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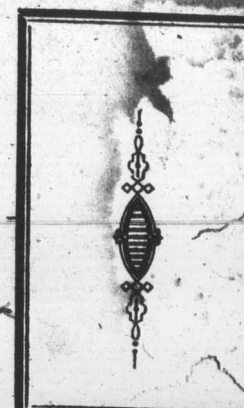
Superior Work  
Prompt Service  
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The Reporter Office  
Athens, Ont.

# The Athens Reporter

—AND—

COUNTY OF LEEDS ADVERTISER.



Vol. XXIX. No. 4

Athens, Leeds County, Ontario, Wednesday, Jan. 22, 1913.

G. F. Donnelley, Publisher

BROCKVILLE'S GREATEST STORE

## The White Sale

The big event that hundreds have been waiting for—our great annual sale of White Goods and White Wear. An avalanche of of snowy, dainty undermuslins has descended on the Big store, and this enormous offering of the best, the latest, in white goods is now on sale at substantially reduced prices. Our entire

### Immense New Stock of White-wear at Sacrifice Prices

Visit the store and see the great displays. You'll find our white wear to be finer, better made, more exclusive in style and superior in quality. Every article at a specially reduced price for this sale.

**Night Gowns**—Ladies' Slip Over Gowns—Kimono Sleeve lace edging on sleeves and neck, with ribbon drawing sale price ..... 49c  
Superior Gowns at 69c and 89c.

**Underskirts**—Good cambric with deep tucked frill, 2 rows torchon lace insertion, plain dust frill; sale price ..... 86c  
Superior Underskirts at \$1.04 and \$1.35.

**Corset Covers**—Ladies' Corset Cover—With deep torchon lace back and front, gathered with ribbon; sale price... 22c  
Superior Corset Cover at 45c.

**Drawers**—Ladies' Drawers—Extra strong cotton, circular style, lace edging at bottom, open or closed, sale price... 22c  
Superior Drawers at 30c and 45c.

Bargains in Towels, Pillow Slips, Etc.  
Entire new stock of Embroideries at reduced prices.  
2,000 yards White Val. Lace at half price.

**ROBERT WRIGHT & CO.**  
BROCKVILLE, CANADA.

## Big Sale of Suit Cases and Travelling Bags

Over 200 to select from

**KELLY'S**

The Shoe Store of Quality  
Next Door West of Robert Wright's. BROCKVILLE

## The Big Sale of the Season

You can't beat these bargains

50c Silk Squares 15c—3 doz. Silk Squares, dark and medium colors, just the thing for the boy going to school. Most of them sold at 75c.

75c Boys' Sweaters 35c—5 doz. Boys' Sweaters, with deep collar nice clean yarn and all wool; red and black, grey and green, tan and brown. Regular 75c line.

75c Working Shirts 59c—10 doz. black and white striped drill shirts, all seams double stitched and a big, roomy shirt. Regular 75c line.

\$1.50 Men's Sweater Coats for 75c—30 only of them left. They are all wool made with a deep collar to button up to the neck. Colors, grey with blue and red trimmings.

Any Soft or Stiff Hat in the Store; Regular \$2.00 and \$3.00 for \$1.00

**COLCOCK'S**

Brockville — Ontario

### VILLAGE COUNCIL

The village council met on Friday evening last. All members present.

Moved by E. Taylor, seconded by J. F. Gordon, that the following accounts be paid: F. Blancher, wood for hall \$2.80, and for charity \$2.50; St. Vincent de Paul Hospital, \$16.10, for care of Gordon Foley; H. O. Phillips, D. R. O. election expenses \$14.—Carried.

The clerk was instructed to order six copies of Municipal World.

On motion, council adjourned until Saturday evening.

Order passed for payment of A. Watson's account, \$18.12, for cleaning hall.

Resolved, that regular meetings of council be held on the first Thursday of each month.

Council adjourned until Friday evening, Jan. 24, at 8 p.m.

G. F. Donnelley, Clerk.

### TOWNSHIP COUNCIL

The first meeting of the Council of Rear Yonge and Escott for 1913 was held on Monday, 18th inst., at eleven o'clock, when Messrs. A. M. Ferguson, Reeve, Jas. Caghan, S. W. Kelly, W. C. Hayes and Thos. Heffernan, Councillors, made and subscribed to the declarations of office and qualification.

Accounts ordered paid: J. P. Lamb and Son, \$2.68, fumigating supplied for Mrs. Dillon's house; The Municipal World \$5.00 for six copies of the paper; The Times Printing Co., Peterboro, \$8.90, election supplies and municipal blanks.

Council adjourned until 1.30.

Council met pursuant to adjournment.

Officers appointed by By-Law: R. E. Cornell, Clerk, salary of \$185 (extra work, except care of hall and registrations, included); Irwin Wiltse, Treasurer, salary \$35.00; Thos. G. Spence and W. C. Brown, Auditors, salary \$5 each; J. F. Harte, M.D., Medical Health Officer; Joseph M. Clow, Assessor, salary \$40.00; Wm. Townies, Sanitary Inspector, R. E. Cornell, caretaker of hall, salary \$10; A. W. Johnston, member of the Local Board of Health.

Accounts ordered paid: Officers for municipal elections \$34.50; The Times and Recorder, \$22.00 each for publishing High School By-Law.

Council adjourned until Feb. 10th.

Special meeting called by the Reeve on Saturday evening, 18th inst., at 7.30. Members all present.

Fred W. Scovil appointed High School Trustee.

John Fortune appointed Inspector and Valuer of sheep killed by dogs, and any person intending to ask for compensation for damages to sheep by dogs to notify said Inspector within 48 hours after having sheep killed.

Orders on Treasurer: Smith's Falls Public Hospital for care and medicine of James Moulton, an indigent, \$62.00.

Hospital for Sick Children, Toronto, grant \$5.00; G. F. Donnelley, Publishing High School By-Law, \$22.00, and printing ballots for Municipal and High School By Law election \$6.00.

Council adjourned until Feb. 10th unless sooner called by the Reeve.

R. E. Cornell, Clerk

### GLEN MORRIS

Miss Lily Morris is visiting June-town friends.

Mr John King had a wood bee on Wednesday last.

Mr and Mrs Johnson Frye, Soper-ton, visited at S. J. Morris' on Saturday.

Mr Johnson Morris recently purchased some pure-bred stock from S. Hollingsworth.

Mr and Mrs John Fortune visited at W. Whaley's on Sunday.

Mr W. Wills, Redan, and Mr W. King, Lyn, were recent guests of Mr John King.

### PARISH OF KITLEY

The annual meeting of the Frank-ville branch of the Anglican Wo-man's Auxiliary took place at the Rec-tory, January 10th at 2 p.m. Officers elected for ensuing year were:

Hon. President—Mrs W. Davis.  
President—Mrs Ralcliffe.  
Vice President—Miss Alice Doolan.  
Recording Secretary—Mrs Albert Hanton.

Corresponding Secretary—Mrs Mor-ton Davis.  
Treas.—Mrs W. Percival.  
Dorcas Secretary—Mrs Russell Han-son.

### FARMERS, BOYS AND GIRLS

The Department of Agriculture, in its score of divisions, is pleasantly exhibited in a large handsome room in the Parish Block, Athens, and is represented by Mr Walter Smith, a gentleman well qualified for the work, aided by a very competent stenograph-er lady assistant. The pleasure and courtesy he evinces—the heartfelt in-terest he takes in evidence of his high sense of the duty he owes to high, low rich and poor alike. He is evidently anxious that all those whose interests are promoted by this matter should promptly avail themselves of the ad-vantages offered.

Agriculture, from the day when Adam ceased to dress the garden of Eden, has had a slow, steady advance. The secrets revealed during six thou-sand years in this line are being col-lected, condensed, their values brought to view in the little treatises on each detail of the Department and in a most instructive and attractive man-ner.

After it was said "Cursed is the ground for thy sake," weeds took a new life, noxious insects multiplied, and man began to earn his bread by the sweat of his brow.

If farmers, boys and girls would read these booklets called "Bulletins" (which are given gratis), they would soon see that there was a sure way to put spare change in their pockets and valuable thoughts in their brain.

Nothing pleases Mr Walter Smith more than to have people call and secure these little helps, or to ask him to help to locate, in a certain field, drains to advantage—it seems to me I could write fifty pages of strong reasons why.

If farmers would offer their boys and girls a prize to read and to answer from these little books, and continue from childhood on best methods of eradicating weeds, destroying noxious insects, and the proper rotation of crops, to say the least, the Agriculture of Ontario would be worth a million ten year old farmers who would know many things of value that the old farmers would not.

A great pleasure would pass between father and son and in no way interfere with the District School.

W. S. Hough

### PRISON AND LASHES

Clarence Langley, convicted before Judge McDonald of an indecent as-sault upon Miss Maude Hewitt, was on Saturday sentenced to one year at hard labor in the Central Prison. His Honor also imposed twenty lashes ten to be administered thirty days after entering that institution and ten more three months later.

Langley had nothing to say for him-self, after which the judge referred to his conduct in having, in company with his brother and another girl, whom the brother admitted is not of good character, taken the English girl to the country in the first place to a house which they admitted was of ill-repute and from there to a church of the Holiness Movement at Glenmore, three miles away from the road which they should have taken in coming home, of his and his brother having opened this church at which a New Year's Eve watch-meeting had been held a few hours before, and hav-ing there been guilty of the indecent assault complained of.

The prisoner is a married man with a wife and two children.

### APPLICATION TO PARLIAMENT

Notice is hereby given that an ap-plication will be made to the Legis-lative Assembly for the Province of Ontario at its next Session for an Act amalgamating the North Lanark Railway Company with the Ot-tawa and St. Lawrence Electric Railway Company under the name of the Ottawa and St. Lawrence Electric Railway Company, and increasing the capital stock of the Ottawa and St. Lawrence Electric Railway Company from one million dollars to five million dollars by the creation of forty thousand additional shares of the par value of \$100 each, and for power to issue bonds and borrow money to the extent of thirty thousand dollars per mile of the said Railway, and to extend the time for the com-encement and completion of the said undertaking.

Dated this 24th day of December, 1912, Johnston, McKay, Dodds & Grant, Traders' Bank Building, Tor-onto, Solicitors for the Applicants. 4-9

## Big Reductions Throughout the Store

DURING THE

## GREAT JANUARY SALE

No matter what you want, you can buy at a Great Sale

\$4.50 Nett Waists—Silk lined, all sizes, in black or ecru \$2.9  
25c Women's Cashmere Gloves, all colors and black, all sizes ..... 19c  
98c Lawn Blouses—Allover embroidery sleeve, all sizes... 69c  
\$4.50 Black Silk Waists ..... \$1.98  
50c Corsets, new Spring model, 6 hose supporters, attached 69c  
85c Women's Flannelette Gowns, pink only ..... 69c  
75c and 50c Dress Materials in all wool and silk and wool 39c  
75c and 50c all Wool Waistings and Delaines ..... 25c  
25c Children's Fleece Lined Vests, all sizes ..... 15c  
\$8.00 Women's Sweaters, all wool ..... \$1.90  
\$1.20 Black Paillette Silk, also colors, one yd. all silk ..... 85c  
40 inch Satin, all colors, regular \$1.20 ..... 79c  
12c Stripe Flannelette, extra heavy, extra wide, regular 12c ..... 8c

**C.H. POST**

Phone 54  
BROCKVILLE — ONTARIO

## January - - - Cheap Sale

NOW ON

All Winter Goods  
Reduced before  
Stock-Taking.

## GLOBE CLOTHING HOUSE

The Store of Quality

BROCKVILLE — ONTARIO

## Suits That Stand Out

From the ordinary in the crowd are the regular products of our work rooms. You get none but fashionable clothes here, because that is the only kind we produce. Try us on your new suit and see how perfectly we fit you, and how well the clothes are made.

**M. J. KEHOE**

Clerical Suits a Specialty.

PART OF THIS PAGE MISSING

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

LESSON IV.—JAN. 26, 1913.

Cain and Abel.—Gen. 4: 1-15.

Commentary.—I. Two offerings (vs. 1-7). A man from the Lord—Eve gladly acknowledged the hand of the Lord...

II. Was measured in the curse upon Cain. Our last lesson described the origin of sin. This lesson portrays its progress...

III. Was measured in the curse upon Cain. Our last lesson described the origin of sin. This lesson portrays its progress...

IV. Was measured in the curse upon Cain. Our last lesson described the origin of sin. This lesson portrays its progress...

V. Was measured in the curse upon Cain. Our last lesson described the origin of sin. This lesson portrays its progress...

VI. Was measured in the curse upon Cain. Our last lesson described the origin of sin. This lesson portrays its progress...

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VIII. Was measured in the curse upon Cain. Our last lesson described the origin of sin. This lesson portrays its progress...

IX. Was measured in the curse upon Cain. Our last lesson described the origin of sin. This lesson portrays its progress...

X. Was measured in the curse upon Cain. Our last lesson described the origin of sin. This lesson portrays its progress...

XI. Was measured in the curse upon Cain. Our last lesson described the origin of sin. This lesson portrays its progress...

Cain a living monument of the curse of blood-guiltiness.—Whedon. Punishment of the severest kind would be visited upon the slayer of Cain...

Questions.—Who were Cain and Abel? What was the business of each? What was the nature of Cain's offering to the Lord?

Answers.—Who were Cain and Abel? Cain and Abel, the first-born and second-born of Adam and Eve.

Answers.—What was the business of each? Cain was a tiller of the soil, and Abel was a keeper of sheep.

Answers.—What was the nature of Cain's offering to the Lord? Cain brought an offering of the first-fruits of the soil.

Answers.—Why did the Lord regard Cain's offering with contempt? Because Cain did not bring the first-fruits of the soil.

Answers.—Why did the Lord regard Abel's offering with favor? Because Abel brought the first-fruits of the flock.

Answers.—Why did the Lord punish Cain? Because he killed his brother Abel.

Answers.—Why did the Lord punish Abel? Because he was the first to be killed.

Answers.—Why did the Lord punish the serpent? Because he tempted Eve to eat the forbidden fruit.

Answers.—Why did the Lord punish Eve? Because she ate the forbidden fruit.

Answers.—Why did the Lord punish Adam? Because he ate the forbidden fruit.

Answers.—Why did the Lord punish the world? Because of the sin of Adam.

Answers.—Why did the Lord punish the world? Because of the sin of Adam.

Answers.—Why did the Lord punish the world? Because of the sin of Adam.

