out only this BETTER class of work. If you will read on a little further, we will tell you how and why.

1st—We cater to that class of people who use only the best stock, and who know what BETTER printing is.

2nd—In order to give these customers the class of work they want, we have to keep in stock only the best grades of material. We do not handle cheap lines.

3rd—In order, again, to be able to turn out that BETTER class of printing, we employ only experienced and competent printers, who keep abreast of the times and watch the styles.

4th—What is as important as the above is equipment. If The Advocate Job Department was not fitted out as it is, with the most modern machinery and the very latest in type faces, it could not handle the fast growing trade, that has developed in the past year, of turning out that BETTER class of printing. Only the best inks are used, because this is necessary when high grade stock is used.

Now, Mr. Business Man, if you will read the above over carefully, see how your supply stands, then get in touch with this office, we feel sure you will become a customer. Give up that old-fangled notion that first class printing comes only from the large city printing offices. As a matter of fact, the reverse is the case, and prices are invariably lower.

## REMEMBER THAT WE DO ALL KINDS OF PRINTING

For commercial use, we have superior grades of Letter, Note and Bill Head Stock, at prices and quality to suit any business and any purse. Our prices range from \$2.50 to \$4.00 per thousand for Price Heads, and from \$2.50 to \$3.25 per thousand for Envelopes. Our Envelopes are the same material as our papers, and therefore match. We are always pleased to submit samples of stock, and prices, on application.

## More Business IS WHAT WE WANT

You want the work—we want to do it for you. We have just the grade of paper you want, so why not let us get together in a co-operative way and make a strong pull for increased business—more business than usual.

ADDRESS ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO

## THE MIRAMICHI PUB. CO. LIMITED

Phone 23 NEWCASTLE, N. B. Box 359

# HIS LEGAL WIFE

BY MARY E. BRYAN

(Continued)  
"Yes, I will go," he answered cheerfully, after a little pause. "Thank you. It will only take five or six days, unless we go on the steamer. Your lady love can spare you for that time. Afterward I will trouble you no more."

The steamer would leave in two days. Harry had time to take his father to Green Valley, and spend the day following with him in looking about the place and talking over his plans.

Lucille had gone to her friends. Harry did not see her on his return. He could not go to the house, and she did not meet him, as he had requested—that he might walk with her in the park, and have that long earnest talk and full understanding that he was anxious for. He had hardly spoken a dozen words with her by themselves since his marriage. She had seemed always in a hurry, or absorbed about something—biting her lip like a bird that just eludes the grasp.

The day arrived for the sailing of the "southbound" steamer. Tickets had been purchased, and two first-class staterooms engaged for Mr. and Mrs. Harrison Lee. Mrs. Child drove down with them in the carriage to the pier, and there were some friends with flowers and good wishes to see them off. Nina was looking very pretty in her dark-blue and crimson traveling dress, and Lee contrived to throw off his personal anxiety and appear the happy husband about to take a charming trip with his lovely young bride.

All was auspicious until after the steamer had sailed, the waving of hands and handkerchiefs was at an end, and the handsome, clean-looking vessel was fast making her way out of the bay into the broad Atlantic.

Then, as Lee and Nina stood on the deck, there came an unlooked-for addition to their party.

"Delightful morning, isn't it?" said a well-known voice, with a musical drawl, just behind them.

Nina gave a start, and the two turned and saw Floyd sauntering up to them with a cigarette in his well-cut lips and a steamer chair in his hand.

Lee's stern, contemptuous glance expressed his disapproval. He turned silently back to the deck railing. A flush of pleasure, with a slight shade of annoyance had overspread Nina's face.

"Why, how came you on board?" she asked. "How happened you to decide to go with us?"

"Did you think I would let you go alone with him?" he answered, moodily. "Not I."

CHAPTER XIII  
Floyd Grafton met with a surprise. He fully believed he should see the town of annoyance on Nina's brow give way to a smile. She would surely be delighted to have him with her. She would be gratified in her heart to find that jealous had prompted him to come with her and guard her against the possible love-making of her legal husband.

He was disappointed to see that the shade of annoyance deepened. "I did not expect to see you on board," she said, coldly.

"And you are not pleased to see me here, that is plain," he answered, offensively.

"No. How should I be? Your coming with me puts me in an unpleasant position, to say the least. What will he say?"

"Nobody knows of my coming, and you have no acquaintances on board, except Lee. I suppose he is the one you mean. See here, Nina, if you cared for me as I do for you, it would not matter to you what other people said, and you would not prefer the companionship of that other man to mine."

"You know very well," she said, coldly, "that I am taking this journey as a step toward freeing myself forever from the companionship of that other man." "As you are pleased to call Mr. Lee. If you can not trust me, Floyd, it is plain that you have but small respect for my word, or for me."

"I do respect your word. I know you are the soul of honor; but I love you, dearest, and love is full of fears," he said, with that soft cadence which was wont to melt her coldest mood. Then, with a change of voice: "But if you are angry because I have come, I assure you I will not intrude upon you. I will not go near you after we reach Indian River. Of course I was not expecting to be your guest. I intended to put up at one of the Rockledge hotels. I only wanted to be near you."

The injured tone, the hurt look in his eyes, had their effect. Nina softened under them. She held out her hand in token of forgiveness; but she did not suffer him to hold it. She drew it quietly away, and he felt that there was an atmosphere of reserve about her which he would not dare to break through.