It makes every difference in the world to the farm and the fertility whether the owner takes away from it and sells a bushel of corn for a quarter or a pound of butter for a quarter...

Dressed poultry that is considered first class in market is well fattened (so that the breast bone does not stick out like the keel of a boat), yellow flesh, not only well dressed and cleanly picked—not roughed up or torn—clean pin feathers, and no dirt on legs or feet.

FARM NEWS AND VIEWS. Hogs of different ages and sizes will not do well in one herd. They should be separated into small herds, according to their ages and conditions.

Oats as a hog food have never been very popular for two reasons. First, the price is usually too high, and second, the feeding value is not so great per pound for hogs as that of corn.

Ground oats with the hulls sifted out make almost ideal food for young pigs. While oats scattered on the ground in a dry place make an excellent feed for brood sows, Crutcher or ground oats as a chop may form one-third the ration for brood sows or growing pigs until they reach the period of fattening, but oats are not profitable as a feed for fattening hogs.

Professor J. H. Sheppard, dean of agriculture, North Dakota Agricultural College, says the amount of dry matter in a corn field increases at almost a regular rate from the time of tasseling until ripe. In round numbers it is as follows: When in silk it has twice as much dry matter as when in tassels, when in milk three times, when glazed four times, and when ripe five times as much as when in tassels.

An English method to prevent horses from gnawing manure and feed troughs is to give the wood a coat of tar, put on with an old broom while hot. It is claimed that this is a sure cure for an annoying and destructive habit.

Drive slowly when the horse is full of food and water, but after the muscles are relaxed and the speed is down, increase the speed. Never keep the same gait and speed for a long time for a change of gait is equivalent to a rest.

The barrel churn is built upon the principle of making good butter. When this type of churn is used the globules of fat in the cream are forced out by concussion. That is, the cream is forced against the side of the churn and the fat separated in a granular condition.

Silage is a succulent and bulky feed and is, therefore, not adapted to feeding pigs and hogs. Swine will eat a small amount of silage, but it cannot be considered a very nutritious feed for them. Their stomachs are so small that they require a concentrated feed rather than a bulky one.

Sulphur is said to be good to cure the habit of eating pigs and chickens which hogs sometimes acquire. It is said to be good for riding hogs of lice. A tablespoonful to each hog in the slop for a few days will do the business.

Experiments at the Michigan station show that there is little if any difference in the amount of butterfat in the milk of a heifer and of a mature cow. Somebody's imagination would seem to have afforded the only foundation for the popular belief to the contrary.

The argument is sometimes made that pure bred stock are adapted to rich people who have plenty of money, but not the poor farmer who has limited capital. If it be true that pure bred stock are not adapted to the poor farmer, it follows that there is no stock suitable for him, for certainly the scrub is not. The scrub might do for rich people who wanted to find some way to lose their money. These men could certainly have no other motive in raising scrubs. The fact is that purebreds are the animals for the poor farmer because they will help make him independent, if the proper care is given them. The scrub has no place.

The future of many a promising cow has been ruined by improper milking soon after calving. The dairy cow has been abnormally developed to produce large quantities of milk. Consequently certain of its organs, such as the mammary glands, have become greatly enlarged and weakened just before and after calving, due probably to the secreting of large quantities of milk. The art, or science, whichever we may call it, of milking may be attained by only those who are willing to make a study of each individual cow, of her disposition, dairy temperament and physical conditions.

MARKET REPORTS

TORONTO MARKETS

FARMERS' MARKET. Dressed hogs \$11.50 \$12.00. Butter, dairy 0.30 0.34. Eggs, new laid 0.40 0.40. Chickens, lb. 0.18 0.20. Ducks, lb. 0.17 0.18. Geese, lb. 0.15 0.15. Turkeys, 0.23 0.25. Apples, winter, bbl. 1.50 3.00. Potatoes, bag 0.90 0.95. Celery, dozen 0.30 0.40. Cabbage, dozen 0.40 0.45. Beef, forequarters, cwt. 11.00 12.00. Do, hindquarters, cwt. 11.00 12.00. Do, choice sides, cwt. 10.00 11.00. Do, medium, cwt. 8.00 9.00. Do, common, cwt. 6.50 7.50. Mutton, light, cwt. 8.00 10.00. Veal, common, cwt. 8.00 13.00. Do, prime, cwt. 11.00 13.00. Lamb 14.50 16.00.

SUGAR MARKET.

Sugars are quoted in Toronto, in bags, per cent. as follows: Extra granulated, St. Lawrence \$4.70. Do, Redpath's 4.70. Do, Acadia 4.65. Imperial granulated 4.55. Beaver granulated 4.50. No. 1 yellow 4.50. No. 2 yellow, 5c per cwt. more; car lots, 5c less.

LIVE STOCK.

Prices in the local cattle market today. The run at the Union Stock Yards was divided about equally between good and common cattle, and the former were rapidly while the latter sorts were hard to get rid of. Receipts: Union Stock Yards—42 cattle, 71 calves, 2,249 hogs, 388 sheep, 3 calves, 25 hogs. Export cattle, choice \$5.75 \$6.90. Do, medium 5.25 5.75. Do, common 4.75 5.25. Butchers' cattle, choice 6.50 7.30. Do, medium 5.00 5.50. Do, common 4.00 4.50. Butchers' cows, choice 4.75 5.55. Do, medium 3.25 3.90. Do, common 2.50 3.20. Do, bulls 3.00 3.50. Feeding steers 2.50 3.00. Calves, choice 4.00 4.50. Do, light 3.00 3.50. Milkers, choice, each 4.00 4.50. Do, common 3.00 3.50. Sheep, ewes 4.75 5.25. Do, bucks and wethers 3.00 3.50. Hogs, fed and watered 8.50. Hogs, f.o.b. 8.15. Calves 8.50 9.00.

OTHER MARKETS.

WINNIPEG MARKETS.

Open, High, Low, Close. Wheat—88 1/2 89 88 1/2 88 1/2. May 88 1/2 89 88 1/2 88 1/2. Oats—35 1/2 36 35 1/2 35 1/2. May 35 1/2 36 35 1/2 35 1/2. July 35 1/2 36 35 1/2 35 1/2.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Close—Wheat—May, 88 7/8; July, 90 5/8 to 90 3/4; cash—No. 1 hard, 89 3/8; No. 1 northern, 87 3/8 to 87 7/8; No. 2 northern, 85 3/8 to 86 7/8; Corn, No. 3 yellow, 44 to 44 1/2; Oats, No. 3 white, 31 1/2; Rye, No. 2, 57 to 60; Bran—\$19.50. Flour, in wood, f.o.b., Minneapolis—First patents, 84.40 to 84.75; second patents, 84.25 to 84.60; first clear, 85.20 to 85.55; second clear, 82.40 to 82.70.

DULUTH GRAIN MARKET.

Duluth, Closing: Wheat, No. 1 hard, 85 1/2; No. 1 northern, 83 3/4; No. 2, 83 1/4; July, 90 3/4; asked; May, 89 1/4 to 89 3/8; asked.

LONDON WOOL SALES.

London.—There were 10,945 bales offered at the wool auction sales to-day. Vigorous buying advanced good wools, but inferior grades remained in buyers' favor. Fine Gooding secured sold at 25 7/8 to 26 1/4; good, 24 1/2 to 25; American bought greasy merinos and light crossbreds at hardening rates. The sales follow: New South Wales, 3,000 bales; scoured, 15 1/2 to 18 1/2; 1 1/2; greasy, 8 1/2 to 12 1/2; Queensland, 1,800 bales; scoured, 15 1/2 to 18 1/2; 1 1/2; greasy, 6 1/2 to 10 1/2; Victoria, 3,500 bales; scoured, 15 1/2 to 18 1/2; 1 1/2; greasy, 7 1/2 to 15 1/2; South Australia, 800 bales; scoured, 15 1/2 to 18 1/2; 1 1/2; greasy, 7 1/2 to 15 1/2; West Australia, 700 bales; greasy, 7 1/2 to 15 1/2; Tasmania, 100 bales; greasy, 15 1/2 to 18 1/2; 1 1/2; greasy, 24 1/2 to 26 1/4; Cape of Good Hope and Natal, 500 bales; scoured, nil; greasy, 6 1/2 to 12 1/2.

GLASGOW CATTLE MARKET.

Glasgow.—Messrs. Watson & Butcher reported short offerings, 18,24 to 18,400 head of cattle here at 15 to 16c for the best Irish stock; secondary were bringing 15 1/2 to 16c.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Cattle—Receipts 2,500. Market—Steady, slowly to be higher than Wednesday's average. Light 7.00 7.45. Mixed 6.75 7.20. Heavy 6.50 7.00. Rough 6.00 6.50. Bulk of sales 6.75 7.45. Sheep—Receipts 15,000. Market—Dull and weak at Wednesday's average. Native 4.75 5.15. Western 4.50 4.85. Lambs, native 6.75 7.00. Western 6.50 6.85.

BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

East Buffalo, N. Y., Despatch—Cattle Receipts, 60; steady. Veals—Receipts, 25; active, 25 to 50 cents. Hogs—Receipts 4,000; fairly active. 5 to 10 cents higher; heavy, \$7.50 to \$7.75; mixed, \$7.25 to \$7.50; rough, \$6.75 to \$7.00; \$7.25; sheep, \$6.50 to \$6.75; dairies, \$7.50 to \$7.75.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE.

What—Spot, steady: No. 1 Man, 7s 1/2; No. 2 Manitoba—7s 7/8; No. 3 Manitoba—7s 5d; Futures—Steady: March, 7s 3/4; 30d; May, 7s 4d; 30d; Corn—Spot, quiet: American mixed, new, 5s 6d; American mixed, old, 5s 1 1/2d; American mixed, old, via Galveston—5s 8d; Flour—Eastern: Jan., 5s 2 7/8; Feb., 5s 11 7/8; Flour, Western: 5s 2d.

Hops in London (Pacific Coast)—45 1/2 to 16. Hams, short cut, 14 to 15 lbs.—52s. Cured, Cumberland cut, 25 to 30 lbs.—60s. Short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs.—62s. Cheese, Swiss, 14 to 16 lbs.—52s 6d. Lard, clear middles, light, 28 to 31 lbs.—60s. Lard, clear middles, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs.—62s. Short clear backs, 16 to 22 lbs.—59s 6d. Shoulders, spare, 11 to 15 lbs.—57s. Lard, prime western, in tierces—50s 9d. American, refined—52s 6d. Cheese, Canadian, finest white—62s 6d. Colored—62s 6d. Tallow, prime city—51s 6d.

MONTREAL LIVE STOCK.

Montreal Despatch—East end market—Cattle—Receipts 1,200; calves, 300; sheep and lambs, 600; milch cows, 75; hogs, 1,400. There was no really prime beef on the market, a few of the best sold at about 6 1/2c and from that down to 4 1/2c for pretty good animals, while the common stock sold at from 3 to 4 1/2c. Cows, \$9 to \$10. Calves, 4c to 5c. Sheep, about 5c. Lambs, 6 1/2 to 7. Hogs, about 9 1/2c, a few at 9 3/4c.

BREEDERS NEED GOOD STOCK.

If the breeding of thoroughbred poultry was more generally conducted on business principles, when engaged in largely for the sake of expected profits, we would not hear of so many disgusted or badly-disappointed breeders. A large proportion of the beginners commence with an enormous amount of self-conceit and false ideas, and a small amount of experience, and, until this is directly and completely reversed, success and profit will never be attained.

THE POULTRY WORLD.

BREEDERS NEED GOOD STOCK.

When a breeder or farmer starts in with common poultry—common only so far as not being pure bred is concerned—he watches everything carefully, and works every known point to make a good profit. With those who commence with pure-bred fowls, however, most beginners first figure on getting a big price for all the surplus birds they can raise, being this on what they paid for the stock they commenced with. Many good birds may have been bred, but the orders at good prices come in very slowly, and soon the breeder gets out of heart, and his castles in the air are dispelled, getting that it takes time to build up a reputation and trade.

NEW BLOOD SPURS EGG PRODUCTION.

We prefer to see all breeds of fowls cultivated purely, yet it cannot be denied that, among farmers' flocks, improvement has been made. The introduction of new blood, there is some carelessness in this matter, but the idea prevails that a cross is the proper thing to increase size or give a spur to egg production. A man desires larger fowls and to effect his purpose procures a Brahma, a Cochin or a Leghorn, and procures a Leghorn or Spanish cock.

This costs but little, and the improvement is apparent as this practice goes on. Why not have it accord with the best experience? If a cross is made it is far preferable to cross two breeds of improved fowls and discard the inferior, or altogether. Take, for instance, the Light Brahmas and White Leghorns. This is a good cross, as reported by those who have tried it. Also the Partridge Cochins and Brown Leghorns. One poultryman reports that his fowls with this combination was very satisfactory.

"I have procured the progeny from this union," he writes, "a splendid cross. I assure you. I found that I got good-sized birds. The intermediate setting disposition of the Cochin and the Leghorn was very well preserved, both cockerels and pullets coming quite even. In a very large flock—last year the laying quality of the Leghorns was retained, and the legs of the progeny were yellow, and but few were feathered on the shanks." As a rule this, as we all know, is very desirable for poultry—that we wish to market.

The hens from this cross proved very superior layers. The young cockerels made good growth during the summer and turned out very handsome roosters in the fall. The pullets began to lay in December, and kept on steadily till the following early summer. The few that inclined to "broodiness" were easily broken up, and not over 2 per cent. of them showed any signs of a desire to sit the first year at all.

New let us follow this enthusiastic experiment a little further. He attempted to breed the chicks that came from this cross among themselves the next year, and this was a failure, a grave mistake. In the first instance he brought two diverse strains of blood together, giving a strong vitality and remarkable healthfulness in the fowls. Their near relatives were mated together, and the progeny manifested a lower vitality, did not look as well as the original stock on either side, and manifested extraordinary reproductive power.

The conclusion was plain that the product of the first cross was very praiseworthy, and that, so far as crossing was concerned, it was advisable to "keep doing so," and not breed the mongrels of good blood together, but utilize the pullets as layers of market eggs, and slaughter the cockerels. In this instance there is no doubt that the admixture of two such strong-blooded varieties as the Leghorns and Cochins will give in the first remove from the parents a superior marketing and laying fowl.

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and with minimum care. This for the ordinary farmer who does not desire to keep a large number, and would have a general purpose fowl, good for laying, Plymouth Rocks, the Wyandottes, or even our old friends with their business suits the American Dominiques.

The truth dawned on many of our farmers that a bushel of grain will net more money, put through the gizzards of poultry, than if fed to any other stock. They put up buildings to accommodate fowls and design to extend this branch of their industry. Such men will not err by cultivating two breeds, say, Brahmas and Leghorns. A good breed for winter laying (setting in dead season) and table use, with a non-setting variety, may well receive attention on the same farm. Farmers will generally depend on natural incubation as heretofore, so that a breed of setters is indispensable. The non-setters, if considerably more than half the number kept, will materially lessen the burden of breaking up setting hens. Persistent setters, following their instinct out of season when not needed for incubation, try the patience. They seem to be losing time, while the over-laying layers go right on, or at least behave better during vacation.

Now, supposing our farmer has well started with light Brahmas and White Leghorns. If he has a large pasture or grove near the premises, they may all run together during the warm season excepting the breeding stock. It is no great or difficult task to keep the selected fowls, used for breeding each variety, separate, with suitable house room and yards. The layers of market eggs need not have males among them. It adds not to the value of the eggs their being fertilized, unless used for hatching. Light Brahmas and White Leghorns look well and are highly esteemed in many localities, yet for the sake of looks we would not recommend them for such a locality. Plymouth Rocks also look very much better if they are kept on a light-colored soil.

NEW BLOOD SPURS EGG PRODUCTION. We prefer to see all breeds of fowls cultivated purely, yet it cannot be denied that, among farmers' flocks, improvement has been made. The introduction of new blood, there is some carelessness in this matter, but the idea prevails that a cross is the proper thing to increase size or give a spur to egg production. A man desires larger fowls and to effect his purpose procures a Brahma, a Cochin or a Leghorn, and procures a Leghorn or Spanish cock.

This costs but little, and the improvement is apparent as this practice goes on. Why not have it accord with the best experience? If a cross is made it is far preferable to cross two breeds of improved fowls and discard the inferior, or altogether. Take, for instance, the Light Brahmas and White Leghorns. This is a good cross, as reported by those who have tried it. Also the Partridge Cochins and Brown Leghorns. One poultryman reports that his fowls with this combination was very satisfactory.

"I have procured the progeny from this union," he writes, "a splendid cross. I assure you. I found that I got good-sized birds. The intermediate setting disposition of the Cochin and the Leghorn was very well preserved, both cockerels and pullets coming quite even. In a very large flock—last year the laying quality of the Leghorns was retained, and the legs of the progeny were yellow, and but few were feathered on the shanks." As a rule this, as we all know, is very desirable for poultry—that we wish to market.

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**FIRE DANGER AT SEA.**

How Flames Can Sweep the Inside of Even a Metal Ship.

The danger from fire on a transatlantic liner is more serious than is generally believed. It is much greater than the danger from collision and is becoming more and more dangerous with the increased outlay upon luxury and display. The main structure of the ship and most of its essential parts are of metal, but many of the fittings, nearly every feature of ornament and every trapping of luxury, are highly inflammable.

No one who has not been aboard the Spanish wrecks at Santiago can conceive how fire can sweep the inside of even a metal ship. Admiral Cervera described to me the experience on board the Teresa in these words: "The second shot that came on board set us on fire. The fire main was damaged. Soon we were unable to cope with the fire. It swept through her from bow to stern. There was not a space as big as the palm of your hand where life could have been sustained. An insect could not have lived on board. We had to get overboard or be burned."

It is true the Spaniards had not cut out their woodwork and thrown overboard all unnecessary inflammables, as we had in the American fleet, but the inflammability of one of their warships was much less than that of a luxurious ocean liner.—Captain Richmond Pearson Hobson in Engineering Magazine.

**PINEAPPLE PLANTS.**

They Do Not Die After Fruiting, but Reproduce Themselves.

Pineapples do not grow on trees. Imagine a plant four feet in extreme height from the ground to the tip of leaves, a single stalk at the surface, but dividing at once into swordlike blades or leaves, fifteen in number, from the center of which appears a stiff, upright stem, at the top of which is the crown of the fruit when fully grown is a foot or more below the points of the leaves.

At the end of a year and a half from planting each plant produces a single fruit, even as a cabbage plant produces a single head. But the pineapple does not die after fruiting once. Down on the stem below the fruit and among the long, narrow leaves a sucker appears. If allowed to remain this will soon become the head of the plant, and within another year it will yield another fruit. This process may go on for a term of years. In the meantime, however, other suckers will make their appearance.

These are broken off, and when stuck into the ground they put out roots and become other plants. Thus a single pineapple plant may produce a dozen or more others while it is yielding fruit from year to year.

**The Intruder.**

A certain boat coming up the Mississippi one day during a flood lost her way and bumped up against a frame house. She hadn't more than touched it before an old dork rammed his head up through a hole in the roof, where the chimney once came out, and yelled at the captain on the roof: "What's you gwine wid dat boat? Can't you see nothin'? Fust thing you knows you gwine to turn dis chibber ober, spill de old woman an' de chibber out in de flood an' drown 'em. What you doin' out here in de country wid your boat, anyhow? Go on back yander froo de co'nfields an' get back into de ribber whar you b'longs. Ain't got no business sev'n miles out in the country foolin' roun' people's houses n'how!" And the boat backed out—Life.

**The Largest Described Snake.**

Speke in his narrative of the journey to the source of the Nile describes the largest snake that has ever been seen by man. "I shuddered," he says, "as I looked upon the effects of his tremendous dying strength. For yards around where he lay grass, bushes and saplings—in fact, everything except full grown trees—were cut clean off, as if they had been trimmed with an immense scythe. The monster when measured was fifty-one feet two and one-half inches in extreme length, while around the thickest portions of its body the girth was nearly three feet."

**Looking Ahead.**

It was the first night of a new play. "I say," remarked the author to the manager, "that scene shifter over there is a most peculiar looking fellow." "Yes; he's an Eskimo," said the manager. "An Eskimo! What on earth made you take him on?" "Oh, I thought it would be a comfort to see one happy face if the play turns out to be a frost!"

**Cases in Point.**

Rivers—Brooks, that's the second time I've heard you use the phrase "aching foot." I wish you would tell me how a void can ache. Brooks—Well, not to speak of a hollow tooth, don't you sometimes have a headache?—London Telegraph.

**In the Mountains.**

Climb the mountains and get their good tidings. Nature's peace will flow into you as sunshine flows into trees. The winds will blow their own freshness into you, and the storms their energy, while cares will drop off like autumn leaves.—John Muir.

**Punishment For Whom?**

Boss Barber—What? You have cut the gentleman four times? Well, just for punishment you must shave him all over again right away!—Flegende Blatter.

**LAYING OUT A ROAD.**

Billings Was in No Hurry, So the Work Was Done Right.

A good many years ago C. K. G. Billings, who made his millions in Chicago gas, bought a good sized plot of ground on the heights overlooking the Hudson river at the upper end of Manhattan Island. Some time later he put up a house which still remains the pride of "seeing New York" guides.

When the land had been bought the question arose as to the best means of laying out a roadway up the steep and rocky hill, at the crest of which the house was to stand. Mr. Billings was puzzled. He wanted to make it as easy a climb as he could. He mentioned the problem to his friend W. C. Muschenheim, a New York hotel proprietor. Mr. Muschenheim, who was familiar with the hills and dales of that part of New York, gave the following advice:

"You aren't in any great hurry, so why don't you have it done right? Put one of your cows on that land and give her time to lay out a path up that hill. Trust her to find the easiest and most comfortable grade."

Mr. Billings followed the suggestion, and in the course of time the cow made a path which has long since been developed into a permanent, winding, slowly ascending roadway.—Saturday Evening Post.

**BIRTH OF A LETTER.**

The Way "W" Came to Take the Place of the Old "VV."

The printers and language makers of the latter part of the sixteenth century began to recognize the fact that there was a sound in spoken English which was without a representative in the shape of an alphabetical sign of character, as in the first sound in the word "wet."

Prior to that time it had always been spelled as "vet," the v having the long sound of u or of two u's together. In order to convey an idea of the new sound they began to spell such words as "wet," "weather," "web," etc., with two u's, and as the u of that date was a typical v the three words above looked like this: "vvet," "vveather," "vveeb."

After awhile the typesetters recognized the fact that the double u had come to stay, so they joined the two u's together and made the character now so well known as w. There are books in which three forms of the w are given. The first is an old double v (vv); the next is one in which the last stroke of the first v crosses the first stroke of the second, and the third is the common w we use today.

**Real Literary Crumbs.**

The librarian opened the book wide and shook it hard.

"Looking for possible love letters and mementos?" a visitor asked.

"No; breadcrumbs," said the librarian. "Subsequent readers do not mind love letters, but they do object to breadcrumbs. Half the books brought back have crumbs tucked away between the leaves. That shows what a studious town we are. Our people are so enamored of literature that they can't stop reading long enough to eat; also it shows what a lonely town we are. Only people who live alone a great deal read anything except the newspaper at mealtime. And it shows what a slovenly town we are. In the interests of hygiene and aesthetics those voracious readers who cram their heads and their stomachs at the same time ought to clean their books of crumbs, but they never do."—New York Press.

**Hindu Casts.**

The four grades of society among the Hindus are the Brahmins or sacerdotal class, who are said at the moment of creation to have issued from the mouth of Brahma; the Kshatrya or Chuttee or military class, sprung from the arm of Brahma; the Vaisya or Balu or mercantile class, from the thigh of Brahma, and Sudras or Sooders or servile class, from the foot of Brahma. The business of the Sudras is to serve the three superior classes, more especially the Brahmins. Their condition is never to be improved. They are not to accumulate property and are unable by any means to approach the dignity of the higher classes. These divisions are hereditary, impassable and indefeasible.

**Precedent For "Governess."**

Albert VII, archduke of Austria, married Isabella Clara Eugenie, infant of Spain, who brought to him as dowry the sovereignty of the Low Countries, etc. When Philip IV. of Spain ascended the throne in 1621 he took from his aunt the sovereignty of the Low Countries, but left her the title of governess. Her husband died soon after, whereon she took the veil, though still retaining the reins of government. She died at Brussels in 1633, aged sixty-six. Here there is precedent for the use of the word governess when a lady holds the post.—London Notes and Queries.

**Franklin on Long Grasses.**

Ben Franklin found the long grasses used by his father before and after meals very tedious. One day after the winter's provision had been salted he said, "I think, father, if you were to say grace over the whole cask once for all it would be a great saving of time."—Life.

**No Danger.**

Blotbs—I heard Tightwad boasting today that he had money to burn. Slobbs—Well, I wouldn't be in any hurry to call out the fire department if I were you.—Philadelphia Record.

To be overpolite is to be rude.—Japanese Proverb.

**New Year Term**

The New Year term of The Brockville Business College will open Jan. 6th 1913. Our Book-keeping, Stenography and General Office Work courses are particularly adapted to the present day commercial world demands. Our Farmers' Sons' short Winter course is especially adopted to the needs of the young farmer, who may have a very meagre education, yet who is anxious to get enough education to enable him to handle more efficiently the business side of farming. Send for free catalogue.

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We will be pleased to assist in arranging copy for any kind of advertising. Call and see what we can do for you.

The Reporter, Athens.



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You may be alright, but if you are in the wrong position you are like a square peg in a round hole. You want a position where you fit. This paper is read by intelligent business men, and a Want Ad. in our classified columns will reach them.



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**STURGEON—CORNELL**

On last Wednesday afternoon at two o'clock at the Wall street church parsonage Brockville, Rev. Dr. Sparling united in marriage Robert J. Clare Sturgeon of Brockville and Myrtle E. Cornell, elder daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. William Cornell of Lyn.

The bride was attended by Miss Carrie E. Billings while the groom was ably assisted by Mr. Joseph E. Bolin of Lyn. The bride was becomingly attired in a navy blue whipcord suit with white satin blouse and wore black picture hat, while the bridesmaid wore a tailor-made suit of navy blue serge with white silk nixon blouse and black picture hat. The groom's gift to the bride was a pearl necklace; to the bridesmaid a scarf pendant and to the best man a scarf pin. Later the happy couple left for Syracuse, N. Y., and on their return they will reside at 94 Pearl St west.

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364 University St., Montreal.

**STEEL RAILS A MARVEL.**

The Strain, the Pull, the Pounding and Grinding They Endure.

Have you an idea of the strain to which a steel rail is subjected today? Let us consider one for a moment in the time of its greatest torture and see. The Cannon Ball express is coming. It is drawn by two engines. The largest weighs 100 tons. Seventy-seven tons of the weight are carried on the six driving wheels, which means almost thirteen tons to a wheel. Thirteen tons of weight upon each wheel! That means thirteen tons of weight impinging for a flying instant upon a rail surface, perhaps no more than an inch square and then moving forward all the time, a succession of whirling blows from a thirteen ton hammer.

If the train is going thirty miles an hour an imaginary square inch has but one five-hundred-and-twenty-eighth part of a second in which to receive the blow, wince under it, distribute the terrible force of it through its elastic elements to the surrounding mass of the rail, brace itself to help distribute stresses that are being set up on adjacent surfaces and zig-zagging back and forth in all sorts of ways through the content of the rail and then almost instantly lift its devoted head to receive the blow of the next driving wheel. If the train is going sixty miles an hour instead of thirty this all has to be received, withstood and passed on in one two-hundred-and-fifty-sixth part of a second.

And yet this isn't all that is happening to the nerves of the rail. This is only taking account of the compression strains. There is another set of strains, for these big driving wheels are pulling the train. They have caught hold of the rails just as your hands grip the rope in a tug-of-war, and they take a fresh hold every fraction of a second. The tendency is to pull the top or head of the rail, to pull it all to pieces. It is the business of the rail to stick together, head and web and flange, in every single and separate molecule with all the tenacity of which steel is capable.

But we have stated only one-half the tension strain. This strain is reversing all the time, for while the huge drivers are pulling one part of the rail toward them they are pushing another part away from them. This plucking and spurting, hauling and kicking, tension and compression go on continuously. Complete reversing from compression to tension or back again takes place with every half turn of a driving wheel and at a frightfully rapid rate. The marvel is that the rail is not ground to powder.—Metropolitan Magazine.

**The Explanation.**  
Robert Henri, the artist, said in New York of a bogus "old master":

"Some of these experts must be very ignorant, judging from the facility with which they are duped. They must be ready to swallow anything. It's like the Velasquez story.