Lee, too, was surprised at the result of this meeting. He had looked at them critically, feeling that his role as "protector" on the journey would be a farce, and half angry with himself for having been persuaded to play it. He did not look to have Nina call him to her

side and ask him to take the seat near her. She began talking in such a way as to draw him into the conversation, and make him feel that he was not an intruder. Floyd looked sulky, but she did not seem to notice it. She drew Lee into telling some incidents of his wanderings in California and Mexico. He was a good story teller, and he not only interested his two listeners, but he attracted others, and there was soon quite a little group standing near, listening and entertained.

This was a sample of what happened throughout the voyage. Nina kept herself wrapped in a mantle of delicate reserve, and Floyd found himself kept at a distance. She ingeniously avoided being alone with him, and her manner, with all its charming sweetness, had in it an intangible aloofness, which Floyd felt but could not quarrel with.

There was some rough water when they reached Hatteras—the Stormy Cape—and nearly all the women passengers were seasick. Nina's spleen did physical police saved her from this dreary malady. Floyd succumbed to it. He lay pale and languid on a sofa in the cabin, with Nina's smiling bottle held to his classic nose.

"What can I do for you?" she asked. "I will make you a lemonade."

"No, I would rather you sat by me and read to me."

"What shall I read?"

"I believe I have a new novel with me. I bought it to while away the time on the board. It is there in my overcoat pocket. Mr. Lee will get it for you," he added, looking at Harry, who was cutting the leaves of a new magazine.

Harry got the book out of the pocket of the overcoat that hung on the back of the sofa on which he was sitting. He glanced at it and turned a few of the leaves; then he looked gravely across at Grafton and deliberately dropped it back into the coat pocket and brought Nina the magazine he had been reading.

The novel, translated from the French, was the work of an author noted for the subtly disguised immorality of his stories.

"I don't think you will like the book," he said, with a smile, "but I'll read it to you, and you'll be better." He turned off and went out on deck, flushing with surprise, she looked inquiringly at Grafton.

"Curse his impudence!" exclaimed Floyd, as he jumped up and went across to where the overcoat lay.

He got the book and brought it to Nina. She took it, glanced at the title and name of the author, turned a few pages, then laid it down without a word and took up the magazine.

She read a short story; but her sweet voice, with its piquant foreign swing, failed to drive away the moody shadows from her lover's face.

That afternoon they found themselves in Southern waters. For the first time they saw the frolicsome porpoise tumbling in the distance. Then they were witness to an exhilarating incident. No sooner did a group of porpoise catch sight of the steamer than, after the strange habit of this big fish, they came rushing for the vessel and made straight for the prow. Then followed an exciting race between the fish and the steamer.

The porpoise swam close on either side of the prow, now springing out of the water, now diving swiftly, now turning over on their backs in the most frolicsome, kitten like manner.

All the passengers on the deck had rushed to the forward part of the vessel to watch the gambols of the great fish. Among the rest, Nina leaned over the railing. One of the sailors unwittingly seized and pulled the end of a large rope, on a coil of which she was standing. The sudden jerk made her lose her balance.

She felt herself about to fall overboard, and a cry of terror escaped her lips. In the next breath she was caught by strong arms and her feet set firmly upon the deck. She hid her face in her hands, stifling a sob of excitement and relief. She looked up and met Floyd's eyes. He was bending over her full of solicitude.

"You saved me!" she murmured, with a radiant smile.

She felt the skirt of her dress pulled from behind. She turned round and saw the big blue eyes and sallow face of a small boy, whose diminutive legs below his large stomach made him look like a frog.

"'Twasn't him as ketches you," he said, solemnly. "'Twas t'other man—him a-standing yonder."

Nina looked in the direction the boy's forefinger had pointed.

"Him" was her legal husband. He had his back to her, and he was walking away. She saw him no more until he came to take her to the table, when the bell rang for the six o'clock tea.

He seemed so grave and abstracted that she doubted if he heard her when she gratefully acknowledged what she had done for her.

That evening was the last they could spend on the "City of Kansas," next morning she would arrive in port.

sengers sat out on deck, talking, telling stories, singing. Grafton brought a guitar, and begged Nina to sing.

She took the instrument, and holding it gracefully, sang a little Spanish serenade, plaintively sweet as rain and sunshine together on an autumn day.

Harry Lee was sitting at a little distance, talking to the captain of the vessel. When the song had ceased, the air still seemed full of its haunting sweetness.

Turning suddenly to Harry, the captain said: "Your wife is a very lovely woman, Mr. Lee."

Harry started at the word "wife," and, involuntarily, he glanced across at Nina.

She sat on a low steamer-chair, half in shadow, half in the light of the moon. A light, no-stival was wrapped around her and drawn a little way over her dark hair.

"Yes, she is very lovely," he assented; and directly after he sighed. He could not have told why, nor was he conscious that he had sighed, but the old captain heard him and decided that there was something wrong between the young husband and his charming wife.

"And I'll wager that blue-eyed, soft spoken fellow is at the bottom of it," he said to himself.

CHAPTER XIV  
Next morning the "City of Kansas" steamed into the harbor of Savannah and the passengers for Florida were driven through the shaded streets of the quaint old city to the station of the railway.

A few hours of travel landed them in Jacksonville; then a change of cars, and a further flight across a region of long leaf pines and turpentine farms, with an occasional sugar cane farm, and a grove of orange trees, to Titusville—a town on the banks of a wide expanse of blue water called Indian River, although it is in reality an arm of the sea.