"An auctioneer, you know, put up the picture, saying:

"Here we are, ladies and gentlemen—this exquisite Velasquez—'Battle of Waterloo.' What am I bid? One million nine hundred thousand—"

"But," interrupted an expert in a puzzled voice—"but I thought Velasquez died before the battle of Waterloo?"

"So he did, sir," explained the auctioneer, "so he did, but this, you see, is one of dear old Velasquez's posthumous works."—New York Tribune.

**"Barber's Music."**

Barbers in the old days might well charge heavily, for theirs must have been a nerve racking existence. Zithers were provided instead of newspapers, and customers used to strum on these while waiting for a vacant chair. Dekker, writing early in the seventeenth century, refers to a barber's cittern for every man to play on." The term "barber's music" was a common one in the days of Pepys, who on June 5, 1660, records, "After supper my lord called for the lieutenant's cittern, and with two candlesticks, with money in them for symbols, we made barber's music, with which my lord was very well pleased."—London Standard.

**Curt and Concise.**

A certain surly old Yankee who runs a small summer hotel on the Massachusetts coast once received a rambling letter from a prospective guest, who wrote to engage "two large sunny rooms overlooking the ocean and connecting with private bath." One may imagine the lady's surprise at getting the following curt reply: "Dear Madam—All rooms face the ocean, and that's your bath."—Lippincott's.

**Considerate.**

X. (an incorrigible borrower)—Lend me a five, old man Y. (weakly lending him £4 19s.)—I'm keeping the other shilling to pay for the postage of the letters which I shall have to write you before I get my money back. X. (coolly)—Keep 5 shillings, then. That will give me more time.—London Tit-Bits.

**Something to Try.**

Tweed & Cheviot, tailors, wrote to Livingston Bigfront as follows: "We must have something on account by Saturday next. What can we count on?" And Mr. Bigfront promptly replied, "Ever try an adding machine?"

**Jarred His Dad.**

Father—No, indeed! My father never heard me tell a lie! Willie was grand as deaf and grandma?—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

**What's the Matter with the Like**

Lawrence—Pope.

**MORTGAGES ON LAND.**

Why It is Essential That They Should Be Recorded.

As the value of land to the owner increases so does the security of mortgage investments given on that land increase. A mortgage may be considered as a deed of the land which reverts the title in the original owner or his successor on the paying off of the mortgage or the bond or note which the mortgage secures.

Mortgages are recorded in public offices, called registers, recorders or county clerks' offices, in much the same way that deeds are, so that any one buying the land is bound to take notice of them, and the land is bound by them, no matter to whom the land is conveyed, and no one has a right to say that he bought the land not knowing that a mortgage was on it, for he is presumed by law to know such facts, as a search of the title in these public offices would reveal.

If, however, the holder of the mortgage does not cause the mortgage to be recorded then any innocent purchaser of the land can take it clear of the lien of the mortgage.

In no particular has the law of this country gone further than in the effort to secure the title of the landowner and the security of the mortgage holder, and no investments are more highly regarded by the conservative business man than those founded on the imperishable surface of the earth.—Christian Herald.

**UMBRELLA HANDLES.**

In France They Shape Them as They Grow In Nurseries.

Most of the handles of canes, open-stocks, parasols and umbrellas used in France are grown in nurseries. Ash, maple, oak, chestnut and other woods are used. In the early part of the first year after planting the young trees are cut near the ground to bring about the formation of numerous sprouts. The lower branches are removed, and only a plume of leaves is left.

Early in the spring the sprouts are subjected to a surgical operation. Their bark is cut, and the wood is carved in different designs, which are swollen by the sap and grow in high relief as the tree develops. Special instruments are used for the cutting and designing. Thus carved, the sprouts grow for three years.

At the end of the third year the forest of umbrella handles is cut, and the cuts are dried in the sun and then given a vapor bath, after which they are put into the hands of skilled workmen, who peel them with one quick movement.

When skinned the peelers cut them to the required lengths and send them to the umbrella maker, who varnishes them. If the shape desired is a ring or other open form a ring or oval of square is grafted to the natural stalk, bound closely, and left to grow into place.—Harper's.

**Extra Buttons.**

"It takes stout people to break all rules regulating the number of buttons on a coat or waistcoat," said the tailor. "They can't follow the fashion; their size won't let them.

"Three buttons on a coat this year," tailors' conventions may decree, or two or four or five, or whatever number they think proper, but the man with a figure that is constantly trying to escape its environment does not care about conventions. What he wants is buttons enough to keep his clothes in shape.

"Put 'em closer together," he says, "so the strain won't all come on two or three buttons."

"So we put them closer together, and the result is that stout people frequently have twice as many buttons on their clothes as fashion calls for."—New York Times.

**An Able Manager.**

A western senator was telling a story about an able campaign manager. "He is a remarkably economical chap," said the senator. "He can make a dollar go further in a campaign than any man I know. They tell a story about him—a story that shows what a manager he is. It seems he went into a cigar store one day to get a light. Well, as he was lighting up a man entered and bought three five-cent cigars. As soon as the man left our friend said quickly:

"Those cigars are six for a quarter, ain't they?"

"Yes, sir," said the salesman.

"Our friend laid down a dime.

"Gimme," he said, "the other three then."—New York Tribune.

**A Ghost Story.**

A London daily tells a short modern ghost story. A man was traveling on a northbound train out of London. Opposite him was a silent stranger, his only companion between London and Derby no word passed. Then as the train drew out of Derby, he said pleasantly, "Good line, this, sir, eh?" The stranger replied: "I think it's a beastly bad line. I was killed on it two years ago."

**He Shouldn't.**

A man with a donkey for sale, hearing that a friend wanted to buy one, sent him the following, written on a postal card: "Dear Jack, if you are looking for a really good donkey, please don't forget me."—Exchange.

**A Revised Edition.**

I should have no objection to a repetition of life from the beginning, only asking the advantages authors have in a revised edition to correct some faults in the first.—Franklin.

**We should be as careful of our words**

as of our actions.—Cicero.

**A concrete milk-house makes milk worth more**

PEOPLE are willing to pay more for milk that comes from a clean, sanitary dairy. In nearly every city such dairies charge from 50 per cent. to 100 per cent. more than others—and even then they can't supply the demand for pure, high-grade milk. You will get more value out of your cows if you properly cool and store the milk. Such milk is not only more wholesome—and therefore can be sold for a better price—it is also slower to sour than milk handled by ordinary methods. Ask for the free book,

**"What The Farmer Can Do With Concrete"**

It will tell you how to build a concrete milk-house, and also describes scores of other uses for concrete around the home and on the farm. It is not a catalogue. Its 160 handsomely illustrated pages are devoted entirely to the subject—in which every progressive farmer is interested.

YOU do not place yourself under the slightest obligation in asking for the book. We do not even ask that you agree to use cement. Just sign the coupon attached to this advertisement, or send your name and address by letter or post card, and the book will be mailed to you at once. Address,

Please send me your book

Publicity Manager

**CANADA CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED**

513 Herald Building, Montreal

WHEN you buy cement, remember that the farmers of Canada have found that "Canada" cement is best. Look for the label on every bag and barrel.



**SALLOW COMPLEXION**

indicates indigestion, constipation or liver trouble. FIG PILLS will regulate your system and build up the nerve forces so that you can sleep and enjoy life. At all dealers 25 and 60 cents or The Fig Pill Co., St. Thomas Ont.

**Stops Headache**

Mr. K. F. Tomkins, Ex-Mayor of Cookscook says so. "Your tablets are a safe and effective remedy for headache."

Mr. Geo. Legge, Editor of Granby Leader, Mail says so. "Your Zutoo tablets deserve to be widely known as a cure that will cure."

Major A. C. Hanson, B.A., B.C.L. says so. "I use Zutoo tablets and find them a very satisfactory cure for headache." So says every mother's son who has tried

**Zutoo**

**Notice to Creditors**

In the Matter of the Estate, of Alfred Leopold Tackaberry, late of the Township of Yonge in the County of Leeds, Farmer, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to "Statutes of Ontario" I. George V. Chapter 25, Sec. 55, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the said Alfred Leopold Tackaberry, who died on or about the twenty-eighth day of September, 1911 are required, on or before the fifteenth day of February, 1913, to send by post prepaid or deliver to T. R. Beale, of the Village of Athens, Ont. solicitor for the administratrix of the said deceased, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, the statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them.

And further take notice that after the last mentioned date the said administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which she shall then have notice, and that the said administratrix will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received by her at the time of such distribution.

Dated at Athens the fourteenth day of January, 1913.

T. R. Beale Solicitor for Addie Tackaberry, Administratrix.

**Agent Wanted**

FOR

**ATHENS**

to sell for the "The Old Reliable"

**Fonthill Nurseries**

Orders now being taken for Spring delivery 1913. Prospects bright for the season's trade.

Experienced unnecessary. We instruct our salesmen how to sell Fruit Stocks in the country and Ornamental trees in the town.

START NOW and have your territory reserved. Weekly pay. Free Outfit. Write for terms.

**STONE and WELLINGTON**

The Fonthill Nurseries

Toronto

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**CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.**

**'Around the World Trips'**

NEW STEAMSHIPS

"EMPERESS OF RUSSIA"

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From Southampton Apr. 1, May 27, 1913

respectively, for Hong Kong, calling at Gibraltar, Villafranche, Port Said, Suez, Colombo, Penang, Singapore

An unusual opportunity for a trip around the world, under especially good auspices.

For particulars, apply to

**GEO. E. M'GLADE, CITY AGENT**

Brockville City Ticket and Telegraph Office, east corner King St. and Court House Ave.

**LUMBERING**

and

**SA W-MILLING**

I am installing a

**New Mill**

near Athens

and am now in a position to guarantee the best of good work.

Custom sawing will be given prompt attention.

I am in the market for the purchase of all kinds of logs. Arrangements for sale and delivery may be made now.

**WOOD**—Orders will be taken for 1,000 cords of wood. Will begin delivering with first sleighing.

**SHINGLES**—When you want shingles, learn what we have to offer.

F. BLANCHER, Athens

**HARDWARE**

The attention of

**Farmers - and - Builders**

Is directed to my stock

Shelf and Heavy Hardware  
Paints and Oils  
Glass and Putty  
Gardening Tools  
Spades, Shovels, Forks etc.

All my goods are of the latest design, the product of reliable manufacturers, and will give good satisfaction.

Choice line of cutlery and many articles for the household.

We ask only a fair price and in vite inspection of the values offered.

Open every evening.

**W. G. JOHNSON**

**SEASONABLE**

**FASHIONS**

The latest fashion plates now here Call and select the style of Suit you want for Winter wear.

**LATEST FABRICS**

We have in stock a line of new goods of extra value. Leave your order at "The Old Reliable" and you will get garments that will fit well, look well and wear well.

**A. M. CHASSELS**

**B.W. & N. W.**

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

GOING WEST		No. 1	No. 8
Brockville (leave)	9.35 a.m.	8.45 p.m.	
Lyn	10.05 "	4.00 "	
Seeleys	*10.15 "	4.07 "	
Forthton	*10.85 "	4.18 "	
Elbe	*10.42 "	4.28 "	
Athens	11.00 "	4.30 "	
Soperton	*11.20 "	4.46 "	
Lyndhurst	*11.27 "	4.52 "	
Delta	11.37 "	5.12 "	
Elgin	11.57 "	5.12 "	
Forfar	*12.05 "	5.18 "	
Crosby	*12.18 "	5.23 "	
Newboro	12.23 "	5.38 "	
Westport (arrive)	12.40 p.m.	5.45 "	
GOING EAST		No. 2	No. 4
Westport (leave)	7.20 a.m.	2.30 p.m.	
Newboro	7.30 "	2.47 "	
Crosby	*7.40 "	3.00 "	
Forfar	*7.45 "	3.06 "	
Elgin	7.51 "	3.18 "	
Soperton	*8.05 "	3.40 "	
Lyndhurst	*8.11 "	3.50 "	
Athens	*8.18 "	3.59 "	
Elbe	*8.42 "	4.36 "	
Forthton	*8.47 "	4.43 "	
Seeleys	*8.58 "	4.54 "	
Lyn	9.05 "	5.15 "	
Brockville (arrive)	9.20 "	5.40 "	

Canadian Northern Steamship Royal Line For information regarding rates, etc. apply to any of our agents, or write direct to Brockville office.

V. J. BRADY, St. J.

**Reaching the People**

A prominent real estate dealer in Toronto says that he gets better and quicker results from the Classified Want Ads. than from any other kind of publicity. He states that the results are out of proportion to the small expense involved.

There is a man in that for you if you want to reach the people.

FACE COVERED WITH PIMPLES

Spread on Limbs, Red and Inflamed. Became Sores. Had to Tie Hands While He Slept. Well, Thanks to Cuticura Soap and Ointment.

St. Cesare, Quebec.—"My child was scarcely two months and a half old when his face and arms became covered with little red pimples which later spread on his limbs. The pimples were very red and inflamed. They were like a little red spot which soon became a little larger and raised up. There were four or five together. These pimples caused him to scratch so that we had to tie his hands while he slept. The itching made him suffer so much that he cried part of the night, waking up most of the people in the house. His pimples became sores and were very painful. "I used without success several remedies which were recommended to me. I then used Cuticura Ointment and Soap, giving him a bath every morning with hot water and Cuticura Soap, and then applied a thin layer of Cuticura Ointment on the parts affected. They gave great relief with the first application. After using one box of Cuticura Ointment and a little more than one cake of Cuticura Soap my child was completely cured. Thanks to the Cuticura Soap and Ointment my baby is perfectly well and I shall always be them a hand." (Signed) Mrs. J. John, Jan. 4, 1912. Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold throughout the world. A single set is often sufficient. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address: Postcard, Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Dept. 37D, Boston, U. S. A.

THEY FOUND OUT. That is just as well to remember not to inquire too deeply into things is aptly illustrated by the story which Clifford Grayford, of "My Best Girl," company is now telling. "Old Aunt Sally, the highly esteemed cook in a Southern family, was frequently praised for her culinary skill, and on one occasion, when a number of guests had been to dine with the family, a remark was made touching the beautiful appearance of Sally's pie, which showed a very pretty scalloping on its edge. "Inquiry being made as to how the old lady managed to get such an even design, Sally was summoned to the dining room and the question was duly put to her. "The emblem of the guests may be imagined when the old lady replied: "Oh, that's easy. I just used my false teeth."—Young's Companion.

\$1,000 REWARD For information that will lead to the discovery of whereabouts of the person or persons suffering from Nervous Debility, Fits, Skin Disease, Blood Poison, Genito Urinary Troubles, and Chronic or Special Complaints that cannot be cured at The Ontario Medical Institute, 263-265 Yonge Street, Toronto.

THE PICTURE THEATRE. (Montreal Herald.) The badly ventilated, dark, fire-trap picture show, with pictures portraying crime or vice, should not be allowed to exist for a single day. The peculiar dangers which must of necessity exist where highly combustible materials are brought into close contact with heated carbons demand special precautions. Where these are taken, the fire hazard is forced the danger of fire is minimized. Films censored with care and common-sense, auditoriums properly lighted and ventilated, objectionable posters done away with and the motion picture theatre should be no worse than any other place of amusement. No amount of legislation, no system of espionage ever invented, will take the place of parental responsibility.

HAS A CORN ANY ROOTS? Judging by the pain they cause they have roots, branches and stems. Easily cured, however, if you apply Puffin's Painless Corn Extractor. Always ready, always prompt, and invariably satisfactory. Forty years of success stands behind Puffin's Painless Corn Extractor. Sold by druggists. Price 25c.

THE IRISH POTATO IN PERIL. The United States Department of Agriculture has ready for distribution through representatives in Congress one thousand bushels of seed Dasheens, the semi-tropical tuber, which is expected to fill the place of Irish potatoes in the Southern States. This is the first season in which such distribution will be made. The new potato substitute, which has a buffy coat and has been grown with much success in Florida, comes from Central and South America, and will grow in the moist, warm regions of the south, which are fatal to the Irish potato. It has been tried at the banquet of the National Geographic Society and pronounced deliciously good. It can be boiled or baked, or cooked in any other way a potato can be used. The taste is far more meaty than the potato. Some who have eaten the Dasheen say there is a suggestion of roasted chestnut about it, and others that it tastes as though a very slight addition of gravy has been made to the potato. Statistics have shown that a crop of 400 to 450 bushels an acre can be raised.—Canadian Countryman.

AN EXPLANATION. One hundred and sixteen sardine canneries on the coast of Brittany, in France, have closed down on the ground that the business is unprofitable. Sardines, some people may be aware, are little fish, and they live in boxes the way street cars.

There is a sea stove in use in Hong Kong, the Chinese cooks preferring their old methods, preparing the food over charcoal and wood fires.

TRIFLES CAUSE WAR.

Here Are Three Samples to Prove It. Many times it has happened that a great and costly war has been caused about by an accident trivial and ridiculous. Thus the war of the fish succession is said to have been caused through a glass of water. Masliam was carrying a glass of water when she was obstructed by the queen de Torey. A slight scuffle ensued and the water was spilt. The marriage took offence and had feeling ensued between the English and French courts, with the ultimate result that a war was declared. The campaign cost France many severe battles, viz. Blenlieu, 1704; Ramilles, 1707; Oudenarde, 1708; and Malpaquet, 1709. Quite as absurd in its origin was the war that took place during the com-munwealth of Modena. A soldier stole a bucket from a public well belonging to the State of Bologna. Although the value of the article did not exceed a shilling, its annexation was the signal for a fierce and prolonged war. Henry, the King of Sardinia, assisted the Modenese to retain the bucket, and, in one of the subsequent battles, he was made a prisoner. The bucket is still exhibited in the tower of the cathedral of Modena. A third instance of a war resulting from a trifling cause was that between Louis VII. of France and Henry II. of England. The Archbishop of Rouen decreed that no one should wear long hair upon their heads or chins. Louis submitted to the decree, whereupon his wife Eleanor rallied him upon his appearance. A quarrel ensued, which resulted in the dissolution of the marriage and Eleanor's marriage with Henry. By this marriage the broad domains in Normandy, formerly belonging to Louis, passed into the possession of Henry. Louis, hotly incensed, made an attack on Normandy, and henceforth for nearly 300 years arose those devastating wars which cost France upward of 3,000,000 lives.

CONSTIPATION CURED BY BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Baby's Own Tablets are the best medicine a mother can use to relieve her little ones from constipation and all other stomach and bowel troubles. They act as a gentle laxative, are pleasant to take and are absolutely safe. Concerning them Mrs. Phillipa St. Pierre, St. Perpetue, Que., says: "My baby was badly constipated and was cross all the time. Nothing I gave her seemed to do any good till I began Baby's Own Tablets. They are the best medicine in the world for little ones and quickly relieved my baby." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

ONE ODOR MISSED. A good illustration of the wit of Bishop Welldon, the popular dean of Manchester, is afforded by the following story: Once at a luncheon given by the Lord Mayor of Manchester, the dean sat next to Sir Herbert Tree. "Well, Mr. Tree, what have you been doing to-day?" he asked. "I went for a long motor ride this morning and lost a bet," replied the famous actor. "Indeed," said the dean, "and may I ask what the bet was?" "I made a bet that we would pass through 400 different odors, and we only encountered 399." "Ah," replied Bishop Welldon, promptly, "you missed the odor of sanctity."—Strand.

TAKE NOTICE. We publish simple, straight, testimonials, not press agents' interviews, from well-known people. From all over America they testify to the merits of MINARD'S LINIMENT, the best of Household Remedies. MINARD'S LINIMENT CO., LIMITED.

TURTLE EBONY. There is something new for meddlesome who wishes a change—not silver, but colored, nor ivory—turtle ebony. One of us are acquainted with the black ebony, and this new ebony is also of the wood, but in a lovely brownish red hue that brings out the grain of the wood. Its newness is its most distinctive feature, and it would be rather easier to keep clean than ebony. It comes with many and various pieces, which come with little silver circles, quite plain and simple, ready to be married with one's own program or initial. And as to the pieces ornamented, there is everything from a hand mirror, hair or tooth brush, to shoe horns, nail files, button hooks, silver bars and hat brushes that one would like for the dresser or chiffonier.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows. RIGHT-LIVING PAYS. (Niagara Falls, N. Y., Gazette) The over-developed athlete is not the healthiest man nor is who has the chance of longest life. To a great degree one's physical condition depends upon one's own constitution. Right living is the great conservator. Right living stores up reserves of endurance against the day of trial, of sickness or work. One does not degenerate physically in the city because of the city, but because of one's habits. Exactly the same remark can be made of the country, for the country as well as the city has its degenerates.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS. CURES ALL KIDNEY DISEASES. RHEUMATISM, BRUISES, DIABETES, GRAVEL, SANDS, CALCULI, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO, GOUT, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO, GOUT. 23 THE PR...



Champion skin as she looked just after laying Her 281st Egg in One Year

LANDS OF FIRE. It is rather singular that both of the "lands of fire" are near the cold extremities of the globe—Iceland, far to the northward, and Terra del Fuego, remotely south. Iceland, to the eye, seems at first glance to be better named by the cold appellation. Its glacial fields are not only numerous, but in some cases these and the connected snow stretches are hundreds of square miles in extent. But only a little travel into the interior, say to the site of the ancient Icelandic Parliament at Thingvallir, discloses miles upon miles of such desolation, as is possible only in a "land of fire." It is a very island of volcanoes, and, while they have been exceedingly well behaved for a hundred years or so, the great hot springs in the neighborhood of Hekla-jökull, the capital, indicate that the subterranean heat is passive, but very much alive. Huge glaciers also mark the "cold land of fire" at the other end of the earth. Thus, each of the two parts of the universe is properly named, whether the name be warm or cold.

SANOL RELIABLE CURE for Gall Stones, Kidney Trouble, Kidney and Bladder Stones, Gravel, Lumbago, Uric Acid. Price \$1.50. Most leading druggists. THE SANOL MFG. CO., LTD. Winnipeg, Man.

THE TRUSTFUL AVIATOR. "Modern politics," said an English clergyman who is visiting the United States, "is worse than modern business. You here in the States are so used to political corruption that you joke about it. I heard a joke about it on the boat coming over. An aviator—the joke ran—descended in a field and said to a rather well dressed individual: "Here, mind my machine a minute, will you?" "What? The well dressed individual snarled. "Mind your machine? Why, I'm a United States senator!" "Well, what of it?" said the aviator. "I'll trust you."—Washington Star.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. TAKE LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

FROM A DIFFERENT ANGLE. Mr. Pounds, the retired grocer, was proud of his new country estate. He spared no expense in doing things well. Judge, then, of his delight when a pair of rooks began building a nest in his park! But the farmer who owned the next land was not so pleased. In fact, he disliked rooks. So he gave his sons orders to shoot the offending birds. Along came Mr. Pounds, enraged. "See here, my man," he said fiercely, "I wish those lads of yours would let my birds alone. 'm trying to make a rookery and—" "That be all right, sir," replied the sturdy son of the soil, "But I wish your rooks would let my crops alone. 'm trying to make a living."—London Answers.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria. A STRONG TEMPTATION. "Are you going to wear side whiskers if the fashion is revived?" "I don't know," answered Mr. Cumrox. "I might if it will make some of my wife's callers set as timid and deferential toward me as they do toward my butler."—Washington Star.

There is a wrong and right way to freshen salt mackerel and other salt fish. Those who are familiar with evaporation processes know that salt falls to the bottom. Now if you place your mackerel with the skin side down in the pan, the salt falls to the skin and remains there; if placed with the flesh side down, the salt falls to the bottom of the pan and the mackerel is freshened by the soaking in water, as it should be. Fidelity is seven-tenths of business success.—James Parton.

WANTED TO WRITE THE EPITAPH

In the death of Sir Richard Cartwright Canada loses her only Parliamentarian who loved letters in and for themselves, to whom words were things of beauty, to be manipulated as works of art. Sir Wilfrid Laurier can indeed, with unsurpassed skill, use words to express or to conceal his thought; Dr. Clark, of Red Deer, the Finance Minister, and a number of others can make such a swift from a mere Canadian. Another admirable jest, which did not endear him to his fellow Kingstons, was made shortly after the death of his personal and political enemy, Sir John A. Macdonald. A fund was being raised to erect the very fine memorial to Sir John which now graces the city park. The treasurer of the fund, greatly daring, ventured to ask Cartwright for a subscription. Sir Richard drew himself up haughtily. "No, sir, no, sir," he said. Then suddenly a grim smile broke out and spread over his face until the very tips of his whiskers and moustache were a-twitch with the thrill of the coming jest. "Unless, sir, you will permit me to write the epitaph."—Prof. W. L. Grant, in the Canadian Magazine.

Forty years in use, 20 years the standard, prescribed and recommended by physicians. For Woman's Ailments, Dr. Martel's Female Pills, at your druggist.

HE PAID. A wealthy man, well known for his extreme stinginess, drove up hurriedly in his carriage to the door of a celebrated doctor. He was in a state of acute discomfort and fear, from the simple fact that at the moment a piece of fish-bone was sticking somewhere in the region of his throat. The doctor speedily removed the dangerous obstacle, and the gentleman breathed freely. "Thank you, doctor," he exclaimed, much relieved. "I'll never eat salmon again—never. And with what ease you removed it—a mere minute's operation, was it not? How much—a what is your fee?" "Half-a-guinea," replied the doctor. "Half-a-guinea?" exclaimed the man. "For half a minute's work? Impossible!" "But, consider for a moment!" said the doctor: "It's a salmon bone!" "What has that to do with it?" "Oh, a great deal," replied the doctor. "Had it been halibut or fresh haddock I should have charged less—perhaps five shillings; for codfish of eels, two-and-six would have been ample payment; mackerel, two shillings; while a red herring bone I might even have removed free of charge; but, salmon—well, really, sir, one has to pay for these luxuries." And his patient paid.—Weekly Telegraph.

POULTRY REVIEW. Best Paper Published on Poultry Culture. WANTED—1,000 persons to send for sample copy free. HERBERT HALL, 405 Mary St. Hamilton, Canada.

FOIBLES OF FASHION. The rough faced goods are considered a bit smarter this year for strictly tailored costumes than those with the smooth surface, and those with the boucle finish have the first place. Among the number there are the velours de laine, wool sponge, ratine and other similar fabrics.

BETTER THAN SPANKING. Spanking does not cure children of bed-wetting. There is a constitutional cause for this trouble. Mrs. M. Summers, Box W. 8, Windsor, Ont., will send free to any mother her successful home treatment with full instructions. Send no money, but write her to-day if your children trouble you in this way. Don't blame the child, the chances are it can't help it. This treatment also cures adults who need people troubled with urine difficulties by day or night.

WHO GET THE TITLES? (Rochester Herald) We have often thought, and doubtless many of our British brethren think, that there is something very fatuous in these honors conferred at New Years or on the birth anniversaries of the King. The truth is that the greatest men, as a rule, do not receive them.

He had been so bold as to ask her hand in marriage. "Leave me!" she claimed, haughtily. "You're left," he replied with equal terseness.

BOYS! How would you like to earn BIG MONEY in your spare time. Send your name and address to-day, and we will tell you all about it. M.O. Dept. 74 St. Antoine Street, Montreal, Can.

ISSUE No. 4, 1913

HELP WANTED. WANTED—KNITTERS, FOR GIRLS—world wide and Japanese goods. Also-Laboratory sock knitters. Apply Kingston Hosiery Co., Limited, Kingston, Ont.

WANTED—SPINNERS, ON WOOLLEN YARNS, D. & F. and walties mules; good position to capable men. Apply Shinsky Mill Co., Limited, Brantford, Ont.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED WEAVERS and girls to learn weaving. Steady work and highest wages. Additional help required on account of additions to plant. Apply Shinsky Mill Co., Brantford, Ont.

TINSMITH WANTED—MUST BE good bench hand, with working knowledge of sheetmetalting and furnace work; good wages and steady work to right man. Apply H. Heather & Son, Mimico, Ont.

FINISHER—FOREMAN FOR BLANKET mill; one accustomed to Gessenmeyer's. Apply at the Shinsky Manufacturing Company Limited, Brantford, Ont.

MISCELLANEOUS. WANTED, MAN OF GOOD APPEARANCE, to take half interest in real estate business; must have \$1,200 cash and willing to work. Apply Mr. C. B. Smith, 601 Kent Building, Toronto.

FOR SALE. FOR SALE—GENTLEMAN'S COON-SHIRT coat; worn three months, by traveler size 42. Cost \$100.00. Now only twenty-five dollars; will sell reasonable. 95 Sherbourne street, Toronto, Ont.