A unique stream is this Indian River, like no other river in the world. Three hundred miles long, and often two miles in width, a currentless, tideless body of salt water, shut out from the Atlantic ocean by a succession of long, narrow islands, with an occasional strait-like break through to the stormy sea, Indian River remains one of the geographical curiosities of our country.

At the foot of the long pier of the Titusville landing lay a little steamer, waiting to take the passengers who had come on the train down to those points on the river that were their destination. They had but thirty minutes before the boat left.

Nina had been here before. She said to her companions as they stood on the platform of the little railroad station:

"I wish there had been time for me to show you a curiosity there is here—a big India-rubber-tree growing out of a palm tree. It is a way that the rubber-tree has. It fastens itself midway upon the trunk of a vigorous palm, and sends down its long roots alongside the stem of the palm to the earth. Sometimes the two grow lovingly together, and sometimes they dwarf and hurt each other, and have to be separated."

"Like some married people," Lee said, half absently. Then he came a step nearer to Nina, and said in a lower tone: "Do you know that this is the seat of Brevard County, in which your Florida home is located?"

"Is it?" she said, in a tone that implied, "Of what consequence is it?"

"Would it not be better to stop here long enough to attend to the business in hand?"

"What business?" she asked, opening her eyes in genuine surprise.

"The divorce."

"Oh! The color sprang to her face. "But I can come up any time," she said presently. "It is only twenty miles, and there is a boat every day. When I am going to any particular place I hate to stop on the way. I am getting quite anxious to see my Florida home. My dear father loved it so. He planted most of the trees with his own hands. The cottage is in a grove of tall palms, and India-rubber trees. I am sure you will think it is picturesque."

"I am sure I should, if I could see it; but I shall not have the pleasure. I will leave you here. There is no need of my going further. You will take the boat, and in an hour or two you will get off at your home."

Before she could reply, Grafton came up.

"Better come at once and get on board," he said. "They are all going to the boat."

He took possession of her hand satchel, and hurried her off down the planker that led to the steamer-boat. She looked back at Lee; but he did not see her. He had turned back to make sure that her baggage had been sent to the boat. The trunks of the passengers that were piled on the station platform were being pitched upon barrows by a number of darkies, working in their lazy, deliberate way, as they exchanged jokes, and laughed and whistled and sang a snatch of song now and then in chorus.

"I have told you that he regarded the money as a loan." Then she added, "I should think you would be grateful to him."

## Your Liver is Clogged up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have no Appetite.



Carter's Little Liver Pills will put you right in a few days. They do their duty. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion, and Sick Headache. Small Pills, Small Dose, Small Price. Genuine with his Signature.

On the platform. His glance went down the long wooden pier, and singled out from among the little crowd on their way to the boat one figure, shapely and elegant, with a movement at once light and stately.

"Is it worth while to go after her to say goodbye?" he asked himself. "There is not the slightest need of my going. I have done everything that is necessary. She will be safely at home in an hour. Our paths separate here. In a few weeks she will have a divorce. After that she passes out of my life. I need never see her again. The money I owe her will be paid to an agent, and she and Grafton will go abroad as soon as they are married. I will go to the hotel and get something to eat and be ready to leave on the afternoon train."

But he did not start directly for the hotel. On the contrary, he still stood on the platform and watched the graceful figure in fern-leaf, brown and green now nearing the boat. All at once she turned around and seemed to recognize him. Did she beckon to him, or was the movement only accidental? No; she certainly beckoned to him. He replied by a wave of his hand, and jumping from the platform, walked quickly toward the boat.

The little steamer was nearly ready to start when he reached it. The deck hands were taking up the broad delays of freights and baggage. The passengers were most of them on board. Nina still stood on the end of the pier, having turned around to watch his approach. Grafton stood near her, looking vexed and impatient.

"I was afraid you had deserted us," she said, smiling as he came up.

"No, I felt I must say good-bye," he answered. "Possibly I may not see you any more, and—"

"Oh, that sounds too gloomy! It quite damps my spirits. Why not come with me to my journey's end? It is such a little way now, and there is no need to hurry back—unless there is some one anxiously waiting to see you?" she added.

There was a question in the bright, half-laughing, half-serious look she gave him.

"There is some one anxious for my return—I hope," he answered. Her eyes clouded a little.

"Oh, well, she will be all the happier to see you for the little delay. Come with us, and see Rockledge, the little City of Palms. There is nothing so unique. You can come back tomorrow on the return boat."

"Pray let Mr. Lee do as he likes, Nina. He knows his own business best," interposed Grafton, testily.

His remark helped to decide Harry.

"I yield to the temptation," he said stepping on the gang-plank beside her.

In another moment the boat gave its short, final whistle, the plank was pulled in, and the little vessel puffed away into the stream.

Grafton stood a little way off from Lee and Nina, smoking a cigar, and looking sulky and cynical.

After awhile, seeing that no notice was taken of his mood, he flung the cigar into the water, and lounged carelessly up to where they stood. Lee presently moved away, and then Floyd said, abruptly:

"Nina, will you tell me why you did that?"

"What?" she asked, innocently, flushing a little under his look.

"Oh, you know! Why did you invite that man to come on board with you?"

"Through the merest courtesy," she answered. "I thought he would enjoy seeing the Indian River region. He has been generous to me in the matter of the divorce, and he has twice saved me from injury—perhaps worse."

"He is quite a knight-errant," sneered Grafton; "but unlike the knights of old, he is paid for his devotion."