FARMS FOR SALE. 100 FARMS FOR SALE—IN HULL-FON, Peel and Wellington Counties, all sizes; buy where the land is cheap and good, and bound to increase in value in the near future; farm to school, station, post office, villages, town, etc. If you are interested, write for catalogue to J. A. Willoughby, Real Estate Agent, Georgetown, Ont.

HER LIMITATIONS. A teacher asked her pupils to draw a picture of that which they wished to be when they grew up. The pupils went to work, some drawing pictures of soldiers, sailors, policemen, fine ladies, etc. They all handed in the result of their work, except one little girl, who sat quietly, her pad in front of her and her pencil in her hand. "Well, Sarah, don't you know what you want to be when you grow up?" asked the teacher. "Yes, I know," answered Sarah, with a worried look, "but I don't know how to draw it." "What is it you want that you can't draw?" "I want to be married."

Biliousness is certainly one of the most disagreeable ailments which flesh is heir to. Coated tongue—bitter taste in the mouth—nausea—diarrhea—these combine to make life a burden. The cause is a disordered liver—the cure Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills. They go straight to the root of the trouble, put the liver right, cleanse the stomach and bowels, clear the tongue and take away the bitter taste from the mouth. At the first sign of biliousness take Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills. A COUNTRY'S BEST DEFENCE. (Philadelphia Record.)

It seems like the beating of swords into plowshares and of spears into spinning wheels for Paris to buy of the French Government the dismantled fortifications of the city, level the ramparts, sell a part for building lots and turn most of the land into parks. We fear the significance is not quite so great, but the transformation is at least suggestive. It means a change in the habits of their children and the living conditions of their workers a small part of what is spent on armaments and navies the danger of war would be reduced, and the population would be vastly more efficient in war. England, relying upon voluntary enlistments, has long been complaining of the deterioration of its recruits, and Germany, practicing conscription, is beginning to complain of the same thing. The best defense any country can have is a vigorous, independent and spirited population.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS. Your druggist will refund money if PUFFIN OINTMENT fails to cure any case of itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

KEIR HARDIE'S MISTAKE. (Detroit Free Press.) Hardie says, in effect, that since princes or peers, mere or less ornamental and superfluous personages, drink to excess, men supposed to be of the highest intelligence and pursuit of railroad might be allowed to do the same thing, and change the lives and limbs of those entrusted to their care, to say nothing of their own lives.

It seems to be pretty poor business for a leading socialist and a man of presumably superior intellect to be advocating this sort of stuff. We do not know how many of the same kind of arguments Great Britain's feel about it, but we know that in this country conductors and engineers, take themselves pride in the fact that they are superior to the rest of that respectable workmen generally prefer to set an example of good conduct to those who are weaker.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper. THIS BABY IS AN ATHLETE. The 6-month-old baby of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Heath of St. Louis, is an athlete. The baby's name is Cora Marie.

Though she is not old enough to walk, Cora Marie has such strength in her hands that she can hold to a horizontal bar, keeping her body suspended in the air for three minutes. Her parents discovered she could do this trick through the tenacity with which she held to any object with which she was playing.

Several days ago the parents read of a 2-year-old child that could do tricks on a horizontal bar. Mrs. Heath was sure their baby could do such tricks. She got a toy broom and offered it to the baby so that its hands could catch the handle of the broom at the centre. Then Mrs. Heath took one end of the broom and Mr. Heath the other. The baby's hands tightened on the handle until the tips of her fingers were white. Mr. and Mrs. Heath lifted and the baby came out of its cradle, hanging on to the broom. Dr. H. J. Foster, the Heath family physician, says the baby is the best formed child he has ever seen.—Chicago Examiner.

HOLD DOOR OPEN. An excellent door stop can be made with a piece of metal bent as shown in the sketch. The metal is fastened to the wall against which the door swings, and the end bent so that the doorknob fits it and prevents it from striking the wall.

Mme. Pallier, who flies a biplane, ascended recently from Villacoublay, in France, circled over Versailles and flew to Etampes, where she landed. After an hour's rest she was up again and flew to Chartres. Two days later she flew from Chartres to Versailles and back in about two hours, and next day she returned to Villacoublay.

# HOME RULE HAD 110 MAJORITY

## In Final Vote in the British Commons.

# BONAR LAW SPEAKS

## Strongly Against Passing of the Measure.

London cable: After a long stern battle the home rule bill passed the House of Commons to-night by a majority of 110. It was later read for the first time in the House of Lords.

There were two divisions in the lower House. Mr. Balfour's motion for its rejection was defeated by 258 to 309, while the third reading was carried by a vote of 307 to 257, one member of each side having left the House in the interval.

The result of the division was too much a foregone conclusion for a tremendous demonstration, but the Irishmen inside and outside of the House did their best, and, assisted by the Liberals and Laborites, gave the measure for which they had waited and worked so long a good send-off on its way to the House of Lords, where its fate is certainly sealed.

The division was preceded by another series of brilliant speeches by the political leaders, among whom were Frederick E. Smith and the Solicitor-General, Sir John A. Simon, two of the ablest among the younger members, and the veterans John E. Redmond, Timothy Healy and Augustine Birrell, Chief Secretary for Ireland.

The House was crowded throughout the day. The Nationalists were only one short of their full strength. Joseph P. Neave, being prevented from attending by a paralytic attack which he suffered to-day. Several of the older Nationalists who are seldom able to attend came over from Ireland at division.

The Liberals and Laborites, too, turned out in force, and the Unionists were not far below their total membership. The galleries likewise were filled to their capacity, those occupying seats including many dignitaries of the Church and the Bazaar, and peace pensioners.

When the figures were announced the Nationalists waved hats, handkerchiefs and papers, and cheered lustily for Premier Asquith and Mr. John Redmond. The latter, who is usually impassive, was carried away by the enthusiasm of his followers and entered into the spirit of the demonstration as effusively as any.

Those who crowded the lobbies received the figures with another roar of welcome, and followed this by cheering the bill itself as a copy was carried by an official from the Commons to the Lords.

The upper House met, especially to receive the measure, and formally passed its first reading.

The House of Commons soon quieted after the Irish demonstration, but outside the crowd continued to cheer for some time. A strong force of police prevented any attempt at an organized demonstration, fearing a clash between the opposing factions. The Nationalist songs and cheers brought forth counter-cries from the public, which had gathered largely out of curiosity.

### BONAR LAW'S EXCITEMENT.

Mr. Bonar Law, leader of the Opposition, during the debate said that for a generation the Liberals had been emulating Sisyphus. They had rolled the stone to the top of the hill for a long time, but the cheers over the vote about to be taken would not have died away when the stone had begun to roll down, this time to remain at the bottom.

He declared that no bill which included Home Rule without Ulster's consent could ever become a law. The bill as it was could not stand for a single year. Once they gave Mr. Redmond a Parliament in Dublin he could alter it in any way he pleased.

Compared with 1885 and 1893 the demand now for home rule had decreased, while the hostility against it had intensified. The real demand came from the Nationalist party, which had eighty votes to sell. The Unionist party, he said, would remove that temptation when it got the chance of reducing the Irish representation at Westminster to just proportions. He challenged Mr. Birrell to say that the bill could be imposed upon Ulster without bloodshed.

"No rebellion would be better justified," the Opposition leader declared. "The men of Ulster are ready to give up their lives at the hands of British soldiers. If they shoot down a hundred in Belfast, 2,000 will be ready next day to share their fate."

Mr. Birrell, Chief Secretary for Ireland, concluded the debate. He regretted that the Opposition had merely belittled the movement which for years had been the soul of Ireland. He challenged anyone to say that the present system of government could go on indefinitely.

When the final vote on the bill was resumed by Sir John A. Simon, the Solicitor-General, there was not a seat vacant either on the floor of the House or in the galleries.

The Solicitor-General's speech, like that of Frederick E. Smith's, least of all, did not evoke any interest among the members or the public who were waiting to hear John Redmond, the Irish leader.

### REDMOND'S SPEECH.

When Frederick Smith, the Unionist member for Liverpool, sat down and the Nationalist leader rose three rounds of the Parliamentary equivalent of a cheer were given.

"We oppose the exclusion of Ulster from the home rule bill on several grounds," said the Irish champion, "but the supreme objection is that nothing would compensate the Nationalists for the mutilation of their country."

Mr. Redmond then reiterated what he had stated during the debate on the first reading of the bill—namely, that the Nationalists accepted the bill as the final solution of a vexed question. He thought it would lead to the reconciliation of all the interests at stake between the north and the south of Ireland.

Regarding the financial provisions of the bill, although they were less liberal than had been expected, they had come automatically to an end and there would be no opportunity of revising them.

Mr. Redmond declared that the Nationalists refused to regard Ulstermen as anything but brothers, and he invited them to join with the Nationalists in the emancipation and the government of their common country. He went on:

"I believe that in spite of the House of Lords the home rule bill is going to pass into law within the lifetime of this Parliament. The House of Lords, we know, is going to throw it out, but although the Lords still have teeth, they cannot bite."

Mr. Redmond concluded: "For myself and my colleagues this is a very serious and solemn moment. Many of us have sat in this House with one single object in view for more than thirty years. We have met with disaster, defeat and discouragement, but never, even when faced with the tragedy and the loss of our great and incomparable leader, the late Charles Stewart Parnell, did we despair of the arrival of this day. I believe there is not a people or a country in the civilized world which will not welcome as glad tidings of great joy the announcement that this powerful British nation has at last been magnanimous enough and wise enough to undo an old national wrong. In the words of the late William Ewart Gladstone, the tide has once more run out and the star of Ireland has mounted in the heavens."

Prolonged cheers greeted the Irish leader at the close of his speech.

### BELFAST IN AN UPROAR.

Belfast cable: Thousands of Orangemen and members of Unionist clubs held demonstrations outside the city hall this evening and burned a copy of the Home Rule bill. There was much firing of revolvers, mostly blank cartridges, but one man was shot in the back and is in a critical condition.

There were no further disorders, but bands paraded the streets until midnight.

# GETS FRENCH BANK

## The Home Bank Absorbs Banque Internationale.

## Paid About Fifty Cents on the Dollar

Toronto despatch: After negotiations extending over a considerable period, a deal in which the Home Bank of Canada acquires the Banque Internationale, of Montreal, was practically completed yesterday, and Colonel James Mason, general manager of the Home Bank, gave out an official statement to that effect last night.

The Home Bank has purchased the assets of the Montreal institution at a ratio of between 50 and 60 cents on the dollar, to be paid in shares in the local institution. Colonel Mason said that the charge against Mr. Geoffrey Bird, general manager of the Banque Internationale, had been dismissed by Judge Leet, and that the paid-up capital of the institution was \$1,800,000. The authorized capital of the Home Bank is \$2,000,000. Mr. Bird will be supervisor of the Home Bank in the Province of Quebec. The French bank has seven branches in Montreal, one in Quebec City, and one at Murray Bay. The deal will have to be ratified by the shareholders of the Banque Internationale, and by the directors of the Home Bank.

It was announced in Montreal some weeks ago that a syndicate headed by Sir Henry Pellatt had purchased the shares of the Internationale, stock held or controlled by French interests, then represented in this country by Henri Ducaut, at about \$5 per share. Subsequently this syndicate purchased more of the stock, and yesterday they were in a position to hand over 75 per cent of the total \$1,800,000 shares to the Home Bank.

It is understood that the purchase of the Banque Internationale can be accomplished without any further issue of Home Bank stock for the present at least. As three-quarters of the Internationale stock is already in the hands of the local institution, the outstanding 25,000 shares will have to be handed over at the same rate. Most of this stock is held in Montreal, although Mr. Bird will be the chief official of the Home Bank in Quebec Province, a local man will have to be sent down to take charge of the chief branch of the institution in Montreal.

### OLD NEWSPAPERMAN DEAD.

Utica, N. Y., despatch: E. Prentiss Bailey, LL. D., dean of the newspaper fraternity in New York State, died this morning at his home in this city.

He had been in ill health for some time and was semi-conscious for nearly two weeks.

Bailey was editor of the Utica Daily Observer, and last month completed 50 years of service with that paper. He was one of the foremost Democrats of the State, and a great friend of former President Cleveland.

### G. T. R. OFFICIAL RESIGNS.

St. Thomas despatch: Word was received here to-day from Detroit, that G. S. Cunningham, superintendent of the Grand Trunk lines west of the Detroit and St. Clair River, had resigned, to take effect at once. Mr. Cunningham went to Detroit in 1911 from St. Thomas, where he had been in charge of the Grand Trunk Railway W. B. line for eight years.

# NEWS OF THE DAY IN BRIEF

## Bishop O'Connor, Peterboro, Dangerously Ill.

# MYLIUS DEPORTED

## Another Old Master Discovered in Italy.

Samuel Reid, a Toronto bartender, was found drowned.

Harry Jones, aged 14, a Toronto boy, took poison rather than go home.

Sap is running from maple trees in St. John, N. B., a weather freak of the 1913 season.

The remains of the late Rev. Dr. H. M. Parsons were taken to Springfield, Mass., for burial.

Ven. Archdeacon Cody said Canadians need to watch lest they fall into hands of corporations.

Works Commissioner Harris stated that serious defects had been found in the Toronto sewer system.

The announcement was made of the offering by the Bell Telephone Company of \$3,000,000 additional capital stock at par.

Marquis Manuel Garcia Prieto, former Spanish Minister of Foreign Affairs, has been nominated a member of the permanent League Tribunal.

The Lordship Bishop O'Connor, of Peterboro, is very dangerously ill, and his recovery is doubtful. His Lordship received the last rites of the Church.

Valued at \$50,000, a Madonna and Child by Gentile di Fabriano, an Italian painter, who died about 1440, has been discovered in an obscure little oratory at Tri.

Another application for the release of Cipriano Castro under bond, pending final decision as to his right to enter the United States, was made before the Federal Judge Holt reserved decision.

The Hydro-Electric Commission is negotiating a view to taking over, on behalf of North Bay, the plant of the Nipissing Power Company, on the South River, about 27 miles from the town.

The British schooner Hardwick stranded on Fuller's Rock, four miles southwest of Poplin Beach, Maine. The crew was saved by the Hummel's Beach life-saving station. The schooner-utterer Woodbury will attempt to save the vessel.

Edward F. Mylius, the journalist detained in New York, was ordered deported by Secretary Nagel of the Department of Commerce and Labor, on the ground that in Bielling King George he had committed a crime involving moral turpitude.