"Grateful—well, yes, I am. He has behaved very well, as I have admitted before. He has stood by his contract so far, though my little business has not paid the bargain money beforehand. But then, remember, he is not tempted to break it. He is not at all in love with you, my sweet, and he is in love with another—a very handsome girl, and rich besides."

He smiled to himself maliciously as he said this, with seeming carelessness, while he covertly watched Nina's face. His keen eye detected the shade that passed over it, but she said, quietly:

"Of course, I take all that in consideration. I only wish to be courteous to a man who has received but little kindness at my hands. After tomorrow I shall never see him again."

"For which I heartily return thanks," muttered Floyd. "I know you think me exacting," he added, feeling that she shrank from him slightly. "But put yourself in my place, dearest. Can I help having a prejudice against this man who has a legal right to be near you always? But I will forgive him since this privilege is to end with today. And I'll even be so generous as to help you make these few hours pleasant to him. Where is he?"

"There, on the front, talking to the captain. He is enjoying the scenery. I know he would."

"He is leaving us alone, for which I am much obliged to him," Floyd said, lightly, as he drew her to a seat near the railing, where they could look over the river, which was calm as a lake and mirrored the tinted clouds overhead.

This tideless and currentless river of salt water was indeed a novel spectacle. As the boat glided slowly along, its banks on either side could be distinctly seen. They were clothed with what seemed an unbroken forest of tall palms and live oaks.

The captain assured Lee that behind this veil of foliage, left to protect the orange groves from the strong salt winds, were houses, villas, beautiful flower gardens, and groves of oranges, lemons and bananas.

Occasionally the boat would stop to put out a quantity of freight and a passenger or two at the extremity of a long, narrow wooden pier built far out over the shallow water, in which innumerable fish were playing, while clouds of wild ducks flew up from sheltered inlets of the island as the boat approached.

There was no vulgar hurry about the little steamer—the "St. Lucie." She moved lazily through the broad, placid waters. Her officers and passengers lounged and chatted on the deck, and exchanged pecks with the young men and girls that, in some instances, stood on the platform at the end of the piers.

It was dusk when the boat arrived at Rockledge. Lee was filled with surprise. They stepped from the deck upon a broad, white-paved street; but on either side of it rose in thick ranks the straight, column-like trunks of tall palms whose pinny branches met and rustled overhead. On one side could be seen a great hotel crowning a terraced height ablaze with electric lights.

On the other was the dim, wide river, with the waves lapping the shore at the base of the flat ledge of coquina rocks that jutted out over the water all along the bank. The soft yellow light of the new risen moon mingled with the white illumination of the electric lamps. A mocking bird was singing somewhere in the orange trees, and a band of music was playing on the piazza of the Hotel Indian River. There were clusters of yellow oranges and lemons hanging on the trees, and their white blossoms on the same bough, perfuming the dewy air.

It was bewildering, particularly to those who had seen snow and slush piled up in the streets of the city they had left but a few days ago.

Nina enjoyed the surprise of her companions.

"I know you would think Rockledge a bit of fairy-land," she said. "It is so all the way nearly, to my home, half a mile further on. We will walk there along the river path, though I suppose some one is here with a conveyance to meet me. Yes—here is—How do you do, Mr. Davis? You got my telegram, I see."

She spoke to a tall, broad-shouldered, swartly-looking man in a blue flannel overshirt, who had stepped up to her and pulled off his broad palmetto hat.

"Yes, ma'am," he said, "I got your message and my wife's made ready for you. I've brought the road-wagon; it's back here a piece. You know they don't 'low no wheeled conveyance on the front 'cep'n' trucks and wheelbarrows."

"Yes, I know. Well, Mr. Davis, you can take the trucks; we will walk to the house, it is such a little way, and the moon is kind enough to light it. It is the levellest walk you can imagine," she added, turning to the others.

It was a lovely walk indeed. The path ran along the riverside through the grounds belonging to a succession of little villas, separated by light iron fences with turning gates. Overhead all the way were the rustling palms, their tall trunks giving the semblance of a continuous colonnade. On one side were the cottages, each embowered in its grove of lemon or orange trees; on the other hand was the river with its putting ledge of coquina rocks fringed by sea-mosses, ferns and palmettoes.

## Children Cry for Fletcher's



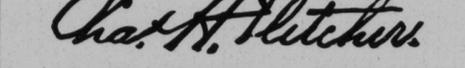
The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Dr. J. C. Ayer, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

## What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

## GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of



## In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Nina walked on with buoyant steps. She had taken off her hat, and the soft wind played with the dark little curls that clustered about her forehead and her neck, as she moved on, now in the moonlight, now in the shadow of the palm-trees.

They came at length to a strip of wild woods where the moonlight failed to penetrate the branches of the great live oaks, hung with long, gray moss. Everything looked weird and wild, and with the instinct of protection, Lee put out his hand in the dusk to take Nina's hand and put it on his arm.

He withdrew it quickly, for he found that she had laid her hand on Grafton's arm, and he had placed his over it.

In another moment they had emerged from the woods. They came into open grounds, and caught sight of a light gleaming through trees and shrubbery a little distance from the road.

"This is my habitation," Nina cried, as she stopped before a gate set in an untrimmed hedge of wild olive trees and Spanish bayonets. "Looks weird, doesn't it?" she went on, as they passed inside; "but this is the place. Here is the great live oak tree, and the seat in it my father made for me. And that is old Hector's bark. My father brought him from Cuba with us. Hector!" she called out.