The City of London will call for tenders for additional motor fire apparatus, and will place twelve new men in the service of the fire department almost immediately as a result of the annexation of the suburbs of Edgely, Pottersburg, Knollwood Park and Chelsea Green.

# HAD NO DOCTOR

## Inquiry Into Cobalt Childs Lack of Care.

Cobalt despatch: An inquest was held at North Cobalt this afternoon into the death of Sidney Amy Elizabeth Duval, daughter of Minerva Duval. The child, five months old, died last Monday without medical attendance, and there was no permit issued for burial.

The testimony at the inquest given by Dr. Creator, of North Cobalt, showed that the infant had been poorly nourished, and died from malnutrition, but there was nothing to show criminal neglect, and the jury found a verdict for a child in the condition of the one in question, it having appeared that the infant was weakly. The body was turned over to the mother, a woman of 21, for burial, a permit being issued by Dr. H. R. Codd, the coroner.

It developed that another child was buried on the farm in which Mrs. Arthur Duval and her daughters and son live. A strange state of affairs was shown at the inquest, including the fact that the baby in question was born and died without the attendance of a physician. Crown Attorney McKee, of North Bay, conducted the examination.

### JORGE ROUTE BLOCKED.

Niagara Falls, N.Y., despatch: Land-slides on the Gorge Railroad blocked traffic between this city and Lewiston throughout the day. There were two slides, one of which was near Lewiston and the other between this city and the whirpool. Each in itself blocked both tracks, and there was no car between them, so traffic was forced to the Canadian side, by way of Niagara Falls and Queenston. The dirt tumbled down the bank during the night, released by the action of the elements in the extremely mild weather of the past few days.

The line was opened to-night in time for the six o'clock car, and a shuttle service was operated between the two heaps of mud and stone.

### LORD PAGET MARRIED.

London, Jan. 20.—The Marquis of Anglesey was present to-day at the marriage of his brother, Lord Victor Paget, with Olive May, a quiet actress, whose engagement to the young nobleman has been a matter of common knowledge for over a year past. The marquis' wedding gift is understood to be the settlement of one thousand pounds a year each on the bride and groom. The wedding was a quiet affair. Lord Victor Paget is the present heir to the marquisate.

# SIXTEEN DROWNED

## In British Ship on Coast of Spain.

Oporto, Spain, Jan. 20.—The British steamship Veronez, with 875 passengers, mostly third-class immigrants for South America, and a crew of 680, was driven on the rocks at Boaviva, seven miles north of her, during a severe gale at 6 o'clock this morning. Attempts were made to rescue her passengers throughout the day, but tugs were unable to reach her. The seas were breaking over the boat on the dangerous coast, and some vessels which made efforts to reach the distressed ship were smashed on the rocks. The latest report is that she will probably be lost, with the majority of the passengers and crew.

The Dutch steamship Hollandia stood by the Veronez for five hours, but the seas were running so high that she could give her no help. When she left 84 of the passengers had been landed, out of it is feared that in the first transfer 16 were drowned. The Veronez, according to the Hollandia, has broken amidships, and is in momentary danger of being smashed by the waves.

# CATTLE EMBARGO

## Canada Will Take No Further Action.

Ottawa despatch:—Reference to the allegations made with regard to the health of Canadian cattle imported into Britain by Walter Runciman, chairman of the British Board of Agriculture, was made by Mr. Donnelly (S. Bruce) in the House to-day. Mr. Donnelly read a despatch quoting Mr. Runciman as stating in the Imperial House of Commons that the embargo on cattle was not to be removed, because during the past two years glanders, sheep scab, rabies and tuberculosis had existed in Canadian livestock.

Mr. Donnelly said that the statement was of importance to Canadian stock raisers. It had been alleged that Great Britain was continuing the enforcement of the embargo, not to prevent the introduction of cattle diseases into England, but to protect British stock raisers. He had no objection to measures which would protect the British stock raiser, but he did object to the granting of that protection at the expense of the good name of Canadian cattle.

Hon. Martin Burrell replied that he had received a cablegram from the High Commissioner with reference to Mr. Runciman's remarks. The message stated that it was not likely that the Imperial Government would pass legislation removing the embargo. The Minister of Agriculture outlined the circumstances leading up to the imposition of the embargo on Canadian live cattle and the protest of the Canadian Government against that action in 1909. It was then stated that the embargo was imposed, not because of the existence of disease in Canadian cattle, but because of a boundary between Canada and the United States rendered easy the introduction of cattle disease from the latter country.

Mr. Burrell was convinced that Canadian cattle were free from disease than were cattle in the United Kingdom, but did not think it consistent with the self-respect of the Dominion to continue to urge the revocation of what appeared to be a settled policy.

# STORMS AT SEA

## Victims Still Limping Into Atlantic Harbors.

Queenstown, Jan. 20. The British steamer Almerian, from Galveston and Newport News, for Liverpool, came into Queenstown harbor to-day crippled and battered. On passing Kinsale she signalled that she was in need of under control and needed assistance, but she arrived here under her own steam.

The Almerian encountered a hurricane on Jan. 10. The next day she shipped a big sea which killed a sailor, swept the decks clean, smashed the steering gear and stove in the hatches. It appeared as though the steamer would founder before repairs could be made.

The Lord Erne, from Cardiff, Jan. 6, for New York, took the Almerian in tow on Jan. 12, but two steel hawsers snapped and she had to give up the attempt. The Almerian then shaped her course for Queenstown.

The British steamer Avala, from Fowey, Jan. 4, encountered the same gales. She was compelled to put back to Queenstown, where she arrived to-day in a disabled condition. Her rudder was broken, all the hawsers were washed away, and the deck was a mass of wreckage.

A great sea knocked Captain Frankland off the bridge, several of his ribs being fractured. Five seamen were also injured, and were transferred to a hospital. The ship will be docked for repairs.

# REBELS ATTACKS TRAIN.

El Paso, Texas, Jan. 20.—A passenger train arrived last night at Juarez, after having been attacked by rebels on the Mexican Central Railway, fifty miles before the border. A troop guard of 100 Federals responded to the rebel fire. No one on the train was injured.

Presence of rebels near Juarez indicates to-day that the Government railway has been cut far to the north of the previous point of interruption. This would isolate two military trains, a passenger train and a work train. A general movement of rebels to the north along the railways is reported.

# ARTILLERY MEN

## Ontario Association Holds Annual Meeting

## And Recommends Compulsory Military Training.

Toronto despatch:—Compulsory military training was discussed among other matters at the annual general meeting of the Ontario Artillery Association yesterday at the Military Institute, and a unanimous resolution recommending its establishment in Canada was passed. Another matter which occupied considerable time at the meeting was the Government allowance for horses, which is at present \$1 per day. This was shown, as on many previous occasions, to be quite inadequate, and a recommendation that it be increased to \$1.50 per diem was made. It was further decided to recommend to the Canadian Artillery Association that the horses' lines at Petawawa camp be disinfected, and that a fully equipped veterinary hospital be established there. It was recommended also that all artillery units be supplied with complete outfits of blue and khaki uniforms. It was felt that officers should be allowed to qualify themselves in the theoretical portions of their examination at local headquarters instead of in the method at present in force and a recommendation was made to that effect. The recommendations will all come before the Canadian Association.

According to the present regulations an artillery officer cannot attain a higher rank than that of lieutenant-colonel, and this matter was talked over at some length by the members, though no definite action was taken in regard to requesting that a change be effected. The general feeling was that officers in artillery units should be able to reach the rank of full colonel and brigade commander.

It was decided to present two prizes to the Royal Canadian Horse Artillery Regiment, of Kingston, for highest competitive standing. Reports were presented showing the past year to have been one of the most successful in the history of the organization. Lieut.-Col. E. Walter Rathbun was re-elected president, making the third successive year in which he has held the office. The following officers were elected to the other executive positions: Vice-Presidents, Lieut.-Col. A. D. Petrie, Major P. H. Ralston, Major W. Sears, Captain Shannon, Captain J. S. Wainwright, Captain C. McCallum. The list of vice-presidents was increased by the additions of Major-General W. H. Cotton, Inspector-General and Honorary Colonel A. J. Matheson, Provincial Treasurer of Ontario, Major-General Lessard and a large number of officers attended the meeting.

# FIRE'S DEATH TOLL

## Several Italians Die Under Edmonton Wall.

Edmonton, Alta., Jan. 20. Fire in Edmonton's wholesale district last night caused a loss probably of \$100,000, and took the lives of several Italians.

The blaze started after midnight, from an unknown cause, in the five-story brick block of the Canada Rubber Company, which was completely destroyed in less than an hour. Fire then spread to the two-story frame building occupied by the Edmonton Produce Company, Western Cattle Company, Vernon Fruit Company, Dominion Brokerage Company and Snowden Oils Company. This building also was destroyed. The sudden and unexpected collapse of a high wall of the Canada Rubber building crushed a small adjoining shack, occupied by Italians.

The number of deaths is unknown, but it is known that at least four perished. The number injured, however, positively until the rains cool sufficiently for a search.

Chief of Police Carpenter had a narrow escape, having just passed underneath a wall when it collapsed. Fire Chief Lander was overcome by smoke, and taken to a hospital, but will recover.

At 2 o'clock the fire was under control, though still smoldering, having been confined to new buildings. The firemen were greatly hampered by lack of water pressure, and could do little to stop the flames.

# TWO KILLED IN TRAIN WRECK.

New Haven, Mich., Jan. 20.—In a collision on the Grand Trunk Railway here to-night between train No. 10, and extra No. 1434, both north-bound, two men were killed and fifteen more or less injured, although it is said none is seriously hurt.

The dead are John Cochran, of Port Huron, engineer of train No. 10, and Frank Redunsky, fireman.

Train No. 10 left Detroit at 4:20, in charge of Conductor Harry J. Harris, of Detroit. When about half a mile from this place the passenger train, in the heavy fog, crashed into the freight.

# GETTING AFTER CHAUFFEURS.

Albany, Jan. 20.—Governor Sulzer, to-night signed as the first law of 1913 the Fitzgerald bill, designed to make more stringent the punishment for intoxicated chauffeurs operating machines in violation of the motor vehicle law. It provides for a penalty of one year's imprisonment or a fine of \$300, or both.

"I don't think we ought to countenance drunken chauffeurs," said the Governor in approving the measure. "Sobriety has hard work dodging pedestrians."

# USE THE "MOVIES"

## To Educate Farmers. Proposed to Dairymen.

Woodstock despatch:—The use of the moving picture and the drama for the purpose of educating farmers in agriculture and dairy methods has a champion in H. E. Dean, professor of Agricultural College, whose paper on "Cheese Investigations at the Experimental College during the Past Three Years," was read by George W. McKay at the dairymen's convention this morning. Prof. Dean was delayed and did not arrive until nearly noon, and only dealt with his suggestions very briefly. Prof. Dean's address pointed out the educative value of a moving picture show or drama with fitting music which showed all the different processes of farming or dairymen.

The speaker deplored the declining number of cows. One reason for this was that after adopting the system of testing many farmers discarded the unprofitable animal.

G. G. Pablow, Kingston, chief dairy inspector and sanitary inspector for Eastern Ontario, attributed the complaint that Canadian cheese was often lean to lack of moisture. Much cheese was not sufficiently dried. Makers were warned against over-ripening milk and over-salting curds.

A report on the instruction work for 1912 was given by the secretary-treasurer, Frank Horn. The report of the cheese and butter judges on the exhibit was also read.

The new officers are: President, J. E. Fahey, Harriestville; First Vice-President, J. B. Muir, Ingersoll; Second, Robert Myrick, Springford; Third, James Bryton, St. Thomas; Secretary-Treasurer, Frank Horn, London; Directors, S. B. Fahey and J. B. Muir, Ingersoll and Woodstock; James Bristow, Simcoe; Robert Scott, Western Creamery; J. B. Scott, Branford; J. N. Page, Stratford; T. Ballantyne and William Bothwell, Listowel; James Donaldson, Eastern Creamery Group; J. R. Stramon, Auditors, J. A. Nelles, London and J. G. Hegler, Ingersoll.

# LEET'S DECISION

## Montreal Judge's Ruling in Bank Dispute.

Montreal, Jan. 20.—Judge Leet handed down judgment this afternoon in the Banque Internationale affair, in which Sir Rodolphe Forget is interested. In the decision of Judge Leet a warrant should be issued against Geoffrey Bird, general manager of the bank, and every director who signed the return to the government.

Judge Leet further said that he would allow the case to be reopened so that the defence could be heard before going any further and promised that all proceedings should be public.

Judge Leet also referred to the negotiations between the Banque Internationale and "another Canadian bank," understood here to be the Home Bank, as a reason for delaying his decision. The case was formally reopened this afternoon when banking experts and chartered accountants appeared before his Honor.

The decision was rendered on the application of certain Paris shareholders of the Banque Internationale du Canada to have warrants issued against some of the officials of the bank for making an alleged false return to the Government.

# AID TO FAIRS

## Deputation to the Dominion Minister of Agriculture.

Ottawa despatch:—Reforms in the method of granting Federal assistance to fairs was urged upon the Minister of Agriculture to-day by a delegation from the Western Fair Association of London.

It is customary to appropriate \$50,000 each year towards a Dominion fair held in successive centres. The delegation asked that instead of one lump sum the amount be divided among five or ten fairs, each to get \$5,000 or \$10,000.

Hon. Martin Burrell stated that some such reform had been considered. The difficulty, however, was that every fair would want a slice of it. He suggested that application be made to the province to devote part of the Federal agriculture subsidies to fairs.

The Government had considered special assistance to the live-stock industry and it might be done through the medium of the fall exhibitions.

# DREDGE'S WORK SPOILED.

Vancouver, Jan. 20. So great has been the quantity of rock, sand and silt brought down by the Capilano River within the past few weeks that portions of the First Narrows, the entrance to Vancouver Harbor, dredged out by the Federal Government dredge Mastodon, have been almost filled again. It is feared that the proposed submerged water main across the narrows the north side will have to be dredged again, the situation being about the same as before the Mastodon commenced work. Engineers advise the construction of a permanent dam.

# MANITOBA INVESTIGATES HYDRO

Winnipeg, Jan. 20.—The Legislature by a unanimous vote this afternoon decided to adopt the resolution introduced by T. C. Norris, leader of the Opposition, asking that the public utilities commission be authorized to investigate and report as to the feasibility of publicly-owned hydro-electric power within the province, with a view to securing for all sections of the province, rural as well as urban, the benefits and conveniences now enjoyed by the citizens of Winnipeg on power distribution.