A great black dog appeared in the shadowed walk, and walked toward them, uttering a warning growl.

"Don't you know me, Hector?" With a quick bound, he sprang at her and crouched at her feet, wagging his tail for joy.

"Isn't he splendid?" she asked of Floyd, looking up from the shaggy black head she was caressing.

"He's a handsome fellow," Grafton replied.

He stretched out his hand to pat the dog, but Hector regarded him with disfavour, and showed his white teeth in a snarl. The snarl changed to a growl as the shapely hand touched his head. He shook it off, and his eyes glared menacingly.

"Why, Hector! what has come over you? You were always good to my friends," exclaimed his mistress. "Make friends now with Mr. Grafton. Shake hands with him, and say 'How do you do.'"

The dog stretched out his paw reluctantly, and just touched the white hand held out to him; then drew it back.

"You won't say 'How do you do?' You are a naughty dog. You have forgotten all your manners," said Nina.

The dog dropped his tail, and looked unhappy under the reproof.

"Hector, won't you shake hands with me?" asked Lee, stooping down and holding out his hand. The big dog looked at him suspiciously; then his fierce eyes softened, and out went his great paw and was laid in Harry's hand, while he uttered three short barks that meant "How do you do," in dog language.

Grafton looked vexed and disdainful.

"It is queer," Nina said, excitedly. "Hector has his whims; he is as spoiled as they say I am."

"No," explained Harry. "Hector has instincts. He is jealous of those you care for. He is not a bit jealous of me."

She looked up at him quickly, then her eyes dropped. She said nothing, only nodded with a little constrained smile.

They went on down the walk, bordered by orange trees; some bursly and close, others with gnarled branches that had caught the malady of the long moss from the gray-bearded old live oak. The sweet damp smell of foliage and flowers was in the dewy night air. The

green leaves glistened, hundreds of tiny insects piped from the tall grass.

Standing on the steps to give them greeting was a sorrow faced, languid-looking young woman in a blue calico Mother Hubbard, with a baby in her arms, and a youngster holding to her skirts.

"How do do, Miss Nina?" she said in a soft, drawing voice. "You've grown powerful, and you're prettier than ever. I reckon you hardly know me, I've got so thin and yellow. Peter says it's the snuff, but I know better. I took the malady when I went to sea ma on the lake, and I've had the dumb chills ever since."

"Oh, yes; I know you, Mrs. Davis; I could never forget your nice brown eyes. But I don't know this young person," taking the baby's chubby red fingers in her slim, white ones. "He is a stranger."

"Taint a he, Miss Nina; it's a she. All Peter's children turn out to be girls. It runs in the family. I hope you'll have better luck. Peter told me you wrote that you was married. I'm sure I wish you well—you and your good man."

She looked from one to the other of the two men, and then at Nina, as if she expected to be introduced to the newly made husband; but Nina was kissing the baby, hiding her blushing cheeks in its flaxen curls.

She looked up quickly, and exclaimed:

"I am sure I smell coffee. Have you anything to satisfy our voracious appetites, Mrs. Davis?"

"To be sure. Supper is ready and waiting. He came with the trunks awhile ago, and he's gone to put up the horse. Come right in and help yourselves."

She led the way to a room at the

## THE WEEK IN NEWCASTLE

**Met With Accident**  
William McCullam met with an accident last week by having one of his toes split with an axe.

**Stenographer's Note Books**  
Good quality Stenographers' Note Books for sale at the Advocate Job Dept. Price 10 cents.

**Methodist Church Services**  
Rev. Mr. Wilson of Ottawa, will preach in the Methodist Church, Newcastle, on Sabbath the 15th inst. both morning and evening. Mr. Wilson will preach at Maple Glen in the afternoon at 3 o'clock.

**Acknowledgment**  
Mayor Stothart acknowledges the receipt of a check for \$25.00 through Mr. H. Williston, from the local court of the Canadian Order of Foresters, also \$10.00 from Mr. D. S. Moore, which amounts are to go towards the purchase of machine guns.

**Lawn Social**  
The ladies of the W. M. S. of Strathadam and South Esk, are advertising in this issue of the Advocate a lawn social, to be held on Mr. Robt. Adam's lawn on Wednesday evening next, commencing at five o'clock. Read the advt. and remember the date.

**Micmacs Enlisted**  
The fighting spirit of our Micmac Indians is beginning to assert itself. Already five from Redbank and Eel Ground have enlisted. They are Joe Peter Paul, Redbank; Chas. Alexander, Louis John, Joe Johnson and Alexander Condo, Eel Ground.

**Broke His Arm**  
The little seven year old son of Mr. John Thompson, of the L. R. C. restaurant, while playing on Monday night, met with a painful accident, breaking an arm by falling off a fence. Dr. Desmond set the break and the little fellow is now resting comfortably.

**Recruiting Meeting**  
Posters have been put up announcing a recruiting meeting to be held in the park on Friday evening next, beginning at 8 o'clock. The band will be in attendance, and the meeting will be addressed by Lieut. Brooks, of the 55th Battalion. It would not be out of place if children were kept at home on Friday night, giving those who wish to hear what is being said a chance. These meetings are not held for children, and parents should keep them at home.

**Over-Sea Tobacco Fund**  
Postmaster Troy has received an Overseas collecting card to be posted in the post office, and is authorized to take subscriptions for the overseas tobacco fund to purchase tobacco for the soldiers. For twenty-five cents the club will be able to supply 50 cigarettes, 4 oz. smoking mixture, a box of matches and a postcard. For \$1.00—50 cigarettes, 4 oz. smoking mixture, 1 briar pipe, 1 tinder lighter, 1 rubber lined pouch, some matches and a postcard.

**Three From One Family**  
The papers throughout the province from time to time take pleasure in showing up the patriotism of some particular family who has contributed several sons for overseas service, but they have nothing on the family of Mr. John Tardy of Newcastle, who now has three sons fighting for the Empire. Frank, who enlisted here, is with the 26th Battalion; Joseph, who enlisted in Melbourne, Australia, is at the Dardanelles, and Robert enlisted here, and is with the 55th Battalion.

**Results are Sure**  
To keep persistently at it is what counts when results are wanted by advertising. It is the advertiser who sticks at it, who is determined to get results, that finally gets his reward. This fact has been carried out by an Advocate advertiser who inserted a want advt. in these columns. It almost looked as if he would not get the results he desired, until at last the paper reached the very people his advt. was intended for, and the result was that enquiry after enquiry came pouring in, and now he sees the advantage of sticking right at it.

**Took it Home With Them**  
The Newcastle baseball players asked and received \$15 for playing in the war anniversary games in Chatham, and started for home with the cash the instant the game ended. The Loggieville boys asked for nothing—Chatham World. Another sore-head! It is plain to be seen that poor Newcastle would not have much chance on the map if the editor of the World had his way about it. The above item reads very nicely, but if the World man had taken his eyes off the pretty girls long enough, during the supper hour, he would have seen the Newcastle boys lined up at the table. More than that, what change they had left they spent at the dance, and returned home with empty pockets. Don't be so grouchy. Brother Stewart, we have not noticed your name at the head of any contribution list, as yet.

**Pure Toilet Paper**  
Epson Pure Tissue Boudoir paper, flat, for sale at the Advocate Job Dept. 10c per package.

**Mass Held for Soldiers**  
In St. Mary's church Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock a high mass was sung by Rev. P. W. Dixon for the soldiers engaged in the present European war and also for those who have given their lives in defence of their country.

**Red Cross Contributions**  
At the regular business meeting of the local Red Cross Society, held in the Town Hall on Aug. 3rd, \$100 was voted to the Colonel Murray McLaren hospital. Votes of thanks were also tendered the ladies who gave assistance at the Red Cross picnic held recently at Burnt Church, to the Newcastle band who furnished the music, and to the baseball boys.

**ACKNOWLEDGMENT**  
W. J. Jardine, Treasurer, acknowledges receipt of the following contributions to the Canadian Patriotic Fund:  
Parish of Nelson, entertainment and dance, G. P. Bur-chill, Treasurer \$ 73.45  
St. Andrews Sunday School, Blackville 7.39  
Parish of Derby, entertainment at Renous 100.00  
James Whitney, Whitneyville 10.00  
Previously acknowledged 2936.77  
\$3127.61

### Women's Institute Monthly Meeting

The monthly meeting of the Women's Institute was held last evening in the town hall. Four new members were received, making a total membership of fifteen.  
Mrs. H. H. Stuart was elected delegate to attend the annual convention to be held in Fredericton, Oct. 5th, 6th and 7th. Mrs. D. P. Doyle was elected alternate.  
An excellent paper on "The dangers of over fatigue" was read by Mrs. Doyle.

### August 4th Celebration

(Continued from page 5)  
Wireless Telegraphy—Marconi, an Italian.  
Electric light, incandescent system—Edison, an American.  
Antiseptic Surgery—Lister  
Anesthetics—Watson, an American and Simpson, a Scotchman.  
Smallpox vaccine—Jennings an English doctor.

You will see the Germans are not originating people. If you want to find the result of research, go to a German. If you want to find the taking up of the inventions I have spoken of, go to a German. In my opinion, the German is as a plodding boy to the genius. He is not our equal in power, but Germany eclipses us on account of her application.

A duty is upon us. Let us stand by our Empire in this the greatest war the world has ever known.  
Mothers, send your sons, sisters, send your brothers, sweethearts, send your lovers. Who would be accused of being in some summer camp picnicking when the call to arms comes? These brave boys of ours are struggling for their freedom and ours.

Hon. Mr. Powell was also given a hearty applause, and then the third and last speaker, Hon. L. J. Tweedie, of Chatham, gave a very interesting address as follows:

**HON. L. J. TWEEDIE**  
Your Worship, the Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen: I suppose there are some of you here who know something about baseball and baseball fans. I happen to be on third base now, and it is my duty to make the home run as soon as I can. (Applause.)

We have heard a great deal about the cause of the war and this anniversary today. It strikes me we have not hit the point altogether. We have been asked by the proclamation of the Lieut. Governor to proclaim our intention of continuing the war. That resolution was passed on Aug. 4th 1914, when war was declared and we will continue the war until the end we set out to accomplish is accomplished. The British bull dog is taking hold and he will never let go until his enemy is under his feet.