**FOR SALE**  
The frame building now situated on Main Street between Beach and Arnold's stores.  
W. G. PARRISH.

**Athens Lumber Yard**

Building Lumber  
Sash and Doors  
Cedar Shingles  
Asbestos Plaster  
Portland Cement  
Land Fertilizers

**Athens Grain Warehouse**

Hay, Straw and Oats  
Horse Feeds  
Cow and Calf Feeds  
Hog and Pig Feeds  
Hen and Chicken Feeds  
Best kinds of Bread Flour

VERY LOWEST PRICES

**JOHN S. EATON  
BUILDER**

All kinds of brick and stonework, plastering and cement work done at reasonable rates. Bake-ovens, fire-places and boiler work a specialty.

JOHN S. EATON,  
Box 21, Athens, Ont.

COMPLETE LINE OF

**General  
GROCERIES**

STANDARD

**Breakfast Foods  
MEALS, ETC.**

We make a quick turn-over of our stock and keep everything new and up-to-date.

**FRESH AND  
CURED MEATS**

Smoked Ham, Bolognas, etc

Highest market price paid for Eggs, Hides, Deacon Skins, etc.  
GORDON McLEAN

**Plants:**

Azaleas  
Tulips  
Daffodils  
Hyacinths, etc.

**Cut Flowers:**

Roses  
Carnations  
Violets, etc.

**R. B. Heather**

Tel. 223; G. H. 56

BROCKVILLE, ONTARIO

**Kingston Business  
College Limited**

KINGSTON ONTARIO

**Canada's Highest Grade  
Business School**

offers superior courses in Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Civil Service, General Improvement and all Commercial Subjects.

Our graduates secure best positions.

Particulars free.

H. F. METCALFE, Principal



**The Merchants Bank of Canada**

NOTE THE FOLLOWING

Paid Up Capital	\$6,747,680
Reserve	6,559,478
Total Assets (30th Nov. 1912) over	84,000,000

Your DEPOSITS are SAFE in the MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA.

MONEY LOANED on favorable terms.

Seven Branches and Agencies in the district. CHEESE FACTORY cheques cashed as par on all local branches, and at BROCKVILLE if desired. Number of branches in Canada 186. Sub-Agencies at Frankville and Addison—open every Wednesday.

ATHENS BRANCH: JOHN WATSON, Manager.

**Local and General**

Mr Wm Grav Roulean, Sask., is visiting friends at his home here.

Mr Wilfred Hughes of Renfrew was a visitor in Athens last week.

Miss Gettie Young, nurse-in-training at Fergus Hospital, is visiting friends in Athens.

Cash paid for cow-hides, horse hides—sheep pelts and deacon skins—at Will, son's Meat Market.

Fresh eggs were down to 38c on Brockville market on Saturday. Think of it—"Down to 38c!"

Rev. and Mrs D. Pomeroy and baby now living in the West, visited friends in Athens last week.

Many in Athens will learn with regret that Mrs Sarah Wiltse is ill at the home of Mrs W. Van Lee, Almonte.

The death occurred in Toronto, on Friday, of Dr. R. P. Robinson, a native of Leeds county. His remains were interred at Newboyo cemetery.

Don't forget to attend the hockey match on Saturday, Jan. 25th, between Athens and Newboro. Game called at 2.00 sharp. Admission 20 cents.

Michael Murphy, a former resident of Portland, died at Chatham last week and on Friday his remains were conveyed to Portland for interment, accompanied from Brockville by D. Donovan and R. L. Joyn.

On account of the unfavorable weather on Monday evening the Epworth League social was withdrawn and will be held next Monday Evening. Musical numbers, a contest and a treat will be in order. Silver collection at the door.

R. Craig & Co., Brockville, will donate one hundred dollars (\$100) to any local institution, named by the person, or persons who discovers any misrepresentation in their advertised reductions in connection with their Alteration Sale.

The Ontario Government has just given a grant of \$492 towards the manual training department of the Smith's Falls Collegiate Institute. The Ontario Government helps those who help themselves, in all matters pertaining to education. It would be well to keep that fact in mind.

Forgetting the old saying—"It is an evil bird that fouls its own nest"—a Brockville citizen, writing to The Times, says:—"Without going closely into figures, I would venture to assert that a large proportion of our population is made up of ex-mayors, lieutenant-colonels and parties on the prohibited list."

On Shrove Tuesday, Feb. 4, in connection with St. Peter's Church, Seeley's Bay, a capable amateur company will produce the popular humorous rural society comedy, "When a Man's Single." Plan of hall now open at office of H. J. Willis. Call or telephone your order.

**Leeds and Frontenac R. Tel. Co.**

At the annual meeting of the Leeds and Frontenac Rural Telephone Company held at Seeley's Bay on Jan. 4 the following officers and directors were elected for 1913.

President—Robert Webb  
Vice Pres—Hiram Moore  
Sec'y—A. W. Chapman,  
Treas—J. A. Steacy  
Directors S. Luke, T. Meakin, F. Ferguson, Wm. McNeil, G. W. Brack-en, H. Bevins.  
Superintendent—B. H. Brown  
The society starts another year's work in good order.

**A Pleasant Evening**

Mr and Mrs James Love of Addison entertained very pleasantly about forty of the young people of Addison, Green bush and vicinity on Friday evening last. Both Mr and Mrs Love were untiring in their efforts to give them a good time, and the young people enjoyed the merry-making with all the gusto and happiness of youth. About twelve o'clock dainty refreshments were served, and so pleasantly did the evening pass that it was past the "wee" hours of the morning that the happy young people returned home, fully agreeing that it was one of the happiest events of the season.

The January session of the Counties Council opens on Tuesday next.

Born—On January 8, to Mr. and Mrs Roy Algure, a son.

Miss Leita Arnold of Queen's University was a visitor at her home here last week.

Steel on the C. N. R. is now laid from Brockville Junction to Chaffey's Locks.

The weather in Manitoba is reported to have been extremely cold, and two persons have been frozen to death.

The Patriotic Concert to-morrow (Thursday) evening. A large number of reserved seats have been sold.

Mr Riley Cross left on Tuesday evening in charge of a car of live stock bound for Edmonton.

While visiting her sister at St. Catharines, Mrs J. McKeeney was attacked with an illness that seriously affected her eyes, but we are pleased to learn that her sight is improving.

Mrs H. E. Cornell and daughter, Miss Marion, leave for Toronto this week to take up residence and remain until the close of the university term.

A Provincial Health Officer is in this section this week investigating a peculiar eruption that has appeared on both children and adults in the vicinity of Athens. Several at Glen Elbe have been affected by the disease.

On Tuesday, Feb. 4, Wm Young, Chantry, will sell by auction 21 head of cattle, team of horses, colts, vehicles, implements, etc. H. W. Imerson, auctioneer.

**Triple-Link Honors**

A recent issue of the Post Express of Rochester, N. Y., contains an excellent photograph of Mr S. B. Covey, with the following sketch:—

Mr Covey was elected Noble Grand of Toronto Lodge, No. 8, I. O. O. F., last Monday night. Although a young member of the lodge, he has taken an active interest in its welfare, very seldom being absent from its sessions. His advancement has been very rapid in the order.

**Charter Applied For**

Notice is given that an application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario at its first session in 1913, for an act to incorporate a new railway under the name of the Gananoque and Perth and Lanark Railway Company. The proposed electric railway will leave the St Lawrence at Gananoque and pass up through Leeds, crossing Crosby, Bastard, Kitley and South Elmsley townships then entering North Elmsley the proposal being to reach Perth and pass on through Drummond to Lanark.—Rideau Record.

**Don't Miss It**

Ladies, do not miss the Women's Institute meeting to be held in the High School Hall on Jan. 25th, at 2.30 p. m.

Demonstrations will be given on punch embroidery work and pierced brass work. A paper is to be given on "Ancient history of Athens." Mr Longman will favor the Institute with a solo. Gramophone selections will add variety to the program. Refreshments will be served. Meeting is to begin promptly on time. All ladies invited.

The Women's Institute is the largest women's organization in Canada. It is non-denominational and has for its object the upbuilding of home and national life, as its motto, "For Home and Country," testifies. The success this organization is accomplishing proves its merit. The annual membership fee is only 25cts.

**DELTA FAIR OFFICERS**

At the annual meeting of the Delta Fair Association held in the town hall, Delta, Saturday 18th the following officers and directors were elected:

President—W. M. Bass.  
1st Vice-pres.—H. E. Bowser  
2nd Vice pres.—A. J. Kendrick  
Directors—O. Brown, P. Halladay, A. Stevens, W. W. Phelps, B. Bullard, E. V. Halladay, Geo. Godwin, H. Imerson, Geo. Morris.

Appointed officers—R. Hanna, secretary; O. Brown, treasurer; Jno. Russell and R. I. Davidson, auditors  
Dates selected for the Fall Fair—Sep. 22, 23, 24.

**Sale Register**

On Wednesday, Jan. 29, S. Hollingsworth will sell by auction on the Benedict farm, Plum Hollow, 28 registered grade Holsteins, 8 horses, vehicles, implements, etc. No reserve.

**CHARLESTON**

Mr and Mrs R. Foster entertained a few friends on Friday evening.

Mrs T. D. Spence is engaged in nursing W. Kavanagh's sick child at Sheatown.

Mr and Mrs A. W. Johnston attended the party at C. E. Fry's on Monday evening.

**PLUM HOLLOW**

Mrs Frank Emmons put out 14 colonies of bees last spring from which she extracted \$100. worth of honey and increased 10 colonies, worth \$40. or \$50. Her hens returned her \$100 clear of all expenses. Boarding the Good Roads System Workers added \$100 more.

**DIED**

POUNDER—In East Boston, Jan 13, Thomas Pounder, 83 yrs 3 mos 14 ds. Funeral from his late residence, 88 West Eagle st. Service at Saratoga-st M. E. Church Thursday, Jan 16, at 2 p.m. Interment in Woodlawn Cemetery. Canada papers please copy.

**CASTORIA**

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*

**A. M. EATON**

FUNERAL DIRECTOR

MAIN STREET - ATHENS

Rural Phone. Day or night calls responded to promptly.

**A. TAYLOR & SON**

Agents for

**BELL AND  
DOMINION**

Pianos and Organs  
Main Street - Athens

**The People's Column**

**Girl Wanted**

Girl or middle aged woman for light housework. No washing. Apply to Mrs R. J. CAMPO, Athens, 414

**For Sale**

A Grade Holsteins heifer, will be four years old next June. Freshens about the first of April.  
J. K. REDMOND, Athens, 414.

**Cattle and Horses**

For Holstein cattle any age, pure bred or grades; also horses, any style for any purpose—Apply to S. HOLLINGSWORTH, Athens, 29-31

**For Sale or To Rent**

The undersigned offers for sale or rental his dwelling house on Mill Street, Athens. Apply to W. L. STEACY, Athens, 214



**Now is The Time  
TO BUY  
Your Robes**

Saskatchewan Buffalo, Rubber incellined.

54 x 62 ..... \$6.50  
24 x 72 ..... \$7.50

Good Sheep-lined Corduroy Coats, all sizes, \$6.50.

Mitts and Gloves in abundance—all kinds at all prices.

Leather is advancing. We are selling harness at prices that will please you. Now is the time to buy we can save your dollars.

We are headquarters for all kinds of Trunks, Bags, and Suit Cases.

Our prices the lowest, quality the best. We solicit your patronage.

CHAS. R. RUDD & CO.  
BROCKVILLE

**"The House of Hats"**

**Great Remodelling Sale**

To be held under the control of the managers of each department of

**Robert Craig & Co.**

Big Fur, Hat, Cap, Clothing and Men's Furnishing Store

Present Stock \$67,000.00 to be reduced to half this amount

Positively the greatest sale in the history of Brockville. All goods sold for cash only. No appropriation.

**R. CRAIG & CO.**

KING STREET

BROCKVILLE

\$5.85 \$5.85

**A BARGAIN SALE OF  
GUNS For One Month  
Only**

You can't afford to miss a bargain like this. A Single-barrel shot gun, (30 inch Armory steel barrel, full choke bored, for black or smokeless powder, case hardened frame, centre rebounding hammer, and pistol grip stock) and a box of shells for

\$5.85

Your choice of shells loaded with No. B. B., No. 1, No. 2 or No. 4 shot.

No! You certainly cannot afford to miss an opportunity like this to get an extra good gun for a small price, when several black foxes have been seen near here,—and one shot at Renfrew sold for \$1,500.00.

We sell—Shells, Cartridges, Rifles, Guns, Gun-oil, Cleaning Rods, Traps, and Hunters' and Trappers supplies.

**The Earl Construction Company**

ATHENS - ONTARIO

**FURNITURE**

CALL AND SEE

our stock of

**High-Class Furniture**

For the trade of this season we have a stock of furniture well worthy of your attention.

Whether you require a complete suite for the Parlor, Dining Room, Bedroom, or simply an individual piece, we can meet your requirements.

Our long experience enables us to buy only reliable goods, and we offer them at very attractive prices.

Your inspection invited.

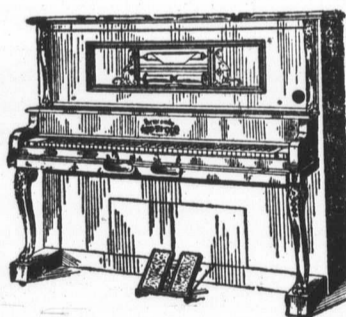
**T. G. Stevens**

**PICTURE-FRAMING**



"Vessels Large May Venture More, but Little Ships Must Stay Near Shore."

The large display ads. are good for the large business and the Classified Want Ads. are proportionately good for the small firm. In fact many large firms became such by the diligent use of the Classified Columns. There is no example is good—start now.



**NEWCOMBE PIANO**

is the Best PIANO

MADE IN CANADA

If you are open to conviction and can be reached by a logical argument, we can convince you that it is the best, if you will call at our Warerooms and examine its merits.

Equipped with Howard Straining Rods which aid in creating the tonal and constructional superiority of the "Newcombe."

**KNABE PIANO**

The World's Best Piano. Patronized by Royalty  
H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught, having purchased three for Rideau Hall.

**Blundall Pianos**

Is a High-Grade Piano of Distinctive Tone Quality, Exquisite Design and Finish.

Also a few carriages to sell at greatly reduced prices rather than carry them over.

**W. B. Percival**