I have heard a great many speeches in regard to this war and on the cause of it. There is no need to give the history of Belgium, France and Russia. The war is a mistake. All domestic differences are a mistake. Wars have come and gone and dynasties have perished, by the mistake of man, and one of the mistakes of war in the history of England was eloquently described by Tennyson when he said:  
When can their glory fade,  
Honor the charge they made,  
Honor the Light Brigade,  
and still that charge of the Light

Brigade was caused by the mistake of one man and this conflict has been caused by the mistake of the Kaiser. He began to think that he had the whole world at his command. He thought that the British Lion was getting old and that once he got into France it would be an easy matter to get to Russia and defeat them. He was also taking advantage of the internal difficulty in Ireland. But what a mistake he made, because when the German army marched through Belgium and England declared war, what happened? From the Pacific and Atlantic, when came the message, "England has declared war stand by the Empire, you could hear the great cry, "Rule Britannia" and "God Save the King." What has Canada done? She has done her best. In this province of New Brunswick and on the North Shore, the ladies have been admirably doing what they consider their duty. I find that we have a Patriotic Fund, we have a Red Cross, still I find people say Germany has sixteen machine guns to every battalion, and we have only four. That is the duty of our Government. Our duty is to look after our boys who have volunteered their services. If the Government does not provide machine guns, it is no fault of our nation. There is a good deal said about recruiting. I have always refrained from persuading a boy to go to the front. If he has not the manhood, you cannot drive it into him. A great number of our boys who have volunteered may not come back, still they are building up this country. What will be the result to Canada when this war is over? Canada will reap more benefit than any other portion of this globe. Why, we say, and I give the reason: We have sent our men forward, boys who have received recognition everywhere for their valor. Canada's name will come to the fore, and there will be an immigration to this country, the like of which has never been seen. We need not fear the end of the war. England has always been victorious and will be still. She has great resources, she has kept the seas clear, she is financing the nation. It may take another year, but in the end it will tell.

After the war is over a better and higher universe will be. Man will see that these terrible wars and slaughters are simply a thing of the past.  
The speaker then concluded with the following quotations from Tennyson and Burns:  
Ring out the valiant man and free,  
The larger heart, the kindlier hand,  
Ring out the darkness of the land,  
Ring in the Christ that is to be.  
Then let us pray that come it may,  
As come it will for a' that,  
That man to man the world o'er,  
Shall brothers be for a' that.  
This brought to a close the program for the afternoon.  
During the afternoon young ladies sold patriotic tags, from which the sum of \$97.23 was realized. The ladies who sold, and the individual amounts collected were as follows:  
Miss Evelyn Williamson \$ 8.50  
Misses Morris and Buckley 17.00  
Misses O'Donnell and Savage 22.20  
Misses Stothart and Bell 13.61  
Misses Parker and McMaster 18.84  
Misses Lindon, Savage and McMaster 17.08  
\$97.23

**The Parade**  
Considering the short time in which to make ready, the parade in the evening was well arranged, and participated in by about fifteen autos and a large number of carriages.  
The parade was marshalled and led by Chief Chamberlain, mounted, followed by the band, autos and carriages. The delivery auto of George Stables was decorated to represent a Red Cross ambulance, and was very striking.  
After a march through town the parade broke up at the square. After the band had played a couple of selections, appropriate speeches were made by Mayor Stothart, Rev. W. J. Bate, Rev. M. S. Richardson, Rev. S. J. Macarthur, and also by Lieut. Col. Armstrong, of St. John, who was here for the purpose of looking after recruiting.  
Strong appeals were made by the speakers for the young men to come to the call of the Empire. At the close of the speeches, thirteen volunteers came forward, amid loud cheers from the assemblage, and signified their willingness to enlist. Out of the thirteen, eight only could pass the examination, and they were: Geo. Gekie, Millbank, Williston McKenzie, Douglastown Ed. Hachey, Newcastle Fred Casey, Newcastle Frank Bouchey, Newcastle, Chas. Malley, Nelson Adolphus Ceaslang, (Russian) Geo. Sherwood, Moncton. Those rejected were Patrick Randles, Newcastle Joseph Masterson, Nelson John Edmonds, Newcastle Joseph Hosford, Trout Brook Wm. Dalgle, Newcastle.

During the afternoon and evening entertainment was conducted by Messrs. Geo. Stables, J. R. Lawlor and John Kingston, the proceeds of which amounted to \$50.82.  
The town in general, on Wednesday last, presented an appearance of gay activity, and judging by the large crowd of people who thronged our streets during the afternoon and evening, we may safely say they felt perfectly contented at remaining at home, as the Advocate kindly suggested in its last issue.

## PERSONAL

Miss Grace Savage is visiting friends in Fredericton.

Miss Lillian Williamson is visiting relatives in Fredericton.

Miss Emma Delano is spending a few days with relatives in Derby.

Miss Jennie Mather is spending a few weeks with friends here.

Mrs. J. D. McNutt of Truro, is the guest of Miss Edna Payne.

Mr. Merle Wilson of Ottawa, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John Ashford.

Miss Irene Kane of Malden, Mass., is spending a vacation at her home here.

Miss Edna MacDougal of Truro, is visiting her sister, Mrs. E. Barpee Gillespie.

Miss Helen McLeod of Amherst is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. G. G. Stothart.

Master Bertram Lawrence of St. John, is spending a vacation with relatives in town.

Miss Alexa Forsyth of Boom Road, spent Sunday with her aunt, Mrs. George Black.

Mrs. Fred Moore and daughter, Miss Emily, of Moncton, are visiting friends in town.

Mr. Jack Bell of Toronto, is spending his vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bell.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Fraser and Miss Fraser of Moncton, spent the week-end with friends in town.

A baby girl arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur Somers at Halcomb, on Sunday, Aug. 8th.

Mr. Chas. McLean who has been visiting relatives in Lawrence, Mass., returned home last Wednesday.

Miss Florence McGrath of Chatham, is spending a vacation with her cousin, Miss Cecelia McGrath.

Mrs. McName, of New Haven, Conn., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Wm. Carruthers, at Millerton.

Mr. Herbert Morell of the Bank of Nova Scotia Campbellton, is spending his vacation at his home here.

Mrs. F. C. McGrath and son Ray, left by Tuesday's Limited to visit friends and relatives in Summerside, P. E. I.

Miss Eileen and Master Edwin Stuart have gone to spend a few weeks with relatives at Fredericton Junction.

Mr. William Harrison of Halifax, spent Sunday with his parents, Rev. Wm. and Mrs. Harrison, at the Methodist parsonage.

Messrs. E. J. Morris and C. P. McCabe left on Tuesday's Limited for a trip to Summerside and other island cities.

Miss Mame Bernard has returned to St. John, after a pleasant visit spent with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Bernard.

Mr. Thomas McEwen of Brockton, Mass., is spending a three weeks vacation with friends and relatives on the Miramichi.

Miss Annie McDonald and Miss Mildred King, of Nelson spent Thursday of last week with Miss McCullam, of Newcastle.

Mr. Fred Moore, accompanied by his son Claude, left on No. 199 Ocean Limited this afternoon for Newcastle.—Saturday's Transcript.

Miss Mabel Gorman, of St. Elizabeth Hospital, Boston, Mass., is spending her vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Gorman, Nelson.

Miss Willa Bell, accompanied by her mother, leaves by to-day's Limited for Montreal, where she will be one of the principals in a happy event which is to take place shortly.

Mrs. R. J. Baxter of Fredericton, and Mrs. Malcolm Pickett of Chatham, spent Tuesday in town, the guests of Mrs. Robert Jarvis.

The many friends of Mrs. Sarah Desmond, mother of Dr. F. J. Desmond, will regret to hear she is in declining health, and may very soon pass to her final reward. This respected lady is now in her 86th year.

The Misses Annie and Jean Aitken, sisters of Sir Max Aitken, and Miss Lawrence, who have been on a fishing trip to the Big Hole for the past few days, returned to town on Saturday. On Monday they made the round trip on the Alexandra from Newcastle to Escuminac.

Mr. C. E. McLaggan, Manager of the Royal Bank of Canada, New Glasgow, N. S., and little daughter, arrived here on the Ocean Limited, Wednesday, Aug. 4th, and proceeded by Whooper to Blackville that afternoon. Mr. McLaggan is a native of Blackville and his numerous friends welcome him home. He will also visit other Miramichi friends.



## Here is a Good Boot

**Solid Leather, Lightweight, Waterproof**

This lightweight Boot is a NEW design, and is meant for Spring and Summer wear. It's Soft as a Glove—Waterproof—and Made on Right and Left Lasts. Especially for Farmers and Workingmen, is this Boot Suitable

**JOHN FERGUSON & SONS**  
LOUNSBURY BLOCK, PHONE 10

## Unloading To-day

Car of "Beaver" Flour  
Car of Canada Cement in bags  
Car of Springfield Screened Coal

**THE STOTHART MERCANTILE CO., LTD.**  
Newcastle, N. B. Phone 45

ICE CREAM & SODA



## A MOST REFRESHING SCENE

can be seen any day or evening at Morris' soda fountain. The invigorating influences of the drinks dispensed here seem to be reflected in the braced-up, satisfied appearance of our patrons. And you see the same faces here every day. Want any better recommendation than that?

**THE "PENSLAR" STORE, E. J. MORRIS, Prop.**

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A NEW SUPPLY OF

## HOT WATER BOTTLES

PRICES FROM \$1.00 TO \$2.50 EACH

The better ones are all guaranteed for one year.

## A new lot of OLIVE OIL has just arrived

Four sizes, 25c, 40c, 75c and \$1.25 per bottle. Pure and Fresh.

**THE PHARMACY, A. E. SHAW, Druggist**

## Now For Haying Machinery

We have everything the Farmer requires for making Hay. Before you buy see the Frost & Wood Mower and Rake.

### THEY EXCEL ALL OTHERS

We have also on hand a full stock of McLaughlan and Gray Driving Carriages and Express Wagons.

PIANOS AND ORGANS DeLAVAL & EMPIRE CREAM SEPARATORS

**MIRAMICHI FARM IMPLEMENT CO. LIMITED**

Newcastle Tracadie Neguac Rogersville.

## Gooseberries Gooseberries

THIS IS PRESERVING WEEK

BERRIES are coming in fine shape. Large full boxes of first class fruit. order now, Fruit Jars, Rubber Ring, Parowax.

THE HOT WEATHER HAS COME

LET US SEND YOU A CASE OF—

Ginger Beer or Ginger Ale Delicious Drinks, Fruit Syrups, Lime Juice, Grape Juice.

Don't Stand over the Hot Stove Cooking. We have Fresh Bread daily. Pound Sultana and Citron Cake always Frest.

CANNED MEATS OF EVERY KIND

**GEORGE STABLES**

GROCERIES PHONE 8 CROCKERYWARE

## LAWN SOCIAL AT STRATHADAM

The W. M. S. of Strathadam and South Esk will hold an ICE CREAM SOCIAL

—ON—  
Robt. Adam's Lawn  
Wednesday Aug. 18th,  
Commencing at five o'clock

If weather proves unfavorable, it will be held first fine evening. 33-1 By Order Committee